

Australian Information Meeting

Louis Gries, CEO

15 August 2007

Presentation Outline

- FY07 Results Overview
- Q1 FY08 Results Overview released today
- Organisational Focus
- Corporate Issues and Challenges
- Summary





Very solid net operating profit

 Very solid net operating profit excluding asbestos adjustments, particularly given weaker markets in the US, Australia and New Zealand

US\$ Million	FY07	FY06	% Change
Net operating profit (loss)	151.7	(506.7)	-
Net operating profit excluding asbestos adjustments and tax benefit related to asbestos adjustments	222.2	208.9	6
Net operating profit excluding asbestos adjustments, tax benefit related to asbestos adjustments, impairment charge, SCI and other related expenses, make-whole payment and tax provision write-back	230.0	212.7	8

Operating performance

- USA Fibre Cement strong operating performance with both sales and EBIT up in a significantly weaker US housing market, especially in the 2nd half
- Asia Pacific Fibre Cement sales up, but EBIT lower due to higher manufacturing costs
- Strong operating cash flows

USA Fibre Cement – weaker housing market

Net Sales	up	4% to US\$1,262.3 million
Sales Volume	down	2% to 2,148.0 mmsf
Average Price	up	5% to US\$588 per msf
EBIT	up	6% to US\$362.4 million
EBIT Margin	up	0.6 pt to 28.7%

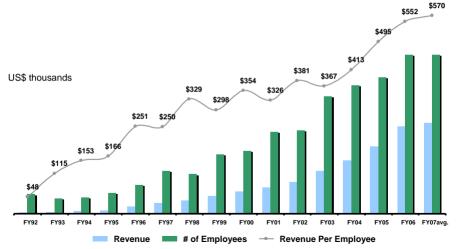
USA Fibre Cement – Key Points

- Housing market weakened significantly, particularly in 2nd half
- Sales of exterior products affected most by weaker market
- Healthy repair and remodel market helped buoy sales of interior products
- Market penetration and price growth helped buffer impact of weaker housing market
- EBIT margin above long-term target range of 20% 25%

USA Fibre Cement – Business Re-set

- Re-set late 2006/early 2007 in anticipation of weaker housing market
- Included:
 - Production re-scheduling to balance supply and demand
 - Sales and marketing activities reviewed and re-allocated based on lower market opportunity
 - Corporate wide review undertaken of cost saving opportunities
- Assisted in delivery of solid operating performance despite weaker market
- Able to 'flex up' quickly if needed

USA Fibre Cement - growing revenue per employee



James Hardie

(H)

Asia Pacific Fibre Cement – weaker housing markets

Net Sales	up	4% to US\$251.7 million
Sales Volume	up	6% to 390.8 mmsf
EBIT	down	6% to US\$39.4 million
EBIT Margin	down	1.5 pts to 15.7%

Growing demand for fibre cement through new, value-added, differentiated products

USA Hardie Pipe

- Net sales higher due to increased sales volumes and higher average sales price
- EBIT positive

Europe Fibre Cement

Sales continuing to grow steadily

Long-Term Targets	FY07 <u>Actual</u>	3-year <u>Average</u>	Long-Term <u>Target</u>
Revenue Growth	4%	17%	>15% pa
EBIT ¹ /Sales	22%	20%	>15% pa
Return on Capital Employed ²	28%	29%	>15% pa
Net Debt Payback ³	1.9 years		<5 years
Net Interest Expense Cover ¹	51.2 times		>3 times

¹ Excludes asbestos adjustments, impairment charge and SCI and other related expenses

² EBIT (excluding asbestos adjustments, impairment charge and SCI and other related expenses) divided by gross capital employed (excluding asbestos-related assets and liabilities)

³ Excluding payments under the Amended FFA

James Hardie

(H)



1st Quarter Results FY08 – Overview



- Strong operating performance despite further weakness in major markets
- Net operating profit affected by asbestos (mostly related to stronger A\$)

US\$ Million	Q1 FY08	Q1 FY07	% Change
Net operating profit	39.1	35.5	10
Net operating profit excluding asbestos	68.6	62.7	9
Diluted earnings per share, excluding asbestos (US cents)	14.6	13.4	9

Strong operating performance

- USA Fibre Cement improved market penetration, price growth and cost management helped deliver a very strong EBIT result despite further weakness in US housing
- Asia Pacific Fibre Cement both sales and EBIT up despite weak Australian and New Zealand housing and renovation markets
- Business continued to generate strong operating cash flows

USA Fibre Cement – Outperforming housing market

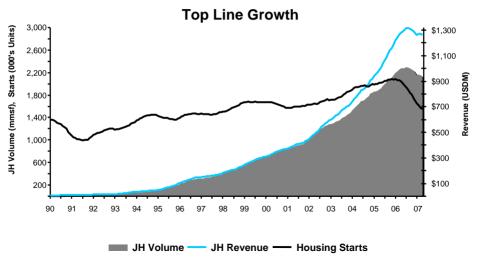
Net Sales	down	1% to US\$346.1 million
Sales Volume	down	5% to 573.4 mmsf
Average Price	up	5% to US\$604 per msf
EBIT	up	11% to US\$114.4 million
EBIT Margin	up	3.5 pts to 33.1%

USA Fibre Cement - Market Conditions

- Further weakness in new housing construction activity
 - Starts down 22% and 31% for June and March quarters, respectively
- Market demand affected by affordability issues:
 - Higher interest rates
 - Tighter lending standards (related to subprime mortgage concerns)
- Inventory levels of new homes for sale are very high
- Builder confidence levels very low
- Some softening in repair and remodelling activity

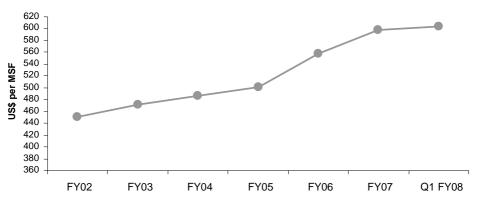
USA Fibre Cement - Key Points

- Impact of weaker housing market on sales largely offset by:
 - Seasonal order build in anticipation of improved housing demand
 - Market penetration
 - Higher average net sales price
- Sales volumes of exterior products were lower in Southern and Northern Divisions, but higher in Western Division
- Sales of interior products were flat
- Higher raw material prices
- Margin improvement

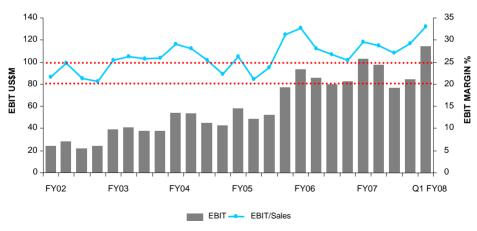


¹ Rolling 12 month average of seasonally adjusted estimate of housing starts by US Census Bureau.

Average Net Selling Price



EBIT and EBIT Margin*



*Excludes restructuring and other operating expenses of US\$12.6 million in Q3 FY02

James Ha<u>rdie</u>

Asia Pacific Fibre Cement

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Net Sales	up	20% to US\$71.2 million
Sales Volume	up	7% to 98.0 mmsf
EBIT	up	20% to US\$12.4 million
EBIT Margin	flat	17.4%

Asia Pacific Fibre Cement - Key Points

- Further weakness in new housing and renovations activity in Australia, flat in New Zealand and slightly stronger construction activity in the Philippines
- Net sales up 8% in A\$; volumes up 7% due to market share gains; and average sales price up 1%
- In Australia, growth in fibre cement segment through sales of Scyon[™] range of products. Non-differentiated products remain subject to strong competitive pressures
- In New Zealand, sales of Linea[®] weatherboards continued to drive market share growth
- In the Philippines, increased construction activity and stronger export demand

Share Buy-back Announced

- On market buy-back program will be implemented
- Part of program to improve efficiency of our capital structure
- Up to 10% of issued capital (up to approximately 46.8 million shares)
- Shares to be purchased opportunistically, subject to market conditions and operating environment
- Additional funding facilities will be sought as required
- No time period for buy-back has been set



- Second



USA Fibre Cement

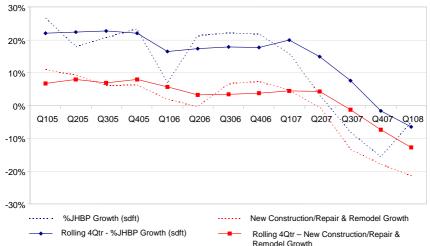
- Aggressively grow demand for our products in our targeted markets
- Grow our overall market position and share in existing markets while defending share in existing market segments
- Offer products with superior value to that of our competitors introducing differentiated products
- Manage and execute strategic initiatives effectively
- Accelerate primary demand growth

USA Fibre Cement – Future Growth

- Job 1
 - Deliver terminal share in current USA Fibre Cement business
- Job 2
 - Extend the current business model in the US (eg new products, new markets)
- Job 3
 - Bolt-on acquisition opportunity in the US?
 - Technology track outside of fibre cement?
 - Geography spread outside the US?

(Ju) James Hardie

USA Fibre Cement – Market Penetration



Asia Pacific Fibre Cement

- Grow primary demand for our products
- Leverage our superior technology to offer differentiated products and systems with superior value to those of competitors
- Promote a smarter way to build composite construction houses using our products
- Vigorously defend our position in existing market segments

Product Leadership

- Continued investment in new product development and commercialisation
 - Value-added, differentiated products
- Benefits:
 - Grow the fibre cement category
 - Grow revenue
 - Sustain good margins
 - Defend and strengthen our competitive position

Product Leadership - examples

USA Fibre Cement:

- ColorPlus® Collection (pre-painted siding and trim):
 - Driving growth against vinyl in Northern Division
 - Launched in Western and Southern Divisions FY07



Product Leadership – examples

USA Fibre Cement:

- Artisan™ Lap (thicker siding, provides distinctive shadow lines)
 - premium product
 - currently being launched in Atlanta
 - wider launch in 2008





Product Leadership – examples

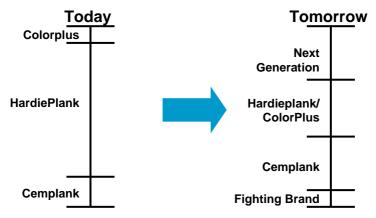
Asia Pacific Fibre Cement

Scyon™ range of value-added, differentiated products launched 2007



US Product Mix

 Product mix will evolve significantly in the medium term to continue to drive revenue and leverage market position.





Corporate Issues and Challenges





Corporate Issues and Challenges

The company continues to focus on the effective management of a number of corporate matters, including:

- Ongoing compliance with Amended Final Funding Agreement (received shareholder approval February 2007):
 - Asbestos compensation funding;
 - Medical research and asbestos education funding
 - Unfortunately, company's financial results are affected by movements in exchange rate between A\$ and US\$ (asbestos liability in A\$ - company reports in US\$)
- Challenging an amended ATO assessment on RCI (subsidiary company) in respect of its 1999 tax return
- ASIC proceedings associated with the establishment of the Medical Research and Compensation Foundation in 2001

Summary

- Our operations have performed very well despite weaker housing markets
- The short-term outlook is for some further housing market weakness in the US and Australia
- In the US, we remain focussed on continuing to outperform the market overall and are well positioned through our market initiatives to further increase market share
- From a cost perspective, we also remain well positioned in the US through the business re-set carried out in FY07
- In Australia and New Zealand, our value-added, differentiated products are growing the fibre cement segment
- We have generated strong cash flows and our balance sheet remains very strong
- The share buy-back announced today and the higher dividend for FY07 reflect the company's desire to improve the efficiency of its capital structure

Disclaimer

This Management Presentation contains forward-looking statements. We may from time to time make forward-looking statements in our periodic reports filed with or furnished to the United States Securities and Exchange Commission on Forms 20-F and 6-K, in our annual reports to shareholders, in offering circulars and prospectuses, in media releases and other written materials and in oral statements made by our officers, directors or employees to analysts, institutional investors, representatives of the media and others. Examples of forward-looking statements include:

- expectations about the timing and amount of payments to the Asbestos Injuries Compensation Fund (AICF), a special purpose fund for the compensation of proven asbestos-related personal injury and death claims;
- · expectations with respect to the effect on our financial statements of those payments;
- statements as to the possible consequences of proceedings brought against us and certain of our former directors and officers by the Australian Securities and Investments Commission;
- · expectations that our credit facilities will be extended or renewed;
- · projections of our operating results or financial condition;
- statements regarding our plans, objectives or goals, including those relating to competition, acquisitions, dispositions and our products;
- · statements about our future performance; and
- statements about product or environmental liabilities.

Words such as "believe," "anticipate," "plan," "expect," "intend," "target," "estimate," "project," "predict," "forecast," "guideline," "should," "aim" and similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements but are not the exclusive means of identifying such statements.

Forward-looking statements involve inherent risks and uncertainties. We caution you that a number of important factors could cause actual results to differ materially from the plans, objectives, expectations, estimates and intentions expressed in such forward-looking statements. These factors, some of which are discussed under 'Risk Factors' beginning on page 6 of our Form 20-F field on 6 July 2007 with the Securities and Exchange Commission, include but are not limited to: all matters relating to or arising out of the prior manufacture of products that contained asbestos by current and former James Hardle subsidiaries, required contributions to the AICF and the effect of foreign exchange on the amount recorded in our financial statements as an asbestos liability; compliance with and changes in tak was and treatments; competition and product pricing in the markets in which we operate, the consequences of product falures or defects; exposure to environmental, asbestos or other legal proceedings; general economic and market conditions; the supply and cost of raw materials; the success of our research and development efforts; our reliance on a small number of product distributors; compliance with and changes in lawa dhealth and stely laws; risks of concluting business internationally; compliance with and changes in laws and regulations; foreign exchange fisks; the successful implementation of new software systems; and the effect of natural disasters. We caution you that the foregoing list of factors is not exhaustive and that other risks and uncertainties may cause actual results to differ materially from those in forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements speaked on the other risks of the dete they are made.

Endnotes

This Management Presentation forms part of a package of information about the company's results. It should be read in conjunction with the other parts of this package, including Management's Analysis of Results, a Media Release and a Financial Report.

Definitions

Financial Measures - US GAAP equivalents

EBIT and EBIT Margin - EBIT, as used in this document, is equivalent to the US GAAP measure of operating income. EBIT margin is defined as EBIT as a percentage of net sales. We believe EBIT and EBIT margin to be relevant and useful information as these are the primary measures used by our management to measure the operating profit or loss of our business. EBIT is one of several metrics used by our management to measure the earnings generated from our operations, excluding interest and income tax expenses. Additionally, EBIT is believed to be a primary measure and terminology used by our Australian investors. EBIT and EBIT margin should be considered in addition to, but not as a substitute for, other measures of financial performance reported in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. EBIT and EBIT margin, as we have defined them, may not be comparable to similarly tiled measures proted by other companies.

Operating profit - is equivalent to the US GAAP measure of income.

Net operating profit - is equivalent to the US GAAP measure of net income.

Sales Volumes

mmsf - million square feet

msf - thousand square feet

Endnotes

Financial Ratios

Gearing Ratio - Net debt/cash divided by net debt/cash plus shareholders' equity.

Net interest expense cover - EBIT divided by net interest expense.

Net interest paid cover - EBIT divided by cash paid during the period for interest, net of amounts capitalised.

Net debt payback - Net debt/cash divided by cash flow from operations.

Net debt/cash - Short-term and long-term debt less cash and cash equivalents.



EBIT and EBIT margin excluding asbestos – EBIT and EBIT margin excluding asbestos are not measures of financial performance under US GAAP and should not be considered to be more meaningful than EBIT and EBIT margin. James Hardie has included these financial measures to provide investors with an alternative method for assessing its operating results in a manner that is focussed on the performance of its ongoing operations and provides useful information regarding its financial condition and results of operations. The company uses these non-US GAAP measures for the same purposes.

US\$ Million	Q1 FY08	Q1 FY07
EBIT	\$ 65.6	\$ 68.9
Asbestos:		
Asbestos adjustments	39.5	27.2
AICF SG&A expenses	0.6	-
EBIT excluding asbestos	\$ 105.7	\$ 96.1
Net Sales	\$ 424.4	\$ 415.5
EBIT margin excluding asbestos	24.9%	23.1%



<u>Net operating profit excluding asbestos</u> – Net operating profit excluding asbestos is not a measure of financial performance under US GAAP and should not be considered to be more meaningful than net income. The company has included this financial measure to provide investors with an alternative method for assessing its operating results in a manner that is focussed on the performance of its ongoing operations. The company uses this non-US GAAP measure for the same purposes.

US\$ Million	Q1 FY08	Q1 FY07
Net operating profit	\$ 29.7	\$ 35.5
Asbestos:		
Asbestos adjustments	39.5	27.2
AICF SG&A expenses	0.6	-
AICF interest income	(1.6)	-
Tax expense related to asbestos adjustments	0.4	-
Net operating profit excluding asbestos	\$ 68.6	\$ 62.7



<u>Diluted earnings per share excluding asbestos</u> – Diluted earnings per share excluding asbestos is not a measure of financial performance under US GAAP and should not be considered to be more meaningful than diluted earnings per share. The company has included this financial measure to provide investors with an alternative method for assessing its operating results in a manner that is focussed on the performance of its ongoing operations. The company's management uses this non-US GAAP measure for the same purposes.

US\$ Million	Q1 FY08	Q1 FY07
Net operating profit excluding asbestos	\$ 68.6	\$ 62.7
Weighted average common shares outstanding – Diluted (millions)	469.4	466.9
Diluted earnings per share excluding asbestos (US cents)	14.6	13.4



Net operating profit excluding asbestos adjustments and tax benefit related to asbestos adjustments – Net operating profit excluding asbestos adjustments and tax benefit related to asbestos adjustments is not a measure of financial performance under US GAAP and should not be considered to be more meaningful than net income. The company has included this financial measure to provide investors with an alternative method for assessing its operating results in a manner that is focussed on the performance of its ongoing operations. The company uses this non-US GAAP measure for the same purposes.

US\$ Million	FY07	FY06
Net operating profit	\$ 151.7	\$ (506.7)
Asbestos adjustments	405.5	715.6
Tax benefit related to asbestos adjustments	(335.0)	-
Net operating profit excluding asbestos adjustments and tax benefit related to asbestos adjustments	\$ 222.2	\$ 208.9



Net operating profit excluding asbestos adjustments, tax benefit related to asbestos adjustments, impairment charge, SCI and other related expenses, make-whole payment and tax provision write-back- Net operating profit excluding asbestos adjustments, tax benefit related to asbestos adjustments, impairment charge, SCI and other related expenses, make-whole payment and tax provision write-back is not a measure of financial performance under US GAAP and should not be considered to be more meaningful than net income. The company has included this financial measure to provide investors with an alternative method for assessing its operating results in a manner that is focussed on the performance of its ongoing operations. The company uses this non-US GAAP measure for the same purposes.

US\$ Million	FY07	FY06
Net operating profit	\$ 151.7	\$ (506.7)
Asbestos adjustments	405.5	715.6
Tax benefit related to asbestos adjustments	(335.0)	-
Impairment charge (net of tax)	-	8.0
SCI and other related expenses (net of tax)	12.6	16.5
Make-whole payment (net of tax)	5.6	-
Tax provision write-back	(10.4)	(20.7)
Net operating profit excluding asbestos adjustments, tax benefit related to asbestos adjustments, impairment charge, SCI and other related expenses, make-whole payment and tax provision write-back	\$ 230.0	\$ 212.7



Australian Information Meeting

Louis Gries, CEO

15 August 2007