





#### **Interim Results**

Group Financial Statistics	1H2015	1H2014	Change	
Group attributable profit	HK\$m	1,972	347	+468.3%
Revenue	HK\$m	50,388	50,840	-0.9%
Profit margin	%	3.9	0.7	+3.2%pt
Earnings per share	<b>HK</b> ¢	50.1	8.8	+469.3%
Dividend per share	HK\$	0.26	0.10	+160.0%

Operating Statistics  – Cathay Pacific & Dragonair		1H2015	1H2014	Change
Available tonne kilometres (ATK)	million	14,598	13,545	+7.8%
Available seat kilometres (ASK)	million	69,689	65,474	+6.4%
Revenue passengers carried	'000	16,800	15,437	+8.8%
Cost per ATK (with fuel)	HK\$	3.24	3.57	-9.2%
Cost per ATK (without fuel)	HK\$	2.12	2.20	-3.6%

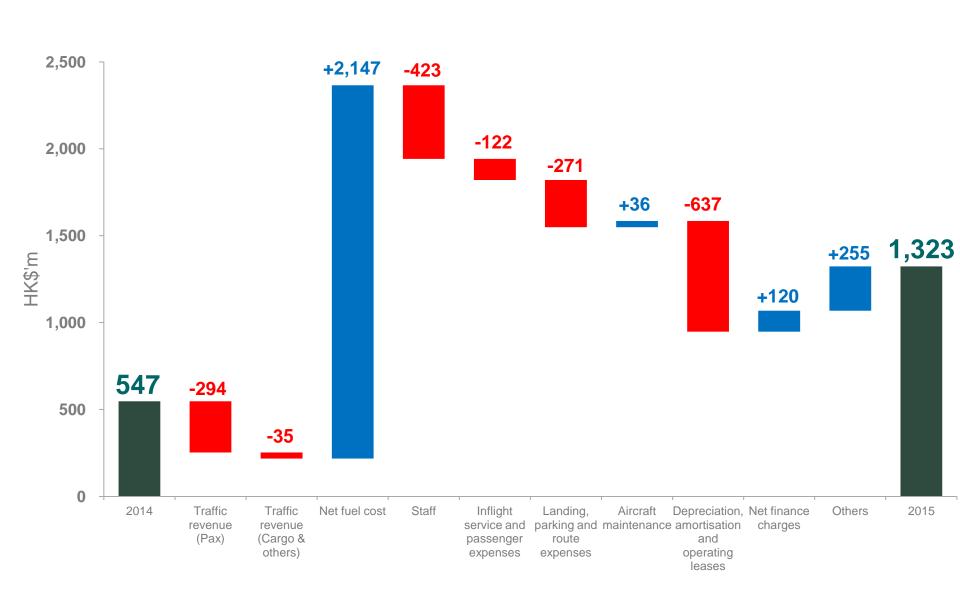
## Airlines' profit

- The Group reported an attributable profit of HK\$1,972 million for the first six months of 2015.
   This compares to a profit of HK\$347 million in the first half of 2014.
- Below is the split between airlines' profit and share of results from subsidiaries & associates.

HK\$'m	1H2015	1H2014
Airlines' profit before taxation	1,323	547
Taxation	(368)	(148)
Airlines' profit after taxation	955	399
Share of profits/(losses) from subsidiaries & associates	1,017	(52)
Group attributable profit	1,972	347



## Reconciliation of airlines' profit before tax





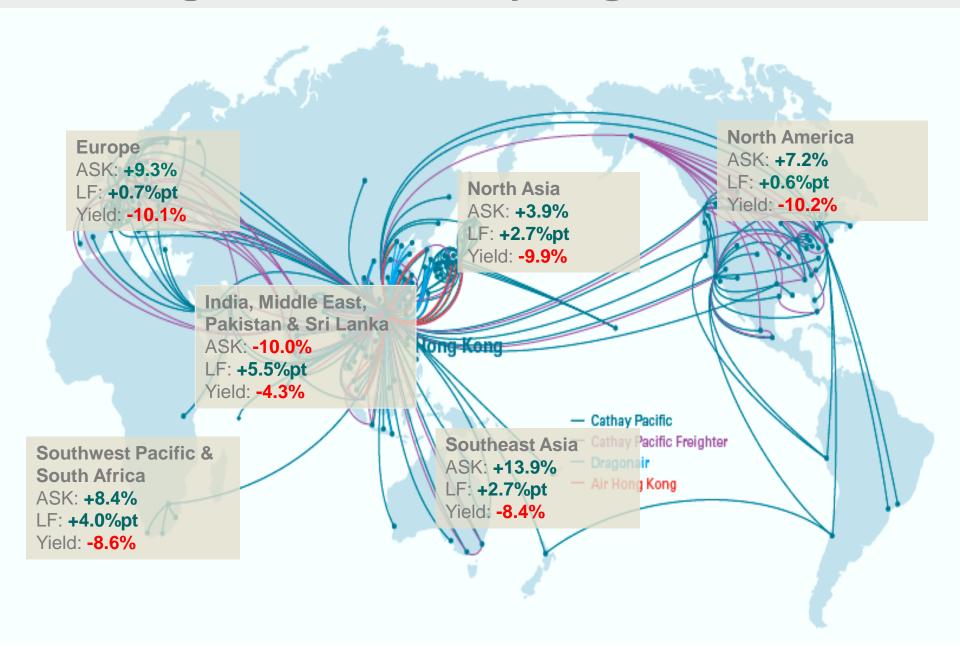


## **Passenger Services**

- High load factor
  - strong economy class demand; and
  - premium class on long haul weaker than expected.
- Adverse factors putting yield under pressure
  - strong competition;
  - significant reduction in fuel surcharges;
  - impact of some weak currencies; and
  - higher proportion of passengers were connecting through Hong Kong.

		1H2015	vs 1H 2014
Passenger revenue	HK\$m	36,226	-0.8%
ASK	Million	69,689	+6.4%
Passengers carried	'000	16,800	+8.8%
Passenger yield	<b>HK</b> ¢	60.4	-9.3%
Passenger load factor	%	85.9	+2.3%pt

## Passenger Services – By Region







#### **Cathay Pacific**

• Introduced a daily service to **Zurich**.

• Introduced a 4-times-weekly service to **Boston**.

• Discontinued service to **Moscow**.

Increased services to San Francisco to 17 flights per week.

• Will introduce a 4-times-weekly service to **Dusseldorf**.



#### Dragonair

Mar

May

• Launched a daily service to **Haneda** in Tokyo.

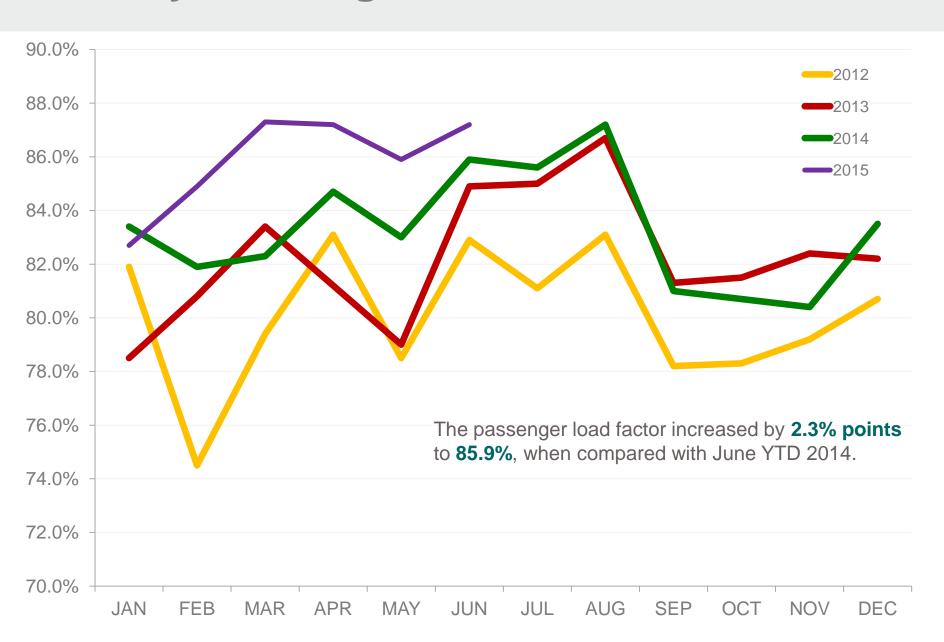
Increased frequency to **Okinawa** from four times weekly to daily.

 Increased frequency to Kolkata from five times weekly to six times weekly.

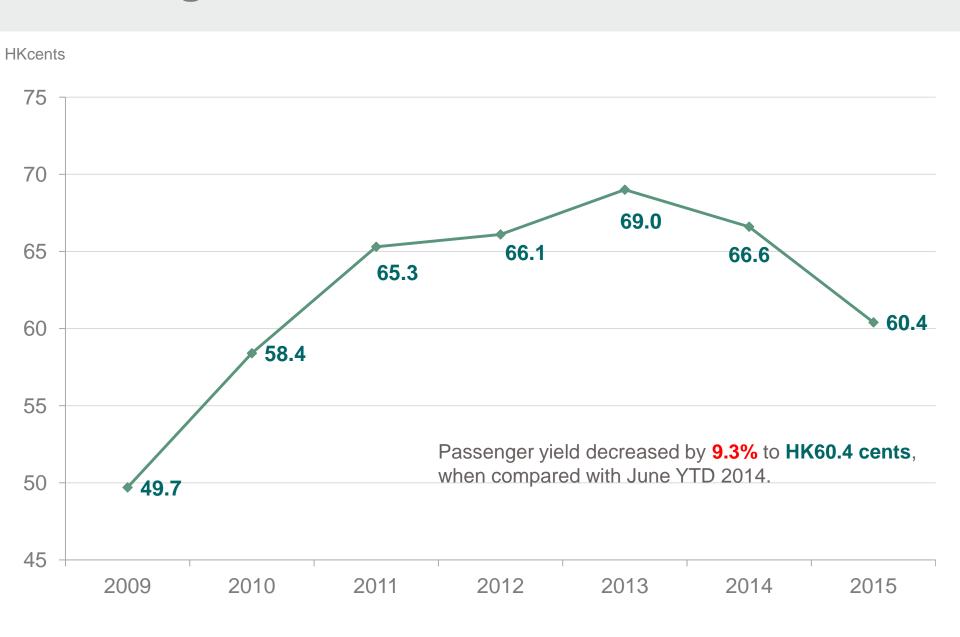
• Launched a twice-weekly service to Hiroshima in Japan.



## Monthly Passenger Load Factor



## Passenger Yield – 2009 to 2015



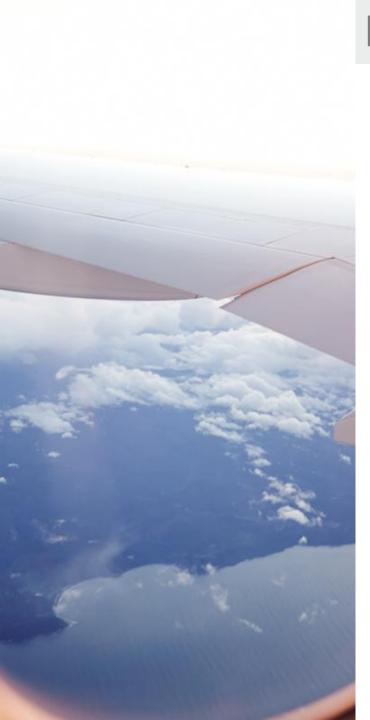




## **Cargo Services**

- Strong demand in the first few months of 2015 but slackened in the second quarter.
- Adverse factors putting yield under pressure
  - strong competition;
  - over capacity in the air cargo market; and
  - significant reduction in fuel surcharges.
- Cargo to Europe fell short of expectations.

		1H2015	vs1H2014
Group cargo revenue	HK\$m	11,376	-2.5%
Cathay Pacific and Drago	onair		
Cargo revenue	HK\$m	9,865	-1.6%
Cargo capacity (ATK)	Million	7,971	+8.9%
Cargo and mail carried	'000 tonnes	868	+8.0%
Cargo and mail yield	HK\$	1.93	-11.1%
Cargo and mail load			
factor	%	64.1	+0.9%pt

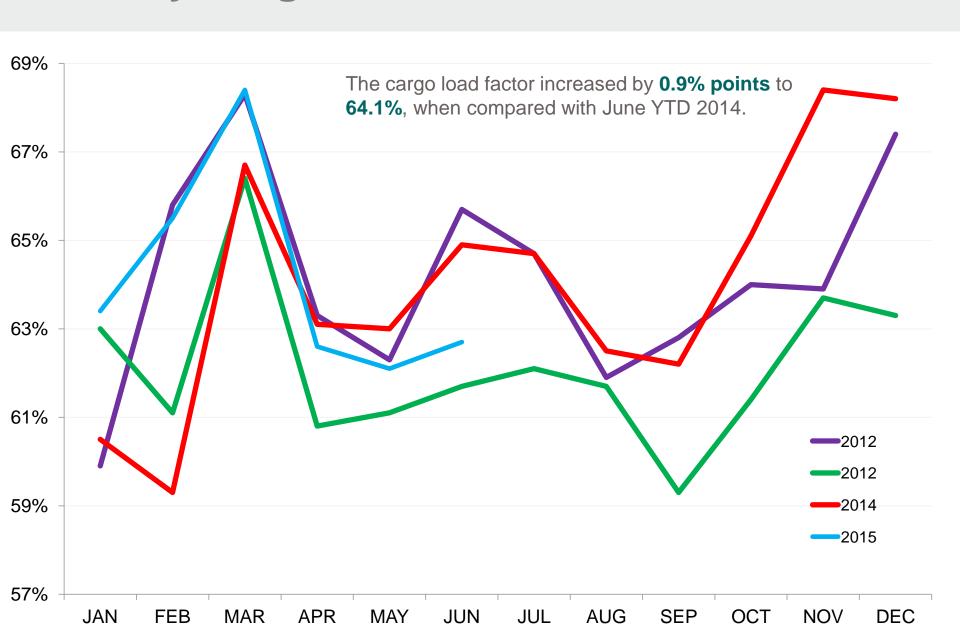


# **Network Development**

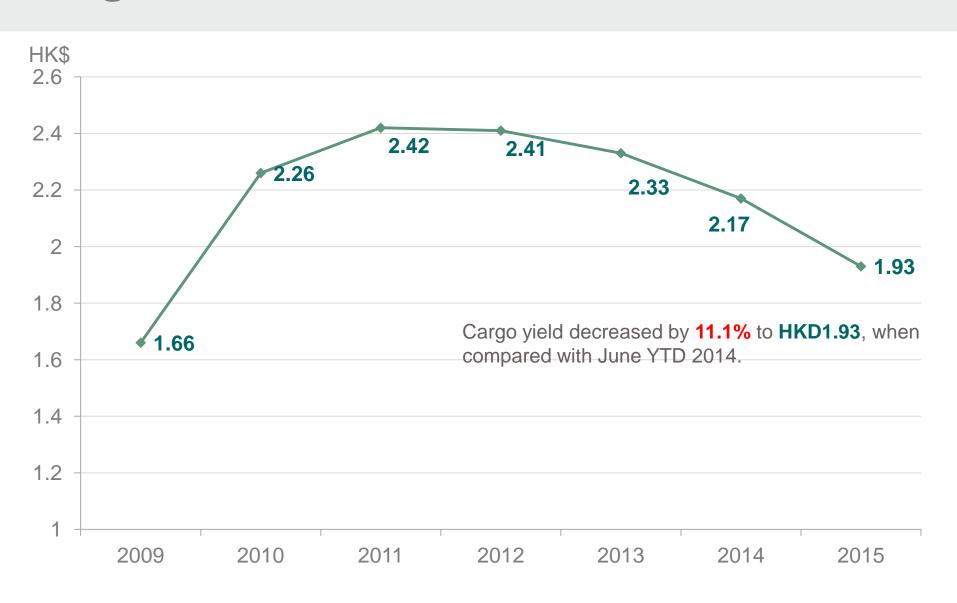


2015	
Mar	<ul> <li>Introduced a twice-weekly freighter service to Kolkata.</li> </ul>
Mar	<ul> <li>Increased the frequency of service to Delhi from 7 to 8 flights a week.</li> </ul>
Apr	<ul> <li>Added two weekly services to North America to become 37 flights per week.</li> </ul>

## **Monthly Cargo Load Factor**



## Cargo Yield – 2009 to 2015



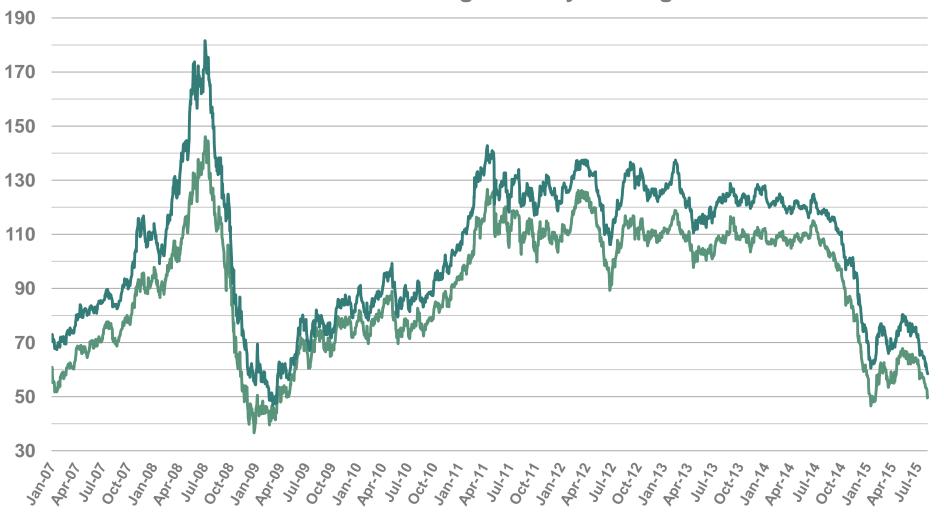


## **Operating Costs - Group**

- Fuel remains the Group's most significant costs accounted for **34.2%** of our total operating costs, a reduction of 3.7% points compared to the same period in 2014.
- Operating costs were reduced due to lower fuel prices (partially offset by hedging losses) and effective management of non-fuel costs.

	1H2015	vs1H2014
	HK\$'m	%
Staff	9,373	+5.3%
Inflight service and passenger expenses	2,284	+5.6%
Landing, parking and route expenses	7,266	+4.6%
Fuel, net of hedging losses/(gains)	16,619	-12.2%
Aircraft maintenance	3,653	-0.3%
Depreciation, amortisation and operating leases	6,701	+10.1%
Net finance charges	559	-10.0%
Others (including commissions)	2,130	-17.3%
Total operating costs	48,585	-2.6%

USD/Bbl - Brent and Sing Jet Daily Closing Price 2007 - 2015



—Brent Daily Close —Sing Jet Daily Close

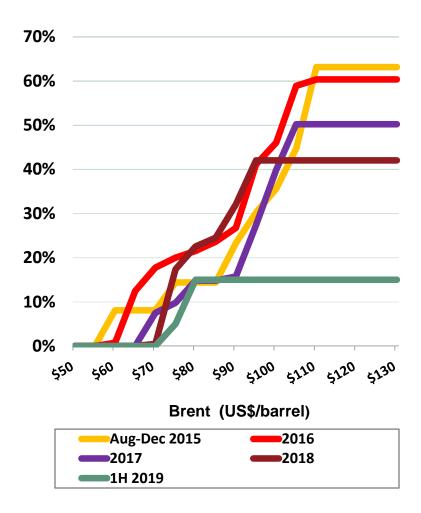
## Fuel Expenditure and Hedging

#### Fuel expenditure

 In the first half of 2015, lower fuel costs were partially offset by hedging losses, resulting in our net fuel costs decreasing by HK\$2,311 million (or 12.2%).

HK\$'m	1H2015	1H2014
Gross fuel cost	12,876	19,954
Fuel hedging losses (gains)	3,743	(1,024)
Net fuel cost	16,619	18,930

# Fuel hedging coverage (as at 18 Aug 2015)





#### CX & KA Fleet Profile as at 30 June 2015

At 30th June 2015, Cathay Pacific operated 148 aircraft and Dragonair operated 41 aircraft (a total of 189 aircraft for the Group).

	In operations			Parked		
	Passenger Freighter Total		Passenger	Freighter	Total	
1 Jan 15	163	22	185	-	3	3
New deliveries	7	-	7	-	-	-
Deregistered	(6)	-	(6)	-	-	-
30 Jun 15	164	22	186	-	3	3

#### CX Fleet Profile – as at 30 June 15

Aircraft type (includes parked aircraft)	Owned	Finance Leased	Operating Leased	Total
A330-300	22	15	6	43
A340-300	6	2	-	8
747-400 (note a)	3	-	1	4
777-200	5	-	-	5
777-300	9	3	-	12
777-300ER	17	11	23	51
Passenger aircraft	62	31	30	123
747-400F (note b)	5	-	-	5
747-400BCF(note c)	-	-	1	1
747-400ERF	-	6	-	6
747-8F	2	11	-	13
Freighter	7	17	1	25
Total	69	48	31	148

note a: The operating lease of the aircraft expired in June 2015 and the aircraft will leave the fleet by the end of 2015.

note b: Two aircraft were parked in January 2014 of which one aircraft was delivered to The Boeing Company in July

2015.

note c: The aircraft was parked in August 2013 and will return to service in September 2015



#### KA Fleet Profile – as at 30 June 15

Aircraft type	Owned	Finance Leased	Operating Leased	Total
A320-200	5	-	10	15
A321-200	2	-	6	8
A330-300	10	-	8	18
Total	17	-	24	41



### Aircraft Delivery Plan as at 30 June 2015

- At 30th June 2015 we had 72 new aircraft due for delivery up to 2024.
- Our first Airbus A350-900XWB aircraft is scheduled to be delivered in February 2016.
   We took delivery of the first of two simulators for Airbus A350 aircraft in May.

Aircraft type	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021 & beyond	Total
B747-8F		1						1
A350-900		12	10					22
A350-1000				6	10	10		26
B777-300ER	2							2
B777-9X							21	21
Total	2	13	10	6	10	10	21	72

# Retirement plan

B744 - As at 30 June 2015								
Exit date	Number	Remaining						
2017	-3	0						

#### A340 - As at 30 June 2015

Exit date	Number	Remaining
2H2015	-1	7
2016	-3	4
2017	-4	0

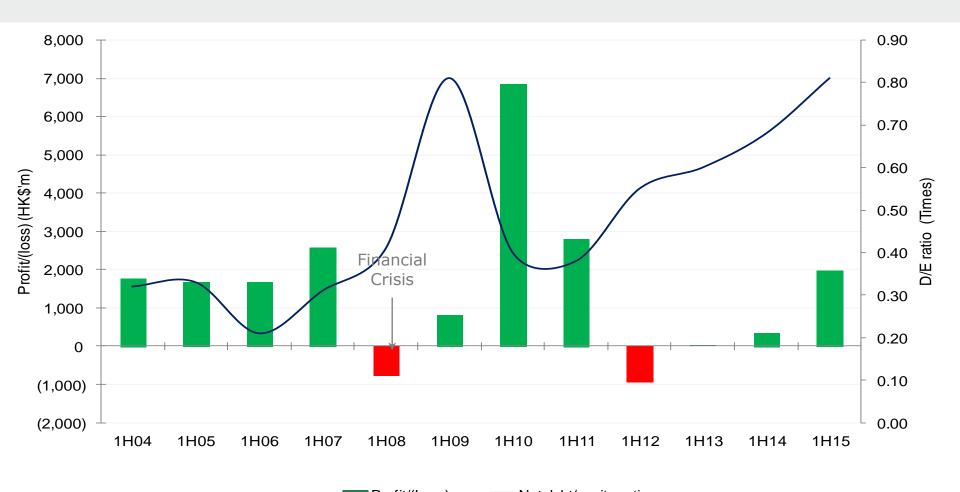




#### **Financial Position**

Shareholders' Funds	30 Jun15 HK\$m 54,816	31 Dec14 HK\$m 51,722	<u>Change</u> % +6.0%
Gross Borrowings	63,441	65,096	-2.5%
Less: Liquid Funds	(19,252)	(21,098)	-8.7%
Net Borrowings	44,189	43,998	+0.4%
Capital Employed (incl. non-controlling interests)	99,154	95,851	+3.4%
Net Debt/ Equity Ratio	0.81	0.85	-0.04 times
Investment in Air China	18,930	19,150	-1.1%

## **Profit & Net Debt/ Equity Ratio**

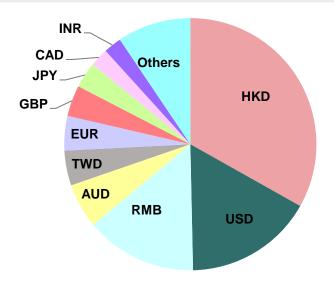


Group Profit			1H	1H 2007	1H							
Margin	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
%	9.7	7.8	7.3	8.9	(1.8)	2.6	16.5	6.0	(1.9)	0.1	0.7	3.9

## Financial Risk Management

#### Currency

- All major currencies are hedged in compliance with our policy.
- Traffic revenue by sales territories



#### Liquidity

- A total of HK\$3.2 billion with tenors of 5 or 10 years raised through MTN programme since first issue in Oct 2011.
- Unpledged liquid funds of HK\$18.9 billion as at 30 Jun 2015.

#### Interest rates

- Overall cost of borrowing remains low.
- During the year, margins have compressed.
- Strategic management of fixed / floating ratio.



#### **Subsidiaries**

#### **AHK Air Hong Kong**

- Higher profit in 1H2015 compared to 1H2014.
- Operates a fleet of eight owned Airbus A300-600F freighters, two dry leased Airbus A300-600F freighters and three Boeing 747-400BCF converted freighters dry leased from Cathay Pacific.
- Capacity and load factor increased marginally compared with the first half of 2014. Revenue tonne kilometres increased by 2.0%.

#### **Cathay Pacific Catering Services**

- Increase in the number of meals produced.
- Higher revenue but lower profit in 1H2015 compared to 1H2014.

#### **Asia Miles**

- Membership exceeds 7 million worldwide.
- Increase in profit in 1H2015 compared with 1H2014.

#### **Subsidiaries**

#### **Cathay Pacific Services Limited (Cargo Terminal)**

- Improvement in results in 1H2015 compared to 1H2014. This reflected the addition of customers and effective management of operating costs
- Our new cargo terminal became fully operational in October 2013.
   Capacity to handle 2.6 million tonnes of cargo annually. The terminal handled more than 0.8 million tonnes of cargo during 1H2015.
- Provided cargo handling services to eight airlines (Cathay Pacific,
   Dragonair, Air Hong Kong and five others) in 1H2015.

#### **Associates**

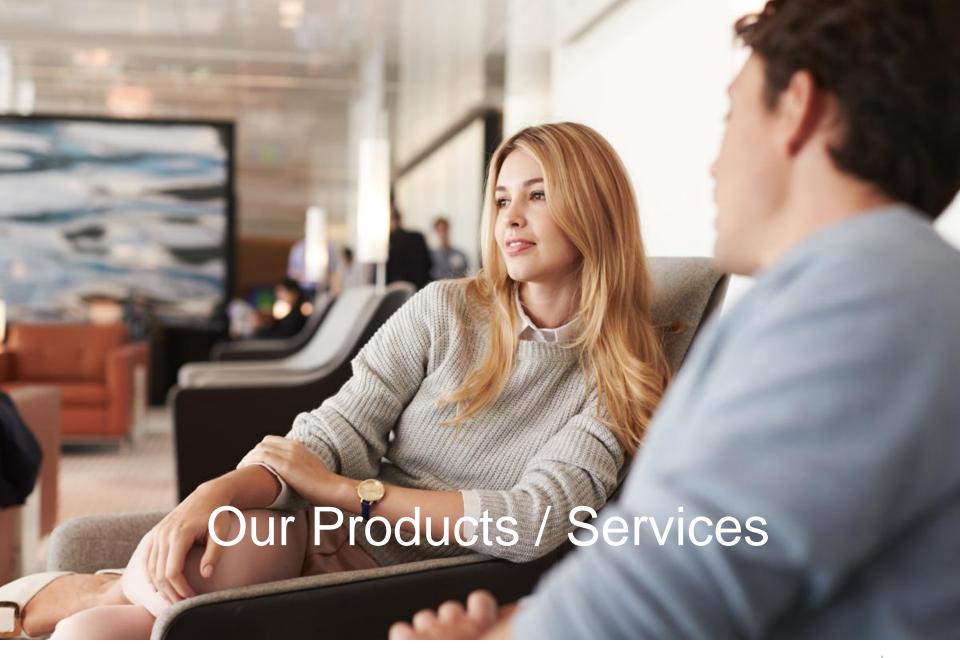
#### Air China

- Cathay Pacific had a 20.13% interest in Air China as at 30 June 2015.
- Cathay Pacific accounts for Air China for the six months ended 31 March
   2015 and any significant events or transactions during their last quarter.
- In July, Air China proposed the issue of 994,200,497 A shares. When the issue happens, Cathay Pacific's shareholding in Air China will be diluted from 20.13% to 18.71%.
- Air China's results <u>improved significantly</u> in the six months to 31st March 2015. This reflected lower fuel prices, strong passenger demand and lower exchange losses from depreciation of the Renminbi.

#### **Associates**

#### Air China Cargo

- An improved results from Air China Cargo in the first half of 2015.
- This reflected the general improvement in the air cargo market, lower fuel prices and improved operating efficiency resulting from the replacement of old aircraft with new aircraft













# Awards



- Cathay Pacific won the Best Transpacific Airline in the Skytrax World Airline Awards in June 2015.
- Dragonair won the World's Best Regional Airline and the Best Regional Airline in Asia in the Skytrax World Airline Awards in June 2015.







#### Outlook

- We usually perform better in the second half than in the first. We expect our business to do well in the remainder of 2015.
- Projected ASK growth in 2015 is approximately 8.4%. Projected overall DLATK growth in 2015 is approximately 9.2%.
- Passenger demand is expected to stay strong but yield remained under pressure.
- Overcapacity in a soft cargo market.
- Continue to benefit from lower net fuel costs.
- Continue to manage non-fuel costs effectively.
- **9** aircraft deliveries in 2015 8 have already been delivered as of 19 August 2015.
- Improved share of results from the subsidiaries/ associates.



# Q&A

For more information, please visit our website www.cathaypacific.com



