



#### XINGDA INTERNATIONAL HOLDINGS LIMITED 興達國際控股有限公司

(HKEx stock code: 1899)

# 2009 Interim Results Corporate Presentation









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# Agenda

- Financial Review
- Business Overview
- Outlook & Strategies



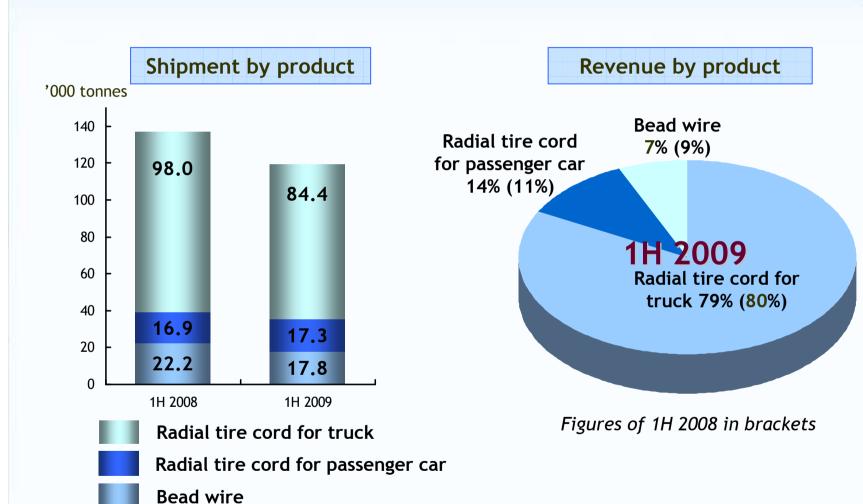


# Financial Highlights

	For the six months ended		
RMB'million	30 June		Change
	2008	2009	
Revenue	1,775	1,527	-14.0%
Gross profit	476	385	-19.1%
Gross profit margin	26.8%	25.2%	-1.6%pts
EBITDA	486	462	-4.9%
EBITDA margin	27.4%	30.3%	+2.9%pts
Profit attributable to owners of the Company	239	201	-15.9%
Basic EPS (RMB fen)	17.22	14.49	-15.9%
Diluted EPS (RMB fen)	13.76	14.40	+4.7%
Profit attributable to owners of the Company BEFORE CB adjustment & non-operating FX difference	224	203	-9.4%



# Revenue Analysis



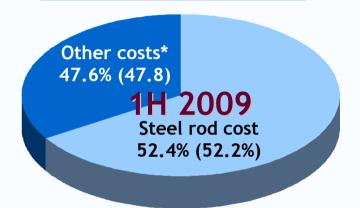


For the six months ended 30 June

### Cost of Sales

- Steel rod cost accounted for 52.4% of the total COS (1H 2008: 52.2%)
- Major changes in COS include:
  - Steel rod cost per tonne dropped 12% YOY
  - Direct labor cost per tonne dropped 26% YOY
  - Domestic steel rods contributed over 78% (1H 2008: 72%) of the total steel rods consumption

COGS breakdown



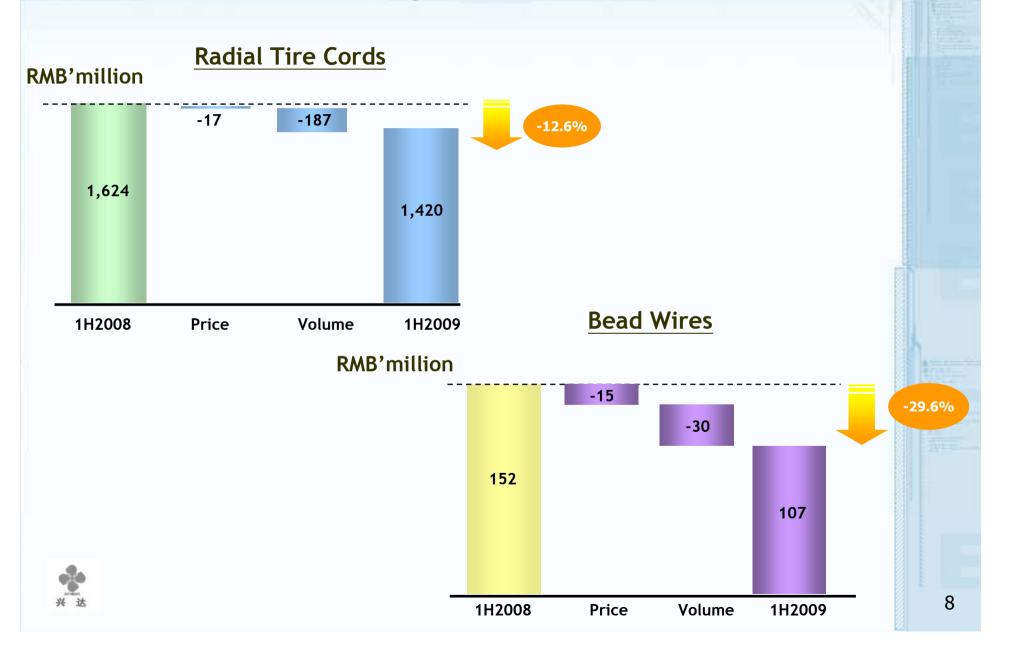
For the six months ended 30 June

\*Other costs include other raw materials, depreciation, labor, electricity and other costs

Domestic steel rods still remained competitive against imported one



# **Revenue Change Drivers**



# **Key Figures**

	As at 31 Dec 08	As at 30 Jun 09
Cash on hand (RMB'mil)	446.0	725.3
Current ratio (times)	1.52	1.41
Trade receivable turnover days*	78 days	113 days
Trade payable turnover days	33 days	28 days
Inventory turnover days	73 days	51 days
Net debt to equity (%)	24.7%	24.5%

<sup>\*</sup>Adjusted for the value-added tax effect





# Highlights

#### Maintain market share in China

Maintain leading position in China and is one of the world largest independent radial tire cord manufacturers

#### Achieved satisfactory results

- Manage to achieve satisfactory results under economy turmoil and global financial crisis
- Sales ordered resumed driven by strong domestic radial tire demand in 2Q 2009

#### GP margin maintained (major products)

Success in reasonably adjust average selling prices of products to match with raw material cost to maintain fairly stable GP margin



# Sustainable Industry Growth

- Exponential automobile demand in China
  - China became the second largest automobile manufacturer in the world surpassing the USA
  - \* Total no. of truck grew YOY of 16.5% to 1.10 million units in 1H 2009
  - Total no. of passenger cars rose YOY by 21.6% to 3.24 million units in 1H 2009
  - Strong growth momentum in recent years translated into strong replacement market demand in present and the future
- Increasing budgets and higher quality expressways in China
  - Subject to 11th Five Year Plan (2006-2010) with priority given to transportation sector
- Fastened radialization rate
  - Increasing cost of rubber shifted demand from bias tire to radial tire
  - Radialization rate reached over 70% in 1H 2009
  - \* Forecast to reach 80-90% in 2010 and close to 100% by 2015\*



# Opportunities in PRC

- Well position to capture opportunities in PRC market arising from global economic downturn
  - PRC launched RMB4 Trillion Infrastructure Project and injected new vigor into 10 pillar industries, including construction and infrastructure projects, to drive domestic demand
  - Implementation of automobile stimulus package by provincial and city governments
  - Accelerated migration of overseas tire production base to China
  - Sustainable strong outsourcing demand from international tire manufacturers aiming for better cost effectiveness
  - Oust weaker players and hasten market consolidation
- Real radial tires demand existed in 2Q 2009
  - with reference to the China Rubber Industry Association, radial tires output in China from January to June 2009 rose 17% YOY to approximately 158 million units

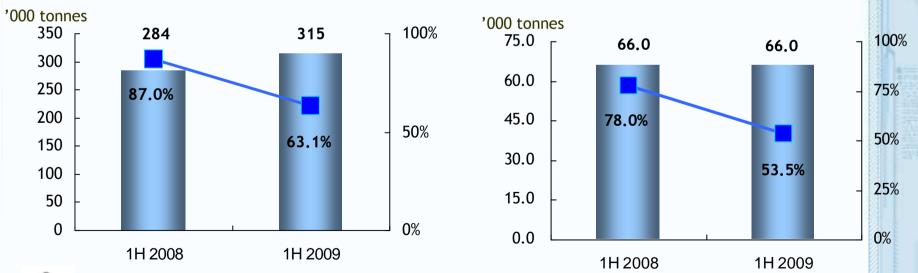


### **Maximize Utilization**

- Expansion plan of No. 8 Factory nearly fully carried out
- Production capacity for radial tire cords increased by 10.9% YOY in 1H 2009 while bead wires remain unchanged
- Overall utilization rate decreased from 86.0% in 1H 2008 to 61.4% in 1H 2009

# Radial tire cords capacity & utilization rate

# Bead wires capacity & utilization rate





For the six months ended 30 June

### **Effective Cost Control**

- Strengthened pricing strategy
  - Ability to shift a reasonable part of the increased cost to customers
  - Flexible to adjust ASP of both radial tire cords and bead wires to match with the change in cost of steel rod
- Advanced supply chain
  - Tightened relationship with suppliers to secure stable steel rod volume
  - Increased consumption of local steel rod to lower overall raw material cost
  - Adopted bulk purchase to obtain lower steel rod price





### **Future Blueprints**

- China market as core focus with gradual overseas expansion
  - Stabilize market share in China top-rank tire manufacturers
  - Strengthen relationship with those global tire manufacturers have production facilities in China
  - Secure more overseas tire manufacturers as its long-term customers
  - Maintain utilization rate at a high level by cautiously adjust capacity expansion plan
  - Seek for acquisition opportunities from industry consolidation
- Expects sales and gross profit margin to be improved in 2H 2009
  - Sales increased in July and August 2009 and more sales orders obtained in September 2009
  - Raw material costs pressure will be eased as steel rods with higher costs has been entirely consumed
  - Confident in both top and bottom line growth through enhancing economy of scale and cost control



### **Future Strategies**

- Keep track of market demand and carry out expansion plan as appropriate
- Bring in new facilities to improve production efficiency
- Develop new products and production craftsmanship
- Stringent cost control on production and raw material, especially steel rods
- Remain pragmatic and prudent under worldwide recession



