

ANNUAL REPORT

年報



FARNOVA GROUP HOLDINGS LIMITED 法 諾 集 團 控 股 有 限 公 司

(Incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability) (於百慕達註冊成立之有限公司)

Stock Code 股份代號:8153

CHARACTERISTICS OF GEM OF THE STOCK EXCHANGE OF HONG KONG LIMITED (THE "STOCK EXCHANGE")

香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」) GEM 之特色

GEM has been positioned as a market designed to accommodate small and mid-sized companies to which a higher investment risk may be attached than other companies listed on the Stock Exchange. Prospective investors should be aware of the potential risks of investing in such companies and should make the decision to invest only after due and careful consideration.

GEM之定位,乃為相比起其他在聯交所上市 之公司帶有較高投資風險之中小型公司提供 一個上市之市場。有意投資之人士應瞭解投 資於該等公司之潛在風險,並應經過審慎周 詳之考慮後方作出投資決定。

Given the emerging nature of companies listed on GEM are generally small and mid-sized companies, there is a risk that securities traded on GEM may be more susceptible to high market volatility than securities traded on the main board of the Stock Exchange and no assurance is given that there will be a liquid market in the securities traded on GEM.

由於GEM上市公司普遍為中小型公司及其新興之性質使然,在GEM買賣之證券可能會較於聯交所主板買賣之證券承受較大之市場波動風險,同時無法保證在GEM買賣之證券會有高流通量之市場。

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This report, for which the directors (the "Director(s)") of Farnova Group Holdings Limited (the "Company") collectively and individually accept full responsibility, includes particulars given in compliance with the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on GEM of the Stock Exchange (the "GEM Listing Rules") for the purpose of giving information with regard to the Company. The Directors, having made all reasonable enquires, confirm that to the best of their knowledge and belief, the information contained in this report is accurate and complete in all material respects and not misleading or deceptive and there are no other matters the omission of which would make any statement herein or this report misleading.

本報告乃按照聯交所GEM證券上市規則(「GEM 上市規則」)而刊載,旨在提供有關法諾集團 控股有限公司(「本公司」)之資料,本公司各種 事(「董事」)願就本報告所載資料共同及個別 承擔全部責任。董事在作出一切合理查詢後 確認,就彼等所深知及確信,本報告所載資 料在各重大方面均屬準確及完整,且無誤導 或欺詐成份,以及本報告並無遺漏其他事項, 致使本報告所載之任何陳述或本報告有所誤 導。

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Corporate Information 公司資料

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Executive Directors

Mr. Guo Gelin (Chairman) (Appointed on 27 February 2020)

Mr. Chow Chi Wah Vincent (Managing Director) (Appointed on 25 June 2019)

Mr. Hu Chao

Mr. Mou Zhongwei (Appointed on 19 August 2020)

Ms. Jingquan Yingzi (Resigned on 1 April 2019)

Ms. Lin Yan Jenny (Resigned on 26 June 2019)

Mr. Mao Songtao (Resigned on 1 April 2019)

Mr. Wang Ronggian (Resigned on 19 June 2020)

Mr. Tsang King Sun (Appointed on 2 July 2019 and resigned on 10 February 2020)

Non-Executive Directors

Mr. Wang Qiang (Appointed on 19 August 2020)

Mr. Wang Dequn (Re-designated from Executive Director to non-Executive Director on 17 April 2019 and resigned on 6 August 2020)

Mr. Qian Gang (Appointed on 22 May 2019 and resigned on 10 January 2020)

Independent Non-Executive Directors

Mr. Lee Chi Hwa Joshua

Mr. Wong Ching Keung

Dr. Santos Antonio Maria (Appointed on 9 July 2019)

Mr. Luo Ji (Appointed on 19 August 2020)

Mr. Hau Chi Kit (Resigned on 18 July 2019)

Ms. Ng Yin Ling Elaine (Appointed on 9 July 2019 and resigned on 30 June 2020)

COMPLIANCE OFFICER

Mr. Hu Chao

AUTHORISED REPRESENTATIVES

Mr. Hu Chao

Mr. Au Yeung Yiu Chung

AUDIT COMMITTEE

Mr. Lee Chi Hwa Joshua (Chairman)

Mr. Wong Ching Keung

Dr. Santos Antonio Maria (Appointed on 9 July 2019)

Mr. Luo Ji (Appointed on 19 August 2020)

董事會

執行董事

郭格林先生(主席)

(於二零二零年二月二十七日出任)

周志華先生(董事總經理)

(於二零一九年六月二十五日出任)

胡超先生

牟忠緯先生(於二零二零年八月十九日出任) 井泉瑛孜女士(於二零一九年四月一日辭任)

林焱女士(於二零一九年六月二十六日辭任)

毛松濤先生(於二零一九年四月一日辭任)

王荣騫先生(於二零二零年六月十九日辭任)

曾敬燊先生(於二零一九年七月二日出任及 於二零二零年二月十日辭任)

非執行董事

王強先生(於二零二零年八月十九日出任) 王德群先生(於二零一九年四月十七日 由執行董事調任為非執行董事並於

錢鋼先生(於五月二十二日及二零二零年 一月二十日出任)

獨立非執行董事

李智華先生

王正強先生

杜東尼博士(於二零一九年七月九日出任)

羅輯先生(於二零二零年八月十九日出任)

侯志傑先生(於二零一九年七月十八日辭任)

吳燕凌女士(於二零一九年七月九日出任及 於二零二零年六月三十日辭任)

合規主管

胡超先生

授權代表

胡超先生

歐陽耀忠先生

審核委員會

李智華先生(主席)

王正強先生

杜東尼博士(於二零一九年七月九日出任) 羅輯先生(於二零二零年八月十九日出任)

Corporate Information 公司資料

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

Mr. Wong Ching Keung (Chairman)

Mr. Lee Chi Hwa Joshua

Dr. Santos Antonio Maria (Appointed on 9 July 2019)

Mr. Luo Ji (Appointed on 19 August 2020)

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

Mr. Hu Chao (Chairman)

Mr. Lee Chi Hwa Joshua

Mr. Wong Ching Keung

Dr. SANTOS Antonio Maria (Appointed on 9 July 2019)

Mr. Luo Ji (Appointed on 19 August 2020)

COMPANY SECRETARY

Mr. Au Yeung Yiu Chung

REGISTERED OFFICE

Clarendon House

2 Church Street Hamilton HM 11

Bermuda

HEAD OFFICE AND PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS

Room 2007, 20th Floor C C Wu Building 302–308 Hennessy Road, Wan Chai

Hong Kong

PRINCIPAL SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

MUFG Fund Services (Bermuda) Limited

4th floor

North Cedar House

41 Cedar Avenue

Hamilton HM 12

Bermuda

HONG KONG BRANCH SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Tricor Abacus Limited Level 54, Hopewell Centre 183 Queen's Road East Hong Kong

薪酬委員會

吳燕凌女士(主席)

李智華先生

杜東尼博士(於二零一九年七月九日出任)

羅輯先生(於二零二零年八月十九日出任)

提名委員會

胡超先生(主席)

李智華先生

王正強先生

杜東尼博士(於二零一九年七月九日出任)

羅輯先生(於二零二零年八月十九日出任)

公司秘書

歐陽耀忠先生

註冊辦事處

Clarendon House

2 Church Street

Hamilton HM 11

Bermuda

總辦事處及主要營業地點

香港

灣仔軒尼詩道302-308號

集成中心

20樓2007室

主要股份過戶登記處

MUFG Fund Services (Bermuda) Limited

4th floor

North Cedar House

41 Cedar Avenue

Hamilton HM 12

Bermuda

香港股份過戶登記分處

卓佳雅柏勤有限公司 香港

皇后大道東183號

合和中心54樓

Corporate Information 公司資料

AUDITORS

Elite Partners CPA Limited

PRINCIPAL BANKER

Bank of China (Hong Kong) Limited Bank of China Tower 1 Garden Road Hong Kong

STOCK CODE

8153

COMPANY WEBSITE

farnovagp-hk.com

核數師

開元信德會計師事務所有限公司

主要往來銀行

中國銀行(香港)有限公司香港花園道1號中銀大廈

股份代號

8153

公司網址

farnovagp-hk.com

Chairman's Statement 主席報告書

Dear Shareholders,

On behalf of the board of directors (the "Board") of Farnova Group Holdings Limited (the "Company"), I am pleased to present the audited annual results of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") for the year ended 31 March 2020 (the "Year").

OVERVEIW

The revenue of the Group was decreased by approximately 26.8% to approximately HK\$20.5 million for the Year. The Group recorded a loss for the Year of approximately HK\$48.7 million, as compared to approximately HK\$28.1 million for the year ended 31 March 2019 (the "Preceding Year"). The net loss attributable to owners of the Company for the Year amounted to approximately HK\$48.7 million, as compared to approximately HK\$50.8 million for the Preceding Year.

PROSPECTS

Looking ahead, the changes in economic conditions for the Group arising thereof may have impact on the financial results of the Group, the extent of which could not be estimated as at the date of this report. The Group will keep continuous attention on the situation of the COVID-19 and react actively to its impact on the financial position and operating results of the Group.

The cultural and media industry throughout the world, and especially in the People's Republic of China (the "PRC") is presented with an opportunity. The Company believes that due to the impact on the global business environment, the management will continue to develop solid operating strategies of the Group and explore other investment opportunities with a view to enhancing and improving returns to our stakeholders.

各位股東:

本人謹代表法諾集團控股有限公司(「本公司」) 董事會(「董事會」), 欣然提呈本公司及其子公司(統稱「本集團」)截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度(「本年度」)之經審核年度業績。

概覽

本集團本年度之收入減少約26.8%至約20.5百萬港元。本年度本集團錄得約48.7百萬港元之虧損,而截至二零一九年三月三十一日止年度(「上一年度」)約28.1百萬港元。本年度本公司擁有人應佔虧損淨額約為48.7百萬港元,而上一年度約為50.8百萬港元。

前景

展望未來,本集團發生的經濟狀況變化可能影響本集團財務業績,於本報告日期尚無法估計該影響的程度。本集團將繼續關注 COVID-19的狀態,積極應對其對本集團財務 狀況及經營業績的影響。

全世界的文化及媒體產業,尤其是在中華人民共和國(以下簡稱「中國」),均面臨機會。本公司相信,由於對全球商業環境的影響,管理層將繼續為本集團制定穩健的經營戰略,並發現其他投資機會,以增加及改善我們的持份者之回報。

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

On behalf of the Board, I would like to thank the management and all of the staff for their hard work and dedication to the Group, as well as the shareholders of the Company (the "Shareholders") and customers for their support over the years. The management is confident in achieving better results in the future, creating added value for the Group, Shareholders and all staff.

致謝

本人謹代表董事會,向管理層及全體員工為本集團所付出之努力及貢獻致以感謝,亦感謝本公司股東(「股東」)及客戶多年來支持。管理層有信心日後定能創造更好業績,提高本集團、股東及全體員工之價值。

GUO Gelin

Chairman

Hong Kong, 4 September 2020

郭格林

主席

香港,二零二零年九月四日

Management Discussion and Analysis 管理層討論及分析

BUSINESS REVIEW

The Group derives its revenue mainly from: (i) advertising in Hong Kong and the PRC; (ii) money lending business in Hong Kong; and (iii) securities investments in Hong Kong.

The Group's revenue for the Year amounted to approximately HK\$20.5 million, representing a decrease of 26.8% as compared to that of approximately HK\$28.1 million for the Preceding Year. The Group's loss for the Year decreased by 4.1% to approximately HK\$48.7 million, as compared to approximately HK\$50.8 million for the Preceding Year. Such decrease was mainly attributable to the significant decrease in financial cost.

SEGMENTAL ANALYSIS

Advertising

The Group recorded revenue of approximately HK\$20.0 million from this operation for the Year, as compared to revenue of approximately HK\$27.6 million for the Preceding Year. The decrease was mainly due to the fact that the Group is more focused on the development of advertisement campaign in Hong Kong, as the three television channels of the Group in Hunan were stopped due to some changes in national policies in the PRC. The Group is working with the local media production houses to conduct stage shows within shopping malls in Hong Kong and expands its media resources. The expansion of media resources allow the Group to offer its advertising customers with a wider range of advertising solutions, including various advertising media, forms and formats that cater to different target audiences.

Money lending

Revenue of approximately HK\$534,000 from this operation for the Year, as compared to revenue of approximately HK\$438,000 for the Preceding Year. The increase in revenue was mainly due to accumulated unpaid interest incurred with the Preceding Year. As at 31 March 2020, gross loan receivables amounted to Nil (2019: approximately HK\$4.4 million).

業務回顧

本集團之收入主要來自:(i)於香港及中國提供 廣告:(ii)於香港進行放債業務:及(iii)於香港 進行證券投資。

本集團於本年度之收入約為20.5百萬港元, 與上一年度的約28.1百萬港元相比,減少了 26.8%。本年度本集團之虧損減少4.1%至約 48.7百萬港元,而上一年度約50.8百萬港元。 相關減少乃主要由於融資成本降低。

分部分析

廣告

放債

此業務於本年度產生收入約534,000港元,而上一年度之收入則約為438,000港元。收入增加主要由於較上一年度產生累計未付利息所致。於二零二零年三月三十一日,應收貸款總額為零(二零一九年:約4.4百萬港元)。

SEGMENTAL ANALYSIS (Continued)

Securities investments

Details of investments in equity securities listed in Hong Kong held by the Group during the Year are as follows:

分部分析(續)

證券投資

本集團於本年度所持於香港上市之股本證券 之投資詳情如下:

Stock Code 股份代號	Stock Abbreviation	股份簡稱	Number of shares held as at 31 March 2020 於二零二零年 三月三十一日 所持股份數目	Fair value as at 31 March 2020 於二零二零年 三月三十一日 之公允值 HK\$'000 千港元	Gain (losses) during the Year 本年度 收益(虧損) HK\$'000 千港元
8103 8173	hmvod Limited Union Asia Enterprise	hmvod視頻 萬亞企業控股	900,000	142	(1,267)
	Holding Limited		2,050,400	60	60
			2,950,400	202	(1,207)

FINANCIAL REVIEW

Revenue

The Group's revenue decreased by 26.8% to approximately HK\$20.5 million for the Year, as compared to that of approximately HK\$28.1 million for the Preceding Year. The significant decrease in revenue was mainly attributable to decrease in revenue contributed by the advertising segment.

Cost of sales and services

The cost of sales and services was 28.4% to approximately HK\$17.0 million for the Year, as compared to that of approximately HK\$23.7 million for the Preceding Year. Such decrease was along with the drop in revenue for the Year.

Gross Profit and gross profit margin

The Group's gross profit decreased by 18.2% to approximately HK\$3.5 million for the Year, as compared to that of approximately HK\$4.3 million for the Preceding Year. Such decrease was in line with the drop in revenue for the Year. The Group's gross profit margin was 17.2% for the Year.

財務回顧

收益

本集團於本年度之收入減少26.8%至約20.5百萬港元,而上一年度約為28.1百萬港元。收入減少主要歸因於廣告分部所貢獻之收入減少所致。

銷售及服務成本

本年度銷售及服務成本減少28.4%至約17.0百萬港元,上一年度則約為23.7百萬港元。該減幅與本年度收入跌幅一致。

毛利及毛利率

本集團於本年度之毛利減少18.2%至約3.5百萬港元,上一年度則約為4.3百萬港元。該減幅與本年度收入跌幅一致。本集團於本年度之毛利率為17.2%。

FINANCIAL REVIEW (Continued)

Distribution costs

No distribution costs incurred for the Year, as compared to that of approximately HK\$169,000 for the Preceding Year.

Administrative expenses

Administrative expenses for the Year were increased by 68.4% to approximately HK\$23.1 million, as compared to approximately HK\$13.7 million for the Preceding Year. Administrative expenses mainly consist of staff costs, depreciation, operating lease rentals for office and legal and professional fees. The Group will continue to adopt the stringent cost controls in the forthcoming periods.

Finance costs

The Group recorded finance costs of approximately HK\$14.4 million for the Year, as compared to approximately HK\$28.0 million for the Preceding Year. The finance costs were mainly arising from the interest expenses on convertible bonds which were issued in November 2015 and June 2016 and amended the terms on 5 December 2019 with the effective interest rates of 10.5% and 9.2% per annum respectively.

Loss for the year and loss attributable to owners of the Company

The Group recorded a loss for the Year of approximately HK\$48.7 million, as compared to approximately HK\$50.8 million for the Preceding Year. Loss attributable to owners of the Company for the Year was approximately HK\$48.1 million, as compared to approximately HK\$50.3 million for the Preceding Period. The basic and diluted loss per share of the Group for the Period were HK cents 1.21, as compared to HK cents 2.18 and 2.17 respectively for the Preceding Period.

財務回顧(續)

分銷成本

本年度並無產生分銷成本,上一年度則約為 169,000港元。

行政開支

本年度行政開支增加68.4%至約23.1百萬港元, 而上一年度約為13.7百萬港元。行政開支主要 包括員工成本、折舊、辦公室之經營租賃租 金、法律及專業費用。本集團於未來期間將 繼續採取嚴格之成本控制措施。

融資成本

本集團於本年度錄得融資成本約14.4百萬港元, 上一年度則約為28.0百萬港元。融資成本主 要是因二零一五年十一月及二零一六年六月分 別發行的可換股債券之利息開支而產生,二 零一九年十二月五日債券條款經過修改,實 際年利率分別調整為10.5%及9.2%。

年度虧損及本公司擁有人應佔虧損

本年度本集團錄得約48.7百萬港元之虧損,而上一年度約50.8百萬港元。本年度本公司擁有人應佔虧損約為48.1百萬港元,上一期間約為50.3百萬港元。本期間本集團每股基本及攤薄虧損為1.21港仙,上一期間分別為2.18港仙及2.17港仙。

LIOUIDITY AND FINANCIAL RESOURCES

As at 31 March 2020, the Group's cash and cash equivalents amounted to approximately HK\$149,000 (2019: HK\$2.2 million). The Group's current ratio, being the current assets of approximately HK\$10.9 million (2019: HK\$42.0 million) divided by the current liabilities of approximately HK\$135.0 million (2019: HK\$60.0 million), was computed as approximately 0.08 (2019: 0.70). The management viewed that the ratio was not healthy and acceptable and will try to improve the overall financial soundness and sustainability of the Group.

The Group's total indebtedness comprised the amount due to a non-controlling shareholder of a subsidiary, borrowings, bond payable and convertible bonds with the total amount of approximately HK\$106.0 million (2019: approximately HK\$185.3 million). The gearing ratio of the Group, being the total indebtedness divided by total assets excluding deferred tax assets and liabilities was 972.5% (2019: 419.2%) as at 31 March 2020. The decremental of the ratio was mainly due to the decrease of trade receivable, financial assets at fair value through profit or loss and cash and cash equivalents of approximately HK\$15.4 million, HK\$3 million and approximately HK\$2.1 million respectively.

EXPOSURE TO FLUCTUATION IN EXCHANGE RATE AND TREASURY POLICIES

The majority of the Group's cash balances and transactions were either denominated in Renminbi or Hong Kong dollars. The Group does not have a foreign currency hedging policy. However, the management monitors foreign exchange exposure and will consider hedging significant foreign currency exposure should the need arise. As at 31 March 2020 and 2019, the Group did not have any outstanding hedging instruments.

CAPITAL STRUCTURE

As at 31 March 2020, the number of issued ordinary shares of the Company was 4,902,391,929 shares (2019: 2,680,475,222 shares). Additional shares may be issued by way of (i) conversion of the convertible bonds which if fully converted would result in the issuance of 1,660,000,000 shares of the Company; (ii) bond interest payments which if fully paid would result in the issuance of 109,916,707 shares of the Company, and (iii) share issued under general mandate which it fully paid would result in the insurance of 452,000,000 shares of the Company.

流動資金及財務資源

於二零二零年三月三十一日,本集團之現金及 現金等價物約為149,000港元(二零一九年:2.2 百萬港元)。本集團之流動比率約為0.08(二 零一九年:0.70),按流動資產約10.9百萬港元 (二零一九年:42.0百萬港元)除以流動負債約 135.0百萬港元(二零一九年:60.0百萬港元)計 算得出。管理層認為該比率並不穩健亦不理 想,並將努力提高本集團整體財務狀況之穩 健性及可持續經營能力。

本集團之總負債包括應付子公司一名非控股股東款項、借貸、應付債券及可換股債券,金額合共約為106.0百萬港元(二零一九年:約185.3百萬港元)。於二零二零年三月三十一日,本集團之資產負債比率(即總負債除以總資產(不包括遞延稅項資產及負債))為972.5%(二零一九年:419.2%)。該比率下降主要由於資易應收款項、按公允值計入損益之金融資產以及現金及現金等價物分別減少約15.4百萬港元、約3百萬港元及約2.1百萬港元所致。

匯率波動風險及財資政策

本集團大多數現金結餘及交易以人民幣或港 元計值。本集團並無外匯對沖政策。然而, 管理層監察外匯風險,並將於有需要時考 慮對沖重大外匯風險。於二零二零年及二零 一九年三月三十一日,本集團並無任何尚未 平倉之對沖工具。

資本結構

於二零二零年三月三十一日,本公司已發行普通股數目為4,902,391,929股(二零一九年:2,680,475,222股)。額外股份可透過以下方式發行:(i)兑換可換股債券,倘可換股債券獲悉數兑換,將須發行1,660,000,000股本公司股份:(ii)支付債券利息,倘悉數支付,將須發行109,916,707股本公司股份,及(iii)根據一般授權發行之股份,倘悉數支付,將須發行452,000,000股本公司股份。

HUMAN RESOURCES

As at 31 March 2020, the Group had a total of 16 (2019: 47) full-time employees including the Directors. Such decrease was primarily attributable to the reduction in the number of staff in the PRC's subsidiaries as a result of cost control and down sizing of business. Total staff costs from continuing operations for the Year, including director's emoluments, were approximately HK\$6.5 million (2019: approximately HK\$8.1 million).

FUTURE PLANS FOR MATERIAL INVESTMENT OR CAPITAL ASSETS

The Group currently does not have any firm intention or specific plans for material investment or capital assets. Apart from strengthening the Group's current business, the Group will explore new business opportunities which may benefit the Shareholders.

PLEDGE OF ASSETS

The Group did not pledge any of its assets as securities for any facilities granted to the Group for the year ended 31 March 2020 and 2019.

CONTINGENT LIABILITY

The Group did not have any significant contingent liabilities as at 31 March 2020 and 2019.

CAPITAL COMMITMENT

The Group did not have any significant capital commitment as at 31 March 2020 and 2019.

人力資源

於二零二零年三月三十一日,本集團擁有合共 16名(二零一九年:47名)全職僱員(包括董事 在內)。有關減幅主要歸因於中國子公司員工 人數因成本控制及精簡業務而減少。本年度 持續經營業務之總員工成本(包括董事酬金) 約為6.5百萬港元(二零一九年:約8.1百萬港 元)。

重大投資或資本資產之未來計劃

本集團現時並無任何重大投資或資本資產之 確實意向或具體計劃。在強化本集團現時業 務之餘,本集團將會探索新業務機會,令股 東得益。

資產抵押

於截至二零二零年及二零一九年三月三十一日 止年度,本集團並無抵押其任何資產,作為 本集團獲授任何融資之擔保。

或然負債

於二零二零年及二零一九年三月三十一日,本 集團並無任何重大或然負債。

資本承擔

於二零二零年及二零一九年三月三十一日,本 集團並無任何重大資本承擔。

Biographical Details of Directors and Senior Management 董事及高級管理層之履歷詳情

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Executive Directors

Mr. GUO Gelin ("Mr. Guo"), aged 59, has been appointed as an Executive Director and the chairman on 27 February 2020.

Mr. Guo has over 30 years of management experience and 20 years of manufacturing and global sales experience in information technology industry. Mr. Guo is the founder and director of Shenzhen Fa Nuo Yacht Company Ltd. Since 2009 which has become a well-known catamaran-powered sailing ship manufacturing company in global. In 2017, Mr. Guo lead the European team into new energy vehicle industry.

Mr. Guo does not have any relationship with any other directors, senior management, substantial shareholders or controlling shareholders of the Company with the meaning of the GEM Listing Rules.

董事會

執行董事

郭格林先生(「郭先生」),59歲,於二零二零年 二月二十七日獲委任為執行董事兼主席。

郭先生擁有逾30年管理經驗及逾20年資訊技術產業製造經驗及全球銷售經驗。自二零零九年起創建深圳市法諾遊艇有限公司,並擔任董事,成為世界知名雙體動力環球帆船的製造企業。二零一七年,郭先生更帶領歐洲團隊進軍新能源汽車產業。

郭先生與本公司任何其他董事、高級管理層、 主要股東或控股股東概無任何GEM上市規則 所界定之關係。

Executive Directors (Continued)

Mr. CHOW Chi Wah Vincent, aged 51, joined the Group and was appointed as an executive Director and managing Director on 25 June 2019. Mr. Chow is a fellow member of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants and an associate member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. He obtained a Master's degree in Professional Accounting from the Hong Kong Polytechnic University. Mr. Chow has over 20 years' experience in the finance and accounting fields in Hong Kong. Mr. Chow is the executive director of Oshidori International Holdings Limited (Stock Code: 622) ("Oshidori") since 1 June 2016 and company secretary of Oshidori since 12 July 2016. He was appointed as the managing director of the company with effect from 5 April 2017. He was appointed as an independent non-executive director of Celebrate International Holdings Limited (Stock Code: 8212) since 31 August 2018. Mr. Chow was an independent non-executive director of Imagi International Holdings Limited (Stock Code: 585), a company listed on the Stock Exchange for the period from 28 January 2016 to 10 April 2017. Mr. Chow was an executive director of Mascotte Holdings Limited, now renamed HengTen Networks Group Limited (Stock Code: 136), a company listed on the Stock Exchange, for the period from 3 November 2014 to 26 October 2015.

As at the date of this report, Mr. Chow does not, and is not deemed to have any interests or short positions in any shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (Chapter 571 of the Laws of Hong Kong).

Mr. Chow does not have any relationship with any other directors, senior management, substantial shareholders or controlling shareholders of the Company with the meaning of the GEM Listing Rules.

董事會(續)

執行董事(續)

周志華先生,51歲,於二零一九年六月二十五 日加入本集團並獲委任為執行董事及董事總 經理。周先生為特許公認會計師公會資深會 員及香港會計師公會會員。彼獲得香港理工 大學專業會計碩士學位。周先生於香港財務 及會計方面擁有逾20年經驗。周先生自二零 一六年六月一日起擔任威華達控股有限公司 (股份代號:622)(「威華達」)執行董事並自二 零一六年七月十二日起擔任威華達公司秘書。 彼自二零一七年四月五日起獲委任為本公司 董事總經理及自二零一八年八月三十一日起 獲委任為譽滿國際(控股)有限公司(股份代號: 8212)之獨立非執行董事。周先生自二零一六 年一月二十八日起至二零一七年四月十日期間 為意馬國際控股有限公司(股份代號:585, 一間於聯交所上市之公司)之獨立非執行董 事。於二零一四年十一月三日至二零一五年十 月二十六日期間周先生為馬斯葛集團有限公司 (現更名為恒騰網絡集團有限公司,股份代號: 136,一間於聯交所上市之公司)之執行董事。

於本報告日期,周先生並無且不被視為於本公司或其任何相聯法團(定義見香港法例第571章證券及期貨條例第XV部)之任何股份、相關股份或債券中擁有任何權益或淡倉。

周先生與本公司任何其他董事、高級管理層、 主要股東或控股股東概無任何GEM上市規則 所界定之關係。

Biographical Details of Directors and Senior Management 董事及高級管理層之履歷詳情

BOARD OF DIRECTORS (Continued)

Executive Directors (Continued)

Mr. MOU Zhongwei ("Mr. Mou"), aged 63, has been appointed as an executive director of the Company on 19 August 2020.

Mr. Mou is currently the chairman of Hainan Xinshanghe Investment Holdings Co., Ltd., Hainan Shanghe Chaodian New Energy Technology Co., Ltd. and Hainan Shanghe Aviation Intelligent Technology Co., Ltd.. Mr. Mou has many years of experience in the new technology industry and accumulated extensive knowledge in the related business.

Mr. Mou does not have any relationship with any other directors, senior management, substantial shareholders or controlling shareholders of the Company with the meaning of the GEM Listing Rules.

Mr. HU Chao ("Mr. Hu"), aged 36, joined the Group and was appointed as an executive Director on 22 July 2016. Mr. Hu obtained a Bachelor Degree in Law from Hunan University of Technology (formerly known as Zhuzhou Institute of Technology). Mr. Hu has extensive experience in legal consultation and had been providing consultancy services for various businesses in the PRC. Mr. Hu currently serves as independent non-executive director of GT Group Holdings Limited (Stock Code: 263), the company listed on the Main Board. Mr. Hu is also a director of certain subsidiaries of the Company. He also acts as the chairman of the nomination committee

Mr. Hu does not have any relationship with any other directors, senior management, substantial shareholders or controlling shareholders of the Company within the meaning of the GEM Listing Rules.

董事會(續)

執行董事(續)

牟忠緯先生(「**牟先生**」),63歲,於二零二零年八月十九日獲委任為本公司執行董事。

牟先生現於海南新尚合投資控股有限公司, 海南尚合超電新能源科技有限公司及海南尚 合航空智能科技有限公司擔任董事長。牟先 生在新技術行業擁有多年經驗,並在相關業 務方面積累了豐富的知識。

牟先生與本公司任何其他董事、高級管理層、 主要股東或控股股東概無任何GEM上市規則 所界定之關係。

胡超先生(「胡先生」),36歲,於二零一六年七月二十二日加入本集團獲委任為執行董學院 胡先生取得湖南工業大學(前身為株洲工學院) 法律學學士學位。胡先生於法律諮詢方語擁有豐富經驗,並曾為中國多間企業提供語詢 服務。胡先生目前為主板上市公司高富集 控股有限公司(股份代號: 263)之獨立非執行 董事。胡先生亦為本公司多間子公司之董事。 彼亦擔任提名委員會的主席。

胡先生與本公司任何其他董事、高級管理層、 主要股東或控股股東概無任何GEM上市規則 所界定之關係。

Executive Directors (Continued)

Ms. LIN Yan Jenny ("Ms. Lin"), aged 49, joined the Group and was appointed as an executive Director on 14 October 2016 and disqualified on 26 August 2019. Ms. Lin obtained a Master of Business Administration from the New York University of Technology. She has over 20 years of management experience in various industries. She was a Deputy Director of Capital Markets Guoco Capital Limited during the period from 10 November 2012 to 25 July 2015. She currently serves as an independent non-executive director of Thiz Technology Group Limited (Stock Code: 8119), the company listed on the GEM. During the period from 27 May 2013 to 10 June 2015, she was an executive director of Evershine Group Holdings Limited (Stock Code: 8022), the company listed on the GEM.

Ms. Lin does not have any relationship with any other directors, senior management, substantial shareholders or controlling shareholders of the Company within the meaning of the GEM Listing Rules.

Mr. WANG Rongqian ("Mr. Wang"), aged 39, joined the Group on 1 April 2016 as a general manager and was appointed as an executive Director on 8 June 2016 and was resigned on 19 June 2020. Mr. Wang holds a Master degree in corporate and financial laws from the University of Hong Kong. Mr. Wang has extensive experience in the areas of project management, corporate finance, commercial trade, and legal practice in the PRC. He currently serves as an independent non-executive director of CL Group (Holdings) Limited (Stock Code: 8098) and Kirin Group Holdings Limited (Stock Code: 8109), both being companies whose shares are listed on the GEM. Mr. Wang is also a director of certain subsidiaries of the Company.

Mr. Wang does not have any relationship with any other directors, senior management, substantial shareholders or controlling shareholders of the Company within the meaning of the GEM Listing Rules.

董事會(續)

執行董事(續)

林焱女士(「林女士」),49歲,於二零一六年十月十四日加入本集團獲委任為執行董事資格。二零一九年八月二十六日取消其執行董事資格。林女士取得New York University of Technology工商管理學碩士學位。彼於多個行業積逾20年管理經驗。自二零一二年十一月十日至二零一五年七月二十五日止期間,彼為Capital Markets Guoco Capital Limited之副總裁。彼目前為GEM上市公司即時科研集團有限公司(股份代號:8119)之獨立非執行董事。自二零一三年五月二十七日至二零一五年六月十日,彼為GEM上市公司永耀集團控股有限公司(股份代號:8022)之執行董事。

林女士與本公司任何其他董事、高級管理層、 主要股東或控股股東概無任何GEM上市規則 所界定之關係。

王荣騫先生(「王先生」),39歲,於二零一六年四月一日加入本集團,出任總經理,並於二零一六年六月八日獲委任為執行董事,於香零二零年六月十九日辭任。王先生持生持生之。王先生持四國之司金融、商業貿易及中國法律與內有限公司(股份代號:8098)及麒麟集團控股有限公司(股份代號:8109)之獨立非執行董事,該兩家公司股份均於GEM上市。王先生亦為本公司多間子公司之董事。

王先生與本公司任何其他董事、高級管理層、 主要股東或控股股東概無任何GEM上市規則 所界定之關係。

Executive Directors (Continued)

Mr. TSANG King Sun ("Mr. Tsang"), aged 36, has been appointed as an executive director on 2 July 2019 and resigned on 10 February 2020.

He is a member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. He holds a Degree on Juris Doctor from The Chinese University of Hong Kong and a Bachelor of Business Administration (Hons) degree in Accounting from The Hong Kong Polytechnic University. Mr. Tsang has worked in several international audit firms and gained extensive experience in accounting, auditing practices and financial management.

Mr. Tsang worked as an executive director (from July 2011 to November 2013) and the company secretary (from July 2011 to March 2014) of China Household Holdings Limited (Stock Code: 692), and an executive director and the company secretary (from December 2014 to August 2017) and the chief financial officer (from April 2015 to August 2017) of China Finance Investment Holdings Limited (Stock Code: 875). Mr. Tsang worked as the chief financial officer (from November 2017 to December 2018) and Company Secretary and authorized representative (from November 2017 to Present) of Asia Investment Finance Group Limited (Stock Code: 33). Mr. Tsang also worked as the Chief Financial Officer of the Company since 1st January 2019.

Mr. Tsang does not have any relationship with any other directors, senior management, substantial shareholders or controlling shareholders of the Company within the meaning of the GEM Listing Rules.

董事會(續)

執行董事(續)

曾敬燊先生(「曾先生」),36歲,於二零一九年 七月二日獲委任為執行董事,並於二零二零 年二月十日辭任。

曾敬樂先生為香港會計師公會會員。彼持有香港中文大學法學博士學位及香港理工大學會計學(榮譽)工商管理學士學位。曾先生曾在多家審計公司所任職,於會計、審核事務及財務管理方面擁有豐富經驗。

曾先生曾擔任中國家居控股有限公司(股份代號:692)執行董事(自二零一一年七月至二零一三年十一月)及公司秘書(自二零一一年七月至二零一四年三月),以及擔任中國金控投資集團有限公司(股份代號:875)執行董事兼公司秘書(自二零一四年十二月至二零一七年八月)及首席財務官(自二零一五年四月至二零一七年八月)。彼曾擔任亞投金融集團有限公司(股份代號:33)首席財務官(自二零一七年十一月至二零一八年十二月)及公司秘書兼授權代表零一九年一月一日起擔任本公司的首席財務官。

曾先生與本公司任何其他董事、高級管理層、 主要股東或控股股東概無任何GEM上市規則 所界定之關係。

Biographical Details of Directors and Senior Management 董事及高級管理層之履歷詳情

BOARD OF DIRECTORS (Continued)

Executive Directors (Continued)

Ms. JINGQUAN Yingzi, aged 45, joined the Group and was appointed as an executive Director on 22 November 2010. She was re-designated from chairlady to vice-chairlady of the Board on 20 December 2017, and was resigned on 1 April 2019. Ms. Jingquan was responsible for the formulation of corporate strategy and steering the overall development of the Group. She has extensive experience in strategic planning and management for corporate in the PRC. During her tenure, Ms. Jingquan also acted as the chairlady of the nomination committee and a director of certain subsidiaries of the Company.

Ms. Jingquan is the beneficial owner of 1,130,500 shares in the Company, representing approximately 0.03% interest in the issued share capital of the Company as at the date of this report.

Ms. Jingquan does not have any relationship with any other directors, senior management, substantial shareholders or controlling shareholders of the Company within the meaning of the GEM Listing Rules.

Mr. MAO Songtao, aged 46, joined the Group and was appointed as an executive Director on 23 October 2018 and resigned on 1 April 2019. Mr. Mao is currently Assistant to the President and Executive General Manager of Asia Pacific Department of HD Mining Exploration Darwin (Aust.) Pty Limited. He is responsible for managing the import and sales of Australian iron in the PRC. Mr. Mao has over 20 years of business management experience in various industries. Mr. Mao graduated from Beijing University in 1996 with bachelor's degree in Economic Information Management. He then obtained a master's degree of Business Information Management from The University of Queensland in 2001 and a master's degree of Business Administration in Finance from The Australian National University in 2002.

Mr. Mao does not have any relationship with any other directors, senior management, substantial shareholders or controlling shareholders of the Company within the meaning of the GEM Listing Rules.

董事會(續)

執行董事(續)

井泉瑛孜女士,45歲,於二零一零年十一月 二十二日加入本集團並出任執行董事。彼於 二零一七年十二月二十日由董事會主席調主席,並於二零一九年四月一日辭任 為副主席,並於二零一九年四月一日辭任。 井泉女士負責制定企業策略及領導本集團之 整體發展。彼於中國企業策略規劃及管理之 整體發展。於任期內,彼亦為提名委 員會主席及本公司多間子公司之董事。

井泉女士為本公司1,130,500股股份實益擁有人, 於本報告日期,約佔本公司已發行股本0.03% 權益。

井泉女士與本公司任何其他董事、高級管理層、 主要股東或控股股東概無任何GEM上市規則 所界定之關係。

毛先生與本公司任何其他董事、高級管理層、 主要股東或控股股東概無任何GEM上市規則 所界定之關係。

Non-Executive Directors

Mr. WANG Qiang ("Mr. Wang"), aged 57, has been appointed as a non-executive director of the Company on 19 August 2020.

Mr. Wang has worked in the financial industry for years and accumulated extensive knowledge and experience in securities, investment and asset management. Mr. Wang has joined China Huarong Asset Management Co., Ltd. In September 2009 and held various positions including the deputy general manager of China Huarong Shenzhen office, the general manager of China Huarong International Holdings Limited (formerly known as Huarong (HK) International Holdings Limited, "CHIH"), and the general manager of China Huarong Shanghai Pilot Free Trade Zone office. In June 2016, Mr. Wang joined Huarong International Financial Holdings Limited (Stock Code: 993) and acted as the deputy chief executive officer. In February 2017, Mr. Wang has been re-appointed as the executive director and chief executive officer. Mr. Wang has been re-appointed again as the chairman of the board in April 2017 until November 2018.

Mr. Wang does not have any relationship with any other directors, senior management, substantial shareholders or controlling shareholders of the Company with the meaning of the GEM Listing Rules.

董事會(續)

非執行董事

王強先生(「王先生」),57歲,於二零二零年八月十九日獲委任為本公司非執行董事。

王先生與本公司任何其他董事、高級管理層、 主要股東或控股股東概無任何GEM上市規則 所界定之關係。

Non-Executive Directors (Continued)

Mr. WANG Degun ("Mr. Wang"), aged 58, was appointed as an executive Director and chairman on 1 November 2019. was re-designated as a non-executive Director and ceased to be the chairman of the Board and the chairman of the nomination committee of the Company with effect from 17 April 2019 and was resigned on 6 August 2020. He is the chairman of the board of China Veterans Capital Technology Company Limited (中軍金控科技有限公司). Mr. Wang has over 20 years of business experience in e-commerce and information technology. He has devoted himself to research and development of new energy, mobile communications, mobile internet, new mobile e-commerce, etc., and obtained various national technology patents. Mr. Wang has founded a number of knowledge-intensive and resource intensive entities driven by information technology innovation. Such entities cover the business of cultural industry, health industry, new energy automobile industry, new e-commerce platform, film and television media, computer software development, and research and development, production and sales of mobile smart terminal products. Mr. Wang was an executive director and the chairman of Celebrate International Holdings Limited (Stock Code: 8212) for the period from 19 September 2017 to 25 January 2019. Mr. Wang graduated from Party School of the Central Committee of the Communist Party of China with a major in economic management.

Mr. Wang is the beneficial owner of 220,000,000 shares in the Company, representing approximately 8.21% interest in the issued share capital of the Company.

Mr. Wang does not have any relationship with any other directors, senior management, substantial shareholders or controlling shareholders of the Company within the meaning of the GEM Listing Rules.

董事會(續)

非執行董事(續)

王德群先生(「王先生」),58歲,於二零一九年 十一月一日獲委任為執行董事兼主席,自二 零一九年四月十七日起調任為非執行董事, 並且不再出任董事會主席及本公司提名委員 會主席, 並於二零二零年八月六日辭任。彼 為中軍金控科技有限公司董事會主席。王先 生擁有超過20年的電子商務和資訊技術業務 從商經驗,潛心研發新能源、移動通信、移 動互聯網、新型移動電子商務等,獲得國家 多項技術專利。王先生曾創辦多家以資訊科 技創新為驅動的知識密集型和資源密集型的 實體企業,其業務涵蓋文化產業、健康產業、 新能源汽車產業、新型電子商務平台、影視 傳媒、電腦軟體發展,以及研發、生產及銷 售移動智慧終端機產品。於二零一七年九月 十九日至二零一九年一月二十五日期間,王 先生為譽滿國際(控股)有限公司(股份代號: 8212)之執行董事兼主席。王先生於中共中央 黨校經濟管理專業畢業。

王先生為本公司220,000,000股股份(即本公司已發行股本中約8.21%之權益)之實益擁有人。

王先生與本公司任何其他董事、高級管理層、 主要股東或控股股東概無任何GEM上市規則 所界定之關係。

Non-Executive Directors (Continued)

Mr. QIAN Gang, aged 40, was appointed as a non-executive Director and chairman on 22 May 2019 and resigned on 10 January 2020. Mr. Qian has been the chief partner of Quan Yu Zi Ben since the foundation in 2004. He was the founder of Quan Yu Zi Ben. Since then, Mr. Oian has held several substantial positions in a number of well-known international and domestic companies, including financial, securities and fund companies. Mr. Qian has served as a senior consultant in several listed companies. He has established Zhongtai Integrity Investment (Shenzhen) Limited ("Zhongtai Integrity Investment") in 2016, currently be a chairman of Zhong Tai Integrity Investment, and a founder partner of Zhongtai Integrity Investment Fund. Mr. Qian has made an investment acquisition on Chongyang 1886 Wine Group Holdings Limited in 2017, he is currently the beneficial shareholder of the group and a chairman. Mr. Qian has more than 10 years of management experience in the financial industry. Mr. Qian obtained a master's degree in management science from Renmin University of China.

As at the date of this report, Mr. Qian does not, and is not deemed to have any interests or short positions in any shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (Chapter 571 of the Laws of Hong Kong).

Mr. Qian does not have any relationship with any other directors, senior management, substantial shareholders or controlling shareholders of the Company within the meaning of the GEM Listing Rules.

董事會(續)

非執行董事(續)

於本報告日期,錢先生並無且不被視為於本公司或其任何相聯法團(定義見香港法例第571章證券及期貨條例第XV部)之任何股份、相關股份或債券中擁有任何權益或淡倉。

錢先生與本公司任何其他董事、高級管理層、 主要股東或控股股東概無任何GEM上市規則 所界定之關係。

Independent Non-Executive Directors

Mr. LEE Chi Hwa Joshua ("Mr. Lee"), aged 48, joined the Group and was appointed as an independent non-executive Director on 1 December 2007. Mr. Lee is a fellow member of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants and a member of Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants, Mr. Lee has extensive experience in the fields of auditing, accounting and finance. Mr. Lee currently serves as an executive director and company secretary of China Healthcare Enterprise Group Limited (Stock Code: 1143) which is listed on the Main Board, an independent non-executive director of Hao Tian Development Group Limited (Stock Code: 474), Jin Bao Bao Holdings Limited (now known as Teamway International Group Holdings Limited) (Stock Code: 1239), Hao Tian International Construction Investment Group Limited (Stock Code: 1341) and Fujian Nuoqi Co., Ltd. (Stock Code: 1353), which are listed on the Main Board; and China Fortune Investments (Holding) Limited (Stock Code: 8116) and Focus Media Network Limited (now known as Cornerstone Financial Holdings Limited) (Stock Code: 8112), which are listed on the GEM. He was an independent non-executive director of China Minsheng Drawin Technology Group Limited (now known as China Minsheng DIT Group Limited) (Stock Code: 726) from December 2013 to February 2015 and King Stone Energy Group Limited (Stock Code: 663) from January 2012 to April 2013. He is the chairman of the audit committee and a member of the nomination committee and the remuneration committee of the Company.

Mr. Lee does not have any relationship with any other directors, senior management, substantial shareholders or controlling shareholders of the Company within the meaning of the GEM Listing Rules.

Mr. WONG Ching Keung ("Mr. Wong"), aged 52, joined the Group and was appointed as an independent non-executive Director on 21 September 2019. Mr. Wong has engaged in vegetable trade between China and Hong Kong for more than 30 years. He is currently the general manager of Kong Fung Vegetable Trading Limited. He is the member of the audit committee and the nomination committee of the Company.

Mr. Wong does not have any relationship with any other directors, senior management, substantial shareholders or controlling shareholders of the Company within the meaning of the GEM Listing Rules.

董事會(續)

獨立非執行董事

李智華先生(「李先生」),48歲,於二零零七 年十二月一日加入本集團獲委任為獨立非執 行董事。李先生為英國特許公認會計師公會 資深會員及香港會計師公會會員。李先生於 審計、會計及財務方面擁有豐富經驗。李先 牛現為華夏健康產業集團有限公司(股份代 號:1143)執行董事及公司秘書,該公司於主 板上市;及為昊天發展集團有限公司(股份代 號:474)、金寶寶控股有限公司(現在被稱為 Teamway International Group Holdings Limited) (股份代號: 1239)、昊天國際建設投資集團有 限公司(股份代號:1341)及福建諾奇股份有限 公司(股份代號:1353)之獨立非執行董事,該 四家公司均於主板上市;以及中國幸福投資(控 股)有限公司(股份代號:8116)及Focus Media Network Limited (現在被稱為基石金融控股有 限公司)(股份代號:8112)之獨立非執行董事, 該兩家公司均於GEM上市。彼於二零一三年 十二月至二零一五年二月及於二零一二年一月 至二零一三年四月分別出任中民築友科技集 團有限公司(現在被稱為中民築友智造科技集 團有限公司)(股份代號:726)及金山能源集團 有限公司(股份代號:663)之獨立非執行董事。 彼為本公司審核委員會主席以及提名委員會 及薪酬委員會成員。

李先生與本公司任何其他董事、高級管理層、 主要股東或控股股東概無任何GEM上市規則 所界定之關係。

王正強先生(「王先生」),52歲,於二零一九年 九月二十一日加入本集團獲委任為獨立非執 行董事。王先生從事中國內地與香港之間的 蔬菜貿易已逾30年。彼現任港峰蔬果貿易有 限公司之總經理。彼為本公司審核委員會及 提名委員會成員。

王先生與本公司任何其他董事、高級管理層、 主要股東或控股股東概無任何GEM上市規則 所界定之關係。

Biographical Details of Directors and Senior Management 董事及高級管理層之履歷詳情

BOARD OF DIRECTORS (Continued)

Independent Non-Executive Directors

(Continued)

Dr. Antonio Maria SANTOS ("**Dr. Santos**"), aged 63, have been appointed as the independent non-executive Director on 9 July 2019.

Dr. Santos was retired from Hong Kong Police Force in January 2012 after more than 30 years of service. His last position was an Assistant Commander of a Police District. He is the Chief Operations Officer of the Advance Tactics Service Limited since July 2013, a consultancy specialized in corporate and personal risk management. Apart from volunteering for community services, Dr. Santos is also a part time lecturer in the faculty of Crime and Investigation for associate degrees and degrees.

Dr. Santos holds a Ph.d. in business administration from the Nueva Ecija University of Science and Technology in the Republic of Philippines, a master degree in management studies from the University of Northumbria at Newcastle in the United Kingdom and a master degree in criminal justice from the Tarlac State University in the Republic of Philippines. He is a Fellow of the Chartered Management Institute, the United Kingdom. Dr. Santos is an independent non-executive director of Auto Italia Holdings Limited (Stock Code: 720), as well as Imagi International Holdings Limited (Stock Code: 585), both shares of which are listed on the mainboard of the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange").

Dr. Santos does not have any relationship with any other directors, senior management, substantial shareholders or controlling shareholders of the Company within the meaning of the GEM Listing Rules.

董事會(續)

獨立非執行董事(續)

杜東尼博士(「杜博士」),63歲,於二零一九年 七月九日獲委任為獨立非執行董事。

彼於二零一二年一月退休前已在香港警務處服務逾30年;最後職位為警區助理指揮官官 杜博士自二零一三年七月起獲委任為領先完略事務所有限公司之營運總監,該公司司為司 家專門從事企業及個人風險管理的諮詢公司。 除參與社區服務之義務工作外,杜博士亦為 一所大專院校之客席講師,負責刑事及調查 之副學士及學士學位課程。

杜博士持有菲律賓共和國國立雷省科技大學之工商管理博士學位、英國紐卡素諾桑比亞國士學管理學碩士學位及菲律賓共和國內主學所資深會員。杜博士現擔任意達利控內限公司(股份代號:720)及意馬國際控股有限公司(股份代號:585)之獨立非執行董事限公司(股份代號:585)之獨立非執行董事限公司(「聯交所」)主板上市。

杜博士與本公司任何其他董事、高級管理層、 主要股東或控股股東概無任何GEM上市規則 所界定之關係。

Biographical Details of Directors and Senior Management 董事及高級管理層之履歷詳情

BOARD OF DIRECTORS (Continued)

Independent Non-Executive Directors

(Continued)

Mr. LUO Ji ("Mr. Luo"), aged 37, has been appointed as an independent non-executive director on 19 August 2020.

Mr. Luo is currently a general manager of Shenzhen Tianxia Huaqing Investment Technology Company Limited since 2018. Mr. Luo has been an independent non-executive Director in China Ding Yi Feng Holdings Limited (formerly name: China Investment Fund Company Limited) (Stock Code: 612) from February 2016 to April 2016.

Mr. Luo does not have any relationship with any other directors, senior management, substantial shareholders or controlling shareholders of the Company with the meaning of the GEM Listing Rules.

Mr. HAU Chi Kit ("Mr. Hau"), aged 48, joined the Group and was appointed as an independent non-executive Director on 30 November 2016 and was resigned on 18 July 2019. Mr. Hau is an independent non-executive director of China Zenith Chemical Group Limited (now known as "Xinyang Maojian Group Limited") (Stock Code: 362) and EForce Holdings Limited (Stock Code: 943), both being companies whose shares are listed on the Main Board; and Trillion Grand Corporate Company Limited (now known as "hmvod Limited") (Stock Code: 8103), a company whose shares are listed on the GEM. Mr. Hau was a barrister-at-law in private practice from 2001 to 2008. Prior to becoming a barrister, Mr. Hau worked at the Securities and Futures Commission. Mr. Hau is a solicitor. In the past three years, Mr. Hau was an independent non-executive director of CNC Holdings Limited (Stock Code: 8356) from May 2011 to May 2015 and Celebrate International Holdings Limited (Stock Code: 8212) from May to November 2015, both companies whose shares are listed on the GEM.

Mr. Hau does not have any relationship with any other directors, senior management, substantial shareholders or controlling shareholders of the Company within the meaning of the GEM Listing Rules.

董事會(續)

獨立非執行董事(續)

羅輯先生(「羅先生」),37歲,於二零二零年八月十九日獲委任為獨立非執行董事。

羅先生自二零一八年至今為深圳天下華青投資科技有限公司總經理。羅先生於二零一六年二月至二零一六年四月擔任中國鼎益豐控股有限公司(前稱中國投資基金有限公司)(股份代號:612)的獨立非執行董事。

羅先生與本公司任何其他董事、高級管理層、 主要股東或控股股東概無任何GEM上市規則 所界定之關係。

侯志傑先生(「侯先生」),48歲,於二零一六年 十一月三十日加入本集團獲委任為獨立非執 行董事,並於二零一九年七月十八日辭任。 侯先生為中國天化工集團有限公司(現在被稱 為「信陽毛尖集團有限公司」)(股份代號:362) 及意科控股有限公司(股份代號:943)(均為 股份於主板上市之公司),以及萬泰企業股份 有限公司(現在被稱為「hmvod視頻有限公司」) (股份代號:8103)(股份於GEM上市之公司)之 獨立非執行董事。侯先生於二零零一年至二 零零八年期間為私人執業大律師。於成為大 律師之前,侯先生曾於證券及期貨事務監察 委員會任職。侯先生為律師。侯先生於二零 --年五月至二零-五年五月及於二零-五年 五月至十一月分別擔任中國新華電視控股有 限公司(股份代號:8356)及譽滿國際(控股)有 限公司(股份代號:8212)之獨立非執行董事, 該兩家公司股份均於GEM上市。

侯先生與本公司任何其他董事、高級管理層、 主要股東或控股股東概無任何GEM上市規則 所界定之關係。

Independent Non-Executive Directors

(Continued)

Ms. NG Yin Ling ("Ms. Ng"), aged 46, have been appointed as the independent non-executive Director on 9 July 2019 and was resigned on 30 June 2020.

Ms. Ng received her Bachelor of Arts in Business Administration from the University of Ottawa in 2002, and a Master of Law (International Business Law) from the City University of Hong Kong in 2003. A Juris Doctor degree at the City University of Hong Kong 2016. Ms. Ng currently working with Imagi International Holdings Limited (stock code 585) as Senior Vice President of Legal and Corporate Develop. Her work experience includes a teaching post at the City University of Hong Kong for the Diploma in Facility Management of Business Management from 2005 to 2007. From 2004 to 2005 she was a Senior Manager at the Hong Kong Productivity Council where she was in charge of business collaboration and partnership development. From 2002 to 2004, she held a position as an Executive Officer and External Relations Officer at the City University of Hong Kong where she was also in charge of business collaboration and partnership development. Previously she held senior managerial sales roles at GE ECXpress (HK) Limited, Parametric Technology Corporation (HK) Limited, Unigraphics Solutions (HK) Limited and System-Pro Computers Limited during the period from 1992 to 2002.

Ms. Ng does not have any relationship with any other directors, senior management, substantial shareholders or controlling shareholders of the Company within the meaning of the GEM Listing Rules.

董事會(續)

獨立非執行董事(續)

吳燕凌女士(「吳女士」),46歲,於二零一九年 七月九日獲委任為獨立非執行董事,並於二 零二零年六月三十日辭任。

吳女士於二零零二年獲得渥太華大學工商管 理學士學位,並於二零零三年獲得香港城市 大學法學(國際商法)碩士學位,於二零一六 年獲得香港城市大學法學博士學位。吳女士 現擔任意馬國際控股有限公司(股份代號: 585)的法律與企業發展高級副總裁。彼之工 作經驗包括自二零零五年至二零零七年於香 港城市大學教授工商管理之設施管理文憑 課程。自二零零四年至二零零五年,彼為香 港生產力促進局之高級經理,負責業務合作 及業務夥伴發展。自二零零二年至二零零四 年,彼於香港城市大學擔任行政人員兼對 外關係主任,亦負責業務合作及業務夥伴發 展。自一九九二年至二零零二年期間,彼先 後於 GE ECXpress (HK) Limited、Parametric Technology Corporation (HK) Limited . Unigraphics Solutions (HK) Limited及東寶電腦 有限公司擔任高級管理銷售職務。

吳女士與本公司任何其他董事、高級管理層、 主要股東或控股股東概無任何GEM上市規則 所界定之關係。

Report of the Directors 董事會報告

The Directors are pleased to present their report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2020.

董事欣然呈列其截至二零二零年三月三十一 日止年度之報告及經審核財務報表。

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The Company is an investment holding company and the principal activities of the Group are advertising in Hong Kong and the People's Republic of China (the "PRC"), money lending business in Hong Kong and securities investments in Hong Kong.

BUSINESS REVIEW

Further discussion and analysis of these activities as required by Schedule 5 to the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, including a description of the principal risks and uncertainties facing the Group and an indication of likely future development in the Group's business, can be found in the in the section headed "Management Discussion and Analysis" in this report.

Risks and uncertainties

The principal risks and uncertainties facing the Group have been addressed in the section headed "Management Discussion and Analysis" in this report. In addition, various financial risks have been disclosed in note 4 to the consolidated financial statements.

An analysis using financial key performance indicators

The relevant financial key performance indicators relating to the business of the Group are set out in the section headed "Management Discussion and Analysis" and the consolidated financial statements in this report.

主要業務

本公司為投資控股公司,本集團之主要業務 為於香港及中華人民共和國(「中國」)提供廣 告、於香港進行放債業務及於香港進行證券 投資。

業務回顧

根據香港公司條例附表5規定,就該等業務之進一步討論及分析(包括本集團面對之主要風險及不確定性之描述及本集團業務可能之未來發展跡象)載於本報告「管理層討論及分析」一節。

風險及不明朗因素

本集團面臨之主要風險及不明朗因素載於本報告「管理層討論及分析」一節。此外,綜合財務報表附註4已披露多項財務風險。

採用財務主要表現指標作出之分析

與本集團業務相關之有關財務主要表現指標 載於本報告「管理層討論及分析」一節及綜合 財務報表。

BUSINESS REVIEW (Continued)

Environmental policies and performance

The Group recognises its responsibility to protect the environment from its business activities. The Group continually seeks to identify and manage environmental impacts attributable to its operational activities in order to minimise these impacts if possible. The Group aims to promote efficient use of resources and adopting green technologies for emission reduction. For instance, the Group seeks to upgrade equipment such as lighting and air-conditioning systems in order to increase overall operating efficiency. To identify energy efficiency opportunities, the Group measures and records the energy consumption intensity from time to time.

Third-Party Risks

The Group has been relying on third-party service providers in parts of business to improve performance and efficiency of the Group. While gaining the benefits from external service providers, the management realises that such operational dependency may pose a threat of vulnerability to unexpected poor or lapses in service including reputation damage, business disruption and monetary losses. To address such uncertainties, the Group engages only reputed third-party providers and closely monitors their performance.

Relationships with employees, customers, suppliers and other stakeholders

The Group ensures all staff are reasonably remunerated and regularly review the employment policies on remuneration and other benefits. The Group maintains a good relationship with its customers and suppliers. The Group maintains close contacts with the customers and has regular review of requirements of customers and complaints. The Group will conduct review on the suppliers' performance on regular basis.

業務回顧(續)

環境政策及表現

本集團深知其有責任於業務活動中保護環境。 本集團一直致力於識別及管理其經營活動對 環境造成之影響,務求盡可能將該等影響減 至最低。本集團旨在促進資源有效利用及 用綠色科技實現減排。舉例而言,本集團致 力於提升照明及空調系統等設備,藉此提高 整體經營效率。為發掘提升能源效益之方法, 本集團不時量度及記錄能耗強度。

第三方風險

本集團在部分業務中一直倚賴第三方服務供應商,以提高本集團表現及效率。雖然自外部服務供應商取得利益,管理層意識到有關營運倚賴狀況可能導致容易出現未可預期的服務久佳或服務終止的風險,包括聲譽受損、業務中斷及資金損失。為應對該等不確定因素,本集團僅委聘聲譽良好的第三方供應商並密切監控彼等的表現。

與僱員、客戶、供應商及其他持份者 之關係

本集團確保所有員工均獲得合理報酬,並定 期檢討有關薪酬及其他福利之僱傭政策。本 集團與其客戶及供應商保持良好關係。本集 團與客戶維持緊密聯繫,並定期審閱客戶需 求及投訴。本集團將定期評核供應商表現。

Report of the Directors 董事會報告

RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS

The Group's results for the year ended 31 March 2020 are set out in the consolidated statement of profit or loss on page 74 to 75 and the consolidated statement of comprehensive income on page 76 of this annual report. Other movements in reserves are set out in the consolidated statement of changes in equity on pages 79 to 81 of this annual report.

The Board does not recommend the payment of a dividend for the year ended 31 March 2020 (2019: Nil).

FIVE-YEAR FINANCIAL SUMMARY

A summary of the results and the assets and liabilities of the Group for the last five financial years is set out on page 204 of this annual report.

PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Details of movements in the property, plant and equipment of the Group during the year are set out in note 16 to the consolidated financial statements.

SHARE CAPITAL

Details of the movements in the Company's share capital during the year are set out in note 33 to the consolidated financial statements.

USE OF PROCEEDS

Details of the use of proceeds of the Company during the year are set out in the section headed "Management Discussion and Analysis" in this annual report.

業績及股息

本集團截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度 之業績載於本年報第74至75頁之綜合損益表 及第76頁之綜合全面收益表。其他儲備變動 載於本年報第79至81頁之綜合權益變動表。

董 事 會 不 建 議 派 付 截 至 二 零 二 零 年 三 月 三十一日止年度之股息(二零一九年:無)。

五年財務概要

本集團於過去五個財政年度之業績以及資產 及負債概要載於本年報第204頁。

物業、機器及設備

於本年度,本集團物業、機器及設備之變動 詳情載於綜合財務報表附註16。

股本

於本年度,本公司股本之變動詳情載於綜合 財務報表附註33。

所得款項用途

於本年度,本公司所得款項用途之詳情載於本年報「管理層討論及分析」一節。

CONVERTIBLE BONDS

The Company issued the convertible bonds bearing interest at 6% per annum in the aggregate principal amount of HK\$130 million on 5 November 2015 (the "CB 2018") and HK\$120 million on 28 June 2016 (the "CB 2019") respectively (collectively refer the "CB"). The CB mature after three years and the CB holders (the "Bondholder(s)") can be converted into ordinary shares of the Company any time on or before the maturity date at a fixed conversion price of HK\$0.05 subject to certain customary adjustments at the discretion of the Bondholders that are independent third parties. The net proceeds received from issuance of the CB of approximately HK\$235.9 million.

On 25 October 2018, the Company and the Bondholders of the CB entered into the entered the supplemental agreements, pursuant to which the Company agreed with the Bondholders (i) to extend the maturity date of the CB 2018 and the CB 2019 from the maturity date of 5 November 2018 and 28 June 2019 respectively to the extended maturity date of 31 December 2019, and (ii) to change the interest payment terms of the CB 2018 and the CB 2019 from interest of 6% per annum payable annually to 8% per annum payable semi-annually. The approval from the Stock Exchange has been granted and the shareholders' approval has been obtained at the special general meeting of the Company dated 5 December 2018 to approve the amendments to the terms of the CB.

During the year ended 31 March 2020, the CB in the aggregate principal amount of HK\$33.0 million have been convertible into 660,000,000 ordinary shares of the Company.

As at the end of the financial year and at the time when the Directors approved this report, no notice has been received from the Bondholders requesting conversion. Additional shares may be issued by way of (i) conversion of the convertible bonds which if fully converted would result in the issuance of 1,660,000,000 shares of the Company; and (ii) bond interest payments which if fully paid would result in the issuance of 109,916,707 shares of the Company.

可換股債券

本公司分別於二零一五年十一月五日及二零一六年六月二十八日發行本金總額為130百萬港元(「二零一八年可換股債券」)及120百萬港元(「二零一九年可換股債券」)且按年利率6%計息之可換股債券(統稱「可換股債券」)。該等可換股債券三年後到期,可換股債券持有人(「債券持有人」)可於到期日或之前按0.05港元之固定兑換價(可由獨立第三方債券持有人酌情作出若干慣常調整)隨時兑換為本公司普通股。發行可換股債券所得之所得款項淨額約為235.9百萬港元。

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度,本金總額為33.0百萬港元之可換股債券已兑換為本公司660,000,000股普通股。

於本財政年度末及於董事通過此報告之時,概無收到債券持有人要求兑換的通知。額外股份可透過以下方式發行:(i)兑換可換股債券,倘可換股債券獲悉數兑換,將須發行1,660,000,000股本公司股份:及(ii)支付債券利息,倘悉數支付,將須發行109,916,707股本公司股份。

Report of the Directors 董事會報告

PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS

There are no provisions for pre-emptive rights under the bye-laws of the Company or the Companies Act 1981 of Bermuda which would oblige the Company to offer new shares of the Company on a pro-rata basis to existing shareholders.

PURCHASE, REDEMPTION OR SALE OF SHARES

Neither the Company, nor any of its subsidiaries purchased, redeemed or sold any of the Company's listed securities during the year.

DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES

The Company had no distributable reserve as at 31 March 2020, as required in accordance with the Companies Act of Bermuda (as amended).

CHARITABLE DONATIONS

The Group did not make any charitable donation for the year ended 31 March 2020.

MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

For the year ended 31 March 2020, sales to the Group's five largest customer's accounted for 100% of the total revenue for the year and revenue to the largest customer included therein amounted to 68%. Purchases from the Group's five largest suppliers accounted for 100% of the total purchases for the year.

None of the directors of the Company or any of their associates or any shareholders (which, to the best knowledge of the directors, own more than 5% of the Company's share capital) had any beneficial interest in the Group's five largest customers.

優先購買權

本公司之公司章程細則或百慕達一九八一年 公司法並無有關優先購買權之條文,規定本 公司須按比例向現有股東發售本公司新股份。

購買、贖回或出售股份

本年度,本公司及其任何子公司概無購買、贖 回或出售本公司任何上市證券。

可供分派儲備

根據百慕達公司法(經修訂),於二零二零年 三月三十一日,本公司並無可供分派儲備。

慈善捐款

本集團於截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年 度並無作出任何慈善捐款。

主要客戶及供應商

於截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度,本集團之五大客戶銷售額佔本年度收入總額之100%,而當中來自最大客戶之收入佔68%。來自本集團五大供應商之採購量佔本年度採購總量之100%。

本公司董事、其任何聯繫人士或任何股東(就董事所深知擁有本公司股本超過5%)概無於本集團五大客戶中擁有任何實益權益。

DIRECTORS

The Directors during the year and up to the date of this report were:

Executive Directors

Mr. Guo Gelin

(Appointed on 27 February 2020)

Mr. Chow Chi Wah Vincent

Mr. Hu Chao

Mr. Mou Zhongwei (Appointed on 19 August 2020)

Ms. Jingquan Yingzi (Resigned on 1 April 2019)

Ms. Lin Yan Jenny (Resigned on 26 August 2019)

Mr. Mao Songtao (Resigned on 1 April 2019)

Mr. Wang Rongqian (Resigned on 19 June 2020)

Mr. Tsang King Sun

(Appointed on 2 July 2019 and resigned on 10 February 2020)

Non-executive Directors

Mr. Wang Qiang (Appointed on 19 August 2020)

Mr. Wang Degun

(Re-designated from Executive Director to non-Executive Director on 17 April 2019 and resigned on 6 August 2020)

Mr. Qian Gang (Appointed on 22 May 2019 and resigned on 10 January 2020)

Independent Non-Executive Directors ("INED(s)")

Mr. Lee Chi Hwa Joshua

Mr. Wong Ching Keung

Dr. SANTOS Antonio Monia (Appointed on 9 July 2019)

Mr. Luo Ji (Appointed on 19 August 2020)

Mr. Hau Chi Kit (Resigned on 18 July 2019)

Ms. Ng Yin Ling Elaine (appointed on 9 July 2019 and resigned on 30 June 2020)

董事

於本年度及截至本報告日期,本公司之董事 如下:

執行董事

郭格林先生

(於二零二零年二月二十十日出任)

周志華先生

胡超先生

牟忠緯先生(於二零二零年八月十九日出任)

井泉瑛孜女士(於二零一九年四月一日辭任)

林焱女士(於二零一九年八月二十六日辭任)

毛松濤先生(於二零一九年四月一日辭任)

王荣騫先生(於二零二零年六月十九日辭任)

曾敬燊先生

(於二零一九年七月二日出任並於二零二零年 二月十日辭任)

非執行董事

王強先生*(於二零二零年八月十九日出任)* 王德群先生

(於二零一九年四月十七日自執行董事調任 為非執行董事,並於二零二零年八月六日 辭任)

錢鋼先生(於二零一九年五月二十二日出任 並於二零二零年一月十日辭任)

獨立非執行董事(「獨立非執行董事」)

李智華先生

王正強先生

杜東尼博士(於二零一九年七月九日出任)

羅輯先生(於二零二零年八月十九日出任)

侯志傑先生(於二零一九年七月十八日辭任)

吴燕凌女士(於二零一九年七月九日出任及

於二零二零年六月三十日辭任)

Report of the Directors 董事會報告

DIRECTORS (Continued)

Independent Non-Executive Directors ("INED(s)")

(Continued)

In accordance with Bye-Law no. 87 of the Bye-law of the Company and Appendix 15 of the GEM Listing Rules, one-third of the Directors will retire by rotation and, being eligible, will offer themselves for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company (the "AGM").

No Director proposed for the re-election at the forthcoming AGM.

Where vacancies arise at the Board, candidates will be proposed and put forward to the Board by the Nomination Committee (as defined below) as set out below under the section on Nomination Committee.

The Company has received annual confirmations of independence from the above INEDs, and as at the date of this report still considers them to be independent.

DIRECTORS' AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT'S BIOGRAPHIES

Biographical details of the Directors and senior management of the Group are set out on pages 13 to 25 of this report.

DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS

No Directors proposed for re-election at the Company's forthcoming annual general meeting have an unexpired service contract, which is not determinable by the Company or any of its subsidiaries within one year without payment of compensation, other than statutory compensation.

董事(續)

獨立非執行董事(續)

根據本公司之章程細則第87條及GEM上市規則附錄十五·三分之一董事須輪席告退,彼等符合資格並願意於本公司應屆股東週年大會(「股東週年大會」)上膺選連任。

概無擬於應屆股東週年大會上重選之董事。

倘董事會出現空缺,提名委員會(定義見下文) 將如下文提名委員會一節所載向董事會提交 建議的候選人。

本公司已接獲上述獨立非執行董事有關獨立 性之年度確認書,截至本報告日期,本公司 仍認為彼等均屬獨立人士。

董事及高級管理層之履歷

本集團董事及高級管理層之履歷詳情載於本報告第13至25頁。

董事之服務合約

擬於本公司應屆股東週年大會上重選之董事 概無訂立本公司或其任何子公司不可於一年 內在毋須作出賠償(法定賠償除外)下終止之 未到期服務合約。

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN TRANSACTIONS, ARRANGEMENTS OR CONTRACTS

Save as disclosed herein under note 40 to the consolidated financial statements, no Director nor a connected entity of a Director had a material interest, either directly or indirectly, in any transactions, arrangements or contracts of significance to the business of the Group to which the holding company of the Company, or any of the Company's subsidiaries or fellow subsidiaries was a party during the year.

EMOLUMENT POLICY

Salary package for employees are structured by reference to market conditions, staff's experience and individual performance. Other benefits offered by the Group included medical insurance, mandatory provident fund scheme, training subsidies, share option scheme and discretionary bonus.

The emoluments of the Directors and senior management are recommended by the remuneration committee and decided by the Board, with reference to the market rates, commitment, contribution and their duties, and responsibilities with the Group. Details of directors' remuneration are set out in details in note 11 to the consolidated financial statements.

The Company has adopted a share option scheme as an incentive to the Directors and eligible employees, details of the scheme are set out in note 34 to the consolidated financial statements.

董事於交易、安排或合約之權益

除本年報綜合財務報表附註40所披露者外,董事及董事之關連實體於年內概無於對本集 團業務而言屬重大且由本公司控股公司或本 公司任何子公司或同系子公司訂立之任何交易、 安排或合約中直接或間擁有重大權益。

薪酬政策

僱員之薪酬福利參考市況、僱員經驗及個人 表現而釐定。本集團提供之其他福利包括醫療保險、強制性公積金計劃、培訓補貼、購 股權計劃及酌情花紅。

董事及高級管理層之酬金由薪酬委員會建議 並由董事會參考市場薪酬水平、承擔、貢獻 及彼等於本集團之職務及責任而釐定。有關 董事薪酬之詳情載於綜合財務報表附註11。

本公司已採納一項購股權計劃作為給予董事 及合資格僱員之獎勵。有關計劃之詳情載於 綜合財務報表附註34。

DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVES' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES

As at 31 March 2020, the interests and short positions of the Directors and chief executives of the Company in the ordinary share of HK\$0.0004 each in the share capital of the Company ("Shares"), underlying shares and debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of Securities and Futures Ordinance ("SFO")) which were notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests or short positions which they were taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO), or which were recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company pursuant to Section 352 of the SFO, or which were required, pursuant to Rules 5.46 to 5.67 of the GEM Listing Rules, to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange, were as follows:

董事及主要行政人員於股份、相關股份及債權證之權益及淡倉

於二零二零年三月三十一日,董事及本公司主要行政人員於本公司或其任何相聯法團(定義見證券及期貨條例(「證券及期貨條例」)第XV部)之本公司股本中每股面值0.0004港元之音通股(「股份」)、相關股份及債權證中,擁有須根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第7及8分部知資條例第XV部第7及8分部知營本公司及聯交所的權益及淡倉(包括根據證券及期貨條例有關條文彼等被當作或被為為實的權益或淡倉),或根據證券及期貨條例的權益及淡倉,或根據GEM上市規則第5.46至5.67條須知會本公司及聯交所的權益及淡倉如下:

於股份之好倉

Long positions in the Shares

Name of Director and chief executive 董事及主要行政人員姓名	Capacity 身份	Number of Shares held 持有股份數目	Approximate percentage of shareholding 近似持股比例
Mr. Wang Dequn 王德群先生	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	220,000,000	4.45%

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 March 2020, none of the Directors and chief executives of the Company had any interests or short positions in any shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) which would have to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests or short positions which they were taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO), or which were recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company pursuant to Section 352 of the SFO, or which were required, pursuant to Rules 5.46 to 5.67 of the GEM Listing Rules, to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange.

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' AND OTHER PERSONS' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES OF THE COMPANY

So far as known to the Directors or chief executives of the Company, as at 31 March 2020, the following persons/entities (other than the Directors and chief executives of the Company) had or were deemed to have an interest or a short position in the shares or the underlying shares which would be required to be disclosed to the Company and the Stock Exchange under the provisions of Division 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO, or which were recorded in the register of the Company required to be kept under Section 336 of the SFO, or who were directly or indirectly, to be interested in 5% or more of the nominal value of any class of share capital carrying rights to vote in all circumstances at general meetings of the Company or any other member of the Group:

主要股東及其他人士於本公司股份及相關股份之權益及淡倉

Long positions in the Shares and underlying Shares

於股份及相關股份之好倉

Shares						
Name of Shareholders	Notes	Capacity and nature of interests	Number of Shares held/ interested	Number of underlying Shares held/ interested (note (d)) 所持/擁有	Approximate percentage of shareholding	
nn 4 ***	5/1 A.S.		所持/擁有	相關股份數目	\~ (m) d nn 1 m)	
股東名稱	附註	身份及權益性質	股份數目	(附註(d))	近似持股比例	
Enerchina Investments Limited	(a)	Interest of corporation controlled	4,164,383	600,000,000	12.22%	
		受控法團之權益				
Uptown WW Capital Group Limited (Cayman)	(a)	Interest of corporation controlled	4,164,383	600,000,000	12.22%	
		受控法團之權益				
Uptown WW Capital Group Limited (BVI)	(a)	Interest of corporation controlled	4,164,383	600,000,000	12.22%	
(= 1.7)		受控法團之權益				
Uptown WW Holdings Limited	(a)	Interest of corporation controlled	4,164,383	600,000,000	12.22%	
		受控法團之權益				

Report of the Directors 董事會報告

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' AND OTHER PERSONS' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES OF

主要股東及其他人士於本公司股份及相關股份之權益及淡倉(續)

THE COMPANY (Continued)

Long positions in the Shares and underlying Shares (Continued)

於股份及相關股份之好倉(續)

Name of Shareholders	Notes	Capacity and nature of interests	Number of Shares held/ interested 所持/擁有	Number of underlying Shares held/ interested (note (d)) 所持/擁有 相關股份數目	Approximate percentage of shareholding
股東名稱	附註	身份及權益性質	股份數目	(附註(d))	近似持股比例
Kenson Investment Limited	(a)	Beneficial owner	4,164,383	600,000,000	12.22%
Oshidori International Holdings Limited	(a)	實益擁有人 Interest of corporation controlled	4,164,383	600,000,000	12.22%
Yiu Kwok Ming		受控法團之權益 Beneficial owner	80,458,628	420,000,000	10.13%
Tommy 姚國銘 宋文霞		實益擁有人 Beneficial owner	364,200,547	_	7.37%
Wang Dequan		實益擁有人 Beneficial owner	220,000,000	-	4.45%
王德群 Artic Blue	(b)	實益擁有人 Beneficial owner	150,000,000	-	3.03%
Corporation Asian Capital	(b)	實益擁有人 Interest of corporation controlled	150,000,000		3.03%
Partners Group Company Limited	(D)	interest of corporation controlled	150,000,000	_	3.03%
CITIC Merchant Co.,	(b)	受控法團之權益 Interest of corporation controlled	150,000,000	-	3.03%
Concorde Capital Group Limited	(b), (c)	受控法團之權益 Interest of corporation controlled	150,000,000	-	3.03%
· Huang Bin 黃斌	(C)	受控法團之權益 Interest of corporation controlled 受控法團之權益	150,000,000	-	3.03%

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' AND OTHER PERSONS' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES OF THE COMPANY (Continued)

Long positions in the Shares and underlying Shares (Continued)

Notes:

- (a) Kenson Investment Limited is directly wholly owned by Uptown WW Holdings Limited which is directly wholly owned by Uptown WW Capital Group Limited (BVI) which is directly wholly owned by Uptown WW Capital Group Limited (Cayman) which is directly wholly owned by Enerchina Investments Limited is directly wholly owned by Oshidori International Holdings Limited. Oshidori International Holdings Limited, Enerchina Investments Limited, Uptown WW Capital Group Limited (Cayman), Uptown WW Capital Group Limited (BVI) and Uptown WW Capital are deemed to be interested in the Shares and underlying Shares held by Kenson Investment Limited.
- (b) Artic Blue Corporation is directly wholly owned by CITIC Merchant Co., Limited which is directly wholly owned by Asian Capital Partners Group Company Limited which is directly wholly owned by Concorde Capital Group Limited. Concorde Capital Group Limited, Asian Capital Partners Group Company Limited and CITIC Merchant Co., Limited are deemed to be interested in the Shares and underlying Shares held by Kenson Investment Limited.
- (c) Mr. Huang Bin is deemed to be interested in Shares and underlying Shares through his interests in Concorde Capital Group Limited.

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 March 2020, there was no person or corporation, other than the Directors and chief executives of the Company whose interests are set out in the section "Directors' and chief executives' interests and short position in shares, underlying shares and debentures" above, had any interest or a short position in the shares or underlying shares of the Company as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under Section 336 of the SFO.

主要股東及其他人士於本公司股份及相關股份之權益及淡倉(續)

於股份及相關股份之好倉(續)

附註:

- (a) Kenson Investment Limited由Uptown WW Holdings Limited直接全資擁有,而Uptown WW Holdings Limited

 Uptown WW Capital Group Limited (BVI) 直接全資擁有, Uptown WW Capital Group Limited (BVI)由Uptown WW Capital Group Limited (Cayman) 直接全資擁有, Uptown WW Capital Group Limited (Cayman)由Enerchina Investments Limited直接全資擁有,而Enerchina Investments Limited由Oshidori International Holdings Limited 直接全資擁有。Oshidori International Holdings Limited · Enerchina Investments Limited · Uptown WW Capital Group Limited (Cayman) · Uptown WW Capital Group Limited (BVI)及Uptown WW Capital 均被視為於Kenson Investment Limited所持有之 股份及相關股份中擁有權益。
- (b) Artic Blue Corporation由CITIC Merchant Co., Limited 直接全資擁有,而CITIC Merchant Co., Limited由 Asian Capital Partners Group Company Limited直接全資擁有,Asian Capital Partners Group Company Limited由 Concorde Capital Group Limited直接全資擁有。Concorde Capital Group Limited、Asian Capital Partners Group Company Limited及CITIC Merchant Co., Limited均被視為於Kenson Investment Limited所持有之股份及相關股份中擁有權益。
- (c) 黃斌先生被視為透過於其Concorde Capital Group Limited之權益於股份及相關股份中擁有權益。

除上文所披露者外,於二零二零年三月三十一日,概無人士或法團(董事及本公司主要行政人員除外,其權益載於上文「董事及主要行政人員於股份、相關股份及債權證的權益及淡倉」一節)於本公司股份或相關股份中擁有記錄於本公司根據證券及期貨條例第336條規定須予存置之登記冊內之任何權益或淡倉。

COMPETITION INTEREST

None of the Directors, the controlling Shareholders or substantial Shareholders or any of its respective close associates has engaged in any business that competes or may compete, either directly or indirectly, with the businesses of the Group, as defined in the GEM Listing Rules, or has or may have any other conflict of interests with Group during the year ended 31 March 2020.

PURCHASES, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF LISTED SECURITIES

Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries has purchased, redeemed or sold any of the Company's listed securities during the year.

SHARE OPTION SCHEME

A share option scheme (the "Scheme") was adopted by the Shareholders and it became effective on 2 February 2009 and remains in force for a period of 10 years from that date. A summary of the principal terms of the Scheme is set out as follows:—

(a) Purpose of the Scheme

The purpose of the Scheme is to enable the Company to grant share options of the Company (the "Option(s)") under the Scheme to the eligible participants (defined in paragraph (b) below) for their contribution to the growth of the Company or any subsidiaries of the Company and to provide the Company with more flexible means to reward, remunerate, compensate and/or provide benefit to the eligible participants.

For the purpose of providing incentives and rewards to eligible participants who contribute to the success of the Group's operations, eligible participants of the Scheme include any employee, director, supplier of goods or services, customer, agent, adviser, consultant, strategist, contractor, sub-contractor, expert or entity that provides research, development or other technological support or any valuable services to the Company and any of its subsidiaries, shareholder of the Company or any of its subsidiaries or holder of any securities issued by the Company or any of its subsidiaries.

競爭權益

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度,董事、 控股股東、主要股東及彼等各自之緊密聯繫 人概無從事與本集團業務(不論直接或間接) 構成或可能構成競爭之任何業務(定義見GEM 上市規則)或與或可能與本集團產生任何其他 利益衝突。

購買、出售或贖回上市證券

於本年度,本公司或其任何子公司概無購買、 贖回或出售任何本公司之上市證券。

購股權計劃

股東已採納一項購股權計劃(「計劃」),計劃 自二零零九年二月二日起生效並將於該日期 起計十年期間持續生效。計劃之主要條款概 要載列如下:

(a) 計劃之目的

計劃之目的為使本公司根據計劃向合資格參與者(定義見下文第(b)段)授出本公司購股權(「購股權」),以嘉獎彼等為本公司或其任何子公司之增長所作出之意獻,以及為本公司提供一個更靈活之途徑向合資格參與者提供獎勵、報酬、補償及/或福利。

SHARE OPTION SCHEME (Continued)

(b) Eligible Participants

Pursuant to the Scheme, the Board may, at their discretion, invite any directors and employees of the Group and any suppliers, customers, agents, advisors, consultants, strategists, contractors, sub-contractors, expert or entity that provides research, development or other technological support or any valuable services to the Group; shareholders and any securities holders of the Group (the "Participants") to participate in the Scheme.

(c) Total number of shares of the Company available for issue under the Scheme

The maximum number of Shares in respect of which Options may be granted under the Scheme shall not exceed 10% of the issued share capital of the Company as at the date of approval of the Scheme. The Board shall not grant any options which would result in the maximum aggregate number of shares which may be issued upon exercise of all outstanding Options granted but yet to be exercised under the Scheme which provide for the grant of Options to acquire or subscribe for shares exceeding, in aggregate, 30% of the issued share capital of the Company from time to time. The mandate of the Scheme was refreshed by the approval of shareholders at the annual general meeting of the Company held on 24 September 2015 ("AGM 2015"). As at the date of this report, the number of shares available for issue under the Scheme was 10,812,347 Shares, after the adjustment in respect of the share consolidation taken effect on 15 October 2015.

購股權計劃(續)

(b) 合資格參與者

根據計劃,董事會可酌情邀請本集團任何董事及僱員以及任何供應商、客戶、代理、顧問、諮詢顧問、策略師、承包商、分包商、專家或為本集團提供研發或其他技術支援或任何有價值服務之實體、本集團股東及任何證券之持有人(「參與者」)參與計劃。

(c) 根據計劃可發行之本公司股份總數

SHARE OPTION SCHEME (Continued)

(d) Maximum entitlement of each Participant

The maximum number of Shares, both issued and to be issued, upon exercise of the Options granted under the Scheme to each Participant in any 12 months period up to the date of grant must not exceed 1% of the issued share capital of the Company on date of grant unless it is approved by shareholders in a general meeting of the Company with such Participant and his associates abstaining from voting. Any Option granted to a substantial shareholder or an independent non-executive director of the Company or to any of their associates, in excess of 0.1% of the issued share capital of the Company and with an aggregate value (based on the closing price of the shares at the date of the grant) in excess of HK\$5 million, in any 12-month period, are subject to shareholders' approval in general meeting of the Company.

(e) Term of exercise of the Options

The period within which the Options must be exercised will be specified by the Company at the time of grant. Options granted may be exercised in whole or in part in the manner provided in the Scheme by a grantee giving notice in writing to the Company at any time during a period not to exceed 10 years from the date of grant.

(f) Payment on acceptance of an Option offer

A nominal consideration of HK\$1 is payable by the Participants upon acceptance of the grant of Options.

購股權計劃(續)

(d) 各參與者之配額上限

(e) 購股權之行使期限

購股權之行使期將由本公司於授出時指 定。所授出購股權可由承授人於不超過 授出日期起計十年期內,隨時透過向本 公司發出書面通知按計劃規定之方式全 部或部分行使。

(f) 接納購股權要約時應付之款項

參與者於接納所授予之購股權時須支付 名義代價1港元。

SHARE OPTION SCHEME (Continued)

(g) Basis on determining of the subscription price

The subscription price per Share under the Scheme is a price determined by the Board and notified to each Participant and shall not be less than the greatest of (i) the closing price of the Shares as stated in the daily quotation sheet issued by the Stock Exchange on the date of grant; (ii) the average closing price of the Shares as stated in the daily quotation sheet issued by the Stock Exchange for the five business days immediately preceding the date of grant; and (iii) the nominal value of a Share on the date of grant.

(h) Remaining life of the Scheme

The Scheme has expired on 1 February 2020.

During the year ended 31 March 2020, no Options under the Scheme have been granted, exercised, lapsed or cancelled.

RELATED PARTY AND CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS

Details of the significant related party transactions of the Group undertaken in the usual course of business are set out in note 40 to the consolidated financial statements.

There were no transactions required to be disclosed as non-exempt connected transactions or non-exempt continuing connected transactions in accordance with the GEM Listing Rules during the year. The Company has complied with the disclosure requirements in accordance with Chapter 20 of the GEM Listing Rules.

SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

Based on the information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the Directors, as at the latest practicable date prior to the issue of this report, the Company has maintained the prescribed public float under the GEM Listing Rules.

購股權計劃(續)

(g) 釐定認購價之基準

計劃項下之每股股份認購價由董事會釐 定並知會各參與者,惟不得低於下列之 最高者:(i)股份於授出日期在聯交所每 日報價表所列之收市價:(ii)股份於緊接 授出日期前五個營業日在聯交所每日報 價表所列之平均收市價:及(iii)股份於授 出日期之面值。

(h) 計劃之剩餘有效期

計劃已於二零二零年二月一日過期。

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度,計劃項 下並無任何購股權已授出、行使、終止或註 銷。

關連方及關連交易

本集團於一般業務過程中進行之重大關連方 交易詳情載於綜合財務報表附註40。

年內,概無交易須根據GEM上市規則披露為不獲豁免關連交易或不獲豁免持續關連交易。 本公司已根據GEM上市規則第20章遵守披露 規定。

足夠公眾持股量

按本公司可取得之公開資料及據董事所知, 於刊發本報告前之最後實際可行日期,本公司已維持GEM上市規則所規定之公眾持股量。

Report of the Directors 董事會報告

EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

Details of significant events of the Group after the reporting period are set out in note 43 to the consolidated financial statements.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The Company's corporate governance practices are based on the principles and the code provisions as set out in the Code on Corporate Governance Practices (the "CG Code") as set out in Appendix 15 of the GEM Listing Rules. The information on the principal corporate governance practices adopted by the Company is set out on pages 43 to 58 of this report.

AUDITORS

The Group's consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2020 have been audited by Elite Partners CPA Limited. Elite Partners CPA Limited will retire, and being eligible, offer themselves for re-appointment at the forthcoming AGM.

On behalf of the Board

Guo Gelin

Chairman Hong Kong, 4 September 2020

呈報期後事項

呈報期後本集團之重大事項詳情載於綜合財 務報表附註43。

企業管治

本公司之企業管治常規根據GEM上市規則附錄十五所載企業管治常規守則(「企業管治守則」)載列之原則及守則條文制定。本公司所採納主要企業管治常規之資料載於本報告第43至58頁。

核數師

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度本集團 綜合財務報表由開元信德會計師事務所有限 公司審核。開元信德會計師事務所有限公司 將退任並符合資格且願意於應屆股東週年大 會獲續聘。

代表董事會

郭格林

主席

香港,二零二零年九月四日

Corporate Governance Report 企業管治報告

The Board and the management of the Company are committed to the maintenance of good corporate governance practices and process. The Company believes that good corporate governance provides a framework that is essential for effective management, a healthy corporate culture, successful business growth and enhancing shareholders' value.

本公司董事會及管理層致力維持良好企業管治常規及程序。本公司深信,良好企業管治能為有效管理、健全企業文化、成功業務發展以及提升股東價值提供一個不可或缺之框架。

CODE ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES

The Company's corporate governance practices are based on the principles and the code provisions (the "Code Provision") as set out in the CG Code as set out in Appendix 15 of the GEM Listing Rules. The principles adopted by the Company emphasize a quality board, sound internal controls and transparency and accountability to shareholders. In the opinion of the Board, the Company has complied with the CG Code for the year ended 31 March 2020, save and except for the following:

- 1. Code provision A.1.3 requires that notice of at least 14 days should be given of a regular board meeting to give all directors an opportunity to attend. For all other board meetings, reasonable notice should be given. Due to the practical reasons, 14 days' advanced notifications have not been given to all meetings of the Board. Reasons have been given in the notifications in respect of those meetings of the Board where it is not practical to give 14 days' advanced notification. The Board will use its best endeavor to give 14 days' advanced notifications of Board meeting to the extent practicable.
- Code provision A.2.1 requires the roles of chairman and chief executive should be separated and should not be performed by the same individual. The division of responsibilities between the chairman and chief executive should be clearly established and set out in writing. With effect from 1 November 2018, the roles of chairman and chief executive is separated and were not performed by the same individual.

企業管治常規守則

本公司之企業管治常規根據GEM上市規則附錄十五所載企業管治守則載列之原則及守則條文(「守則條文」)制定。本公司所採納之原則著重高質素董事會、良好內部監控以及對股東之透明度與問責性。董事會認為,本公司於截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度已遵守企業管治守則,惟下述者除外:

- 1. 守則條文A.1.3條規定,召開董事會定期 會議應向全體董事發出至少14天通知, 令彼等得以抽空出席。就召開所有其基 董事會會議而言,應發出合理通知, 於實際原因,本公司並無就所有董事會 會議發出14天事先通知。本公司已在事 關董事會會議通知內説明發出14天事先 通知屬不切實可行之原因。董事會 實際可行情況下盡力就董事會會議發出 14天事先通知。
- 2. 守則條文A.2.1條規定,主席及行政總裁的角色應有所區分,並不應由一人同時兼任。主席及行政總裁之間職責的分工應清楚界定,並以書面列載。自二零一八年十一月一日起,主席及行政總裁的角色有所區分,不再由一人同時兼任。

CODE OF CONDUCT REGARDING SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS BY DIRECTORS

The Company has adopted a code of conduct regarding securities transactions by the directors, its employees, and the directors and employees of its subsidiaries and holding companies (the "Relevant Employees"), who may likely possess inside information on the Company or its securities, on terms no less exacting than the required standard of dealings set out in Rules 5.48 to 5.67 of the GEM Listing Rules. Having made specific enquiry of all Directors and the Relevant Employees, they all confirmed that they had complied with the required standard of dealings and the code of conduct regarding securities transactions by directors adopted by the Company during the year.

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

For the year ended 31 March 2020, the Board consisted of four directors, including four executive Directors, one non-executive Director and four independent non-executive Directors.

The Board has a balance of skill and experience appropriate for the requirements of the business of the Company, and demonstrates a proper diversity with its directors coming from different backgrounds, nationality, professional and industries. The Director's biographical information is set out in the section headed "Biographical Details of Directors and Senior Management" of this report. There is no financial, business, family or other material or relevant relationships among the Directors.

CHAIRMAN AND THE CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

Code provision A.2.1 requires the roles of chairman and chief executive should be separated and should not be performed by the same individual. The division of responsibilities between the chairman and chief executive should be clearly established and set out in writing. With effect from 1 November 2018, the roles of chairman and chief executive is separated and were not performed by the same individual.

董事進行證券交易之行為守則

本公司已採納有關可能擁有本公司或其證券之內幕消息的董事、其僱員以及其子公證事及僱員(「相關僱員」)進行證券交易之行為守則,其條款嚴格程度不遜於GEM上市規則第5.48至5.67條所載交易之規體董事及相關僱員作出具體董事及相關僱員作出具體查守地公司所採納之交易規定準則及有關董事進行證券交易之行為守則。

董事會

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度,董事會 由四名董事組成,包括四名執行董事、一名 非執行董事及四名獨立非執行董事。

董事會均衡地具備本公司業務所需之合適技能及經驗,其董事來自不同背景、國籍、職業及行業,展現適當多樣性。董事之履歷資料載於本報告「董事及高級管理層之履歷詳情」一節。各董事之間概無任何財務、業務、家族或其他重大或相關關係。

主席及行政總裁

守則條文第A.2.1條要求主席與行政總裁之角 色應有所區分,並不應由一人同時兼任。主 席與行政總裁之間的職責分工應清楚界定並 以書面列載。自二零一八年十一月一日起,主 席與行政總裁的角色已加以區分,並不再由 一人同時兼任。

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

The Company has throughout the year met the requirements of the GEM Listing Rules relating to the appointment of at least three independent non-executive Directors with at least one of them possessing appropriate professional qualifications, accounting or related financial management expertise. At all times during the year, the independent non-executive Directors represent at least one-third of the Board pursuant to Rule 5.05A of the GEM Listing Rules.

The Company has received from each of independent non-executive Directors an annual confirmation of his independence, and the Company considers that these directors to be independent under Rule 5.09 of the GEM Listing Rules.

Mr. Lee Chi Hwa Joshua ("Mr. Lee") has been servicing more than 10 years in the Company, so his appointment will be approved by shareholders with an ordinary resolution in the next AGM. Taking into consideration of his independent scope of work in the past years, the Directors consider Mr. Lee to be independent under the GEM Listing Rules and Mr. Lee's continued tenure brings considerable contribution to the Group and the Board has benefited greatly from the presence of Mr. Lee who has over time gained valuable insight into the Group.

獨立非執行董事

於本年度,本公司一直符合GEM上市規則有關委任最少三名獨立非執行董事,且其中最少一名須擁有適當專業資格、會計或相關財務管理專業技能的規定。於本年度所有時間,獨立非執行董事一直佔董事會人數最少三分之一,符合GEM上市規則第5.05A條的規定。

本公司已接獲每名獨立非執行董事有關其獨立性之年度確認書。本公司認為,該等董事均屬GEM上市規則第5.09條項下之獨立人士。

李智華先生(「李先生」)已於本公司服務超過十年,故股東於下屆股東週年大會上以時通 決議案批准其委任。經考慮過去多年來李先 生獨立之工作範疇,根據GEM上市規則, 事認為李先生屬獨立人士,且李先生續任董事 事一職將對本集團作出重大貢獻,而董 因李先生為本集團長期帶來之寶貴見解而獲 益良多。

LIABILITY INSURANCE FOR THE DIRECTORS

The Company has arranged for appropriate Directors and Officers liability insurance coverage to indemnify the Directors and Officers for their liabilities in respect of legal action against them.

RESPONSIBILITIES, ACCOUNTABILITIES AND CONTRIBUTIONS OF THE BOARD AND MANAGEMENT

The Board is entrusted with the overall responsibility for promoting the success of the Company by the direction and supervision of the Company's business and affairs and the ultimate responsibility for the day to day management of the Company which is delegated to the Chairman and the management.

All Directors have full access to all the information of the Company as well as the services and advice from the company secretary of the Company (the "Company Secretary") and management. The Directors may, upon request, seek independent professional advice in appropriate circumstances, at the Company's expenses for discharging their duties to the Company.

The Board reserves for its decision for all major issues relating to policy matters, internal control, strategies, budgets, risk management, material transactions, financial information, appointment of Directors and other significant operational issues of the Company. Responsibilities relating to implementing decisions of the Board, directing and coordinating the daily operation and management are delegated to the management.

The Directors shall disclose to the Company details of other offices held by them and the Board regularly reviews the contribution required from each Director to perform his responsibilities to the Company.

董事之責任保險

本公司已為董事及高級職員投購適合責任保險, 以就董事及高級職員因面對法律行動而承擔 之責任作出彌償。

董事會及管理層之責任、職責及 貢獻

董事會肩負透過指導及監控本公司業務及事 務以促進本公司成功之整體責任,而本公司 日常管理最終由主席及管理層負責。

全體董事均可全面地獲得本公司所有資料,以及要求本公司之公司秘書(「公司秘書」)及管理層提供服務及意見。董事可按要求在適當情況下尋求獨立專業意見,從而履行彼等對本公司之職責,費用由本公司承擔。

董事會對所有重大事務具有決定權,當中涉及政策事務、內部監控、策略、預算、風險管理、重大交易、財務資料、委任董事及本公司其他重大營運事項。有關執行董事會決定、指導及協調日常營運及管理之責任轉授予管理層。

董事須向本公司披露彼等所擔任其他職務之 詳情,而董事會定期審閱各董事在履行其對 本公司之責任時所作出之貢獻。

DIRECTORS' ATTENDANCE RECORD AT MEETINGS

The Board regularly meets in persons or through other electronic means of communication to review and determine the overall strategic direction and objectives and approve quarterly, interim and annual results, and other significant matters. Due notices of the meetings are given to all Directors to attend and include matters for discussion. Details of the attendance of each member of the Board at the meetings of the Board, its respective committees and the general meetings during the year ended 31 March 2020 are set out as follows:

董事之會議出席率記錄

董事會定期親身出席或透過其他電子通訊方式參加會議,以審閱及釐定整體策略方向及目標、審批季度、中期及年度業績以及處理其他重要事宜。會議正式通知會寄發予將出席會議之全體董事,其中載有將予討論之事宜。董事會各成員於截至二零二零年三月三十日止年度內於董事會會議、其各自委員會及股東大會之出席率詳情載列如下:

		Meetings attended/held 出席會議次數/會議舉行次數						
		Notes 附註	Board 董事會	Audit Committee 審核委員會	Remuneration Committee 薪酬委員會	Nomination Committee 提名委員會	General Meeting 股東大會	
Executive Directors	執行董事							
Mr. Guo Gelin (Chairman)	郭格林先生 <i>(主席)</i>	(a)	0/1	N/A	N/A	N/A	1/1	
Ms. Jingquan Yingzi	井泉瑛孜女士	(b)	0/1	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Mr. Hu Chao	胡超先生		9/18	N/A	N/A	5/5	1/3	
Ms. Lin Yan Jenny	林焱女士	(C)	2/13	N/A	N/A	N/A	0/1	
Mr. Mao Songtao	毛松濤先生	(d)	0/1	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Mr. Wang Rongqian	王荣騫先生		14/18	N/A	N/A	N/A	1/3	
Mr. Chow Chi Wah Vincent	周志華先生	(e)	12/13	N/A	N/A	N/A	3/3	
Mr. Tsang King Sun	曾敬燊先生	(f)	9/10	N/A	N/A	N/A	2/2	
Non-executive Directors	非執行董事							
Mr. Wang Dequn	王德群先生	(g)	2/18	N/A	N/A	N/A	0/3	
Mr. Qian Gang	錢鋼先生	(h)	8/13	N/A	N/A	N/A	0/2	
Independent Non-	獨立非執行董事							
executive Directors								
Mr. Hau Chi Kit	侯志傑先生	(i)	4/9	1/1	3/3	3/3	N/A	
Mr. Lee Chi Hwa Joshua	李智華先生		7/18	4/4	1/5	1/5	0/3	
Mr. Wong Ching Keung	王正強先生		13/18	4/4	4/5	4/5	1/3	
Ms. Ng Yin Ling Elaine	吳燕凌女士	(j)	5/9	3/3	2/2	2/2	1/3	
Mr. Santos Antonio Maria	杜東尼博士	(k)	7/9	2/3	2/2	2/2	1/3	

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DIRECTORS' ATTENDANCE RECORD AT MEETINGS

(Continued)

Notes:

- (a) Mr. Guo Gelin was appointed as an executive Director and the chairman of the Board with effect from 27 February 2020.
- (b) Ms. Jingquan Yingzi was resigned as an executive Director and the vice-chairlady of the Board with effect from 1 April 2019.
- (c) Ms. Lin Yan Jenny was disqualified as an executive Director with effect from 26 August 2020.
- (d) Mr. Mao Songtao was resigned as an executive Director with effect from 1 April 2019.
- (e) Mr. Chow Chi Wah Vincent was appointed as an executive Director and managing Director with effect from 25 June 2019.
- (f) Mr. Tsang King Sun was appointed as an executive Director with effect from 2 July 2019.
- (g) Mr. Wang Dequn was re-designated from an executive Director and the chairman of the Board to the non-executive Director with effect from 17 April 2019.
- (h) Mr. Qian Gang was appointed as an non-executive Director and the chairman of the Board with effect from 22 May 2019 and resigned with effect from 10 January 2020.
- (i) Mr. Hau Chi Kit was resigned as an independent non-executive Director with effect from 18 July 2019.
- (j) Ms. Ng Yin Ling Elaine was appointed as an independent nonexecutive Director with effect from 9 July 2019.
- (k) Dr. Santos Antonio Maria was appointed as an independent nonexecutive Director with effect from 9 July 2019.

Apart from regular Board meetings, the Chairlady also held meeting with the independent non-executive Directors without the presence of executive Directors during the Year.

Board minutes are kept by the Company Secretary and are open for inspection by the Directors.

董事之會議出席率記錄(續)

附註:

- (a) 郭格林先生已獲委任為執行董事兼董事會主席,自二零二零年二月二十七日起生效。
- (b) 井泉瑛孜女士已辭任執行董事兼董事會副主席,自二零一九年四月一日起生效。
- (c) 林焱女士自二零二零年八月二十六日被取消 執行董事資格。
- (d) 毛松濤先生已辭任執行董事,自二零一九年 四月一日起生效。
- (e) 周志華先生已獲委任為執行董事兼董事總經 理,於二零一九年六月二十五日起生效。
- (f) 曾敬 燊 先 生 已 獲 委 任 為 執 行 董 事 , 自 二 零 一 九 年 七 月 二 日 起 生 效 。
- (g) 王德群先生已由執行董事兼董事會主席調任 為非執行董事,自二零一九年四月十七日起 生效。
- (h) 錢剛先生獲委任為非執行董事兼董事會主席 並已辭任,分別自二零一九年五月二十二日 及二零二零年一月十日起生效。
- (i) 侯志傑先生已辭任獨立非執行董事,自二零 一九年七月十八日起生效。
- (j) 吳燕凌女士已獲委任為獨立非執行董事,自 二零一九年七月九日起生效。
- (k) 杜東尼博士已獲委任為獨立非執行董事,自 二零一九年七月九日起生效。

除定期舉行董事會會議外,主席亦於本年度 在無執行董事出席下與獨立非執行董事舉行 會議。

董事會會議記錄由公司秘書存置,並可供董 事查閱。

DELEGATION BY THE BOARD

The Directors are aware of their individuals and collective responsibilities to the shareholders for the success and wellbeing of the Company. To strengthen the effectiveness of the management, the Board has established three committees, namely, the audit committee (the "Audit Committee"), the remuneration committee (the "Remuneration Committee") and the nomination committee (the "Nomination Committee") to oversee corresponding aspects of the Company's affairs. All Board committees of the Company have defined written terms of reference. The terms of reference of the Board committees are posted on the Company's website and the GEM website of the Stock Exchange, and are available to shareholders upon request.

AUDIT COMMITTEE

The Company had established the Audit Committee on 20 March 2001. In order to comply with the revised CG Code, the terms of reference of the Audit Committee was revised on 1 January 2020. The formation of the Audit Committee with written terms of reference is in compliance with Rules 5.29 of the GEM Listing Rules.

The primary duties of the Audit Committee include, among other things (a) to review the Group's annual report, interim report and quarterly reports; (b) to discuss and review with the auditors of the Company on the scope and findings of the audit; and (c) to supervise the financial reporting process and internal control procedures and overall risk management of the Group. The Group's unaudited quarterly and interim results and audited annual results and consolidated financial statements during the year ended 31 March 2020 have been reviewed by the Audit Committee, which is of opinion that the preparation of such results complied with the applicable accounting standards and requirements and that adequate disclosure have been made.

The composition of the Audit Committee during the Year and up to the date of this report is as follows:

Mr. Lee Chi Hwa Joshua (Chairman)

Dr. Santos Antonio Maria (Appointed on 9 July 2019)

Mr. Luo Ji (Appointed on 19 August 2020)

Ms. Ng Yin Ling Elaine

(Appointed on 9 July 2019 and resigned on 30 June 2020)

Mr. Hau Chi Kit (Resigned on 18 July 2019)

Mr. Wong Ching Keung

董事會權力之轉授

董事知悉彼等須個別及共同地向股東承擔努力經營及令本公司取得成功之責任。為提升管理效率,董事會已成立三個委員會、所辦委員會(「審核委員會(「据名委員會(「提名委員會」)及提名委員會(「提名委員會」),有量的監督本公司事務之有關範疇。本董事委員會因刊載於本四共彼等會的職權範圍已刊東作出要求時可供彼等查閱。

審核委員會

本公司已於二零零一年三月二十日成立審核委員會。為遵守經修訂企業管治守則,審核委員會之職權範圍已於二零二零年一月一日修訂。設立具書面職權範圍之審核委員會遵守GEM上市規則第5.29條。

審核委員會之主要職責為(其中包括) (a)審閱本集團之年報、中期報告及季度報告: (b) 與本公司之核數師討論及檢討審核範圍及結果原及內內對於與一個人。 及(c) 監察本集團之財務申報程序及內內對於 程序,以及整體風險管理。本集團者於 程序,以及整體風險管理。本集經審核至 二零年三月三十一日止年度之未經審核財務該 二零年期業績、經審審閱,該委員會認為 表已由審核委員會審閱,該 業績乃遵照適用會計準則及規定而編製,且 已作出足夠披露。

審核委員會於本年度及直至本報告日期的成 員組成如下:

李智華先生(主席)

杜東尼博士(於二零一九年七月九日出任) 羅輯先生(於二零二零年八月十九日出任) 吳燕凌女士

(於二零一九年七月九日出任及 於二零二零年六月三十日辭任) 侯志傑先生(於二零一九年七月十八日辭任) 王正強先生

AUDIT COMMITTEE (Continued)

All of the members of the Audit Committee are independent non-executive Directors. The chairman of the Audit Committee, Mr. Lee Chi Hwa Joshua, who has extensive accounting and related financial reporting expertise. The Audit Committee held four meetings during the Year. Details of the attendance of the Audit Committee meetings as prescribed aforesaid.

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

The Remuneration Committee was established with specific written terms of reference in accordance with the relevant provisions of the GEM Listing Rules, and it is responsible for making recommendations to the Board on the Company's policy and structure in relation to remuneration of the Directors and senior management. It schedules to meet at least once a year to review and determine the remuneration packages of the executive Directors and senior management and to make recommendation to the Board of the remuneration of non-executive Director. In determining and approving the remuneration of Directors and senior management, the Remuneration Committee will take into consideration of various factors such as market competitiveness, individual performance and profitability of the Company and with reference to the written term of reference pursuant to the Corporate Governance Code as set out in the requirements under rules 5.34 and 5.35 to the GEM Listing Rules.

The composition of the Remuneration Committee during the Year and up to the date of this report is as follows:

Mr. Wong Ching Keung (Chairman)

Mr. Lee Chi Hwa Joshua

Dr. Santos Antonio Maria (Appointed on 9 July 2019)

Mr. Luo Ji (Appointed on 19 August 2020)

Ms. Ng Yin Ling Elaine

(Appointed on 9 July 2019 and resigned on 30 June 2020)

Mr. Hau Chi Kit (resigned on 18 July 2019)

All of the members of the Remuneration Committee are independent non-executive Directors. During the Year, the Remuneration Committee convened five meetings during the Year and has reviewed the remuneration policy and structure relating to the Directors and senior management of the Company. Details of the attendance of the Remuneration Committee meetings as prescribed aforesaid.

審核委員會(續)

審核委員會之全體成員均為獨立非執行董事。審核委員會主席為李智華先生,彼擁有豐富會計及相關財務報告專業知識。審核委員會於本年度內舉行四次會議。審核委員會會議之出席率詳情載於上文。

薪酬委員會

薪酬委員會於本年度及直至本報告日期的成 員組成如下:

王正強先生(主席)

李智華先生

杜東尼博士(於二零一九年七月九日出任)

羅輯先生(於二零二零年八月十九日出任)

吳燕凌女士

(於二零一九年七月九日出任及於二零二零 年六月三十日辭任)

侯志傑先生(於二零一九年七月十八日辭任)

薪酬委員會之全體成員均為獨立非執行董事。 於本年度,薪酬委員會召開五次會議,檢討 了有關本公司董事及高級管理層之薪酬政策 及架構。薪酬委員會會議之出席率詳情載於 上文。

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

The Nomination Committee was established by the Company on 29 March 2012. In order to comply with the revised CG Code, the terms of reference of the Nomination Committee was revised on 1 January 2020. The primary duties of the nomination committee include reviewing the structure, size and composition of the Board, identifying individuals suitably qualified to become Directors, assessing the independence of independent non-executive Directors and making recommendations to the Board on appointment and re-appointment of Directors.

The composition of the Nomination Committee during the Year and up to the date of this report is as follows:

Mr. Hu Chao (Chairman)

Mr. Lee Chi Hwa Joshua

Mr. Wong Ching Keung

Dr. Santos Antonio Maria (Appointed on 9 July 2019)

Mr. Luo Ji (Appointed on 19 August 2020)

Ms. Ng Yin Ling Elaine

(Appointed on 9 July 2019 and resigned on 30 June 2020)

Mr. Hau Chi Kit (resigned on 18 July 2019)

The majority members of the nomination committee are independent non-executive Directors. During the Year, the Nomination Committee held five meetings reviewed the size, diversity and composition of the Board. Details of the attendance of the Nomination Committee meetings as prescribed aforesaid.

提名委員會

提名委員會於二零一二年三月二十九日成立。 為遵守經修訂企業管治守則,提名委員會之 職權範圍已於二零二零年一月一日修訂。提名 委員會的主要職責包括檢討董事會的架構、 規模及組成,物色具備適當資格可擔任董事 的人士,評估獨立非執行董事的獨立性,以 及就委任或重新委任董事向董事會提出建議。

提名委員會於本年度及直至本報告日期的成 員組成如下:

胡超先生(主席)

李智華先生

王正強先生

杜東尼博士(於二零一九年七月九日出任)

羅輯先生(於二零二零年八月十九日出任)

吳燕凌女士

(於二零一九年七月九日出任及於二零二零 年六月三十日辭任)

侯志傑先生(於二零一九年七月十八日辭任)

提名委員會之大部分成員均為獨立非執行董事。 於本年度,提名委員會舉行五次會議以檢討 董事會之規模、多樣性及組成。提名委員會 會議之出席率詳情載於上文。

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BOARD NOMINATION POLICY

The Nomination Committee is responsible for the formulation of nomination policies, making recommendations to Shareholders on directors standing for re-election, providing sufficient biographical details of directors to enable Shareholders to make an informed decision on the re-election, and where necessary, nominating appropriate persons to fill causal vacancies or as additions to the Board. The nomination committee from time to time reviews the composition of the Board with particular regard to ensuring that there is an appropriate number of directors on the Board independent of management. He also identifies and nominates qualified individuals for appointment as new directors of the Company.

New directors of the Company will be appointed by the Board. The Nomination Committee will take into consideration criteria such as expertise, experience, integrity and commitment when considering new director appointments.

董事會提名政策

本公司之新董事將由董事會委任。當考慮委 任新董事時,提名委員會將考慮之準則包括 專長、經驗、誠信及承擔等。

CONTINUOUS PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT

Pursuant to Code Provision A.6.5 of GEM Listing Rules, all Directors should participate in continuous professional development to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills. This is to ensure that their contribution to the Board remains informed and relevant. The company secretary reports from time to time the latest changes and development of the Listing Rules, corporate governance practices and other regulatory regime to the Directors with written materials, on the professional knowledge and latest development of regulatory requirements related to director's duties and responsibilities. Up to the date of this report, all Directors have participated in continuous professional development by reading in-house training handbook, relevant materials or attending training seminar on the topics related to corporate governance as follows:

持續專業發展

Name of Directors	董事姓名	Reading materials/In house briefing 閱讀資料/ 內部簡報	Attending Seminars 出席講座
Executive Directors	執行董事		
Mr. Guo Gelin <i>(Chairman)</i>	郭格林先生(主席)	\checkmark	_
Ms. Jingquan Yingzi	井泉瑛孜女士	\checkmark	_
Mr. Hu Chao	胡超先生	\checkmark	_
Ms. Lin Yan Jenny	林焱女士	\checkmark	_
Mr. Mao Songtao	毛松濤先生	\checkmark	_
Mr. Wang Rongqian	王荣騫先生	\checkmark	_
Mr. Chow Chi Wah Vincent	周志華先生	\checkmark	\checkmark
Mr. Tsang King Sun	曾敬燊先生	✓	✓
Non-executive Directors	非執行董事		
Mr. Wang Dequn	王德群先生	✓	_
Mr. Qian Gang	錢鋼先生	✓	_
Independent Non-executive Directors	獨立非執行董事		
Mr. Hau Chi Kit	侯志傑先生	\checkmark	_
Mr. Lee Chi Hwa Joshua	李智華先生	\checkmark	\checkmark
Mr. Wong Ching Keung	王正強先生	\checkmark	\checkmark
Ms. Ng Yin Ling Elaine	吳燕凌女士	\checkmark	_
Mr. Santos Antonio Maria	杜東尼博士	\checkmark	\checkmark

All the Directors also understand the importance of continuous professional development and are committed to participating any suitable training or reading relevant materials in order to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills.

全體董事亦明白持續專業發展之重要性,並 承諾參與任何適合之培訓或閱讀相關資料, 以增進及更新彼等之知識及技能。

CODE OF CONDUCT REGARDING SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS BY DIRECTORS

During the Year, the Company continued to adopt a code of conduct regarding Director's securities transactions on terms no less exacting than the required standard of dealings as set out in Rules 5.48 to 5.67 of the GEM Listing Rules. Having made specific enquiry of all Directors, the Directors have complied with such code of conduct regarding securities transactions by the Directors for the Year.

INTERNAL CONTROL

The Board has overall responsibility for maintaining and reviewing the effectiveness of the system of internal control of the Group. The internal control system is to safeguard the assets of the Group and the shareholders' investment and to ensure the reliability of financial reporting as well as compliance with the relevant requirements of the GEM Listing Rules. During the year ended 31 March 2020, the Board had reviewed the effectiveness of the system of internal control of the Group, which covered all material aspects including financial, operational and compliance controls and risk management functions of the Group. The Board also considered the adequacy of resources, qualifications and experiences of staff of the Group's accounting and financial reporting function, and their training program and budget.

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY IN RESPECT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Directors acknowledge their responsibilities for the preparation of the financial statements of the Group and ensure that the financial statements are in accordance with statutory requirements and applicable accounting standards. The Directors also ensure the timely publication of the financial statements of the Group. The Directors confirm that, to the best of their knowledge, information and belief, having made all reasonable enquiries, they are not aware of any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt upon the Company.

The statement of the independent auditors of the Company about their reporting responsibilities on the financial statements is set out in the Independent Auditor's Report.

董事進行證券交易之行為守則

於本年度,本公司繼續採納董事進行證券交易之行為守則,其條款嚴格程度不遜於GEM 上市規則第5.48至5.67條所載交易之規定準則。 經向全體董事作出具體查詢後,董事於本年 度一直遵守有關董事進行證券交易之行為守則。

內部監控

董事就財務報表之責任

董事知悉彼等就編製本集團財務報表所負之責任,及確保財務報表乃根據監管規定及適用之會計準則編製。董事亦確保準時刊切本集團之財務報表。董事確認,經作出一切,理查詢後,就彼等所深知、全悉及確信重要並不知悉任何與可能會對本公司造成重、疑慮之事件或情況有關之重大不確定因素。

本公司獨立核數師就彼等有關財務報表申報責任之聲明載於獨立核數師報告。

DISCLAIMER OF OPINION

We do not express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements of the Group. Because of the significance of the matter described in the Basis for Disclaimer of Opinion section of our report, we have not been able to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence to provide a basis for an audit opinion on these consolidated financial statements. In all other respects, in our opinion the consolidated financial statements have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

DISCLOSURE OF THE CHANGES IN THE INFORMATION OF DIRECTORS

Pursuant to Rule 17.50A(1) of the GEM Listing Rules, changes in the information of the Directors required to be disclosed in this report.

Mr. Wang Rongqian, an executive Director of the Company, was appointed as an independent non-executive director of CL Group (Holdings) Limited (a company listed on the GEM, stock code: 8098) and Kirin Group Holdings Limited (a company listed on the GEM, stock code: 8109) on 2 October 2019 and 3 April 2020, respectively.

AUDITORS' REMUNERATION

For the year ended 31 March 2020, the remuneration paid and payable to the auditors, in respect of the audit services to the Group were approximately HK\$690,000 (2019: HK\$630,000).

不發表意見

本核數師並無就 貴集團之綜合財務報表作出意見。基於本報告不發表意見之基準一節所載之重大事宜,本核數師未能取得足夠且適當之審核憑證為審核該等綜合財務報表提供意見基礎。於所有其他方面,本核數師認為,該等綜合財務報表已根據香港公司條例之披露規定妥為編製。

董事資料變動披露

根據GEM上市規則第17.50A(1)條,須於本報告 內披露以下董事資料變動:

本公司執行董事王荣騫先生於二零一九年十月二日及二零二零年四月三日分別獲委任為昌利(控股)有限公司(GEM上市公司,股份代號:8098)及麒麟集團控股有限公司(GEM上市公司,股份代號:8109)之獨立非執行董事。

核數師薪酬

於截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度,就向本集團提供審核服務已付及應付核數師之薪酬約為690,000港元(二零一九年:630,000港元)。

COMMUNICATIONS WITH SHAREHOLDERS AND INVESTORS

The disclosure of the Group's information in a reasonable and time manner by the Board is to facilitate the shareholders as well as the investors to have better understanding in relation to the business performance, operations and strategies of the Group. Through our website which allows the Company's potential and existing investors as well as the public to assess and acquire the up-to-date company and financial information.

Information of the Company is disseminated to the shareholders, the investors and the public are as follows:

- Delivery of the annual, interim and quarterly reports; and
- Publication of announcements on the annual, interim and quarterly results on the websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company's website, and issue of other announcements and notices, and shareholders' circulars in accordance with the continuing disclosure obligations under the GEM Listing Rules.

COMPANY SECRETARY

Mr. Au Yeung Yiu Chung ("Mr. AU Yeung") has been appointed as the Company Secretary on 23 May 2018. Mr. Au Yeung holds a Bachelor of Science in Applied Biology with Biotechnology, the degree of Master of Business Administration from University of Wales, Newport and the degree of Master of Corporate Governance from The Open University of Hong Kong. He is a fellow member of The Hong Kong Institute of Chartered Secretaries and The Institute of Chartered Secretaries and Administrators in the United Kingdom. During the Year, Mr. Au Yeung has undertaken over 15 hours of professional training pursuant to the GEM Listing Rules 5.15 to update his skills and knowledge.

All Directors have access to the advice and services of the Company Secretary. The Company Secretary reports to the Chairman on board governance matters, and is responsible for ensuring that Board procedures are properly followed and for facilitating communications among Directors as well as with Shareholders and management.

與股東及投資者之溝通

董事會合理及適時披露本集團資料,目的在於幫助股東及投資者更好地瞭解本集團之業務表現、營運及策略。透過我們網站,本公司之潛在及現有投資者以及公眾能瞭解及獲取最新之公司及財務資料。

本公司向股東、投資者及公眾分發以下本公司資料:

- 一 寄發年度、中期及季度報告;及
- 根據GEM上市規則之持續披露責任,於 聯交所及本公司網站刊發年度、中期及 季度業績公告,及刊發其他公告及通知 以及股東通函。

公司秘書

全體董事均可取得公司秘書之建議及服務。 公司秘書向主席報告有關董事會管治事宜, 並負責確保董事會程序得以妥當遵循及促進 董事之間溝通以及與股東與管理層之間溝通。

SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS

Convening an extraordinary general meeting

Pursuant to article 58 of the Articles of Association, extraordinary general meetings (the "EGM") of the Company shall be convened on the requisition of any one or more shareholders holding at the date of deposit of the requisition not less than one-tenth of the paid up capital of the Company carrying the right of voting at general meetings of the Company. Such shareholders shall have the right, by written requisition to the Board or the company secretary of the Company, to require an EGM to be called by the Board for the transaction of any business specified in such requisition; and the EGM shall be held within two months after the deposit of such requisition. If within twenty-one days of such deposit the Board fails to proceed to convene such meeting, the requisitionist(s) himself (themselves) may do so in the same manner, and all reasonable expenses incurred by the requisitionist(s), as a result of the failure of the Board shall be reimbursed to the requisitionist(s) by the Company.

Putting Forward Proposals at General Meetings

A shareholder shall make a written requisition to the Board or the Company Secretary of the Company at the principal place of business of the Company in Hong Kong, specifying the shareholding information of the shareholder, his/her contact details and the proposal he/she intends to put forward at general meeting regarding any specified transaction/business and its supporting documents.

股東權利

召開股東特別大會

於股東大會上提呈建議

股東可向本公司香港主要營業地點之董事會 或本公司之公司秘書提出書面請求,當中須 註明該股東之股權資料,其聯繫方式及擬就 任何具體交易/事務而於股東大會上提呈之 建議及其證明文件。

SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS (Continued)

Making Enquiries to the Board

Shareholders may at any time send written enquiries or requests, either by post, by facsimiles or by email, together with his/her contact details, such as postal address, email or fax, addressing to the Board of the Company at the following address or facsimile number or via email:

Rooms 2007, 20/F., C C Wu Building, 302-308 Hennessy Road, Wanchai, Hong Kong

Fax: (852) 3583-5683

Email: info@farnovagp-hk.com

All enquiries shall first be collected by the Company Secretary who shall report to the executive Directors periodically. The executive Directors shall review the enquiries and collect answers from relevant department. The executive Directors will reply the enquiries directly or authorise the Company Secretary to reply enquiries in writing.

For the avoidance of doubt, shareholder(s) must deposit and send the original duly signed written requisition or enquiry to the above address and provide their full name, contact details and identification in order to give effect thereto. Shareholder original duly signed written requisition or enquiry is disclosed as required by law.

Investor Relations

The Company believes that maintaining a high level of transparency is a key to enhance investor relations. It is committed to a policy of open and timely disclosure of corporate information to its shareholders and investment public. The Company updates its shareholders on its latest business developments and financial performance through its annual, interim and quarterly reports. The corporate website of the Company (http://www.farnovagp-hk.com) has provided an effective communication platform to the public and the shareholders. During the review period, there had been no significant change in the Company's constitutional documents.

股東權利(續)

向董事會提出查詢

股東可隨時按下列地址或傳真號碼或電郵將 書面杳詢或要求(不論郵寄、傳真或電郵)連 同其詳細聯絡資料(如郵寄地址、電郵或傳真) 提交予本公司董事會:

香港灣仔軒尼詩道302-308號

集成中心20樓2007室

傳真: (852) 3583-5683

電郵: info@farnovagp-hk.com

所有查詢將先由公司秘書收集,而公司秘書 將定期向執行董事報告。執行董事檢閱所有 查詢及收集相關部門之解答。執行董事將直 接回覆查詢或授權公司秘書以書面形式回覆 杳詢。

為免生疑問,股東必須於遞交及發送正式簽 署之書面要求或查詢正本至上述地址,並提 供彼等全名、聯絡詳情及身份,以使其有效。 股東正式簽署之書面請求或查詢正本將根據 法律規定予以披露。

投資者關係

本公司認為,維持高水平透明度是提升投資 者關係之關鍵,並致力保持向其股東及投資 公眾人士公開及適時披露公司資料之政策。 本公司透過年度、中期及季度報告為其股東 提供業務發展和財務表現之最新資訊。本公 司之公司網站(http://www.farnovagp-hk.com) 已為公眾人士及股東提供一個有效之溝通平 台。於回顧期間,本公司之章程文件並無重 大變更。

Environmental, Social and Government Report 環境、社會及管治報告

INTRODUCTION AND SCOPE

This report is the second Environmental, Social and Governance Report (the "ESG Report") in compliance with the Environmental, Social and Governance Reporting Guide (the "ESG Reporting Guide") in Appendix 20 of the GEM Listing Rules. This report discloses the Group's performance on Environmental, Social and Governance ("ESG") focusing on the accomplishments over the period between 1 April 2019 and 31 March 2020 (the "Year").

The ESG Report intends to give insight into the approach adopted and actions taken by the Group regarding its operations and sustainability that have implication for the Group and the interest to stakeholders. The ESG Report has been presented into two aspects, environmental and social aspects which will focus on our two core businesses, provision of digital television services in Hong Kong and the PRC and the provision of car beauty services in Hong Kong. During the Year under review, the Group committed to a high standard of corporate social responsibility and strictly complied with the requirements of relevant laws and regulations as addressed by the ESG Reporting Guide.

A. ENVIRONMENTAL ASPECT

A.1 Emissions and pollutants

The environmental pollutants generated by the Group in this year mainly include: wastewater, gases, hazardous wastes and non-hazardous wastes.

Discharge of wastewater and related measures

The wastewater generated by the Group mainly refers to the industrial wastewater and domestic wastewater. The industrial wastewater includes the wastewater from car wash, car repair and maintenance and equipment cleaning water. The domestic wastewater mainly refers to the waste water generated in the office.

To comply with the advocacy of "Green Garage" launched by the Environmental Protection Department, the Group has built suitable drainage systems in the workshop and only discharge treated wastewater to foul drains. Our Group is not encouraged to allow water to run continuously from taps and sprays in order to reduce wastewater discharge. To ensure the effective use of water and lessen the waste due to leakage, we have performed regularly check-up for our equipment.

緒言及範圍

本環境、社會及管治報告(「環境、社會及管治報告」)按照GEM上市規則附錄二十中環境、社會及管治報告指引(「環境、社會及管治報告指引」)編製。本報告披露本集團於環境、社會及管治方面之表現,並集中於二零一九年四月一日至二零二零年三月三十一日期間(「本年度」)之成果。

A. 環境節疇

A.1 排放及污染物

本集團於本年度產生之環境污染物主要包括:廢水、氣體、有害廢物及無害廢物。

廢水排放及相關措施

本集團產生之廢水主要為工業廢水及生活污水。工業廢水包括洗車廢水、汽車修理及維護以及設備清洗用水。生活污水主要指辦公室產生之廢水。

為符合環境保護署倡導之「環保車房」,本集團已於車間內設立合適之排污系統,並僅將經處理之污水排放至污水渠。本集團不鼓勵打開水龍頭及噴霧器讓水源不斷流走,以減少廢水排放。為確保有效用水並減少因滲漏造成之浪費,我們定期進行設備檢查。

A. ENVIRONMENTAL ASPECT (Continued)

A.1 Emissions and pollutants (Continued)

Discharge of gases and related measures

The gases generated by the Group mainly refers to the odour and paint mist generated by the paint spraying and exhaust emission generated by repairing and maintaining the vehicle.

The process is conducted in paint spray booth or designated compartments in a workshop. During paint spraying, the doors of the paint spray booth is closed tightly to avoid leakage of odour and paint mist. The paint spray booth and designated compartment are installed with air pollution control facilities including paint mist filtering facilities. As the Group also provides the vehicle check-up for exhaust emission, exhaust is emitted during the check-up. We conduct the engine tuning in the restricted area in order to decrease the nuisance caused by exhaust gas. We do not allow vehicle exhaust gas to escape uncontrolled, affecting nearby residents. Our Group also maintains the facilities regularly.

Discharge of hazardous wastes and related measures

The hazardous wastes generated by the Group mainly refers to organic solvents and paint generated by the paint spraying.

As these wastes are chemical wastes, it must be handled with due care in order to avoid pollution of soil or drainage system by chemical waste. We store these wastes in the designated areas having wall and impermeable floor. We handle these hazardous wastes according to the statutory requirements.

Discharge of non-hazardous wastes and related measure

The non-hazardous wastes generated by the Group mainly refer to household garbage.

We have cleaned and transported the household garbage timely for not generating the smell, stink and flies pollution to the neighbourhood.

A. 環境範疇(續)

A.1 排放及污染物(續)

氣體排放及相關措施

本集團產生之氣體主要為噴漆產生之臭 味及噴霧漆以及修理及維護車 輛產生 之廢氣排放。

有害廢物排放及相關措施

本集團所產生之有害廢物主要指噴漆所 產生之有機溶劑及漆料。

由於該等廢物為化學廢物,故須謹 慎處 理以避免化學廢物污染土壤或排水系統。 我們於設有牆壁及防滲漏地板之指定地 點存放該等廢物,並根據法定規定處理 該等有害廢物。

無害廢物排放及相關措施

本集團產生之無害廢物主要指家居垃圾。

我們已適時清理並運走家居垃圾,以防止因產生異味、臭味及蒼蠅而污染社區。

A. ENVIRONMENTAL ASPECT (Continued)

A.2 Use of resources

The Group has mainly utilized the electricity and water during the course of business.

The electricity is consumed through lighting and air-conditioning during production and broadcasting and the emissions from business travel through Hong Kong and the PRC.

During the Year, the Group reported consumption of the sum of 43,728 kWh of electricity.

The water is consumed through production use and domestic use. The production use refers to the use for performing the car wash services and the domestic use refers to the office.

During the Year, the Group reported consumption of the sum of $1,059 \, \text{m}^3$ of water.

To consume electricity and water effectively, the Group adopts the following measures to reduce the consumption, including:

- turning off the electronic equipment when it is not being used and switch the lights off before leaving the office and the workstations;
- repair and maintain the electronic devices regularly to avoid overconsumption due to malfunction;
- deploying energy-efficient devices which carry Energy Label issued by the Electrical and Mechanical Service Department; and
- advocating the temperature at the office and workstations to be remained at 25.5 degree Celsius.

A. 環境範疇(續)

A.2 資源使用

本集團於業務過程中主要使用電力及水。

於製作及廣播時透過照明及空調消耗電力,並於往返香港及中國之商務旅遊中 產生排放。

於本年度,本集團錄得43,728千瓦時之 耗電量。

製作用途及生活用途耗水。製作用途指 進行洗車服務之用水,而生活用途指辦 公室用水。

於本年度,本集團錄得1,059立方米之耗 水量。

為有效耗電和耗水,本集團採取下列措施以減少消耗,包括:

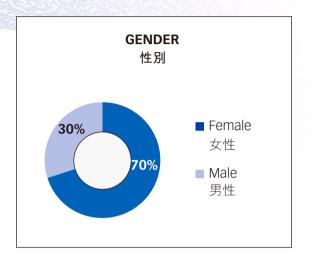
- 關掉閒置之電子設備並於離開辦公室及工作室前關燈;
- 定期維修及保養電子設備以避免因故障所致之過度消耗;
- 配備能源效益裝置,該等裝置印有 由機電工程署發出之能源標籤;及
- 提倡辦公室及工作室溫度保持攝 氏25.5度。

Environmental, Social and Government Report 環境、社會及管治報告

A. ENVIRONMENTAL ASPECT (Continued)

A.2 Use of resources (Continued)

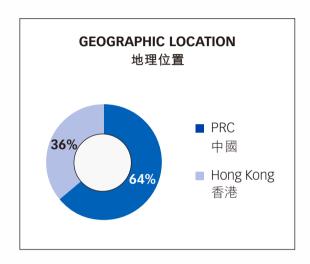
The resources used by the Group from offices relates to water, electricity and paper consumption.



A. 環境範疇(續)

A.2 資源使用(續)

本集團辦公室所用資源涉及用水、用電 及用紙。



A.3 Environmental and natural resources

The Group is a member of the community and is proactive to preserve the environment.

The Group has developed the Environmental Management System which has been certified to comply with ISO14001. The Group will regularly spread the practical tips and information about the environmental friendly action to the management and employees to minimize the impact of the business on the environment.

A.3 環境及天然資源

本集團為社區一員並積極保護環境。

本集團設有環境管理系統,並符合 ISO14001之認證。本集團將定期向管理 層及僱員分發有關環保之實用小貼士及 資料,以盡量減少業務對環境造成的影響。

A. ENVIRONMENTAL ASPECT (Continued)

A.3 Environmental and natural resources

(Continued)

To be an environmental-friendly member, we adopt the following measure to use the natural resources effectively apart from electricity and water, including:

- reducing the use of paper and encourage duplex printing and reusing of single-side printed papers;
- strictly complies with relevant environmental laws and regulations towards local laws and regulations on environment in the PRC and Hong Kong such as Environmental Protection Law of the People's Republic of China 《中華人民共和國環境保護法》, Law of The People's Republic of China on The Prevention and Control of Atmospheric Pollution 《中華人民共和國大氣污染防治法》 and Urban Drainage and Sewage Treatment Ordinance 《城鎮排水與污水處理條例》; and
- performing regular assessment in analysing data in aims to better manage the use of resources.

B. SOCIAL ASPECT

B.1 Employment and Labour practices

The Group advocate employee-friendly environment with fair and equal opportunities for people with different age, gender, race, colour, sexual orientation, disability or marital status in order to increase the satisfaction and sense of belongings of employees. The Group also provide competitive remuneration for employees and try to provide the platform for employees to realize the personal value.

The Group has established a set of comprehensive human resources policies regarding employment, promotion, dismissal, training, welfare and remuneration.

A. 環境範疇(續)

A.3 環境及天然資源(續)

身為環保成員,我們採取下列措施以有效使用自然資源(水電除外),包括:

- 減少用紙及鼓勵雙面印刷以及重 用單面打印紙張;
- 本集團嚴格遵守相關環境法律及 法規,包括中國及香港本地之環境 法律及法規,例如《中華人民共和 國環境保護法》、《中華人民共和國 大氣污染防治法》及《城鎮排水與污 水處理條例》;及
- 定期評估分析數據,旨在更有效管 理資源使用。

B. 社會節疇

B.1 僱傭及勞工常規

本集團提倡僱員友善環境,為所有人提 供公正平等之機會,而不論年齡、性別、 種族、膚色、性取向、殘疾或婚姻狀況, 從而提高僱員滿意度及歸屬感。本集團 亦向僱員提供具競爭力之薪酬,並致力 為僱員提供平台,讓彼等實現個人價值。

本集團已制定一套有關僱傭、升遷、解僱、培訓、福利及薪酬之全面人力資源 政策。

B.1 Employment and Labour practices

(Continued)

The Group therefore complies with the following rules and regulations strictly, including, Labour Law of the People's Republic of China 《中華人民共和國勞動法》("the PRC Labour Law"), Labour Contract Law of People's Republic of China 《中華人民共和國勞動合同法》("the PRC Labour Contract Law"), Hong Kong Employee Ordinance, Hong Kong Employees' Compensation Ordinance and other relevant employment laws applicable to the jurisdictions where the Group operates.

The Group have then formulated the human resources policies and procedures and additional bonus and incentives into the remuneration system. The remuneration of employees is determined by duties and align with the market rate. The welfare that the Group provides includes retirement pension, medical insurance and so on. Staff handbook also highlights important information of policies on compensation, employee benefits including medical insurance, rights on termination, business conduct and leave benefits.

Employees' performance is evaluated on a timely basis so that it could be also reflected in employees' remuneration accordingly. The Group values the personal development of employees and establishes training programmes for employees to join so that it could cultivate the potential future leader.

Social activities such as annual dinner, team building and other social events are organised for employees in order to have their work-life balance, decrease employees pressure and discomfort, boost the morale of employees and enhance the bonding among employees.

Apart from that, the Group review and may update the human resources policies from time to time to prevent from violating the labor laws.

B. 社會範疇(續)

B.1 僱傭及勞工常規(續)

因此,本集團嚴格遵守下列規則及法規,包括《中華人民共和國勞動法》(「中國勞動法」)、《中華人民共和國勞動合同法》(「中國勞動合同法」)、香港《僱傭條例》、香港《僱員補償條例》及適用於本集團營運所在司法管轄區之其他相關僱傭法律。

本集團已制定人力資源政策及程序,並 於薪酬制度加入額外花紅及獎勵。僱員 薪酬按其所擔任之職務釐定並依市場水 平調整。本集團提供包括退休金、醫 保險等福利。員工手冊亦強調薪酬、僱 員福利(包括醫療保險、終止權利、商 操守及休假福利)政策等重要資料。

僱員表現會適時評估,以相應反映於僱員薪酬。本集團重視僱員個人發展並建 立僱員培訓課程,以培育未來潛在領導 人。

本集團為僱員舉行週年晚宴、團隊建設 及其他社交事項等社會活動,令彼等於 工作與生活之間取得平衡、減輕員工壓 力及不適、提升僱員士氣並增強與僱員 之間之關係。

此外,本集團檢討並可能不時更新人力資源政策以避免違反勞工法律。

B.2 Health and Safety

Employees are crucial to the Group and maintaining employee's occupational health and safety plays an important role for the Group.

The Group operates in both PRC and Hong Kong. The Group then strictly complies with the related laws and regulation including Regulation on Work-related Injury Insurance 《工傷保險條例》,Measures for the recognition of work-related Injuries 《工傷認定方法》,Law of the People's Republic of China on the Prevention and Control of Occupational Diseases 《中華民共和國職業病防治法》,Waste Disposal (Chemical Waste) (General) Regulation of Hong Kong 《廢物處理(化學廢物)(一般)規例》 and Occupational Safety and Health Regulation of Hong Kong 《職業安全及健康條例》 for a healthy and comfortable working environment.

There is also fire prevention protection including fire-fighting equipment such as fire extinguisher and fire detection equipment are equipped and checked regularly to prevent any fire outbreak. Staff also participate in regular fire drill and smoking is prohibited in all areas.

Apart from this, the Group operates car beauty service which store various kinds of chemicals that might harm the safety. The Group cast more attention to store and to handle these chemical timely and properly and enhance the employees' awareness so that it could prevent from any gases leakage, fire or explosion due to inappropriate storage. The Group has an instructor guide for using the materials and the reminders for using those materials.

For the Year, the Group has reported zero work related fatalities and work injuries.

B. 社會範疇(續)

B.2 健康與安全

僱員對本集團至關重要,而維持僱員職 業健康與安全對本集團亦相當重要。

本集團於中國內地及香港營運。本集團為健康舒適之工作環境嚴格遵守相關法律及規則,包括《工傷保險條例》、《工傷認定方法》、《中華人民共和國職業病防治法》、《廢物處理(化學廢物)(一般)規例》及《職業安全及健康條例》。

我們亦採取防火保護措施,包括配備滅 火器及火災偵測設備等消防設備,並定 期檢查,防止任何火災爆發。員工亦定 期參與消防演習,且所有區域禁止吸煙。

此外,由於本集團經營汽車美容服務, 故此存放多種可能損害安全之化學物。 本集團更加關注存放情況,適時適當 理該等化學物並提高員工安全意識,以 避免因存放不當而產生之任何氣體洩漏、 火災或爆炸。本集團設有使用材料之指 導手冊及使用該等材料之提示。

於本年度,本集團並無任何工作相關致命事故及工傷。

Environmental, Social and Government Report 環境、社會及管治報告

B. SOCIAL ASPECT (Continued)

B.3 Development and Training

The Group values the personal development of employees and therefore establishes training programmes for employees to join so that it could cultivate the potential future leader.

The Group encourages for lifelong learning in order to adapt to this ever-changing world. Employees are encouraged for continuous development so that they can broaden and expand their skillset and mindset through training, grow in the Group and ultimately could contribute to our society.

To realise the growth of staff in the Group, various internal and external trainings and workshops periodically throughout the year are provided. Those programmes focus on aspects including but not limited to financing, accounting, corporate governance and others directly related to the business of the Group. More importantly, the trainings focus on improving the employees' knowledge, skills and attitude. The Group reserves a fund for Directors and all levels of staff for training and reviews annually if the fund is sufficient

To facilitate the new staff to familiarise with the Group, orientation and on-job training are provided. Staff evaluation is performed annually so that both the Group and the staff review what can strengthen or improve afterwards.

B. 社會範疇(續)

B.3 發展及培訓

本集團重視僱員個人發展,故為僱員設 立培訓課程,以培育未來潛在領導人。

本集團鼓勵終身學習以適應瞬息萬變之 世界。本集團鼓勵僱員持續發展,使僱 員能通過培訓擴闊及拓展彼等之技能水 平及思維,並與本集團共同成長及最終 可貢獻社會。

為協助新進員工熟悉本集團,我們提供 輔導及在職訓練。每年進行員工評估, 令本集團及員工檢討可事後增進或改進 其表現之處。

B.4 Labour Standards

The Group is strictly obeyed to the PRC Labour Law and Employee Ordinance, Chapter 57 of the law of Hong Kong. We strictly prohibit to hire any individuals under legal working age or without any identification documents.

In the recruitment process, human resources department will request the candidate to present effective identification document. Other than that, the human resources will perform reference check accordingly to the materials provided. The Group has strictly obeyed related local law on equal employment opportunity. The Group signs the labour contracts with all employees with mutual agreement.

The Group sets up an anonymous whistling-blowing system and encourage staff to blow the whistle if they are forced to do against their will or under threat of punishment. Through such system, the Group could become more transparent and fair.

For the Year, there is no labour dispute between the Company and its staff.

B.5 Supply Chain Management

The Group values every stakeholder, especially suppliers, as it could bring profound impact on our business.

It is believed that maintaining good relationship with suppliers could lead to have competitive edge, enhance the quality brought to customers and ultimately to have better results. This year, the suppliers of the Group maintained steadily which provided the services and materials to the Group stably as well. The Group believe that these suppliers could maintain long-term business relationship and ensures the economic interest, and legitimate rights and interests of both suppliers and the Group.

B. 社會範疇(續)

B.4 勞工準則

本集團嚴格遵從中國勞動法及香港法例 第57章《僱傭條例》。我們嚴格禁止僱用 任何未滿合法工作年齡或並無持有任何 身份證明文件之人士。

於招聘過程中,人力資源部門將要求應徵者出示有效身份證明文件。此外,人力資源將就其所提供資料進行檢查。本集團已嚴格遵從當地有關平等僱傭機會之法律。本集團與全體僱員簽訂雙方同意之勞動合同。

本集團設立匿名舉報機制,鼓勵員工於 被迫違背個人意願或面臨處罰威脅時舉 報。透過該機制,本集團可更透明公正。

於本年度,本公司與員工之間並無勞資 糾紛。

B.5 供應鏈管理

本集團重視每名持份者,特別是供應商, 因其可對業務帶來深遠影響。

我們深信與供應商維持良好關係能帶來競爭優勢,提高向客戶提供服務之質素,從而創造佳績。於本年度,本集團供應商維持穩定,亦穩固地向本集團提供服務及材料。本集團相信該等供應商可維持長期業務關係,並確保經濟利益以及雙方合法權利及利益。

B.6 Product Responsibility

The Group values significantly to our services quality and the loyalty of our customers and business partners. Customers top our priority and we focus on their service experience and after-sales services.

The Group establish and launch customer communication system so that customers give feedback and the Group could gather, handle and analyse the feedback. Subsequently, the Group would allow to have better response in order to meet the need and expectations of customers. From achieving this, the Group could retain loyal customers.

Apart from that, the Group gather data of customers personal information and services enjoyed. Therefore, the Group establish the information management system policies to provide guidance to staff on maintaining and using the data and restrict the access or use where necessary to protect the interest of the Group. Data is classified into different levels according to the confidentiality as public, internal, and restricted/confidential. In order to protect consumer data and privacy, we will keep the client information together and destroy on a timely basis with due care.

B.7 Anti-Corruption

Anti-corruption and money laundering

The Group values the integrity and justice enormously. The management of the Group establish the code of conduct and employees in the Group must strictly comply with the codes in their daily duties. Through communications with employees from time to time, the rules and regulations are frequently conveyed. The Group expect the employees obey the law, uphold their principles, and reject any beneficial temptations in order to prevent from involving in corruption and money laundering.

B. 社會範疇(續)

B.6 產品責任

本集團非常重視服務質素以及客戶及業 務夥伴之忠誠度。客戶為我們首要之考 量,而我們著重彼等之服務體驗及售後 服務。

本集團建立並推出客戶通訊系統,令客 戶可提供反饋並使本集團可收集、處理 及分析有關反饋。本集團隨後將可提供 更佳回應以滿足客戶之需求及預期,藉 此保留忠誠客戶。

此外,本集團收集客戶個人資訊及享有服務之資料。因此,本集團成立信息管理機制政策,為員工維護及使用資料提供指引,並於必要時限制存取或使用、以保護本集團之利益。資料根據公開、、內部及限制/機密之程度分為不同級別。各保護消費者之資料及私隱,我們將客戶資料集中保管並及時謹慎銷毀。

B.7 反貪污

反貪污及洗黑錢

本集團十分重視誠信及正義。本集團管理層制定行為守則,而本集團僱員須於日常職務中嚴格遵守該等守則。規則及法規經常透過不時與僱員溝通傳達。本集團期望僱員遵守法律、堅守彼等之之則並拒絕任何利益誘惑,以避免涉及貪污及洗黑錢。

B.7 Anti-Corruption (Continued)

Anti-corruption and money laundering (Continued)

The Group strictly abide by all relevant laws including, Criminal law of the People's Republic of China 《中華人民共和國刑法》,the Anti-Unfair Competition Law of the People's Republic of China 《中華人民共和國反不正當競爭法》,Prevention of Bribery Ordinance of Hong Kong, Theft Ordinance of Hong Kong, Corruption Prevent Guide for the Listed Company of Hong Kong and all other relevant laws and regulations.

Directors, their associates or, any shareholders of the Company who own more than 5% of the issued share capital of the Company, do not have any interest in the Group's five largest customers and the five largest suppliers.

During the Year, the Group has not received any complaint or notification from governmental authorities regarding non-compliance of the Group or its employees with anti-corruption laws referred to above.

Whistle-blowing Policy

The Group has a whistleblower policy which a complaint channel is established for employees or other parties to confidentially and/or anonymously report any actual or suspected occurrence of improper conduct involving the Group.

B.8 Community investment

Community involvement

The Group values the community that it lives and takes its responsibility to promote the sustainable development and build a harmonious society. We plan to activate launching different kinds of contributions including, donation, charities, and so on. Assessment will be taken on how to integrate business activities with the interests of community. Also, the Group is committed to provide career opportunities to the locals and promote the development of the community's economy.

B. 社會範疇(續)

B.7 反貪污(續)

反貪污及洗黑錢(續)

本集團嚴格遵守所有相關法律,包括《中華人民共和國刑法》、《中華人民共和國 反不正當競爭法》、香港《防止賄賂條例》、香港《盗竊罪條例》、香港《上市公司防止貪污指引》及所有其他相關法律及法規。

董事、其聯繫人士或於本公司已發行股本中擁有超過5%權益之任何本公司股東,概無於本集團五大客戶及五大供應商中擁有任何權益。

於本年度,本集團並無接獲來自政府機關有關本集團或其僱員違反上述反貪污 法律之任何投訴或通知。

舉報政策

本集團設有舉報政策,為僱員或其他人 士建立投訴渠道,以私下及/或匿名匯 報與本集團有關任何實際或疑似發生之 不當行為。

B.8 社區投資

社區參與

本集團重視所在社區並承擔推廣可持續 發展及建立和諧社會之責任。我們擬開 展不同種類之貢獻,包括捐款、慈善貢 獻等。我們將就如何結合業務活動與社 區利益進行評估。此外,本集團亦致力 為當地人士提供就業機會,並促進社區 經濟發展。

Independent Auditor's Report 獨立核數師報告



To the Shareholders of FARNOVA GROUP HOLDINGS LIMITED (FORMERLY KNOWN AS CODE AGRICULTURE (HOLDINGS) LIMITED)

(incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability)

DISCLAIMER OF OPINION

We were engaged to audit the consolidated financial statements of Farnova Group Holdings Limited (formerly known as Code Agriculture (Holdings) Limited) (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as "the Group") set out on pages 74 to 203, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 March 2020, and the consolidated statement of profit or loss, the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

We do not express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements of the Group. Because of the significance of the matter described in the Basis for Disclaimer of Opinion section of our report, we have not been able to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence to provide a basis for an audit opinion on these consolidated financial statements. In all other respects, in our opinion the consolidated financial statements have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

致 法 諾集團控股有限公司股東 (前稱科地農業控股有限公司)

(於百慕達註冊成立之有限公司)

不發表意見

本核數師獲委聘以審核第74至203頁所載法諾 集團控股有限公司(前稱科地農業控股有限公司) (「貴公司」)及其子公司(統稱「貴集團」)之綜合 財務報表,其中包括於二零二零年三月三十一 日之綜合財務狀況表,以及截至該日止年度 之綜合損益表、綜合全面收益表、綜合財務報 變動表及綜合現金流量表,以及綜合財務報 表附註(包括主要會計政策概要)。

本核數師並無就 貴集團之綜合財務報表作出意見。基於本報告不發表意見之基準一節所載之重大事宜,本核數師未能取得足夠且適當之審核憑證為審核該等綜合財務報長提高見基礎。於所有其他方面,本核數師與供意見基礎。於所有其他方面,本核數師例為,該等綜合財務報表已根據香港公司條例之披露規定妥為編製。

BASIS FOR DISCLAIMER OF OPINION

Multiple uncertainties related to the going concern basis

As disclosed in note 2 to consolidated financial statements, the Group had net current liabilities of approximately HK\$124,283,000 and capital deficiency of approximately HK\$128,109,000 as at 31 March 2020. The existence of these uncertainties casts significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as going concern.

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the assumption that the Group will continue as a going concern, the validity of which is dependent on the favourable outcomes of the steps being taken by the directors as described in note 2 to the consolidated financial statements. However, we were unable to obtain sufficient audit evidence to assess the appropriateness and validity of the going concern assumption. Should the going concern assumption be inappropriate, adjustments would have to be made to reclassify all non-current assets and liabilities as current assets and liabilities, write down the value of assets to their recoverable amounts and to provide for any further liabilities which may arise. These consolidated financial statements do not include any of those adjustments.

不發表意見之基準 有關持續經營基準之多個不確定性

誠如綜合財務報表附註2披露,貴集團於二零二零年三月三十一日之流動負債淨額約為124,283,000港元,而資本虧絀約為128,109,000港元。此等不確定因素導致貴集團之持續經營能力成疑。

Independent Auditor's Report 獨立核數師報告

RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTORS AND THOSE CHARGED WITH GOVERNANCE FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (the "HKICPA") and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

董事及管治層就綜合財務報表須 承擔之責任

董事負責根據香港會計師公會(「香港會計師公會」)頒佈之香港財務報告準則及香港公司條例之披露規定,編製真實而公平之綜合財務報表,並落實董事認為編製綜合財務報表所必要之內部控制,以使綜合財務報表不存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致之重大錯誤陳述。

於編製綜合財務報表時,董事負責評估 貴集團之持續經營能力,並在適用情況下披露與持續經營有關之事項,以及使用持續經營 為會計基礎,除非董事有意將 貴集團清盤 或停止經營,或別無其他實際替代方案。

管治層須負責監督 貴集團之財務報告過程。

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our responsibility is to conduct an audit of the Group's consolidated financial statements in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing issued by the HKICPA and to issue an auditor's report. This report is made solely to you, as a body, in accordance with section 90 of the Bermuda Companies Act 1981, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liabilities to any other person for the contents of this report. However, because of the matter described in the Basis for Disclaimer of Opinion section of our report, we were not able to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence to provide a basis for an audit opinion on these consolidated financial statements.

We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA's Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants ("the Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in the independent auditor's report is Chan Wai Nam, William with Practising Certificate Number P05957.

Elite Partners CPA Limited *Certified Public Accountants*Hong Kong, 4 September 2020

10/F, 8 Observatory Road, Tsim Sha Tsui, Kowloon, Hong Kong

核數師就審核綜合財務報表須承 擔之責任

本核數師之責任為根據香港會計師公會頒佈之香港審計準則對 貴集團之綜合財務報表進行審核並出具核數師報告。本報告乃問體內力八一年百慕達公司法第90條僅向整體內內,並無其他用途。吾等不會就本都體內容向任何其他人士負上或承擔責任。然事宣見之基準一節所述之事證所本核數師無法取得足夠且適當之審核數師無法取得足夠且適當之審核數師無法取得足夠且適當之審核意見之基礎。

根據香港會計師公會頒佈之專業會計師道德 守則(「守則」),本核數師獨立於 貴集團,並 已履行守則中之其他道德責任。

出具本獨立核數師報告之審核項目合夥人為 陳偉楠(執業證書編號: P05957)。

開元信德會計師事務所有限公司

執業會計師 香港,二零二零年九月四日

香港九龍 尖沙咀 天文臺道8號10樓

Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss 綜合損益表

		Notes 附註	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
Continuing operations Revenue Cost of sales and services	持續經營 收入 銷售及服務成本	6	20,534 (17,000)	28,061 (23,741)
Cost of sales and services	<u> </u>		(17,000)	(23,741)
Gross profit	毛利		3,534	4,320
Other income	其他收入	7	8	814
Other loss	其他虧損	8	(13,496)	(12,461)
Distribution costs	分銷成本		_	(169)
Administrative expenses	行政費用		(23,144)	(13,744)
Net fair value loss on financial assets at	按公允值計入損益之			
fair value through profit or loss	金融資產之公允值 虧損	23	(1,207)	(1,282)
Finance costs	融資成本	9	(14,366)	(27,994)
Timumoo cooto	向		(14,000)	(27,774)
Loss before income tax	除所得税前虧損	10	(48,671)	(50,516)
Income tax credit	所得税抵免	12	-	20
	77113 003-000	· -		
Loss for the year from continuing	持續經營業務之			
operations	年度虧損		(48,671)	(50,496)
Discontinued operation	已終止經營業務			
Loss for the year from discontinued	已終止經營業務之			
operation	年度虧損	13	_	(259)
Loss for the year	年度虧損		(48,671)	(50,755)
Loss for the year attributable to owners	本公司擁有人應佔			
of the Company	年度 虧損			
 Continuing operations 	- 持續經營業務		(48,147)	(50,363)
 Discontinued operation 	- 已終止經營業務		_	(259)
Loss for the year attributable to owners	本公司擁有人應佔年度			
of the Company	虧損		(48,147)	(50,622)
Loss for the year attributable to non-	非控股權益應佔年度			
controlling interests	虧損			
 Continuing operations 	- 持續經營業務		(524)	(133)

Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss 綜合損益表

		Notes 附註	2020 二零二零年 HK\$′000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
Loss per share From continuing and discontinued operations	每股虧損 來自持續經營及已終止 經營業務			
– Basic	- 基本		(1.21)	(2.18)
– Diluted	- 攤薄		(1.21)	(2.18)
From continuing operations – Basic	來自持續經營業務 - 基本		(1.21)	(2.17)
– Diluted	- 攤 薄		(1.21)	(2.17)

Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income 綜合全面收益表

		2020 二零二零年 HK\$′000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
Loss for the year	年度虧損	(48,671)	(50,755)
Other comprehensive income Item that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:	其他全面收益 其後可能重新分類至損益之項目:		
Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations Reclassification of foreign currency translation reserve upon disposal of	換算海外業務產生之匯兑差額 出售一間子公司外匯換算儲備 重新分類	(423)	774
a subsidiary	里 机 刀 炔	1,281	_
Total comprehensive expenses for the year	年度全面開支總額	(47,813)	(49,981)
year		(47,010)	(47,701)
Total comprehensive expenses attributable to:	以下人士應佔全面開支總額:		
Owners of the CompanyNon-controlling interests	- 本公司擁有人 - 非控股權益	(47,308) (505)	(50,089) 108
		(47,813)	(49,981)

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position 綜合財務狀況表

As at 31 March 2020 於二零二零年三月三十一目

		Notes	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000
ASSETS AND LIABILITIES	資產及負債	附註	千港元	千港元
7,002.10 7,110 2,7,5,12,11120	只 压从只良			
Non-current assets	非流動資產			
Property, plant and equipment	物業、機器及設備	16	58	2,220
Right-of-use assets	使用權資產	17	54	-
Other intangible assets	其他無形資產	18	-	104
Investment in an associate	於一間聯營公司之投資	19	-	-
Deferred tax assets	遞延税項資產	30	-	
			112	2,324
Current assets	流動資產			
Loan receivables	應收貸款	21	_	4,416
Trade receivable	貿易應收款項	22	10,000	25,440
Prepayments, deposits and other	預付款項、按金及其他		·	•
receivables	應收款項	20	534	6,738
Financial assets at fair value through	按公允值計入損益之金			•
profit or loss	融資產	23	202	3,160
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物	24	149	2,220
			10,885	41,974
Current liabilities	流動負債			
Trade payables	貿易應付款項	25	7,677	18,890
Other payables and accruals	其他應付款項及應計費	20	7,077	10,07
other payables and decradis	用	26	23,094	16,163
Amount due to a non-controlling	應付子公司一名非控股	20	20,07.	10,100
shareholder of a subsidiary	股東款項	27	4,198	709
Amount due to a director	應付一名董事款項	2,	820	1,120
Borrowings	借貸	28	16,366	20,818
Convertible bonds	可換股債券	31	80,753	20,010
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	29	25	_
Tax payable	應付税項	-/	2,235	2,235
			135,168	59,935
Net current liabilities	流動負債淨額		(124,283)	(17,961
Total assets less current liabilities			(124,171)	(15,637

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position 綜合財務狀況表

As at 31 March 2020 於二零二零年三月三十一日

			2020 二零二零年	2019 二零一九年
		Notes 附註	ーマーマナ HK\$′000 千港元	ーマール HK\$'000 千港元
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債			
Convertible bonds	可換股債券	31	_	162,630
Bond and interest payable	應付債券及利息	32	3,938	_
			3,938	162,630
Net liabilities	負債淨額		(128,109)	(178,267)
EQUITY	權益			
Capital and reserves	股本及儲備			
Share capital	股本	33	1,961	1,072
Reserves	儲備		(125,928)	(171,725)
	大 刀马掠大 1 座 / L 排头			
Equity attributable to owners of the	本公司擁有人應佔權益		(400.0(7)	(470 (50)
Company Non-controlling interests	北京见插头		(123,967)	(170,653)
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益		(4,142)	(7,614)
	nn -l- des tals			
Capital deficiency	股本虧絀		(128,109)	(178,267)

Approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors 本公司董事會於二零二零年九月四日批准及 of the Company on 4 September 2020 and were signed on its 授權發行,並由以下人士代為簽署。 behalf.

Guo Gelin 郭格林 Director 董事

Mou Zhongwei 牟忠緯 Director 董事

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity 綜合權益變動表

		Attributable to owners of the Company 本公司擁有人應佔								
		Share capital	Share premium	Equity component of convertible bonds 可換股債券之	Merger reserve	Exchange reserve	Accumulated losses	Total	Non- controlling interests	Total equit
		股本 HK\$'000 千港元	股份溢價 HK\$'000 千港元 (note (a)) (附註(a))	可 条 放 頂 券 之 権 益 部 分 HK\$'000 千 港 元 (note (b)) (附 註(b))	合併儲備 HK\$'000 千港元 (note (C)) (附註(C))	匯兑储備 HK\$'000 千港元 (note (d)) (附註(d))	累計虧損 H K\$ '000 千港元	總計 HK\$'000 千港元	非控股權益 HK\$'000 千港元	總權 達 HK\$'00 千港 <i>7</i>
At 31 March 2018 Impact on initial application of HKFRS 9	於二零一八年三月三十一日 首次應用香港財務報告準則第9號之影響	760 -	132,194 -	42,505 -	(197)	(874)	(338,132) (4,980)	(163,744) (4,980)	(7,722) -	(171,46 (4,98
Adjusted balance at 1 April 2018 Loss for the year	二零一八年四月一日之經調整結餘 年度虧損	760 -	132,194	42,505 -	(197)	(874)	(343,112) (50,622)	(168,724) (50,622)	(7,722) (133)	(176,44 (50,75
Other comprehensive income – Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations	其他全面收益 - 換算海外業務產生之匯兑差額	-	-		-	533	-	533	241	77
Total comprehensive income (expense) for the year	年度全面收益(開支)總額	=	_	-	=	533	(50,622)	(50,089)	108	(49,98
Shares issued in respect of equity settlement of a loan (note (c))	就股份償還貸款而發行之股份(附註(c))	60	14,940	-	-	-	-	15,000	-	15,0
Shares issued under general mandate Loss on amendments of the terms of the	根據一般授權發行之股份 修訂可換股債券之條款之虧損(附註(bii))	28	6,972	39,494	-	-	(39,494)	7,000	- -	7,00
convertible bonds (note (bii)) Direct cost regarding to the amendments of the terms of the convertible bonds	有關修訂可換股債券條款之直接成本	-	-	(80)	-	-	-	(80)	-	(
Conversion of convertible bonds (note (biii)) Shares issued or to be issued in respect of bond interest payments (note (biv))	兑換可換股債券 (附註(biii)) 就支付債券利息而發行或將予發行之 股份(附註(biv))	136 88	19,585 10,712	(4,281)	-	-	-	15,440 10,800	-	15,4 10,8
At 31 March 2019	於二零一九年三月三十一日	1,072	184,403*	77,638*	(197)*	(341)*	(433,228)*	(170,653)	(7,614)	(178,2
oss for the year Other comprehensive income	年度虧損 其他全面收益	-	-	-	-	-	(48,147)	(48,147)	(524)	(48,6
Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations	- 換算海外業務產生之匯兑差額	-	-	-	-	(442)	-	(442)	19	(4:
Reclassification of foreign currency translation reserve upon disposal of a subsidiary	- 出售一間子公司外匯換算儲備重新分類	-	-	-	-	-	1,281	1,281	-	1,28
Total comprehensive expenses for the year	年度全面開支總額	-	-	-	-	(442)	(46,866)	(47,308)	(505)	(47,8
hares issued under general mandate onversion of convertible bonds (note (biii)) hares issued or to be issued in respect of bond interest payments (note (biv)) isposal of a subsidiary	根據一般授權發行之限份 兌換可換股債券(附註(biii)) 就支付债券利息而發行或將予發行之股份 (附註(biv)) 出售一間子公司	181 664 44	8,407 115,781 8,441	(39,524)	-	- - -	- - -	8,588 76,921 8,485	- - - 3,977	8,5 76,9 8,4 3,9
At 31 March 2020	二零二零年三月三十一日	1,961	317,032*	38,114*	(197)*	(783)*	(480,094)*	(123,967)	(4,142)	(128,10

^{*} These reserve accounts comprise the consolidated reserves of HK\$125,928,000 (2019: HK\$171,725,000) in the consolidated statement of financial position.

該等儲備賬包括綜合財務狀況表內之綜合儲備125,928,000港元(二零一九年:171,725,000)港元)。

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity 綜合權益變動表

For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度

Notes:

- (a) Share premium represents the excess of proceeds received over the nominal value of the Company's shares issued, less share issue expenses. Pursuant to the Companies Act of Bermuda, the Company's share premium account may be distributed in the form of fully paid bonus shares.
- (bi) Equity component of convertible bonds relates to convertible bonds issued during the year.
- (bii) On 25 October 2018, the Company and the bondholders of the 6% convertible bonds in the aggregate principal amount of HK\$130.0 million due on 5 November 2018 (the "CB 2018") and the 6% convertible bonds in the aggregate principal amount of HK\$120.0 million due on 28 June 2019 (the "CB 2019") (collective refer the "CB" and the "Bondholders") entered the supplemental agreements, pursuant to which the Company agreed with the Bondholders (i) to extend the maturity date of the CB 2018 and the CB 2019 from the maturity date of 5 November 2018 and 28 June 2019 respectively to the extended maturity date of 31 December 2020, and (ii) to change the interest payment terms of the CB 2018 and the CB 2019 from interest of 6% per annum payable annually to 8% per annum payable semi-annually. The approval from the Stock Exchange has been granted and the shareholders' approval has been obtained at the special general meeting of the Company dated 5 December 2018 to approve the amendments to the terms of the CB

As the terms of the CB have been amended, the CB has been revalued as at the date of obtaining the shareholders' approval on the basis carried out at that day by an independent qualified professional valuer not connected to the Group. The liability and the equity components of the CB have been adjusted. A gain on debt extinguishment of approximately HK\$1.7 million was recognised in the finance costs as the adjustment for the liability component and a loss of approximately HK\$39.5 million was recorded in the equity transactions.

(biii) During the year, the bondholders of the CB 2018 have converted the CB 2018 with the aggregate principal amount of HK\$50.0 million at conversion price of HK\$0.05 per share into 1,000,000,000 shares. (2019: no shares were converted). The bondholders of the CB 2019 have converted the CB 2019 with the aggregate principal amount of HK\$33.0 million at conversion price of HK\$0.05 per share into 660,000,000 Shares (2019: aggregate principal amount of HK\$17,000,000 converted into 340,000,000 shares).

附註:

- (a) 股份溢價是指所得款項超過公司已發行股份 面值的餘額減去股份發行費用。根據《百慕 達公司法》,公司的股份溢價賬可以以繳足 紅股的形式分配。
- (bi) 可換股債券的權益部分與年內發行的可換股債券有關。
- (bii) 於二零一八年十月二十五日,本公司與本金總 額130.0百萬港元於二零一八年十一月五日到 期之6%可換股債券(「二零一八年可換股債券」) 及本金總額120.0百萬港元於二零一九年六月 二十八日到期之6%可換股債券(「二零一九年 可換股債券」)之債券持有人(統稱為「可換股 債券」及「債券持有人」)訂立補充協議,據此, 本公司與債券持有人同意(i)延長二零一八年 可換股債券及二零一九年可換股債券之到期 日,由到期日分別為二零一八年十一月五日及 二零一九年六月二十八日延長至二零二零年 十二月三十一日;及(ii)變更二零一八年可換股 債券及二零一九年可換股債券之付息條款, 由應付年利率6%(每年支付)變更至應付年利 率8%(每半年支付)。聯交所已批准,並已於 二零一八年十二月五日在本公司股東特別大 會上取得股東就可換股債券條款之修訂批准。

由於可換股債券之條款已獲修訂,可換股債券於股東批准當日重估,基準為與本集團並無關連之獨立合資格專業估值師於該日所進行者。可換股債券之負債及權益部分已予調整。負債註銷之收益約為1.7百萬港元計入融資成本作為負債部分調整及虧損約為39.5百萬港元計入權益交易。

(biii) 於本年度,二零一八年可換股債券之債券持有人按兑換價每股0.05港元將本金總額為50.0百萬港元之二零一八年可換股債券兑換為1,000,000,000股股份(二零一九年:並無股份兑換)。二零一九年可換股債券之債券持有人按兑換價每股0.05港元將本金總額為33.0百萬港元之二零一九年可換股債券兑換為660,000,000股股份(二零一九年:本金總額17,000,000港元兑換為340,000,000股股份)。

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity 綜合權益變動表

For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度

- (biv) During the year, the Bondholders have requested to pay any interest payable by way of Shares. The interests of approximately HK\$8,485,000 have been paid by way of the Shares and 109,916,707 Shares were issued at conversion price of HK\$0.05 per share (2019: interests of approximately HK\$10,800,000 converted into 219,800,547 Shares).
- 應付利息。利息約8,485,000港元已以股份支付,且109,916,707股股份已按兑換價每股0.05港元發行(二零一九年:利息約10,800,000港元獲兑換為219,800,547股股份)。

(biv) 於本年度,債券持有人要求以股份支付任何

- (ci) The merger reserve of the Group represents the difference between the nominal value of the share capital of a subsidiary acquired and the nominal value of the shares issued by the Company in exchange thereof pursuant to the Group reorganisation on 20 March 2001 as set out in the prospectus of the Company dated 26 March 2001.
- (ci) 本集團之合併儲備指所收購子公司之股本面 值與本公司為換股而根據本公司日期為二零 零一年三月二十六日之招股章程所載本集團 於二零零一年三月二十日之重組所發行之股 份面值兩者間之差額。
- (cii) On 29 August 2018, the Company entered into the subscription agreement with Artic Blue Corporation ("Artic Blue"), pursuant to which the Company has agreed to allot and issue and Artic Blue has agreed to subscribe for 150,000,000 subscription shares at the subscription price of HK\$0.10 per subscription shares for settlement of the outstanding loan of approximately HK\$15.0 million due to Artic Blue. On 10 September 2018, 150,000,000 ordinary shares of the Company (the "Share(s)") were issued accordingly.
- (cii) 於二零一八年八月二十九日,本公司與Artic Blue Corporation (「Artic Blue」)訂立認購協議,據此,本公司已同意配發及發行,而Artic Blue已同意按每股認購股份0.10港元之認購價認購150,000,000股認購股份,以償還結欠Artic Blue的未償還貸款約15.0百萬港元。於二零一八年九月十日,本公司就此發行150,000,000股普通股(「股份」)。
- (ciii) On 19 September 2018, the Company entered into another subscription agreement with Mr. Wang Dequn ("Mr. Wang"), pursuant to which the Company agreed to allot and issue and Mr. Wang has agreed to subscribe for 70,000,000 subscription shares at the subscription price of HK\$0.10 per subscription shares for additional financial resources for the overall development of the Group. On 26 October 2018, 70,000,000 Shares were issued accordingly. Mr. Wang has been appointed as an executive Director and chairman of the Board with effect from 1 November 2018.
- (ciii) 於二零一八年九月十九日,本公司與王德群 先生(「王先生」)訂立另一份認購協議,據 此,本公司同意配發及發行,而王先生已同 意按每股認購股份0.10港元之認購價認購 70,000,000股認購股份,為本集團整體發 展提供額外財政資源。於二零一八年十月 二十六日,本公司就此發行70,000,000股股份。 王先生獲委任為執行董事兼董事會主席,自 二零一八年十一月一日起生效。
- (d) Exchange reserve of the Group comprises all foreign exchange differences arising from the translation of the financial statements of operations outside Hong Kong. The reserve is dealt with in accordance with the accounting policies set out in note 2 to the consolidated financial statements.
- (d) 本集團的匯兑儲備包括因換算香港以外業務 的財務報表而產生的所有外匯差額。儲備根 據綜合財務報表附註2所載之會計政策處理。

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows 綜合現金流量表

		2020	2019
		二零二零年 HK\$′000 千港元	二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
Cash flows from operating activities	經營活動的現金流量	I /E/C	re/C
Loss before income tax	除所得税前虧損		
From continuing operations	來自持續經營業務	(48,671)	(50,516)
From discontinued operations	來自終止經營業務	-	(273)
		(48,671)	(50,789)
Adjustments for:	就以下各項調整:		
Finance costs	融資成本	14,366	29,703
Interest income	利息收入	_	(49)
Loss on disposal of subsidiaries Net realised loss/(gain) on disposal of	出售子公司之虧損 出售按公平值計入損益之金融	1,979	56
financial assets at fair value through	資產之已變現虧損/(收益)		
profit or loss Net fair value loss on financial assets	淨額 金融資產之公允值虧損淨額	149	(346)
at fair value through profit or loss	按公允值計入損益	1,058	1,628
Depreciation and amortisation Fair value change of liabilities	折舊及攤銷 消除負債之公允值變動	2,454	408
extinguishment		_	(1,709)
Loss on disposal of items of property, plant and equipment	出售物業、機器及設備項目 虧損	_	324
Write-off items of property, plant and	物業、機器及設備之撇銷項目	_	324
equipment		. 7	45
Impairment loss on other receivables	其他應收款項減值虧損 賬款及應收貸款減值虧損	28	2,599
Impairment loss on accounts and loan receivables	成 从 及 悠 収 貝 承 / 限 但 相 伊	11,489	9,862
Waiver of other payables	豁免其他應付款項	-	(720)
Operating less before working conital	炒 字 次 △ 绘 香 ∸ → <i>Jm</i> 炒 虧 提		
Operating loss before working capital changes	營運資金變動前之經營虧損	(17,148)	(8,988)
Decrease in inventories	存貨減少	(17,148)	62
Increase in loans receivables	應收貸款增加	(534)	(438)
Increase in trade receivables	貿易應收款項增加	(19,899)	(11,765)
Decrease/(increase) in prepayments,	預付款項、按金及其他應收款項		
deposits and other receivables	減少/(増加)	6,140	(4,109)
Increase in trade payables	貿易應付款項增加	15,354	12,634
Increase in other payables and accruals Decrease in amount due from a related	其他應付款項及應計費用增加 應收一間關聯公司款項減少	9,132	4,393
company Increase/(decrease) in amount due to	應付一名非控股股東款項增加/	_	2,802
a non-controlling shareholder of a	(減少)		
subsidiary Purchase of financial assets at fair value	購買按公允值計入損益之	4,198	(45)
through profit or loss	金融資產	_	(6,002)
Proceeds from disposal of financial	出售按公允值計入損益之		
assets at fair value through profit or	金融資產所得款項	4 754	44.077
loss	LEE WAY CC TO TO A	1,751	11,277
Cash used in operations	經營所用現金	(1,006)	(179)
Tax paid	已付税項	_	(160)

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows 綜合現金流量表

	2020 二零二零年 HK\$′000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
經營活動所用現金淨額	(1,006)	(339)
投資活動所得現金流量		
購買物業、機器及設備項目	(189)	(368)
出售物業、機器及設備項目 所得淨流出	-	1,800
出售子公司所產生之現金(流出)/ 流入淨額	(19)	128 49
投資活動(所用)/所得現金淨額	(208)	1,609
融資活動所得現金流量		
發行股份所得款項	8,588	7,000
發行債券所得款項 發行可換股债券之関支	3,700	(240)
借貸所得款項	5,200	23,183
		(31,014)
已付利息	(4,434)	(1,663)
應付董事款項(減少)/增加	(300)	1,120
融資活動所用現金淨額	(950)	(1 (14)
	(839)	(1,614)
現金及現金等價物減少淨額	(2,073)	(344)
年初現金及現金等價物	2,220	2,063
外匯匯率變動之影響淨額	2	501
年末現金及現金等價物		2,220
	投資活動所得現金流量 購買物業系及設備項目 出資子入利息 投資所傳統出產生之之現金(流出)/ 內情等不可額 內所傳,一個的一個的一個的一個的一個的一個的一個的一個的一個的一個的一個的一個的一個的一	

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 綜合財務報表附註

CORPORATE INFORMATION

Farnova Group Holdings Limited (formerly known as Code Agriculture (Holdings) Limited) (the "Company") is incorporated in Bermuda as an exempted company with limited liability and its shares are listed on the GEM of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange"). The address of its registered office is Clarendon House, 2 Church Street, Hamilton HM11, Bermuda and its principal place of business is Room 2007, 20th Floor, C C Wu Building, 302-308 Hennessy Road, Wan Chai, Hong Kong.

The principal activity of the Company is investment holding. Details of the principal activities of the subsidiaries are set out in note 42 to the consolidated financial statements.

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(a) Basis of preparation

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") (which includes all applicable HKFRSs, Hong Kong Accounting Standards ("HKASs") and Interpretations) issued by the HKICPA, and accounting principles generally accepted in Hong Kong. In addition, these consolidated financial statements include applicable disclosures required by the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the GEM of the Stock Exchange (the "GEM Listing Rules") and by the disclosure requirement of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance ("HKCO").

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, except for certain financial instruments measured at fair values as explained in the accounting policies set out below. These consolidated financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars ("HK\$") and all values are rounded to the nearest thousand ("HK\$'000") except when otherwise indicated.

1. 公司資料

法諾集團控股有限公司(前稱科地農業控股有限公司)(「本公司」)為於百慕達註冊成立之獲豁免有限責任公司,其股份於香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」) GEM上市。本公司之註冊辦事處地址為Clarendon House, 2 Church Street, Hamilton HM11, Bermuda及其主要營業地點為香港灣仔軒尼詩道302-308號集成中心20樓2007室。

本公司之主要業務為投資控股。有關子公司之主要業務詳情載於綜合財務報表 附註42。

2. 重大會計政策

(a) 編製基準

該等綜合財務報表已按照歷史成本慣例編製,惟下文所載會計政策所述之若干按公允值計量之金融工具除外。除另有指明外,該等綜合財務報表以港元(「港元」)呈列,所有金額均調整至最接近之千位數(「千港元」)。

(Continued)

(a) Basis of preparation (Continued)

Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") for the year ended 31 March 2020. A subsidiary is an entity (including a structured entity), directly or indirectly, controlled by the Company. Control is achieved when the Group is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the investee (i.e., existing rights that give the Group the current ability to direct the relevant activities of the investee).

When the Company has, directly or indirectly, less than a majority of the voting or similar rights of an investee, the Group considers all relevant facts and circumstances in assessing whether it has power over an investee, including:

- (a) the contractual arrangement with the other vote holders of the investee:
- (b) rights arising from other contractual arrangements; and
- (c) the Group's voting rights and potential voting rights.

The financial statements of the subsidiaries are prepared for the same reporting period as the Company, using consistent accounting policies. The results of subsidiaries are consolidated from the date on which the Group obtains control, and continue to be consolidated until the date that such control ceases.

2. 重大會計政策(續)

(a) 編製基準(續)

綜合基準

倘本公司直接或間接擁有被投資方 之投票權或類似權利不及大半,則 評估本公司對被投資方是否擁有權 力時,本集團會考慮所有相關事實 及情況,包括:

- (a) 與該被投資方其他投票權擁 有人之合約安排;
- (b) 根據其他合約安排所享有之 權利;及
- (c) 本集團之投票權及潛在投票權。

子公司之財務報表按與本公司相同 之報告期間編製,並採用貫徹一致 之會計政策。子公司之業績於本集 團取得控制權之日起綜合入賬,並 繼續綜合入賬直至失去有關控制 權之日為止。

(Continued)

(a) Basis of preparation (Continued)

Basis of consolidation (Continued)

Profit or loss and each component of other comprehensive income are attributed to the owners of the parent of the Group and to the non-controlling interests, even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance. All intra-group assets and liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows relating to transactions between members of the Group are eliminated in full on consolidation.

The Group reassesses whether or not it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the three elements of control described above. A change in the ownership interest of a subsidiary, without a loss of control, is accounted for as an equity transaction.

If the Group loses control over a subsidiary, it derecognises (i) the assets (including goodwill) and liabilities of the subsidiary, (ii) the carrying amount of any non-controlling interest and (iii) the cumulative translation differences recorded in equity; and recognises (i) the fair value of the consideration received, (ii) the fair value of any investment retained and (iii) any resulting surplus or deficit in profit or loss. The Group's share of components previously recognised in other comprehensive income is reclassified to profit or loss or retained profits, as appropriate, on the same basis as would be required if the Group had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities.

2. 重大會計政策(續)

(a) 編製基準(續)

綜合基準(續)

損益及其他全面收益各組成部分乃 歸屬於本集團母公司簿致非控股權益,即使此舉會關本集團內 發出現虧之 所有集團內 公司間交易之所有集團內 產及負債、權益、收 金 金 流量均於綜合賬目時至數對銷。

倘有事實及情況顯示於上文所述三個控制因素中有一個或以上出現變動,則本集團將重新評估是否仍控制被投資方。子公司之擁有權權益變動(並無喪失控制權)入賬列為權益交易。

(Continued)

(a) Basis of preparation (Continued)

Going concern basis

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors of the Company (the "Directors") have given careful consideration to the future liquidity and performance of the Group in light of the fact that as at 31 March 2020, the Group had net current liabilities of approximately HK\$124,283,000 (2019: approximately HK\$17,961,000) and a capital deficiency of approximately HK\$128,109,000 (2019: approximately HK\$178,267,000).

The Directors reviewed the Group's financial and liquidity position, and have taken the following actions to mitigate the liquidity issues faced by the Group:

 (a) possible fund raising activities including, but not limited to placing, rights issues or open offer and issuance of convertible bonds are to be attempted;

2. 重大會計政策(續)

(a) 編製基準(續)

持續經營基準

鑒於二零二零年三月三十一日,本集團之流動負債淨額及股本虧絀分別為約124,283,000港元(二零一九年:約17,961,000港元)及約128,109,000港元(二零一九年:約178,267,000港元),故編製綜合財務報表時,本公司董事(「董事」)已審慎考慮本集團之日後流動資金狀況及表現。

董事已審閱本集團財務及流動資金 狀況,並已採取以下行動,紓緩本 集團面對之流動資金問題:

(a) 擬進行包括(但不限於)配售、 供股或公開發售及發行可換 股債券之可能集資活動;

(Continued)

(a) Basis of preparation (Continued)

Going concern basis (Continued)

- (b) the Group is in negotiation with financial institutions and the Company's bondholders for new borrowings and extensions of existing borrowings and convertible bonds upon due dates and applying for future credit facilities; and
- (c) the management plans to improve the Group's financial performance by taking steps to reduce discretionary expenses and administrative costs and exploring new business which will provide a growing and recurring source of income.

In light of the measures and arrangements as described above, the Directors consider the Group will have sufficient working capital to meet their financial obligations as they fall due for the foreseeable future. Accordingly, the consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis.

Should the Group be unable to continue as a going concern basis, adjustments would have to be made to restate the values of assets to their recoverable amounts, to provide for any further liabilities which might arise and to reclassify non-current assets and liabilities as current assets and liabilities, respectively. The effects of these potential adjustments have not been reflected in the consolidated financial statements.

2. 重大會計政策(續)

(a) 編製基準(續)

持續經營基準(續)

- (b) 本集團正與金融機構及本公司債券持有人進行磋商,以取得新借貸及於現有借貸及可換股債券到期時重續以及申請未來信貸融資;及
- (c) 管理層計劃透過逐步削減非 必要開支及行政成本以及開 拓能提供持續增長及經常性 收入來源之新業務,以改善 本集團之財務表現。

鑒於上述措施及安排,董事認為本集團將具備足夠營運資金,於可見將來應付其到期之財務責任。因此,綜合財務報表已按持續經營基 準編製。

倘本集團無法繼續以持續經營基 準營運,本集團將須作出調整,, 重列資產價值至其可收回金額,就 可能產生之任何其他負債計提撥備 及分別將非流動資產及負債。此等 對為流動資產及負債。此等財務 報表內。

(Continued)

(b) New and Amendments to HKFRSs that are mandatorily effective for the current year

In the current year, the Group has adopted the following amended HKFRSs and HKASs issued by the HKICPA for the first time in the current year.

Leases
Uncertainty over Income Tax Treatments
Prepayment Features with Negative Compensation
Plan Amendment, Curtailment or Settlement
Long-term Interests in
Associates and Joint Ventures
Annual Improvements to
HKFRSs 2015-2017 Cycle

Except as described below, the application of the new and amendments to HKFRSs in the current year has had no material impact on the Group's financial performance and positions for the current and prior years and/or on the disclosures set out in these consolidated financial statements.

2. 重大會計政策(續)

(b) 於本年度強制生效之新訂及 經修訂之香港財務報告準則

本集團於本年度首次應用以下香港 會計師公會頒佈之新訂及經修訂之 香港財務報告準則及香港會計準則:

香港財務報告準則 和賃 第16號 香港(國際財務 所得税項處理之不確 報告詮釋委員會) 定因素 - 詮釋第23號 香港財務報告準則 具有負值補償之預付 第9號(修訂本) 款項特點 香港會計準則 計劃修訂、縮減或結 第19號(修訂本) 香港會計準則 於聯營公司及合營企 第28號(修訂本) 業的長期權益 香港財務報告準則 香港財務報告準則 (修訂本) 二零一五年至二零 一七年週期的年度 改進

除以下所述者外,本年度應用新訂 及經修訂之香港財務報告準則對本 集團於本年度及過往年度之財務表 現及狀況及/或載於該等綜合財 務報表之披露並無重大影響。

(Continued)

(b) New and Amendments to HKFRSs that are mandatorily effective for the current year (Continued)

Impacts and changes in accounting policies of application on HKFRS 16 Leases

The Group has applied HKFRS 16 for the first time in the current year. HKFRS 16 superseded HKAS 17 Leases ("HKAS 17"), and the related interpretations.

Key changes in accounting policies resulting from application of HKFRS 16

The Group applied the following accounting policies in accordance with the transition provisions of HKFRS 16.

Definition of a lease

The Group has elected the practical expedient to apply HKFRS 16 to contracts that were previously identified as leases applying HKAS 17 and HK(IFRIC)-Int 4 Determining whether an Arrangement contains a Lease and not apply this standards to contracts that were not previously identified as containing a lease. Therefore, the Group has not reassessed contracts which already existed prior to the date of initial application.

For contracts entered into or modified on or after 1 April 2019, the Group applies the definition of a lease in accordance with the requirements set out in HKFRS 16 in assessing whether a contract contains a lease.

As a lessee

The Group has applied HKFRS 16 retrospectively with the cumulative effect recognised at the date of initial application, 1 April 2019. Any difference at the date of initial application is recognised in the opening retained profits and comparative information has not been restated.

2. 重大會計政策(續)

(b) 於本年度強制生效之新訂及 經修訂之香港財務報告準則

應用香港財務報告準則第16號 「租賃」對會計政策之影響及變動

本集團於本年度首次應用香港財務報告準則第16號。香港財務報告準則第16號取代香港會計準則第17號「租賃」(「香港會計準則第17號」)及相關詮釋。

應用香港財務報告準則第**16**號 引致之主要會計政策變動

本集團按照香港財務報告準則第 16號之過渡條文,應用以下會計政策。

租賃之定義

就於二零一九年四月一日或之後訂立或修訂之合約而言,本集團按照香港財務報告準則第16號所載之規定應用租賃之定義,以評估合約是否包含租賃。

作為承租人

本集團已追溯應用香港財務報告準則第16號,其累計影響於二零一九年四月一日首次應用日期確認。於首次應用日期之任何差額已於期初保留溢利中確認,並未重列比較資料。

(Continued)

(b) New and Amendments to HKFRSs that are mandatorily effective for the current year (Continued)

Key changes in accounting policies resulting from application of HKFRS 16 (Continued)

As a lessee (Continued)

When applying the modified retrospective approach under HKFRS 16 at transition, the Group applied the following practical expedients to leases previously classified as operating leases under HKAS 17, on lease-by-lease basis, to the extent relevant to the respective lease contracts:

- relied on the assessment of whether leases are onerous by applying HKAS 37 Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets as an alternative of impairment review;
- elected not to recognise right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for leases with lease term ends within 12 months of the date of initial application;
- excluded initial direct costs from measuring the right-of-use assets at the date of initial application;
- iv. applied relevant incremental borrowing rates to each lease contract; and
- used hindsight based on facts and circumstances as at date of initial application in determining the lease term for the Group's leases with extension and termination options.

2. 重大會計政策(續)

(b) 於本年度強制生效之新訂及 經修訂之香港財務報告準則

應用香港財務報告準則第16號引致之主要會計政策變動(續)作為承租人(續)

於過渡期間應用香港財務報告準則第16號項下之經修訂追溯法時,本集團按逐項租賃基準對過去根據香港會計準則第17號分類為經營租賃且與各租賃合約相關之租賃,應用以下簡便實務操作方法:

- i. 依賴應用香港會計準則第37 號「撥備、或然負債及或然資產」作為另一個減值審閱方法, 評估租賃是否繁重:
- ii. 對租期於首次應用日期起計 12個月內到期之租賃,選擇 不確認使用權資產及租賃負 債;
- iii. 於首次應用日期計量使用權 資產時,扣除初步直接成本;
- iv. 對每個租賃合約應用相關的 遞增借款利率;及
- V. 根據於首次應用日期之事實及情況,以事後方式釐定本集團帶有續租及終止選擇權之租賃之租期。

(Continued)

(b) New and Amendments to HKFRSs that are mandatorily effective for the current year (Continued)

Key changes in accounting policies resulting from application of HKFRS 16 (Continued)

As a lessee (Continued)

On transition, the Group has made the following adjustments upon application of HKFRS 16:

The Group recognised lease liabilities of approximately HK\$467,000 and right-of-use assets of approximately HK\$431,000 at 1 April 2019.

When recognising the lease liabilities for leases previously classified as operating leases and obligation under finance leases, the Group has applied incremental borrowing rates of the relevant group entities at the date of initial application. The weighted average lessee's incremental borrowing rate applied is 18%.

2. 重大會計政策(續)

(b) 於本年度強制生效之新訂及 經修訂之香港財務報告準則

> 應用香港財務報告準則第**16**號 引致之主要會計政策變動(續) 作為承租人(續)

於過渡時,本集團已於應用香港財務報告準則第16號後作出以下調整:

於二零一九年四月一日,本集團確認租賃負債約467,000港元及使用權資產約431,000港元。

就過去分類為經營租賃之租賃及 融資租約責任確認租賃負債時,本 集團已於首次應用日期應用相關集 團實體之遞增借款利率。所應用之 加權平均承租人遞增借款利率為 18%。

		At 1 April 2019 於二零一九年 四月一日 HK\$'000 千港元
Operating lease commitments disclosed as at	於二零一九年三月三十一日披露之經營	1.007
31 March 2019 Less: Commitments relating to lease exempt from capitalisation:	租賃承擔 减:獲豁免資本化之租賃相關承擔:	1,006
Short-term leases and other leases with remaining lease term ending on or before 31	短期租賃及剩餘租期於二零一九年 三月三十一日或之前屆滿之	
March 2019	其他租賃	(398)
Discounting effect using the incremental borrowing rate as at 1 April 2019	於二零一九年四月一日使用遞增借款 利率貼現	(141)
Lease liabilities recognised as at 1 April 2019	於二零一九年四月一日確認之租賃負債	467
Analysed as		
Current	即期	442
Non-current	非即期	25
		467

(Continued)

(b) New and Amendments to HKFRSs that are mandatorily effective for the current year (Continued)

Key changes in accounting policies resulting from application of HKFRS 16 (Continued)

As a lessee (Continued)

The carrying amount of right-of-use assets as at 1 April 2019 comprises the following:

2. 重大會計政策(續)

(b) 於本年度強制生效之新訂及 經修訂之香港財務報告準則

> 應用香港財務報告準則第**16**號 引致之主要會計政策變動(續) 作為承租人(續)

於二零一九年四月一日之使用權資 產賬面值包括以下各項:

		HK\$'000 千港元
Right-of-use assets relating to operating leases recognised upon application of HKFRS 16	與應用香港財務報告準則第16號後確認 之經營租賃有關之使用權資產	431

The following tables summarise the impacts of applying HKFRS 16 as a lessee on the Group's consolidated statement of financial position as at 1 April 2019. Line items that were not affected by the changes have not been included.

下表概列作為承租人應用香港財務報告準則第16號對本集團於二零一九年四月一日之綜合財務狀況表之影響。未受有關變動影響之單項項目乃排除在外。

		Carrying amount previously reported at 31 March 2019 過去於 二零一九年 三月三十一日 呈報之賬面值 HK\$'000	Adjustments 調整 HK\$'000	Carrying amount under HKFRS 16 at 1 April 2019 根據香港財務 報告準則第16號 於二零一九年 四月一日之 賬面值 HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元
Non-current assets	非流動資產			
Right-of-use assets	使用權資產	-	431	431
Current liabilities	流動負債			
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	_	442	442
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債			
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	-	25	25

(Continued)

(b) New and Amendments to HKFRSs that are mandatorily effective for the current year (Continued)

Key changes in accounting policies resulting from application of HKFRS 16 (Continued)

As a lessee (Continued)

Note: For the purpose of reporting cash flows from operating activities under indirect method for the year ended 31 March 2020, movements in working capital have been computed based on opening consolidated statement of financial position as at 1 April 2019 as disclosed above.

In accordance with the transitional provisions in HKFRS 16, the Group is not required to make any adjustment on transition for leases in which the Group is a lessor but account for these leases in accordance with HKFRS 16 from the date of initial application and comparative information has not been restated.

Upon application of HKFRS 16, new lease contracts entered into but commence after the date of initial application relating to the same underlying assets under existing lease contracts are accounted as if the existing leases are modified as at 1 April 2019. The application has had no impact on the Group's consolidated statement of financial position at 1 April 2019. However, effective 1 April 2019, lease payments relating to the revised lease term after modification are recognised as income on straight-line basis over the extended lease term.

Transition to HKFRS 16 does not have impact on accumulated losses at 1 April 2019.

2. 重大會計政策(續)

(b) 於本年度強制生效之新訂及 經修訂之香港財務報告準則

(續

應用香港財務報告準則第**16**號 引致之主要會計政策變動(續) 作為承租人(續)

附註: 就透過間接法呈報截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度之經營活動現金流量而言,營運資金之變動根據上文所披露於二零一九年四月一日之期初綜合財務狀況表計算。

根據香港財務報告準則第16號之過渡條文,本集團毋須於過渡時就本集團作為承租人之租賃作出任何調整,惟須根據香港財務報告準則第16號自首次應用日期起為該等租賃入賬,並未重列比較資料。

過渡至香港財務報告準則第16號不會對二零一九年四月一日之累計虧損造成影響。

(Continued)

(c) New and Amendments to HKFRSs in Issue But Not Yet Effective

The Group has not early applied the following new and revised HKFRSs and HKASs that have been issued but are not yet effective.

HKFRS 17 Insurance Contracts³

Amendments to Definition of a Business²

HKFRS 3

Amendments to Sale or Contribution of Assets
HKFRS 10 and between an Investor and its
HKAS 28 Associates or Joint Venture⁵

Amendments to COVID-19 Related Rent
HKFRS 16 Concessions⁴

Amendments to Definition of Material¹

HKAS 1 and HKAS 8

Amendments to Interest Rate Benchmark HKFRS 9, HKAS Reform¹

39 and HKFRS 7

- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1
 January 2020
- Effective for business combinations and asset acquisitions for which the acquisition date is on or after the beginning of the first annual period beginning on or after 1 January 2020
- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1
 January 2021
- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1
 June 2020
- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after a date to be determined

The directors of the Company do not anticipate that the application of these will have a material effect on the Group's consolidated financial statements.

2. 重大會計政策(續)

(c) 已頒佈但尚未生效之新訂及 經修訂香港財務報告準則

本集團並未提早採納以下已頒佈但 尚未生效之新訂及經修訂香港財 務報告準則及香港會計準則。

香港財務報告準則 保險合約3

第17號

香港財務報告準則 業務之定義2

第3號(修訂本)

香港財務報告準則 投資者與其聯營公司 第10號及香港會 或合營公司間之資 計準則第28號 產出售或注資5

(修訂本)

香港財務報告準則 COVID-19相關租金減

第16號(修訂本) 讓4

香港會計準則第1號 重大之定義1

及香港會計準則 第8號(修訂本)

香港財務報告準則 利率基準改革1

第9號、香港會計 準則第39號及香 港財務報告準則 第7號(修訂本)

- 於二零二零年一月一日或之後開 始之年度期間生效
- 對收購日期為二零二零年一月一日或之後開始之首個年度期間開始時或之後之業務合併及資產收購有效
- 3 於二零二一年一月一日或之後開始之年度期間生效
- 4 於二零二零年一月一日或之後開 始之年度期間生效
- 5 於待定日期或之後開始之年度期 間生效

本公司董事預期應用此等準則、修 訂及詮釋不會對本集團之綜合財 務報表構成重大影響。

(Continued)

(c) New and Amendments to HKFRSs in Issue But Not Yet Effective (Continued)

Amendments to HKFRS 3 Definition of a Business

The amendments:

- add an optional concentration test that permits a simplified assessment of whether an acquired set of activities and assets is not a business. The election on whether to apply the optional concentration test is available on transactionby-transaction basis;
- clarify that to be considered a business, an acquired set of activities and assets must include, at a minimum, an input and a substantive process that together significantly contribute to the ability to create outputs; and
- narrow the definition of a business and of outputs by focusing on goods and services provided to customers and by removing the reference to an ability to reduce costs.

The amendments are applied prospectively to all business combinations and asset acquisitions for which the acquisition date is on or after the first annual reporting period beginning on or after 1 January 2020, with earlier application permitted.

The amendments to HKFRS 3 are not expected to have significant impact on the Group's consolidated financial statements.

2. 重大會計政策(續)

(c) 已頒佈但尚未生效之新訂 及經修訂香港財務報告準則

(續

香港財務報告準則第3號(修訂本) 業務的定義

修訂本:

- 加入選擇性的集中度測試, 簡化所收購的一組活動及資 產是否屬於業務的評估。可 按個別交易基準選擇是否應 用選擇性的集中度測試;
- 澄清若要被視為業務,所收 購的一組活動及資產必須最 少包括共同對創造產出能力 有重大貢獻的投入及實質性 流程:及
- 通過專注於向客戶所提供的 貨品及服務,並移除對節省 成本能力的提述,收窄業務 及產出的定義。

該等修訂日後適用於收購日期為二 零二零年一月一日或之後開始的首 個年度報告期間開始當日或之後進 行的所有業務合併及資產收購,可 允許提前應用。

預期香港財務報告準則第3號(修訂本)不會對本集團之綜合財務報表產生重大影響。

(Continued)

(c) New and Amendments to HKFRSs in Issue But Not Yet Effective (Continued)

Conceptual Framework for Financial Reporting 2019 (the "New Framework") and the Amendments

The New Framework:

- reintroduces the terms stewardship and prudence;
- introduces a new asset definition that focuses on rights and a new liability definition that is likely to be broader than the definition it replaces, but does not change the distinction between a liability and an equity instrument;
- discusses historical cost and current value measures, and provides additional guidance on how to select a measurement basis for a particular asset or liability;
- states that the primary measure of financial performance is profit or loss, and that only in exceptional circumstances other comprehensive income will be used and only for income or expenses that arise from a change in the current value of an asset or liability; and
- discusses uncertainty, derecognition, unit of account, the reporting entity and combined financial statements.

Consequential amendments have been made so that references in certain HKFRSs have been updated to the New Framework, whilst some HKFRSs are still referred to the previous versions of the framework. These amendments are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2020, with earlier application permitted. Other than specific standards which still refer to the previous versions of the framework, the Group will rely on the New Framework on its effective date in determining the accounting policies especially for transactions, events or conditions that are not otherwise dealt with under the accounting standards.

2. 重大會計政策(續)

(c) 已頒佈但尚未生效之新訂 及經修訂香港財務報告準則

(續

二零一九年財務報告概念框架 (「新框架」)及修訂

新框架:

- 重新引入「受託責任」及「審慎」 兩個術語;
- 引入以權利為重點的新資產 定義及較所取代定義範圍更 廣的新負債定義,惟並無改 變負債與股本工具之間的區 別;
- 探討歷史成本及現值計量方法,並提供額外指引説明就特定資產或負債選擇計量基準的方法;
- 指出用以初步計量財務表現的基礎為損益,而僅在特別情況下方會就資產或負債現值變動所產生的收入或開支使用其他全面收益計量;及
- 探討有關不確定性、終止確認、賬目單位、申報實體及合併財務報表的事宜。

(Continued)

(d) Summary of significant accounting policies

Investments in associates

An associate is an entity in which the Group has a long term interest of generally not less than 20% of the equity voting rights and over which it is in a position to exercise significant influence. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee, but not control or joint control over those policies.

The Group's share of the post-acquisition results and other comprehensive income of associates is included in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and consolidated statement of other comprehensive income, respectively. In addition, when there has been a change recognised directly in the equity of the associate, the Group recognises its share of any changes, when applicable, in the consolidated statement of changes in equity. Unrealised gains and losses resulting from transactions between the Group and its associates are eliminated to the extent of the Group's investments in the associates, except where unrealised losses provide evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred. Goodwill arising from the acquisition of associates is included as part of the Group's investments in associates.

Upon loss of significant influence over the associate, the Group measures and recognises any retained investment at its fair value. Any difference between the carrying amount of the associate upon loss of significant influence or joint control and the fair value of the retained investment and proceeds from disposal is recognised in profit or loss.

When an investment in an associate is classified as held for sale, it is accounted for in accordance with HKFRS 5 Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations.

2. 重大會計政策(續)

(d) 重大會計政策概要

聯營公司之投資

聯營公司指本集團於其中擁有一般不少於20%股權投票權之長期權益及本集團能夠對其有重大影響力之實體。重大影響力指有權力參與投資方之財務及經營決策,但並非對該等政策擁有控制或共同控制權。

於失去對聯營公司之重大影響力後,本集團按公允值計量及確認招何保留投資。於失去重大影響力任,同控制權後,聯營公司之賬面值與保留投資及出售所得款項之公允值之間之任何差額於損益確認。

倘於聯營公司之投資被歸類為持作出售,則根據香港財務報告準則第5號持作出售之非流動資產及已終止經營業務入賬。

(Continued)

(d) Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

Fair value measurement

The Group measures its derivative financial instruments and equity investments at fair value at the end of each reporting period. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either in the principal market for the asset or liability, or in the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability. The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Group. The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

The Group uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs.

2. 重大會計政策(續)

(d) 重大會計政策概要(續)

公允值計量

非金融資產之公允值計量參考市 場參與者可從使用該資產得到之 最高及最佳效用,或將該資產售予 另一可從使用該資產得到最高及最 佳效用之市場參與者,從而產生經 濟效益之能力。

本集團使用適用於不同情況之估值方法,而其有足夠數據可供計量 公允值,以盡量利用相關可觀察輸 入數據及盡量減少使用不可觀察 輸入數據。

(Continued)

(d) Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

Fair value measurement (Continued)

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the consolidated financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

- Level 1 based on quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2 based on valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is observable, either directly or indirectly
- Level 3 based on valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable

For assets and liabilities that are recognised in the consolidated financial statements on a recurring basis, the Group determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by reassessing categorisation (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

2. 重大會計政策(續)

(d) 重大會計政策概要(續)

公允值計量(續)

於綜合財務報表計量或披露公允 值之所有資產及負債,根據對於公 允值計量整體屬重要之最低層輸 入數據按如下所述在公允值層級中 分類:

- 第一層 根據相同資產或負債於 活躍市場之報價(未經 調整)
- 第二層 根據估值方法,當中對 於公允值計量屬重要之 最低層輸入數據為可直 接或間接觀察
- 第三層 根據估值方法,當中對 於公允值計量屬重要之 最低層輸入數據為不可 觀察

對於在綜合財務報表以持續基準 確認之資產及負債,本集團按對於 公允值計量整體屬重要之最低層 輸入數據於各呈報期末重新評估 分類,以確定層級之間是否出現轉

(Continued)

(d) Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

Impairment of non-financial assets

Where an indication of impairment exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required other than inventories, financial assets, deferred tax assets and non-current assets, the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of the asset's or cash-generating unit's value in use and its fair value less costs of disposal, and is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or groups of assets, in which case the recoverable amount is determined for the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

An impairment loss is recognised only if the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. An impairment loss is charged to profit or loss in the period in which it arises in those expense categories consistent with the function of the impaired asset.

2. 重大會計政策(續)

(d) 重大會計政策概要(續)

非金融資產減值

減值虧損僅於資產賬面值超過其可收回金額時確認。在評估使用價值時確認。在評估按除內值時,估計日後現金流 該貼現率計算其現值,該貼現率計算其明值的過去,該點與資本的人之評估。減值虧損入與值資產功能一致的開支類別。

(Continued)

(d) Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

Impairment of non-financial assets (Continued)

An assessment is made at the end of each reporting period as to whether there is an indication that previously recognised impairment losses may no longer exist or may have decreased. If such an indication exists, the recoverable amount is estimated. A previously recognised impairment loss of an asset other than goodwill is reversed only if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount of that asset. but not to an amount higher than the carrying amount that would have been determined (net of any depreciation) had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years. A reversal of such an impairment loss is credited to profit or loss in the period in which it arises.

Related parties

A party is considered to be related to the Group if:

- the party is a person, or a close member of that person's family and that person:
 - has control or joint control over the Group;
 - (ii) has significant influence over the Group;
 - (iii) is a member of the key management personnel of the Group or the Group's parent; or

2. 重大會計政策(續)

(d) 重大會計政策概要(續)

非金融資產減值(續)

於各報告期末會評估有否跡象顯示 先前確認之減值虧損已不再存在 或有所減少。倘出現該等跡象,則 估計資產之可收回金額。當用以釐 定資產可收回金額之估計有變,方 會撥回該資產先前確認之減值虧損 (不包括商譽),惟所撥回金額不可 招调调往年度在並無就該資產確 認減值虧損的情況下釐定之賬面值 (扣除任何折舊)。撥回的減值虧損 於產生期間計入損益。

關連方

某方倘符合下列情況,則被認為與 本集團有關連:

- (a) 該方為一名人士或該名人士 之近親,而該名人士:
 - 控制或共同控制本集團;
 - (ii) 對本集團有重大影響力;
 - (iii) 為本集團或本集團母公 司之主要管理層成員;

(Continued)

(d) Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

Related parties (Continued)

- (b) the party is an entity where any of the following conditions applies:
 - (i) the entity and the Group are members of the same group;
 - (ii) one entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or of a parent, subsidiary or fellow subsidiary of the other entity);
 - (iii) the entity and the Group are joint ventures of the same third party;
 - (iv) one entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity;
 - the entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of either the Group or an entity related to the Group;
 - (vi) the entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (a);
 - (vii) a person identified in (a)(i) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of the key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity); and
 - (viii) the entity, or any member of a group of which it is a part, provides key management personnel services to the Group or to the parent of the Group.

Close members of the family of a person are those family members who may be expected to influence, or be influenced by that person in their dealings with the entity.

2. 重大會計政策(續)

(d) 重大會計政策概要(續)

關連方(續)

- (b) 該方為一間實體,且符合下列 任何條件:
 - (i) 該實體與本集團屬同一 集團之成員公司;
 - (ii) 一間實體為另一實體之聯營公司或合營企業(或為另一實體之母公司、子公司或同系子公司);
 - (iii) 該實體與本集團為同一 第三方之合營企業;
 - (iv) 一間實體為第三方實體 之合營企業,而另一實 體為該第三方實體之聯 營公司:
 - (v) 該實體為本集團或與本 集團有關連之實體就僱 員利益設立之離職福利 計劃:
 - (vi) 該實體受(a)內所識別人 士控制或共同控制;
 - (vii) (a)(i)內所識別人士對該 實體有重大影響力或屬 該實體(或該實體母公司) 之主要管理層成員;及
 - (viii) 該實體或其所屬集團之 任何成員公司提供主要 管理人員服務予本集團 或本集團之母公司。

某名人士的近親指在與實體進行交 易的過程中預計會影響該名人士或 受其影響的家庭成員。

(Continued)

(d) Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and any impairment losses. The cost of an item of property, plant and equipment comprises its purchase price and any directly attributable costs of bringing the asset to its working condition and location for its intended use.

Expenditure incurred after items of property, plant and equipment have been put into operation, such as repairs and maintenance, is normally charged to the consolidated statement of profit or loss in the period in which it is incurred. In situations where the recognition criteria are satisfied, the expenditure for a major inspection is capitalised in the carrying amount of the asset as a replacement. Where significant parts of property, plant and equipment are required to be replaced at intervals, the Group recognises such parts as individual assets with specific useful lives and depreciates them accordingly.

Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line basis to write off the cost of each item of property, plant and equipment to its residual value over its estimated useful life. The principal annual rates used for this purpose are as follows:

Leasehold improvements Over the shorter of the lease

terms and 10%

Plant and machinery 10% to 20% Furniture, fixtures and equipment 20% Motor vehicles 10% to 20%

2. 重大會計政策(續)

(d) 重大會計政策概要(續)

物業、機器及設備

物業、機器及設備乃按成本減累計 折舊及任何減值虧損列賬。物業、 機器及設備項目之成本包括其購買 價及任何使資產達至其運作狀況 及地點作擬定用途之直接應佔成

物業、機器及設備項目投產後產生 之支出(如維修及保養費用)通常於 產生期間於綜合損益表列支。在符 合確認標準之情況下,用於重大檢 測之支出會作為重置於資產賬面值 中資本化。倘物業、機器及設備之 主要部分須不時重置,則本集團會 將有關部分確認為具特定使用年 期之個別資產,並予以相應折舊。

折舊乃按各物業、機器及設備項目 之估計使用年期以直線法撇銷其 成本至其剩餘價值計算。就此採用 之主要年率如下:

租賃物業裝修 按租期與10%

中較短者

機器及器械 10%至20% **傢俬、裝置及設備** 20% 汽車 10%至20%

(Continued)

(d) Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

Property, plant and equipment (Continued)

Where parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, the cost of that item is allocated on a reasonable basis among the parts and each part is depreciated separately. Residual values, useful lives and the depreciation method are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at least at each financial year end.

An item of property, plant and equipment including any significant part initially recognised is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss on disposal or retirement recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss in the year the asset is derecognised is the difference between the net sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the relevant asset.

Intangible assets (other than goodwill)

Intangible assets acquired separately are measured on initial recognition at cost. The cost of intangible assets acquired in a business combination is the fair value at the date of acquisition. The useful lives of intangible assets are assessed to be either finite or indefinite. Intangible assets with finite lives are subsequently amortised over the useful economic life and assessed for impairment whenever there is an indication that the intangible asset may be impaired. The amortisation period and the amortisation method for an intangible asset with a finite useful life are reviewed at least at each financial year end.

2. 重大會計政策(續)

(d) 重大會計政策概要(續)

物業、機器及設備(續)

倘物業、機器及設備項目之各部分 有不同使用年期,則有關項目之人 本將按各部分之合理基礎分配,而 每部分將作個別折舊。剩餘價值 使用年期及折舊方法至少於各財 政年結日進行檢討,並適時作出調 整。

物業、機器及設備項目(包括任何已初步確認之重要部分)於出售有關明不會從使用或出售有關認明目的終止確認資產年度內,在綜合目之經濟利益時終止確認資產年度內,在綜合目之所確認出售或報廢該等項目之任何收益或虧損乃銷售所得款項額與有關資產賬面值之差額。

無形資產(商譽除外)

(Continued)

(d) Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

Intangible assets (other than goodwill)

(Continued)

Amortisation is provided on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives as follows. The amortisation expense is recognised in profit or loss and included in administrative expenses.

Customer relationship Club membership

4 years 29.5 years

Tradename with indefinite useful lives is tested for impairment annually either individually or at the cash generating unit level. Such intangible assets are not amortised. The useful life of an intangible asset with an indefinite life is reviewed annually to determine whether the indefinite life assessment continues to be supportable. If not, the change in the useful life assessment from indefinite to finite is accounted for on a prospective basis.

Gains or losses arising from derecognition of an intangible asset are measured at the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the intangible asset and are recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss when the intangible asset is derecognised.

Leases

Applicable from 1 April 2019

Definition of a lease

A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

For contracts entered into or modified on or after the date of initial application, the Group assesses whether a contract is or contains a lease based on the definition under HKFRS 16 at inception or modification date. Such contract will not be reassessed unless the terms and conditions of the contract are subsequently changed.

2. 重大會計政策(續)

(d) 重大會計政策概要(續)

無形資產(商譽除外)(續)

攤銷乃按其以下估計使用年期以直 線基準計提撥備。攤銷開支於損 益賬確認並計入行政費用。

客戶關係

4年 29.5年

會所會籍

無限使用年期之商標每年按個別或 在現金產生單位層面進行減值測試。 有關無形資產不予攤銷。無限期之 無形資產之使用年期會每年檢討, 以釐定是否繼續支持無限期之評 估。如不適用,使用年期評估由無 限期轉為有限期按追溯基準入賬。

於終止確認無形資產時所產生之收 益或虧損乃以無形資產出售所得款 項淨額與賬面值之差額計量,並在 終止確認無形資產時於綜合損益表 確認。

租賃

自二零一九年四月一日起適用

和賃的定義

倘合約為換取代價而給予在一段時 間內控制可識別資產使用的權利, 則該合約為租賃或包含租賃。

就於首次應用日期或之後訂立或修 訂的合約而言,本集團根據香港財 務報告準則第16號的定義於初始或 修改日期評估合約是否為和賃或包 含租賃。除非合約的條款及條件其 後出現變動,否則有關合約將不予 重新評估。

(Continued)

(d) Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

Leases (Continued)

Applicable from 1 April 2019 (Continued)

As a lessee

Short-term leases

The Group applies the short-term lease recognition exemption to leases of leasehold properties that have a lease term of 12 months or less from the commencement date and do not contain a purchase option.

Lease payments on short-term leases are recognised as expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Right-of-use assets

Except for short-term leases, the Group recognises right-of-use assets at the commencement date of the lease (i.e. the date the underlying asset is available for use). Right-of-use assets are measured at cost, less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, and adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities

The cost of right-of-use asset includes:

- the amount of the initial measurement of the lease liability;
- any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, less any lease incentives received; and
- any initial direct costs incurred by the Group.

Right-of-use assets in which the Group is reasonably certain to obtain ownership of the underlying leased assets at the end of the lease term is depreciated from commencement date to the end of the useful life. Otherwise, right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of its estimated useful life and the lease term.

2. 重大會計政策(續)

(d) 重大會計政策概要(續)

租賃(續)

自二零一九年四月一日起適用(續)

作為承租人

短期租賃

對於租期自開始日期起計為12個月或以內且並無包含購買選擇權的租賃物業,本集團應用短期租賃確認豁免。

短期租賃的租賃付款按直線基準 於租期內確認為開支。

使用權資產

除短期租賃外,本集團於租賃開始 日期(即相關資產可供使用的日期) 確認使用權資產。使用權資產按 成本減去任何累計折舊及減值虧 損計量,並就租賃負債的任何重新 計量作出調整。

使用權資產的成本包括:

- 租賃負債的初步計量金額;
- 於開始日期或之前作出的任何租賃付款,減任何已收租賃優惠;及
- 本集團產生的任何初始直接 成本。

就本集團於租期結束時合理確定獲取相關租賃資產所有權的使用權資產而言,有關使用權資產問題至使用年期結束期間計舊。在其他情況下,使用權資產按直線基準於其估計使用年期及租期(以較短者為準)內計提折舊。

(Continued)

(d) Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

Leases (Continued)

Applicable from 1 April 2019 (Continued)

As a lessee (Continued)

Right-of-use assets (Continued)

The Group presents right-of-use assets that do not meet the definition of investment property in "property, plant and equipment", the same line item as that with which the corresponding underlying assets would be presented if they were owned. Rightof-use assets that meet the definition of investment property are presented within "investment properties".

Refundable rental deposits

Refundable rental deposits paid are accounted under HKFRS 9 and initially measured at fair value. Adjustments to fair value at initial recognition are considered as additional lease payments and included in the cost of right-of-use assets.

Taxation

For the purposes of measuring deferred tax for leasing transactions in which the Group recognises the right-of-use assets and the related lease liabilities, the Group first determines whether the tax deductions are attributable to the right-of-use assets or the lease liabilities.

For leasing transactions in which the tax deductions are attributable to the lease liabilities, the Group applies HKAS 12 Income Taxes requirements to right-of-use assets and lease liabilities separately. Temporary differences relating to right-of-use assets and lease liabilities are not recognised at initial recognition and over the lease terms due to application of the initial recognition exemption.

2. 重大會計政策(續)

(d) 重大會計政策概要(續)

和 賃 (續)

自二零一九年四月一日起適用(續)

作為承租人(續)

使用權資產(續)

本集團於「物業、機器及設備」項下 呈列不符合投資物業定義之使用 權資產,與呈示自有相應相關資產 所在的項目相同。符合投資物業定 義之使用權資產於「投資物業」呈 列。

可退還租賃按金

已付可退還租賃按金根據香港財務 報告準則第9號入賬及初步按公平 值計量。初始確認時的公平值調 整被視作額外租賃付款並計入使 用權資產的成本。

税項

就內含本集團確認使用權資產及 相關租賃負債的租賃交易的遞延 税項計量而言,本集團首先根據歸 屬於使用權資產或租賃負債的税 項扣減釐定。

就內含歸屬於租賃負債的税項扣減 的租賃交易而言,本集團就使用權 資產及租賃負債分別應用香港會計 準則第12號所得税規定。由於應用 初始確認豁免,使用權資產及租賃 負債相關的暫時差額不會於初始 確認時或於租期內確認。

(Continued)

(d) Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

Leases (Continued)

Applicable from 1 April 2019 (Continued)

As a lessee (Continued)

Lease liabilities

At the commencement date of a lease, the Group recognises and measures the lease liability at the present value of lease payments that are unpaid at that date. In calculating the present value of lease payments, the Group uses the incremental borrowing rate at the lease commencement date if the interest rate implicit in the lease is not readily determinable.

The lease payments include fixed lease payments (including in-substance fixed payments).

The lease liability is presented as a separate line in the combined statements of financial position.

The lease liability is subsequently measured by increasing the carrying amount to reflect interest on the lease liability (using the effective interest method) and by reducing the carrying amount to reflect the lease payments made.

The Group remeasures the lease liability (and makes a corresponding adjustment to the related right-of-use asset) whenever:

- the lease term has changed or there is a change in the assessment of exercise of a purchase option, in which case the lease liability is remeasured by discounting the revised lease payments using a revised discount rate at the date of reassessment;
- the lease payments change due to changes in expected payment under a guaranteed residual value, in which cases the related lease liability is remeasured by discounting the revised lease payments using the initial discount rate.

2. 重大會計政策(續)

(d) 重大會計政策概要(續)

租賃(續)

自二零一九年四月一日起適用(續)

作為承租人(續)

租賃負債

於租賃開始日期,本集團按租賃款項(非當日支付)之現值確認及計量租賃負債。於計算租賃付款的現值時,倘租賃隱含的利率難以釐定,則本集團使用租賃開始日期的增量借款利率計算。

租賃付款包括固定租賃付款(包括 實質性的固定付款)。

租 賃 負 債 於 合 併 財 務 狀 況 表 中 單 獨呈列。

租賃負債其後透過增加賬面值以 反映於租賃負債的權益(使用實際 利率法)及扣減賬面值以反映所作 出租賃付款以進行計量。

倘出現以下情況,本集團重新計量 租賃負債(並就相關使用權資產作 出相應調整):

- 租賃期有所變動或行使購買 選擇權的評估發生變化,在 此情況下,租賃負債透過使 用重新評估日期的經修訂貼 現率貼現經修訂租賃付款而 重新計量。
- 租賃付款因有擔保剩餘價值 下預期付款變動而出現變動, 在此情況下,相關租賃負債 使用初始貼現率貼現經修訂 租賃付款而重新計量。

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 綜合財務報表附註

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

(d) Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

Leases (Continued)

Applicable before 1 April 2019

As a lessee

Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term, except where another systematic basis is more representative of the time pattern in which economic benefits from the leased asset are consumed. Contingent rentals arising under operating leases are recognised as an expense in the period in which they are incurred. In the event that lease incentives are received to enter into operating leases, such incentives are recognised as a liability. The aggregate benefit of incentives is recognised as a reduction of rental expense on a straight-line basis, except where another systematic basis is more representative of the time pattern in which economic benefits from the leased asset are consumed.

2. 重大會計政策(續)

(d) 重大會計政策概要(續)

租賃(續)

二零一九年四月一日前適用

作為承租人

經營租賃付款按直線法於租期內 確認為開支,惟倘有另一系統基準 更能反映租賃資產之經濟利益被 消耗之時間模式則除外。經營租賃 產生之或然租金於其所產生期間 內確認為開支。倘訂立經營租賃可 獲得租賃優惠,則該等優惠確認為 負債。優惠之利益總額按直線法 確認為租金開支減少,惟倘有另一 系統基準更能反映租賃資產之經 濟利益被消耗之時間模式則除外。

(Continued)

(d) Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

Financial Instruments

Financial assets

Recognition and derecognition

Financial assets are recognised when and only when the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments and on a trade date basis.

A financial asset is derecognised when and only when (i) the Group's contractual rights to future cash flows from the financial asset expire or (ii) the Group transfers the financial asset and either (a) the Group transfers substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset, or (b) the Group neither transfers nor retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset but it does not retain control of the financial asset.

If the Group retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of a transferred financial asset, the Group continues to recognise the financial asset and also recognises a collateralised borrowing for the proceeds received.

If the Group neither transfers nor retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership and continues to control the transferred asset, the Group recognises the financial asset to the extent of its continuing involvement and an associated liability for the amounts it may have to pay.

2. 重大會計政策(續)

(d) 重大會計政策概要(續)

金融工具金融資產

確認及終止確認

當且僅當本集團成為該等工具之合 約條文之一方時,金融資產方會確 認,而於確認時乃以交易日期為基 進。

當且僅當(i)本集團於金融資產未來現金流量之合約權利屆滿,或(ii)本集團轉讓該金融資產,同時(a)轉移該項金融資產擁有權之絕大國際及回報,或(b)本集團縣在保留該項金融資產之經制權時,方會終止確認金融資產。

倘本集團保留被轉移金融資產擁 有權之絕大部分風險及回報,則本 集團繼續確認該項金融資產,同時 就所收所得款項確認抵押借貸。

倘本集團既無轉移亦無保留已轉 移金融資產擁有權之絕大部分風 險及回報,並繼續控制該項金融資 產,則本集團按其持續參與程度 確認該項金融資產,並就可能須支 付之金額確認相關負債。

(Continued)

(d) Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

Financial Instruments (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

Classification and measurement

Financial assets (except for trade receivables without a significant financing component) are initially recognised at their fair value plus, in the case of financial assets not carried at fair value though profit or loss, transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the financial assets. Such trade receivables are initially measured at their transaction price.

On initial recognition, a financial asset is classified as (i) measured at amortised cost; (ii) debt investment measured at fair value through other comprehensive income ("Mandatory FVOCI"); (iii) equity investment measured at fair value through other comprehensive income ("Designated FVOCI"); or (iv) measured at fair value through profit or loss ("FVPL").

The classification of financial assets at initial recognition depends on the Group's business model for managing the financial assets and the financial asset's contractual cash flow characteristics. Financial assets are not reclassified subsequent to their initial recognition unless the Group changes its business model for managing them, in which case all affected financial assets are reclassified on the first day of the first annual reporting period following the change in the business model (the "reclassification date").

2. 重大會計政策(續)

(d) 重大會計政策概要(續)

金融工具(續) 金融資產(續)

分類及計量

金融資產(除並無重大融資部分的 貿易應收款項外)初步按公允值確 認,而倘金融資產並非按公允值計 入損益,則另加收購金融資產直 接應佔之交易成本。有關貿易應收 款項初步按彼等之交易價計量。

初步確認時,金融資產分類為(i)按 攤銷成本計量;(ii)按公允值計入其 他全面收益(「強制性按公允值計 入其他全面收益」)之債務投資;(iii) 按公允值計入其他全面收益(「指定 為按公允值計入其他全面收益」)之 權益投資;或(iv)按公允值計入損益 (「按公允值計入損益」)計量。

初步確認時的金融資產分類取決 於本集團管理金融資產的業務模式 及金融資產的合約現金流量特徵。 金融資產於初始確認後不會重新 分類,除非本集團改變管理金融資 產的業務模式,在此情況下,所有 受影響的相關金融資產在業務模式 發生變更後的首個年度報告期間的 第一日進行重新分類。

(Continued)

(d) Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

Financial Instruments (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

Classification and measurement (Continued)

- Financial assets measured at amortised cost A financial asset is measured at amortised cost if it meets both of the following conditions and is not designated as at FVPL:
 - it is held within a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows;
 and
 - (ii) its contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Financial assets at amortised cost are subsequently measured using the effective interest rate method and are subject to impairment. Gains and losses arising from impairment, derecognition or through the amortisation process are recognised in profit or loss.

2. 重大會計政策(續)

(d) 重大會計政策概要(續)

金融工具(續)

分類及計量(續)

- 7) 按攤銷成本計量的金融資產 倘金融資產同時符合以下條件,且並無指定按公允值計 入損益,則該金融資產按攤 銷成本計量:
 - (i) 該金融資產由一個旨在 通過持有金融資產收取 合約現金流量之業務模 式所持有;及
 - (ii) 合約條款於指定日期產 生之現金流量純粹為支 付本金及未償還本金之 利息。

按攤銷成本列賬的金融資產 其後使用實際利率法計量並 可能會出現減值。減值、終止 確認或攤銷過程中產生的收 益及虧損於損益中確認。

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 2. 重大會計政策(續)

(Continued)

(d) Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

Financial Instruments (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

Classification and measurement (Continued)

Financial assets at FVPL

These investments include financial assets that are not measured at amortised cost or FVOCI, including financial assets held for trading, financial assets designated upon initial recognition as at FVPL, and financial assets resulting from a contingent consideration arrangement in a business combination to which HKFRS 3 applies and financial assets that are otherwise required to be measured at FVPL. They are carried at fair value, with any resultant gain and loss recognised in profit or loss, which includes any dividend or interest earned on the financial assets.

A financial asset is classified as held for trading if it is:

- acquired principally for the purpose of selling it in the near term;
- part of a portfolio of identified financial instruments that are managed together and for which there is evidence of a recent actual pattern of short-term profit-taking on initial recognition; or
- (iii) a derivative that is not a financial guarantee contract or not a designated and effective hedging instrument.

Derivatives embedded in a hybrid contract in which a host is an asset within the scope of HKFRS 9 are not separated from the host. Instead, the entire hybrid contract is assessed for classification.

(d) 重大會計政策概要(續)

金融工具(續)

金融資產(續)

分類及計量(續)

按公允值計入損益的金融資

該等投資包括並非按攤銷成 本或按公允值計入其他全面 收益計量之金融資產,包括 持作買賣之金融資產、於初 始確認時指定為按公允值計 入損益之金融資產及因香港 財務報告準則第3號適用之業 務合併中之或然代價安排而 產生之金融資產以及另外須 按公允值計入損益之金融資 產。該等投資按公允值列賬, 而任何由此產生之收益及虧 損於損益中確認,其中包括 就金融資產賺取之任何股息 或利息。

金融資產如屬以下各項,則 分類為持作買賣:

- 收購目的主要為於短期 內出售;
- (ii) 屬於受集中管理之已識 別金融工具組合之一部 分,且有跡象顯示其於 初始確認時近期確實出 現短期獲利模式;或
- (iii) 屬於並非財務擔保合約 或並非指定及有效對沖 工具之衍生工具。

嵌入混合合約(其主要資產為 香港財務報告準則第9號範圍 內的資產)中的衍生工具不得 與主要資產分別計量。取而 代之,混合合約整項作分類 評估。

(Continued)

(d) Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

Financial Instruments (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

Classification and measurement (Continued)

2) Financial assets at FVPL (Continued)

Financial assets are designated at initial recognition as at FVPL only if doing so eliminates or significantly reduces a measurement or recognition inconsistency that would otherwise arise from measuring assets or liabilities or recognising the gains or losses on them on different bases.

3) Financial assets designated at FVOCI

Upon initial recognition, the Group may make an irrevocable election to present subsequent changes in the fair value of an investment in an equity instrument that is neither held for trading nor contingent consideration recognised by an acquirer in a business combination to which HKFRS 3 applies in other comprehensive income. The classification is determined on an instrument-by-instrument basis.

These equity investments are subsequently measured at fair value and are not subject to impairment. Dividends are recognised in profit or loss unless the dividend clearly represents a recovery of part of the cost of the investment. Other gains or losses are recognised in other comprehensive income and shall not be subsequently reclassified to profit or loss. The Group's financial assets at designated FVOCI included all available-for-sales financial assets.

2. 重大會計政策(續)

(d) 重大會計政策概要(續)

金融工具(續)

金融資產(續)

分類及計量(續)

2) 按公允值計入損益的金融資 產(續)

金融資產僅在於初始確認時產僅在於初始確認時產生在於初損益不同消除或顯著減少按不認之類計量資產或負債或確認量收益或虧損所產生之,方可數值,方可數值,以時次。

3) 指定為按公允值計入其他全 面收益之金融資產

(Continued)

(d) Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

Financial Instruments (Continued) Financial liabilities

Recognition and derecognition

Financial liabilities are recognised when and only when the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments.

A financial liability is derecognised when and only when the liability is extinguished, that is, when the obligation specified in the relevant contract is discharged, cancelled or expires.

Classification and measurement

The Group's financial liabilities include trade and other payables and accruals, borrowings, lease liabilities, bond and interest payable, amount due to a non-controlling shareholder of a subsidiary and a director. All financial liabilities except for derivatives are recognised initially at their fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest method, unless the effect of discounting would be insignificant, in which case they are stated at cost.

A day-one gain or loss arises when the transaction price for a liability differs from the fair value used to measure it on initial recognition. Such gain or loss is deferred on initial recognition when the fair value is not evidenced by a quoted price in an active market for an identical liability (i.e. a Level 1 input) or based on a valuation technique that use only date from observable markets. After initial recognition, the deferred gain or loss is recognised only to the extent that it arises from a change in a factor (including time) that market participants would take into account which pricing the liability.

2. 重大會計政策(續)

(d) 重大會計政策概要(續)

金融工具(續) 金融負債

確認及終止確認

常月僅當本集團成為該等工具之合 約條文之一方時, 金融負債方會確 認。

金融負債於且僅於負債終絕時方終 止確認,即有關合約訂明之責任獲 解除、註銷或屆滿時。

分類及計量

本集團之金融負債包括貿易及其他 應付款項以及應計費用、借貸、租 賃負債、應付債券及利息、應付子 公司一名非控股股東及一名董事款 項。所有金融負債(衍生工具除外) 初步按其公允值確認,其後以實際 利率法按攤銷成本計量,惟倘折現 之影響不重要時,金融負債則按成 本入賬。

當一項負債之交易價格與初始確認 時用於計量之公允值不同時,會產 生首日收益或虧損。當該公允值沒 有近似負債於活躍市場中之報價(即 第1級輸入數據)或基於僅使用可觀 察市場日期之估值技術證明時,則 該等收益或虧損於首次確認時遞 延。於首次確認後,遞延收益或虧 損僅在市場參與者對負債進行定 價時所考慮之因素(包括時間)發生 變化時才予以確認。

(Continued)

(d) Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

Financial Instruments (Continued)

Impairment of financial assets

The Group recognises loss allowances for expected credit losses ("ECL") on financial assets that are measured at amortised cost, contract assets, loan commitments and financial guarantee contracts issued to which the impairment requirements apply in accordance with HKFRS 9. Except for the specific treatments as detailed below, at each reporting date, the Group measures a loss allowance for a financial asset at an amount equal to the lifetime ECL if the credit risk on that financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition. If the credit risk on a financial asset has not increased significantly since initial recognition, the Group measures the loss allowance for that financial asset at an amount equal to 12-month ECL.

2. 重大會計政策(續)

(d) 重大會計政策概要(續)

金融工具(續)

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 綜合財務報表附註

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

(d) Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

Financial Instruments (Continued) **Impairment of financial assets** (Continued)

Measurement of ECL

ECL is a probability-weighted estimate of credit losses (i.e. the present value of all cash shortfalls) over the expected life of the financial instrument.

For financial assets, a credit loss is the present value of the difference between the contractual cash flows that are due to an entity under the contract and the cash flows that the entity expects to receive.

Lifetime ECL represents the ECL that will result from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument while 12-month ECL represents the portion of lifetime ECL that is expected to result from default events on a financial instrument that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date.

Where ECL is measured on a collective basis, the financial instruments are grouped based on the following one or more shared credit risk characteristics:

- (j) past due information
- (ii) nature of instrument
- (iii) nature of collateral
- (iv) industry of debtors
- (v) geographical location of debtors
- (vi) external credit risk ratings

2. 重大會計政策(續)

(d) 重大會計政策概要(續)

金融工具(續) 金融資產之減值(續)

預期信貸虧損之計量

預期信貸虧損乃金融工具預期年 期之信貸虧損(即所有現金短欠之 現值)之概率加權估計。

就金融資產而言,信貸虧損為合約 項下應付某實體之合約現金流量與 該實體預期收取之現金流量之間 之差額。

全期預期信貸虧損指金融工具預 期年期所有可能之違約事件產生之 預期信貸虧損,而12個月預期信貸 虧損為全期預期信貸虧損之一部分, 其預期源自可能在報告日期後12個 月內發生之金融工具違約事件。

倘以集體基準計量預期信貸虧損, 金融工具乃依據下列一項或一項以 上共享信貸風險特徵而組集:

- 逾期資料
- (ii) 工具性質
- (iii) 抵押品性質
- (iv) 債務人所屬行業
- (v) 債務人所在地理位置
- (vi) 外部信貸風險評級

(Continued)

(d) Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

Financial Instruments (Continued)

Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

Definition of default

The Group considers the following as constituting an event of default for internal credit risk management purposes as historical experience indicates that the Group may not receive the outstanding contractual amounts in full if the financial instrument that meets any of the following criteria.

- information developed internally or obtained from external sources indicates that the debtor is unlikely to pay its creditors, including the Group, in full (without taking into account any collaterals held by the Group); or
- (ii) there is a breach of financial covenants by the counterparty.

Irrespective of the above analysis, the Group considers that default has occurred when a financial asset is more than 180 days past due unless the Group has reasonable and supportable information to demonstrate that a more lagging default criterion is more appropriate.

Assessment of significant increase in credit risk

In assessing whether the credit risk on a financial instrument has increased significantly since initial recognition, the Group compares the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument as at the reporting date with the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument as at the date of initial recognition. In making this assessment, the Group considers both quantitative and qualitative information that is reasonable and supportable, including historical experience and forward-looking information that is available without undue cost or effort. Irrespective of the outcome of the above assessment, the Group presumes that the credit risk on a financial instrument has increased significantly since initial recognition when contractual payments are more than 180 days past due.

2. 重大會計政策(續)

(d) 重大會計政策概要(續)

金融工具(續) 金融資產之減值(續)

違約之定義

本集團認為以下情況就內部信貸風 險管理目的而言構成違約事件,因 為過往經驗顯示如金融工具符合以 下任何一項準則,本集團或無法收 回全數未償還合約金額。

- (i) 有內部制定資料或取自外部 來源資料顯示債務人不大可能 全數向其債權人(包括本集團) 支付欠款(未考慮本集團所持 任何抵押品);或
- (ii) 對手方違反財務契約。

無論上述分析如何,本集團認為金融資產逾期超過180日已屬發生違約,除非本集團有合理及可靠資料證明較為滯後之違約準則更為適當則作別論。

信貸風險顯著增加之評估

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 綜合財務報表附註

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

(d) Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

Financial Instruments (Continued) **Impairment of financial assets** (Continued)

Low credit risk

A financial instrument is determined to have low credit risk if:

- (j) it has a low risk of default;
- the borrower has a strong capacity to meet its contractual cash flow obligations in the near term; and
- (iii) adverse changes in economic and business conditions in the longer term may, but will not necessarily, reduce the ability of the borrower to fulfil its contractual cash flow obligations.

Simplified approach of ECL

For trade receivables the Group applies a simplified approach in calculating ECL. The Group recognises a loss allowance based on lifetime ECL at each reporting date and has established a provision matrix that is based on its historical credit loss experience, adjusted for forward-looking factors specific to the debtors and the economic environment.

2. 重大會計政策(續)

(d) 重大會計政策概要(續)

金融工具(續) 金融資產之減值(續)

低信貸風險

若有下列情況,金融工具會被釐定 為低信貸風險:

- 其具低違約風險;
- (ii) 借款人有強大的實力履行其 近期合約現金流量責任;及
- (iii) 從長期來看,經濟或營商條 件之不利變動可能(但不一定) 會減低借款人履行其合約現 金流量責任之能力。

預期信貸虧損之簡化法

就貿易應收款項而言,本集團應用 簡化法來計算預期信貸虧損。本 集團根據於各報告日期之全期預 期信貸虧損確認虧損撥備,並已 設立基於本集團過往信貸虧損經 驗計算之撥備矩陣,其已就債務人 特定之前瞻性因素及經濟環境作 出調整。

(Continued)

(d) Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

Financial Instruments (Continued)

Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

Credit-impaired financial asset

A financial asset is credit-impaired when one or more events that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of that financial asset have occurred. Evidence that a financial asset is credit-impaired include observable data about the following events:

- (i) significant financial difficulty of the issuer or the borrower.
- (ii) a breach of contract, such as a default or past due event.
- (iii) the lender(s) of the borrower, for economic or contractual reasons relating to the borrower's financial difficulty, having granted to the borrower a concession(s) that the lender(s) would not otherwise consider.
- (iv) it is becoming probable that the borrower will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation.
- (v) the disappearance of an active market for that financial asset because of financial difficulties.
- (vi) the purchase or origination of a financial asset at a deep discount that reflects the incurred credit losses.

2. 重大會計政策(續)

(d) 重大會計政策概要(續)

金融工具(續)
金融資產之減值(續)

金融資產信貸減值

當一項或多項事件對金融資產之估計未來現金流量產生不利影響時, 金融資產即出現信貸減值。金融資產信貸減值之憑證包括以下事件之可觀察數據:

- (i) 發行人或借款人陷入重大財 務困難。
- (ii) 違反合約,例如違約或逾期 事件等。
- (iii) 借款人之放款人因關乎借款 人財務困難之經濟或合約理 由,授予借款人放款人原應 不會考慮授出之讓步。
- (iv) 借款人可能破產或進行其他 財務重組。
- (V) 金融資產因財務困難而失去 活躍市場。
- (vi) 以大幅折扣購買或源生一項 金融資產,由此反映招致信 貸虧損之情況。

(Continued)

(d) Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

Financial Instruments (Continued) Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

Write-off

The Group writes off a financial asset when the Group has no reasonable expectations of recovering the contractual cash flows on a financial asset in its entirety or a portion thereof. The Group has a policy of writing off the gross carrying amount when the financial asset is 1 year past due based on historical experience of recoveries of similar assets. The Group expects no significant recovery from the amount written off. However, financial assets that are written off could still be subject to enforcement activities under the Group's procedures for recovery of amounts due, taking into account legal advice if appropriate. Any subsequent recovery is recognised in profit or loss.

Convertible Bonds

The convertible bond satisfied "fixed-for-fixed" condition.

The component parts of the convertible bonds are classified separately as financial liabilities and equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument. Conversion option that will be settled by the exchange of a fixed amount of cash or another financial asset for a fixed number of the Company's own equity instruments is an equity instrument.

2. 重大會計政策(續)

(d) 重大會計政策概要(續)

金融工具(續) 金融資產之減值(續)

撇銷

本集團無合理預期可全數或部分追 收金融資產之合約現金流量時,會 將之撇銷。本集團有基於其追收類 似資產而制定之於金融資產逾期 一年時撇銷總賬面值之政策。本集 **国預期自所撇銷金額無重大追償。** 然而,被撇銷金融資產仍須面對本 集團考慮法律意見(如適當)之追收 到期欠款程序之強制執行行動。任 何後續追償於損益中確認。

可換股債券

可換股債券符合「固定換固定」條 **/** / 0

可換股債券之組成部分按合約安排 之性質,以及金融負債及權益工具 之定義單獨分類為金融負債及權益。 兑換期權如以固定金額現金或另 一金融資產交換固定數目之本公司 自有權益工具之方式結算,則為權 益工具。

(Continued)

(d) Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

Financial Instruments (Continued)

Convertible Bonds (Continued)

At the date of issue, the fair value of the liability component is estimated using the prevailing market interest rate for similar non-convertible instruments. This amount is recorded as a liability on an amortised cost basis using the effective interest method until extinguished upon conversion or at the instrument's maturity date.

The conversion option classified as equity is determined by deducting the amount of the liability component from the fair value of the compound instrument as a whole. This is recognised and included in equity, and is not subsequently remeasured. In addition, the conversion option classified as equity will remain in equity until the conversion option is exercised, in which case, the balance recognised in equity will be transferred to share premium. When the conversion option remains unexercised at the maturity date of the convertible bonds, the balance recognised in equity will be transferred to accumulated losses. No gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss upon conversion or expiration of conversion option.

Transaction costs that relate to the issue of the convertible bonds are allocated to the liability and equity components in proportion to the allocation of the gross proceeds. Transaction costs relating to the equity component are recognised directly in equity. Transaction costs relating to the liability component are included in the carrying amount of the liability component and are amortised over the lives of the convertible bonds using the effective interest method.

2. 重大會計政策(續)

(d) 重大會計政策概要(續)

金融工具(續)

可換股債券(續)

於發行日期,負債部分之公允值乃 按類似不可換股工具之現行市場利 率估計。該金額按攤銷成本基準 以實際利率法入賬列作負債,直至 於兑換時或該工具到期日消除為止。

與發行可換股債券有關之交易成本 乃按所得款項總額之分配比例分 配至負債及權益部分。與權益部分 有關之交易成本會直接自權益確認。 與負債部分有關之交易成本則計 負債部分之賬面值,並於可換股債 券年期內採用實際利率法攤銷。

(Continued)

(d) Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

Financial Instruments (Continued)

Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the consolidated statement of financial position if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of the consolidated statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and demand deposits, and short term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash, are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, and have a short maturity of generally within three months when acquired, less bank overdrafts which are repayable on demand and form an integral part of the Group's cash management.

For the purpose of the consolidated statement of financial position, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and at banks, including term deposits, and assets similar in nature to cash, which are not restricted as to use.

2. 重大會計政策(續)

(d) 重大會計政策概要(續)

金融工具(續) 抵銷金融工具

倘現時存有一項可依法強制執行之 權利抵銷已確認金額,且有意按淨 額基準結算或同時變現資產及償 還債務,則金融資產與金融負債均 可予抵銷,淨額於綜合財務狀況表 呈報。

現金及現金等價物

就綜合現金流量表而言,現金及現 金等價物包括手頭現金及活期存款, 以及可隨時兑換為已知金額現金而 價值變動風險並不重大且一般自購 入起計於三個月短期內到期之高流 動性短期投資,減須按要求償還 並構成本集團現金管理重要部分之 銀行透支。

就綜合財務狀況表而言,現金及現 金等價物由手頭及銀行現金組成, 包括用途不受限制之定期存款及性 質類似現金之資產。

(Continued)

(d) Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

Provisions

A provision is recognised when a present obligation (legal or constructive) has arisen as a result of a past event and it is probable that a future outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, provided that a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

When the effect of discounting is material, the amount recognised for a provision is the present value at the end of the reporting period of the future expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation. The increase in the discounted present value amount arising from the passage of time is included in finance costs in the consolidated statement of profit or loss.

Provisions for product warranties granted by the Group on certain products are recognised based on sales volume and past experience of the level of repairs and returns, discounted to their present values as appropriate.

Income tax

Income tax comprises current and deferred tax. Income tax relating to items recognised outside profit or loss is recognised outside profit or loss, either in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period, taking into consideration interpretations and practices prevailing in the countries in which the Group operates.

2. 重大會計政策(續)

(d) 重大會計政策概要(續)

撥備

倘因過往事件導致現有債務(法定或推定),而該等債務可能導致未來資源流出以清還負債,且負債金額能夠得到可靠估計,則確認撥備。

倘貼現影響重大,則確認撥備之金額為預期未來償還債務所需開支於呈報期末之現值。因時間推移而產生之貼現現值增額,列作融資成本,計入綜合損益表。

本集團就若干產品之產品保修所作之撥備乃按銷量及過往維修及 退貨之經驗確認,並於適當情況下 貼現至其現值。

所得税

所得税包括即期及遞延税項。與 於損益表外確認項目有關之所得税 於損益表外之其他全面收益或直接 於權益確認。

即期税項資產及負債乃根據截至呈報期末已頒佈或實質上已頒佈之稅率(及稅法),在計及本集團經營業務所在國家現行詮釋及慣例之情況下,按預期自稅務機關退回或付予稅務機關之金額計量。

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 綜合財務報表附註

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

(d) Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

Income tax (Continued)

Deferred tax is provided, using the liability method, on all temporary differences at the end of the reporting period between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences, except:

- when the deferred tax liability arises from the initial recognition of goodwill or an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss; and
- in respect of taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures, when the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences can be controlled and it is probable that the temporary differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

2. 重大會計政策(續)

(d) 重大會計政策概要(續)

所得税(續)

遞延税項乃使用負債法,就於呈報 期末資產及負債之税基與其就財 務報告而言之賬面值之間之所有暫 時差額作出撥備。

遞延税項負債乃就所有應課税暫時 差額予以確認,惟下列情況除外:

- 倘若遞延税項負債是由非業 務合併交易中初步確認商譽 或資產或負債而產生,而該 交易在進行時對會計溢利或 應課税溢利或虧損均無影響; 及
- 就與子公司、聯營公司及合 營企業之投資有關之應課税 暫時差額而言,倘暫時差額 之撥回時間可予控制及暫時 差額可能不會於可見將來撥 •

(Continued)

(d) Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

Income tax (Continued)

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, the carryforward of unused tax credits and any unused tax losses. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, the carryforward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilised, except:

- when the deferred tax asset relating to the deductible temporary differences arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss; and
- in respect of deductible temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures, deferred tax assets are only recognised to the extent that it is probable that the temporary differences will reverse in the foreseeable future and taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilised. Unrecognised deferred tax assets are reassessed at the end of each reporting period and are recognised to the extent that it has become probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

2. 重大會計政策(續)

(d) 重大會計政策概要(續)

所得税(續)

遞延税項資產就所有可扣減暫時 差額、未動用税項抵免及任何未動 用税項虧損之結轉予以確認。確 認遞延税項資產之前提是有可能 有應課税溢利可用於抵銷可扣減暫 時差額、未動用税項抵免及未動用 税項虧損之結轉,惟下列情況除 外:

- 倘若與可扣減暫時差額有關 之遞延税項資產是由非業務 合併交易中初步確認資產或 負債而產生,而該交易在進 行時對會計溢利或應課税溢 利或虧損均無影響;及
- 就與子公司、聯營公司及合營企業之投資有關之可扣減暫時差額而言,遞延税項項產僅會於暫時差額將會於可見將來撥回及有應課稅溢利可用於抵銷暫時差額時確認。

遞延税項資產之賬面值會於各呈報期末檢討,並予以扣減直至不再可能有足夠應課税溢利以允許動用全部或部分遞延税項資產為止上報期末重新評估,並於可能有足夠應課稅溢利可收回全部或部分遞延稅項資產時予以確認。

(Continued)

(d) Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

Income tax (Continued)

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realised or the liability is settled. based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset if and only if the Group has a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets and current tax liabilities and the deferred taxes assets and deferred tax liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either the same taxable entity or different taxable entities which intend either to settle current tax liabilities and assets on a net basis, or to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously, in each future period in which significant amounts of deferred tax liabilities or assets are expected to be settled or recovered.

Revenue Recognition

Interest income from financial asset is accrued on a time basis, by reference to the principal outstanding and at the effective interest rate applicable.

Revenue from contracts with customers within HKFRS 15

Nature of goods or services

The nature of the goods or services provided by the Group is as follows:

Service income from advertising and movie production and distribution

2. 重大會計政策(續)

(d) 重大會計政策概要(續)

所得税(續)

遞 延 税 項 資 產 及 負 債 乃 根 據 於 呈 報期末已頒佈或實質上已頒佈之税 率(及税法),按預期於變現資產或 償還負債期間適用之税率計量。

常月僅當本集團有合法執行權將即 期税項資產抵銷即期税項負債,以 及遞延税項資產及遞延税項負債 與同一稅務機關對同一應課稅實體 或不同應課税實體(該等不同應課 税實體於各未來期間預期有大額 遞延税項負債或資產需要結算或收 回時,擬按淨額基準結算即期稅 項負債及資產或同時變現資產及 結算負債)徵收之所得税相關,則 遞延税項資產與遞延税項負債可 予抵銷。

收入確認

金融資產之利息收入經參考未償 還本金及按適用實際利率以時間基 準累計。

香港財務報告準則第15號客戶合 約收入

貨品或服務性質

本集團所提供貨品或服務之性質如 下:

廣告以及電影製作及發行服 務收入

(Continued)

(d) Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

Revenue Recognition (Continued)

Revenue from contracts with customers within HKFRS 15 (Continued)

Identification of performance obligations

At contract inception, the Group assesses the goods or services promised in a contract with a customer and identifies as a performance obligation each promise to transfer to the customer either:

- a good or service (or a bundle of goods or services) that is distinct; or
- ii. a series of distinct goods or services that are substantially the same and that have the same pattern of transfer to the customer.

A good or service that is promised to a customer is distinct if both of the following criteria are met:

- the customer can benefit from the good or service either on its own or together with other resources that are readily available to the customer (i.e. the good or service is capable of being distinct); and
- the Group's promise to transfer the good or service to the customer is separately identifiable from other promises in the contract (i.e. the promise to transfer the good or service is distinct within the context of the contract).

2. 重大會計政策(續)

(d) 重大會計政策概要(續)

收入確認(續)

香港財務報告準則第**15**號客戶合 約收入(續)

識別履約責任

於合約開始時,本集團評估與客戶訂立之合約內承諾之貨品或服務並識別每一項向客戶轉讓之承諾為履約義務:

- i. 一項(或一批)明確貨品或服 務;或
- ii. 一系列大致相同及以相同模 式向客戶轉讓之明確貨品或 服務。

倘符合以下兩項標準,則向客戶承 諾之貨品或服務為可區別:

- i. 客戶可得益自貨品或服務本身 或連同其他隨時可供客戶使 用之資源(即貨品或服務視為 可區別);及
- ii. 本集團向客戶轉讓貨品或服務之承諾可與合約中其他承諾分開識別(即轉讓貨品或服務之承諾在合約內容上有所區分)。

(Continued)

(d) Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

Revenue Recognition (Continued)

Revenue from contracts with customers within HKFRS 15 (Continued)

Timing of revenue recognition

Revenue is recognised when (or as) the Group satisfies a performance obligation by transferring a promised good or service (i.e. an asset) to a customer. An asset is transferred when (or as) the customer obtains control of that asset

The Group transfers control of a good or service over time and, therefore, satisfies a performance obligation and recognises revenue over time, if one of the following criteria is met:

- the customer simultaneously receives and consumes the benefits provided by the Group's performance as the Group performs;
- the Group's performance creates or enhances an asset (for example, work in progress) that the customer controls as the asset is created or enhanced; or
- the Group's performance does not create an asset with an alternative use to the Group and the Group has an enforceable right to payment for performance completed to date.

If a performance obligation is not satisfied over time, the Group satisfies the performance obligation at a point in time when the customer obtains control of the promised asset. In determining when the transfer of control occurs, the Group considers the concept of control and such indicators as legal title, physical possession, right to payment, significant risks and rewards of ownership of the asset, and customer acceptance.

Service income from advertising and movie production and distribution recognise over time when services are rendered.

2. 重大會計政策(續)

(d) 重大會計政策概要(續)

收入確認(續)

香港財務報告準則第15號客戶合 約收入(續)

收入確認時間

收入於本集團透過向客戶轉移所 承諾之貨品或服務(即資產)完成履 約責任時(或就此)確認。一項資產 在客戶取得該項資產的控制權時(或 就此)獲轉移。

倘符合下列任一條件,本集團在某 一段時間內轉移對貨品或服務之控 制權, 並因此在一段時間內履行履 約義務及確認收益:

- 客戶在本集團履約之同時取 得及消耗透過本集團履約提 供之利益;
- 本集團之履約行為創造或改 良了客戶在資產被創造或改 良時已控制之資產(如在建工 程);或
- iii. 本集團履約時並無創造對本 集團而言具替代用途之資產, 且本集團對迄今完成之履約 付款具有可強制執行權利。

倘本集團並非於一段時間內履行履 約義務,則本集團於客戶取得所承 諾資產控制權之某一時點履行義 務。釐定何時發生控制權轉移時, 本集團會考慮控制權之概念以及諸 如法定所有權、實際擁有權、支付 權、資產所有權之重大風險及回報 以及客戶接受度等指標。

廣告以及電影製作及發行服務收入 隨時間推移於提供服務時予以確 認。

(Continued)

(d) Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

Discontinued operation

A discontinued operation is a component of the Group's business, the operations and cash flows of which can be clearly distinguished from the rest of the Group and which represents a separate major line of business or geographic area of operations, or is part of a single co-ordinated plan to dispose of a separate major line of business or geographical area of operations, or is a subsidiary acquired exclusively with a view to resale.

When an operation is classified as discontinued operation, a single amount is presented in the consolidated statement of profit or loss, which comprises the post-tax profit or loss of the discontinued operation and the post-tax gain or loss recognised on the measurement to fair value less costs to sell, or on the disposal, of the assets or disposal group(s) constituting the discontinued operation.

Share-based payments

For grants of share options that are conditional upon satisfying specified vesting conditions, the fair value of services received determined by reference to the fair value of share options granted at the grant date and is expensed on a straight-line basis over the vesting period, with a corresponding increase in equity (share option reserve).

At the end of each reporting period, the Group revises its estimates of the number of options that are expected to ultimately vest. The impact of the revision of the original estimates during the vesting period, if any, is recognised in profit or loss such that the cumulative expense reflects the revised estimate, with a corresponding adjustment to share option reserve.

2. 重大會計政策(續)

(d) 重大會計政策概要(續)

已終止經營業務

已終止經營業務乃本集團業務之一部分,其業務及現金流量可明顯地與本集團餘下業務區分,並代表一項獨立主要業務或地區性業務或出售一項獨立主要業務或地區性業務或出售一項獨立主要業務或地區性業務之單一協調計劃一部分或僅為轉售目的而購入之子公司。

當某項業務被分類為已終止經營業務時,便會在綜合損益表上以務時,便會在綜合損益表營單一之除稅後損益及按公允值減銷售公允值減稅也付計量所確認之除稅後收益時間,或於出售明別所確認之際稅後收益或虧損。

以股份為基礎之付款

就授出須達成指定歸屬條件之購股權而言,參照授出當日已授出購股權之公允值而釐定已收取服務之公允值,於歸屬期間按直線法支銷,而權益(購股權儲備)則相應增加。

於各呈報期末,本集團會修訂其對預期最終歸屬之購股權數目之估計。於歸屬期間修訂原先估計之影響(如有)於損益中確認,以累積開支反映經修訂估計,並對購股權儲備作出相應調整。

(Continued)

(d) Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

Share-based payments (Continued)

At the time when the share options are exercised, the amount previously recognised in share option reserve will be transferred to share premium. When the share options are forfeited after the vesting date or are still not exercised at the expiry date, the amount previously recognised in share option reserve will be transferred to accumulated losses.

Where the terms and conditions of options are modified before they vest, the change in the fair value of the options, measured immediately before and after the modification, is also recognised in profit or loss over the remaining vesting period.

Other employee benefits

Pension scheme

The Group operates a defined contribution Mandatory Provident Fund retirement benefit scheme (the "MPF Scheme") under the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance for all of its employees. Contributions are made based on a percentage of the employees' basic salaries and are charged to profit or loss as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the MPF Scheme. The assets of the MPF Scheme are held separately from those of the Group in an independently administered fund. The Group's employer contributions vest fully with the employees when contributed into the MPF Scheme.

2. 重大會計政策(續)

(d) 重大會計政策概要(續)

以股份為基礎之付款(續)

當購股權獲行使時,過往於購股 權儲備確認之金額將轉撥至股份 溢價。當購股權於歸屬日後被沒收 或於屆滿日期仍未行使,則過往於 購股權儲備確認之金額將轉撥至 累計虧捐。

在購股權歸屬前修訂其條款及條 件時,緊接修訂前及緊隨修訂後計 量之購股權公允值變動亦於餘下 歸屬期間於損益確認。

其他僱員福利

退休金計劃

本集團根據強制性公積金計劃條 例為所有僱員設立一項界定供款強 制性公積金退休福利計劃(「強積金 計劃1)。該項供款乃根據僱員基本 薪金之某一百分比作出,並於按強 積金計劃規定須予支付時自損益扣 除。強積金計劃資產以獨立管理基 金形式持有,與本集團資產分開。 本集團之僱主供款一旦注入強積金 計劃,即悉數歸屬僱員。

(Continued)

(d) Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

Other employee benefits (Continued)

Pension scheme (Continued)

The employees of the Group's subsidiaries, which operate in the PRC, are required to participate in a central pension scheme operated by the local municipal government. These subsidiaries are required to contribute a certain percentage of their payroll costs to the central pension scheme. The contributions are charged to profit or loss as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the central pension scheme.

Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, i.e., assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are capitalised as part of the cost of those assets. The capitalisation of such borrowing costs ceases when the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale. Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs capitalised. All other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they are incurred. Borrowing costs consist of interest and other costs that an entity incurs in connection with the borrowing of funds.

2. 重大會計政策(續)

(d) 重大會計政策概要(續)

其他僱員福利(續) 退休金計劃(續)

本集團於中國營運之子公司之僱員 須參加由地方市政府營運之中央退 休金計劃。該等子公司須按彼等薪 金成本之某一百分比向中央退休金 計劃作出供款。有關供款根據中央 退休金計劃規定須予支付時自損益 扣除。

借貸成本

(Continued)

(d) Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

Foreign currencies

In preparing the financial statements of each individual group entity, transactions in currencies other than the functional currency of that entity (foreign currencies) are recorded in the respective functional currency (i.e. the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates) at the rates of exchanges prevailing on the dates of the transactions. At the end of the reporting period, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at that date. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated.

Exchange differences arising on the settlement of monetary items, and on the translation of monetary items, are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.

For the purposes of presenting the consolidated financial statements, the assets and liabilities of the Group's foreign operations are translated into the presentation currency of the Group (i.e. HK\$) at the rate of exchange prevailing at the end of the reporting period, and their income and expenses are translated at the average exchange rates for the year, unless exchange rates fluctuate significantly during the period, in which case, the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of transactions are used. Exchange differences arising, if any, are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity (the exchange reserve).

2. 重大會計政策(續)

(d) 重大會計政策概要(續)

外幣

結算貨幣項目及換算貨幣項目產生 之匯兑差額均於產生期間於損益 中確認。

就呈列綜合財務報表而言,本集團 國外業務之資產及負債按各呈報期 末之現行匯率換算成本集團之 列貨幣(即港元)。收支則按年內 均匯率換算,惟匯率於期內大幅交 動則除外,在此情況下,採用交 日現行匯率。所產生匯兑差額(如有) 於其他全面收益確認及於權益(匯 兑儲備)累計。

3. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS

In the application of the Group's accounting policies, which are described in note 2 to the consolidated financial statements, the Directors are required to make judgments, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

The key assumptions concerning the future, and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are described below.

Going concern basis and liquidity

Management makes an assessment of the Group's ability to continue as going concern basis when preparing the consolidated financial statements. The Group is dependent upon the upcoming business performance, and the successful implementation and outcome of the measures as set forth in note 2(a) in order to meet the Group's future working capital and financing requirement.

In assessing whether or not the going concern basis assumption is appropriate, management takes into account all available information about the future, which is at least but is not limited to, cash flows forecast for twelve months from the reporting date of the consolidated financial statements. Should the Group be unable to raise new financing or other measures fail to improve the liquidity of the Group and the Group is unable to continue in business as a going concern basis, adjustments would be needed to reduce the carrying amounts of the assets of the Group to their recoverable amount and, to provide for further liabilities which might arise.

3. 重要會計估計及判斷

於應用本集團會計政策(如綜合財務報表附註2所述)時,董事須對尚無法從其他渠道確認之資產及負債賬面值作出判斷、估計及假設。該等估計及有關假設乃根據過往經驗及視作有關之其他因素作出。實際結果可能有別於該等估計。

該等估計及相關假設將按持續基準檢討。 倘會計估計之修訂僅影響修訂估計之期 間,則該修訂會於該期間確認;倘修訂 對當前及未來期間均有影響,則在作出 修訂之期間及未來期間確認。

於呈報期末具有導致資產及負債賬面值 於下一財政年度內作出大幅調整之重大 風險之有關未來之主要假設及估計不明 朗因素之其他主要來源載列如下。

持續經營基準及流動資金狀況

管理層於編製綜合財務報表時對本集團維持持續經營基準之能力作出評估。本集團依賴日後業務表現及附註2(a)所載為滿足本集團未來營運資金及融資需要所採取之措施能否成功實施及取得之成果。

3. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS (Continued)

Impairment of non-financial assets (other than goodwill)

The Group assesses whether there are any indicators of impairment for all non-financial assets at the end of each reporting period. Indefinite life intangible assets are tested for impairment annually and at other times when such an indicator exists. Other non-financial assets are tested for impairment when there are indicators that the carrying amounts may not be recoverable. An impairment exists when the carrying value of an asset or a cashgenerating unit ("CGU") exceeds its recoverable amount, which is the higher of its fair value less costs of disposal and its value in use. The calculation of the fair value less costs of disposal is based on available data from binding sales transactions in an arm's length transaction of similar assets or observable market prices less incremental costs for disposing of the asset. When value in use calculations are undertaken, management must estimate the expected future cash flows from the asset or CGU and choose a suitable discount rate in order to calculate the present value of those cash flows.

Loss allowance for ECL

The Group's management estimates the loss allowance for trade receivable and loan receivables based on risk of a default and expected loss rate. The assessment of the credit risk involves high degree of estimation and uncertainty as the Group's management estimates the risk of a default and expected loss rate for applying provision matrix on debtors based on the Group's historical information, existing market conditions as well as forward looking estimates at the end of each reporting period. Where the expectation is different from the original estimate, such difference will impact the carrying amount of trade receivables. For details of the key assumption and inputs used in estimating ECL, please refer to note 21 and 22 to the consolidated financial statements.

3. 重要會計估計及判斷(續)

非金融資產減值(商譽除外)

預期信貸虧損之虧損撥備

3. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS (Continued)

Loss allowance for ECL (Continued)

In order to recognise the credit risk, management of the Group has delegated a team responsible for determination of credit limits, credit approvals and other monitoring procedures to ensure that follow-up action is taken to recover overdue debts. In addition, the Group reviews the recoverable amount of each individual debt at the end of reporting period to ensure that adequate impairment losses are made for irrecoverable amounts. The Group closely monitors the collectability of trade debtors at the end of the reporting period to ensure that the amounts are recoverable. In this regard, the directors of the Company consider that the Group's credit risk is significantly reduced.

The Group applies a simplified approach to measuring expected credit losses which uses a lifetime expected loss allowance for all trade receivables from initial recognition. To measure the expected credit losses, trade receivables have been grouped based on shared credit risk characteristics and the days past due. The expected loss rates are based on the historical payment profiles of sales and the corresponding historical credit losses experienced. The historical loss rates are adjusted to reflect current and forward-looking information on factors affecting the ability of the customers to settle the receivables.

3. 重要會計估計及判斷(續)

預期信貸虧損之虧損撥備(續)

3. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS (Continued)

Current tax

The Group is subject to income taxes in Hong Kong and the PRC. The Group carefully evaluates tax implications of transactions in accordance with the prevailing tax regulations and makes tax provision accordingly. However, judgement is required in determining the Group's provision for income taxes as there are transactions and calculations of which the ultimate tax determination is uncertain during the ordinary course of business. Where the final tax outcome of these matters is different from the amounts that were initially recorded, such differences will impact on the income tax and deferred tax provision in the periods in which such determination is made.

Useful lives of other intangible assets

The Group's management determines the estimated useful lives and consequent related amortisation rate (if any) for its other intangible assets. These estimates are based on the historical experience of the actual useful lives of comparable intangible assets in related industries. Actual economic life may vary from estimated useful life. Periodic review could result in a change in useful lives and consequently increase or decrease in amortisation expenses.

Useful lives and residual values of items of property, plant and equipment

The Group's management determines the residual values, useful lives and related depreciation charges for the Group's property, plant and equipment. This estimate is based on the historical experience of the actual residual value and useful lives of items of property, plant and equipment of similar nature and functions. It could change significantly as a result of technical innovations and competitor actions in response to severe industry cycles. Management will increase the depreciation charge where residual values or useful lives are less than previously estimated, or it will write off or write down technically obsolete or non-strategic assets that have been abandoned or sold. Actual economic lives may differ from estimated useful lives. Periodic review could result in a change in depreciable lives and therefore depreciation in the future periods.

3. 重要會計估計及判斷(續)

即期税項

其他無形資產之可使用年期

本集團管理層釐定其他無形資產之估計可使用年期以及相關攤銷率(如有)。該等估計乃根據過往對有關行業可資比較無形資產之實際可使用年期之經驗而作出。實際經濟年期可能與估計可使用年期不同。定期審閱會導致可使用年期發生變動,以致增加或減少攤銷開支。

物業、機器及設備項目之可使用 年期及殘餘價值

4. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

(a) Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Group's major financial instruments include financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, loan receivables, trade receivables, other receivables and deposits, trade payables, other payables and accruals, amount due to a non-controlling shareholder of a subsidiary and a director, borrowings, lease liabilities, bond and interest payables and convertible bonds. The carrying amounts of each of the categories of financial instruments as at the end of the reporting are as follows:

4. 財務風險管理

(a) 財務風險管理目標及政策

		2020 二零二零年 HK\$′000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
Financial assets Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	金融資產 按公允值計入損益之金融 資產	202	3,160
Financial assets at amortised cost:	按攤銷成本列賬的 金融資產:		
Loan receivables Trade receivables Other receivables and deposits	應收貸款 貿易應收賬款 其他應收款項及按金	10,000	4,416 25,440
(excluding prepayments) Cash and cash equivalents	(不包括預付款項) 現金及現金等價物	260 149	5,882 2,220
		10,409	37,958
		10,611	41,118
Financial liabilities Financial liabilities at amortised cost:	金融負債 按攤銷成本計量之 金融負債:		
Trade payables Other payables and accruals	貿易應付賬款 其他應付款項及	7,677	18,890
Amount due to a non-controlling shareholder of a subsidiary	應計費用 應付子公司一名非控股 股東款項	23,094 4,198	16,163 709
Amount due to a director Borrowings Lease liabilities	應付一名董事款項 借貸 租賃負債	820 16,366 25	1,120 20,818 -
Bond and interest payable Convertible bonds	應付債券及利息 可換股債券	3,938 80,753	162,630
		136,871	220,330

(a) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

The main risks arising from the Group's financial instruments are interest rate risk, equity price risk, currency risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. The Directors reviews and agrees policies for managing each of these risks and they are summarised below. The Group's accounting policies are set out in note 2(d) to the consolidated financial statements.

(i) Interest rate risk

The interest rate of the Group's borrowings is disclosed in note 28. As the Group has no significant variable interest-bearing financial assets and liabilities, the Group's income and operating cash flows are substantially independent of changes in market interest rate. The Group adopts centralised treasury policies in cash and financial management and focuses on reducing the Group's overall interest expenses. The Directors are of the opinion that the Group's sensitivity to the change in interest rate is low.

(ii) Equity price risk

The Group is exposed to equity price changes arising from listed equity investments classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss. The Directors manage this exposure by maintaining a portfolio of investments with different risk profiles.

At 31 March 2020, if the market price of the listed equity securities had increased/decreased by 10% with all other variables held constant. the Group's loss after income tax would have been approximately HK\$20,000 (2019: approximately HK\$811,000) lower/higher.

4. 財務風險管理(續)

(a) 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

本集團金融工具產生之主要風險 為利率風險、股本價格風險、貨幣 風險、信貸風險及流動資金風險。 董事檢討及議定管理各項風險之 政策,有關政策概述如下。本集團 重大會計政策載於綜合財務報表 附註2(d)。

(i) 利率風險

本集團借貸之利率於附註28 披露。由於本集團並無重大 浮息金融資產及負債,故本 集團之收入及經營現金流量 大致上不受市場利率變動影 響。本集團在現金及財務管 理方面採納集中財務政策, 並致力減少本集團整體利息 開支。董事認為,本集團對利 率變動之敏感度偏低。

(ii) 股本價格風險

本集團面臨上市股本投資產 生的股本價格變動風險,有 關投資歸類為按公允值計入 損益的金融資產。董事誘過 維持具不同風險概況的投資 組合,管理此類風險。

於二零二零年三月三十一日, 倘上市股本證券的市價上升/ 下跌10%,而所有其他變素 維持不變,則本集團的除所 得税後虧損將增加/減少約 20,000港元(二零一九年:約 811,000港元)。

(a) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

(iii) Currency risk

Currency risk refers to the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. The transactions and monetary assets and liabilities denominated in RMB is minimal, the Group considers there has no significant foreign exchange risk in respect of RMB. The Group currently does not have a hedging policy on currency risk but the management would consider hedging significant foreign currency exposure should the need arise.

The policies to manage currency risk have been followed by the Group in prior years and are considered to be effective.

4. 財務風險管理(續)

(a) 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

(iii) 貨幣風險

本集團一直沿用過往年度之 貨幣風險管理政策,且認為 其具有成效。

(a) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

(iv) Credit risk and impairment assessment

As at 31 March 2020, the credit risk of the Group is primarily attributable to trade receivable, deposits and other receivables, loans receivables and bank balances.

The Group performed impairment assessment for financial assets under ECL model. Information about the Group's credit risk management, maximum credit risk exposures and the related impairment assessment, if applicable, are summarized as below:

In respect of trade receivable and deposits and other receivables, in order to minimise risk, the management has a credit policy in place and the exposures to these credit risks are monitored on an ongoing basis. Credit evaluations of its debtors' financial position and condition are performed on each and every major debtor periodically. These evaluations focus on the debtor's past history of making payments when due and current ability to pay, and take into account information specific to the debtor as well as pertaining to the economic environment in which the debtor operates. The Group does not require collateral in respect of its financial assets. Debts are usually due between 90 and 180 days from the date of billing.

The Group's exposure to credit risk of trade receivable and deposits and other receivables is influenced mainly by the individual characteristics of each debtor. At the end of the reporting period, the Group had certain concentration of credit risk as 100% (2019: 30%) and 100% (2019: 72%) of the total trade receivable and deposits and other receivables were due from the Group's largest debtor and the five largest debtors respectively.

4. 財務風險管理(續)

(a) 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

(iv) 信貸風險及減值評估

於二零二零年三月三十一日, 本集團之信貸風險主要來自 貿易應收款項、按金及其他 應收款項、應收貸款及銀行 結餘。

本集團對處於預期信貸虧損 模式下的財務資產進行減值 評估。有關本集團的信貸風 險管理、最大信貸風險敞口 及相關的減值評估(如適用) 的資料概述如下:

就貿易應收款項、按金 及其他應收款項而言, 為盡量降低其風險,管 理層制定信貸政策應對, 而有關信貸風險會按持 續基準監察。對債務人 財務狀況及條件之信貸 評估乃定期對各主要債 務人進行。該等評估關 注債務人過往支付到期 款項之記錄及目前之環 款能力,並顧及債務人 特定資料及債務人經營 所處經濟環境之資料。 本集團並無要求就金融 資產持有抵押品。債務 一般自發票日期起計90 至180天內到期。

(a) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

(iv) Credit risk and impairment assessment (Continued)

i. (Continued)

The Group's customer base consists of a wide range of clients and the trade receivables are categorised by common risk characteristics that are representative of the customers' abilities to pay all amounts due in accordance with the contractual terms. The Group applies a simplified approach in calculating ECL for trade receivables and recognises a loss allowance based on lifetime ECL at each reporting date and has established a provision matrix that is based on its historical credit loss experience, adjusted for forward-looking factors specific to the debtors and the economic environment. The expected loss rate used in the provision matrix is calculated for each category based on actual credit loss experience over the past three years and adjusted for current and forward-looking factors to reflect differences between economic conditions during the period over which the historical data has been collected, current conditions and the Group's estimate on future economic conditions over the expected lives of the receivables. There was no change in the estimation techniques or significant assumptions made during the year.

The maximum exposure to credit risk of loans and advances to customers for each stage is represented by the net carrying amount of each type of financial assets as at the end of the reporting periods. The details are set out in note 22 to these financial statements.

Further quantitative data in respect of the Group's exposure to credit risk arising from loans business are disclosed in note 4 to these financial statements.

4. 財務風險管理(續)

(a) 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

(iv) 信貸風險及減值評估(續)

i. (續)

本集團之客戶基礎由廣 大客戶組成及貿易應收 款項以共有風險特徵分 類,該等特徵可代表客 戶按照合約條款支付所 有到期欠款之能力。本 集團應用簡化法計量貿 易應收款項之預期信貸 虧損, 並根據於各報告 日期之全期預期信貸虧 損確認虧損撥備,並已 設立基於本集團過往信 貸虧損經驗計算之撥備 矩 陣,其已就債務人特 定之前瞻性因素及經濟 環境作出調整。根據過 去三年之實際信貸虧損 經驗,計算每個類別之 撥備矩陣中使用的預期 虧損率, 並根據當前和 前瞻性因素進行調整, 以反映收集過往數據期 間之經濟狀況、當前狀 況及本集團就應收款項 預期年期之未來經濟狀 況的估計之間之差異。 年內估值技術或重大假 設並無變動。

各階段向客戶提供之貸款及墊款之最高信貸風 險敞口為於報告期末值。 類金融資產之賬面淨值。 有關詳情載於本財務報 表附註22。

有關本集團因貸款業務 而產生的信貸風險之進 一步量化數據披露於本 財務報表附註4。

4. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

(a) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

(iv) Credit risk and impairment assessment (Continued)

In respect of loans receivable, the Group has adopted procedures in extending credit terms to loan borrowers and in monitoring its credit risk. The credit policy on extending credit terms to loan borrowers includes assessing and evaluating loan borrowers' creditworthiness and financial standing. Management also closely monitors all outstanding debts and reviews the collectability of loans receivable periodically.

When a certain number of customers undertake the same business activities. stay in the same geographical locations, or bear similar economic features for their industries, their ability to fulfil contracts will be affected by the same economic changes. Concentration of credit risk reflects the sensitivity of the Group's operating results to a particular industry or geographic location. As the Group mainly conducts microfinance business in Hong Kong, a certain level of geographical concentration risk exists for its loan portfolios in that it might be affected by changes of economic conditions.

At the end of the reporting period, nil (2019: 52%) and nil (2019: 100%) of the total loans receivable was due from the Group's largest borrower and the five largest borrowers respectively.

The maximum exposure to credit risk of loans and advances to customers for each stage is represented by the net carrying amount of each type of financial assets as at the end of the reporting periods. The details are set out in note 21 to these financial statements.

Further quantitative data in respect of the Group's exposure to credit risk arising from loans business are disclosed in note 4 to these financial statements.

4. 財務風險管理(續)

(a) 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

(iv) 信貸風險及減值評估(續)

就應收貸款而言,本集 團已採納程序延長貸款 借款人之信貸期,並監 察有關信貸風險。延長 貸款借款人信貸期之信 貸政策包括評定及估計 貸款借款人之信用度及 財務狀況。管理層亦會 密切監察所有應收未收 債項及定期審閱應收貸 款之收回情况。

> 當若干數量的客戶從事 相同的業務活動、位於 相同的地理位置或其行 業具有相似的經濟特性, 彼等的履約能力將受到 同一經濟變化的影響。 信貸風險的集中程度反 映了本集團的經營業績 對某一特定行業或地理 位置的敏感程度。由於 本集團主要於香港經營 小額貸款業務,其貸款 組合因此承擔一定程度 的地理集中風險,並可 能因經濟狀況出現變動 而受到影響。

> 於報告期末,本集團最 大借款人及五大借款 人分別結欠應收貸款 總額為零(二零一九年: 52%)及零(二零一九年: 100%) •

> 各階段向客戶提供之貸 款及墊款之最高信貸風 險敞口為於報告期末各 類金融資產之賬面淨值。 有關詳情載於本財務報 表附註21。

> 有關本集團因貸款業務 而產生的信貸風險之進 一步量化數據披露於本 財務報表附註4。

4. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

(a) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

- (iv) Credit risk and impairment assessment (Continued)
 - iii. The credit risk on bank balances are limited because the counterparties are mainly banks with high credit ratings assigned by international credit-rating agencies.

The Group adopts a risk classification approach to manage its financial instruments portfolio risk. Financial instruments are categorised into the following stages by the Group:

Stage 1

Financial instruments have not experienced a significant increase in credit risk since origination and impairment recognised on the basis of 12 months expected credit losses (12-month ECLs).

Stage 2

Financial instruments have experienced a significant increase in credit risk since origination and impairment is recognised on the basis of lifetime expected credit losses (Lifetime ECLs non credit-impaired).

Stage 3

Financial instruments that are in default and considered credit impaired (Lifetime ECLs credit-impaired). The Group applies the new ECL model to measure the impairment loss of the loans and advances to customers.

4. 財務風險管理(續)

- (a) 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)
 - (iv) 信貸風險及減值評估(續)
 - iii. 由於對手方主要為具備 國際信貸評級機構給予 高信貸評級之銀行,故 銀行結餘信貸風險有限。

本集團採用風險分類方 法管理其金融工具組合 風險。金融工具由本集 團分為以下階段:

第一階段

由於批授及減值基於12個月預期信貸虧損(12個月預期信貸虧損)進行確認,故金融工具之信貸風險並無顯著增加。

第二階段

由於批授及減值基於全期預期信貸虧損(無信貸減值之全期預期信貸虧損)進行確認,金融工具之信貸風險顯著增加。

第三階段

違約且被視為信貸減值 (信貸減值之全期預期信 貸虧損)之金融工具。 集團採用新預期信貸 損模型計量向客戶提供 的貸款及墊款之減值損 失。

4. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued) 4. 財務風險管理(續)

(a) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

(iv) Credit risk and impairment assessment (Continued)

The Group's internal credit risk grading assessment comprises the following categories:

(a) 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

(iv) 信貸風險及減值評估(續)

本集團的內部信貸風險評級 包括以下類別:

Internal credit rating 內部信貸評級	Description 描述	Financial assets at amortised cost 按攤銷成本計量的 財務資產
Low risk	The counterparty has a low risk of default and does not have any past- due amounts	12m ECL
低風險	對手方的違約風險較低,並無任何 逾期金額	12個月預期信貸虧損
Watch list	Debtor frequently repays after due dates but usually settle in full	12m ECL
觀察名單	债務人經常於到期日後還款,但通 常全額付清	12個月預期信貸虧損
Doubtful	There have been significant increases in credit risk since initial recognition through information developed internally or external resources	Lifetime ECL – not credit- impaired
存疑	通過內部或外部資源得出的資料, 了解到自初步確認以來信貸風險 顯著增加	全期預期信貸虧損-無信 貸減值
Loss	There is evidence indicating the asset is credit-impaired	Lifetime ECL – credit- impaired
損失	有證據表明該資產已出現信貸減值	全期預期信貸虧損-信貸 減值
Write-off	There is evidence indicating that the debtor is in severe financial difficulty and the Group has no realistic prospect of recovery	Amount is written off
撇銷	有證據表明債務人處於嚴重的財務 困難及本集團並無實際的收回前 景	撇銷金額

- 4. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)
 - (a) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)
 - (iv) Credit risk and impairment assessment (Continued)
- 4. 財務風險管理(續)
 - (a) 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)
 - (iv) 信貸風險及減值評估(續)

					A STATE OF THE STA		
				20	20	201	9
				二零二	零年	_零-	九年
				Gross		Gross	
			12m or	carrying	Loss	carrying	Loss
	rating	credit rating	lifetime ECL	amount	allowance	amount	allowance
	外部信貸評級	內部信貸評級	12個月或全期 預期信貸虧損	賬面總值	虧損撥備	賬面總值	虧損撥備
	27 部 信 貝 計 級	内部信見計級	頂 州 旧 貝 樹 頂	版 回 総 恒 HK\$'000	削損撤開 HK\$′000	版	虧 摂 滾 佣 HK\$′000
				千港元	千港元	HK\$ 000 千港元	
							千港元
Loan receivables	N/A	Loss	Life-time ECL	4,967	4,967	4,433	17
			— credit-impaired				
應收貸款	不適用	損失	全期預期信貸虧損				
			-信貸減值				
Trade receivables	N/A	Doubtful	Life-time ECL	31,364	21,364	40,265	14,825
			— non credit-impaired				
貿易應收賬款	不適用	存疑	全期預期信貸虧損				
			一非信貸減值				
Deposits and other receivables	N/A	Doubtful	Life-time ECL	2.852	2,592	8.481	2,599
			— non credit-impaired	-,	_,	-,	-,
按金及其他應收款項	不適用	存疑	全期預期信貸虧損				
			一非信貸減值				
Bank balances	Baa 1 or above	N/A	12m ECL	149	_	2,220	_
銀行結餘	Baa 1或以上	不適用	12個月預期				
			信貸虧損				

4. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued) 4. 財務風險管理(續)

(a) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

(iv) Credit risk and impairment assessment (Continued)

The following tables show reconciliation of loss allowances that has been recognised for financial assets measured at amortised cost:

(a) 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

(iv) 信貸風險及減值評估(續)

下表列示已就按攤銷成本計 量之財務資產確認之虧損撥 備之對賬:

	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total
		Lifetime ECL –	Lifetime ECL –	
		(not credit-	(credit-	
	階段1			總計
				HK\$'000
	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
於二零一八年				
	-	-	-	-
則第9號之影響	15	4,965	-	4,980
於二零一九年				
四月一日	15	4,965	-	4,980
已確認減值虧損	2	12,459		12,461
	17	17,424	-	17,441
	(17)	_	17	
	-		_	(35)
已確認減值虧損	_	6,567	4,950	11,517
\				
	_	22 054	1 067	28,923
	三月三十十四日 三月港等9號之影響 於二零月減值 於二四認之一一一個虧損 於二二十年四十二十十年四十十年四十十十年四十十十年四十十十年四十十十年四十十十年	12m ECL 階段1 12個月預期 信貸虧損 HK\$'000 干港元 於二零一八年 三月三十一日 採納香港財務等 - 三月三十分報告準則第9號之影響 15 於二零一九年 四月一日 15 已確認減值虧損 2 於二零一九年 四月一日 17 大二零一九年四月一日確認主之變動: 一轉撥 批消減值損失 一轉撥 微銷減值虧損 (17) 撤銷減值虧損 - 已確認減值虧損 -	Lifetime ECL - (not creditimpaired) 階段1 階段2 全期預期 信貸虧損 (無信貸減值) HK\$'000 HK\$'000 千港元 千港元	Lifetime ECL - (not credit- (credit- (credit- (credit- (credit- (credit- impaired))) Lifetime ECL - (not credit- (credit- impaired)) Lifetime ECL - (credit- impaired) Lifetime ECL - (credit impaire

4. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

(a) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

(v) Liquidity risk

Prudent liquidity risk management implies maintaining sufficient cash and an availability of funding through the ability to close-out market positions. In the opinion of the Directors, the Group should have adequate resources to meet its obligation in the forthcoming year on the basis set out in note 2(a) to the consolidated financial statements.

The following table details the remaining contractual maturities at the reporting date of the Group's non-derivative financial liabilities, which are based on contractual undiscounted cash flows (including interest payments computed using contractual rates or, if floating, based on rates current at the reporting date) and the earliest date the Group can be required to pay:

At 31 March 2020

4. 財務風險管理(續)

(a) 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

(v) 流動資金風險

審慎流動資金風險管理指透過於市場平倉之能力持有充裕現金及可供動用資金。董事認為,根據綜合財務報表附註2(a)所載,本集團將擁有充足資源承擔其來年義務。

下表詳列本集團非衍生金融負債於各報告日期之餘下合約到期情況,此乃根據合約未貼現現金流量(包括按訂約利率或(若為浮息)按報告日期之即期利率計算之利息付款)以及本集團可能須作出支付之最早日期而得出:

於二零二零年三月三十一日

		On demand 按要求 HK\$'000 千港元	Within 1 year 一年內 HK\$'000 千港元	Within 1 to 2 years 一至兩年內 HK\$'000 千港元	Over 2 years 超過兩年 HK\$'000 千港元	Total contractual undiscounted cash flow 合約未貼現 現金流量總額 HK\$'000 千港元	Carrying amount 賬面值 HK\$'000 千港元
Trade payables	貿易應付款項	7,677	-	-	-	7,677	7,677
Other payables and accruals	其他應付款項及應計						
	費用	23,094	-	-	-	23,094	23,094
Amount due to a non- controlling shareholder of	應付子公司一名非控 股股東款項						
a subsidiary		4,198	-	-	-	4,198	4,198
Amount due to a director	應付一名董事款項	820	-	-	-	820	820
Borrowings	借貸	15,847	519	-	-	16,366	16,366
Bond and interest payable	應付債券及利息	-	276	318	4,406	5,000	3,938
Convertible bonds	可換股債券	-	86,400	-	-	86,400	80,753
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	-	26	-	-	26	25
		E4 /2/	07 004	240	4.407	442 504	42/ 074
		51,636	87,221	318	4,406	143,581	136,871

4. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

(a) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

(v) Liquidity risk (Continued)

At 31 March 2020, the Group had net current liabilities of approximately HK\$124,283,000 and net liabilities of approximately HK\$128,109,000. The directors have taken steps to improve the Group's liquidity position and mitigate its liquidity risk as disclosed in note 2 to the consolidated financial statements.

At 31 March 2019

4. 財務風險管理(續)

(a) 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

(v) 流動資金風險(續)

於二零二零年三月三十一日, 本集團流動負債淨額約為 124,283,000港 元, 而負債淨 額約為128,109,000港元。如綜 合財務報表附註2所披露,董 事已採取措施以改善本集團 流動性狀況及減輕其流動性 風險。

於二零一九年三月三十一日

		On demand 按要求 HK\$'000 千港元	Within 1 year 一年內 HK\$'000 千港元	Within 1 to 2 years 一至兩年內 HK\$'000 千港元	Over 2 years 超過兩年 HK\$'000 千港元	Total contractual undiscounted cash flow 合約未貼現 現金流量總額 HK\$'000 千港元	Carrying amount 賬面值 HK\$'000 千港元
Trade payables	貿易應付款項	567	18,323	-	-	18,890	18,890
Other payables and accruals	其他應付款項及應計						
	費用	16,163	-	-	-	16,163	16,163
Amount due to a non- controlling shareholder of	應付子公司一名非控 股股東款項						
a subsidiary		709	-	-	-	709	709
Amount due to a director	應付一名董事款項	1,120	-	-	-	1,120	1,120
Borrowings	借貸	9,435	11,383	-	-	20,818	20,818
Convertible bonds	可換股債券	-	13,566	176,040	-	189,606	162,630
		27,994	43,272	176,040	-	247,306	220,330

4. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

(b) Fair value measurements of financial instruments

Fair value of the Group's financial assets that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis

The Group's financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value at the end of the reporting period. The following table gives information about how the fair values of these financial assets are determined (in particular, the valuation technique(s) and inputs used), as well as the level of the fair value hierarchy into which the fair value measurements are categorised (levels 1 to 3) based on the degree to which the inputs to the fair value measurements is observable.

4. 財務風險管理(續)

(b) 金融工具的公允值計量

按經常基準以公允值計量之本集 團金融資產之公允值

本集團按公允值計入損益之金融資產於報告期末按公允值計量。下表提供如何釐定該等金融資產不允值之資料(特別是所用估值技術及輸入數據),以及按公允值計量制分之公允值計量制分之公允值層級(第一級至第三級)。

Financial assets	as at 31	value I March		Valuation technique and key inputs
金融資產	於三月三十-	-日之公允值	公允值層級	估值技術及主要輸入數據
	2020	2019		
	二零二零年	二零一九年		
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000		
	千港元	千港元		
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	202	3,160	Level 1	Quoted share prices in an active market
按公允值計入損益之金融資產			第一級	股份於活躍市場之報價

There is no transfer between different levels of the fair value hierarchy for the year ended 31 March 2020.

Fair value of the Group's financial assets and financial liabilities that are not measured at fair value on a recurring basis

The management of the Group estimates the fair value of the Group's financial assets and financial liabilities measured at amortised cost using the discounted cash flows analysis.

The management of the Group considers that the carrying amounts of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded at amortised cost in the consolidated statement of financial position approximate at their fair values.

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年 度,不同層級之公允值等級之間並 無轉移。

並非按經常基準以公允值計量之 本集團金融資產及金融負債之公 允值

本集團管理層使用貼現現金流分析法估計本集團按攤銷成本計量 之金融資產及金融負債之公允值。

本集團管理層認為於綜合財務狀 況表按攤銷成本列賬之金融資產 及金融負債賬面值與公允值相若。

4. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

(c) Capital management

The primary objectives of the Group's capital management are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern and to maintain healthy capital ratios in order to support its business and maximise shareholders' value.

The capital structure of the Group consists of debts and equity attributable to owners of the Company, comprising issued share capital and reserves.

The Group reviews the capital structure on an annual basis and makes adjustments to it in the light of changes in economic conditions and the risk characteristics of the underlying assets. Based on the review, the Group will balance its overall capital structure through raising or repayment of borrowings, bond insurance, share pricing and repayment of debt.

The Group monitors capital on the basis of the gearing ratio. The gearing ratio is calculated as total debts divided by total assets. At the reporting years ended 31 March 2020 and 2019, the Group's gearing ratio was 972.5% and 419.2%, respectively.

4. 財務風險管理(續)

(c) 資本管理

本集團資本管理之主要目標為保障 本集團之持續經營能力及維持穩健 之資本比例,以為其業務提供支持 及為股東創造最高價值。

本集團之資本結構包含債務及本公 司擁有人應佔權益(包括已發行股 本及儲備)。

本集團每年檢討資本結構,並根據 經濟狀況變動及相關資產之風險 特徵作出調整。根據有關檢討,本 集團會透過舉債或還債、發行債 券、股份定價及償還債務平衡其整 體資本結構。

本集團採用資產負債比率監察其資 本。資產負債比率按債務總額除以 資產總值計算。於截至二零二零年 及二零一九年三月三十一日止報告 年度,本集團之資產負債比率分別 為972.5%及419.2%。

5. OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION

For management purposes, the Group is organised into business units based on their products and services and has three reportable operating segments as follows:

- (a) Advertising: provision of advertising and movie production and distribution in Hong Kong;
- (b) Money lending: provision of mortgage loans and short-term loans in Hong Kong; and
- (c) Securities investments: investments and trading of securities in Hong Kong.

During the year ended 31 March 2019, the Group disposed of the entire equity interests in Super Car Service Company Limited which engaged in provision of car beauty and maintenance services in Hong Kong. Accordingly, the Group's car beauty operation was treated as discontinued operation. The segment information reported below does not include any amounts for the discontinued operation which is disclosed in note 13.

Management monitors the results of the Group's operating segments separately for the purpose of making decisions about resources allocation and performance assessment. Segment performance is evaluated based on reportable segment profit or loss, which is a measure of adjusted profit or loss before income tax. The adjusted profit or loss before income tax is measured consistently with the Group's profit or loss before income tax except that bank interest income, finance costs as well as head office and corporate expenses are excluded from such measurement.

5. 經營分部資料

就管理目的而言,本集團按產品及服務 劃分業務單位,分為以下三個可呈報經 營分部:

- (a) 廣告:於香港提供廣告以及電影製作及發行;
- (b) 放債:於香港提供按揭貸款及短期 貸款;及
- (c) 證券投資:於香港進行證券投資及 買賣。

於截至二零一九年三月三十一日止年度,本集團出售一汽車服務有限公司全部股權,該集團於香港從事提供汽車美容及維修服務之業務。因此,本集團之汽車美容業務被視為已終止經營業務。下文呈報之分部資料並不包括附註13所披露之已終止經營業務之任何金額。

管理層單獨監控本集團經營分部之業績, 以作出有關資源分配及表現評估之決決稅 分部表現按用作計量經調整除所得稅稅 溢利或虧損之可呈報分部溢利或虧損 行評估。經調整除所得稅前溢利或或虧 之計量與本集團除所得稅前溢利或虧 之計算方式一致,惟銀行利息收立未納 資成本以及總辦事處及企業開支並未納 入有關計量。

5. OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION

(Continued)

Segment assets exclude deferred tax assets, corporate and unallocated assets and assets relating to discontinued

Segment liabilities exclude deferred tax liabilities, convertible bonds, corporate and unallocated liabilities and liabilities relating to discontinued operation.

(a) Segment Results

For the year ended 31 March 2020

5. 經營分部資料(續)

分部資產不包括遞延税項資產、企業及 未分配資產以及與已終止經營業務有關 之資產。

分部負債不包括遞延税項負債、可換股 債券、企業及未分配負債以及與已終止 經營業務有關之負債。

(a) 分部業績

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年 度

		Advertising 廣告 HK\$'000 千港元	Money landing 放債 HK\$'000 千港元	Securities investments 證券投資 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
Segment revenue	分部收入				
Sales to external customers	銷售予外部客戶	20,000	534	-	20,534
Segment results	分部業績	(7,315)	(4,436)	(1,210)	(12,961)
Reconciliation: Unallocated gains Finance costs	對賬: 未分配收益 融資成本				8 (14,366)
Corporate and other unallocated expenses	企業及其他未分配 開支			-	(21,352)
Loss before income tax	除所得税前虧損				(48,671)

5. OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION

5. 經營分部資料(續)

(Continued)

(a) Segment Results (Continued)

For the year ended 31 March 2019

(a) 分部業績(續)

截至二零一九年三月三十一日止年

		Advertising 廣告 HK\$'000 千港元	Money landing 放債 HK\$'000 千港元	Securities investments 證券投資 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
Segment revenue Sales to external customers	分部收入 銷售予外部客戶	27,623	438	-	28,061
Segment results	分部業績	3,895	425		4,320
Reconciliation: Interest income	對賬: 利息收入				1
Unallocated gains Finance costs	未分配收益 融資成本				813 (27,994)
Corporate and other unallocated expenses	企業及其他未分配 開支			-	(27,656)
Loss before income tax	除所得税前虧損			_	(50,516)

- 5. OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION
- 5. 經營分部資料(續)

(Continued)

(b) Segment Assets and Liabilities

(b) 分部資產及負債 於二零二零年三月三十一日

At 31 March 2020

		Advertising 廣告 HK\$'000 千港元	Money landing 放債 HK\$'000 千港元	Securities investments 證券投資 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
Segment assets	分部資產	10,255	11	243	10,509
Reconciliation: Corporate and other unallocated assets	對賬: 企業及其他未分配資產				488
Total assets	總資產				10,997
Segment liabilities	分部負債	9,912	8	1,069	10,989
Reconciliation: Convertible bonds Corporate and other	對賬: 可換股債券 企業及其他未分配負債				80,753
unallocated liabilities Total liabilities	總負債				139,106

5. OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION

(Continued)

(b) Segment Assets and Liabilities

(Continued)

At 31 March 2019

5. 經營分部資料(續)

(b) 分部資產及負債(續)

於二零一九年三月三十一日

		Advertising 廣告 HK\$'000 千港元	Money landing 放債 HK\$'000 千港元	Securities investments 證券投資 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
Segment assets	分部資產	27,700	4,427	5,282	37,409
Reconciliation: Corporate and other unallocated assets	對賬: 企業及其他未分配 資產				6,889
Total assets	總資產				44,298
Segment liabilities	分部負債	25,324	8	2,883	28,215
Reconciliation: Convertible bonds Corporate and other	對賬: 可換股債券 企業及其他未分配				162,630
unallocated liabilities Total liabilities	總負債				31,720 222,565

5. OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION

(Continued)

- (c) Other Segment Information For the year ended 31 March 2020
- 5. 經營分部資料(續)
 - (c) 其他分部資料 截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年

		Advertising 廣告 HK\$'000 千港元	Money landing 放債 HK\$'000 千港元	Securities investments 證券投資 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
Depreciation Unallocated depreciation	折舊 未分配折舊	1,722	-	-	1,722 725 2,447
Amortisation of other intangible assets	其他無形資產攤銷	7			7

For the year ended 31 March 2019

截至二零一九年三月三十一日止年 度

		Advertising 廣告 HK\$'000 千港元	Money landing 放債 HK\$'000 千港元	Securities investments 證券投資 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
Depreciation Unallocated depreciation	折舊 未分配折舊	42	-	-	42 270 312
Amortisation of other intangible assets	其他無形資產攤銷	3		,	3

5. OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION

(Continued)

Geographical information

The following table provides an analysis of the Group's revenue from external customers from continuing operations and non-current assets other than deferred tax assets.

5. 經營分部資料(續)

地區資料

下表提供有關本集團來自持續經營業務 之外部客戶收入及非流動資產(遞延税 項資產除外)之分析。

		2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
Revenue from external customers Hong Kong The PRC	外部客戶收入 香港 中國	20,534	27,824 237
		20,534	28,061

		2020 二零二零年 HK\$′000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
Non-current assets	非流動資產		
Hong Kong	香港	112	218
The PRC	中國	_	2,106
		112	2,324

The geographical location of customers is based on the location at which the services were provided or the goods delivered. The geographical location of the non-current assets is based on the physical and operating location of the assets. The Company is an investment holding company incorporated in Bermuda and mainly operated in Hong Kong.

客戶所在地理位置乃按提供服務或交付貨品之位置劃分。非流動資產所在地理位置乃按資產之實際及經營位置劃分。本公司為於百慕達註冊成立並主要於香港經營之投資控股公司。

5. OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION

(Continued)

Information about major customers

Revenue from customers of the year from continuing operations ended 31 March 2020 and 2019 contributing over 10% of the total revenue of the Group are generated from advertising business as follow:

5. 經營分部資料(續)

主要客戶之資料

截至二零二零年及二零一九年三月 三十一日止持續經營業務年度,來自廣 告業務且於本集團收入總額中佔比超過 10%之客戶收益如下:

		2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
Customer A	客戶甲	14,000	8,800
Customer B	客戶乙	-	5,250
Customer C	客戶丙	6,000	_

6. REVENUE

6. 收入

		2020 二零二零年 HK\$′000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
Continuing operations	持續經營業務		
Film related business and advertising	電影相關業務及廣告服務		
service income	收入	20,000	27,623
Money lending income	放債收入	534	438
		20,534	28,061
Timing of revenue recognition:	收入確認時間:		
		20.000	0.000
A point in time	某一時間點	20,000	8,800
Over the time	某一時段	-	18,823
		20,000	27,623

The revenue from contracts with customer are solely derived from film related business and advertising segment and under a point in time revenue recognition.

客戶合約收入僅來自電影相關業務及廣 告分部,並且於某一時間點確認收入。

6. REVENUE (Continued)

Transaction allocated to the remaining performance obligation for contracts with customers

The Group has applied the practical expedient in paragraph 121 of HKFRS 15 to its services income from film related business and advertising business such that the Group does not disclose information about revenue that the Group will be entitled to when it satisfies the remaining performance obligations under the contract for film related and advertising that had an original expected duration of one year or less.

6. 收入(續)

分配至與客戶合約的剩餘履約義 務的交易

本集團已在其電影相關業務及廣告業務服務收入中應用香港財務報告準則第15號第121段中的實際權宜法,因此當本集團達成最初預期期限為一年或以下的電影相關及廣告銷售合約中的剩餘履約義務時,本集團不會披露有關本集團有權收取的收益的資料。

Segment		For the year 31 March 截至二零二三月三十一日 Film related business and advertising 電影相關業務	2020 零年	31 Mard 截至二氢 三月三十- Film related business and	
分部		及廣告 HK\$'000 千港元	放債 HK\$′000 千港元	及廣告 HK\$'000 千港元	放債 HK \$ ′000 千港元
Revenue disclosed in segment information External customer and total	於分部資料中 披露之收入 外部客戶及總額	20,000	-	27,623	_
Revenue from contracts with customers Interest income	客戶合約收入 利息收入	20,000	- 534	27,623 -	- 438
		20,000	534	27,623	438

7. OTHER INCOME

7. 其他收入

		2020 二零二零年 HK\$′000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
Continuing operations Bank interest income Interest income from amount due from	持續經營業務 銀行利息收入 應收一間關連公司款項之	-	1
a related company	利息收入	_	48
Sundry income	雜項收入	8	765
		8	814

8. OTHER LOSS

8. 其他虧損

		2020 二零二零年 HK\$′000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
Continuing operations Impairment loss on other receivables Impairment loss on trade receivables Impairment loss on loan receivables Loss on disposal of a subsidiary	持續經營業務 其他應收款項減值虧損 貿易應收款項減值虧損 應收貸款減值虧損 出售一間子公司虧損	28 6,539 4,950 1,979	2,599 9,860 2 –
		13,496	12,461

9. FINANCE COSTS

9. 融資成本

		2020 二零二零年 HK\$′000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
Continuing operations	持續經營業務		
Interest on borrowings wholly repayable	須於五年內全數償還之		
within five years	借款利息	3,600	4,925
Interest on bond	債券利息	238	-3
Interest on convertible bonds	可換股債券之利息	10,492	24,778
Interest on lease liabilities	租賃負債利息	36	
Fair value change in extinguishment of	消除可換股債券負債部分之		
liability portion of convertible bonds	公允值變動	_	(1,709)
		14,366	27,994

10. LOSS BEFORE INCOME TAX

Loss before income tax from continuing operations is arrived at after charging (crediting):

10. 除所得税前虧損

來自持續經營業務之除所得税前虧損經 扣除(計入)以下各項後達致:

				2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
(a)	Employee benefit expense (including directors' remuneration) Salaries, wages and other benefits Retirement benefit scheme contributions	(a)	僱員福利開支(包括董事酬金) 薪金、工資及其他福利退休福利計劃供款	6,472 120	7,919 156
				6,592	8,075
(b)	Other items Depreciation of items of property, plant and equipment Depreciation of right-of-use assets Amortisation of intangible assets Loss on disposal of items of property, plant and equipment Write-off of items of property, plant and equipment Minimum lease payments under operating leases in respect of land and buildings Auditors' remuneration – Current year	(b)	其他 (基本) (2,070 377 7 - -	312 - 3 324 26 1,402 630

11. DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION AND FIVE HIGHEST PAID EMPLOYEES

Directors' remuneration for the year, disclosed pursuant to the GEM Listing Rules and section 383(1) of the HKCO and Part 2 of the Companies (Disclosure of Information about Benefits of Directors) Regulation, is as follows:

11. 董事酬金及五名最高薪酬僱員

根據GEM上市規則及香港公司條例第 383(1)條及公司規則第2分部(披露董事 利益資料)披露之年度董事酬金如下:

			Fee 泡金		Salaries, al and benefi 薪金、津貼及	ts in kind	Retiremen scheme con 退休福利記	tributions	Tota 總言	
			2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019
			二零二零年	二零一九年	二零二零年	二零一九年	二零二零年	二零一九年	二零二零年	二零一九年
		Notes	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		附註	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Executive Directors	執行董事									
Mr. Wang Dequn	王德群先生	(a)	17	-	-	150	-	-	17	150
Ms. Wu Meirong	吳美蓉女士	(b)	-	-	-	210	-	-	-	210
Ms. Jingquan Yingzi	井泉瑛孜女士	(C)	-	1,140	-	-	-	-	-	1,140
Mr. Chin Wai Keung Richard	錢偉強先生	(d)	-	-	-	210	-	-	-	210
Mr. Hu Chao	胡超先生		-	-	420	420	-	-	420	420
Ms. Lin Yan Jenny	林焱女士	(e)	-	-	60	240	-	12	60	252
Mr. Mao Songtao	毛松濤先生	(f)	-	-	-	159	-	-	-	159
Mr. Wang Rongqian	王榮騫先生	(g)	-	-	456	456	-	18	456	474
Mr. Chow Chi Wah Vincent	周志華先生	(h)	-	-	920	-	-	-	920	-
Mr. Tsang King Sun	曾敬燊先生	(i)	-	-	731	-	-	_	731	-
Mr. Guo Gelin	郭格林先生	(j)	-	-	32	-	-	-	32	-
			17	1,140	2,619	1,845	-	30	2,636	3,015
Non-executive Director	非執行董事									
Mr. Qian Gang	錢鋼先生	(k)	229	-	-	-	-	-	229	-
Indonondont Non	建立北劫仁茅亩									
Independent Non- executive Directors	獨立非執行董事									
Mr. Hau Chi Kit	侯志傑先生	(1)	44	144	-	-	-	-	44	144
Mr. Lee Chi Hwa Joshua	李智華先生		120	120	-	-	-	-	120	120
Mr. Wong Ching Keung	王正強先生	(m)	-	63	-	-	-	-	-	63
Mr. Zhao Zhizheng	趙志正先生	(n)	-	57	-	-	-	-	-	57
Ms. Ng Yin Ling Elaine	吳燕凌女士	(0)	87	-	-	-	-	-	87	- 3
Dr. Santos Antonio Maria	杜東尼博士	(p)	87	-	-	-	-	-	87	
			338	384	-	-	-	-	338	384
Total	總計		584	1,524	2,619	1,845	_	30	3,203	3,39

11. DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION AND FIVE HIGHEST PAID EMPLOYEES (Continued)

Notes:

- (a) Mr. Wang Dequn was appointed as an Executive Director on 1 November 2018, re-designated to a Non-executive Director on 17 April 2019 and resigned as an Non-executive Director on 6 August 2020.
- (b) Ms. Wu Meirong was resigned as an Executive Director on 1 November 2018.
- (c) Ms. Jingquan Yingzi was resigned as an Executive Director on 1 April 2019.
- (d) Mr. Chin Wai Keung Richard was resigned as an Executive Director on 23 October 2018
- (e) Ms. Lin Yan Jenny was resigned as an Executive Director on 26 June 2019.
- (f) Mr. Mao Songtao was appointed as an Executive Director on 23 October 2018 and resigned as an Executive Director on 1 April 2019.
- (g) Mr. Wang Rongqian was resigned as an Executive Director on 19 June 2020.
- (h) Mr. Chow Chi Wah Vincent was appointed as an Executive Director on 25 June 2019.
- (i) Mr. Tsang King Sun was appointed as an Executive Director on 2 July 2019 and resigned as an Executive Director on 10 February 2020.
- (j) Mr. Guo Gelin was appointed as an Executive Director on 27 February 2020.
- (k) Mr. Qian Gang was appointed as a Non-executive Director on 22 May 2019 and resigned as a Non-executive Director on 10 January 2020.
- (I) Mr. Hau Chi Kit was resigned as an Independent Nonexecutive Director on 18 July 2019.
- (m) Mr. Wong Ching Keung was appointed as an Independent Non-executive Director on 21 September 2018.

11. 董事酬金及五名最高薪酬僱員

(續)

附註:

- (a) 王德群先生於二零一八年十一月一日出 任執行董事,於二零一九年四月十七日 獲調任為非執行董事,並於二零二零年 八月六日辭任非執行董事。
- (b) 吳美蓉女士於二零一八年十一月一日辭 任執行董事。
- (c) 井泉瑛孜女士於二零一九年四月一日辭 任執行董事。
- (d) 錢偉強先生於二零一八年十月二十三日 辭任執行董事。
- (e) 林焱女士於二零一九年六月二十六日辭 任執行董事。
- (f) 毛松濤先生於二零一八年十月二十三日 出任執行董事,並於二零一九年四月一 日辭任執行董事。
- (g) 王荣騫先生於二零二零年六月十九日辭 任執行董事。
- (h) 周志華先生於二零一九年六月二十五日 出任執行董事。
- (i) 曾敬燊先生於二零一九年七月二日出任 執行董事並於二零二零年二月十日辭任 執行董事。
- (j) 郭格林先生於二零二零年二月二十七日 出任執行董事。
- (k) 錢鋼先生於二零一九年五月二十二日出 任非執行董事並於二零二零年一月十日 辭任非執行董事。
- (I) 侯志傑先生於二零一九年七月十八日辭 任獨立非執行董事。
- (m) 王正強先生於二零一八年九月二十一日 出任獨立非執行董事。

11. DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION AND FIVE HIGHEST PAID EMPLOYEES (Continued)

Notes: (Continued)

- (n) Mr. Zhao Zhizheng was resigned as an Independent Nonexecutive Director on 21 September 2018.
- (o) Ms. Ng Yin Ling Elaine was appointed as Independent Non-executive Director on 9 July 2019 and resigned as independent Non-executive Director on 30 June 2020.
- (p) Dr. Santos Antonio Maria was appointed as an Independent Non-executive Director on 9 July 2019.

There was no arrangement under which a director waived or agreed to waive any remuneration during the year (2019: Nil).

The five highest paid employees during the year included three (2019: two) Directors, details of whose remuneration are set out above. Details of the remuneration for the year of the remaining two (2019: three) highest paid employees, which were individually within HK\$1,000,000, are as follows:

11. 董事酬金及五名最高薪酬僱員

(續)

附註:(續)

- (n) 趙志正先生於二零一八年九月二十一日 辭任獨立非執行董事。
- (o) 吳燕凌女士於二零一九年七月九日出任 獨立非執行董事並於二零二零年六月 三十日辭任獨立非執行董事。
- (p) 杜東尼博士於二零一九年七月九日出任 獨立非執行董事。

本年度,無董事放棄或同意放棄任何酬金之安排(二零一九年:無)。

本年度五名最高薪酬僱員包括三名(二零一九年:兩名)董事,彼等之酬金詳情載於上文。本年度餘下兩名(二零一九年:三名)最高薪酬僱員(其各自分別少於1,000,000港元)之薪酬詳情如下:

		2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind Retirement benefit scheme contributions	薪金、津貼及實物利益 退休福利計劃供款	1,507 33	3,277 69
		1,540	3,346

During the years ended 31 March 2020 and 2019, no emoluments were paid by the Group to any of the Directors or the five highest paid employees as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group or as compensation for loss of office.

截至二零二零年及二零一九年三月 三十一日止年度,本集團概無向任何董 事或五名最高薪酬僱員支付任何酬金, 作為加入本集團或於加入本集團後之獎 勵或離職補償。

12. INCOME TAX CREDIT

12. 所得税抵免

		2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
Current tax Hong Kong Profit Tax	即期税項 香港利得税		
Over-provision in respect of prior year	過往年度超額撥備	-	(20)

On 21 March 2018, the Hong Kong Legislative Council passed The Inland Revenue (Amendment) (No.7) Bill 2017 (the "Bill") which introduces the two-tiered profits tax rates regime. The Bill was signed into law on 28 March 2018 and was gazetted on the following day. Under the two-tiered profits tax rates regime, the first HK\$2 million of profits of the qualifying group entity will be taxed at 8.25%, and profits above HK\$2 million will be taxed at 16.5%. The profits of group entities not qualifying for the two-tiered profits tax rates regime will continue to be taxed at a flat rate of 16.5%.

The provision for PRC Enterprise Income Tax is calculated at the standard rate of 25% on the estimated assessable income as determined in accordance with the relevant income tax rules and regulations of the PRC. No PRC Enterprise Income Tax has been provided for the years ended 31 March 2020 and 2019.

The directors considered the amount involved upon implementation of the two-tiered profit tax rates regime as insignificant to the consolidated financial statements. Hong Kong Tax is calculated at 16.5% of the estimated assessable profit for both years.

於二零一八年三月二十一日,香港立法會通過二零一七年稅務(修訂)(第7號)條例草案(「條例草案」),以引入利得稅兩級制。條例草案於二零一八年三月二十八日簽署成為法律,並於翌日在在財刊登。根據利得稅兩級制,合資格之集團實體首200萬港元溢利之稅率路為將人之稅兩級制之集團實體溢利將繼續以劃一稅率16.5%。無稅。

中國企業所得税撥備乃根據中國相關所得税規則及規例所釐定之標準税率25%,按估計應課税收入計算。截至二零二零年及二零一九年三月三十一日止年度,概無計提中國企業所得稅撥備。

董事認為,實施利得稅兩級制時涉及的金額對綜合財務報表而言並不重大。香港稅項按兩個年度的估計應課稅利潤的16.5%計算。

12. INCOME TAX CREDIT (Continued)

Reconciliation between the income tax credit and the Group's accounting loss from continuing operations at applicable tax rates is as follows:

12. 所得税抵免(續)

按適用税率計算之所得税抵免與本集團 持續經營業務所產生之會計虧損之對賬 如下:

		2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
Loss before income tax from continuing operations	持續經營業務之除所得税前 虧損	(48,671)	(50,516)
Tax calculated at Hong Kong income tax rate of 16.5% Tax effect of non-taxable income Tax effect of non-deductible expenses Tax effect of deductible temporary differences not recognised Tax effect of unused tax losses not recognised Utilisation of tax losses previously not recognised	按香港所得税税率16.5% 計算之税項 毋須課税收入之税務影響 不可扣税支出之税務影響 未確認可扣税暫時差額之 税務影響 未確認未動用税項虧損之 税務影響 動用過往未確認税項虧損	(8,030) - 2,611 175 5,552 (308)	(8,335) (466) 2,385 – 6,396
Income tax credit	所得税抵免	-	(20)

13. DISCONTINUED OPERATION

On 31 October 2018, the Group entered into a sales and purchase agreement with an independent third party for disposal of the Group's entire equity interests in Super Car Service Company Limited ("Disposal Subsidiary"), which were engaged in car beauty and maintenance in Hong Kong. The transaction was completed on 31 October 2018.

The loss for the period from the discontinued car beauty operation is set out below. The comparative figures in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income have been restated to re-present the car beauty operation as a discontinued operation.

13. 已終止經營業務

於二零一八年十月三十一日,本集團與一名獨立第三方就出售本集團於一汽車服務有限公司之全部股權訂立買賣協議(「出售子公司」),該集團於香港從事汽車美容及維修之業務。該交易已於二零一八年十月三十一日完成。

本期間因已終止汽車美容業務產生之虧 損載於下文。綜合損益及其他全面收益 表之比較數字已重列,以將汽車美容業 務重新呈列為已終止經營業務。

	Period ended 31 October 2018 截至 二零一八年 十月三十一日 止期間 HK\$'000
Loss of car beauty operation for the period 本期間汽車美容業務之虧損 Loss on disposal of car beauty operation 出售汽車美容業務之虧損	(203) (56)
	(259)

13. DISCONTINUED OPERATION (Continued)

(a) The results of the Disposal Subsidiary for the period from 1 April 2018 to 31 October 2018, which have been included in the consolidated statement of profit or loss, were as follows.

13. 已終止經營業務(續)

(a) 出售子公司於二零一八年四月一日 至二零一八年十月三十一日期間之 業績(已載於綜合損益表)呈列如 下:

		Period ended 31 October 2018 截至 二零一八年 十月三十一日止 期間 HK\$'000 千港元
Revenue	收入	1,324
Cost of sales	銷售成本	(1,062)
Gross profit Administrative expenses	毛利 行政費用	262 (479)
Loss before tax Deferred tax	除税前虧損 遞延税項	(217) 14
Loss for the period	期內虧損	(203)
Loss for the period from discontinued operations including the following:	已終止經營業務之期內虧損 包括以下方面:	
Depreciation Amortisation Minimum lease payments under operating	折舊 攤銷 經營租賃項下土地及樓宇之	40 53
leases in respect of land and buildings	最低租賃付款	332
Salaries, wages and other benefits	薪金、工資及其他福利	856
Retirement benefit scheme contributions Write-off of items of property, plant and	退休福利計劃供款 物業、機器及設備項目之撇銷	27
equipment		35
Write-off of inventory	存貨之撇銷	2

14. LOSS PER SHARE ATTRIBUTABLE TO OWNERS OF THE COMPANY

Basic loss per share is calculated by dividing the loss attributable to owners of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the year.

14. 本公司擁有人應佔每股虧損

每股基本虧損按年內本公司擁有人應佔 虧損除以已發行普通股之加權平均數計 算。

		2020 二零二零年 HK\$′000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
Loss	虧損		
Loss attributable to owners of the Company	本公司擁有人應佔虧損		
– From continuing operations	- 來自持續經營業務	(48,147)	(50,363)
- From discontinued operation	- 來自已終止經營業務	_	(259)
		(48,147)	(50,622)
Number of shares	股份數目	′000 千股	′000 千股
Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue	已發行普通股加權平均數	3,987,964	2,322,731

No adjustment has been made to the basic loss per share amounts presented for the years ended 31 March 2020 and 2019 in respect of a dilution as the impact of the convertible bonds outstanding had an anti-dilutive effect.

15. 股息

15. DIVIDEND

The Board does not recommend the payment of any dividend for the financial year ended 31 March 2020 (2019: nil).

董事會並不建議就截至二零二零年三月 三十一日止財政年度支付任何股息(二零 一九年:無)。

由於尚未償還可換股債券具反攤薄影響,

故並無就攤薄對截至二零二零年及二零一九年三月三十一日止年度所呈列之每

股基本虧損金額作出調整。

16. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT 16. 物業、機器及設備

		Leasehold improvements	Plant and machinery	Furniture, fixtures and equipment 傢俬、	Motor vehicles	Total
		租賃物業裝修 HK\$'000 千港元	機器及機械 HK\$'000 千港元	裝置及設備 HK\$'000 千港元	汽車 HK\$′000 千港元	總計 HK\$'000 千港元
Cost At 1 April 2018 Additions Disposals	成本 於二零一八年四月一日 增購 出售	1,347 336 -	24,330 6 -	5,813 26 -	5,520 - (3,982)	37,010 368 (3,982)
Disposal of a subsidiary Write-off Exchange differences	出售一間子公司 撤銷 匯兑差額	(105) (1,264) –	(75) (7) (1,424)	(20) (378) (7)	(50) - (88)	(250) (1,649) (1,519)
At 31 March 2019 Additions Disposal of a subsidiary	於二零一九年三月三十一日 增購 出售一間子公司	314 189 -	22,830 - (21,325)	5,434 - (52)	1,400 - (1,308)	29,978 189 (22,685)
Exchange differences At 31 March 2020	正	503	(1,505)	(2) 5,380	(92)	(1,599) 5,883
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	累計折舊及減值					
At 1 April 2018 Depreciation Disposals	於二零一八年四月一日 折舊 出售	1,278 170 -	22,246 79 -	5,699 27 -	3,128 76 (1,858)	32,351 352 (1,858)
Disposal of a subsidiary Write-off Exchange differences	出售一間子公司 撇銷 匯兑差額	(30) (1,264) -	(34) (2) (1,305)	(9) (338) (5)	(22) - (78)	(95) (1,604) (1,388)
At 31 March 2019 Depreciation Disposal of a subsidiary Exchange differences	於二零一九年三月三十一日 折舊 出售一間子公司 匯兑差額	154 322 - -	20,984 1,595 (21,196) (1,383)	5,374 29 (52) (2)	1,246 124 (1,288) (82)	27,758 2,070 (22,536) (1,467)
At 31 March 2020	於二零二零年三月三十一日	476	-	5,349	-	5,825
Carrying amount At 31 March 2020	賬面值 於二零二零年三月三十一日	27	-	31	-	58
At 31 March 2019	於二零一九年三月三十一日	160	1,846	60	154	2,220

17. RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS

17. 使用權資產

		Office premises 辦公室物業 HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 April 2019 initially applied HKFRS 16	於二零一九年四月一日首次應用 香港財務報告準則第16號	421
Depreciation charge during the year	省/范別/扮報古华則第10號 年內折舊開支	431 (377)
At 31 March 2020	於二零二零年三月三十一日	54

As disclosed in note 2(b), the Group has initially applied HKFRS 16 using the modified retrospective method and adjusted the opening balances at 1 April 2019 to recognise right-of-use assets relating to leases which were previously classified as operating leases under HKAS 17.

The Group leases office premises for its operations. The contract is entered into for a fixed term of two years.

As at 1 April 2019, the Group has one lease agreement with remaining lease term of more than one year and therefore recognised right-of-use assets of approximately HK\$431,000 under HKFRS 16. The lease contains fixed minimum annual lease payment term.

如附註2(b)所披露,本集團使用經修訂 之追溯法首次應用香港財務報告準則第 16號,並調整於二零一九年四月一日之 期初結餘,以確認先前根據香港會計準 則第17號分類為經營租賃之與租賃有關 的使用權資產。

本集團租賃辦公室物業以進行經營。租 賃合約乃就兩年固定年期訂立。

於二零一九年四月一日,本集團一份租賃協議剩餘租期超過一年,並已根據香港財務報告準則第16號確認使用權資產約431,000港元。租賃包含固定最低年度租賃付款期限。

18. OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS

18. 其他無形資產

		Club membership 會所會籍 HK\$'000 千港元	Tradename 商標 HK\$'000 千港元	Customer relationship 客戶關係 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 April 2018	於二零一八年四月一日	113	171	160	444
Amortisation	攤銷	(3)	-	(53)	(56)
Disposal of a subsidiary	出售一間子公司	_	(171)	(107)	(278)
Exchange differences	匯兑差額	(6)	_	_	(6)
At 31 March 2019	於二零一九年三月三十一日	104	_	_	104
Amortisation	攤銷	(7)	-	-	(7)
Disposal of a subsidiary	出售一間子公司	(90)	_	-	(90)
Exchange differences	匯 兑 差 額	(7)	_	_	(7)
At 31 March 2020	於二零二零年三月三十一日	_	-	_	-

19. INVESTMENT IN AN ASSOCIATE

19. 於一間聯營公司之投資

		2020 二零二零年 HK\$′000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
Share of net assets Less: Accumulated impairment	分佔淨資產 減:累計減值	1,022 (1,022)	1,094 (1,094)
		_	_
Amount due from an associate (note (a)) Less: Accumulated impairment	應收一間聯營公司款項 (附註(a)) 減:累計減值	4,457 (4,457)	4,457 (4,457)
		-	1 12
		_	

19. INVESTMENT IN AN ASSOCIATE (Continued)

19. 於一間聯營公司之投資(續)

Particulars of the Group's associate are as follows:

本集團之聯營公司詳情如下:

Name of company	Place of registration and business	Particulars of registered capital	Percentage o interest at to the 本集團應	tributable Group 佔擁有權	Principal activities
公司名稱	註冊及營業地點	註冊資本詳情	權益之 2020 二零二零年	百分比 2019 二零一九年	主要業務
Jiangsu BCTV Fashion Media Company Limited (note (b)) 江蘇廣電時尚傳媒有限公司 (附註(b))	The PRC 中國	RMB10,000,000 人民幣10,000,000元	39.20%	39.20%	Dormant 停業

Notes:

- (a) The amount due from an associate is unsecured, interest free and repayable on demand.
- (b) The company has been dormant since 2010.

The summarised financial information of the Group's associate that is not individually material is set out below:

附註:

- (a) 應收一間聯營公司款項為無抵押、免息及按要求償還。
- (b) 該公司自二零一零年起已停業。

有關本集團聯營公司(個別而言不屬重大) 之財務資料概要載列如下:

		2020 二零二零年 HK\$′000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
Total assets	總資產	7,469	7,997
Total liabilities	總負債	(4,862)	(5,205)
Net assets	淨資產	2,607	2,792
Group's share of net assets of an associate	本集團分佔一間聯營公司之 淨資產	1,022	1,094
Revenue	收入	_	_
Loss for the year	年度虧損	-	
Group's share of results of an associate for the year	本集團分佔一間聯營公司之 年度業績	-	

20. PREPAYMENTS, DEPOSITS AND OTHER **RECEIVABLES**

20. 預付款項、按金及其他應收款

		2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
Deposits and other receivables	按金及其他應收款項	260	5,882
Prepayments	預付款項	274	856
		534	6,738
Analysed into:	分析為:		
Non-current portion	非流動部分	-	_
Current portion	流動部分	534	6,738
		534	6,738

Details of impairment assessment are set out in note 4(a) (iv).

減值評估之詳情載於附註4(a)(iv)。

Notes:

As at 31 March 2020, other receivable of approximately HK\$2,592,000 was fully impaired during the year (2019: HK\$2,599,000).

附註:

(a) 於二零二零年三月三十一日,本年度其 他應收款項約2,592,000港元全數減值 (二零一九年:2,599,000港元)。

21. LOAN RECEIVABLES

21. 應收貸款

		2020 二零二零年 HK\$′000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
Gross carrying amount of fixed-rate loan receivable Less: Accumulated allowance	固定利率之應收貸款 總賬面值 減:累計撥備	4,967 (4,967)	4,433 (17)
Carrying amount	賬面值	-	4,416

The movements in loss allowance for loan receivables during the year are as follows:

年內應收貸款虧損撥備變動如下:

		2020 二零二零年 HK\$′000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
At the beginning of reporting period Increase in application of HKFRS 9	於報告期初 應用香港財務報告準則	17	-
	第9號時增加	_	15
Increase in allowance	撥備增加	4,950	2
			_
At the end of reporting period	於報告期末	4,967	17

The Group's loans and interest receivables mainly arise from the money lending business in Hong Kong, which are denominated in Hong Kong dollars.

本集團之應收貸款及利息主要來自香港 放債業務,以港元計值。

21. LOAN RECEIVABLES (Continued)

21. 應收貸款(續)

Analysis of the gross carry amount of loans receivable is as follows:

應收貸款之總賬面值分析如下:

		HK\$'000 千港元
Gross carrying amount as at 1 April 2018 mpairment loss recognised	於二零一八年四月一日之總賬面值 確認的減值虧損	4,433 (17)
Gross carrying amount as at 31 March	於二零一九年三月三十一日及	
2019 and 1 April 2019	二零一九年四月一日之總賬面值	4,416
nterest income	利息收益	534
mpairment loss recognised	確認的減值虧損	(4,950

Definitions of Stage 1, Stage 2 and Stage 3 are detailed in note 4(a)(iv).

Details of impairment assessment are set out in note 4(a) (iv).

The maximum exposure to credit risk at the end of the reporting period is the carrying value of the loans receivable. The Group seeks to maintain tight control over its loans receivable in order to minimize credit risk by reviewing the borrowers' or guarantors' financial positions.

At the end of the reporting period, loans receivable carried fixed interest rates and had effective interest were 12% per annum (2019: 12% per annum).

Interest income and allowance for loans and interest receivables of approximately HK\$534,000 (2019: HK\$438,000) and HK\$4,950,000 (2019: HK\$17,000) respectively have been recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss for the year ended 31 March 2020.

第一階段、第二階段及第三階段之定義 詳情載於附註4(a)(iv)。

減值評估之詳情載於附註4(a)(iv)。

於報告期末之最大信貸風險為應收貸款 之賬面值。本集團透過檢討借款人或擔 保人之財務狀況,力求嚴格控制其應收 貸款,從而盡量降低信貸風險。

於報告期末,應收貸款按固定利率計息, 實際年利率為12%(二零一九年:12%)。

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度, 應收貸款及利息之利息收入及撥備分別 約 為534,000港 元(二零 一九年: 438,000 港元)及4,950,000港元(二零一九年: 17,000港元),已於綜合損益表確認。

22. TRADE RECEIVABLES

22. 貿易應收款項

		2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$′000 千港元
Trade receivables Less: Allowance for credit losses	貿易應收款項 減:信貸虧損撥備	31,364 (21,364)	40,265 (14,825)
		10,000	25,440

Aging analysis

The Group's credit terms with its customers generally range from 30 days to 180 days (2019: 30 days to 180 days). The Group seeks to apply strict control over its outstanding receivables and has a credit control department to minimise credit risk. Overdue balances are reviewed regularly by senior management. As at the end of the reporting period, an aging analysis of the trade receivables, net of provision presented based on the respective dates on which revenue was recognised, are as follows:

賬齡分析

本集團給予其客戶之信貸期一般介乎30 天至180天(二零一九年:30天至180天)。 本集團尋求嚴格控制其未償還應收款項, 並設立信貸控制部將信貸風險降至最低。 逾期結餘由高級管理層定期審閱。於呈 報期末,貿易應收款項之賬齡分析(扣 除按收入確認之相關日期所呈列之撥備) 如下:

		2020 二零二零年 HK\$′000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
Current	即期	_	1,234
Within 30 days	30天內	-	_
31-90 days	31至90天	5,000	4,986
91–180 days	91至180天	5,000	1,425
Over 180 days	180天以上	-	17,795
		10,000	25,440

Details of impairment assessment are set out in note 4(a) (iv).

減值評估之詳情載於附註4(a)(iv)。

23. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS

23. 按公允值計入損益之金融資產

	2020	2019
	二零二零年	二零一九年
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	千港元	千港元
Equity securities listed in Hong Kong 於香港上市之股本證券	202	3,160

The movements for the financial assets at fair value through profit or loss during the year are as follows:

年內按公允值計入損益之金融資產變動 如下:

		2020 二零二零年 HK\$′000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
Beginning of the year	於年初	3,160	9,717
Additions	增購	_	6,002
Loss recognised in profit or loss	於損益確認之虧損	(1,207)	(1,282)
Disposals	出售	(1,751)	(11,277)
End of the year	於年末	202	3,160

Net fair value gain/(loss) on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss recognised included:

按公允值計入損益之金融資產之公允值 確認收益/(虧損)淨額包括:

		2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
Realised (loss)/gain Unrealised loss	已變現(虧損)/收益 未變現虧損	(149) (1,058)	346 (1,628)
		(1,207)	(1,282)

The fair value of all equity securities is based on their current bid prices in an active market and the fair values are within level 1 of the fair value hierarchy (note 4).

所有股本證券之公允值均以其於活躍市 場之現行買入價為基準,並處於公允值 層級之第一級(附註4)。

24. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

24. 現金及現金等價物

		2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
Cash and bank balances	現金及銀行結餘		STEEL STEELS
Denominated in HKD	以港元計值	149	2,194
Denominated in RMB	以人民幣計值	-	26
		149	2,220

Cash at banks earns interest at floating rates based on daily bank deposit rates. The bank balances are deposited with creditworthy banks with no recent history of default.

銀行現金根據每日銀行存款利率按浮動 利率賺取利息。銀行結餘乃存放於信譽 良好且近期並無違約記錄之銀行。

25. TRADE PAYABLES

Based on the invoice date, the aging analysis of the trade payables is as follows:

25. 貿易應付賬款

根據發票日期,貿易應付賬款之賬齡分析如下:

		2020 二零二零年 HK\$′000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
Within 30 days	30天內	_	9,950
31–90 days	31至90天	-	4,800
91–180 days	91至180天	-	2,044
Over 180 days	180天以上	7,677	2,096
		7,677	18,890

The Group's credit terms generally range from 30 to 60 days (2019: 30 to 60 days) from the invoice date.

本集團信貸期,按發票日期起計,一般 介乎30至60天(二零一九年:30至60天)。

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 綜合財務報表附註

26. OTHER PAYABLES AND ACCRUALS

26. 其他應付款項及應計費用

		2020 二零二零年 HK\$′000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK \$ ′000 千港元
Contract liabilities (note) Other payables Accruals	合約負債(附註) 其他應付款項 應計費用	3,610 19,484	5,271 175 10,717
		23,094	16,163

Note:

As at 1 April 2018, contract liabilities amounted to approximately HK\$6,013,000.

Contract liabilities represented advance payments received from customer for digital television pursuant to the respective sales contracts before the control of the services are rendered to the customer.

For the contract liabilities as at 31 March 2019, approximately HK\$5,271,000 are refunded during the year ended 31 March 2020.

附註:

於二零一八年四月一日,合約負債約為 6,013,000港元。

合約負債指於服務的控制權轉至客戶前 根據各銷售合約而就數字電視向客戶收 取的預付款項。

就於二零一九年三月三十一日的合約負 債而言,約5,271,000港元於截至二零二 零年三月三十一日止年度已償還。

27. AMOUNT DUE TO A NON-CONTROLLING SHAREHOLDER OF A SUBSIDIARY

The amount is unsecured, interest free and repayable on demand.

27. 應付子公司一名非控股股東款項

有關款項為無抵押、免息及按要求償還。

28. BORROWINGS

28. 借貸

		2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK \$ ′000 千港元
Other loans, unsecured	其他貸款,無抵押		
Interest free	免息	1,369	9,595
Fixed interest rate at 6%	固定利率為6%	519	_
Fixed interest rate at 18%	固定利率為18%	_	139
Fixed interest rate at 24%	固定利率為24%	14,478	11,084
		16,366	20,818

Movement of borrowings

借貸變動

		2020 二零二零年 HK\$′000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 April	於四月一日	20,818	40,797
Proceed from new borrowings	新借貸所得款項	5,200	23,183
Repayment	償還	(13,207)	(46,014)
Accrued interest	應計利息	3,600	4,925
Interest paid	已付利息	(45)	(1,663)
Exchange difference	匯兑差額	_	(410)
At 31 March	於三月三十一日	16,366	20,818

29. LEASE LIABILITIES

As at 1 April 2019, as disclosed in note 2(b), the Group has initially applied HKFRS 16 using the modified retrospective method and adjusted the opening balances at 1 April 2019 to recognise lease liabilities relating to leases which were previously classified as operating leases under HKAS 17. The Group has one lease agreements for the use of office purpose with remaining lease term over one year and has recognised lease liabilities of approximately HK\$467,000 under HKFRS 16 as at 1 April 2019.

The Group's leases liabilities are as follows:

29. 租賃負債

本集團之租賃負債如下:

		2020	
		二零二	零年
		Present	
		value	
		of the	Total
		minimum	minimum
		lease	lease
		payments	payments
		最低租賃	最低租賃
		款項現值	款項總額
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Within 1 year	一年內	25	26
		25	26
Less: Total future interest expenses	減:未來利息開支總額		(1)
Present value of lease liabilities	租賃負債之現值		25

30. DEFERRED TAX ASSETS

The movements for the major deferred tax assets and liabilities during the year are as follows:

30. 遞延税項資產

於本年度,主要遞延税項資產及負債之 變動如下:

		Fair value adjustments on prepaid land lease payments and other intangible assets 預 計五 報子 A HK 17	Accelerated tax depreciation 加速税項折舊 HK\$'000	Tax losses 税務虧損 HK%'000	Net Amount 淨款項 HK\$'000
At 1 April 2019	於二零一八年四月一日	千港元 (55)	千港元 (102)	千港元	千港元 (458)
At 1 April 2018 Deferred tax charged to profit or loss	於損益扣除之遞延税項	(55)	(103) 5	- 18	(158)
Reversal of tax loss due to unpredictability of future	因未來溢利流不可預測之 税務虧損撥回	·	·		02
profit stream	11.7	_	_	(18)	(18)
Disposal of a subsidiary	出售一間子公司	46	98	_	144
At 31 March 2019, 1 April 2019 and 31 March 2020	於二零一九年三月三十一日、 二零一九年四月一日及 二零二零年三月三十一日	-	_	_	_

At 31 March 2020, the Group has unrecognised tax losses of the subsidiaries operating in Hong Kong and in the PRC of approximately HK\$92,168,000 and nil (2019: HK\$66,330,000 and HK\$6,694,000) respectively.

Deferred tax asset in respect of unused tax losses has not been recognised in the consolidated financial statements due to the unpredictability of future profit streams against which the tax losses can be utilised. The tax losses of the subsidiaries operating in the PRC can be carried forward for 5 years, while tax losses of the companies within the Group operating in Hong Kong can carry forward their tax losses indefinitely under the current tax legislation.

於二零二零年三月三十一日,本集團於香港及中國經營之子公司之未確認稅務虧損分別約為92,168,000港元及零(二零一九年:66,330,000港元及6,694,000港元)。

由於可供動用稅務虧損之未來溢利流不可預測,故並無於綜合財務報表內確認有關未動用稅務虧損之遞延稅項資產。於中國經營之子公司之稅務虧損可結構,於香港經營之本集團旗下公司之稅務虧損可無限期結轉。

31. CONVERTIBLE BONDS

On 5 November 2015, the Company issued the 6% convertible bonds in the aggregate principal amount of HK\$130,000,000 due on 5 November 2018 (the "CB 2018") with a conversion price of HK\$0.05 per share, subject to customary adjustment. On 28 June 2016, the Company issued the 6% convertible bonds in the aggregate principal amount of HK\$120,000,000 due on 28 June 2019 (the "CB 2019") with a conversion price of HK\$0.05 per share, subject to customary adjustment.

The terms of CB 2018 and CB 2019 are satisfied the "fixed for fixed" rule in HKAS 32. The proceeds of the CB 2018 and CB 2019 were allocated into two components, debt and equity elements on initial recognition. The equity elements are presented in equity component of convertible bonds. The CB 2018 and CB 2019 have been valued as at the date of issue on the basis carried out at that date by independent qualified professional valuers not connected with the Group.

The movements of the liability component of the CB 2018 and CB 2019 during the year were as follows:

31. 可換股債券

於二零一五年十一月五日,本公司發行本金總額130,000,000港元於二零一八年十一月五日到期之6%可換股債券(「二零一八年可換股債券」),兑換價為每一次年六月二十八日,本公司發行本金總120,000,000港元於二零一九年六月二十八日到期之6%可換股債券(「二零一九年可換股債券」),兑換價為每股0.05港元,可作慣常調整。

二零一八年可換股債券及二零一九年可換股債券之負債部分於本年度之變動如下:

		CB 2018 二零一八年 可換股債券 HK\$'000 千港元	CB 2019 二零一九年 可換股債券 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 April 2018 Effective interest expense for the	於二零一八年四月一日 年內實際利息開支	76,626	89,336	165,962
year Fair value change of liabilities	消除負債之公允值變動	11,312	13,466	24,778
extinguishment	← 3 × 16	(3,300)	1,591	(1,709)
Conversion during the year Shares issued in respect of bond	年內兑換 就支付債券利息而發行	_	(15,440)	(15,440)
interest payments	之股份	(4,800)	(6,000)	(10,800)
Direct cost	直接成本	(80)	(81)	(161)
At 31 March 2019 and 1 April 2019	於二零一九年 三月三十一日及			
Effective interest expense for the	二零一九年四月一日 年內實際利息開支	79,758	82,872	162,630
year		5,591	4,901	10,492
Conversion during the year	年內兑換	(50,464)	(33,420)	(83,884)
Share issued in respect of bond interest payments	就支付債券利息而發行 之股份	(4,770)	(3,715)	(8,485)
At 24 March 2020	→ - 東 <i>左</i>			
At 31 March 2020	於二零二零年 三月三十一日	30,115	50,638	80,753

31. CONVERTIBLE BONDS (Continued)

The carrying amounts of the CB 2018 and CB 2019 are presented in the consolidated statement of financial position as follows:

31. 可換股債券(續)

二零一八年可換股債券及二零一九年可換股債券之賬面值於綜合財務狀況表呈 列如下:

		2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$′000 千港元
Current portion Non-current portion	流動部分 非流動部分	80,753 -	- 162,630
		80,753	162,630

The principal terms of the CB 2018 and CB 2019 are as follows:

(i) Period

The convertible bonds are due and will mature on the third (3rd) anniversary of the date of issuance of the convertible bonds (the "Maturity Date"). Any unredeemed and unconverted bond shall be redeemed at 100% of the outstanding principal amount in cash.

(ii) Conversion

The bondholder of the convertible bonds (the "Bondholder(s)") has the right (the "Conversion Right") to convert the outstanding principal amount of the convertible bonds in whole or in part into Shares (the "Conversion Shares") at any time following the date of issue until the Maturity Date.

The number of Conversion Shares to be issued on exercise of a Conversion Right shall be determined by dividing the principal amount of the convertible bonds being converted by HK\$0.05 (the "Conversion Price"), subject to customary adjustments in the events of share consolidation, share subdivision, capitalisation issues, capital distribution, rights issue and issues of other securities below 80 per cent of market price. In the opinion of the Directors, the adjustments to Conversion Price in those circumstances are all for anti-dilutive purpose to protect the right of the Bondholder.

(iii) Early redemption

The Company is entitled to redeem the convertible bonds at 100% of the outstanding principal amount of the convertible bonds (in whole or in part) at any time and from time to time at the option of the Company prior to the Maturity Date.

二零一八年可換股債券及二零一九年可 換股債券之主要條款如下:

(i) 期限

可換股債券將於發行可換股債券日期第三個週年日(「到期日」)逾期及到期。任何未贖回及未兑換債券須按未償還本金額之100%以現金贖回。

(ii) 兑换

可換股債券之債券持有人(「債券持有人」)有權(「換股權」)於發行日期 起計直至到期日止期間隨時將可換 股債券之未償還本金額全部或部分 兑換為股份(「換股股份」)。

(iii) 提早贖回

本公司有權於到期日前選擇隨時及不時按可換股債券未償還本金額之 100%贖回全部或部分可換股債券。

31. CONVERTIBLE BONDS (Continued)

(iv) Interest

The convertible bonds bears interest from and including the date of its issue at the rate of 6% per annum on the outstanding principal amount thereof. The Bondholders have the option to request the Company to pay the interest by the additional shares of the Company instead of cash. The Bondholders have, by notice in writing served on the Company, required the Company to pay any interest payable hereunder by way of Shares.

On 25 October 2018, the Company and the bondholders entered into the Supplemental Agreements (the "Supplemental Agreements") to extend the maturity date of the CB 2018 and the CB 2019 from the maturity date of 5 November 2018 and 28 June 2019 respectively to the extended maturity date of 31 December 2020; and to change the interest payment terms of the CB 2018 and CB 2019.

For the interest of CB 2018, the interest is calculated as the outstanding principal amount of the CB2018 held by the Bondholders multiplied by 8% per annum, instead of 6% per annum, simple interest payable semi-annually, instead of per annum.

For the interest of CB 2019, the interest is calculated as the outstanding principal amount of the CB 2019 held by the Bondholder multiplied by 8% per annum, instead of 6% per annum, simple interest payable semi-annually, instead of per annum.

The supplemental agreement was subsequently approved by shareholder of the Company on 5 December 2018, the amendments resulted in substantial modification of the terms of the convertible notes. On 3 December 2018, the liability component of the convertible notes before extension was extinguished with the corresponding original convertible notes reserve while the liability component of the convertible notes after extension was newly recognised with the fair value which has been ascertained by an independent professional valuation firm. Interest expenses on the convertible notes before and after extension was calculated using the effective interest method by applying the effective interest rate of approximately 10.48% and 9.18% to the respective liability component.

31. 可換股債券(續)

(iv) 利息

可換股債券自其發行日期(包括當日) 起根據其未償還本金額按年利率6% 計息。債券持有人有權要求本公司 以本公司額外股份而非現金支付利 息。債券持有人已向本公司發出書 面通知,要求本公司以股份方式支 付任何應付利息。

於二零一八年十月二十五日,本公司與債 券持有人訂立補充協議(「補充協議」), 以延長二零一八年可換股債券及到期日,由 一九年可換股債券之到期日,由到 日分別為二零一八年十一月五日及三期 一九年六月二十八日延長至經延長到 日二零二零年十二月三十一日;及變可 股債券之付息條款。

二零一八年可換股債券之利息而言,計算方法為債券持有人持有之二零一八年可換股債券之未償還本金額乘以8%(每半年支付)而非6%(每年支付)之應付年單利。

二零一九年可換股債券之利息而言,計算方法為債券持有人持有之二零一九年可換股債券之未償還本金額乘以8%(每半年支付)而非6%(每年支付)之應付年單利。

32. BOND AND INTEREST PAYABLE

32. 應付債券及利息

	2020 二零二零年 HK\$′000 千港元
Between 2 to 5 years (Note (a))	3,938

- (a) On 22 October 2019, the Company issued a bond with principal amount of HK\$5,000,000 to an independent third party with coupon interest of 6% per annum and a maturity of 4 years from the date of issue. The effective interest rate for the bond is 15% per annum after considering the direct transaction costs.
- (a) 於二零一九年十月二十二日,本公司向一家獨立第三方發行本金為5,000,000港元的債券,息票利息為每年6%,自發行日期起四年內有效。經考慮直接交易成本,該債券有效利率為每年15%。

33. SHARE CAPITAL

33. 股本

		Notes 附註	Number of ordinary shares of HK\$0.0004 each 每股面值 0.0004港元之 普通股數目	Nominal value 面值 HK\$'000 千港元
Authorised At 1 April 2018, 31 March 2019 and 31 March 2020	法定 於二零一八年四月一日、二 零一九年三月三十一日及			
			250,000,000,000	100,000
Issued and fully paid	已發行及繳足			
At 1 April 2018	於二零一八年四月一日		1,900,674,675	760
Conversion of convertible bonds Shares issued in respect of bond	兑換可換股債券 就支付債券利息而發行之	(a)	340,000,000	136
interest payments Shares issued in respect of	股份 就償還貸款而發行之股份	(b)	219,800,547	88
settlement of loan		(C)	150,000,000	60
Shares issued under general mandate	根據一般授權發行之股份	(d)	70,000,000	28
At 31 March 2019	於二零一九年三月三十一日		2,680,475,222	1,072
Conversion of convertible bonds		(a)	1,660,000,000	664
Shares issued in respect of	就支付債券利息而發行之	(-,	.,000,000,000	30 1
bond interest payments	股份	(b)	109,916,707	44
Shares issued under general mandate	根據一般授權發行之股份	(d)	452,000,000	181
At 31 March 2020	於二零二零年三月三十一日		4,902,391,929	1,961

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 綜合財務報表附註

33. SHARE CAPITAL (Continued)

Notes:

During the year, the bondholders of the CB 2018 have (a) converted the CB 2018 with the aggregate principal amount of HK\$50.0 million at conversion price of HK\$0.05 per share into 1,000,000,000 shares. (2019: no share were converted)

During the year, the bondholder of CB 2019 has converted the CB 2019 with the aggregate principal amount of HK\$33.0 milion at conversion price of HK\$0.05 per share into 660,000,000 shares. (2019: aggregate principal amount of HK\$17,000,000 converted into 340,000,000 shares).

- During the year, the bondholders of the CB 2018 and CB 2019 have requested to pay any interest payable by way of the Shares. The interests of approximately HK\$8,485,000 have been paid by way of Shares and 109,916,707 Shares were issued at conversion price of HK\$0.05 per share (2019: interests amount of approximately HK\$10,800,000 converted into 219,800,547 Shares).
- On 29 August 2018, the Company entered into the subscription agreement with Artic Blue Corporation ("Artic Blue"), pursuant to which the Company has agreed to allot and issue and Artic Blue has agreed to subscribe for 150,000,000 subscription shares at the subscription price of HK\$0.10 per subscription shares for settlement of the outstanding loan of approximately HK\$15.0 million due to Artic Blue. On 10 September 2018, 150,000,000 ordinary shares of the Company (the "Share(s)") were issued accordingly.
- On 19 September 2018, the Company entered into another subscription agreement with Mr. Wang Dequn ("Mr. Wang"), pursuant to which the Company agreed to allot and issue and Mr. Wang has agreed to subscribe for 70,000,000 subscription shares at the subscription price of HK\$0.10 per subscription shares for additional financial resources for the overall development of the Group. On 26 October 2018, 70,000,000 Shares were issued accordingly. Mr. Wang has been appointed as an executive Director and chairman of the Board with effect from 1 November 2018.

On 29 August 2019, the Company entered into the Placing Agreement with the Placing Agent pursuant to which the Placing Agent has agreed to place, for up to 500,000,000 new Shares to any number of Placee at a price of HK\$0.019 per Placing Share, for and on behalf of the Company. On 11 October 2019, 452,000,000 Shares were issued.

33. 股本(續)

附註:

於本年度,二零一八年可換股債券之 債券持有人已將本金為50.0百萬港元 的二零一八年可換股債券兑換為股 份, 兑换價為0.05港元每股, 共兑换 1.000.000.000股(二零一九年: 概無兑 換股份)。

> 於本年度,二零一九年可換股債券之債 券持有人按兑换價每股0.05港元將本金 總額33.0百萬港元之二零一九年可換股 債券兑換為660,000,000股股份。(二零 一九年:累計本金17,000,000港元兑换 為340,000,000 股股份)。

- 於本年度,二零一八年可換股債券及 二零一九年可換股債券之債券持有人 要求以股份支付任何應付利息。利 息約8,485,000港元已以股份支付,而 109,916,707股股份已按兑换價每股 0.05港 元 發 行(二零一九年: 利息約 10,800,000港元獲兑換為219,800,547股 股份)。
- 於二零一八年八月二十九日,本公司 (C) 與Artic Blue Corporation (「Artic Blue」) 訂立認購協議,據此,本公司已同意 配發及發行,而Artic Blue已同意按 每股認購股份0.10港元之認購價認購 150.000.000股認購股份,以償還結欠 Artic Blue 的 未 償 還 貸 款 約15.0百 萬 港 元。於二零一八年九月十日,本公司就 此發行150,000,000股普通股(「股份」)。
- (d) 於二零一八年九月十九日,本公司與王 德群先生(「王先生」)訂立另一份認購協 議,據此,本公司同意配發及發行,而 王先生已同意按每股認購股份0.10港元 之認購價認購70,000,000股認購股份, 為本集團整體發展提供額外財政資源。 於二零一八年十月二十六日,本公司就 此發行70,000,000股股份。王先生獲委 任 為 執 行 董 事 兼 董 事 會 主 席 , 自 二 零 一八年十一月一日生效。

於二零一九年八月二十九日,本公司 與配售代理訂立配售協議。根據配售 協議,配售代理同意為及代表本公司 按每股配售股份0.019港元之價格盡 力向任意數目的獨立承配人配售最多 500,000,000股新股份。於二零一九年 十月十一日,已發行452,000,000 股股 份。

34. SHARE-BASED PAYMENT TRANSACTIONS

A share option scheme (the "Scheme") has been adopted pursuant to a resolution passed on 27 March 2020 for the primary purpose to enable the Company to grant options to eligible participants to subscribe for Shares and will expire on 27 March 2030. Under the Scheme, the Board may grant options to the eligible participants, including an employee, a director, a supplier of goods or services, a customer of the Company or any of its subsidiaries, an agent, adviser, consultant, strategist, contractor, sub-contractor, expert or entity that provides research, development or other technological support or any valuable services to the Company or any of its subsidiaries or any securities issued by the Company or any of its subsidiaries.

The total numbers of shares in respect of which options may be granted under Scheme is not permitted to exceed 10% of the shares of the Company in issue at any point of time, without prior approval from the Company's shareholders. The number of shares issued and to be issued in respect of which options granted and may be granted to any individual in any one year is not permitted to exceed 1% of the shares of the Company in issue at any point of time, without prior approval from the Company's shareholders. Options granted to directors, chief executive or substantial shareholder of the Company or any of their associates shall be approved by the independent nonexecutive Directors and in any event that the proposed participant is an independent non-executive director of the Company, the vote of such independent nonexecutive director shall not be counted for the purpose of approving such grant. Options granted to independent non -executive directors in excess of 0.1% of the Share capital or with a value in excess of HK\$5 million must be approved in advance by the Company's shareholders.

The amount payable for the acceptance of an option granted by the Company under Scheme shall be the sum of HK\$1. Options may be exercised at any time specified on the Option certificate sealed by the Company. The exercise price of an option is determined by the Board, and will not be less than the greater of (i) the closing price of the Shares on the Stock Exchange's daily quotations sheet on the date of grant; (ii) the average closing price of the shares on the Stock Exchange as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotations sheets for the five business days immediately preceding the date of grant; and (iii) the nominal value of the Shares.

No share option of the Company has been granted under the Scheme during the years ended 31 March 2020 and 2019.

34. 以股份為基礎之付款交易

未經本公司股東事先批准,根據計劃可 能授出之購股權所涉及之股份總數不 得超過本公司於任何時候已發行股份之 10%。未經本公司股東事先批准,於任 何年度授予及可能授予任何人士之購股 權所涉及之已發行及將予發行股份數目 不得超過本公司任何時候已發行股份之 1%。授予本公司董事、主要行政人員或 主要股東或彼等任何聯繫人士之購股權 須經獨立非執行董事批准,倘建議參與 者為本公司獨立非執行董事,則該名獨 立非執行董事之投票不得計入就批准向 其授出購股權而進行之表決。倘授予獨 立非執行董事之購股權超過股本之0.1% 或價值超過5百萬港元,則須經本公司 股東事先批准。

截至二零二零年及二零一九年三月三十一日止年度,概無根據計劃授出本公司購股權。

35. DISPOSAL OF A SUBSIDIARY

On 8 December 2019, the Group disposed of its 55.7% and 14.3% equity interest of the subsidiary, Hunan Xiaoxiang Digital Television Broadcast Company Limited which owned by Sky Dragon Digital Television and Movies Limited to the minority shareholder (「湖南省廣播電視網絡有限責任公 司」) and independent third party at cash consideration of RMB1 and RMB1 respectively.

The carrying amounts of the assets and liabilities of the Hunan Xiaoxiang Digital Television Broadcast Company Limited at the date of disposal were as follows:

35. 出售一間子公司

於二零一九年十二月八日,本集團分別 以人民幣1元及人民幣1元之代價出售其 於由天龍數碼影視有限公司擁有的子公 司湖南瀟湘數字電視有限公司55.7%及 14.3%之股權予少數股東湖南省廣播電 視網絡有限責任公司及獨立第三方。

湖南瀟湘數字電視有限公司於出售日期 之資產及負債的賬面值如下:

		2020 二零二零年 HK\$′000 千港元
Net assets disposed of:	已出售淨資產:	
Property, plant and equipment	物業、機器及設備	149
Other intangible assets	其他無形資產	90
Prepayments, deposits and other	預付款項、按金及其他應收款項	
receivables		36
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物	19
Trade payables	貿易應收賬款	(530)
Other payables and accruals	其他應付款項及應計費用	(1,762)
Non-controlling interests derecognised	終止確認的非控股權益	3,977
		1,979
Loss on disposal	出售虧損	(1,979)
Consideration	代價	-

An analysis of the net cash flows in respect of the disposal of subsidiary was as follows:

出售子公司之現金流量淨額分析如下:

		2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Cash consideration	現金代價	-
Less: cash and cash equivalents disposed of	減:已出售現金及現金等價物	(19)
Net cash outflow arising from the disposal	出售所產生之現金流出淨額	(19)

35. DISPOSAL OF A SUBSIDIARY (Continued)

As referred to in note 13, on 31 October 2018, the Group disposed of its 100% equity interest in Super Car Service Company Limited to an independent third party for a cash consideration of HK\$300,000.

The carrying amounts of the assets and liabilities of the Super Car Service Company Limited at the date of disposal were as follows:

35. 出售一間子公司(續)

誠如附註13所述,於二零一八年十月三十一日,本集團售出一汽車服務有限公司全部股權予一名獨立第三方,現金代價為300,000港元。

於出售日期,一汽車服務有限公司之資 產及負債之賬面值如下:

	2019 二零一九年
	HK\$'000 千港元
	T/电儿
已出售淨資產:	
物業、機器及設備	155
無形資產	278
存貨	110
貿易應收賬款	5
其他應收款項	174
現金及現金等價物	172
其他應付款項及應計費用	(394)
遞延税項負債	(144)
	356
出售虧損	(56)
(1), (27)	
代價	300
	物業、機器及設備 無形資產 存貨 貿易應收賬款 其他應收款項 現金及現金等價物 其他應付款項及應計費用 遞延税項負債

An analysis of the net cash flows in respect of the disposal of subsidiaries was as follows:

出售子公司之現金流量淨額分析如下:

		2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
Cash consideration	現金代價	300
Less: cash and cash equivalents disposed of	減:已出售現金及現金等價物	(172)
Net cash inflow arising from the disposal	出售所產生之現金流入淨額	128

36. NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

(a) Major non-cash transactions

During the year, the Company has issued Shares for the settlement of outstanding interests arising from convertible bonds as disclosed in note 31 to the consolidated financial statements.

(b) Changes in liabilities arising from financing activities

36. 綜合現金流量表附註

(a) 重大非現金交易

於本年度,誠如綜合財務報表附註 31所披露,本公司已就償付可換股 債券所產生之未付利息發行股份。

(b) 融資活動所產生之負債變動

		Borrowings	Convertible bonds	Bond and interest payable 應付債券
		借貸 HK\$'000	可換股債券 HK\$'000	及利息 HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元
At 1 April 2018	於二零一八年四月一日	40,797	165,962	-
Changes from financing cash flows	融資現金流量之變動	(9,494)	(161)	-
Interest expenses	利息開支	4,925	24,778	-
Conversion into ordinary shares	兑換普通股	-	(15,440)	-
Share issued in respect of settlement of	就償還借貸而發行之股份			
borrowings		(15,000)	-	-
Shares issued in respect of bond interest	就支付債券利息而發行之			
payments	股份	_	(10,800)	-
Fair value change of liabilities	消除負債之公允值變動			
extinguishment		_	(1,709)	-
Exchange differences	匯兑差額	(410)		
At 31 March 2019 and	於二零一九年三月三十一日			
1 April 2019	及二零一九年四月一日	20,818	162,630	
1 April 2017	<u>Д— ₹ 70 Г П / Л</u>	20,010	102,000	
Change from financing cash flow	融資現金流量之變動	(8,007)	_	3,700
Interest expenses	利息開支	3,555	10,492	238
Conversion into ordinary shares	兑換普通股	_	(83,884)	-
Share issued in respect of convertible bonds	就支付可換股債券利息			
interest payment	而發行之股份	-	(8,485)	-
At 31 March 2020	於二零二零年三月三十一日	16,366	80,753	3,938

37. RETIREMENT BENEFITS SCHEME

Defined contribution retirement plan

The Group operates the MPF Scheme for all qualifying employees in Hong Kong. The assets of the plans are held separately from those of the Group in funds under the control of trustees.

The Group recognised retirement benefit contributions of HK\$120,000 (2019: HK\$156,000) from continuing operations for the year ended 31 March 2020.

38. OPERATING LEASE COMMITMENTS

At the end of the reporting period, the Group had total future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases falling due as follows:

37. 退休福利計劃

定額供款退休計劃

本集團為所有合資格香港僱員設立強積 金計劃。計劃之資產由信託人控制之基 金持有,與本集團之資產分開處理。

本集團就截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度確認來自持續經營業務之退休福利供款120,000港元(二零一九年:156,000港元)。

38. 經營和賃承擔

於呈報期末,本集團根據不可撤銷經營 租賃於以下期間到期之未來最低租賃付 款總額為:

		2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
Within one year	一年內 第二至第五年	965
In the second to fifth years inclusive	я—至第五年 (包括首尾兩年)	41

1,006

The Group leases a number of properties under operating lease arrangements. The leases for properties run for an initial period of 1 to 2 years. None of the leases includes contingent rentals.

本集團根據經營租賃安排租用若干物業。 物業初步租期介乎1至2年。該等租賃均 不包含或然租金。

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 綜合財務報表附註

39. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

No contingent liabilities of the Group were noted at 31 March 2020 and 2019.

40. RELATED PARTIES TRANSACTIONS

(a) Transactions with related parties

During the year, the Group entered into the following transaction with a related party:

39. 或然負債

於二零二零年及二零一九年三月三十一日, 本集團並無任何或然負債。

40. 關連方交易

(a) 與關連方之交易

於本年度,本集團與一名關連方訂 立以下交易:

		2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
Interest income from a related company (note)	一間關連公司之利息收入 (附註)	_	965

Note:

The ex-Director, Ms. Jingquan Yingzi, has beneficial interest in this related company.

Remuneration for key management personnel represents amount paid to the Directors as disclosed in note 11 to the consolidated financial statements.

Except as disclosed elsewhere in the consolidated financial statements, there was no other material related party transaction during the year.

(b) Balance with related parties

Balances with related parties are disclosed in notes 27 to the consolidated financial statements.

The related party transactions disclosed above did not fall under the definition of connected transaction or continuing connected transaction in Chapter 20 of the GEM Listing Rules, with which the Company has complied throughout the year unless otherwise disclosed.

附註:

前任董事井泉瑛孜女士擁有此關連公 司之實益權益。

主要管理人員之酬金指綜合財務報表 附註11所披露之已付董事之款項。

除綜合財務報表其他部分所披露者外, 於本年度概無其他重大關連方交易。

(b) 關連方結餘

與關連方之結餘於綜合財務報表 附註27中披露。

上文所披露關連方交易並非GEM上 市規則第20章所界定之關連交易或 持續關連交易,除另有披露者外, 本公司已於整個年度遵守有關規定。

41. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION OF 41. 本公司財務狀況表 THE COMPANY

As at 31 March

於三月三十一日

		2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
ASSETS AND LIABILITIES	資產及負債		
Non-current assets Investments in subsidiaries	非流動資產 於子公司之投資	_	_
Property, plant and equipment	物業、機器及設備	14	_
Right-of-use asset	使用權資產	54	-
		68	-
Current assets	流動資產		
Amounts due from subsidiaries (note (a))	應收子公司款項(附註(a))	_	_
Prepayments, deposits and other receivables	預付款項、按金及其他應收款項	389	5,216
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物	12	1,278
		401	6,494
Current liabilities	流動負債		
Amounts due to subsidiaries (note (a))	應付子公司款項(附註(a))	1,108	54
Other payables and accruals	其他應付款項及應計費用	19,786	7,993
Amount due to a director	應付一名董事款項	820	1,120
Borrowings	借貸 和任名は	14,997	11,083
Lease liabilities Convertible bonds	租賃負債 可換股債券	25 80,753	_
		117,489	20,250
		117,407	20,230
Net current liabilities	流動負債淨額	(117,088)	(13,756)
Total assets less current liabilities	資產總值減流動負債	(117,020)	(13,756)
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債		
Bond and interest payable	應付債券及利息	3,938	_
Convertible bonds	可換股債券	_	162,630
		3,938	162,630

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 綜合財務報表附註

41. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION OF 41. 本公司財務狀況表(續) THE COMPANY (Continued)

As at 31 March (Continued)

於三月三十一日(續)

		2020 二零二零年 HK\$′000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
EQUITY Capital and reserves Share capital Reserves (note (b))	權 益 股本及儲備 股本 儲備(附註(b))	1,961 (122,919)	1,072 (177,458)
Capital deficiency	股本虧絀	(120,958)	(176,386)

The statement of financial position of the Company was approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 4 September 2020 and were signed on its behalf.

本公司財務狀況表已於二零二零年九月 四日獲董事會批准及授權刊發,並由以 下人士代為簽署。

Guo Gelin 郭格林 Director 董事

Mou Zhongwei 牟忠緯 Director 董事

41. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION OF 41. 本公司財務狀況表(續) THE COMPANY (Continued)

As at 31 March (Continued)

Notes:

- Amounts due from/to subsidiaries are unsecured, interest (a) free and repayable on demand.
- A summary of the Company's reserves is as follows:

於三月三十一日(續)

附註:

- (a) 應收/付子公司款項為無抵押、不計 息且須按要求償還。
- (b) 本公司儲備概要如下:

		Share premium	Accumulated losses	Merger reserve	Equity component of convertible bonds 可換股債券	Total
		股份溢價 HK\$'000	累計虧損 HK\$'000	合併儲備 HK\$'000	權益部分 HK\$'000	總計 HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
At 1 April 2018 Loss for the year Share issued in respect of equity	於二零一八年四月一日 年度虧損 就股份償還貸款而發行之	124,012 –	(378,266) (26,664)	13,107 -	42,505 -	(198,642) (26,664)
settlement of a loan Share issued under general	股份根據一般授權發行之股份	14,940	-	-	-	14,940
mandate		6,972	_	-	_	6,972
Conversion of convertible bonds Shares issued in respect of bond	兑換可換股債券 就支付債券利息而發行之	19,585	-	-	(4,281)	15,304
interest payments Loss on amendments of the terms	股份 修訂可換股債券之條款之	10,712	-	-	-	10,712
of the convertible bonds Direct cost regarding to the amendments of the terms of	虧損 有關修訂可換股債券條款之 直接成本	-	(39,494)	-	39,494	-
the convertible bonds	且以外个	-		-	(80)	(80)
At 31 March 2019	於二零一九年三月三十一日	176,221	(444,424)	13,107	77,638	(177,458)
Loss for the year Shares issued under general	年度虧損 根據一般授權發行之股份	-	(38,566)	-	-	(38,566)
mandate	15. 10. 10. 15. 15. 15. 15. 15. 15. 15. 15. 15. 15	8,407	-	_	-	8,407
Conversion of convertible bonds Shares issued in respect of bond	兑換可換股債券 就支付債券利息而發行之	115,781	-	-	(39,524)	76,257
interest payments	股份	8,441	-	-	-	8,441
At 31 March 2020	於二零二零年三月三十一日	308,850	(482,990)	13,107	38,114	(122,919)

42. PARTICULARS OF SUBSIDIARIES

42. 主要子公司詳情

Details of the Company's principal subsidiaries at 31 March 2020 and 2019 are as follows:

於二零二零年及二零一九年三月三十一日, 本公司主要子公司詳情如下:

Name of subsidiaries	Place of incorporation/ registration and operation 註冊成立/	Particulars of issued and paid up share capital/ registered capital 已發行及鄉足股本/	Group's effective interest 本集團之實際權益		Percentage held by the Company 本公司持有之百分比		Principal activities 主要業務	
子公司名稱	註冊及經營地點	註冊資本詳情						
			2020 二零二零年	2019 二零一九年	2020 二零二零年	2019 二零一九年		
M21 Investment Limited	BVI 英屬處女群島	400 ordinary shares of USD1 each 400股每股面值1美元之 普通股	100%	100%	100%	100%	Investment holding 投資控股	
Sky Dragon Digital Television and Movies Limited 天龍數碼影視有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	21,000,000 shares of HK\$21,000,000 價值21,000,000港元之 21,000,000股股份	100%	100%	100%	100%	Provision of advertising and movie production and distribution services 提供廣告以及電影製作及發行服務	
Hunan Xiaoxiang Digital Television Broadcast Company Limited	The PRC	RMB61,965,219	-	70%	-	70%	Dormant	
湖南瀟湘數字電視有限公司	中國	人民幣61,965,219元					停業	
Sparkle View Enterprises Limited 景煇企業有限公司	BVI 英屬處女群島	1 ordinary share of USD1 價值1美元之1股普通股	100%	100%	100%	100%	Investment holding 投資控股	
Goodside International Limited 傲海國際有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	1 share of HK\$1 價值1港元之1股股份	100%	100%	100%	100%	Investment holding 投資控股	
Indorus Investment Limited	BVI 英屬處女群島	100 ordinary shares of USD1 each 100股每股面值1美元之	100%	100%	100%	100%	Investment holding 投資控股	
維麥斯網絡技術(深圳)有限公司	The PRC 中國	普通股 RMB993,947 人民幣993,947元	100%	100%	100%	100%	Dormant 停業	
Nanjing Everyday Bay Trading Company Limited	The PRC	RMB22,221,551	80%	80%	80%	80%	Investment holding	
南京天天購貿易有限公司	中國	人民幣22,221,551元					投資控股	
Success Start Limited 迅邁有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	1 share of HK\$1 價值1港元之1股股份	100%	100%	100%	100%	Provision of money lending 放債	
Riseful Investment Limited 昇盛投資有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	1 share of HK\$1 價值1港元之1股股份	100%	100%	100%	100%	Securities investments 證券投資	

42. PARTICULARS OF SUBSIDIARIES (Continued) 42. 主要子公司詳情(續)

Name of subsidiaries	Place of incorporation/ registration and operation 註冊成立/	Particulars of issued and paid up share capital/ registered capital 已發行及鄉足股本/	Group's effective interest 本集圏之實際権益 2020 2019 二零二零年 二零一九年		Percentage held by the Company 本公司持有之百分比 2020 2019 二零二零年 二零一九年		Principal activities 主要業務	
子公司名稱	註冊及經營地點	註冊資本詳情						
Mighty Big Limited 尊浩有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	1 share of HK \$1 價值1港元之1股股份	100%	100%	100%	100%	Dormant 停業	
Glory Ray Global Limited 榮光環球有限公司	BVI 英屬處女群島	1 ordinary share of USD1 價值1美元之1股普通股	100%	100%	100%	100%	Investment holding 投資控股	
Azure Future Investment Limited 蔚程投資有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	1 share of HK\$1 價值1港元之1股股份	100%	100%	100%	100%	Investment holding 投資控股	
深圳市海德姆環保科技有限公司	The PRC 中國	RMB800,000 人民幣800,000元	100%	100%	100%	100%	Dormant 停業	
Wealth Crest Investment Limited 裕冠投資有限公司	BVI 英屬處女群島	1 ordinary share of USD1 價值1美元之1股普通股	100%	100%	100%	100%	Investment holding 投資控股	
Virtue State Developments Limited	BVI	100 ordinary shares of USD1 each	100%	100%	100%	100%	Investment holding	
國德發展有限公司	英屬處女群島	100股每股面值1美元之 普通股					投資控股	
Goldtop Success Limited 得運有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	1 share of HK \$1 價值1港元之1股股份	100%	100%	100%	100%	Dormant 停業	
Wealth Up International Investment Limited	BVI	1 ordinary share of USD1	100%	100%	100%	100%	Investment holding	
時昇國際投資有限公司	英屬處女群島	價值1美元之1股普通股					投資控股	
Joint Spread Limited 伸聯有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	1 share of HK\$1 價值1港元之1股股份	100%	100%	100%	100%	Dormant 停業	
Hong Kong Changda Advertising Media Limited	Hong Kong	1 share of HK\$1	100%	100%	100%	100%	Dormant	
香港暢達廣告傳媒有限公司	香港	價值1港元之1股股份					停業	

The above table lists out the subsidiaries of the Company at 31 March 2020.

上表列示本公司於二零二零年三月 三十一日之子公司。

43. EVENTS AFTER REPORTING PERIOD

(a) On 5 December 2019, the Company and Shenzhen Haidemu Green Technology Company Limited* (深圳市海德姆環保科技有限公司), an indirect wholly owned subsidiary of the Company entered into the agreement to acquire 55% equity interest of Shenzhen Fa Nuo Xin Neng Yuan Qi Che Holdings Company Limited* (深圳法諾新能源汽車控股有限公司) (the "Target Company"), a limited liability company established under the laws of the PRC at a total consideration of HK\$41,000,000, the consideration will be satisfied by issuance of convertible bond. On 29 May 2020, the Company entered into a supplemental agreement to amend certain terms of the agreement dated 5 December 2019.

Pursuant to the agreement, If the aggregate audited consolidated net profit after tax (excluding extraordinary or exceptional items of the Target Company) for the year ending 31 December 2020 (i.e. Actual Profit) shall be less than the guaranteed profit, the principal amount of the convertible bonds shall be reduced in accordance to the formula designated in the agreement accordingly.

Up to the date of this announcement, this proposed acquisition is still under the progress. Further details of the above possible acquisition were set out in the announcements of the Company dated 5 December 2019 and 29 May 2020.

(b) With effective on 1 June 2020, the English name of the Company has been changed and registered from "Code Agriculture (Holdings) Limited" to "Farnova Group Holdings Limited" and the secondary name of the Company in Chinese has been changed and registered from "科地農業控股有限公司" to "法諾集團控股有限公司".

43. 呈報期後事項

(a) 於二零一九年十二月五日,本公司 與深圳市海德姆環保科技有限公司的間接全資子公司的間接全資子公司)訂價 議,以41,000,000港元的總稅有國 購深圳法諾新能源汽車控股內國 可(「目標公司」,一間根據中國 成立的有限責任公司) 55%的股 對價將以零二零年五月二十日 村。於二零二零年五月。 本公司訂立補充協議,修訂 二零一九年十二月五日的協議 干條款。

> 根據協議,倘截至二零二零年十二 月三十一日止年度的經審核綜合稅 後淨溢利(不含目標公司的非經常 或特殊項目)的總額(即實際溢利) 少於保證溢利,則可換股債券的本 金部分將按照協議中規定的公式減 少。

> 截至本公告日期,本建議收購事項仍在進行中。上述可能收購事項的進步一詳情載列於本公司日期為二零一九年十二月五日及二零二零年五月二十九日的公告。

(b) 本公司之英文名稱已由「Code Agriculture (Holdings) Limited」更改 為「Farnova Group Holdings Limited」 並註冊,而本公司之中文第二名稱 已由「科地農業控股有限公司」更改 為「法諾集團控股有限公司」並註冊, 二零二零年六月一日生效。

43. EVENTS AFTER REPORTING PERIOD

(Continued)

(b) (Continued)

The Certificate of Registration of Alteration of Name of Registered Non-Hong Kong Company was issued by the Registrar of Companies in Hong Kong on 18 May 2020, certifying that the new English and Chinese names of the Company has been registered in Hong Kong under Part 16 of the Companies Ordinance (Chapter 622 of the Laws of Hong Kong). The English stock short name of the Company will be changed from "CODE AGRI" to "FARNOVA GROUP" and the Chinese stock short name of the Company will be changed from "科地農業" to "法諾集團" for trading in the Shares on the Stock Exchange with effect from 9:00 a.m. on 1 June 2020. The stock code of the Company on the Stock Exchange "8153" remains unchanged.

Details of the change of Company name are set out in the announcements of the Company dated 5 February 2020, 27 March 2020 and 29 April 2020 and 25 May 2020 and the circular of the Company dated 6 March 2020.

(c) Since January 2020, the outbreak of Novel Coronavirus ("COVID-19") has impact on the global business environment. Pending the development and spread of COVID-19 subsequent to the date of this announcement, further changes in economic conditions for the Group arising thereof may have impact on the financial results of the Group, the extent of which could not be estimated as at the date of this report. The Group will keep continuous attention on the situation of the COVID-19 and react actively to its impact on the financial position and operating results of the Group.

43. 呈報期後事項(續)

(b) (續)

公司名稱變更詳情載列於本公司日期為二零二零年二月五日、二零二零年三月二十七日、二零二零年四月二十九日及二零二零年五月二十五日的公告及日期為二零二零年三月六日的通函。

(c) 自二零二零年一月以來,新冠肺炎 (「COVID-19」)的爆發已對全球商業 環境產生影響。於本公告日期後, COVID-19的發展及擴散將進一步本 變本集團的經濟狀況,從而對響 團的財務業績產生影響,而影響程 度截至本報告日期尚無法估計。本 集團將繼續對COVID-19疫情保持關 注,並積極採取措施減少其對本集 團財務狀況及經營業績之影響。

Five-Year Financial Summary 五年財務概要

A summary of the published consolidated results and statement of assets and liabilities of the Group for the last five years, is set out below:

下列為本集團於過去五年刊發之綜合業績及 資產負債表概要:

RESULTS 業績

		Continuing and discontinued operations 持續經營業務及已終止經營業務 Year ended 31 March 截至三月三十一日止年度							
		2020 2019 2018 2017 201 二零二零年 二零一九年 二零一八年 二零一七年 二零一六年							
		HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元			
Revenue	收入	20,534	28,061	23,610	45,204	19,451			
(Loss) profit attributable to the owners of the Company	本公司擁有人應 佔(虧損)溢利	(48,671)	(50,622)	(34,302)	131,444	(233,399)			

ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

資產及負債

		As at 31 March 於三月三十一日						
		2020	2020 2019 2018 2017					
		二零二零年	二零一九年	二零一八年	二零一七年	二零一六年		
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000		
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元		
Total assets	總資產	10,997	44,298	57,759	81,966	276,325		
Total liabilities	總負債	(139,106)	(222,565)	(229,225)	(247,343)	(554,605)		
Net liabilities	負債淨額	(128,109)	(178,267)	(171,466)	(165,377)	(278,280)		



