MESOBLAST LIMITED ACN: 109 431 870

Rule 4.3A

Appendix 4E

Preliminary final report Year ending on 30 June 2008

Introduced 1/1/2003. Origin: Appendix 4B

1. Reporting period

The financial information contained in this report is for the year ended 30 June 2008. Comparative amounts are for the year ended 30 June 2007.

2. Results for announcement to the market

		Current year reported amount \$	Change up/(down) from previous year	Change up/(down) from previous year
2.1	Revenue from ordinary activities	909,807	(1,142,441)	(46%)
2.2	Profit/(loss) from ordinary activities after tax attributable to members	(10,062,379)	1,334,248	15%
2.3	Net profit/(loss) for the year attributable to members.	(10,062,379)	1,334,248	15%
2.4	No dividends are being proposed or have been paid	Nil	Nil	Nil

3. Commentary related to the above results

- Revenue from ordinary activities for the year ended 30 June 2008 is interest revenue only. In 2007, revenue from ordinary activities included \$719k of government grant funding received under the Commercial Ready Program for the company's allogeneic stem cell based therapy for cartilage regeneration project. This grant was substantially completed in 2007.
- The loss of the year has increased by 15% (\$1,334k) compared to last year due to the above bullet point and a increase in clinical program activity.
- Mesoblast Limited is still working towards commercialisation of its products and does not expect to pay dividends to shareholders until commercialisation has been achieved.

4. Audited Annual Report 2008

A copy of the audited annual report for the year ending 30 June 2008 for Mesoblast Limited is attached to this report.

+ See chapter 19 for defined terms.

1/1/2003 Appendix 4E Page 1

MESOBLAST LIMITED

ACN: 109 431 870

PRELIMINARY FINANCIAL REPORT

2008

CONTENTS	
Directors' Report	1
Auditors' Independence Declaration	19
Financial Statements	20
Directors' Declaration	56
Independent Audit Report	57

The Board of Directors of Mesoblast Limited has resolved to submit the following annual financial report of the company for the financial year ended 30 June 2008. In order to comply with the provisions of the Corporations Act 2001, the directors report the following information:

DIRECTORS

Directors of the Company in office at any time during or since the end of the year (unless specified) were:

Name	Position	Effective Date
Brian Jamieson	Non-executive Chairman (A)	22 November 07
Byron McAllister	Non-executive Director	
Donal O'Dwyer	Non-executive Director	
Michael Spooner	Non-executive Director (A); Non-executive Chairman (R)	22 November 07
Michael Spooner	Non-executive Chairman (A); Executive Chairman (R);	8 August 07
Silviu Itescu	Executive Director and Chief Scientific Adviser	

(A) Appointed to this position(R) Resigned from this position

Details of directors qualifications, experience and special responsibilities, together with meetings attended, can be found on pages 9 to 11 of this report.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES & STRATEGY

Mesoblast Limited is an Australian biotechnology company committed to the development of innovative biological products in the emerging and potentially highly lucrative field of regenerative medicine.

Our adult stem cell platform is being developed for use in the global orthopaedic industry. We are specifically targeting a range of bone, cartilage and musculoskeletal conditions.

Our aim is to bring at least three products to market in the near term for treatment of these conditions which affect many people.

Mesoblast Limited has the worldwide exclusive rights for orthopedic indications relating to a series of patents and technologies that have been developed over more than 10 years and which relate to the identification, extraction and culture of adult Mesenchymal Precursor Cells (MPCs).

The company also holds a substantial interest in Angioblast Systems, Inc. (Angioblast), an American company developing the same platform technology for the treatment of cardiovascular diseases, including repair and regeneration of blood vessels and heart muscle.

Overview

During the last financial year, which ended 30 June 2008, Mesoblast remained on track to achieve its goals for commercialising our unique adult stem cell technology platform. These goals include bringing to market multiple cell-based products for the treatment of a wide range of degenerative conditions. Significant clinical and preclinical achievements during the past year mean that Mesoblast's products are progressively getting closer to

commercialization. These highlights, discussed in detail below, emphasise the progress made in the programs of our cell-based products for large unmet global markets, including diseases of bone, cartilage, heart muscle and blood vessels.

Business Model

From the outset we have outlined a business model that is based on low cost of goods and high margins, similar to pharmaceutical drug development. To achieve this, the focus has been on allogeneic or 'off-the-shelf' products which are generated by large-scale expansion of a small amount of donor starting material. Additional advantages of allogeneic products are that they can be batched, with each batch being highly reproducible and consistent to ensure product safety and effectiveness. Equally as important is that "off-the-shelf" products will be available for immediate use at hospitals when the acute trauma or injury needs rapid treatment.

Intellectual Property

Mesoblast continues to exploit and expand its patent and intellectual property portfolio. Key patents have been granted in the United States, the world's largest market for commercialization of our products. The expanding patent portfolio will continue to deliver major commercial advantages, ensuring exclusive commercialization of our stem cell platform globally.

Funding

In December, Mesoblast Limited successful completed a capital raising of \$13.44 million from Australian institutional and sophisticated investors. The capital is being used for ongoing clinical trial activities, expansion of preclinical opportunities, and general administrative operations. At 30 June 2008, Mesoblast had cash reserves of \$14.1 million.

Key achievements

Non-healing bone fractures

A pilot clinical trial for non-healing, long bone fractures was completed just after the financial year with 10 patients, with a total of 11 non-healing fractures of the long bones in the legs, operated on using Mesoblast's proprietary stem cells. The patients had non-union for up to 41 months prior to cell implantation, with a median time of 10 months. Outstanding results were achieved in this trial with bony union achieved within a median time of four months after stem cell implantation. Mesoblast's focus is now on Phase 2 IND submissions to the FDA for use of its allogeneic stem cells in the treatment of non-union and high-risk fresh fractures.

Spinal Fusion

Patients with end-stage degenerative intervertebral disc disease are usually treated with bone grafts from their own pelvis to induce bony fusion, a procedure termed autograft. Mesoblast is developing a cell product, called Neofuse, to generate bony fusion eliminating the need for an autograft and its associated pain and infection risk. Spinal fusion for end-stage disc disease is a major global market opportunity for Mesoblast, with over 500,000 patients expected to require this procedure in the United States alone by 2010.

A Phase 2 trial for spinal fusion, using Mesoblast's allogeneic or "off-the-shelf" adult stem cells, commenced at New York's Hospital for Special Surgery, one of the world's leading orthopaedic, rheumatologic and rehabilitation specialty hospitals. After encouraging initial safety data, Mesoblast announced that it would accelerate its clinical trial timetable by

expanding its Phase 2 trial activities to up to 10 new major clinical sites throughout the US.

Intervertebral Disc Repair

For patients with earlier-stage intervertebral disc disease, Mesoblast is developing an allogeneic adult stem cell product which can be injected by a minimally invasive approach into degenerating discs of unrelated recipients in order to repair and regenerate disc cartilage. This is likely to be a significantly larger market than spinal fusion. Results of preclinical trials are expected this calendar year.

Knee Osteoarthritis

Osteoarthritis is a major degenerative disease of cartilage in joints, with the knee being the most commonly affected. Knee osteoarthritis affects as many as 15 million people in the United States alone, and no approved therapies currently have any effect on cartilage repair or regeneration. The outstanding results of our preclinical cartilage trials have shown that a single injection of Mesoblast's allogeneic cells into knee joints damaged by osteoarthritis can both prevent further deterioration and regenerate/regrow cartilage tissue lining the damaged joint. These results form the basis for a planned IND submission to the FDA for multiple Phase 2 clinical trials for treatment of patients with degenerative osteoarthritis of the knee.

Strengthened relationship with Angioblast Systems Inc. in the United States

Mesoblast has increased its equity in its United States sister company, Angioblast

Systems Inc., to 39.1 percent. Angioblast is simultaneously advancing the platform stem
cell technology towards commercialisation of novel treatments for cardiac, vascular, and
eye conditions. To date, Angioblast has attained strong clinical and preclinical results in
these indications, supporting Mesoblast's significant equity investment and the intrinsic
value associated with these indications.

All of Angioblast's clinical trials to date have been performed collaboratively with Johnson & Johnson's Cordis Corporation and Biosense Webster who have provided their latest generation cardiac catheter technologies for these trials.

During the financial year, Angioblast entered into an important new collaborative arrangement with Abbott, a major healthcare company. Abbott is providing funding for a collaborative program in heart failure, and has made an equity-based investment of \$US5 million.

Congestive Heart Failure

This condition affects an estimated 5 million people in the United States alone, with 550,000 new cases each year. A pilot clinical trial using the Company's stem cells for heart disease was successfully conducted at the John Hunter Hospital in New South Wales. The primary endpoint of safety at six months was achieved with no cell-related adverse events. Equally as important, all patients showed improvement in heart muscle function and reduced symptoms of both heart failure and severe angina.

The results of this pilot trial, together with additional preclinical trials, formed the basis of a successful IND submission to the FDA, which cleared Angioblast to commence a Phase 2 trial of the stem cell technology for treating patients with congestive heart failure. Patient recruitment for this trial is actively occurring.

Heart Attack

Following rapid approval of an IND submission to the FDA for a Phase 2 clinical trial in patients with heart attacks, the study was launched at one of the world's premier cardiovascular medical centers, the Texas Heart Institute. The trial is focusing on the safety and effectiveness of the Company's allogeneic stem cells injected into the damaged heart muscle around 10 days after an acute heart attack. The aim of the stem cell treatment is to prevent the onset of heart failure after a heart attack.

AMD/Diabetic Retinopathy

Preclinical trials showed that the proprietary stem cells were highly effective for the treatment of leaky blood vessels in the eye, the major cause of vision loss in patients with wet age-related macular degeneration (AMD) and diabetic retinopathy. These clinical indications represent additional major market opportunities for Angioblast.

FINANCIAL SUMMARY

Operating results

The net loss for the year was \$10,062,379 (2007: \$8,728,131) and is in line with expectations. The result reflects full year operations for the company the continued development of our platform technology.

Income

Revenue during the period was \$909,807 (2007: \$1,679,317) and is made up of:

	30 June 2008 \$	30 June 2007 \$
Revenue from continuing operations	4	Ψ
Commercial Ready government grant	-	719,698
Interest revenue	909,807	939,557
Other income		20,062
	909,807	1,679,317

Expenditure

In line with the company's policy and to comply with accounting standards, all costs associated with research and development are fully expensed in the period in which they are incurred as the directors do not consider the company can yet demonstrate all the factors required in order to capitalise development expenditure.

Total operating expenses for the period were \$10,972,186 (2007: \$10,407,448) and is made up of:

	30 June	30 June	
	2008 \$	2007 \$	
Research and development	6,207,372	6,325,130	
Management and administration	2,642,016	2,368,192	
Share of losses of equity accounted associates	2,122,798	1,714,126	
	10,972,186	10,407,448	

Cash flow statement

Net cash outflow from operations decreased to \$6,202,589 in 2008 (2007:\$9,102,676) largely due to the following reasons:

- government grant funding and received in 2007 was approximately \$0.5m higher than in 2008;
- 2007 operating cashflow included \$2.1m of research and development expenses which related to 2006;

During the period under review the company issued a further 10,500,000 shares at \$1.28 (2007: 13,882,800 shares at \$1.25), providing approximately \$13.4m in cash which has largely been used to fund and support phase 2 clinical trials.

Balance sheet

At 30 June 2008 the company's cash position was \$14,094,219 (2007: \$12,055,040) whilst Angioblast Systems, Inc. had a cash balance of \$6,084,775 (USD \$5,850,511) (2007: \$449,923). When combined, the total cash balance of \$20.2m (2007: \$12.5m) represents the amount by which the platform adult stem cell technology could be further developed and commercialized.

The company's policy is to hold its cash and cash equivalent deposits in "A" rated or better deposits.

The company's strategy is to outsource manufacturing and all continuing research to specialist, best of breed partner organisations. As a consequence the company has not incurred any major capital expenditure for the period and does not intend to incur substantial commitments for capital expenditure in the immediate future.

Mesoblast has now substantially completed its investment in Angioblast under the Series B agreement and as a result owns 39.1% of Angioblast. This investment is carried on the balance sheet of Mesoblast and is made up of the cash invested of \$18,082,792 (2007: \$11,663,339) together with the Company's share of Angioblast losses of \$5,321,545 (2007: \$3,995,244) giving a net investment of \$12,761,247 (2007:\$7,668,095).

Earnings per share

	2008	2007	
	Cents	Cents	
Basic earnings/(losses) per share	(8.81)	(8.20)	
Diluted earnings/(losses) per share	(8.81)	(8.20)	

DIVIDENDS

No dividends were paid or declared during the course of the financial year and no dividends are recommended in respect to the financial year ended 30 June 2008.

INVESTMENT IN ANGIOBLAST SYSTEMS, INC.

Mesoblast has now substantially completed its investment in Angioblast under the Series B agreement and as a result now owns 39.1% of Angioblast. The remaining 0.1% investment under this agreement, being \$200,000, will be invested in furthering the platform technology, most likely in the next six months.

Angioblast Systems, Inc. is a non-listed biotechnology company based in New York. The company was incorporated on 27 April 2001 in Delaware, United States of America.

Angioblast's principal focus is to commercialise cardiovascular applications of our adult stem cell technology which was acquired from the Hanson Institute/Institute of Medical and Veterinary Science in South Australia.

SHARE OPTIONS

Shares under option

Unissued ordinary shares of Mesoblast Limited under option at the date of this directors' report are as follows:

Option Series	Issue Date	Number of shares under option	Exercise price of options	Expiry date of options
1	29 September 2004	4,120,000	\$0.55	29 September 2009
2(a),(b),(c)	16 December 2004	700,000	\$0.60	16 December 2008
2(c)	16 December 2004	80,000	\$0.60	04 July 2009
3	25 August 2005	350,000	\$0.65	31 December 2008
3	25 August 2005	350,000	\$0.65	30 June 2009
4(a)	23 February 2006	34,000	\$0.65	31 March 2009
4(a)	23 February 2006	66,000	\$0.65	1 May 2010
4(b)	23 February 2006	166,667	\$0.65	30 June 2009
4(b)	23 February 2006	200,000	\$1.20	30 June 2010
4(b)	23 February 2006	350,000	\$1.20	30 June 2011
4(c)	23 February 2006	20,000	\$0.65	23 February 2009
5	23 November 2006	150,000	\$0.65	23 November 2009
6(a)	17 March 2006	50,000	\$2.02	17 March 2009
6(b)	17 May 2006	10,000	\$1.52	17 May 2009
6(d)	1 January 2007	15,000	\$1.96	1 July 2008
6(d)	1 January 2007	45,000	\$1.96	1 January 2009
6(d)	1 January 2007	30,000	\$1.96	1 January 2010
6(d)	1 January 2007	40,000	\$1.96	1 January 2011
6(d)	1 January 2007	30,000	\$1.96	1 August 2008
6(d)	1 January 2007	30,000	\$1.96	1 February 2009
7	27 July 2007	2,480,000	\$2.13	30 June 2012
8	7 July 2008	2,736,000	\$1.00	30 June 2013
		12,052,667		

No option holder has any right under the options to participate in any other share issue of the Company. Further details of the options series can be found in Note 18 to the financial statements.

Shares issued on exercise of options

Detail of shares or interests issued as a result of the exercise of options during or since the end of the financial year are:

Option Series	Grant Date	Number of shares issued	Amount paid per share	Amount unpaid per share
1	29 September 2004	600,000	\$0.55	Nil
2(c)	16 December 2004	80,000	\$0.60	Nil
4(b)	23 February 2006	150,000	\$0.65	Nil
4(b)	23 February 2006	150,000	\$1.20	Nil
4(c)	23 February 2006	60,000	\$0.65	Nil
	_	1,040,000		

SIGNIFICANT CHANGES IN THE STATE OF AFFAIRS

No significant changes occurred in the state of affairs of the company during the financial year other than those disclosed in the review of operations.

MATTERS SUBSEQUENT TO THE END OF THE FINANCIAL YEAR

No matters or circumstances have arisen since 30 June 2008 up to the date of this report that the directors believe have significantly affected or may significantly affect:

- the Company's operations in future financial years; or
- the results of those operations in future financial years; or
- the Company's state of affairs in future financial years.

BUSINESS STRATEGY PROSPECTS FOR FUTURE YEARS

Mesoblast is committed to the rapid commercialisation of its adult stem cell platform technology. Our ongoing strategy is to maximise shareholder wealth through rapid completion of existing clinical trial programs and to significantly extend our market opportunities by initiating new programs that build logically on extensive work that has been completed. Mesoblast will continue to aggressively engage commercial partner organisations as a key part of our ongoing strategy.

At the date of this report, Mesoblast's business strategy is to:

- focus on patient enrollment and trial completion associated with our phase II clinical trial program in the United States for spinal fusion;
- consider the filing of a new indication with the United States Food and Drug Administration for the commencement of clinical trials associated with long bone fractures and/or knee osteoarthritis;
- pursue clinical and preclinical trial programs associated with the treatment of diseases caused by cartilage degeneration

Mesoblast has a strong and ongoing relationship with its sister company Angioblast Systems, Inc. in the United States. We will continue to work closely with the management and board of directors of Angioblast to protect and enhance our significant investment in that company.

ENVIRONMENTAL REGULATIONS

Mesoblasts operations are not subject to any significant environmental regulation under either Commonwealth or State legislation. The Board, however, considers that adequate systems are in place to manage the Company's obligations and is not aware of any breach of environmental requirements as they relate to the Company.

INDEMNIFICATION OF OFFICERS

During the financial year, the company paid premiums in respect of a contract insuring the directors and company secretary of the company (as named above), and all executive officers of the company. The liabilities insured are to the extent permitted by the Corporations Act 2001. Further disclosure required under section 300(9) of the Corporations Act 2001 is prohibited under the terms of the insurance contract.

PROCEEDINGS ON BEHALF OF THE COMPANY

The Corporations Act 2001 allows specified persons to bring, or intervene in, proceedings on behalf of the Company. No proceedings have been brought or intervened in on behalf of the company with leave of the Court under section 237 of the *Corporation Act 2001*.

NON-AUDIT SERVICES

The Company may decide to employ the auditor on assignments additional to their statutory audit duties where the auditor's expertise and experience are relevant and considered to be important. PricewaterhouseCoopers did not provide any non-audit services during the year and accordingly there were no amounts paid or payable to PWC for such services (2007: nil).

AUDITOR'S INDEPENDENCE DECLARATION

A copy of the auditor's declaration under Section 307C in relation to the audit for the year ended 30 June 2008 is included on page 19 of the annual report.

INFORMATION ON DIRECTORS

Brian Jamieson, Non-executive Chairman - FCA

Shares held: 125,000 Options held:

Mr Jamieson has over 30 years experience in providing advice and audit services to a diverse range of public and large private companies. He was chief executive of Minter Ellison, Melbourne, from 2002-2005. Prior to that he was chief executive officer of KPMG from 1998-2000, managing partner of KPMG Melbourne and Southern Regions from 1993-1998, and chairman of KPMG Melbourne from 2001-2002. He was also a KPMG board member in Australia and a member of the USA management committee.

Mr Jamieson is currently a non-executive director of Tatts Group Limited (since May 2005), Sigma Pharmaceuticals Limited (since December 2005) and Oz Minerals Limited (since August 2004), all ASX listed companies. He is also a non-executive director HBOS Australia Pty Ltd, director and treasurer of Care Australia and the Bionic Ear Institute, and a director of Veski, The Sir Robert Menzies Foundation, the Australian Council Major Performing Arts Board.

Michael Spooner, Non-executive Director - Bcom, ACA, MAICD

Shares held: - Options held: 1,100,000

Mr Spooner is a well known and respected business leader. He has an extensive network of relationships with investment firms and business communities across the globe, having spent the majority of the past 25 years living and working internationally. Mr Spooner is Executive Chairman of Hunter Immunology Limited, a late stage respiratory biopharmaceutical company, and is a non-executive director of Peplin Inc, a dermatology focused skin cancer company. Most recently, Mr. Spooner was the previous Chairman of Mesoblast Limited. Previously, he was Managing Director & CEO of Ventracor Limited where he led the transformation of a small Australian listed life sciences company into the second highest performing stock on the S&P/ASX 200 index in 2003. He was a Principal Partner and Director of Consulting Services with PricewaterhouseCoopers (Coopers & Lybrand) in Hong Kong for several years.

Silviu Itescu, Founder and Executive Director – MBBS (Hons), FRACP, FACP, FACP

Shares held: 36,632,196 Options held: -

A medically trained physician scientist, Professor Itescu has established an outstanding international reputation in the fields of stem cell biology, autoimmune diseases, organ transplantation, and heart failure. He has been a faculty member of Columbia University in New York and of the University of Melbourne. His pioneering work in the use of adult stem cells for heart disease has laid the groundwork for a potential paradigm shift in the treatment of cardiovascular disorders. Professor Itescu has consulted for various international pharmaceutical companies, has been an adviser to biotechnology and health care investor groups, and has served on the Board of Directors of several publicly-listed Australian life sciences companies. In addition, he is the founder and a member of the Board of Directors of Angioblast Systems Inc.

Donal O'Dwyer, Non-executive Director - BE, MBA

Shares held: - Options held: 300,000

Mr. O'Dwyer has had 20 years experience as a senior executive in the global cardiovascular and medical devices industries. From 1996 to 2003, Mr. O'Dwyer worked for Cordis Cardiology, the cardiology division of Johnson & Johnson's Cordis Corporation, initially as its president (Europe) and from 2000 as its worldwide president. Cordis is the world's largest manufacturer of innovative products for interventional medicine, minimally invasive computer-based imaging, and electrophysiology. In his role, Mr. O'Dwyer led Cordis through the launch of the revolutionary Cypher drug eluting coronary stent technology, and saw the company take over number one market share of coronary stents worldwide. He directly supervised an increase in sales from \$US500 million in 2000 to \$US2 billion in 2003. Prior to joining Cordis, Mr. O'Dwyer worked for 12 years with Baxter Healthcare, rising from plant manager in Ireland to president of the Cardiovascular Group, Europe, now Edwards Lifesciences. Mr. O'Dwyer is a qualified civil engineer, has an MBA and is on the board of a number of companies including Cochlear Limited, Atcor Medical Holdings Ltd and Sunshine Heart Inc.

Mr O'Dwyer is currently Mesoblast's representative on the Board of Directors for Angioblast Systems, Inc.

Byron McAllister, Non-executive Director - BS M.Agr

Shares held: - Options held: 150,000

Mr. McAllister has extensive expertise in product development, quality assurance, and obtaining FDA regulatory approvals within the healthcare industry. He has extensive expertise within the biologics, pharmaceutical and medical device industries, and has prepared full documentation for approval by the U.S. FDA, UK MCA, and other world health regulatory authorities. Most recently, Mr. McAllister has served as Vice President, Worldwide Quality Assurance, for the Ares-Serono Group based in Geneva and Boston, overseeing operations in over a dozen countries. Mr. McAllister has held senior management positions in manufacturing and quality assurance with Abbott Laboratories' Ross Laboratories and Diagnostics Divisions, Amersham Corporation, and Coulter Electronics Corporation. He is a member of the PDA (Parenteral Drug Association), American Society for Quality (ASQ), and the Regulatory Affairs Professionals Society (RAPS).

Kevin Hollingsworth, Company secretary - FCPA, FCMA

Shares held: - Options held: 200,000

Mr. Hollingsworth is a Fellow of CPA Australia, and a past chairman of both the National and Victorian Industry and Commerce Accountants Committees. He is also a Fellow of the Chartered Management Accountants and a Past National President of CIMA Australia. Mr. Hollingsworth has most recently been non-executive director and company secretary for Alpha Technologies Corporation Ltd, a global company with operations in the US, Mexico, Europe and China, designing and manufacturing temperature sensors for disposable medical devices, as well as precision thermometry and instrumentation for the biotechnical and life science industry.

MEETINGS OF DIRECTORS

The number of meetings of the Company's directors (including committee meetings of directors) held during the year ended 30 June 2008 and the numbers of meetings attended by each director were:

	Board o	f directors		t & Risk mittee	remu	nation & neration mittee
Director	Held	Attended	Held	Attended	Held	Attended
Spooner	12	12	5	5	2	2
Itescu	12	12	5	5	2	2
McAllister	12	12	5	5	2	2
O'Dwyer	12	12	5	5	2	2
Jamieson	7	7	2	2	2	2

REMUNERATION REPORT

The directors of the Company present the following remuneration report, which forms part of the directors' report and has been prepared in accordance with s300A of the Corporations Act 2001. The remuneration report has been audited as required by s308(3C) of the Corporations Act, 2001.

The remuneration report is set out under the following main headings:

- A. Remuneration principles and policies
- B. Services agreements
- C. Remuneration of key management personnel
- D. Share-based compensation

A. REMUNERATION PRINCIPLES AND POLICIES

Board policy for determining remuneration

The Company's goal is to engage and promote excellence at Board level, in staff members and in partner organisations. The Company looks to engage the services of individuals and organisations with the experience necessary to assist the Company in meeting its strategic objectives.

The Board ensures that executive reward complies with good reward governance practices:

- Competitiveness and reasonableness
- · Acceptability to shareholders
- Performance linkage
- Transparency
- Capital management

The Company has structured an executive remuneration framework that is market competitive and complimentary to the reward strategy of the organisation.

The Company's remuneration framework is aligned to shareholders interests and in particular aligned to the rapid commercialisation of the Company's intellectual property and in achieving its milestones in a highly ethical and professional manner.

The executive remuneration framework provides a mix of fixed and variable pay and performance incentive rewards.

The Board has established a remuneration committee which provides advice on remuneration and incentive policies and practices and specific recommendations on remuneration packages and other terms of employment for executive directors and executives and non-executive directors.

Remuneration structure

(a) Non-executive directors fees

Director's fees were determined initially at the date of the company's public listing on 16 December 2004 by reference to industry standard. Director's fees were set at this time at \$75,000 for the non-executive chairman and \$40,000 for each non-executive director. A limit to total directors' fees of \$500,000 was set at the time of the public listing and has not subsequently changed.

On the appointment of Brian Jamieson to the role of Chairman in November 2007, the non-executive chairman fee was raised to \$120,000. Recently the board approved an increase to non-executive fees. These fees were raised to \$60,000, effective 1 July 2008, on the basis of industry standard.

Components of the remuneration package include a cash element together with unquoted medium term options in some cases.

(b) Executive pay

The executive pay and reward framework has three components, which in combination comprises the executives' total remuneration:

- Base pay and benefits (i)
- Short term performance incentives (ii)
- Long term performance incentives (iii)

(i) Base pay and benefits

A total employment cost package may include a combination of cash and prescribed non-financial benefits at the executives' discretion.

Executives are offered a competitive base pay that comprises the fixed component of pay and rewards. The base pay for executives is reviewed annually to ensure the executives pay is competitive with the market. An executive's pay is also reviewed on promotion.

There is no guaranteed base pay increases included in any executive contracts.

(ii) Short term performance incentives

Bonuses are payable to executives based upon the attainment of agreed corporate and individual milestones, which are reviewed annually and approved by the Board of Directors.

(iii)Long term performance incentives

Performance conditions were attached to the following options granted to key management personnel in previous financial years, which may form part of their remuneration in the current and prior financial year. These performance conditions are described as follows:

Options granted to Paul Rennie*

- 80,000 options will vest on achieving a Standard Operating Procedure (SOP) for the manufacture of cells. This milestone was reached on 6 September 2006;
- 80,000 options vest on approval of Mesoblast's US Food and Drug Administration (FDA) Investigative New Drug (IND) approval. This milestone was reached on 16 December 2006;

 80,000 options vest on completing human pre-regulatory trials for a Mesoblast Orthopaedic Application of the licensed technology. This milestone was reached on 4 July 2008;

Options granted to Byron McAllister

- 75,000 options vest should the Company achieve an IND approval from the US FDA for initiating multi-centre orthopaedic clinical trials within a period of 2 years after the Company became listed on the ASX (16 December 2004). This milestone was reached on 16 December 2006;
- 75,000 options vest should Angioblast Systems, Inc. achieve IND approval from the US FDA for initiating multi-centre cardiovascular clinical trials within a period of 3 years after the Company became listed on the ASX (16 December 2004). This milestone was reached on 1 May 2007.

These performance conditions were chosen as they are fundamental to the Company's progress towards the commercialisation of its products. The dates these milestones are deemed to have been met are as follows:

- For options that are granted on obtaining IND approval, IND approval is deemed to be the date 30 days following the date when the IND application is lodged with the FDA, provided the FDA has not placed a hold on the clinical trial.
- For options granted on achieving an SOP, the SOP is deemed to have been achieved on the date when the SOP has been approved and released by Quality Assurance.
- For options granted on completing a human pre-regulatory trial, the completion date is deemed to be the date of the last patient's follow-up visit, which normally occurs 12 months after MPC's have been implanted into the patient.

Relationship between remuneration policy and company performance

	December 2004 (date of listing)	30 June 2005	30 June 2006	30 June 2007	30 June 2008
Closing share price (IPO price)	\$0.50	\$0.43	\$1.52	\$2.02	\$0.91
Price increase/(decrease) \$		\$(0.07)	\$1.09	\$0.50	\$(1.11)
Price increase/(decrease) %		(14%)	255%	33%	(55%)
Total key management personnel remuneration		503,703	1,368,039	1,189,907	1,802,804

The company's remuneration policies seek to reward staff members for their contribution to achieving significant clinical and regulatory milestones. These milestones build sustainable and long term shareholder value. The increase in remuneration since IPO reflects the expansion of the clinical program of the Company.

The directors do note that the stock market has corrected significantly over the 12 months to 30 June 2008. The stock price for Mesoblast has similarly corrected in line with a difficult market. It is in this respect that we work diligently to ensure that our shareholders and other stakeholders are regularly informed of our progress and the exciting opportunity that is associated with our adult stem cell platform technology.

^{*}Paul Rennie transferred these options to another holder on 15 November 2007, consequently he no longer holds these options.

B. REMUNERATION OF KEY MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL

Details of the remuneration of key management personnel are set out in this section of the remuneration report. Key management personnel includes all directors (as disclosed on page 1), and certain executives of the company, who all belong to the Senior Executive Management Group and they have authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Company together with the Board of Directors.

In addition to the directors of the company, key management personnel, as described above, also includes the following people and positions held during the reporting periods:

Name	Position	Effective date
Kevin Hollingsworth	Chief Financial Officer (R)	21 November 07
	Company Secretary	Full Year
Suzanne Lipe	Vice President of Operations	18 March 08 (A)
Jenni Pilcher	Chief Financial Officer	21 November 07 (A)
Paul Rennie	Chief Operating Officer	11 May 08 (R)
Paul Rennie	Special Projects Consultant	12 May 08 (A)
	Vice President of Research and Clinical	
Jim Ryaby	Affairs	3 March 08 (A)
Donna Skerrett	Clinical and Regulatory Affairs	Full year

⁽A) Appointed to this position

Short term employee

512,056

137,615

Details of the remuneration of each director of Mesoblast Limited and the other key management personnel of the Company are set out below:

employment

Post-

Share-

based

	benefits		benefits	payments				
Name	Salary & fees	Bonus	Super- annuation	Options & rights	Termination benefits	Total	Remun- eration consistin g of options	Perfor- mance based remun- eration (ii)
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	%	%
<u>Directors</u>								
2008								
Executive directors								
Silviu Itescu	174,312	-	15,688	-	-	190,000	0%	-
Michael Spooner*	63,008	137,615	14,990	-	-	215,613	0%	63.8%
Non-executive directors							0%	
Brian Jamieson**	66,935	-	6,024	-	-	72,959	0%	-
Byron McAllister	40,000	-	-	-	-	40,000	0%	-
Donal O'Dwyer	36,697	-	3,303	33,571	-	73,571	45.6%	-
Michael Spooner*	41,958	-	3,777	-	-	45,735	0%	-
	422,910	137,615	43,782	33,571	-	637,878		
2007							•	
Executive directors								
Michael Spooner	275,229	137,615	37,156	29,000	-	479,000	6.1%	28.7%
Silviu Itescu	160,130	-	6,537	-	-	166,667	-	-
Non-executive directors								
Byron McAllister (iii)	40,000	-	-	10,875	-	50,875	21.4%	-
Donal O'Dwyer	36,697	-	3,303	70,571		110,571	63.8%	-

46,996

110,446

807,113

⁽R) Resigned from this position

Other Key Management

Personnel***

2008

Suzanne Lipe	47,256	-	4,253	-	-	51,509	-	-
Jenni Pilcher	130,000	21,918	13,682	60,335	-	225,935	27.5%	10%
Paul Rennie****	122,552	76,697	27,912	168,032	21,963	417,156	40.3%	18.4%
James Ryaby	56,520	-	-	-	-	56,520	-	-
Donna Skerrett	65,472	20,252	-	125,152	-	210,876	59.3%	9.6%
Kevin Hollingsworth	112,600	-	-	90,330	-	202,930	44.5%	-
	534,400	118,867	45,847	443,849	21,963	1,164,926		
2007								
Paul Rennie (iv)	176,583	50,000	21,248	21,894	-	269,725	8.1%	20.7%
Kevin Hollingsworth	113,069	-	-	-	-	113,069	-	-
	289,652	50,000	21,248	21,894	-	382,794		
<u>Total 2008</u>	957,310	256,482	89,629	477,420	21,963	1,802,804		
Total 2007	801,708	187,615	68,244	132,340	-	1,189,907		

^{*}Michael Spooner was an executive up until 8 August 2007, after that date became a non-executive director. His remuneration has been shown separately.

- (i) All bonuses reported in the above table are 100% of the bonus entitlement for each relevant executive. Bonuses forfeited during the year as a result of performance targets not being met were nil (2007: nil).
- (ii) Performance-based remuneration includes all bonuses paid, and certain amounts of share-based remuneration, as described in (iii) and (iv) below. The grants of options that are subject to performance criteria are further described in sub-section (iii) and (iv) below. Share-based remuneration and bonuses that are not subject to performance criteria relates to options issued in order to facilitate the growth and performance of the company as a whole, rather than for a specific milestone to be met.
- (iii)Byron McAllister's share-based remuneration is 100% performance based in 2007. He did not received share-based remuneration in the current year as the options had vested.
- (iv)Paul Rennie's share-based remuneration included that was performance based for the year was nil (2007: \$5,945).

C. SERVICE AGREEMENTS

The non-executive directors and the company secretary are engaged through a letter of appointment. Non-executive directors are appointed by shareholders on the basis that 1/3 of all non executive directors retire annually and are eligible for re-election at the company's Annual General Meeting.

Remuneration and other terms of employment for the Chief Scientific Advisor and other key management personnel are formalized in service agreements. These agreements may provide for the provision of performance related cash bonuses and the award of options. Provisions of the agreements relating to remuneration are set out below:

Silviu Itescu, Director and Chief Scientific Adviser

- Term of agreement: commencing 1 February 2007;
- Salary: \$190,000 inclusive of superannuation per annum;
- Termination: no terms have been agreed;

^{**} Brian Jamieson was appointed Chairman on 22 November 2007.

^{***}Refer to the table on page 11 for periods that remuneration has been disclosed.

^{****}Termination benefits included annual leave entitlements for Paul Rennie upon the expiry of his employment contract. His new contract is as a consultant with no leave entitlements.

Suzanne Lipe, Vice President of Operations (from 18 March 2008)

- Term of agreement: commencing 18 March 2008;
- Salary: \$190,000 per annum;
- Superannuation: 9% of \$190,000 per annum;
- Termination: One month;
- Bonus: eligible to participate in the Company's bonus scheme.

Jenni Pilcher, Chief Financial Officer (from 22 November 2007)

- Term of agreement: commencing 22 November 2007;
- Salary: \$150,000 per annum, four days per week;
- Superannuation: 9% of \$150,000 per annum;
- Termination: One month;
- Bonus: eligible to participate in the Company's bonus scheme.

Paul Rennie, Special Projects Consultant (from 12 May 2008)

- Term of agreement: commencing 12 May 2008;
- Consulting fees: \$1,000 per day, three days per week;
- Termination: 30 days
- Bonus: eligible to participate in the company's bonus scheme.

Jim Ryaby, Vice President of Research and Clinical Affairs (from 3 March 2008)

- Term of agreement: commencing 3 March 2008;
- Consulting fees: US\$156,000 per annum, 3 days per week;
- · Other benefits: Dental and health fully covered;
- Bonus: eligible to participate in the Company's bonus scheme.

Donna Skerrett, Clinical and Regulatory Affairs

Term of agreement: commencing December 2004;

- Salary: \$71,424 per annum, part time;
- Bonus: eligible to participate in the Company's bonus scheme.

D. SHARE-BASED COMPENSATION

Options to purchase fully paid shares of the Company were granted as remuneration during the year as follows:

Grant Date	Granted No.	Vesting date(s)	Expiry date	Exercise price \$	Fair value \$
27/07/2007	200,000*	01/07/2008	30/06/2012	2.13	0.74
27/07/2007	100,000*	01/07/2008	30/06/2012	2.13	0.74
27/07/2007	250,000*	01/07/2008	30/06/2012	2.13	0.74
27/07/2007	200,000*	01/07/2008	30/06/2012	2.13	0.74
23/11/2006	50,000	23/11/2006	23/11/2009	0.65	0.589
23/11/2006	50,000	23/11/2007	23/11/2009	0.65	0.678
23/11/2006	50,000	23/11/2008	23/11/2009	0.65	0.718
	27/07/2007 27/07/2007 27/07/2007 27/07/2007 23/11/2006 23/11/2006	27/07/2007 200,000* 27/07/2007 100,000* 27/07/2007 250,000* 27/07/2007 200,000* 23/11/2006 50,000 23/11/2006 50,000	Grant Date Granted No. date(s) 27/07/2007 200,000* 01/07/2008 27/07/2007 100,000* 01/07/2008 27/07/2007 250,000* 01/07/2008 27/07/2007 200,000* 01/07/2008 23/11/2006 50,000 23/11/2006 23/11/2006 50,000 23/11/2007	Grant Date Granted No. date(s) date 27/07/2007 200,000* 01/07/2008 30/06/2012 27/07/2007 100,000* 01/07/2008 30/06/2012 27/07/2007 250,000* 01/07/2008 30/06/2012 27/07/2007 200,000* 01/07/2008 30/06/2012 23/11/2006 50,000 23/11/2006 23/11/2009 23/11/2006 50,000 23/11/2007 23/11/2009	Grant Date Granted No. Vesting date(s) Expiry date price \$ 27/07/2007 200,000* 01/07/2008 30/06/2012 2.13 27/07/2007 100,000* 01/07/2008 30/06/2012 2.13 27/07/2007 250,000* 01/07/2008 30/06/2012 2.13 27/07/2007 200,000* 01/07/2008 30/06/2012 2.13 23/11/2006 50,000 23/11/2006 23/11/2009 0.65 23/11/2006 50,000 23/11/2007 23/11/2009 0.65

^{*}Each grant of options is divided into three equal tranches. Tranche A has a vesting date which is shown in the above table. Tranches B and C have vesting dates one and two years respectively after Tranche A. All tranches have the same expiry date, exercise price and fair value which are as shown in the above table.

All share options issued to key management personnel were made in accordance with the provisions of the executive share option plan. All options issued were issued for no consideration, therefore there are no amounts unpaid with respect to these options as they have all been issued for no consideration. There are no performance criteria attached to any of the options granted during the year (2007: nil).

Modifications to terms and conditions of options granted

There has been no modification to any terms and conditions of options during the current financial year. On 5 June 2007, the Board of Directors approved that the conditions described below be removed from the terms and conditions of affected options:

- 1/3 of the vested options could be exercised in the first 12 months following vesting date;
- up to a total of 2/3 could be exercised between 12 and 24 months following vesting date;
- the balance being able to be exercised (to the extent not already exercised) between 24 months and 36 months of vesting.

By removing the above terms, those options held by Donal O'Dwyer in the table above are now able to be exercised in full once vested. The share price of the securities under option as at the date of the modification was \$2.20.

Michael Spooner's options, at the time of resignation from executive director, are to be held in Escrow in either shares or as options until the earlier of Mr Spooner's retirement from the Board or 31 July 2008. Mr Spooner may only exercise these options within 60 days from the expiry of the escrow period, after which time they will lapse.

The directors do not believe there is any incremental fair value granted as a result of the above modifications. The share price of the securities under option as at the date of the modification was \$1.95.

Options held by key management personnel that vested and were exercised during the year:

	•	Number of options exercised during the year		ons vested e year
	<u>2008</u>	<u>2007</u>	<u>2008</u>	<u>2007</u>
Donal O'Dwyer	-	-	50,000	125,000
Byron McAllister	-	-	-	150,000
Michael Spooner	-	-	-	200,000
Jenni Pilcher	-	-	60,000	-
Donna Skerrett	-	-	100,000	100,000

Value of options issued to directors and key management personnel

The following table summarises the value of options granted, exercised or lapsed during the annual reporting period to the identified directors and executives:

	Value of options granted at grant date (i)	Value of options exercised at the exercise date	Value of options lapsed at the date of lapse
	\$	\$	\$
Kevin Hollingsworth	147,478	-	-
Jenni Pilcher	73,739	-	-
Paul Rennie	184,349	-	-
Donna Skerrett	147,478	_	_

⁽i) The value of options granted during the period is recognised in compensation over the vesting period of the grant, in accordance with Australian accounting standards.

Value of options yet to vest after the end of the current financial year

	Vested %	Forfeited %	Subsequent financial years in which options vest	Minimum total value of grant yet to vest \$	Maximum total value of grant not yet expensed \$
Donal O'Dwyer	83.3%	-	2009	-	5,983
Kevin Hollingsworth	-	-	2009/10/11	-	57,148
Jenni Pilcher	27%	-	2009/10/11	-	28,881
Paul Rennie	-	-	2009/10/11	-	71,896
Donna Skerrett	60%	-	2009/10/11	-	57,148

This report is made in accordance with a resolution of the directors.

Mr. Brian Jamieson

Chairman

28 August 2008

Melbourne



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Auditor's Independence Declaration

As lead auditor for the audit of Mesoblast Limited for the year ended 30 June 2008, I declare that to the best of my knowledge and belief, there have been:

- a) no contraventions of the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* in relation to the audit; and
- b) no contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

This declaration is in respect of Mesoblast Limited during the period.

Anton Linschoten

Partner

PricewaterhouseCoopers

Melbourne 28 August 2008

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2008

CONTENTS				
Income Statement	21			
Statement of Changes in Equity	22			
Balance Sheet	23			
Cash Flow Statement	24			
Notes to the Financial Statements	25			
Directors' Declaration	56			
Independent Audit Report	57			

INCOME STATEMENTFOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2008

		30 June	30 June
	Nata	2008	2007
	Note	\$	\$
Revenues from continuing operations	2(a)	909,807	1,679,317
Expenses from continuing operations			
Research and development		(6,207,372)	(6,325,130)
Management and administration		(2,642,016)	(2,368,192)
Share of losses of equity accounted associates		(2,122,798)	(1,714,126)
Total expenses from continuing operations		(10,972,186)	
Loss before income tax expense		(10,062,379)	(8,728,131)
Income tax (expense)/benefit	4	-	-
Loss after related income tax expense from continuing operations		(10,062,379)	(8,728,131)
Loss attributable to members of the company		(10,062,379)	(8,728,131)
Earnings/(losses) per share – from continuing operations:		cents	cents
Basic – cents per share	6	(8.81)	(8.20)
Diluted – cents per share	6	(8.81)	(8.20)
Bridge certo per oriale	J	(0.01)	(0.20)

The above income statement should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2008

		Contributed	Accumulated	Share Based Payment	Foreign Currency Translation	Total
	Nata	equity	Losses	Reserve	Reserve	Total
	Note	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
As of 1 July 2006		20,667,608	(9,768,956)	1,066,393	-	11,965,045
Loss for the year			(8,728,131)			(8,728,131)
Total recognised income and expense for the year			(8,728,131)			(8,728,131)
Contributions of equity net of transaction costs	13	16,754,575				16,754,575
Share based payment				547,850		547,850
At 30 June 2007	_	37,422,183	(18,497,087)	1,614,243	-	20,539,339
	=					
As of 1 July 2007		37,422,183	(18,497,087)	1,614,243	-	20,539,339
Exchange differences on translation of overseas associate					796,498	796,498
Net income recognised directly in equity					796,498	796,498
Loss for the year			(10,062,379)			(10,062,379)
Total recognised income and expense for the year			(10,062,379)		796,498	(9,265,881)
Contributions of equity net of transaction costs	13	13,596,900				13,596,900
Share based payment				1,345,774		1,345,774
At 30 June 2008	-	51,019,083	(28,559,466)	2,960,017	796,498	26,216,132

The above statement of changes in equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 30 JUNE 2008

		30 June 2008	30 June 2007
	Note	\$	\$
CURRENT ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	7	14,094,219	12,055,040
Trade and other receivables	8	123,900	509,907
Prepayments		85,533	28,735
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS		14,303,652	12,593,682
NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
Property, plant and equipment	9	197,997	158,235
Investments accounted for using the equity			
method	10	12,761,247	7,668,095
Intangible assets	11	526,006	818,226
TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS		13,485,250	8,644,556
TOTAL ASSETS		27,788,902	21,238,238
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Trade and other payables	12	1,572,770	698,899
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES		1,572,770	698,899
TOTAL LIABILITIES		1,572,770	698,899
NET ASSETS		26,216,132	20,539,339
EQUITY			
Issued capital	13	51,019,083	37,422,183
Reserves	14	3,756,515	1,614,243
Accumulated losses		(28,559,466)	(18,497,087)
TOTAL EQUITY		26,216,132	20,539,339

The above balance sheet should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2008

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	Note	30 June 2008 \$	30 June 2007 \$
Payments to suppliers and employees		(6,326,130)	(9,757,907)
Government grants and other income received		123,541	655,773
Interest and other costs of financing paid		-	(542)
Net cash used in operating activities	15 (b)	(6,202,589)	(9,102,676)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Interest received		841,725	939,557
Investment in fixed assets		(100,956)	(146,665)
Investment in patents & licenses		-	(35,187)
Investment in equity accounted associate		(6,419,452)	(3,880,548)
Loan repaid/(advanced) to associate company		330,645	(258,660)
Net cash used in investing activities		(5,348,038)	(3,381,503)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Proceeds from issue of shares		14,134,500	17,559,666
Payments for share issue costs		(537,600)	(805,091)
Net cash provided by financing activities	•	13,596,900	16,754,575
	•		
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		2,046,273	4,270,396
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		12,055,040	7,854,843
FX losses on the translation of foreign bank accounts		(7,094)	(70,199)
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	15 (a)	14,094,219	12,055,040

The above cash flow statement should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

INTRODUCTION

The financial report covers Mesoblast Limited ("Mesoblast"), a company limited by shares whose shares are publicly traded on the Australian stock exchange. Mesoblast is incorporated and domiciled in Australia and has its registered office and principal place of business as follows:

Registered office

Level 2

517 Flinders Lane

Melbourne

Principal place of business

Level 39

55 Collins Street

Melbourne

The principal activity of the economic entity during the financial year was the commercialisation of unique intellectual property associated with the isolation, culture and scale-up of adult stem cells referred to as Mesenchymal Precursor Cells ("MPC").

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Statement of compliance

The financial report is a general purpose financial report which has been prepared in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001, Accounting Standards and Urgent Issue Group Interpretations, and complies with other requirements of the law. Accounting Standards include Australian equivalents to International Financial reporting Standards ("A-IFRS"). Compliance with AIFRS ensures that the financial report, comprising the financial statements and notes thereto, complies with International Financial Reporting Standards ('IFRS').

The financial statements were authorised for issue by the Board of Directors of Mesoblast on the date shown on the Directors' Declaration attached to the Financial Statements.

Basis of preparation

The financial report has been prepared on the basis of historical cost, except for the revaluation of certain non-current assets and financial instruments. Cost is based on the fair values of the consideration given in exchange for assets. All amounts are presented in Australian dollars unless otherwise noted.

The accounting policies have been consistently applied and, except where there is a change in accounting policy, are consistent with those of the previous year.

Going concern

For the year ended 30 June 2008, the company incurred an operating loss of \$10,062,379 (2007 loss: \$8,728,000) as it continued to further its investment in research initiatives. As at year end, the company's net assets stood at \$26,216,132 (2007: \$20,539,000), with available cash of \$14,094,219 (2007:\$12,055,040).

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

During the financial year ending 30 June 2009, the company will work to further advance both the development of its core technologies, and if possible, the commercialisation of those technologies. Based on the forecast cash flows approved by the Board of Directors for the period ending 31 August 2009, which excludes any cash that may be raised through further allotment of capital or through collaboration arrangements with third parties, the Directors believe that sufficient cash will be available to fund the company's operations over the 12 month period subsequent to the date of signing the financial statements.

Accordingly the financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis. The financial statements do not include any adjustments to the carrying values or classification of assets or liabilities that would be necessary in the event that the company, were unable to continue as a going concern.

Early adoption of standards

The company has decided to adopt AASB 8 *Operating Segments* for the current reporting period. AASB 8 replaces AASB 114 *Segment Reporting*. The new standard requires a "management approach", which aligns the disclosure to that used internally for management reporting.

Critical accounting judgements and key assumptions

In the application of the Company's accounting policies, which are described below, management is required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstance, the results of which form the basis of making the judgements. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

There have been no significant judgements made in applying accounting policies that the Directors consider would have a significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements.

There have been no key assumptions made concerning the future, and there are no other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the balance date, that the Directors consider have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year.

The following significant accounting policies have been adopted in the preparation and presentation of the financial report:

(a) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash comprises cash on hand and demand deposits. Cash equivalents are short-term deposits with an insignificant risk of change in value.

Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowing in current liabilities in the balance sheet. For the purposes of the cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents consist of cash and cash equivalents as defined above, net of outstanding bank overdrafts.

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(b) Contributed equity

Ordinary shares are classified as equity.

Transaction costs arising on the issue of equity instruments are recognised directly in equity as a reduction of the proceeds of the equity instruments to which the costs relate. Transaction costs are the costs that are incurred directly in connection with the issue of those equity instruments and which would not have been incurred had those instruments not been issued.

(c) Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the profit attributable to equity holders of the company, excluding any costs of servicing equity other than ordinary shares, by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the financial year, adjusted for bonus elements in ordinary shares issued during the year.

Diluted earnings per share

Diluted earning per share adjusts the figures used in the determination of basic earnings per share to take into account the after income tax effect of interest and other financing costs associated with dilutive potential ordinary shares and the weighted average number of shares assumed to have been issued for no consideration in relation to dilutive potential ordinary shares.

(d) Employee benefits

A liability is recognised for benefits accruing to employees in respect of wages and salaries, annual leave and long service leave.

Liabilities recognised in respect of employee benefits which are expected to be settled within 12 months, are measured at their nominal values using the remuneration rates expected to apply at the time of settlement.

Liabilities recognised in respect of employee benefits which are not expected to be settled within 12 months, are measured as the present value of the estimated future cash outflows to be made by the Company in respect of services provided by employees up to reporting date.

(e) Foreign currency

Foreign currency transactions are translated to Australian currency, which is the Company's functional currency, at the rates of exchange ruling at the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions are recognised in the income statement, except when they are deferred in equity as qualifying cash flow hedges and qualifying net investment hedges or are attributable to part of the net investment in a foreign operation.

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the rates of exchange ruling at balance date. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the translation of monetary assets and liabilities at year end exchange rates are recognised in the income statement.

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Exchange differences arising from the translation of any investment in foreign entities are taken to the foreign currency translation reserve in shareholders equity. When a foreign operation is sold or any borrowings forming part of the net investment are repaid, a proportionate share of such exchange differences are recognised in the income statement, as part of the gain or loss on sale where applicable.

(f) Goods and services tax (GST)

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of GST except where the GST incurred on a purchase of goods and services is not recoverable from the taxation authority, in which case the GST is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of the expense.

Receivables and payables are stated with the amount of GST included. The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority is included as part of receivables or payables in the Balance Sheet.

Cash flows are included in the cash flow statement on a gross basis. The GST component of cash flows arising from investing and financing activities, which is recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority, are classified as operating cash flows.

(g) Government grants

Grants from the government are recognised at their fair value where there is a reasonable assurance that the grant will be received and the Company will comply with all attached conditions.

Government grants relating to costs are deferred and recognised in the income statement over the period necessary to match them on a systematic basis with the costs that they are intended to compensate.

Government grants whose primary condition is for the Company to purchase property, plant and equipment are included in non-current liabilities as deferred income and are credited to the income statement on a straight line basis over the expected lives of the related assets.

(h) Impairment of assets

At each reporting date, the Company reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible and intangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives and intangibles assets not yet available for use are tested for impairment annually and whenever there is an indication that the asset may be impaired.

An impairment loss would be recognised if the amount by which the assets carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). Where the asset does not generate cash flows that are independent from other assets, the Company estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value in use. If the recoverable amount of an asset (or cash-generating unit) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (or cash-generating unit) is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment of goodwill is not subsequently reversed.

(i) Intangible assets

Patents and Licences

Patents and licences have a finite useful life and are carried at cost less accumulated amortisation and impairment. Amortisation is calculated using the straight-line method to allocate the cost of the asset over its remaining useful life, which equates to the remaining life of the underlying patent.

(j) Income taxes

Income tax expense or revenue for the period is the tax payable on the current period's taxable income based on the applicable income tax rate for Australia, adjusted by changes in deferred tax assets and liabilities attributable to temporary differences and to unused tax losses.

Deferred income tax is provided in full, using the liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amount in the financial statements. Deferred income tax is not provided if it arises from initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction, other than a business combination, that at the time affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss. Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates and laws that have been enacted by the reporting date and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax assets is realised or the deferred liability is settled.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for deductible temporary differences and unused tax losses only if it is probably that future taxable amounts will be available to utilise those temporary differences and losses. Current and deferred tax balances attributable to amounts recognised directly in equity are also recognised directly in equity.

(k) Investments accounted for using the equity method

Associates are all entities over which the Company has significant influence but not control, generally accompanying a shareholding of between 20% and 50% of the voting rights. The financial statements of the associate are used by the Company to apply the equity method. The reporting dates of the associate and the Company are identical and both use consistent accounting policies.

The investment in the associate is carried in the balance sheet at cost plus post-acquisition changes in the Company's share of net assets of the associate, less any impairment in value. The income statement reflects the Company's share of the results of operations of the associate.

Where there has been a change recognised directly in the associate's equity, the Company recognised its share of any change and disclosed this, when applicable, in the statement of changes in equity.

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

The carrying amount of an investment accounted for using the equity method is assessed annually to determine whether there is any indication that the asset may be impaired. Where an indicator of impairment exists, the Company makes a formal estimate of the recoverable amount. Where the carrying amount of the asset exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount.

(I) Property, plant and equipment

Plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment. Cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the item.

Property, plant and equipment, other than freehold land, are depreciated over their estimated useful lives using the straight line method. The expected useful lives are between two and nine years, with the majority being depreciated over four years.

Gains and losses on disposal of plant and equipment are taken into account in determining the profit for the year.

Impairment

The carrying values of plant and equipment are reviewed for impairment at each reporting date with recoverable amount being estimated when events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may be impaired. Impairment exists when the carrying value of an asset or cash-generating units exceeds its estimated recoverable amount. The asset or cash-generating unit is then written down to its recoverable amount. Impairment losses are recognised in the income statement.

(m) Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present obligation (legal and constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that the Company will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

(n) Research and development costs

Research and development expenditure is expensed as incurred except to the extent that its future recoverability can reasonably be regarded as assured, in which case it is deferred and amortised on a straight line basis over the period in which the related benefits are expected to be realised.

The carrying value of development cost is reviewed for impairment annually when the asset is not yet in use or when an indicator of impairment arises during the reporting year indicating that the carrying value may not be recoverable.

(o) Revenue recognition

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable. The Company recognises revenue when the amount of revenue can be reliably measured, it is probably that future economic benefits will flow to the entity and specific criteria have been met for each of the Company's activities.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2008

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Interest revenue

Interest revenue is accrued on a time basis, by reference to the principal outstanding and at the effective interest rate applicable, which is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to that asset's net carrying amount.

(p) Segment reporting

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the Senior Management Executive Group and the Board of Directors. The Senior Management Executive Group has been identified as the group that makes strategic decisions of the Company.

(q) Share-based payments

Equity-settled share-based payments with employees and others providing similar services are measured at the fair value of the equity instrument at the grant date. Fair value is measured by use of the Black-Scholes model. The expected life used in the model has been adjusted, based on management's best estimate, for the effects of non-transferability, exercise restrictions, and behavioural considerations. Further details on how the fair value of equity-settled share-based transactions has been determined can be found in note 18.

The fair value determined at the grant date of the equity-settled share-based payments is expensed on a straight-line basis over the vesting period, based on the Company's estimate of shares that will eventually vest.

The above policy is applied to all equity-settled share-based payments that were granted since the date of incorporation and that vested after 1 January 2005. No amount has been recognised in the financial statements in respect of the other equity-settled share-based payments.

(r) Trade and other receivables

Trade receivables and other receivables represent the principal amounts due at balance date less, where applicable, any provision for doubtful debts. An estimate for doubtful debts is made when collection of the full amount is no longer probable and there is objective evidence of impairment. Debts which are known to be uncollectible are written off in the income statement. All trade receivables and other receivables are recognised at the value of the amounts receivable, as they are due for settlement within 60 days and therefore do not require re-measurement.

(s) Trade and other payables

Payables represent the principal amounts outstanding at balance date plus, where applicable, any accrued interest. Liabilities for payables and other amounts are carried at cost which approximates fair value of the consideration to be paid in the future for goods and services received, whether or not billed. The amounts are unsecured and are usually paid within 30 days of recognition.

(t) Changes in accounting policies

There have been no significant changes in accounting policy during the reporting period, other than the early adoption of AASB 8 Operating Segments.

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(u) Comparative figures

Comparatives have been reclassified where necessary so as to be consistent with the figures presented in the current year.

(v) New and revised accounting standards and interpretations

Certain new accounting standards and interpretations have been published that are not mandatory for 30 June 2008 reporting periods. The company's assessment of the impact of these new standards and interpretations is set out below:

- (i) AASB 8 Operating Segments and AASB 2007-3 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards arising from AASB 8
 AASB 8 is effective for annual reporting periods commencing on or after 1 January 2009. This standard allows for a "management" style of disclosure of operating segments. The company has decided to adopt this standard for the current reporting period on the basis that it more accurately discloses the financial information pertaining to the segments of the company.
- (ii) Revised AASB 123 Borrowing Costs and AASB 2007-6 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards arising from AASB 123

 Revised AASB 123 is effective for annual reporting periods commencing on or after 1 January 2009. The company has not adopted this standard for the current reporting period as it has no borrowing costs.
- (iii) Revised AASB 101 Presentation of Financial Statements and AASB 2007-8
 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards arising from AASB 101
 Revised AASB 101 is effective for annual reporting periods commencing on or after 1
 January 2009. It requires the presentation of a statement of comprehensive income and makes changes to the statement of equity. The company has decided not to adopt this standard on the basis that the changes are of a disclosure nature only and do not impact what is recognised in the financial statements.
- (iv) AASB-I 14 The Limit on a Defined Benefit Asset, Minimum Funding Requirements and their interaction AASB-I 14 is effective for annual reporting periods commencing on or after 1 January 2008. This standard does not impact the financial statements of the company and therefore has not been adopted.
- (v) AASB 2008-1 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standard Share-based Payments: Vesting Conditions and Cancellations

 AASB 2008-1 was issued in February 2008 and will become applicable for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2009. The revised standard clarifies that vesting conditions are service conditions and performance conditions only and that other features of a share-based payment are not vesting conditions. It also specifies that all cancellations, whether by the entity or by other parties, should receive the same accounting treatment. The company will apply the revised standard from 1 July 2009, however it is not expected to affect the accounting for the company's share-based payments.

	30 June 2008 \$	30 June 2007 \$
2. REVENUE AND EXPENSES FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS		
(a) Revenue from continuing operations		
Commercial Ready government grant*	-	719,698
Interest revenue	909,807	939,557
Other		20,062
	909,807	1,679,317
*Further details of the grant are contained in note 17(a) to the financial statements.		
(b) Expenses		
Employee benefits		
Salaries and employee benefits	1,530,719	1,198,932
Defined contribution superannuation expenses	110,662	99,207
Share based payments	425,435	259,182
	2,066,816	1,557,321
Depreciation and amortisation of non-current assets		
Plant and equipment depreciation	62,721	26,335
Intellectual property amortisation	94,038	36,185
	156,759	62,520
<i>Other</i>		
Research & Development - external	3,075,548	3,675,794
Intellectual property costs (excluding amortisation)	396,762	104,810
Share based payments – consultants	920,339	288,668
Finance costs	-	542
FX losses	10,032	38,274
Write-off of intangible assets	198,182	-

3. SEGMENT INFORMATION

(a) Description of segments

Management has determined the operating segments presented here are those that are internally reported on a regular basis to the board of directors, who are ultimately responsible for the allocation of resources to those segments and for making strategic decisions for the company.

Two reportable operating segments have been identified, the orthopaedic segment and the cardiovascular segment, both having two distinct markets for which the MPC platform technology is currently being developed. The orthopaedic segment operates in Australia, and the cardiovascular segment operates in the United States of America through our investment in Angioblast systems, Inc.

(b) Segment information	Orthopaedic	Cardiovascular	Total
	\$	\$	\$
2008			
Revenue from external customers	-	-	-
Total segment revenue	-	-	-
Net loss after tax	5,287,033	2,122,798	7,409,831
Expenses from continuing operations include the following items:			
Research and development	5,192,995	-	5,192,995
Equity accounted losses	-	2,122,798	2,122,798
Amortisation of intellectual property purchased	94,038	-	94,038
Total segment assets Total segment assets include:	549,519	12,761,247	13,310,766
Carrying value of investments accounted for using the equity method	-	12,761,247	-
Total segment liabilities	1,194,186	<u>-</u>	1,194,186
2007			
Revenue from external customers	-	-	-
Revenue from government grants	719,698	-	719,698
Total segment revenue	719,698	-	719,698
Net loss after tax	5,352,949	1,714,126	7,067,075
Expenses from continuing operations include the following items:			_
Research and development	6,036,462	-	6,036,462
Equity accounted losses	-	1,714,126	1,714,126
Amortisation of intellectual property purchased	36,185	-	36,185
Total segment assets Total segment assets include:	954,824	7,668,095	8,622,919
Carrying value of investments accounted for using the equity method	-	7,668,095	7,668,095
Total segment liabilities	206,186	-	206,186

(c) Segment reconciliations

The following table reconciles each of the segment totals to the totals reported for the company in the income statement and balance sheet. These reconciling items are not considered by the company to be an operating segment as defined in AASB 8 *Operating Segments* (which has been early adopted in this current financial year) and therefore are not disclosed as such. They are administrative in nature and relate largely to the running of the Mesoblast head office.

	30 June 2008 \$	30 June 2007 \$
Total segment revenue	-	719,698
Interest revenue	909,807	939,557
Other revenue		20,062
Total revenue from continuing operations	909,807	1,679,317
Total segment net loss	(7,409,831)	(7,067,075)
Interest revenue	909,807	939,557
Administration expenses	(2,206,550)	(2,019,895)
Other expenses	(10,032)	(32,868)
Share-based payments	(1,345,774)	(547,850)
Total net loss after tax	(10,062,380)	(8,728,131)
Total segment assets	13,310,766	8,622,919
Property, plant and equipment	197,997	158,235
Interest receivable	68,081	-
GST receivable	39,195	26,215
Prepayments	62,021	15,681
Receivable from associate	16,623	360,148
Cash	14,094,219	12,055,040
Total assets	27,788,902	21,238,238
Total segment liabilities	1,194,186	206,186
Trade payables and accruals - administration	293,317	267,725
Employee entitlements - administration	22,523	199,763
Payable to Angioblast	62,744	25,225
Total liabilities	1,572,770	698,899

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2008

	30 June	30 June
4. INCOME TAX EXPENSE	2008 \$	2007 \$
(a) Reconciliation of income tax to prima facie tax payable		
Loss from continuing operations before income tax Prima facie tax benefit on operating loss before income tax	10,062,380	8,728,131
at 30%	3,018,714	2,618,439
Tax effect of amounts which are not deductible/(taxable) in calculating taxable income:		
Share based payments expense	403,732	164,355
Equity accounting loss	636,839	514,238
Tax benefit not recognised	(1,978,142)	(1,929,846)
Income tax expense attributable to loss before income tax _	-	
(b) Income tax losses		
Tax losses for which no deferred tax has been booked*	19,123,222	11,859,453
Deferred tax asset at 30% not booked	5,736,967	3,557,836
*	20001	

^{*}Tax losses carried forward has not been brought to account at 30 June 2008 because the directors do not consider it probable, at this stage of the company's program, that sufficient taxable amounts will become available which deductible temporary differences and unused tax losses can be applied to. Realisation of the benefit of tax losses would also be subject to the Company satisfying the conditions for deductibility imposed by tax legislation. The Company has made no assessment as to satisfaction of these conditions at 30 June 2008.

5. REMUNERATION OF AUDITORS

(a) Assurance services

Audit services

Audit and review of financial reports and other audit work under the Corporations Act 2001

0	PKF Australian Firm	-	68,980
0	PricewaterhouseCoopers (PWC)	87,500	-
		87,500	68,980

There has been no remuneration for other assurance services, non-audit services or taxation services in the current or prior year.

6. EARNINGS PER SHARE		
Net loss used in calculating basic earnings per share:	10,062,379	8,728,131
Net loss used in calculating diluted earnings per share:	10,062,379	8,728,131
	No. of shares	No. of shares
Weighted average number of ordinary shares used in calculating basic earnings per share	114,209,029	106,445,430
Dilutive potential ordinary shares	-	-
Weighted average number of ordinary shares and potential ordinary shares used in calculating diluted earnings per		
share	114,209,029	106,445,430

	30 June 2008	30 June 2007
7. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	\$	\$
Cash at bank	753,606	302,986
Deposit at call	4,231,882	5,935,957
Term deposits	, ,	
Term deposits	9,108,731	5,816,097
	14,094,219	12,055,040
8. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES		
Current		
Government grant receivable	-	123,541
Interest receivable	68,082	-
Goods and services tax recoverable	39,195	26,218
Loan to Angioblast Systems, Inc. (associate)	16,623	360,148
	123,900	509,907
All trade and other receivable balances are within their due dates and none are considered to be impaired at both 30 June 2008 and 30 June 2007. See note 21 for the impact of credit risk on the Company.		
9. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT		
Plant and equipment		
Cost		
Balance at the beginning of year	197,319	50,654
Additions	102,483	146,665
Balance at the end of year	299,802	197,319
Accumulated depreciation		
Balance at the beginning of year	(39,084)	(12,749)
Depreciation expense	(62,721)	(26,335)
Balance at the end of year	(101,805)	(39,084)
Net book value at the end of the year	197,997	158,235

10. INVESTMENTS ACCOUNTED FOR USING THE EQUITY METHOD

Entity	Country of Incorporation	Principal Activity			
Angioblast Systems, Inc.	USA		cell research and t for cardiovascular		
	Owner	rship Interest			
(a) Carrying amount	30 June 2008 %	30 June 2007 %	30 June 2008 \$	30 June 2007 \$	
Angioblast Systems, Inc.	39.1	34.6	12,761,247	7,668,095	
(b) Movement in carrying am Carrying amount at the begin Additional investment Share of losses Exchange difference on trans Carrying amount at the end of The following information has audited report of Angioblast S at the exchange rate prevailing		7,668,095 6,419,452 (2,122,798) 796,498 12,761,247	7,501,673 1,880,548 (1,714,126) - 7,668,095		
Summaries financial information	tion of associate	es:			
Financial position					
Total assets			6,244,935	935,631	
Total liabilities			(6,089,556)	(1,425,873)	
Net assets/(liabilities)			155,379	(490,242)	
Company's share of net asset	ts/(liabilities)		60,753	(169,816)	
Financial performance					
Income			873,380	67,035	
Expenses			6,153,802	4,772,141	
Company's share of associate	es' loss				
Share of associates' loss before	ore tax		(2,122,798)	(1,709,332)	
Share of associates' income t	ax expense			(4,794)	
Share of associates' loss			(2,122,798)	(1,714,126)	
The Directors have followed	I the guidance	of AASB136	in determining	whether an	

The Directors have followed the guidance of AASB136 in determining whether an investment is impaired. The Directors have made an assessment of the value of this investment in the accounts, reviewing the results to date against the original milestones and work plans and having considered current market conditions and are comfortable to continue to carry it at equity accounted cost. The value of the investment is dependent on its research and development and subsequent commercialization. The Directors are of the view that the investment in Angioblast Systems, Inc. is not impaired at balance date.

The contingent liabilities of the associate are disclosed in Note 17(c).

	30 June 2008	30 June 2007
	\$	\$
11. INTANGIBLE ASSETS		
Patents and licences		
Gross carrying amount		
Balance at the beginning of year	904,226	855,439
Additions	-	48,787
Patent costs written off (i)	(214,226)	
Carrying amount at the end of year	690,000	904,226
Accumulated amortisation		_
Balance at the beginning of year	(86,000)	(49,815)
Amortisation expense (i)	(94,038)	(36,185)
Patent costs written off (i)	16,044	
Carrying amount at the end of year	(163,994)	(86,000)
Net book value	526,006	818,226
 (i) Intellectual property expenses are included in research and development in the income statement. 		
12. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES		
Current		
Trade payables	1,428,780	458,371
Employee benefits	81,216	215,303
Payable to Angioblast Systems, Inc.*	62,774	25,225
*associate and related party of the company	1,572,770	698,899

13. ISSUED CAPITAL

Ordinary shares participate in dividends and the proceeds on winding up of the company in equal proportion to the number of shares held.

At shareholders meetings each ordinary share is entitled to one vote when a poll is called, otherwise each shareholder has one vote on a show of hands.

	30 June 2008 No.	30 June 2008 \$	30 June 2007 No.	30 June 2007 \$
(a) Movements in issued capital during the year				
Fully paid ordinary shares				
Balance at beginning of financial year	107,716,133	37,422,183	93,510,000	20,667,608
Shares issued at \$1.25 07 July 2007			13,882,800	17,353,500
Shares issued at \$1.28 14 December 2007	10,500,000	13,440,000		
Transaction costs arising on issue of shares		(537,600)		(805,091)
Issue of shares under employee share option plan				
(note 18)	1,040,000	694,500	323,333	206,166
Balance at end of financial year	119,256,133	51,019,083	107,716,133	37,422,183

(b) Share options over ordinary shares

Balance at end of financial year	9,316,667	7,956,667	
Amounts unvested at end of			
financial year	2,680,000	1,180,000	

Share options granted under the employee share option plan carry no rights to dividends and no voting rights. Further details of the employee share option plan are contained in note 18 to the financial statements.

	30 June 2008 \$	30 June 2007 \$
14. RESERVES		
(a) Reconciliation of reserves		
Share based payments reserve	2,960,017	1,614,243
Foreign currency translation reserve	796,498	
	3,756,515	1,614,243
(b) Nature and purpose of reserves Share based payment reserve The share based payments reserve is used to recognise the fair value of options issued and vested but not exercised.		
Foreign currency translation reserve Exchange differences arising on translation of the equity accounted investment are taken to the foreign currency translation reserve.		
15. CASH FLOW INFORMATION		
(a) Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents		
Cash at bank	753,606	302,986
Deposit at call	4,231,882	5,935,957
Term deposits	9,108,731	5,816,097
	14,094,219	12,055,040
(b) Reconciliation of net cash flows used in Operations with loss after income tax		
Loss from ordinary activities	(10,062,379)	(8,728,131)
Add/(Deduct) Profit and Loss items as follows:		
Depreciation and amortisation	156,759	62,520
Intellectual property disposal costs	198,182	-
Interest received	(909,807)	(939,557)
Foreign Exchange Losses	7,094	50,503
Equity settled share based payment	1,345,774	547,850
Equity accounted losses (Angioblast)	2,122,798	1,714,126
Change in operating assets & liabilities:		
(Increase)/decrease in trade and other receivables	53,766	(19,040)
Increase/(decrease) in trade creditors and accruals	885,224	(1,790,947)
Cash flows used in operations	(6,202,589)	(9,102,676)
cush hows used in operations	(0,202,303)	(3,102,070)

16. COMMITMENTS FOR EXPENDITURE

(a) Capital commitments Not longer than 1 year (b) Further investment in associate* Not longer than 1 year Longer than 1 year and not longer than 5 years 200,000 5,280,000 200,000 6,419,452

 that pursuant to ASX Listing Rule 10.1 Chapter 2E of the Corporations Act 2001 and for all other purposes, approval is granted for the Company to invest up to \$8.5m in additional funds to subscribe for up to 425,000 further preference shares (designated "Series B Preferred") in Angioblast Systems, Inc.

The structure of the payments to be invested under the Series B agreement is as follows:

- (a) an initial outlay of \$1m in exchange for 50,000 preference shares;
- (b) five equal quarterly instalments of \$360,000 (totalling \$1.8m) in exchange for a total of 90,000 preference shares;
- (c) \$5.5m invested in Angioblast following Angioblast's satisfactory demonstration of strict adherence to the pre-approved Joint Expenditure Program for completion of a phase II clinical trial, in exchange for a total of 275,000 preference shares;
- (d) Mesoblast has committed to incurring project costs of \$200,000 for the purpose of continuing development of the common platform adult stem cell technology in exchange for 10,000 preference shares.

As at 30 June 2008 the company has forwarded funds relating to (a) to (c) above. Funds for step (d) will be invested in the financial year ended 30 June 2009.

As at 30 June 2007, payments (a) and (b) had been made, and \$160,548 of (c).

(c) Company's share of associates expenditure commitments

Angioblast have report no expenditure commitments for the year ended 30 June 2008 (2007: nil).

^{*}At an Extraordinary General Meeting held on 23 November 2006, the shareholders of the Company passed the following resolution:

17. CONTINGENT ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

(a) Contingent assets

A government grant was awarded to the company under the Commercial Ready Program for reimbursement of 50% of eligible expenditure incurred under the Allogeneic Stem Cell Based Therapy for Cartilage Regeneration project. The maximum amount payable under the grant is \$2,760,041 for the period 10 October 2005 through to 30 September 2008. The total amount received as at 30 June 2008 is \$2,573,746. The remaining amount of \$186,294 will become due to the company upon completion of the cartilage program, provided the terms of the Commercial Ready government grant are met. The Commercial Ready Program was abolished in the last Federal Budget, however this will not impact any outstanding payments due to the company under the current grant as at 30 June 2008.

(b) Contingent liabilities

Mesoblast will be required to make a milestone payment to Medvet of US\$250,000 on completion of Phase III (human) clinical trials and US\$350,000 on FDA marketing approval. Mesoblast will pay Medvet a commercial arm's length royalty based on net sales by Mesoblast of licensed products each quarter.

The company has no pending litigation as at the end of the financial year.

(c) Contingent liabilities of Angioblast in relation to Medvet

The contingent liabilities described below represent 100 per cent of the contingent obligations of Angioblast. By way of its equity interest, Mesoblast currently has a 39.1% interest in these contingent liabilities. Mesoblast is not liable for these contingent liabilities.

Angioblast has agreed to pay consideration for certain intellectual property assets assigned to it by Medvet on the basis of future milestones being reached. These milestones will not be reached as part of the current development program which envisages funding through to IND approvals. They represent payments on successful completion of subsequent clinical milestones. If all milestones were to be reached these payments total US\$1,500,000. In addition royalties at 2.5% of net sales with stipulated minimum annual royalties scaling up from US\$100,000 to US\$500,000 over 5 years exist.

18. SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS

The Company has adopted an Executive Share Option Plan to foster an ownership culture within the Company and to motivate directors, senior management and consultants to achieve performance targets of the Company and/or their respective business units. Selected directors, employees and consultants of the Company may be eligible to participate in the Plan at the absolute discretion of the Company's board of directors. Except as outlined in the remuneration report no options or shares will be issued under this Plan to any directors without the prior approval of the Mesoblast shareholders.

The aggregate number of options which may be issued pursuant to the Plan and all other share purchase plans shall not at any time exceed 5% of the total number of issued shares of the Company. All grants of options are subject to the following general terms and conditions:

- option grants require approval from the board of directors;
- · options are granted under the plan for no consideration;
- each share option converts into one ordinary share of Mesoblast Limited;
- options carry neither rights to dividends nor voting rights.

Per the company's current policy, options are issued in three equal tranches, each tranche having an expiry date of five years following grant date. The first tranche typically vests 12 months after grant date, the second tranche 24 months after grant date, and the third tranche 36 months after grant date.

The exercise price is the greater of \$0.20 and:

- in relation to an option on or before the date of the official quotation of the Company's shares, an amount per share that is 20% higher than the offer price of \$0.50; and
- in relation to an option granted after the official quotation of the company's shares, the volume weighted market price of a share sold on the ASX on the 5 trading days immediately before the grant date plus a premium determined by the Board; and
- any other amount that is specified by the Board.

(a) Existing share-based payment arrangements

(i) The following share-based payment arrangements were in existence during the current and comparative reporting periods:

								Exercise	
Series	Grant date	Granted No.	Exercised No.	Lapsed No.	Balance No.	Vesting date	Expiry date	price \$	Fair value \$
1(a)(i)	29/09/04	2,160,000	(200,000)	-	1,960,000	29/09/05	29/09/09	0.55	0.290
1(a)(ii)	29/09/04	2,160,000	-	-	2,160,000	16/12/05	16/12/09	0.55	0.290
1(b)	26/10/04	400,000	(400,000)	-	-	16/12/04	30/12/07	0.55	0.290
2(a)	16/12/04	550,000	-	-	550,000	16/12/05	16/12/08	0.60	0.290
2(b)	16/12/04	75,000	-	-	75,000	16/12/06	16/12/08	0.60	0.290
2(b)	16/12/04	75,000	-	-	75,000	01/05/07	16/12/08	0.60	0.290
2(c)	16/12/04	80,000	(80,000)	-	-	06/09/06	06/09/07	0.60	0.171
2(c)	16/12/04	80,000	(80,000)	-	-	16/12/06	16/12/07	0.60	0.229
2(c)	16/12/04	80,000	-	-	80,000	04/07/08	04/07/09	0.60	0.251
3	25/08/05	350,000	-	-	350,000	31/12/05	31/12/08	0.65	0.19
3	25/08/05	350,000	-	-	350,000	30/06/06	30/06/09	0.65	0.21
4(a)	23/02/06	150,000	(116,000)	-	34,000	31/03/06	31/03/09	0.65	0.96
4(a)	23/02/06	150,000	(84,000)	-	66,000	01/05/07	01/05/10	0.65	0.96
4(b)	23/02/06	150,000	(150,000)	-	-	30/06/06	30/06/09	0.65	0.89
4(b)	23/02/06	150,000	(150,000)	-	-	30/06/07	30/06/10	1.20	0.65
4(b)	23/02/06	150,000	-	-	150,000	30/06/08	30/06/11	1.20	0.75
4(b)	23/02/06	200,000	(33,333)	-	166,667	30/06/06	30/06/09	0.65	0.89
4(b)	23/02/06	200,000	-	-	200,000	30/06/07	30/06/10	1.20	0.65
4(b)	23/02/06	200,000	-	-	200,000	30/06/08	30/06/11	1.20	0.75
4(c)	23/02/06	90,000	(70,000)	-	20,000	23/02/06	23/02/09	0.65	0.92
5	23/11/06	50,000	-	-	50,000	23/11/06	23/11/09	0.65	0.589
5	23/11/06	50,000	-	-	50,000	23/11/07	23/11/09	0.65	0.678
5	23/11/06	50,000	-	-	50,000	23/11/08	23/11/09	0.65	0.718
6(a)	17/03/06	50,000	-	(50,000)	-	17/03/07	17/03/08	2.02	0.554
6(a)	17/03/06	50,000	-	-	50,000	17/03/08	17/03/09	2.02	0.702
6(b)	17/05/06	10,000	-	(10,000)	-	17/05/07	17/05/08	1.52	0.404
6(b)	17/05/06	10,000	-	-	10,000	17/05/08	17/05/09	1.52	0.521
6(c)	06/06/06	10,000	-	(10,000)	-	06/12/06	06/12/07	1.75	0.303
6(c)	06/06/06	10,000	-	(10,000)	-	06/06/07	06/06/08	1.75	0.380
6(d)	01/01/07	15,000	-	-	15,000	01/07/07	01/07/08	1.96	0.512
6(d)	01/01/07	15,000	-	-	15,000	01/01/08	01/01/09	1.96	0.601
6(d)	01/01/07	30,000	-	-	30,000	01/01/08	01/01/09	1.96	0.601
6(d)	01/01/07	30,000	-	-	30,000	01/01/09	01/01/09	1.96	0.749
6(d)	01/01/07	40,000	-	-	40,000	01/01/10	01/01/09	1.96	0.873
6(d)	01/01/07	30,000	-	-	30,000	01/08/07	01/08/08	1.96	0.512
6(d)	01/01/07	30,000	-	-	30,000	01/02/08	01/02/09	1.96	0.601
7	27/07/07	2,480,000			2,480,000	01/07/09	30/06/12	2.13	0.74
	•	10,760,000	(1,363,333)	(80,000)	9,316,667				

The share options outstanding at the end of the financial year have a weighted average remaining contractual life of 714 days (2007: 762 days) and a range of exercises prices from 55c to \$2.13. A further 2,736,000 share options were issued subsequent to the end of the financial year in accordance with the provisions of the executive share option plan.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2008

- (a) Existing share-based payment arrangements (continued)
- (ii) General terms and conditions attached to each series are as follows:
- 1. At the time of the IPO the Company provided initial seed investors and the underwriter with share options as follows:
 - (a) Seed investors, who subscribed for 4,320,000 fully paid preference shares, were provided with 4,320,000 options to acquire ordinary shares at an exercise price of \$0.55. These options expire on the fourth anniversary of the expiry of two relevant imposed escrow periods being:
 - (i) 50% of each holder's options are subject to an escrow period expiring on 29 September 2005, therefore these options expire on 29 September 2009
 - (ii) 50% of each holder's options are subject to an escrow period which expired on 16 December 2005, therefore these options expire on 16 December 2009.
 - (b) Lodge Partners Pty Limited (or nominee), as underwriter to the Offer received in aggregate 400,000 options to acquire 400,000 ordinary shares on the terms set out in 9.5(a) of the prospectus. These options have since been transferred to Thorney Holdings Pty Ltd and were exercised during the current financial year.
- 2. These options were granted as follows:
 - (a) Two equal tranches, the first tranche vesting 12 months after listing date, the second 24 months after listing. Both tranches expire on the fourth anniversary of the listing date.
 - (b) Two equal tranches, each expiring on the third anniversary of the Company being listed on the ASX. Vesting occurs upon reaching the following milestones:
 - The Company obtaining IND approval from the US Food and Drug Administration (FDA) for initiating multi-centre orthopaedic clinical trials within a period of two years after the options were granted, which was the date of listing on the ASX (16 December 2004). This milestone was reached on 16 December 2006, consequently the options vested on this date.
 - Angioblast Systems, Inc. (associate) must achieve IND approval from the US FDA for initiating multi-centre cardiovascular clinical trials within a period of three years after the options were granted. This milestone was reached on 1 May 2007 consequently the options vested on this date.
 - (c) Three equal tranches, each expiring 12 months after vesting. Vesting occurs upon reaching the following milestones:
 - On achieving Standard Operating Procedure (SOP) for the manufacture of cells. This milestone was reached on 6 September 2006, consequently the options vested on this date.
 - On approval of Mesoblast's FDA Investigative New Drug (IND) approval.

 Approval was obtained on 16 December 2006, therefore the options vested on this date.
 - On completing human pre-regulatory trials for a Mesoblast Orthopaedic Application of the licensed technology. The last patient for this trial had their final follow up visit on 4 July 2008, so the options will vest on this date.
- 3. Options granted were approved by shareholders at the Annual General Meeting held 15 November 2005. The options were issued in two equal tranches, each having a three year life. There are no performance conditions attached to these options.
- 4. Options granted are subject to the following conditions:
 - (a) Two equal tranches, each expiring 36 months after vesting. Vesting occurs upon reaching the following milestones:
 - The first patient is treated with Human Autologous Mesenchymal Prescursor Cells (MPC's). The milestone was reached on 31 March 2006 and these options vested accordingly.
 - Angioblast Systems, Inc. (associate) receives Investigational New Drug Approval from the US FDA. This was received on 1 May 2007 and these options vested accordingly.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2008

(a) Existing share-based payment arrangements (continued)

- (b) Three equal tranches, each expiring 36 months after vesting. The vesting dates for tranches 1, 2 and 3 are 30 June 2007, 30 June 2008 and 30 June 2008 respectively, and the exercise prices are \$0.65, \$1.20 and \$1.20 respectively. There are no performance conditions attached to these options.
- (c) One tranche only, with a vesting date equal to grant date, and an exercise period of 36 months. There are no performance conditions attached to these options.
- 5. Options granted were approved by shareholders at the Annual General Meeting held 23 November 2006. Options were issued in three equal tranches, each having a three year life. The first tranche vests 12 months after grant date, the second tranche 24 months after grant date, and the third tranche 36 months are grant date. All tranches expire 36 months after grant date. There are no performance conditions attached to these options.
- 6. Options granted were approved by the Remuneration Committee on 14 February 2007. Options granted were in two equal tranches, the first tranche exercisable in twelve months following grant date, and the second exercisable in 18 months following grant date. Grant dates are equal to commencement of employment/contract and the options have exercise periods of 12 months. There are no performance conditions attached to these options.
- 7. Options granted were approved by the Remuneration Committee on 27 July 2007. The options were granted in three equal tranches vesting on 1 July 2008, 1 July 2009 and 1 July 2010 respectively. All tranches expire on 30 June 2012.

(iii) Modifications to terms and conditions

There have been no modification to terms and conditions in the current financial year.

During the prior financial year, the Board of Directors approved that certain conditions in series 3 and 4 options be removed. The conditions removed were as follows:

- 1/3 of the vested options could be exercised in the first 12 months following vesting date;
- up to a total of 2/3 could be exercised between 12 and 24 months following vesting date;
- the balance being able to be exercised (to the extent not already exercised) between 24 months and 36 months of vesting.

These options are now able to be exercised in full, between the vesting date and expiry date of the relevant tranche of option. The directors do not believe there is any incremental fair value granted as a result of the modification.

(b) Fair values of share options

The weighted average fair value of options granted during the year was \$0.74 (2007: \$0.633). The fair value of all options granted has been calculated using the Black-Scholes option pricing model. The model requires the Company share price volatility to be measured. The share price volatility has been measured with reference to the historical share prices of the Company, and also similar company's given the Company has only been listed since 16 December 2004. The official measurement of share price volatility for the options granted on 23 February 2007 was 55%, and for the options granted 23 November 2007 it was 54%. Given the consistency of the two volatility measurements, both volatility rates have been used for series 6 and 7.

(b) Fair values of share options (continued)

The model inputs for the valuations of options approved and issued during the current and previous financial years are as follows:

Option series	Share price at grant date \$	Exercise Price \$	Expected share price volatility	Option life	Dividend yield	Risk-free interest rate
3	0.505	0.65	56.57%	128 & 310 days	0%	5.085%
4(a)	1.48	0.65	55.0%	3yrs & 3.98yrs	0%	5.18%
		0.65 &				
4(b)	1.48	\$1.20	55.0%	1.35-3.35 yrs	0%	5.18%
4(c)	1.48	0.60	55.0%	1.1-3.1 yrs	0%	5.18%
5	1.205	0.65	54.0%	3 yrs	0%	5.725%
6(a)	1.81	2.02	54.0%	18 & 24 months	0%	6.39%
6(b)	1.35	1.52	54.0%	18 & 24 months	0%	6.39% & 6.46%
6(c)	1.41	1.75	54.0%	18 & 24 months	0%	6.27% & 6.39%
						6.39%, 6.45%
6(d)	1.84	1.96	55.0%	18 & 24 months	0%	& 6.46%
7	1.91	2.13	55.0%	5 years	0%	6.25%

The closing share market price of an ordinary share of Mesoblast Limited on the Australian Stock Exchange at 30 June 2008 was \$0.91 (30 June 2007: \$2.02).

(c) Reconciliation of outstanding share options

	2008		200	7
	Number of	Weighted average exercise price	Number of	Weighted average exercise price
Share options over ordinary shares	options	\$	options	\$
Balance at beginning of financial year	7,956,667	0.69	7,800,000	0.63
Granted during the year	2,480,000	2.13	480,000	1.33
Exercised during the year	(1,040,000)	0.67	(323,333)	0.64
Expired or forfeited during the year	(80,000)	1.89	-	-
Balance at end of financial year	9,316,667	1.06	7,956,667	0.69
Unvested at end of financial year	2,680,000	2.05	1,180,000	1.13
Exercisable at end of financial year	6,636,667	1.51	6,776,667	0.62

(d) Share options exercised during the year

Number exercised	Exercise date(s)	Share price at exercise date
80,000	10 October 2007	\$1.50
300,000	10 October 2007	\$1.50
60,000	10 October 2007	\$1.50
200,000	13 December 2007	\$1.28
400,000	20 December 2007	\$1.27
1,040,000		
80,000	18 December 2006	\$1.78
50,000	28 September 2006	\$1.25
66,000	18 December 2006	\$1.78
84,000	08 June 2007	\$2.16
33,333	28 September 2006	\$1.25
10,000	28 September 2006	\$1.25
323,333		
	80,000 300,000 60,000 200,000 400,000 1,040,000 80,000 50,000 66,000 84,000 33,333 10,000	80,000 10 October 2007 300,000 10 October 2007 60,000 10 October 2007 200,000 13 December 2007 400,000 20 December 2007 1,040,000 18 December 2006 50,000 28 September 2006 66,000 18 December 2006 84,000 08 June 2007 33,333 28 September 2006 10,000 28 September 2006

19. KEY MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL COMPENSATION

(a) Details of key management personnel
The directors and other members of key management personnel of the Company during the current and prior years were:

	prior yours manage	Effective	e Date
Name	Position	2008	2007
Brian Jamieson	Non-executive Chairman (A)	22 November 07	
Byron McAllister	Non-executive Director	Full year	Full year
Donal O'Dwyer	Non-executive Director	Full year	Full year
Michael Spooner	Non-executive Director (A); Executive Chairman (R)	8 August 07	Full year
Silviu Itescu	Executive Director	Full year	Full year
Kevin Hollingsworth	Chief Financial Officer (R); Company Secretary	21 November 07	Full year
Suzanne Lipe	Vice President of Operations (A)	18 March 08	
Jenni Pilcher	Chief Financial Officer (A);	21 November 07	
	Financial Controller (R)		
Paul Rennie	Chief Operating Officer (R); Special Projects Consultant (A)	12 May 08	Full year
Jim Ryaby	Vice President of Research and Clinical Affairs (A)	3 March 08	
Donna Skerrett	Clinical and Regulatory Affairs	Full year	

(A) Appointed to this position

(R) Resigned from this position

(b) Key management personnel compensation

The aggregate compensation made to directors and other members of key management personnel of the Company is set out below:

	30 June 2008 \$	30 June 2007 \$
Short-term employee benefits	1,235,755	1,030,882
Post-employment benefits	89,629	68,244
Share based payments	477,420	132,340
	1,802,804	1,231,466

Further disclosures regarding key management personnel compensation are contained within the remuneration report.

(c) Key management personnel equity holdings *Options*

2008	Balance at 1 July No.	Granted as compens -ation No.	Exercised No.	Net change other No.	Balance at 30 June No.	Total vested 30 June No.	Vested and exercis- able No.	Unvested No.
	NO.	NO.	NO.	NO.	NO.	NO.	INO.	NO.
Brian Jamieson	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Byron McAllister	150,000	-	-	-	150,000	150,000	150,000	-
Donal O'Dwyer	300,000	-	-		300,000	250,000	250,000	50,000
Michael Spooner	1,100,000	-	-	-	1,100,000	1,100,000	1,100,000	-
Silviu Itescu	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	-
Kevin Hollingsworth	-	200,000	-	-	200,000	-	-	200,000
Suzanne Lipe	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Jenni Pilcher	60,000	100,000	_	_	160,000	-	-	160,000
Paul Rennie	_	250,000	_	_	250,000	_	_	250,000
James Ryaby	-	· -	_	_	· -	_	-	-
Donna Skerrett	300,000	200,000	-	-	500,000	300,000	300,000	200,000
2007								
Silviu Itescu	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Byron McAllister	150,000	_	_	_	150,000	150,000	150,000	-
Donal O'Dwyer	150,000	150,000	_	_	300,000	200,000	200,000	-
Michael Spooner	1,100,000	, -	-	-	1,100,000	1,100,000	1,100,000	-
Paul Rennie (i)	690,000	_	_	(690,000)	_	_	-	-
Kevin Hollingsworth	· -	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

On 15 November 2007, 690,000 options granted to Paul Rennie were transferred to a non-related party.

(c) Key management personnel equity holdings (continued)

Shareholdings

Fully paid ordinary shares held by key management personnel or their related parties (as defined by AASB 124):

	Balance at 1 July	Granted as compensation	Received on exercise of options	Net change other	Balance at 30 June
2008	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
Brian Jamieson (i)	-	-	-	200,000	200,000
Byron McAllister	-	-	-	-	-
Donal O'Dwyer	-	-	-	-	-
Michael Spooner (ii)	839,255	-	-	-	839,255
Silviu Itescu	36,632,196	-	-	-	36,632,196
Kevin Hollingsworth	-	-	-	-	-
Suzanne Lipe	-	-	-	-	-
Jenni Pilcher	6,000	-	-	-	6,000
Paul Rennie	-	-	-	-	-
James Ryaby	-	-	-	-	-
Donna Skerrett	-	-	-	-	-
2007					
Silviu Itescu	43,120,000	-	-	(6,487,804)	36,632,196
Byron McAllister	-	-	-	-	-
Donal O'Dwyer	-	-	-	-	-
Michael Spooner (i)	839,255	-	-	-	839,255
Paul Rennie	-	-	-	-	-
Kevin Hollingsworth	-	-	-	-	-

⁽i) Brian Jamieson owns 125,000 shares in his own name, with the balance held by a related party as defined by the accounting standard AASB124 *Related Party Disclosures.*

⁽ii) Michael Spooner's shareholding disclosed above is entirely held by a related party as defined by AASB124 *Related Party Disclosures*.

20. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

(a) Equity interests in related parties

Details of interests in associates are disclosed in note 10 to the financial statements.

(b) Transactions with other related parties

Accounts receivable from and accounts payable to Angioblast Systems, Inc. as at the end of the financial year are disclosed in notes 8 and 11 respectively. Both parties may pay invoices in their local currency on behalf of the other party to facilitate timely payment of suppliers. The results in a loan account between both parties which is settled monthly. The types of transactions being paid for are detailed below:

	30 June	30 June
	2008	2007
	\$	\$
Amounts paid on behalf of Angioblast, by Mesoblast		
50% sharing of researchers and SAB fees	98,418	81,136
50% sharing of cell and antibody manufacturing	118,515	379,365
50% sharing of clinical research organisation costs	-	198,049
50% sharing of intellectual property costs	157,606	64,278
Research and development (Australia based)	209,802	86,452
Professional fees (Australia based)	-	67,921
Other	19,950	46,605
	604,291	923,806
Amounts paid on behalf of Mesoblast, by Angioblast		
Research and development (US based)	428,299	93,048
Employees and consultants (US based)	112,513	-
Other (US based)	57,385	5,922
	598,197	98,970

(c) Transactions between related parties of the company

Together, Mesoblast and Angioblast have been jointly developing process manufacturing and scale-up of the MPC technology, as well as pre-clinical and clinical components which were necessary to obtain Investigational New Drug (IND) clearance from the FDA for orthopaedic and cardiovascular applications (respectively). Both companies have received IND clearance for their respective applications during the current financial year and are now embarking on phase 2 clinical trials. In order to maximise economies of scale and expertise in both entities, certain members of key management personnel provide expert services to both entities. These relationships are outlined below:

(c) Transactions between related parties of the company (continued)

Mesoblast key management personnel	Relationship(s) with Angioblast	Nature of transaction(s)(i)	
Silviu Itescu	Director, Chief Scientist and Chairman of the Scientific Advisory Board	Directors fees & contract for services	
Donal O'Dwyer	Director and leader of medical device collaboration strategies	Directors fees & Angioblast share options	
Byron McAllister	Consultant	Contract for services	
Paul Rennie	Consultant	Contract for services	
Angioblast key management personnel	Relationship(s) with Mesoblast	Nature of transaction(s)(i)	
Michael Schuster	Consultant	Contract for services & Mesoblast share options (ii)	
Donna Skerrett	Consultant	Contract for services & Mesoblast share options (ii)	

- (i) All contracts for services are prepared on normal commercial terms.
- (ii) Mesoblast share options held by Angioblast employees are included in the table disclosed in note 18 to the financial statements.

21. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

Financial risks impacting the company fall into three categories:

- Market risk (includes currency, interest rate and price risks)
- o Credit risk
- Liquidity risk

A description of each risk, together with the risk as it relates to the company, is presented below.

(a) Market risk

(i) Currency risk

The company has certain clinical, regulatory and manufacturing activities in the United States of America. As a result of these activities, the company has certain amounts owing to creditors and Angioblast Systems, Inc. and a bank account that are denominated in US dollars. These balances give rise to a currency risk, which is the risk of the exchange rate moving, in either direction, and the impact it may have on the company's financial performance.

The company manages the currency risk by evaluating the trend of the US dollar in comparison to the Australian dollar and making decisions whether to purchase US dollars in advance for the purposes of settling these liabilities. The company has a USD bank account for this purpose.

(a) Market risk (continued)

The balances held at the end of the year that give rise to currency risk exposure are presented in the table below, together with a sensitive analysis which assesses the impact that a change of +/-10% in the exchange rate as at 30 June would have had on the company's reported net losses.

30 June 2008	Balance held			-10%	
	US\$	Profit AU\$	Equity AU\$	Profit AU\$	Equity AU\$
USD bank account	47,368	(4,478)	-	4,478	-
Trade payables	(268,803)	25,816	-	(25,816)	-
Amounts owing to Angioblast Systems, Inc	(60,040) (281,475)	6,007 27,345	-	(6,007) (27,345)	<u>-</u>
30 June 2007					
USD bank account	46,952	(5,061)	-	5,061	-
Trade payables	(150,928)	16,270	-	(16,270)	-
Amounts owing to Angioblast Systems, Inc	(20,685)	2,230	-	(2,230)	
_	(124,661)	13,439	-	(13,439)	

(ii) Interest rate risk

The company has exposure to interest rate movements from the interest income it earns on its term deposits and deposits at call. The interest income derived from these balances can fluctuate due to interest rate changes. This interest rate risk is managed by spreading our deposits across various maturity periods and by keeping deposits subject to floating interest rates at a level where they can be used for managing the cash flows of the company. The balances held which derive interest revenue are described in (c) below. There is no material impact on the company's net loss and equity if the interest rates were to be different, by any reasonable amount, as at the end of the financial year. This is because interest is calculated daily and has largely already been earned at the prescribed bank rates at this point in time.

(iii) Price risk

Price risk is the risk that future cashflows derived from financial instruments will be altered as a result of a market price movement, other than foreign currency rates and interest rates. The company does not consider it has any exposure to price risk other than those already described above.

(b) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will fail to discharge its obligation and will therefore cause financial loss to the other party. As the company is non-revenue generating it generally does not have trade receivables. Its receivables are typically due from the government in the form of GST and government grants, and from its related party. The company manages the exposure to credit risk by ensuring all amounts due from Angioblast are received monthly and that the balance is not more than \$200,000 at any one time without prior approval of a director. The credit risk to the company is detailed below:

	30 June 2008 \$	30 June 2007 \$
Cash and cash equivalents		
Cash and cash equivalents (note 7) – AAA rated	14,094,219	12,055,040
Trade receivables		
Receivable from Australian Government	39,195	149,759
Receivable from AAA rated bank deposits	68,082	-
Receivable from related party (i)	16,623	360,148

(c) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the company will not be able to pay its debts as and when they fall due. The company has had no borrowings to date and the directors ensure that cash on hand is sufficient to meet the commitments of the company at all times while it is in a loss making phase of research and development. The going concern basis of preparation is further described in note 1.

All financial liabilities held by the Company at 30 June 2008 and 30 June 2007 are non-interest bearing and mature within 6 months. The total contractual cash flows associated with these liabilities equate to the carrying amount disclosed within the financial statements.

22. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On 7 July 2008 the directors approved a total of 2,736,000 share options to be granted to employees and consultants, including those disclosed in the director's report.

There are no other subsequent events that the directors consider would have a material impact on the results of the company for the year ending 30 June 2008.

MESOBLAST LIMITED ABN 68 109 431 870

DIRECTORS' DECLARATION

In accordance with a resolution of directors of Mesoblast Limited,

In the opinion of the directors:

- (a) the accompanying financial statements and notes on pages 20 to 55 are in accordance with the Corporations Regulations 2001 and comply with the accounting standards and give a true and fair view of the company's financial position as at 30 June 2008 and of its performance for the year ended on that date.
- (b) At the date of this declaration there are reasonable grounds to believe that the company will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.
- (c) The remuneration disclosures set out on pages 11 to 18 of the directors report comply with accounting standard AASB 124 Related Party Disclosures and the Corporations Regulations 2001.
- (d) The directors have been given the declarations by the Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Financial Officer required by Section 295 A.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors.

Mr Brian Jamieson

Director

28 August 2008

Melbourne



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Independent auditor's report to the members of Mesoblast Limited

Report on the financial report

We have audited the accompanying financial report of Mesoblast Limited (the company), which comprises the balance sheet as at 30 June 2008, and the income statement, statement of changes in equity and cash flow statement for the year ended on that date, a summary of significant accounting policies, other explanatory notes and the directors' declaration.

Directors' responsibility for the financial report

The directors of the company are responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial report in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards (including the Australian Accounting Interpretations) and the *Corporations Act 2001*. This responsibility includes establishing and maintaining internal controls relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial report that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; selecting and applying appropriate accounting policies; and making accounting estimates that are reasonable in the circumstances. In Note 1, the directors also state, in accordance with Accounting Standard AASB 101 *Presentation of Financial Statements*, that compliance with the Australian equivalents to International Financial Reporting Standards ensures that the financial report, comprising the financial statements and notes, complies with International Financial Reporting Standards.

Auditor's responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial report based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. These Auditing Standards require that we comply with relevant ethical requirements relating to audit engagements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial report is free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial report. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial report in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial report.

Our procedures include reading the other information in the Annual Report to determine whether it contains any material inconsistencies with the financial report.

For further explanation of an audit, visit our website http://www.pwc.com/au/financialstatementaudit.



Independent auditor's report to the members of Mesoblast Limited (continued)

Our audit did not involve an analysis of the prudence of business decisions made by directors or management.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Independence

In conducting our audit, we have complied with the independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001*.

Auditor's opinion

In our opinion:

- (a) the financial report of Mesoblast Limited is in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:
 - (i) giving a true and fair view of the company's financial position as at 30 June 2008 and of its performance for the year ended on that date; and
 - (ii) complying with Australian Accounting Standards (including the Australian Accounting Interpretations) and the *Corporations Regulations 2001*; and
- (b) the company's financial report also complies with International Financial Reporting Standards as disclosed in Note 1.

Report on the Remuneration Report

We have audited the Remuneration Report included in sections A to D of the directors' report for the year ended 30 June 2008. The directors of the company are responsible for the preparation and presentation of the Remuneration Report in accordance with section 300A of the *Corporations Act 2001*. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Remuneration Report, based on our audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards.

Auditor's opinion

In our opinion, the Remuneration Report of Mesoblast Limited for the year ended 30 June 2008, complies with section 300A of the *Corporations Act 2001*.

PricewaterhouseCoopers

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Anton Linschoten

Partner

Melbourne 28 August 2008