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寶業集團股份有限公司 BAOYE GROUP COMPANY LIMITED*

(a joint stock limited company incorporated in the People's Republic of China)

(Stock Code: 2355)

INTERIM RESULTS ANNOUNCEMENT FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

The board (the "Board") of directors (the "Directors") of Baoye Group Company Limited* (the "Company") is pleased to announce the unaudited interim results of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively, the "Group") for the six months ended 30 June 2020, together with comparative figures for the corresponding period in 2019. The interim results had been reviewed by the audit committee of the Board and approved by the Board. The following financial information is extracted from the unaudited interim financial information as set out in the Group's 2020 Interim Report.

^{*} for identification purpose only

INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT

	Unaudited Six months ended 3		
		2020	2019
	Note	RMB'000	RMB'000
Revenue	4	11,201,994	11,450,605
Cost of sales		(10,314,765)	(10,604,568)
Gross profit		887,229	846,037
Other income		49,152	44,249
Other gains – net	5	25,850	81,323
Selling and marketing costs		(42,567)	(49,228)
Administrative expenses		(315,755)	(349,992)
Net reversal of impairment losses/(impairment losses) on financial assets and contract assets		2,710	(26,187)
losses) on illumetar assets and contract assets			(20,107)
Operating profit		606,619	546,202
Finance income		8,820	6,929
Finance costs		(63,642)	(30,440)
Finance costs – net		(54,822)	(23,511)
Share of results of investments accounted for using			
the equity method		(14,032)	(13,195)
Profit before income tax		537,765	509,496
Income tax expenses	6	(194,358)	(173,927)
Profit for the period		343,407	335,569
Profit attributable to:			
 Owners of the Company 		298,105	331,146
 Non-controlling interests 		45,302	4,423
		343,407	335,569
Earnings per share for profit attributable to the owners of the Company			
 Basic and diluted (expressed in RMB yuan per share) 	7	0.53	0.59
per share)	/	0.33	0.39

INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

	Unaudited		
	Six months ended 30 June		
	2020	2019	
	RMB'000	RMB'000	
Profit for the period	343,407	335,569	
Other comprehensive income for the period, net of tax			
Total comprehensive income for the period	343,407	335,569	
Total comprehensive income attributable to:			
– Owners of the Company	298,105	331,146	
 Non-controlling interests 	45,302	4,423	
	343,407	335,569	

INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET

	Note	Unaudited 30 June 2020 RMB'000	Audited 31 December 2019 <i>RMB'000</i>
ASSETS Non-current assets Property, plant and equipment Right-of-use assets Investment properties Goodwill Investments accounted for using the equity method Trade and other receivables Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	8 9	2,713,771 694,430 766,435 16,534 673,927 854,284 228,197	2,628,086 675,895 766,435 16,534 502,189 826,115
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss Deferred income tax assets		8,054 258,722 6,214,354	8,486 273,097 5,925,034
Current assets Inventories Properties under development Completed properties held for sale Contract assets and contract acquisition costs Trade and other receivables Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss Restricted bank deposits Term deposits with initial term of over three months	9	298,585 9,392,647 2,867,824 4,856,650 7,236,763 500,000 697,581	193,689 5,075,556 3,265,564 3,814,297 9,458,226 558,000 719,015
Cash and cash equivalents Total assets		5,628,270 31,587,658 37,802,012	5,504,968 28,892,705 34,817,739

INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED)

		Unaudited 30 June	Audited 31 December
		2020	2019
	Note	RMB'000	RMB'000
EQUITY			
Equity attributable to owners of the Company			
Share capital and premium		1,044,097	1,044,097
Other reserves		209,296	209,296
Retained earnings		8,234,756	7,936,651
		9,488,149	9,190,044
Non-controlling interests		410,699	393,861
Total equity		9,898,848	9,583,905
Total equity			
LIABILITIES			
Non-current liabilities		2 229 275	1 071 000
Bank and other borrowings Lease liabilities		2,328,367 1,855	1,961,000 1,947
Deferred income tax liabilities		136,157	1,947
Deferred income tax madificies		130,137	179,934
		2,466,379	2,142,881
Current liabilities			
Contract liabilities		7,710,680	6,940,932
Trade and other payables	10	14,203,324	12,781,795
Lease liabilities		4,037	7,803
Bank and other borrowings		3,028,856	2,838,689
Current income tax liabilities		489,888	521,734
		25,436,785	23,090,953
Total liabilities		27,903,164	25,233,834
Total equity and liabilities		37,802,012	34,817,739

NOTES

1 General information

Baoye Group Company Limited (the "Company") was established as a limited liability company in the People's Republic of China (the "PRC") and the H shares of the Company ("H Share") were listed on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited on 30 June 2003.

The registered office address of the Company is Yangxunqiao Township, Keqiao District Shaoxing City, Zhejiang Province, the PRC.

The principal activities of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively the "Group") are the provision of construction services, sale and installation of building materials and development and sale of properties in the PRC.

Unless otherwise stated, this interim financial information for the six months ended 30 June 2020 ("Interim Financial Information") is presented in Renminbi ("RMB"). The Interim Financial Information has not been audited.

The outbreak of the 2019 Novel Coronavirus ("COVID-19") had brought unprecedented challenges and added uncertainties to the economy. COVID-19 may affect the financial performance and position of the Group, mainly including the delay to the construction and delivery of property units and affecting the selling activities etc. Since the outbreak of COVID-19, the Group kept continuous attention on the situation of the COVID-19 and react actively to its impact on the financial position and operating results of the Group. As at the date that the interim financial information is authorised for issue, the impact of COVID-19 to the financial position and operating results is temporary and not material.

2 Basis of preparation

This Interim Financial Information has been prepared in accordance with the Hong Kong Accounting Standard ("HKAS") 34, 'Interim financial reporting'. The Interim Financial Information should be read in conjunction with the Company's annual financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2019 ("2019 Financial Statements"), which have been prepared in accordance with the Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") issued by Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") and disclosure requirements of the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited, and any public announcements made by the Company during the interim reporting period.

3 Significant accounting policies

The accounting policies applied are consistent with those of 2019 Financial Statements, except for the adoption of new and amendments to HKFRSs effective for the financial year beginning 1 January 2020.

(a) New and amended standards adopted by the Group

A number of new or amended standards became applicable for the current reporting period. The Group has not changed its accounting policies or make retrospective adjustments as a result of adopting these standards.

(b) New standards and amendments to existing standards have been issued but not yet effective and have not been early adopted by the Group

Effective for accounting periods

		beginning on or after
Amendments to HKFRS16	COVID-19-related rent concessions	1 June 2020
HKFRS 17	Insurance contract	1 January 2021
Amendments to HKAS 1	Classification of liabilities as current or non-current	1 January 2022
Amendments to HKFRS 3	Reference to the conceptual framework	1 January 2022
Amendments to HKAS 16	Property, plant and equipment – proceeds before intended use	1 January 2022
Amendments to HKAS 37	Onerous contracts – cost of fulfilling a contract	1 January 2022
Annual Improvements to HKFRS Standards 2018–2020		1 January 2022
Amendments to HKFRS 10 and HKAS 28	Sale or contribution of assets between an investor and its associates or joint ventures	To be determined

None of these is expected to have a significant impact on the Group's accounting policies.

4 Segment information

The segment information provided to executive directors for the reportable segments for the six months ended 30 June 2020 and 2019 are as follows:

		Six mont	hs ended 30 Jun	e 2020	
	Construction RMB'000	Property development RMB'000	Building materials <i>RMB</i> '000	Others <i>RMB'000</i>	Group RMB'000
Revenue from contracts with customers	10,088,765	925,647	1,370,722	243,886	12,629,020
Recognised at a point in time Recognised over time	10,088,765	917,115 8,532	804,512 566,210	234,628 9,258	1,956,255 10,672,765
Revenue from other sources Rental income				44,238	44,238
Total segment revenue Less: inter-segment revenue	10,088,765 (1,023,261)	925,647	1,370,722 (305,046)	288,124 (142,957)	12,673,258 (1,471,264)
Revenue (from external customers)	9,065,504	925,647	1,065,676	145,167	11,201,994
Operating profit/segment results	249,638	335,543	18,519	2,919	606,619
Depreciation Net (reversal of impairment losses)/	27,429	9,252	53,501	19,397	109,579
impairment losses on financial assets and contract assets	(2,729)	136	217	(334)	(2,710)

Property development	hs ended 30 June Building materials	Others	Group
RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
723,994	1,786,992	237,944	12,493,587
457,157	1,065,455	226,340	1,748,952
266,837	721,537	11,604	10,744,635
_	_	54,407	54,407

Total segment revenue Less: inter-segment revenue	9,744,657 (656,510)	723,994	1,786,992 (305,150)	292,351 (135,729)	12,547,994 (1,097,389)
Revenue (from external customers)	9,088,147	723,994	1,481,842	156,622	11,450,605
Operating profit/segment results	226,981	259,329	39,046	20,846	546,202
Depreciation Net impairment losses on	24,391	8,756	44,734	17,389	95,270
financial assets and contract assets	17,537	837	7,048	765	26,187

Construction RMB'000

9,744,657

9,744,657

Other gains-net 5

Revenue from contracts with

Revenue from other sources Rental income

Recognised at a point in time Recognised over time

customers

	Six months ended 30 June		
	2020	2019	
	RMB'000	RMB'000	
Government grants and compensation	20,865	9,418	
Gains on disposal of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	11,978	12,121	
Net foreign exchange gains	4,571	2,788	
Gains/(losses) on disposal of property, plant and equipment	628	(217)	
Fair value (losses)/gains from financial assets at fair value through profit			
or loss	(432)	497	
Donations	(6,566)	(2,556)	
Gains on disposal of an associate	_	48,470	
Gains on disposal of subsidiaries	_	5,667	
Others	(5,194)	5,135	
	25,850	81,323	

6 Income tax expenses

During the period, the Group is subject to the same types of income taxes as those disclosed in 2019 Financial Statements. Income tax expenses are determined and accounted for based on management's estimate of the annual income tax rate expected for the full financial year.

The amount of income tax expenses charged to the consolidated income statement represent:

	Six months ended 30 June		
	2020	2019	
	RMB'000	RMB'000	
Current income tax			
 PRC corporate income tax 	178,787	137,140	
 Land appreciation tax 	44,973	15,705	
	223,760	152,845	
Deferred income tax			
 PRC corporate income tax 	(29,244)	4,348	
 Land appreciation tax 	(158)	16,734	
	(29,402)	21,082	
	194,358	173,927	

7 Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share are calculated by dividing the profit attributable to the owners of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the period.

	Six months ended 30 June		
	2020	2019	
Profit attributable to the owners of the Company (RMB'000) Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue	298,105	331,146	
during the period (thousands shares)	562,664	562,664	
Basic earnings per share (RMB yuan)	0.53	0.59	

The Company had no dilutive potential shares in issue during the six months ended 30 June 2020 and 2019, thus the diluted earnings per share equalled the basic earnings per share.

8 Investments accounted for using the equity method

Represented by share of net assets

	30 June 2020 <i>RMB'000</i>	31 December 2019 <i>RMB'000</i>
Investments in joint ventures (a) Investments in associates (b)	454,469 219,458	457,465 44,724
	673,927	502,189
(a) Investments in joint ventures		
	Six months en 2020 RMB'000	nded 30 June 2019 <i>RMB</i> '000
At 1 January Additions Share of results Adjustment for transactions between the Group and joint ventures	457,465 1,200 (4,766) 570	244,322 17,700 (4,807) 1,419
At 30 June	454,469	258,634
Represented by share of net assets	454,469	258,634
(b) Investments in associates		
	Six months en	
	2020 RMB'000	2019 RMB'000
At 1 January Additions Disposals Share of results	44,724 184,000 - (9,266)	323,693 - (270,314) (8,388)
At 30 June	219,458	44,991

44,991

219,458

9 Trade and other receivables

	30 June 2020 <i>RMB'000</i>	31 December 2019 <i>RMB</i> '000
Non-current assets		
Loans to joint ventures (a)	621,874	593,705
Loans to associates (b)	232,410	232,410
	854,284	826,115
Current assets		
Trade receivables (c)	4,500,052	4,913,974
Other receivables and prepayments (d)	2,418,218	4,244,874
Loans to joint ventures (a)	309,169	290,054
Loans to associates (b)	9,324	9,324
	7,236,763	9,458,226
(a) Loans to joint ventures		
(a) Loans to joint ventures	Six months er	nded 30 June
(a) Loans to joint ventures	2020	nded 30 June 2019
(a) Loans to joint ventures		
(a) Loans to joint ventures At 1 January	2020	2019
	2020 RMB'000	2019 RMB'000
At 1 January Additions Repayments	2020 RMB'000 892,976 39,000 (1,374)	2019 RMB'000 393,822 685,792
At 1 January Additions	2020 RMB'000 892,976 39,000	2019 RMB'000 393,822
At 1 January Additions Repayments	2020 RMB'000 892,976 39,000 (1,374)	2019 RMB'000 393,822 685,792
At 1 January Additions Repayments	2020 RMB'000 892,976 39,000 (1,374) 9,940	2019 RMB'000 393,822 685,792
At 1 January Additions Repayments Interest accrued Less: provision for loss allowance	2020 RMB'000 892,976 39,000 (1,374) 9,940 940,542 (9,499)	2019 RMB'000 393,822 685,792 1,081 1,080,695 (13,435)
At 1 January Additions Repayments Interest accrued	2020 RMB'000 892,976 39,000 (1,374) 9,940 940,542	2019 RMB'000 393,822 685,792 - 1,081 1,080,695
At 1 January Additions Repayments Interest accrued Less: provision for loss allowance At 30 June	2020 RMB'000 892,976 39,000 (1,374) 9,940 940,542 (9,499) 931,043	2019 RMB'000 393,822 685,792 1,081 1,080,695 (13,435) 1,067,260

Loans to joint ventures of RMB342,697,000 (31 December 2019: RMB314,372,000) are interest-bearing at market lending rates ranging from 4% to 5.22% (31 December 2019: at ranging from 4% to 5.28%) with maturity within one year, and the remaining loans are interest-free, unsecured and repayable on demand.

(b) Loans to associates

	Six months ended 30 June		
	2020	2019	
	RMB'000	RMB'000	
At 1 January	244,176	639,995	
Repayments	_	(401,128)	
Interest accrued		3,048	
	244,176	241,915	
Less: provision for loss allowance	(2,442)	(2,363)	
At 30 June	241,734	239,552	
Less: current portion	(9,324)	(11,102)	
Non-current portion	232,410	228,450	

Loans to associates are interest-free, unsecured and repayable on demand as at 30 June 2020 and 31 December 2019.

(c) Trade receivables

	30 June 2020	31 December 2019
	RMB'000	RMB'000
Trade receivables Less: provision for loss allowance	4,766,821 (266,769)	5,185,563 (271,589)
	4,500,052	4,913,974

Customers are generally granted credit terms of 1 to 3 months for construction business, 1 to 12 months for building materials business and no credit terms for property development business (except for instalment arrangement).

The ageing analysis of the trade receivables based on invoice date was as follows:

	30 June 2020	31 December 2019
	RMB'000	RMB'000
Within 3 months	1,629,249	1,897,554
3 months to 1 year	1,683,941	1,852,451
1 to 2 years	847,187	793,735
2 to 3 years	403,794	443,070
Over 3 years	202,650	198,753
	4,766,821	5,185,563

The Group applies the simplified approach to provide for expected credit losses prescribed by HKFRS 9. For the six months ended 30 June 2020, a reversal of RMB4,820,000 (six months ended 30 June 2019: provision of RMB16,108,000) was made against the gross amount of trade receivables.

There was no concentration of credit risk with respect to trade receivables, as the Group had a large number of customers.

(d) Other receivables and prepayments

	30 June 2020 <i>RMB'000</i>	31 December 2019 <i>RMB'000</i>
Other receivables: - Retention money and project deposits - Advances to project managers (i) - Bidding deposits for land use rights for property development - Others	912,027 181,471 - 476,139	842,095 150,618 122,500 407,939
Less: provision for loss allowance	1,569,637 (7,861)	1,523,152 (6,991)
Prepayments: - Prepayments for land use rights for property development - Prepaid income taxes - Others	1,561,776 604,062 141,318 111,062	2,542,875 99,346 86,492
Other receivables and prepayments	856,442 2,418,218	2,728,713 4,244,874

⁽i) Advances to project managers are unsecured, repayable on demand and interest bearing at market lending rates.

10 Trade and other payables

Salaries payables

Others

		30 June 2020 <i>RMB'000</i>	31 December 2019 <i>RMB'000</i>
	e payables (a) r payables (b)	7,596,238 6,607,086	7,463,614 5,318,181
		14,203,324	12,781,795
(a)	Trade payables		
	The ageing analysis of the trade payables based on invoice date was	as follows:	
		30 June 2020 <i>RMB'000</i>	31 December 2019 <i>RMB'000</i>
	Within 3 months 3 months to 1 year 1 to 2 years 2 to 3 years Over 3 years	3,130,932 2,942,673 919,972 385,102 217,559 7,596,238	3,737,176 2,554,511 743,431 309,436 119,060 7,463,614
<i>(b)</i>	Other payables		
		30 June 2020 <i>RMB'000</i>	31 December 2019 <i>RMB</i> '000
	Deposits from project managers Amounts due to non-controlling interests (i) Advances from government for housing demolition and relocation (ii)	2,728,708 960,229 452,053	2,470,910 826,187 450,591
	Deposits from property purchasers Other taxes payables	844,092 367,903	339,511 298,990

(i) Loans from non-controlling interests were unsecured, interest free and repayable on demand.

54,167

1,199,934

6,607,086

86,815

845,177

5,318,181

(ii) Amount represents the advance received from the government for housing demolition and relocation projects. The amount will be used for paying housing demolition and relocation cost in relation to clearing a land owned by the Group to be sold to the government.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Results Review

For the six months ended 30 June 2020, the Group achieved a consolidated revenue of approximately RMB11,201,994,000, which represents a decrease of approximately 2% compared with the corresponding period last year; operating profit amounted to approximately RMB606,619,000, which represents an increase of approximately 11% as compared with the corresponding period last year; profit attributable to the owners of the Company amounted to approximately RMB298,105,000, which represents a decrease of approximately 10% compared to the same period last year; earnings per share was RMB0.53, which represents a decrease of approximately 10% compared to the same period last year. During the period, though the Group's business operations were affected by the epidemic and the resumption of business operations was hence extended as compared to previous years. Through the collective efforts and orderly arrangement by the Group, projects progress has been geared up, and the overall operations have remained stable.

Revenue

	For the six months ended 30 June				
	202	20	201	19	Change
	RMB'000	% of total	RMB'000	% of total	
Construction	9,065,504	81%	9,088,147	79%	0%
Property Development	925,647	8%	723,994	6%	28%
Building Materials	1,065,676	10%	1,481,842	13%	-28%
Others	145,167	1%	156,622	2%	<u> </u>
Total	11,201,994	100%	11,450,605	100%	-2%

Operating Profit

	For the six months ended 30 June				
	202	20	2019		Chara
	RMB'000	% of total	RMB'000	% of total	Change
Construction	249,638	41%	226,981	42%	10%
Property Development	335,543	55%	259,329	47%	29%
Building Materials	18,519	3%	39,046	7%	-53%
Others	2,919	1%	20,846	4%	-86%
Total	606,619	100%	546,202	100%	11%

Construction Business

For the six months ended 30 June 2020, the Group's construction business achieved a revenue of approximately RMB9,065,504,000, which remained at the same level as compared to the corresponding period last year; operating profit was approximately RMB249,638,000, representing an increase of approximately 10% over the same period last year. Despite the negative impact of the epidemic, the Group's construction business revenue remained relatively stable mainly due to the continuous stability of incoming orders that were contracted for in the previous years. After the resumption of production, the Group had geared up the progress of the projects to reduce the negative impact that was brought by the epidemic to our operations. In recent years, the Group has strengthened the risk management of new business in the construction sector, the management of accounts receivable and intake of quality projects, hence operating profits of new projects have increased significantly over the same period last year.

In the spring of 2020, Chinese Nationals who had been busy for a year were supposed to go home, reunited with their families and celebrate the Spring Festival of the Year of Rat. However, a new virus which was completely unknown to human beings disrupted everyone's life. Many cities were closed down in preparation for isolation, which caused the economy to slow down. A battle against the COVID-19 has begun. In order to fight against the epidemic, the Group strictly adhered to the unified deployment of the CPC Committees and government policies at all levels, and immediately established a prevention and control task force team headed by the chairman of the Company Mr. Pang Baogen. While we had our internal situation under control, the Group also rolled out its support to the epidemic prevention in many places in many ways. We worked hard for 11 days to complete the construction of the temporary resettlement site in Kegiao District and rushed three times to build the Wuhan medical treatment stations and over 1,600 beds for epidemic treatment. At such critical time while anti-epidemic materials and supplies were in shortage, we did everything to secure supplies to support epidemic prevention from various sources. We undertook substantive actions to fulfill and discharge our social responsibilities, as a good corporate citizen, towards the community at large.

The negative impact brought by the epidemic against the economy is severe. With respect to the construction industry, the epidemic has not only delayed the resumption of construction works, but also generated efficiency and costs burden resulting from the established government prevention and control measures; all of which have attributed to the economic lockdown thus increasing the risks of business interruptions on one hand. On the contrary, we must also realize that the economic recovery after the epidemic will bring new growth opportunities to the construction industry. The Group has always perceived that only by preserving our strength which will enable us to seize the upstream opportunity when time comes. During the period, the contract value of the new construction projects approximating to RMB9.8 billion (corresponding period of 2019: RMB13.3 billion), representing a decline of approximately 26% compared to the same period last year. The Group, as a pilot company adopting general contractor mode, undertook a number of EPC projects such as SMIC Shaoxing Garden Project (Phase I), Binhai New Town Culture and Art Center Phase I, Xuancheng Science and Technology Park Entrepreneurship Promotion Center. In terms of traditional construction business, the Group undertook a number of landmark projects such as the People's Hospital of Yuecheng District, Shaoxing City, Antu IVD Industrial Park (Phase III), Shangyu High-speed Rail New City J-12 Project Phase II, Hangzhou Wangchuang Technology Building, Chuzhou City Modern Comprehensive Industrial Park, Djibouti National Park.

Property Development Business

Property Sales

For the six months ended 30 June 2020, the revenue of the Group's property development business amounted to approximately RMB925,647,000, which represents an increase of approximately 28% from the corresponding period last year. Operating profit amounted to approximately RMB335,543,000, which represents an increase of approximately 29% compared to the corresponding period last year. As the number of sold property units that was recognised as income during the period increased substantially over than that of the corresponding period of last year, therefore both the revenue and operating profit of the property development business increased significantly compared with that of the corresponding period last year.

During the period under review, revenue of property sales was mainly derived from the following projects, details of which are set out below:

Project	Location	Average Selling Price (RMB/Sqm)	Floor Areas Sold (Sqms)	Revenue (RMB'000)
Baoye Ido	Shanghai	38,212	10,457	399,594
Baoye City Green Garden	Taihe	6,644	28,792	191,297
Baoye Xinqiao Fengqing	Shaoxing	14,197	10,920	155,042
Baoye Four Seasons Garden	Shaoxing	27,422	1,975	54,153

For the six months ended 30 June 2020, the Group's property development business achieved a contract sales value of approximately RMB2.78 billion with a total contract sales area of approximately 221,000 square metres.

Projects under Development

As at 30 June 2020, projects under development of the Group are tabulated below:

Project Name	Location	Total Floor Area Under Development (sqms)	Equity Interest of the Group
Baoye Four Seasons Garden	Shaoxing	300,000	100%
Daban Green Garden	Shaoxing	145,700	100%
Xialv Project • Yunxili	Shaoxing	Under Planning	60%
Huajie Fengqing	Lishui	260,363	100%
Baoye Active Hub	Shanghai	94,722	100%
Xingyu Fu	Wuhan	259,056	100%
Binhu Green Garden	Mengcheng	201,572	100%
Shidai Green Garden	Mengcheng	Under planning	60%
Fuxing Jiayuan	Jieshou	467,293	100%
Baoye City Green Garden	Taihe	95,770	55%
Yinhe Green Garden	Taihe	209,185	51%
Jiangnan Fu	Taihe	50,247	100%
Baoye Longhu Yucheng	Kaifeng	300,598	60%
Baoye Junyue Green Garden	Lu'an	129,665	100%
Zhengzhou Project	Zhengzhou	Under planning	51%
Sizhou Green Garden	Sixian	217,323	51%

Baoye Four Seasons Garden is located in Kuaijishan Tourist Resort Zone, a "province-rank" resort district in Zhejiang Province. With historical culture and spectacular scenery, the area is where ancient civilization flourished. As the origin of many myths and folklores, this area has not only profound cultural tradition but also a large number of historical heritages. Being only 5 kilometres from the downtown of Shaoxing City, it is known as the "natural treasure in the heart of a city". Baoye Four Seasons Garden has a site area of approximately 1,050,000 square metres and a planned gross floor area of approximately 650,000 square metres for the development of deluxe villas, semi-detached villas and town houses, all fully equipped with supporting facilities, such as a golf club, a five-star resort hotel, two leisure parks, a sport park, a shopping arcade, kindergarten and a central lakeside garden. Phase I still remains a few spare houses for sale. Phase II of approximately 300,000 square meters is currently under planning. The presales of the first phase of terrace house have begun and are in good condition.

Daban Green Garden, located in Keqiao District, Shaoxing City, Zhejiang Province, has a site area of 80,945 square meters and a plot ratio of 1.8. The above ground building area is about 145,700 square metres, and the underground building area is about 100,000 square metres. The project will be built in a prefabricated method and fully and well decorated. The project is very close to the Banhu Lake and the railway station of Hangzhou and Shaoxing. It enjoys well-developed facilities of convenient transportation, scenic environment, hospitals, schools and shopping malls. The project will be a landmark of residential building in the Banhu area of Keqiao. Sales began in May 2020 and are in good condition.

Xialv Project consists of three separate parcels of land with a total cost of RMB511,036,354 and a total land site area of 262,862 square meters, pursuant to which the Group is interested in 60%. The Group acquired the land use rights through public auction in 2017. As of now, one of the three parcels of land, Baoye Yunlixi, is under planning.

Baoye Huajie Fengqing is located in Liandu District, Lishui City, Zhejiang Province. It covers an area of 95,794 square meters and has a total building area of 260,363 square meters. The residential area is 165,516 square meters of which about 106,563 square meters will be repurchased by the government. The plot ratio is 1.88. The remaining 58,790 square meters are owned by the Group and presale has begun in October 2019 and has been satisfactory.

Baoye Active Hub, located at the south of Guanyun Road, Qingpu District, Shanghai City, is very close to the Dianshanhu Road Station of Line 17. The project has a site area of approximately 38,649 square meters, and a gross floor area of approximately 94,722 square meters with a plot ratio of 1.5. The Group acquired this parcel of land use rights at a total consideration of RMB913,630,000 in September 2019. This project has residential and commercial parts, and is positioned as a construction art respecting to architecture and facing the future. The project will be built as a landmark with green, healthy, intelligent, civilized and artificial and artistic characteristics. The residential part of the project is now under construction and presale will start in the second half of 2020.

Xingyu Fu project, located in Xinzhou District, Wuhan City, Hubei Province, has a total land area of 129,528 square meters and planned building area of approximately 259,056 square metres. The Group acquired this parcel of land use right in December 2017 at a consideration of RMB780 million. Presale has begun at the end of 2019.

Mengcheng Binghu Green Garden, located in Mengcheng County, Anhui Province, was acquired through public auction at a total consideration of RMB366 million, has a total land area of 78,640 square meters and gross floor area of 201,572 square meters of high-rise residential buildings, garden houses, townhouses and commercial housing. The project has started its presale in the second half of 2019.

Mengcheng Shidai Green Garden is located in Mengcheng County, Anhui Province. A subsidiary company of the Group procured this site, having a total of 58,796.75 square metres, through public auction at a total consideration of RMB190 million. The project is currently under the planning stage.

Baoye Fuxing Jiayuan, located in Jieshou City, Fuyang City, Anhui Province, has a total site area of 172,656 square meters and a total gross floor area of 467,293 square meters. The Group acquired this parcel of land use right in June 2018 by public auction at a total consideration of RMB370,348,000. The project has commenced its construction works and is expected to be delivered in 2020. The project will be repurchased by the local government upon completion.

Baoye Taihe City Green Garden is located in Taihe County, Anhui Province with a total gross floor area of 420,000 square metres, comprising of unique and niche residential units, elegance shopping arcade, an international bilingual kindergarten and high-end swimming pool facilities. Personalized and scientific design in dividing motor vehicle flow and pedestrian flow enable residents to enjoy quality and comfortable living. The project is closed to an ecofriendly park with rich community facilities, which sets the new generation in the City. The project will be developed in four phases, and all four phases have been delivered to owners. In January 2019, The Company further acquired approximately 9,662 square meters of land use rights adjacent to the west side of the project at a total consideration of RMB25.94 million for the development of the fifth phase with plot ratio not more than 2.2 times. The fifth phase is expected to be delivered in 2021.

Yinghe Green Garden is located in Taihe County, Anhui Province. The total area of the project is approximately 63,544.70 square meters, the total building area is approximately 209,185.24 square meters, and the total number of houses is approximately 1,406, of which approximately 1,000 are resettlement houses. The project will be constructed using prefabricated concrete. The project is currently under planning.

Jiangnan Fu is located in Taihe County, Anhui Province. In June 2020, a subsidiary of the Group acquired the land use right of the project through public auction. The project covers an area of approximately 29,577.3 square meters with a plot ratio of 1.7 times. At present, the project is still under the stage of soliciting land title and certificate.

Baoye Longhu Yucheng is located in a prime area of Eastern New City, Kaifeng County, Henan Province. It has a total site area of approximately 648,000 square metres and an estimated gross floor area of approximately 972,000 square metres. After completion, it will become the city's new business centre and leisure centre. The project will be developed in 5 phases. Nearly 100,000 square meters of Phase I was delivered to the owner, and the remaining 70,000 square meters are under construction and will be delivered by the end of 2020. Phase II of about 140,000 square meters is in the presale stage. Phase III is currently under construction.

Baoye Junyue Green Garden is located in Lu'an city, Anhui Province. The Group bided the project through judicial auction in September 2017, having a total of approximately 54,220 gross square meters and built up areas of approximately 129,665 square metres, in which approximately 7,220 square metres are under development. The project is surrounded by well-developed facilities, convenient transportation with green parks, banks and shopping malls. The project will be developed in two phases. In February 2019, the project acquired a further land use right on the west end side of this project with a total land area of approximately 11,947 square meters, which is currently under presale.

Zhengzhou Project, with a total site area of 336,776 square meters, located in Zhengzhou City, Henan Province. The Group acquired the land use right in November 2018 at a consideration of RMB184,662,013. The project is in Jianshan Tourist Resort Zone, Xinmi City, Zhengzhou City, with convenient transportation, spectacular scenery and historical culture. At present, land No.2 has begun construction.

Sizhou Green Garden, located in the Economic Development Zone of Sixian County, Suzhou City, Anhui Province. In May 2019, the Group acquired the land parcel A and B of the project at a total consideration of RMB113.5 million through public auction, having a total area of approximately 46,888 square meters and gross floor area of approximately 124,907 square meters. In April 2020, the land parcel C of the project was acquired at a total consideration of RMB107,120,000 through public auction, having a total area of approximately 42,007.45 square meters. The Group holds a 51% equity stake in this project. This project is surrounded by well-developed facilities, convenient transportation and matching education resources. The project has been under presale at the beginning of 2020 and is expected to be delivered in 2021.

New Land Reserve

Time table	Location	Cost (<i>RMB</i> '000)	Land area (Sqms)	Equity
April, 2020	Sixian County, Suzhou City, Anhui Province	107,120	42,007.45	51%
April, 2020	Mengcheng County, Bozhou City, Anhui Province	190,000	58,796.75	60%
June, 2020	Taihe County, Fuyang City, Anhui Province	110,925	29,577.30	100%

The Group continues to adopt a prudent but proactive role in land acquisition and business expansion. The Group has land reserve mainly in Zhejiang, Anhui and Henan. The Group will pay close attention to the land auction market and acquire further land reserves at reasonable cost in Zhejiang, Shanghai, Hubei and Anhui.

Building Materials Business

For the six months ended 30 June 2020, the revenue of the Group's building materials business was approximately RMB1,065,676,000, which represents a significant decrease of approximately 28% over the same period last year; operating profit was approximately RMB18,519,000, which represents a significant decrease of approximately 53% over the same period last year. The downturn in both the revenue and operating profit during the period under review were mainly attributable to the negative impact brought by the outbreak of epidemic, which reduced the trading period by three months during the first half of 2020, leading to significant reduction of incoming purchase orders.

The revenue break-down of the Group's building materials for the six months ended 30 June 2020 is analysed below:

	For the six months ended 30 June				
	20	20	2019		Cl
	RMB'000	% the total	RMB'000	% the total	Change
Curtain Wall	484,704	45%	588,030	40%	-18%
Furnishings and Interior					
Decorations	80,146	7%	143,095	10%	-44%
Ready-mixed Concrete	348,436	33%	500,017	34%	-30 %
PC Assembly Plate	60,204	6%	134,948	9%	-55%
Wooden Products and					
Fireproof Materials	39,938	4%	51,019	3%	-22%
Steel Structure	20,738	2%	27,865	2%	-26%
Others	31,510	3%	36,868	2%	-15%
Total	1,065,676	100%	1,481,842	100%	-28%

Business Prospect

Half of the year 2020 has passed while the COVID-19 is still raging around the world. At the beginning of the outbreak, facing a disease that is completely unknown to human beings, the Chinese government organized large-scale mobilizations such as lockdown of cities, restrictions on the movement of people, and economic shutdown to control the spread out of the disease before the global epidemic, which not only demonstrated the ability of organizing and mobilizing by the Chinese government, but it also helps to buy time and provide opportunities to fight against the outbreak of the epidemic. It is a great contribution made by China in favor of the world.

It goes without saying that the global lockdown and quarantine caused by the COVID-19 and the continued tension in Sino-US relations have brought serious damages to the global economy. However, after the gradual normalization of the prevention of epidemic, focusing on the economic recovery while controlling the epidemic becomes the new normal in the "post-epidemic era" of all countries, especially China. The second quarter economic data showed that China's GDP growth rate has turned positive, which means China is the world's first major economy to recover from the economic lockdown and demonstrates the strong resilience of the Chinese economy. Looking forward to the future, we expect the influence of the pandemic to the operation of the Company is limited. The Group will keep monitoring the development of COVID-19 and assessing the impact of the pandemic on the Group's financial position and operating results.

Construction business is the platform for the Group's business development

The construction industry is a pillar industry of the national economy. Relying on China's large-scale infrastructure construction and fixed asset investment in the past few decades, the number and the scale of Chinese construction companies are quite amazing. However, when China's economy enters a new normal trend, especially after the baptism of the epidemic, the condition of large but not strong, the chronic illness of traditional construction companies, becomes more obvious, and the upgrading and transformation of the construction industry itself is an inevitable trend. After decades of market development and experience accumulation, the Group's construction business has not only established a good reputation and brand image in the field of traditional building construction as well as its market competitive edges, the Group is at the forefront of the industry in exploring the modernization of the construction industry. In the future, the Group will continue to uphold a prudent operating style, improve the quality of orders, build the Group's brand with quality, strictly manage engineering standards, and implement a safety responsibility system. At the same time, the Group will take the advantages of the entire industry chain that we own and operate, enhance the synergy of the whole industry chain and integration capabilities of the enterprises, fully mobilize market elements, optimize business structure, transform traditional construction business with industrialized management practice, and improve the level of refined information management and full life cycle management.

Property development business contributes substantial profit to the Group

Real estate industry seems always to be a hot topic in China. Affected by the epidemic this year, the overall pace of real estate sales has been postponed. Due to the relatively loose credit policy and the combination of various online and offline sales innovation initiatives adopted by real estate companies, the real estate industry in some cities has returned to its "hot" period as before. With the "hotness" of the property market, central and local control policies have also followed suit. An excerpt of the discussion on the real estate industry at the Politburo meeting held on 30 July, 2020 was as follows: We must adhere to the positioning that houses are used for living, not for speculation, and promote the steady and healthy development of the real estate market. After more than two decades of development, it is time for us to calm down and analyze rationally that what is the future development trend of China's real estate industry. We understand that the real estate industry is a comprehensive industry that develops, manages, and serves real estate based on a variety of economic activities such as land and buildings. In the past two decades, China's real estate industry has expanded by increasing urbanization ratio which increases the supply of new supply of land areas in exchange for land transfer fees and development income. Judging from the experience of the world's major developed countries, even if their urbanization rate reaches 80% or even 90%, the real estate industry will always dominate a prominent seat in the overall economy. Moreover, we should not ignore the fact that real estate has investment nature. Both the economics and statistics classification regard the purchase of a property as an investment. Housing is classified as a category of fixed assets, and not included in the consumer price index (CPI). Based on the above-mentioned understanding of the real estate industry, we believe that real estate regulation is not meant to "strangle" the real estate industry, but to change the mode and way of development and promote the transformation of the real estate industry from scale development to value management. The real estate development business of the Group will always implement the above-mentioned concept, insist on creating highdimensional products in the market place, and provide the market with comfortable, healthy, and smart housing.

Housing industrialization in an important strategy to sustain continuous growth for the Group

Housing industrialization, especially prefabricated buildings, has been supported by central and local policies in recent years and driven by the endogenous demand for transformation and upgrading of the industry itself. With large number of enterprises and capital have entered this industry, although there are some formalism like "to assembly for assembly's sake", the industry still shows a good development trend. At the same time, we have also seen that bottlenecks restricting the development of the industry still exist. The industrialization of construction is a new industrial form involving multiple links and multiple industries including design, production, construction, installation, decoration and subsequent operations. It is not only necessary for industry managers to break the constraints of the original single construction industry management system, but also for the different enterprises of different sizes from upstream and downstream industries to cooperate and collaborate with an open mind in standard setting, technology research, development and application. Only in this way we can realize the transformation of the construction industry's production mode in a much faster way.

As a veteran who has been deeply involved in the field of construction industrialization for more than 20 years, the Group is willing to cooperate with the upstream and downstream industries, including governments, design institutes, developers, constructors, building materials suppliers and share our experience and achieve integrated development on the basis of our existing prefabricated construction technology and layout. We are happy to see that through our efforts and the application of new technologies, we can attract and convert migrant workers into industrial workers in China, so that the traditional labor-intensive construction industry can achieve industrial upgrades, realizes the transition from construction to manufacturing.

FINANCIAL REVIEW

Financial Policies

The Group has adopted prudent financial policies and exercised tight risk management control over its investment, financing and cash as well as maintaining a sound capital structure. The Group will adjust its investment, financing and capital structure from time to time according to sustainable development and internal resources available, with a view to optimizing the capital structure of the Group.

The Group has established a financial settlement centre, which centralises funding for the Company and all of its subsidiaries at the group level. The Board believes that such policy can achieve better control on the treasury operations, minimise financing risks and lower the average cost of funding.

Financial Resources and Liabilities

With the support of steady increase in cash flow, sound credit record and excellent reputation in the industry, the Group preserved the AAA credit rating by a credit rating institution recognised by the People's Bank of China. Such excellent credit rating will benefit the Group's financing activities and allow the Group to continue to enjoy the prime rate offered by the banks. During the period under review, the Group maintained part of its borrowings on an unsecured basis. The amount of secured debt accounted for approximately 43.6% (corresponding period of 2019: 18.4%) of the total borrowings. In addition, approximately 55.4% of the total borrowings (corresponding period of 2019: 66.3%) were guaranteed by the Company; approximately 1.0% of the total borrowings (corresponding period of 2019: 1.7%) were jointly guaranteed by the Company and non-controlling interests to the lending banks. Leveraging on its excellent credit rating, the Group intends to continue to obtain its borrowings on an unsecured basis, which will be supplemented by project financing when necessary.

The Group's objectives of the management of capital and financial resources are to safeguard the sustainable development of the Group in order to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital.

The Group's financial position has been satisfactory and has continued to maintain a net cash position. The Group has sufficient capital resource to expand its business. As at 30 June 2020, the untapped banking facilities of the Group amount to approximately RMB7.0 billion.

Details of which are analysed below:

	As at 30 June	
	2020	2019
	RMB'000	RMB'000
Cash and cash equivalents	5,628,270	4,770,439
Term deposits with initial term of over three months	109,338	198,603
Restricted bank deposits	697,581	716,517
Less: total borrowings	(5,357,223)	(3,365,308)
Net cash	1,077,966	2,320,251
Total equity attributable to the owners of the Company	9,488,149	8,667,952
Net cash ratio	11%	27%

Net cash ratio = net cash/total equity attributable to the owners of the Company

Other Key Financial Ratios

	As at 30 June	
	2020	2019
Return on equity	3.14%	3.82%
Net assets value per share (RMB yuan)	16.86	15.41
Current ratio	1.24	1.19

Return on equity = profit attributable to the owners of the Company/total

equity attributable to the owners of the Company

Net assets value per share = total equity attributable to the owners of the Company/

number of issued shares at the end of the period

Current ratio = current assets/current liabilities

During the period, the profit attributable to owners of the Company was approximately RMB298,105,000, representing a decrease of approximately 10.0% from the same period last year. In the meantime, the total shareholder's equity increased by approximately 9.5%, resulting in a decrease of approximately 17.8% in the return on equity of the Group compared with the same period last year while the net assets per shares still increased by about 9.4% over the same period last year. As at 30 June 2020, the Group was still in a net cash position, with a net cash ratio of 11.0% which decreased by approximately 59.3% from the same period last year mainly due to the significant increase in the Group's bank borrowings from the same period last year.

Cash Flow Analysis

	For the six months ended 30 June		
		2020	2019
	Note	RMB'000	RMB'000
Net cash (outflow)/inflow from operating activities	(i)	(659,724)	239,948
Net cash inflow/(outflow) from investing activities	(ii)	123,969	(351,653)
Net cash inflow from financing activities	(iii)	659,057	1,183,892
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		123,302	1,072,187

Notes:

- (i) During the period under review, the net cash outflow from operating activities was approximately RMB659,724,000, representing an increase of approximately RMB899,672,000 compared to the same period last year, which was mainly due to the substantial increase in properties under development of the Group during the period.
- (ii) During the period, the net cash inflow from investing activities was approximately RMB123,969,000, representing an increase of approximately RMB475,622,000 compared to the same period of last year, which was mainly due to the decrease in term deposits with initial term of over three months compared with the same period last year.
- (iii) During the period, the net cash inflow from financing activities was approximately RMB659,057,000, representing a decrease of approximately RMB524,835,000 over the same period last year, which mainly due to the decrease of the proceeds from bank borrowings compared with the same period last year.

Administrative Expenses

The Group's administrative expenses amounted to approximately RMB315,755,000 for the six months ended 30 June 2020 as compared to approximately RMB349,992,000 for the same period last year, representing an decrease of 10%. The decline in administrative expenses was mainly due to the reduction in overtime work of employees and the state's social security reduction and exemption policies that have reduced wages and social security expenditures caused by the COVID-19.

Finance Costs - Net

For the six months ended 30 June 2020, the Group had registered net finance costs of approximately RMB54,822,000 (corresponding period of 2019: RMB23,511,000), representing an increase of approximately RMB31,311,000 as compared to the same period last year, mainly due to the increase in borrowings to meet the Group's funding needs for real estate development and building materials business.

Income Tax Expenses

For the six months ended 30 June 2020, income tax expenses comprised of PRC corporate income tax of RMB149,543,000 (same period of 2019: RMB141,488,000) and PRC land appreciation tax of RMB44,815,000 (same period of 2019: RMB32,439,000), representing a total increase of approximately RMB20,431,000 as compared to the same period last year, which was mainly due to higher land appreciation tax resulting from the sale of the real estate projects which carry higher profit margins.

Financial Guarantees

	30 June	31 December
	2020	2019
	RMB'000	RMB'000
Guarantees given to banks in respect of mortgage		
facilities granted for certain purchasers	1,041,997	410,222

The Group had issued performance guarantees in respect of mortgage facilities granted by banks relating to the mortgage loans arranged for purchasers of property developed by the Group. The banks will release such guarantees upon the delivery of the building ownership certificates of such properties to banks as securities.

Details of the Charges on the Group's Assets

As at 30 June 2020, right-of-use for land, property, plant and equipment, investment properties, restricted bank deposits and properties under development with an aggregate carrying value of approximately RMB4,743,915,000 (as at 31 December 2019: RMB3,752,327,000) were pledged to banks as security in securing bank borrowings.

Capital Expenditure Plan

The Group adopts a prudent approach in capital expenditure spending to ensure the security of the capital chain. The Group will pay more attention to market changes and will increase its investments in acquisition of land and relevant businesses at appropriate time with reasonable costs.

Fluctuation of RMB Exchange Rate and Foreign Exchange Risks

The majority of the Group's business and all bank and other borrowings are denominated and accounted in RMB. Therefore, the Group does not have significant exposure to foreign exchange fluctuation. The Board does not expect that the fluctuation of RMB exchange rate and other foreign exchange fluctuations will have material impact on the business operations or financial results of the Group.

Dividends

The Board resolved not to declare any payment of interim dividend for the six months ended 30 June 2020 (corresponding period of 2019: Nil).

Connected Transactions

During the period under review, the Group had no connected transaction that would require disclosure under the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Listing Rules").

Purchase, Sale or Redemption of Shares of the Company

Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries has purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's listed securities during the period under review.

Litigation and Arbitration

As at the date of this announcement, the Group had no material litigation and arbitration.

Entrusted Deposits and Overdue Time Deposits

As at the date of this announcement, the Group did not have any entrusted deposits placed with financial institutions in the PRC. All of the Group's cash and cash equivalents were deposited in commercial banks in accordance with the applicable laws and regulations. The Group had no bank deposits which can't be withdrawn upon maturity.

Human Resources

As at 30 June 2020, the Group had a total of approximately 5,856 permanent employees (as at 30 June 2019: 5,726). Also, there were approximately 73,401 indirectly employed construction site workers (as at 30 June 2019: 71,765). These workers were not directly employed by the Group. For the six months ended 30 June 2020, the total employee benefit expenses amounted to approximately RMB2,349,566,000 (the same period in 2019: RMB2,331,940,000). Employee benefit expenses include salaries, insurance and other benefits. Remuneration is determined by reference to market terms as well as the performance, qualification and experience of individual employee. The Group is subject to social insurance contribution plans organised by the PRC local government. In accordance with relevant national and local labor and social welfare laws and regulations, employee benefits provided by the Group include pension and medical insurance coverage, injury insurance, maternity insurance and unemployment insurance. The Group highly values human resources management, and is devoted to establishing a high quality team to support its long term business development. The Group is continuously working on devising, revising and implementing a more effective employee incentive plan and training plan to encourage superior performance of employees to fit into the Group's long term development plan.

Corporate Governance Practices

As at the date of this announcement, the Company has complied with all the code provisions as set out in the Corporate Governance Code as set out in Appendix 14 of the Listing Rules (the "CG Code"), except for deviation of provisions of the CG Code as mentioned below:

Code Provision A.2.1 provides that the roles of chairman and chief executive officer should be separate and should not be performed by the same individual. The Company deviates from this provision because Mr. Pang Baogen has been performing both the roles of chairman and chief executive officer of the Company. The Group has appointed three general managers to oversee and manage the three main business activities (construction, property development and building materials) of the Group respectively, each of whom has shared the duty of the chief executive officer to which they manage. The Board believes that the current arrangement has installed a proper segregation of duties mechanism and adequately streamlined the responsibility well and a simple management structure can enhance the communication amongst staff at different levels as well as enabling execution of the Group's policies efficiently. Therefore, the Board endorsed the position of chief executive officer to be assumed by the chairman of the Board.

The Board will regularly review the management structure to ensure that it meets the business development requirements of the Group.

Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors and Supervisors

The Board and the supervisory committee of the Company have adopted the Model Code for Securities Transaction by Directors of Listed Issuers as set out in Appendix 10 of the Listing Rulers (the "Model Code") as its own code of conduct for securities transactions by the Directors and supervisors of the Company (the "Supervisors"). Specific enquiries have been made by the Company and all the Directors and Supervisors have confirmed that they have complied with the Model Code throughout the six months ended 30 June 2020. If any related employee possesses information which may be considered as sensitive to the Company's share price and such information is not public, such employee has to comply with the written guidance, which is as strict as the Model Code.

Audit Committee

As at the date of this announcement, the audit committee of the Company (the "Audit Committee") consists of two independent non-executive Directors, namely, Mr. Chan, Dennis Yin Ming and Mr. Li Wangrong and one non-executive Director, Mr. Fung Ching, Simon, with Mr. Chan, Dennis Yin Ming as the chairman of the Audit Committee. The Audit Committee held two meetings, and discussed the accounting policies as well as critical accounting estimates and assumptions with the management and discussed with the auditors on the audit plan and key audit areas. The audit objectives of internal audit department of the Group were also discussed. The interim results of the Group for the six months ended 30 June 2020 had been reviewed by the Audit Committee before being approved by the Board.

Publication of Interim Report

The full text of the Group's 2020 Interim Report for the six months ended 30 June 2020 will be sent to the shareholders of the Company and posted on the websites of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (www.hkexnews.hk) and the Company (www.baoyegroup.com) respectively in due course.

Appreciation

The Board would like to take this opportunity to express its gratitude to the shareholders of the Company, customers, suppliers, banks, intermediaries and employees of the Group for their continuous patronage and support.

By order of the Board

Baoye Group Company Limited*

Pang Baogen

Chairman

Zhejiang, the People's Republic of China 24 August 2020

As at the date of this announcement, the Board comprises five executive Directors, namely, Mr. Pang Baogen, Mr. Gao Lin, Mr. Gao Jiming, Mr. Gao Jun and Mr. Jin Jixiang; one non-executive Director, Mr. Fung Ching, Simon and three independent non-executive Directors, namely, Mr. Chan, Dennis Yin Ming, Mr. Li Wangrong and Ms. Liang Jing.