

### BINGO GROUP HOLDINGS LIMITED 比高集團控股有限公司

(Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)
(於開曼群島註冊成立之有限公司)

Stock Code 股份代號: 8220

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本報告乃遵照聯交所GEM證券上市規則(「GEM上市規則」)之規定提供有關比高集團控股有限公司(「本公司」)之資料。本公司各董事(「董事」)共同及個別對本報告承擔全部責任。董事於作出一切合理查詢後確認,就彼等所深知及確信,本報告所載資料在各重大方面均為真確及完整,且並無誤導或欺詐成分;而本報告並無遺漏任何其他事項,致使其所載任何聲明或本報告有所誤道。

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### CORPORATE INFORMATION 公司資料

**BOARD OF DIRECTORS** 

**Executive Directors** 

CHIAU Sing Chi CHOW Man Ki Kelly LAU Man Kit

CHOW Nga Chee Alice

LIN Jason YIP Yiu Bong

Non-Executive Director

CHIN CHOW Chung Hang Roberta

**Independent Non-Executive Directors** 

CHOI Mei Ping ONG King Keung TSUI Wing Tak

**COMPANY SECRETARY** 

CHAN Ka Yin

**COMPLIANCE OFFICER** 

CHOW Man Ki Kelly

**AUDIT COMMITTEE** 

ONG King Keung (Chairman) CHOI Mei Ping TSUI Wing Tak

**REMUNERATION COMMITTEE** 

CHOI Mei Ping (Chairman)
CHOW Man Ki Kelly
ONG King Keung
TSUI Wing Tak

董事會

執行董事

周星馳 周文姫 周雅緻 LIN Jason 葉耀邦

非執行董事

陳鄒重珩

獨立非執行董事

蔡美平 王競強 徐永得

公司秘書

陳家賢

監察主任

周文姬

審核委員會

王競強(*主席)* 蔡美平 徐永得

薪酬委員會

蔡美平(*主席*) 周文姬 王競強 徐永得

### CORPORATE INFORMATION 公司資料

#### **NOMINATION COMMITTEE**

CHOW Man Ki Kelly (Chairman)
CHOI Mei Ping
ONG King Keung
TSUI Wing Tak

#### **AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVES**

CHOW Man Ki Kelly CHAN Ka Yin

#### **AUDITORS**

CHENG & CHENG LIMITED

Certified Public Accountants

#### **PRINCIPAL BANKERS**

Fubon Bank Limited
The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited
Dah Sing Bank, Limited

#### **REGISTERED OFFICE**

Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive P.O. Box 2681, Grand Cayman KY1–1111, Cayman Islands

#### **HEAD OFFICE AND PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS**

Unit 202, 2/F, Chinaweal Centre 414-424 Jaffe Road Hong Kong

#### 提名委員會

周文姬(*主席*) 蔡美平 王競強 徐永得

#### 授權代表

周文姬 陳家賢

#### 核數師

鄭鄭會計師事務所有限公司 *執業會計師* 

#### 主要往來銀行

富邦銀行有限公司 香港上海滙豐銀行有限公司 大新銀行有限公司

#### 註冊辦事處

Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive P.O. Box 2681, Grand Cayman KY1–1111, Cayman Islands

#### 總辦事處及主要營業地點

香港 謝斐道414-424號 中望商業中心2樓202室



### CORPORATE INFORMATION 公司資料

#### **SHARE REGISTRARS AND TRANSFER OFFICES**

#### **Principal Registrar**

Conyers Trust Company (Cayman) Limited Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive P.O. Box 2681 Grand Cayman KY1-1111 Cayman Islands

#### **Branch Registrar**

Tricor Tengis Limited Level 54, Hopewell Centre 183 Queen's Road East Hong Kong

#### **STOCK CODE**

8220

#### **WEBSITE**

www.bingogroup.com.hk

#### 股份過戶登記處

#### 股份過戶登記總處

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#### 股份過戶登記分處

卓佳登捷時有限公司 香港 皇后大道東183號 合和中心54樓

#### 股份代號

8220

#### 網址

www.bingogroup.com.hk

On behalf of the board (the "Board") of directors ("Directors") of Bingo Group Holdings Limited (the "Company"), I hereby present the annual report of the Company and its subsidiaries (the "Group") for the year ended 31 March 2021 (the "Year") to our shareholders.

本人謹代表比高集團控股有限公司(「本公司」) 董事(「董事」)會(「董事會」)向股東呈述本公司 及其附屬公司(「本集團」)截至二零二一年三月 三十一日止年度(「本年度」)之年報。

#### **BUSINESS REVIEW**

During the Year, the Group continues to focus on movie production, licensing and derivatives, crossover marketing and provision of interactive contents ("Filmed Entertainment, New Media Exploitations and Licensing Businesses") and cinema investment and management ("Cinema Business").

In view of the on-going development of the Cinema Business. this segment has become the prime revenue generator of the Group in the Year. Approximately revenue of HK\$6.9 million and gross profit of HK\$3.9 million were generated during the Year. The revenue and gross profit for the Year declined, as compared to revenue of HK\$22.9 million and gross profit of HK\$13.5 million generated in last year. Due to outbreak of COVID-19 in the very beginning of Year 2020, all cinemas in Hangzhou and Shanghai could not open since late January 2020. In July 2020, cinemas in certain low-risk areas of the People's Republic of China (the "PRC") were allowed to recommence their businesses. The Group's cinemas in Shanghai and Hangzhou have re-opened in August this year, and minimal amount of turnover was generated during the Year. It is, however, a good start to normalize the Group's cinema operation. With respect to our cinema in Linan, we could not reach a conclusion of the business plan with the owner of the shopping mall where that cinema was located, and that cinema was closed in September 2020.

In February 2018, Bingo Movie Development Limited ("Bingo Movie"), a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company and Lechuang Holdings (HK) Limited ("Lechuang"), an independent third party, entered into an agreement (the "JV Agreement") in relation to the formation of the joint venture company ("JV Company"). The issued share capital of the JV Company will be owned as to 49% by Bingo Movie and as to 51% by Lechuang. The JV Company will be principally engaged in investment and development of VR (Virtual Reality) and MR (Mixed Reality)

#### 業務回顧

於本年度,本集團繼續專注於電影製作、特許權及衍生作品權、跨界市場推廣及提供互動內容 (「電影娛樂、新媒體開發及特許權業務」)以及 影院投資及管理(「影院業務」)。

鑑於影院業務持續發展,此分部已成為本集團本 年度之最主要收益來源。本年度所產生收益及毛 利分別約為6,900,000港元及3,900,000港 元。與去年所產生收益及毛利分別為 22,900,000港元及13,500,000港元相比,收 益及毛利於本年度下滑。由於新冠狀病毒於二零 二零年甫一開始爆發,自二零二零年一月下旬以 來,杭州和上海的所有電影院無法營業。於二零 二零年七月,中華人民共和國(「中國」)若干低 風險地區的電影院已獲准恢復營業。本集團於上 海及杭州的電影院於本年八月重開,但本年度營 業額極微。然而,此為本集團電影院業務回復正 常的好開始。就我們於臨安的電影院而言,我們 未能就業務計劃與該電影院所在購物中心的擁 有人達成定案,該電影院已於二零二零年九月結 業。

於二零一八年二月,本公司全資附屬公司比高電影發展有限公司(「比高電影」)與獨立第三方樂創控股(香港)有限公司(「樂創」)訂立內容有關成立合營公司(「合營公司」)之協議(「合營協議」)。比高電影及樂創將分別擁有合營公司49%及51%已發行股本。合營公司將主要從事投資及開發虛擬實境及混合實境項目。根據合營協議,比高電影將與合營公司墊付為數不少於

projects. Pursuant to the JV Agreement, Bingo Movie will enter into of a loan agreement with the JV Company, pursuant to which Bingo Movie will advance the loan of not less than HK\$25 million and not more than HK\$35 million to the JV Company for investment and development of relevant VR and MR projects. In September 2018, the loan agreement has been signed and RMB29 million (equivalent to approximately HK\$34.3 million as at 31 March 2021) was lent to the JV Company. Another loan of RMB16 million (equivalent to approximately HK\$18.9 million as at 31 March 2021) with a term of three years was granted to the JV Company on 30 September 2019. The difference between the new loan and old loan of RMB13 million with the accrued interest has been repaid to the Bingo Movie during the last year. No appropriate VR or MR projects were located as of the date of this report. For further details, please refer to the Company's announcement dated 30 September 2019 and 7 November 2019.

25,000,000港元但不多於35,000,000港元之貸款,以作投資及發展相關虛擬實境及混合實境項目之用。於二零一八年九月,貸款協議已簽署並已向合營公司借出人民幣29,000,000元(於二零二一年三月三十一日相當於約34,300,000港元)。於二零一九年九月三十日,合營公司獲授另一筆人民幣16,000,000元(於二零二一年三月三十一日相當於約18,900,000港元)為期三年的貸款。新貸款與舊貸款之間的差額人民幣13,000,000元及應計利息已於去年向比高電影作出償還。截至本報告日期並未覓得合適的虛擬實境及混合實境項目。有關進一步詳情,請參閱本公司日期為二零一九年九月三十日及二零一九年十一月七日之公告。

In respect of the development of other businesses, the Group has established a subsidiary which is named as 浙江比高家品牌管理有限公司 (Zhejiang Bingo Family Brand Management Company Limited, "Bingo Family") in Zhejiang in late November 2020. The Group holds 51% equity stake of Bingo Family. The principal businesses of Bingo Family are brand and intellectual property ("IP") management, key opinion leader ("KOL") incubation and KOL live shows and e-commerce. Since its incorporation to 31 March 2021, Bingo Family was still running in a trial period and has only incurred loss before tax of approximately HK\$2.5 million to the Group. The Group considers the growth of Bingo Family is not such satisfactorily.

就其他業務發展而言,本集團於二零二零年十一月底於浙江成立一間附屬公司,名稱為浙江比高家品牌管理有限公司(「比高家」)。本集團持有比高家51%股權。比高家的主要業務為品牌及知識產權(「IP」)管理、網紅(「網紅」)孵化、網紅直播及電子商務。自其註冊成立至二零二一年三月三十一日,比高家仍處於試運營期,並僅為本集團產生除稅前虧損約2,500,000港元。本集團認為比高家的增長並非十分理想。

During the third quarter of fiscal year 2019/20, the Company has noted that Mr. YIN Gang ("Mr. Yin"), a then director of certain non-wholly owned subsidiaries of the Group, would have misappropriated funds of approximately RMB13 million (equivalent to approximately HK\$14.5 million as at 31 March 2020) from two non-wholly owned subsidiaries of the Company established in the PRC for his personal uses. The Company has taken appropriate legal actions in the PRC against Mr. Yin. Please refer to the Company's announcement dated 5 February 2020 for further details.

於二零一九/二零年財政年度第三季度,本公司注意到本集團若干非全資附屬公司當時的董事印鋼先生(「印先生」)從在中國成立的兩家非全資附屬公司挪用資金約人民幣13,000,000元(於二零二零年三月三十一日相當於約14,500,000港元),並供個人使用。本公司已針對印先生於中國採取適當的法律行動。有關更多詳細信息,請參閱本公司日期為二零二零年二月五日的公告。

#### **FINANCIAL REVIEW**

During the Year, the Group recorded a total turnover of approximately HK\$6.9 million, representing a decrease of approximately 69.9% as compared with HK\$22.9 million for last year. The HK\$6.9 million turnover for the Year (2020: HK\$22.9 million) mainly consisted of the gross revenue of the Cinema Business of HK\$6.9 million (2020: HK\$22.9 million).

Owing to the closure of cinemas in the PRC in early this fiscal year and our cinema in Linan was closed in September 2020, the turnover decreased significantly from approximately HK\$22.9 million in the last year to approximately HK\$6.9 million in the current year, which principally led to the decrease of gross profit by approximately HK\$9.6 million from approximately HK\$13.5 million in the last year to approximately HK\$3.9 million in the current year.

In view of severe business environment, the Group has tightened its cost control measures significantly, which resulted in the decrease of selling and marketing expenses from HK\$4.4 million in the last year to approximately HK\$0.2 million in current year, and the decrease of administrative expenses from approximately HK\$34.1 million in the last year to approximately HK\$22.2 million in the current year. In addition, the Group made impairments on fixed assets of approximately HK\$2.8 million, right-of-use assets of approximately HK\$2.8 million and goodwill of approximately HK\$1.0 million, totaling HK\$6.6 million in current year. This gross impairment amount is, however, much less than the impairment amounts of approximately HK\$11.6 million.

In the last year, the loss resulted from misappropriation of funds by Mr. Yin of approximately RMB13 million, equivalent to approximately HK\$14.5 million as at 31 March 2020, was recorded. This is an incidental event and no misappropriation of the Group's funds happened in current year.

#### 財務回顧

於本年度,本集團錄得總營業額約6,900,000港元,較去年之22,900,000港元減少約69.9%。本年度營業額6,900,000港元(二零二零年:22,900,000港元)主要包括影院業務之總收益6,900,000港元(二零二零年:22,900,000港元)。

由於本財政年度初中國多家電影院停業及我們 於臨安的電影院於二零二零年九月結業,營業額 由去年約22,900,000港元大幅減少至本年度 約6,900,000港元。營業額減少主要導致毛利 由去年約13,500,000港元減少約9,600,000 港元至本年度約3,900,000港元。

鑒於營商環境嚴峻,本集團已大幅收緊其成本控制措施,導致銷售及營銷開支由去年4,400,000港元減少至本年度約200,000港元,以及行政開支由去年約34,100,000港元減少至本年度約22,200,000港元。此外,本集團於本年度就固定資產、使用權資產及商譽分別作出減值約2,800,000港元、約2,800,000港元及約1,000,000港元,合共為6,600,000港元。然而,該減值總額遠低於約11,600,000港元的減值金額。

去年,由於印先生挪用資金,導致錄得虧損約人 民幣13,000,000元,於二零二零年三月三十一 日相當於約14,500,000港元。印先生挪用資金 屬於偶然事件,而本年度並無發生挪用本集團資 金的情況。

As there were reduction of selling and marketing expenses and administrative expenses, and impairment losses, in current year as compared to those amounts in the last year, and there was one-off loss from Mr. Yin's misappropriation of funds recorded in last year, the net loss of the Group decreased significantly from approximately HK\$54.9 million in the last year to approximately HK\$24.9 million, even the revenue decreased significantly as mentioned above.

由於銷售及營銷開支和行政開支雙雙下降,以及本年度減值虧損較去年相關金額減少,加上去年因印先生挪用資金錄得一次性虧損,本集團虧損淨額由去年約54,900,000港元大幅減少至約24,900,000港元。儘管如此,收益仍大幅減少,詳情如上文所述。

### LIQUIDITY, DEBT RATIO, FINANCIAL RESOURCES AND CAPITAL STRUCTURE

As at 31 March 2021, the Group had total assets of approximately HK\$43.9 million (2020: HK\$82.3 million), including cash and cash equivalents of approximately HK\$15.3 million (2020: HK\$38.1 million). There was no pledged bank deposit as at 31 March 2021 (2020: Nil). As at 31 March 2021, the debt ratio (defined as total liabilities/total assets) was approximately 0.80 (2020: 0.62).

Although the Group's total assets decreased significantly over the Year, its total liabilities decreased too. The Group held cash and cash equivalents of approximately HK\$15.3 million which was adequate to cover the full amount of its current liabilities of HK\$15.1 million as at 31 March 2021. Accordingly, the Board believes that the Group has sufficient resources to satisfy its working capital requirements. During the Year, the Group financed its operations principally with its own working capital. As at 31 March 2021, the Group did not have any bank overdraft (2020: Nil).

#### MATERIAL ACQUISITION AND DISPOSAL OF SUBSIDIARIES

On 25 February 2020, the Group entered into an acquisition agreement with CineChina to acquire the remaining 30% of the equity interests of Bingo Cinema Investment Company Limited and Bingo Cinema Management Company Limited, companies that are incorporated in Hong Kong at a cash consideration of HK\$721,000. The transaction was completed on 29 April 2020. Details of the acquisition are stated in the Company's announcements dated 25 February 2020 and 27 April 2020, and its circular dated 29 April 2020.

Save as disclosed above, the Group had no material acquisition or disposal of subsidiaries and affiliated companies during the year ended 31 March 2021.

#### 流動資金、負債比率、財政資源及資 本結構

於二零二一年三月三十一日,本集團之資產總值約為43,900,000港元(二零二零年:82,300,000港元),包括現金及現金等值物約15,300,000港元(二零二零年:38,100,000港元)。於二零二一年三月三十一日,本集團並無已抵押銀行存款(二零二零年:無)。於二零二一年三月三十一日之負債比率(即負債總額除資產總值)約為0.80(二零二零年:0.62)。

雖然本集團之資產總值於本年度大幅減少,惟其 負債總額亦錄得減幅。於二零二一年三月三十一 日,本集團持有現金及現金等值物約 15,300,000港元,足以彌補本集團全部流動負 債15,100,000港元。因此,董事會相信,本集 團有充足資源可應付其營運資金需求。於本年度, 本集團主要自其自有營運資金撥付經營業務之 資金。於二零二一年三月三十一日,本集團並無 任何銀行透支(二零二零年:無)。

#### 附屬公司之重大收購及出售

於二零二零年二月二十五日,本集團與CineChina訂立了收購協議,以現金代價721,000港元收購比高電影院投資有限公司及比高電影院管理有限公司(均為於香港註冊成立的公司)剩餘的30%股權。該項交易已於二零二零年四月二十九日完成。收購詳情於本公司日期為二零二零年二月二十五日及二零二零年四月二十九日的通函中陳述。

除上述所披露者外,於截至二零二一年三月 三十一日止年度,本集團並無附屬公司及聯屬公司之重大收購或出售。

#### **EMPLOYEES**

As at 31 March 2021, the Group had 65 (2020: 78) staff in the PRC and Hong Kong. Total staff costs including directors' remuneration were approximately HK\$10.7 million during the Year (2020: HK\$14.9 million).

Remuneration is determined with reference to market terms and the performance, qualification and experience of individual employee. Year-end bonus based on individual performance will be paid to employees as recognition of and reward for their contributions. Other benefits include contributions to statutory mandatory provident fund scheme to its employees. During the Year, the Company has not granted any awarded shares or share options to the Group's directors or employees.

#### **FOREIGN EXCHANGE EXPOSURE**

The Group's exposures to foreign currencies mainly arises from receivables from PRC customers and its investment in foreign subsidiaries which are financed internally in RMB, and payables to PRC suppliers. In order to mitigate the potential impact of currency fluctuations, the Group closely monitors its foreign currency exposures and will use suitable hedging instruments against significant foreign currency exposures, where necessary. No foreign currency hedge contract was entered into by the Group during the Year. As at 31 March 2021, the Group had no outstanding foreign currency hedge contracts (2020: Nii).

#### **CONTINGENT LIABILITIES**

As at 31 March 2021, the Group had no significant contingent liabilities (2020: Nil).

#### **CAPITAL COMMITMENTS**

Save as disclosed in note 37 to the consolidated financial statements, the Group had no material capital commitments as at 31 March 2021 (2020: Nil).

#### 僱員

於二零二一年三月三十一日,本集團在中國及香港聘用65名(二零二零年:78名)僱員。於本年度,員工成本總額(包括董事酬金)約為10,700,000港元(二零二零年:14,900,000港元)。

薪酬乃參照市場條款以及個別僱員之表現、資歷 及經驗釐定。年終花紅按個人表現而發放予僱員, 以表揚及回報彼等所作出貢獻。其他福利包括為 僱員作出之法定強制性公積金計劃供款。於本年 度,本公司並無向本集團董事或僱員授出任何獎 勵股份或購股權。

#### 外匯風險

本集團主要因應收中國客戶之款項及於海外附屬公司之投資(均透過內部資源以人民幣撥付)以及應付中國供應商之款項而承受外幣風險。為減輕幣值波動可能產生之影響,本集團密切監察其外幣風險,在有需要時將使用合適對沖工具對沖重大外幣風險。本集團於本年度並無訂立任何外幣對沖合約。於二零二一年三月三十一日,本集團並無任何未平倉外幣對沖合約(二零二零年:無)。

#### 或然負債

於二零二一年三月三十一日,本集團並無任何重 大或然負債(二零二零年:無)。

#### 資本承擔

除綜合財務報表附註37所披露者外,於二零二一年三月三十一日,本集團並無重大資本承擔(二零二零年:無)。



#### **OUTLOOK**

As of the date of this report, the coronavirus outbreak has killed nearly 4 million people and infected more than 180 million people globally. Although the situation in China is better than many countries in the West, the economy in China is still shocked to a certain extent. The cinemas have been ordered to be closed since early Year 2020 and certain cinemas in the PRC are just allowed to be re-opened in late July 2020.

In spite of the wide-spreading of coronavirus mentioned above, the Group may continue to grasp other business opportunities in investments in cinemas in the PRC and attractive movies, when appropriate. While the Group continued its existing businesses, the Group will put more focus onto locating other business opportunities with enormous potentials, including provision of consultancy services, online games developing and operating businesses, and investments in China cultural industry.

In November 2020, a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company entered into an agreement to establish a subsidiary with 51% equity interest — Bingo Family, in Huzhou City, Zhejiang Province, the PRC. Bingo Family is engaged principally in brand and IP management, KOL incubation and KOL live shows and e-commerce. Bingo Family has been running business in trial period since December 2020. The Group, however, considers that the growth of Bingo Family is not as fast as what it was expected when established. We will closely monitor the development of Bingo Family's business.

The VR (Virtual Reality) and MR (Mixed Reality) industry is undergoing rapid development and the Company considers that there will be growth potential in investment of VR and MR projects. In February 2018, the Group entered into an agreement with Lechuang Holdings (HK) Limited ("Lechuang") in relation to the formation of the joint venture company ("JV Company"). The formation of the JV Company will allow the Group to utilise its experience in provision of interactive contents with the expertise of Lechuang in developing VR and MR projects. The Company is optimistic as to the prospect of the JV Company, and has granted a loan to the JV Company of RMB16.0 million (equivalent to approximately HK\$18.9 million as at 31 March 2021) in September 2019.

#### 展望

於本報告日期,新冠狀病毒爆發已令全球近 4,000,000人死亡,並超過180,000,000人受 到感染。雖然中國疫情較西方不少國家為佳,但 中國經濟在某程度上仍受到打擊。電影院自二零 二零年初已被命令停業以來,中國若干電影院於 二零二零年七月下旬方獲准重新開業。

儘管新冠狀病毒廣泛傳播(如上所述),本集團可能在適當時繼續把握投資於中國影院及受歡迎電影之其他商機。本集團持續經營其現有業務,同時更集中物色其他具龐大潛力之商機,包括提供顧問服務、開發及經營在線遊戲業務以及投資於中國文化事業。

於二零二零年十一月,本公司一間全資附屬公司 訂立一份協議以於中國浙江省湖州市成立一間 擁有51%股權的附屬公司 — 比高家。比高家主 要從事品牌及知識產權管理、網紅孵化、網紅直 播及電子商務。比高家自二零二零年十二月起一 直處於試運營期。然而,本集團認為比高家的增 長不如成立時所預期快速。我們將密切監控比高 家業務的發展。

虚擬實境及混合實境行業正迅速發展,而本公司認為投資於虛擬實境及混合實境項目富增長潛力。於二零一八年二月,本集團與樂創控股(香港)有限公司(「樂創」)就成立合營公司(「合營公司」)訂立協議。成立合營公司將令本集團可利用其提供互動內容的經驗加上樂創於發展虛擬實境及混合實境項目的專業知識。本公司對合營公司之前景感到樂觀,並於二零一九年九月已向合營公司授出人民幣16,000,000元的貸款(於二零二一年三月三十一日相當於約18,900,000港元)。



The Board believes that the Group's existing businesses can create a synergistic effect with the above-mentioned new businesses and will benefit the Group in the future.

董事會相信,本集團現有業務可與上述新業務締造協同效應,日後將對本集團有利。

#### **APPRECIATION**

On behalf of the Board, I would like to take this opportunity to extend my sincere gratitude to all our shareholders, investors and business partners for their continued support and confidence in the Group. I would also like to thank my fellow Directors and senior management team who have offered invaluable advice and leadership during such a challenging year and the management team and all staff for their dedication, loyalty and valued services.

For and on behalf of the Board

CHOW Man Ki Kelly Executive Director Hong Kong, 29 June 2021

#### 致謝

本人謹藉此機會代表董事會由衷感謝各股東、投資者及業務夥伴一直以來對本集團之支持和信任。本人亦謹此鳴謝各董事及資深管理團隊在這嚴峻的一年給予寶貴意見及領導,並對管理團隊及全體員工的熱誠投入與忠誠服務深表感激。

代表董事會

執行董事 **周文姬** 

香港,二零二一年六月二十九日

### DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT 董事及資深管理層

#### **EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS**

Mr. CHIAU Sing Chi ("Mr. Chiau") — Mr. Chiau has over 30 years of performance and management experience in the movie industry. Mr. Chiau has been a leading icon of the movie and entertainment industry in the Greater China Region for over 30 years, and had received numerous awards in the industry, including best supporting actor, best actor and best director awards presented by leading film academies. Mr. Chiau joined the Group in June 2010. He is currently a director of a subsidiary of the Company.

Mr. Chiau is a brother of Ms. CHOW Man Ki Kelly, an executive Director and a substantial shareholder of the Company.

Ms. CHOW Man Ki Kelly ("Ms. Kelly Chow") — Ms. Kelly Chow was appointed as an executive Director in January 2014. Ms. Kelly Chow has over 20 years' ample experience in movie production and distribution as well as licensing businesses. She is currently directors of certain subsidiaries of the Company.

Ms. Chow is a sister of Mr. Chiau, an executive Director and a substantial shareholder of the Company. In addition to the Company, Ms. Kelly Chow is working with Mr. YIP Yiu Bong ("Mr. Yip"), an executive Director, in The Star Overseas Limited ("TSOL"). Mr. Yip is currently the Head of Legal and Compliance of The Star Overseas Limited, the controlling shareholder of which is Ms. Kelly Chow.

Mr. LAU Man Kit ("Mr. Lau") — Mr. Lau joined the Group in January 2014. Mr. Lau has over 40 years of extensive sales and marketing experience in various industries, including property management, computer technology systems and automobiles, and has a wide business network in China. Mr. Lau is currently directors of certain subsidiaries of the Company.

Ms. CHOW Nga Chee Alice ("Ms. Alice Chow") — Ms. Alice Chow is currently the Manager — Marketing, Public Relations & Content Management of the Group, directors of certain subsidiaries of the Company and a producer of TSOL. She holds the degrees of Master of Arts in Communication of Hong Kong Baptist University, Master of Corporate Governance of The Hong Kong Polytechnic University and Master of Visual Arts of Hong Kong Baptist University. Ms. Alice Chow has approximately 20 years of experience in the industry of movie production.

#### 執行董事

周星馳先生(「周先生」) — 周先生在電影界擁有逾30年演出及管理經驗。周先生為首屈一指的電影及娛樂界代表,風靡大中華地區超過30年,獲獎無數,包括由業界頂尖電影頒獎禮頒發的最佳男配角、最佳男主角及最佳導演獎項。周先生於二零一零年六月加入本集團。彼現為本公司旗下一家附屬公司之董事。

周先生為本公司執行董事兼主要股東周文姬女 士之胞弟。

周文姬女士(「周文姬女士」) — 周文姬女士於 二零一四年一月獲委任為執行董事。周文姬女士 於電影製作、發行及授權業務擁有逾20年豐富 經驗。彼現為本公司旗下若干附屬公司之董事。

周女士為本公司執行董事兼主要股東周先生之 胞姊。除本公司外,周文姬女士還與星輝海外有 限公司(「星輝」)執行董事葉耀邦先生(「葉先 生」)合作。葉先生現為星輝海外有限公司的法律 及合規負責人,該公司的控股股東為周文姬女士。

劉文傑先生(「劉先生」) — 劉先生於二零一四年一月加入本集團。劉先生於物業管理、電腦科技系統及汽車等行業累積逾40年豐富銷售及營銷經驗,並於中國擁有廣泛業務脈絡。劉先生現為本公司旗下若干附屬公司之董事。

周雅緻女士(「周雅緻女士」) — 周雅緻女士目前為本集團營銷、公共關係及內容管理經理、本公司若干附屬公司董事及星輝的製片人。彼擁有香港浸會大學傳播學碩士學位、香港理工大學公司管治碩士學位及香港浸會大學視覺藝術碩士學位。周雅緻女士於影視製作行業擁有約20年經驗。

### DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT 董事及資深管理層

Mr. LIN Jason ("Mr. Lin") — He has over 20 years' experience in financial strategic planning in various industries. Mr. Lin has ceased to be the Chief Business Strategist of the Group on 7 May 2021, and his duties and powers as an executive Director has been suspended by the Board on 7 May 2021.

Mr. YIP Yiu Bong — Mr. Yip, holds Master's degree of Laws in Chinese and Comparative Laws, City University of Hong Kong, Master's degree in Professional Accounting, Hong Kong Polytechnic University and Bachelor's degree of Business Administration (Hons) and Master's degree of Science in Corporate Governance and Compliance, Hong Kong Baptist University. Mr. Yip is a Chartered Secretary, a Chartered Governance Professional and an Associate of both The Hong Kong Institute of Chartered Secretaries and The Chartered Governance Institute in the United Kingdom and a Certified Practicing Accountant of CPA Australia. He is currently the Head of Legal and Compliance of The Star Overseas Limited, the controlling shareholder of which is Ms. Kelly Chow and she is an executive director and a substantial shareholder of the Company. Mr. Yip has over 14 years of experience in legal and compliance departments of various companies and legal firms. He joined the Group as a non-executive Director in June 2020 and re-designated as an executive Director in March 2021.

LIN Jason 先生(「Lin 先生」) 一 彼於各行業之財務策略規劃方面擁有逾20年經驗。Lin 先生於二零二一年五月七日不再為本集團首席業務策略官,及其作為執行董事之職務及權力已於二零二一年五月七日被董事會暫停。

葉耀邦先生 — 葉先生,持有香港城市大學中國 法與比較法法學碩士學位、香港理工大學專業會 計學碩士學位及香港浸會大學工商管理(榮譽) 學士學位及公司管治及合規理學碩士學位。 等先 生為特許秘書、特許企業管治專業人員以及會 時許秘書公會及英國的特許公司治理公會的 員以及澳洲會計師公會執業會計師。彼目前公司 類海外有限公司的法律及合規負責人,該公司 控股股東為周文姬女士,其為本公司的執行的法 控股股東為周文姬女士,其為本公司及律師行的法律 及主要股東。葉先生於多家公司及律師行的法律 及合規部門擁有超過14年的經驗。彼於二二 零年六月加入本集團,擔任非執行董事,並於二 零二一年三月獲調任為執行董事。

#### **NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR**

Mrs. CHIN CHOW Chung Hang, Roberta ("Mrs. Chin") — Mrs. Chin has co-produced various films with the Golden Harvest Group in the past. Mrs. Chin holds a Bachelor of Arts Degree in English Literature from Dominican University of California, USA and a Master's Degree in Communication — Documentary film from Stanford University, USA. Mrs. Chin has more than 30 years' experience in the film production and distribution industry, including as an interim CEO in the JC Group. Mrs. Chin joined the Group in May 2010. Mrs. Chin is currently directors of certain subsidiaries of the Company.

#### INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Ms. CHOI Mei Ping ("Ms. Choi") — Ms. Choi has approximately 20 years' ample marketing experience in the airline industry. She is currently working in an international airline company. She has joined the Group in November 2014.

#### 非執行董事

陳鄒重珩女士(「陳女士」) 一 陳女士過往曾與嘉禾集團共同製作多部不同類型電影。彼持有美國加州多明尼克大學英國文學學士學位及美國史丹福大學傳意(紀錄片)系碩士學位。陳女士於電影製作及發行業擁有逾30年經驗,曾擔任JC Group之臨時行政總裁。陳女士於二零一零年五月加入本集團。陳女士現為本公司旗下若干附屬公司之董事。

#### 獨立非執行董事

蔡美平女士(「蔡女士」) 一 蔡女士於航空業累積約20年豐富市場推廣經驗。彼目前於一家國際航空公司工作。彼於二零一四年十一月加入本集團。



### DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT 董事及資深管理層

Mr. ONG King Keung ("Mr. Ong") — Mr. Ong holds a bachelor degree in accountancy from The Hong Kong Polytechnic University and a master degree in corporate finance from the City University of Hong Kong. He is a member of both the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants. He is currently a director of a professional audit firm in Hong Kong, and has over 20 years of experience in auditing and accounting industry. He has joined the Group in December 2016.

王競強先生(「王先生」) — 王先生持有香港理工大學會計學士學位及香港城市大學企業融資碩士學位。彼為香港會計師公會及英國特許公認會計師公會之會員。彼現為香港一間專業核數師行之董事,於審計及會計業擁有逾20年豐富經驗。彼於二零一六年十二月加入本集團。

Mr. Ong is currently an independent non-executive director of each of K Group Holdings Limited (stock code: 8475) and Risecomm Group Holdings Limited (stock code: 1679). Mr. Ong has resigned as independent non-executive director of each of Tech Pro Technology Development Limited ("Tech Pro", stock code: 3823) with effect from 18 February 2019, China Water Affairs Group Limited (stock code: 855) with effect from 22 November 2019, and My Heart Bodibra Group Limited (stock code: 8297) with effect from 11 May 2021, and a non-executive director of Deson Construction International Holdings Limited (stock code: 8268) with effect from 29 July 2019. Except for Tech Pro which was delisted on 2 March 2020, the shares of all remaining three companies are either listed on the main board or GEM of the Stock Exchange.

王先生現為千盛集團控股有限公司(股份代號: 8475)及瑞斯康集團控股有限公司(股份代號: 1679)各自的獨立非執行董事。王先生已分別於二零一九年二月十八日、二零一九年十一月二十二日及二零二一年五月十一日辭任德普科技發展有限公司(「德普科技」)(股份代號: 3823)、中國水務集團有限公司(股份代號: 855)及心心芭迪貝伊集團有限公司(股份代號: 8297)的獨立非執行董事,及於二零一九年七月二十九日辭任迪臣建設國際集團有限公司(股份代號: 8268)的非執行董事。除於二零二零年三月二日除牌的德普科技外,剩餘三家公司的所有股份於聯交所的主板或GEM上市。

Mr. TSUI Wing Tak ("Mr. Tsui") — Mr. Tsui is currently an executive director of CBK Holdings Limited (stock code: 8428) and was an executive director of Aurum Pacific (China) Group Limited (stock code: 8148) from April 2020 to December 2020. The issued shares of all two companies are listed on GEM the Stock Exchange. He is also a fellow member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and a Certified Practising Accountant of CPA Australia. Mr. Tsui holds a bachelor's degree in Economics from Macquarie University in Australia. He has over 25 years of extensive experience in corporate finance and accounting.

徐永得先生(「徐先生」) — 徐先生目前為國茂控股有限公司(股份代號:8428)的執行董事及於二零二零年四月至二零二零年十二月為奧栢中國集團有限公司(股份代號:8148)的執行董事。該兩家公司的已發行股份均於聯交所GEM上市。彼亦為香港會計師公會資深會員及澳洲會計師公會執業會計師。徐先生持有澳洲麥覺理大學經濟學學士學位。彼於企業財務及會計領域擁有超過25年的豐富經驗。

#### **OVERVIEW**

The board (the "Board") of directors ("Directors") of Bingo Group Holdings Limited (the "Company") is pleased to present this Corporate Governance Report in this annual report for the year ended 31 March 2021 (the "Year"). The Company is concerned to have high standards of corporate governance. It is important because the Board believes that good quality corporate governance would assist the management to monitor the Company's business activities effectively and thus interests of the shareholders of the Company will be well protected.

The Company has applied the principles in the Corporate Governance Code (the "Code") and Corporate Governance Report contained in Appendix 15 to the GEM Listing Rules. The Company is in compliance with the mandatory Code provisions, save for the deviations discussed in the sections of "CHAIRMAN AND CHIEF OFFICER" and "APPOINTMENT AND RE-ELECTION OF THE DIRECTORS" below.

#### **DIRECTORS' SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS**

The Company has adopted a code of conduct regarding securities transactions by Directors on terms no less exacting than the required standard of dealings as set out in Rules 5.48 to 5.67 of the GEM Listing Rules throughout the Year. The Company has also made specific enquiry to all Directors and, the Company was not aware of any non-compliance with the required standard of dealing and its code of conduct regarding securities transactions by Directors.

#### **COMPOSITION OF THE BOARD**

#### **Board of Directors**

The Board is entrusted with the overall responsibility for promoting the success of the Company by directing and supervising the Company's business and affairs. The ultimate responsibility for the day to day management, administration and operation of the Company is delegated to the executive Directors and the senior management of the Company. In practice, the Board takes responsibilities for decision making in all major matters of the Company. Approval has to be obtained from the Board prior to any significant transactions entered into by the Group and the Board has the full support of them to discharge its responsibilities.

#### 概覽

比高集團控股有限公司(「本公司」)董事(「董事」)會(「董事會」)欣然於截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度(「本年度」)之本年報內提呈本企業管治報告。本公司著重維持高標準之企業管治受重視乃由於董事會相信,高質素之企業管治將有助管理層有效地監管本公司之業務活動,從而妥善保障本公司股東之利益。

本公司已應用GEM上市規則附錄15所載企業管治守則(「守則」)及企業管治報告之原則。除下文「主席與行政總裁」及「董事之委任及重選」兩節所述偏離情況外,本公司已遵守強制性守則條文。

#### 董事之證券交易

本公司於本年度內已採納有關董事進行證券交易之操守守則,其條款乃不比GEM上市規則第5.48條至第5.67條之規定買賣標準寬鬆。本公司亦已向全體董事作出特定查詢,且並不知悉任何違反規定買賣標準及其有關董事進行證券交易之操守守則之情況。

#### 董事會之組成

#### 董事會

董事會整體上負責領導及監控本公司業務及事務,從而推動本公司成功發展,而本公司日常管理、行政及營運之最終責任則由董事會授權予本公司執行董事及資深管理層進行。實質上,董事會負責本公司所有主要事務之決策。本集團於訂立任何重要交易前均須獲得董事會批准,而董事會於履行其職責時亦獲彼等全力支持。



Biographical details of the Directors as at the date of this report are set out on pages 13 to 15 of this annual report. Given the composition of the Board and the skills, knowledge and expertise of the Directors, the Board believes that it is appropriately structured to provide sufficient checks and balances to protect the interests of the Group and the shareholders. The Board will review its composition regularly to ensure that it has the appropriate balance of expertise, skills and experience to continue to effectively oversee the business of the Company.

董事於本報告日期之個人資料詳載於本年報第 13頁至第15頁。基於董事會之組成及各董事之 技能、學識及專業知識,董事會相信,其架構已 能恰當地提供足夠之監察及平衡,以保障本集團 和股東之利益。董事會將定期檢討其組成,以確 保其在專業知識、技能及經驗方面維持合適之平 衡,藉以繼續有效地監管本公司之業務。

The emoluments of the Directors are determined by the Board of Directors on recommendation of the Remuneration Committee with the reference to their respective duties and responsibility with the Company, the Company's performance and current market situation. Details of emoluments of the Directors for the Year are disclosed in note 13 to the consolidated financial statements.

董事薪酬乃參考各董事於本公司之職責、本公司 之表現及當前市況,由董事會按薪酬委員會之建 議釐定。本年度董事酬金詳情載於綜合財務報表 附註13。

As at the date of this report, the Board comprises ten Directors, including six executive Directors, namely Mr. CHIAU Sing Chi, Ms. CHOW Man Ki Kelly, Mr. LAU Man Kit, Ms. CHOW Nga Chee Alice, Mr. LIN Jason and Mr. YIP Yiu Bong; one non-executive Director, namely Mrs. CHIN CHOW Chung Hang Roberta; and three independent non-executive Directors, namely Ms. CHOI Mei Ping, Mr. ONG King Keung and Mr. TSUI Wing Tak. Mr. CHIAU Sing Chi and Ms. CHOW Man Ki Kelly are siblings. Mr. YIP Yiu Bong is currently the Head of Legal and Compliance of The Star Overseas Limited, the controlling shareholder of which is Ms. CHOW Man Ki Kelly and she is an executive director and a substantial shareholder of the Company. Save as disclosed, the Board members have no financial, business, family or other material/relevant relationship(s) with each other.

於本報告日期,董事會由十名董事組成,包括六名執行董事周星馳先生、周文姬女士、劉文傑先生、周雅緻女士、LIN Jason先生及葉耀邦先生;一名非執行董事陳鄒重珩女士;及三名獨立非執行董事蔡美平女士、王競強先生及徐永得先生。周星馳先生與周文姬女士乃胞姊弟。葉耀邦先生目前為星輝海外有限公司的法律及合規負責人,該公司的控股股東為周文姬女士,其為本公司的控股股東為周文姬女士,其為本公司的控股股東為周文姬女士,其為本公司的執行董事及主要股東。除所披露者外,董事會成員彼此之間概無財務、業務、家庭或其他重大/相關關係。

Independent non-executive Directors have confirmed in writing their independence from the Company in accordance with the guidelines on director independence of the GEM Listing Rules. On this basis, the Company considers all such Directors to be independent.

獨立非執行董事已根據GEM上市規則對董事獨立身份之指引,書面確認其於本公司獨立身份;因此,本公司認為,所有有關董事屬獨立人士。

As part of an ongoing process of directors' training, the Company Secretary continuously updates all Directors on latest developments regarding the GEM Listing Rules and other applicable regulatory requirements to ensure compliance of the same by all Directors. All Directors are encouraged to attend external forum or training courses on relevant topics which may count towards Continuous Professional Development training.

作為對董事持續培訓之一部分,公司秘書不斷向全體董事更新有關GEM上市規則及其他適用監管規定之最新發展資料,以確保全體董事遵守有關規定。董事會鼓勵全體董事出席外界就有關課題所舉辦座談會或培訓課程,有關活動可計入為持續專業發展培訓。

Pursuant to Code Provision A.6.5, Directors should participate in continuous professional development to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills. This is to ensure that their contribution to the Board remains informed and relevant. During the Year, all Directors have participated in appropriate continuous professional development activities either by attending training courses or by reading materials relevant to the Company's business or to the Directors' duties and responsibilities.

根據守則條文第A.6.5條,董事應參與持續專業發展,增進並重溫其知識及技能,以確保其對董事會作出知情及切合所需的貢獻。於本年度,全體董事均透過出席培訓課程或閱覽本公司業務或董事職能及職責相關資料之方式參與合適之持續專業發展培訓活動。

The Company has arranged appropriate insurance coverage on Directors' and officers' liabilities in respect of any legal actions taken against Directors and senior management arising out of corporate activities. The insurance coverage is reviewed on an annual basis.

本公司已安排適當之董事及高級職員責任保險,涵蓋董事及資深管理層就企業活動而產生針對董事及高級職員之法律訴訟責任。保險範圍將會每年檢討。

The number of Board Meetings, Committee Meetings and General Meetings attended by each Director during the Year under review is set out in the following table. Figure in brackets indicates maximum number of meetings in the period in which the individual was a Board Member or Committee Member (as the case may be).

於本回顧年度內,各董事出席董事會會議、委員 會會議及股東大會之次數載於下表。括號內之數 字指有關人士為董事會成員或委員會成員(視乎 情況而定)期間內所舉行之最多會議次數。

Name of Directors 董事姓名		Notes 附註	Board Meetings 董事會會議	Audit Committee Meetings 審核委員會會議	Remuneration Committee Meetings 薪酬委員會會議	Nomination Committee Meetings 提名委員會會議	General Meetings 股東大會
Executive Directors	執行董事						
Mr. CHIAU Sing Chi	周星馳先生		2/(12)	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	0/(1)
Ms. CHOW Man Ki Kelly	周文姬女士		12/(12)	N/A 不適用	5/(5)	4/[4]	0/(1)
Mr. LAU Man Kit	劉文傑先生		12/(12)	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	0/(1)
Ms. CHOW Nga Chee Alice	周雅緻女士	1	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用
Mr. LIN Jason	LIN Jason先生	1	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用
Mr. YIP Yiu Bong	葉耀邦先生	2	10/(10)	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	1/(1)
Non-executive Director	非執行董事						
Mrs. CHIN CHOW Chung Hang Roberta	陳鄒重珩女士		12/(12)	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	1/(1)
Independent non-executive Directors	獨立非執行董事						
Ms. CHOI Mei Ping	蔡美平女士		11/(12)	5/(5)	4/(5)	3/(4)	0/(1)
Mr. TSOI Chiu Yuk	蔡朝旭先生	3	N/A 不適用	1/[1]	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	0/(1)
Mr. ONG King Keung	王競強先生		12/(12)	5/(5)	5/(5)	4/(4)	0/(1)
Mr. TSUI Wing Tak	徐永得先生	4	7/[7]	3/(3)	2/(2)	1/[1]	0/(1)

Note 1: appointed on 31 March 2021

Note 2: appointed on 1 June 2020 as a non-executive Director and redesignated as an executive Director on 31 March 2021

Note 3: resigned on 6 May 2020 Note 4: appointed on 5 August 2020 附註1: 於二零二一年三月三十一日獲委任

附註2: 於二零二零年六月一日獲委任為非執行董事 及於二零二一年三月三十一日獲調任為執行

董事

附註**3**: 於二零二零年五月六日辭任 附註**4**: 於二零二零年八月五日獲委任



#### **CHAIRMAN AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER**

The Company does not have the Chairman of the Board and the Chief Executive Officer during the year ended 31 March 2021. The Board is in the process of locating appropriate persons to fill the vacancies of the Chairman and Chief Executive Officer. Even so, the Board considers that the existing Board members are able to share the power and responsibilities of Chairman and Chief Executive Officer among themselves, as detailed below.

Based on Code A.2.1, the roles of chairman and chief executive should be separate and should not be performed by the same individual. The division of responsibilities between the chairman and chief executive should be clearly established and set out in writing. The Board's current significant decisions are made in Board meetings. Every Board member has the rights and responsibility to propose Board meetings to discuss significant issues he/she concerns, and has the power to make the decisions among other Board members.

With reference to Code A.2.2, in each Board meeting, the director who proposes that meeting (the "Convenor") would generally be appointed as the chairman of the meeting in accordance with the articles of association of the Company, and he/she has to ensure all directors briefed on issues arising at board meeting.

With reference to Code A.2.3, the Convenor has to provide the meeting agenda and materials (the "Board Papers") to the company secretary, and the company secretary will then pass the Board Papers to other Board members for their review. Unless urgent matters to be discussed, it is the Board's practice that the Board Papers have to be given to the Board at least 3 days in advance of the Board meetings. Other Board members should have enough time to read the Board Papers and raise questions and/or request more information before holding the Board meetings. For the urgent Board meetings, the Convenor and/or company secretary have to contact individual Director about the details of the agenda meeting and the reasons of urgency. Every Board member has the right to request additional time to understand the agenda details and delay the Board meeting.

#### 主席與行政總裁

截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度,本公司並 無董事會主席及行政總裁。董事會現正物色合適 人選,以便填補主席與行政總裁之空缺。即使如 此,董事會認為現任董事會成員能夠共同享有及 分擔主席及行政總裁之權力及責任,詳情載列如 下。

根據守則第A.2.1條,主席及行政總裁之角色應該有所區分,而不應由同一名人士擔任。主席與行政總裁之間職責分工應清楚界定並以書面列載。董事會目前重大決定於董事會會議作出。每名董事會成員均有權及責任建議召開董事會會議以討論重大關注事項,並有權與其他董事會成員作出決定。

參照守則第A.2.2條,於各董事會會議,建議召開會議之董事(「召集人」)根據本公司組織章程細則一般獲委任為會議主席,彼應確保董事會會議上所有董事均適當知悉當前事項。

With reference to Code A.2.4, the executive Directors jointly provide leadership of the Board, and ensure the Board works effectively and perform its responsibilities, and that all key and appropriate issues are discussed by it in a timely manner. As mentioned above, all Directors have the rights to propose Board meetings. The company secretary has to summarise all agenda items and circulate the agenda to all Board members.

參照守則第A.2.4條,執行董事共同帶領董事會,並確保董事會有效地運作,且履行應有職責,並及時就所有重要適當事項進行討論。誠如上文所述,所有董事有權建議召開董事會會議。公司秘書須概括所有議程項目,並向全體董事會成員傳閱議程。

With reference to Code A.2.5, the Board members share the responsibility to ensure good corporate governance practices and procedures are established. It is the practice of the Board to discuss corporate governance issues in the meetings to approve the interim and annual results.

參照守則第A.2.5條,董事會成員均有責任確保公司制定良好企業管治常規及程序。根據董事會常規,董事會將於會議討論企業管治事項,以批准中期及年度業績。

With reference to Code A.2.6, the executive Directors share the responsibility of encouraging all directors to make a full and active contribution to the Board's affairs and take the lead to ensure that it acts in the best interest of the Company. The Convenor has the responsibility to encourage other Directors with different views to voice their concerns, allow sufficient time for discussion of issues and ensure the Board decisions fairly reflected Board consensus.

參照守則第A.2.6條,執行董事均有責任鼓勵所有董事全力投入董事會事務,並以身作則,確保董事會行事符合本公司最佳利益。召集人有責任鼓勵持不同意見之其他董事表達本身關注之事宜、給予有關事宜充足時間討論,以及確保董事會之決定能公正反映董事會共識。

With reference to Code A.2.7, the independent non-executive Directors hold at least a meeting among themselves annually, to consider and discuss any significant issues of the Company and the Board, without influence from the executive Directors.

參照守則第A.2.7條,獨立非執行董事應每年至少舉行一次會議,以考慮及討論本公司及董事會任何重大事項,而不受執行董事影響。

With reference to Code A.2.8, the executive Directors share the responsibility of ensuring that appropriate steps are taken to provide effective communication with shareholders and that their views are communicated to the Board as a whole. It is a general practice that the executive Directors will discuss the shareholder's viewpoints with non-executive Directors in the Board meeting following a shareholders' meeting.

參照守則第A.2.8條,執行董事均有責任確保採取適當步驟保持與股東有效聯繫,以及確保股東意見可傳達到整個董事會。根據一般常規,於股東大會後,執行董事將於董事會會議與非執行董事討論股東意見。

With reference to Code A.2.9, the executive Directors share the responsibility of promoting a culture of openness and debate by facilitating the effective contribution of non-executive Directors in particular and ensuring constructive relations between executive and non-executive Directors. As mentioned above, all directors, including non-executive Directors, have the right to propose a board meeting to discuss the issues they consider important, and enough time is reserved for all Directors to read the Board Papers and raise questions. It is the Board's practice to encourage the non-executive Directors to raise their viewpoints in Board meetings.

參照守則第A.2.9條,執行董事均有責任提倡公開、積極討論之文化,促進董事(特別是非執行董事)對董事會作出有效貢獻,並確保執行董事與非執行董事之間維持建設性關係。誠如上文所述,所有董事(包括非執行董事)有權建議召開董事會會議以討論彼等認為重大之事項,並給予足夠時間讓所有董事閱讀董事會文件及提出問題。根據董事會常規,董事會鼓勵非執行董事於董事會會議提出意見。

Code A.5.1 states that an issuer should establish a nomination committee which is chaired by the chairman of the board or an independent non-executive director and comprises a majority of independent non-executive directors. It is the Board's practice to appoint an executive Director as the chairman of the nomination committee of the Board, as the Board considers that executive Directors have to lead the business development of the Company and need to have appropriate Board members and senior management to assist them. In addition, the nomination committee of the Board consists of majority of independent non- executive Directors, who have the veto power jointly if they consider the nomination is inappropriate.

守則第A.5.1條載述發行人應設立提名委員會,由董事會主席或獨立非執行董事擔任主席,成員須以獨立非執行董事佔大多數。根據董事會常規,董事會委任一名執行董事擔任董事會轄下提名委員會之主席,原因是董事會認為執行董事須領導本公司業務發展,需要有合適董事會成員及高級管理層協助執行董事。此外,董事會轄下之提名委員會大部分成員由獨立非執行董事組成,倘獨立非執行董事認為提名屬不適當,彼等有共同否決權。

With reference to Code B.1.1, the remuneration committee of the Board would consult Ms. CHOW Man Ki Kelly, an executive Director and the major shareholder of the Company about their remuneration proposals for other executive Directors.

參照守則第B.1.1條,董事會轄下薪酬委員會應 就其他執行董事之薪酬建議諮詢執行董事兼本 公司主要股東周文姬女士。

With reference to Code E.1.2, the Board appoints as least one executive Director to attend the annual general meeting, due to the chairmanship vacancy. The executive Directors have to invite the chairman of the audit, remuneration and nomination committees of the Board to attend the annual general meeting.

參照守則第E.1.2條,由於主席職位懸空,董事會委任至少一名執行董事出席股東週年大會。執行董事應邀請董事會轄下審核委員會、薪酬委員會及提名委員會之主席出席股東週年大會。

With reference to Code F.1.3, it is the Company's practice that the company secretary report to the executive Directors.

參照守則第F.1.3條,根據本公司常規,公司秘書應向執行董事匯報。

#### APPOINTMENT AND RE-ELECTION OF THE DIRECTORS

Pursuant to the Provision A.4.1 of the Code, the non-executive directors should be appointed for a specific term, subject to reelection.

The non-executive Director and all independent non-executive Directors are not appointed for a specific term, but they are subject to re-election at the annual general meeting of the Company in accordance with the Articles.

In accordance with the Articles of the Association of the Company, one-third of the Directors for the time being (or, if their number is not a multiple of three, the number nearest to but not less than one-third) shall retire from office by rotation provided that every Director shall be subject to retirement at least once every three years.

### NON-COMPLIANCE WITH RULE 5.05A OF GEM LISTING RULES

Following the appointment of Ms. CHOW Nga Chee Alice and Mr. LIN Jason as executive Directors on 31 March 2021, the number of Board members increased to ten members but Company has only three independent non-executive Directors. As such, the number of independent non-executive Directors falls below the minimum number as required under Rule 5.05A of GEM Listing Rules. Following the resignation of Mrs. CHIN CHOW Chung Hang Roberta on 30 June 2021, the number of independent non-executive Directors will become one-third of the total number of Board members and Rule 5.05A of GEM Listing Rules will be complied with accordingly.

#### 董事之委任及重選

根據守則條文第A.4.1條, 非執行董事之委任應 有指定任期, 並須接受重撰。

非執行董事及所有獨立非執行董事之委任並無 指定任期,惟彼等須根據細則於本公司股東週年 大會上接受重選。

根據本公司之組織章程細則,當時在任之三分之 一董事(倘人數並非三之倍數,則為最接近但不 少於三分之一)須輪值退任,惟每名董事須每三 年最少退任一次。

#### 不遵守 GEM 上市規則第5.05A 條

隨著周雅緻女士及LIN Jason先生於二零二一年三月三十一日獲委任為執行董事後,董事會成員人數增加至十名,惟本公司仍然只有三名獨立非執行董事。因此,獨立非執行董事的人數低於GEM上市規則第5.05A條所規定的最低人數。於陳鄒重珩女士於二零二一年六月三十日辭任後,獨立非執行董事的人數將為董事會成員總數的三分之一,因此將符合GEM上市規則第5.05A條的規定。

#### **CORPORATE GOVERNANCE FUNCTION**

The Company's corporate governance function is carried out by the Board pursuant to a set of written terms of reference adopted by the Board, which include (a) to develop and review the Company's policies and practices on corporate governance and make recommendations; (b) to review and monitor the training and continuous professional development of the Directors and senior management of the Group; (c) to review and monitor the Company's policies and practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements; (d) to develop, review and monitor the code of conduct and compliance manual (if any) applicable to employees of the Group and the Directors; and (e) to review the Company's compliance with the Code and disclosure in the corporate governance report.

The Board had reviewed and discussed the corporate governance policy of the Group and was satisfied with the effectiveness of its corporate governance policy.

#### **DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT**

The Directors acknowledge their responsibility for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements which give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Group. The Directors are not aware of any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions which may cast significant doubt upon the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

The responsibilities of the external auditors about their financial reporting are set out in the independent auditor's report attached to the Group's consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2021 set out in this report.

#### **COMPANY SECRETARY**

Mr. CHAN Ka Yin ("Mr. Chan"), who is a director of an external service provider, was appointed as the company secretary in November 2013. Mr. Chan is a fellow member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and Association of Chartered Certified Accountants. He reports to the executive Directors of the Company and assists the Board in functioning effectively and efficiently. During the Year, Mr. Chan undertook over 15 hours of professional training to update his skill and knowledge.

#### 企業管治職能

本公司之企業管治職能根據董事會所採納一系列書面職權範圍由董事會履行,當中包括(a)制定及檢討本公司企業管治政策及慣例並提供推薦意見: (b)檢討及監督本集團董事及資深管理層之培訓及持續專業發展: (c)檢討及監督本公司遵守法律及監管規定之政策及慣例: (d)制定、檢討及監督適用於本集團僱員及董事之操守守則及合規守則(如有);及(e)檢討本公司是否遵守守則及企業管治報告之披露事項。

董事會已檢討及討論本集團之企業管治政策,且 信納其企業管治政策行之有效。

#### 董事責任聲明

董事知悉其有責任編製可反映本集團真實公平財務狀況之綜合財務報表。董事並不知悉任何與可能對本公司持續經營能力構成重大疑慮之事件或情況有關之重大不明朗因素。

外聘核數師有關彼等之財務申報責任載於本報 告所載本集團截至二零二一年三月三十一日止 年度之綜合財務報表所附奉之獨立核數師報告。

#### 公司秘書

身為外部服務供應商董事之陳家賢先生(「陳先生」)於二零一三年十一月獲委任為公司秘書。陳先生為香港會計師公會及英國特許公認會計師公會資深會員。彼向本公司執行董事匯報,並協助董事會以高效方式發揮職能。於本年度,陳先生已接受相關專業培訓逾15小時,以增進技能及知識。



#### **REMUNERATION COMMITTEE**

The Company has established a remuneration committee ("Remuneration Committee") with specific written terms of reference. During the Year, the Remuneration Committee comprises all independent non-executive Directors, namely Ms. CHOI Mei Ping (Chairman), Mr. TSOI Chiu Yuk (resigned on 6 May 2020), Mr. ONG King Keung, Mr. TSUI Wing Tak (appointed on 5 August 2020) and one executive Director, Ms. CHOW Man Ki Kelly.

The responsibilities of the Remuneration Committee include (a) to make recommendations to the Board on the Company's policy and structure for all Directors and senior management remuneration and on the establishment of a formal and transparent procedure for developing remuneration policy; (b) to review and approve the management's remuneration proposals with reference to the Board's corporate goals and objectives; and (c) to make recommendations to the Board on the remuneration of executive Directors, non-executive Directors, and senior management, and to review and approve compensation arrangements relating to dismissal or removal of Directors for misconduct to ensure that they are consistent with contractual terms and are otherwise reasonable and appropriate.

The primary goal of the remuneration on executive remuneration packages is to enable the Group to motivate executive Directors and senior management by linking their remuneration with reference to the Group's operation results, which reference to individual performances and comparable market statistics.

The principal elements of the Group's executive remuneration package include basic salary, discretionary bonus, and share options.

#### 薪酬委員會

本公司已成立薪酬委員會(「薪酬委員會」),並以書面釐定其具體職權範圍。於本年度,薪酬委員會由全體獨立非執行董事蔡美平女士(主席)、蔡朝旭先生(於二零二零年五月六日辭任)、王競強先生、徐永得先生(於二零二零年八月五日獲委任)以及一名執行董事周文姬女士組成。

薪酬委員會之職責包括[a]就全體董事及資深管理層之本公司薪酬政策及架構,以及就制定有關薪酬政策設立正式兼具透明度之程序,向董事會提供推薦意見:[b]參考董事會企業目標及宗旨檢討及批准管理層薪酬建議;及[c]就執行董事、非執行董事及資深管理層之薪酬向董事會提供推薦意見,並檢討及批准有關董事因行為不當而遭撤換或罷免之補償安排,以確保有關安排符合合約條款,且在其他方面屬合理及合宜。

行政人員薪酬組合之薪酬主要目的乃為透過參 考本集團經營業績、個人表現及可資比較市場數 據,將執行董事及資深管理人員之薪酬與其掛鈎, 讓本集團可激勵該等人士。

本集團之行政人員薪酬組合主要包括基本薪金、 酌情花紅及購股權。

#### **NOMINATION COMMITTEE**

The Company has established a nomination committee ("Nomination Committee") with specific written terms of reference.

During the Year, the Nomination Committee comprises Ms. CHOW Man Ki Kelly (Chairman) an executive Director, and all independent non-executive Directors, namely Ms. CHOI Mei Ping, Mr. TSOI Chiu Yuk (resigned on 6 May 2020), and Mr. ONG King Keung and Mr. TSUI Wing Tak (appointed on 5 August 2020).

The responsibilities of the Nomination Committee include reviewing the structure, size and composition of the Board; identifying individuals suitably qualified to become members of the Board and selecting or making recommendations to the Board on selection of individual nominated for directorships; making recommendations to the Board on the appointment or reappointment of directors and succession planning for directors; and determining the policy for nomination of Directors. The Nomination Committee has specific written terms of reference which are of no less exacting terms than those stipulated in Code provisions.

#### Procedure and Process for Nomination of Directors

The Nomination Committee will recommend to the Board for the appointment of Director(s) including independent nonexecutive Director(s) in accordance with the following procedures and process:

The Nomination Committee will, giving due consideration to the current composition and size of the Board, develop a list of desirable skills, perspectives and experience at the outset to focus the search effort;

#### 提名委員會

本公司已成立提名委員會(「提名委員會」),並 書面釐定其具體職權範圍。

於本年度,提名委員會由執行董事周文姬女士(主席)以及全體獨立非執行董事蔡美平女士、蔡朝旭先生(於二零二零年五月六日辭任)、王競強先生及徐永得先生(於二零二零年八月五日獲委任)組成。

提名委員會之職責包括檢討董事會之架構、人數 及其組成:物色具備合適資格可擔任董事會成員 之人士,並挑選提名有關人士出任董事或就此向 董事會提供意見:就董事委任或續聘以及董事繼 任計劃之有關事宜向董事會提出建議:及訂定提 名董事之政策。提名委員會以書面訂明具體職權 範圍,其條款的嚴謹程度不遜於守則條文所訂明 考。

#### 提名董事的程序及流程

提名委員會將根據以下程序及流程向董事會建 議任命董事(包括獨立非執行董事):

i. 提名委員會將適當考慮董事會目前的組成 和規模,首先制定一份理想的技能、觀點及 經驗清單,以集中物色重點;

- ii. The Nomination Committee may consult any source it considers appropriate in identifying or selecting suitable candidates, such as referrals from existing Directors, advertising, recommendations from a third party agency firm and proposals from the Shareholders with due consideration given to the criteria which include but are not limited to:
- ii. 提名委員會於物色或甄選合適候選人時可 諮詢其認為適當的任何來源,例如現有董 事的推薦、廣告、第三方代理公司的推薦及 股東的建議,並適當考慮(包括但不限於) 下列因素:
- (a) Diversity in the aspects, amongst others, of gender, age, cultural and educational background, professional experience, skills, knowledge and length of service;
- [a] 各方面的多樣性,其中包括性別、年 齡、文化和教育背景、專業經驗、技 能、知識和服務年限;
- (b) Commitment for responsibilities of the Board in respect of available time and relevant interest;
- (b) 其能投放於董事會職責的可投入時間及代表相關界別的利益;
- Qualifications, including accomplishment and experience in the relevant industries in which the Group's business is involved;
- [c] 資格·包括涉及本集團業務的相關行業的成就和經驗;

(d) Independence;

(d) 獨立性;

(e) Reputation for integrity;

- (e) 誠信聲譽;
- (f) Potential contributions that the individual can bring to the Board; and
- [f] 個人可以為董事會帶來的潛在貢獻: 及
- (g) Plan(s) in place for the orderly succession of the Board.
- [g] 為董事會有序繼任而制訂的計劃。
- iii. The Nomination Committee may adopt any process it considers appropriate in evaluating the suitability of the candidates, such as interviews, background checks, presentations and third party reference checks;
- iii. 提名委員會可採用其認為適當的任何程序 評估候選人的合適性,例如面試、背景調查、演講及第三方背景調查;
- The Nomination Committee will consider a broad range of candidates who are in and outside of the Board's circle of contacts;
- iv. 提名委員會將考慮在董事會聯絡圈內外的 各類候選人;
- Upon considering a candidate suitable for the directorship, the Nomination Committee will hold a meeting and/or by way of written resolutions to, if thought fit, approve the recommendation to the Board for appointment;
- v. 在考慮適合擔任董事職位的候選人後,提 名委員會將舉行會議及/或以書面決議案 方式以酌情批准向董事會提交委任建議;



- The Nomination Committee will provide the relevant information of the selected candidate to the Remuneration Committee for consideration of the remuneration package of such selected candidate;
- vi. 提名委員會將向薪酬委員會提供所選候選 人的相關資料,以供考慮該候選人的薪酬 待遇;
- vii. The Nomination Committee will thereafter make the recommendation to the Board in relation to the proposed appointment, and the Remuneration Committee will make the recommendation to the Board on the policy and structure for the remuneration;
- vii. 其後,提名委員會將就建議委任向董事會 提出建議,而薪酬委員會將就薪酬政策及 架構向董事會提出建議;
- viii. The Board may arrange for the selected candidate to be interviewed by the members of the Board who are not members of the Nomination Committee and the Board will thereafter deliberate and decide the appointment as the case may be; and
- viii. 董事會可安排選定的候選人由不屬提名委員會成員的董事會成員進行面試,此後,董事會將根據具體情況審議並決定任命;及
- ix. All appointment of Directors will be confirmed by the filing of the consent to act as Director of the relevant Director (or any other similar filings requiring the relevant Director to acknowledge or accept the appointment as Director, as the case may be) to be filed with the relevant regulatory authorities, if required.
- ix. 所有董事的任命,將通過提交相關董事表示同意擔任董事的文件(或要求相關董事確認或接受任命為董事的任何其他類似文件,視具體情況而定)予相關監管機構(如有需要)作存檔予以確認。

#### **Board Diversity Policy**

#### 董事會成員多元政策

The Board has adopted a board diversity policy to achieve board diversity through the consideration of a number of factors and measureable objectives, including but not limited to gender, age, cultural background, educational background, skills, knowledge and professional experience. All Board appointments will be based on merit, and candidates will be measured against objective criteria, with due regard for the benefits of diversity on the Board. The Nomination Committee has the delegated responsibilities to monitor the implementation and review the board diversity policy and report to the Board.

董事會已採納董事會成員多元化政策,以透過考慮多種因素及可計量目標實現董事會成員多元化,包括但不限於性別、年齡、文化背景、教育背景、技能、知識及專業經驗。董事會所有委任均以用人唯才為原則,並在考慮人選時以客觀條件充分顧及董事會成員多元化之裨益。提名委員會獲轉授責任監督實施及審閱董事會成員多元化政策並向董事會報告。

#### **AUDIT COMMITTEE**

The Company has established an audit committee ("Audit Committee") with written terms of reference in compliance with Rules 5.28 to 5.33 of the GEM Listing Rules. The primary duties of the Audit Committee are to review the Company's annual report and accounts, interim report and quarterly reports and to provide advices and comments thereon to the Board. The Audit Committee will also be responsible for reviewing and supervising the Company's financial reporting, risk management and internal control systems.

During the Year, the Audit Committee comprises all independent non-executive Directors, namely Mr. ONG King Keung (Chairman), Ms. CHOI Mei Ping, Mr. TSOI Chiu Yuk (resigned on 6 May 2020) and Mr. TSUI Wing Tak (appointed on 5 August 2020). In the meetings held during the Year, the Audit Committee reviewed the annual, interim and quarterly results of the Company and made recommendations to the Board and the management in respect of the Company's financial reporting, risk management and internal control system.

#### **Accountability and Audit**

The Directors acknowledge their responsibility for preparing the accounts of the Company. As at 31 March 2021, the Directors are not aware of any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions which may cast significant doubt upon the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. Accordingly, the Directors have prepared the consolidated financial statements of the Company on a going concern basis.

The responsibilities of the external auditor on financial reporting are set out in the Independent Auditor's Report attached to the Company's consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2021.

The Board has regularly reviewed the effectiveness of the Company's risk management and internal control systems with an aim to safeguard the shareholders' interests and the Company's assets. The purpose is to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance against material misstatements, errors, losses or fraud, and to manage rather than eliminate risks of failure in achieving the Company's business objectives.

#### 審核委員會

本公司已成立審核委員會(「審核委員會」),並 遵照 GEM 上市規則第5.28條至第5.33條以書 面釐定其職權範圍。審核委員會之主要職責為審 閱本公司之年報及賬目、中期報告及季度報告, 並就此向董事會提供意見及建議。審核委員會亦 須負責檢討及監督本公司之財務匯報、風險管理 及內部監控制度。

於本年度,審核委員會由全體獨立非執行董事組成,即王競強先生(主席)、蔡美平女士、蔡朝旭 先生(於二零二零年五月六日辭任)及徐永得先 生(於二零二零年八月五日獲委任)。審核委員 會於本年度內舉行之會議上審閱本公司之年度、 中期及季度業績,並就本公司之財務匯報、風險 管理及內部監控制度向董事會及管理層提供推 薦意見。

#### 問責性及審核

董事了解彼等編製本公司賬目之責任。於二零二一年三月三十一日,董事並不知悉有任何會對本公司繼續以持續經營基準經營之能力構成重大疑問之事件或狀況之重大不明朗因素。據此,董事已按持續經營基準編製本公司之綜合財務報表。

外聘核數師對財務匯報之責任載於本公司截至 二零二一年三月三十一日止年度之綜合財務報 表所附奉之獨立核數師報告。

董事會已就本公司之風險管理及內部監控制度 是否有效進行定期檢討,務求保障股東之權益及 本公司之資產。目的在於合理(而非絕對地)保 證並無重大失實陳述、錯誤、損失或欺詐,以及 管理而非消除未能達致本公司業務目標之風險。



#### **AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION**

For the year ended 31 March 2021, fees for the Company's external auditor for audit services and non-audit services were HK\$850,000 and HK\$500,000 respectively.

The responsibilities of the auditors with respect to financial reporting are set out in the section of "Independent Auditor's Report" on pages 50 to 55.

#### **RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL**

#### Responsibility

The Board has the overall responsibility to ensure that sound and effective risk management functions are maintained, while management is required to provide responsive actions to manage risk. A sound and effective risk management is designed to identify and manage the risk of failure to achieve business objectives.

#### Risk Management Framework

We adopt an integrated bottom-up and top-down risk review process to enable comprehensive identification and prioritization of all material risks throughout the Group, escalation of material risks at the right managerial level, effective risk dialogue among the management, and proper oversight of risk mitigation efforts.

#### 核數師酬金

截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度,本公司外聘核數師就審核服務及非審核服務之費用分別 為850,000港元及500,000港元。

核數師有關財務申報之責任載於第50頁至第55 頁「獨立核數師報告」一節。

#### 風險管理及內部監控

#### 責任

董事會整體負責確保維持穩健有效之風險管理 職能,同時管理層須因應情況採取行動以管理風 險。穩健有效之風險管理旨在識別及管理未能達 成業務目標之風險。

#### 風險管理框架

我們採納由下而上與由上而下之綜合風險檢討程序,以便全面識別及優先考慮本集團內所有重大風險,將重大風險上報至適當的管理層面,讓管理層之間就風險進行有效溝通,並妥善監督減輕風險之措施。



#### **Internal Controls Model and Continuous Improvement**

Our internal controls model is based on that set down by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the U.S. Treadway Commission ("COSO") for internal controls and has five components, namely Control Environment; Risk Assessment; Control Activities; Information and Communication; and Monitoring. In developing our internal controls model based on the COSO principles, we have taken into consideration our organizational structure and the nature of our business activities.

We have put in place a phased improvement plan and progressed to future enhance our internal controls and risk management system. The initial phase of the plan focused on adopting a more risk-based (instead of process-based) approach to risk identification and assessment. This approach enriches our ability to analyze risks and respond to opportunities as we pursue our strategic objectives. Management reporting to the Audit Committee has also been enhanced, including the presentation of special reports on selected risk topics.

In the current place, we aim to further integrate internal controls and risk management into our business processes, including in annual budgeting and planning. Instead of treating the COSO framework as a framework-update exercise, a holistic approach has been adopted by us, taking into consideration the Company's circumstances, including its ongoing internal controls and risk management improvement plan as well as other strategic initiatives (e.g. corporate social responsibility strategy and reporting). All of these enhance our ultimate objective to make our risk management system a "live" one that is practiced on a day-to-day basis by operating units.

#### 內部監控模式及持續改進

我們的內部監控模式乃依據反虛假財務報告委員會發起人委員會[Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the U.S. Treadway Commission](「COSO」)就內部監控所制定者,包括監控環境、風險評估、監控活動、資訊及溝通以及監察五個組成部分。在依據COSO原則制定內部監控模式時,我們已考慮到旗下組織架構及業務活動性質。

我們已制定分階段改進計劃以供日後一直推行, 從而提升旗下內部監控及風險管理制度。計劃初 段主力採納加強以風險為本(而非以程序為本) 之方式識別及評估風險,令我們在落實策略目標 之時更有能力分析風險及對商機作出回應。管理 層亦加強向審核委員會匯報,包括就選定風險議 題提呈特別報告。

在現階段,我們旨在進一步將內部監控及風險管理融入業務程序,包括年度預算編製及規劃。我們並非將COSO框架視為框架更新活動,而是考慮到本公司情況(包括其持續內部監控及風險管理改進計劃,以及企業社會責任策略及報告等其他策略措施)而採納全面方針。此等措施全部均有助落實最終目標,務求風險管理制度成為各營運單位日常採用之「靈活」系統。

### **CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT**

### 企業管治報告

#### The Board 董事會

- Has overall responsibility for the Group's risk management system and internal controls systems;
   整體負責本集團之風險管理制度及內部監控制度:
- Sets strategic objectives;

制定策略目標;

- Review the effectiveness of our risk management systems and internal control systems; 檢討風險管理制度及內部監控制度之成效;
- Monitors the nature and extent of risk exposure for our major risks; and 監察主要風險之性質及所承受風險程度;及
- Provides direction on the importance of risk management culture.
   就風險管理文化之重要性提供方針。

#### "Top-down"

Overseeing, identification, assessment and mitigation of risk at corporate level 「由上而下」於企業層面監察、識別、評估並減輕風險

#### Management 管理層

- Design, implements, and monitors risk management and internal controls systems; and 設計、實施及監察風險管理及內部監控制度:及
- Assesses our risk and mitigating measures Company-wide. 評估本公司各方面之風險及緩和措施。

#### Audit Committee 審核委員會

Supports the Board in monitoring risk exposure, design and operating
effectiveness of the underlying risk management and internal controls systems
支援董事會監察風險承受情況以及相關風險管理及內部監控制度之設計及運作成效

#### Operational Level 營運層面

- Risk identification, assessment and mitigation performed across the business; and 就業務識別、評估並減輕風險:及
- Risk management process and internal controls practiced across business operations and functional areas
   就業務營運及職能範疇落實風險管理程序及內部監控

### "Bottom-up"

assessment and mitigation of risk at business unit level and across functional areas 「由下而上」於業務單位「層面及就職能範疇識別,評估

並減輕風險



### Review of Risk Management & Internal Controls Effectiveness

In respect of the Year, the Company has engaged independent professional advisors (the "Advisors") to carry out the internal audit functions by performing independent appraisal of the adequacy and effectiveness of the Group's risk management and internal control systems. The Advisors have conducted an annual review (the "Annual Review") of and made recommendations to improve the effectiveness of the Group's risk management and internal control systems. Based on the Annual Review the Board considered the risk management and internal controls system effective and adequate. No significant areas of concern that may affect the financial, operational, compliance controls, and risk management functions of the Group has been identified. During the review, the Board also considered the resources, qualification and experience of staff of the Group's accounting and financial reporting functions, and their training and budget were adequate.

#### 檢討風險管理及內部監控之成效

就本年度而言,本公司已委聘獨立專業顧問(「顧問」)進行內部審計職能,方法為獨立評估本集團風險管理及內部監控制度是否充分及行之有效。顧問已進行年度檢討(「年度檢討」)並提供推薦意見,以改進本集團風險管理及內部監控制度之成效。根據年度檢討,董事會認為風險管理及內部監控制度行之有效及充分。概無識別到任何可能影響本集團財務、營運、合規監控及風險管理職能之重大事項。於檢討期間,董事會亦認為,本集團會計及財務申報職能員工之資源、資歷及經驗以及彼等之培訓及預算充裕。

#### HANDLING AND DISSEMINATION OF INSIDE INFORMATION

The Company has put in place a policy on handling and dissemination of inside information which sets out the procedures and internal controls for handling and dissemination of inside information in a timely manner in such a way to avoid placing any person in a privileged dealing position. The inside information policy also provides guidelines to employees of the Group to ensure proper safeguards exists to prevent the Company from breaching the statutory and listing rule disclosure requirements. The Company has appropriate internal control and reporting systems to identify and assess potential inside information. Dissemination of inside information of the Company shall be conducted by publishing the relevant information on the websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company, according to the requirements of the Listing Rules.

### CONSTITUTIONAL DOCUMENTS

There is no change in the Company's constitutional documents during the Year.

#### 處理及發佈內幕消息

本公司已訂立一項處理及發佈內幕消息的政策, 列出處理及發佈內幕消息的程序及內部監控,使 內幕消息得以適時處理及發佈,而不會導致任何 人士在證券交易上處於佔優的地位。內幕消息政 策亦為本集團僱員提供指引,確保設有適當的措 施,以預防本公司違反法定及上市規則的披露規 定。本公司設有適當的內部監控及匯報制度,識 別及評估潛在的內幕消息。根據上市規則的規定, 本公司發佈內幕消息,會透過聯交所及本公司網 站刊登相關消息。

#### 憲章文件

本公司之憲章文件於本年度並無變動。



#### **SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS**

#### Procedures for shareholders to convene an extraordinary general meeting and to put forward proposal at general meetings

Pursuant to Article 58 of the articles of association of the Company, the Board may whenever it thinks fit call extraordinary general meetings. Any one or more shareholders of the Company holding at the date of deposit of the requisition not less than one-tenth of the paid up capital of the Company carrying the right of voting at general meetings of the Company shall at all times have the right, by written requisition to the Board or the company secretary of the Company, to require an extraordinary general meeting to be called by the Board for the transaction of any business specified in such requisition; and such meeting shall be held within two (2) months after the deposit of such requisition. If within twenty-one (21) days of such deposit the Board fails to proceed to convene such meeting the requisitionist(s) himself (themselves) may do so in the same manner, and all reasonable expenses incurred by the requisitionist(s) as a result of the failure of the Board shall be reimbursed to the requisitionist(s) by the Company.

Pursuant to Article 85 of the articles of association of the Company, no person other than a Director retiring at the meeting shall, unless recommended by the Directors for election, be eligible for election as a Director at any general meeting unless a written notice (unless otherwise specifically stated and as further defined in the articles of association of the Company) (the "Notice") signed by a shareholder of the Company (other than the person to be proposed) duly qualified to attend and vote at the meeting for which such notice is given of his intention to propose such person for election and also a Notice signed by the person to be proposed of his willingness to be elected shall have been lodged at the head office of the Company or at the Hong Kong branch share registrar of the Company provided that the minimum length of the period, during which such Notice(s) are given, shall be at least seven (7) days and that (if the Notices are submitted after the despatch of the notice of the general meeting appointed for such election) the period for lodgment of such Notice(s) shall commence on the day after the despatch of the notice of the general meeting appointed for such election and end no later than seven (7) days prior to the date of such general meeting.

#### 股東權利

#### 股東召開股東特別大會及於股東大會上提呈決 議案之程序

根據本公司之組織章程細則第58條,董事會可於其認為適當之任何時候召開股東特別大會。任何一名或以上於遞呈要求日期持有不少於附本公司股東大會表決權之本公司繳足股本分之一之本公司股東,有權隨時透過向董事會會所來公司之公司秘書發出書面要求,要求董事會會用股東特別大會,以處理有關要求中指明之公司之公司秘書發出書面要求後兩[2]日內,董事會有公開有關大會,則遞呈要求人士可自行以有有內關大會,而遞呈要求人士可自行以有有別,而遞呈要求人士可自行以五至要求人士有過是要求人士作出補償。

根據本公司之組織章程細則第85條,除非獲董事推薦參選,否則除會上退任董事外,概無任何人士合資格於任何股東大會上參選董事,除非司正式合資格出席大會並於會上投票之本公司內,與參選人士除外)簽署書面通知(本公司內),當中表明建議提名該人士參選之通知(通知」),當中表明建議提名該人士參選之通知,送交本公司總辦事處或本公司香港股份過為完,並附上獲提名人士簽署表示願意參選之通知,送交本公司總辦事處或本公司香港股份過為完,前提為發出該等通知之期限最少須入處,前提為發出該等通知之期限最少須入處,前提為發出該等通知之期限最少須入處,前提為發出該等通知之期限最少須入園告後送交通知)遞交有關通知之期限於常時,並不得遲於該股東大會舉行日期前七[7]日結束。

### Procedures for directing shareholders' enquiries to the Board

Shareholders may at any time send their enquires and concerns to the Company, for the attention of the Board of Directors, by email: info@bingogroup.com.hk, or mail to Unit 202, 2/F, Chinaweal Centre, 414-424 Jaffe Road, Hong Kong.

Shareholders may also make enquiries with the Board at the general meetings of the Company.

#### Investor Relations and Communication

The Board recognizes the importance of good communications with all shareholders. The Company believes that maintaining a high level of transparency is a key to enhance investor relations. The Company is committed to a policy of open and timely disclosure of corporate information to its shareholders and investment public.

The Company updates its shareholders on its latest business developments and financial performance through its corporate publications including quarterly, interim and annual reports and public announcements. While the annual general meeting provides a valuable forum for direct communication between the Board and its shareholders, the Company also maintains its website to provide an alternative communication channel for the public and its shareholders. All corporate communication and Company's latest updates are available on the Company's website for public's information.

#### 向董事會提交股東查詢之程序

股東可隨時透過電郵info@bingogroup.com.hk,或郵寄至香港謝斐道414-424號中望商業中心 2樓202室,註明收件人為董事會,從而向本公司作出查詢及提問。

股東亦可在本公司股東大會上向董事會作出查詢。

#### 投資者關係及溝通

董事會深明與所有股東進行良好溝通之重要性。 本公司相信維持高水平之透明度乃提升投資者 關係之關鍵。本公司致力保持向其股東及投資大 眾公開及適時披露公司資料之政策。

本公司透過其公司刊物,包括季度報告、中期報告及年報以及公告,向其股東提供其最新業務發展及財務表現之最新資料。同時,股東週年大會為董事會與其股東直接溝通提供寶貴平台,本公司亦維護其網站以向公眾人士及其股東提供另一溝通渠道。所有公司通訊及本公司之最新資料均可於本公司網站供公眾人士查閱。

# DIRECTORS' REPORT 董事會報告

The board (the "Board") of directors ("Directors") of Bingo Group Holdings Limited (the "Company") is pleased to present the Directors' Report in this annual report for the year ended 31 March 2021 (the "Year").

比高集團控股有限公司(「本公司」)董事(「董事」)會(「董事會」)欣然提呈截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度(「本年度」)之本年報內的董事會報告。

#### **PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES**

# The principal activity of the Company is investment holding. The principal activities of the Company's subsidiaries are set out in note 37 to the consolidated financial statements.

An analysis of the Group's performance for the year ended 31 March 2021 by operating segment is set out in note 7 to the consolidated financial statements.

#### **RESULTS AND DIVIDEND**

The Group's loss for the year ended 31 March 2021 and the state of affairs of the Group at that date are set out in the consolidated financial statements on pages 56 to 59. The Directors of the Company do not recommend the payment of final dividend for the year ended 31 March 2021 (2020: Nil).

#### **SUMMARY FINANCIAL INFORMATION**

A summary of the published results and assets, liabilities and minority interests of the Group for the last five financial years is set out on page 180. This summary does not form part of the audited consolidated financial statements.

#### PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Details of movements in the property, plant and equipment of the Group during the Year are set out in note 18 to the consolidated financial statements.

#### **BUSINESS REVIEW**

Fair review of the Company's business and likely future development

Please refer to "Directors' Business Review" on pages 6 to 12.

#### 主要業務

本公司之主要業務為投資控股。本公司各附屬公司之主要業務載於綜合財務報表附註**37**。

有關本集團於截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度按經營分部進行之表現分析載於綜合財務報表附註7。

#### 業績及股息

本集團截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度之虧損、本集團於該日之事務狀況載於第56頁至第59頁之綜合財務報表。本公司董事並不建議派付截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度之末期股息(二零二零年:無)。

#### 財務資料摘要

本集團過去五個財政年度之已刊發業績及資產、 負債及少數股東權益之摘要載於第180頁。此摘 要並非經審核綜合財務報表一部分。

#### 物業、 廠房及設備

於本年度,有關本集團物業、廠房及設備之變動 詳情載於綜合財務報表附註18。

#### 業務回顧

對本公司業務之公正回顧及可能未來發展

請參閱第6至12頁「董事業務回顧」。



### Principal risks and uncertainties

Please refer to note 6 to the consolidated financial statements.

#### **Environmental protection**

The Group has taken an initiative to promote employees' awareness of environmental protection and the need to achieve efficient utilisation of resources through launching paper recycling in offices.

### Compliance with laws and regulations

In order to comply with the Prevention of Bribery Ordinance, the Group emphasises the importance of adhering to anticorruption practices for all employees. The Group regards honesty, integrity and fair play as its core values that must be upheld by all employees of the Group at all times. As such, the Board has instructed the Group's employees are not allowed to solicit or accept any advantage for themselves or others, from any person, company or organisations having business dealings with the Group.

### Company's key relationships with its employees

The Group has provided employees with opportunities to advance their career. The Group's policy is to encourage employees to take part in professional examinations, seminars and training courses related to their roles and duties through leave grants. Competitive remuneration is also offered to employees and their performance is reviewed on an annual basis reflecting each employee's contributions to the Group.

### **EQUITY-LINKED ARRANGEMENTS**

The Company operates a share option scheme for the purpose of providing incentives and rewards to eligible participants who contribute to the success of the Company's operations. Details of the share option scheme arrangement can be referred to the "Share Option Scheme" section in this Directors' report and note 34 to the consolidated financial statements.

### 主要風險及不確定因素

請參閱綜合財務報表附註6。

#### 環境保護

本集團已採取措施,通過於辦公室回收紙張提高 僱員之環保意識及達致有效利用資源之需要。

### 遵守法律及規則

為遵守《防止賄賂條例》,本集團高度重視全體僱員謹守反貪污常規。本集團視誠實、正直及公平公正為其核心價值,本集團所有僱員必須一直維護。因此,董事會作出指示,本集團僱員不得為自己或為他人向與本集團有業務來往之任何人士、公司或機構要求或接受任何形式之利益。

### 本公司與僱員之主要關係

本集團為僱員提供職業發展機會。本集團之政策 為透過假期發放,鼓勵僱員參與與其職位及職責 相關的專業考試、講座及訓練課程。本集團亦給 予僱員具競爭力的薪酬,並每年根據僱員個別對 本集團的貢獻評估表現。

### 與權益掛鈎之安排

本公司設有一項購股權計劃,旨在獎勵及回報合資格參與者對本公司業務成功作出之貢獻。購股權計劃安排之詳情可參閱本董事會報告「購股權計劃」一節及綜合財務報表附註34。

### **DIVIDEND POLICY**

The Board established a dividend policy (the "Dividend Policy") in January 2019. The Company endeavours to maintain adequate working capital to develop and operate the business of the Group and to provide stable and sustainable return to the shareholders of the Company.

In considering the payment of dividends, the Board shall take into account, among other things, the actual and expected financial performance of the Group, the capital and debt level of the Group, the general market conditions, any working capital requirements, capital expenditure requirements and future development plans of the Group, the liquidity position of the Group, contractual restrictions on payment of dividends, the statutory and regulatory restrictions which the Group is subject to from time to time and any other relevant factors that the Board may consider relevant.

The Company does not have any pre-determined dividend distribution ratio. The Company's dividend distribution record in the past does not necessarily imply that the similar level of dividends may be declared or paid by the Company in the future.

The declaration and payment of dividend by the Company is subject to any restrictions under the Companies Law of the Cayman Islands and the Company's articles of association and any other applicable laws and regulations. The Board will continually review the Dividend Policy and reserve the right in its sole and absolute discretion to update, amend, modify and/or cancel the Dividend Policy at any time.

The Dividend Policy shall in no way constitute a legally binding commitment by the Group in respect of its future dividend and/or in no way obligate the Group to declare a dividend at any time or from time to time.

### 股息政策

董事會於二零一九年一月制訂股息政策(「股息政策」)。本公司致力維持充足的營運資金以發展及經營本集團業務,並為本公司股東提供穩定及可持續的回報。

於考慮支付股息時,董事會應考慮(其中包括)本集團的實際及預期財務表現、本集團的資本及債務水平、整體市況、任何營運資金需求、資本開支要求及本集團的未來發展計劃、本集團的流動資金狀況、支付股息的合約限制、本集團不時受到的法定及監管限制以及董事會可能認為相關的任何其他相關因素。

本公司並無任何預先釐定的股息分配比率。本公司過往的股息分配記錄並非一定意味著本公司 日後可能宣派或支付類似股息水平。

本公司宣派及派付股息須遵守開曼群島公司法 及本公司組織章程細則及任何其他適用法律法 規的任何限制。董事會將持續檢討股息政策並保 留其唯一及絕對酌情權隨時更新、修訂、修改 及/或取消股息政策。

股息政策不會以任何方式構成本集團有關其未來股息的具法律約束力承諾及/或不會以任何 方式令本公司有責任隨時或不時宣派股息。

### SHARE CAPITAL, SHARE OPTIONS AND CONVERTIBLE BONDS

Details of movements in either the Company's convertible bonds, share capital and share options during the Year are set out in notes 31, 32 and 34 to the consolidated financial statements respectively.

### PURCHASE, REDEMPTION OR SALE OF LISTED SECURITIES OF THE COMPANY

Neither the Company, nor any of its subsidiaries purchased, redeemed or sold any of the Company's listed securities during the year ended 31 March 2021.

### **RESERVES**

Details of movements in the reserves of the Company and the Group during the Year are set out in note 33 to the consolidated financial statements and in the consolidated statement of changes in equity, respectively.

### **PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS**

There is no provision for pre-emptive rights under the articles of association of the Company or the laws of the Cayman Islands.

### **MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS**

During in the Year, sales to the Group's five largest customers accounted for 1.61% of the total sales for the year and sales to the largest customer included therein amounted to 1.13%. Purchases from the Group's five largest suppliers accounted to 94.17% of the total cost of sales for the year and purchases from the largest supplier included therein amounted to 86.21%.

None of the Directors of the Company or any of their associates or any shareholders which, to the best knowledge of the Directors, own more than 5% of the Company's issued share capital had any beneficial interest in the Group's five largest customers and/or five largest suppliers during the Year.

### 股本、購股權及可換股債券

於本年度,有關本公司可換股債券、股本及購股權之變動詳情分別載於綜合財務報表附註31、 32及34。

### 購買、贖回或出售本公司上市證券

截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度,本公司或 其任何附屬公司概無購買、贖回或出售本公司任 何上市證券。

### 儲備

本公司及本集團儲備於本年度之變動詳情分別 載於綜合財務報表附註33及綜合權益變動表。

### 優先購股權

本公司之組織章程細則或開曼群島法例並無載 列有關優先購股權之條文。

### 主要客戶及供應商

於本年度內,本集團向五大客戶作出之銷售額佔本年度之銷售總額1.61%,而當中向最大客戶作出之銷售額佔1.13%。本集團向五大供應商作出之購貨額佔本年度之銷售成本總額94.17%,而當中向最大供應商作出之購貨額佔86.21%。

就董事所深知·於本年度內,擁有本公司已發行股本逾5%之本公司董事或彼等任何聯繫人士或任何股東概無於本集團五大客戶及/或五大供應商中擁有任何實益權益。



### **DIRECTORS**

The Directors of the Company during the Year and up to the date of this report were:

#### **Executive Directors:**

Mr. CHIAU Sing Chi Ms. CHOW Man Ki Kelly

Mr. LAU Man Kit

Ms. CHOW Nga Chee Alice (appointed on 31 March 2021)

Mr. LIN Jason

(appointed on 31 March 2021)

Mr. YIP Yiu Bong

(appointed on 1 June 2020 as a non-executive Director and re-designated as an executive Director on 31 March 2021)

#### Non-executive Director:

Mrs. CHIN CHOW Chung Hang Roberta

### Independent non-executive Directors:

Ms. CHOI Mei Ping

Mr. TSOI Chiu Yuk (resigned on 6 May 2020)

Mr. ONG King Keung

Mr. TSUI Wing Tak (appointed on 5 August 2020)

At the forthcoming annual general meeting, Ms. CHOW Man Ki Kelly, Mr. LAU Man Kit and Mr. ONG King Keung shall retire by rotation in accordance with Article 84(1), and Ms. CHOW Nga Chee Alice and Mr. LIN Jason shall retire in accordance with Article 83(3). All of them (other than Mr. LIN Jason) being eligible, will offer themselves for re-election thereat. Mr. LIN is not contactable since May 2021 till the date of this annual report and shall be subject to re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting pursuant to Article 83(3).

The Company confirmed that it has received from each of its independent non-executive Directors an annual confirmation of his independence pursuant to Rule 5.09 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on GEM of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "GEM Listing Rules") for the year ended 31 March 2021 and it still considered them to be independent as the date of this report.

### 董事

本年度內及截至本報告日期之本公司董事為:

### 執行董事:

周星馳先生

周文姬女士

劉文傑先生

周雅緻女士

(於二零二一年三月三十一日獲委任)

LIN Jason 先生

(於二零二一年三月三十一日獲委任)

葉耀邦先生

(於二零二零年六月一日獲委任為非執行董事 及於二零二一年三月三十一日獲調任為執行董事)

### 非執行董事:

陳鄒重珩女士

#### 獨立非執行董事:

蔡美平女士

蔡朝旭先生(於二零二零年五月六日辭任)

王競強先生

徐永得先生(於二零二零年八月五日獲委任)

於應屆股東週年大會上,周文姬女士、劉文傑先生及王競強先生須根據組織章程細則第84[1]條輪值告退,及周雅緻女士及LIN Jason 先生須根據組織章程細則第83[3]條退任。除LIN Jason 先生外,彼等均符合資格並願意於大會上接受重選。自二零二一年五月起直至本年報日期無法與LIN 先生取得聯絡,而彼須根據組織章程細則第83[3]條於應屆股東週年大會上接受重選。

本公司確認已接獲各獨立非執行董事於截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度根據香港聯合交易所有限公司GEM證券上市規則(「GEM上市規則」)第5.09條作出之年度獨立確認書,截至本報告日期,本公司仍認為彼等屬獨立人士。



### **DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS**

During the Year, none of the Directors has a service contract with the Company which is not determinable by the Company within one year without payment of compensation, other than statutory compensation.

### DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN TRANSACTIONS, ARRANGEMENTS OR CONTRACTS

Save as disclosed in note 35 to the consolidated financial statements, no other transactions, arrangements or contracts of significance in relation to the Group's business to which the Company, any of the subsidiaries or its holding company was a party and in which any Director had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the year or at the time during the Year.

#### MANAGEMENT CONTRACTS

No contracts concerning the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of the business of the Company were entered into or existed during the Year.

### **INDEMNITY OF DIRECTORS**

The Company has arranged for Directors' Liability Insurance Policy for indemnifying their liabilities arising from corporate activities. The coverage and the amount insured under such policy are reviewed annually by the Company.

### DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVES' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES

As at 31 March 2021, the following Directors of the Company had or were deemed to have interests or short positions in the shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company and its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Future Ordinance (Chapter 571 of the Laws of Hong Kong) (the "SFO")) (i) which were required to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests or short positions which they were taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO); or (ii) which were required, pursuant to

### 董事之服務合約

於本年度,概無董事與本公司訂有本公司不得於一年內不作賠償(法定賠償除外)而予以終止之服務合約。

### 董事於交易、 安排或合約中之權益

除綜合財務報表附註35所披露者外,董事並無在由本公司、任何附屬公司或其控股公司訂立與本集團業務有關且於本年底或本年度內仍然有效之其他重大交易、安排或合約中直接或間接擁有重大權益。

### 管理合約

於本年度概無訂立或存有任何與本公司業務整體或任何重大部分之管理及行政有關之合約。

### 董事彌償

本公司已為各董事購買董事責任保險,以保障其因企業行為而引起之法律責任,本公司均會為該保險的保障範圍及保額進行年度檢討。

### 董事及最高行政人員於股份及相關股份之權益及淡倉

於二零二一年三月三十一日,下列本公司董事於本公司及其相聯法團(定義見香港法例第571章證券及期貨條例(「證券及期貨條例」)第XV部)之股份、相關股份或債券中,擁有或被視作擁有[i]根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第7及8分部須知會本公司及聯交所之權益或淡倉(包括彼等根據證券及期貨條例有關條文被當作或視作擁有之權益或淡倉);或[ii]根據證券及期貨條例第352條須記入該條所述登記冊之權益或淡倉;或[iii]根



section 352 of the SFO, to be entered in the register referred to herein; or (iii) which were, pursuant to rules 5.46 to 5.67 of the GEM Listing Rules relating to securities transactions by the Directors to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange:

據GEM上市規則第5.46至5.67條有關董事進行證券交易之規定須知會本公司及聯交所之權益或淡倉:

### (a) Long positions in the shares of the Company

### (a) 於本公司股份之好倉

			<b>Approximate</b>
			percentage of
			issued share
		Number of	capital of
Name of Directors	Nature of interest	Shares held	the Company
			佔本公司
			已發行股本
董事姓名	權益性質	所持股份數目	概約百分比
Mr. CHIAU Sing Chi	Beneficial owner	27,573,529	3.22%
周星馳先生	實益擁有人		
	Held by trust (Note 1)	402,121,240	47.01%
	由信託持有(附註1)		
Ms. CHOW Man Ki Kelly	Held by trust (Note 1)	402,121,240	47.01%
周文姬女士	由信託持有(附註1)		

### Notes:

- These shares are registered in the name of Beglobal Investments Limited and Golden Treasure Global Investment Limited. Beglobal Investments Limited and Golden Treasure Global Investment Limited are companies indirectly owned by a discretionary trust, the discretionary objects of which are Mr. CHIAU Sing Chi, Ms. CHOW Man Ki Kelly and their family.
- 2. The total number of the issued share capital of the Company as at 31 March 2021 was 855,384,669.

### 附註:

- 1. 該等股份乃以Beglobal Investments
  Limited及Golden Treasure Global
  Investment Limited之名義登記。
  Beglobal Investments Limited及Golden
  Treasure Global Investment Limited均
  為由酌情信託對象為周星馳先生、周文姬
  女士及其家屬之酌情信託間接擁有之公司。
- 2. 本公司於二零二一年三月三十一日之已 發行股本總數為855,384,669股。



### (b) Long positions in the underlying shares of the Company

The Company adopted a share option scheme on 15 August 2012 which the Board may, at their discretion, offer employees, Directors, or any other persons who have contributed to the Group to take up share options to subscribe for shares subject to the terms and conditions stipulated in that share option scheme.

Details of the share options granted to the Directors under the Schemes and movements in such holdings during the Year were as follows:

### (b) 於本公司相關股份之好倉

本公司已於二零一二年八月十五日採納一項購股權計劃,據此,董事會可酌情向曾經對本集團作出貢獻之僱員、董事或任何其他人士提出要約,以根據購股權計劃訂明之條款及條件接納可認購股份之購股權。

於本年度,該等計劃項下授予董事之購股權及其持有量變動詳情如下:

Name of Directors 董事姓名	Option type 購股權 類別 (Note 1) (附註1)	Number of options held as at 1 April 2020 於二零二零年四月一日所持購股權數目 ('000)	Number of options granted during the Year 於本年度 授出之 購股權數目 (1000)	Number of options exercised during the Year 於本年度 行使之 購股權數目 ('000)	Number of options cancelled/ lapsed during the Year 於本年度 註銷/失效之購股權數目 (1000)	Number of options held as at 31 March 2021 於二零二一年三月三十一日所持購股權數目('000)
Mr. CHIAU Sing Chi	2015A	2,000	_	_	(2,000)	_
周星馳先生	2017A	8,500	_	_	_	8,500
Ms. CHOW Man Ki Kelly	2015A	750	_	_	(750)	-
周文姬女士	2016A	7,500	-	-	-	7,500
	2018A	7,500	-	-	-	7,500
Mr. LAU Man Kit	2015A	750	-	-	(750)	-
劉文傑先生	2016A	750	-	-	-	750
Mrs. CHIN CHOW Chung Hang Roberta	2015A	750	-	-	(750)	-
陳鄒重珩女士	2016A	750	-	-	-	750
Ms. CHOI Mei Ping	2015A	750	-	-	(750)	-
蔡美平女士	2016A	750	-	-	-	750
Mr. TSOI Chiu Yuk 蔡朝旭先生	2016A	750	-	-	(750)	
Total 總計		31,500	-	-	(5,750)	25,750

Note 1: Details of specific categories of share options are disclosed in note 36 to the consolidated financial statements.

附註1: 有關特定類別購股權之詳情於綜合財務報表附註36披露。



In addition to 8,500,000 number of Shares which would be allotted and issued upon the exercise in full of the options offered to Mr. CHIAU Sing Chi under the share option scheme of the Company as mentioned above, and 8,550,000 number of Shares granted to him on 16 August 2019 pursuant to the Share Award Scheme, 55,147,057 number of Shares which would be allotted and issued upon the exercise in full of the convertible bonds held by Mr. CHIAU Sing Chi, as at 31 March 2021.

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 March 2021, none of the Directors nor the chief executive of the Company had or was deemed to have any interests or short positions in the shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company and its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO), (i) which were required to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests or short positions which were taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO); or (ii) which were required, pursuant to section 352 of the SFO, to be entered in the register referred to therein; or (iii) which were, pursuant to rules 5.46 to 5.67 of the GEM Listing Rules relating to securities transactions by Directors to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange.

### SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' AND OTHER PERSONS' INTERESTS IN SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES

So far as known to the Directors, as at 31 March 2021, the following persons (not being Directors or chief executive of the Company) had, or was deemed to have, interests or short in the shares or underlying shares (i) which would fall to be disclosed to the Company and the Stock Exchange under the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO; or (ii) who is expected, directly and indirectly, interested in 10% or more of the nominal value of any class of share capital carrying rights to vote in all circumstances at general meetings of any member of the Group or (iii) which were required, pursuant to section 336 of the SFO, to be entered in the register referred to therein:

除上文所述根據本公司購股權計劃授予周星馳先生之購股權獲全面行使時將予配發及發行之8,500,000股股份及根據股份獎勵計劃於二零一九年八月十六日授予其之8,550,000股股份外,於二零二一年三月三十一日,周星馳先生所持可換股債券獲全面行使時將予配發及發行55,147,057股股份。

### 主要股東及其他人士於股份及相關股份之權益 份之權益

就董事所知,於二零二一年三月三十一日,以下人士(並非本公司董事或最高行政人員)於股份或相關股份中擁有或被視作擁有[i]根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第2及3分部之條文須向本公司及聯交所披露之權益或淡倉;或[iii]預期直接或間接擁有任何類別股本(賦予其持有人權利於任何情況下在本集團任何成員公司之股東大會上投票)面值10%或以上權益之權益或淡倉;或[iii]根據證券及期貨條例第336條須記錄於該條所述登記冊之權益或淡倉;

### Long position in the shares and underlying shares of the Company

### 於本公司股份及相關股份之好倉

		<b>Approximate</b>
		percentage of
		issued share
	Number of	capital of
Name of Shareholders	Shares held	the Company
		佔本公司已發行
股東名稱	所持股份數目	股本概約百分比
Sinostar FE (PTC) Limited (Note 1) (附註1)	402,121,240	47.01%
Treasure Offshore Holdings Limited (Note 1) (附註1)	402,121,240	47.01%
Beglobal Investments Limited (Note 2) (附註2)	402,121,240	47.01%
Golden Treasure Global Investment Limited (Note 2) (附註2)	72,500,000	8.48%
KO Kin Hang 高健行	43,375,000	5.07%

#### Notes:

- Mr. CHIAU Sing Chi, Ms. CHOW Man Ki, Kelly and their family are the beneficiaries of a discretionary trust of which Sinostar FE (PTC) Limited ("Sinostar") is the trustee. Sinostar as the trustee of the discretionary trust is the sole shareholder of Treasure Offshore Holdings Limited, which is the sole shareholder of Beglobal Investments Limited.
- Beglobal Investments Limited directly holds 329,621,240 shares
  of the Company (representing approximately 38.53% of the
  issued share capital of the Company) and indirectly holds
  72,500,000 shares of the Company (representing approximately
  8.48% of the issued share capital of the Company) through
  Golden Treasure Global Investment Limited as at 31 March
  2021.

### **SHARE OPTION SCHEME**

Pursuant to resolution passed on 15 August 2012, a share option scheme (the "Scheme") was adopted for the primary purpose of providing incentives to directors, eligible employees and participants who have contributed to the Group, and will expire on 14 August 2022. Under the Scheme, the board of directors of the Company may grant options to certain employees of the Group and any distributor, contractor, business partner, promoter, service provider, customer, supplier, consultants, agents and advisers or any person who, in the sole discretion of the Board, has contributed or may contribute to the Group in recognition of their contribution to the Group.

#### 附註:

- 1. 周星馳先生、周文姬女士及其家屬為一個全權信託之受益人,Sinostar FE (PTC) Limited (「Sinostar」)為該全權信託之受託人。作為該全權信託之受託人,Sinostar為Treasure Offshore Holdings Limited之唯一股東,而該公司為Beglobal Investments Limited之唯一股東。
- 2. 於二零二一年三月三十一日,Beglobal Investments Limited直接持有329,621,240股本公司股份(佔本公司已發行股本約38.53%),並透過Golden Treasure Global Investment Limited間接持有72,500,000股本公司股份(佔本公司已發行股本約8.48%)。

### 購股權計劃

根據於二零一二年八月十五日通過之決議案,本公司就鼓勵為本集團作出貢獻的董事、合資格僱員及參與者採納購股權計劃(「該計劃」),有關計劃將於二零二二年八月十四日屆滿。根據該計劃,本公司董事會可向本集團若干僱員以及任何分銷商、承包商、業務夥伴、發起人、服務供應商、客戶、供應商、諮詢人、代理及顧問或董事會全權酌情認為曾為或可能會為本集團作出貢獻。



The number and exercise prices of outstanding share options, which were granted before 1 April 2020, as at 31 March 2021 were adjusted due to share consolidation effective on 2 May 2019. As at the date of this annual report, the total number of shares of the Company available for issue under the Scheme is 85,538,466 shares, which represents approximately 10.0% of the number of total issued shares of the Company, and the Company had 67,750,000 share options outstanding under the Scheme, which represented approximately 7.9% of the Company's shares in issue as at that date.

由於股份合併於二零一九年五月二日生效,於二零二零年四月一日之前授出的尚未行使購股權於二零二一年三月三十一日之數目及行使價已進行調整。於本年報日期,根據該計劃可供發行之本公司股份總數為85,538,466股,相當於本公司已發行股份總數約10.0%,本公司根據該計劃尚未行使之購股權為67,750,000份,相當於該日本公司已發行股份約7.9%。

As at 31 March 2021, the remaining life of the Scheme was approximately 1 years and 5 months.

於二零二一年三月三十一日,該計劃餘下年期約 為一年零五個月。

					Number of	
			Number of	Number of	options	Number of
		Number of	options	options	cancelled/	options
		options	granted	exercised	lapsed	held as at
		held as at	during	during	during	31 March
Category	Option type	1 April 2020	the Year	the Year	the Year	2021
		於二零二零年	於本年度	於本年度	於本年度	於二零二一年
		四月一日	授出之	行使之	註銷/失效之	三月三十一日
類別	購股權類別	所持購股權數目	購股權數目	購股權數目	購股權數目	所持購股權數目
		('000)	('000)	('000)	('000)	('000)
		(千份)	(千份)	(千份)	(千份)	(千份)
Directors董事	2015A	5,000	_	_	(5,000)	_
	2016A	10,500	_	_	(750)	9,750
	2017A	8,500	_	_	_	8,500
	2018A	7,500	_	_	_	7,500
Employees 僱員	2018A	15,000	_	_	(7,500)	7,500
Advisors顧問	2015A	1,000	_	_	(1,000)	_
	2016A	1,500	_	_	_	1,500
	2018A	22,500	_	_	(15,000)	7,500
	2020A		25,500	_	_	25,500
Total總計		71,500	25,500	_	(29,250)	67,750

Note: Details of specific categories of share options are disclosed in note 36 to the consolidated financial statements.

附註: 有關特定類別購股權之詳情於綜合財務報表附 註36披露。

### THE SHARE AWARD SCHEME

On 14 August 2019 (the "Adoption Date"), the Board adopted the Share Award Scheme which has taken effect immediately. The following is a summary of the principal terms and conditions of the Share Award Scheme:

#### Purposes and objectives

The purposes of the Share Award Scheme are to recognise and reward the contribution of Eligible Persons, which are defined below, to the growth and development of the Group, to give incentives to Eligible Persons in order to retain them for the continual operation and development of the Group and to attract suitable personnel for further development of the Group.

#### **Duration**

Subject to any early termination as may be determined by the Board, the Share Award Scheme shall be valid and effective for a term of ten (10) years commencing on the Adoption Date.

### **Eligible Persons**

Pursuant to the terms of the Share Award Scheme, the following classes of participants (each an "Eligible Person") are eligible for participation in the Share Award Scheme:

- (a) any employee (an "Employee") (whether full time or part time, including any executive director but excluding any non-executive director) of any member of the Group or any entity (the "Invested Entity") in which the Group holds any equity interest;
- (b) any non-executive directors (including independent nonexecutive directors) of the Company, any of its subsidiaries or any Invested Entity;
- (c) any adviser (professional or otherwise), consultant to or expert in any area of business or business development of any member of the Group or any Invested Entity; and

### 股份獎勵計劃

於二零一九年八月十四日(「採納日期」),董事會採納股份獎勵計劃,並已即時生效。以下為股份獎勵計劃之主要條款及條件之概要:

#### 目的及目標

股份獎勵計劃之目的為表彰及獎勵合資格人士 (定義如下)對本集團增長和發展之貢獻,並給 予合資格人士獎勵以挽留彼等為本集團之持續 經營和發展而努力,亦為本集團進一步發展吸引 合適之人才。

#### 有效期

股份獎勵計劃將由採納日期起生效,有效期為十 [10]年,惟董事會可決定提前終止。

#### 合資格人士

根據股份獎勵計劃之條款,下列類別的參與者(各稱為「合資格人士」)符合資格參與股份獎勵計劃:

- [a] 本集團任何成員公司或本集團於其中持有 任何股權的任何實體(「被投資實體」)的任 何僱員(「僱員」)(全職或兼職,包括任何 執行董事,惟不包括任何非執行董事);
- (b) 本公司、其任何附屬公司或任何被投資實體的任何非執行董事(包括獨立非執行董事):
- [c] 本集團任何成員公司或任何被投資實體於 任何方面的業務或業務發展的任何顧問(專 業或其他方面)、諮詢人或專家;及



- (d) any other group or classes of participants who have contributed or may contribute by way of joint venture, business alliance or other business arrangement to the development and growth of the Group,
- (d) 透過合營企業、企業聯盟或其他業務安排 的方式,已經或可能對本集團的發展及增 長有所貢獻的任何其他組別或類別的參與 者,

and, for the purposes of the Share Award Scheme, the awarded shares may be made to any company wholly owned by one or more of the above participant(s). The eligibility of any of the Eligible Persons to an awarded shares shall be determined by the Board from time to time on the basis of the Board's opinion as to his contribution and/or future contribution to the development and growth of the Group.

且就股份獎勵計劃而言,獎勵股份可能授予由上述一名或多名參與者全資擁有的任何公司。任何合資格人士獲得獎勵股份的資格,須經由董事會不時按董事會就其對本集團發展及增長作出的貢獻及/或未來貢獻的意見而釐定。

The grant of the awarded shares to the Eligible Person(s) is through (i) the purchase of awarded shares by the Company's administration committee or the trustee of the Share Award Scheme; and/or (ii) issue of new awarded shares under the general mandate approved at the Company's general meetings.

透過以下方式向合資格人士授予獎勵股份:[i]本公司管理委員會或股份獎勵計劃的受託人購買獎勵股份:及/或[ii]根據本公司股東大會批准的一般授權發行新的獎勵股份。

Save as the awarded shares granted on 16 August 2019 and 14 October 2019, the Company has not granted any awarded shares.

除於二零一九年八月十六日及二零一九年十月 十四日授出獎勵股份之外,本公司並無授予任何 獎勵股份。

For further details of the Share Award Scheme, please refer to the Company's announcement dated 14 August 2019. 有關股份獎勵計劃的更多詳情,請參閱本公司日期為二零一九年八月十四日的公告。

### DIRECTORS' AND EMPLOYEES' RIGHTS TO ACQUIRE SHARES OR DEBENTURES

### 董事及僱員購入股份或債券之權利

Save as disclosed under the sections headed "DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVES' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES" and "SHARE OPTION SCHEME" above, none of the Directors or employees of the Group or their associates were granted by the Company or its subsidiaries the rights to acquire shares or debentures of the Company or any other body corporate, or had exercised any such rights as at 31 March 2021.

除上文標題為「董事及最高行政人員於股份及相關股份之權益及淡倉」及「購股權計劃」兩節所披露者外,概無董事或本集團之僱員或彼等之聯繫人士獲本公司或其附屬公司授予權利購入本公司或任何其他法人團體之股份或債券,或於二零二一年三月三十一日已行使任何該等權利。

### **REMUNERATION POLICY**

### 薪酬政策

The primary goal of our policy for remuneration packages is to ensure that the Directors are fairly rewarded and that they receive appropriate incentives to maintain high standards of performance.

本公司薪酬政策之主要目的為確保董事獲得公 平報酬及適當激勵,以保持高水準表現。

Details of the Director's emoluments and the five highest paid individuals of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2021 are set out in notes 13 and 14 to the consolidated financial statements

截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度之董事薪酬及本集團五位最高薪酬人士之詳情載於綜合財務報表附註13及14。

### **CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS**

Saved as disclosed in note 35 to the consolidated financial statements, no other connected transactions (including continuing connected transactions) were entered into by the Group under the GEM Listing Rules.

#### **COMPETING INTEREST**

None of the Directors, the management shareholders or the substantial shareholders of the Company, or any of their respective associates, has engaged in any business that competes or may compete with the business of the Group or has any other conflict of interest with the Group.

#### SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

Based on information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the Directors, at least 25% of the Company's total issued share capital was held by the public as at the date of this report.

### DISCLOSURE OF DIRECTORS' INFORMATION UNDER THE RULE 17.50A(1) OF THE GEM LISTING RULES

Mr. ONG King Keung, an independent non-executive Director, has resigned as an independent non-executive director of My Heart Bodibra Group Limited (stock code: 8297) with effect from 11 May 2021, and was appointed as an independent non-executive director of K Group Holdings Limited (stock code: 8475) on 6 May 2021.

Mr. TSUI Wing Tak, an independent non-executive Director, has resigned as an executive director of Aurum Pacific (China) Group Limited (stock code: 8148) with effect from 3 December 2020, and was appointed as an executive director of CBK Holdings Limited (stock code: 8428) on 11 December 2020.

The shares of above four companies are listed on GEM.

### 關連交易

除綜合財務報表附註35所披露者外,本集團並無訂立GEM上市規則項下之任何其他關連交易(包括持續關連交易)。

### 競爭權益

本公司董事、管理層股東或主要股東或彼等各自 任何聯繫人士概無從事任何與本集團業務構成 或可能構成競爭或與本集團有任何其他利益衝 突之業務。

### 足夠公眾持股量

根據本公司可公開取得之資料及據董事所知,於 本報告日期,本公司已發行股本總數最少25% 由公眾人士持有。

### 根據 GEM 上市規則第 17.50A(1) 條披露 董事資料

獨立非執行董事王競強先生於二零二一年五月十一日辭任心心芭迪貝伊集團有限公司(股份代號:8297)獨立非執行董事,及於二零二一年五月六日獲委任為千盛集團控股有限公司(股份代號:8475)獨立非執行董事。

獨立非執行董事徐永得先生於二零二零年十二 月三日辭任奧栢中國集團有限公司(股份代號: 8148)執行董事,及於二零二零年十二月十一 日獲委任為國茂控股有限公司(股份代號: 8428)執行董事。

上述四家公司的股份於GEM上市。

### **AUDITORS**

CHENG & CHENG LIMITED will retire and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-appointment. A resolution for the reappointment of CHENG & CHENG LIMITED as auditors of the Company is to be proposed at the forthcoming annual general meeting.

On behalf of the Board

CHOW Man Ki Kelly

Executive Director

Hong Kong, 29 June 2021

### 核數師

鄭鄭會計師事務所有限公司將退任並符合資格 且願意獲續聘。續聘鄭鄭會計師事務所有限公司 為本公司核數師之決議案將提呈應屆股東週年 大會。

代表董事會

執行董事 **周文姬** 

香港,二零二一年六月二十九日



TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF BINGO GROUP HOLDINGS LIMITED

(incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

### **OPINION**

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of BINGO GROUP HOLDINGS LIMITED (the "Company") and its subsidiaries ("the Group") set out on pages 56 to 179, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 March 2021, and the consolidated statement of profit or loss, consolidated statement of other comprehensive income, consolidated statement of changes in equity and consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 March 2021, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") and have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

### **BASIS FOR OPINION**

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing ("HKSAs") issued by the HKICPA. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA's Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants ("the Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

致比高集團控股有限公司之全體股東

(於開曼群島註冊成立之有限公司)

### 意見

本核數師(「我們」)已審核列載於第56至179頁 比高集團控股有限公司(「貴公司」)及其附屬公司(「貴集團」)之綜合財務報表,此等綜合財務 報表包括於二零二一年三月三十一日之綜合財 務狀況報表與截至該日止年度之綜合損益表、綜 合其他全面收益表、綜合權益變動表及綜合現金 流量表,以及綜合財務報表附註,包括主要會計 政策概要。

我們認為,綜合財務報表按照香港會計師公會 (「香港會計師公會」)頒佈之香港財務報告準則 (「香港財務報告準則」)真實及公平地反映 貴 集團於二零二一年三月三十一日之綜合財務狀 況,及 貴集團截至該日止年度之綜合財務業績 及綜合現金流量,並已按照香港公司條例之披露 規定妥為編製。

### 意見之基礎

我們的審核工作乃按照香港會計師公會頒佈之香港審計準則(「香港審計準則」)進行。我們在該等準則下之責任已在本報告「核數師就審核綜合財務報表須承擔之責任」部分中作進一步闡述。根據香港會計師公會頒佈之專業會計師道德守則(「守則」),我們獨立於 貴集團,並已根據守則履行我們的其他道德責任。我們相信,我們所獲得之審核憑證能充足及適當地為我們的意見提供基礎。

### **KEY AUDIT MATTERS**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

How the matter was addressed in our audit

### Key Audit Matter

Impairment assessment of goodwill, related property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets
Refer to Notes 18, 19 and 20 to the consolidated financial statements

As at 31 March 2021, the carrying amounts of goodwill, related property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets amounted to HK\$nil (net of impairment), HK\$572,000 (net of impairment) and HK\$921,000 (net of impairment) respectively, attributable to the cinema investment and management business cashgenerating units are assessed annually whenever there is an indication that the cash-generating unit may be impaired, for impairment.

Impairment tests require the estimation of recoverable amounts of the relevant cash-generating units and group of cash-generating units. The recoverable amount of the cash-generating units and group of cash-generating units was determined using value in use calculations, based on discounted future cash flows forecast prepared by the management of the Group as detailed in Note 20 to the consolidated financial statements.

We identified the impairment assessment as a key audit matter because it involves a significant degree of judgement made by management which includes:

- Preparing future cash flow forecasts for the relevant cashgenerating units and group of cash generating units; and
- Selecting and applying appropriate growth and discount rates.

Our procedures in relation to impairment of goodwill and related property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets included:

- Assessing the reliability of management's forecasts by comparing previous budgets to actual results:
- Assessing the reasonableness of the key assumptions of the forecasts based on our knowledge of the industry and evidence provided;
- Understanding key controls over the accounting estimates of recoverable amounts:
- Reconciling input data to supporting evidence and checking the mathematical accuracy of the value in use calculations; and
- Performing sensitivity analysis on the key inputs for the management's forecast of the impairment assessment.

### 關鍵審核事項

關鍵審核事項是根據我們的專業判斷,認為對本期綜合財務報表之審核最為重要之事項。該等事項是在我們審核整體綜合財務報表及出具意見時進行處理的。我們不會對該等事項提供單獨意見。

#### 關鍵審核事項

我們的審核 如何處理該事項

商譽、相關物業、 廠房及設備以及使用權資產減 值評估 參閱綜合財務報表附註18、 19及20

於二零二一年三月三十一日, 影院投資及管理業務現金產生 單位應佔商譽、相關物業、廠房 及設備及使用權資產的賬面值 分別為零港元(扣除減值)、 572,000港元(扣除減值),於 每年於有跡象表明現金產生。 位存在減值時進行減值評估。

減值測試需要估計相關現金產生單位及現金產生單位組別的可收回金額。現金產生單位組別的可收回金額乃根據使用價值計算,基於貴集團管理層編製貼現未來現金流量預測而釐定(載於綜合財務報表附註20)。

我們將減值評估確定為關鍵審 核事項,乃因其涉及管理層作 出的重大判斷,包括:

- 編製相關現金產生單位及 現金產生單位組別的未來 現金流量預測;及
- 選擇及應用適當的增長率 及貼現率。

我們有關商譽、相關物業、廠房及設備以及使用權資產減值的程序包括:

- 通過將過往預算 與實際結果相比 較,評估管理層 預測的可靠性;
- 根據我們對行業的 的解及所提供的 的證據,確定預 測的關鍵假設之 合理性:
- 一 了解對可收回金 額會計估計的關 鍵控制:
- 一 將輸入數據與支持證據對賬,檢查使用價值計算中的數學精度;及
- 對管理層預測減值評估的關鍵輸入值進行敏感度分析。



### **OTHER INFORMATION**

The directors of the Company are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report but does not include the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

## RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTORS AND THOSE CHARGED WITH GOVERNANCE FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Audit Committee are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

### 其他資料

貴公司董事須對其他資料負責。其他資料包括年報所載資料,但不包括綜合財務報表及我們的核數師報告。

我們對綜合財務報表之意見並不涵蓋其他資料, 我們亦不對該等其他資料發表任何形式之鑒證 結論。

就我們審核綜合財務報表而言,我們的責任是閱讀其他資料,在此過程中,考慮其他資料是否與綜合財務報表或我們在審核過程中所了解之情況存在重大抵觸或者似乎存在重大錯誤陳述之情況。基於我們已執行之工作,如果我們認為其他資料存在重大錯誤陳述,我們須報告有關事實。在這方面,我們沒有任何報告。

### 董事及管理層就綜合財務報表須承擔 之責任

貴公司董事須負責根據香港會計師公會頒佈之 香港財務報告準則及香港公司條例之披露規定 編製真實而中肯之綜合財務報表,並對其認為為 使綜合財務報表之編製不存在由於欺詐或錯誤 而導致之重大錯誤陳述所需內部控制負責。

在編製綜合財務報表時,董事負責評估 貴集團 之持續經營能力,並在適用情況下披露與持續經 營有關之事項,以及使用持續經營為會計基礎, 除非董事有意將 貴集團清盤或停止經營,或別 無其他實際替代方案。

審核委員會負責監督 貴集團財務報告過程。

### AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. This report is made solely to you, as a body, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with HKSAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- ldentify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.

### 核數師就審核綜合財務報表須承擔之 責任

我們的目標,是對綜合財務報表整體是否不存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致之重大錯誤陳述取得合理保證,並出具包括我們意見之核數師報告。本報告僅向閣下(作為整體)作出,而不作其他用途。我們不對任何其他人士就本報告內容負上可以承擔任何責任。合理保證是高水平保證,但不能保證按照香港審計準則進行之審核,在某一重大錯誤陳述存在時總能發現。錯誤陳述可以由欺詐或錯誤引起,如果合理預期它們單獨或匯總起來可能影響綜合財務報表使用者依賴綜合財務報表所作出經濟決定,則有關錯誤陳述可被視作重大。

在根據香港審計準則進行審核過程中,我們運用 專業判斷,並保持專業懷疑態度。我們亦:

- 識別和評估由於欺詐或錯誤而導致綜合財務報表存在重大錯誤陳述之風險,設計及執行審核程序以應對這些風險,以及獲取充足和適當之審核憑證,作為我們意見之基礎。由於欺詐可能涉及串謀、偽造、蓄意遺漏、虛假陳述或凌駕於內部控制之上,因此未能發現因欺詐而導致之重大錯誤陳述之風險高於未能發現因錯誤而導致之重大錯誤陳述之風險。
- 了解與審核相關之內部控制,以設計適當 審核程序,但目的並非對 貴集團內部控 制之有效性發表意見。
- 評價董事所採用會計政策之恰當性及作出 會計估計和相關披露之合理性。



- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- 對董事採用持續經營會計基礎之恰當性作出結論。根據所獲取審核憑證,確定是否存在與事項或情況有關之重大不確定性,從而可能導致對 貴集團持續經營能力產生重大疑慮。如果我們認為存在重大不確定性,則有必要在核數師報告中提請使用者注意綜合財務報表中之相關披露。假若有關披露不足,則我們應當發表非無保留日止所取得審核憑證。然而,未來事項或情況可能導致 貴集團不能持續經營。
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- 評價綜合財務報表之整體列報方式、結構 和內容,包括披露,以及綜合財務報表是否 中肯反映交易和事項。
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.
- 就 貴集團內實體或業務活動之財務資料 獲取充足、適當審核憑證,以便對綜合財務 報表發表意見。我們負責 貴集團審核之 方向、監督和執行。我們為審核意見承擔全 部責任。

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

除其他事項外,我們與管理層溝通計劃之審核範 圍、時間安排、重大審核發現等,包括我們在審 核中識別出內部控制之任何重大缺陷。

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

我們亦向管理層提交聲明,說明我們已符合有關獨立性之相關專業道德要求,並與他們溝通有可能合理地被認為會影響我們獨立性之所有關係和其他事項,以及在適用情況下為消除威脅而採取的行動或應用的防範措施。

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

從與管理層溝通之事項中,我們確定哪些事項對審核本期綜合財務報表最為重要,因而構成關鍵審核事項。我們在核數師報告中描述這些事項,除非法律法規不允許公開披露這些事項,或在極端罕見之情況下,如果合理預期在我們報告中溝通某事項造成之負面後果超過產生之公眾利益,我們決定不應在報告中溝通該事項。

**CHENG & CHENG LIMITED** 

Certified Public Accountants

Lam Chun Sing

Practising Certificate number P06998

Hong Kong, 29 June 2021

鄭鄭會計師事務所有限公司 執業會計師 林振陞 執業證書編號P06998

香港,二零二一年六月二十九日

### CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS 綜合損益表

			2021	2020
			二零二一年	二零二零年
		Notes	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		附註	千港元	千港元
Revenue	收益	7,8	6,860	22,888
Cost of sales and services	銷售及服務成本		(2,994)	(9,395)
Gross profit	毛利		3,866	13,493
Other revenue and other net income	其他收益及其他淨收入	9	4,693	3,460
Other loss	其他虧損	10	-	(14,512)
Selling and marketing expenses	銷售及營銷開支		(217)	(4,434)
Administrative expenses	行政開支		(22,245)	(34,107)
Impairment of property, plant and	物業、廠房及設備減值			
equipment			(2,753)	(3,806)
Impairment of right-of-use assets	使用權資產減值		(2,814)	(7,770)
Impairment of goodwill	商譽減值		(950)	_
Gain on lease termination	租賃終止之收益		218	_
Share-based payments	以股份為基礎之付款	34,36	(2,013)	(1,720)
Share of result of an associate	分佔一間聯營公司業績	,	57	(50)
Finance costs	融資成本	11	(2,736)	(5,265)
Loss before taxation	除税前虧損	12	(24,894)	(54,711)
Taxation	税項	15	(16)	(131)
Loss for the year	本年度虧損		(24,910)	(54,842)
Loss attributable to:	應佔虧損:			
Owners of the Company	本公司擁有人		(21,488)	(41,475)
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益		(3,422)	(13,367)
			(24,910)	(54,842)
			HK cents	HK cents
			港仙	港仙
Loss per share	每股虧損	17		
Basic and diluted	基本及攤薄		(2.51)	(4.85)

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME 綜合其他全面收益表

		2021	2020
		二零二一年	二零二零年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Loss for the year	本年度虧損	(24,910)	(54,842)
Other comprehensive loss	其他全面虧損		
Item that may be reclassified	其後可重新分類至損益之項目:		
*	共恢 · 引 里 初 刀 炽 王 炽 氫 之 坝 日 ·		
subsequently to profit or loss:  Exchange differences on translating	<b>,</b> 換算海外業務產生之匯兑差額		
foreign operations	(		
Exchange differences arising d	luring — 本年度產生之匯兑差額		
the year	ulling 平千反座工之區尤左帜	(332)	(844)
		(UUE)	(044)
	* 左 在 世 仇 入 五 乾 枳		
·	ear, 本年度其他全面虧損,扣除税項	(000)	(0.4.4)
net of tax		(332)	(844)
Tatal assessable sais last for the		(05.040)	(EE 000)
Total comprehensive loss for the y	/ear 平年度全囬虧損總額	(25,242)	(55,686)
Other commobancina less	<b>陈儿甘从入贡奉</b> 提·		
Other comprehensive loss	應佔其他全面虧損:		
attributable to:	+ 0 = 14 + 1	(405)	(440)
Owners of the Company	本公司擁有人	(435)	(418)
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益	103	(426)
		(332)	(844)
Total comprehensive loss	應佔全面虧損總額:		
attributable to:			
Owners of the Company	本公司擁有人	(21,923)	(41,893)
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益	(3,319)	(13,793)
		(25,242)	(55,686)

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION 綜合財務狀況報表

At 31 March 2021 於二零二一年三月三十一日

		Notes 附註	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
NON-CURRENT ASSETS	非流動資產			
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	18	572	5,571
Right-of-use assets	使用權資產	19	921	10,829
Goodwill	商譽	20	-	950
Interests in an associate	於一間聯營公司的權益	21	376	169
Loan to an associate	向一間聯營公司授出貸款	21	18,931	17,512
Deposit for acquisition of non-controlling	收購非控股權益的按金			
interests		25	_	721
Rental deposits	租賃按金	24	355	657
			21,155	36,409
CURRENT ASSETS	流動資產			
Inventories	存貨	22	945	_
Trade receivables	應收賬款	23	206	132
Other receivables, deposits and	其他應收款項、按金及預付			
prepayments	款項	24	6,339	6,203
Payments to parties for procurement	就投資影院業務向各方支付			
for investment of cinema business	之款項	25	_	1,452
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等值物	26	15,303	38,146
			22,793	45,933
CURRENT LIABILITIES	<b>法科丹</b> 库			
CURRENT LIABILITIES	<b>流動負債</b> 應付賬款	27	203	347
Trade payables Other payables and accruals	其他應付款項及應計款項	28	3,877	3,342
Contract liabilities	兵他應門	20 29	7,994	7,405
Convertible bonds	可換股債券	23 31	7,334	9,747
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	30	3,070	3,877
Lease napinales	但其只良		0,070	0,077
			15,144	24,718
NET CURRENT ASSETS	流動資產淨值		7,649	21,215
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES	資產總值減流動負債		28,804	57,624



### **CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION** 綜合財務狀況報表

At 31 March 2021 於二零二一年三月三十一日

			<b>2021</b> 二零二一年	2020 二零二零年
		Notes 附註	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES	非流動負債			
Convertible bonds	可換股債券	31	13,752	11,793
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	30	6,231	14,237
			19,983	26,030
NET ASSETS	資產淨值		8,821	31,594
	SE 1 - 01 M			
CAPITAL AND RESERVES	資本及儲備	20		0.554
Share capital	股本	32	8,554	8,554
Reserves	儲備		845	26,977
			9,399	35,531
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益	37	(578)	(3,937)
TOTAL EQUITY	權益總額 ———		8,821	31,594

The consolidated financial statements on pages 56 to 179 刊載於第56頁至第179頁之綜合財務報表已於 were approved and authorised for issue by the board of 二零二一年六月二十九日獲董事會批准及授權 directors on 29 June 2021 and are signed on its behalf by:

刊發,並由下列董事代表簽署:

CHOW Man Ki Kelly 周文姬 DIRECTOR 董事

**CHOW Nga Chee Alice** 周雅緻 DIRECTOR 董事



## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY 綜合權益變動表

		Share capital  股本 HK\$000	Share premium 股份溢價 HK\$*000 千港元	Contributed surplus 實繳盈餘 HK\$'000 千港元	Equity component of convertible bonds 可換股債券 權益部分 HK\$*000 千港元	Share options reserve 購股權儲備 HK\$*000 千港元	Share award scheme reserve 股份獎勵計劃 储備 HK\$*0000 千港元	Exchange reserve 匯兑儲備 HK\$*000 千港元	Accumulated losses 累計虧損 HK\$'000 千港元	Attributable to owners of the Company 本公司 擁有人應佔 HK\$'000 千港元	Non-controlling interests 非拴股權益 HK\$'000 千港元	<b>Total</b> 總計 HK\$*000 千港元
At 31 March 2019	於二零一九年三月											
	三十一目	136,861	420,810	3,930	76,520	53,022	-	(1,228)	(621,836)	68,079	9,856	77,935
Loss for the year	本年度虧損	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(41,475)	(41,475)	(13,367)	(54,842)
Other comprehensive loss	本年度其他全面											
for the year — Exchange differences	虧損 一 換算產生之											
arising on translation	─ 採昇性生之 歴兇差額	_	_	_	_	_	_	(418)	_	(418)	(426)	(844)
arioing off il ariolation	E/U-Z IX							(110)		(110)	(120)	(011)
Total comprehensive loss for the year	本年度全面虧損總額							(418)	(41,475)	(41,893)	(13,793)	(55,686)
Tur une year								[410]	[41,473]	(41,030)	[10,/30]	(33,000)
Extinguishment upon extension of convertible	可換股債券延期時 註銷											
bonds	HI H J	_	_	_	(51,012)	_	_	_	58,597	7,585	_	7,585
Recognition upon extension	可換股債券延期時											
of convertible bonds	確認	-	-	-	40	-	-	-	-	40	-	40
Lapse of share options	購股權失效	-	-	-	-	(42,756)	-	-	42,756	-	-	-
Equity settled share award arrangement	以權益結算之股份 獎勵安排						1,720			1,720		1,720
Capital reduction	資本削減	- (128,307)	_	128,307	_	_	1,/20	_	_	1,720	_	1,/20
<u> </u>	R-1-03//W	(120,007)		120,007								
At 31 March 2020	於二零二零年三月											
	三十一目	8,554	420,810	132,237	25,548	10,266	1,720	[1,646]	(561,958)	35,531	(3,937)	31,594
Loss for the year Other comprehensive loss for the year	本年度虧損 本年度其他全面 虧損	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(21,488)	(21,488)	(3,422)	(24,910)
— Exchange differences	一 換算產生之											
arising on translation	匯兑差額	-	-	-	-	_	-	(435)	-	(435)	103	(332)
Total comprehensive loss	本年度全面虧損總額							(405)	(04,400)	404 000)	(0.040)	(05.040)
for the year								(435)	(21,488)	(21,923)	(3,319)	(25,242)
Capital contribution from	非控股權益注資											
non-controlling interests	nie en en la no hie vi	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,183	1,183
Redemption of convertible	贖回可換股債券				(05 500)				05 500			
bonds Issue of share options	發行購股權	_			(25,508)	893			25,508	893		893
Lapse of share options	購股權失效	_	_	_	_	(3,596)	_	_	3,596	-	_	-
Lapse of share awards	股份獎勵失效	_	_	_	_	-	(1,153)	_	1,153	_	_	_
Acquisition of non-controlling												
interests in subsidiaries	非控股權益	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(6,222)	(6,222)	5,495	(727)
Equity settled share award	以權益結算之股份									4.400		4 400
arrangement	獎勵安排	-	<u> </u>		-	-	1,120		-	1,120	-	1,120
At 31 March 2021	於二零二一年三月											
	三十一目	8,554	420,810	132,237	40	7,563	1,687	(2,081)	(559,411)	9,399	(578)	8,821



### **CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS**

### 綜合現金流量表

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING	經營活動之現金流量		
ACTIVITIES	177 77 12- TD	(0.4.00.4)	(= 4 = 4 4)
Loss before taxation	税前虧損	(24,894)	(54,711)
Adjustments for:	經調整以下各項:	0.700	E 00E
Finance costs recognised in profit or loss	於損益確認之融資成本	2,736	5,265
Interest income	利息收入 物業、廠房及設備折舊	(188) 889	(808)
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	初未、		2,432
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	物業、廠房及設備之減值	1,360	3,831
Impairment of property, plant and equipment	彻条、顺厉及改佣之减且	2,753	3,806
Impairment of right-of-use assets	使用權資產之減值	2,814	7,770
Impairment of right-of-use assets Impairment of goodwill	商譽之減值	950	7,770
Impairment of goodwiii Impairment of trade receivables	應收賬款減值	330	325
Exchange gain on loan to an associate	向一間聯營公司授出貸款之	_	020
Exchange gain on loan to an associate	匯兑收益	(1,419)	_
Share of result of an associate	分佔一間聯營公司業績	(57)	50
Other loss	其他虧損	(07)	14,512
Property, plant and equipment written off	撇銷物業、廠房及設備	1,633	7
Share-based payments	以股份為基礎之付款	2,013	1,720
Rent concession	租金優惠	(814)	(460)
Gain on lease termination	租賃終止之收益	(218)	_
Operating cash flows before working capital	營運資金變動前之		
changes	經營現金流量	(12,442)	(16,261)
Increase in inventories	存貨增加	(945)	-
(Increase)/Decrease in trade receivables	應收賬款(增加)/減少	(61)	465
Decrease/(Increase) in other receivables,	其他應收款項、按金及	(= ,,	
deposits and prepayments	預付款項減少/(增加)	228	(19,038)
Decrease in trade payables	應付賬款減少	(167)	(520)
Increase/(Decrease) in deposits received,	已收按金、其他應付款項及		,
other payables and accruals	應計款項增加/(減少)	362	(1,094)
(Decrease)/Increase in contract liabilities	合約負債(減少)/增加	(10)	126
CASH USED IN OPERATIONS	營運所用現金	(13,035)	(36,322)
Interest received	已收利息	39	304
Tax paid	已付税項	(16)	(374)
NET CASH USED IN OPERATING ACTIVITIES	經營活動所用之現金淨額	(13,012)	(36,392)

### **CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS**

### 綜合現金流量表

			2021	2020
		Note 附註	二零二一年 <b>HK\$'000</b> 千港元	二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	投資活動之現金流量	777 #	1 7070	17878
Net cash repayment from parties for procurement	各方還款之現金淨額		1,452	2,920
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	購買物業、廠房及設備		_	(2,098)
Advance to an associate	墊款予一間聯營公司		(1)	(_,000)
Repayment received for loan to	就向一間聯營公司授出貸款			
an associate	已收的還款		_	16,287
Interests received	已收利息		-	773
NET CACH CENEDATED EDGA	扣次过载公伍之			
NET CASH GENERATED FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	投資活動所得之 現金淨額		1,451	17,882
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	融資活動之現金流量			
Repayment of lease liabilities	償還租賃負債		(2,591)	(2,908)
Interest paid	已付利息		(524)	(718)
Acquisition of interest in subsidiaries	向非控股權益收購於			
from non-controlling interests	附屬公司之權益		(6)	_
Capital contribution from non-controlling	非控股權益注資		4 400	
interests Redemption of convertible bonds	贖回可換股債券		1,183 (10,000)	_
nedemplion of conventible bonds	照 凹 刊 揆 仪 俱 分		(10,000)	
NET CASH USED IN FINANCING	融資活動所用之現金淨額			
ACTIVITIES			(11,938)	(3,626)
AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	現金及現金等值物減少		(23,499)	(22,136)
AND CASH EGUIVALENTS			(23,499)	(22, 130)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT	年初之現金及現金等值物			
THE BEGINNING OF THE YEAR			38,146	60,926
Effect of foreign exchange rate changes	外匯匯率變動之影響	_	656	(644)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT	年終之現金及現金等值物			
THE END OF THE YEAR	1 M C 加业 X 先业 寸 但 彻	26	15,303	38,146
				-, -

### **CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS**

### 綜合現金流量表

For the Year ended 31 March 2021 截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度

### RECONCILIATION OF LIABILITIES ARISING FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES

# The table below details changes in the Group's liabilities from financing activities, including both cash and non- cash changes. Liabilities arising from financing activities are liabilities for which cash flows were, or future cash flows will be, classified in the Group's consolidated statement of cash flows as cash flows from financing activities.

### 融資活動所產生負債之對賬

下表詳列本集團融資活動所產生負債之變動[包括現金及非現金變動]。融資活動所產生負債乃現金流量已經(或未來現金流量將會)於本集團綜合現金流量表中分類為融資活動所產生現金流量之負債。

		Convertible bonds	Lease liabilities	Total liabilities from financing activities 融資活動所產生
		<b>可換股債券</b> HK\$'000 千港元	租賃負債 HK\$'000 千港元	<b>負債總額</b> HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 April 2019	於二零一九年四月一日	24,618	20,517	45,135
Financing cash flow	融資現金流量	_	(3,626)	(3,626)
Interest expenses	利息開支	4,547	718	5,265
Extinguishment upon extension of	可換股債券延期時註銷			
convertible bonds		(19,418)	_	(19,418)
Recognition upon extension of	可換股債券延期時確認			
convertible bonds		11,793	_	11,793
New leases entered	訂立新租賃	_	2,148	2,148
Rent concession	租金優惠	_	(460)	(460)
Exchange adjustments	匯兑調整	_	(1,183)	(1,183)
At 31 March 2020 and	於二零二零年三月三十一日及			
1 April 2020	二零二零年四月一日	21,540	18,114	39,654
F:	可次用人还具	(40,000)	(0.445)	(40.445)
Financing cash flow	融資現金流量	(10,000)	(3,115)	(13,115)
Interest expenses New leases entered	利息開支	2,212	524	2,736
	訂立新租賃	_	1,121	1,121
Rent concession	租金優惠租賃終止	_	(814)	(814)
Lease termination		_	(7,601)	(7,601)
Exchange adjustments	匯兑調整		1,072	1,072
At 31 March 2021	於二零二一年三月三十一日	13,752	9,301	23,053

For the Year ended 31 March 2021 截至二零二一年三月三十一日 I 年度

### 1. CORPORATE INFORMATION

Bingo Group Holdings Limited (the "Company") was incorporated in the Cayman Islands as an exempted company with limited liability and its shares are listed on the Growth Enterprise Market of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited ("GEM").

The principal activity of the Company is investment holding. The principal activities of the Company's subsidiaries are set out in Note 37 to the consolidated financial statements.

The functional currency of the Company is Hong Kong Dollars ("HK\$"), which is also the presentation currency of the consolidated financial statements. The functional currency of the subsidiaries of the Company mainly includes Renminbi ("RMB") and HK\$. All values are rounded to nearest thousand unless otherwise stated.

The registered office of the Company is located at Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive, P.O. Box 2681, Grand Cayman KY1–1111, Cayman Islands. The head office and principal place of business of the Company in Hong Kong is Unit 202, 2/F., Chinaweal Centre, 414–424 Jaffe Road, Hong Kong. The Company has its primary listing on the GEM. The directors of the Company (the "Directors") consider the Company's ultimate holding company to be Beglobal Investments Limited, a limited liability company incorporated in the British Virgin Islands.

### 1. 公司資料

比高集團控股有限公司(「本公司」)為於開曼群島註冊成立的獲豁免有限公司,其股份於香港聯合交易所有限公司GEM(「GEM」)上市。

本公司之主要業務為投資控股。本公司各 附屬公司之主要業務載於綜合財務報表附 註37。

本公司之功能貨幣為港元(「港元」),亦為 綜合財務報表的呈列貨幣。本公司附屬公 司之功能貨幣主要包括人民幣(「人民幣」) 及港元。除另行説明外,所有數值湊整至最 接近千位。

本公司之註冊辦事處位於Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive, P.O. Box 2681, Grand Cayman KY1-1111, Cayman Islands。本公司之總辦事處兼香港主要營業地點為香港謝斐道414-424號中望商業中心2樓202室。本公司於GEM擁有第一上市地位。本公司董事(「董事」)認為,本公司之最終控股公司為於英屬處女群島註冊成立之有限責任公司Beglobal Investments Limited。

For the Year ended 31 March 2021 截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度

### 2. BASIS OF PREPARATION

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with all applicable Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs"), which collective term includes all applicable individual Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards, Hong Kong Accounting Standards ("HKASs") and Interpretations issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") and accounting principles generally accepted in Hong Kong. These consolidated financial statements also comply with the applicable disclosure provisions of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the GEM of the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "GEM Listing Rules") and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance ("CO").

The significant accounting policies that have been used in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements are summarised below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented unless otherwise stated. The adoption of new or amended HKFRSs and the impacts on the Group's consolidated financial statements, if any, are disclosed in Note 3.

### 2. 編製基準

該等綜合財務報表乃根據香港會計師公會(「香港會計師公會」)頒佈之一切適用香港財務報告準則(「香港財務報告準則」)(此乃包括所有適用之個別香港財務報告準則」)及香港會計準則(「香港會計準則」)及音港公認會計原則而編製。該等綜合財務報表同時遵守香港聯合交易所有限公司GEM證券上市規則(「GEM上市規則」)之適用披露條文及香港公司條例(「公司條例」)之披露規定。

編製此等綜合財務報表所使用之重大會計政策概述如下。除另有指明外,此等政策已於所呈列之各年度貫徹應用。採納新訂或經修訂香港財務報告準則及對本集團綜合財務報表的影響(如有)披露於附註3。

For the Year ended 31 March 2021 截至二零二一年三月三十一日十年度

#### **APPLICATION OF AMENDMENTS TO HKFRSs** 3.

#### Amendments to HKFRSs that are mandatorily a) effective for the current year

In the current year, the Group has applied the Amendments to References to the Conceptual Framework in HKFRS Standards and the following amendments to HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA for the first time, which are mandatorily effective for the annual period beginning on or after 1 April 2020 for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements:

Amendments to HKAS 1 and

Definition of Material

HKAS 8

Amendments to

Definition of a Business

HKFRS 3

Amendments to

HKFRS 9. HKAS 39 and

HKFRS 7

Interest Rate Benchmark Reform

The application of the Amendments to References to the Conceptual Framework in HKFRS Standards and the amendments to HKFRSs in the current year had no material impact on the Group's financial position and performance for the current and prior years and/or on the disclosures set out in these consolidated financial statements.

In addition, the Group has early adopted the Amendments to HKFRS 16 Covid-19-Related Rent Concessions for the year ended 31 March 2020, which is relevant to its operations.

#### 應用經修訂香港財務報告準則 3.

#### 於本年度強制生效的經修訂香港財 a) 務報告準則

於本年度內,本集團已就編製綜合財 務報表首次應用由香港會計師公會 頒佈且已於二零二零年四月一日或 之後開始的年度期間強制生效之《香 港財務報告準則中對概念框架的提 述(修訂本)》以及下列經修訂香港 財務報告準則:

香港會計準則第1號 重大的定義

及香港會計準則

第8號(修訂本)

香港財務報告準則 業務的定義

第3號(修訂本)

香港財務報告準則 利率基準改革

第9號、香港會計 準則第39號及香 港財務報告準則 第7號(修訂本)

於本年度應用《香港財務報告準則中 對概念框架的提述(修訂本)》及經 修訂香港財務報告準則對本集團於 本年度及過往年度的財務狀況及表 現及/或該等綜合財務報表所載的披 露並無重大影響。

此外,本集團已於截至二零二零年三 月三十一日止年度提早採納與其營 運有關之《香港財務報告準則第16 號(修訂本)新冠病毒疫情相關租金 減免》。



For the Year ended 31 March 2021 截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度

### 3. APPLICATION OF AMENDMENTS TO HKFRSs (Continued)

a) Amendments to HKFRSs that are mandatorily effective for the current year (Continued)

Impacts on early application of Amendment to HKFRS 16 Covid-19-Related Rent Concessions

The Group has applied the amendment which introduces a new practical expedient for lessees to elect not to assess whether a Covid-19-related rent concession is a lease modification. The practical expedient only applies to rent concessions occurring as a direct consequence of the Covid-19 that meets all of the following conditions:

- the change in lease payments results in revised consideration for the lease that is substantially the same as, or less than, the consideration for the lease immediately preceding the change;
- any reduction in lease payments affects only payments originally due on or before 30 June 2021; and
- there is no substantive change to other terms and conditions of the lease.

A lessee applying the practical expedient accounts for changes in lease payments resulting from rent concessions the same way it would account for the changes applying HKFRS 16 Leases if the changes were not a lease modification. Forgiveness or waiver of lease payments are accounted for as variable lease payments. The related lease liabilities are adjusted to reflect the amounts forgiven or waived with a corresponding adjustment recognised in the profit or loss in the period in which the event occurs.

The application of the amendment had no impact to the opening accumulated losses at 1 April 2020.

The Group has benefited from 1 month waiver of and 5 to 12 months reduction of lease payments on several leases in PRC and Hong Kong amounting to HK\$814,000 recognised in profit or loss for the current year.

### 3. 應用經修訂香港財務報告準則

a) 於本年度強制生效的經修訂香港財 務報告準則(續)

> 提早應用《香港財務報告準則第16 號(修訂本)新冠病毒疫情相關租金 減免》的影響

> 本集團已應用該修訂本,該修訂本為 承租人引進新的可行權宜方法使其 可選擇不評估新冠病毒疫情相關租 金減免是否為一項租賃修改。該可行 權宜方法僅適用於滿足以下所有條 件的直接因新冠病毒疫情而產生的 租金減免:

- 租賃付款變動導致租賃的經修 訂代價與緊接變動前的租賃代 價大致相同或低於該代價;
- 租賃付款的任何減少僅影響原 定於二零二一年六月三十日或 之前到期的付款;及
- 租賃的其他條款及條件並無實 質性變動。

應用可行權宜方法將租金減免導致的租賃付款變動入賬的承租人將則同一方式將應用《香港財務報告準則第16號租賃》的變動入賬(倘竟動並非租賃修改)。租賃付款的寬免付款。相關免債獲調整以反映寬免或豁租赁負債獲調整以反映寬免或豁免的金額,並於該事件發生的期間在損益中確認相應調整。

應用該修訂本對二零二零年四月一日之期初累計虧損並無影響。

本集團受惠於中國及香港若干租賃的租賃付款的1個月豁免及5至12個月減少814,000港元,有關金額已於本年度於損益確認。



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#### 3. **APPLICATION OF AMENDMENTS TO HKFRSs**

(Continued)

#### bì New and amendments to HKFRSs in issue but not yet effective

The Group has not early applied the following new and amendments to HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective:

HKFRS 17 Insurance Contracts and the related Amendments<sup>1</sup>

Amendments to HKFRS 3 Reference to the Conceptual

Framework<sup>2</sup>

Amendments to HKFRS 9. HKAS 39, HKFRS 7, HKFRS 4 and HKFRS 16 Interest Rate Benchmark Reform — Phase 24

Amendments to HKFRS 10 and HKAS 28

Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture3

Amendments to HKAS 1

Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current and related amendments to Hong Kong Interpretation 5

[2020]1

Amendments to HKAS 1 and Disclosure of Accounting

**HKFRS** Practice

Statement 2

Policies<sup>1</sup>

Amendments to HKAS 8

Definition of Accounting

Estimates1

Amendments to HKAS 12

Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a

Single Transaction<sup>1</sup>

Amendments to HKAS 16

Property, Plant and Equipment -Proceeds before Intended

Use<sup>2</sup>

Amendments to HKAS 37

Onerous Contracts — Cost of

Amendments to HKFRSs

Fulfilling a Contract<sup>2</sup> Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2018-2020<sup>2</sup>

- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2023.
- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2022.
- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after a date to be determined.
- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2021.

#### 應用經修訂香港財務報告準則 3. (續)

#### bì 已頒佈但尚未生效之新訂及經修訂 香港財務報告準則

本集團並無提早應用以下已頒佈但 尚未生效之新訂及經修訂香港財務 報告準則:

香港財務報告準則第17號 保險合約及相關修訂1

香港財務報告準則第3號

香港財務報告準則第9號、

(修訂本)

香港會計準則第39號、 香港財務報告準則第7 號、香港財務報告準則 第4號及香港財務報告 準則第16號(修訂本)

香港財務報告準則 投資者及其聯營公司或合營企 第10號及香港會計 業之間之資產出售或注資3

準則第28號(修訂本)

(修訂本)

香港會計準則第1號 將負債分類為流動或非流動及

零二零年)1

香港詮釋第5號相關修訂(二

對概念框架的提述2

利率基準改革 一第2階段4

香港會計準則第1號及香港 會計政策披露1

財務報告準則實務報告 第2號(修訂本)

香港會計準則第8號 會計估計之定義1

(修訂本)

香港會計準則第12號 單一交易所產生與資產及負債

相關之號延税項1 (修訂本)

香港會計準則第16號 物業、廠房及設備 一 作擬定 (修訂本) 用涂前的所得款項2

香港會計準則第37號 虧損性合約 — 履行合約的

(修訂本) 成本2

二零一八年至二零二零年香港 香港財務報告準則 財務報告準則的年度改進2 (修訂本)

- 於二零二三年一月一日或之後開始 的年度期間生效。
- 於二零二二年一月一日或之後開始 的年度期間生效。
- 於待定日期或之後開始的年度期間 生效。
- 於二零二一年一月一日或之後開始 的年度期間生效。



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### 3. APPLICATION OF AMENDMENTS TO HKFRSs (Continued)

### b) New and amendments to HKFRSs in issue but not yet effective (Continued)

The directors of the Company anticipate that the application of all other new and amendments to HKFRSs will have no material impact on the consolidated financial statements in the foreseeable future.

### 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis as explained in the accounting policies set out below.

Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for goods and services.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date, regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. In estimating the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Group takes into account the characteristics of the asset or liability if market participants would take those characteristics into account when pricing the asset or liability at the measurement date. Fair value for measurement and/or disclosure purposes in these consolidated financial statements is determined on such a basis, except for share-based payment transactions that are within the scope of HKFRS 2 Share-based Payment, leasing transactions that are accounted for in accordance with HKFRS 16 Leases, and measurements that have some similarities to fair value but are not fair value, such as net realisable value in HKAS 2 Inventories or value in use in HKAS 36 Impairment of Assets.

### 3. 應用經修訂香港財務報告準則

### b) 已頒佈但尚未生效之新訂及經修訂 香港財務報告準則(續)

本公司董事預期應用所有其他新訂 及經修訂香港財務報告準則於可見 未來將不會對綜合財務報表產生重 大影響。

### 4. 主要會計政策

綜合財務報表乃根據歷史成本法編製,詳 情如下文所載會計政策所闡釋。

歷史成本一般基於為交換貨品及服務而給予之代價之公平值。

公平值乃指市場參與者之間在計量日進行 的有序交易中出售一項資產所收取的價格 或轉移一項負債所支付的價格,無論該價 格乃直接觀察到的結果,或是採用其他估 值技術作出的估計。在對資產或負債的公 平值作出估計時,本集團考慮了市場參與 者在計量日為該資產或負債進行定價時將 會考慮的該等特徵。於此等綜合財務報表 中計量及/或披露的公平值均按此基準予 以釐定,惟《香港財務報告準則第2號以股 份為基礎的付款》範圍內的以股份為基礎 的支付交易、根據《香港財務報告準則第 16號租賃》入賬的租賃交易及與公平值類 似但並非公平值的計量(例如《香港會計 準則第2號存貨》中的可變現淨值或《香港 會計準則第36號資產減值》中的使用價值) 除外。



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### 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

In addition, for financial reporting purposes, fair value measurements are categorised into Level 1, 2 or 3 based on the degree to which the inputs to the fair value measurements are observable and the significance of the inputs to the fair value measurement in its entirety, which are described as follows:

- Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date;
- Level 2 inputs are inputs, other than quoted prices included within Level 1, that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly; and
- Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

### a) Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the Company and entities controlled by the Company and its subsidiaries. Control is achieved when the Company:

- has power over the investee;
- is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee; and
- has the ability to use its power to affect its returns.

The Group reassesses whether or not it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the three elements of control listed above.

### 4. 主要會計政策(續)

非金融資產之公平值計量乃考慮市場參與 者通過使用其資產之最高及最佳用途或將 其出售予將使用其最高及最佳用途之另一 市場參與者,從而可產生經濟利益之能力。

此外,就財務報告而言,公平值計量根據公 平值計量的輸入數據可觀察程度及公平值 計量的輸入數據對其整體的重要性分類為 第一級、第二級或第三級,詳情如下:

- 第一級輸入數據乃實體於計量日可 取得的相同資產或負債於活躍市場 之報價(未經調整);
- 第二級輸入數據乃就資產或負債直 接或間接地可觀察之輸入數據(第一 級內包括的報價除外);及
- 第三級輸入數據乃資產或負債的不可觀察輸入數據。

### a) 綜合賬目基準

綜合財務報表包括本公司以及本公司及其附屬公司控制之實體之財務報表。倘符合以下條件,即本公司擁有控制權:

- 可對投資對象行使權力;
- 因參與投資對象之業務而承擔 可變回報的風險或享有可變回 報的權利;及
- 可行使其權力影響其回報。

倘有事實及情況顯示上述三項控制 因素中,有一項或以上出現變化,則 本集團會重新評估其是否控制投資 對象。



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### 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### a) Basis of consolidation (Continued)

Consolidation of a subsidiary begins when the Group obtains control over the subsidiary and ceases when the Group loses control of the subsidiary. Specifically, income and expenses of a subsidiary acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the consolidated statement of profit or loss from the date the Group gains control until the date when the Group ceases to control the subsidiary.

Profit or loss and each item of other comprehensive income are attributed to the owners of the Company and to the non-controlling interests. Total comprehensive income of subsidiaries is attributed to the owners of the Company and to the non-controlling interests even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.

Where necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring their accounting policies in line with the Group's accounting policies.

All intragroup assets and liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows relating to transactions between members of the Group are eliminated in full on consolidation.

Non-controlling interests in subsidiaries are presented separately from the Group's equity therein, which represent present ownership interests entitling their holders to a proportionate share of net assets of the relevant subsidiaries upon liquidation.

### 4. 主要會計政策(續)

### a) 綜合賬目基準(續)

本集團獲得附屬公司控制權時便開始將附屬公司綜合入賬,於失去控制權時則終止綜合入賬。具體而言,年內所收購或出售附屬公司之收入及開支於本集團獲得控制權日期計該綜合損益表,直至本集團不再控制該附屬公司為止。

損益及各項其他全面收益歸屬於本公司擁有人及非控股權益。附屬公司 之全面收入總額歸屬於本公司擁有 人及非控股權益,即使此舉導致非控 股權益出現虧絀結餘。

附屬公司之財務報表於有需要時作 出調整,以使其會計政策與本集團會 計政策一致。

本集團成員公司間交易相關的所有 集團內部資產及負債、股權、收入、 開支及現金流量於綜合入賬時悉數 對銷。

於附屬公司的非控股權益與本集團 的權益分開呈列,有關權益代表賦予 其持有人權利於清盤時按比例分佔 相關附屬公司的資產淨值的現有所 有權權益。

For the Year ended 31 March 2021 截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度

# 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### a) Basis of consolidation (Continued)

# Changes in the Group's ownership interests in existing subsidiaries

Changes in the Group's interests in subsidiaries that do not result in the Group losing control over the subsidiaries are accounted for as equity transactions. The carrying amounts of the Group's relevant components of equity and the non-controlling interests are adjusted to reflect the changes in their relative interests in the subsidiaries, including reattribution of relevant reserves between the Group and the non-controlling interests according to the Group's and the non-controlling interests' proportionate interests.

Any difference between the amount by which the non-controlling interests are adjusted, and the fair value of the consideration paid or received is recognised directly in equity and attributed to owners of the Company.

When the Group loses control of a subsidiary, the assets and liabilities of that subsidiary and noncontrolling interests (if any) are derecognised. A gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss and is calculated as the difference between (i) the aggregate of the fair value of the consideration received and the fair value of any retained interest and (ii) the carrying amount of the assets (including goodwill), and liabilities of the subsidiary attributable to the owners of the Company. All amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to that subsidiary are accounted for as if the Group had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities of the subsidiary (i.e. reclassified to profit or loss or transferred to another category of equity as specified/permitted by applicable HKFRSs). The fair value of any investment retained in the former subsidiary at the date when control is lost is regarded as the fair value on initial recognition for subsequent accounting under HKFRS 9 Financial Instruments ("HKFRS 9") or, when applicable, the cost on initial recognition of an investment in an associate or a joint venture.

# 4. 主要會計政策(續)

### a) 綜合賬目基準(續)

# 本集團於現有附屬公司之擁有權權益 變動

本集團於附屬公司之權益之變動(而並無導致本集團失去對附屬公司之權益之變動(而之期權)當作股本交易入賬。本集團權益之相關部份及非控股權益之相關整,以反映於附屬本是明之相對權益之變動,包括按照本集則非控股權益之權益比例,將本集團與非控股權益之間之相關儲備重新歸屬。

非控股權益之調整額與所支付或收取代價公平值之間之任何差額,均直接於權益中確認,並歸屬於本公司擁有人。

倘若本集團失去對附屬公司之控制 權,該附屬公司之資產及負債及非控 股權益(如有)終止確認,則收益或虧 損於損益內確認且以下列兩者間之 差額計算: [i] 所收代價之公平值與任 何保留權益之公平值總和及(ii)資產 (包括商譽)之賬面值與本公司股東 應佔附屬公司之負債。過往在有關附 屬公司之其他全面收益確認之所有 金額均入賬,猶如本集團已直接出售 附屬公司之相關資產或負債(即按適 用之香港財務報告準則具體規定/准 許重新分類至損益或轉撥至其他權 益類別)。在原附屬公司所保留任何 投資於失去控制權之日之公平值根 據《香港財務報告準則第9號金融工 具》(「香港財務報告準則第9號」)被 視為初步確認公平值供後續會計處 理,或(如適用)於聯營公司或合營企 業投資之初步確認成本。

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# 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### b) Investment in an associate

An associate is an entity over which the Group has significant influence. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee but is not control or joint control over those policies.

The results and assets and liabilities of an associate are incorporated in these consolidated financial statements using the equity method of accounting. The financial statements of an associate used for equity accounting purposes are prepared using uniform accounting policies as those of the Group for like transactions and events in similar circumstances. Under the equity method, an investment in an associate is initially recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position at cost and adjusted thereafter to recognise in the Group's share of the profit or loss and other comprehensive income of the associate. Changes in net assets of the associate other than profit or loss and other comprehensive income are not accounted for unless such changes resulted in changes in ownership interest held by the Group. When the Group's share of losses of an associate exceeds the Group's interest in that associate, the Group discontinues recognising its share of further losses. Additional losses are recognised only to the extent that the Group has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of the associate.

An investment in an associate is accounted for using the equity method from the date on which the investee becomes an associate. On acquisition of the investment in an associate, any excess of the cost of the investment over the Group's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities of the investee is recognised as goodwill, which is included within the carrying amount of the investment. Any excess of the Group's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities over the cost of the investment, after reassessment, is recognised immediately in profit or loss in the period in which the investment is acquired.

# 4. 主要會計政策(續)

#### bl 於聯營公司之投資

聯營公司指本集團可對其產生重大影響的實體。重大影響指參與被投資公司的財務及營運決策的權力,而非控制或聯合控制有關政策的權力。

聯營公司的業績、資產及負債採用權 益會計法納入該等綜合財務報表。就 權益會計目的而言所用的聯營公司 財務報表,乃採用本集團就類似交易 及類似狀況下的事件所用者一致的 會計政策編製。根據權益法,於聯營 公司或合營企業的投資按成本於綜 合財務狀況報表中初步確認,其後經 調整以確認本集團所佔聯營公司損 益及其他全面收益。聯營公司的淨資 產變動(計入損益及其他全面收入者 除外)不予入賬,除非該等變動引致 本集團的所有權權益發生變動。倘本 集團應佔聯營公司的虧損高於本集 團於該聯營公司的權益,則本集團會 終止確認其應佔的進一步虧損。額外 虧損僅以本集團已產生法律或推定 責任或代表聯營公司作出付款為限。

自投資對象成為一家聯營公司當日 起,對聯營公司的投資採用權益法時 賬。於收購一間聯營公司的投資採用 投資成本高於本集團應佔投資對 確認的可識別資產及負債不 對額確認為商譽。有關商好 資產及負債的公平淨值高於投資 產及數額,則會於重新評估後於 資期間即時於損益內確認。



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# 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### b) Investment in an associate (Continued)

The Group assesses whether there is an objective evidence that the interest in an associate may be impaired. When any objective evidence exists, the entire carrying amount of the investment (including goodwill) is tested for impairment in accordance with HKAS 36 as a single asset by comparing its recoverable amount (higher of value in use and fair value less costs of disposal) with its carrying amount. Any impairment loss recognised is not allocated to any asset, including goodwill, that forms part of the carrying amount of the investment. Any reversal of that impairment loss is recognised in accordance with HKAS 36 to the extent that the recoverable amount of the investment subsequently increases.

When the Group ceases to have significant influence over an associate, it is accounted for as a disposal of the entire interest in the interest in the investee with a resulting gain or loss being recognised in profit or loss. When the Group retains an interest in the former associate and the retained interest is a financial asset within the scope of HKFRS 9, the Group measures the retained interest at fair value at that date and the fair value is regarded as its fair value on initial recognition. The difference between the carrying amount of the associate, and the fair value of any retained interest and any proceeds from disposing of the relevant interest in the associate is included in the determination of the gain or loss on disposal of the associate. In addition, the Group accounts for all amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to that associate on the same basis as would be required if that associate had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities. Therefore, if a gain or loss previously recognised in other comprehensive income by that associate would be reclassified to profit or loss on the disposal of the related assets or liabilities, the Group reclassifies the gain or loss from equity to profit or loss (as a reclassification adjustment) upon disposal/partial disposal of the relevant associate.

# 4. 主要會計政策(續)

### b) 於聯營公司之投資(續)

倘本集團不再對聯營公司擁有重大 影響,會入賬列為出售於該投資對象 之全部權益,所產生之盈虧於損益內 確認。當本集團保留於前聯營公司之 權益,且保留權益為香港財務報告準 則第9號範圍內的金融資產時,則本 集團於當日按公平值計量保留權益, 而公平值則被視為初步確認時之公 平值。聯營公司之賬面值與任何保留 權益之公平值及出售聯營公司相關 權益的任何所得款項之間的差額,乃 計入釐定出售聯營公司之損益。此外, 倘該聯營公司直接出售相關資產或 負債,則本集團可能需要按相同基準 計入有關該聯營公司的以往於其他 全面收益確認的所有金額。因此,倘 聯營公司以往於其他全面收益確認 之損益重新分類為出售相關資產或 負債之損益,則本集團於出售/部份 出售相關聯營公司時將盈虧由權益 重新分類至損益賬(列作重新分類調 整)。

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# 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### b) Investment in an associate (Continued)

When the Group reduces its ownership interest in an associate but the Group continues to use the equity method, the Group reclassifies to profit or loss the proportion of the gain or loss that had previously been recognised in other comprehensive income relating to that reduction in ownership interest if that gain or loss would be reclassified to profit or loss on the disposal of the related assets or liabilities.

When a group entity transacts with an associate of the Group, profits and losses resulting from the transactions with the associate are recognised in the Group's consolidated financial statements only to the extent of interests in the associate that are not related to the Group.

### c) Goodwill

Goodwill arising on an acquisition of a business is carried at cost less accumulated impairment losses, if any, and is presented separately in the consolidated statement of financial position.

For the purposes of impairment testing, goodwill is allocated to each of the Group's cash-generating units (or groups of cash-generating units) that is expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination, which represent the lowest level at which the goodwill is monitored for internal management purposes and not larger than an operating segment.

# 4. 主要會計政策(續)

### b) 於聯營公司之投資(續)

當本集團削減於聯營公司之所有權權益但繼續使用權益法時,倘以往於其他全面收益確認有關削減所有權權益之盈虧部分將於出售相關資產或負債時重新分類至損益,則本集團會將該盈虧重新分類至損益。

倘一集團實體與本集團之聯營公司 交易,與該聯營公司交易所產生之損 益只會在有關聯營公司之權益與本 集團無關的情況下,才會在本集團之 綜合財務報表確認。

### c) 商譽

收購業務所產生商譽按成本值減累 計減值虧損(如有)列賬,於綜合財務 狀況報表內分開呈列。

就減值測試而言,商譽會被分配予預期會受惠於合併協同效益之本集團各現金產生單位或現金產生單位組別,而該單位或單位組別指就內部管理目的監控商譽的最低水平且不超過經營分類。

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# 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### c) Goodwill (Continued)

A cash-generating unit (or group of cash-generating units) to which goodwill has been allocated is tested for impairment annually or more frequently when there is indication that the unit may be impaired. For goodwill arising on an acquisition in a reporting period, the cash-generating unit (or group of cash-generating units) to which goodwill has been allocated is tested for impairment before the end of that reporting period. If the recoverable amount is less than its carrying amount, the impairment loss is allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill and then to the other assets on a pro-rata basis based on the carrying amount of each asset in the unit (or group of cash-generating units).

Any impairment loss for goodwill is recognised directly in profit or loss. An impairment loss recognised for goodwill is not reversed in subsequent periods.

On disposal of the relevant cash-generating unit or any of the cash-generating unit within the group of cash-generating units, the attributable amount of goodwill is included in the determination of the amount of profit or loss on disposal. When the Group disposes of an operation within the cash-generating unit (or a cash-generating unit within a group of cash-generating units), the amount of goodwill disposed of is measured on the basis of the relative values of the operation (or the cash-generating unit) disposed of and the portion of the cash-generating unit (or the group of cash-generating units) retained.

The Group's policy for goodwill arising on the acquisition of an associate is described in note 4(b).

# 4. 主要會計政策(續)

#### c) 商譽(續)

商譽的任何減值虧損直接於損益確認。就商譽確認的減值虧損於其後期間並不撥回。

於出售有關現金產生單位或現金產 生單位組別內任何現金產生單位時, 商譽的應佔金額會計入釐定出售現 益金額。當本集團出售現金產生單位 (或現金產生單位組別內現金產生單位 (或現金產生單位組別內現金產生單位 (或現金產生單位)內的業務時,所出售商譽金額按 所出售業務(或現金產生單位)與所 保留現金產生單位(或現金產生單位 組別)部分的相對價值計量。

本集團有關因收購聯營公司而產生 商譽的政策載於附註4[b]。

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# 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### d) Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are tangible assets that are held for use in the production or supply of goods or services, or for administrative purposes, are stated in the consolidated statement of financial position at cost less subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses, if any.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost of assets less their residual values over their estimated useful lives, using the straight-line method. The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis.

Property, plant and equipment are depreciated on a straight-line basis at the following rates per annum:

Leasehold improvement

Over the shorter of the lease terms and 20%

Plant and machinery

Computers

Furniture, fixtures and equipment

Motor vehicles

Over the shorter of the lease terms and 20%

25–33%

25–33%

20%

An item of plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in profit or loss.

# e) Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Costs of inventories are determined on a weighted average method. Net realisable value represents the estimated selling price for inventories less all estimated costs of completion and costs necessary to make the sale.

# 4. 主要會計政策(續)

#### dì 物業、廠房及設備

物業、廠房及設備乃為生產或提供商品或服務或為管理目的持有的有形資產,按成本減其後累計折舊及其後累計減值虧損(如有)於綜合財務狀況報表列賬。

折舊採用直線法確認,以於估計可使 用年期撇銷資產成本至剩餘價值。估 計可使用年期、剩餘價值及折舊方法 於各報告期末審閱,並按預期基準入 賬任何估計變動的影響。

物業、廠房及設備以直線法按以下年率折舊:

租賃物業裝修 按租期及20% (以較短者為準) 廠房及機器 10% 電腦 25-33% 傢俬、裝置及 20% 設備

汽車 25%

廠房及設備項目於出售時或預期持續使用該資產不再產生未來經濟利益時終止確認。因出售或報廢廠房及設備項目產生的任何收益或虧損按出售所得款項與資產賬面值的差額 釐定並於損益中確認。

#### el 存貨

存貨乃按成本與可變現淨值的較低 者列賬。存貨成本乃使用加權平均法 計算。可變現淨值為存貨估計售價減 去竣工所有估計成本及作出銷售所 需的成本。



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# 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### f) Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised on the consolidated statement of financial position when a group entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. All regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are recognised and derecognised on a trade date basis. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the time frame established by regulation or convention in the market place.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL")) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at FVTPL are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial asset or financial liability and of allocating interest income and interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts and payments (including all fees and points paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the financial asset or financial liability, or, where appropriate, a shorter period, to the net carrying amount on initial recognition.

# 4. 主要會計政策(續)

# f) 金融工具

金融資產及金融負債乃於集團實體成為工具之合約條文之訂約5次第一次的方式期內或出售之金融資產均按方式購入或出售之金融資產以常規方式購入或出售指於市場規定或資產購入或出售。

金融資產及金融負債初步以公平值計量。與收購或發行金融資產及一種對達人工。與收購或發行金融資產(「透過損益按公平值列賬(「透過損益按公平值列賬」)之金融負債除外)直接相關之交資本。會負債(如適用)內或自當中期之交過損透過損益按公平值列賬之交易,會即時在損益內確認。

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# 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### f) Financial instruments (Continued)

#### Financial assets

# Classification and subsequent measurement of financial assets

Financial assets that meet the following conditions are subsequently measured at amortised cost:

- the financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is to collect contractual cash flows; and
- the contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

#### Amortised cost and interest income

Interest income is recognised using the effective interest method for financial assets measured subsequently at amortised cost. Interest income is calculated by applying the effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount of a financial asset, except for financial assets that have subsequently become credit-impaired. For financial assets that have subsequently become credit-impaired, interest income is recognised by applying the effective interest rate to the amortised cost of the financial asset from the next reporting period. If the credit risk on the credit-impaired financial instrument improves so that the financial asset is no longer credit-impaired, interest income is recognised by applying the effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount of the financial asset from the beginning of the reporting period following the determination that the asset is no longer creditimpaired.

# 4. 主要會計政策(續)

### f) 金融工具(續)

#### 金融資產

#### 金融資產分類及後續計量

符合下列條件之金融資產其後按攤銷成本計量:

- 於一個商業模式內持有金融資產,而其持有金融資產之目的 為收取合約現金流量;及
- 合約條款於指定日期產生之現 金流量僅為支付本金及未償還 本金之利息。

#### 攤銷成本及利息收入



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# 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### f) Financial instruments (Continued)

### Financial assets (Continued)

#### Impairment of financial assets

The Group performs impairment assessment under expected credit loss ("ECL") model on financial assets (including trade receivables, other receivables and deposits, loan to an associate, payment to parties for procurement for investment of cinema business and bank balances) which are subject to impairment assessment under HKFRS 9. The amount of ECL is updated at each reporting date to reflect changes in credit risk since initial recognition.

Lifetime ECL represents the ECL that will result from all possible default events over the expected life of the relevant instrument. In contrast, 12-month ECL ("12m ECL") represents the portion of lifetime ECL that is expected to result from default events that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date. Assessment are done based on the Group's historical credit loss experience, adjusted for factors that are specific to the debtors, general economic conditions and an assessment of both the current conditions at the reporting date as well as the forecast of future conditions.

The Group always recognises lifetime ECL for trade receivables.

For all other instruments, the Group measures the loss allowance equal to 12m ECL, unless there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, in which case the Group recognises lifetime ECL. The assessment of whether lifetime ECL should be recognised is based on significant increases in the likelihood or risk of a default occurring since initial recognition.

# 4. 主要會計政策(續)

### f) 金融工具(續)

### 金融資產(續)

#### 金融資產減值

本集團一直就應收賬款確認全期預 期信貸虧損。

就所有其他工具而言,本集團按相等於12個月預期信貸虧損的金額計量虧損撥備,除非自初步確認後信貸風險出現大幅增加,於此情況下,本集團確認全期預期信貸虧損。評估是客應確認全期預期信貸虧損乃根據自初步確認以來所發生違約的可能性或風險是否大幅增加而定。

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# 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### f) Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

(i) Significant increase in credit risk

In assessing whether the credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition, the Group compares the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument as at the reporting date with the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument as at the date of initial recognition. In making this assessment, the Group considers both quantitative and qualitative information that is reasonable and supportable, including historical experience and forward-looking information that is available without undue cost or effort.

In particular, the following information is taken into account when assessing whether credit risk has increased significantly:

- an actual or expected significant deterioration in the financial instrument's external (if available) or internal credit rating;
- significant deterioration in external market indicators of credit risk, e.g. a significant increase in the credit spread, the credit default swap prices for the debtor;
- existing or forecast adverse changes in business, financial or economic conditions that are expected to cause a significant decrease in the debtor's ability to meet its debt obligations;

# 4. 主要會計政策(續)

f) 金融工具(續)

金融資產(續)

金融資產減值(續)

(i) 信貸風險大幅增加

尤其是,在評估信貸風險是否 大幅上升時,本集團會考慮以 下資料:

- 金融工具外部(如有)或 內部信貸評級之實際或預 期顯著惡化;
- 信貸風險外部市場指標顯著惡化,例如信貸利差大幅上升、債務人信貸違約掉期價格大幅上升;
- 預期業務、財務或經濟狀況現有或預測不利變動將 導致債務人履行其債務責任之能力遭到大幅削弱;



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# 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

**f) Financial instruments** (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

- (i) Significant increase in credit risk (Continued)
  - an actual or expected significant deterioration in the operating results of the debtor:
  - an actual or expected significant adverse change in the regulatory, economic, or technological environment of the debtor that results in a significant decrease in the debtor's ability to meet its debt obligations.

Irrespective of the outcome of the above assessment, the Group presumes that the credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition when contractual payments are more than 30 days past due, unless the Group has reasonable and supportable information that demonstrates otherwise.

# 4. 主要會計政策(續)

f) 金融工具(續)

金融資產(續)

金融資產減值(續)

- (i) 信貸風險大幅增加(續)
  - 債務人經營業績實際或預期顯著惡化;
  - 債務人之監管、經濟或技 術環境實際或預期出現重 大不利變動,導致債務人 履行其債務責任之能力遭 到大幅削弱。

不論上述評估結果如何,倘合約付款逾期超過三十日,則本集團會假定信貸風險自初步確認以來已大幅上升,除非本集團另有合理且可證實資料可資證明,則作別論。



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# 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### f) Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

(i) Significant increase in credit risk (Continued)

The Group regularly monitors the effectiveness of the criteria used to identify whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk and revises them as appropriate to ensure that the criteria are capable of identifying significant increase in credit risk before the amount becomes past due.

#### (ii) Definition of default

For internal credit risk management, the Group considers an event of default occurs when information developed internally or obtained from external sources indicates that the debtor is unlikely to pay its creditors, including the Group, in full (without taking into account any collateral held by the Group).

Irrespective of the above, the Group considers that default has occurred when a financial asset is more than 90 days past due unless the Group has reasonable and supportable information to demonstrate that a more lagging default criterion is more appropriate.

# 4. 主要會計政策(續)

### f) 金融工具(續)

金融資產(續)

#### 金融資產減值(續)

#### (i) 信貸風險大幅增加(續)

本集團定期監察用以識別信貸 風險曾否大幅上升之標準之成 效,並於適當時候作出修訂,從 而確保有關標準能夠於款項逾 期前識別信貸風險大幅上升。

#### (ii) 違約定義

就內部信貸風險管理而言,本 集團認為當內部形成或從外部 來源所得資料顯示,債務人不 大可能向其債權人(包括本集 團)支付全數款項(並無考慮到 本集團所持之任何抵押品)時, 則出現違約事件。

不論上文所述,本集團認為,金融資產逾期超過90日即屬違約,除非本集團有合理且可支持的資料證明更滯後的違約標準較為合適則作別論。



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# 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### f) Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

(iii) Credit-impaired financial assets

A financial asset is credit-impaired when one or more events of default that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of that financial asset have occurred. Evidence that a financial asset is credit-impaired includes observable data about the following events:

- (a) significant financial difficulty of the issuer or the borrower:
- (b) a breach of contract, such as a default or past due event;
- (c) the lender(s) of the borrower, for economic or contractual reasons relating to the borrower's financial difficulty, having granted to the borrower a concession(s) that the lender(s) would not otherwise consider;
- (d) it is becoming probable that the borrower will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation; or
- (e) the disappearance of an active market for that financial asset because of financial difficulties.

# 4. 主要會計政策(續)

f) 金融工具(續)

金融資產(續)

金融資產減值(續)

(iii) 信貸減值之金融資產

當一項或多項對金融資產估計 未來現金流量造成不利影響之 違約事件發生時,即代表金融 資產已出現信貸減值。金融資 產出現信貸減值之證據包括涉 及以下事件之可觀察數據:

- [a] 發行人或借款人出現重大 財政困難;
- (b) 違反合約,如違約或逾期 事件;
- [c] 向借款人作出貸款之貸款 人出於與借款人財政困難 有關之經濟或合約考慮, 給予借款人在其他情況下 不會作出之讓步;
- (d) 借款人有可能破產或進行 其他財務重組;或
- (e) 金融資產之活躍市場因財 務困難而消失。



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# 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### f) Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

### (iv) Write-off policy

The Group writes off a financial asset when there is information indicating that the counterparty is in severe financial difficulty and there is no realistic prospect of recovery, for example, when the counterparty has been placed under liquidation or has entered into bankruptcy proceedings, or in the case of trade receivables, when the amounts are over one year past due, whichever occurs sooner.

Financial assets written off may still be subject to enforcement activities under the Group's recovery procedures, taking into account legal advice where appropriate. A write-off constitutes a derecognition event. Any subsequent recoveries are recognised in profit or loss.

### (v) Measurement and recognition of ECL

The measurement of ECL is a function of the probability of default, loss given default (i.e. the magnitude of the loss if there is a default) and the exposure at default. The assessment of the probability of default and loss given default is based on historical data and forward looking information. Estimation of ECL reflects an unbiased and probability-weighted amount that is determined with the respective risks of default occurring as the weights. The Group uses a practical expedient in estimating ECL on trade receivables using a provision matrix taking into consideration historical credit loss experience, adjusted for forward looking information that is available without undue cost or effort.

# 4. 主要會計政策(續)

### f) 金融工具(續)

金融資產(續)

#### 金融資產減值(續)

#### (iv) 撇銷政策

當有資料顯示對手方陷入嚴重 財政困難,且並無實際收回款 項的可能時(例如對手方被應 盤或進入破產程序,或就應地 賬款而言,當金額已逾期超過 一年(以較早發生者為準)), 本集團會撇銷金融資產。

經考慮法律意見後,在適當情況下,已撇銷之金融資產可能仍可於本集團收回程序下實施強制執行。撇銷構成終止確認事件。其後收回之任何款項於損益確認。

#### (v) 計量及確認預期信貸虧損



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# 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### f) Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

(v) Measurement and recognition of ECL (Continued)

Generally, the ECL is the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Group in accordance with the contract and the cash flows that the Group expects to receive, discounted at the effective interest rate determined at initial recognition.

Lifetime ECL for certain trade receivables are considered on a collective basis taking into consideration past due information and relevant credit information such as forward looking macroeconomic information.

For collective assessment, the Group takes into consideration the following characteristics when formulating the grouping:

- Past-due status;
- Nature, size and industry of debtors; and
- External credit ratings where available.

The grouping is regularly reviewed by management to ensure the constituents of each group continue to share similar credit risk characteristics.

Interest income is calculated based on the gross carrying amount of the financial asset unless the financial asset is credit-impaired, in which case interest income is calculated based on amortised cost of the financial asset.

# 4. 主要會計政策(續)

f) 金融工具(續)

金融資產(續)

金融資產減值(續)

(v) 計量及確認預期信貸虧損(續)

一般而言,預期信貸虧損按根據合約應付本集團之所有合約現金流量與本集團預期將收取之現金流量之間之差額估計,並按初步確認時釐定之實際利率貼現。

若干應收賬款的全期預期信貸 虧損乃經計及逾期資料及前瞻 性宏觀經濟資料等相關信貸資 料,按集體基準予以考慮。

就集體評估而言,本集團在分組時計及以下特徵:

- 逾期狀況;
- 債務人的性質、規模及行業;及
- 外部信貸評級(如有)。

管理層定期檢討分組工作,以 確保各組別組成部分繼續存在 類似信貸風險特徵。

利息收入按金融資產的賬面總值計算,除非金融資產出現信 貸減值,於此情況下,利息收入 按金融資產的攤銷成本計算。



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# 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

# f) Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

(v) Measurement and recognition of ECL (Continued)

The Group recognises an impairment gain or loss in profit or loss for all financial instruments by adjusting their carrying amount, with the exception of trade receivables where the corresponding adjustment is recognised through a loss allowance account.

#### Derecognition of financial asset

The Group derecognises a financial asset only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another entity. If the Group neither transfers nor retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership and continues to control the transferred asset, the Group recognises its retained interest in the asset and an associated liability for amounts it may have to pay. If the Group retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of a transferred financial asset, the Group continues to recognise the financial asset and also recognises a collateralised borrowing for the proceeds received.

On derecognition of a financial asset measured at amortised cost, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable is recognised in profit or loss.

# 4. 主要會計政策(續)

f) 金融工具(續)

金融資產(續)

金融資產減值(續)

(v) 計量及確認預期信貸虧損(續)

除透過虧損撥備賬確認相應調整的應收賬款外,本集團就所有金融工具通過調整其賬面值 於損益內確認減值損益。

#### 終止確認金融資產

當終止確認按攤銷成本計量的金融資產時,該資產賬面值與所收及應收代價之差額於損益中確認。



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# 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### f) Financial instruments (Continued)

### Financial liabilities and equity

#### Classification as debt or equity

Debt and equity instruments are classified as either financial liabilities or as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

#### Equity instruments

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of an entity after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by the Company are recognised at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

Repurchase of the Company's own equity instruments is recognised and deducted directly in equity. No gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss on the purchase, sale, issue or cancellation of the Company's own equity instruments.

# 4. 主要會計政策(續)

### f) 金融工具(續)

#### 金融負債及股本

#### 分類為債務或股本

債務及股本工具根據合約安排的性質及金融負債及股本工具的定義分類列作金融負債或股本。

#### 股本工具

股本工具乃證明一間實體的資產經 扣除其所有負債後的剩餘權益的合 約。本公司發行的股本工具按已收所 得款項經扣除直接發行成本後確認。

購回本公司自身股本工具直接於權益確認及扣除。概無就購買、出售、發行或註銷本公司自身股本工具而於損益中確認收益或虧損。



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# 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### f) Financial instruments (Continued)

# Financial liabilities and equity (Continued)

#### Financial liabilities

All financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

#### Financial liabilities at amortised cost

Financial liabilities including trade payables, other payables and accruals, debt component of convertible bonds and lease liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest method.

#### Convertible bonds

The component parts of the convertible bonds are classified separately as financial liability and equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument. A conversion option that will be settled by the exchange of a fixed amount of cash or another financial asset for a fixed number of the Company's own equity instruments is an equity instrument.

At the date of issue, the fair value of the liability component (including any embedded non-equity derivatives features) is estimated by measuring the fair value of similar liability that does not have an associated equity component.

# 4. 主要會計政策(續)

### f) 金融工具(續)

### 金融負債及股本(續)

#### 金融負債

所有金融負債其後採用實際利率法 按攤銷成本計入損益計量。

#### 按攤銷成本計量的金融負債

金融負債(包括應付賬款、其他應付 款項及應計款項、可換股債券的債務 部分及租賃負債)於其後採用實際利 率法按攤銷成本計量。

#### 可換股債券

可換股債券的組成部分乃根據合約 安排之內容以及金融負債及股本工 具之定義,個別分類為金融負債及 益。倘兑換股權將透過以固定金額的 現金或另一項金融資產換取固定數 目的本公司股本工具結算,則分類為 股本工具。

於發行日期,負債部分(包括任何嵌入式非股本衍生工具特點)之公平值乃透過計量並無相關權益部分之類似負債的公平值估算。



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# 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### f) Financial instruments (Continued)

### Financial liabilities and equity (Continued)

#### Convertible bonds (Continued)

A conversion option classified as equity is determined by deducting the amount of the liability component from the fair value of the compound instrument as a whole. This is recognised and included in equity, net of income tax effects, and is not subsequently remeasured. In addition, the conversion option classified as equity will remain in equity until the conversion option is exercised, in which case, the balance recognised in equity will be transferred to share premium. Where the conversion option remains unexercised at the maturity date of the convertible bond, the balance recognised in equity will be transferred to accumulated losses. No gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss upon conversion or expiration of the conversion option.

Transaction costs that relate to the issue of the convertible bonds are allocated to the liability and equity components in proportion to the allocation of proceeds. Transaction costs relating to the equity component are charged directly to equity. Transaction costs relating to the liability component are included in the carrying amount of the liability portion and amortised over the period of the convertible bonds using the effective interest method.

When the contractual terms of a convertible instrument are modified, the revised terms would result in a substantial modification from the original terms, after taking into account all relevant facts and circumstances including qualitative factors, such modification is accounted for as derecognition of the original financial liability and the recognition of new financial liability. The difference between the carrying amount of financial liability derecognised and the fair value of consideration paid or payable, including any liabilities assumed and derivative components recognised, is recognised in profit or loss.

# 4. 主要會計政策(續)

### f) 金融工具(續)

### 金融負債及股本(續)

#### 可換股債券(續)

與發行可換股債券有關之交易成本 乃按所得款項之分配比例分配至負 債及權益部分。與權益部分有關之交 易成本會直接自權益扣除。與負債部 分有關之交易成本則計入負債部分 之賬面值,並於可換股債券期內採用 實際利率法攤銷。

當修改可換股工具的合約條款時,考慮到所有相關事實及情況(包括完實的人物)後,修訂後的條款將導改改,該等修改,該等修改,該等修改,該等修改,該等修改。終止確認原來金融負債。終止確認金融負債可以應付代價的公平值與已付或應付代價所承擔的之限。 已確認衍生部分)於損益中確認。



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# 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

# f) Financial instruments (Continued)

# Financial liabilities and equity (Continued)

#### Derecognition of financial liabilities

The Group derecognises financial liabilities when, and only when, the Group's obligations are discharged, cancelled or have expired. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognised and the consideration paid and payable is recognised in profit or loss.

# g) Impairment on property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets

At the end of the reporting period, the Group reviews the carrying amounts of its property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets to determine whether there is any indication that these assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the relevant asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any).

The recoverable amount of property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets are estimated individually. When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount individually, the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

# 4. 主要會計政策(續)

### f) 金融工具(續)

### 金融負債及股本(續)

#### 終止確認金融負債

當且僅當本集團責任解除、取消或屆滿時,本集團會終止確認金融負債。 終止確認的金融負債賬面值與已付 及應付代價之間的差額會在損益中確認。

# g) 物業、廠房及設備以及使用權資產 的減值

於本報告期末,本集團審閱其物業、廠房及設備以及使用權資產的賬面值,以確定是否有任何跡象顯示該等資產出現減值虧損。倘存在任何該等跡象,則會估計相關資產的可收回金額,以確定減值虧損(如有)的幅度。

物業、廠房及設備及使用權資產的可收回金額乃獨立估計。倘無法個別估計資產之可收回金額,本集團會估計該資產所屬現金產生單位之可收回金額。



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# 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

# g) Impairment on property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets (Continued)

In testing a cash-generating unit for impairment, corporate assets are allocated to the relevant cash-generating unit when a reasonable and consistent basis of allocation can be established, or otherwise they are allocated to the smallest group of cash-generating units for which a reasonable and consistent allocation basis can be established. The recoverable amount is determined for the cash-generating unit or group of cash-generating units to which the corporate asset belongs, and is compared with the carrying amount of the relevant cash-generating unit or group of cash-generating units.

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset (or a cash-generating unit) for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted.

# 4. 主要會計政策(續)

# g) 物業、廠房及設備以及使用權資產 的減值(續)

對現金產生單位進行減值測試時,倘可設立一個合理及一致的分配基準,公司資產會被分配到相關現金直對位,否則將會被分配至可設立的現金產生單位。可收回金額現金產生單位銀金產生單位超別的大量。並與相關現金產生單位或現金產生單位組別的賬面值作比較。

可收回金額為公平值減銷售成本與使用價值兩者中較高者。在評估使用價值時,估計未來現金流量採用稅前貼現率貼現至其現值,該稅前貼現至反映當前市場對貨幣時間價值及資產(或現金產生單位)特定風險的評估,就此而言未來現金流量的估計未經調整。



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# 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

# g) Impairment on property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets (Continued)

If the recoverable amount of an asset (or a cashgenerating unit) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (or a cash-generating unit) is reduced to its recoverable amount. For corporate assets or portion of corporate assets which cannot be allocated on a reasonable and consistent basis to a cash-generating unit, the Group compares the carrying amount of a group of cash-generating units, including the carrying amounts of the corporate assets or portion of corporate assets allocated to that group of cashgenerating units, with the recoverable amount of the group of cash-generating units. In allocating the impairment loss, the impairment loss is allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill (if applicable) and then to the other assets on a prorata basis based on the carrying amount of each asset in the unit or the group of cash-generating units. The carrying amount of an asset is not reduced below the highest of its fair value less costs of disposal (if measurable), its value in use (if determinable) and zero. The amount of the impairment loss that would otherwise have been allocated to the asset is allocated pro rata to the other assets of the unit or the group of cashgenerating units. An impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (or cash-generating unit or a group of cash-generating units) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset (or a cash-generating unit or a group of cash-generating units) in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

# 4. 主要會計政策(續)

# g) 物業、廠房及設備以及使用權資產 的減值(續)

倘估計資產(或現金產生單位)的可 收回金額低於其賬面值,則資產(或 現金產生單位)的賬面值將調減至其 可收回金額。就未能按合理一致的基 準分配至現金產生單位的企業資產 或部分企業資產,本集團會比較一個 組別的現金產生單位賬面值(包括已 分配至該組現金產生單位的企業資 產或部分企業資產的賬面值)與該組 現金產生單位的可收回金額。於分配 減值虧損時,按該單位或一組現金產 生單位各項資產的賬面值所佔比例 分配至資產。資產賬面值不得減少至 低於其公平值減出售成本(如可計 量)、其使用價值(如可釐定)及零之 中的最高值。已另行分配至資產的減 值虧損金額按比例分配至該單位或 一組現金產生單位的其他資產。減值 虧損即時於損益確認。

倘減值虧損其後撥回,則資產(或現金產生單位或一組現金產生單位)的 賬面值會上調至其經修訂的估計可 收回金額,惟就此已上調的賬面值 得超出資產(或現金產生單位或一組 現金產生單位)於過往年度並無確認 減值虧損時釐定的賬面值。減值虧損 撥回即時於損益中確認。



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# 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### h) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and demand deposits, and short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, and have a short maturity of generally within three months of maturity when acquired. Cash and cash equivalents include investments and advances denominated in foreign currencies provide that they fulfill the above criteria.

For the purposes of the consolidated statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents would also include bank overdrafts and advances from banks repayable within three months from the date of the advance.

#### i) Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that the Group will be required to settle that obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

The amount recognised as a provision is the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period, taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation. When a provision is measured using the cash flows estimated to settle the present obligation, its carrying amount is the present value of those cash flows (where the effect of the time value of money is material).

# 4. 主要會計政策(續)

### h) 現金及現金等值物

現金及現金等值物包括手頭現金及 活期存款,以及可隨時轉換為已知金 額現金、所涉及價值變動風險不高且 一般自取得起計三個月內到期的短 期高流通性投資。現金及現金等值物 包括以外幣計值並符合上述規格之 投資及墊款。

於編製綜合現金流量表時,現金及現 金等值物亦將包括由墊款日期起計 三個月內須償還之銀行透支及墊款。

#### il 撥備

當本集團因某一已發生事件而承擔 現時責任(法定或推定),而本集團 很可能須履行該責任,且責任金額能 可靠地估計時,便會確認撥備。

確認為撥備的金額為於報告期末履行現時責任所需代價的最佳估計,當中計及與責任有關的風險及不明朗因素。當撥備使用履行現時責任所需估計現金流量計量時,其賬面值為該等現金流量的現值(倘金錢時間價值的影響屬重大)。

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# 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### i) Leases

#### Definition of a lease

A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

For contracts entered into or modified on or after the date of initial application or arising from business combinations, the Group assesses whether a contract is or contains a lease based on the definition under HKFRS 16 at inception, modification date or acquisition date, as appropriate. Such contract will not be reassessed unless the terms and conditions of the contract are subsequently changed. As a practical expedient, leases with similar characteristics are accounted on a portfolio basis when the Group reasonably expects that the effects on the consolidated financial statements would not differ materially from individual leases within the portfolio.

#### The Group as a lessee

### (i) Allocation of consideration to components of a contract

For a contract that contains a lease component and one or more additional lease or non-lease components, the Group allocates the consideration in the contract to each lease component on the basis of the relative standalone price of the lease component and the aggregate stand-alone price of the non-lease components.

Non-lease components are separated from lease component on the basis of their relative stand-alone prices.

# 4. 主要會計政策(續)

### j) 租賃

#### 租賃的定義

倘合約為換取代價而給予在一段時間內控制可識別資產使用的權利,則 該合約屬於或包含租賃。

### 本集團作為承租人

#### (i) 將代價分配至合約組成部分

就包含租賃組成部分以及一項或多項額外租賃或非租賃組成部分之合約而言,本集團根據租賃組成部分之相對獨立價格人非租賃組成部分之合計獨立價格基準將合約代價分配至各項租賃組成部分。

非租賃組成部分乃基於彼等的 相對獨立價格與租賃組成部分 區分。



For the Year ended 31 March 2021 截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度

# 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### i) Leases (Continued)

The Group as a lessee (Continued)

# (ii) Short-term leases and leases of low-value assets

The Group applies the short-term lease recognition exemption to leases of staff quarters that have a lease term of 12 months or less from the commencement date and do not contain a purchase option. It also applies the recognition exemption for lease of low-value assets. Lease payments on short-term leases and leases of low-value assets are recognised as expense on a straight-line basis or another systematic basis over the lease term.

#### (iii) Right-of-use assets

The cost of right-of-use asset includes:

- the amount of the initial measurement of the lease liability;
- any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, less any lease incentives received;
- any initial direct costs incurred by the Group; and
- an estimate of costs to be incurred by the Group in dismantling and removing the underlying assets, restoring the site on which it is located or restoring the underlying asset to the condition required by the terms and conditions of the lease.

### 4. 主要會計政策(續)

### j) 租賃(續)

本集團作為承租人(續)

#### (ii) 短期租賃和低價值資產租賃

本集團將短期租賃確認豁免應 用於自初始日期起租期為12個 月或以下之員工宿舍租賃。 京適用於低價值資產租賃值其確 認豁免。短期租賃及低價值賃 產的租賃付款在租賃 內按直線法或另一有系統基準 確認為費用。

#### (iii) 使用權資產

使用權資產的成本包括:

- 租賃負債之初始計量金額;
- 於開始日期或之前作出的 任何租賃付款,減任何已 收租賃優惠;
- 本集團產生的任何初始直 接成本;及
- 本集團於拆除及拆遷相關 資產、復原相關資產所在 場地或復原相關資產至租 賃的條款及條件所規定的 狀況時估計產生的成本。



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# 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### j) Leases (Continued)

The Group as a lessee (Continued)

#### (iii) Right-of-use assets (Continued)

Right-of-use assets are measured at cost, less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, and adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities other than adjustments to lease liabilities resulting from Covid-19-related rent concessions in which the Group applied the practical expedient.

Right-of-use assets in which the Group is reasonably certain to obtain ownership of the underlying leased assets at the end of the lease term are depreciated from commencement date to the end of the useful life. Otherwise, right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of its estimated useful life and the lease term.

The Group presents right-of-use assets as a separate line item on the consolidated statement of financial position.

# 4. 主要會計政策(續)

#### j) 租賃(續)

本集團作為承租人(續)

#### (iii) 使用權資產(續)

使用權資產按成本計量,減去 任何累計折舊及減值虧損,並 就租賃負債的任何重新計量作 出調整,惟不包括對新冠病毒 疫情相關租金減免產生的租赁 負債的調整,本集團就此應用 可行權宜方法。

本集團已合理地確定可於租期 結束時取得相關租賃資產所有 權的使用權資產由開始日期甚至可使用年期結束止計提折舊。 在其他情況下,使用權資產期 直線法於其估計可使用年期投 租期(以較短者為準)內計提折 舊。

本集團於綜合財務狀況報表內將使用權資產呈列為獨立項目。



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# 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

# j) Leases (Continued)

### The Group as a lessee (Continued)

#### (iv) Lease liabilities

At the commencement date of a lease, the Group recognises and measures the lease liability at the present value of lease payments that are unpaid at that date. In calculating the present value of lease payments, the Group uses the incremental borrowing rate at the lease commencement date if the interest rate implicit in the lease is not readily determinable.

The lease payments include:

- fixed payments (including in-substance fixed payments) less any lease incentives receivable;
- variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, initially measured using the index or rate as at the commencement date;
- amounts expected to be payable by the Group under residual value guarantees;
- the exercise price of a purchase option if the Group is reasonably certain to exercise the option; and
- payments of penalties for terminating a lease, if the lease term reflects the Group exercising an option to terminate the lease.

# 4. 主要會計政策(續)

#### j) 租賃(續)

### 本集團作為承租人(續)

#### (iv) 租賃負債

於租賃開始日期,本集團按當日未付的租賃付款現值確認及計量租賃負債。在計算租賃付款現值時,倘租賃中隱含的利率不易確定,則本集團在租賃開始日期使用遞增借款利率。

#### 租賃付款包括:

- 固定付款(包括實質固定 付款)減任何應收租賃優惠;
- 取決於指數或比率的可變 租賃付款額,最初使用指 數或開始日期的比率計算;
- 預計根據剩餘價值擔保將予支付的金額;
- 倘本集團合理確定將行使 購買選擇權的行權價;及
- 終止租賃的罰款金額,如果租賃期反映出本集團將 行使終止租賃的選擇權。



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# 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### i) Leases (Continued)

The Group as a lessee (Continued)

#### (iv) Lease liabilities (Continued)

Variable lease payments that reflect changes in market rental rates are initially measured using the market rental rates as at the commencement date. Variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or a rate are not included in the measurement of lease liabilities and right-of-use assets, and are recognised as expense in the period in which the event or condition that triggers the payment occurs.

After the commencement date, lease liabilities are adjusted by interest accretion and lease payments.

The Group remeasures lease liabilities (and makes a corresponding adjustment to the related right-of-use assets) whenever:

- the lease term has changed or there is a change in the assessment of exercise of a purchase option, in which case the related lease liability is remeasured by discounting the revised lease payments using a revised discount rate at the date of reassessment.
- the lease payments change due to changes in market rental rates following a market rent review, in which cases the related lease liability is remeasured by discounting the revised lease payments using the initial discount rate.

The Group presents lease liabilities as a separate line item on the consolidated statement of financial position.

# 4. 主要會計政策(續)

#### j) 租賃(續)

#### 本集團作為承租人(續)

#### (iv) 租賃負債(續)

反映市場租金變化的可變租賃 付款於開始日期使用市場租金 初步計量。並不視乎指數或比 率而定的可變租賃付款並不計 入租賃負債及使用權資產計量, 而於觸發付款的事件或條件發 生期間確認為開支。

於開始日期後,租賃負債根據利息增長及租賃付款作出調整。

倘出現以下情況,本集團會重新計量租賃負債(並對相關使用權資產作出相應調整):

- 租期有所變動或行使購買 選擇權的評估發生變化, 在此情況下,相關租賃負 債透過使用重新評估日期 的經修訂貼現率貼現經修 訂租賃付款而重新計量。
- 租賃付款因進行市場租金 調查後市場租金變動而出 現變動,在此情況下,相 關租賃負債透過使用初始 貼現率貼現經修訂租賃付 款而重新計量。

本集團於綜合財務狀況報表內 將租賃負債呈列為單獨項目。



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# 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### i) Leases (Continued)

The Group as a lessee (Continued)

#### (v) Lease modifications

Except for Covid-19-related rent concessions in which the Group applied the practical expedient, the Group accounts for a lease modification as a separate lease if:

- the modification increases the scope of the lease by adding the right to use one or more underlying assets; and
- the consideration for the leases increases by an amount commensurate with the stand-alone price for the increase in scope and any appropriate adjustments to that stand-alone price to reflect the circumstances of the particular contract.

For a lease modification that is not accounted for as a separate lease, the Group remeasures the lease liability based on the lease term of the modified lease by discounting the revised lease payments using a revised discount rate at the effective date of the modification.

The Group accounts for the remeasurement of lease liabilities by making corresponding adjustments to the relevant right-of-use asset. When the modified contract contains a lease component and one or more additional lease or non-lease components, the Group allocates the consideration in the modified contract to each lease component on the basis of the relative stand-alone price of the lease component and the aggregate stand-alone price of the non-lease components.

# 4. 主要會計政策(續)

#### i) 租賃(續)

本集團作為承租人(續)

#### (v) 租賃修改

除本集團就新冠病毒疫情相關 租金減免應用可行權宜方法外, 倘出現以下情況,本集團會將 租賃修改作為一項單獨的租賃 入賬:

- 該項修改通過增加使用一項或多項相關資產的權利 擴大了租賃範圍;及
- 租賃代價增加,增加的金額相當於範圍擴大對應的單獨價格,加上為反映特定合約的實際情況而對單獨價格進行的任何適當調整。

就未作為一項單獨租賃入賬的租賃修改而言,本集團基於透過使用修改生效日期的經修訂 貼現率貼現經修訂租賃付款的 經修改租賃的租期重新計量租 賃負債。



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# 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### i) Leases (Continued)

The Group as a lessee (Continued)

#### (vi) Covid-19-related rent concessions

In relation to rent concessions that occurred as a direct consequence of the Covid-19 pandemic, the Group has elected to apply the practical expedient not to assess whether the change is a lease modification if all of the following conditions are met:

- the change in lease payments results in revised consideration for the lease that is substantially the same as, or less than, the consideration for the lease immediately preceding the change;
- any reduction in lease payments affects only payments originally due on or before 30 June 2021; and
- there is no substantive change to other terms and conditions of the lease.

A lessee applying the practical expedient accounts for changes in lease payments resulting from rent concessions the same way it would account for the changes applying HKFRS 16 if the changes are not a lease modification. Forgiveness or waiver of lease payments are accounted for as variable lease payments. The related lease liabilities are adjusted to reflect the amounts forgiven or waived with a corresponding adjustment recognised in the profit or loss in the period in which the event occurs.

# 4. 主要會計政策(續)

#### i) 租賃(續)

### 本集團作為承租人(續)

#### (vi) 新冠病毒疫情相關租金減免

就因新冠病毒疫情直接導致的 租金減免而言,倘符合以下所 有條件,本集團已選擇應用可 行權宜方法不評估有關變動是 否屬租賃修改:

- 租賃付款的變動使租賃代價有所修改,而經修改的代價與緊接變動前的租賃代價大致相同;或少於緊接變動前的租賃代價;
- 租賃付款的任何減幅僅影響原到期日為二零二一年 六月三十日或之前的付款:及
- 租賃的其他條款及條件並 無實質變動。

倘變動並非租賃修改,應用可行權宜方法之承租人須按應用充法之承租人須按應用香港財務報告準則第16號將絕動入賬之相同方款變動入賬之相信付款變動入入入租赁付款的寬免付款。相關租餘人,並於該事件發生的內在損益中確認相應調整。



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# 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### k) Revenue from contracts with customers

The Group recognises revenue when (or as) a performance obligation is satisfied, i.e. when "control" of the goods or services underlying the particular performance obligation is transferred to the customer.

A performance obligation represents a good or service (or a bundle of goods or services) that is distinct or a series of distinct goods or services that are substantially the same.

Control is transferred over time and revenue is recognised over time by reference to the progress towards complete satisfaction of the relevant performance obligation if one of the following criteria is met:

- the customer simultaneously receives and consumes the benefits provided by the Group's performance as the Group performs;
- the Group's performance creates or enhances an asset that the customer controls as the Group performs; or
- the Group's performance does not create an asset with an alternative use to the Group and the Group has an enforceable right to payment for performance completed to date.

Otherwise, revenue is recognised at a point in time when the customer obtains control of the distinct good or service.

A contract liability represents the Group's obligation to transfer goods or services to a customer for which the Group has received consideration (or an amount of consideration is due) from the customer.

# 4. 主要會計政策(續)

### k) 客戶合約之收入

本集團於完成履約義務時(或就此) (即於與特定履約義務相關之貨品或 服務之「控制權」轉讓予客戶時)確認 收益。

履約義務指一項明確的貨品或服務 (或一批貨品或服務)或一系列大致 相同的明確貨品或服務。

倘符合以下其中一項條件,則控制權 隨時間轉移,而收益則參考相關履約 義務的完成進度隨時間確認:

- 客戶於本集團履約時同時收取 及消耗本集團履約所提供的利益:
- 本集團的履約產生及強化客戶 於本集團履約時控制的資產;或
- 本集團的履約未產生對本集團 具有替代用途的資產,且本集 團有強制執行權收取至今已履 約部分的款項。

否則,收益於客戶獲得明確商品或服 務控制權時確認。

合約負債指本集團因已自客戶收取 代價(或代價金額到期),而須向客 戶轉讓貨品或服務之義務。



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# 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

# k) Revenue from contracts with customers (Continued)

The performance obligations of the Group for contracts with customers are summarised as follows:

### Cinema investment and management

The Group sells movies tickets, snacks and accessories to customers both through its own cinema and through internet sales.

Income from box office takings is recognised when the movies have been broadcasted and revenue from selling snacks and accessories is recognised when control of goods have been transferred to the customers. Payment of the transaction price is due immediately at the point the customer purchases the movies tickets, snacks and accessories.

The advertising income represents the display of some advertising materials in the area of the cinema and the airtime right before the start of a movie. The income of the former is recognised on a straight-line basis over the contract terms with a fixed amount. For the latter, the income is recognised over the contract terms and the amount of revenue is correlated to the box office takings of the movie with the airtime.

The management services income represents cinema management services provided. The Group considers the performance obligation is satisfied over time as the customer simultaneously receives and consumes the benefits provided by the Group's performance as the Group performs.

# 4. 主要會計政策(續)

# k] 客戶合約之收入(續)

本集團與客戶簽訂合約的履行義務 概要如下:

#### 影院投資及管理

本集團透過自有影院及互聯網銷售 向客戶出售電影票、零食及配飾。

票房收入於電影播放時確認,出售零 食及配飾收益於貨品控制權轉讓予 客戶時確認。在客戶購買電影票、零 食及配飾時,須立即支付交易價格。

廣告收入指於影院區及電影開場前播放時間展示若干廣告材料。前者的收入於合約期內以固定金額按直線基準確認。至於後者,收入於合約期內確認,收益金額與電影播放的票房收入相關。

管理服務收入指所提供的影院管理服務。由於客戶於本集團履約時同時收取及消耗本集團履約所提供的利益,本集團認為履約責任乃隨時間達成。



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# 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

# k) Revenue from contracts with customers (Continued)

### Cinema investment and management (Continued)

For others, it mainly represents the services charges for registration of membership and for the reissuance of membership cards for those lost cases. The income was recognised when the membership cards were issued to the members.

A contract liability is recognised for the prepayment made by the customers in the membership cards. The balance will be recognised as revenue at the point when movies are broadcasted or when the customers purchase snacks and accessories.

### I) Government grants

Government grants are not recognised until there is reasonable assurance that the Group will comply with the conditions attaching to them and that the grants will be received.

Government grants related to income that are receivable as compensation for expenses or losses already incurred or for the purpose of giving immediate financial support to the Group with no future related costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they become receivable. Such grants are presented under "other revenue and other net income".

# 4. 主要會計政策(續)

# k] 客戶合約之收入(續)

#### 影院投資及管理(續)

其他主要指註冊會員及會員卡遺失 情況下重新發卡的服務費。收入於向 會員發行會員卡時確認。

就客戶於會員卡作出的預付款確認 合約負債。結餘將於電影播放時或客 戶購買零食及配飾時確認為收益。

#### 1) 政府補貼

在合理地保證本集團會遵守政府補 貼的附帶條件以及將會得到補貼後, 政府補貼方會予以確認。

作為彌補已產生開支或虧損,或向本 集團提供並無未來相關成本的即時 財務援助而應收的收入相關的政府 補貼,在成為應收款項期間內於損益 中確認。有關補貼於「其他收益及其 他淨收入」項下呈列。



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# 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### m) Income tax

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit/(loss) before tax because of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are never taxable or deductible. The Group's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the consolidated financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilised. Such deferred tax assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from the initial recognition (other than in a business combination) of assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit. In addition, deferred tax liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from the initial recognition of goodwill.

# 4. 主要會計政策(續)

#### m) 所得税

所得税開支指即期應付税項與遞延 税項的總和。

即期應繳稅項乃按年內應課稅溢利計算。應課稅溢利與除稅前溢利/(虧損)不同,此乃由於其他年度應課稅或可扣減之收入或支出項目及永不課稅或可扣減之項目。本集團之即期稅項負債乃使用於報告期末前所頒行或大致頒行之稅率計算。

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# 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### m) Income tax (Continued)

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries and associates, except where the Group is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred tax assets arising from deductible temporary differences associated with such investments and interests are only recognised to the extent that it is probable that there will be sufficient taxable profits against which to utilise the benefits of the temporary differences and they are expected to reverse in the foreseeable future.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset is realised, based on tax rate (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Group expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

For the purposes of measuring deferred tax for leasing transactions in which the Group recognises the right-of-use assets and the related lease liabilities, the Group first determines whether the tax deductions are attributable to the right-of-use assets or the lease liabilities.

### 4. 主要會計政策(續)

### m) 所得税(續)

遞延税項資產之賬面值會於各報告 期末審閱及減少·直至不再可能有足 夠應課税溢利可供收回全部或部分 資產為止。

遞延税項資產及負債乃按預期於償還負債或變現資產期間適用之稅率 基於報告期末已實施或實質實施的稅率(及稅法)計量。

遞延税項負債及資產之計量反映本 集團按預期於報告期末收回或清償 其資產及負債賬面值之方式計算而 出之稅務後果。

就計量本集團確認使用權資產及相關租賃負債的租賃交易的遞延税項而言,本集團首先釐定税項扣減是否歸因於使用權資產或租賃負債。



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# 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### m) Income tax (Continued)

For leasing transactions in which the tax deductions are attributable to the lease liabilities, the Group applies HKAS 12 Income Taxes requirements to right-of-use assets and lease liabilities separately. Temporary differences on initial recognition of the relevant right-of-use assets and lease liabilities are not recognised due to application of the initial recognition exemption. Temporary differences arising from subsequent revision to the carrying amounts of right-of-use assets and lease liabilities, resulting from remeasurement of lease liabilities and lease modifications, that are not subject to initial recognition exemption are recognised on the date of remeasurement or modification.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when they relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority and the Group intends to settle its current tax assets and liabilities on a net basis.

Current and deferred tax are recognised in profit or loss, except when they relate to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax are also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

### 4. 主要會計政策(續)

### m) 所得税(續)

當有法定可執行權利將當期稅項資 產抵銷當期稅項負債時,以及當它們 與同一稅務機關徵收的所得稅有關 且本集團有意按淨額基準結算其當 期稅項資產和負債時,遞延所得稅資 產和負債均予以抵銷。

即期及遞延税項於損益確認,惟當其與於其他全面收益或直接於權益確認之項目有關則除外,於此情況下,即期及遞延税項亦分別於其他全面收益或直接於權益確認。

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#### 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### n) Retirement benefit costs

Payments to the Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme in Hong Kong and state-managed retirement benefit schemes in the People's Republic of China (the "PRC") are recognised as an expense when employees have rendered service entitling them to the contributions.

#### o) Short-term employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits are recognised at the undiscounted amount of the benefits expected to be paid as and when employees rendered the services. All short-term employee benefits are recognised as an expense unless another HKFRS requires or permits the inclusion of the benefit in the cost of an asset.

A liability is recognised for benefits accruing to employees (such as wages, salaries, annual leaves and sick leaves) after deducting any amount already paid.

#### 4. 主要會計政策(續)

#### n) 退休福利費用

香港強制性公積金計劃及中華人民 共和國(「中國」)國家管理退休福利 計劃之供款為於僱員提供服務後而 符合領取有關供款之資格時確認為 開支。

#### o) 短期僱員福利

短期僱員福利於僱員提供服務時就預計將支付福利的未貼現金額予以確認。所有短期僱員福利確認為開支,除非另一項香港財務報告準則要求或允許將有關福利納入資產成本,則作別論。

在扣除已支付的任何金額後,對僱員 應得的福利(例如工資、薪金、年假 及病假)確認負債。



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#### 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### p) Share-based payments arrangement

Equity-settled share-based payments transactions

### (i) Share options granted to directors and employees

Equity-settled share-based payments to employees and others providing similar services are measured at the fair value of the equity instruments at the grant date.

The fair value of the equity-settled share-based payments determined at the grant date without taking into consideration all non-market vesting conditions is expensed on a straight-line basis over the vesting period, based on the Group's estimate of equity instruments that will eventually vest, with a corresponding increase in equity (share options reserve). At the end of each reporting period, the Group revises its estimate of the number of equity instruments expected to vest based on assessment of all relevant non-market vesting conditions. The impact of the revision of the original estimates, if any, is recognised in profit or loss such that the cumulative expense reflects the revised estimate, with a corresponding adjustment to the share options reserve.

For share options that vest immediately at the date of grant, the fair value of the share options granted is expensed immediately to profit or loss.

When share options are exercised, the amount previously recognised in share options reserve will be transferred to share premium. When share options are forfeited after the vesting date or are still not exercised at the expiry date, the amount previously recognised in share options reserve will be transferred to accumulated losses

#### 4. 主要會計政策(續)

#### p) 以股份為基礎之付款安排

根據權益結算以股份為基礎之付款交易

#### (i) 向董事及僱員授出購股權

向僱員及提供類似服務的其他 人士作出根據權益結算以股份 為基礎之付款按股本工具於授 出日期的公平值計量。

就於授出日期即時歸屬之購股權而言,授出購股權之公平值即時於損益支銷。

當購股權獲行使,先前於購股權儲備內確認之金額將轉撥至股份溢價。當購股權於歸屬日期後被沒收或於屆滿日期仍未行使,則先前於購股權儲備確認之金額將轉撥至累計虧損。



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#### 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### p) Share-based payments arrangement (Continued)

Equity-settled share-based payments transactions (Continued)

#### (ii) Share options granted to non-employees

Equity-settled share-based payments transactions with advisors other than employees are measured at the fair value of the goods or services received, except where that fair value cannot be estimated reliably, in which case they are measured at the fair value of the equity instruments granted, measured at the date the entity obtains the goods or the counterparty renders the service. The fair values of the goods or services received are recognised as expenses (unless the goods or services qualify for recognition as assets).

#### Share award scheme

The Group operates a share award scheme for the purpose of providing incentive for directors, employees and advisors to achieve performance goals and aligning their interests directly to the shareholders of the Company through ownership of shares of the Company.

The amount to be expensed as share-based compensation expenses is determined by reference to the fair value of the awarded shares granted, taking into account all non-vesting conditions associated with the grants. The total expense is recognised over the relevant vesting periods (or on the grant date if the shares vest immediately), with a corresponding credit to the share award scheme reserve under equity.

#### 4. 主要會計政策(續)

#### p] 以股份為基礎之付款安排(續)

根據權益結算以股份為基礎之付款交易 (續)

#### (ii) 向非僱員授出購股權

#### 股份獎勵計劃

本集團設立股份獎勵計劃,旨在激勵董事、員工及顧問達致績效目標,並 通過擁有本公司股份來使彼等的利 益直接與本公司股東的利益趨於一 致。

列作以股份為基礎的薪酬開支的金額乃參考已授出獎勵股份的公平值並計及與該授出相關的一切未歸屬條件後釐定。開支總額於有關歸屬期間內(或倘股份被即時歸屬,則於授出日期)確認,而相關金額於股份獎勵計劃儲備中記入權益項下。



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#### 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### p) Share-based payments arrangement (Continued)

#### Share award scheme (Continued)

For those awarded shares which are amortised over the vesting periods, the Group revises its estimates of the number of awarded shares that are expected to ultimately vest based on the vesting conditions at the end of each reporting period. Any resulting adjustment to the cumulative expense recognised in prior years is recognised in profit or loss in the current year, with a corresponding adjustment to the share award scheme reserve.

#### q) Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are added to the cost of those assets, until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale.

All other borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

#### r) Foreign currencies

In preparing the financial statements of each individual group entity, transactions in currencies other than the functional currency of that entity (foreign currencies) are recognised at the rates of exchanges prevailing on the dates of the transactions. At the end of the reporting period, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at that date. Non-monetary items carried at fair value that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing on the date when the fair value was determined. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated.

#### 4. 主要會計政策(續)

#### p) 以股份為基礎之付款安排(續)

#### 股份獎勵計劃(續)

至於已於歸屬期間攤銷的獎勵股份, 本集團於各報告期末修改其對預期 最終會根據歸屬條件歸屬的獎勵股 份數目的估計數字。因而產生對過往 年度確認的累計開支的任何調整,會 於今年度的損益中確認,並對股份獎 勵計劃儲備作出相應調整。

#### q) 借貸成本

收購、建造或生產之合資格資產(即須經一段頗長時間始能開始準備作其擬定用途或出售之資產)之直接應佔借貸成本計入該等資產之成本中,直至該等資產已大致上可作其擬定用途或出售。

所有其他借貸成本按其產生期間在 損益中確認。

#### r) 外幣

編製各個別集團實體之財務報表時, 以實體功能貨幣以外之貨幣(外幣) 所進行交易,按交易當日之現行匯率 確認。於報告期末,以外幣計值之是 幣項目按當日之匯率重新換算,而項 目則按釐定公平值當日之現行匯率 重新換算。以外幣歷史成本計量之非 貨幣項目不作重新換算。



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#### 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### r) Foreign currencies (Continued)

Exchange differences arising on the settlement of monetary items, and on the retranslation of monetary items, are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise, except for exchange differences on monetary items receivable from or payable to a foreign operation for which settlement is neither planned nor likely to occur (therefore forming part of the net investment in the foreign operation), which are recognised initially in other comprehensive income and reclassified from equity to profit or loss on disposal or partial disposal of the Group's interests in associates.

For the purpose of presenting the consolidated financial statements, the assets and liabilities of the Group's operations are translated into the presentation currency of the Group, that is HK\$, using exchange rates prevailing at the end of each reporting period. Income and expenses items are translated at the average exchange rates for the period, unless exchange rates fluctuate significantly during that period, in which case, the exchange rates at the date of transactions are used. Exchange differences arising, if any, are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity under the heading of exchange reserve (attributed to non-controlling interests as appropriate).

On the disposal of a foreign operation (that is, a disposal of the Group's entire interest in a foreign operation, or a disposal involving loss of control over a subsidiary that includes a foreign operation, or a partial disposal of an interest in an associate that includes a foreign operation of which the retained interest becomes a financial asset), all of the exchange differences accumulated in equity in respect of that operation attributable to the owners of the Company are reclassified to profit or loss.

#### 4. 主要會計政策(續)

#### r) 外幣(續)

結算貨幣項目及重新換算貨幣項目 產生的匯兑差額於產生期間在損益 中確認,惟下列除外:由海外業並 取或支付的貨幣項目(其結算並非 計劃或可能發生(因此構成海外匯 投資淨額的一部份))所產生的匯認 差額,乃初步於其他全面收益內確認, 並於出售或部分出售本集團於聯 公司權益時自權益重新分類至損益。

於出售海外業務(即出售本集團於海外業務之全部權益、出售涉及失去包含海外業務之附屬公司之控制權、或部分出售包含海外業務的聯營公司權益,而其保留權益為金融資產時,就本公司擁有人應佔該業務而於權益累計之所有匯兑差額重新分類至損益。

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#### 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### s) Related parties

A related party is a person or entity that is related to the Group, as follows:

- (a) A person, or a close member of that person's family, is related to the Group if that person:
  - (i) has control or joint control over the Group;
  - (ii) has significant influence over the Group;
  - (iii) is a member of the key management personnel of the Group or a parent of the Group.
- (b) An entity is related to the Group if any of the following conditions applies:
  - the entity and the Group are the members of the same group;
  - (ii) one entity is an associate or joint venture of other entity (or an associate or joint venture of a member of a group of which the other entity is a member);
  - (iii) the entity and the Group are joint ventures of the same third party;
  - (iv) one entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity;

#### 4. 主要會計政策(續)

#### s) 關連人士

關連人士乃指與本集團有關之人士或實體,詳情如下:

- [a] 該名人士符合以下條件時,該 名人士或其家族之近親與本集 團有關聯:
  - (i) 對本集團擁有控制權或聯 合控制權;
  - (ii) 對本集團擁有重大影響 力;或
  - (iii) 為本集團或本集團母公司 之主要管理層成員。
- (b) 實體在適用於以下任何條件時, 與本集團有關聯:
  - (i) 實體與本集團為同一集團 的成員公司;
  - (ii) 某一實體為另一實體之聯營公司或合營企業,或為另一實體所屬集團公司成員之聯營公司或合營企業;
  - (iii) 實體及本集團均為同一第 三方之合營企業;
  - (iv) 一間實體為第三方實體之 合營企業,而另一實體為 第三方實體之聯營公司;



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#### 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### s) Related parties (Continued)

- (v) the entity is a post-empolyment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of either the Group or an entity related to the Group;
- (vi) the entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (a);
- (vii) a person identified in (a)(i) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of key management personnel of the entity (or of the parent of the entity); or
- (viii) the entity, or any member of a group of which it is a part, provide key management personnel services to the Group or to the parent of the Group.

Close members of the family of a person are those family members who may be expected to influence, or be influenced by, that person in their dealings with the entity.

#### t) Films in progress and film rights

Films in progress represents films and televisions drama series under production and is stated at cost incurred to date, less any identified impairment loss. Cost is transferred to film rights upon completion.

Film rights are stated at cost less accumulated amortisation and impairment losses. Their costs are amortised over the underlying licence period, with reference to projected revenue.

#### 4. 主要會計政策(續)

#### s] 關連人士(續)

- [v] 實體為本集團或與本集團 有關之實體之僱員福利設 立離職後福利計劃;
- [vi] 實體受[a]所界定人士控制或聯合控制;
- (vii) (a)(i) 所界定人士對實體擁有重大影響力或為實體或該實體母公司之主要管理人員;或
- [viii] 實體或其所屬集團之任何 成員公司向本集團或本集 團之母公司提供主要管理 人員服務。

一名人士的近親指與實體交易時預 計對該人士有或受該人士影響的家 族成員。

#### tl 在製電影及電影版權

在製電影指製作中之電影及電視連續劇,按截至入賬日期已產生成本減任何可識別減值虧損入賬。成本將於完成後轉撥為電影版權入賬。

電影版權按成本減累計攤銷及減值 虧損列賬。電影版權之成本按相關版 權有效期經參考預期收益後進行攤 銷。



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### 5. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

The Group makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal to the related actual results.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods. The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are discussed below:

#### a) Useful lives of property, plant and equipment

The Group's management determines the estimated useful lives and related depreciation and amortisation charges for its property, plant and equipment. This estimate is based on the historical experience of the actual useful lives of property, plant and equipment of similar nature and functions. It could change significantly as a result of technical innovations and competitor actions in response to severe industry activities. Management will increase the depreciation and amortisation charges where useful lives are less than previously estimated lives or it will write-off or write-down technically obsolete or non-strategic assets that have been abandoned or sold. Periodic review could result in a change in depreciable and amortisation lives and therefore depreciation and amortisation expense in future periods.

#### 5. 重大會計估計及判斷

本集團根據過往經驗及其他因素(包括認 為於有關情況下會合理發生之未來事項預 期)持續評估估計及判斷。

本集團作出有關未來之估計及假設。惟定 義上,會計估計結果極少與相關實際結果 相同。

估算及相關假設會不斷作出審閱。倘所作修訂僅對作出修訂之期間有效,則對會計估算作出之修訂將於該期間內確認,或倘修訂對現時及未來期間均會造成影響,則會於作出修訂及未來期間確認。有可能導致下一財政年度資產及負債賬面值出現重大調整之重大風險之估計及假設如下:

#### al 物業、廠房及設備之可使用年期

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### 5. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS (Continued)

### b) Impairment of goodwill, property, plant and equipment, and right-of-use assets

Determining whether goodwill, property, plant and equipment, and right-of-use assets are impaired requires an estimation of the value in use of the cash-generating units to which goodwill has been allocated. The value in use calculation requires the Group to estimate the future cash flows expected to arise from the cash-generating units and a suitable discount rate in order to calculate the present value. Where the actual future cash flows are less than expected, a material impairment loss may arise.

Details of impairment assessment of cash-generating units to which goodwill has been allocated are disclosed in Note 20.

### c) Provision of ECL for trade and other receivables, and loan to an associate

The Group uses provision matrix to calculate ECL for the trade receivables. The provision matrix is based on aging as groupings of various debtors that have similar loss patterns. The provision rates are based on the Group's historical default rates taking into consideration forward-looking information that is reasonable and supportable available without undue costs or effort. At every reporting date, the historical observed default rates are reassessed and changes as the forward-looking information are considered. In addition, trade receivables with significant balances and credit impaired, if any, are assessed for ECL individually.

The Group assesses the ECL of loan to an associate and other receivables individually based on past repayment record and financial position of the counterparties.

The provision of ECL is sensitive to changes in estimates. The information about the ECL of loan to an associate, trade receivables and other receivables, are disclosed in Notes 6(b)(iii), 21, 23 and 24.

#### 5. 重大會計估計及判斷(續)

#### b) 商譽、物業、廠房及設備及使用權 資產減值

釐定商譽、物業、廠房及設備及使用 權資產有否減值需要估計獲分配配 譽之現金產生單位之使用價值。於 算使用價值時,本集團需要估計預 從現金產生單位產生之未來現金 量及合適之折現率以計算現值。 對 際之未來現金流量少於預期者,則可 能產生重大減值虧損。

獲分配商譽之現金產生單位的減值 評估詳情於附註**20**披露。

#### c) 應收賬款及其他應收款項以及向一 間聯營公司授出貸款之預期信貸虧 損撥備

本集團使用撥備矩陣計算應收賬款 之預期信貸虧損。撥備矩陣乃按具制 類似虧損型態之不同債務人組集別 分之賬齡計量。撥備率乃根據本集 之歷史違約率,並考慮毋須付合為 要之成本或努力即可取得的出。 要之成本或努力即可取得的出。 要之成本前瞻性資料計算得出的 。 過往觀察所得的違之變動 重新評估,並考慮前瞻性資料之變動 此外,具有重大結餘及信貸減值( 解 有)之應收賬款將個別評估預期信貸 虧損。

本集團根據對手方的過往還款記錄 及財務狀況個別評估向一間聯營公 司授出貸款及其他應收款項之預期 信貸虧損。

預期信貸虧損撥備易受估計變動之影響。有關向一間聯營公司授出貸款、應收賬款及其他應收款項預期信貸虧損之資料於附註6(b)(iii)、21、23及24披露。



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#### 6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

#### 6. 金融工具

#### (a) Categories of financial instruments

#### The carrying amounts of each of the categories of the Group's financial assets and liabilities as at the end of the reporting period are as follows:

#### (a) 金融工具類別

本集團各類別金融資產及負債於報 告期末之賬面值如下:

	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Financial assets 金融資產		
Financial assets measured at amortised 按攤銷成本計量的氣	金融資產	
cost		
Trade receivables 應收賬款	206	132
Loan to an associate      向一間聯營公司控	受出貸款 18,931	17,512
Amount due from an associate 應收一間聯營公司		223
Financial assets included in other 計入其他應收款項	頁及按金	
receivables and deposits 之金融資產	1,399	1,468
Payments to parties for procurement 就投資影院業務向	<b>向各方</b>	
for investment of cinema business 支付之款項	-	1,452
Bank balances and cash 銀行結餘及現金	15,303	38,146
	36,212	58,933
Financial liabilities 金融負債		
Financial liabilities measured at 按攤銷成本計量之金 amortised cost	金融負債	
Trade payables 應付賬款	203	347
Financial liabilities included in other 計入其他應付款項		347
payables and accruals 款項之金融負債		3,342
Convertible bonds 可換股債券	13,752	21,540
Lease liabilities 和賃負債	9,301	18,114
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	3,001	10,114
	27,133	43,343

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#### **6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS** (Continued)

#### (b) Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Group's major financial instruments include loan to an associate, bank balances and cash, convertible bonds and lease liabilities. Details of the financial instruments are disclosed in respective notes. The risks associated with these financial instruments include market risk (foreign currency risk and interest rate risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The policies on how to mitigate these risks are set out below. The management of the Group manages and monitors these exposures to ensure appropriate measures are implemented in a timely and effective manner.

#### (i) Foreign currency risk

Currency risk refers to the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign currency.

The Group is exposed to foreign currency risk primarily through sales, purchases and recognised assets and liabilities that are denominated in a currency other than the functional currency of the operations to which they relate. The currencies giving rise to this risk are primarily United States Dollars ("US\$") and Renminbi ("RMB").

The Group currently does not expect any significant movements in the exchange rate of US\$ to HK\$ and it is mainly exposed to the effects of fluctuation in RMB. The Group currently does not have a foreign currency hedging policy, however, the management monitors the foreign exchange exposure and will consider hedging significant foreign currency exposure should the need arise.

#### 6. 金融工具(續)

#### (b) 財務風險管理目的及政策

本集團的主要金融工具包括向一間、 聯營公司授出貸款、銀行結餘及現金融工 具的詳情於相關附註內披露。於風險 是融工具有關的風險包括市貨風險及利率風險)、信貸區險及利率風險)、信貸底 流動資金風險。有關如何降低。理 險之政策載於下文。本集團管理 理及監控該等風險,以確保及時有效 實行適當措施。

#### fil 外匯風險

貨幣風險指金融工具之公平值 或未來現金流量會隨匯率變動 而波動之風險。

本集團所面對之外匯風險主要來自以相關業務功能貨幣以外之貨幣入賬之買賣及已確認資產及負債。產生此項風險之貨幣主要為美元(「美元」)及人民幣(「人民幣」)。

本集團目前預期美元兑港元之 匯率將無任何重大波動,現時 主要面臨人民幣波動之影響。 本集團目前並無外幣對沖政策。 然而,管理層監察外匯風險,並 於有需要時考慮對沖重大外幣 風險。



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#### **6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS** (Continued)

### (b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

#### (i) Foreign currency risk (Continued)

The policies to manage foreign currency risk have been followed by the Group since prior years and are considered to be effective.

The carrying amounts of monetary assets and liabilities which were denominated in currencies (mainly RMB) other than the functional currency of the relevant group companies at the end of the reporting period are as follows:

#### 6. 金融工具(續)

#### (b) 財務風險管理目的及政策(續)

#### (i) 外匯風險(續)

本集團自過去數年以來一直沿 用管理外匯風險之政策,並認 為其有效。

於報告期末,貨幣資產及以有關集團公司功能貨幣以外貨幣 (主要為人民幣)計值負債的賬面值如下:

		31 March	31 March
		2021	2020
		二零二一年	二零二零年
		三月三十一日	三月三十一日
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Bank balances and cash	銀行結餘及現金	1,686	18,732
Loan to an associate	向一間聯營公司授出貸款	18,931	17,512
Payments to parties for procurement	就投資影院業務向各方		
for investment of cinema business	支付之款項	_	1,452
Other payables and accruals	其他應付款項及應計款項	(147)	(113)

#### Sensitivity analysis

The following table indicates the instantaneous change in the Group's loss after tax (and accumulated losses) that would arise if foreign exchange rates to which the Group has significant exposure at the end of the reporting period had changed at that date, assuming all other risk variables remained constant. In this respect, it is assumed that the pegged rate between the HK\$ and the US\$ would be materially unaffected by any changes in movement in value of the US\$ against other currencies.

#### 敏感度分析



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#### **6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS** (Continued)

#### 6. 金融工具(續)

- (b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)
- (b) 財務風險管理目的及政策(續)

(i) Foreign currency risk (Continued)

(i) 外匯風險(續)

Sensitivity analysis (Continued)

敏感度分析(續)

	20	2021		20
	二零二	二一年	_零_	二零年
	Increase/		Increase/	
	(decrease)	Loss after	(decrease)	Loss after
	in foreign	tax and	in foreign	tax and
	exchange	accumulated	exchange	accumulated
	rates	losses	rates	losses
	匯率上升/	除税後虧損	匯率上升/	除税後虧損
	(下跌)	及累計虧損	(下跌)	及累計虧損
		HK\$'000		HK\$'000
		千港元		千港元
Renminbi 人民幣	5%	(1,023)	5%	(1,879)
	(5%)	1,023	(5%)	1,879

Results of the analysis as presented in the above table represent an aggregation of the instantaneous effects on each of the group entities' loss after tax and equity measured in the respective functional currencies, translated into HK\$ at the exchange rate ruling at the end of the reporting period for presentation purposes.

上表所載分析結果指為呈列目 的而將以對應功能貨幣計量的 各集團實體除税後虧損及權益 按報告期末現行匯率兑換為港 元的綜合即時影響。

The sensitivity analysis assumes that the change in foreign exchange rates had been applied to re-measure those financial instruments held by the Group which expose the Group to foreign currency risk at the end of the reporting period. The analysis excludes differences that would result from the translation of the financial statements of foreign operations into the Group's presentation currency. The analysis is performed on the same basis for 2020.

敏感度分析假設外匯匯率變動 已應用於重新測量使本集團於 報告期末面臨外匯風險的金融 工具。分析不包括換算海外 務財務報表為本集團呈列貨幣 所產生的差異。分析按與二零 二零年相同的基準進行。

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#### **6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS** (Continued)

### (b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

#### (ii) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk relates to the risk that the fair value or cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest loan to an associate rates.

The Group is exposed to the cash flow interest rate risk due to its bank deposits, carrying interest at variable rates which is disclosed in Note 26 to the consolidated financial statements and fair value interest rate risk due to its loan to an associate and convertible bonds carrying interest at fixed rates which are disclosed in Notes 21 and 31 to the consolidated financial statements respectively. The Group currently does not have an interest rate hedging policy and does not use any derivative instruments to reduce its economic exposure to the changes in interest rates.

As at 31 March 2021 and 2020, the Group's loan to an associate and convertible bonds bore an imputed interest at fixed rate and the bank deposits are carrying minimal interest rates. Management considers the exposure to the changes in market interest rate should not be materially enough to cause adverse financial effect on the Group's position.

The policies to manage interest rate risk have been followed by the Group since prior years and are considered to be effective.

#### (iii) Credit risk

Credit risk refers to the risk that the counterparty to a financial instrument would fail to discharge its obligation under the terms of the financial instrument and cause a financial loss to the Group. The Group's exposure to credit risk mainly arises from the ordinary course of its operations.

#### 6. 金融工具(續)

#### (b) 財務風險管理目的及政策(續)

#### (ii) 利率風險

利率風險乃與金融工具之公平 值或現金流量會因向一間聯營 公司授出貸款利率隨市場利率 變動而波動之風險有關。

本集團自過去數年以來一直沿 用管理利率風險之政策,並認 為其有效。

#### (iii) 信貸風險

信貸風險指金融工具交易對手 未能根據金融工具的條款履行 其責任並導致本集團產生財務 損失的風險。本集團的信貸風 險主要於其日常業務過程中產 生。



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#### **6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS** (Continued)

### (b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

#### (iii) Credit risk (Continued)

The Group's credit risk is primarily attributable to cash at bank, trade and other receivables and deposits and loan to an associate. Management has a credit policy in place and the exposures to these credit risks are monitored on an ongoing basis.

Cash at bank are placed with high-credit-quality institutions and directors of the Group consider that the credit risk for such is minimal.

In respect of trade receivables, credit evaluations are performed on all customers requiring credit over a certain amount. Debtors with overdue balances, which will be reviewed on a case-by-case basis, are requested to settle all outstanding balances before any further credit is granted. Normally, the Group does not obtain collateral from customers.

In order to minimise the credit risk in respect of trade and other receivables, the Group reviews the recoverable amount at the end of each reporting period to ensure that adequate allowances are made for irrecoverable amounts. The Group performs impairment assessment under ECL model on trade balances individually or based on provision matrix. In this regard, the directors of the Group consider that the Group's credit risk is significantly reduced.

The maximum exposure to credit risk without taking account of any collateral held is represented by the carrying amount of each financial asset in the consolidated statement of financial position after deducting any impairment allowance. The Group does not provide any guarantees which would expose the Group to credit risk.

#### 6. 金融工具(續)

#### (b) 財務風險管理目的及政策(續)

#### (iii) 信貸風險(續)

本集團之信貸風險主要來自銀行現金、應收賬款及其他應收款項及按金以及向一間聯營公司授出貸款。管理層已制訂信貸政策,持續監管有關信貸風險。

銀行現金存放於信用質素高之 機構,且本集團董事認為,有關 信貸風險極低。

就應收賬款而言,本集團對所有要求提供超過若干數額信算評估。本集團對所資惠於授出任何其他信貸期前。並於授出任何其他信貸還所有逾期欠款。一段實施,本集團並不要求客戶提供抵押。

為降低應收賬款及其他應收款項所帶來之信貸風險,本集團於各報告期末檢討可收回金額,確保已就不可收回款項計提足夠撥備。本集團根據預期信與虧損模式對貿易結餘個別或。 虧損模式對貿易結餘個別或。因此,本集團董事認為,本集團之信貸風險已大幅降低。

不計算所持任何抵押品,最高 信貸風險為扣除任何減值撥備 後綜合財務狀況報表所列各金 融資產之賬面值。本集團並無 提供任何擔保,而致令本集團 承受信貸風險。



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#### **6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS** (Continued)

### (b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

#### (iii) Credit risk (Continued)

Cash and cash equivalents are considered to have low credit risk and therefore the loss allowances are measured at an amount equal to 12-month ECL.

The Group applies the simplified approach to provide for ECLs prescribed by HKFRS 9, which permits the use of the lifetime ECL provision for all trade receivables. To measure the ECLs, trade receivables have been grouped based on shared credit risk characteristics. The Group has performed historical analysis and identified the key economic variables impacting credit risk and ECL. It considers available reasonable and supportive forwarding-looking information.

As at 31 March 2021 and 2020, trade receivables that are individually significant and credit impaired have been separately assessed for impairment. The Group makes periodic assessments on the recoverability of the receivables based on the background and reputation of the customers, historical settlement records and past experience.

Majority of the Group's revenue is received from debtors in relation to cinema investment and management operation. The Group's trade receivables arise from revenue of these business. In view of the history of business dealings with the debtors and the sound collection history of the receivables due from them, management believes that there is no material credit risk inherent in the Group's outstanding receivable balance due from these debtors saved for the debtor related to the impaired trade receivable disclosed below. Management makes periodic assessment on the recoverability of the trade and other receivables based on historical payment records, the length of overdue period, the financial strength of the debtors and whether there are any disputes with the debtors. The directors consider the Group's credit risk of these receivables to be low except for the impaired trade receivable disclosed below.

#### 6. 金融工具(續)

#### (b) 財務風險管理目的及政策(續)

#### (iii) 信貸風險(續)

現金及現金等值物被認為信貸 風險低,因此虧損撥備按相當 於12個月預期信貸虧損的金額 計量。

於二零二一年及二零二零年三月三十一日,單項重大的應收 則三十一日,單項重獨的應收 關值。本集團根據客戶的指景 及聲譽、過往結算記錄及過 經驗,定期評估應收款項的可 收回程度。

本集團大部分收益來自有關影 院投資及管理營運的債務人。 本集團的應收賬款來自該等業 務的收益。鑒於過往與該等債 務人的業務往來及應收該等債 務人款項的良好收款記錄,管 理層認為本集團尚未收回的應 收該等債務人(下文所披露與 已減值應收賬款相關的債務人 除外)款項結餘本質上並無重大 信貸風險。管理層根據債務人 的猧往付款記錄、逾期時長、財 務實力及是否與債務人存有任 何糾紛,定期評估應收賬款及 其他應收款項的可收回性。董 事認為本集團該等應收款項(下 文所披露的已減值應收賬款除 外)的信貸風險低微。



For the Year ended 31 March 2021 截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度

#### **6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS** (Continued)

### (b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

#### (iii) Credit risk (Continued)

Receivables relating to customers with known financial difficulties or significant doubt on collection of receivables are assessed individually for provision for impairment allowance. As at 31 March 2021, the balance of loss allowance in respect of these individually assessed receivables was NiI (2020: HK\$325,000).

The following table presents the balances of gross carrying amount and the loss allowance in respect of the individually assessed receivables as at 31 March 2021 and 2020:

#### 6. 金融工具(續)

#### (b) 財務風險管理目的及政策(續)

#### (iii) 信貸風險(續)

對於已知存在財務困難的客戶或回收性存在重大疑問的應收款項會就計提減值撥備時作出個別評估。於二零二一年三月三十一日,個別評估的應收款項的虧損撥備結餘為零(二零年:325,000港元)。

下表呈列於二零二一年及二零二零年三月三十一日個別評估 應收款項的賬面總值及虧損撥 備結餘:

#### As at 31 March

於三月三十一日

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Gross carrying amount Loss allowance	賬面總值 虧損撥備	- -	325 (325)
Net carrying amount	賬面淨值	-	_

The credit quality of loan to an associate and other receivables has been assessed with reference to historical information about the counterparties default rates and financial position of the counterparties. The directors are of the opinion that the credit risk of these debtors is low due to the sound collection history of the receivables due from them. Therefore, the Group assessed impairment of these balances based on 12-month ECL and expected credit loss rate of these debtors is assessed to be close to zero and no provision was made as of 31 March 2021 and 2020.

向一間聯營公司授出貸款及其 他應收款項的信貸質率及對 考有關對手方違約率及評估。 財務狀況的歷史資料評估。 事認為該等債務收稅等計 低微,乃由於應收稅等款 民做,乃由於應收此,本評估 人 也款記錄良好。因此,本評估 人 的減值及該等債務 期信貸虧損率評估乃接近於零 則信貸虧損率評估乃接近於零 里截至二一年及二提機備。



For the Year ended 31 March 2021 截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度

#### **6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS** (Continued)

### (b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

#### (iii) Credit risk (Continued)

The following tables show the movement in lifetime ECL that has been recognised for trade receivables under the simplified approach:

#### 6. 金融工具(續)

#### (b) 財務風險管理目的及政策(續)

Lifetime FCI

#### fiii) 信貸風險(續)

下表列示根據簡化方法已確認 應收賬款之全期預期信貸虧損 之變動:

		(credit- impaired) 全期預期 信貸虧損 (信貸減值) HK\$'000	<b>Total</b> 合計 HK\$'000 千港元
As at 1 April 2019	於二零一九年四月一日	11	11
Impairment losses recognised Write-offs	已確認減值虧損 撇銷	325 (11)	325 (11)
As at 31 March 2020 and 1 April 2020	於二零二零年三月三十一日及 二零二零年四月一日	325	325
Impairment losses reversed Write-offs Exchange adjustments	撥回減值虧損 撇銷 匯兑調整	(71) (270) 16	(71) (270) 16
As at 31 March 2021	於二零二一年三月三十一日	_	_

#### Concentration risk

The Group's exposure to credit risk is influenced mainly by the individual characteristics of each customer and sundry debtor rather than the industry or country in which the customers and sundry debtors operate and therefore significant concentrations of credit risk primarily arise when the Group has significant exposure to individual customers or sundry debtors. As at 31 March 2021, 25% (2020: 67%) of the total trade receivables was due from the Group's largest trade debtor. 91% (2020: 92%) of the total other receivables and deposits and loan to an associate was due from an associate of the Group.

#### 集中風險



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#### 6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

### (b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

#### (iv) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk relates to the risk that the Group will not be able to meet its obligations associated with its financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial assets. The Group is exposed to liquidity risk in respect of settlement of trade payables, other payables and accruals, convertible bonds and lease liabilities and also in respect of its cash flow management. The Group's objective is to maintain an appropriate level of liquid assets and committed lines of funding to meet its liquidity requirements in the short and longer term.

Individual operating entities within the Group are responsible for their own cash management, including the short-term investment of cash surpluses and the raising of loans to cover expected cash demands, subject to approval by the board of directors (the "Board") when the borrowings exceed certain predetermined levels of authority. The Group's policy is to regularly monitor current and expected liquidity requirements and its compliance with lending covenants, to ensure that it maintains sufficient reserves of cash and readily realisable marketable securities and adequate committed lines of funding from major financial institutions to meet its liquidity requirements in the short and longer term.

#### 6. 金融工具(續)

#### (b) 財務風險管理目的及政策(續)

#### (iv) 流動資金風險

For the Year ended 31 March 2021 截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度

#### **6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS** (Continued)

### (b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

#### (iv) Liquidity risk (Continued)

The liquidity policies have been followed by the Group since prior years and are considered to be effective in managing liquidity risks.

The following table details the remaining contractual maturities at the end of the reporting period of the Group's non-derivative financial liabilities, which are based on contractual undiscounted cash flows (including interest payments computed using contractual rates or, if floating, based on the rates current at the end of the reporting period) and the earliest date the company can be required to pay:

#### 6. 金融工具(續)

#### (b) 財務風險管理目的及政策(續)

#### (iv) 流動資金風險(續)

本集團自過去數年以來一直沿 用流動資金政策,並認為其有 效管理流動資金風險。

下表為於報告期末本集團非衍生金融負債(按合約非貼現現金流量計算,包括按合約利率或浮動利率(則按報告期末當日之利率)計算之應付利息)之剩餘合約到期,以及本公司可被要求還款之最早日期之詳情:

					20	)21		
		二零二一年						
				Total		More than	More than	
				contractual	Within	1 year but	2 years but	
		Effective		undiscounted	1 year or	less than	less than	
		interest	Carrying	cash flow	on demand	2 years	5 years	More than
		rate	amount	合約非貼現	一年內或	多於一年但	多於兩年但	5 years
		實際利率	賬面值	現金流量總額	應要求	少於兩年	少於五年	多於五年
		%	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
			千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Trade payables	應付賬款	_	203	203	203	_	_	_
Financial liabilities included	計入其他應付款項及							
in other payables	應計款項之金融負債							
and accruals		_	3,877	3,877	3,877	_	_	_
Convertible bonds	可換股債券	16.60	13,752	20,000	_	5,000	15,000	_
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	4.16	9,301	10,118	3,384	2,339	4,057	338
			27,133	34,198	7,464	7,339	19,057	338

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#### **6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS** (Continued)

#### 6. 金融工具(續)

### (b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

(b) 財務風險管理目的及政策(續)

#### (iv) Liquidity risk (Continued)

(iv) 流動資金風險(續)

2020

二零二零年

				Total		More than	More than	
				contractual	Within	1 year but	2 years but	
		Effective		undiscounted	1 year or	less than	less than	
		interest	Carrying	cash flow	on demand	2 years	5 years	More than
		rate	amount	合約非貼現	一年內或	多於一年但	多於兩年但	5 years
		實際利率	賬面值	現金流量總額	應要求	少於兩年	少於五年	多於五年
		%	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
			千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Trade payables	應付賬款	-	347	347	347	_	-	-
Financial liabilities included	計入其他應付款項及							
in other payables	應計款項之							
and accruals	金融負債	-	3,342	3,342	3,342	-	-	-
Convertible bonds	可換股債券	14.20	21,540	30,000	10,000	-	15,000	5,000
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	7.17	18,114	20,318	4,637	4,005	8,132	3,544
			43,343	54,007	18,326	4,005	23,132	8,544

#### (c) Fair values

(c) 公平值

The carrying amounts of the Group's financial instruments carried at amortised cost are not materially different from their fair values as at 31 March 2021 and 2020.

本集團按攤銷成本列值之金融工具 之賬面值與其於二零二一年及二零 二零年三月三十一日之公平值並無 重大差異。



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#### 7. SEGMENT INFORMATION

Management has determined the operating segments based on the reports reviewed by the executive directors that are used to make strategic decisions. The Group's operating businesses are structured and managed separately according to the nature of their operations.

For management purposes, the Group is organised into two operating segments for the year:

Cinema investment and management business — cinema investment and provision of cinema management service.

Filmed entertainment, new media exploitations and licensing businesses — movie production, licensing and derivatives, crossover marketing, provision of interactive contents, artist development and last miles engagement.

The revenue from external customers reported to the management is measured in a manner consistent with that in the consolidated statement of profit or loss. Revenue between segments are carried out on terms equivalent to those that prevail in arm's length transactions.

Segment result represents the profit or loss by each segment without allocation of central administration costs including directors' salaries, investment and other income, finance costs, share of result of an associate, other loss, share-based payments and income tax expense. This is the measure reported to the chief operating decision maker for the purposes of resource allocation and assessment of segment performance.

#### 7. 分部資料

管理層根據執行董事所審閱用於作策略決 策之報告釐定經營分部。本集團經營業務 根據業務性質分類及單獨管理。

就管理而言,本集團於本年度劃分為兩個經營分部:

影院投資及管理業務 — 影院投資及提供 影院管理服務。

電影娛樂、新媒體開發及特許權業務 — 電影製作、特許權及衍生作品權、跨界市場推廣、提供互動內容、藝人發展及後期業務。

向管理層報告之來自外部客戶之收益按與 綜合損益表內收益一致之方式計量。分部 間之收益按與公平交易適用者等同之條款 入賬。

分部業績指各分部之損益,未經分配中央 行政成本,包括董事薪金、投資及其他收 入、融資成本、分佔一間聯營公司業績、其 他虧損、以股份為基礎之付款及所得税開 支。此乃向主要經營決策者報告以進行資 源分配及評估分部表現之計量方式。

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#### 7. **SEGMENT INFORMATION** (Continued)

## The following is an analysis of the Group's revenue, results, assets and liabilities by reportable and operating segment.

#### 7. 分部資料(續)

下表按可呈報及經營分部分析本集團之收益、業績、資產及負債。

			ended 31 March 第二一年三月三十一			Year ended 31 March 2020 截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度		
		Cinema investment and management business 影院投資	Filmed entertainment, new media exploitations and licensing businesses 電影娛樂、新媒體開發及	Total	Cinema investment and management business 影院投資	Filmed entertainment, new media exploitations and licensing businesses 電影娛樂、新媒體開發及	Total	
		及管理業務 HK\$'000	特許權業務 HK\$'000	總計 HK\$'000	及管理業務 HK\$'000	特許權業務 HK\$'000	總計 HK\$'000	
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	
Segment Revenue	分部收益	6,860	-	6,860	22,888	_	22,888	
Segment Results Reportable segment result Unallocated corporate income Unallocated corporate expenses Share of result of an associate Other loss	分部業績 可呈報分部業績 未分配企業收入 未分配企業開支 分佔一間聯營公司業績 其他虧損 以股份為基礎之付款	(10,036)	436	(9,600) 2,423 (13,025) 57 -	(13,901)	(1,769)	(15,670) 1,279 (18,773) (50) (14,512)	
Share-based payments Finance costs	融資成本			(2,013)			(1,720) (5,265)	
Loss before taxation	除税前虧損			(24,894)			(54,711)	
Segment Assets Reportable segment assets Interests in an associate Loan to an associate Unallocated corporate assets	分部資產 可呈報分部資產 於一間聯營公司的權益 向一間聯營公司授出貸款 未分配企業資產	5,598	3,110	8,708 376 18,931 15,933	31,007	7,813	38,820 169 17,512 25,841	
Consolidated total assets	綜合資產總值			43,948			82,342	
Segment Liabilities Reportable segment liabilities Convertible bonds Unallocated corporate liabilities	分部負債 可呈報分部負債 可換股債券 未分配企業負債	17,898	-	17,898 13,752 3,477	26,790	-	26,790 21,540 2,418	
Consolidated total liabilities	綜合負債總額			35,127			50,748	

For the Year ended 31 March 2021 截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度

#### 7. **SEGMENT INFORMATION** (Continued)

For the purposes of monitoring segment information and allocating resources between segment:

- all assets are allocated to reportable segments other than interests in an associate, loan to an associate and unallocated corporate assets.
- all liabilities are allocated to reportable segments other than convertible bonds and unallocated corporate liabilities.

#### 7. 分部資料(續)

就監察分部資料及分部間分配資源而言:

- 所有資產分配至可呈報分部,惟於一 間聯營公司的權益、向一間聯營公司 授出貸款及未分配企業資產除外。
- 所有負債分配至可呈報分部,惟可換股債券及未分配企業負債除外。

#### Other segment information:

#### 其他分部資料:

		Year ended 31 March 2021 截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度 Filmed			
		Cinema investment	entertainment, new media		
		and	exploitations		
		management business	and licensing businesses	Corporate level	Total
		Sacinoso	電影娛樂、	10101	70001
		影院投資	新媒體開發及		
		及管理業務	特許權業務	企業層面	總計
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Additions to right-of-use assets	使用權資產添置	-	-	1,121	1,121
Interest income	利息收入	16	7	165	188
Depreciation of property, plant and	物業、廠房及設備折舊				
equipment		889	_	_	889
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	使用權資產折舊	1,173	_	187	1,360
Impairment of property, plant and	物業、廠房及設備減值	2,753			2 752
equipment	店田排次 <b>玄</b> 试店		_	934	2,753
Impairment of right-of-use assets	使用權資產減值	1,880	_	304	2,814
Impairment of goodwill	商譽減值 和 <b>年</b> 終以之地关	950	_	-	950
Gain on lease termination	租賃終止之收益	218	-	-	218

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#### 7. **SEGMENT INFORMATION** (Continued)

#### Other segment information (Continued):

#### 7. 分部資料(續)

#### 其他分部資料(續):

Year ended 31 March 2020 截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度

Filmed Cinema entertainment, investment new media exploitations and and licensing management Corporate business businesses level Total 電影娛樂、 影院投資 新媒體開發及 及管理業務 特許權業務 企業層面 總計 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 HK\$'000

		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Additions to property, plant and			1		
equipment		2,521	_	_	2,521
Additions to right-of-use assets	使用權資產添置	327	_	1,821	2,148
Interest income	利息收入	251	30	527	808
Other loss	其他虧損	14,512	_	_	14,512
Depreciation of property, plant and	物業、廠房及設備折舊				
equipment		2,407	_	25	2,432
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	使用權資產折舊	3,141	_	690	3,831
Impairment of property, plant and	物業、廠房及設備減值				
equipment		3,806	_	_	3,806
Impairment of right-of-use assets	使用權資產減值	6,639	_	1,131	7,770
Impairment of trade receivables	應收賬款減值	325	_	_	325

#### Revenue from major products and services:

#### 來自主要產品及服務之收益:

The Group's revenue from its major products and services were as follows:

本集團來自主要產品及服務之收益如下:

		<b>2021</b> 二零二一年	<b>2020</b> 二零二零年
		HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
Cinema business	影院業務	6,860	22,888



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#### 7. **SEGMENT INFORMATION** (Continued)

#### Geographical information:

The Group mainly operates in Hong Kong and the People's Republic of China (the "PRC"). The geographical location of customers is based on the location of the customers, irrespective of the origin of the goods or services. The geographical location of the non-current assets is based on the physical location of assets in the case of property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets, and the location of the operation to which they are allocated in the case of goodwill and interests in an associate. Revenue from external customers and information about non-current assets by geographical location are detailed below:

#### 7. 分部資料(續)

#### 地區資料:

本集團主要於香港及中華人民共和國(「中國」)經營業務。客戶之地域位置按客戶所在地劃分,而不論貨品或服務來源。非流動資產之地域位置,就物業、廠房及設備及使用權資產而言,乃按資產實際地點劃分,而就商譽及於一間聯營公司的權益而言,則按歸屬經營位置劃分。來自外部客戶之收益及按地域位置劃分之非流動資產資料詳列如下:

		Rever	Revenue from external customers 來自外部客戶之收益		cified
					ent assets 充動資產
		2021	2020	2021	2020
		二零二一年	二零二零年	二零二一年	二零二零年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Hong Kong	香港	-	-	376	169
PRC	中國	6,860	22,888	1,493	17,350
		6,860	22,888	1,869	17,519

#### Revenue from major customers:

There are no major customers contributing over 10% of the Group's revenue for the year ended 31 March 2021 (2020: Nil).

#### 8. REVENUE

An analysis of Group's revenue for the year from operations, is as follows:

#### 來自主要客戶之收益:

截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度,概 無主要客戶貢獻本集團收益超過10%(二零二零年:無)。

#### 8. 收益

於本年度,本集團經營業務之收益分析如下:

		2021	2020
		二零二一年	二零二零年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Revenue from cinema business	來自影院業務之收益	6,860	22,888



For the Year ended 31 March 2021 截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度

#### 8. **REVENUE** (Continued)

#### 8. 收益(續)

Disaggregation of revenue from contracts with customers

來自客戶合約收益細分

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Revenue from cinema business	影院業務收益		
<ul> <li>Sales of movie tickets</li> </ul>	— 銷售電影票		
— at a point in time	一 某一時間點	6,172	18,806
— Sales of snacks – at a point in time	一 銷售零食 一 某一時間點	480	2,651
<ul> <li>Advertising income – over time</li> </ul>	一 廣告收入 — 隨時間	27	590
<ul> <li>Management services income</li> </ul>	一 管理服務收入		
— over time	一 隨時間	83	272
— Others (note)	— 其他(附註)	98	569
Total	總計	6,860	22,888

note: It mainly represents the rental income for claw machines placed in cinemas, service income for registration of membership and the income for the re-issuance of membership cards for lost cards. 附註: 其主要指於電影院放置爪機的租金收入、 會員註冊的服務收入及遺失卡的重新發 行會員卡的收入。

Contracts for advertising services typically have a 1 year to 3 years non-cancellable term in which the Group bills a fixed percentage on the box office takings. The Group elected to apply the practical expedient by recognising revenue in the amount to which the Group has right to invoice. As permitted under HKFRS 15, the transaction price allocated to these unsatisfied contracts is not disclosed.

廣告服務合約一般訂有一至三年的不可取消條款,其中本集團以票房收入的固定百分比開票。本集團選擇採用實務經驗,以本集團有權開具發票的金額確認收益。香港財務報告準則第15號允許不予披露分配至有關未達成合約的交易價。

The prepaid amounts in membership cards (Note 29) have no expiration and can be redeemed anytime at customers' discretion. The management of the Group expected that the remaining performance obligation as at 31 March 2021 will be materially recognised as income within one to two years after the year end.

會員卡的預付款項(附註29)並未到期,可 隨時根據客戶的意願進行兑換。本集團管 理層預期於二零二一年三月三十一日的剩 餘履約責任將於年底後一至兩年內實質性 確認為收入。

For the Year ended 31 March 2021 截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度

#### 9. OTHER REVENUE AND OTHER NET INCOME

#### 9. 其他收益及其他淨收入

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Exchange gain	匯兑收益	1,865	_
Interest income	利息收入	188	808
Government grants (note 1)	政府補貼(附註1)	1,007	598
Rent concession (note 2)	租金優惠(附註2)	814	460
Others	其他	819	1,594
		4,693	3,460

#### notes:

- The government grants represent the subsidies received by the Group from the government for the operation of cinemas in the PRC and related to Employment Support Scheme provided by Hong Kong Government. There are no unfulfilled conditions or contingencies relating to these grants.
- 2. It mainly represents rent concession provided to cinemas in PRC for the closure of business due to 2019 Novel Coronavirus ("COVID-19").

#### 10. OTHER LOSS

As disclosed in the Company's announcement dated 5 February 2020, the Company has discovered that Mr. YIN Gang [印鋼] ("Mr. Yin"), a then director of certain nonwholly owned subsidiaries of the Group, is suspected to have misappropriated certain funds of the Group (the "Incident"). Based on information obtained by the Company, the Company believed that an aggregate amount of up to approximately RMB13 million (equivalent to HK\$14,512,000 as at 31 March 2020) has been misappropriated by Mr. Yin by way of bank transfer in November 2019. Mr. Yin has resigned as directors and/ or legal representatives (法人代表) of those subsidiaries in April 2020. In the opinion of the directors of the Company, the Incident does not have impact on the day-to-day operations of the Group and does not have a material adverse effect on its cash flows, financial position and business operations.

#### 附註:

- 1. 政府補貼指本集團就於中國營運影院獲 政府提供及與香港政府所提供保就業計 劃有關的補貼。概無有關該等補貼之未達 成條件或是或然事項。
- 2. 其主要指由於二零一九年新型冠狀病毒 (「新冠病毒」)而為中國電影院關閉的業 務提供的租金優惠。

#### 10. 其他虧捐

誠如本公司日期為二零二零年二月五日的公告所披露,本公司發現本集團若(「知知」 資附屬公司當時的董事印鋼先生(「該等」 生」)涉嫌挪用本集團的資料,以及 作」)。根據本公司獲得的資料,以 信印先生已於二零一九年十一月人 長一月人 大生已於二零一九年十一月人 長一日相當於14,512,000港元)。 生已於二零二零年四月辭任該等附屬認為, 在 生已於二零二零年四月辭任該等附屬認為, 等 生已於二零二零年四月辭任該等附屬認為, 在 等 的 該事性並不會影響本集團的日常營務 造成重大不利影響。



For the Year ended 31 March 2021 截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度

#### 11. FINANCE COSTS

#### 11. 融資成本

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Imputed interest on convertible bonds Interest expenses on lease liabilities	可換股債券之推算利息 租賃負債之利息支出	2,212 524	4,547 718
		2,736	5,265

#### 12. LOSS BEFORE TAXATION

#### 12. 除稅前虧損

Loss before taxation is arrived at after charging/ (crediting):

除税前虧損已扣除/(計入)下列各項:

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Auditor's remuneration	核數師酬金		
— audit services	一 核數服務	850	800
— other services	— 其他服務	500	90
Direct expenses of cinema business	影院業務直接開支		
(note 1)	(附註1)	2,994	9,395
Depreciation of property, plant and	物業、廠房及設備折舊		
equipment		889	2,432
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	使用權資產折舊	1,360	3,831
Property, plant and equipment written off	撇銷物業、廠房及設備	1,633	7
Exchange loss	匯兑虧損	_	3,112
Impairment of property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備之減值	2,753	3,806
Impairment of right-of-use assets	使用權資產之減值	2,814	7,770
Impairment of goodwill	商譽減值	950	_
Impairment of trade receivables	應收賬款之減值		325
Gain on lease termination	租賃終止之收益	(218)	-
Short-term lease expenses	短期租賃開支	_	422
Variable lease payments not included in the	並無計入租賃負債計量的		
measurement of lease liabilities	可變租賃付款	81	_
Staff costs (including directors' remuneration)	員工成本(包括董事酬金)	0.000	40.400
— Salaries and allowances	一薪金及津貼	8,893	12,198
<ul> <li>Equity settled share-based payments</li> </ul>	<ul><li>根據權益結算以股份為</li><li>基礎之付款</li></ul>	885	1,186
Retirement scheme contributions	一 退休計劃供款	888	1,100
Equity settled share-based payments	一 返休計劃供款 已付顧問根據權益結算	000	1,522
paid to advisors	以股份為基礎之付款	1,128	534

note:

附註:

1. The direct expenses mainly represent the profit sharing paid to film providers.

1. 直接開支主要指已付電影供應商的溢利分成。



For the Year ended 31 March 2021 截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度

#### 13. DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS

## The emoluments paid or payable to the Company's directors for the years ended 31 March 2021 and 2020 were as follows:

#### 13. 董事酬金

截至二零二一年及二零二零年三月三十一 日止年度已付或應付本公司董事之酬金如 下:

		Y	ear ended 3′	l March 202	1
		截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度			
		Salaries,			
			allowances	Share-	
		Directors'	and other	based	
		fee	benefits	payments	Total
			薪金、津貼	以股份為	
		董事袍金	及其他福利	基礎之付款	總計
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Executive Directors	執行董事				
Mr. CHIAU Sing Chi	周星馳先生	_	_	365	365
Ms. CHOW Man Ki Kelly	周文姬女士	120	34	205	359
Mr. LAU Man Kit	劉文傑先生	150	_	_	150
Ms. CHOW Nga Chee Alice (note 1)	周雅緻女士(附註1)	_	_	_	_
Mr. LIN Jason (note 2)	LIN Jason 先生(附註2)	_	_	_	_
Mr. YIP Yiu Bong (note 3)	葉耀邦先生(附註3)	_	_	_	_
_					
Non-executive Directors	非執行董事				
Mrs. CHIN CHOW Chung Hang	陳鄒重珩女士				
Roberta		120	_	_	120
Mr. YIP Yiu Bong (note 3)	葉耀邦先生(附註3)	100	-	_	100
Independent non-executive Directors	獨立非執行董事				
Ms. CHOI Mei Ping	蔡美平女士	120	_	_	120
Mr. TSOI Chiu Yuk (note 4)	蔡朝旭先生(附註4)	12	_	_	12
Mr. ONG King Keung	王競強先生	120	_	_	120
Mr. TSUI Wing Tak (note 5)	徐永得先生(附註5)	79	_	_	79
		821	34	570	1,425

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#### 13. DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS (Continued)

#### 13. 董事酬金(續)

Year ended 31 March 2020 裁不一乘一乘在二日二十一日 I- 在 度

		似王	令令干二	. 月二十一日止	干及
			Salaries,		
			allowances	Share-	
		Directors'	and other	based	
		fee	benefits	payments	Total
			薪金、津貼	以股份為	
		董事袍金	及其他福利	基礎之付款	總計
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Executive Directors	執行董事				
Mr. CHIAU Sing Chi	周星馳先生	_	_	610	610
Ms. CHOW Man Ki Kelly	周文姬女士	120	34	177	331
Mr. LAU Man Kit	劉文傑先生	120	_	_	120
Non-executive Director	非執行董事				
Mrs. CHIN CHOW Chung Hang	陳鄒重珩女士				
Roberta		120	_	_	120
la de la carde de	<b>冲力</b> 化热 仁 苯 市				
Independent non-executive Directors	獨立非執行董事				
Ms. CHOI Mei Ping	蔡美平女士	120	_	_	120
Mr. TSOI Chiu Yuk (note 4)	蔡朝旭先生(附註4)	120	_	_	120
Mr. ONG King Keung	王競強先生	120	_	_	120
The Control of the Control	<u></u>	0			120
		720	34	787	1,541
		, 20	0 1	, 0,	1,011

	1.	A i		$\Omega \Lambda$	N /1 I	0004
HULE	Ι.	Appointed	UH	JΙ	IVIdi CII	2021

note 2: Appointed on 31 March 2021 and suspended all duties and powers on 7 May 2021

note 3: Appointed on 1 June 2020 as a non-executive director and re-designated as an executive director on 31 March 2021

note 4: Resigned on 6 May 2020

note 5: Appointed on 5 August 2020

The executive directors' emoluments shown above were for their services in connection with the management of the affairs of the Company and the Group.

The non-executive directors' and independent nonexecutive directors' emoluments shown above were for their services as directors of the Company.

附註1: 於二零二一年三月三十一日獲委任

附註2: 於二零二一年三月三十一日獲委任及 於二零二一年五月七日暫停所有職務

及權力

附註3: 於二零二零年六月一日獲委任為非執 行董事及於二零二一年三月三十一日

調任為執行董事

附註4: 於二零二零年五月六日辭任

附註5: 於二零二零年八月五日獲委任

上文所示的執行董事的酬金,乃為彼等就 本公司及本集團管理事務所提供的服務而 支付。

上述非執行董事及獨立非執行董事酬金, 乃為彼等擔任本公司董事所提供的服務而 支付。



For the Year ended 31 March 2021 截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度

#### 14. INDIVIDUALS WITH HIGHEST EMOLUMENTS

# Of the five individuals in the Group with the highest emoluments, no one (2020: one) is a director of the Company whose emoluments are disclosed above. The emoluments of the remaining five individuals (2020: four), are as follows:

#### 14. 最高薪人員

本集團五名最高薪酬人員當中,零名(二零二零年:一名)為本公司董事,其薪酬已於 上文披露。餘下五名(二零二零年:四名) 人員之薪酬如下:

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Salaries and other benefits	薪金及其他福利	1,978	2,013
Retirement scheme contributions	退休計劃供款	79	114
Staff share-based payments	員工股份支付	508	267
		2,565	2,394

Analysis of emoluments of the five highest paid individuals (including directors and other employees) by emolument range is as follows:

五名最高薪酬人員(包括董事及其他僱員)之薪酬按薪酬範圍之分析如下:

#### Number of employees 僱員人數

		2021	2020
		二零二一年	二零二零年
Not exceeding HK\$1,000,000	1,000,000港元以內	5	5

During the years ended 31 March 2021 and 2020, no emoluments were paid by the Group to the five highest paid individuals, including directors, as an inducement to join the Group or as compensation for loss of office. In addition, during the years ended 31 March 2021 and 2020, no directors waived any emoluments.

於截至二零二一年及二零二零年三月 三十一日止年度內,本集團並無向五名最 高薪酬人員(包括董事)支付薪酬,作為彼 等加盟本集團之獎勵或作為離職之補償。 此外,於截至二零二一年及二零二零年三 月三十一日止年度內,概無董事放棄任何 薪酬。



For the Year ended 31 March 2021 截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度

#### 15. TAXATION

#### 15. 稅項

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
The taxation charge recognised in profit or loss comprises:	於損益內確認之税項 支出包括:		
Current tax The PRC Under provision in prior years	即期税項 中國 過往年度撥備不足	- 16	131
		16	131

On 21 March 2018, the Hong Kong Legislative Council passed The Inland Revenue (Amendment) (No. 7) Bill 2017 (the "Bill") which introduces the two-tiered profits tax rates regime. The Bill was signed into law on 28 March 2018 and was gazetted on the following day. Under the two-tiered profits tax rates regime, the first HK\$2 million of profits of the qualifying group entity will be taxed at 8.25%, and profits above HK\$2 million will be taxed at 16.5%. The profits of group entities not qualifying for the two-tiered profits tax rates regime will continue to be taxed at a flat rate of 16.5%.

The directors of the Company considered the amount involved upon implementation of the two-tiered profits tax rates regime as insignificant to the consolidated financial statements. Hong Kong Profits Tax is calculated at 16.5% of the estimated assessable profit for both years.

No provision of Hong Kong Profits Tax has been made as there is no assessable profits for the current year (2020: Nil).

PRC subsidiaries are subject to PRC Enterprise Income Tax at 25% for the years ended 31 March 2021 and 2020.

於二零一八年三月二十一日,香港立法會通過《二零一七年税務(修訂)(第7號)條例草案》(「條例草案」),引入利得税兩級制。該條例草案於二零一八年三月二十八日經簽署成為法律,並於翌日刊憲。根據利得税兩級制,合資格集團實體2,000,000港元溢利的税率為8.25%,而超過2,000,000港元尚利税率為制的集團實體溢利將繼續按16.5%的統一税率徵税。

本公司董事認為,實施利得稅兩級制後涉及的金額對綜合財務報表而言不大。兩個年度按估計應課稅溢利的16.5%計算香港利得稅。

由於本年度並無應課税溢利,因此並無計提香港利得稅撥備(二零二零年:無)。

截至二零二一年及二零二零年三月三十一日止年度,中國附屬公司須按税率25%繳付中國企業所得税。

For the Year ended 31 March 2021 截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度

#### 15. TAXATION (Continued)

During the years ended 31 March 2021 and 2020, the tax authority in the PRC has grant concessionary tax rate at 20% to some of the PRC subsidiaries of the Company because the size and assessable profits of those subsidiaries have fulfilled the condition as small and micro corporations defined by the relevant tax authority.

The taxation for the year can be reconciled to the loss before taxation per the consolidated statement of profit or loss as follows:

#### 15. 稅項(續)

截至二零二一年及二零二零年三月三十一日止年度,中國税務部門向本公司若干中國附屬公司授出優惠税率20%,因為該等附屬公司的規模及應課稅溢利已達致有關稅務部門定義的小微企業條件。

本年度税項與綜合損益表所列之除稅前虧 損對賬如下:

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Loss before taxation	除税前虧損	(24,894)	(54,711)
Tax at the respective applicable tax rate	按有關適用税率計算之税項	(5,207)	(11,497)
Income not subject to taxation	毋須課税收入	(427)	(371)
Expenses not deductible for tax purpose	不可扣減作税務用途之開支	2,016	7,699
Tax effect of unrecognised tax loss	未確認税項虧損之税務影響	3,073	1,674
Tax effect of temporary difference not	未確認暫時差額之稅務影響		
recognised		545	2,844
Effect of tax concessions granted to PRC	授予中國附屬公司税務		
subsidiaries	減免的影響	-	(218)
Under provision in prior years	過往年度撥備不足	16	_
Taxation charged for the year	本年度税項支出	16	131

#### Deferred tax assets not recognised

At the end of the reporting period, the Group had unused tax losses arising in the PRC and Hong Kong of approximately HK\$21,198,000 (2020: HK\$12,661,000) and approximately HK\$63,595,000 (2020: HK\$59,597,000) respectively available for offset against future profits. No deferred tax asset has been recognised in respect of the unused tax losses due to the unpredictability of future profits stream. Under current tax regulation, tax losses arising in the PRC can be carried forward for five to eight years from the year in which the respective loss arose while the tax losses arising in Hong Kong can be carried forward indefinitely.

#### 未確認遞延税項資產

於報告期末,本集團有源自中國及香港之未動用税項虧損分別約21,198,000港元(二零二零年:12,661,000港元)及約63,595,000港元(二零二零年:59,597,000港元)可供用作抵銷未來溢利。由於無法預測未來溢利來源,故並無就未動用税項虧損確認遞延税項資產。根據現行稅務規例,源自中國之稅項虧損可於有關虧損產生年度起計五至八年結轉,而源自香港之稅項虧損則可無限期結轉。



For the Year ended 31 March 2021 截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度

#### 15. TAXATION (Continued)

#### Deferred tax assets not recognised (Continued)

Expiry dates of tax losses arising in the PRC are as follows:

#### 15. 稅項(續)

#### 未確認遞延税項資產(續)

於中國產生的稅項虧損的到期日如下:

		2021 二零二一年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
2021	二零二一年	_	-	2,082	2,279
2022	二零二二年	2,103	2,488	2,103	2,302
2023	二零二三年	2,652	3,138	2,652	2,902
2024	二零二四年	2,350	2,781	2,350	2,572
2025	二零二五年	2,381	2,817	2,381	2,606
2026	二零二六年	1,209	1,430	_	_
2029	二零二九年	7,221	8,544	_	_
		17,916	21,198	11,568	12,661

At the end of the reporting period, the Group has deductible temporary differences of RMB11,203,000 (equivalent to HK\$13,256,000) (2020: RMB9,301,000 (equivalent to HK\$10,180,000)). No deferred tax asset has been recognised in relation to such deductible temporary difference as it is not probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences can be utilised.

#### Deferred tax liabilities not recognised

At the end of the reporting period, undistributed profits of subsidiaries amounted to approximately HK\$7,953,000 (2020: HK\$13,689,000). Withholding tax resulting from the distribution of such profits would amount approximately to HK\$795,000 (2020: HK\$1,369,000) if they are distributed to holding companies/shareholders outside the PRC. However, no deferred tax liabilities have been recognised in this respect as the Company controls the dividend policy of these subsidiaries and it has been determined that it is probable that these profits will not be distributed in the foreseeable future.

於報告期末,本集團的可扣減暫時差額為人民幣11,203,000元(相當於13,256,000港元)(二零二零年:人民幣9,301,000元(相當於10,180,000港元))。由於不大可能有應課税溢利可用以抵銷可扣減暫時差額。故並無就有關可扣減暫時差額確認遞延税項資產。

#### 未確認遞延税項負債

於報告期末,附屬公司之未分派溢利約為7,953,000港元(二零二零年:13,689,000港元)。倘彼等向中國以外之控股公司/股東作出分派,則分派有關溢利產生之預扣稅約為795,000港元(二零年:1,369,000港元)。然而,由於本公司控制該等附屬公司之股息政策且認為可能不會於可見將來分派該等溢利,故並無就此確認遞延稅項負債。



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#### 16. DIVIDEND

The Directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend for the year ended 31 March 2021 (2020: Nil).

#### 16. 股息

董事並不建議派付截至二零二一年三月 三十一日止年度之任何股息(二零二零年: 無)。

#### 17. LOSS PER SHARE

#### Basic and diluted loss per share

#### 17. 每股虧損

#### 每股基本及攤薄虧損

		2021	2020
		二零二一年	二零二零年
		HK cents	HK cents
		港仙	港仙
Total basic and diluted loss per share	每股基本及攤薄虧損總額	(2.51)	(4.85)

The loss and weighted average number of ordinary shares used in the calculation of basic and diluted loss per share are as follows

用以計算每股基本及攤薄虧損之虧損及普 通股加權平均股數如下

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Loss for the year attributable to owners of the Company	本公司擁有人應佔本年度 虧損	(21,488)	(41,475)
		<b>2021</b> 二零二一年	<b>2020</b> 二零二零年
Weighted average number of ordinary shares for the purpose of basic and diluted loss per share	用於計算每股基本及攤薄虧損之 普通股加權平均股數	855,384,669	855,384,669

The incremental shares from assumed exercise of share options granted by the Company and conversion of the Company's outstanding convertible bonds are excluded in calculating the diluted loss per share during the years ended 31 March 2021 and 2020 because they are antidilutive in calculating the diluted loss per share.

在計算截至二零二一年及二零二零年三月 三十一日止年度每股攤薄虧損時已撇除假 設本公司已授出之購股權獲行使及本公司 尚未行使之可換股債券獲兑換而增加之股 份,原因為其對計算每股攤薄虧損具反攤 蓮效應。



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#### 18. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

#### 18. 物業、廠房及設備

		Leasehold improvement 租賃	Plant and machinery	Computers	Furniture, fixtures and equipment 傢俬、	Motor vehicles	Total
		物業裝修	廠房及機器	電腦	裝置及設備	汽車	總計
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Cost	成本						
At 1 April 2019	於二零一九年四月一日	26,497	20,546	353	6,154	1,797	55,347
Additions	添置	438	2,083	-	-	-	2,521
Written off	撤銷	(276)	-	(66)	-	-	(342)
Currency realignment	匯兑調整	(1,604)	(1,282)	(25)	(376)	_	(3,287)
At 31 March 2020 and	於二零二零年三月三十一日 及二零二零年四月一日	25,055	21,347	262	5,778	1,797	54,239
1 April 2020 Written off		(8,584)	(3,557)	(193)	(2,031)	1,757	(14,365)
Currency realignment	<sup>派</sup>	1,744	1,611	15	401	_	3,771
	E/0119 E	1,7 1 1	1,011				
At 31 March 2021	於二零二一年三月三十一日	18,215	19,401	84	4,148	1,797	43,645
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	累計折舊及減值						
At 1 April 2019	於二零一九年四月一日	25,935	11,978	335	5,550	1,797	45,595
Charge for the year	年度支出	188	2,098	-	146	-	2,432
Written off	撇銷	(271)	-	(64)	-	-	(335)
Impairment for the year	年內減值	- (4.570)	3,806	(00)	(0.40)	-	3,806
Currency realignment	匯兑調整	(1,576)	(889)	(22)	(343)		(2,830)
At 31 March 2020 and	於二零二零年三月三十一日						
1 April 2020	及二零二零年四月一日	24,276	16,993	249	5,353	1,797	48,668
Charge for the year	年度支出	111	686	-	92	-	889
Written off	撇銷	(8,214)	(2,600)	(184)	(1,734)	-	(12,732)
Impairment for the year	年內減值	241	2,492	-	20	-	2,753
Currency realignment	匯兑調整	1,707	1,394	14	380	-	3,495
At 31 March 2021	於二零二一年三月三十一日	18,121	18,965	79	4,111	1,797	43,073
Net book value At 31 March 2021	<b>賬面淨值</b> 於二零二一年三月三十一日	94	436	5	37	-	572
At 31 March 2020	於二零二零年三月三十一日	779	4,354	13	425	-	5,571

The related property, plant and equipment was assessed for impairment as part of the impairment assessment of the goodwill (Note 20).

相關物業、廠房及設備已進行減值評估,並 作為商譽減值評估的一部分(附註**20**)。

The property, plant and equipment with carrying amount of approximately HK\$1,633,000 was written off during the year due to lease termination for a cinema in PRC with poor business environment. For details, please refer to Note 19 to the consolidated financial statements.

營商環境欠佳導致中國一間影院的租賃終止,故年內已撇銷賬面值為約1,633,000港元的物業、廠房及設備。有關詳情,請參閱綜合財務報表附註19。



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#### 19. RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS

#### 19. 使用權資產

The consolidated statement of financial position shows the following amounts relating to leases:

綜合財務狀況報表列示以下有關租賃之金額:

		HK\$'000 千港元
Net carrying amount at 1 April 2019	於二零一九年四月一日之賬面淨值	21,323
Additions	添置	2,148
Depreciation charge	折舊開支	(3,831)
Impairment	減值	(7,770)
Exchange realignment	匯兑調整	[1,041]
Net carrying amount at 31 March 2020	於二零二零年三月三十一日及	
and 1 April 2020	二零二零年四月一日之賬面淨值	10,829
Additions	添置	1,121
Depreciation charge	折舊開支	(1,360)
Impairment	減值	(2,814)
Lease termination (note)	租賃終止(附註)	(7,383)
Exchange realignment	匯兑調整	528
Net carrying amount at 31 March 2021	於二零二一年三月三十一日之賬面淨值	921

The right-of-use assets were assessed for impairment as part of the impairment assessment of the goodwill (Note 20).

note: Due to poor business environment, the Group and the lessor has mutually agreed to early terminate lease contract for a cinema in PRC during the year. Right-of-use assets and lease liabilities therefore decreased by HK\$7,383,000 and HK\$7,601,000 respectively. A gain on lease termination of HK\$218,000 was recognised in profit or loss.

使用權資產已進行減值評估,並作為商譽 減值評估的一部分(附註20)。

附註: 由於營商環境欠佳,年內本集團與出租 人共同協定提前終止中國一間影院的租 賃合約。因此使用權資產及租賃負債分 別減少7,383,000港元及7,601,000 港元。租賃終止之收益218,000港元已 於損益確認。



For the Year ended 31 March 2021 截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度

#### 19. RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS (Continued)

#### 19. 使用權資產(續)

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Expense relating to short-term leases	與短期租賃有關的開支	-	422
Variable lease payments not included in	並無計入租賃負債計量的		
the measurement of lease liabilities	可變租賃付款	81	_
Total cash outflow for leases	租賃的現金流出總額	3,196	4,048
Additions to right-of-use assets	使用權資產添置	1,121	2,148

For both years, the Group leases various offices, cinemas and storage for its operations. Lease contracts are entered into for fixed term of 2 to 15 years. Lease terms are negotiated on an individual basis and contain a wide range of different terms and conditions. In determining the lease term and assessing the length of the non-cancellable period, the Group applies the definition of a contract and determines the period for which the contract is enforceable.

The Group regularly entered into short-term leases for staff quarters. As at 31 March 2020, the portfolio of short-term leases is similar to the portfolio of short-term leases to which the short-term lease expense disclosed in Note 12. The short-term leases for staff quarters have been terminated during the year ended 31 March 2021.

於兩個年度,本集團租賃各辦公室、影院及儲物室作其營運之用。所訂立的租賃合約的固定期限為2至15年。租賃條款乃按個別基準協商,並載有各種不同的條款及條件。於釐定租期及評估不可撤回期間的長度時,本集團應用合約的定義並釐定合約可強制執行的期間。

本集團就員工宿舍定期訂立短期租賃。於二零二零年三月三十一日,短期租賃組合與短期租賃開支於附註12披露之短期租賃組合類似。截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度,已終止員工宿舍的短期租賃。

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#### 19. RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS (Continued)

#### Variable lease payments

Leases of cinemas are either with only fixed lease payments or contain variable lease payment that are based on 11 to 13% net sales, which is total sales less sales tax and charges, and minimum annual lease payment that are fixed over the lease term. The payment terms are common in cinemas in where the Group operates. The amount of fixed and variable lease payments paid/payable to relevant lessors for the years ended 31 March 2021 and 2020:

#### For the year ended 31 March 2021

#### 19. 使用權資產(續)

#### 可變租賃付款

電影院的租賃為僅採用固定租賃付款或包含基於11至13%銷售淨額(即銷售總額減銷售税及費用)的可變租賃付款的兩者之一及在租賃期內固定的最低年度租賃付款額。付款條款在本集團經營所在的電影院中較為普遍。截至二零二一年及二零二零年三月三十一日止年度已付/應付予有關出租人的固定及可變租賃付款金額:

#### 截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度

		Number of cinemas 電影院數目	Fixed payments 固定付款 HK\$'000 千港元	Variable payments 可變付款 HK\$'000 千港元 (note) (附註)	Total payments 付款總額 HK\$'000 千港元
Cinema without variable lease payments Cinemas with variable lease	無可變租賃付款的 電影院 具有可變租賃付款的	1	707	-	707
payments	電影院	2	1,254	81	1,335

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#### 19. RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS (Continued)

Variable lease payments (Continued)

For the year ended 31 March 2020

#### 19. 使用權資產(續)

可變租賃付款(續)

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度

		Number of cinemas 電影院數目	Fixed payments 固定付款 HK\$'000 千港元	Variable payments 可變付款 HK\$'000 千港元 (note) (附註)	Total payments 付款總額 HK\$'000 千港元
Cinema without variable lease payments	無可變租賃付款的 電影院	1	620	_	620
Cinemas with variable lease payments	具有可變租賃付款的 電影院	2	2,356	(214)	2,142

note: The variable payments mainly represent the over-provision of variable lease payments in previous year.

The overall financial effect of using variable payment terms is that higher rental costs are incurred by cinemas with higher sales. Variable rent expenses are expected to continue to represent a similar proportion of revenue in future years.

#### Rent concessions

During the year ended 31 March 2021, lessors of various offices, warehouse and cinemas provided rent concessions to the Group through rent reductions ranging from 20% to 70% over five to twelve months and waiver of rent for 1 month.

These rent concessions occurred as a direct consequence of Covid-19 pandemic and met all of the conditions in HKFRS 16.46B, and the Group applied the practical expedient not to assess whether the changes constitute lease modifications.

附註:可變付款主要為過往年度可變租賃付款 的超額撥備。

使用可變付款條款的整體財務影響,為銷售量較高的電影院會產生較高的租金成本。可變租金支出預期將在來年繼續佔收入的類似比例。

#### 和金减免

截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度,各辦公室、倉庫及影院出租人透過於五至十二個月內減租20%至70%及豁免一個月租金向本集團提供租金減免。

該等租金減免乃因新冠病毒疫情直接所導致及符合香港財務報告準則第16.46B條中的所有條件,且本集團已應用可行權宜方法不評估變動是否構成租賃修改。



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#### **20. GOODWILL**

#### 20. 商譽

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Cost	成本		
At the beginning and at the end of the year	年初及年末	12,423	12,423
Accumulated impairment losses	累計減值虧損		
At the beginning of the year	年初	(11,473)	(11,473)
Impairment	減值	(950)	_
At the end of the year	年末	(12,423)	(11,473)
Carrying amount	賬面值		
At the end of the year	年末	-	950

The carrying amount of goodwill (net of accumulated impairment losses) was allocated to cash-generating units ("CGUs") as follows:

商譽之賬面值(經扣除累計減值虧損)已分配至現金產生單位(「現金產生單位」),具體如下:

		2021	2020
		二零二一年	二零二零年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Cinema business — Cinema Group	影院業務 — 電影院集團	-	950

The goodwill arose from the acquisition of Bingo Cinema (Shanghai) Company Limited ("Shanghai Bingo") together with its subsidiaries ("Cinema Group") during the year ended 31 March 2013, which was engaged in cinema business.

Impairment assessment of goodwill, property, plant and equipment, and right-of-use assets related to the Cinema Group

During the years ended 31 March 2021 and 2020, the business performance of the subsidiaries of Shanghai Bingo was below expectation, the management of the Group concluded there was indication for impairment and performed impairment assessment on the CGUs of Cinema business.

截至二零一三年三月三十一日止年度,商 譽產生自收購從事影院業務之比高電影院 (上海)有限公司(「比高上海」)及其附屬 公司(「電影院集團」)。

#### 與電影院集團相關的商譽、物業、廠房 及設備以及使用權資產的減值評估

截至二零二一年及二零二零年三月三十一日止年度,比高上海附屬公司的經營業績低於預期,本集團管理層認為影院業務之現金產生單位存在減值跡象並對其進行減值評估。



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#### 20. GOODWILL (Continued)

## Impairment assessment of goodwill, property, plant and equipment, and right-of-use assets related to the Cinema Group (Continued)

The Group estimates the recoverable amounts of the subsidiaries of Shanghai Bingo, which are considered as individual CGUs to which the assets belong. In addition, the management of the Group estimates the recoverable amounts of the Cinema Group. The recoverable amounts of the above CGUs have been determined on the basis of value in use.

The value in use calculations use cash flow projections based on the latest financial budgets approved by the management of the Company covering a 5-year period at pre-tax discount rates of 13.8% (2020: 15.1% to 24.3%). Cash flow projection during the budget period was based on the operating costs, budgeted sales, growth rate and gross margin during the budget period and the budgeted sales and budgeted margin have been determined based on past performance and management's expectations for the future changes in the market.

For the year ended 31 March 2020, cash flows beyond the 5-year period are extrapolated using a steady 2% growth rate. This growth rate is based on the relevant industry growth forecasts and does not exceed the average long-term growth rate for the relevant industry.

Based on the result of the assessment, the directors of the Company determine that the recoverable amount of the CGUs is estimated to be approximately to HK\$1,500,000, which is lower than the aggregate carrying amount of the CGUs. The impairment amount has been allocated to each category of property, plant and equipment, and right-of-use assets, such that the carrying amount of each category of asset is not reduced below the highest of its fair value less cost of disposal and its value in use. Accordingly, the Group recognised impairment losses on goodwill, property, plant and equipment, and right-of-use assets of HK\$950,000 (2020: Nil), HK\$2,753,000 (2020: HK\$3,806,000) and HK\$2,814,000 (2020: HK\$7,770,000) respectively during the year 31 March 2021.

#### 20. 商譽(續)

#### 與電影院集團相關的商譽、物業、廠房 及設備以及使用權資產的減值評估(續)

本集團估計比高上海附屬公司的可收回金額,被視為資產所屬的單獨現金產生單位。 此外,本集團管理層估計電影院集團的可收回金額。上述現金產生單位的可收回金額乃根據使用價值確定。

使用價值乃使用根據本公司管理層所批准涵蓋5年期間的最新財務預算之現金流量預測,按税前貼現率13.8%(二零二零年:15.1%至24.3%)計算。預算期間之現金流量預測乃以預算期間之經營成本、預算銷售、增長率及毛利率為基準,而預算銷售及預算毛利率乃根據過往表現及管理層對市場之未來變化之預期而釐定。

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度,超 過5年期間的現金流量使用穩定的2%增長 率推斷。該增長率基於相關行業的增長預 測且不超過相關行業的平均長期增長率。

根據評估結果,本公司董事釐定現金產生單位的可收回金額估計為約1,500,000港元,低於現金產生單位的賬面總值。減值金額已分配至各類別之物業、廠房及設備及使用權資產,以致各類別資產的賬面值及本及其公平值減出售成本及其使會削減至低於其公平值減出售成本及其使用價值兩者中的最高者。就此,截至二零十一日止年度,本集團已就商譽、物業、廠房及設備以及使用權資產率認減值虧損分別950,000港元(二零二零年:零)、2,753,000港元(1,000港元(二零二零年:7,770,000港元)。



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#### 21. INTERESTS IN AN ASSOCIATE

#### 21. 於聯營公司的權益

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Unlisted shares	非上市股份		
Share of net assets	分佔淨資產	3	(54)
Amount due from an associate (note b)	應收聯營公司款項(附註b)	373	223
		376	169
Loan to an associate (note c)	向一間聯營公司授出貸款(附註c)	18,931	17,512

The following list contains the particulars of the Group's associate:

下表載有本集團聯營公司的詳情:

#### Proportion of ownership interest

					擁有權權益比	例	_
	Form of	Place of	Particulars of	Group's			
Name of	business	incorporation	issued and	effective	Held by the	Held by	Principal
associate	structure	and operation 註冊成立及	paid up capital 已發行及繳足	interest 本集團的	Company	subsidiaries	activity
聯營公司名稱	業務結構形式	營運地點	股本詳情	實際權益	本公司持有	附屬公司持有	主要活動
Goal Creation	Incorporated	Hong Kong	100 shares of	49%	-	49%	Investing in Virtual Reality
Game Limited	註冊成立	香港	HK\$1 each				and Mixed Reality Project
創高遊戲有限公司			100股每股面值				投資虛擬實境及混合實境

1港元的股份

#### (a) Fair value of investments

At the end of the reporting period, the Group's associate is a private company and there was no quoted market price available for the investment.

#### (b) Amount due from an associate

The amount due from an associate is unsecured, interest-free and repayable on demand. The balance is denominated in HK\$ and approximate to their fair value.

#### (a) 投資之公平值

於報告期末,本集團之聯營公司為私人公司且有關投資並無市場報價。

項目

#### (b) 應收聯營公司之款項

應收聯營公司之款項屬無抵押、不計 息及須按要求償還。該結餘乃以港元 計值及與其公平值相若。



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#### 21. INTERESTS IN AN ASSOCIATE (Continued)

#### (c) Loan to an associate

On 30 September 2019, the Group entered into a loan agreement ("2019 Loan Agreement") with the associate. Pursuant to the 2019 Loan Agreement, the Group advanced a loan of RMB16,000,000 (equivalent to HK\$18,931,000 (2020: HK\$17,512,000)) to the associate for three years. The associate placed the loan into a bank as bank deposit and time deposit for interest income.

The loan is unsecured, bearing interest at annual rates of 0.4% to 2.1% (2020: 2.1%), which is at the same interest rate as for bank deposit and time deposit placed in the bank mentioned above, and repayable in September 2022.

It is expected that the bank deposit and time deposit will be kept rolling in a financial institution which is with high-credit-quality, the management of the Group considers that the credit risk and the corresponding expected credit loss of the loan were immaterial.

Summarised financial information in respect of the material associate is set out below. The summarised financial information below represents amount shown in the associates' financial statements prepared in accordance with HKFRSs:

#### 21. 於聯營公司的權益(續)

#### (c) 向一間聯營公司授出貸款

於二零一九年九月三十日,本集團與聯營公司訂立貸款協議(「二零一九年貸款協議」)。根據二零一九年貸款協議,本集團向聯營公司墊款人民幣16,000,000元(相當於18,931,000港元(二零二零年記17,512,000港元)),為期三年。該聯營公司將貸款存入銀行作為銀行存款及定期存款以獲取利息收入。

該筆貸款為無抵押,年利率為0.4% 至2.1%(二零二零年:2.1%)(與 上述存入銀行的銀行存款及定期存 款的利率相同),將於二零二二年九 月償還。

預計於金融機構的滾動銀行存款及 定期存款於可見未來為高信貸質素, 本集團管理層認為貸款的信貸風險 及有關預期信貸虧損並不重大。

有關主要聯營公司的財務資料概要載列如下。以下財務資料概要指聯營公司根據香港財務報告準則編製之財務報表所示金額:

\_\_\_\_

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Current assets	流動資產	19,310	17,625
Current liabilities	流動負債	(19,305)	(17,735)
Net assets/(liabilities)	資產/(負債)淨額	5	(110)
Group's effective interest	本集團的實際權益	49%	49%
Share of net assets/(liabilities)	分佔資產/(負債)淨額	3	(54)
Revenue	收益	_	_
Profit/(Loss) for the year	年度溢利/(虧損)	116	(101)
Dividend received from the associate during the year	年內已收聯營公司股息	_	_
Cash flows from operating activities	經營業務之現金流量	116	(101)
Cash flows from investing activities	投資業務之現金流量	149	504
Cash flows from financing activities	融資業務之現金流量	1	(17,060)

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#### 22. INVENTORIES

#### 22. 存貨

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Finished goods	製成品	945	_

The analysis of the amount of inventories recognised as an expense and included in profit or loss is as follows:

已確認為開支並計入損益之存貨金額分析如下:

		2021	2020
		二零二一年	二零二零年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Amount of inventories sold	已售存貨金額	-	_

#### 23. TRADE RECEIVABLES

#### 23. 應收賬款

The aging of the Group's trade receivables based on the invoice date is analysed as follows:

本集團根據發票日期之應收賬款賬齡分析 如下:

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Within 30 days	30日以內	115	_
31-60 days	31至60日	27	39
61-90 days	61至90日	3	_
Over 90 days	90日以上	61	418
		206	457
Less: Allowance for expected credit losses	減:預期信貸虧損撥備	_	(325)
		206	132

As at 31 March 2021, included in the Group's trade receivables balance are debtors with aggregate carrying amount of HK\$206,000 which are past due as at the reporting date, of which HK\$16,000 has been past due more than 30 days but less than 90 days and HK\$47,000 has been past due over 90 days.

於二零二一年三月三十一日,本集團應收 賬款結餘包括賬面總值為206,000港元且 於報告日期已逾期的應收款項,其中 16,000港元已逾期超過30日但少於90日 及47,000港元已逾期90日以上。



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#### 23. TRADE RECEIVABLES (Continued)

For cinema business and filmed entertainment, new media exploitations and licensing business segment, the credit terms granted by the Group to its customers normally ranged from COD (cash-on-delivery) to 120 days. The Group seeks to maintain strict control over its outstanding receivables. Overdue balances are reviewed regularly by senior management. All trade receivables are expected to be recovered within one year.

Details of impairment assessment of trade receivables are set out in note 6.

#### 23. 應收賬款(續)

就影院業務以及電影娛樂、新媒體開發及特許權業務分部而言,本集團給予其客戶之信貸期一般由現金交收至120日不等。本集團致力對其未收回應收款項維持嚴格監控。資深管理層負責定期檢討逾期結餘。所有應收賬款預期於一年內收回。

應收賬款的減值評估詳情載於附註6。

#### 24. OTHER RECEIVABLES, DEPOSITS AND PREPAYMENTS

#### 24. 其他應收款項、按金及預付款項

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Other receivables	其他應收款項	564	149
Deposits and prepayments	按金及預付款項	1,130	1,711
Monies held by a trust for share award	以股份獎勵計劃信託方式		
scheme	持有的金額	5,000	5,000
		6,694	6,860
Represented by:	代表:		
Non-current assets	非流動資產	355	657
Current assets	流動資產	6,339	6,203
		6,694	6,860

As the monies held by a trust managed by a trustee which is a licensed corporation under the Securities and Futures Ordinance and is licensed to carry on the regulated activities in connection with asset management, the management of the Group considers that the credit risk and the corresponding expected credit loss of the monies were immaterial.

該等款項由受託人管理的一個信託所持有, 該受託人是根據證券及期貨條例獲准從事 與資產管理有關的受規管活動的持牌法團, 本集團管理層認為該等款項的信貸風險及 相應的預期信貸虧損並不重大。



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# 25. DEPOSIT FOR ACQUISITION OF NON-CONTROLLING INTERESTS/PAYMENTS TO PARTIES FOR PROCUREMENT FOR INVESTMENT OF CINEMA BUSINESS

Pursuant to the announcement for the joint venture agreement ("JV agreement") dated 9 June 2011, a subsidiary of the Company entered into a JV agreement with CineChina Limited ("CineChina") for the investment of cinema business in the PRC.

The payments were made to CineChina for the purpose of materialising the JV agreement:

#### 25. 收購非控股權益之按金/就投資 影院業務向各方支付之款項

根據日期為二零一一年六月九日就合資協議(「合資協議」)刊發之公告,本公司一家附屬公司與CineChina Limited(「CineChina」)就在中國投資影院業務訂立合資協議。

付款乃為落實合資協議而支付 Cine China 之款項:

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Amount paid to CineChina	支付予CineChina 之款項	-	2,173
Analysed as:	分析為:		
Current	流動	_	1,452
Non-current	非流動	-	721
		_	2,173

Under the prevailing legal requirements in the PRC, certain restrictions are imposed on foreign investors for taking up majority stake in cinema business in the PRC. In accordance with legal opinion from a PRC lawyer, the approval for engaging in the foregoing business by the subsidiaries of the Company has not been obtained from the respective PRC authorities during the year ended 31 March 2012 and the organising of the above cinema business had not been completed at 31 March 2012. CineChina held the fund for the Group and would settle the cost incurred in procurement of the investment of cinema business in the PRC.

根據現行中國法律之規定,外國投資者在中國購入影院業務大部分權益會受到若干限制。根據中國律師提供之法律意見,於截至二零一二年三月三十一日止年度本公司附屬公司尚未獲相關中國當局批准從事上述業務,且上述影院業務之籌組工作於二零一二年三月三十一日尚未完成。CineChina代本集團持有資金,並會償付投資中國影院業務產生之成本。

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# 25. DEPOSIT FOR ACQUISITION OF NON-CONTROLLING INTERESTS/PAYMENTS TO PARTIES FOR PROCUREMENT FOR INVESTMENT OF CINEMA BUSINESS (Continued)

By an internal group reorganisation the capital of Shanghai Bingo was transferred from a domestic enterprise to a sino-foreign joint venture enterprise to comply with the relevant regulatory requirement for foreign investors to operate cinema business in the PRC during the year ended 31 March 2013. The Group legally owned 75% equity interests in Shanghai Bingo to operate the cinema business by mid- February 2013. The results of the cinema projects, including Linan and Hangzhou cinema projects, legally owned by Shanghai Bingo are consolidated into that of the Group after completion of the internal group reorganisation. Pursuant to the agreement entered into between the Group and CineChina on 6 December 2012. CineChina in principle agreed to act as a conduit of payment on behalf of the Group for the development of the cinema business in the PRC. CineChina has substantially utilised the funds for the cinema business through their connection in the PRC.

On 25 February 2020, the Group entered into an acquisition agreement ("Acquisition Agreement") with CineChina to acquire the remaining 30% of the equity interests of Bingo Cinema Investment Company Limited ("BCIC") and Bingo Cinema Management Company Limited ("BCMC") at a cash consideration of HK\$721,000, which is classified as non-current. In the year ended 31 March 2020, immediately before entering into the Acquisition Agreement, the Group recorded a receivable balance of approximately RMB1,985,500 from CineChina. The consideration for the Acquisition Agreement of HK\$721,000 (equivalent to approximately RMB650,000) was net off against the receivable of RMB1,985,500 from CineChina. The remaining balance of approximately RMB1,335,500 (equivalent to HK\$1,480,000) has been collected by the Group in April 2020, and exchange gain of approximately HK\$28,000 relating to this receivable has been recorded in the year ended 31 March 2021. The management of the Group assessed that no expected credit loss on the receivable from CineChina RMB1,985,500 is required to be recognised during the year ended 31 March 2020.

### 25. 收購非控股權益之按金/就投資 影院業務向各方支付之款項(續)

於二零二零年二月二十五日,本集團與 CineChina 訂立了收購協議(「收購協議」), 以現金代價721,000港元收購比高電影院 投資有限公司(「BCIC |)及比高電影院管 理有限公司(「BCMC」)剩餘的30%股權, 其分類為非流動。截至二零二零年三月 三十一日止年度,緊接訂立收購協議前,本 集團錄得CineChina的應收款項結餘約人 民幣1,985,500元。收購協議的代價 721,000港元(相當於約人民幣650,000 元)已與CineChina的應收款項人民幣 1,985,500元相抵銷。本集團於二零二零 年四月收取剩餘的結餘約人民幣 1,335,500元(相當於1,480,000港 元),而與此應收賬款有關的約28,000港 元匯兑收益已於截至二零二一年三月 三十一日止年度入賬。本集團管理層評估, 截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度,無 需確認CineChina的應收款項人民幣 1,985,500元的預期信貸虧損。



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#### **26. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS**

#### 26. 現金及現金等值物

		2021	2020
		二零二一年	二零二零年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Cash at banks and in hand	銀行及手頭現金	15,303	38,146

Cash at banks earns interest at floating rate based on daily bank deposit rates. The fair values of the Group's bank balances and cash at 31 March 2021 and 2020 approximate their corresponding carrying amounts.

As at 31 March 2021, deposits and cash placed with banks in Mainland China amounted to approximately HK\$7,215,000 (2020: HK\$9,478,000). Remittance of funds out of Mainland China is subject to relevant rules and regulations of foreign exchange control promulgated by the government of Mainland China.

The bank balances carry interest at market rates which range from 0.001% to 0.3% (2020: 0.001% to 0.3%) per annum.

For the years ended 31 March 2021 and 2020, the Group performed impairment assessment on bank balances and concluded that the probability of defaults of the counterparty banks and financial institution are insignificant and accordingly, no allowance for expected credit losses is provided.

銀行現金按基於每日銀行存款利率之浮動利率賺取利息。本集團於二零二一年及二零二零年三月三十一日之銀行結餘及現金之公平值與其相應之賬面值相若。

於二零二一年三月三十一日,存放於中國內地銀行之存款及現金為約7,215,000港元(二零二零年:9,478,000港元)。將資金匯出中國內地須受中國內地政府頒佈之相關外匯管制規則及規例所規限。

銀行結餘按每年0.001%至0.3%(二零二零年:0.001%至0.3%)的市場利率計息。

截至二零二一年及二零二零年三月三十一日止年度,本集團對銀行結餘進行減值評估並得出結論,對手方銀行及金融機構違約的可能性不大,故並無就預期信貸虧損計提撥備。



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#### **27. TRADE PAYABLES**

The aging of the Group's trade payables based on the invoice date is analysed as follows:

#### 27. 應付賬款

本集團根據發票日期的應付賬款之賬齡分 析如下:

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Within 30 days	30日以內	187	_
31-60 days	31至60日	_	307
61-90 days	61至90日	4	_
Over 90 days	90日以上	12	40
		203	347

Payment terms with suppliers are generally within 30 days.

供應商之付款期限一般為30日以內。

All amounts are short term and hence the carrying values of trade payables are considered to be a reasonable approximation of fair value.

所有金額為短期,因此應付賬款的賬面值 被視為與公平值合理相若。

#### 28. OTHER PAYABLES AND ACCRUALS

#### 28. 其他應付款項及應計款項

		<b>2021</b> 二零二一年	2020 二零二零年
		HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
Other payables and accruals (note 1)	其他應付款項及應計款項 (附註1)	3,877	3,342

#### notes:

- 1. Included in the amount mainly represents an auditor's remuneration of approximately HK\$850,000 (2020: HK\$800,000).
- 2. All of the other payables and accruals are expected to be settled within one year or are repayable on demand.

#### 附註:

- 1. 金額主要指核數師酬金約850,000港元 (二零二零年:800,000港元)。
- 所有其他應付款項及應計款項預計將於 一年內結清或按要求償還。



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#### 29. CONTRACTS LIABILITIES

#### 29. 合約負債

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
As at 1 April	於四月一日	7,405	7,756
Revenue recognised during the year in relation to carried-forward contract	年內確認有關結轉合約負債 的收益		
liabilities		(903)	(4,094)
Receipt in advance from customers	年內收取客戶墊款		
for the year		893	4,220
Currency realignment	匯兑調整	599	(477)
As at 31 March	於三月三十一日	7,994	7,405

#### Cinema investment and management

The balance was a prepaid amount in the membership card by the customers. The balance will be recognised as income when the customers buy the movies tickets, and the corresponding movie was broadcasted, and snacks by utilising the prepaid amount in the membership card.

The timing of the transfer of the movies tickets and snacks are at the discretion of the customers and the management considers that the contract liabilities would not have significant financing component.

All the contract liabilities are expected to be settled within the Group's normal operating cycle in respect of cinema investment and management segment and the whole balances are classified as current.

No revenue was recognised in the current year relates to performance obligations that were satisfied in prior periods.

#### 影院投資及管理

結餘為客戶於會員卡的預付款項。當客戶使用會員卡預付金額購買電影票(相應的電影已經播出)及零食時,結餘將確認為收益。

轉讓電影票及零食的時間按客戶指示,管理層認為合約負債並無重大融資組成部分。

所有合約負債預期於本集團影院投資及管理分部的正常經營週期內結清,結餘整體 分類為流動。

本年度並無就過往期間達成的履約責任確 認收益。



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#### **30. LEASE LIABILITIES**

#### 30. 租賃負債

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Lease liabilities payable: 應	付租賃負債:		
	一年內 一年以上但不超過兩年	3,070	3,877
but not more than two years	五年以上但不知识工生	2,131	3,405
Within a period of more than two years but not more than five years	兩年以上但不超過五年	3,765	7,383
Within a period of more than five years	五年以上	335	3,449
Less: Amount due for settlement within 12 減	: 12個月內到期償付的	9,301	18,114
	充動負債 <b>(1987)</b>	(3,070)	(3,877)
	l個月後到期償付的 非流動負債		
liabilities		6,231	14,237

The weighted average incremental borrowing rates applied to lease liabilities range from 3% to 5.38% (2020: from 3% to 5.38%).

All lease obligations are denominated in the functional currencies of the relevant group entities.

適用於租賃負債的加權平均遞增借款利率介乎3%至5.38%(二零二零年:3%至5.38%)。

所有租賃承擔均以相關集團實體的功能貨 幣計價。

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#### 31. CONVERTIBLE BONDS

On 22 February 2010, the Company entered into the service agreement with Mr. CHIAU Sing Chi ("Mr. Chiau") whereby the Company appointed Mr. Chiau as an executive director of the Company and Mr. Chiau accepted the appointment with prescribed duties for an initial term of five year from 1 June 2010. In consideration of the performance by Mr. Chiau of his duties for the Company, the Company shall, as a remuneration package to issue the convertible bonds to Mr. Chiau with an aggregate principal amount of HK\$45 million and outstanding amount as at 31 March 2021 was HK\$20 million (2020: HK\$30 million). Details are described in Note 36.

The convertible bonds contain two components, liability and equity components.

During the year ended 31 March 2020, the Company was given an undertaking by Mr. Chiau which the maturity date of original convertible bonds, namely Tranche 2, 3, 4 and 5, was extended by one year to 1 June 2022, 1 June 2023, 1 June 2024 and 1 June 2025 respectively. During the years ended 31 March 2021 and 2020, no convertible bonds were converted into shares. There is no change of conversion period of the above Tranch 2, 3, 4 and 5 of the convertible bonds.

The above modification of terms of the convertible bonds between the Group and holder of convertible bonds was considered as a substantial modification and therefore the original convertible bonds were extinguished and the new convertible bonds were recognised on the date of modification.

The fair value of the liability component which was determined by independent professional valuers Sino-Infinite Appraisal Limited on the date of change, is the present value of the contractually determined stream of future cash flows discounted at the effective interest rate ranged from 13.61% to 19.71% and providing substantially the same cash flows, on the same terms, but without the conversion option. The residual amount is assigned as the equity component and is included in equity.

#### 31. 可換股債券

於二零一零年二月二十二日,本公司與周星馳先生(「周先生」)訂立服務協議,據而周先生為本公司執行董事,而周先生根據既定職責接受委任,初步年。 自二零一零年六月一日起計為期五年價為周先生為本公司履行其職責之代價額 為周先生為本公司履行其職責之代價額 公司須向周先生發行本金總額薪酬 45,000,000港元之可換股債券作為酬組合,而於二零二一年三月三十一日的未 償還金額為20,000,000港元(二零二年:30,000,000港元)。詳情載於附註 36。

可換股債券包括兩個部分,即負債及權益 部分。

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度,周先生向本公司作出承諾·原本的可換股債券的第2、3、4及5期到期日分別延長一年至二零二二年六月一日、二零二三年六月一日及二零二四年六月一日。截至二零二一年及二零二零年三月三十一日止年度,並無可換股債券的換股期並無變動。

本集團與可換股債券持有人之間的可換股債券條款的上述修訂被認為是重大修訂, 因此,原來的可換股債券被註銷,而新的可 換股債券則於修訂日期確認。

負債部分之公平值(由獨立專業估值師中源評估有限公司釐定)於變更日期,為合約所釐定未來現金流量按實際利率介乎13.61%至19.71%折現的現值,並以相同條款提供大致相同現金流量,惟沒有兑換選擇權。餘額分配為權益部分,並計入權益內。



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#### 31. CONVERTIBLE BONDS (Continued)

During the year ended 31 March 2021, the remaining outstanding convertible bonds of Tranche 1 were redeemed at a redemption amounting to HK\$10,000,000, which is equal to 100% of the principal amount of the outstanding convertible bonds of Tranche 1.

The movement of the liability component and equity component of the convertible bonds for the year is set out below:

#### 31. 可換股債券(續)

截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度,第1期剩餘未轉換可換股債券按相等於第1期未轉換可換股債券本金額100%的贖回金額(即10,000,000港元)予以贖回。

年內,可換股債券負債部分及權益部分之 變動載列如下:

		Liability component 負債部分 HK\$'000 千港元	Equity component 權益部分 HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 April 2019	於二零一九年四月一日	24,618	76,520
Imputed interest charged Extinguishment upon extension of	已計推算利息 可換股債券延期時註銷	4,547	_
convertible bonds  Recognition upon extension of convertible	可換股債券延期時確認	(19,418)	(51,012)
bonds		11,793	40
At 31 March 2020	於二零二零年三月三十一日	21,540	25,548
Imputed interest charged	已計推算利息	2,212	_
Redemption of convertible bonds	贖回可換股債券	(10,000)	(25,508)
At 31 March 2021	於二零二一年三月三十一日	13,752	40
		2004	0000

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Mature within 1 year	一年內到期	-	9,747
Mature later than 1 year	一年後到期	13,752	11,793
		13,752	21,540

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#### 32. SHARE CAPITAL

#### 32. 股本

		As at 31 March 2021 於二零二一年三月三十一日 Number of		As at 31 Ma 於二零二零年3 Number of	
		shares 股份數目 'OOO 千股	Amount 面值 HK\$'000 千港元	shares 股份數目 'OOO 千股	Amount 面值 HK\$'000 千港元
Authorised:	法定:				
At the beginning of the year, ordinary shares of HK\$0.01 (2020: HK\$0.04) each	於年初·每股面值0.01港元 (二零二零年:0.04港元) 的普通股	20,000,000	200,000	5,000,000	200,000
Share consolidation (note 1) Share subdivision (note 1)	股份合併 <i>(附註1)</i> 股份拆細 <i>(附註1)</i>		-	(3,750,000) 18,750,000	-
At the end of the year, ordinary shares of HK\$0.01 each	於年末,每股面值 <b>0.01</b> 港元 的普通股	20,000,000	200,000	20,000,000	200,000
Issued and fully paid:	已發行及繳足:				
At the beginning of the year, ordinary shares of HK\$0.01 (2020: HK\$0.04)					
each Share consolidation (note 1)	的普通股 股份合併 <i>(附註1)</i>	855,385 _	8,554	3,421,539 (2,566,154)	136,861
Capital reduction (note 1)	資本削減(附註1)	-	-	-	(128,307)
At the end of the year, ordinary shares of HK\$0.01 each	於年末·每股面值O.O1港元 的普通股	855,385	8,554	855,385	8,554

#### note 1:

On 2 May 2019, the Company completed a capital reorganisation (the "Capital Reorganisation") involving the share consolidation, the capital reduction and the share subdivision. The Capital Reorganisation was approved at the extraordinary general meeting held on 12 February 2019. Details of which are as follows:

#### (I) SHARE CONSOLIDATION

The Company implemented a share consolidation on the basis that every four existing shares of HK\$0.04 of the Company combined into one consolidated share of HK\$0.16 effective on 2 May 2019;

#### 附註1:

於二零一九年五月二日,本公司完成資本重組 (「資本重組」),涉及股份合併、資本削減及股份 拆細。資本重組已於二零一九年二月十二日舉行 的臨時股東大會上獲得批准,詳情如下:

#### (I) 股份合併

本公司實施股份合併的基礎乃為自二零一九年五月二日起,本公司每4股0.04港元的現有股份合併為一股0.16港元的合併股份:



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#### 32. SHARE CAPITAL (Continued)

note 1: (Continued)

#### (II) CAPITAL REDUCTION

This involves the reduction of the nominal value of each issued consolidated share from HK\$0.16 to HK\$0.01 effective on 2 May 2019; and

#### (III) SHARE SUBDIVISION

Immediately following the Capital Reduction, each of the authorised but unissued consolidated share of nominal value of HK\$0.16 each will be subdivided into sixteen new shares of HK\$0.01 each effective on 2 May 2019.

\* Details of the Capital Reorganisation are stated in the Company's circular dated 16 January 2019.

#### Share award scheme

The Board of the Company approved the adoption of a share award scheme (the "Share Award Scheme") with effect from 14 August 2019 (the "Adoption Date"). The purpose of the Share Award Scheme is to (i) recognise and reward the contributions by certain eligible participants and to give incentives thereto in order to retain them for the continual operation and development of the Group; and (ii) to attract suitable personnel for further development of the Group. Unless otherwise early terminated by the resolution of the board, the Share Award Scheme is valid and effective for a period of 10 years from the Adoption Date.

The Share Award Scheme is operated through a trustee which is independent of the Group. The shares to be awarded under the Share Award Scheme will be (i) issued by way of new issue of shares; and/or (ii) acquired by the trustee from the open market after the notification and instruction by the Company. The trustee shall not hold more than 10% of the total number of issued shares of the Company.

#### 32. 股本(續)

附註1:(續)

#### (||) 資本削減

由二零一九年五月二日起,每股已發行合併股份的面值由0.16港元減少至0.01港元:及

#### (III) 股份拆細

緊隨資本削減後,於二零一九年五月二日 生效的每股面值0.16港元的法定但未發 行合併股份將被拆細為16股每股0.01港 元的新股。

\* 本公司於日期為二零一九年一月十六日的通函中闡明了資本重組的詳細信息。

#### 股份獎勵計劃

本公司董事會批准採納一項股份獎勵計劃 (「股份獎勵計劃」),自二零一九年八月 十四日(「採納日期」)起生效。股份獎勵計 劃的宗旨為(i)表彰及獎勵若干合資格參 者作出的貢獻並給予獎勵,務求挽留彼 繼續為本集團持續營運及發展效力;及(ii) 吸引適合人員以進一步推動本集團發展。 除非董事會決議提前終止,否則股份獎勵 計劃自採納日期起計10年期間有效及生 效。

股份獎勵計劃透過一名獨立於本集團的受託人運營。根據股份獎勵計劃獎勵的股份將[i]以發行新股的方式發行;及/或[ii]由受託人在收到本公司的通知及指示後從公開市場上購入。受託人持有本公司已發行股份的總數不應超過10%。

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#### 32. SHARE CAPITAL (Continued)

#### Share award scheme (Continued)

On 16 August 2019 and 14 October 2019, the Company granted an aggregate of 12,790,000 awarded shares to two executive directors, namely Mr. Chiau and Ms. Chow Man Ki Kelly, and 29,860,000 awarded shares (collectively referred to as the "Awarded Shares") to other employees and advisors of the Group (collectively referred to as the "Selected Participants"). Subject to the acceptance of the Selected Participants and that the Selected Participants remain as employees and advisors of the Group on the vesting date of the Awarded Shares, the Awarded Shares shall vest in them on 15 August 2020, 13 October 2020 and 13 October 2021, at which time the Awarded Shares were transferred to the Selected Participants at nil consideration.

As additional time is required for the trustee to acquire the Awarded Shares on market, subject to the terms and conditions of the Share Award Scheme, the Company and the relevant Selected Participants mutually agreed that part of the Awarded Shares, which were originally vested on the first anniversary of the date of grant, would be vested to the Selected Participants on the second anniversary of the date of grant or the date when the trustee has completed the acquisition of all the Awarded Shares on market, whichever is earlier.

During the year, the Company did not repurchase any shares of the Company through the trustee of the Share Award Scheme from the open market. The Group recognised a share award expense of HK\$1,120,000 (2020: HK\$1,720,000) during the year ended 31 March 2021 in respect of the Awarded Shares granted. As at 31 March 2021 and 2020, no shares were held through the trustee of the Share Award Scheme.

#### Share options scheme

Details of the Company's share option schemes and the share options granted under the share option schemes are included in Note 34 to the financial statements.

#### 32. 股本(續)

#### 股份獎勵計劃(續)

於二零一九年八月十六日及二零一九年十月十四日,本公司向兩名執行董事(即周先生及周文姬女士)授出合共12,790,000股獎勵股份及向本集團其他僱員及顧問(統稱「選定參與者」)授出29,860,000股獎勵股份(統稱「獎勵股份」)。待接納選定參與者於獎勵股份歸屬屬股份歸屬人國定參與者於獎勵股份歸屬屬別人為本集團僱員及顧問的前提下,獎勵股份須於二零二零年八月十五日、二零二日與份須於二零二零年八月十五日、二零二日屬於彼等,其時獎勵股份將無償轉移至選票參與者。

由於受託人需額外時間收購市場上的獎勵股份,在受限於股份獎勵計劃的條款及條件情況下,本公司及有關選定參與者共同協定,部分獎勵股份(最初於授予日期的一週年歸屬)將於授出日期之第二週年當日或受託人已完成收購市場上所有獎勵股份當日(以較早者為準)歸屬選定參與者。

年內,本公司並無透過股份獎勵計劃的受託人於公開市場回購本公司任何股份。本集團於截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度就授出的獎勵股份確認1,120,000港元(二零二零年:1,720,000港元)的股份獎勵開支。於二零二一年及二零二零年三月三十一日,通過股份獎勵計劃的受託人並無持有任何股份。

#### 購權股計劃

本公司購股權計劃及根據購股權計劃授出 的購股權的詳情載於財務報表附註34。



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#### 32. SHARE CAPITAL (Continued)

#### Capital management

Capital comprises of share capital and reserves stated on the consolidated statement of financial position. The Group's primary objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, so that it can continue to provide returns for owners of the Company and benefits for other stakeholders, by pricing products and services commensurately with the level of risk and by securing access to finance at a reasonable cost.

The Group regularly reviews and manages its capital structure to maintain a balance between the higher owners' returns that might be possible with higher levels of borrowings and the advantages and security afforded by a sound capital position, and makes adjustments to the capital structure in light of changes in economic conditions. During the year ended 31 March 2021, the Group maintains its net asset position.

As at the year ended, interest bearing debt and total cash balances are approximately HK\$13,752,000 (2020: HK\$21,540,000) and HK\$15,303,000 (2020: HK\$38,146,000) respectively. As the total cash amounts are higher than the interest bearing debt amounts, the net debt-to-equity ratio is not applicable.

Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries are subject to externally imposed capital requirement.

#### 32. 股本(續)

#### 資本管理

資本包括綜合財務狀況報表內載列之股本及儲備。本集團管理資本之首要目標乃保障本集團能夠繼續按持續經營基準經營,從而令本集團通過按風險水平相應地為產品及服務定價以及以合理成本取得融資管道,繼續為本公司擁有人帶來回報並為其他權益持有人帶來裨益。

本集團定期檢討及管理其資本架構,務求在較高擁有人回報(可能帶來較高借貸水平)與良好資本狀況帶來之好處及保障兩者之間取得平衡,並因應經濟環境之變化調整資本架構。截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度,本集團保持其資產淨值狀況。

於年末,計息債務及現金結餘總額分別約為13,752,000港元(二零二零年:21,540,000港元)及15,303,000港元(二零二零年:38,146,000港元)。由於現金總額高於計息債務金額,淨債務權益比率並不適用。

本公司或其任何附屬公司均不受外部實施 之資本規定限制。

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#### 33. RESERVES

#### 33. 儲備

The Company

本公司

		Share premium	Contributed surplus	Equity component of convertible bonds 可換股債券	Share options reserve	Share award scheme reserve 股份獎勵計劃	Accumulated losses	Total
		<b>股份溢價</b> HK\$'000 千港元	<b>實繳盈餘</b> HK\$'000 千港元	<b>之權益部分</b> HK\$'000 千港元	<b>購股權儲備</b> HK\$'000 千港元	放び英劇市画 <b>儲備</b> HK\$'000 千港元	<b>累計虧損</b> HK\$'000 千港元	<b>總計</b> HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 April 2019 Extinguishment upon extensio	於二零一九年四月一日	420,810	1,988	76,520	53,022	-	(635,837)	(83,497)
of convertible bonds		-	-	(51,012)	-	-	58,597	7,585
Recognition upon extension of convertible bonds  Lapse of share options	開股權失效 以權益結算之股份獎勵安排	-	-	40 _	- (42,756)	-	- 42,756	40 -
arrangement Capital reduction 資	資本削減本年度虧損	- - -	- 128,307 -		- - -	1,720 - -	- - (49,411)	1,720 128,307 (49,411)
At 31 March 2020 and 1 April 2020 Redemption of convertible	於二零二零年三月三十一日及 二零二零年四月一日 贖回可換股債券	420,810	130,295	25,548	10,266	1,720	(583,895)	4,744
bonds Issue of share options Lapse of share options	發行購股權 購股權失效	-	-	(25,508) - -	- 893 (3,596)	-	25,508 - 3,596	893 -
Lapse of share awards Equity settled share award arrangement	股份獎勵失效以權益結算之股份獎勵安排	_	-	-	-	(1,153) 1,120	1,153	1,120
Loss for the year	本年度虧損	-	-	-	-	-	(11,716)	(11,716)
At 31 March 2021	於二零二一年三月三十一日	420,810	130,295	40	7,563	1,687	(565,354)	(4,959)

At 31 March 2021, no reserves is available for distribution to owners of the Company (2020: Nil).

於二零二一年三月三十一日,概無可供分派予本公司擁有人之儲備(二零二零年:無)。

The share premium is arising from the issue of shares of the Company.

股份溢價乃因發行本公司股份而產生。

The contributed surplus represents the difference between the combined net assets of the subsidiaries acquired by the Company and the nominal value of the shares of the Company at the time of the Group reorganisation.

實繳盈餘指於本集團重組時本公司所收購 之附屬公司合併資產淨值與本公司股份面 值間之差額。

On 2 May 2019, the Company completed a capital reduction. The nominal value of each issued share was reduced from HK\$0.16 to HK\$0.01. The credit arising from the capital reduction amounted to HK\$128,307,000 was transferred to the contributed surplus of the Company.

於二零一九年五月二日,本公司完成股本削減。每股已發行股份的面值由0.16港元削減至0.01港元。股本削減產生的進賬額128,307,000港元已轉撥至本公司實繳盈餘。

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#### 34. SHARE OPTION SCHEME

Pursuant to a resolution passed on 15 August 2012, a share option scheme (the "Scheme") was adopted for the primary purpose of providing incentives to directors, eligible employees and participants who have contributed to the Group and will expire on 14 August 2022. Under the Scheme, the Board of the Company may grant options to certain employees of the Group and any distributor, contractor, business partner, promoter, service provider, customer, supplier, consultants, agents and advisers or any person who, in the sole discretion of the Board, has contributed or may contribute to the Group in recognition of their contribution to the Group.

Under the GEM Listing Rules, the maximum number of Shares which may be allotted and issued annually upon the exercise of all options which initially shall not in aggregate exceed 10% of the Shares in issue as at the date of adoption of the Scheme and thereafter, if refreshed shall not exceed 10% of the Shares in issue ("Scheme Mandate Limit") as at the date of approval of the refreshed limit by the Shareholders. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the number of Shares to be issued upon the exercise of all the Options granted and vet to be exercised under the Scheme and other share option schemes must not in aggregate exceed 30% of the Shares in issue from time to time. Options lapsed in accordance with the terms of the share option scheme will not be counted for the purpose of calculating the Scheme Mandate Limit. The number of shares in respect of which options may be granted to any individual in aggregate within any 12-month period is not permitted to exceed 1% of the shares of the Company in issue, without prior approval from the Company's shareholders. Options granted to substantial shareholders or independent nonexecutive directors or any of his, her or its associates in the 12-month period up to and including the date of offer of the option exceeding the higher of O.1% of the Company's shares in issue and with a value in excess of HK\$5 million must be approved by the Company's shareholders.

#### 34. 購股權計劃

根據於二零一二年八月十五日通過之決議案,旨在鼓勵董事、合資格僱員及曾為本集團作出貢獻之參與者,本集團採納其購權計劃(「該計劃」),該計劃將於二零二二年八月十四日屆滿。根據該計劃,本公銷商、東包商、業務夥伴、發起人、服務供應董事包商、業務夥伴、發起人、服務供應董事人、供應商、諮詢人、代理及顧問或事為本集團作出貢獻。

根據GEM 上市規則,因所有購股權獲行使 而可能每年配發及發行之股份數目上限初 步共計不得超過採納該計劃當日已發行股 份10%,倘其後有所更新,則不得超過股 東批准更新限額當日已發行股份10%(「計 劃授權限額」)。儘管上文所述,因所有根 據該計劃及其他購股權計劃授出但尚未行 使之購股權獲行使而將予發行之股份數目 合共不得超過不時之已發行股份30%。根 據購股權計劃之條款已失效之購股權將不 會計入計劃授權限額內。在未經本公司股 東事先批准之情況下,於任何十二個月期 間內可向任何個別人士授出之購股權總額 所涉及股份數目,不得超過本公司已發行 股份之1%。於截至授出購股權日期止(包 括當日)十二個月期間內授予主要股東或 獨立非執行董事或彼各自之任何聯繫人士 之購股權,若超出本公司已發行股份O.1% 或價值逾5,000,000港元(以較高者為 準),則必須獲本公司股東批准。

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#### **34. SHARE OPTION SCHEME** (Continued)

Options granted must be taken up within 21 days of the date of grant, upon payment of HK\$1 per option. Options may be exercised at any time from the date of acceptance of the share option to such date as determined by the Board of the Company and the exercise price will not be less than the highest of (i) the closing price of the Company's shares on the date of grant; (ii) the average closing price of the Company's shares for the five business days immediately preceding the date of grant and (iii) the nominal value of the Company's shares.

Details of specific categories of options and the fair value of options are set out in Note 36 to the consolidated financial statements.

Details of the share options granted under the Scheme and movements in such holdings during the year were as follow:

#### 34. 購股權計劃(續)

授出之購股權必須於授出日期起計21日內,就每份購股權支付1港元後接納。購股權可於接納購股權當日起至本公司董事會釐定之有關日期內隨時行使,且行使價將不會低於[i)本公司股份於授出日期之收市價:[ii]本公司股份於緊接授出日期前五個營業日之平均收市價及[iii]本公司股份之面值三者中之最高者。

特定類別購股權及購股權公平值之詳情載 於綜合財務報表附註**36**。

年內,該計劃項下授出之購股權及其變動 詳情如下:

			Number of shares issuable under options held 根據所持購股權可予發行之股份數目					
			Balance at 1 April 2020			Balance at 31 March 2021		
Category		Share option type	於二零二零年 四月一日	Granted	Lapsed	於二零二一年 三月三十一日		
類別		購股權種類	之結餘	已授出	已失效	之結餘		
,,,,,,		710 IZ IZ IZ IZ	'000	'000	'000	'000		
			千股	千股	千股	千股		
Directors	董事	2015A	5,000	_	(5,000)	-		
		2016A	10,500	_	(750)	9,750		
		2017A	8,500	-	-	8,500		
		2018A	7,500	-	-	7,500		
Employees	僱員	2018A	15,000	-	(7,500)	7,500		
Advisors	顧問	2015A	1,000	_	(1,000)	_		
		2016A	1,500	_	_	1,500		
		2018A	22,500	-	(15,000)	7,500		
		2020A	_	25,500	_	25,500		
			71,500	25,500	(29,250)	67,750		

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#### **34. SHARE OPTION SCHEME** (Continued)

The following share options were outstanding under the Scheme during the year ended 31 March 2020:

#### 34. 購股權計劃(續)

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度,該 計劃項下尚未行使之購股權如下:

Number of shares issuable under options held 根據所持購股權可予發行之股份數目

						Adjusted
						balance
						upon Capital
						Reorganisation
						and balance at
						31 March
			Balance at			2020
			1 April	Lapsed before		資本重組後之
			2019	Capital	Adjustment	經調整結餘及
		Share	於二零一九年	Reorganisation	(note 1)	於二零二零年
Category		option type	四月一日	資本重組	調整	三月三十一日
類別		購股權種類	之結餘	前失效	(附註1)	之結餘
			,000	,000	,000	,000
			干股	千股	千股	千股
Directors	董事	2014A	12,000	(12,000)	-	_
		2015A	20,000	_	(15,000)	5,000
		2016A	42,000	_	(31,500)	10,500
		2017A	34,000	_	(25,500)	8,500
		2018A	30,000	-	(22,500)	7,500
Employees	僱員	2018A	60,000	-	(45,000)	15,000
Advisors	顧問	2014A	273,800	(273,800)	_	_
		2015A	4,000	_	(3,000)	1,000
		2016A	6,000	_	(4,500)	1,500
		2018A	90,000		(67,500)	22,500
			571,800	(285,800)	(214,500)	71,500

note 1: Adjustment for Capital Reorganisation effective from 2 May 2019.

The Company has granted share options and recognised an expense as share-based payments for the year ended 31 March 2021 with an amount of HK\$893,000.

The Company has not granted any share options for the year ended 31 March 2020.

附註1: 資本重組調整自二零一九年五月二日 起生效。

截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度,本公司已授出購股權並確認開支為以股份為基礎之付款,金額為893,000港元。

本公司於截至二零二零年三月三十一日止 年度並無授出任何購股權。



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#### 35. RELATED PARTY AND CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS

In addition to the balances disclosed elsewhere in these consolidated financial statements, the Group entered into the following material related party and connected transactions.

#### (a) Key management personnel remuneration

Remuneration for key management personnel, including amounts paid to the Company's directors as disclosed in Note 13 is as follows:

#### 35. 關連人士及關連交易

除該等綜合財務報表其他部分所披露之結 餘外,本集團曾進行下列重大關連人士及 關連交易。

#### (a) 主要管理人員薪酬

主要管理人員之薪酬(包括附註**13**所 披露支付予本公司董事之款項)如下:

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Directors' fee, salaries, allowances and other benefits Share-based payments	董事袍金、薪金、津貼及 其他福利 以股份為基礎之付款	855 570	754 787
		1,425	1,541

#### (b) Connected transactions

#### (b) 關連交易

Name of connected parties 關連人士名稱	Nature of transactions 交易性質	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Goal Creation Game Limited	Interest income from loan to an associate (Note 21)	149	504
創高遊戲有限公司	向一間聯營公司授出貸款的利息收入 (附註21)		

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#### 35. RELATED PARTY AND CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS

(Continued)

#### (c) Outstanding balances with connected parties

#### 35. 關連人士及關連交易(續)

#### [c] 與關連人士之未清償結餘

Name of connected parties 關連人士名稱	Nature of transactions 交易性質	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
CineChina Limited (note 1) (附註1)	Receivable of the Group for payment for procurement for investment of Cinema Business 本集團就投資影院業務之付款 應收之款項	-	1,452
	Deposit for acquisition of non- controlling interests 收購非控股權益之按金	-	721

note 1: CineChina Limited holds 30% equity interest in subsidiaries of the Company and it is considered a connected party under the GEM Listing Rules. The details of the connected transaction is listed in Note 25.

附註1: CineChina Limited 持有本公司 附屬公司30%之股權,被視為 GEM上市規則項下之關連人士。 關連交易之詳情載於附註25。

#### **36. SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS**

The Company has the convertible bonds and share option scheme for directors, employees and advisors of the Group. Details of the convertible bonds and share options are as follows:

#### 36. 以股份為基礎之付款

本公司為本集團董事、僱員及顧問提供可 換股債券及購股權計劃。可換股債券及購 股權之詳情如下:

#### Convertible bonds

#### 可換股債券

		Tranche 2 第2期	Tranche 3 第3期	Tranche 4 第4期	Tranche 5 第5期
Principal amount	本金額	HK\$5,000,000 5.000,000港元	HK\$5,000,000 5,000,000港元	HK\$5,000,000 5,000,000港元	HK\$5,000,000 5,000,000港元
Share price*	股價*	HK\$0.035 0.035港元	HK\$0.035 0.035港元	HK\$0.035 0.035港元	HK\$0.035 0.035港元
Interest	利息	Zero coupon 零息	Zero coupon 零息	Zero coupon 零息	Zero coupon 零息
Conversion price	換股價	HK\$0.544	HK\$0.544	HK\$0.544	HK\$0.544
Maturity date	到期日	0.544港元 1 June 2022 二零二二年	0.544港元 1 June 2023 二零二三年	0.544港元 1 June 2024 二零二四年	0.544港元 1 June 2025 二零二五年
		六月一日	六月一日	六月一日	六月一日

- \* Share price as at 31 March 2020, which is the date of undertaking by the bondholder given to the Company to extend the maturity dates of the convertible bonds by one year.
- \* 於二零二零年三月三十一日(即債券持有 人向本公司作出承諾以將可換股債券的到 期日延長一年之日期)的股價。



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**Share Option Scheme** 

#### **36. SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS** (Continued)

Details of specific categories of options are as follow:

The fair value of share options which were calculated by binomial option pricing model with the following assumptions:

#### Option type: 購股權類別: 2017A 2016A 2018A 2020A Grant date: 7-7-2016 3-3-2017 17-9-2018 授出日期: 14-7-2020 二零一六年 二零一十年 二零一八年 二零二零年 三月三日 十月十四日 十月十日 九月十七日 Number of options granted: 授出購股權數目: 342.000.000 159.000.000 180.000.000 25.500.000 Exercise period: 行使期: 7-7-2016-3-3-2017-17-9-2018-14-7-2020-6-7-2021 2-3-2022 16-9-2023 13-7-2025 二零一六年 二零一十年 二零一八年 二零二零年 十月十日至 三月三日至 九月十七日至 十月十四日至 二零二一年 二零二二年 二零二三年 二零二五年 七月六日 三月二日 九月十六日 七月十三日 行使價: HK\$0.135港元 HK\$0.042港元 HK\$0.074港元 Exercise price: HK\$0.180港元 Adjusted exercise price: 經調整行使價: HK\$0.720港元 HK\$0.540港元 HK\$0.168港元 N/A 不適用 (附註) Fair value: 公平值: HK\$26.600.000 HK\$8.640.000 HK\$2.181.000 HK\$893.000 港元 港元 港元 港元

Option type: 購股權類別: 2020A Share price as at grant date: 於授出日期之股價: HK\$0.068港元 Nature of the options: 購股權之性質: Call認購 0.141% Risk-free rate: 無風險利率: Expected life of the options: 購股權之預期年期: 5 years 年 Expected volatility: 預期波幅: 72.9% Expected dividend yield: 預期股息收益率: 0% Exercise multiple: 2.80 行使倍數:

The expected volatility was based on the historical volatility of the Company's share prices. Expected dividends were based on historical dividends. Changes in the subjective input assumptions could materially affect the fair value estimate.

note: The exercise price was adjusted due to the share consolidation on 2 May 2019.

預期波幅乃以本公司股份價格之過往波動 為基準。預期股息以過往股息為基準。主觀 輸入數據假設如有變動,可能對估計公平 值構成重大影響。

36. 以股份為基礎之付款(續)

特定類別購股權詳情如下:

公平值乃使用以下假設:

使用二項式購股權定價模式計算之購股權

購股權計劃

附註: 由於股份合併,行使價已於二零一九年 五月二日調整。

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#### 37. PARTICULARS OF PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES 37. 主要附屬公司之詳情

Particulars regarding the subsidiaries at 31 March 2021 於二零二一年三月三十一日,附屬公司之 are as follows:

詳情如下:

Name of subsidiaries	Place of incorporation/ operation 註冊成立/	Type of legal entity	Issued and fully paid share capital 已發行及	Attribu equity in held by the 本公司應佔	terests Company	Principal activities
附屬公司名稱	營業地點	法律實體類別	繳足股本	Directly 直接 %	Indirectly 間接 %	主要業務
Art Aim Limited 興藝有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Limited liability company 有限責任公司	HK\$1 1港元	-	100	Movie production 電影製作
Billion Success Corporation Limited 億晟有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Limited liability company 有限責任公司	HK\$1 1港元	-	100	Licensing business 特許權業務
Bingo Cinema Investment Company Limited 比高電影院投資有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Limited liability company 有限責任公司	HK\$10,000 10,000港元	- (	100 (2020: 70) (二零二零年: 70)	Cinema investment 影院投資
Bingo Cinema Management Company Limited 比高電影院管理有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Limited liability company 有限責任公司	HK\$10,000 10,000港元	- (	100 (2020: 70) (二零二零年: 70)	Cinema management 影院管理
Bingo Management Services Limited 比高管理服務有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Limited liability company 有限責任公司	HK\$1 1港元	100	-	Management services 管理服務
Bingo Movie Development Limited 比高電影發展有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Limited liability company 有限責任公司	HK\$1 1港元	100	-	Movie production 電影製作
Brillant Tech Limited 采科有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Limited liability company 有限責任公司	HK\$1 1港元	-	100 (2020: 70) (二零二零年: 70)	Cinema management 影院管理
Easybuild Assets Management Limited 易建資產管理有限公司	BVI 英屬處女群島	Limited liability company 有限責任公司	US\$1 1美元	100	-	Investment holding 投資控股



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#### 37. PARTICULARS OF PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES 37. 主要附屬公司之詳情(續)

(Continued)

Name of subsidiaries	Place of incorporation/operation 註冊成立/	Type of legal entity	Issued and fully paid share capital 已發行及	equity in	nutable nterests e Company 之股本權益	Principal activities
附屬公司名稱	營業地點	法律實體類別	繳足股本	Directly 直接 %	Indirectly 間接 %	主要業務
Emcom (HK) Pte Limited 帝國通訊 (香港)有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Limited liability company 有限責任公司	HK\$10 10港元	100	-	Investment holding 投資控股
Huge Art Limited 泰藝有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Limited liability company 有限責任公司	HK\$1 1港元	100	-	Cartoon production 卡通製作
Lofty Gain Investments Limited 崴盈投資有限公司	BVI 英屬處女群島	Limited liability company 有限責任公司	US\$1 1美元	100	-	Movie production 電影製作
Lofty Shine Limited 崴盛有限公司	BVI 英屬處女群島	Limited liability company 有限責任公司	US\$1 1美元	100	-	Investment holding 投資控股
Shanghai Caike Cinema Management and Consultancy Limited.* (note1) 上海采科影院管理咨詢 有限公司(附註1)	PRC 中國	Limited liability company 有限責任公司	US\$100,000 100,000美元	-	100 (2020: 70) (二零二零年: 70)	Cinema management 影院管理
Huichi (Shanghai) Consultancy Limited* <sup>(note1)</sup> 輝馳 (上海)投資咨詢 有限公司 <sup>(附註1)</sup>	PRC 中國	Limited liability company 有限責任公司	US\$500,000 500,000美元	-	100 (2020: 70) (二零二零年: 70)	Cinema investment 影院投資
Shanghai Huichi Management and Consultancy Co., Ltd.* 上海輝馳管理咨詢有限公司	PRC 中國	Limited liability company 有限責任公司	RMB100,000 人民幣 100,000元	-	100 (2020: 70) (二零二零年: 70)	Cinema investment 影院投資
Bingo Cinema (Shanghai) Company Limited* 比高電影院 (上海)有限公司	PRC 中國	Limited liability company 有限責任公司	RMB6,000,000 人民幣 6,000,000元	-	75 (2020: 52.5) (二零二零年: 52.5)	Cinema business 影院業務



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#### 37. PARTICULARS OF PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES 37. 主要附屬公司之詳情(續)

(Continued)

Name of subsidiaries 附屬公司名稱	Place of incorporation/operation 註冊成立/營業地點	Type of legal entity 法律實體類別	Issued and fully paid share capital 已發行及 繳足股本	Attributable equity interests held by the Company 本公司應估之股本權益 Directly 直接 間接 % %	Principal activities 主要業務
Hangzhou Linan Bingo Cinema Company Limited* 杭州臨安比高電影院有限公司	PRC 中國	Limited liability company 有限責任公司	RMB500,000 人民幣 500,000元	- 75 (2020: 52.5) (二零二零年: 52.5)	Cinema business 影院業務
Hangzhou Bingo Cinema Company Limited* 杭州比高電影院有限公司	PRC 中國	Limited liability company 有限責任公司	RMB500,000 人民幣 500,000元	- 75 (2020: 52.5) (二零二零年: 52.5)	Cinema business 影院業務
Beijing Bingo Sky Culture Limited*[note 1] 北京比高天空文化 有限公司 <sup>(附註1)</sup>	PRC 中國	Limited liability company 有限責任公司	RMB 2,000,000 人民幣 2,000,000元	- 100 (2020: nil) (二零二零年: 無)	Investment holding 投資控股
Zhejiang Bingo Family Brand Management Company Limited* 浙江比高家品牌管理有限公司	PRC 中國	Limited liability company 有限責任公司	RMB10,000,000 人民幣 10,000,000元	- 51 (2020: nil) (二零二零年: 無)	Trading 貿易

English name for identification purpose only

note:

附註:

<sup>\*</sup> 英文名稱僅供識別

<sup>1.</sup> Wholly owned foreign enterprises (WOFE) registered under 1. 根據中國法律登記之外商獨資企業。 PRC law.

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#### 37. PARTICULARS OF PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES

### (Continued)

The table below shows details of non-wholly owned subsidiaries of the Group that has material non-controlling interests:

#### 37. 主要附屬公司之詳情(續)

下表列示擁有重大非控股權益之本集團非 全資附屬公司之詳情:

Name of subsidiary 附屬公司名稱		Place of incorporation and principal place of business 註冊成立地點及 主要營業地點	interests rights non-controll 非控股權益持程	of ownership and voting held by ing interests 有之擁有權權益 權比例		allocated to ing interests (虧損)/溢利	Accum non-controlli 累計非担	•
			<b>2021</b> 二零二一年	2020 二零二零年	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Bingo Cinema (Shanghai) Company Limited Individually immaterial subsidiaries	比高電影院(上海) 有限公司 擁有非控股權益之	PRC 中國	25%	47.5%	(2,173)	(12,763)	(515) (63)	2,653 (6,590)
with non-controlling interests	個別非重大附屬公司						(578)	(3,937)

#### Commitments in respect of subsidiaries

#### 有關附屬公司之承擔

The Group has the following commitments relating to its subsidiaries:

本集團有以下與其附屬公司有關之承擔:

	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Commitment to provide funding if called 承諾按要求提供資金	6,011	_

For the Year ended 31 March 2021 截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度

#### **37. PARTICULARS OF PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES**

#### (Continued)

Summarised financial information in respect of the Group's subsidiaries that has material non-controlling interests is set out below. The summarised financial information below represents amounts before intra-group eliminations.

#### 37. 主要附屬公司之詳情(續)

下表載列有關擁有重大非控股權益之本集 團附屬公司之財務資料概要。下述財務資料概要指集團內成員公司間對銷前之金額。

Bingo Cinema (Shanghai) Company Limited	比高電影院(上海) 有限公司	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Non-current assets	非流動資產	1,482	16,385
Current assets	流動資產	13,985	15,606
Current liabilities	流動負債	(11,602)	(12,671)
Non-current liability	非流動負債	(5,925)	(13,735)
Revenue	收益	6,815	22,616
Bingo Cinema (Shanghai) Company Limited	比高電影院(上海) 有限公司	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Loss for the year attributable to  – owners of the Company  – non-controlling interest Total comprehensive (loss)/income, attributable to:	以下應佔本年度虧損 一本公司擁有人 一非控股權益 以下應佔全面(虧損)/收入 總額:	(5,927) (2,173)	(1,418) (1,282)
<ul><li>owners of the Company</li><li>non-controlling interest</li></ul>	<ul><li>一 本公司擁有人</li><li>一 非控股權益</li></ul>	(5,619) (2,026)	2,147 1,941
Net cash used in operating activities Net cash used in investing activities Net cash used in financing activities	經營活動所用之現金淨額 投資活動所用之現金淨額 融資活動所用之現金淨額	(656) (5,072) (1,833)	(10,139) (2,097) (4,238)

#### Change in ownership interest in subsidiaries

During the year, the Group acquired the remaining 30% of its interests in BCIC and BCMC. The consideration of acquisition of HK\$721,000 were paid in cash during the years ended 31 March 2020 and 31 March 2021. An amount of HK\$5,495,000 (being the proportionate share of the carrying amount of the net liabilities of BCIC and BCMC) has been transferred from non-controlling interests. The difference of HK\$6,222,000 between the decrease in deficit of the non-controlling interests and the consideration paid has been debited to accumulated losses.

#### 於附屬公司之擁有權權益變動

年內,本集團收購於BCIC及BCMC的剩餘30%權益。截至二零二零年三月三十一日及二零二一年三月三十一日止年度已以現金方式支付收購代價721,000港元。5,495,000港元(即按比例分佔BCIC及BCMC淨負債的賬面值)之金額乃轉自非控股權益。非控股權益虧絀減少與已付代價之間的差額6,222,000港元已計入累計虧損。



For the Year ended 31 March 2021 截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度

### 38. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE COMPANY

#### 38. 本公司財務狀況報表

		<b>2021</b> 二零二一年	<b>2020</b> 二零二零年
		—————————————————————————————————————	
NON-CURRENT ASSET Interests in subsidiaries	<b>非流動資產</b> 於附屬公司之權益	159,504	162,587
CURRENT ASSETS Other receivables, deposits and prepayments	流動資產 其他應收款項、按金及 預付款項 現金及現金等值物	5,123	5,155
Cash and cash equivalents	児並及児並守旧物	1,310 6,433	15,668 20,823
CURRENT LIABILITIES Other payables and accruals Amounts due to subsidiaries Convertible bonds	<b>流動負債</b> 其他應付款項及應計款項 應付附屬公司款項 可換股債券	1,289 147,301 -	1,180 147,392 9,747
		148,590	158,319
NET CURRENT LIABILITIES	流動負債淨額	(142,157)	(137,496)
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES	資產總值減流動負債	17,347	25,091
NON-CURRENT LIABILITY Convertible bonds	<b>非流動負債</b> 可換股債券	13,752	11,793
NET ASSETS	資產淨值	3,595	13,298
CAPITAL AND RESERVES Share capital Reserves	<b>資本及儲備</b> 股本 儲備	8,554 (4,959)	8,554 4,744
TOTAL EQUITY	權益總額	3,595	13,298

The Company's statement of financial position was approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 29 June 2021 and are signed on its behalf by:

本公司的財務狀況報表已於二零二一年六 月二十九日獲董事會批准及授權刊發,並 由下列董事代表簽署:

CHOW Man Ki Kelly 周文姬 DIRECTOR 董事 CHOW Nga Chee Alice 周雅緻 DIRECTOR 董事



### **FIVE-YEAR FINANCIAL SUMMARY** 五年財務摘要

The results and assets and liabilities of the Group for the last 本集團於過去五個財政年度之業績及資產與負 five financial years are as follows:

債如下:

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元	2018 二零一八年 HK\$'000 千港元	2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元
RESULTS	業績					
Revenue	收益	6,860	22,888	38,048	47,877	45,230
Loss before taxation	除税前虧損	(24,894)	(54,711)	(25,624)	(10,542)	(58,615)
Taxation	税項	(16)	(131)	(918)	(846)	(1,001)
Loss before non-controlling	扣除非控股權益前					
interests	虧損	(24,910)	(54,842)	(26,542)	(11,388)	(59,616)
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益	3,422	13,367	132	846	(523)
Loss attributable to owners	本公司擁有人應佔					
of the Company	虧損	(21,488)	(41,475)	(26,410)	(10,542)	(60,139)
Loss per share  — Basic and diluted	每股虧損 一基本及攤薄(港仙)					
(HK cents) (note)	(附註)	(2.51)	(4.85)	(3.09)	(1.23)	(7.03)
		2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
		二零二一年	二零二零年	二零一九年	二零一八年	二零一七年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
ASSETS AND LIABILITIES	資產及負債					
Total assets	資產總值	43,948	82,342	115,251	145,884	196,781
Total liabilities	負債總額	(35,127)	(50,748)	(37,316)	(41,056)	(84,533)
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益	(578)	(3,937)	9,856	11,230	12,195

note: Adjusted for share consolidation effective from 2 May 2019 附註: 股份合併調整自二零一九年五月二日生效

