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Century Energy International Holdings Limited

百能國際能源控股有限公司

(Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)
(Stock Code: 8132)

ANNUAL RESULTS ANNOUNCEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

The board (the "Board") of directors (the "Directors") of Century Energy International Holdings Limited (the "Company") is pleased to announce the audited consolidated results of the Company and its subsidiaries for the year ended 31 March 2023. This announcement, containing the full text of the annual report of the Company for the year ended 31 March 2023 (the "Annual Report"), complies with the relevant requirements of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on GEM of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "GEM Listing Rules") in relation to information to accompany preliminary announcement of the annual results. The printed version of the Annual Report containing the information required by the GEM Listing Rules will be despatched to the shareholders of the Company in due course in the manner required by the GEM Listing Rules.

By Order of the Board
Century Energy International Holdings Limited
Leung Wing Cheong Eric
Chairman

Hong Kong, 23 June 2023

As at the date of this announcement, the executive Directors are Mr. Cheung Yip Sang, Mr. Sun Jiusheng, Mr. Ma Shenyuan, Mr. Li Dewen and Mr. Yeung Shing Wai; the non-executive Director is Mr. Leung Wing Cheong Eric; and the independent non-executive Directors are Mr. Lim Haw Kuang, Mr. Lui Ho Ming Paul and Mr. Chu Kin Ming.

This announcement, for which the Directors collectively and individually accept full responsibility, includes particulars given in compliance with the GEM Listing Rules for the purpose of giving information with regard to the Company. The Directors, having made all reasonable enquiries, confirm that to the best of their knowledge and belief the information contained in this announcement is accurate and complete in all material respects and not misleading or deceptive, and there are no other matters the omission of which would make any statement herein or this announcement misleading.

This announcement will remain on the website of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited at www.hkexnews.hk on the "Latest Listed Company Information" page for at least 7 days from the date of its posting and on the website of the Company at www.chinaoilgangrans.com.

CHARACTERISTICS OF GEM OF THE STOCK EXCHANGE OF HONG KONG LIMITED (THE "STOCK EXCHANGE")

GEM has been positioned as a market designed to accommodate small and mid-sized companies to which a higher investment risk may be attached than other companies listed on the Stock Exchange. Prospective investors should be aware of the potential risks of investing in such companies and should make the decision to invest only after due and careful consideration.

Given that the companies listed on GEM are generally small and mid-sized companies, there is a risk that securities traded on GEM may be more susceptible to high market volatility than securities traded on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange and no assurance is given that there will be a liquid market in the securities traded on GEM.

Hong Kong Exchanges and Clearing Limited and the Stock Exchange take no responsibility for the contents of this annual report (the "Report"), make no representation as to its accuracy or completeness and expressly disclaim any liability whatsoever for any loss howsoever arising from or in reliance upon the whole or any part of the contents of the Report.

The Report, for which the directors (the "Directors") of Century Energy International Holdings Limited (the "Company") collectively and individually accept full responsibility, includes particulars given in compliance with Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on GEM of the Stock Exchange (the "GEM Listing Rules") for the purpose of giving information with regard to the Company. The Directors, having made all reasonable enquiries, confirm that to the best of their knowledge and belief the information contained in the Report is accurate and complete in all material respects and not misleading or deceptive, and there are no other matters the omission of which would make any statement herein or the Report misleading.

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CORPORATE INFORMATION

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. Sun Jiusheng (Vice Chairman)

Mr. Cheung Yip Sang (Chief Executive Officer)

Mr. Ma Shenyuan (Group President)

Mr. Li Dewen (Group Senior Vice President)

Mr. Yeung Shing Wai

NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

Mr. Leung Wing Cheong Eric (Chairman)

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. Lim Haw Kuang

Mr. Lui Ho Ming Paul

Mr. Chu Kin Ming

AUDIT COMMITTEE

Mr. Chu Kin Ming (Chairman)

Mr. Lim Haw Kuang

Mr. Lui Ho Ming Paul

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

Mr. Lim Haw Kuang (Chairman)

Mr. Lui Ho Ming Paul

Mr. Chu Kin Ming

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

Mr. Chu Kin Ming (Chairman)

Mr. Lim Haw Kuang

Mr. Lui Ho Ming Paul

COMPANY SECRETARY

Mr. Chu Chun Ming

AUTHORISED REPRESENTATIVES

Mr. Yeung Shing Wai

Mr. Chu Chun Ming

REGISTERED OFFICE

Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive P.O. Box 2681, Grand Cayman KY1-1111, Cayman Islands

PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IN **HONG KONG**

Suite 2303, 23/F., Prudential Tower The Gateway, Harbour City Tsim Sha Tsui, Kowloon, Hong Kong

COMPANY'S WEBSITE

www.chinaoilgangrans.com

LEGAL ADVISER

Howse Williams 27th Floor, Alexandra House 18 Chater Road, Central Hong Kong

AUDITOR

Confucius International CPA Limited Certified Public Accountants Public Interest Entity Auditor registered in accordance with the Accounting and Financial Reporting Council Ordinance Rooms 1501-8, 15th Floor Tai Yau Building, 181 Johnston Road Wanchai, Hong Kong

STOCK CODE

8132

CORPORATE INFORMATION

PRINCIPAL BANKER

The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited

THE PRINCIPAL SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE IN THE CAYMAN ISLANDS

Conyers Trust Company (Cayman) Limited Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive P.O. Box 2681, Grand Cayman KY1-1111, Cayman Islands

BRANCH SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE IN HONG KONG

Tricor Investor Services Limited 17/F, Far East Finance Centre 16 Harcourt Road Hong Kong

FINANCIAL REVIEW

The revenue of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively the "Group") for the year ended 31 March 2023 (the "Financial Year") was approximately HK\$603.1 million, representing an increase of approximately 965.5% from approximately HK\$56.6 million for the corresponding period last year. Such increase in the revenue was mainly due to the increase in the sales of natural gas during the Financial Year.

The Group's loss attributable to the owners of the Company was approximately HK\$30.7 million for the Financial Year compared to the profit attributable to the owners of the Company of approximately HK\$104.7 million for the corresponding period last year. The turnaround from profit to loss attributable to the owners of the Company during the Financial Year was mainly attributable to the absence of the onetime significant gain on debt restructuring of approximately HK\$140.9 million arising from the scheme of arrangement entered into between the Company and its creditors in the corresponding period last year. If this one-time gain is deducted, the operating loss attributable to the owners of the Company was actually decreased from approximately HK\$36.2 million in the corresponding period last year to approximately HK\$30.7 million in the Financial Year.

The board of the Directors (the "Board") does not recommend to pay dividend for the Financial Year.

BUSINESS REVIEW

During the Financial Year, the Group was principally engaged in the following businesses: (i) trading of refined oil and chemicals business; and (ii) power and data cords business.

In terms of the geographical market performance, the United States and the PRC contributed to approximately 3.3% (2022: approximately 38.9%) and approximately 96.0% (2022: approximately 54.2%) of the Group's total revenue respectively, while the remaining approximately 0.7% (2022: approximately 6.9%) came from its other markets.

TRADING OF REFINED OIL AND CHEMICALS BUSINESS

The Group seizes the opportunity of the national carbon neutrality and carbon peak initiatives based on the clean energy industry chain. By proactively promoting the clean energy trading business, actively connecting upstream natural gas resources, developing downstream customer markets, the Group will match the supply and demand for clean energy and provide upstream units with downstream customers with stable business and continuous gas consumption; provide downstream customers with natural gas products with strong gas supply quarantee capability and cost competitiveness, so as to achieve the natural gas trading business and obtain trading profits. The Group's natural gas trading business mainly includes pipeline natural gas and liquefied natural gas ("LNG") with the focus on domestic trading, and will actively carry out international business as and when appropriate.

The pipeline natural gas trading business adopts a model of gas in and gas out, and arranges and implements the transmission plan by purchasing with large oil and gas central enterprises, local coalbed methane producers, shale gas producers and other gas suppliers in combination with market demand; It is transmitted through the national and local pipe networks, and received by downstream customers at the local pipe network distribution station. Pipeline natural gas is mainly supplied to urban gas distributors to meet the gas demand of urban gas users.

The LNG trading business adopts a model of liquid in and liquid out. It purchases from the LNG manufacturer. The purchase price is determined based on the change in market price on spot purchase. After the purchase, the LNG is transported by LNG cryogenic tank car from the storage station to the terminal supply stations including LNG gasification station, distributed LNG cylinder station and filling station to meet the gas demand of downstream customers. The users mainly include urban gas companies, industrial and commercial enterprises and other customers.

During the Financial Year, the Group's revenue from sales of natural gas was approximately HK\$562.0 million (2022: Nil).

POWER AND DATA CORDS BUSINESS

The three key product groups for power and data cords business were (i) power and data cords for mobile handsets and personal care products; (ii) medical control devices; and (iii) power cords and inlet sockets for household electric appliances. Each product group has its own types of products. During the Financial Year, the Group manufactured over 40 types of power and data cords for mobile handsets and personal care products, and over 450 types of power cords and inlet sockets for household electric appliances. The Group also involved in the assembly and sale of medical control devices, which are primarily used by patients in hospital wards and the related accessories.

During the Financial Year, the Group's revenue from power and data cords business decreased by approximately 27.2% to approximately HK\$41.2 million (2022: approximately HK\$56.6 million). The decrease was due to the increased in competition and the increased in popularity of multiple function cables so that the demand for traditional cables has decreased.

OUTLOOK

During the Financial Year, although global economic recovery picked up at a faster pace, the economy has not fully recovered to the level before the COVID-19 outbreak. Unsynchronised global epidemic prevention and control, uneven economic recovery, intensified political and economic games and unsure monetary policy have all increased uncertainty.

The Chinese government has committed to realise carbon peak in 2030 and carbon neutrality by 2060. As a major energy consuming country, the fundamental key to achieve "double-carbon" target is to change the development pattern of energy industry with utilisation of technology and innovation, acceleration in transformation to and substitution with clean energy and increase in energy efficiency so as to minimise the impact to the atmosphere and environment.

As an emerging energy corporation, the Group's corporate mission is to "Benefit People's Livelihood with Clean Energy and Technology and Innovation". We focus on the development of clean energy industrial chain and sensitively utilise the R&D results of frontier technology in order to explore and advance industrialisation in energy technology and to connect and integrate with quality projects and resources in China and overseas, through which the Group could create massive synergy between capital, technology, business and operational management. Therefore, the Group will strive to establish its core competitiveness in the fields of new energy materials, energy saving and environmental protection and digital technologies for energy safety, and develop into an technological energy corporation with prominent influence and reputation within the industry.

On 22 June 2022, Baineng Energy (Shenzhen) Co., Limited* (佰能能源(深圳)有限公司) ("Baineng Energy Shenzhen"), a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company, and Tianjin Zhongzhi Xinshi Entrepreneurial Service Partnership Enterprise (Limited Partnership)* 天津眾智信實創業服務合夥企業(有限合夥) (the "Joint Venture Partner") entered into the joint venture agreement (the "Joint Venture Agreement") pursuant to which Baineng Energy Shenzhen and the Joint Venture Partner agreed to establish a joint venture company to conduct the research and development, production and sales of aerogel products in the PRC. Pursuant to the terms of the Joint Venture Agreement, the registered capital of the joint venture company shall be RMB25,000,000. Baineng Energy Shenzhen will contribute RMB15,000,000 in cash towards the registered capital of the joint venture company. The joint venture company will be owned as to 60% by Baineng Energy Shenzhen and will be consolidated in the financial statements of the Company upon its establishment. For details, please refer to the announcement of the Company dated 22 June 2022.

On the 17 February 2023, the Company as a limited partner, and Everbright Guorui as a general partner, entered into a partnership agreement in relation to, among other matters, (i) the establishment of Century Energy Everbright Guorui (Yantai) Investment Management Center (Limited Partnership)* (百能光控國瑞(煙臺)投資管理中心(有限合夥)) (the "Limited Partnership") and (ii) the capital contribution by the Company to the Limited Partnership in the amount of RMB10 million. For details, please refer to the announcements of the Company dated 17 February 2023 and 10 March 2023.

On 21 May 2023, Baineng Guoheng (Beijing) Energy Company Limited* ("Baineng Guoheng") (百能國恒(北京)能源有限公司), a subsidiary of the Company, and Haiyetong Energy Technology (Shanghai) Company Limited* ("Haiyetong") (海液通能源科技(上海)有限公司), entered into the Joint Venture Agreement pursuant to which Baineng Guoheng and Haiyetong agreed to establish the Joint Venture Company in Yangpu Economic Development Zone, Hainan Province, the PRC to develop the LNG tank trading business and explore the LNG logistics channel from the PRC to Vietnam. Pursuant to the terms of the Joint Venture Agreement, the registered capital of the Joint Venture Company shall be RMB5,000,000 (equivalent to HK\$5,400,000). Baineng Guoheng will contribute RMB2,000,000 (equivalent to HK\$2,160,000) in cash towards the registered capital of the Joint Venture Company. The Joint Venture Company will be owned as to 40% by Baineng Guoheng and 60% by Haiyetong and will not be consolidated into the financial statements of the Group, but shall be accounted for as equity investments in the consolidated financial statements of the Group upon its establishment. For details, please refer to the announcement of the Company dated 20 June 2023.

On 2 June 2023, Guangdong Daosheng Energy Trading Co., Limited* (廣東道生能源貿易有限公司) (the "JV Company") entered into a non-legally binding strategic cooperation agreement (the "Strategic Cooperation Agreement") with Vietnam CNG Share Company* (CÔNG TY CỔ PHẦN CNG VIỆT NAM) ("Vietnam CNG") in relation to the possible business cooperation. Pursuant to the Strategic Cooperation Agreement, both parties will engage in cooperation regarding liquefied natural gas ("LNG") tanks trading, and the JV Company may supply LNG, relevant market development, technological support and operation management expertise to Vietnam CNG for the period commencing from 1 November 2023 to 31 March 2027 to support the LNG supply chain development of Vietnam CNG in Vietnam. The JV Company and Vietnam CNG intend to execute a formal LNG sale and purchase agreement to finalise the terms and conditions of the cooperation. For details, please refer to the announcement of the Company dated 20 June 2023.

The Group shall continue to seek further opportunities to further develop the energy business by way of investment in or acquisition of companies currently engaging in the energy business or submitting tenders or quotations for energy projects. The Directors believe that such strategy will enable to Group to capitalise on its experience and strengthen its position in its energy business to achieve a sustainable growth and maximize returns to the shareholders of the Company (the "Shareholders").

EMPLOYEES' REMUNERATION POLICY

As at 31 March 2023, the Group employed 139 (2022: 114) full-time employees in Mainland China and Hong Kong combined. The employees' remuneration policy of the Group is regularly reviewed and determined by reference to market terms, the Group's financial performance as well as the individual's academic and professional qualifications and work performance. Staff benefits include Mandatory Provident Fund contributions for Hong Kong employees and contributions to central pension schemes operated by local municipal governments for mainland-based employees. The Group provides various training programmes to equip its staff with requisite skills and knowledge. In addition, a share option scheme is offered to recognise significant staff contributions. During the Financial Year, no share options (2022: Nil) were issued to eligible participants under the Company's share option scheme. Total staff costs, inclusive of Directors' remuneration, for the Financial Year amounted to approximately HK\$21.7 million (2022: approximately HK\$19.2 million).

DIVIDENDS

The Board resolved not to recommend any dividend for the year ended 31 March 2023 (2022: Nil).

LIQUIDITY, FINANCIAL RESOURCES AND CAPITAL STRUCTURE

As at 31 March 2023, the aggregate carrying value of the Group's indebtedness was approximately HK\$60 million (2022: approximately HK\$41.6 million), which comprised bank borrowing and other loan. The indebtedness was denominated in Hong Kong dollars. As at 31 March 2023, the Group maintained bank and cash balances of approximately HK\$47.9 million (2022: approximately HK\$15.3 million).

As at 31 March 2023, the Group's gearing ratio was approximately 7.5% (2022: 26.0%). This ratio is calculated as net debt divided by total assets. Net debts is defined as total debts (includes borrowings) less bank balances and cash. Total assets comprises both current assets and non-current assets.

CONNECTED TRANSACTION UNDER THE LOAN CAPITALISATION THROUGH SUBSCRIPTION OF NEW SHARES UNDER SPECIFIC MANDATE

On 2 December 2022, the Company entered into a subscription agreement (the "Subscription Agreement") with Mr. Cheung Yip Sang ("Mr. Cheung"), an executive Director of the Company, pursuant to which the Company has conditionally agreed to allot and issue, and Mr. Cheung has conditionally agreed to subscribe for, 161,000,000 new Shares at the Subscription Price of HK\$0.15 per Subscription Share for a consideration of HK\$24,150,000 (the "Subscription"). The subscription amount payable by Mr. Cheung under the Subscription Agreement shall be satisfied by capitalising part of the amount owing by the Company to Mr. Cheung under a loan agreement in the aggregate sum of approximately HK\$25.38 million, comprising an outstanding principal amount of a loan of approximately HK\$25 million and accrued interest up to 2 December 2022 of approximately HK\$0.38 million. On 6 March 2023, the Subscription was completed for the purpose of alleviating the loss-making position of the Company and strengthen the Company's financial position by saving the expenses for the following year and reducing the debt caused by the loan principal and interest payable.

SECURITIES IN ISSUE

During the Financial Year, on 6 March 2023, an aggregate of 161,000,000 subscription shares were allotted and issued by the Company to Mr. Cheung.

Save as disclosed above, there was no change in the issued share capital of the Company during the Financial Year.

EXPOSURE TO FOREIGN EXCHANGE RISK

As the Group operates principally in Hong Kong and the PRC, its exposure to foreign currency risk is minimal as most of its business transactions, assets and liabilities are principally denominated in the functional currency of the group entities. In this respect, the only risk it is faced arose from exposures mainly to the renminbi ("RMB") and the United States dollar ("US\$"). These risks were mitigated as the Group held HK\$, US\$ and RMB bank accounts to finance transactions denominated in these currencies respectively. The Group has no foreign currency hedging policy for foreign currency transactions, assets and liabilities. During the Financial Year, the Group did not use any financial instruments for hedging purposes. The Group will continue to monitor its exposure to foreign exchange risks and will consider hedging such exposure, should such a risk arises.

PLEDGE OF ASSETS

The pledge of assets of the Group as at 31 March 2023 are set out in note 32 to the consolidated financial statements.

SIGNIFICANT INVESTMENTS AND DISPOSALS

The Group had no significant investments and disposals, nor has it made any material acquisition or disposal of the Group's subsidiaries or affiliated companies during the Financial Year.

COMMITMENTS

The Group's commitments as at 31 March 2023 are set out in note 17 and note 34 to the consolidated financial statements.

CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The Group had no significant contingent liabilities as at 31 March 2023 (2022: Nil).

SEGMENT INFORMATION

Details of the segment information are set out in note 9 to the consolidated financial statements.

The Directors submitted their report together with the audited consolidated financial statements of the Group for the Financial Year.

BUSINESS REVIEW

For details of the business, please refer to the Management Discussion and Analysis section of this report.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES AND GEOGRAPHICAL ANALYSIS OF OPERATIONS

The principal activity of the Company is investment holding. The subsidiaries of the Company and their activities are set out in note 36 to the consolidated financial statements.

An analysis of the Group's performance for the Financial Year by operating segment is set out in note 9 to the consolidated financial statements.

RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS

The results and financial position of the Group for the Financial Year are set out in the Group's consolidated financial statements on pages 62 to 140 of this annual report.

The Directors do not recommend the payment of dividend for the Financial Year.

DIVIDEND POLICY

The Company adopted a dividend policy which aims to set out the principles and guidelines that the Company intends to apply in relation to the declaration, payment or distribution of its profits, realised or unrealised, or from any reserve set aside from profits which the Directors determine is no longer needed, as dividends to the Shareholders. The Board adopted the dividend policy that, in recommending or declaring dividends, the Company shall maintain adequate cash reserves for meeting its working capital requirements and future growth as well as its shareholder value.

The Company does not have any pre-determined dividend distribution ratio. The Board has the discretion to declare and distribute dividends to the Shareholders, subject to the provisions of the third amended and restated articles of association of the Company ("Articles of Association") and all applicable laws and regulations and the factors set out below.

The Board shall also take into account various factors of the Group when considering the declaration and payment of dividends such as operations, earnings, financial condition, cash requirements and availability, capital expenditure, future development requirements, business conditions and strategies, interests of the Shareholders, any restrictions on payment of dividends, and any other factors that the Board may consider relevant.

Depending on the financial conditions of the Group and the various factors as set out above, dividends may be proposed and/or declared by the Board for a financial year or period as interim dividend, final dividend, special dividend, and any distribution of profits that the Board may deem appropriate. The Company may declare and pay dividends by way of cash or scrip or by other means that the Board considers appropriate. Any dividend unclaimed shall be forfeited and shall revert to the Company in accordance with the Articles of Association.

SHARE CAPITAL

Details of the Company's share capital are set out in note 28 to the consolidated financial statements.

RESERVES

Movements in the reserves of the Group and of the Company during the Financial Year are set out in the consolidated statement of changes in equity on page 66 and note 35 to the consolidated financial statements respectively.

PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Details of movements in property, plant and equipment during the Financial Year are set out in note 16 to the consolidated financial statements.

DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES

As at 31 March 2023, the Company did not have reserves available for distribution (2022: did not have reserves available for distribution).

SUBSIDIARIES

Particulars of the Company's subsidiaries as at 31 March 2023 are set out in note 36 to the consolidated financial statements.

EOUITY LINKED AGREEMENTS

SHARE OPTIONS GRANTED TO AND EXERCISED BY DIRECTORS, SELECTED EMPLOYEES AND **CONSULTANTS**

Details of the share options are set out in note 29 of the consolidated financial statements and "Share Option Scheme" section contained in this Directors' Report.

During the Financial Year, no share options have been exercised and no share options have been granted.

PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS

There is no provision for pre-emptive rights under the Articles of Association of the Company, or the Companies Law of the Cayman Islands, which would oblige the Company to offer new shares on a pro-rata basis to Shareholders.

PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF THE COMPANY'S LISTED SECURITIES

Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries purchased, sold or redeemed any of the listed securities of the Company during the Financial Year.

FINANCIAL SUMMARY

A summary of the results and of the assets and liabilities of the Group for the last five financial years is set out on page 141 and page 142 of the Report.

SHARE OPTION SCHEME

SHARE OPTION SCHEME 2011

The Company has a share option scheme (the "Scheme 2011") which was adopted pursuant to a resolution of the sole Shareholder passed on 27 April 2011. The purpose of the Scheme 2011 was to attract, retain and motivate talented Participants (as defined below), to strive for future developments and expansion of the Group. The Scheme 2011 should be an incentive to encourage the Participants to perform their best in achieving the goals of the Group and allow the Participants to enjoy the results of the Group attained through their efforts and contributions. The Scheme 2011 became effective on 27 April 2011 and, unless otherwise cancelled or amended, will remain in force for 10 years from the date of adoption of the Scheme 2011. The Scheme 2011 expired on 26 April 2021.

SHARE OPTION SCHEME 2021

The Company has adopted a share option scheme (the "Scheme 2021") pursuant to a resolution of the Shareholders passed on 29 September 2021. The purpose of the Scheme 2021 is to attract and retain the best available personnel, to provide additional incentive to employees (full-time and part-time), directors, advisors and consultants of the Group and to promote the success of the business of the Group.

The Scheme 2021 became effective on 29 September 2021 and, unless otherwise cancelled or amended, will remain in force for 10 years from the date of the adoption of the Scheme 2021. The remaining life of the Scheme 2021 is approximately 8 years.

The Participants include any director, employee, advisor and consultant of the Company or any subsidiary of the Company, who, in the absolute discretion of the Board, has contributed or may contribute to the Group so as to promote the success of the business of the Group. During the Financial Period, no share option was granted under the Scheme 2021.

The maximum number of Shares which may be issued under the Scheme 2021 and any other share option scheme of the Group must not in aggregate exceed 10% of the Shares in issue of the Company on the day on which trading of the Shares commenced on the Stock Exchange, i.e. 253,346,545 representing 10% of the issued share capital of the Company as at the date of the approval on the refreshment of 10% limit of annual general meeting on 29 September 2021. As at the date of the Report, the total number of the shares of the Company available for issue under the Scheme 2021 is 253,346,545 Shares, representing 9.4% of the total number of issued Shares.

The maximum number of Shares issued and to be issued upon exercise of the Options granted and to be granted pursuant to the Scheme 2021 and any other share option schemes of the Group to each Participant (including both exercised and outstanding options) in any 12-month period up to and including the date of grant of the options must not exceed 1% of the total number of Shares in issue.

Any grant of share options to a substantial shareholder of the Company or an independent non-executive Director, or any of their respective associates and such Option which if exercised in full, would result in the shares of the Company issued and to be issued upon exercise of all Options already granted and to be granted pursuant to the Scheme 2021 and other share option schemes of the Company (including option exercised and outstanding) to such Participant in the 12-month period up to and including the date of grant being proposed by the Board (the "Relevant Date"): (i) representing in aggregate more than 0.1% of the total number of shares of the Company in issue at the Relevant Date; and (ii) having an aggregate value, based on the closing price of the shares of the Company as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily guotations sheet on the Relevant Date, in excess of HK\$5,000,000, are subject to the shareholders' approval in the general meeting.

Unless otherwise determined by the directors of the Company and stated in the offer of the grant of options to a grantee, there is no minimum period required under the Scheme 2021 for the holding of an option before it can be exercised.

The offer of a grant of share options may be accepted within 10 days from the date of offer upon payment of a nominal consideration of HK\$1 by the grantee. The exercise period for the share options granted is determined by the Board, which may commence from the date of acceptance of the offer for the grant of share options but shall end in any event not later than 10 years from the date of the conditional adoption of the Scheme 2021 by the sole Shareholder subject to the provisions for early termination under the Scheme 2021.

The subscription price for the Shares under the Scheme 2021 shall be a price determined by the Board at its absolute discretion and shall not be less than the highest of (i) the closing price of the Shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotations sheet on the date of the offer for the grant, which must be a business day, (ii) the average closing prices of the Shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotations sheet for the five business days immediately preceding the date of the offer for the grant; and (iii) the nominal value of the share of the Company on the date of the offer for the grant.

The following table discloses movements of the Company's share options during the years ended 31 March 2023:

Grantee	Date of grant	Exercise price (Note 2)	Exercise period of share options	Outstanding as at 1 April 2022 (Note 1)	Granted during the period	Exercised during the period	Cancelled/ Lapsed during the period	Outstanding as at 31 March 2023	Market value per share immediately before the date of grant of options (Note 2)	Weighted average closing price per share immediately before the date of exercise of options	Approximate % of the Company's total issued share capital as at 31 March 2023
Ex-executive Directors:											
Rong Changjun	16 April 2019	HK\$0.36	16 April 2019 – 15 April 2022	3,000,000	-	-	(3,000,000)	-	HK\$0.36	-	-
Yuan Beisheng	16 April 2019	HK\$0.36	16 April 2019 – 15 April 2022	3,500,000	-	-	(3,500,000)	-	HK\$0.36	-	-
Zhang Wenrong	16 April 2019	HK\$0.36	16 April 2019 – 15 April 2022	3,000,000	-	-	(3,000,000)	-	HK\$0.36	-	-
Other Categories:											
Consultants	10 October 2013	HK\$7.82	10 October 2013 - 9 October 2023	1,375,000	-	-	(1,375,000)	-	HK\$7.6	-	-
	13 January 2014	HK\$6.28	13 January 2014 – 12 January 2024	2,750,000	-	-	(2,750,000)	-	HK\$6.16	-	-
	14 July 2014	HK\$5.12	14 July 2014 - 13 July 2024	3,850,000	-	-	(3,850,000)	-	HK\$5.2	-	-
	21 August 2014	HK\$4.52	21 August 2014 - 20 August 2024	1,375,000	-	-	(1,375,000)	-	HK\$4.8	-	-
	16 February 2015	HK\$3.28	16 February 2015 - 15 February 2025	2,179,350	-	-	(2,179,350)	-	HK\$3.4	-	-
	17 March 2015	HK\$3.68	17 March 2015 – 16 March 2025	3,121,200	-	-	(3,121,200)	-	HK\$3.52	-	-
	16 April 2019	HK\$0.36	16 April 2019 – 15 April 2022	11,000,000	-	-	(11,000,000)	-	HK\$0.36	-	-
Employee	16 April 2019	HK\$0.36	16 April 2019 – 15 April 2022	3,800,000	-	-	(3,800,000)	-	HK\$0.36	-	-

Note:

- Save for the share options granted on 16 April 2019, the number of underlying shares comprised in outstanding share options
 has been adjusted as a result of the share subdivision and/or the share consolidation becoming effective on 25 March 2014, 30
 September 2016 and 29 November 2018.
- 2. Save for the share options granted on 16 April 2019, the exercise price and the market value per share immediately before the date of grant of options of the outstanding share options is subject to adjustment of the share subdivision and/or the share consolidation becoming effective on 25 March 2014, 30 September 2016 and 29 November 2018.

All the share options vested immediately on the date of grant and there is no vesting period.

Apart from the aforesaid, at no time during the Financial Year was the Company or any of its subsidiaries a party to any arrangement to enable the Directors and substantial shareholders or any of their close associates to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in, or debentures of, the Company or any other body corporate.

DIRECTORS OF THE COMPANY

The Directors of the Company during the Financial Year and up to the date of the Report were:

EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. Sun Jiusheng (vice chairman)

Mr. Cheung Yip Sang (chief executive officer)

Mr. Ma Shenyuan (group president)

Mr. Li Dewen (group senior vice president)

Mr. Yeung Shing Wai

NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

Mr. Leung Wing Cheong Eric (chairman)

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. Lim Haw Kuang Mr. Lui Ho Ming Paul Mr. Chu Kin Ming

DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS

The Company entered into service agreements with the executive Director, namely Mr. Sun Jiusheng, and the non-executive Director, namely Mr. Leung Wing Cheong Eric, on 4 August 2021; and each of the executive Directors, namely Mr. Cheung Yip Sang, Mr. Ma Shenyuan and Mr. Li Dewen, on 4 October 2021. The terms and conditions of each of such service agreements are similar in all material respects with a term of three years commencing from the respective date of their service agreements under which the Directors shall continue thereafter on a three yearly basis, which may be terminated by either of the above respective parties by giving to the other party not less than one month's prior notice in writing.

Mr. Yeung Shing Wai, the executive Director, entered into service agreement with the Company on 16 February 2020 for a term of three years commencing from the date of the service agreement and shall continue thereafter on a three yearly basis until termination, by the Company or the executive Director giving to the other not less than one month's prior notice in writing.

Mr. Lim Haw Kuang and Mr. Lui Ho Ming Paul, the INEDs, entered into letter of appointment with the Company under which Mr. Lim and Mr. Lui are appointed for an initial term of three years commencing from 4 August 2021 and shall continue thereafter on a yearly basis until termination by either party by giving to the other party three months' notice in writing.

Mr. Chu Kin Ming, the INED, entered into a letter of appointment with the Company under which Mr. Chu is appointed for an initial term of two years commencing from 16 February 2020 and shall continue thereafter on a yearly basis until termination by either party by giving to the other party three months' notice in writing.

All Directors are subject to retirement by rotation and re-election at the annual general meeting of the Company in accordance with the Articles of Association.

None of the Directors, including those to be re-elected at the annual general meeting to be held in 2023, has a service contract or letter of appointment with the Company which is not determinable by the employing company within one year without payment of compensation (other than statutory compensation).

DIRECTORS' MATERIAL INTERESTS IN TRANSACTIONS, ARRANGEMENT AND CONTRACTS THAT ARE SIGNIFICANT IN RELATION TO THE COMPANY'S BUSINESS

No contracts of significance in relation to the Group's business to which the Company, any of its subsidiaries, fellow subsidiaries or its parent company was a party and in which a Director had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the Financial Year or at any time during the Financial Year.

EMOLUMENTS OF THE DIRECTORS AND THE FIVE HIGHEST PAID INDIVIDUALS

Please refer to note 13 to the consolidated financial statements for details of the emoluments of the Directors and the five highest paid individuals of the Company.

BIOGRAPHICAL DETAILS OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Brief biographical details of Directors and senior management are as follows:

EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. Sun Jiusheng ("Mr. Sun"), aged 30, was appointed as an executive Director and the vice chairman of the board of the Company on 4 August 2021. Mr. Sun also serves as director of certain subsidiaries of the Company. He has over 5 years of experience and in-depth research and practical experience in the areas of energy technology investment, energy engineering construction project, energy equipment manufacturing, energy trade and transportation, international energy project operation, international energy transactions, and energy logistics, storage, and terminal sales. He has participated in many large-scale projects such as West-East Gas Transmission Project and Shaanxi-Beijing Fourth-Line Gas Transmission Project. He has led the realization of in-depth cooperation with national scientific research institutions in the field of energy technology, and served as chairman of a number of energy technology and energy security companies. Mr. Sun is a director of the China Association of Port-Of-Entry and a member of China Society of Logistics.

Mr. Yeung Shing Wai ("Mr. Yeung"), aged 37, was appointed as an executive Director on 16 February 2020. He has over 10 years of working experience in power and data cord industry. He was an executive Director from November 2010 to December 2014. Afterwards, he was engaged in private investments in various industries. He is currently an executive director of Zhao Xian Business Ecology International Holdings Limited (formerly known as On Real International Holdings Limited), a company listed on GEM of the Stock Exchange (stock code: 8245). His father is so currently the director and legal representative of certain subsidiaries of the Group.

Mr. Cheung Yip Sang ("Mr. Cheung"), aged 56, was appointed as an executive Director and the chief executive officer of the Company on 4 October 2021. Mr. Cheung also serves as director of certain subsidiaries of the Company. He has over 20 years of experience in the energy sector. He graduated from the China People's Police University (formerly known as The Chinese People's Armed Police Force Academy) in 1990 with a Bachelor's Degree in Legal Studies and received an Executive Master of Business Administration from the Peking University in 2006. He has extensive experience in corporate governance and the market integration in the public utilities sector. He also has wide exposure in the research and development of the gas industry. He was the chief executive officer (from March 2010 to March 2014), vice chairman (from March 2014 to March 2020) and an executive director (from April 2002 to March 2010 and from March 2020 to May 2020) of ENN Energy Holdings Limited ("ENN"), a company listed on the Stock Exchange (stock code: 2688). He was a non-executive director of Shanghai Dazhong Public Utilities (Group) Co., Ltd., a company listed on the Stock Exchange (stock code: 1635), from May 2017 to June 2020. Mr. Cheung was ranked number one and number two among the best chief executive officers ("CEOs") in Oil and Gas sector in Asia by Institutional Investor in 2014 and 2013 respectively. Mr. Cheung was ranked number one among the best CEOs in Oil and Gas sector in listed companies in China by Forbes in 2013. Mr. Cheung is the spouse of Ms. Zhou Jing who is the substantial shareholder of the Company pursuant to the Securities and Futures Ordinance (Chapter 571 of the Laws of Hong Kong) (the "SFO").

Mr. Li Dewen ("Mr. Li"), aged 49, was appointed as an executive Director and the group senior vice president of the Company on 4 October 2021. He obtained a associate degree in foreign languages from China University of Petroleum, a bachelor's degree in law from Sun Yat-sen University and a master's degree in law from East China University of Political Science and Law. Mr. Li also holds a Chinese practicing lawyer qualification certificate issued by the Ministry of Justice of the People's Republic of China. Mr. Li served as the deputy dean of the Shanghai Research Institute of Xi'an Jiaotong University and the director of the International Exchange and Cooperation Center of China Eco-Agri Industry Technology Innovation Strategic Alliances. Mr. Li currently serves as the chief representative of China Region of The Israel-China Life Science Alliances, Mandate for China Region to The Israel Minister of Agriculture/ARO and a director of Golden Sky Energy Group.

Mr. Ma Shenyuan ("Mr. Ma"), aged 61, was appointed as an executive Director and the group president of the Company on 4 October 2021. Mr. Ma also serves as director of certain subsidiaries of the Company. He has long been engaged in business development and administrative management in the field of oil and gas, and has extensive experience in the energy field. He obtained a bachelor degree on applied chemistry in the refining department from East China Petroleum Institute in 1982 and from the Research Institute of Petrochemical Science in 1987 with a master's degree in engineering. He has held important positions in various Chinese government departments and companies, including the National Development and Reform Commission, the National Petroleum and Chemical Industry Bureau, and served as the general manager of Shell (China) Limited's gas business development in Greater China from 2007 to 2014. He served as the vice president of ENN and its subsidiaries (the "ENN Group") from July 2014 to January 2017, the senior vice president of ENN, a company listed on the Stock Exchange (stock code: 2688), from February 2017 to November 2017, the senior vice president of the ENN Group and the president of ENN Energy Trading Company Limited from December 2017 to January 2019 and the executive president of China Pacific Oil & Gas Co., Ltd. from 2019 to 2020. He is currently an independent consultant and also the deputy secretary general of China Industrial Gases Industry Association Liquefied Natural Gas Branch.

NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

Mr. Leung Wing Cheong Eric ("Mr. Leung"), aged 62, was appointed as a non-executive Director and the chairman of the Board on 4 August 2021. Mr. Leung also serves as director of certain subsidiaries of the Company. He is currently the chief executive officer of Asia International School Limited ("AISL"), which is a group of companies licensed to run the Harrow education in Asia. Mr. Leung oversees the general operations and business development of the AISL Group, and is a governor of the Harrow International Schools in Bangkok, Beijing, Hong Kong and Shanghai. Prior to joining the Harrow family of schools in Asia in May 2016, Mr. Leung was the chief executive officer and an executive director of Carnival Group International Holdings Limited, a company listed on the Stock Exchange (Stock Code: 996), from 2014 to 2016. He was the deputy managing director, an executive director and the chief financial officer of China Gas Holdings Limited, a company listed on the Stock Exchange (Stock Code: 384), from 2005 to 2014. Prior to that, Mr. Leung worked in investment banks for 13 years. He had served the investment banks including Lehman Brothers, Jardine Fleming, Barclays Capital, Prudential Securities and UFJ Securities. Mr. Leung is a lawyer by training, and is qualified to practise law in Hong Kong, England & Wales and Australia. He holds bachelor degrees from the University of Hong Kong and University of London, and a master degree from the Chinese University of Hong Kong. He had previously served law firms including Baker & McKenzie and Linklaters.

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. Chu Kin Ming ("Mr. Chu"), aged 42, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director, the chairman of each of the audit committee of the Company (the "AC") and the nomination committee of the Company (the "NC") and a member of the remuneration committee of the Company (the "RC") on 16 February 2020. He holds a Bachelor of Arts degree in Accountancy from the Hong Kong Polytechnic University. He is currently the independent non-executive director of SK Target Group Limited, a company listed on GEM of the Stock Exchange (stock code: 8427), Kelfred Holdings Limited, a company listed on the Stock Exchange (stock code: 1134), Optima Automobile Group Holdings Limited, a company listed on GEM of the Stock Exchange (stock code: 8418) and Dimmi Life Holdings Limited (formerly known as Milestone Builder Holdings Limited), a company listed on the Stock Exchange (stock code: 1667). Mr. Chu has approximately 20 years of experiences in the field of auditing, accounting, management and company secretarial matters. He is currently the company secretary of Sino-Life Group Limited ("Sino-Life"), a company listed on GEM of the Stock Exchange (stock code: 8296) and OCI International Holdings Limited, a company listed on the Stock Exchange (stock code: 329). Mr. Chu has worked as senior management in various Hong Kong listed companies and as auditor in international audit firms. Mr. Chu is a fellow member of The Association of Chartered Certified Accountants. He is also a member of The Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants, The Chartered Governance Institute (formerly known as The Institute of Chartered Secretaries and Administrators) and The Hong Kong Chartered Governance Institute (formerly known as The Hong Kong Institute of Chartered Secretaries). Mr. Chu has extensive experiences in the field of accounting and financial management.

Mr. Lim Haw Kuang ("Mr. Lim"), aged 69, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director, the chairman of the RC and a member of each of the AC and NC on 4 August 2021. He is currently the technical adviser to the Sabah State Government of Malaysia since January 2022, the chairman of the executive committee of SMJ Petroleum Sdn Bhd (The Sabah state oil and gas company) since January 2022 and an executive director of Ranhill Holdings Berhad, a company listed on the Malaysia Stock Exchange (MYX stock code: 5272) since September 2014. He was a director of Bank Negara Malaysia (Central Bank of Malaysia) from March 2015 to February 2022 and an independent non-executive director of Jinxin Fertility Group Limited, a company listed on the Stock Exchange (Stock Code: 1951) from June 2019 to August 2021. Prior to that, from March 2013 to March 2014 and from March 2014 to April 2016, he was an independent non-executive director and a non-executive director of ENN Energy Holdings Limited, a company listed on the Stock Exchange (Stock Code: 2688). From March 2013 to February 2016, he was a non-executive director of BG Group Plc. He was an independent non-executive director and a senior independent non-executive director of Sime Darby Berhad, a company listed on the Malaysia Stock Exchange (MYX stock code: 4197) from August 2010 to November 2017 and from December 2017 to November 2019, respectively. Prior to that, Mr. Lim worked at Royal Dutch Shell Plc ("Shell") for 34 years. During his tenure, Mr. Lim held various director and senior management positions in Shell including the executive chairman of Shell (China) Ltd. from July 2005 to February 2013, the vice president of corporate planning and strategy for Shell, the president of oil products in Asia Pacific and Middle East regions, the chairman of Shell Malaysia Limited, as well as a managing director of Shell Malaysia Exploration & Production. From 2012 to 2016, Mr. Lim was an international council member of China Council for International Cooperation on Environment and Development. Since June 2019, Mr. Lim has been a non-executive director of Wison Group, a company based in Shanghai with international operations under three main business units: oil and gas engineering services, offshore and marine services, and new materials. Mr. Lim graduated with a bachelor's degree in computer science from Imperial College of Science and Technology of University of London in August 1978. He also obtained a master's degree in business administration from International Management Institute in Geneva in 1986. Mr. Lim is an honorary citizen of Texas and Houston of the United States.

Mr. Lui Ho Ming Paul ("Mr. Lui"), aged 57, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director and a member of each of the AC, NC and RC on 4 October 2021. He is currently an independent non-executive director of Justin Allen Holdings Limited, a company listed on the Stock Exchange (Stock Code: 1425). He was a responsible officer in advising on corporate finance of Asian Capital Limited, a licensed corporation to carry on type 6 (advising on corporate finance) regulated activities under the SFO from April 2020 to August 2021. He has over 18 years of experience in corporate finance industry. Mr. Lui graduated from Macquarie University in April 1993 with a master of economics and Hong Kong Metropolitan University (formerly known as The Open University of Hong Kong) in December 2007 by distance learning with a master's degree in electronic commerce.

COMPANY SECRETARY

Mr. Chu Chun Ming ("Mr. Chu"), aged 44, was appointed as the company secretary of the Company on 4 August 2021. Mr. Chu joined the Group as chief financial officer since August 2020. He also serves as director of certain subsidiaries of the Company. He has over 15 years of experience in financial management, company secretary, auditing, internal audit and corporate governance. He was the company secretary and the authorized representative of Enterprise Development Holdings Limited, a company listed on the Stock Exchange (Stock Code: 1808) from May 2017 to August 2018. He holds a Bachelor degree of Commerce from University of New South Wales, Australia. Mr. Chu is a member of The Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and CPA Australia.

DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVES' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN THE SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES OF THE COMPANY AND ITS ASSOCIATED CORPORATION

As at 31 March 2023, the interests and short positions of the Directors and chief executives of the Company in the shares (the "Shares"), underlying shares and debentures of the Company or its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO), which were notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests and short positions which they are taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO) or which were required, pursuant to Section 352 of the SFO, to be entered in the register referred to therein or which were required to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange, pursuant to rules 5.46 to 5.67 of the GEM Listing Rules were as follows:

LONG POSITIONS IN THE SHARES AND THE SHARES OF ASSOCIATED CORPORATION

Capacity	Nature of interest	Number of Shares held	Approximate percentage of issued share capital
Interest of controlled corporation	Corporate interest	1,501,078,281	55.710%
Interest held jointly with another parties	Corporate interest	358,560,809	13.307%
Beneficial owner	Personal interest	161,000,000	5.975%
Interest of spouse	Spouse interest	1,859,639,090	69.017%
Interest of controlled corporation	Corporate interest	1,501,078,281	55.710%
Interest held jointly with another parties	Corporate interest	358,560,809	13.307%
	Interest of controlled corporation Interest held jointly with another parties Beneficial owner Interest of spouse Interest of controlled corporation Interest held jointly	Interest of controlled Corporate interest corporation Interest held jointly Corporate interest with another parties Beneficial owner Personal interest Interest of spouse Spouse interest Interest of controlled Corporate interest corporation Interest held jointly Corporate interest	Interest of controlled Corporate interest 1,501,078,281 corporation Interest held jointly Corporate interest 358,560,809 with another parties Beneficial owner Personal interest 161,000,000 Interest of spouse Spouse interest 1,859,639,090 Interest of controlled Corporate interest 1,501,078,281 corporation Interest held jointly Corporate interest 358,560,809

Note 1: In accordance with the SFO, BAINENG Holdings Limited ("BAINENG") has total interest in 1,859,639,090 Shares, of which 358,560,809 Shares are held by other parties acting in concert. BAINENG, the associated corporation of the Company, is beneficially owned as to 33.40% by Hengsheng Holding Limited which is wholly-owned by Mr. Sun Jiusheng, 29.68% by Melin Holding Limited which is wholly-owned by Ms. Zhou Jing, 18.57% by Zhongrui Holding Limited which is wholly-owned by Mr. Zhang Chao, 5.16% by Mr. Cheng Lianfu, 2.58% by Mr. Zhou Xinhua and 10.61% by Mr. Leung Wing Cheong Eric. Mr. Leung Wing Cheong Eric beneficially owns 360,201 shares of BAINENG. By virtue of the SFO, Mr. Leung Wing Cheong Eric and Mr. Sun Jiusheng are deemed to be interested in the Shares which BAINENG has interest in.

Note 2: Mr. Cheung Yip Sang directly holds 161,000,000 Shares and is the spouse of Ms. Zhou Jing. BAINENG, the associated corporation of the Company, is beneficially owned as to 29.68% by Melin Holding Limited which is wholly-owned by Ms. Zhou Jing. By virtue of the SFO, Mr. Cheung Yip Sang is deemed to be interested in the Shares which BAINENG has interest in.

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 March 2023, none of the Directors or chief executives of the Company had any interests or short positions in any shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) which were notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests or short positions which they are taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO), or which were required, pursuant to Section 352 of the SFO, to be entered in the register referred to therein, or which were required to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to rules 5.46 to 5.67 of the GEM Listing Rules.

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' AND OTHER PERSONS' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN THE SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES OF THE COMPANY

As at 31 March 2023, so far as is known to the Directors or chief executives of the Company, the persons or companies (other than the Directors or chief executives of the Company) had interests or short positions in the shares or underlying shares of the Company which were notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO and entered in the register maintained by the Company pursuant to Section 336 of the SFO were as follows:

LONG POSITIONS IN THE SHARES

Name of shareholder	Capacity	Nature of interest	Number of Shares held	Approximate percentage of issued share capital
(a) BAINENG (Note 1)	Beneficial owner Interest held jointly with another parties	Corporate interest Corporate interest	1,501,078,281 358,560,809	55.710% 13.307%
Mr. Sun Jiusheng (Note 1)	Interest of controlled corporation Interest held jointly with another parties	Corporate interest Corporate interest	1,501,078,281 358,560,809	55.710% 13.307%
Ms. Zhou Jing (Note 1 and Note 4)	Interest of controlled corporation Interest held jointly with another parties Interest of spouse	Corporate interest Corporate interest Spouse interest	1,501,078,281 358,560,809 161,000,000	55.710% 13.307% 5.975%
Mr. Zhang Chao (Note 1)	Interest of spouse Interest of controlled corporation Interest held jointly with another parties	Corporate interest Corporate interest	1,501,078,281 358,560,809	55.710% 13.307%
Mr. Leung Wing Cheong Eric (Note 1)	Interest of controlled corporation Interest held jointly with another parties	Corporate interest Corporate interest	1,501,078,281 358,560,809	55.710% 13.307%

Name of shareholder	Capacity	Nature of interest	Number of Shares held	Approximate percentage of issued share capital
(b) Richmax Investment (H.K.) Limited ("Richmax Investment") (Note 2)	Beneficial owner Interest held jointly with another parties	Corporate interest Corporate interest	326,247,014 1,533,392,076	12.108% 56.910%
Mr. Chu David (Note 2)	Interest of controlled corporation and interest of spouse Interest held jointly with another parties	Corporate interest and spouse interest Corporate interest	326,247,014 1,533,392,076	12.108% 56.910%
Ms. Tsang Siu Lan (Note 2)	Interest of controlled corporation and interest of spouse Interest held jointly with another parties	Corporate interest and spouse interest Corporate interest	326,247,014 1,533,392,076	12.108% 56.910%
Mr. Cheung Yuen Chau (Note 2)	Interest of controlled corporation Interest held jointly with another parties	Corporate interest Corporate interest	326,247,014 1,533,392,076	12.108% 56.910%
Ms. Ip Tsang Katherine Man Tung (Note 2)	Interest of controlled corporation Interest held jointly with another parties	Corporate interest Corporate interest	326,247,014 1,533,392,076	12.108% 56.910%
(c) New Origins International Limited ("New Origins") (Note 3)	Beneficial owner Interest held jointly with another parties	Corporate interest Corporate interest	32,313,795 1,827,325,295	1.199% 67.818%
Ms. To Sau Man (Note 3)	Interest of controlled corporation Interest held jointly with another parties	Corporate interest Corporate interest	32,313,795 1,827,325,295	1.199% 67.818%

Name of shareholder	Capacity	Nature of interest	Number of Shares held	Approximate percentage of issued share capital	
(d) Mr. Cheung Yip Sang	Beneficial owner	Personal interest	161,000,000	5.975%	
(Note 4)	Interest of spouse	Spouse interest	1,859,639,090	69.017%	

- Note 1: In accordance with the SFO, BAINENG has total interest in 1,859,639,090 Shares, of which 358,560,809 Shares are held by other parties acting in concert. BAINENG is beneficially owned as to 33.40% by Hengsheng Holding Limited which is whollyowned by Mr. Sun Jiusheng, 29.68% by Melin Holding Limited which is wholly-owned by Ms. Zhou Jing, 18.57% by Zhongrui Holding Limited which is wholly-owned by Mr. Zhang Chao, 5.16% by Mr. Cheng Lianfu, 2.58% by Mr. Zhou Xinhua and 10.61% by Mr. Leung Wing Cheong Eric. By virtue of the SFO, Mr. Sun Jiusheng, Ms. Zhou Jing, Mr. Zhang Chao, Mr. Leung Wing Cheong Eric, Hengsheng Holding Limited, Melin Holding Limited and Zhongrui Holding Limited are deemed to be interested in the Shares which BAINENG has interest in.
- Note 2: In accordance with the SFO, Richmax Investment has total interest in 1,859,639,090 Shares, of which 1,533,392,076 Shares are held by other parties acting in concert. Richmax Investment is beneficially owned as to 46.67% by Mr. Chu David, 40% by Mr. Cheung Yuen Chau, 6.67% by Ms. Tsang Siu Lan and 6.66% by Ms. Ip Tsang Katherine Man Tung. Ms. Tsang Siu Lan is the spouse of Mr. Chu David. By virtue of the SFO, Mr. Chu David, Mr. Cheung Yuen Chau, Ms. Tsang Siu Lan and Ms. Ip Tsang Katherine Man Tung are deemed to be interested in the Shares which Richmax Investment has interest in.
- Note 3: In accordance with the SFO, New Origins has total interest in 1,859,639,090 Shares, of which 1,827,325,295 Shares are held by other parties acting in concert. New Origins is beneficially wholly-owned by Ms. To Sau Man. By virtue of the SFO, Ms. To Sau Man is deemed to be interested in the Shares which New Origins has interest in.
- Note 4: Mr. Cheung Yip Sang directly holds 161,000,000 Shares and is the spouse of Ms. Zhou Jing. BAINENG is beneficially owned as to 29.68% by Melin Holding Limited which is wholly-owned by Ms. Zhou Jing. By virtue of the SFO, Mr. Cheung Yip Sang is deemed to be interested in the Shares which BAINENG has interest in.

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 March 2023, the Company had not been notified by any persons who had interests or short positions in the shares or underlying shares of the Company which would fall to be disclosed to the Company under the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO, or which were recorded in the register maintained by the Company pursuant to Section 336 of the SFO.

MANAGEMENT CONTRACT

No contracts concerning the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of the business of the Company were entered into or existed during the Financial Year.

CHARITABLE DONATIONS

During the Financial Year, the Group made no charitable donations (2022: Nil).

MAJOR SUPPLIERS AND CUSTOMERS

The information in respect of the Group's total purchases and sales attributable to the Group's major suppliers and customers respectively during the Financial Year is as follows:

> **Approximate** percentage of the Group's total

Purchases

— the largest supplier — five largest suppliers in aggregate	32% 74%
Sales	29%
— the largest customer— five largest customers in aggregate	71%

None of the Directors, their close associates (as defined in GEM Listing Rules) or any shareholder (which to the knowledge of the Directors owns more than 5% of the Company's issued share capital) had an interest in any of the Group's five largest suppliers or customers.

RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Saved as disclosed elsewhere in the consolidated financial statements, none of these related party transactions is a connected transaction that needed to be disclosed the GEM Listing Rules.

SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

Based on the information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the Directors as at the date of the Report, the Directors believe that the number of securities of the Company which are on the hands of the public is above the relevant prescribed minimum percentage under the GEM Listing Rules.

COMPETING BUSINESS

Neither of the Directors and the controlling shareholders of the Company or their respective close associates (as defined in the GEM Listing Rules) is or was interested in any business apart from the Group's business, that competes or competed or is or was likely to compete, either directly or indirectly, with the Group's business at any time during the Financial Year.

EMOLUMENTS POLICY

The emolument policy for the employee of the Group is set up by the management on the basis of their merit, qualifications and competence.

Under the emolument policy, some Directors are provided with long term incentive scheme, including but not limited to share options. The basis of determining the emolument payable to Directors is subject to the decision of the Remuneration Committee of the Company.

The emoluments of the Directors for the Financial Year are decided by the Board, having regard to the Group's operating results, their duties and responsibilities of the Group, individual performance and comparable market statistics, and have been reviewed by the Remuneration Committee of the Company during the Financial Year.

EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

There was no significant event after the reporting period.

PERMITTED INDEMNITY PROVISIONS

At no time during the Financial Year and up to the date of this Directors' Report, there was or is, any permitted indemnity provisions being in force for the benefit of any of the directors of the Company (whether made by the Company or otherwise) or an associated company (if made by the Company).

CHANGE IN AUDITOR

The consolidated financial statements for the years ended 31 March 2020, 2021 and 2022 were audited by HLM CPA Limited ("HLM") and the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 were audited by Confucius International CPA Limited ("Confucius").

HLM resigned as auditor of the Company with effect from 8 February 2023 and Confucius was appointed as auditor of the Company with effect from 8 February 2023 to fill the causal vacancy and to hold office until the conclusion of the forthcoming annual general meeting.

Save as disclosed above, there were no other changes of auditor of the Company in the preceding three years. A resolution to re-appoint Confucius as auditor of the Company will be proposed at the forthcoming annual general meeting.

On behalf of the Board

Leung Wing Cheong Eric

Director

Hong Kong, 23 June 2023

Corporate governance provides the framework within which the board forms their decisions and build their businesses. The Company is committed to achieving good corporate governance and focusing on creating long-term sustainable growth for its shareholders and delivering long-term values to all of its shareholders. An effective corporate governance structure allows the Company to have a better understanding of, evaluate and manage, risks and opportunities, to safeguard the interests of its shareholders and enhance its corporate value.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES

The Company's corporate governance practices are based on the principles and code provisions as set out in the Corporate Governance Code (the "CG Code") and Corporate Governance Report contained in Appendix 15 of the GEM Listing Rules. The Company adopted all the code provisions in the CG Code as its own code on corporate governance practices.

During the Financial Year, the Company complied with the code provisions as set out in the CG Code.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTORS

The Company is governed by the Board, which is responsible for overseeing the overall strategy, policies and development of the Group, as well as continuously monitoring and improving the internal control and risk management systems of the Group; approving and monitoring the strategic plans, investment and funding decisions; and evaluating the financial and operational performance of the Group. The Group's day-to-day operations and administration are overseen by the executive Directors and the management.

The Board sets the overall strategies and directions for the Group with a view to developing its business and enhancing the shareholders' value. The Board meets regularly throughout the year to formulate overall strategy, monitor business development as well as the financial performance of the Group.

The executive Directors are responsible for evaluating new potential business and investment opportunities and formulating and implementing business strategies to enhance the revenue growth of the Company. The management is responsible for implementing the business strategies formulated by the executive directors.

The independent non-executive Directors (the "INED") serve the relevant function of bringing independent judgement on the development, performance and risk management of the Group through their contributions in board meetings and board committees meetings. The participation of the INED in the Board brings a diverse range of expertise, skills and independent judgment on issues relating to the Group's strategies, performance, conflicts of interests and management process to ensure that the interests of all the shareholders of the Company have been duly considered.

The Board established mechanism to ensure independent views and input are available to the Board. The INEDs support the effective discharge of the duties and responsibilities of the Board and bring independent views and input to the Board. In addition, the Board, Board committees or individual Directors may seek independent professional advice, views and input, which shall include but not limited to legal advice, advice of accountants and advice of other professional financial advisors, as considered necessary to fulfil their responsibilities and in exercising independent judgment when making decisions in furtherance of their Directors' duties at the Company's expense.

The Board is also responsible for determining the appropriate corporate governance practices applicable to the Company's circumstances and ensuring systems, processes and procedures in place to achieve the Company's corporate governance objectives; reviewing and monitoring the training and continuous professional development of Directors and senior management and the Company's policies, practices and quidelines on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements; and etc. The Board may discharge its corporate governance duties by establishment of board committees and delegation of certain management and administration functions to the management. During the Financial Year, the Board reviewed the compliance with the CG Code, the disclosure in the corporate governance report and the effectiveness of the risk management and internal control systems of the Group.

DELEGATION BY THE BOARD

The Board meets regularly throughout the year to formulate overall strategy, monitor business development as well as the financial performance of the Group. The Board adopted a set of guidelines on matters that require its approval to achieve a clear division of the responsibilities of the Board and the management. Matters requiring the Board's approval include, among others, review of overall policies and objectives for corporate contributions and approval of corporate plan of the Company and any significant changes thereto, investment plans which would involve significant commitments of financial, technological or human resources, or would involve significant risks for the Company, significant sales, transfers, or other dispositions of property or assets, significant changes in policies of broad application, major organizational changes, approval of annual reports, and review of interim and quarterly financial and operating results, other matters relating to the Company's business which in the judgment of the management are of such significance as to merit the Board's consideration, and adoption of such policies and the taking of such other actions as the Board deems to be in the best interests of the Company.

The Board is responsible for setting the strategic direction and policies of the Group and supervising the management of the Company. Some functions including the monitoring and approval of material transactions, matters involving a conflict of interest for a substantial shareholder or Director of the Company, the approval of annual, interim and quarterly results, declaration of interim dividends and proposal of final dividends and other disclosures to the public or regulators are reserved by the Board for consideration and approval. Matters not specifically reserved to the Board and necessary for the daily management and operation of the Company are delegated to the executive Directors and the management of the Company.

BOARD COMPOSITION

The Board currently comprises five executive Directors, namely Mr. Sun Jiusheng (vice chairman), Mr. Cheung Yip Sang (chief executive officer (the "CEO")), Mr. Ma Shenyuan (group president), Mr. Li Dewen (group senior vice president) and Mr. Yeung Shing Wai; one non-executive Director, namely Mr. Leung Wing Cheong Eric (chairman); and three INEDs, namely Mr. Lim Haw Kuang, Mr. Lui Ho Ming Paul and Mr. Chu Kin Ming.

The attendance records of the Directors for the Board, Board committees and general meetings of the Company for the Financial Year are as follows:

No of	magtings	attended/No.	οf	mootings	hal	Ч
IVO. OI	meetinas	attenueu/No.	OI	meetinas	nei	u

	No. of fileetings attended/No. of fileetings field						
		Audit	Remuneration	Nomination	General		
Directors	Board	Committee	Committee	Committee	Meetings		
Executive Director							
Mr. Sun Jiusheng (vice chairman)	11/11	N/A	N/A	N/A	2/2		
Mr. Cheung Yip Sang (CEO)	9/11	N/A	N/A	N/A	1/2		
Mr. Ma Shenyuan (group president)	11/11	N/A	N/A	N/A	0/2		
Mr. Li Dewen (group senior vice president)	8/11	N/A	N/A	N/A	0/2		
Mr. Yeung Shing Wai	6/11	N/A	N/A	N/A	0/2		
Non-Executive Director							
Mr. Leung Wing Cheong Eric (chairman)	10/11	N/A	N/A	N/A	2/2		
Independent Non-Executive Director							
Mr. Lim Haw Kuang	11/11	4/4	1/1	1/1	2/2		
Mr. Lui Ho Ming Paul	11/11	4/4	1/1	1/1	2/2		
Mr. Chu Kin Ming	10/11	4/4	1/1	1/1	2/2		

In compliance with the GEM Listing Rules, the Company appointed INEDs with at least one of them having appropriate professional qualifications or accounting or related financial management expertise. The INEDs, together with the executive and non-executive Directors, ensure that the Board prepares its financial and other mandatory reports in strict compliance with the relevant standards. The Company received annual confirmation of independence under rule 5.09 of the GEM Listing Rules from each of the INEDs and believes that their independence is in compliance with the GEM Listing Rules.

The non-executive Directors are subject to the requirement that one-third of all the Directors shall retire from office by rotation at each annual general meeting of the Company pursuant to the Articles of Association.

Mr. Leung Wing Cheong Eric, the non-executive Director, entered into service agreement for his appointment with the Company for a term of three years commencing from 4 August 2021 and shall continue thereafter on a three yearly basis until termination by either party by giving to the other party one month's notice in writing.

Mr. Lim Haw Kuang and Mr. Lui Ho Ming Paul, the INEDs, entered into letters of appointment with the Company under which Mr. Lim and Mr. Lui are appointed for an initial term of three years commencing from 4 August 2021 and shall continue thereafter on a yearly basis until termination by either party by giving to the other party three months' notice in writing.

Mr. Chu Kin Ming, the INED, entered into letter of appointment with the Company under which Mr. Chu is appointed for an initial term of two years commencing from 16 February 2020 and shall continue thereafter on a yearly basis until termination by either party by giving to the other party three months' notice in writing.

CONTINUOUS PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT OF DIRECTORS

During the Financial Year, according to the records provided by the Directors, the participation by each Director in the continuous professional development was recorded as follows:

DIRECTORS	Types of training
EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR	
Mr. Sun Jiusheng (vice chairman)	В
Mr. Cheung Yip Sang (CEO)	В
Mr. Ma Shenyuan (group president)	В
Mr. Li Dewen (group senior vice president)	В
Mr. Yeung Shing Wai	В
NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR	
Mr. Leung Wing Cheong Eric <i>(chairman)</i>	В
INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR	
Mr. Lim Haw Kuang	В
Mr. Lui Ho Ming Paul	В
Mr. Chu Kin Ming	В
Note: A — Attending seminars/conferences/forums	
B — Reading journals/updates/articles/materials	

BOARD DIVERSITY POLICY

The Company recognises and embraces the benefits of having a diverse Board to enhance the quality of its performance. With a view to achieving a sustainable and balanced development and increasing diversity at the Board level as an essential element, the Company adopted a board diversity policy (the "Board Diversity Policy") which sets out the approach to achieve diversity of the Board in supporting the attainment of its strategic objectives and its sustainable development.

In addressing the Board's composition, board diversity had been considered from a number of aspects, including but not limited to gender, age, cultural and educational background, ethnicity, professional experience, skills, knowledge and length of service.

All Board appointments will be based on meritocracy, and candidates will be considered against objective criteria, having due regard for the benefits of diversity on the Board. Selection of candidates will be based on a range of diversity perspectives, including but not limited to gender, age, cultural and educational background, ethnicity, professional experience, skills, knowledge and length of service. The ultimate decision will be based on merit and contribution that the selected candidates will bring to the Board.

The NC will monitor the implementation of the Board Diversity Policy; review the Board Diversity Policy, as appropriate, to ensure the effectiveness of the Board Diversity Policy; discuss any revisions that may be required; and recommend any such revisions to the Board for consideration and approval.

The Board currently comprises nine male Directors. In order to achieve and/or maintain gender diversity, the NC has started looking for potential candidates in order to develop a pipeline of potential successors to the Board, and will seek assistance from professional search firms if necessary. The Company plans to appoint at least one female Director by the end of December 2024.

The Company has also taken, and continues to take, steps to promote diversity at all levels of its workforce. Opportunities for employment, training and career development are equally opened to all eligible employees without discrimination. As at 31 March 2023, the gender ratio of the Group's workforce was 57% male to 43% female.

SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS BY DIRECTORS

The Company adopted the rules 5.48 to 5.67 of the GEM Listing Rules (the "Required Standards of Dealings") as its code of conduct regarding securities transactions by Directors and by relevant employees of the Company. Having made specific enquiry with all Directors, the Directors confirmed that they had complied with the Required Standards of Dealings and its code of conduct regarding the Directors' securities transactions during the Financial Year.

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

The Company established a remuneration committee on April 2011 with written terms of reference in compliance with the CG Code of the GEM Listing Rules. The RC comprised INEDs, namely Mr. Lim Haw Kuang, Mr. Lui Ho Ming Paul and Mr. Chu Kin Ming. The committee is chaired by Mr. Lim Haw Kuang.

The primary duties of the RC are to make recommendations to the Board on the Company's policy and structure for all Directors' and senior management remuneration and on the establishment of a formal and transparent procedure for developing remuneration policy; review and approve the management's remuneration proposals and make recommendations to the Board on the remuneration of non-executive Directors. The Directors are remunerated with reference to their respective duties and responsibilities with the Company, the Company's performance and current market situation. The RC adopted the model under the CG Code to make recommendations to the Board on the remuneration packages of individual executive directors and senior management.

During the Financial Year, the RC reviewed the Group's remuneration policy and structure; and reviewed the remuneration packages of the Directors of the Company.

Details of the Directors' emoluments and five highest paid individuals during the Financial Year are set out in note 13 to the consolidated financial statements.

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

The Company established a nomination committee on April 2011 with written terms of reference in compliance with the CG Code of the GEM Listing Rules. The NC comprised INEDs, namely Mr. Chu Kin Ming, Mr. Lim Haw Kuang and Mr. Lui Ho Ming Paul. The committee is chaired by Mr. Chu Kin Ming.

The primary duties of the NC are to review the structure, size and composition of the Board, identify individuals suitably qualified to become members of the Board, assess the independence of INEDs and make recommendations to the Board on the appointment or re-appointment of Directors.

The NC is to identify and evaluate a candidate for nomination to the Board for appointment or the shareholders of the Company for election, as a Director. The NC shall consider a number of factors in making nominations, including but not limited to the following:

- Skills and experience: The candidate should possess the skills, knowledge and experience which are relevant to the operations of the Company and its subsidiaries;
- Diversity: Candidates should be considered on merit and against objective criteria, with due regard to the diversity perspectives set out in the Board Diversity Policy and the balance of skills and experience in the Board composition;
- Commitment: The candidate should be able to devote sufficient time to attend board meetings and participate in induction, trainings and other board associated activities. In particular, if the proposed candidate will be nominated as an INED and will be holding his/her seventh (or more) listed company directorship, the NC should consider the reason given by the candidate for being able to devote sufficient time to the Board:
- Standing: The candidate must satisfy the Board and the Stock Exchange that he/she has the character, experience and integrity, and is able to demonstrate a standard of competence commensurate with the relevant position as a Director; and
- Independence: The candidate to be nominated as an INED must satisfy the independence criteria set out in the GEM Listing Rules.

If the NC determines that an additional or replacement Director is required, the NC may take such measures that it considers appropriate in connection with its identification and evaluation of a candidate. The NC may propose to the Board a candidate recommended or offered for nomination by a shareholder of the Company as a nominee for election to the Board. On making recommendation, the NC may submit the candidate's personal profile to the Board for consideration. The Board may appoint the candidate(s) as Director(s) to fill a casual vacancy(ies) or as an addition to the Board or recommend such candidate to shareholders for election or re-election (where appropriate) at the general meeting of the Company.

All Directors are subject to retirement by rotation and re-election at the annual general meeting of the Company in accordance with the Articles of Association.

According to Articles 84(1)-(2) of the Articles of Association, at each annual general meeting one-third of the Directors for the time being (or, if their number is not a multiple of three, the number nearest to but not less than one-third) shall retire from office by rotation provided that every Director shall be subject to retirement at an annual general meeting at least once every three years.

The Directors to retire by rotation shall include (so far as necessary to ascertain the number of directors to retire by rotation) any Director who wishes to retire and not to offer himself for re-election. Any further Directors so to retire shall be those of the other Directors subject to retirement by rotation who have been longest in office since their last re-election or appointment and so that as between persons who became or were last re-elected Directors on the same day those to retire shall (unless they otherwise agree among themselves) be determined by lot. Any Director appointed by the Board pursuant to Article 83(3) shall not be taken into account in determining which particular Directors or the number of Directors who are to retire by rotation.

According to Article 83(3) of the Articles of Association, the Directors shall have the power from time to time and at any time to appoint any person as a Director either to fill a casual vacancy on the Board or as an addition to the existing Board. Any Director so appointed shall hold office until the first annual general meeting of the Company after his appointment, and shall then be eligible for re-election.

During the Financial Year, the NC reviewed the structure, size and composition of the Board; assessed the independence of the INEDs; and made recommendations to the Board on the re-appointment of the Directors.

AUDIT COMMITTEE

The Company established an audit committee on April 2011 with written terms of reference in compliance with the GEM Listing Rules. The AC comprised INEDs, namely Mr. Chu Kin Ming, Mr. Lim Haw Kuang and Mr. Lui Ho Ming Paul. The committee is chaired by Mr. Chu Kin Ming.

The primary duties of the AC are to review the risk management and internal control systems and the financial information, including accounting policies and practices and financial reporting of the Company; the financial statements and reports of the Group; and the terms of engagement and the scope of audit work of the auditor.

During the Financial Year, the AC reviewed the accounting principles and practices adopted by the Group with the management and the Company's auditor; and discussed auditing (including audit planning), internal control and financial reporting matters including the audited financial statements and unaudited interim and quarterly financial statements.

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Directors acknowledge their responsibility for overseeing the preparation of the financial statements which give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Group. The Directors are not aware of any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions which may cast significant doubt upon the Group's ability to continue as a going concern.

AUDITOR AND THEIR REMUNERATION

The statement of the auditor of the Company about their reporting responsibilities on the Group's financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 is set out in the section "Independent Auditor's Report" of this report. During the Financial Year, remuneration paid and payable to the auditor of the Group are approximately HK\$950,000 for annual audit fee and nil for non-audit services.

RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL

The Company is aiming to develop a sound and good risk management and internal control systems and build risk awareness and control responsibility into the Group. The Board acknowledges its responsibility for maintaining a sound and effective risk management and internal control systems and reviewing their effectiveness in order to safeguard the interests of the shareholders and the assets of the Company against unauthorized use or disposition, ensuring maintenance of proper books and records for the provision of reliable financial information, and ensuring compliance with the relevant rules and regulations.

The key elements of the Company's risk management and internal control systems include keeping track of and documentation of identified risks, the assessment and evaluation of risks, the development and continuous updating of responsive procedures, and the ongoing testing of internal control procedures to ensure their effectiveness. An ongoing risk management approach is adopted by the Company for identifying and assessing the key inherent risks that affect the achievements of its objectives.

The Company has employed a bottom-up approach for identification, assessment and mitigation of risk at all business unit levels and across functional areas. During the process of risk assessment, the Board captures and identifies the key inherent risks that affect the achievements of its objectives by performing the followings:

- understanding organizational objectives and business processes;
- determining the risk appetite and establishing the risk assessment criteria;
- identifying the risks associated with achieving or not achieving the objectives and assessing the likelihood and potential impact of particular risks; and
- monitoring and evaluating the risks and the arrangements in place to address them.

The Board reviews the effectiveness of the risk management and internal control systems by considering factors including but not limited to the followings:

- the changes since the last annual review in the nature and extent of significant risks, and the Group's ability to respond to changes in its business and the external environment;
- the scope and quality of managements' monitoring of risk and of the internal control system, and where applicable, the work of its internal audit function and other third party consultants;
- the extent and frequency of the communication of the results of the monitoring to the Board or the audit committee:
- the incidence of significant control failings or weakness that has been identified at any time during the period and the extent to which they have resulted in unforeseen outcomes or contingencies that have a material impact on the Group's financial performance or condition; and
- the effectiveness of the Group's processes relating to financial reporting and the compliance of GEM Listing Rules given the Group's business and scale of operations.

The Group's risk management and internal control systems are designed to manage rather than eliminate the risk of failure to achieve business objectives and can only provide reasonable and not absolute assurance against material misstatement or loss.

The procedures and internal controls of the Company for handling and dissemination of inside information includes conducting the affairs of the Company with close regard to the Guidelines on Disclosure of Inside Information published by Securities and Futures Commission and the GEM Listing Rules and reminding the Directors and employees of the Group regularly about due compliance with all policies regarding the inside information.

In order to adapt the most cost-effective method of conducting periodic review of the Group's internal controls, the Board engaged an independent consultant Elite Partners Risk Advisory Services Limited ("Elite Partners") to execute the internal control function. Elite Partners conducted an internal control review of the effectiveness of the Group's sales, accounts receivables and collection; procurement, accounts payables and payment; and operating expenses and payment for the period from 1 April 2022 to 31 March 2023, according to the scope of review agreed and approved by the AC. Elite Partners responded to the AC and the AC was satisfied that the Company had addressed all deficiencies identified by Elite Partners. The AC reviews annually the adequacy and effectiveness of the Company's financial reporting system, internal control and risk management systems and associated procedures and has access to information necessary to fulfill its duties and responsibilities with respect to risk assessment and management.

Risk management and internal control systems are reviewed on an annual basis. During the Financial Year, the Board reviewed the effectiveness of the Group's risk management and internal control systems. The Company considered the Group's risk management and internal control systems are effective and adequate.

The Company does not have an internal audit function and is currently of the view that there is no immediate need to set up an internal audit function within the Group in light of the size, nature and complexity of the Group's business. It was decided that the Board would be directly responsible for internal control of the Group and for reviewing its effectiveness during the Financial Year.

SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS

Pursuant to the Articles of Association, the Board may whenever it thinks fit call extraordinary general meetings of the Company. Any one or more Shareholder(s) (including a recognized clearing house (or its nominee)) holding as at the date of deposit of the requisition in aggregate not less than one-tenth of the voting rights (on a one vote per share basis) in the share capital of the Company may also make a requisition to convene an extraordinary general meeting and/or add resolutions to the agenda of a meeting and such requisition should be made in writing, to the Board or the company secretary of the Company, and such meeting shall be held within two months after the deposit of such requisition. If within twenty-one days of such deposit the Board fails to proceed to convene such meeting the requisitionist(s) himself (themselves) convene a physical meeting at only one location which will be the principal place of meeting, and all reasonable expenses incurred by the requisitionist(s) as a result of the failure of the Board shall be reimbursed to the requisitionist(s) by the Company.

The Shareholders who wish to move a resolution may request the Company to convene a general meeting following the procedures set out in the preceding paragraph. The written requisition should be signed by the requisitionist(s) and deposited at the Company's principal place of business in Hong Kong, specifying the Shareholders' contact details and the resolution intended to be put forward at general meeting.

For including a resolution to propose a person for election as a Director at general meeting of the Company, the Shareholders are requested to follow the Articles of Association. A written notice signed by a Shareholder (other than the person to be proposed) duly qualified to attend and vote at the general meeting of the Company for which such notice is given of his intention to propose such person for election and also a written notice signed by the person to be proposed of his willingness to be elected shall have been lodged at the Company's principal place of business in Hong Kong provided that the minimum length of the period, during which such Notice(s) are given, shall be at least seven days and that the period for lodgment of such Notice(s) shall commence on the day after the despatch of the notice of the general meeting of the Company appointed for such election and end no later than seven days prior to the date of such general meeting of the Company. The written notice must state that person's biographical details as required by rule 17.50(2) of the GEM Listing Rules. The procedures for a Shareholder to propose a person for election as a Director are posted on the Company's website.

The Shareholders should direct their questions about their shareholdings to the Company's branch share registrar and transfer office in Hong Kong. The Shareholders may at any time make a request for the Company's information to the extent such information is publicly available. The Shareholders may also make enquiries to the Board by writing to the Company Secretary at the Company's principal place of business in Hong Kong at Suite 2303, 23/F., Prudential Tower, The Gateway, Harbour City, Tsim Sha Tsui, Kowloon, Hong Kong.

INVESTOR RELATIONS

The objective of the Shareholders' communication is to provide the Shareholders with information about the Company and enable them to engage actively with the Company and exercise their rights as the Shareholders in an informed manner. Effective and timely dissemination of information to the Shareholders shall be ensured at all times.

Information shall be communicated to the Shareholders mainly through the Company's financial reports (half-year, quarterly and annual reports), annual general meetings and other general meetings that may be convened, as well as by making available all the corporate communication documents submitted to the Stock Exchange on the Company website and the Stock Exchange website. Information on the Company website (www.chinaoilgangrans.com) is updated on a regular basis.

Upon reviewing the implementation and effectiveness of the Shareholders' Communication Policy, the Board considers the Shareholders' Communication Policy and its implementation are effective as the policy provides effective channels for the Shareholders to communicate their views with the Company and the Company complied with the principles and required practices as set out in the Shareholders' Communication Policy during the Financial Year.

During the Financial Year, a special resolution approving the adoption of the third amended and restated memorandum and articles of association as the new memorandum and articles of association in substitution for and to the exclusion of the existing amended and restated memorandum and articles of association of the Company was passed by the Shareholders at the annual general meeting of the Company held on 22 September 2022.

ABOUT THIS REPORT

The Group is pleased to present this Environmental, Social and Governance ("**ESG**") Report (the "**Report**") to provide an overview of the Group's management of significant issues affecting the operation, and the policies, measures and performance of the Group in terms of environmental and social aspects.

This Report covers the principal business of the Group for the period from 1 April 2022 to 31 March 2023 (the "**Reporting Period**"), i.e., the business in relation to (i) the manufacturing and sales of power cords and data cords; and (ii) the trading of refined oil and chemicals in Hong Kong and the People's Republic of China ("**PRC**"), including the Hong Kong head office, Sun Fair Electric Wire & Cable (Shenzhen) Company Limited, and a group of companies ("**Baineng Group**") including but not limited to Baineng (Tianjin) Energy Trading Co., and Guangdong Daosheng Energy Trading Co., Limited.

The determination of reporting scope is detailed in the below section headed "Stakeholder Engagement and Materiality Assessment". For corporate governance section, please refer to the Corporate Governance Report section in this annual report.

BASIS OF PREPARATION

This Report has been prepared with reference to the Environmental, Social and Governance Reporting Guide in Appendix 20 to the GEM Listing Rules and has complied with the "comply or explain" provisions in the Listing Rules.

BOUNDARY SETTING

Setting a clear reporting boundary benefits the readers by providing a well-defined scope of quantitative information about the ESG performance of the Group. Considering the nature of the Group's business, this Report covers the performance and management policies of major operations of the Group under an operational control approach which includes the Group's offices and plants in Hong Kong and the PRC.

ESG MISSION AND VISION

Climate change and other environmental and social issues have continued to become the centre of attention. Both the Hong Kong and PRC governments have launched various policies to promote corporate social responsibility and green business principle. As the Group pursues business development as well as stable and long-term return for shareholders, it undertakes corporate social responsibilities and incorporates the concept of sustainability in various operations. The Group seeks to operate in an environmentally and socially friendly manner and contributes to society with concrete actions. The board of directors are responsible for supervising the ESG strategies, policies and measures of the Group and is vested with the power to make final decisions. The Group's ESG initiatives are carried out by the management team, which ensures the effectiveness of ESG risk management and related internal control system, thereby driving its sustainable development.

FEEDBACK OF THIS REPORT AND CONTACT INFORMATION

This Report shall be published both in English and Chinese, should there be any discrepancy between the English and the Chinese versions, the English version shall prevail. The Group highly values the opinions from the relevant stakeholders, and welcome readers to contact it through the following contact methods. Your opinions will assist the Group to further improve this Report and enhance the overall ESG performance of the Group.

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Fax: +852 2237-2011

Email: ir@centuryen.com

Official website: www.chinaoilgangrans.com

APPLICATION OF REPORTING PRINCIPLES

As the reporting principles underpin the preparation of the Report, the content of the Report has been determined, organised and presented under the principles of Materiality, Quantitative, Balance and Consistency.

Materiality — The Group made an objective and systematic materiality assessment that prioritised the issues affecting the operation, and the policies, measures and performance of the Group in terms of environmental and social aspects.

Quantitative — The application of the Quantitative reporting principles was primarily reflected under the Emissions and Use of Resources sections in this Report. The principle is applied by the Group to provide comparable key performance indicators to evaluate the purpose, impact and performance of the Group.

Balance — The Report incorporated both its outstanding performance in ESG management and areas which might require improvement to avoid selections, omissions, or presentation formats that may inappropriately influence a decision or judgement by the Report readers.

Consistency — The Report incorporated consistent reporting techniques and calculation methodologies so that the Report readers can rely on the preciseness of data. Any changes to the reporting techniques and calculation methodologies will be disclosed.

STAKEHOLDER ENGAGEMENT AND MATERIALITY ASSESSMENT

Stakeholder engagement is essential to the Group — from communication with investors to everyday relationships with employees, customers and business partners — and is integral to the group's sustainability success. Stakeholders are prioritised from time to time in view of the Group's roles and duties, strategic plan and business initiatives. The Group build appropriate channels to engage with its stakeholders to develop mutually beneficial relationships, trying to identify stakeholders' expectations and concerns and to seek their views to promote sustainability in the marketplace, workplace, community and environment. These engagements help the Group learn about emerging sustainability topics, better inform its efforts, and help the Group create value for its company and society.

The Group has identified key stakeholders that are important to its business and established various channels for communications. The following table provides an overview of the Group's key stakeholders, and their possible ways of communication.

Stakeholders	Communication Channels
Shareholders	 General meetings Company's announcements Email and telephone communications Company's website
Business partners	MeetingsEmail and telephone communications
Customers	Customer hotlinesSuggestion boxEmail and telephone communications
Employees	MeetingsEmail and telephone communications
The Public	Company's announcementsCompany's website

Materiality of ESG issues may be said to be "in the eye of the beholder" when it comes to sustainability, responsibility, ethical, and citizenship initiatives, disclosure and reporting. Not all ESG issues are relevant to all organizations, and understanding the material sustainability issues for the Group is critical to having a successful and strategic program. Materiality is an important cornerstone of an effective corporate sustainability process — and a key characteristic of the ESG framework. Determining the materiality of sustainability issues is a vital step in identifying risks and available opportunities to be addressed by the Group.

The Group has adopted the principle of materiality in the ESG reporting by understanding the key ESG issues that are important to the business of the Group. All the key ESG issues and key performance indicators ("**KPIs**") are reported in this Report according to the ESG Reporting Guide in Appendix 20 to the GEM Listing Rules.

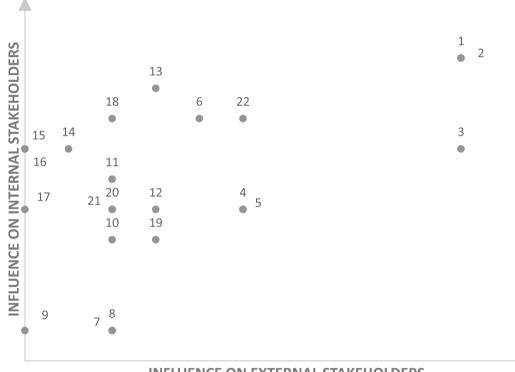
The Group has evaluated the materiality and importance in ESG aspects through the following steps:

Step 1: Identifying relevant ESG areas — Relevant ESG areas were identified through the review of the Group's business and relevant industry benchmark.

Step 2: Materiality and Prioritization — Materiality of each ESG aspect was determined based on the importance of each ESG aspects to the Group and to the relevant stakeholders.

Step 3: Validation — Based on internal discussion and discussion with key stakeholders, the Group ensured all material ESG aspects were reported and in compliance with the ESG Reporting Guide in Appendix 20 to the GEM Listing Rules.

The result of the materiality assessment of ESG issues is displayed in the following materiality matrix.



INFLUENCE ON EXTERNAL STAKEHOLDERS

- 1. Safety and quality of products and services
- 4. Effluents management
- Water efficiency 7.
- 10. Environmental compliance
- 13. Staff development and training
- 16. Contributions to the society
- 19. Intellectual property
- 22. Climate change

- 2. Customer satisfaction
- 5. Waste management
- 8. Energy efficiency
- 11. Air emissions
- 14. Anti-corruption training
- 17. Communication and connection with local community
- 20. Diversity and equal opportunities

- Customers' privacy and confidentiality
- Staff occupational health and safety
- Land use, pollution and restoration 9.
- 12. Greenhouse gas emissions
- 15. **Business** ethics
- Environmental friendliness on products and service purchased
- 21. Anti-discrimination

The Group determines the extent of disclosure in this Report according to the importance of the issues to the business and the stakeholders.

ENVIRONMENTAL PERFORMANCE

The major business of the Group did not have any significant adverse effect on the environment. In spite of this, the Group is committed to the sustainability strategy and puts in place a stringent management system to reduce energy consumption and emission in all production and operation activities with best efforts. The Group provides regulatory guidelines to staff on environmental protection, resources conservation and waste reduction, while encouraging recycling and environmentally-friendly office practices to raise employees' green awareness. The management monitors all resources consumption to promote production efficiency and energy saving.

1. EMISSIONS

The Group strives to comply with all environmental protection laws and regulations, including the "Environmental Protection Law of the People's Republic of China"; "Law of the People's Republic of China on the Prevention and Control of Atmospheric Pollution"; "Law of the People's Republic of China on Prevention and Control of Water Pollution"; and "Law of the People's Republic of China on the Prevention and Control of Solid Waste Pollution". During the Reporting Period, the Group has not identified any breach of environmental protection related laws and regulations.

The Group's operation did not produce significant emissions of solid wastes, sewage, hazardous wastes and noise. Air emissions, Greenhouse gas ("**GHG**") emissions and non-hazardous wastes produced during the Reporting Period are set out below.

1.1. Air Emission

Air pollution have an adverse impact on environment and human health so that it is essential to control the level of emission. During the Reporting Period, the Group's main sources of air emissions are the combustion of fuels for transportation. The Group will keep monitoring the use of vehicles internally and formulate relevant guidelines. During the Reporting Period, air emissions are as follows:

Air Emissions*	Unit	2023	2022
Nitrogen oxides	Kg	20.6	27.2
Sulphur oxides	Kg	0.1	0.1
Particular matters	Kg	1.9	2.6

The calculation method of the corresponding air emissions and the emission factors used in the calculation are based on Appendix 20 of the GEM Listing Rules and their referred documentation as set out by the Stock Exchange, unless stated otherwise.

The decrease of air emissions during the Reporting Period compared to the previous year was mainly attributed to the reduced use of motor vehicles for business travel under the pandemic movement control measures in the PRC.

1.2. Greenhouse Gas Emission

It is widely accepted that climate change is unequivocally linked to the increasing concentrations of GHG in the atmosphere. During the Reporting Period, the Group's main sources of GHG emissions are the combustion of fuels for transportation and the electricity consumed for operations. The Group endeavours to reduce the carbon footprint by implementing various energy saving and emission reduction initiatives in daily operations, including the use of vehicles that outperform the national emission standards. It also carries out proper planning of the production and delivery schedule to coordinate all processes for maximum energy and time efficiency. It is the Group's aim to promote low-carbon travel and reduce air emissions through the effective use of resources.

During the Reporting Period, the Group's Scope 1 GHG emission mainly came from consumption of gasoline for vehicles (mobile combustion source) and the Group's Scope 2 GHG emission mainly came from electricity consumption in operations. The Group's Scope 3 GHG emission was primarily produced through paper waste disposal and water-related consumption.

The Group will keep monitoring the use of energy and formulate relevant guidelines in order to reduce GHG emission, such energy saving measures may include but not limited to proper planning of the production schedule and process improvement. The Group follows the lowcarbon development goals of China's 14th Five-Year Plan, and targets to reduce the Group's greenhouse gas emissions by 5% by 2027 on the 2022 basis through the use of energy efficient fuels and fuel-saving vehicles whenever possible.

During the Reporting Period, the emission of GHG is as follows:

GHG Emissions*	Unit	2023	2022
Scope 1	Tonne of CO₂e	14	21
Scope 2	Tonne of CO₂e	892	1,140
Scope 3	Tonne of CO₂e	25	11
Total	Tonne of CO₂e	931	1,172
Emission intensity	Tonne of CO₂e/million		
	dollars of revenue	1.5	20.7

The calculation method of the corresponding air emissions and the emission factors used in the calculation are based on Appendix 20 of the GEM Listing Rules and their referred documentation as set out by the Stock Exchange, unless stated otherwise.

The decrease of the Scope 1 and Scope 2 GHG emissions during the Reporting Period compared to the previous year was mainly attributed to the reduced use of motor vehicles for business travel and electricity in office under the pandemic movement control measures in the PRC. Furthermore, the noticeable decrease in emission intensity was caused by the significant increase in the Group's revenue during the Reporting Period.

1.3. Non-hazardous Wastes

The Group does not generate material hazardous waste in its operation. Non-hazardous wastes produced by the Group were mainly attributed to the paper and plastics of the discarded packaging materials and domestic wastes of office.

During the Reporting Period, non-hazardous wastes produced are as follows:

Non-hazardous wastes	Unit	2023	2022
Paper	Tonnes Tonnes/million dollars of revenue	11.33	11.53
Paper intensity		0	0.2
Plastic	Tonnes	98	6.38
Plastic intensity	Tonnes/million dollars of revenue	0.2	0.1

During the Reporting Period, the significant increase of the plastic wastes was primarily attributed to the change of the manufacturing product lines which required different production and packaging materials.

The Group targets to reduce its non-hazardous wastes by 5% by 2027 on the 2022 basis by implementing the 3R approach, "reduce, reuse and recycle", to minimize the wastes production. The relevant specific measures are as follows:

- e-platforms for paper-less operation, which encourages staff to print internal documents on both sides of paper whenever possible;
- Placing recycling boxes near photocopiers to collect single-sided paper for reuse as draft paper or printing of internal documents, so as to boost the rate of reuse; and
- Wastes are collected and processed by qualified waste recyclers in accordance with environmental regulations.

The Group was also promoting Green-Office idea in the workspace aimed to reduce other minor wastes. Such waste reduction measures in the office include stationery reuse and green pantry, which encourage employees to bring their own cups and lunch boxes in order to reduce the use of paper/plastic cups and lunch boxes.

2. USE OF RESOURCES

The Group aims to promote resource saving and implement suitable energy and water efficiency initiatives in order to improve the resources saving performance. The Group also motivates its employees to participate in resources conservation activities and encourages them to save energy and water.

The Group strives to comply with all relevant laws and regulations in relation to the Group's use of resources, including the "Energy Conservation Law of the People's Republic of China" and "Provisions on the Management of Water Conservation in Cities". During the Reporting Period, the Group has not identified any breach of related laws and regulations.

During the Reporting Period, the Group primarily consumes electricity, gasoline and diesel, water, paper and plastics. No other significant raw materials and energy were used by the Group during the Reporting Period.

2.1. Energy Consumption

The Group's main sources of energy consumption include electricity used in production and office spaces and gasoline and diesel for transportation. Decrease in energy consumption was mainly attributable to reduced use of office under the pandemic movement control measures in the PRC. The noticeable decrease in consumption intensity was caused by the significant increase in the Group's revenue during the Reporting Period. During the Reporting Period, consumption of energy are as follows:

Natural resources	Unit	2023	2022
Electricity	kWh	1,143,628	1,365,981
Consumption intensity	kWh/million dollars of revenue	1,896	24,134
Gasoline and diesel	Litre	5,178	7,610
Consumption intensity	Litre/million dollars of revenue	9	134

The Group targets to reduce its electricity consumption by 5% by 2027 on the 2022 basis by implementing the following energy saving initiatives at the plants and offices in Hong Kong and the PRC:

- Turn off lights when not in use;
- Setting the air conditioners at an optimal temperature;
- Installation of lights with motion sensors;
- Replacing electrical appliances with energy-saving models;
- Replacing LED lightings instead of fluorescent lightings; and
- Placing notices of energy saving messages in suitable areas to educate employees.

2.2. Water Consumption

The production and operation processes of the Group do not involve substantial water usage. The Group's water consumption is mainly for daily use and the Group did not face any problem in sourcing water that was fit for its purpose. During the Reporting Period, consumption of water resources are as follows:

Natural resources	Unit	2023	2022
Water	m^3	9,834	11,367
Water intensity	m³/million dollars of revenue	16	201

The Group has established the water separation system and recycling program for the production lines at plants to reduce water consumption. Water conservation signs are placed in conspicuous places in the workplace to raise staff's awareness. The decrease of water consumption during the Reporting Period compared to the previous year was mainly due to the reduced use of office under the pandemic movement control measures in the PRC. The noticeable decrease in consumption intensity was caused by the significant increase in the Group's revenue during the Reporting Period. The Group targets to reduce its water consumption by 5% by 2027 on the 2022 basis through by implementing the following practices:

- Apply advanced technology to strengthen water recycling;
- Educate employees on the importance of water conservation;
- Perform proper maintenance of water taps, pipelines and tanks; and
- Consider the installation of water economizer.

2.3. Packaging Material

Save and except for the paper and plastic usage as stipulated in *Section 1.3. Non-hazardous Wastes*, there was no other significant raw material or packaging material used in operation.

3. THE ENVIRONMENT AND NATURAL RESOURCES

The Group is not aware of any significant impacts of activities on the environment and natural resources during the Reporting Period.

The Group pays close attention to any possible impact of its business operation on the environment and natural resources. Thus, it not only follows national environmental regulations and international standards, but also adopts green management practices and encourages staff participation in environmental protection. To achieve green operation, a multi-pronged approach is adopted to raise staff awareness, formulate green policies, implement environmental initiatives and optimize monitoring on an ongoing basis. The Group also regularly assesses the possible environmental impact of its business activities to identify potential environmental risks.

A limited amount of hazardous substances is used by the Group in manufacturing power cords and data cords and trading of energy products, which include PVC, heavy metals and halogen compounds. With the view of reducing the risk, the Group adopts strict production procedures and minimizes the use of such materials in the products. All of the Group's products for export are designed to meet international quality standards and they have passed the Restriction of Hazardous Substances (RoHs), REACH, Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment (WEEE) and other environmental tests which ensure that they are in line with various standards.

4. **CLIMATE CHANGE**

Climate change is one of the most crucial issues of the past decade. The Group has been closely monitoring the risk and capturing the opportunities from climate change. Investments will be allocated and prioritized to address the main climate related risk, which will enable the Group to facilitate a smooth transition to and thrive in a low-carbon economy. The Group identified that the following climate risks might have a potential impact on the Group's business:

4.1. Physical Risk

Climate change poses a significant threat to physical safety, particularly in the form of eventdriven occurrences like storms, floods, and fires. These events can cause operational delays or even halt the manufacturing and assembling processes that support the Group's power and data cords business, and also the trading business segments. However, the Group has taken proactive measures to address these risks. By developing contingency plans that account for various weather-related incidents, the Group aims to minimize the impact of climactic risks on their operations. Additionally, to mitigate financial losses incurred by damage to assets due to extreme weather conditions, the Group maintains comprehensive insurance coverage.

4.2. Transition Risk

Climate change is a pressing issue that requires collective action from all nations. In 2020, President Xi Jinping announced the PRC's commitment to achieve (i) peak carbon emissions by 2030; and (ii) carbon neutrality by 2060 at the United Nations General Assembly. This ambitious goal will require the government to implement more stringent policies and initiatives to reduce carbon emissions, which may result in higher operating costs for businesses. As a result, the Group may need to replace its equipment and tools with more efficient models to comply with regulations, leading to higher expenses. To mitigate the impact of these changes, the Group is closely monitoring its carbon footprint and exploring alternative ways to reduce its environmental impact. Additionally, the Group is staying up-to-date with the latest policies and regulations related to climate change and environmental protection to ensure compliance and avoid noncompliance fines, safeguarding its operational, financial, and reputational stability.

SOCIAL PERFORMANCE

The element of social sustainability is the most comprehensive of the three components in ESG, yet it is often neglected due to the absence of standardized metrics to assess it. Sustainable development discussions typically concentrate on the environmental and economic dimensions of sustainability, disregarding social sustainability. The Group, however, recognizes that achieving the most sustainable outcome necessitates addressing all three aspects of sustainability. Therefore, the Group is committed to not only improving its environmental and economic performance but also ensuring its social sustainability.

EMPLOYMENT AND LABOUR PRACTICES

Employment

The success of the Group relies on the continued support of its dedicated workforce, the most valuable asset for sustaining business. The Group respects and cares for its employees by creating a delightful and safe workplace, as well as providing training opportunities. The Group strives to maintain employee turnover rate at an acceptable level so as to facilitate accumulation of professional skills and experience. As at the end of the Reporting Period, the Group has a total number of 139 (2022: 114) full-time employees.

	Number of staff	Staff turnover rate
Gender		
Male	79	28%
Female	60	57%
Age Group		
18-30	11	168%
31-40	36	48%
41-50	51	29%
51 or above	41	17%
Geographical region		
PRC	125	44%
Hong Kong	12	21%
Other Asian countries	2	0%
Employee categories		
Senior management	17	0%
Middle management	14	36%
General staff	108	47%
	100	17 70

During the Reporting Period, the Group has not identified any significant breach of employment related laws and regulations, including the "Employment Ordinance (Cap. 57 of the Laws of Hong Kong)"; "Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance (Cap. 485 of the Laws of Hong Kong)"; "Employees' Compensation Ordinance (Cap. 282 of the Laws of Hong Kong)"; "Minimum Wage Ordinance (Cap. 608 of the Laws of Hong Kong)"; "Labour Law of the People's Republic of China"; "Law of the People's Republic of China on Promotion of Employment"; "Social Insurance Law of the People's Republic of China"; and "Labour Contract Law of the People's Republic of China".

Remuneration and benefits

The Group recognizes the importance of staff's contribution and cooperation in achieving business success, therefore the Group strives to develop a comprehensive staff motivation mechanism to attract and retain high-calibre talents who share its vision. For example, the Group offers basic benefits as required by laws such as the "Five Insurances and One Fund", medical insurance, annual leave, sick leave and double pay for overtime work. In addition, the Group provides other fringe benefits as well, which include performance-based bonus, free lunch, travel allowance, transport allowance, study subsidy, overseas training, marriage leave and maternity leave. Staff remuneration is determined based on the job nature, qualification, experience and performance of individual employees. The Group also conducts market studies on the remuneration level in the industry. The management of the Group adjusts employees' wages with reference to the performance appraisal and market studies every January.

Promotion and development

The Group carries out staff performance reviews annually. Staff members who have attained remarkable achievements and made outstanding contribution will be recognized by means of material rewards, honours and promotion opportunities. the Group offers suitable vocational training, arrangements and career path to promising employees as well, so as to equip them for more responsibilities and facilitate the growth of both the Group and the employees.

Equal opportunity

The Group offers fair and excellent employment and promotion opportunities. Staff members are not discriminated against or deprived of such opportunities on the basis of gender, nationality, marital status, religious belief, disability, pregnancy or any other grounds prohibited under applicable laws.

2. **HEALTH AND SAFETY**

The Group proactively works to reduce injury risks and occupational diseases by establishing related management systems and organizing safety training for its workforce. Furthermore, in order to ensure staff's safety, all employees are required to strictly follow the safety instructions on the proper storage of machines, equipment and raw materials for production.

In the meantime, the Group devotes its best efforts to raise staff awareness of occupational health and safety. It communicates health and safety knowledge and guidelines to employees by formulating health and safety policy and procedure, staff manual, orientation and on-the-job training, and various safety notices, posters and slogans, which remind them to stay safe when performing job duties. Occupational safety and health posters and warnings are placed at prominent position. Employees with driving duties contribute to workplace safety through orientation training for drivers and enhanced inspection of vehicle safety. These occupational health and safety initiatives help minimize risks and safeguard the interests of employees, customers and other stakeholders.

The Group strives to comply with all health and safety laws and regulations, including the "Occupational Safety and Health Ordinance (Cap. 509 of the Laws of Hong Kong)"; "Production Safety Law of the People's Republic of China"; "Law of the People's Republic of China on Prevention and Control of Occupational Diseases"; "Regulations on the Reporting, Investigation and Disposition of Work Safety Accidents of the PRC"; "Special Rules on the Labour Protection of Female Employees of the PRC"; and "Regulation on Work-Related Injury Insurance of the PRC". During the Reporting Period, the Group reported no work-related fatalities (2021: 0 and 2022: 0) and 45 lost days due to work injury (2021: 0 and 2022: 0). The Group was not aware of any violations of Hong Kong and the PRC health and safety laws and regulations.

3. DEVELOPMENT AND TRAINING

The Group has a well-established system to provide suitable training opportunities to different departments and positions, so that staff members, regardless their roles, have access to the knowledge and skills required to keep the efficiency and productivity, which is beneficial to its long-term development.

The Group encourages all staff to participate in essential external training and courses, such as negotiation courses, as necessary to sharpen their skills. In order to foster team spirit, the Group invites external organization to organize team building activities, where staff in different positions can get to know each other and develop cohesion and mutual trust through cooperation. As a result, they can work towards the common goal more efficiently.

During the Reporting Period, approximately 8% of the employees of the Group participated in different types of training. The percentages of employees trained and the average training hours completed per employee are shown below:

Percentage of Employees trained (By Gender)		Male	Female
2023 2022		13% 16%	2% 2%
Percentage of Employees trained	Senior	Middle	
(By Employment Category)	Management	Management	General Staff

During the Reporting Period, the average training hours per employee are approximately 0.9 hours. The breakdowns of the average training hours completed per employee by gender and employee category are as follows:

Average Training Hours (By Gender)		Male	Female
2023 2022		1.3 1.7	0.3 0.3
Average Training Hours (By Employment Category)	Senior Management	Middle Management	General Staff

LABOUR STANDARDS

The Group adopts all measures and internal control procedures to prevent any forms of child labour and forced labour. The Human Resource Department of the Group is responsible for monitoring the compliance of the Group with the relevant laws and regulations that prohibit child labour and forced labour employment. The Group requires job applicants to provide valid identity documents before confirmation of employment to ensure that the applicants are lawfully employable. Upon discovery of any child labour and use of forced labour, the person will be dismissed immediately and the management and responsible person will be disciplined accordingly.

During the Reporting Period, the Group was not aware of any non-compliance of labour related laws and regulations, including the "Employment Ordinance (Cap. 57 of the Laws of Hong Kong)" and "Labour Law of the People's Republic of China".

SUPPLY CHAIN MANAGEMENT

The Group believes managing ESG issues throughout the supply chain bring the following benefits both to the Group and to the investors:

- Quicker response to emerging regulations and legal obligations;
- Avoiding loss of contracts of ESG focused customers:
- Enhancing business continuity;
- Increased stakeholders' confidence;
- Opportunity for the Group to develop and maintain long-term and trusting partnership with the suppliers;
- Make the Group more attractive to invest; and
- Better financial performance from increased labour and process productivity.

The Group has established a standardized procurement system that operates in an efficient, fair and open manner, thereby safeguarding the interests of itself and other stakeholders. To ensure good supply chain management, the Group conducts background check and on-site evaluation of potential suppliers against criteria such as quality of goods, track record, production capacity, reputation, staffing and business qualification. Meanwhile, the Group requires suppliers to provide business licences, identity cards of the legal persons, articles of association, organizational structure and photos in all workshops including packaging workshop, technical workshop and warehouse for verification before making decisions.

The Group maintains a close relationship with suppliers to ensure that their business complies with local laws and regulations, such as the prohibition of child and forced labour. The Group believes that good sourcing practice is determined not just by the high product quality and timely delivery, but also the continuous reduction of the environmental footprint in the supply chain. The Group's green procurement involves assessing the suppliers' performance and contribution to environmental protection.

During the Reporting Period, the Group has 120, 2, and 1 suppliers located in the PRC, Hong Kong, and Taiwan, respectively.

6. PRODUCT RESPONSIBILITY

The Group strives to comply with all product responsibility related laws and regulations, including the "The Law of the People's Republic of China on Product Quality"; "The Metrology Law of the People's Republic of China"; "Law of the People's Republic of China on the Protection of Consumer Rights and Interests"; "Advertisement Law of the People's Republic of China"; and "Trade Descriptions Ordinance of Hong Kong". During the Reporting Period, the Group has not identified any breach of product responsibility related laws and regulations.

Quality management

To enhance product quality, the Group aims at meeting international standards and its power cord products have passed different environmental tests including the RoHS, REACH and WEEE, as well as the standards and specifications established by USB Implementation Forum, Inc. All of the Group's products are in line with international and domestic regulatory requirements and industry practices. The Group has formulated product recall policies which allow customers to contact the Group through customer services hotline. Complaints and product recall request will be properly followed up respective departments. During the Reporting Period, the Group did not receive any significant product recalls for safety and health reasons, the Group also did not receive any significant complaints regarding product flaws.

Advertising and marketing

In full compliance with the laws and regulations, the Group's sales documents give a true description of the specifications and features of its products without containing exaggerated and misrepresented information.

Data protection

In its daily operation, the Group processes various types of commercial information and personal data. For the purpose of protecting the information of the Group and its stakeholders, the Group has installed authorized software on all computers at the workplace. Employees are forbidden to install software without permission or handle personal matters on company computers, thereby minimising the risks of hacker attacks, Trojan horse and other computer viruses. The Group also has stringent data protection procedure for customers' information. The Group includes a confidentiality clause in all employment contracts which prohibits unauthorized disclosure or leakage of company information. Without the consent of the Group, employees are not allowed to disclose any sensitive information to any third parties or use such information for other unauthorized use. Staff members who are in breach of the policy and regulations will be subject to disciplinary actions or termination of employment.

Intellectual property rights

The Group's business operation does not involve significant intellectual property rights issues, and the Group does not hold any significant patent and trademark with regards to its products.

7. **ANTI-CORRUPTION**

The Group has formulated the comprehensive company regulations and employee code of conduct (the "Code of Conduct") as the standards of staff conduct. With the view of maintaining efficiency and integrity, the Group requires all staff members to follow the rules of the Code of Conduct and remain responsible and professional at all times. The Group's employees are not allowed to offer, solicit or accept any gifts of material value to or from colleagues, customers, suppliers or other business partners of the Group that raise concern over conflict of interest. All new employees are required to read and sign the Group's policy on conflict of interest, which stipulates that staff members should avoid personal conflicts of interest when dealing with any third parties on behalf of the Group.

A whistleblowing mechanism has been set up to provide a reporting channel for staff. As a result, employees can report suspected corruption, theft, fraud and embezzlement cases to the immediate head of the department, human resources department or other management members. The management may, in accordance with the local laws, report to government authorities such as the Police or Independent Commission Against Corruption for follow up actions as necessary. In addition, throughout the Reporting Period, training was regularly provided to employees in order to equip them with an understanding of the latest regulations and best practices relating to anti- bribery, extortion, fraud and money-laundering matters, including but not limited to the national anti-corruption policies and the Group's internal Code of Conduct.

The Group strives to comply with all anti-corruption related laws and regulations, including the "Anti-Corruption Law of the People's Republic of China"; "Law of the People's Republic of China on Antimoney Laundering"; "Anti-Money Laundering and Counter-Terrorist Financing Ordinance (Cap. 615 of the Laws of Hong Kong)"; and "Prevention of Bribery Ordinance (Cap. 201 of the Laws of Hong Kong)". During the Reporting Period, the Group has not identified any breach of anti-corruption related laws and regulations.

During the reporting period, there were no legal cases regarding corrupt practices brought against the Group or its employees.

8. **COMMUNITY INVESTMENT**

The Group recognizes that social prosperity is a crucial aspect of sustainable development and has integrated it into the heart of its business operations. The Group is committed to improving the wellbeing of the communities in which it operates and strives to build positive relationships with local stakeholders. The Group has adopted a proactive approach to community investment and encourages its employees to participate in various community initiatives such as volunteering, charity events, and donations. By leading by example, the Group aims to demonstrate the importance of corporate social responsibility and inspire others to follow suit. The Group is aware of the importance of addressing all three aspects of sustainability: environmental, economic, and social, and is committed to achieving the most sustainable outcome possible.



Certified Public Accountants

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TO THE MEMBERS OF CENTURY ENERGY INTERNATIONAL HOLDINGS LIMITED (FORMERLY KNOWN AS CHINA OIL GANGRAN ENERGY GROUP HOLDINGS LIMITED)

百能國際能源控股有限公司(前稱為「中油港燃能源集團控股有限公司」) (Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

OPINION

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Century Energy International Holdings Limited (formerly known as China Oil Gangran Energy Group Holdings Limited) (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as "the Group") set out on pages 62 to 140, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 March 2023, the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 March 2023, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") and have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

BASIS FOR OPINION

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing ("HKSAs") issued by the HKICPA. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA's Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants ("the Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

KEY AUDIT MATTERS

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

KEY AUDIT MATTERS (Continued)

Allowance for expected credit losses ("ECL") on trade receivables

Key Audit Matter

We identified the allowance for ECL on trade receivables as a key audit matter due to significant management judgement involved in the identification and measurement of the allowance for FCI

As disclosed in note 21 to the consolidated financial statements, the Group has trade receivables of approximately HK\$30,645,000, net of an allowance for ECL of approximately HK\$23,782,000 as at 31 March 2023

At the end of each reporting period, the management assesses whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk for exposures since initial recognition by comparing the risk of a default occurring over the expected life between the reporting date and the date of initial recognition. The management considers reasonably supportable information that is relevant and available without undue cost or effort for this purpose. This includes quantitative and qualitative information and also, forward-looking analysis.

How our audit addressed the Key Audit Matter

Our procedures in relation to allowance for ECL on trade receivables included:

- inquiring the management to understand the approach applied on ECL model of trade receivables:
- understanding key controls on how the management estimates impairment for trade receivables:
- assessing the appropriateness of the ECL provisioning methodology; examining the key data inputs on a sample basis to assess their accuracy and completeness, and challenging the assumptions, including background information of the customers, past settlement records of the customers, concentration risk of customers and the Group's actual loss experience;
- evaluating the management's assessment on the individual significant trade receivables that were past due as at 31 March 2023 with reference to supporting evidence such as repayment history of the customers; and
- checking the subsequent settlement of trade receivable after the year end date.

Based on the above procedures, we found that management's judgements and estimates of allowance for ECL of trade receivables are supported by available evidence.

OTHER INFORMATION

The directors of the Company are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, but does not include the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE DIRECTORS AND THOSE CHARGED WITH GOVERNANCE FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion solely to you, as a body, in accordance with our agreed terms of engagement, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

As part of an audit in accordance with HKSAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

OTHER MATTERS

The consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2022 were audited by the previous auditor of the Group who expressed a qualified opinion on opening balances and corresponding figures on those statements on 23 June 2022.

Confucius International CPA Limited Certified Public Accountants **Wong Kam Hing** Practising Certificate Number: P05697

Hong Kong, 23 June 2023

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

For the year ended 31 March 2023

	NOTES	2023 HK\$'000	2022 HK\$'000
Revenue	7	603,125	56,605
Cost of sales		(584,600)	(39,022)
Gross profit		18,525	17,583
Other income and gain or (loss), net	8	6,632	3,906
Selling expenses		(2,311)	(2,844)
Administrative expenses		(47,785)	(56,939)
Loss from operations		(24,939)	(38,294)
Gain on disposal of subsidiaries		(24,555)	891
Fair value gain on recognition of convertible notes		_	3,103
Gain on debt restructuring		_	140,906
Finance costs	10	(7,164)	(5,174)
(Loss)/profit before tax		(32,103)	101,432
Income tax expense	11	(216)	(1,045)
(Loss)/profit for the year	12	(32,319)	100,387
Other comprehensive (expense)/income			
Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:			
Exchange differences arising on translation of			
foreign operations		(2,020)	1,328
Release of exchange reserve upon disposal of subsidiaries		_	44
Other comprehensive (expense)/income for the year,			
net of tax		(2,020)	1,372
Total comprehensive (expense)/income for the year		(34,339)	101,759

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

For the year ended 31 March 2023

	NOTE	2023 HK\$'000	2022 HK\$'000
(Loss)/profit for the year attributable to:			
Owners of the Company		(30,744)	104,744
Non-controlling interests		(1,575)	(4,357)
		(32,319)	100,387
Total comprehensive (expense)/income for the year attributable to: Owners of the Company Non-controlling interests		(31,278) (3,061)	105,341 (3,582)
(Loss)/profit for the year		(34,339)	101,759
(Loss)/earnings per share	14		
Basic (HK cents)		(1.21)	5.15
Diluted (HK cents)		(1.21)	5.15

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

At 31 March 2023

	NOTES	2023 HK\$'000	2022 HK\$'000
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	16	19,700	23,621
Right-of-use assets	17	3,739	4,111
Prepayment for acquisition of property, plant and equipment	10	-	80
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	18	_	
		23,439	27,812
Current assets	20	2.044	F 22F
Inventories	20	3,914	5,335
Trade and other receivables	21	85,469	52,651
Contingent consideration receivables Bank balances and cash	22 23	47.001	15 210
Bank balances and cash	25	47,901	15,318
		137,284	73,304
Current liabilities			
Trade and other payables	24	77,760	30,225
Borrowings	25	20,695	14,899
Lease liabilities	17	1,609	1,196
Tax payables		7,351	7,179
		107,415	53,499
Net current assets		29,869	19,805
Total assets less current liabilities		53,308	47,617

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

At 31 March 2023

	NOTES	2023 HK\$'000	2022 HK\$'000
Non-current liabilities			
Borrowings	25	39,284	26,698
Lease liabilities	17	1,130	1,836
Deferred tax liabilities	27	38	38
		40,452	28,572
NET ASSETS		12,856	19,045
Capital and reserves			
Share capital	28	10,778	10,134
Reserves		(4,677)	3,095
Equity attributable to owners of the Company		6,101	13,229
Non-controlling interests		6,755	5,816
		·	
TOTAL EQUITY		12,856	19,045

The consolidated financial statements on pages 62 to 140 were approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 23 June 2023 and are signed on its behalf by:

> **Leung Wing Cheong Eric** Director

Cheung Yip Sang Director

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

For the year ended 31 March 2023

	10.7 × 11 × 61 · 6										
-	Attributable to owners of the Company										
	Share capital HK\$'000	Share premium HK\$'000	Statutory reserve HK\$'000	Convertible notes equity reserve HK\$'000	Equity transaction reserve HK\$'000	Foreign currency translation reserve HK\$'000	Share-based payment reserve HK\$'000	Accumulated losses HK\$'000	Sub-total HK\$'000	Non- controlling interests HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
At 1 April 2021	1,520	703,768	1,998	2,215	3,030	(663)	47,806	(893,602)	(133,928)	9,269	(124,659)
Profit (loss) for the year Exchange differences arising on	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	104,744	104,744	(4,357)	100,387
translation of foreign operations Release of exchange reserve upon disposal of subsidiaries	-	_	-	_	_	553 44	-	_	553 44	775	1,328
araposari or substandites									71		
Total comprehensive income (expense) for the year	-	-	-	-	_	597	-	104,744	105,341	(3,582)	101,759
Disposal of subsidiaries Recognition of equity component of	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	129	129
convertible notes Derecognition of convertible notes equity	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	3	-	3
reserve upon debt restructuring Issuance of shares upon share	-	-	-	(2,215)	-	-	-	2,215	-	-	-
subscription Issuance of shares upon debt	7,601	29,294	-	-	-	-	-	-	36,895	-	36,895
restructuring Share options lapsed	1,013 -	3,905 –	-	-	-	-	(5,782)	- 5,782	4,918 -	-	4,918 -
At 31 March 2022 and 1 April 2022	10,134	736,967	1,998	3	3,030	(66)	42,024	(780,861)	13,229	5,816	19,045
Loss for the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(30,744)	(30,744)	(1,575)	(32,319)
Exchange differences arising on translation of foreign operations	_	-	_	-	-	(534)	_	-	(534)	(1,486)	(2,020)
Total comprehensive expense for the year	-	-	-	-	-	(534)	-	(30,744)	(31,278)	(3,061)	(34,339)
Capital injection from non-controlling interests	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,000	4,000
Derecognition of convertible notes equity reserve	-	-	-	(3)	-	-	-	3	-	-	-
Issuance of shares upon loan capitalisation	644	23,506	-	-	-	-	-	-	24,150	-	24,150
Share options lapsed	-			_		-	(42,024)	42,024	-	-	

At 31 March 2023

10,778

760,473

1,998

3,030

(769,578)

6,101

6,755

12,856

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

For the year ended 31 March 2023

	Notes	2023 HK\$'000	2022 HK\$'000
Operating activities			
Profit/(loss) before tax		(32,103)	101,432
Adjustments for:			
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	16	4,360	3,786
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	17	1,502	873
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment		852	_
Write-off of property, plant and equipment		_	14
Allowance for obsolete stock		129	(4,339)
Other payables written off		(500)	(1,166)
Allowance for credit losses on trade receivables		117	17,864
Reversal of allowance for credit losses on trade receivables		(1,813)	_
Impairment loss of other receivables		-	20
Gain on disposal of subsidiaries		_	(891)
Gain on debt restructuring	4.0	-	(140,906)
Finance costs	10	7,164	5,174
Interest income	8	(123)	(9)
Fair value gain on recognition of convertible note			(3,103)
Operating cash flows before movements in working capital		(20,415)	(21,251)
Decrease in inventories		1,292	2,431
(Increase)/decrease in trade and other receivables		(31,122)	20,089
Increase/(decrease) in trade and other payables		48,499	(22,536)
Cash used in operations		(1,747)	(21,267)
Income tax paid		(44)	(47)
Not each used in apprating activities		(1 701)	/21 21 4\
Net cash used in operating activities		(1,791)	(21,314)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

For the year ended 31 March 2023

	Notes	2023 HK\$'000	2022 HK\$'000
Investing activities			
Purchase of property, plant and equipment		(2,764)	(9,707)
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment		187	_
Prepayment for acquisition of property, plant and equipment		_	(80)
Interest received		123	9
Net cash used in investing activities		(2,454)	(9,778)
and the second s			
Financing activities Interest paid	37	(3,603)	(948)
Repayments of lease liabilities	37 37	(3,603)	(616)
Advance from ultimate holding company	37	8,979	15,241
Advance from a shareholder		1,618	13,241
Bank loan raised		12,571	_
Repayment of bank loan		(3,604)	(120)
Other loans raised		33,708	14,776
Repayment of other loans		(13,109)	(14,700)
Capital injection from a non-controlling interest		4,000	_
Proceeds from issue of shares		_	36,895
Proceeds from issue of convertible notes		_	3,106
Payment for debt restructuring		_	(20,000)
Net cash from financing activities		38,834	33,634
Net Cash Holli illiancing activities		30,034	33,034
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		34,589	2,542
Effect of foreign exchange rate changes		(2,006)	937
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year		15,318	11,839
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year		47,901	15,318
Analysis of cash and cash equivalents Bank and cash balances	23	47,901	15,318

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2023

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

The Company was incorporated in the Cayman Islands as an exempted company with limited liability under the Companies Law of the Cayman Islands. Its ultimate holding company is Baineng Holdings Limited (incorporated in Hong Kong). The address of its registered office is Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive, P.O. Box 2681, Grand Cayman KY1-1111, Cayman Islands. The address of its principal place of business is Suite 2303, 23/F., Prudential Tower, The Gateway, Harbour City, Tsim Sha Tsui, Kowloon, Hong Kong. The Company's shares are listed on the GEM of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange").

The consolidated financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars ("HK\$"), which is same as the functional currency of the Company.

The Company is an investment holding company. Details of the principal activities of its subsidiaries are set out in note 36 to the consolidated financial statements.

2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND AMENDMENTS TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs")

AMENDMENTS TO HKFRSs THAT ARE MANDATORILY EFFECTIVE FOR THE CURRENT YEAR

In the current year, the Group has applied the following amendments to HKFRSs issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") for the first time, which are mandatorily effective for the annual period beginning on 1 April 2022 for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements.

HKFRSs (Amendments)

Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2018–2020 Cycle

HKFRS 3 (Amendments)

Reference to the Conceptual Framework

HKAS 16 (Amendments) Property, Plant and Equipment — Proceeds before Intended Use

HKAS 37 (Amendments)

Onerous Contracts — Cost of Fulfilling a Contract

Accounting Guideline 5 (Revised)

Merger Accounting for Common Control Combinations

The application of the amendments to HKFRSs in the current year has had no material impact on the Group's financial positions and performance for the current and prior years and/or on the disclosures set out in these consolidated financial statements.

For the year ended 31 March 2023

2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND AMENDMENTS TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL **REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs")** (Continued)

NEW AND AMENDMENTS TO HKFRSs ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE

The Group has not early applied the following new and amendments to HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective:

HKFRS 10 and HKAS 28 Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and

(Amendments) Associate or Joint Venture³

HKFRS 16 (Amendments) Lease Liability in a Sale and Leaseback²

HKFRS 17 Insurance Contracts and related Amendments¹

HKAS 1 (Amendments) Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current and

related Amendments to Hong Kong Interpretation 5 (2020)²

HKAS 1 (Amendments) Non-current Liabilities with Covenants² HKAS 1 (Amendments) and Disclosure of Accounting Policies¹

HKFRS Practice Statement 2

HKAS 8 (Amendments) Definition of Accounting Estimates¹

HKAS 12 (Amendments) Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities arising from

a Single Transaction¹

Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2023.

Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2024.

Effective date to be determined.

The directors of the Company anticipate that the application of all the above new and amendments to HKFRSs will have no material impact on the consolidated financial statements in the foreseeable future.

For the year ended 31 March 2023

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA. In addition, the consolidated financial statements include applicable disclosures required by the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the GEM of the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited ("GEM Listing Rules") and by the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for certain financial instruments that are measured at fair value at the end of each reporting period, as explained in accounting policies set out below.

Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange of goods and services.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date, regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. In estimating the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Group takes into account the characteristics of the asset or liability if market participants would take those characteristics into account when pricing the asset or liability at the measurement date. Fair value for measurement and/or disclosure purposes in these consolidated financial statements is determined on such a basis, except for share-based payment transactions that are within the scope of HKFRS 2 "Share-based Payment", leasing transactions that are accounted for in accordance with HKFRS 16 "Leases", and measurements that have some similarities to fair value but are not fair value, such as net realisable value in HKAS 2 "Inventories" or value in use in HKAS 36 "Impairment of Assets".

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

In addition, for financial reporting purposes, fair value measurements are categorised into Level 1, 2 or 3 based on the degree to which the inputs to the fair value measurements are observable and the significance of the inputs to the fair value measurement in its entirety, which are described as follows:

- Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date;
- Level 2 inputs are inputs, other than quoted prices included within Level 1, that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly; and
- Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

The principal accounting policies are set out below.

For the year ended 31 March 2023

BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND **SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (Continued)

BASIS OF CONSOLIDATION

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the Company and entities (including structured entities) controlled by the Company and its subsidiaries. Control is achieved when the Company:

- has power over the investee;
- is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee; and
- has the ability to use its power to affect its returns.

The Group reassesses whether or not it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the three elements of control listed above.

Consolidation of a subsidiary begins when the Group obtains control over the subsidiary and ceases when the Group loses control of the subsidiary. Specifically, income and expenses of a subsidiary acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income from the date the Group gains control until the date when the Group ceases to control the subsidiary.

Profit or loss and each item of other comprehensive income are attributed to the owners of the Company and to the non-controlling interests. Total comprehensive income of subsidiaries is attributed to the owners of the Company and to the non-controlling interests even if this results in the noncontrolling interests having a deficit balance.

When necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring their accounting policies in line with the Group's accounting policies.

All intragroup assets and liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows relating to transactions between members of the Group are eliminated in full on consolidation.

Non-controlling interests in subsidiaries are presented separately from the Group's equity therein, which represent present ownership interests entitling their holders to a proportionate share of net assets of the relevant subsidiaries upon liquidation.

INVESTMENT IN SUBSIDIARIES

Investment in subsidiaries presented in the statement of financial position of the Company are stated at cost less any identified impairment loss.

For the year ended 31 March 2023

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

CHANGES IN THE GROUP'S INTERESTS IN EXISTING SUBSIDIARIES

Changes in the Group's ownership interests in existing subsidiaries that do not result in the Group losing control over the subsidiaries are accounted for as equity transactions. The carrying amounts of the Group's relevant components of equity and the non-controlling interests are adjusted to reflect the changes in their relative interests in the subsidiaries, including re-attribution of relevant reserves between the Group and the non-controlling interests according to the Group's and the non-controlling interests' proportionate interests.

Any difference between the amount by which the non-controlling interests are adjusted, and the fair value of the consideration paid or received is recognised directly in equity and attributed to owners of the Company.

When the Group loses control of a subsidiary, the assets and liabilities of that subsidiary and non-controlling interests (if any) are derecognised. A gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss and is calculated as the difference between (i) the aggregate of the fair value of the consideration received and the fair value of any retained interest and (ii) the carrying amount of the assets (including goodwill), and liabilities of the subsidiary attributable to the owners of the Company. All amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to that subsidiary are accounted for as if the Group had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities of the subsidiary (i.e. reclassified to profit or loss or transferred to another category of equity as specified/permitted by applicable HKFRSs). The fair value of any investment retained in the former subsidiary at the date when control is lost is regarded as the fair value on initial recognition for subsequent accounting under HKFRS 9 "Financial Instruments" or when applicable, the cost on initial recognition of an investment in an associate or a joint venture.

SEGMENT REPORTING

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision-maker. The chief operating decision-maker, who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments, has been identified as the executive directors who make strategic decisions.

For the year ended 31 March 2023

BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND **SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (Continued)

REVENUE FROM CONTRACTS WITH CUSTOMERS

The Group recognises revenue when (or as) a performance obligation is satisfied, i.e. when "control" of the goods or services underlying the particular performance obligation is transferred to the customer.

A performance obligation represents a good or service (or a bundle of goods or services) that is distinct or a series of distinct goods or services that are substantially the same.

Control is transferred over time and revenue is recognised over time by reference to the progress towards complete satisfaction of the relevant performance obligation if one of the following criteria is met:

- the customer simultaneously receives and consumes the benefits provided by the Group's performance as the Group performs;
- the Group's performance creates and enhances an asset that the customer controls as the Group performs; or
- the Group's performance does not create an asset with an alternative use to the Group and the Group has an enforceable right to payment for performance completed to date.

Otherwise, revenue is recognised at a point in time when the customer obtains control of the distinct good or service.

A contract asset represents the Group's right to consideration in exchange for goods or services that the Group has transferred to a customer that is not yet unconditional. It is assessed for impairment in accordance with HKFRS 9. In contrast, a receivable represents the Group's unconditional right to consideration, i.e. only the passage of time is required before payment of that consideration is due.

A contract liability represents the Group's obligation to transfer goods or services to a customer for which the Group has received consideration (or an amount of consideration is due) from the customer.

A contract asset and a contract liability relating to the same contract are accounted for and presented on a net basis.

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable.

For the year ended 31 March 2023

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

FOREIGN CURRENCIES

In preparing the financial statements of each individual group entity, transactions in currencies other than the functional currency of that entity (foreign currencies) are recognised at the rates of exchanges prevailing on the dates of the transactions. At the end of the reporting period, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at that date. Non-monetary items carried at fair value that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing on the date when the fair value was determined. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated.

Exchange differences arising on the settlement of monetary items, and on the retranslation of monetary items, are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.

For the purposes of presenting consolidated financial statements, the assets and liabilities of the Group's operations are translated into the presentation currency of the Group (i.e. Hong Kong dollars) using exchange rates prevailing at the end of each reporting period. Income and expenses items are translated at the average exchange rates for the period, unless exchange rates fluctuate significantly during the period, in which case, the exchange rates at the dates of transactions are used. Exchange differences arising, if any, are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity under the heading of foreign currency translation reserve (attributed to non-controlling interests as appropriate).

On the disposal of a foreign operation (that is, a disposal of the Group's entire interest in a foreign operation, or a disposal involving loss of control over a subsidiary that includes a foreign operation, or a partial disposal of an interest in a joint arrangement or an associate that includes a foreign operation of which the retained interest becomes a financial asset), all of the exchange differences accumulated in equity in respect of that operation attributable to the owners of the Company are reclassified to profit or loss.

For the year ended 31 March 2023

BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND **SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (Continued)

PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Property, plant and equipment are tangible assets that are held for use in the production or supply of goods or services, or for administrative purposes. Property, plant and equipment are stated in the consolidated statement of financial position at cost less subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses, if any.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost of assets less their residual values over their estimated useful lives, using the straight-line method. The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis. The principal annual rates used for this purpose are as follows:

Buildings Shorter of the term of land lease or 40 years

Leasehold improvements 4 to 5 years Moulding and equipment 5 years Motor vehicles 4 to 5 years Furniture and office equipment 4 to 5 years

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the net sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in profit or loss.

INTANGIBLE ASSETS

Intangible assets acquired separately

Intangible assets with finite useful lives that are acquired separately are carried at costs less accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses. Amortisation for intangible assets with finite useful lives is recognised on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives. The estimated useful life and amortisation method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate being accounted for on a prospective basis. Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives that are acquired separately are carried at cost less any subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

An intangible asset is derecognised on disposal, or when no future economic benefits are expected from use or disposal. Gains and losses arising from derecognition of an intangible asset, measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset, are recognised in profit or loss when the asset is derecognised.

For the year ended 31 March 2023

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

IMPAIRMENT ON PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT AND RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS

At the end of each reporting period, the Group reviews the carrying amounts of its property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets with finite useful lives to determine whether there is any indication that these assets have suffered an impairments loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the relevant asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss, if any. Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives and intangible assets not yet available for use are tested for impairment at least annually, and whenever there is any indication that they may be impaired.

The recoverable amount of property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets are estimated individually. When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount individually, the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the assets belongs.

In testing a cash-generating unit for impairment, corporate assets are allocated to the relevant cash-generating units when a reasonable and consistent basis of allocation can be established, or otherwise they are allocated to the smallest group of cash-generating units for which a reasonable and consistent allocation basis can be established. The recoverable amount is determined for the cash-generating unit or group of cash-generating units to which the corporate asset belongs, and is compared with carrying amount of the relevant cash-generating unit or group of cash-generating units.

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset (or a cash-generating unit) for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted.

If the recoverable amount of an asset (or a cash-generating unit) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (or a cash-generating unit) is reduced to its recoverable amount. In allocating the impairment loss, the impairment loss is allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill (if applicable) and then to the other assets on a pro-rata basis based on the carrying amount of each asset in the unit or the group of cash-generating units. The carrying amount of an asset is not reduced below the highest of its fair value less costs of disposal (if measurable), its value in use (if determinable) and zero. The amount of the impairment loss that would otherwise have been allocated to the asset is allocated pro rata to the other assets of the unit or the group of cash-generating units. An impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (or a cash-generating unit is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset (or a cash-generating unit in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

For the year ended 31 March 2023

BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND **SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (Continued)

INVENTORIES

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Costs of inventories are determined using the weighted average method. The cost of finished goods and work in progress comprises raw materials, direct labour and an appropriate proportion of all production overhead expenditure, and where appropriate, subcontracting charges. Net realisable value represents the estimated selling price for inventories, less all estimated costs of completion and costs necessary to make the sale. Costs necessary to make the sale include incremental costs directly attributable to the sale and nonincremental costs which the Group must incur to make the sale.

LEASES

Definition of a lease

A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

For contracts entered into or modified on or after the date of initial application of HKFRS 16 or arising from business combinations, the Group assesses whether a contract is or contains a lease based on the definition under HKFRS 16 at inception, modification date or acquisition date, as appropriate. Such contract will not be reassessed unless the terms and conditions of the contract are subsequently changed.

The Group as a lessee

Allocation of consideration to components of a contract

For a contract that contains a lease component and one or more additional lease or non-lease components, the Group allocates the consideration in the contract to each lease component on the basis of the relative stand-alone price of the lease component and the aggregate stand-alone price of the non-lease components.

Short-term leases and leases of low-value assets

The Group applies the short-term lease recognition exemption to certain leases of office premises that have a lease term of 12 months or less from the commencement date and do not contain a purchase option. It also applies the recognition exemption for lease of low-value assets. Lease payments on short-term leases and leases of low-value assets are recognised as expense on a straight-line basis or another systematic basis over the lease term.

For the year ended 31 March 2023

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

LEASES (Continued)

The Group as a lessee (Continued)
Right-of-use assets
The cost of right-of-use asset includes:

- the amount of the initial measurement of the lease liability;
- any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, less any lease incentives received:
- any initial direct costs incurred by the Group; and
- an estimate of costs to be incurred by the Group in dismantling and removing the underlying assets, restoring the site on which it is located or restoring the underlying asset to the condition required by the terms and conditions of the lease.

Right-of-use assets are measured at cost, less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, and adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities.

Right-of-use assets in which the Group is reasonably certain to obtain ownership of the underlying leased assets at the end of the lease term are depreciated from commencement date to the end of the useful life. Otherwise, right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of its estimated useful life and the lease term.

The Group presents right-of-use assets as a separate line item on the consolidated statement of financial position.

Refundable rental deposits

Refundable rental deposits paid are accounted under HKFRS 9 "Financial Instruments" and initially measured at fair value. Adjustments to fair value at initial recognition are considered as additional lease payments and included in the cost of right-of-use assets.

For the year ended 31 March 2023

BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND **SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (Continued)

LEASES (Continued)

The Group as a lessee (Continued)

Lease liabilities

At the commencement date of a lease, the Group recognises and measures the lease liability at the present value of lease payments that are unpaid at that date. In calculating the present value of lease payments, the Group uses the incremental borrowing rate at the lease commencement date if the interest rate implicit in the lease is not readily determinable.

The lease payments include:

- fixed payments (including in-substance fixed payments) less any lease incentives receivable;
- variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, initially measured using the index or rate as at the commencement date:
- amounts expected to be payable by the Group under residual value guarantees;
- the exercise price of a purchase option if the Group is reasonably certain to exercise the option; and
- payments of penalties for terminating a lease, if the lease term reflects the Group exercising an option to terminate the lease.

After the commencement date, lease liabilities are adjusted by interest accretion and lease payments.

The Group represents lease liabilities as a separate line item on the consolidated statement of financial position.

The Group as lessor

Classification and measurement of leases

Leases for which the Group is a lessor are classified as finance or operating leases. Whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an underlying asset to the lessee, the contract is classified as a finance lease. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

Rental income from operating leases is recognised in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating and arranging an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset and such costs are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term except for investment properties measured under fair value model.

For the year ended 31 March 2023

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

LEASES (Continued)

The Group as lessor (Continued)

Refundable rental deposits

Refundable rental deposits received are accounted for under HKFRS 9 and initially measured at fair value. Adjustments to fair value at initial recognition are considered as additional lease payments from lessees.

Sublease

When the Group is an intermediate lessor, it accounts for the head lease and the sublease as two separate contracts. The sublease is classified as a finance or operating lease by reference to the right-of-use asset arising from the head lease, not with reference to the underlying asset.

GOVERNMENT GRANTS

Government grants are not recognised until there is reasonable assurance that the Group will comply with the conditions attaching to them and that the grants will be received.

Government grants are recognised in profit or loss on a systematic basis over the periods in which the Group recognises as expenses the related costs for which the grants are intended to compensate.

Government grants related to income that are receivable as compensation for expenses or losses already incurred or for the purpose of giving immediate financial support to the Group with no future related costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they become receivable. Such grants are presented under "other income and gain or (loss), net".

RETIREMENT BENEFIT COSTS

Payments to defined contribution retirement plans are recognised as an expense when employees have rendered service entitling them to the contributions.

Pension schemes and other retirement benefits

The Group operates a defined contribution Mandatory Provident Fund retirement benefit scheme (the "MPF Scheme") under the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance, for those employees in Hong Kong who are eligible to participate in the MPF Scheme. Contributions are made based on percentage of the employees' basic salaries and are charged to profit or loss as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the MPF Scheme. The assets of the MPF Scheme are held separately from those of the Group in an independently administrated fund. The Group's employer contributions vest fully with the employees when contributed into the MPF Scheme, in accordance with the rules of the MPF Scheme.

The employees of the Group's subsidiaries which operate in Mainland China are required to participate in a central pension scheme operated by the local municipal government. These subsidiaries are required to contribute a certain percentage of their payroll costs to the central pension scheme. The contributions are charged to profit or loss as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the central pension scheme.

For the year ended 31 March 2023

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND **SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (Continued)

SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS

Equity-settled share-based payments to directors and employees are measured at the fair value of the equity instruments at the date of grant.

The fair value of the equity-settled share-based payments determined at the grant date without taking into consideration all non-market vesting conditions is expensed on a straight-line basis over the vesting period, based on the Group's estimate of equity instruments that will eventually vest, with a corresponding increase in equity (share-based payment reserve). At the end of each reporting period, the Group revises its estimate of the number of equity instruments expected to vest based on assessment of all relevant non-market vesting conditions. The impact of the revision of the original estimates, if any, is recognised in profit or loss such that the cumulative expense reflects the revised estimate, with a corresponding adjustment to the share-based payment reserve.

Equity-settled share-based payments to consultants are measured at the fair value of the services rendered, except where that fair value cannot be estimated reliably, in which case they are measured at the fair value of the equity instruments granted, measured at the date the entity obtains the goods or the counterparty renders the service. The fair values of the goods or services received are recognised as expenses

For share options that vest immediately at the date of grant, the fair value of the share options granted is expensed immediately to profit or loss.

When share options are exercised, the amount previously recognised in share-based payment reserve will be transferred to share premium. When share options are forfeited after the vesting date or are still not exercised at the expiry date, the amount previously recognised in share-based payment reserve will be transferred to accumulated losses.

BORROWING COSTS

Borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

TAXATION

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from "profit/(loss) before tax" as reported in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income because of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are never taxable or deductible. The Group's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the consolidated financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary difference to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilised. Such deferred tax assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from the initial recognition (other than in a business combination) of assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit.

For the year ended 31 March 2023

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

TAXATION (Continued)

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries and associates, and interests in joint ventures, except where the Group is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred tax assets arising from deductible temporary differences associated with such investments and interests are only recognised to the extent that it is probable that there will be sufficient taxable profits against which to utilise the benefits of the temporary differences and they are expected to reverse in the foreseeable future.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset is realised, based on tax rate (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Group expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

For the purposes of measuring deferred tax for leasing transactions in which the Group recognises the right-of-use assets and the related lease liabilities, the Group first determines whether the tax deductions are attributable to the right-of-use assets or the lease liabilities.

For leasing transactions in which the tax deductions are attributable to the lease liabilities, the Group applies HKAS 12 "Income Taxes" requirements to the leasing transaction as a whole. Temporary differences relating to right-of-use assets and lease liabilities are assessed on a net basis. Excess of depreciation on right-of-use assets over the lease payments for the principal portion of lease liabilities results in net deductible temporary difference.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when they relate to income taxes levied to the same taxable entity by the same taxation authority.

Current and deferred tax are recognised in profit or loss, except when they relate to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax are also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

In assessing any uncertainty over income tax treatments, the Group considers whether it is probable that the relevant tax authority will accept the uncertain tax treatment used, or proposed to be used by individual group entities in their income tax filings. If it is probable, the current and deferred taxes are determined consistently with the tax treatment in the income tax filings. If it is not probable that the relevant taxation authority will accept an uncertain tax treatment, the effect of each uncertainty is reflected by using either the most likely amount or the expected value.

For the year ended 31 March 2023

BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND **SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (Continued)

PROVISIONS

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that the Group will be required to settle that obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

The amount recognised as a provision is the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period, taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation. When a provision is measured using the cash flows estimated to settle the present obligation, its carrying amount is the present value of those cash flows (where the effect of the time value of money is material).

CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

For the purpose of the consolidated statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents represent cash on hand, demand deposits with banks and other financial institutions, and short-term highly liquid investments which are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and subject to an insignificant risk of change in value, and have a short maturity of generally within three months when acquired, less bank overdrafts which are repayable on demand and form an integral part of the Group's cash management. Bank overdrafts which are repayable on demand and form an integral part of the Group's cash management are also included as a component of cash and cash equivalents.

FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when a group entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. All regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are recognised and derecognised on a trade date basis. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the time frame established by regulation or convention in the market place.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value except for trade receivables arising from contracts with customers which are initially measured in accordance with HKFRS 15. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL") are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial asset or financial liability and of allocating interest income and interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts and payments (including all fees and points paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the financial asset or financial liability, or, where appropriate, a shorter period, to the net carrying amount on initial recognition.

For the year ended 31 March 2023

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

Financial assets

Classification and subsequent measurement of financial assets

Financial assets that meet the following conditions are subsequently measured at amortised cost:

- the financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is to collect contractual cash flows; and
- the contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

All other financial assets are subsequently measured at FVTPL.

(i) Amortised cost and interest income

Interest income is recognised using the effective interest method for financial assets measured subsequently at amortised cost and debt instruments/receivables subsequently measured at fair value through other comprehensive income. For financial instruments other than purchased or originated credit-impaired financial assets, interest income is calculated by applying the effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount of a financial asset, except for financial assets that have subsequently become credit-impaired, interest income is recognised by applying the effective interest rate to the amortised cost of the financial asset. If the credit risk on the credit-impaired financial instrument improves so that the financial asset is no longer credit-impaired, interest income is recognised by applying the effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount of the financial asset following the determination that the asset is no longer credit-impaired.

(ii) Financial assets at FVTPL

Financial assets that do not meet the criteria for being measured at amortised cost are measured at FVTPL. Financial assets at FVTPL are measured at fair value at the end of each reporting period, with any fair value gains or losses recognised in profit or loss. The net gain or loss recognised in profit or loss excludes any dividend or interest earned on the financial asset and is included in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

For the year ended 31 March 2023

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND **SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (Continued)

FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

Impairment of financial assets

The Group performs impairment assessment under expected credit loss ("ECL") model on financial assets (including financial assets included in trade and other receivables and bank balances and cash) which are subjected to impairment under HKFRS 9. The amount of ECL is updated at each reporting date to reflect changes in credit risk since initial recognition.

Lifetime ECL represents the ECL that will result from all possible default events over the expected life of the relevant instrument. In contrast, 12-month ECL ("12m ECL") represents the ECL that is expected to result from default events that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date. Assessment are done based on the Group's historical credit loss experience, adjusted for factors that are specific to the debtors, general economic conditions and an assessment of both the current conditions at the reporting date as well as the forecast of future conditions.

The Group always recognises lifetime ECL for trade receivables. The ECL on these assets are assessed individually for debtors with significant balance and/or collectively using a provision matrix with appropriate groupings based on aging and past due status.

For all other instruments, the Group measures the loss allowance based on 12m ECL, unless when there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, the Group recognises lifetime ECL. The assessment of whether lifetime ECL should be recognised is based on significant increases in the likelihood or risk of a default occurring since initial recognition.

Significant increase in credit risk

In assessing whether the credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition, the Group compares the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument as at the reporting date with the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument as at the date of initial recognition. In making this assessment, the Group considers both quantitative and qualitative information that is reasonable and supportable, including historical experience and forward-looking information that is available without undue cost or effort.

In particular, the following information is taken into account when assessing whether credit risk has increased significantly:

- an actual or expected significant deterioration in the financial instrument's external (if available) or internal credit rating;
- significant deterioration in external market indicators of credit risk, e.g. a significant increase in the credit spread, the credit default swap prices for the debtor;
- existing or forecast adverse changes in business, financial or economic conditions that are expected to cause a significant decrease in the debtor's ability to meet its debt obligations;
- an actual or expected significant deterioration in the operating results of the debtor; and
- an actual or expected significant adverse change in the regulatory, economic, or technological environment of the debtor that results in a significant decrease in the debtor's ability to meet its debt obligations.

For the year ended 31 March 2023

BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND **SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (Continued)

FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

Significant increase in credit risk (Continued)

Irrespective of the outcome of the above assessment, the Group presumes that the credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition when contractual payments are more than one day past due, unless the Group has reasonable and supportable information that demonstrates otherwise.

The Group regularly monitors the effectiveness of the criteria used to identify whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk and revises them as appropriate to ensure that the criteria are capable of identifying significant increase in credit risk before the amount becomes past due.

(ii) Definition of default

For internal credit risk management, the Group considers an event of default occurs when information developed internally or obtained from external sources indicates that the debtor is unlikely to pay its creditors, including the Group, in full (without taking into account any collaterals held by the Group).

Irrespective of the above, the Group considers that default has occurred when a financial asset is more than 90 days past due unless the Group has reasonable and supportable information to demonstrate that a more lagging default criterion is more appropriate.

(iii) Credit-impaired financial assets

A financial asset is credit-impaired when one or more events of default that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of that financial asset have occurred. Evidence that a financial asset is credit-impaired includes observable data about the following events:

- significant financial difficulty of the issuer or the borrower;
- a breach of contract, such as a default or past due event;
- the lender(s) of the borrower, for economic or contractual reasons relating to the borrower's financial difficulty, having granted to the borrower a concession(s) that the lender(s) would not otherwise consider:
- it is becoming probable that the borrower will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation; or
- the disappearance of an active market for that financial asset because of financial difficulties.

For the year ended 31 March 2023

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)
Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

(iv) Write-off policy

The Group writes off a financial asset when there is information indicating that the counterparty is in severe financial difficulty and there is no realistic prospect of recovery, for example, when the counterparty has been placed under liquidation or has entered into bankruptcy proceedings, or in the case of trade receivables, when the amounts are over one year past due, whichever occurs sooner. Financial assets written off may still be subject to enforcement activities under the Group's recovery procedures, taking into account legal advice where appropriate. A write-off constitutes a derecognition event. Any subsequent recoveries are recognised in profit or loss.

(v) Measurement and recognition of ECL

The measurement of ECL is a function of the probability of default, loss given default (i.e. the magnitude of the loss if there is a default) and the exposure at default. The assessment of the probability of default and loss given default is based on historical data adjusted by forward-looking information. Estimation of ECL reflects an unbiased and probability-weighted amount that is determined with the respective risks of default occurring as the weights.

Generally, the ECL is the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Group in accordance with the contract and the cash flows that the Group expects to receive, discounted at the effective interest rate determined at initial recognition.

Where ECL is measured on a collective basis or cater for cases where evidence at the individual level may not yet be available, the financial assets are grouped on the following basis:

- Nature of financial assets;
- Past-due status; and
- Nature, size and industry of debtors.

The grouping is regularly reviewed by management to ensure the constituents of each group continue to share similar credit risk characteristics.

Interest income is calculated based on the gross carrying amount of the financial asset unless the financial asset is credit-impaired, in which case interest income is calculated based on amortised cost of the financial asset.

For the year ended 31 March 2023

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

Derecognition of financial assets

The Group derecognises a financial asset only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another entity.

On derecognition of a financial asset in its entirety, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable is recognised in profit or loss.

Financial liabilities and equity instruments

Classification as debt or equity

Debt and equity instruments issued by a group entity are classified as either financial liabilities or as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

Equity instruments

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the Group after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by the Company are recognised at the proceeds received, net of direct issuance costs.

Convertible note

The component parts of the convertible note are classified separately as financial liability and equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument. A conversion option that will be settled by the exchange of a fixed amount of cash or another financial asset for a fixed number of the Company's own equity instruments is an equity instrument.

At the date of issue, the fair value of the liability component is estimated by measuring the fair value of similar liability that does not have an associated equity component.

A conversion option classified as equity is determined by deducting the amount of the liability component from the fair value of the compound instrument as a whole. This is recognised and included in equity, net of income tax effects, and is not subsequently remeasured. In addition, the conversion option classified as equity will remain in equity until the conversion option is exercised, in which case, the balance recognised in equity will be transferred to share premium. Where the conversion option remains unexercised at the maturity date of the convertible note, the balance recognised in equity will be transferred to accumulated losses. No gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss upon conversion or expiration of the conversion option.

Transaction costs relating to the issuance of the convertible note are allocated to the liability and equity components in proportion to the allocation of the gross proceeds. Transaction cost relating to the equity component are charged directly to equity. Transaction costs relating to the liability component are included in the carrying amount of the liability portion and amortised over the period of the convertible notes using the effective interest method.

For the year ended 31 March 2023

BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND **SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (Continued)

FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

Financial liabilities and equity instruments (Continued)

Promissory notes payable and interest-bearing bond

Promissory notes payables and interest-bearing bond are recognised initially at their fair value less attributable transaction cost and subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Other financial liabilities

The Group's other financial liabilities (including financial liabilities included in trade and other payables, borrowings and lease liabilities) are subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest method.

Derecognition of financial liabilities

The Group derecognises financial liabilities when, and only when, the Group's obligations are discharged, cancelled or have expired. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognised and the consideration paid and payable is recognised in profit or loss.

For the year ended 31 March 2023

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

RELATED PARTIES

A related party is a person or an entity that is related to the Group.

- (a) A person, or a close member of that person's family, is related to the Group if that person:
 - (i) has control or joint control over the Group;
 - (ii) has significant influence over the Group; or
 - (iii) is a member of the key management personnel of the Group or the Company's parent.
- (b) An entity is related to the Group if any of the following conditions applies:
 - (i) the entity and the Group are members of the same group (which means that each parent, subsidiary and fellow subsidiary is related to the others).
 - (ii) one entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or an associate or joint venture of a member of a group of which the other entity is a member).
 - (iii) both entities are joint ventures of the same third party.
 - (iv) one entity is a joint venture of a third entity and other entity is an associate of the third entity.
 - (v) the entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of either the Group or an entity related to the Group.
 - (vi) the entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (a).
 - (vii) a person identified in (a)(i) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of the key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity).
 - (viii) the entity, or any member of a group of which it is a part, provides key management personnel services to the Group or to the Group's parent.

Close member of the family of a person are those family members who may be expected to influence, or be influenced by, that person in their dealings with the entity including:

- (i) the person's children and spouse or domestic partner;
- (ii) children of that person's spouse or domestic partner; and
- (iii) dependents of that person or that person's spouse or domestic partner.

For the year ended 31 March 2023

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENT AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION 4. **UNCERTAINTY**

In the application of the Group's accounting policies, which are described in note 3, the directors of the Company are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an on-going basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimates are revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

CRITICAL JUDGEMENTS IN APPLYING ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The following are the critical judgements, apart from those involving estimations (see below), that the directors of the Company have made in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies and that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the consolidated financial statements.

Useful lives of property, plant and equipment

The Group determines the estimated useful lives, residual values and related depreciation charges for the Group's property, plant and equipment. This estimate is based on the historical experience of the actual useful lives and residual values of property, plant and equipment of similar nature and functions. The Group will revise the depreciation charge where useful lives and residual values are different from those previously estimated, or it will write-off or write-down technically obsolete or non-strategic assets that have been abandoned.

KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

The following are the key assumptions concerning the future, and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year.

Provision of ECL for trade receivables

The Group uses provision matrix to calculate ECL for the trade receivables. The provision matrix is based on debtor's aging as groupings of various debtors that have similar loss patterns. The provision rate is based on the Group's historical observed default rates taking into consideration forward-looking information that is reasonable and supportable available without undue costs or effort. At every reporting date, the historical observed default rates are reassessed and changes in the forward-looking information are considered. In addition, trade receivables which are credit-impaired are assessed for ECL individually.

The provision of ECL is sensitive to changes in estimates. The information about the ECL and the Group's trade and other receivables are disclosed in notes 6(B) and 21 respectively.

For the year ended 31 March 2023

4. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENT AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY (Continued)

KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY (Continued)

Allowance for inventories

The Group reviews the carrying value of its inventories to ensure that they are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. In assessing the net realisable value and making appropriate allowances, management identifies, using their judgement, inventories that are slow moving or obsolete, and considering their physical conditions, age, market conditions and market price for similar items.

Income taxes

The Group is subject to income taxes in several jurisdictions. Significant estimates are required in determining the provision for income taxes. There are many transactions and calculations for which the ultimate tax determination is uncertain during the ordinary course of business. Where the final tax outcome of these matters is different from the amounts that were initially recorded, such differences will impact the income tax and deferred tax provisions in the period in which such determination is made.

Deferred income tax assets relating to certain temporary differences and tax losses are recognised when management considers it probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences or tax losses can be utilised. The outcome of their actual utilisation may be different

5. CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Group manages its capital to ensure that entities in the Group will be able to continue as a going concern while maximising the return to shareholders through the optimisation of the debt and equity balance. The Group's overall strategy remains unchanged from prior year.

The management of the Group reviews the capital structure periodically. The Group considers the cost of capital and the risk associated with the capital, and will balance its overall capital structure through payment of dividends, issuance of new shares and share buy-backs as well as the raising of new debts, if required.

The Group monitors its capital using gearing ratio. This ratio is calculated as net debts divided by total assets. Net debts is defined as total debts (includes promissory notes payable, borrowings and convertible notes) less bank balances and cash. Total assets comprises both current assets and non-current assets. No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes for managing capital during the years ended 31 March 2023 and 2022.

For the year ended 31 March 2023

5. CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

	2023 HK\$'000	2022 HK\$'000
Total debts Less: Bank balances and cash	59,979 (47,901)	41,597 (15,318)
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	(- 1 1)
Net debts	12,078	26,279
Total assets	160,723	101,116
Gearing ratio	7.5%	26.0%

6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

(A) CATEGORIES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

	2023 HK\$'000	2022 HK\$'000
Financial assets:		
Financial assets at amortised cost	106,302	58,894
Financial liabilities:		
Financial liabilities at amortised cost	140,478	74,854

(B) FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVE AND POLICIES

The Group's major financial instruments comprise financial assets included in trade and other receivables, bank balances and cash, financial liabilities included in trade and other payables, promissory notes payables, convertible notes, lease liabilities and borrowings. Details of the financial instruments are disclosed in respective notes.

The main risks arising from the Group's financial instruments are interest rate risk, liquidity risk, credit risk, and foreign currency risk. The directors reviews and agrees policies for these risks and they are summarised below.

For the year ended 31 March 2023

6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

(B) FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVE AND POLICIES (Continued)

Interest rate risk

The Group's exposure to the risk of changes in market interest rates relates primarily to the Group's interest-bearing bank deposits and borrowings with floating rates.

Sensitivity analysis

The sensitivity analysis below has been determined based on the exposure to interest rates for non-derivative instruments at the end of the reporting period. The analysis is prepared assuming the financial instruments outstanding at the end of the reporting period were outstanding for the whole year. A 100 basis points (2022: 100 basis points) increase or decrease is used when reporting interest rate risk internally to key management personnel and represents management's assessment of the reasonably possible change in interest rates.

If the interest rates had been 100 basis points (2022: 100 basis points) higher/lower and all other variables were held constant, the Group's profit for the year ended 31 March 2023 would increase/decrease by approximately HK\$326,000 (2022: loss would increase/decrease by approximately HK\$87,000). This is mainly attributable to the Group's exposure to interest rates on its bank borrowings and bank balances.

Liquidity risk

The Group's policy is to regularly monitor current and expected liquidity requirements to ensure that it maintains sufficient reserves of cash to meet its liquidity requirements in the short and longer term.

The following table details the remaining contractual maturities at the date of the reporting period of the Group's non-derivative financial liabilities, which are based on contracted undiscounted cash flows (including interest payments computed using contractual rates or, if floating, based on rates at the year end date and the earliest date the Group can be required to pay).

For the year ended 31 March 2023

6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

(B) FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVE AND POLICIES (Continued)

Liquidity risk (Continued)

The maturity profile of the Group's financial liabilities as at the end of the reporting period, based on contractual undiscounted payments, was as follows:

On demand			Total	
or less than	1 to	2 to	undiscounted	Carrying
1 year	2 years	5 years	cash flow	amounts
HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
77,760	-	-	77,760	77,760
21,827	47,433	-	69,260	59,979
1,787	1,038	126	2,951	2,739
101,374	48,471	126	149,971	140,478
On demand			Total	
or less than	1 to	2 to		Carrying
1 year	2 years	5 years	cash flow	amounts
HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
30.225	_	_	30.225	30,225
	23,424	5,150		41,597
1,450	1,376	596	3,422	3,032
10 2/L	24.800	5 716	70 001	74,854
	or less than 1 year HK\$'000 77,760 21,827 1,787 101,374 On demand or less than 1 year HK\$'000	or less than 1 to 1 year 2 years HK\$'000 HK\$'000 77,760 - 21,827 47,433 1,787 1,038 101,374 48,471 On demand or less than 1 to 1 year 2 years HK\$'000 HK\$'000 30,225 - 16,670 23,424 1,450 1,376	or less than 1 to 2 to 1 year 2 years 5 years HK\$'000 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 77,760 - - 21,827 47,433 - 1,787 1,038 126 On demand or less than 1 to 2 to 1 year 2 years 5 years HK\$'000 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 30,225 - - 16,670 23,424 5,150 1,450 1,376 596	or less than 1 to 2 to undiscounted 1 year 2 years 5 years cash flow HK\$'000 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 77,760 - - 77,760 21,827 47,433 - 69,260 1,787 1,038 126 2,951 101,374 48,471 126 149,971 On demand or less than 1 to 2 to undiscounted 1 year 2 years 5 years cash flow HK\$'000 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 30,225 - - 30,225 16,670 23,424 5,150 45,244 1,450 1,376 596 3,422

Credit risk and impairment assessment

As at 31 March 2023, other than those financial assets whose carrying amounts best represent the maximum exposure to credit risk, the Group's maximum exposure to credit risk which will cause a financial loss to the Group due to failure to discharge an obligation by the counterparties arises from the carrying amount of respective financial assets as stated in the consolidated statement of financial position. The Group does not hold any collateral or other credit enhancements to cover its credit risks associated with its financial assets.

For the year ended 31 March 2023

6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

(B) FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVE AND POLICIES (Continued)

Credit risk and impairment assessment (Continued)

Trade receivables

In order to minimise the credit risk, the management of the Group has delegated staff to be responsible for determination of credit limits and credit approvals. Before accepting any new customer, the Group will assess the customer's credit quality and defines credit limits by customer. Other monitoring procedures are in place to ensure that follow-up action is taken to recover overdue debts. In addition, the Group performs impairment assessment under ECL model upon application of HKFRS 9 on trade balances individually or based on provision matrix. In this regard, the directors of the Company consider that the Group's credit risk is significantly reduced.

Other receivables and bank balances

The Group performs impairment assessment under ECL model upon application of HKFRS 9 on other receivables and bank balances based on 12-month ECL.

The credit risk on bank balances is limited because the counterparties are banks with high credit ratings assigned by international credit-rating agencies.

The credit risk of the Group's other financial assets, which comprise certain deposit included in other receivables, arises from default of the counterparty, which maximum exposure equals to the carrying amounts of these instruments.

The Group's internal credit risk grading assessment comprises the following categories:

Internal credit rating	Description	Trade receivables	Other financial assets/other items
Low risk	The counterparty has a low risk of default and does not have any past-due amounts	Lifetime ECL — not credit-impaired	12-month ECL
Watch list	Debtor frequently repays after due dates but usually settle in full	Lifetime ECL — not credit-impaired	12-month ECL
Doubtful	There have been significant increases in credit risk since initial recognition through information developed internally or external resources	Lifetime ECL — not credit-impaired	Lifetime ECL — not credit-impaired
Loss	There is evidence indicating the asset is credit-impaired	Lifetime ECL — credit-impaired	Lifetime ECL — credit-impaired
Write-off	There is evidence indicating that the debtor is in severe financial difficulty and the Group has no realistic prospect of recovery	Amounts is written off	Amounts is written off

For the year ended 31 March 2023

FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

(B) FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVE AND POLICIES (Continued)

Foreign currency risk

The Group has minimal exposure to foreign currency risk as most of its business transactions, assets and liabilities are principally denominated in the functional currencies of the group entities. The Group currently does not have a foreign currency hedging policy in respect of foreign currency transactions, assets and liabilities. The Group monitors its foreign currency exposure closely and will consider hedging significant foreign currency exposure should the need arise.

The directors consider that foreign currency risk of the Company for the years ended 31 March 2023 and 2022 are insignificant and therefore no sensitivity analysis is presented thereon.

(C) FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The directors of the Company consider the carrying amounts of the financial assets and financial liabilities recorded at amortised cost in the consolidated statement of financial position approximate their fair values.

7. **REVENUE**

DISAGGREGATION OF REVENUE FROM CONTRACTS WITH CUSTOMERS

	2023 HK\$'000	2022 HK\$'000
Recognised at a point of time Sales of refined oil and chemicals	561,912	_
Sales of power and data cords and inlet sockets and medical control devices	41,213	56,605
	603,125	56,605

(II) PERFORMANCE OBLIGATIONS FOR CONTRACTS WITH CUSTOMERS

The Group sells its products directly to customers. Revenue is recognised when control of the goods has transferred and customer acceptance has been obtained, which is the point in time when the customer has the ability to direct the use of these products and obtain substantially all of the remaining benefits of these products.

For the year ended 31 March 2023

8. OTHER INCOME AND GAIN OR (LOSS), NET

	2023 HK\$'000	2022 HK\$'000
Interest income	123	9
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	(852)	_
Write-off of property, plant and equipment	-	(14)
Impairment loss of other receivables	-	(20)
Other payables written off	500	1,166
Net foreign exchange gain/(losses)	1,126	(240)
Rental income	3,116	2,742
Reversal of allowance for credit loss on trade receivables	1,813	_
Sample income	181	309
Sundry income/(expense)	625	(46)
	6,632	3,906

9. SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Group has adopted HKFRS 8 "Operating Segments", which requires operating segments to be identified on the basis of internal reports about components of the Group that are regularly reviewed by the chief operating decision maker ("CODM") in order to allocate resources to the segment and to assess its performance. The directors constitute the CODM for the purposes of HKFRS 8 as it collectively makes strategic decisions in allocating the Group's resources and assessing its performance.

For the segment reporting purpose to the CODM, the Group has currently organised two operating and reportable segments:

Trading of refined oil and chemical business Power and data cords and general trading business

- engaged in trading of refined oil and chemicals
- engaged in sales and manufacture of power cords and inlet sockets for household electric appliances and power and data cords for mobile handsets and medical control devices and raw cables and general trading business

The accounting policies of the operating segments are the same as those described in note 3 to the consolidated financial statements.

For the year ended 31 March 2023

SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

Segment profit or (loss) do not include the following items:

- Other income and gain or (loss), net
- Corporate expenses
- Impairment loss on intangible assets
- Gain on disposal of subsidiaries
- Fair value gain on recognition of convertible notes
- Gain on debt restructuring
- Finance costs

Segment assets do not include the following items:

- Financial assets at FVTPL
- Intangible assets
- Other corporate assets

Segment liabilities do not include the following items:

- Promissory notes payables
- **Borrowings**
- Convertible notes
- Other corporate liabilities

For the year ended 31 March 2023

9. **SEGMENT INFORMATION** (Continued)

INFORMATION ABOUT REPORTABLE SEGMENT PROFIT OR (LOSS), ASSETS AND LIABILITIES:

		Power	r and		
Tradir	ng of	data cor	ds and		
refined	oil and	gene	eral		
chemicals	business	trading b	usiness	Tot	al
2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022
HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
561,912	_	41,213	56,605	603,125	56,605
	_	8,855		18,310	(12,273)
•		•	, , ,	•	, , ,
57	_	65	7	122	7
			,		•
_	_	(3.779)	(3.359)	(3.779)	(3,359)
(180)	_	-		-	(251)
(100)		(230)	(231)	(-150)	(231)
(35)	_	(191)	(1.045)	(216)	(1,045)
(33)	_	(101)	(1,043)	(210)	(1,043)
		2 044	6 264	2 044	6 264
-	_	=	0,204	=	6,264
646	_	484	_	1,130	_
69,257	_	62,961	70,062	132,218	70,062
47,932	_	19,845	20,304	67,777	20,304
	refined chemicals 2023 HK\$'000 561,912 9,455 57 - (180) (35) - 646	HK\$'000 HK\$'000 561,912	Trading of refined oil and general chemicals business trading by t	refined oil and chemicals business 2023 2022 2022 2023 2022 2022 2022 2022 2022 2022 2022 2022 2023 2022 2	Trading of refined oil and general chemicals business trading business Tot 2023 2022 2023 2022 2023 HK\$'000 HK

For the year ended 31 March 2023

9. **SEGMENT INFORMATION** (Continued)

RECONCILIATION OF REPORTABLE SEGMENT REVENUE, PROFIT OR (LOSS), ASSETS AND LIABILITIES:

	2023 HK\$′000	2022 HK\$'000
Revenue		
Total revenue of reportable segments	603,125	56,605
Total revenue of reportable segments	003,123	
Profit/(loss)		
Total (loss)/profit of reportable segments	18,310	(12,273)
Other income and gain or (loss), net	6,632	3,906
Corporate expenses	(50,097)	(30,972)
Gain on disposal of subsidiaries	_	891
Fair value gain on recognition of convertible notes	_	3,103
Gain on debt restructuring	_	140,906
Finance costs	(7,164)	(5,174)
Consolidated (loss)/profit for the year	(32,319)	100,387
Assets		
Total assets of reportable segments	132,218	70,062
Financial assets at FVTPL	_	_
Other corporate assets	28,505	31,054
Consolidated total assets	160,723	101,116
Liabilities		
Total liabilities of reportable segments	67,777	20,304
Borrowings	59,979	41,597
Other corporate liabilities	20,111	20,170
Consolidated total liabilities	147,867	82,071

For the year ended 31 March 2023

9. SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

GEOGRAPHICAL INFORMATION:

	Revenue		Non-current assets	
	2023	2022	2023	2022
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Hong Kong	675	1,179	3,561	6,749
PRC (other than Hong Kong)	578,684	30,714	19,878	21,063
Taiwan	_	1,273	_	_
United States	20,040	22,009	_	_
Other countries	3,726	1,430		
Total	603,125	56,605	23,439	27,812

In presenting the geographical information, revenue is based on the locations of the customers.

REVENUE FROM MAJOR CUSTOMERS:

Revenue derived from major customers who contributed 10% or more of total revenue are as follows:

	2023		2022	2
		Proportion		Proportion
		of total		of total
	HK\$'000	revenue	HK\$'000	revenue
Customer A	172,195	28.6%	26,190	46.3%
Customer B	79,783	13.2%	22,009	38.9%
Customer C	75,006	12.4%	N/A*	N/A*
Customer D	67,782	11.2%	N/A*	N/A*
Customer E	N/A*	N/A*	N/A*	N/A*

Customer does not contribute 10% or more of total revenue.

10. FINANCE COSTS

	2023 HK\$'000	2022 HK\$'000
Effective interest expenses on promissory notes payable	_	688
Effective interest expenses on unsecured interest-bearing bonds	_	129
Interest expenses on bank loan	264	299
Interest expenses on other loans	6,597	3,025
Interest expenses on advance from ultimate holding company	_	820
Interest expenses on lease liabilities	303	213
	7 164	5 17 <i>1</i>
	7,164	5,1/4

For the year ended 31 March 2023

11. TAXATION

	2023 HK\$'000	2022 HK\$'000
Hong Kong Profits Tax — current year	-	806
PRC Enterprise Income Tax — current year	216	239
	216	1,045

For the years ended 31 March 2023 and 2022, under the two-tiered profits tax rates regime of Hong Kong, the first HK\$2 million of assessable profits of the qualifying group entity will be taxed at 8.25%, and profits above HK\$2 million will be taxed at 16.5%. The profits of group entities not qualifying for the two-tiered profits tax rates regime will continue to be taxed at a flat rate of 16.5%.

Pursuant to the Enterprise Income Tax rules and regulations of the PRC, the PRC subsidiaries of the Group are subject to Enterprise Income Tax at a rate of 25% (2022: 25%).

Income tax charge for the year can be reconciled to the (loss)/profit before tax per the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income as follows:

	2023 HK\$'000	2022 HK\$'000
(Loss)/profit before tax	(32,103)	101,432
Tax at the applicable income tax rate	(8,026)	25,358
Tax effect of income not taxable for tax purpose	(7,152)	(21,170)
Tax effect of expenses not deductible for tax purpose	14,124	8,351
Tax effect of temporary differences not recognised	13	13
Tax concession	_	(175)
Effect of different tax rates of subsidiaries in other jurisdictions	1,257	(11,332)
Income tax charge for the year	216	1,045

For the year ended 31 March 2023

12. (LOSS)/PROFIT FOR THE YEAR

(Loss)/profit for the year is arrived at after charging (crediting) the following items:

	2023 HK\$'000	2022 HK\$'000
Staff costs including directors' emoluments		
Salaries, bonuses and allowances Retirement benefits scheme contributions	21,287 2,070	18,515 679
Retirement benefits scriente contributions	2,070	079
	23,357	19,194
Auditors' remuneration	950	950
Cost of inventories sold	568,859	27,545
Expenses relating to short-term leases		
 Office and staff quarters 	5,204	4,221
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	4,360	3,786
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	1,502	873
Allowance for obsolete stock	129	_
Reversal of allowance for obsolete stock	_	(4,339)
Allowance for credit losses on trade receivables	117	17,864
Net foreign exchange (gain)/losses	(1,126)	240
Write-off of property, plant and equipment	_	14
Impairment loss of other receivables	_	20
Reversal of allowance for credit loss on trade receivables	(1,813)	_
Other payables written off	(500)	(1,166)
Rental income (net of direct operating cost of HK\$Nil	•	
(2022: HK\$Nil))	(3,116)	(2,742)

For the year ended 31 March 2023

13. DIRECTORS' AND EMPLOYEES' EMOLUMENTS

(A) DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS

Directors' remuneration for the year, disclosed pursuant to applicable GEM Listing Rules and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, is as follows:

	6.1.1.		Retirement	
		Discretionary		
Foor		•		Total
		HK\$'000		HK\$'000
·		·	·	·
_	365	160	150	675
-	240	-	12	252
-	363	281	150	794
-	240	-	-	240
	1,608	155		1,763
-	2,816	596	312	3,724
_	240	_	_	240
240	-	-	_	240
240	-	-	_	240
240				240
720	_	_	_	720
720	3 056	506	217	4,684
	240 240 240 240	HK\$'000 HK\$'000 - 365 - 240 - 363 - 240 - 1,608 - 2,816 - 240 - 240 - 240 - 720 - 720	and other benefits bonuses HK\$'000 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 - 365 160 - 240 363 281 - 240 1,608 155 - 2,816 596 - 240 240 - 720 720 720 720	Salaries and other Discretionary scheme benefits bonuses contributions HK\$'000 HK\$'0

For the year ended 31 March 2023

13. DIRECTORS' AND EMPLOYEES' EMOLUMENTS (Continued)

(A) DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS (Continued)

	Fees HK\$'000	Salaries and other benefits HK\$'000	Discretionary bonuses HK\$'000	Retirement benefits scheme contributions HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
Year ended 31 March 2022					
Executive Directors:					
Sun Jiusheng (Note a)	_	929	_	33	962
Yeung Shing Wai	_	200	_	10	210
Cheung Yip Sang (Note b)	_	660	_	32	692
Li Dewen (Note b)	_	118	_	_	118
Ma Shenyuan (Note b)	_	653	_	27	680
Chen Tian Gang (Note c)	_	41	_	_	41
Li Shu Wang <i>(Note d)</i>	_	79	_	_	79
Zhang Shao Wu <i>(Note d)</i>	_	79	_	_	79
Rong Changjun (Note e)	_	21	_	_	21
Zhang Wenrong (Note f)	_	60	_	_	60
Yuan Beisheng (Note f)		60			60
	_	2,900	-	102	3,002
Non-executive director:					
Leung Wing Cheong Eric (Note a)	158	_	_	_	158
Independent Non-Executive					
Directors:					
Chu Kin Ming	180	_	_	_	180
Lim Haw Kuang (Note a)	158	_	_	_	158
Lui Ho Ming Paul (Note a)	158	_	_	_	158
Chiam Tat Yiu (Note c)	21	_	_	_	21
Chan Wai Cheung Admiral					
(Note c)	21	_	_	_	21
Chao Ho Wa (Note d)	59	-	_	_	59
	597	_			597
Total	755	2,900		102	3,757

Notes:

- (a) Appointed on 4 August 2021
- Appointed on 4 October 2021 (b)
- (c) Resigned on 4 August 2021

For the year ended 31 March 2023

13. DIRECTORS' AND EMPLOYEES' EMOLUMENTS (Continued)

(A) DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS (Continued)

Notes: (Continued)

- Retired on 29 September 2021
- Duties suspended on 25 May 2021 and passed away on 3 June 2021 (e)
- (f) Duties suspended on 25 May 2021 and retired 29 September 2021

The executive directors' emoluments shown above include their services in connection with the management of the affairs of the Company and the Group.

The non-executive director's and independent non-executive directors' emoluments shown above were mainly for their services as directors of the Company.

There was no arrangement under which a director waived or agreed to waive any emoluments during the year (2022: Nil).

During the year ended 31 March 2023, no emoluments were paid by the Group to any of the directors as inducement to join or upon joining the Group or as compensation for loss of office (2022: Nil).

During the year, no retirement benefits, payment or benefits in respect of termination of directors' services were paid or made, directly or indirectly, to the directors, nor any are payable (2022: Nil). No consideration was provided to or receivable by third parties for making available directors' services (2022: Nil).

There are no loans, quasi loans and other dealing arrangements in favour of the directors, their controlled body corporates and connected entities for the years ended 31 March 2023 and 2022.

Save as disclosed in note 30, no other director of the Company had a material interest, directly or indirectly, in any significant transaction, arrangements and contracts in relation to the Company's business to which the Company was or is a party that subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the year (2022: Nil).

(B) FIVE HIGHEST PAID INDIVIDUALS

The five highest paid individuals in the Group during the year included two (2022: three) directors whose emoluments are reflected in the analysis presented above. The emoluments of the remaining three (2022: two) individuals are set out below:

	2023 HK\$'000	2022 HK\$'000
Salaries, bonuses and allowances Retirement benefits scheme contributions	2,162 129	1,260 36
	2,291	1,296

For the year ended 31 March 2023

13. DIRECTORS' AND EMPLOYEES' EMOLUMENTS (Continued)

(B) FIVE HIGHEST PAID INDIVIDUALS (Continued)

The emoluments of individuals with the highest emoluments are within the following bands:

	2023 HK\$'000	2022 HK\$'000
Nil to HK\$500,000	_	1
HK\$500,001 to HK\$1,000,000	4	4
HK\$1,000,000 to HK\$2,000,000	1	_

During the year ended 31 March 2023, no emoluments were paid by the Group to any of the highest paid individuals as inducement to join or upon joining the Group or as compensation for loss of office (2022: Nil).

14. (LOSS) EARNINGS PER SHARE

BASIC (LOSS) EARNINGS PER SHARE

Basic (loss) earnings per share is calculated by dividing the loss attributable to owners of the Company of approximately HK\$30,744,000 (2022: profit attributable to owners of the Company approximately HK\$104,744,000) by the weighted average number of ordinary shares of 2,544,934,000 (2022: 2,031,978,000) in issue for the year ended 31 March 2023.

DILUTED (LOSS) EARNINGS PER SHARE

Diluted (loss) earnings per share is calculated by adjusting the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding to assume exercise/conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares. As at 31 March 2023, there were no dilutive potential ordinary shares in issue.

During the year ended 31 March 2022, the Company has 2 categories of dilutive potential ordinary shares: share options and convertible notes.

The computation of diluted earnings per share for the year ended 31 March 2022 did not assume (i) the exercise of the Company's outstanding share options since the exercise price of the share options exceeds the average market price and (ii) the conversion of convertible notes in view of the conversion terms of the convertible notes.

15. DIVIDEND

No dividend has been paid or declared by the Company during the years ended 31 March 2023 and 2022.

For the year ended 31 March 2023

16. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

	Buildings HK\$'000	Leasehold improvements HK\$'000	Moulding and equipment HK\$'000	Motor vehicles HK\$'000	Furniture and office equipment HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
COST						
At 1 April 2021	12,379	3,058	8,841	5,406	731	30,415
Additions	_	2,625	6,104	155	823	9,707
Write-off	-	-	-	-	(376)	(376)
Exchange differences	353	108	371	148	15	995
At 31 March 2022 and 1 April 2022	12,732	5,791	15,316	5,709	1,193	40,741
Additions	-	-	517	2,291	36	2,844
Disposals	-	(1,045)	(751)	(2,016)	-	(3,812)
Write-off	-	-	-	(460)	-	(460)
Exchange differences	(847)	(297)	(1,100)	(361)	(55)	(2,660)
At 31 March 2023	11,885	4,449	13,982	5,163	1,174	36,653
ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION						
At 1 April 2021	2,306	1,138	3,780	5,345	724	13,293
Charge for the year	326	968	2,343	85	64	3,786
Write-off	_	_	_	_	(362)	(362)
Exchange differences	57	46	148	145	7	403
At 31 March 2022 and 1 April 2022	2,689	2,152	6,271	5,575	433	17,120
Charge for the year	310	992	2,652	259	147	4,360
Eliminated on disposals	-	(203)	(554)	(2,016)	-	(2,773)
Write-off	_	` _	` _	(460)	_	(460)
Exchange differences	(147)	(140)	(645)	(341)	(21)	(1,294)
At 31 March 2023	2,852	2,801	7,724	3,017	559	16,953
CARRYING AMOUNTS						
At 31 March 2023	9,033	1,648	6,258	2,146	615	19,700
At 31 March 2022	10,043	3,639	9,045	134	760	23,621

Buildings with carrying amount of approximately HK\$8,277,000 (2022: approximately HK\$9,255,000) are pledged to a bank to secure facilities granted to the Group.

For the year ended 31 March 2023

17. RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS AND LEASE LIABILITIES

RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS

	Leasehold land HK\$'000	Leased properties HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
Carrying amount			
At 31 March 2022	1,471	2,640	4,111
At 31 March 2023	1,373	2,366	3,739
Depreciation: For the year ended 31 March 2022 For the year ended 31 March 2023	98	775	873 1 503
For the year ended 31 March 2023	98	1,404	1,502
		2023 HK\$'000	2022 HK\$'000
Expense relating to short-term leases		5,204	4,221
Additions to right-of-use assets		1,130	3,199
Total cash outflow for leases		6,930	4,835

The leasehold land is a medium-term lease and has remaining lease term of 24 years (2022: 25 years).

All leased properties are located in Hong Kong.

For the year ended 31 March 2023

17. RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS AND LEASE LIABILITIES (Continued)

LEASE LIABILITIES

	2023 HK\$'000	2022 HK\$'000
Lease liabilities:		
Within one year	1,609	1,196
Within a period of more than one year but not more than two years	1,005	1,251
Within a period of more than two years but not more than five years	125	585
	2,739	3,032
Less: Amount due for settlement within 12 months shown under current liabilities	(1,609)	(1,196)
Amount due for settlement after 12 months		
shown under non-current liabilities	1,130	1,836

The weighted average incremental borrowing rate applied to lease liabilities is 8.7% p.a. (2022: 10.8% p.a.).

COMMITMENTS UNDER LEASES

As at 31 March 2023, the Group had committed to HK\$2,032,000 for short-term leases and loss-value assets.

18. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS

As at 31 March 2022 and 2023, the Group's financial assets at FVTPL represent investment in a company listed on the Indian Stock Market. The fair value of the listed equity investment was based on the quoted market bid prices available on the stock exchange where the securities were listed. Since 1 January 2018, the investee company's shares were suspended in trading in the stock market. The directors of the Company considered it appropriate to make a full provision for impairment on the investment due to the uncertainty of resumption of trading of the investee company's shares in an active market and the remote possibility in realisation of these financial assets. Up to the date of this report, the investee company's shares remained in suspension of trading on the Indian Stock Market.

	2023 HK\$'000	2022 HK\$'000
Equity securities investment	_	_

For the year ended 31 March 2023

19. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

Net carrying amount At 31 March		_
At 31 March	12,770	12,770
Impairment	-	
Amortisation and impairment At 1 April	12,770	12,770
At 31 March	12,770	12,770
Cost At 1 April Addition	12,770 –	12,770 –
	2023 HK\$'000	2022 HK\$'000

For the year ended 31 March 2023

20. INVENTORIES

	2023 HK\$'000	2022 HK\$'000
Raw materials	1,158	1,460
Work in progress	1,071	2,147
Finished goods	1,685	1,728
	3,914	5,335

During the year ended 31 March 2023, the Group has made an allowance for obsolete stock of approximately HK\$129,000 (2022: reversal of allowance for obsolete stock of approximately HK\$4,339,000) which has been included in the cost of sales.

21. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

	2023	2022
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Trade receivables from contract with customers (Note a)	54,427	44,360
Less: Allowance for credit losses	(23,782)	(25,478)
	30,645	18,882
Other receivables (Note b)	54,824	33,789
Less: provision for impairment	_	(20)
	54,824	33,769
	85,469	52,651

Notes:

(a) Trade receivables

The majority of the Group's sales are on credit terms up to 30–60 days from the end of the month of invoice. The Group seeks to maintain strict control over its outstanding receivables. In determining the recoverability of trade receivables, the Group considers any changes in credit quality of trade receivables from the date credit was initially granted up to the end of the reporting period. The Group does not hold any collateral or other credit enhancements over its trade receivable balances.

For the year ended 31 March 2023

21. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (Continued)

Notes: (Continued)

(a) Trade receivables (Continued)

The aging analysis of trade receivables (net of allowance for credit losses) based on the invoice dates is as follows:

	2023	2022
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Within 30 days	21,814	3,687
31–60 days	3,498	2,418
61–90 days	908	3,340
91–180 days	4,425	8,478
Over 180 days	_	959
	30,645	18,882
The aging analysis of trade receivables which are past due but not implied due dates is as follows:	paired as at the reporting date ba	ased on the past
	2023	2022
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000

	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Within 30 days	-	2,450
31–60 days	5,584	7,989
61–90 days	_	_
91–180 days	157	3,264
Over 180 days	_	26
	5,741	13,729

Movements in allowance for credit losses are as follows:

	2023 HK\$'000	2022 HK\$'000
At 1 April	25,478	7,614
Provision of allowance for credit losses	117	17,864
Reversal of allowance for credit losses	(1,813)	_
At 31 March	23,782	25,478

The carrying amounts of the Group's trade receivables are denominated in the following currencies:

	2023 HK\$'000	2022 HK\$'000
HK\$	3,288	5,800
United States dollars ("US\$")	8,907	11,766
Renminbi ("RMB")	18,450	1,316
	30,645	18,882

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21. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (Continued)

Notes: (Continued)

Other receivables

	2023 HK\$′000	2022 HK\$'000
Advances to staff	21	13
Amount due from a related party	_	668
Amount due from ultimate holding company (Note)	22,500	22,500
Prepayments for purchases	28,325	8,140
Prepayments and deposits	3,759	2,084
Others	219	364
	54,824	33,769

Notes:

On 12 July 2018, a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company ("Subsidiary A") paid trade deposits amounting to HK\$17,000,000 and HK\$5,500,000 ("Oil Trade Deposits") respectively to two suppliers ("Trade Suppliers") in accordance with certain oil supply contracts. The Oil Trade Deposits were used for purchase of oil products from the Trade Suppliers to be sold in the ordinary course of business of the Group. On 30 June 2020, Subsidiary A further entered into Deeds of Assignment ("Deeds") with the Trade Suppliers and Baineng Holdings Limited ("Baineng"), a potential investor (now became ultimate holding company) which had entered into a non-legally binding memorandum of understanding with the Company for subscription of new shares and bonds of the Company (details disclosed in the Company's announcement dated 23 December 2019 and 6 March 2020 respectively). Upon the success in the resumption of trading in the Company's shares, the ultimate holding company has taken over the Oil Trade Deposits from the Trade Suppliers and agreed to refund the deposits to the Group. The amount is unsecured, interest free and repayable on demand.

For the year ended 31 March 2023

22. CONTINGENT CONSIDERATION RECEIVABLES

	2023 HK\$'000	2022 HK\$'000
Carrying amount of contingent consideration receivables Less: Provision of impairment	22,000 (22,000)	22,000 (22,000)
	_	_

The receivables represent the contingent consideration arising from the acquisition of the entire issued share capital of 3 Dynamics on 11 December 2013 (the "Acquisition Date").

Pursuant to the terms of the sale and purchase agreement dated 21 November 2013 ("SPA"), Mr. Chung Wai Sum (the "Vendor") irrevocably and unconditionally warranted and guaranteed to Dynamic Miracle Limited, a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company ("Dynamic Miracle") that the audited net profits after tax of 3 Dynamics as shown in its audited financial statements for the 12 months from the date of the completion of acquisition, i.e. for the period from 11 December 2013 to 10 December 2014 (the "Relevant Period") shall not be less than HK\$42,000,000 (the "Profit Guarantee"). The Profit Guarantee was secured by 140,000,000 consideration shares ("Escrow Shares") of the Company issued to the Vendor. As certified by the previous auditor of 3 Dynamics, 3 Dynamics has recorded a net loss after tax in its audited financial statements for the period from 11 December 2013 to 10 December 2014 and there was no profit for the Relevant Period pursuant to the SPA. Under the terms and conditions as stipulated in the SPA, the Escrow Shares would be sold in order to pay for the Profit Guarantee. During the year ended 31 March 2016, a portion of the Escrow Shares was sold to pay for the Profit Guarantee. An amount of HK\$20,000,000 was received by the Group to partially settle the Profit Guarantee obligation of the Vendor. As at 31 March 2020, the balance of HK\$22,000,000 was still outstanding for the Profit Guarantee and 73,870,000 shares (before adjustment for share consolidation pursuant to an ordinary resolution passed on 28 November 2018) of the Escrow Shares remained as a security for the Profit Guarantee.

During the year ended 31 March 2023, the Company was still in the process of negotiating with the Vendor on the recovery of the outstanding amount. As at 31 March 2023, the outstanding balance of HK\$22,000,000 (2022: HK\$22,000,000) represents the nominal amount of cash to be received for the Profit Guarantee. However, the receivables have been long outstanding, despite the Escrow Shares held, full provision for the amount receivables had been made during the year ended 31 March 2017.

For the year ended 31 March 2023

23. BANK BALANCES AND CASH

At 31 March 2023, the balances that were placed with banks in the PRC amounted to approximately HK\$26,817,000 (2022: approximately HK\$1,053,000). Remittance of funds out of the PRC is subject to the exchange regulations imposed by the PRC law.

As at 31 March 2023, the Group's short-term bank deposits carried market interest rates ranging from 0.001% to 2% p.a. (2022: 0.001% to 0.35% p.a.).

The carrying amounts of the Group's bank balances and cash are denominated in the following currencies:

	2023	2022
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
HK\$	17,192	11,062
RMB	26,817	1,158
US\$	3,892	3,098
	47,901	15,318

24. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

	2023 HK\$'000	2022 HK\$'000
Trade payables (Note a) Other payables (Note b)	18,082 59,678	4,019 26,206
	77,760	30,225

Notes:

Trade payables (a)

The Group normally obtains credit terms ranging from 30 days to 120 days from its suppliers. The aging analysis of trade payables based on the due date is as follows:

	2023 HK\$'000	2022 HK\$'000
Not yet due	17,254	1,726
1–30 days past due	675	1,397
31–60 days past due	114	682
61–90 days past due	1	5
91–180 days past due	29	207
181–360 days past due	9	2
	18,082	4,019

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24. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES (Continued)

Trade payables (Continued)

Notes: (Continued)

 Trade payables (communica)		
The carrying amounts of the Group's trade payables were denoted	minated in the following currencies:	
	2023	2022
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
HK\$	2,576	2,973
RMB	15,484	1,011
US\$	22	35
	18,082	4,019
Other payables		
Otter payables		
	2023	2022
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Accruals	4,739	7,806
Contract liabilities	27,944	_
Interest payables	2,275	2,739
Salary and welfare payables	7,633	3,136
Others	16,758	12,525

Movements of contract liabilities are as follow:

At 1 April	-	_
Increase in contract liabilities during the year	27,944	_
At 31 March	27,944	_

59,678

2023

HK\$'000

26,206

2022

HK\$'000

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25. BORROWINGS

	2023 HK\$'000	2022 HK\$'000
Secured and unsecured bank loan (Note a)	15,285	6,580
Advance from ultimate holding company (Note b)	3,215	15,241
Advance from a shareholder (Note c)	2,195	_
Other loans (Note d)	39,284	19,776
	59,979	41,597
Secured	11,143	11,580
Unsecured	48,836	30,017
	59,979	41,597
Less: Amount classified as current liabilities	(20,695)	(14,899)
Amount classified as non-current liabilities	39,284	26,698

Notes:

(a) Secured and unsecured bank loan

The scheduled principal repayment dates of the bank loan with reference to the respective bank loan agreements are as follows:

	2023 HK\$'000	2022 HK\$'000
The carrying amount of the bank loan is repayable:		
Within one year	15,285	123
More than one year but not exceeding two years	_	6,457
	15,285	6,580

As at 31 March 2023, the secured bank loan of HK\$6,143,000, which was denominated in RMB, was secured by the (i) Group's buildings with carrying amounts of approximately HK\$8,277,000 (2022: approximately HK\$9,255,000), (ii) supported by guarantees provided by a director of the Company's subsidiary and his spouse, and (iii) supported by corporate quarantees provided by a subsidiary of the Group. The secured bank loan bears interest at 4.50% (2022: 4.50%) per annum.

As at 31 March 2023, the unsecured bank loan of HK\$9,142,000, which was denominated in RMB, was supported by guarantees provided by a director of the Company's subsidiary and his spouse and corporate guarantees provided by a subsidiary of the Group. The unsecured bank loan bears interest at 4.30% (2022: Nil) per annum.

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25. BORROWINGS (Continued)

Notes: (Continued)

(b) Advance from ultimate holding company

On 8 September 2021, the Company and its ultimate holding company entered into a loan agreement. The ultimate holding company granted a loan facility up to HK\$10,000,000 to the Company which bears interest at 18% per annum and with a maturity of 1 year. On 23 June 2022, the Company and its ultimate holding company entered into a supplemental loan agreement to increase the loan facility up to HK\$30,000,000 and reduce the interest rate from 18% to 15% per annum.

On 23 June 2022, the Company and its ultimate holding company entered into a second supplemental loan agreement to extend the maturity date to 7 September 2023.

(c) Advance from a shareholder

On 25 October 2022, the Company and its shareholder and executive director, Mr. Cheung Yip Sang ("Mr. Cheung"), entered into a loan agreement pursuant to which Mr. Cheung granted a loan facility up to HK\$25,000,000. The loan bears interest at 15% per annum and with a maturity of 1 year.

On 2 December 2022, the Company entered into a subscription agreement with Mr. Cheung pursuant to which the Company has agreed to allot and issue, and Mr. Cheung has agreed to subscribe for the subscription shares at the subscription price of HK\$0.15 per share for a consideration of HK\$24,150,000. The subscription amount payable by Mr. Cheung under the subscription agreement shall be satisfied by capitalising part of the indebted amount. Further details of the loan capitalisation are set out in the Company's circular dated 3 February 2023. The transaction was completed on 6 March 2023.

(d) Other loan

As at 31 March 2023, the Company had outstanding other loans, in aggregate, of approximately HK\$39,284,000 (2022: HK\$19,776,000), which bear interest at 15% (2022: 12% to 15%) per annum, and matured within 2 years (2022: 2.4 years) from the end of the reporting period.

	2023 HK\$'000	2022 HK\$'000
The carrying amount of the other loan is repayable:		
Within one year	_	14,776
After one year but less than two years	39,284	_
After two years but less than five years	_	5,000
	39,284	19,776
Secured (Note)	5,000	5,000
Unsecured	34,284	14,776
	39,284	19,776

Note: Details of the pledge of assets at 31 March 2023 and 2022 are set in Note 32.

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26. CONVERTIBLE NOTES

2022 CN

On 25 June 2021, the Company issued convertible notes with an aggregate principal amount of approximately HK\$3,106,000 ("2022 CN"), due on 16 March 2025 ("Maturity Date"). 2022 CN shall not bear any interest. The Company does not have redemption right of the 2022 CN.

Pursuant to the Mandatory Conversion Mechanism (details refer to the Company's circular dated 19 March 2021), any part or all of the principal amount of the 2022 CN shall be automatically converted into ordinary shares at the conversion price of HK\$0.01941712 per share (subject to adjustments) during the conversion period upon the exercise of any outstanding share options issued by the Company under the Company's Scheme 2011.

In the event that the 2022 CN are not fully converted by the Maturity Date, the outstanding principal amount of the 2022 CN will forthwith be cancelled on the Maturity Date.

On initial recognition, the equity element in the amount of HK\$3,000 is presented in equity as convertible notes equity reserve. 2022 CN does not consist any liability component and does not bear any interest.

Due to the lapse of all outstanding share options, all convertible notes under 2022 CN were cancelled.

27. DEFERRED TAX LIABILITIES

The following are the deferred tax liabilities recognised by the Group.

Accelerated tax depreciation HK\$'000

At 1 April 2021, 31 March 2022, 1 April 2022 and 31 March 2023

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At 31 March 2023 and 31 March 2022, the Group had no unused tax loss available for offset against future profits.

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28. SHARE CAPITAL

	Number of ordinary shares of HK\$0.004 each	Amount HK\$'000
Authorised		
At 1 April 2021 Increase in authorised share capital (Note a)	2,000,000,000 8,000,000,000	8,000 32,000
At 31 March 2022, 1 April 2022 and 31 March 2023	10,000,000,000	40,000
	Number of ordinary shares of HK\$0.004 each	Amount HK\$'000
Issued and fully paid		
At 1 April 2021	380,019,818	1,520
Issue of shares pursuant to Subscription (Note b) Issue of shares pursuant to the Creditors' Schemes (Note c)	1,900,099,090 253,346,545	7,601 1,013
At 31 March 2022 and 1 April 2022	2,533,465,453	10,134
Issue of shares pursuant to the loan capitalisation (note d)	161,000,000	644
At 31 March 2023	2,694,465,453	10,778

Notes:

- (a) Pursuant to the extraordinary resolution passed on 22 June 2021, the authorised share capital of the Company has been increased to HK\$40,000,000 divided into 10,000,000,000 shares.
- (b) On 25 June 2021, the Company issued an aggregate of 1,900,099,090 new ordinary shares at a subscription price of HK\$0.01941712 per subscription share for a total cash consideration of approximately HK\$36,895,000. The premium on the issue of shares amounted to approximately HK\$29,294,000.
- (c) On 25 June 2021, pursuant to the Creditors' Schemes, the Company issued 253,346,545 creditors' shares at issue price of HK\$0.01941712 per creditors' shares to the scheme administrators for distribution to the creditors subject to adjudication. The premium of the issue of shares amounted to approximately to HK\$3,905,000.
- (d) On 6 March 2023, the Company allotted and issued 161,000,000 new Shares (the "Subscription Share(s)") under the specific mandate granted by the shareholders of the Company to Mr. Cheung Yip Sang, an executive director of the Company. The Subscription Shares were subscribed at a subscription price of HK\$0.15 per Subscription Share for a consideration of HK\$24,150,000.

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29. SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS

EQUITY-SETTLED SHARE OPTION SCHEME

The Company has a share option scheme (the "Scheme 2011") which was adopted pursuant to a resolution of the sole Shareholder passed on 27 April 2011. The purpose of the Scheme 2011 was to attract, retain and motivate talented Participants (as defined below), to strive for future developments and expansion of the Group. The Scheme 2011 should be an incentive to encourage the Participants to perform their best in achieving the goals of the Group and allow the Participants to enjoy the results of the Group attained through their efforts and contributions. The Scheme 2011 became effective on 27 April 2011 and, unless otherwise cancelled or amended, will remain in force for 10 years from the date of adoption of the Scheme 2011. The Scheme 2011 expired on 26 April 2021.

The Company has adopted a share option scheme (the "Scheme 2021") pursuant to a resolution of the Shareholders passed on 29 September 2021. The purpose of the Scheme 2021 is to attract and retain the best available personnel, to provide additional incentive to employees (full-time and parttime), directors, advisors and consultants of the Group and to promote the success of the business of the Group.

The Scheme 2021 became effective on 29 September 2021 and, unless otherwise cancelled or amended, will remain in force for 10 years from the date of the adoption of the Scheme 2021.

The Participants include any director, employee, advisor and consultant of the Company or any subsidiary of the Company, who, in the absolute discretion of the Board, has contributed or may contribute to the Group so as to promote the success of the business of the Group.

The total number of the shares of the Company available for issue under the Scheme 2021 and any other share option scheme of the Group must not in aggregate exceed 10% of the Shares in issue of the Company on the day on which trading of the Shares commenced on the Stock Exchange.

The maximum number of Shares issued and to be issued upon exercise of the Options granted and to be granted pursuant to the Scheme 2021 and any other share option schemes of the Group to each Participant (including both exercised and outstanding options) in any 12-month period up to and including the date of grant of the options must not exceed 1% of the total number of Shares in issue.

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29. SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS (Continued)

EQUITY-SETTLED SHARE OPTION SCHEME (Continued)

Any grant of share options to a substantial shareholder of the Company or an independent non-executive Director, or any of their respective associates and such Option which if exercised in full, would result in the shares of the Company issued and to be issued upon exercise of all Options already granted and to be granted pursuant to the Scheme 2021 and other share option schemes of the Company (including option exercised and outstanding) to such Participant in the 12-month period up to and including the date of grant being proposed by the Board (the "Relevant Date"): (i) representing in aggregate more than 0.1% of the total number of shares of the Company in issue at the Relevant Date; and (ii) having an aggregate value, based on the closing price of the shares of the Company as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotations sheet on the Relevant Date, in excess of HK\$5,000,000, are subject to the shareholders' approval in the general meeting.

Unless otherwise determined by the directors of the Company and stated in the offer of the grant of options to a grantee, there is no minimum period required under the Scheme 2021 for the holding of an option before it can be exercised.

The offer of a grant of share options may be accepted within 10 days from the date of offer upon payment of a nominal consideration of HK\$1 by the grantee. The exercise period for the share options granted is determined by the Board, which may commence from the date of acceptance of the offer for the grant of share options but shall end in any event not later than 10 years from the date of the conditional adoption of the Scheme 2021 by the sole Shareholder subject to the provisions for early termination under the Scheme 2021.

The subscription price for the Shares under the Scheme 2021 shall be a price determined by the Board at its absolute discretion and shall not be less than the highest of (i) the closing price of the Shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotations sheet on the date of the offer for the grant, which must be a business day, (ii) the average closing prices of the Shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotations sheet for the five business days immediately preceding the date of the offer for the grant; and (iii) the nominal value of the share of the Company on the date of the offer for the grant.

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29. SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS (Continued)

EQUITY-SETTLED SHARE OPTION SCHEME (Continued)

The following table discloses movements of the Company's share options during the year ended 31 March 2023:

Grantee	Date of grant	Exercise period	Exercise price	At 1 April 2022	Granted during the year	Exercised during the year	Expired during the year	Lapsed during the year	Outstanding 31 March 2023
Directors	16.4.2019	16.4.2019 to 15.4.2022	0.36	9,500,000	-	-	(9,500,000)	-	_
Employees	16.4.2019	16.4.2019 to 15.4.2022	0.36	3,800,000	-	-	(3,800,000)	-	-
Consultants	10.10.2013 (Note a)	10.10.2013 to 9.10.2023	7.82	1,375,000	-	-	-	(1,375,000)	-
	13.1.2014 (Note a)	13.1.2014 to 12.1.2024	6.28	2,750,000	-	-	-	(2,750,000)	-
	14.7.2014 (Note b)	14.7.2014 to 13.7.2024	5.12	3,850,000	-	-	-	(3,850,000)	-
	21.8.2014 (Note b)	21.8.2014 to 20.8.2024	4.52	1,375,000	-	-	-	(1,375,000)	-
	16.2.2015 (Note b)	16.2.2015 to 15.2.2025	3.28	2,179,350	-	-	-	(2,179,350)	-
	17.3.2015 (Note b)	17.3.2015 to 16.3.2025	3.68	3,121,200	-	-	-	(3,121,200)	-
	16.4.2019	16.4.2019 to 15.4.2022	0.36	11,000,000		-	(11,000,000)	_	-
				38,950,550	-	-	(24,300,000)	(14,650,550)	-

The following table discloses movements of the Company's share options during the year ended 31 March 2022:

			Exercise	At 1 April	Granted during	Exercised during	Expired during	Lapsed during	Outstanding 31 March
Grantee	Date of grant	Exercise period	price	2021	the year	the year	the year	the year	2022
Directors	16.4.2019	16.4.2019 to 15.4.2022	0.36	13,000,000	_	_	_	(3,500,000)	9,500,000
Employees	11.4.2018 (Note c)	11.4.2018 to 10.4.2021	1.04	8,450,000	_	_	(8,450,000)	(3,300,000)	J,500,000 -
1 7	16.4.2019	16.4.2019 to 15.4.2022	0.36	4,100,000	_	_	-	(300,000)	3,800,000
Consultants	10.10.2013 (Note a)	10.10.2013 to 9.10.2023	7.82	1,375,000	-	-	-	_	1,375,000
	13.1.2014 (Note a)	13.1.2014 to 12.1.2024	6.28	2,750,000	-	-	-	-	2,750,000
	14.7.2014 (Note b)	14.7.2014 to 13.7.2024	5.12	3,850,000	-	-	-	-	3,850,000
	21.8.2014 (Note b)	21.8.2014 to 20.8.2024	4.52	1,375,000	-	-	-	-	1,375,000
	16.2.2015 (Note b)	16.2.2015 to 15.2.2025	3.28	2,179,350	-	-	-	-	2,179,350
	17.3.2015 (Note b)	17.3.2015 to 16.3.2025	3.68	3,121,200	-	-	-	-	3,121,200
	11.4.2018 (Note c)	11.4.2018 to 10.4.2021	1.04	2,112,500	-	-	(2,112,500)	-	-
	16.4.2019	16.4.2019 to 15.4.2022	0.36	11,000,000	_	_			11,000,000
				53,313,050	-	-	(10,562,500)	(3,800,000)	38,950,550

For the year ended 31 March 2023

29. SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS (Continued)

EQUITY-SETTLED SHARE OPTION SCHEME (Continued)

Notes:

- (a) The exercise price of the share options granted in prior years have been adjusted pursuant to the share subdivision and share consolidation of the Company's shares becoming effective on 25 March 2014, 30 September 2016 and 29 November 2018.
- (b) The exercise price of the share options granted in prior years have been adjusted pursuant to the share subdivision and share consolidation of the Company's shares becoming effective on 30 September 2016 and 29 November 2018.
- (c) The fair value and the exercise price of the share options granted in prior year have been adjusted pursuant to the share consolidation of the Company's shares becoming effective on 29 November 2018.

During the year ended 31 March 2023 and 31 March 2022, no share option was granted and exercised under the Scheme 2021.

Details of the share options outstanding during the year are as follows:

	2023	3	2022	<u>)</u>
		Weighted		Weighted
	Number of	average	Number of	average
	share of	exercise	share of	exercise
	options	price	options	price
		HK\$		HK\$
Outstanding at the beginning				
of the year	38,950,550	2.09	53,313,050	1.76
Expired during the year	(24,300,000)	0.36	(10,562,500)	1.04
Lapsed during the year	(14,650,550)	5.00	(3,800,000)	0.36
Outstanding and exercisable				
at the end of the year		_	38,950,550	2.09

As at 31 March 2022, the options outstanding at the end of the year have a weighted average remaining contractual life of 0.91 years and the exercise prices ranging from HK\$0.36 to HK\$7.82, after adjustment for the share consolidation in year 2018.

For the year ended 31 March 2023

30. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

In addition to transactions and balances disclosed elsewhere in these consolidated financial statements, the Group had the following related party transactions during the year:

COMPENSATION OF KEY MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL OF THE GROUP

	2023 HK\$'000	2022 HK\$'000
Fees, salaries and allowances Retirement benefits scheme contribution	4,372 312	3,655 102
	4,684	3,757

On 6 March 2023, the Company entered into a subscription agreement with Mr. Cheung Yip Sang ("Mr. Cheung") pursuant to which the Company has agreed to allot and issue, and Mr. Cheung has agreed to subscribe for the subscription shares at the subscription price of HK\$0.15 per share for a consideration of HK\$24,150,000. The subscription amount payable by Mr. Cheung under the subscription agreement shall be satisfied by capitalising part of the indebted amount. Further details of the loan capitalisation are set out in the Company's circular dated 6 March 2023.

31. OPERATING LEASE ARRANGEMENTS

THE GROUP AS LESSOR

At the end of reporting period, the total future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases are receivable as follows:

	2023 HK\$'000	2022 HK\$'000
Within one year	3,208	2,558
In the second year	2,148	1,791
In the third year	1,399	1,057
In the fourth year	1,139	350
In the fifth year	59	353
After five year		59
	7,953	6,168

Operating lease arrangements represent rentals receivable by the Group for certain parts of its office premises. Rentals are fixed over the lease terms and do not include contingent rentals.

For the year ended 31 March 2023

32. PLEDGE OF ASSETS

At the end of the reporting period, the following assets were pledged to secure borrowings granted to the Group:

	2023 HK\$'000	2022 HK\$'000
Buildings (Note (i))	8,277	9,255

Note:

(i) As at 31 March 2023, a building was pledged to a bank to secure facilities of approximately of HK\$6,143,000 (2022: HK\$6,580,000) granted to the Group.

The Group's 51% (2022: 51%) equity interests in Able One Investments Limited, a subsidiary of the Company, was pledged to an independent third party to secure an interest-bearing other loan as described in note 25(d).

33. RETIREMENT BENEFITS SCHEME

The Group operates a mandatory provident fund scheme (the "MPF Scheme") under the Hong Kong Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance for all qualifying employees in Hong Kong. The Group's contributions to the MPF Scheme are calculated at 5% of the salaries and wages subject to a monthly maximum amount of contribution of HK\$1,500 per employee and vest fully with employees when contributed into the MPF Scheme.

The employees of the Group's subsidiaries established in the PRC are members of a central pension scheme operated by the local municipal government. These subsidiaries are required to contribute certain percentage of the employees' basic salaries and wages to the central pension scheme to fund the retirement benefits. The local municipal government undertakes to assume the retirement benefits obligations of all existing and future retired employees of these subsidiaries. The only obligation of these subsidiaries with respect to the central pension scheme is to meet the required contributions under the scheme.

During the years ended 31 March 2022 and 2023, there were no contributions forfeited by the Group for employees who left the plan prior to vesting fully in such contribution, nor had there been any utilization of such forfeited contributions to reduce future contributions. As at 31 March 2022 and 2023, no forfeited contributions were available for utilization by the Group to reduce the existing level of contributions as described in GEM Listing Rules 18.34(2).

For the year ended 31 March 2023

34. CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

Capital commitments outstanding at 31 March 2023 not provided for in the financial statements were as follows:

	2023	2022
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Capital expenditure in respect of the		
 formation of joint venture company 	17,142	_
— establishment of a limited partnership	11,428	_
	28,570	_

35. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AND RESERVES OF THE COMPANY

	2023	2022
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Non-current assets		
Investments in subsidiaries	_	4,377
Property, plant and equipment	1,238	1,690
Right-of-use assets	1,511	2,577
	2,749	8,644
Current assets		
Deposits, prepayment and other receivables	1,272	1,244
Amount due from ultimate holding company	22,550	22,500
Bank balances and cash	1,323	442
	25,145	24,186
Current liabilities		
Accruals and other payables	8,296	8,100
Amounts due to subsidiaries (Note a)	764	727
Advance from ultimate holding company	3,215	_
Borrowings	2,195	_
Lease liabilities	1,251	1,124
	15,721	9,951
Net current assets	9,424	14,235
Total assets less current liabilities	12,173	22,879

For the year ended 31 March 2023

35. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AND RESERVES OF THE COMPANY (Continued)

	2023 HK\$'000	2022 HK\$'000
Non-current liabilities		
Borrowings	5,000	5,000
Advance from ultimate holding company	_	15,241
Lease liabilities	585	1,836
	5,585	22,077
Net assets	6,588	802
Capital and reserves		
Share capital	10,778	10,134
Reserves	(4,190)	(9,332)
Total equity	6,588	802

Note a: The amounts due to subsidiaries are unsecured, interest-free and repayable on demand.

Approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 23 June 2023.

Leung Wing Cheong Eric

Director

Cheung Yip Sang
Director

For the year ended 31 March 2023

35. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AND RESERVES OF THE COMPANY (Continued)

Chara	Share- based	Convertible notes	Foreign currency	Accumulated	
					Total
HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
703,768	47,806	2,215	(74)	(917,392)	(163,677)
_	-	_	74	121,069	121,143
29,294	-	_	-	-	29,294
3,905	-	_	-	-	3,905
_	-	3	_	_	3
_	_	(2,215)	-	2,215	_
	(5,782)	_	_	5,782	
736,967	42,024	3	_	(788,326)	(9,332)
-	-				
_	_	_	_	(18,364)	(18,364)
23,506	_	_	_	_	23,506
_	_	(3)	_	3	_
_	(42,024)	_	-	42,024	
760 473	_	_	_	(764 663)	(4,190)
	703,768 - 29,294 3,905 736,967 -	Share premium HK\$'000 703,768 47,806	Share premium premium HK\$'000 based payment reserve HK\$'000 notes equity reserve HK\$'000 703,768 47,806 2,215 - - - 29,294 - - - - 3 - - (2,215) - (5,782) - 736,967 42,024 3 - - - 23,506 - - - (42,024) -	Share premium premium HK\$'000 based payment reserve HK\$'000 notes equity ranslation reserve HK\$'000 currency translation reserve HK\$'000 703,768 47,806 2,215 (74) - - - 74 29,294 - - - - - 3,905 - - - - (2,215) - - (5,782) - - - - - - 23,506 - - - - (42,024) - - - (42,024) - -	Share premium premium HK\$'000 based payment reserve HK\$'000 notes equity ranslation reserve HK\$'000 currency translation reserve losses HK\$'000 Accumulated losses HK\$'000 703,768 47,806 2,215 (74) (917,392) - - - 74 121,069 29,294 - - - - - - 3 - - - - 3 - - - - (2,215) - 2,215 - (5,782) - - 2,215 736,967 42,024 3 - (788,326) - - - - - 23,506 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -

For the year ended 31 March 2023

35. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AND RESERVES OF THE COMPANY

(Continued)

NATURE AND PURPOSE OF RESERVES

(i) Share premium

Under the Companies Law of the Cayman Islands, the funds in the share premium account of the Company are distributable to the shareholders of the Company provided that immediately following the date on which the dividend is proposed to be distributed, the Company will be in a position to pay off its debts as they fall due in the ordinary course of business.

- (ii) Share-based payment reserve
 - Share-based payment reserve represents the fair value of the actual or estimated number of unexercised share options granted to employees and consultants of the Company recognised in accordance with the accounting policy adopted for equity-settled share-based payments in note 3 to the consolidated financial statements.
- (iii) Convertible notes equity reserve

The convertible notes equity reserve represents the value of the unexercised equity component of convertible notes issued by the Company recognised in accordance with the accounting policy adopted for convertible notes in note 3 to the consolidated financial statements.

(iv) Foreign currency translation reserve

Foreign currency translation reserve comprises all foreign exchange differences arising from the translation of the financial statements of foreign operations. The reserve is dealt with in accordance with the accounting policies set out in note 3 to the consolidated financial statements.

For the year ended 31 March 2023

36. PARTICULARS OF SUBSIDIARIES

(A) GENERAL INFORMATION OF SUBSIDIARIES

Particulars of the subsidiaries as at 31 March 2023 are as follows:

Name	Place of incorporation/operation	Issued and fully paid share capital/ registration capital	Percentage o ownership inter voting power profit sharing Direct	est/ ·/	Principal activities
陝西百能 (子長) 能源發展有限公司 Shanxi Baineng (Zizhang) Energy Development Co., Limited* (Note		US\$5,000,000	100%	-	Investment holding
百能能源 (北京) 有限公司 Baineng Energy (Beijing) Co., Limited* (Note a)	The PRC/PRC	HK\$200,000,000	100%	-	Investment holding
百能 (天津) 能源貿易有限公司 Baineng (Tianjin) Energy Trading Co., Limited* (Note a)	The PRC/PRC	RMB10,000,000	-	100%	Investment holding
佰能(深圳)能源發展有限公司 Baineng (Shenzhen) Energy Development Co., Limited* (Note b)	The PRC/PRC	RMB50,000,000	-	100%	Investment holding
福建豪聚貿易有限公司 Fujian Haoju Trading Co., Limited* (Note b)	The PRC/PRC	RMB20,000,000	-	100%	Investment holding
廣東道生能源貿易有限公司 Guangdong Daosheng Energy Trading Co., Limited*	The PRC/PRC	RMB6,500,000	-	65%	Investment holding
Dynamics Miracle Limited	BVI/Hong Kong	1 ordinary share of US\$1 each	100%	-	Investment holding
3 Dynamics (Asia) Limited	Hong Kong/ Hong Kong	HK\$10,000	-	100%	Inactive
Century Energy International Global Limited	BVI/Hong Kong	100 ordinary shares of US\$1 each	100%	-	Investment holding
Century Energy International (HK) Limited	Hong Kong/ Hong Kong	HK\$100	-	100%	Investment holding
佰能能源(深圳)有限公司 Baineng Energy (Shenzhen) Co., Limited* (Note a)	The PRC/PRC	RMB50,000,000	-	100%	Investment holding

For the year ended 31 March 2023

36. PARTICULARS OF SUBSIDIARIES (Continued)

(A) GENERAL INFORMATION OF SUBSIDIARIES (Continued)

Name		Place of incorporation/operation	Issued and fully paid share capital/ registration capital	Percentage ownership inte voting powe profit sharir	rest/ er/	Principal activities	
				Direct	Indirect	·	
	百能(天津)能源科技有限公司 Baineng (Tianjin) Energy Technology Co., Limited* <i>(Note b)</i>	The PRC/PRC	RMB30,000,000	-	100%	Investment holding	
(Century Energy Investment Limited	Hong Kong/ Hong Kong	HK\$10,000	100%	-	Investment holding	
	百能國恒(北京)能源有限公司 Baineng Guohang (Beijing) Energy Co., Limited* (<i>Note a)</i>	The PRC/PRC	HK\$200,000,000	-	100%	Investment holding	
	百能國恒(陝西)新材料有限公司 Baineng Guoheng (Shanxi) New Material Co., Limited* (Note b)	The PRC/PRC	RMB50,000,000	-	100%	Investment holding	
A	Able One Investments Limited	BVI/Hong Kong	100 ordinary shares of US\$1 each	51%	-	Investment holding	
Ç	Sun Fair Electric Wire & Cable (HK) Company Limited	Hong Kong/ Hong Kong	HK\$3,000,000	-	51%	Trading of power and data cords	
J	oint Market Limited	BVI/Hong Kong	1 ordinary share of US\$1 each	-	51%	Investment holding	
L	ogic Dynamic Limited	Hong Kong/ Hong Kong	HK\$10,000	-	51%	Inactive	
	三輝電線電纜(深圳)有限公司 Sun Fair Electric Wire & Cable (Shenzhen) Company Limited* (Note a)	The PRC/PRC	HK\$10,000,000	-	51%	Manufacturing and trading of power and data cords	
1	Votes:						

- The subsidiaries are wholly-foreign-owned enterprises established in the PRC. (a)
- The subsidiary is wholly owned enterprise established in the PRC.
- for identification purpose only

For the year ended 31 March 2023

36. PARTICULARS OF SUBSIDIARIES (Continued)

(B) DETAILS OF NON-WHOLLY OWNED SUBSIDIARIES THAT HAS MATERIAL NON-**CONTROLLING INTERESTS**

The table below shows the details of Able One Investments Limited and its subsidiaries ("Able One Group") and Guangdong Daosheng Energy Trading Co., Limited* 廣東道生能源貿易有限公 $\overline{\exists}$ that has material non-controlling interests:

			Total comp	rehensive			
N	Proportion of ownership interest and voting rights held by non-controlling interests		expense for the year allocated to non-controlling		Accumulated non-		
Name of subsidiaries	interes	sts	inter	ests	controlling interests		
	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022	
			HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
Able One Group	49%	49%	(3,051)	(3,580)	2,765	5,816	
Guangdong Daosheng Energy Trading							
Co., Limited* 廣東道生能源貿易有限公司	35%	_	(10)	_	3,990	_	
Individually immaterial subsidiaries							
with non-controlling interests			_	(2)	-		
			(3,061)	(3,582)	6,755	5,816	

^{*} for identification purpose only

For the year ended 31 March 2023

36. PARTICULARS OF SUBSIDIARIES (Continued)

(B) DETAILS OF NON-WHOLLY OWNED SUBSIDIARIES THAT HAS MATERIAL NON-**CONTROLLING INTERESTS** (Continued)

The following table lists out the consolidated financial information relating to Able One Group which has material non-controlling interests as at 31 March 2023 and 2022.

	2023 HK\$'000	2022 HK\$'000
Non-current assets Current assets Non-current liabilities Current liabilities Total equity	19,920 43,041 (261) (57,057) 5,643	22,008 48,054 (6,458) (51,495) 12,109
Equity attributable to owners of Able One Group Non-controlling interest of Able One Group	2,878 2,765	6,176 5,933
Revenue Loss for the year Profit and total comprehensive income for the year Total comprehensive (expense) income attributable to owner of	41,212 (3,195) (6,227)	56,605 (8,893) (7,307)
Able One Group Total comprehensive (expense) income attributable to the non-controlling interests of Able One Group	(3,176) (3,051)	(3,727) (3,580)
Net cash inflow from operating activities Net cash outflow from investing activities Net cash outflow from financing activities Net cash inflow	11,570 (1,232) (394) 9,944	16,702 (6,344) (8,446) 1,912

The Group's 51% (2022: 51%) equity interests in Able One Investments Limited, a subsidiary of the Company, was pledged to an independent third party to secure an interest-bearing other loan as described in note 25(d).

For the year ended 31 March 2023

36. PARTICULARS OF SUBSIDIARIES (Continued)

(B) DETAILS OF NON-WHOLLY OWNED SUBSIDIARIES THAT HAS MATERIAL NON-**CONTROLLING INTERESTS** (Continued)

The following table lists out the consolidated financial information relating to Guangdong Daosheng Energy Trading Co., Limited*廣東道生能源貿易有限公司 which has material noncontrolling interests as at 31 March 2023 and 2022.

	2023	2022
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Current assets	17,338	_
Current liabilities	(5,937)	_
Total equity	11,401	_
Equity attributable to owners of Able One Group	7,411	_
Non-controlling interest of Able One Group	3,990	_
Revenue	9,902	_
Loss for the year	(27)	_
Loss and total comprehensive expense for the year	(28)	_
Total comprehensive (expense) income attributable to owner of		
Guangdong Daosheng Energy Trading Co., Limited	(18)	_
Total comprehensive (expense) income attributable to		
the non-controlling interests of Guangdong Daosheng		
Energy Trading Co., Limited	(10)	_
Net cash outflow from operating activities	(1,676)	_
Net cash outflow from financing activities	11,428	_
Net cash inflow	9,752	_

^{*} for identification purpose only

For the year ended 31 March 2023

37. RECONCILIATION OF LIABILITIES ARISING FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES

	Interest payables from financing		Promissory notes	Liability component of convertible	Lease	
	activities HK\$'000	Borrowings HK\$'000	payable HK\$'000	notes HK\$'000	liabilities HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
At 1 April 2021	29,135	57,600	73,011	13,000	236	172,982
Changes from financing cash flows:						
Raised		30,017			3,199	33,216
Repayment	_	(14,820)	_	_	3,133	(14,820)
Repayments of lease liabilities	_	(14,020)	_	_	(616)	(616)
Interest expenses	_	4,273	688		213	5,174
Interest expenses	3,946	(3,325)	(621)	_	215	5,174
Repayment of interest	5,540	(948)	(021)	_	_	(948)
Derecognition upon debt		(540)				(540)
restructuring	(30,342)	(31,401)	(73,078)	(13,000)	_	(147,821)
Exchange differences	-	201	-	-	_	201
At 31 March 2022 and						
1 April 2022	2,739	41,597	-	-	3,032	47,368
Changes from financing						
cash flows:						
Raised	-	56,876	-	-	1,130	58,006
Repayment	-	(16,713)	-	-	-	(16,713)
Repayments of lease liabilities	-	-	-	-	(1,726)	(1,726)
Interest expenses	-	6,861	-	-	303	7,164
Interest accrued	6,512	(6,512)	-	-	-	(2.602)
Repayment of interest	(3,254)	(349)	-	-	-	(3,603)
Loan transfer	(2,377)	2,377	-	-	-	(24.450)
Loan capitalisation	(1,345)	(22,805)	-	-	_	(24,150)
Exchange differences	_	(1,353)		_	_	(1,353)
At 31 March 2023	2,275	59,979	_	_	2,739	65,322

For the year ended 31 March 2023

38. COMPARATIVE FIGURES

Certain comparative figures have been reclassified to conform to current year's presentation.

39. APPROVAL OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The consolidated financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 23 June 2023.

FINANCIAL SUMMARY

The results, assets and liabilities of the Group for each of the last five financial years are as follows:

RESULTS

	For the year ended 31 March					
	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
Revenue	603,125	56,605	110,671	64,017	102,338	
(Loss) profit before tax	(32,103)	101,432	(32,645)	(28,771)	(237,365)	
Income tax (expense) credit	(216)	(1,045)	(664)	2,106	(790)	
(Loss) profit for the year	(32,319)	100,387	(33,309)	(26,665)	(238,155)	
Attributable to:						
Owners of the Company	(30,744)	104,744	(37,987)	(31,926)	(235,286)	
Non-controlling interests	(1,575)	(4,357)	4,678	5,261	(2,869)	
	(32,319)	100,387	(33,309)	(26,665)	(238,155)	

FINANCIAL SUMMARY

ASSETS, EQUITY AND LIABILITIES

As at 31 March						
2023	2022	2021	2020	2019		
HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000		
23,439	27,812	18,907	22,311	16,782		
137,284	73,304	106,290	97,530	96,562		
160,723	101,116	125,197	119,841	113,344		
12,856	19,045	(124,659)	(94,091)	(73,902)		
40,452	28,572	32,362	52,686	89,882		
107,415	53,499	217,494	161,246	97,364		
147,867	82,071	249,856	213,932	187,246		
160,723	101,116	125,197	119,841	113,344		
6,101	13,229	(133,928)	(97,369)	(73,812)		
6,755	5,816	9,269	3,278	(90)		
12.856	19.045	(124.659)	(94.091)	(73,902)		
	160,723 12,856 40,452 107,415 147,867 160,723	2023 2022 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 23,439 27,812 137,284 73,304 160,723 101,116 12,856 19,045 40,452 28,572 107,415 53,499 147,867 82,071 160,723 101,116 6,101 13,229 6,755 5,816	2023 2022 2021 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 23,439 27,812 18,907 137,284 73,304 106,290 160,723 101,116 125,197 40,452 28,572 32,362 107,415 53,499 217,494 147,867 82,071 249,856 160,723 101,116 125,197 6,101 13,229 (133,928) 6,755 5,816 9,269	2023 2022 2021 2020 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 23,439 27,812 18,907 22,311 137,284 73,304 106,290 97,530 160,723 101,116 125,197 119,841 12,856 19,045 (124,659) (94,091) 40,452 28,572 32,362 52,686 107,415 53,499 217,494 161,246 147,867 82,071 249,856 213,932 160,723 101,116 125,197 119,841 6,101 13,229 (133,928) (97,369) 6,755 5,816 9,269 3,278		