

CHINA CHENGTONG DEVELOPMENT GROUP LIMITED

中國誠通發展集團有限公司

(Incorporated in Hong Kong with limited liability)
(Stock Code: 217)

ANNOUNCEMENT OF 2007 FINAL RESULTS

The Board of Directors of China Chengtong Development Group Limited (the "Company") would like to announce the audited consolidated results of the Company and its subsidiaries (the "Group") for the year ended 31 December 2007 together with the comparative figures for the year ended 31 December 2006 as follows:

CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT

for the year ended 31 December 2007

	Notes	2007 HK\$'000	2006 HK\$'000
Continuing operations Turnover Cost of sales	2	25,365 (20,344)	247,263 (185,444)
Gross profit Other income Selling expenses Administrative expenses Increase (decrease) in fair value of	3	5,021 21,099 (800) (29,159)	61,819 9,123 (6,655) (19,722)
an investment property Gain on disposal of a subsidiary Finance costs Share of results of associates Share of results of a jointly controlled	4	1,460 19,724 (1,296) (697)	(1,782) - (140) 1
entity		(1,475)	(728)
Profit before taxation Taxation	5	13,877 (9,109)	41,916 (17,424)
Profit for the year from continuing operations Discontinued operations Profit (loss) for the year from		4,768	24,492
discontinued operations	6	32,011	(1,853)
Profit for the year	7	36,779	22,639
Attributable to: Shareholders of the Company Minority interests		35,945 834	15,953 6,686
		36,779	22,639
Earnings per share From continuing and discontinued operations	8		
- Basic		HK1.39 cent	HK0.73 cent
- Diluted		HK1.37 cent	HK0.73 cent
From continuing operations - Basic		HK0.15 cent	HK0.84 cent
- Diluted		HK0.14 cent	HK0.83 cent

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET

At 31 December 2007

	Notes	2007 HK\$'000	2006 HK\$'000
Non-current assets Property, plant and equipment Investment properties Interests in associates Amount due from an associate Interest in a jointly controlled entity Restricted bank balance		3,232 83,740 41,599 139,874 103,881 4,200	1,404 45,000 264 148,605 99,740 4,200
		376,526	299,213
Current assets Properties held for sale Trade and other receivables Bills receivable Amounts due from associates Amounts due from related companies Bank balances and cash	9	32,678 7,959 5,035 9,724 4,741 298,626	50,415 7,769 - - 4,507 117,372
Dariik Balai 1866 aria Gaori		358,763	180,063
Assets classified as held for sale	6		50,483
		358,763	230,546
Current liabilities Trade and other payables Deposits received on sale of properties	10	54,825 11,410	59,470 1,055
Amounts due to related companies		17,084	-
Amount due to a minority shareholder of a subsidiary Tax payable Unsecured other loans		3,978 12,505 7,196	3,978 17,347 7,196
Liabilities associated with assets		106,998	89,046
classified as held for sale	6		35,721
		106,998	124,767
Net current assets		251,765	105,779
Total assets less current liabilities		628,291	404,992
Non-current liabilities Deferred taxation		4,737	3,937
Net assets		623,554	401,055

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET (Continued)

At 31 December 2007

	2007 HK\$'000	2006 HK\$'000
Capital and reserves		
Share capital	267,202	202,350
Reserves	356,352	170,462
Equity attributable to shareholders		
of the Company	623,554	372,812
Minority interests		28,243
	623,554	401,055

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended 31 December 2007

1. BASIS OF CONSOLIDATION AND APPLICATION OF HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS

In the current year, the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") have applied, for the first time, the following new standard, amendment and interpretations ("new HKFRSs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA"), which are effective for the Group's financial year beginning 1 January 2007. The adoption of the new HKFRSs had no material effect on how the results and financial position for the current or prior accounting periods have been prepared and presented. Accordingly, no prior period adjustment has been required.

HKAS 1 (Amendment) Capital disclosures

HKFRS 7 Financial instruments: Disclosures HK(IFRIC)-INT 7 Applying the restatement approach under HKAS 29 Financial Reporting in

Hyperinflationary Economies

HK(IFRIC)-INT 8 Scope of HKFRS 2

HK(IFRIC)-INT 9 Reassessment of embedded derivatives Interim financial reporting and impairment HK(IFRIC)-INT 10

The Group has not early applied the following new and revised standards or interpretations that have been issued but are not yet effective. The directors of the Company anticipate that the application of these standards or interpretations will have no material impact on the results and the financial position of the Group.

HKAS 1 (Revised)	Presentation of financial statements ¹
HKAS 23 (Revised)	Borrowing costs ¹
HKFRS 8	Operating segments ¹
HK(IFRIC)-INT 11	HKFRS 2: Group and treasury share
	transactions ²
HK(IFRIC)-INT 12	Service concession arrangements ³
HK(IFRIC)-INT 13	Customer loyalty programmes ⁴
HK(IFRIC)-INT 14	HKAS 19 - The limit on a defined benefit asset,
	minimum funding requirements and
	their interaction ³

- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2009.
- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 March 2007.
- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2008.
- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2008.

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, except for investment properties which are stated at fair values.

1. BASIS OF CONSOLIDATION AND APPLICATION OF HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (Continued)

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") issued by the HKICPA. In addition, the consolidated financial statements include applicable disclosures required by the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange and by the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

2. SEGMENT INFORMATION

Business segments

The Group's principal activities are trade and manufacture of cement, property investment and property development. These business segments are the basis on which the Group reports its primary segment information. During the year, the Group discontinued its business of trade and manufacture of cement (see note 6). Accordingly, the businesses of trade and manufacture of cement is classified as discontinued operations. During the year ended 31 December 2006, the Group discontinued its trade of goods business. Segment information about the Group's businesses is presented as below:

	Continuing operations				Discontinued operations		
	Property investment HK\$'000	Property development HK\$'000	Corporate HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000	Trade and manufacture of cement HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000	Consolidated HK\$'000
For the year ended 31 December 2007							
Turnover							
Segment turnover	1,868	23,497		25,365	27,454	27,454	52,819
Result							
Segment result	2,185	(949)		1,236	5	5	1,241
Gain on disposal of subsidiaries				19,724		32,003	51,727
Share of results of associates				(697)		-	(697)
Share of results of a jointly controlled entity				(1,475)			(1,475)
Unallocated other income				18,024		3	18,027
Unallocated corporate expenses				(21,639)		-	(21,639)
Finance costs				(1,296)		-	(1,296)
Profit before taxation				13,877		32,011	45,888
Taxation				(9,109)		02,011 -	(9,109)
Profit for the year				4,768		32,011	36,779
Other information							
Additions of property, plant and							
equipment	1,038	1,694	29	2,761	75	75	2,836
Addition of investment property	33,280	-	-	33,280	-	-	33,280
Increase in fair value of investment	4 400			4 400			4 400
properties Allowance for property held for sale	1,460	(8,283)	-	1,460 (8,283)	-	-	1,460 (8,283)
Depreciation of property, plant	-	(0,200)	-	(0,200)	-	-	(0,200)
and equipment	(201)	(236)	(387)	(824)	(1,047)	(1,047)	(1,871)

2. **SEGMENT INFORMATION** (Continued)

		Continuing operations			Discor			
	Property investment HK\$'000	Property development HK\$'000	Corporate HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000	Trade and manufacture of cement HK\$'000	Trade of goods HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000	Consolidated HK\$'000
For the year ended 31 December 200	06							
Turnover								
Segment turnover	125	247,138		247,263	44,151	_	44,151	291,414
Result								
Segment result Share of results of associates Share of results of a jointly	(787	54,539		53,752 1	(15,617)	(13)	(15,630	38,122
controlled entity Unallocated other income Unallocated corporate expenses Finance costs		(728)		(728) 6,241 (17,210) (140))		14,849 (2 (1,070	
Profit (loss) before taxation Taxation				41,916 (17,424))		(1,853	40,063 (17,424)
Profit (loss) for the year				24,492			(1,853) 22,639
Other information Additions of property, plant and		70	055	4 000	244		244	4044
equipment Impairment loss on property, plant	-	78	955	1,033	211	-	211	1,244
and equipment	-	-	-	-	(7,840)	-	(7,840	(7,840)
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment Decrease in fair value of investment	-	(104)	(278)	(382)	(3,142)	-	(3,142) (3,524)
properties Loss on disposal of property,	(1,782	-	-	(1,782)	-	-	-	(1,782)
plant and equipment			(766)	(766)	(4,045)		(4,045	(4,811)

3. OTHER INCOME

	2007 HK\$'000	2006 HK\$'000
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Gain on securities trading	8,197	1,486
Interest from bank deposits	4,571	2,882
Interest income from an associate	458	_
Overprovision in a legal claim in prior years	_	1,028
Exchange gain	3,684	1,874
Consultancy and service income	3,580	_
Others	609	1,853
	21,099	9,123

4. FINANCE COSTS

	Continuing operations		Discontinued operations		Consolidated	
	2007	2006	2007	2006	2007	2006
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Interest on bank and other borrowings wholly repayable						
within five years	1,296	140		1,070	1,296	1,210

5. TAXATION

Hong Kong Profits Tax is provided at 17.5% (2006: 17.5%) on the estimated assessable profits for the year. PRC Enterprise Income Tax is provided at 33% (2006: 33%) on the estimated assessable profits for the year.

		inuing	Discont operate		Consoli	datad
	2007	ations	•		Consolidated	
	2007 HK\$'000	2006 HK\$'000	2007 HK\$'000	2006 HK\$'000	2007 HK\$'000	2006 HK\$'000
The taxation charge comprises:						
Current tax: PRC Enterprise Income Tax	8,763	19,465	-	-	8,763	19,465
PRC land appreciation tax (Note a)	3,384				3,384	
	12,147	19,465			12,147	19,465
Overprovision in prior years: Hong Kong PRC	- (3,294)	(284)	 	_ 	- (3,294)	(284)
	(3,294)	(284)			(3,294)	(284)
	8,853	19,181			8,853	19,181
Deferred taxation - Current year charge (credit) - Attributable to change of PRO Enterprise income tax rate (Note b)		(1,757)	-	-	327	(1,757)
	(71)				<u>(71</u>)	
	256	(1,757)			256	(1,757)
Taxation charge for the year	9,109	17,424			9,109	17,424

Notes:

- (a) PRC land appreciation tax is levied at progressive rate ranging from 30% to 60% on the appreciation of land value, being the proceeds of sales of properties less deductible expenditures including cost of land and development and construction expenditures.
- (b) On 16 March 2007, the PRC promulgated the Law of the PRC on Enterprise Income Tax (the "New Law") by Order No. 63 of the President of the People's Republic of China. On 6 December 2007, the State Council of the PRC issued Implementation Regulations of the New Law. The New Law and Implementation Regulations will change the tax rate from 33% to 25% for all PRC subsidiaries from 1 January 2008.

6. DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS

Discontinued trade of goods business

In 2006, the directors of the Company decided to cease the trade of goods business. The operating result was therefore classified as discontinued operations.

The impact of cash flows of the trade of goods business to the Group is insignificant for both years.

Transfer of the trade and manufacture of cement business for 20% equity interest in a newly established company

On 12 October 2006, the Group entered into a conditional agreement with CIMPOR Inversiones SA ("CIMPOR") to establish a company, namely, CIMPOR Chengtong Cement Corporation Limited ("CIMPOR Chengtong") pursuant to which the Group would own 20% equity interest and CIMPOR would own 80% equity interest in CIMPOR Chengtong. The Group's contribution to CIMPOR Chengtong is by way of transfer of its entire interest in a subsidiary, Sea-Land Mining Limited ("Sea-Land") and Sea-Land's subsidiary, 蘇州南達水泥有限公司 ("Suzhou Nanda") (collectively the "Sea-Land Group") to CIMPOR Chengtong while CIMPOR contributed HK\$196,304,000 in cash. This transaction was completed on 20 June 2007.

The Sea-Land Group carried out all of the Group's operation on the trade and manufacture of cement.

6. DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (Continued)

Transfer of the trade and manufacture of cement business for 20% equity interest in a newly established company (Continued)

The results of trade and manufacture of cement operations for the period from 1 January 2007 to 20 June 2007, which have been included in the consolidated income statement, were as follows:

	Period ended	Year ended
	20.6.2007	31.12.2006
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Turnover	27,454	44,151
Cost of sales	(24,621)	(41,913)
Other income	247	1,003
Gain on waiver of secured other loan		
and interests	-	14,842
Selling expenses	(560)	(1,051)
Administrative expenses	(2,512)	(17,815)
Finance costs		(1,070)
Profit (loss) for the period/year	8	(1,853)
Gain on disposal of trade and manufacture of cement	32,003	
	32,011	(1,853)
Attributable to:		
Shareholders of the Company	32,154	(2,390)
Minority interests	(143)	537
	32,011	(1,853)

7. PROFIT FOR THE YEAR

	Continuing operations		Discont operat	tions	Consolidated		
	2007 HK\$'000	2006 HK\$'000	2007 HK\$'000	2006 HK\$'000	2007 HK\$'000	2006 HK\$'000	
Profit for the year is arrived at after charging:							
Auditors' remuneration Current year Overprovision in prior years	2,400	1,530 (28)		 	2,400	1,530 (28)	
	2,400	1,502			2,400	1,502	
Allowance for properties held for sale (included in cost of sales)	8,283	_	_	_	8,283	_	
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment Impairment loss on property,	824	382	1,047	3,142	1,871	3,524	
plant and equipment (included in administrative expenses)	-	-	-	7,840	-	7,840	
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	-	766	-	4,045	-	4,811	
Minimum lease payments in respect of rented premises Contributions to retirement benefits schemes (including	2,859	2,108	47	74	2,906	2,182	
directors' emoluments) Other staff costs (including	332	250	237	777	569	1,027	
directors' emoluments) Cost of inventories recognised	9,276	8,024	2,124	3,120	11,400	11,144	
as an expense	19,771	185,444	24,621	41,913	44,392	227,357	
and after crediting:							
Gross rental income from investment properties,							
net of negligible outgoings Interest income	1,868 5,029	912 2,882	106 3	309 7	1,974 5,032	1,221 2,889	
Gain on waiver of secured other loan and interest				14,842		14,842	

8. EARNINGS PER SHARE

From continuing and discontinued operations

The calculation of the basic and diluted earnings per share is based on the following data:

	2007 HK\$'000	2006 HK\$'000
Profit for the year and earnings for the purposes of basic and		
diluted earnings per share	35,945	15,953
	Number o 2007	f shares 2006 (restated)
Weighted average number of ordinary shares for the purpose of basic earnings per share	2,588,625,956	2,188,014,203
Effect of dilutive potential ordinary shares in respect of share options	31,227,828	11,574,651
Weighted average number of ordinary shares for the purpose of diluted earnings per share	2,619,853,784	2,199,588,854

The weighted average number of ordinary shares for the purpose of earnings per share calculation has been adjusted for the rights issue of the Company completed in April 2007.

8. EARNINGS PER SHARE (Continued)

From continuing operations

The calculation of the basic and diluted earnings per share from continuing operations is based on the following data:

Earnings figures are calculated as follows:

	2007 HK\$'000	2006 HK\$'000
Profit for the year attributable to shareholders of the Company and earnings for the purposes of basic and diluted earnings		
per share	35,945	15,953
Less: (Profit) loss for the year attributable to shareholders of the Company from		
discontinued operations	(32,154)	2,390
Profit for the year attributable to shareholders of the Company and earnings for the purposes of basic and diluted earnings		
per share from continuing operations	3,791	18,343

The denominators used are the same as those detailed above for both basic and diluted earnings for share.

From discontinued operations

Basic and diluted earnings per share for discontinued operations for the year are HK1.24 cent per share and HK1.23 cent per share respectively (2006: HK0.11 cent per share for basic loss per share and HK0.10 per share for diluted loss per share).

9. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

	THE GROUP		
	2007	2006	
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
Trade receivables	3,176	3,207	
Other receivables	2,207	1,378	
Prepayments and deposits	2,576	3,184	
Total trade and other receivables	7,959	7,769	

9. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (Continued)

The Group allows an average credit period of 30 days to its trade customers. The following is an aged analysis of trade receivables at the reporting date:

		2007 HK\$'000	2006 HK\$'000
	Within one month	90	_
	One to two years	85	_
	Over three years	3,001	3,207
		3,176	3,207
10.	TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES		
		THE GROUP	
		2007	2006
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	Trade payables	14,804	30,103
	Other payables and accruals	40,021	29,367
		54,825	59,470

The aged analysis of the trade payables at the balance sheet date is as follows:

	THE GROUF 2007 <i>HK\$'000</i>	2006 HK\$'000
Two to three years Over three years	7,149 7,655	22,448 7,655
	14,804	30,103

DIVIDEND

The Board does not recommend any payment of dividend for the year ended 31 December 2007 (year ended 31 December 2006: nil).

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

A. Financial Results

The Group stepped into expansion of business segments and scale in 2007. Following the successful completion of reorganization and strategic transformation over the past few years, the Group capitalized on the assets strength upon the reorganization, expanded the assets and invested in the new opportunities with a view to achieving a future growth during the year under review. The Group completed a rights issue to raise fund of approximately HK\$200 million for general working capital and future investment opportunities. The Group's current financial position is healthy and has a low debt-equity ratio, strong balance sheet and assets of high liquidity. The equity attributable to shareholders of the Group increased to approximately HK\$620 million as at 31 December 2007 from approximately HK\$370 million as at 31 December 2006.

The Group recorded a net profit attributable to shareholders of approximately HK\$36 million for the year ended 31 December 2007, representing a significant increase of approximately HK\$20 million or 125% as compared to that for the year ended 31 December 2006. The increase was mainly attributable to gain on disposals arising from the disposal of 100% interests in Sea-Land Mining Limited ("Sea-Land Mining") and 52% interests in 西安富祥房地產開發有限公司 (unofficial English name, Xian Fuxiang Real Estate Development Limited), ("Xian Fuxiang") held by the Group respectively, and the Group's effective use of the working capital to achieve a short-term steady financing income.

Turnover from the Group's continuing operation for the year ended 31 December 2007 was approximately HK\$25 million, representing a significant decrease of approximately 90% as compared to that for the year ended 31 December 2006. The turnover of the Group for both these two years comprised mainly of the sale revenue of the property development project known as City of Mergence ("Beijing City of Mergence") in Beijing, the People's Republic of China (the "PRC").

B. Business Review

The Group achieved good progress in its primary business segments along the intended strategies in 2007. The successful completion of the acquisition of a commodity residential development project in Xian, Shaanxi province and the acquisition of a piece of industrial land in Luoyang, Henan province from China Chengtong Holdings Group Limited ("CCHG"), the ultimate controlling shareholder of the Company, started to bring profits to the Group. It became a well start for its participating in the asset and business reorganization of CCHG. The main construction of Huzhou project has already been completed in 2007 on schedule. The reorganization of cement asset has already been fully completed and resulted in an expansion of production capacity. Meanwhile, the Group is actively looking for new projects for the preparation for future growth.

To strengthen its capital base, the Group completed a rights issue to raise fund of approximately HK\$200 million in order to strengthen the foundation for the continuing sound and stable development of the Company.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)

B. Business Review (Continued)

1. Property Development

Huzhou Property Development Project In 2006, the Group acquired 50% indirect interest in a residential and commodity development project with site area of approximately 214,000 square metres and gross floor area of 320,000 square metres. Its main construction has already been completed in late 2007. That project will be acquired by Huzhou municipal government at the negotiated price, and delivered for use within the year of 2008, which is expected to contribute profit to the Group in the year of 2008 and 2009.

2) Xian

In 2007, the Group acquired 52% of the equity interest in the Xian Fuxiang at a consideration of RMB25.6 million from a subsidiary of CCHG, while Xian Fuxiang was in the course of developing a commodity property project. In the second half of 2007, while that project was still in the course of development, its market value has significantly increased. The Board believed that disposal of that project would be its best choice based on the assessment of the development prospect and profit estimation of the project. In October 2007, the disposal of such 52% interest to an independent third party at a consideration representing approximately 70% premium over its cost was completed. Such disposal contributed a profit before tax of approximately HK\$19.7 million to the Group.

3) Beijing

At 31 December 2007, all of the residential units, 127 car parks and the commercial units of approximately 942 square metres of Beijing City of Mergence had been sold. In 2007, the Group acquired the remaining 30% equity interest in Zhongshi Investment Company Limited ("Zhongshi") ("Zhongshi Acquisition"), gaining the full control of the management structure of Zhongshi, and providing more flexibility for any future investment and financing arrangement of Zhongshi. The Group completed the acquisition of Xian project and Luoyang project through Zhongshi in 2007.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)

B. Business Review (Continued)

2. Property Investment (Continued)

1) Guangzhou

In September 2006, the commercial unit of the Group with approximately 5,370 square meters which is situated in Zone C, Level 3, Li Wan Plaza, Li Wan District, Guangzhou City, the PRC has started to contribute profit for the Group. In May 2007, the Group entered into a new leasing agreement in respect of the renewal with the original tenant, with an increase of approximately 34% in monthly rental. In 2007, it contributed rental income of approximately RMB1.03 million to the Group.

2) Price Sales Limited

Price Sales Limited, the wholly-owned subsidiary of the Group, owns 32% interest in Goodwill (Overseas) Limited, its associated company. In 2007, Goodwill (Overseas) Limited continued to share in the rental income from East Ocean Centre Phase 2 located in Shanghai. East Ocean Centre Phase 2 continued to maintain its high occupancy rate, with an annual rental income of approximately RMB56 million for 2007.

3. Land Resource Exploitation

Luoyang

The Group acquired a piece of land together with the warehouse complex erected thereon with site area of approximately 80,000 square metres located at Luoyang City of the PRC from CCHG in 2007. The land has been zoned into commercial development area. The Group has an intention of making application for a change of its use from industrial to commercial in view of future market environment, resources as well as relevant laws and regulations. The land and its logistic assets as a whole are currently leased to a partner for logistic centre use.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)

B. Business Review (Continued)

4. Strategic Investment Cement

In the first half of 2007, the Group lined up with CIMPOR-Cimentos de Portugal, SGPS, S.A., which is an international leading cement group listed on the Euronext exchange in Lisbon, to reorganize its cement business. After the reorganization, the Group transferred its entire interest in Sea-Land Mining to Cimpor Chengtong Cement Corporation Limited (the "Joint Venture"), and accordingly held 20% equity interest in the Joint Venture. At present, the Joint Venture mainly controls two domestic cement production companies in Shandong province and Suzhou province. During the year under review, the consolidated loss attributable to shareholders of the Joint Venture was approximately HK\$3.49 million after deducting its consolidated financial expenses HK\$20.79 million. By using the equity method of accounting, the Group shared its attributable loss to shareholders approximately HK\$700,000. In order to improve asset liability structure of the domestic companies and to reduce financial expense, the Joint Venture planned to increase capital investment in the domestic companies. During the year under review, the Joint Venture has completed an increase of capital of RMB270 million in Shandong company, and its equity interest in Shandong company increased to 96% from 60%.

In 2008, the Joint Venture will invest about RMB600 million through the Shandong company. A new NSP cement clinker production line with an output of 5,000 tons per day in Shandong, and a cement grinding plant with an annual output of 1,000,000 tons in Huaian of Jiangshu province will be newly established. Besides, the Remaining Heat Power Generation Project which consists of two cement clinker production lines with an output of 2,500 tons per day will be invested in Shandong company headquarters. Meanwhile, it plans to increase capital investment in Suzhou company, and intends to look for appropriate mergers and acquisition targets in the Yangtze River Delta economic developed region include Jiangshu, Zhejiang and other regions.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued) OUTLOOK

1. Macro Economic Environment

In 2007, the America Subprime Crisis led global fluctuation in financial market, and increase in prices of petroleum and agricultural products gave rise to inflation all over the World. As growth in the PRC economy will remain robust in future, the GDP increased by approximately 11.4 %, whilst the CPI also rose 4.8% over the same period of last year. The real estate investment amount increased by 30.2%, and the average housing price in 70 large and medium-sized cities in PRC increased by 7.6%. Under the background of scientific development concept, to prevent inflation and economic overheating become the main objective of the nation's macro-control. The China's Central Bank has raised interest rate and increased the deposit reserve ratio for many times, and further put forward real estate and land macro-control policies in 2007. It is expected that the overall price growth in China's real estate market will slow down, RMB will continuously appreciate in a faster pace and the increase of land price will be more steady in 2008.

2. Background information of the shareholder

The Group's ultimate controlling shareholder CCHG is one of the central enterprises under the State-Owned Assets Supervision and Administration Commission of the State Council ("SASAC"). SASAC will expedite the reform and reorganization of the central enterprises in 2008, and will decrease the numbers of the central enterprises from currently 150 to 80-100 in 2010. In the past two years, as one of the operational benches of the SASAC, CCHG combined China Huandao Group Co. and China Record Corporation and took over 8 enterprises of China Potevio Group. Moreover, SASAC injected RMB1.5 billion to CCHG to support its assets operation development. CCHG acts its special function in the structure adjustment of the central enterprises.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued) OUTLOOK (Continued)

2. Background information of the shareholder (Continued)

The principal activities of the Group are property investment and development, land resource exploitation and strategy investment. We believe that the Group's property investment and development adopted a flexible cooperation developing strategy, the fluctuation of the macro-environment and the macro-control by the State may not affect the normal development of the relevant business of Group, on the contrary, it may provide the Group with certain opportunities for acquisition. In respect of land resource exploitation, the Group made the industry land which to be included in the commercial development land in the future as a major acquisition targets. As the sole company listed outside Mainland China of CCHG, the Group will try its best to seize the opportunities brought by the large scale of economies through its assets expansion. In 2007, it emphasized particularly on reviewing and demonstrating partial lands guitted from logistics development by CCHG and some industry lands which had been taken over from those centralized enterprises as potential acquisition objects. Due to the effect of the macro-factor, it completed the acquisition of Luoyang Project in 2007 and continuous progress in the land resource development is expected in 2008. Currently, the cement business is the major strategy investment business of the Group, and in 2008, the Group will jointly accelerate the cement investment and merger in the Eastern China with the cement group of Portugal. The Group believed that the reorganization of the cement business completed in 2007 was our successful strategy investment mode, it perfectly incarnated the commercial value which came from the Group's ability in both domestic resources integration and the business operation in international industrial groups. Besides, it also gave us the experience to take the advantage of the background of the CCHG, which acts as a bench of the assets operation in central enterprises, in identifying other strategic investment opportunities in the future.

The Board is confident of the Group's future development prospect.

Gearing Ratio

As at 31 December 2007, the Group's gearing ratio calculated on the basis of loan from minority interests and other loans of approximately HK\$11 million and total assets of approximately HK\$735 million, was 0.02 (31 December 2006: 0.04).

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued) Liquidity and Capital Resources

The Group's financial position remained healthy during the period under review.

At 31 December 2007, the Group had cash and bank balances amounting to HK\$303 million (31 December 2006: HK\$122 million), and current assets and current liabilities of HK\$359 million and HK\$107 million respectively (31 December 2006: HK\$231 million and HK\$125 million respectively). Out of the cash and bank balances of HK\$303 million 31 December 2007, a sum of HK\$4.2 million was deposited in a segregated bank deposit account which sum is held on trust for those creditors of the Company who have not given their consents to the capital reduction of the Company as at the effective date of 21 June 2006.

The amount due to a minority interest of approximately HK\$4 million is unsecured, interest-free and repayable on demand. The other loans from third parties of approximately HK\$7 million are unsecured, repayable on demand and interest-free, except for a loan of HK\$3,600,000 which carried interest at fixed interest rate. The Group anticipates that it has adequate financial resources to meet its commitments and obligations for the coming year.

The Group will continue to employ conservative and sound financial planning, ensuring a solid financial position to support its future growth.

Foreign Exchange Risk Management

The business activities and operation of the Group are mainly in Hong Kong and Mainland China, with revenue and expenditure denominated in Hong Kong dollars and Renminbi. The Group considers that the appreciation in Renminbi does not impose a significant foreign exchange risk to the Group since its PRC operations mainly use their income in Renminbi to settle their expenses.

Human Resources

At 31 December 2007, the Group employed a total of 30 employees, of which 12 were based in Hong Kong and 18 were based in Mainland China. Employee's remunerations are determined in accordance with nature of their duties and remain competitive under current market trend.

PURCHASE, SALE AND REDEMPTION OF LISTED SECURITIES

For the year ended 31 December 2007, neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries has purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's listed securities.

MODEL CODE FOR SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS BY DIRECTORS

The Company has adopted the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers as set out in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules as its own code of conduct regarding securities transactions by the directors of the Company (the "Model Code"). Having made specific enquiry of all the directors of the Company, they confirmed that they have complied with the required standards as set out in the Model Code during the year ended 31 December 2007.

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

The Company has complied with provisions of Rules 3.10(1) and 3.10(2) of the Listing Rules that a sufficient number of independent non-executive directors shall be appointed by listed issuers and that at least one of the independent non-executive directors must have appropriate professional qualifications or accounting or related financial management expertise. For the detailed profile of the independent non-executive directors of the Company, please see the annual report of the Company for the year 2007.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The directors consider that the Company has complied with the Code on Corporate Governance Practices (the "Code") as set out in Appendix 14 of the Listing Rules throughout the year ended 31 December 2007, with deviations from the code provision A.4.1 of the Code in respect of the service term and rotation of directors.

Under the Code provision A.4.1 non-executive directors should be appointed for a specific term and subject to re-election. None of the existing non-executive Directors of the Company is appointed for a specific term. This constitutes a deviation from code provision A.4.1 of the Code. However, all directors of the Company (executive and non-executive) are subject to the retirement provisions under Article 105 of the Articles of Association of the Company. As such, the Company considers that sufficient measures have been taken to ensure that the Company's corporation governance practices are no less exacting than those in the Code.

AUDIT COMMITTEE

The Audit Committee of the Company comprises four independent non-executive directors, including Mr. Kwong Che Keung, Gordon, Mr. Tsui Yiu Wa, Alec, Mr. Lao Youan and Mr. Ba Shusong and two non-executive directors, including Mr. Hong Shuikun and Ms. Xu Zhen. The principal duties of the Audit Committee include the review of the Company's financial reporting procedures, internal controls and results of the Group. The audited consolidated financial statements have been reviewed by the Audit Committee and Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu, the auditors of the Company.

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

Pursuant to the provisions of the Code as set out in Appendix 14 of the Listing Rules, the Board of Directors has established the remuneration committee. The committee comprises the non-executive Chairman, Mr. Ma Zhengwu, the Managing Director, Mr. Zhang Guotong, and three Independent Non-executive Directors, Mr. Kwong Che Keung, Gordon, Mr. Tsui Yiu Wa, Alec and Lao Youan. Mr. Tsui is the Chairman of the committee. The Remuneration Committee normally meets for reviewing the remuneration policy and structure and determination of the annual remuneration packages of the members of the Board and the senior management and other related matters.

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

The Company has established a Nomination Committee and was chaired by the Chairman of the Board, members of the Nomination Committee including the managing director and all of the three Independent Non-executive Directors. Nomination Committee responsible for nominating potential candidates for directorship appointment and succession, regular review on the composition and structure of the Board and making appropriate recommendation to the Board in order to ensure the balance of expertise, skills and experience among the members of the Board.

SCOPE OF WORK OF MESSRS. DELOITTE TOUCHE TOHMATSU

The figures in respect of the Group's consolidated balance sheet, consolidated income statement and the related notes thereto for the year ended 31 December 2007 as set out in the Preliminary Announcement have been agreed by the Group's auditor, Messrs. Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu, to the amounts set out in the Group's audited consolidated financial statements for the year. The work performed by Messrs. Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu in this respect did not constitute an assurance engagement in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing, Hong Kong Standards on Review Engagements or Hong Kong Standards on Assurance Engagements issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and consequently no assurance has been expressed by Messrs. Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu on the preliminary announcement.

By Order of the Board

China Chengtong Development Group Limited Zhang Guotong

Vice Chairman and Managing Director

Hong Kong, 20 March 2008

As at the date of this announcement, the executive Directors are Mr. Zhang Guotong and Mr. Wang Hongxin; the non-executive Directors are Mr. Ma Zhengwu, Mr. Hong Shuikun, Mr. Gu Laiyun and Ms. Xu Zhen; and the independent non-executive Directors are Mr. Kwong Che Keung, Gordon, Mr. Tsui Yiu Wa, Alec, Mr. Lao Youan and Mr. Ba Shusong.