

Corporate Presentation

September 2006



Company Overview

2006 Interim Results Highlights

Business Review and Updates

Future Outlook

A & Q





Company Overview

Company Snapshot

Flagship company of China Power Investment Corporation (CPI Group) – one of the five national Gencos

A leading China IPP incorporated in HK over 10 years

Experienced Management Focus on Corporate Governance

A member of Hang Seng China-Affiliated Corporation Index

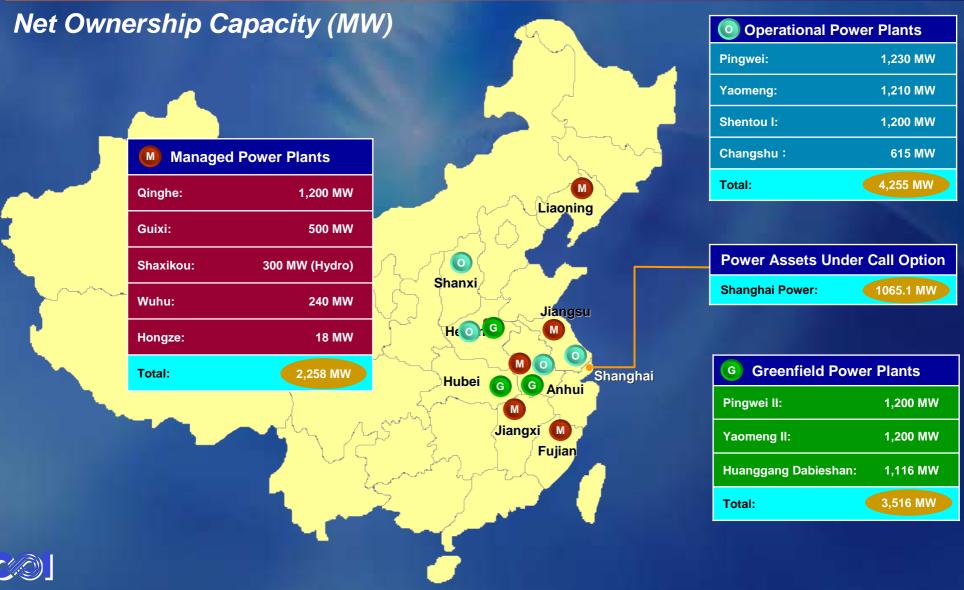


Shareholding Structure





Our Quality Asset Portfolio





2006 Interim Results Highlights

Operating Highlights

	1H06	1H05	% of Change	
Net capacity (MW)	4,255	3,055	39.3%	
Gross generation (MWh) ⁽¹⁾	11,884,930	7,402,816	60.5%	
Average utilization hours ⁽¹⁾	3,265	3,035	7.6%	
Net generation (MWh) ⁽¹⁾	10,988,071	6,928,642	58.6%	
Average realized tariff (RMB/MWh) ⁽¹⁾	226.72	237.53	-4.6%	
Unit coal consumption (g/KWh) ⁽¹⁾	351.80	340.26	3.4%	



(1)

Earnings Highlights

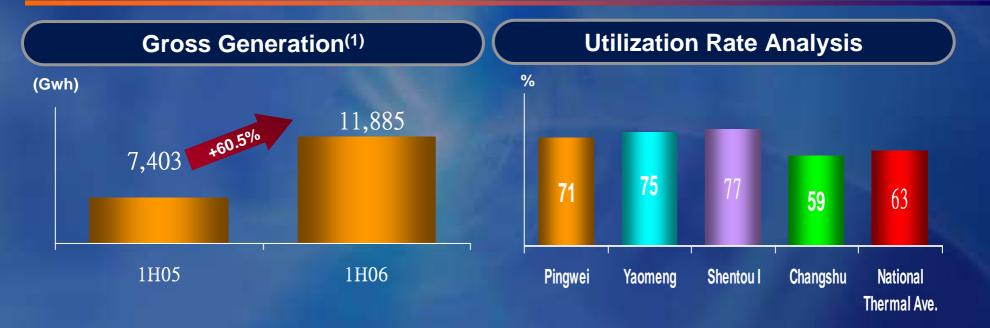
(RMB '000)	1H06	1H05	% of Change	
Turnover and Other Income	2,532,139	1,673,828	51.3%	
Fuel Costs	(1,512,896) (1,000,140)		51.3%	
Other Operating Costs	(667,038)	(405,242)	64.6%	
Operating Profit	352,205	268,446	31.2%	
Finance Costs	(46,140)	(36,001)	28.2%	
Share of profit of associated Co	42,075	51,175	-17.8%	
Profit before taxation	348,140	283,620	22.7%	
Taxation	41,509	(33,533)	23.8%	
Profit for the period	306,631	250,087	22.6%	
Profit to equity holders	307,213	250,312	22.7%	
Basic EPS (RMB)	RMB0.10	RMB0.08	25%	





Business Review and Updates

Generation and Utilization Rates Analysis



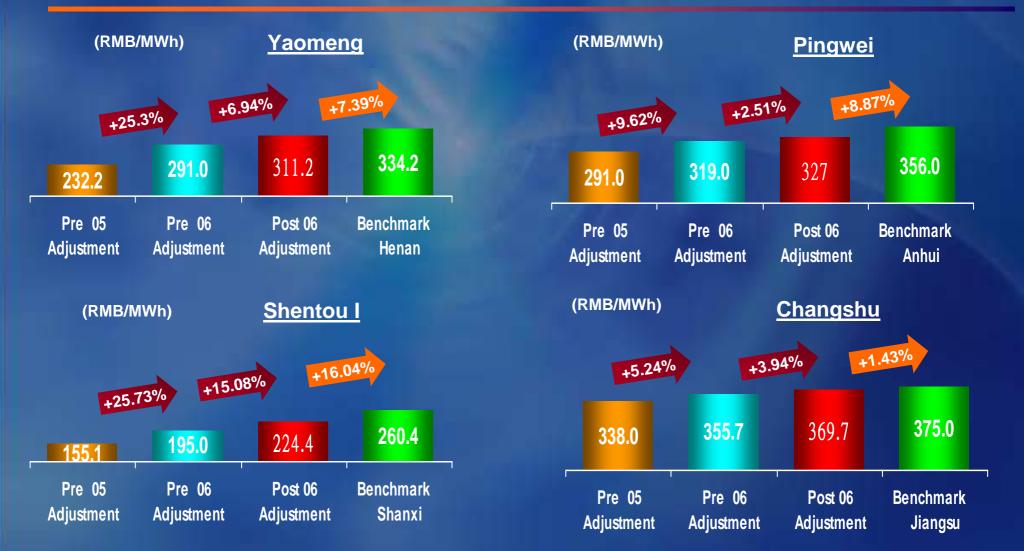
- Capacity increase from acquisition & technical upgrades
- Well positioned in power grids
- Strengthened production management

 Except that of the associated Changshu Power Plant, utilization rates of our power plants were better than national thermal average in 1H06.

(1) Data does not reflect results of 50% owned Changshu. Source: Company date and China Electricity Council



Tariff Analysis





Note: (1) Includes VAT, effective June 30, 2006; (2) Benchmark tariff is the unified tariff for new plants in the same province. (3) 15 RMB/MWh extra tariff for desulphurization units

Coal Cost Analysis



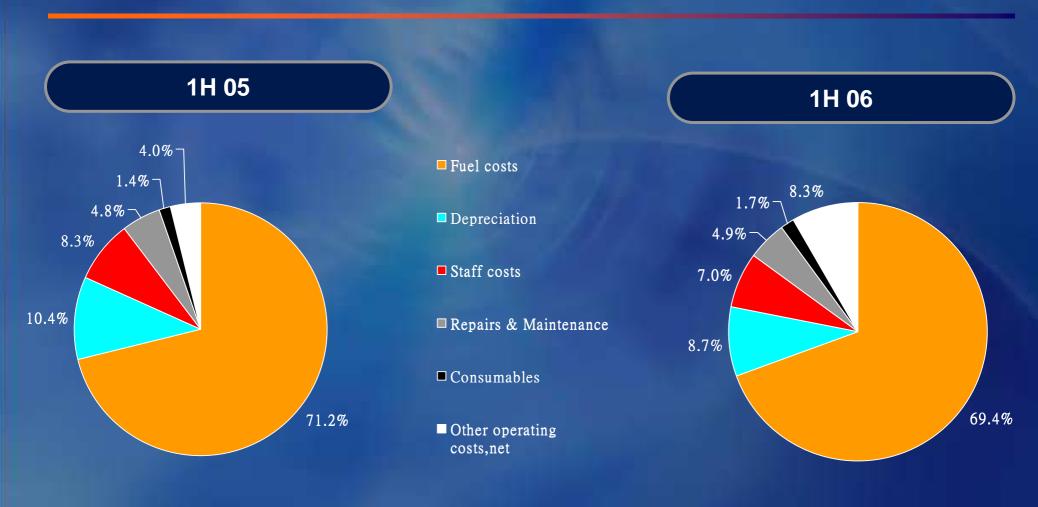
- More balanced coal supply and demand
- Improved coal quality & strengthened coal cost control
- Benefiting from low coal cost of acquired Shentou I Power Plant

Operating Cost per MWh Sold

(RMB per MWh Sold)	1H06	1H05	Change	Analysis
Fuel costs	137.69	144.35	-4.6%	Lower coal consumption; Improved coal quality; Low coal cost of Shentou I
Depreciation	17.33	21.08	-17.8%	Light asset base of Shentou I
Staff costs	13.83	16.76	-17.5%	Low staff cost of Shentou I
Repairs and maintenance	9.70	9.69	0.1%	
Consumables	3.40	2.82	20.2%	Higher unit consumables of Shentou I
Other operating expenses, net	<u>16.5</u>	<u>8.1</u>	102.3%	Higher emission charge and water usage charge; Higher expenses for new plant construction; Exchange loss, etc.
Total	198.39	202.84	-2.2%	

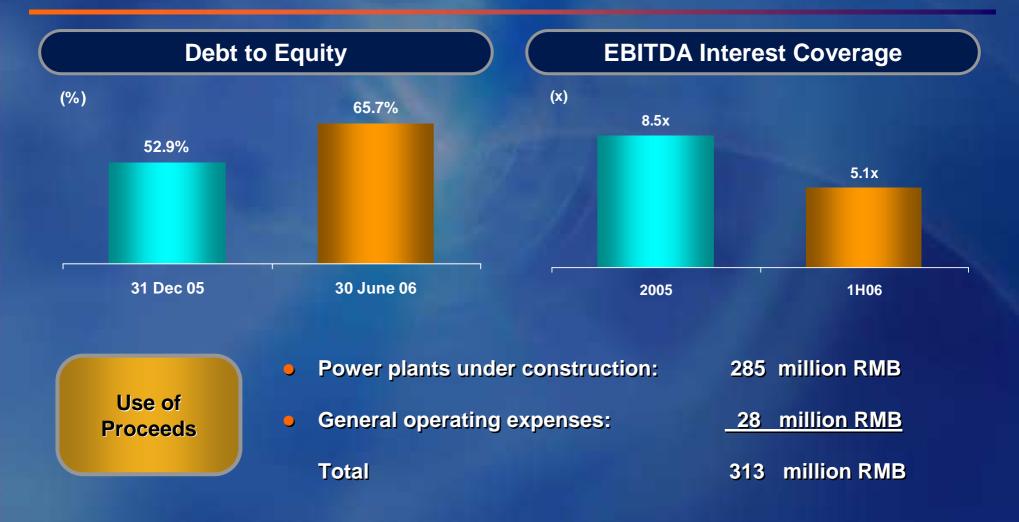


Operating Cost Structure Analysis





Financial Position & Use of Proceeds





Green Field Projects

Pingwei II – Construction Site



Pingwei II 1H06 Capex : 600 million RMB Expected Commissioning : Q2&3, 2007

Yaomeng II 1H06 Capex : 507 million RMB Expected Commissioning: Q1&2, 2008

Huanggang Dabieshan 1H06 Capex: 457 million RMB Expected Commissioning : Q3&4, 2008

Confident for on-time completion with controllable cost





Future Outlook

Growth Roadmap



• Develop and acquire power assets through the preferential rights granted by the parent

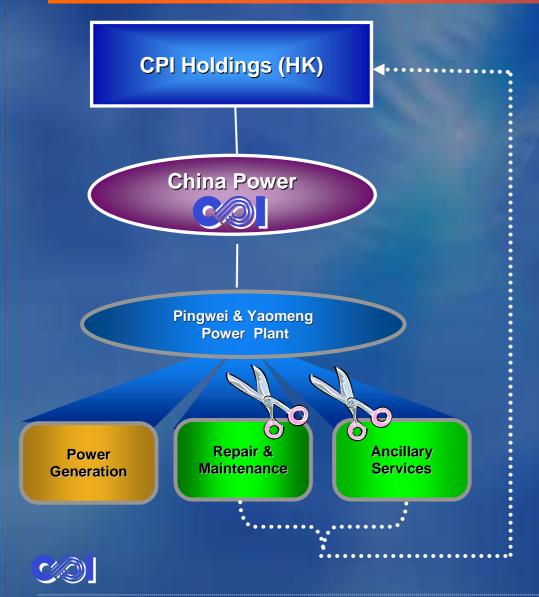
Maximizing shareholder value is our first priority in choosing future acquisitions



Planning Power Plants for Future Expansion



Separating Non-core Assets to Control Costs



- Rationale of Restructuring
 - > Separate non-core business
 - > Enhance productivity
 - > Achieve cost savings through competition
 - > Alleviate future labor cost increase pressure

Scheduling Technical Upgrades and Desulphurization

Plan

Background

 Government requirement – Reducing energy consumption Per GDP

• Environment Pressure and Incentives – reducing pollutant emissions and implementing extra tariff for Desulphurization

 Good timing – balanced power supply and demand situation Period: 5 years (2007-2011)

- Target capacity for Upgrades: 3100MW
 Desulphurization: 3800MW
- Estimated Capex for Upgrades : 1.4 billion RMB Desulphurization: 1 billion RMB

Benefits

Capacity increase: 5-10%

 Lower coal consumption: 12~20 g/kWh

Improved reliability and safety

 Extra tariff hike & lower emission charge

Payback period:

6~9 years



For any further questions, please contact:

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