
THIS CIRCULAR IS IMPORTANT AND REQUIRES YOUR IMMEDIATE ATTENTION

If you are in any doubt as to any aspect of this circular or as to the action to be taken, you should consult a licensed securities dealer, bank manager, solicitor, professional accountant or other professional adviser.

If you have sold or transferred all your shares in **China Medical & HealthCare Group Limited**, you should at once hand this circular with the accompanying form of proxy and the 2022 Annual Report to the purchaser or transferee or to the bank, licensed securities dealer or other agent through whom the sale or transfer was effected for transmission to the purchaser or transferee.

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China Medical & HealthCare Group Limited

(Incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability)

(Stock Code: 383)

**GENERAL MANDATES TO REPURCHASE AND ISSUE SECURITIES
RE-ELECTION OF DIRECTORS
PROPOSED ADOPTION OF NEW BYE-LAWS
AND
NOTICE OF ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING**

A notice convening an annual general meeting (“AGM”) of China Medical & HealthCare Group Limited (the “**Company**”) to be held at Plaza 1-2, Basement 3, Novotel Century Hong Kong, 238 Jaffe Road, Wanchai, Hong Kong on Thursday, 1 June 2023 at 11:00 a.m. is set out in Appendix IV on pages 74 to 77 of this circular. A form of proxy for use at the AGM is also enclosed.

Whether or not you are able to attend the AGM, you are requested to complete the enclosed form of proxy and return it in accordance with the instructions printed thereon and return the same to the Company’s branch share registrar and transfer office in Hong Kong, Tricor Tengis Limited, at 17/F., Far East Finance Centre, 16 Harcourt Road, Hong Kong or via the designated URL (<https://spot-meeting.tricor.hk/>) by using the username and password provided on the notification letter sent by the Company as soon as possible and in any event not later than 48 hours before the time appointed for holding of the AGM or any adjournment thereof.

Completion and return of the form of proxy will not preclude you from attending and voting in person at the AGM or any adjournment thereof if you so wish.

28 April 2023

LETTER FROM THE BOARD



China Medical & HealthCare Group Limited

(Incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability)

(Stock Code: 383)

Executive Directors:

Ms. Chong Sok Un (*Deputy Chairman*)
Mr. Kong Muk Yin
Mr. Guo Meibao
Mr. Zhou Haiying

Registered Office:

Victoria Place, 5th Floor
31 Victoria Street
Hamilton HM 10
Bermuda

Non-Executive Directors:

Mr. Lai Hin Wing Henry Stephen
Mr. Gao Zhaoyuan

*Head Office and Principal Place of
Business in Hong Kong:*

47th Floor
United Asia Finance Centre
333 Lockhart Road
Wanchai
Hong Kong

Independent Non-Executive Directors:

Mr. Zhang Jian
Dr. Xia Xiaoning
Dr. Wong Wing Kuen, Albert
Ms. Yang Lai Sum, Lisa

28 April 2022

To the Shareholders

Dear Sir or Madam,

**GENERAL MANDATES TO REPURCHASE AND ISSUE SECURITIES
RE-ELECTION OF DIRECTORS
PROPOSED ADOPTION OF NEW BYE-LAWS
AND
NOTICE OF ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING**

1. INTRODUCTION

The purpose of this circular is to provide the shareholders of the Company (the “**Shareholders**”) with information regarding the resolutions to be proposed at the AGM to be held on 1 June 2023.

2. GENERAL MANDATES TO REPURCHASE AND ISSUE BY THE COMPANY OF ITS SECURITIES

At the annual general meeting of the Company held on 1 June 2022, a general mandate was given to the directors of the Company (the “**Director(s)**”) to exercise the powers of the Company to repurchase its securities. Such mandate will lapse at the conclusion of the AGM.

LETTER FROM THE BOARD

At the AGM, an ordinary resolution will be proposed to give a fresh general mandate to the Directors to exercise the powers of the Company to repurchase, for a term and in the terms as stated in the said ordinary resolution, the shares of HK\$0.01 each of the Company (the “**Shares**”) in and up to a maximum of 10% of the number of issued Shares of the Company at the date of passing such ordinary resolution (the “**Repurchase Mandate**”).

An explanatory statement, as required under the relevant rules set out in the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the “**Listing Rules**” and the “**Stock Exchange**” respectively) regarding the repurchase by companies with primary listings on the Stock Exchange of their own securities to provide the requisite information on the Repurchase Mandate is set out in Appendix I hereto.

In addition to the ordinary resolution regarding the Repurchase Mandate, two other ordinary resolutions will also be proposed at the AGM, one of which purports to grant to the Directors a general mandate to allot, issue and deal with additional Shares not exceeding the aggregate of 20% the number of issued Shares of the Company at the date of passing of such resolution (the “**Issue Mandate**”); and the other purports to extend the limit under such Issue Mandate if granted to the Directors by adding the number of Shares representing the aggregate number of Shares in the issued capital of the Company repurchased by the Company under the Repurchase Mandate (the “**Extension Mandate**”).

Assuming that there is no change in the issued share capital of the Company from 20 April 2023, the latest practicable date prior to the printing of this circular (the “**Latest Practicable Date**”), to the date of passing the relevant resolution, the maximum number of Shares that may be issued pursuant to the Issue Mandate is 144,800,727.

3. RE-ELECTION OF DIRECTORS

Pursuant to Clause 99 of the bye-laws of the Company, Ms. Chong Sok Un, Mr. Zhang Jian (“**Mr. Zhang**”) and Dr. Xia Xiaoning (“**Dr. Xia**”) shall retire from their office by rotation and being eligible, will offer themselves for re-election at the AGM.

Pursuant to Clause 102 of the bye-laws of the Company, Mr. Kong Muk Yin and Mr. Gao Zhaoyuan shall retire and being eligible, offer themselves for re-election at the AGM.

Mr. Zhang has served on the board of directors of the Company (the “**Board**”) as an independent non-executive Director (“**INED(s)**”) for more than nine years and, during such tenure, he has given independent guidance and advice to the Company. The Company has received from Mr. Zhang his annual confirmation of independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules and the nomination committee of the Company (the “**Nomination Committee**”) has assessed his independence. In the process of assessing the independence of Mr. Zhang, the Nomination Committee has considered (i) the factors under Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules; (ii) whether Mr. Zhang is capable of bringing fresh perspectives and independent judgment to the Board despite his familiarity with the Company’s affairs and management; and (iii) the fact that neither Mr. Zhang has any management roles in the Company and its subsidiaries nor any relationships with any Director, senior management or substantial or controlling shareholder of the Company. Based on the above criteria and upon due deliberation, the Nomination Committee considered that Mr. Zhang had exercised impartial judgment and given independent guidance to the Company during his tenures of office, and his long service would not affect his ability to bring fresh perspectives and the exercise of independent judgment in his independent scope of work. The Nomination Committee is satisfied that Mr. Zhang remains independent, and recommends the same to the

LETTER FROM THE BOARD

Board. The Board considers that Mr. Zhang would be able to continue to discharge his duties as an INED and should be re-elected at the AGM subject to a separate resolution to be approved by the Shareholders pursuant to the requirement of the Listing Rules, particularly in view of his extensive experience and valuable contribution to the Board.

The Nomination Committee has assessed and reviewed the biographies and the annual confirmation of independence of each of the INED based on the independence criteria as set out in Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules and confirmed that Mr. Zhang and Dr. Xia, both being INEDs who will be subject to retirement and re-election at the AGM (the “**Retiring INED(s)**”), remain independent. The Nomination Committee has assessed and evaluated the performance and the overall contribution of all the Retiring INEDs based on the Company’s Nomination Policy which was disclosed in the Corporate Governance Report of the Annual Report of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2022. The Nomination Committee is of the view that based on all the Retiring INEDs’ perspectives, skills and experience, they will continue to bring valuable contributions to the Board and its diversity.

At the AGM, ordinary resolutions to re-elect retiring Directors, Mr. Chong Sok Un, Mr. Kong Muk Yin, Mr. Gao Zhaoyuan, Mr. Zhang and Dr. Xia will be proposed in accordance with the bye-laws of the Company.

Details of the Directors being subject to retirement and re-election, as required to be disclosed under Chapter 13 of the Listing Rules, are set out in Appendix II hereto.

4. PROPOSED ADOPTION OF NEW BYE-LAWS

On 1 January 2022, the Listing Rules were amended by, among others, adopting a uniform set of 14 core standards for shareholder protections for issuers regardless of their place of incorporation set out in Appendix 3 to the Listing Rules. The Board proposes to amend the existing bye-laws (the “**Bye-Laws**”) of the Company (the “**Proposed Amendments**”) by way of adoption of a new set of bye-laws (the “**New Bye-Laws**”) incorporating and consolidating the Proposed Amendments in substitution for and to the exclusion of the Bye-Laws in order to, among others, (i) bring the Bye-Laws in line with the relevant requirements of the Listing Rules, including the core shareholder protection standards set out in Appendix 3 to the Listing Rules, and the applicable laws of Bermuda; (ii) allow general meetings to be held as electronic meeting or a hybrid meeting; and (iii) make other housekeeping amendments (collectively, the “**Proposed Amendments**”).

The Proposed Amendments and the proposed adoption of the New Bye-Laws are subject to the approval of the Shareholders by way of a special resolution at the AGM. Details of the Proposed Amendments are set out in Appendix III to this circular.

The Company’s legal advisers as to Hong Kong laws and Bermuda have respectively confirmed that the Proposed Amendments conform with the applicable requirements of the Listing Rules and are not inconsistent with the applicable laws of the Bermuda. The Company also confirms that there is nothing unusual about the proposed amendments for a company listed in Hong Kong.

Shareholders are advised that the New Bye-Laws are available only in English and the Chinese translation of the New Bye-Laws provided in the Appendix III to this circular is for reference only. In case of any inconsistency, the English version shall prevail.

LETTER FROM THE BOARD

5. ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

The AGM Notice is set out in Appendix IV to this circular. A copy of the 2022 Annual Report is despatched to the Shareholders together with this circular. At the AGM, ordinary resolutions will be proposed to approve, *inter alia*, the re-election of the retiring Directors and the granting of the Repurchase Mandate, the Issue Mandate and the Extension Mandate, and a special resolution will be proposed to approve the adoption of the New Bye-Laws.

A form of proxy for use at the AGM is enclosed hereto. Whether or not you intend to attend the AGM, you are requested to complete the enclosed form of proxy and return it in accordance with the instructions printed thereon and return the same to the Company's branch share registrar and transfer office in Hong Kong, Tricor Tengis Limited, at 17/F., Far East Finance Centre, 16 Harcourt Road, Hong Kong or via the designated URL (<https://spot-meeting.tricor.hk/>) by using the username and password provided on the notification letter sent by the Company as soon as possible and in any event not later than 48 hours before the time appointed for holding of the AGM or any adjournment thereof. Completion and return of the form of proxy will not preclude you from attending and voting in person at the AGM or any adjournment thereof if you so wish.

Pursuant to Rule 13.39(4) of the Listing Rules, any vote of Shareholders at a general meeting must be taken by poll. Accordingly, all resolutions will be put to vote by way of poll at the AGM. An announcement on the poll results will be made by the Company after the AGM in the manner prescribed under Rules 13.39(5) and 13.39(5A) of the Listing Rules.

6. RECOMMENDATION

The Directors believe that (i) the proposed ordinary resolutions for the Repurchase Mandate, Issue Mandate, Extension Mandate and re-election of Directors; and (ii) the proposed special resolution for the adoption of the New Bye-Laws are all in the best interests of the Company and the Shareholders as a whole. Accordingly, the Directors recommend all Shareholders to vote in favour of all the aforesaid proposed resolutions at the AGM.

The notice of AGM dated 28 April 2023 is set out in Appendix IV of this circular.

Should there be any inconsistencies between the English text and the Chinese text of this circular, the English text of this circular will prevail over the Chinese text.

Yours faithfully,
By Order of the Board
China Medical & HealthCare Group Limited
Chong Sok Un
Deputy Chairman

This appendix serves as an explanatory statement, as required by the Listing Rules, to provide the requisite information to you for your consideration of the Repurchase Mandate.

1. SHARE CAPITAL

As at the Latest Practicable Date, there were in issue an aggregate of 724,003,638 Shares.

Subject to the passing and pursuant to the terms of the ordinary resolution regarding the Repurchase Mandate and on the basis that no further Shares are issued or repurchased prior to the AGM to be held on Thursday, 1 June 2023, the Company would be allowed under the Repurchase Mandate to repurchase a maximum of 72,400,363 Shares.

2. REASONS FOR REPURCHASE

The Directors believe that the Repurchase Mandate is in the best interests of the Company and the Shareholders as a whole. Such repurchase may, depending on market conditions and funding arrangements at the time, lead to an enhancement of the net assets value per share and/or earnings per share and will only be made when the Directors believe that such repurchase will benefit the Company and the Shareholders as a whole.

3. FUNDING OF REPURCHASE AND MATERIAL ADVERSE IMPACT

In repurchasing Securities, the Company may only apply funds legally available for such purpose in accordance with its Memorandum of Association and the Bye-Laws, the laws of Bermuda and any other applicable laws. The amount of premium payable on repurchase may only be paid out of either the profits that would otherwise be available for dividend or out of the share premium or contributed surplus accounts of the Company.

There might be an adverse impact on the working capital or gearing position of the Company as compared with the position disclosed in the audited consolidated financial statements contained in its Annual Report for the year ended 31 December 2022 in the event that the Repurchase Mandate was to be exercised in full at any time during the proposed repurchase period. However, the Directors do not propose to exercise the Repurchase Mandate to such extent as would, in the circumstances, have a material adverse effect on the working capital requirements or the gearing levels of the Company which in the opinion of the Directors are from time to time appropriate for the Company.

4. SHARE PRICES

The highest and lowest prices at which the Shares have traded on the Stock Exchange in each of the previous twelve calendar months up to and including the Latest Practicable Date were as follows:

Month	Shares	
	Highest HK\$	Lowest HK\$
2022		
April	1.64*	1.46*
May	1.54*	1.48*
June	1.56*	1.48*
July	1.70*	1.44*
August	1.66*	1.40*
September	1.40*	1.12*
October	1.10*	0.76*
November	1.28*	0.80*
December	1.16*	0.96*
2023		
January	1.48*	1.04*
February	1.26*	1.06*
March	1.15	0.97
April (up to the Latest Practicable Date)	1.05	0.85

* Adjusted for the effect of share consolidation in February 2023

5. UNDERTAKING AND EFFECT OF REPURCHASE

The Directors have undertaken to the Stock Exchange that, so far as the same may be applicable, they will exercise the powers of the Company to make repurchases pursuant to the Repurchase Mandate and in accordance with the Listing Rules and the laws of Bermuda.

None of the Directors nor, to the best of their knowledge and having made all reasonable enquiries, any of their close associates (as defined in the Listing Rules), have any present intention to sell any securities of the Company to the Company or its subsidiaries in the event that the Repurchase Mandate is approved by the Shareholders.

No core connected persons (as defined in the Listing Rules) have notified the Company that they have a present intention to sell securities of the Company to the Company or its subsidiaries or have undertaken not to do so, in the event that the Repurchase Mandate is approved by the Shareholders.

If a Shareholder's proportionate interest in the voting rights of the Company increases upon exercise of the powers to repurchase securities of the Company pursuant to the Repurchase Mandate, such increase will be treated as an acquisition for the purposes of the Hong Kong Code on Takeovers and Mergers (the "**Takeovers Code**"). As a result, a Shareholder or group of

Shareholders acting in concert, depending on the level of increase of the Shareholder's interest, could obtain or consolidate control of the Company and become obliged to make a mandatory general offer for all Shares in issue at the time in accordance with Rule 26 of the Takeovers Code.

As at the Latest Practicable Date, 同方股份有限公司 (Tsinghua Tongfang Co., Ltd.) (“**THTF**”) beneficially held 200,000,000 ordinary Shares of the Company^(Notes) (approximately 27.62% of the issued share capital of the Company).

In the event that the Directors exercise in full the power to repurchase Shares, which is proposed to be granted pursuant to the Repurchase Mandate then (if the present Shareholders' interests in Shares remained the same) the attributable shareholding of THTF in the Company would be increased to approximately 30.69% of the issued share capital of the Company. Such increase may give rise to an obligation to make a mandatory offer under Rule 26 of the Takeover Code. However, the Directors have no current intention to exercise the Repurchase Mandate to such an extent as would give rise to this obligation. In any event, the Repurchase Mandate will be exercised only if the number of Shares held by the public would not fall below 25%.

Notes:

1. Cool Clouds Limited (“**Cool Clouds**”), a wholly-owned subsidiary of Resuccess Investments Limited (“**Resuccess**”), owned 4,000,000,000 ordinary shares of the Company. THTF was the sole shareholder of Resuccess as at 31 December 2022. Accordingly, Resuccess and THTF were deemed to have interests in 4,000,000,000 ordinary shares of the Company in which Cool Clouds was interested.
2. The share consolidation on the basis that every twenty (20) issued and unissued existing shares of HK\$0.0005 each be consolidated into one (1) consolidated share of HK\$0.01 each and the change in board lot size for trading on the Stock Exchange from 10,000 existing shares to 5,000 consolidated shares effective on 24 February 2023. Further details are set out in the announcements dated 16 January 2023 and 22 February 2023 and circular dated 1 February 2023 published by the Company.

6. SECURITIES REPURCHASE MADE BY THE COMPANY

During the six months immediately preceding the Latest Practicable Date, the Company has not repurchased any of its Shares (whether on the Stock Exchange or otherwise).

The followings are the details of the retiring Directors of the Company proposed to be re-elected at the AGM:

(i) **Ms. Chong Sok Un**

Ms. Chong Sok Un (“**Ms. Chong**”), M.H. aged 68, was appointed as an executive director and the chairman of the Company on 23 August 2002 and has been re-designated as the deputy chairman of the Company since 16 December 2015. Ms. Chong was awarded the Medal of Honour (M.H.) by the Government of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region on 1 July 2011. She is a member of the National Committee of the Chinese People’s Political Consultative Conference, Guangdong Province, the Honorary Director of the Chinese Red Cross Foundation, Permanent Honorary Chairman of the Hong Kong Federation of Fujian Associations, vice chairman of the Hong Kong Federation of Fujian Associations Ladies’ Committee and Honorary Chairman of All-China Women’s Federation Hong Kong Delegates Association. She is the namer and director of YOT Chong Sok Un Medical Fund (cancer aid) since 2007 and a member of Yan Oi Tong Advisory Board since 2011. Ms. Chong was the chairman of the 31st Term Board of Directors of Yan Oi Tong from 2010 to 2011 and a director of the 27th Term Board of Directors of Yan Oi Tong from 2006 to 2007. She was also a director of Po Leung Kuk from 2009 to 2010. She was an executive director and the chairman of APAC Resources Limited (a company listed on the main board of the Stock Exchange, stock code: 1104) from 6 July 2007 to 1 March 2016 and a non-executive director of Alibaba Pictures Group Limited (formerly known as ChinaVision Media Group Limited, a company listed on the main board of the Stock Exchange, stock code: 1060) from 25 June 2007 to 23 April 2009.

Ms. Chong has entered into a service agreement with the Company for a term of two years and the term of her service shall be renewed automatically for successive two-year term or until terminated in accordance with the said service agreement. Her appointment is also subject to the relevant provisions of retirement and re-election at the annual general meetings of the Company in accordance with the Bye-Laws or any other applicable laws whereby she shall vacate her office. As at the Latest Practicable Date, Ms. Chong is entitled to receive a monthly remuneration of HK\$35,000, one month year-end double pay and performance based discretionary bonus. Her remuneration is determined by the Board based on recommendation of the remuneration committee of the Company with reference to the market salary range for the position, her qualifications, experience and level of responsibilities undertaken.

As at the Latest Practicable Date, Ms. Chong was beneficially interested in 618,750^(Notes) ordinary shares of the Company and deemed to have corporate interest of 129,625,707 shares held through Vigor Online Offshore Limited^(Notes) (“**Vigor**”) within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (Chapter 571 of the Laws of Hong Kong) (the “**SFO**”).

Save as disclosed above, Ms. Chong did not hold any directorship in other listed public companies in Hong Kong or overseas in the last three years and does not have any relationship with any other Directors, senior management, substantial or controlling shareholders of the Company.

Notes:

1. Vigor is a wholly-owned subsidiary of China Spirit Limited in which Ms. Chong maintains 100% beneficial interests.
2. The share consolidation on the basis that every twenty (20) issued and unissued existing shares of HK\$0.0005 each be consolidated into one (1) consolidated share of HK\$0.01 each and the change in board lot size for trading on the Stock Exchange from 10,000 existing shares to 5,000 consolidated shares was effective on 24 February 2023. Further details are set out in the announcements dated 16 January 2023 and 22 February 2023 and circular dated 1 February 2023 published by the Company.

(ii) Mr. Kong Muk Yin

Mr. Kong Muk Yin (“**Mr. Kong**”), aged 57, was appointed as an executive director of the Company on 27 October 2022 and also was an executive director of the Company from 13 May 2002 to 13 May 2021. Mr. Kong was a non-executive director and the company secretary of Pan Asia Data Holdings Inc. (formerly known as Manfield Chemical Holdings Limited, a company listed on the main board of the Stock Exchange, stock code: 1561) from 12 June 2014 to 10 January 2020 and from 12 June 2014 to 31 December 2018 respectively. From 4 July 2007 to 24 June 2014, he was also an executive director and a non-executive director of Alibaba Pictures Group Limited (formerly known as ChinaVision Media Group Limited, a company listed on the main board of the Stock Exchange, stock code: 1060). He was an executive director of Shin Hwa World Limited (formerly known as Landing International Development Limited, a company listed on the main board of the Stock Exchange, stock code: 582) from 13 October 2009 to 21 January 2010 and an executive director of APAC Resources Limited (a company listed on the main board of the Stock Exchange, stock code: 1104) from 4 November 2009 to 1 March 2016. From September 2010 to September 2015, he was also a director of Mabuhay Holdings Corporation (a company listed on The Philippine Stock Exchange, Inc. (the “**Philippine Stock Exchange**”), stock code: MHC) and Philippine Infradev Holdings, Inc., a company listed on the Philippine Stock Exchange, stock code: INFRA).

Mr. Kong graduated from the City University of Hong Kong with a Bachelor’s Degree in Business Studies. He is a fellow member of The Association of Chartered Certified Accountants, a member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and a Chartered Financial Analyst and he has extensive experience in corporate finance, financial management, accounting and auditing.

Mr. Kong has entered into a service agreement with the Company for a term of two years and the term of his service shall be renewed automatically for successive two-year term or until terminated in accordance with the said service agreement. His appointment is also subject to the relevant provisions of retirement and re-election at the annual general meetings of the Company in accordance with the Bye-Laws or any other applicable laws whereby he shall vacate his office. As at the Latest Practicable Date, Mr. Kong is entitled to receive a monthly remuneration of HK\$160,000, one month year-end double pay and performance based discretionary bonus. His remuneration is determined by the Board based on recommendation of the remuneration committee of the Company with reference to the market salary range for the position, his qualifications, experience and level of responsibilities undertaken.

As at the Latest Practicable Date, Mr. Kong has no interest in the Shares within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO.

Save as disclosed above, Mr. Kong did not hold any directorship in other listed public companies in Hong Kong or overseas in the last three years and does not have any relationship with any other Directors, senior management, substantial or controlling shareholders of the Company.

(iii) Mr. Gao Zhaoyuan

Mr. Gao Zhaoyuan (“**Mr. Gao**”), aged 39, was appointed as a non-executive director of the Company on 27 October 2022. Mr. Gao graduated from the Shanghai University of Finance and Economics with a Bachelor’s Degree in Economics in 2005 and graduated from the Shanghai Jiao Tong University Shanghai Advanced Institute of Finance with a Master’s Degree in Business Administration in 2010. Mr. Gao joined CMIG Assets Management Corporation (Beijing) Co. Ltd. (北京中民資產管理有限公司, a wholly-owned subsidiary of China Minsheng Investment Group Co., Ltd., 中國民生投資股份有限公司) since April 2017. He serves as general manager of strategic investment department of CMIG Asset Management Co., Ltd. (中民投資資產管理有限公司).

Mr. Gao served as a vice president of the Institute Business Group II of DBS Bank (China) Co., Ltd. from October 2015 to April 2017. He also worked as the department head of corporate banking department of Shanghai Branch of The Bank of East Asia (China) Co., Ltd. from June 2010 to October 2015, the last position was senior trade finance manager of Ningbo Branch of HSBC Bank (China) Co., Ltd. from July 2007 to June 2010 and the relationship manager of credit department of Shanghai Xuhui Sub-branch of Bank of Communications from September 2005 to July 2007.

Pursuant to the letter of appointment entered into between Mr. Gao and the Company, the term of his service, if re-elected at the AGM, shall continue for a period of two years, and shall be renewed automatically for successive two-year term or until terminated in accordance with the said letter of appointment. His appointment is also subject to the relevant provisions of retirement and re-election at the annual general meetings of the Company in accordance with the Bye-Laws or any other applicable laws whereby he shall vacate his office. As at the Latest Practicable Date, Mr. Gao is entitled to receive HK\$150,000 per annum as Director’s remuneration is determined by the Board based on recommendation of the remuneration committee of the Company with reference to the market salary range for the position, his qualifications, experience and level of responsibilities undertaken.

As at the Latest Practicable Date, Mr. Gao has no interest in the Shares within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO.

Save as disclosed above, Mr. Gao did not hold any directorship in other listed public companies in Hong Kong or overseas in the last three years and does not have any relationship with any other Directors, senior management, substantial or controlling shareholders of the Company.

(iv) Mr. Zhang Jian

Mr. Zhang Jian (“**Mr. Zhang**”), aged 81, was appointed as an independent non-executive director of the Company on 16 October 2006. Mr. Zhang is a professional senior engineer in the People’s Republic of China. He was the chairman of Xian University of Architecture & Technology Peking Alumni Association until January 2022. He has been awarded National Outstanding Intellect in 1997 and National Top 10 Honest Persons of Outstanding Ability in 2004. Mr. Zhang has been awarded as Influential Person to China Nonferrous Metal Industry in 2005. From 1982 to 1998, he held various senior positions in China Nonferrous Metal Industry Company. From 1998 to 2003, he acted as the chairman and the general manager of China Nonferrous Metal Construction Group Company Ltd. From 2003 to 2005, he acted as the general manager of China Nonferrous Metal Mining (Group) Co., Ltd. From July 2016 to July 2020, he was an independent non-executive director of Go Higher Environment Co., Ltd..

Pursuant to the letter of appointment entered into between Mr. Zhang and the Company, the term of his service, if re-elected at the AGM, shall continue for a period of two years, and shall be renewed automatically for successive two-year term or until terminated in accordance with the said letter of appointment. His appointment is also subject to the relevant provisions of retirement and re-election at the annual general meetings of the Company in accordance with the Bye-Laws or any other applicable laws whereby he shall vacate his office. As at the Latest Practicable Date, Mr. Zhang is entitled to receive HK\$150,000 per annum as Director’s remuneration is determined by the Board based on recommendation of the remuneration committee of the Company with reference to the market salary range for the position, his qualifications, experience and level of responsibilities undertaken.

As at the Latest Practicable Date, Mr. Zhang has no interest in the Shares within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO.

Mr. Zhang has served on the Board as an INED for more than nine years since 16 October 2006 and, during such tenure, he has given independent guidance and advice to the Company. The Company has received annual confirmation of independence from Mr. Zhang pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules.

The Nomination Committee is satisfied that Mr. Zhang remains independent, and recommends the same to the Board. The Board considers that Mr. Zhang would be able to continue to discharge his duties as an INED and should be re-elected at the AGM, particularly in view of his extensive experience and valuable contribution to the Board.

Save as disclosed above, Mr. Zhang did not hold any directorship in other listed public companies in Hong Kong or overseas in the last three years and does not have any relationship with any other Directors, senior management, substantial or controlling shareholders of the Company.

(v) Dr. Xia Xiaoning

Dr. Xia Xiaoning (“**Dr. Xia**”), aged 63, was appointed as an independent non-executive director of the Company on 8 December 2016. Dr. Xia is an independent supervisor of Central China Securities Co., Ltd. (a company listed on the main board of the Stock Exchange, stock code: 1375). He was a non-executive director of Mason Group Holdings Limited (a company listed on the main board of the Stock Exchange, stock code: 273) from August 2015 to September 2016. Dr. Xia graduated from the electric engineering department of Harbin Institute of Technology in 1982 with a Bachelor’s Degree in Electric Engineering. He earned a Doctorate Degree from University Paris Dauphine in 1989.

Dr. Xia has over 23 years private equity/investment experience in Asia. Dr. Xia was a senior consultant/responsible officer (Type 4 and Type 9 licences of the Securities and Futures Commission of Hong Kong) to Vision Finance Group Limited from October 2012 to February 2015. From 2008 to 2012, he was the chief executive officer of CITP Advisors (Hong Kong) Limited. Dr. Xia worked for AIF Capital Limited (“**AIF**”), a pan Asia private equity firm based in Hong Kong from 1995 to 2008 and his last position with AIF was senior partner/managing director. Dr. Xia also worked for Asian Development Bank in Manila from 1989 to 1995 with his last position as investment officer.

Pursuant to the letter of appointment entered into between Dr. Xia and the Company, the term of his service, if re-elected at the AGM, shall continue for a period of two years, and shall be renewed automatically for successive two-year term or until terminated in accordance with the said letter of appointment. His appointment is also subject to the relevant provisions of retirement and re-election at the annual general meetings of the Company in accordance with the Bye-Laws or any other applicable laws whereby he shall vacate his office. As at the Latest Practicable Date, Dr. Xia is entitled to receive HK\$150,000 per annum as Director’s remuneration is determined by the Board based on recommendation of the remuneration committee of the Company with reference to the market salary range for the position, his qualifications, experience and level of responsibilities undertaken.

As at the Latest Practicable Date, Dr. Xia has no interest in the Shares within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO.

Save as disclosed above, Dr. Xia did not hold any directorship in other listed public companies in Hong Kong or overseas in the last three years and does not have any relationship with any other Directors, senior management, substantial or controlling shareholders of the Company.

Save as disclosed above, there are no other matters concerning Ms. Chong Sok Un, Mr. Kong Muk Yin, Mr. Gao Zhaoyuan, Mr. Zhang Jian and Dr. Xia Xiaoning relating to their re-election that need to be brought to the attention of the Shareholders and there is no other information that is required to be disclosed pursuant to Rules 13.51(2)(h) to (v) of the Listing Rules.

The following is the set of New Bye-Laws proposed to be adopted by the Company. The New Bye-Laws are prepared in English with no official Chinese version. Chinese translation is for reference only. The English version shall prevail in case of any discrepancy or inconsistency between the English version and its Chinese translation.

New Bye-Laws**of****China Medical & HealthCare Group Limited**

Incorporated on 11th December, 1989

(Adopted by Special Resolution passed on 1 June 2023)

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NEW BYE-LAWS

{(Including all amendments up to 18th February, 2016)}
(as adopted by special resolution at the annual general meeting held on 1 June 2023)

OF

CHINA MEDICAL & HEALTHCARE GROUP LIMITED

PRELIMINARY

1. The marginal notes to these Bye-Laws shall not be deemed to be part of these Bye-Laws and shall not affect their interpretation and in the interpretation of these Bye-Laws, unless there be something in the subject or context inconsistent therewith:—

<u>“advertisement in newspapers”</u>	shall mean an advertisement in English in at least one English language newspaper and in Chinese in at least one Chinese language newspaper.
<u>“appointed newspaper”</u>	shall have the meaning as defined in the Statutes.
<u>“Auditors”</u>	shall mean the persons for the time being performing the duties of that office.
<u>“Bermuda”</u>	shall mean the Islands of Bermuda.
<u>“call”</u>	shall include any instalment of a call.
<u>“capital”</u>	shall mean the share capital from time to time of the Company.
<u>“close associate(s)”</u>	shall, in relation to Director(s), have the meaning from time to time ascribed to it under the Listing Rules, except that for purposes of Bye-Law 98 where the transaction or arrangement to be approved by the Board is a connected transaction within the meaning ascribed to it under the Listing Rules, it shall have the same meaning as that ascribed to “associate” in the Listing Rules.
<u>“dividend”</u>	shall include scrip dividends, distributions in specie or in kind, capital distributions and capitalisation issues, if not consistent with the subject or context.
<u>“electronic”</u>	shall mean relating to technology having electrical, digital, magnetic, wireless, optical electromagnetic or similar capabilities and such other meanings as given to it in the Electronic Transactions Act 1999 of Bermuda as may be amended from time to time.
<u>“electronic record”</u>	shall have the same meaning as in the Electronic Transactions Act (as amended) of Bermuda.

<u>“full financial statements”</u>	<u>shall mean the financial statements that are required under section 87(1) of the Companies Act as may be amended from time to time.</u>
<u>“Head Office”</u>	<u>shall mean such office of the Company as the Directors may from time to time determine to be the principal office of the Company.</u>
<u>“HK\$”</u>	<u>shall mean Hong Kong dollars or other lawful currency of Hong Kong.</u>
<u>“Listing Rules”</u>	<u>shall mean the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited upon which the shares of the Company are listed, as amended from time to time.</u>
<u>“month”</u>	<u>shall mean a calendar month.</u>
<u>“Newspaper”</u>	<u>in relation to the publication in newspapers of any notice, shall mean in English in one leading English language daily newspaper and in Chinese in one leading Chinese language daily newspaper published and circulating generally in the Relevant Territory and specified for this purpose by the stock exchange in the Relevant Territory.</u>
<u>“paid up”</u>	<u>shall mean paid up or credited as paid up.</u>
<u>“Registered Office”</u>	<u>shall mean the registered office of the Company for the time being.</u>
<u>“Registration Office”</u>	<u>shall mean in respect of any class of share capital, such place or places in the Relevant Territory or elsewhere where the Directors from time to time determine to keep a branch register of shareholders in respect of that class of share capital and where (except in cases where the Directors otherwise agree) transfers or other documents of title for such class of share capital are to be lodged for registration and are to be registered.</u>
<u>“Relevant Period”</u>	<u>shall mean the period commencing from the date on which any of the securities of the Company first become listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited to and including the date immediately before the day on which none of such securities are so listed (and so that if at any time trading of any such securities is suspended for any reason whatsoever and for any length of time, they shall nevertheless be treated, for the purpose of this definition, as listed).</u>

<u>“Relevant Territory”</u>	<u>shall mean Hong Kong or such other territory as the Directors may from time to time decide if the issued ordinary share capital of the Company is listed on a stock exchange in such territory.</u>
<u>“Seal”</u>	<u>shall mean the common seal from time to time of the Company or any duplicate seal that the Company may be permitted to have under the Statutes.</u>
<u>“Secretary”</u>	<u>shall mean the person or corporation for the time being performing the duties of that office.</u>
<u>“Securities Seal”</u>	<u>shall mean a seal for use for sealing certificates for shares or other securities issued by the Company which is a facsimile of the Seal of the Company with the addition on its face the words “Securities Seal”.</u>
<u>“share”</u>	<u>shall mean share in the capital of the Company.</u>
<u>“shareholder” or “member”</u>	<u>shall mean the duly registered holder from time to time of the shares in the capital of the Company.</u>
<u>“Specified Place”</u>	<u>shall mean the place, if any, specified in the notice of any general meeting or adjourned meeting, at which the chairman of the meeting shall preside.</u>
<u>“Statutes”</u>	<u>shall mean the Companies Act and every other act (as amended from time to time) for the time being in force of the Legislature of the Islands of Bermuda applying to or affecting the Company, the Memorandum of Association and/or these presents.</u>
<u>“summarised financial statements”</u>	<u>shall have the meaning ascribed to them in the section 87A(3) of the Companies Act as may be amended from time to time.</u>
<u>“the Board”</u>	<u>shall mean the Directors from time to time of the Company or (as the context may require) the majority of Directors present voting at a meeting of the Directors.</u>
<u>“the Company” or “this Company”</u>	<u>shall mean China Medical & HealthCare Group Limited incorporated in Bermuda on the 11th day of December, 1989.</u>
<u>“the Companies Act”</u>	<u>shall mean the Companies Act 1981 of Bermuda as may from time to time be amended.</u>
<u>“the Director(s)”</u>	<u>shall mean the director(s) from time to time of the Company.</u>
<u>The expressions “debenture” and “debenture holder”</u>	<u>shall respectively include “debenture stock” and “debenture stockholder”.</u>
<u>The expressions “holding company and “subsidiary”</u>	<u>shall have the meanings ascribed to them by the Companies Act.</u>

<u>“the Principal Register”</u>	<u>shall mean the register of members of the Company maintained in Bermuda.</u>
<u>“the register”</u>	<u>shall mean the Principal Register and any branch register to be kept pursuant to the provisions of the Statutes.</u>
<u>“these Bye-Laws” or “these presents”</u>	<u>shall mean these Bye-Laws in their present form and all supplementary, amended or substituted Bye-Laws for the time being in force.</u>
<u>“Transfer Office”</u>	<u>shall mean the place where the Principal Register is situate for the time being.</u>
<u>“writing” or “printing”</u>	<u>shall include writing, printing, lithography, photography, typewriting and every other mode of representing words or figures in a legible and non-transitory form.</u>
<u>“Bermuda”</u>	<u>shall mean the Islands of Bermuda.</u>
<u>“the Company” or “this Company”</u>	<u>shall mean China Medical & HealthCare Group Limited incorporated in Bermuda on the 11th day of December, 1989.</u>
<u>“the Companies Act”</u>	<u>shall mean the Companies Act 1981 as may from time to time be amended.</u>
<u>“Statutes”</u>	<u>shall mean the Companies Act and every other act (as amended from time to time) for the time being in force of the Legislature of the Islands of Bermuda applying to or affecting the Company, the Memorandum of Association and/or these presents.</u>
<u>“these Bye-Laws” or “these presents”</u>	<u>shall mean these Bye-Laws in their present form and all supplementary, amended or substituted Bye-Laws for the time being in force.</u>
<u>“capital”</u>	<u>shall mean the share capital from time to time of the Company.</u>
<u>“share”</u>	<u>shall mean share in the capital of the Company.</u>
<u>“shareholder” or “member”</u>	<u>shall mean the duly registered holder from time to time of the shares in the capital of the Company.</u>
<u>“paid up”</u>	<u>shall mean paid up or credited as paid up.</u>
<u>“the Principal Register”</u>	<u>shall mean the register of members of the Company maintained in Bermuda.</u>
<u>“the register”</u>	<u>shall mean the Principal Register and any branch register to be kept pursuant to the provisions of the Statutes.</u>
<u>“Registered Office”</u>	<u>shall mean the registered office of the Company for the time being.</u>

“Head Office”	shall mean such office of the Company as the Directors may from time to time determine to be the principal office of the Company.
“Transfer Office”	shall mean the place where the Principal Register is situate for the time being.
“Registration Office”	shall mean in respect of any class of share capital, such place or places in the Relevant Territory or elsewhere where the Directors from time to time determine to keep a branch register of shareholders in respect of that class of share capital and where (except in cases where the Directors otherwise agree) transfers or other documents of title for such class of share capital are to be lodged for registration and are to be registered.
“Relevant Territory”	shall mean Hong Kong or such other territory as the Directors may from time to time decide if the issued ordinary share capital of the Company is listed on a stock exchange in such territory.
The expressions “debenture” and “debenture holder”	shall respectively include “debenture stock” and “debenture stockholder”.
The expressions “holding company and “subsidiary”	shall have the meanings ascribed to them by the Companies Act.
“the Board”	shall mean the Directors from time to time of the Company or (as the context may require) the majority of Directors present voting at a meeting of the Directors.
“associate(s)”	shall, in relation to Director(s), have the meaning from time to time ascribed to it under the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited upon which the shares of the Company are listed.
“Secretary”	shall mean the person or corporation for the time being performing the duties of that office.
“Auditors”	shall mean the persons for the time being performing the duties of that office.
“the Chairman”	shall mean the Chairman presiding at any meeting of members or of the Board.
“call”	shall include any instalment of a call.
“Seal”	shall mean the common seal from time to time of the Company or any duplicate seal that the Company may be permitted to have under the Statutes.

“Securities Seal”	shall mean a seal for use for sealing certificates for shares or other securities issued by the Company which is a facsimile of the Seal of the Company with the addition on its face the words “Securities Seal”.
“dividend”	shall include scrip dividends, distributions in specie or in kind, capital distributions and capitalisation issues, if not consistent with the subject or context.
“HK\$”	shall mean Hong Kong dollars or other lawful currency of Hong Kong.
“appointed newspaper”	shall have the meaning as defined in the Statutes.
“newspaper”	in relation to any newspaper circulating in Hong Kong, shall mean a newspaper published daily and circulating generally in Hong Kong and specified in the list of newspapers issued and published in the Gazette for the purposes of Section 71A of the Companies Ordinance, Chapter 32 of the Laws of Hong Kong, by the Chief Secretary.
“advertisement in newspapers”	shall mean an advertisement in English in at least one English language newspaper and in Chinese in at least one Chinese language newspaper.
“month”	shall mean a calendar month.
“writing” or “printing”	shall include writing, printing, lithography, photography, typewriting and every other mode of representing words or figures in a legible and non-transitory form.

Except where the context otherwise requires:—

words denoting the singular shall include the plural and word denoting the plural shall include the singular.

words importing any gender shall include every gender.

words importing person shall include partnerships, firms, companies and corporations.

any reference to writing includes all modes of representing or reproducing words in a visible form, including in the form of an electronic record.

any reference to anything being done by electronic means includes its being done by means of any electronic or other communications equipment or facilities and any reference to any communication being delivered or received, or being delivered or received at a particular place, includes the transmission of an electronic record to a recipient identified in such manner or by such means as the Board may from time to time approve or prescribe, either generally or for a particular purpose.

any reference to a signature or to anything being signed or executed include such forms of electronic signature or other means of verifying the authenticity of an electronic record as the Board may from time to time approve or prescribe, either generally or for a particular purpose.

any reference in these Bye-Laws to votes cast or taken at a general meeting shall include all votes taken (in such manner as may be directed by the chairman of that meeting whether by a count of votes by show of hands and/or by the use of ballot or voting papers or tickets and/or by electronic means) of members attending in person, by corporate representative or by proxy at that meeting.

Subject as aforesaid, any words or expressions defined in the Companies Act (except any statutory modification thereof not in force when these Bye-Laws become binding on the Company) shall, if not inconsistent with the subject and/or context, bear the same meaning in these Bye-Laws, save that “company” shall where the context permits include any company incorporated in Bermuda or elsewhere.

References to any statute or statutory provision shall be construed as relating to any statutory modification or re-enactment thereof for the time being in force.

A resolution shall be a Special Resolution when it has been passed by a majority of not less than three-fourths of the votes cast by such ~~Members~~ members as, being entitled so to do, vote in person or, in the cases of such members as are corporations, by their respective duly authorised representatives or, where proxies are allowed, by proxy at a general meeting held in accordance with these Bye-Laws and of which not less than 21 days’ notice, specifying (without prejudice to the power contained in these presents to amend the same) the intention to propose the resolution as a special resolution, has been duly given. Provided that, if it is so agreed by a majority in number of the members having a right to attend and vote at any such meeting, being a majority together holding not less than 95 per cent, in nominal value of the shares giving that right, a resolution may be proposed and passed as a Special Resolution at a meeting of which less than 21 days’ notice has been given.

A resolution shall be an Ordinary Resolution when it has been passed by a simple majority of the votes cast by such members as, being entitled so to do, vote in person or, in the case of any member being a corporation, by its duly authorised representative or, where proxies are allowed, by proxy or at a general meeting held in accordance with these presents.

A Special Resolution shall be effective for any purpose for which an Ordinary Resolution is expressed to be required under any provision of these Bye-Laws or the Statutes.

2. Without prejudice to any other requirements of the Statutes, a Special Resolution shall be required to alter ~~the objects and powers contained in the Memorandum of Association,~~ to approve any amendment of these presents or to change the name of the Company.

SHARES AND MODIFICATION OF RIGHTS

3. Without prejudice to any special rights or restrictions for the time being attaching to any shares or any class of shares, any share may be issued upon such terms and conditions and with such preferred, deferred or other special rights, or such restrictions, whether in regard to dividend, voting, return of capital or otherwise, as the Company may from time to time by

Ordinary Resolution determine (or, in the absence of any such determination or so far as the same may not make specific provision, as the Board may determine) and any preference share may, subject to the Statutes and with the sanction of a Special Resolution, be issued on the terms that it is liable to be redeemed upon the happening of a specified event or upon a given date and either at the option of the Company or, if so authorised by the Memorandum of Association of the Company, at the option of the holder. No share shall be issued to bearer.

4. The Board may subject to approval by members in general meeting issue warrants to subscribe for any class of shares or securities of the Company on such terms as it may from time to time determine. Where warrants are issued to bearer, no new ~~warrant~~ certificate thereof shall be issued to replace one that has been lost unless the Board is satisfied beyond reasonable doubt that the original certificate thereof has been destroyed and the Company has received an indemnity in such form as the Board shall think fit with regard to the issue of any such new ~~warrant~~ replacement certificate.
5. (A) For the purposes of Section 47 of the Companies Act, if at any time the capital is divided into different classes of shares, all or any of the special rights attached to any class (unless otherwise provided for by the terms of issue of the shares of that class) may, subject to the provisions of the ~~Statutes~~ Companies Act, be varied or abrogated either with the consent in writing of the holders of not less than three-fourths in nominal value of the issued shares of that class or with the sanction of a Special Resolution passed at a separate general meeting of the holders of the shares of that class. To every such separate general meeting the provisions of these Bye-Laws relating to general meetings shall mutatis mutandis apply, but so that the necessary quorum shall be not less than two persons holding or representing by proxy one-third in nominal value of the issued shares of that class, and that any holder of shares of the class present in person or by proxy or by a duly authorised representative may demand a poll.
- (B) The provisions of this Bye-Law shall apply to the variation or abrogation of the special rights attached to some only of the shares of any class as if each group of shares of the class differently treated formed a separate class the rights ~~whereof~~ thereof are to be varied or abrogated.
- (C) The special rights conferred upon the holders of any shares or class of shares shall not, unless otherwise expressly provided in the rights attaching to or the terms of issue of such shares, be deemed to be altered by the creation or issue of further shares ranking pari passu therewith.

SHARES AND INCREASE OF CAPITAL

6. (A) The authorised share capital of the Company at the date on which these Bye-Laws come into effect is HK\$300,000,000.00 divided into ~~600,000,000,000~~ 30,000,000,000 shares of ~~HK\$0.0005~~ HK\$0.01 each.
- (B) Subject to the Statutes, The ~~the~~ power contained in the Memorandum of Association for the Company to purchase or otherwise acquire its shares shall be exercisable by the Board upon such terms and subject to such conditions as ~~they think~~ it thinks fit.

- (C) ~~Subject to the Statutes, the Company may give financial assistance on such terms as the Board thinks fit to its bona fide employees in order that they may buy shares in the Company, and such terms may include a requirement that, when an employee ceases to be employed by the Company, shares bought with such financial assistance shall or may be sold to the Company on such terms as the Board thinks fit.:~~
- (i) the Company may give financial assistance on such terms as the Board thinks fit to Directors and bona fide employees of the Company, any of its subsidiaries, any holding company of the Company and/or any subsidiary of any such holding company, in each such case whether incorporated in Bermuda or elsewhere and whether or not a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company in order that they may buy shares (fully or partly paid) in the Company or any holding company of the Company and such terms may include a reference that, when a Director ceases to be a director of, or an employee ceases to be employed by, the Company or such other company, shares bought with such financial assistance shall or may be sold to the Company or such other company on such terms as the Board thinks fit; and
- (ii) the Company may in accordance with any scheme for the time being in force and approved by the members in general meeting provide directly or indirectly money or other financial assistance direct or indirect for the purpose of or in connection with the purchase of, or subscription for, fully or partly paid shares in the Company or any holding company of the Company, being a purchase or subscription by a trustee of or for shares to be held by or for the benefit of employees (including any director holding a salaried employment or office) of the Company, any of its subsidiaries, any holding company of the Company or any subsidiary of any such holding company, in each such case whether incorporated in Bermuda or elsewhere and whether or not a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company and so that the residual beneficiary of any such trust may be or include a charitable object.
7. The Company in general meeting may from time to time, whether or not all the shares for the time being authorised shall have been issued and whether or not all the shares for the time being issued shall have been fully paid up, by Ordinary Resolution increase its share capital by the creation of new shares, such new capital to be of such amount and to be divided into shares of such class or classes and of such amounts in Hong Kong Dollars or United States Dollars or such other currency as the members may think fit and as the resolution shall prescribe.
8. Any new shares shall be issued upon such terms and conditions and with such rights, ~~and~~ privileges and restrictions annexed thereto as the general meeting resolving upon the creation thereof shall direct, and if no direction be given, subject to the provisions of the Statutes and of these Bye-Laws, as the Board shall determine; and in particular such shares may be issued with a preferential or qualified right to dividends and in the distribution of assets of the Company and with a special right or without any right of voting.
9. The Company may by Ordinary Resolution, before the issue of any new shares, determine that the same, or any of them, shall be offered in the first instance, and either at par or at a premium, to all the existing holders of any class of shares in proportion as nearly as may be to the number of shares of such class held by them respectively, or make any other provisions

as to the issue and allotment of such shares, but in default of any such determination or so far as the same shall not extend, such shares may be dealt with as if they formed part of the capital of the Company existing prior to the issue of the same.

10. Except so far as otherwise provided by the conditions of issue or by these Bye-Laws, any capital raised by the creation of new shares shall be treated as if it formed part of the original capital of the Company and such shares shall be subject to the provisions contained in these Bye-Laws with reference to the payment of calls and instalments, transfer and transmission, forfeiture, lien, cancellation, surrender, voting and otherwise.
11. All unissued shares shall be at the disposal of the Board and it may offer, allot (with or without conferring a right of renunciation), grant options over or otherwise dispose of them to such persons, at such times, for such consideration and generally on such terms as it in its absolute discretion thinks fit, but so that no shares shall be issued at a discount. The ~~Directors~~ Board shall, as regards any offer or allotment of shares, comply with the provisions of the ~~Statutes~~ Companies Act, if and so far as such provisions may be applicable thereto. Neither the Company nor the Board shall be obliged, when making or granting any allotment of, offer of, option over or disposal of shares, to make, or make available, any such offer, option or shares to shareholders or others with registered addresses in any particular territory or territories being a territory or territories where, in the absence of a registration statement or other special formalities, this would or might, in the opinion of the Board, be unlawful or impracticable. Shareholders affected as a result of the foregoing sentence shall not be, or be deemed to be, a separate class of shareholders for any purpose whatsoever.
12. The Company may at any time pay a commission to any person for subscribing or agreeing to subscribe (whether absolutely or conditionally) for any shares in the Company or procuring or agreeing to procure subscriptions (whether absolute or conditional) for any shares in the Company, but so that the conditions and requirements of the ~~Statutes~~ Companies Act shall be observed and complied with, and in each case the commission shall not exceed ten per cent. of the price at which the shares are issued.
13. Except as otherwise expressly provided by these Bye-Laws or as required by law or as ordered by a court of competent jurisdiction, no person shall be recognised by the Company as holding any share upon any trust and, except as aforesaid, the Company shall not be bound by or be compelled in any way to recognise (even when having notice thereof) any equitable, contingent, future or partial interest in any share or any interest in any fractional part of a share or any other right or claim to or in respect of any shares except an absolute right to the entirety thereof of the registered holder.

REGISTER OF MEMBERS AND SHARE CERTIFICATES

14. (A) The Board shall cause to be kept a register of the members and there shall be entered therein the particulars required under the Statutes.
- (B) Subject to the provisions of the ~~Statutes~~ Companies Act, if the Board considers it necessary or appropriate, the Company may establish and maintain a local or branch register at such location outside Bermuda as the Board thinks fit and, while the issued share capital of the Company is, with the consent of the Board, listed on any stock exchange in Hong Kong, the Company shall keep a branch register in Hong Kong.

- (C) During the Relevant Period (except when the register is closed in the manner described below) and subject to the provisions of the Companies Act, any shareholder may inspect during business hours the branch register maintained in Hong Kong without charge and require the provision to him of copies or extracts thereof. Subject to the provisions of the Companies Act, such branch register may, after notice has been given by advertisement in an appointed newspaper and in such manner as may be accepted by the Listing Rules be closed at such times or for such periods as the Board may from time to time determine and either generally or in respect of any class of shares. The register shall not be closed for more than thirty (30) days in each year.
15. Every person whose name is entered as a member in the register shall be entitled without payment to receive within 21 days after allotment or lodgment of a transfer (or within such other period as the conditions of issue shall provide) one certificate for all his shares, or, if he shall so request, in a case where the allotment or transfer is of a number of shares in excess of the number for the time being forming a stock exchange board lot for the purposes of the stock exchange on which the shares are listed, upon payment, in the case of a transfer, of such sum (not exceeding in the case of any share capital listed on a stock exchange in Hong Kong, HK\$2.50 or such higher amount greater sum as may be allowed by such stock exchange may from time to time permit, and in the case of any other capital shares, such sum in such currency as the Board may from time to time determine to be reasonable in the territory in which the relevant register is situate, or otherwise such other sum as the Company may by Ordinary Resolution determine) for every certificate after the first as the Board may from time to time determine, such number of certificates for shares in stock exchange board lots or multiples thereof as he shall request and one for the balance (if any) of the shares in question, provided that in respect of a share or shares held jointly by several persons the Company shall not be bound to issue a certificate or certificates to each such person, and the issue and delivery of a certificate or certificates to one of ~~several~~ the joint holders shall be sufficient delivery to all such holders.
16. Every certificate for shares, warrants or debentures or representing any other form of securities of the Company shall be issued under the Seal which for this purpose may be a Securities Seal, if permitted by the Statutes.
17. Every share certificate hereafter issued shall specify the number and class of shares in respect of which it is issued and the amount paid thereon and may otherwise be in such form as the Board may from time to time prescribe. A share certificate shall relate to only one class of shares.
18. (A) The Company shall not be bound to register more than four persons as joint holders of any share.
- (B) If any share shall stand in the names of two or more persons, the person first named in the register shall be deemed the sole holder thereof as regards service of ~~notices~~ notice and, subject to the provisions of these Bye-Laws, all or any other ~~matters~~ matter connected with the Company, except the transfer of the ~~share~~ shares.
19. If a share certificate is defaced, lost or destroyed, it may be replaced on payment of such fee, if any, (not exceeding, in the case of any share capital listed on a stock exchange in Hong Kong, HK\$2.50 or such higher amount greater sum as may be allowed by such stock exchange may from time to time permit, and, in the case of any other capital, such sum in such

currency as the Board may from time to time determine to be reasonable in the territory in which the relevant register is situate, or otherwise such ~~other~~ sum as the Company may by Ordinary Resolution determine) as the Board shall from time to time determine and on such terms and conditions, if any, as to publication of notices, evidence and indemnity as the Board thinks fit and in the case of wearing out or defacement, after delivery up of the old certificate. In the case of destruction or loss, the person to whom such replacement certificate is given shall also bear and pay to the Company any exceptional costs and the reasonable out-of-pocket expenses incidental to the investigation by the Company of the evidence of such destruction or loss and of such indemnity.

LIEN

20. The Company shall have a first and paramount lien and charge on every share (not being a fully paid up share) for all moneys, whether presently payable or not, called or payable at a fixed time in respect of such share; ~~and the~~ The Company shall also have a first and paramount lien and charge on all shares (other than fully paid up shares) standing registered in the name of a member, whether singly or jointly with any other person or persons, for all the debts and liabilities of such members or his estate to the Company and whether the same shall have been incurred before or after notice to the Company of any equitable or other interest of any person other than such member, and whether the period for the payment or discharge of the same shall have actually arrived or not, and notwithstanding that the same are joint debts or liabilities of such member or his estate and any other person, whether a member of the Company or not. The Company's lien (if any) on a share shall extend to all dividends and bonuses declared in respect thereof. The Board may at any time either generally or in any particular case waive any lien that has arisen, or declare any share to be exempt wholly or partially from the provisions of this Bye-Law.
21. The Company may sell, in such manner as the Board thinks fit, any shares on which the Company has a lien, but no sale shall be made unless some sum in respect of which the lien exists is presently payable or the liability or engagement in respect of which such lien exists is liable to be presently fulfilled or discharged, nor until the expiration of fourteen days after a notice in writing, stating and demanding payment of the sum presently payable or specifying the liability or engagement and demanding fulfilment or discharge thereof and giving notice of intention to sell in default, shall have been given to the registered holder for the time being of the shares or the person entitled to the shares by reason of such holder's death, bankruptcy or winding-up ~~to the shares~~.
22. The net proceeds of such sale after the payment of the costs of such sale shall be applied in or towards payment or satisfaction of the debt or liability or engagement in respect whereof the lien exists, so far as the same is presently payable, and any residue shall (subject to a like lien for debts or ~~liability~~ liabilities not presently payable as existed upon the shares prior to the sale) be paid to the person entitled to the shares at the time of the sale. For the purpose of giving effect to any such sale, the Board may authorise some person to transfer the shares sold to the purchaser thereof and may enter the purchaser's name in the register as holder of the shares, and the purchaser shall not be bound to see to the application of the purchase money, nor shall his title to the shares be affected by any irregularity or invalidity in the proceedings in ~~reference~~ relation to the sale.

CALLS ON SHARES

23. The Board may from time to time make such calls as it may think fit upon the members in respect of any moneys unpaid on the shares held by them respectively (whether on account of the nominal value of shares or by way of premiums) and not by the conditions of allotment thereof made payable at a fixed time. A call may be made payable either in one sum or by instalments.
24. Fourteen days' notice at least of any call shall be given specifying the time and place of payment and to whom such call shall be paid.
25. A copy of the notice referred to in Bye-Law 24 shall be sent to members in the manner in which notices may be sent to members by the Company as herein provided.
26. In addition to the giving of notice in accordance with Bye-Law 25, notice of the person appointed to receive payment of every call and of the times and places appointed for payment may be given to the members by notice to be ~~inserted~~published at least once in ~~one or more newspapers circulating in the Relevant Territory~~the Newspaper.
27. Every member upon whom a call is made shall pay the amount of every call so made on him to the person and at the time or times and place or places as the Board shall appoint.
28. A call shall be deemed to have been made at the time when the resolution of the Board authorising such call was passed.
29. The joint holders of a share shall be severally as well as jointly liable for the payment of all calls and instalments due in respect of such share or other moneys due in respect thereof.
30. The Board may from time to time at its discretion extend the time fixed for any call, and may extend such time as regards all or any of the members, whom due to residence outside the Relevant Territory or other cause the Board may deem entitled to any such extension but no member shall be entitled to any such extension except as a matter of grace and favour.
31. If the sum payable in respect of any call or instalment is not paid on or before the day appointed for payment thereof, the person or persons from whom the sum is due shall pay interest on the same at such rate not exceeding twenty per cent. per annum as the Board shall fix from the day appointed for the payment thereof to the time of the actual payment, but the Board may waive payment of such interest wholly or in part.
32. No member shall be entitled to receive any dividend or bonus or to be present and vote (save as proxy for another member) at any general meeting, either personally, or (save as proxy for another member) by proxy or by a duly authorised representative, or be reckoned in a quorum, or to exercise any other privilege as a member until all calls or instalments due from him to the Company, whether alone or jointly with any other person, together with interest and expenses (if any) shall have been paid.
33. On the trial or hearing of any action or other proceedings for the recovery of any money due for any call, it shall be sufficient to prove that the name of the member sued is entered in the register as the holder, or one of the holders, of the shares in respect of which such debt accrued; that the resolution of the Board making the call ~~is~~has been duly recorded in the

minute book of the Board; and that notice of such call was duly given to the member sued, in pursuance of these Bye-Laws; and it shall not be necessary to prove the appointment of the Board who made such call, nor any other matters whatsoever, but the proof of the matters aforesaid shall be conclusive evidence of the debt.

34. Any sum which by the terms of allotment of a share is made payable upon allotment or at any fixed date, whether on account of the nominal value of the share and/or by way of premium, shall for all purposes of these Bye-Laws be deemed to be a call duly made, notified, and payable on the date fixed for payment, and in case of non-payment all the relevant provisions of these Bye-Laws as to payment of interest and expenses, forfeiture and the like, shall apply as if such sums had become payable by virtue of a call duly made and notified. The Board may on the issue of shares differentiate between the allottees or holders as to the amount of calls to be paid and the time of payment.
35. The Board may, if it thinks fit, receive from any member willing to advance the same, and either in money or money's worth, all or any part of the money uncalled and unpaid ~~or on~~ instalments payable upon any shares held by him, and ~~upon~~ in respect of all or any of the moneys so advanced the Company may pay interest at such rate (if any) not exceeding twenty per cent. per annum as the Board may decide but a payment in advance of a call shall not entitle the member to receive any dividend subsequently declared or to exercise any other rights or privileges as a member in respect of the shares or the due portion of the shares upon which payment has been advanced by such member before it is called up. The Board may at any time repay the amount so advanced upon giving to such member not less than one month's notice in writing of their intention in that behalf, unless before the expiration of such notice the amount so advanced shall have been called up on the shares in respect of which it was advanced.

TRANSFER OF SHARES

36. Subject to the ~~Statutes~~ Companies Act, all transfers of shares may be effected by transfer in writing in the usual or common form or in such other form as the Board may accept and may be under hand or by ~~machine~~ means of mechanically imprinted signatures.
37. The instrument of transfer of any share shall be executed by or on behalf of the transferor and by or on behalf of the transferee provided that the Board may dispense with the execution of the instrument of transfer by the transferee of any fully-paid share in any case in which it thinks fit, in its absolute discretion, to do so. The transferor shall be deemed to remain the holder of the share until the name of the transferee is entered in the register in respect thereof. Nothing in these Bye-Laws shall preclude the Board from recognising a renunciation of the allotment or provisional allotment of any share by the allottee in favour of some other person.
38. (A) The Board may, in its absolute discretion, at any time and from time to time transfer any share upon the Principal Register to any branch register or any share on any branch register to the Principal Register or any other branch register.
- (B) Unless the Board otherwise agrees (which agreement may be on such terms and subject to such conditions as the Board in its absolute discretion may from time to time stipulate, and which agreement it shall, without giving any reason therefor, be entitled in its absolute discretion to give or withhold) no shares on the Principal Register shall be

transferred to any branch register nor shall shares on any branch register be transferred to the Principal Register or any other branch register and all transfers and other documents of title shall be lodged for registration, and registered, in the case of any shares on a branch register, at the relevant Registration Office, and, in the case of any shares on the Principal Register, at the Transfer Office. Unless the Board otherwise agrees, all transfers and other documents of title shall be lodged for registration with, and registered at, the relevant Registration Office.

- (C) Notwithstanding anything contained in ~~this Bye-Law~~ these Bye-Laws, the Company shall as soon as practicable and on a regular basis record in the Principal Register all ~~transfers of shares~~ entries or alterations made effected on any branch register and shall at all times maintain the Principal Register in all respects in accordance with the ~~Statutes~~ Companies Act.
39. The Board may, in its absolute discretion, and without assigning any reason, refuse to register a transfer of any share (not being a fully paid up share) to a person of whom it does not approve or any share issued under any share incentive scheme for employees upon which a restriction on transfer imposed thereby still subsists, and it may also refuse to register ~~any a~~ a transfer of any share (whether fully paid up or not) to more than four joint holders or ~~any a~~ a transfer of any shares (not being a fully paid up share) on which the Company has a lien.
40. The Board may also decline to recognise any instruments of transfer unless:—
- (i) such sum, if any, (not exceeding, in the case of any share capital listed on a stock exchange in Hong Kong, HK\$2.50 or such ~~higher amount~~ greater sum as ~~may be allowed by such stock exchange~~ may from time to time permit, and, in the case of any other capital, such sum in such currency as the Board may from time to time determine to be reasonable in the territory in which the relevant register is situate, or otherwise such ~~other~~ sum as the Company may by Ordinary Resolution determine) as the Board shall from time to time determine is paid to the Company;
 - (ii) the instrument of transfer is lodged at the relevant Registration Office or, as the case may be, the Transfer Office accompanied by the certificate of the shares to which it relates, and such other evidence as the Board may reasonably require to show the right of the transferor to make the transfer (and, if the instrument of transfer is executed by some other person on his behalf, the authority of that person so to do);
 - (iii) the instrument of transfer is in respect of only one class of share;
 - (iv) the shares concerned are free of any lien in favour of the Company;
 - (v) where applicable, the instrument of transfer is properly stamped; and
 - (vi) where applicable, the permission of the Bermuda Monetary Authority with respect thereto has been obtained.
41. No transfer of any shares (not being a fully paid ~~No transfer~~ up share) shall be made to an infant or to a person of unsound mind or under other legal disability.

42. If the Board shall refuse to register a transfer of any share, it shall, within two months after the date on which the transfer was lodged with the Company, send to each of the transferor and the transferee notice of such refusal.
43. Upon every transfer of shares the certificate held by the transferor shall be given up to be cancelled, and shall forthwith be cancelled accordingly, and a new certificate shall be issued without charge to the transferee in respect of the shares transferred to him, and if any of the shares included in the certificate so given up shall be retained by the transferor, a new certificate in respect thereof shall be issued to him without charge. The Company shall also retain the instrument of transfer.
44. The registration of transfers may be suspended and the register may be closed on giving notice by advertisement in an appointed newspaper and advertisement in newspapers circulating generally in the Relevant Territory, at such times and for such periods as the Board may from time to time determine and either generally or in respect of any class of shares. The register shall not be closed for more than thirty days in any year.

TRANSMISSION OF SHARES

45. In the case of the death of a member, the survivor or survivors where the deceased was a joint holder, and the legal personal representatives of the deceased where he was a sole or only surviving holder, shall be the only persons recognised by the Company as having any title to his interest in the shares; but nothing herein contained shall release the estate of a deceased holder (whether sole or joint) from any liability in respect of any share solely or jointly held by him.
46. Any person becoming entitled to a share in consequence of the death or bankruptcy or winding-up of a member may, upon such evidence as to his title being produced as may from time to time be required by the Board, and subject as hereinafter provided, elect either to be registered himself as holder of the share or to have some person nominated by him registered as the transferee thereof.
47. If the person becoming entitled to a share pursuant to Bye-Law 46 shall elect to be registered himself, as the holder of such share, he shall deliver or send to the Company a notice in writing signed by him, at (unless the Board otherwise agrees) the Registration Office, stating that he so elects. If he shall elect to have his nominee registered, he shall testify his election by executing a transfer of such shares to his nominee. All the limitations, restrictions and provisions of these presents relating to the right to transfer and the registration of transfers of shares shall be applicable to any such notice or transfer as aforesaid as if the death, bankruptcy or winding-up of the member had not occurred and the notice or transfer were a transfer executed by such member.
48. A person becoming entitled to a share by reason of the death, bankruptcy or winding-up of the holder shall be entitled to the same dividends and other advantages to which he would be entitled if he were the registered holder of the share. However, the Board may, if it thinks fit, withhold the payment of any dividend payable or other advantages in respect of such share until such person shall become the registered holder of the share or shall have effectually transferred such share, but, subject to the requirements of Bye-Law 77 being met, such a person may vote at general meetings of the Company.

FORFEITURE OF SHARES

49. If a member fails to pay any call or instalment of a call on the day appointed for payment thereof, the Board may, at any time thereafter during such time as any part of the call or instalment remains unpaid, without prejudice to the provisions of Bye-Law 32, serve a notice on him requiring payment of so much of the call or instalment as is unpaid, together with any interest which may have accrued and which may ~~still~~ thereafter accrue up to the date of actual payment.
50. The notice shall name a further day (not earlier than the expiration of fourteen days from the date of the notice) on or before which the payment required by the notice is to be made, and it shall also name the place where payment is to be made, such place being either the Registered Office of the Company or ~~such other place at which calls of the Company are usually payable~~ a Registration Office. The notice shall also state that, in the event of non-payment at or before the time appointed, the shares in respect of which the call was made will be liable to be forfeited.
51. If the requirements of any such notice as aforesaid are not complied with, any share in respect of which the notice has been given may at any time thereafter, before the payment required by the notice has been made, be forfeited by a resolution of the Board to that effect. Such forfeiture shall include all dividends and bonuses declared in respect of the forfeited share and not actually paid before the forfeiture. The Directors may accept the surrender of any shares liable to be forfeited hereunder and in such cases references in these Bye-Laws to forfeiture shall include surrender.
52. Any share so forfeited shall be deemed to be the property of the Company, and may be sold or otherwise disposed of on such terms and in such manner as the Board thinks fit and at any time before a sale or disposition the forfeiture may be cancelled on such terms as the Board thinks fit.
53. A person whose shares have been forfeited shall cease to be a member in respect of the forfeited shares, but shall, notwithstanding, remain liable to pay to the Company all moneys which, at the date of forfeiture, were payable by him to the Company in respect of the forfeited shares, together with (if the Board shall in its discretion so require) interest thereon from the date of forfeiture until the date of actual payment at such rate not exceeding twenty per cent. per annum as the Board may prescribe, and the Board may enforce the payment thereof if it thinks fit, and without any deduction or allowance for the value of the shares, at the date of forfeiture, but his liability shall cease if and when the Company shall have received payment in full of all such moneys in respect of the shares. For the purposes of this Bye-Law any sum which, by the terms of issue of a share, is payable thereon at a fixed time which is subsequent to the date of forfeiture, whether on account of the nominal value of the share or by way of premium, shall notwithstanding that ~~that such~~ time has not yet arrived be deemed to be payable at the date of forfeiture, and the same shall become due and payable immediately upon the forfeiture, but interest thereon shall only be payable in respect of any period between the said fixed time and the date of actual payment.
54. A statutory declaration in writing that the declarant is a Director or the Secretary of the Company, and that a share in the Company has been duly forfeited or surrendered on a date stated in the declaration, shall be conclusive evidence of the facts therein stated as against all persons claiming to be entitled to the share. The Company may receive the consideration, if

any, given for the share on any sale or disposition thereof and may execute a transfer of the share in favour of the person to whom the share is sold or disposed of and he shall thereupon be registered as the holder of the share, and shall not be bound to see to the application of the purchase money, if any, nor shall his title to the share be affected by any irregularity or invalidity in the proceedings in reference to the forfeiture, sale or disposal of the share.

55. When any share shall have been forfeited, notice of the ~~resolution~~ forfeiture shall be given to the member in whose name it stood immediately prior to the forfeiture, and an entry of the forfeiture, with the date thereof, shall forthwith be made in the register, but no forfeiture shall be in any manner invalidated by any omission or neglect to give such notice or make any such entry.
56. Notwithstanding any such forfeiture as aforesaid the Board may at any time, before any shares so forfeited shall have been sold, re-allotted or otherwise disposed of, cancel the forfeiture on such terms as the Board thinks fit or permit the shares so forfeited to be bought back or redeemed upon the terms of payment of all calls and interest due upon and expenses incurred in respect of the shares, and upon such further terms (if any) as it thinks fit.
57. The forfeiture of a share shall not prejudice the right of the Company to any call already made or instalment payable thereon.
58. (A) The provisions of these Bye-Laws as to forfeiture shall apply in the case of non-payment of any sum which, by terms of issue of a share, becomes payable at a fixed time, whether on account of the nominal value of the share or by way of premium, as if the same had been payable by virtue of a call duly made and notified.
- (B) In the event of a forfeiture of shares the member shall be bound to deliver and shall forthwith deliver to the Company the certificate or certificates held by him for the shares so forfeited and in any event the certificates representing shares so forfeited shall be void and of no further effect.

ALTERATION OF CAPITAL

59. (A) The Company may from time to time by Ordinary Resolution:—
- (i) consolidate ~~and~~ divide all or any of its share capital into shares of larger ~~or smaller~~ amount than its existing shares; and on any consolidation of fully paid shares into shares of larger amount, the Board may settle any difficulty which may arise as it thinks expedient and in particular (but without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing) may as between the holders of shares to be consolidated determine which particular shares are to be consolidated into ~~each~~ a consolidated share, and if it shall happen that any person shall become entitled to fractions of a consolidated share or shares, such fractions may be sold by some person appointed by the Board for that purpose and the person so appointed may transfer the shares so sold to the purchaser thereof and the validity of such transfer shall not be questioned, and so that the net proceeds of such sale (after deduction of the expenses of such sale) may either be distributed among the persons who would otherwise be entitled to a fraction or fractions of a consolidated share or shares rateably in accordance with their rights and interests or may be paid to the Company for the Company's benefit;

- (ii) divide its shares into several classes and attach thereto respectively any preferential, deferred, qualified or special rights, privileges or conditions;
 - (iii) sub-divide its shares or any of them into shares of smaller amount than is fixed by the Memorandum of Association, subject nevertheless to the provisions of the Statutes Companies Act, and so that the resolution whereby any share is sub-divided may determine that, as between the holders of the shares resulting from such sub-division, one or more of the shares may have any such preferred or other special rights over, or may have such deferred rights or be subject to any such restrictions as compared with the others as the Company has power to attach to unissued or new shares;
 - (iv) cancel any shares which at the date of the passing of the resolution have not been taken or agreed to be taken by any person, and diminish the amount of its share capital by the amount of the shares so cancelled;~~and~~
 - (v) make provision for the issue and allotment of shares which do not carry any voting rights; and
 - (vi) change the currency denomination of its share capital.
- (B) The Company may by Special Resolution reduce its share capital, any capital redemption reserve fund or any share premium account or other undistributable reserve in any manner authorised and subject to any conditions prescribed by law.

GENERAL MEETINGS

60. The Company shall in each financial year hold a general meeting as its annual general meeting and such annual general meeting must be held within six months after the end of the Company's financial year (unless a longer period would not infringe the Listing Rules, if any) in addition to any other general meeting in that financial year and shall specify the meeting as such in the notice calling it. The annual general meeting shall be held in the Relevant Territory or elsewhere as may be determined by the Board and at such time and place as the Board shall appoint.
61. All general meetings other than annual general meetings shall be called special general meetings.
62. The Board may, whenever it thinks fit, convene a special general meeting, and special general meetings shall also be convened on requisition, as provided by the Statutes, or, in default, may be convened by the requisitionist(s); being any one or more members holding at the date of deposit of the requisition not less than one-tenth of the paid up capital of the Company at the date of the deposit carrying the right of voting at general meetings of the Company on a one vote per share basis, who shall at all times have the right, by written requisition to the Directors or the Secretary of the Company and as provided by the Companies Act, to require a special general meeting to be called by the Board for the transaction of any business or resolution specified in such requisition; and such meeting shall be held within two months after the deposit of such requisition. If within twenty-one (21) days of such deposit the Board fails to proceed to convene such meeting the requisitionists themselves may do so in accordance with the provisions of Section 74(3) of the Companies Act.

- 62A. A general meeting may be held by means of such telephone, electronic or other communication facilities (including, without limiting the generality of the foregoing, by telephone, or by video conferencing) as to permit all persons participating in the meeting to communicate with each other simultaneously and instantaneously, and participation in such a meeting shall constitute presence in person at such meeting. A general meeting may be held, as may be determined by the Board from time to time: (a) by physical attendance and participation by members at the Specified Place and where applicable, one or more places; (b) wholly by means of telephone, electronic or other communication facilities as mentioned above; or (c) by physical attendance at the Specified Place and where applicable, one or more places and at the same time by means of telephone, electronic or other communication facilities as mentioned above.
63. An annual general meeting ~~and a meeting called for the passing of a Special Resolution~~ shall be called by at least twenty-one (21) days' notice in writing, and a general meeting of the Company other than an annual general meeting ~~or a meeting for the passing of Special Resolution~~ shall be called by at least fourteen (14) days' notice in writing. The notice shall be exclusive of the day on which it is served or deemed to be served and of the day for which it is given, and shall specify: (a) the time and date of the meeting; (b) save for a meeting held wholly by means of telephone, electronic or other communication facilities, the place(s) of the meeting and if there is more than one meeting location, the Specified Place; (c) if the general meeting is to be held wholly or partly by means of telephone, electronic or other communication facilities, the notice shall include a statement to that effect and with details of the communication facilities for attendance and participation or how such details will be made available by the Company prior to the meeting; ~~the place, the day and the hour of meeting;~~ and; (d) in case of special business, the general nature of that business, and shall be given, in the manner hereinafter mentioned or in such other manner, if any, as may be prescribed by the Company in general meeting, to such persons as are, under these Bye-Laws, entitled to receive such notices from the Company, provided that subject to the provisions of the Statutes Companies Act, a meeting of the Company shall notwithstanding that it is called by shorter notice than that specified in this Bye-Law be deemed to have been duly called if it is so agreed:—
- (i) in the case of a meeting called as the annual general meeting, by all the members entitled to attend and vote thereat; and
 - (ii) in the case of any other meeting, by a majority in number of the members having a right to attend and vote at the meeting, being a majority together holding not less than ninety-five (95) per cent, in nominal value of the shares giving that right.
64. (A) The accidental omission to give any notice to, or the non-receipt of any notice by, any person entitled to receive notice shall not invalidate any resolution passed or any proceeding at any such meeting.
- (B) In the case where instruments of proxy are sent out with ~~notices~~any notice, the accidental omission to send such instrument of proxy to, or the non-receipt of such instrument of proxy by, any person entitled to receive notice of the relevant meeting shall not invalidate any resolution passed or any proceeding at any such meeting.
- 64A. (A) The provisions of this Bye-Law shall apply if any general meeting is convened at or adjourned to more than one place.

- (B) The notice of any general meeting or adjourned meeting shall specify the Specified Place and the Board shall make arrangements for simultaneous attendance and participation in a satellite meeting at other places (whether adjoining the Specified Place or in a different and separate place or places altogether or otherwise) by the members. The members present at any such satellite meeting place in person or by proxy and entitled to vote shall be counted in the quorum for, and shall be entitled to vote at, the general meeting in question if the chairman of the general meeting is satisfied that adequate facilities are available throughout the general meeting to ensure that shareholders attending at all the meeting places are able to:
- (i) communicate simultaneously and instantaneously with the persons present at the other meeting place or places, whether by use of microphones, loud-speakers, audio-visual or other communications equipment or facilities; and
 - (ii) have access to all documents which are required by the Companies Act and these Bye-Laws to be made available at the meeting.
- (C) The chairman of the general meeting shall be present at, and the meeting shall be deemed to take place at, the Specified Place. If it appears to the chairman of the general meeting that the facilities at the Specified Place or any satellite meeting place are or become inadequate to give all persons entitled to do so a reasonable opportunity to communicate simultaneously and instantaneously including to speak and vote at the meeting, then the chairman may, without the consent of the meeting, interrupt or adjourn the general meeting. All business conducted at that general meeting up to the time of such adjournment shall be valid.
- (D) The Board or, at any general meeting, the chairman of the meeting may from time to time make such arrangements for the purpose of managing the level of attendance at any such satellite meeting as they/he shall in their/his absolute discretion consider appropriate, and may from time to time vary any such arrangements or make new arrangements in place of them, provided that a Shareholder who is not entitled to attend, in person or by proxy, at any particular place shall be entitled so to attend at one of the other places and the entitlement of any Shareholder so to attend the meeting or adjourned meeting at such place shall be subject to any such arrangements as may be for the time being in force and by the notice of meeting or adjourned meeting stated to apply to the meeting.
- (E) If a meeting is adjourned to more than one place, notice of the adjourned meeting shall specify the details of the meeting set out in Bye-Law 63.

PROCEEDINGS AT GENERAL MEETINGS

65. All business shall be deemed special that is transacted at a special general meeting, and also all business that is transacted at an annual general meeting with the exception of sanctioning dividends, the reading, considering and adopting of the accounts and balance sheet and the reports of the Directors and Auditors and other documents required to be annexed to the balance sheet, the election of Directors and appointment of Auditors and other officers in the place of those retiring, the fixing of the remuneration of the Auditors, and the voting of ~~remuneration~~ ordinary or extra or special remuneration to the Directors.

- 65A. All shareholders have the right to (a) speak at a general meeting; and (b) vote at a general meeting except where a shareholder is required, by the Listing Rules, to abstain from voting to approve the matter under consideration.
- 65B. If it appears to the chairman of a general meeting that the Specified Place (if any) is inadequate to accommodate all persons entitled and wishing to attend, the meeting is duly constituted and its proceedings are valid if the chairman is satisfied that adequate facilities are available, whether at the Specified Place or elsewhere, to ensure that members attending at all meeting places are able to communicate simultaneously and instantaneously with the persons present at the other meeting place or places, whether by the use of microphones, loud-speakers, audio-visual or other communications equipment or facilities.
66. For all purposes the quorum for a general meeting shall be two ~~persons~~members present in person (or, in the case of a member being a corporation, by its duly authorised representative) ~~holding or representing by proxy) shares in the capital of the Company~~ and entitled to vote. No business shall be transacted at any general meeting unless the requisite quorum shall be present at the commencement of the meeting.
67. If within fifteen minutes from the time appointed for the meeting a quorum is not present, the meeting, if convened upon the requisition of members, shall be dissolved, but in any other case it shall stand adjourned to the same day in the next week and at such time and place as shall be decided by the Board.
68. The ~~Chairman~~chairman (if any) of the Board or, if he is absent or declines to take the chair at such meeting, the ~~Deputy~~deputy ~~Chairman~~chairman (if any) of the Board shall take the chair at every general meeting, or, if there be no such ~~Chairman~~chairman of the Board or ~~Deputy~~deputy ~~Chairman~~chairman of the Board, or, if at any general meeting neither of such ~~Chairman~~chairman of the Board or ~~Deputy~~deputy ~~Chairman~~chairman of the Board is present within fifteen minutes after the time appointed for holding such meeting, or both such persons decline to take the chair at such meeting, the Directors present shall choose one of their number as ~~Chairman~~chairman of the meeting, and if no Director be present or if all the Directors present decline to take the chair or if the ~~Chairman~~chairman chosen shall retire from the chair, then the members present shall choose one of their own number to be ~~Chairman~~chairman of the meeting.
69. The ~~Chairman~~chairman of the meeting may, with the consent of any general meeting at which a quorum is present, and shall, if so directed by the meeting, adjourn any meeting from time to time and (if applicable) from place to place as the meeting shall determine. Whenever a meeting is adjourned for fourteen days or more, at least seven clear days' notice, specifying the place (if any), the day and the hour of the adjourned meeting shall be given in the same manner as in the case of an original meeting but it shall not be necessary to specify in such notice the nature of the business to be transacted at the adjourned meeting. Save as aforesaid, no member shall be entitled to any notice of an adjournment or of the business to be transacted at ~~any~~an adjourned meeting. No business shall be transacted at ~~any~~an adjourned meeting other than the business which might have been transacted at the meeting from which the adjournment took place.
70. At any general meeting a resolution put to the vote of the meeting shall be decided by poll save that the chairman of the meeting may, in good faith and pursuant to the Listing Rules, allow a resolution to be voted on by a show of hands. Where a show of hands is allowed,

~~before or on the declaration of the result of the show of hands, a poll may be demanded by or on a show of hands unless a poll is (before or on the declaration of the result of the show of hands or on the withdrawal of any other demand for a poll) demanded:—~~

- (i) by the ~~Chairman~~ chairman of the ~~Meeting~~ meeting; or
- (ii) by at least three members present in person (or, in the case of a member being a corporation, by its duly authorised representative) or by proxy for the time being entitled to vote at the meeting; or
- (iii) by any member or members present in person (or, in the case of a member being a corporation, by its duly authorised representative) or by proxy and representing not less than one-tenth of the total voting rights of all the members having the right to vote at the meeting; or
- (iv) by any member or members present in person (or, in the case of a member being a corporation, by its duly authorised representative) or by proxy and holding shares in the Company conferring a right to vote at the meeting being shares on which an aggregate sum has been paid up equal to not less than one-tenth of the total sum paid up on all the shares conferring that right.

~~Where a resolution is voted on by a show of hands, Unless a poll be so demanded and not withdrawn, a declaration by the Chairman~~ chairman of the meeting that a resolution has on a show of hands been carried or carried unanimously, or by a particular majority, or not carried by a particular majority, or lost, and an entry to that effect in the minute book containing the minutes of the proceedings of the Company shall be conclusive evidence of the facts without proof of the number or proportion of the votes recorded in favour of or against such resolution.

- 71. ~~If a~~ A poll is demanded as aforesaid, it shall ~~(subject as provided in Bye-Law 72)~~ be taken in such manner (including the use of ballot or voting papers or tickets) and at such time and place, ~~not being more than thirty days from the date of the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the poll was demanded,~~ as the ~~Chairman~~ chairman of the meeting directs. No notice need be given of a poll not taken immediately. The result of the poll shall be deemed to be the resolution of the meeting at which the poll was required or demanded. In the event that a poll is demanded after the chairman of the meeting allows a show of hands pursuant to Bye-law 70, ~~The~~ the demand for a poll may be withdrawn, with consent of the ~~Chairman~~ chairman of the meeting, at any time before the close of the meeting or the taking of the poll, whichever is the earlier.
- 72. Any poll ~~duly demanded~~ on the election of a ~~Chairman~~ chairman of a the meeting or on any question of adjournment shall be taken at the meeting and without adjournment.
- 73. In the case of an equality of votes, whether on a show of hands or on a poll, the ~~Chairman~~ chairman of the meeting at which the show of hands takes place ~~or at which the poll is demanded,~~ shall be entitled to a second or casting vote. In case of any dispute as to the admission or rejection of any vote the ~~Chairman~~ chairman of the meeting shall determine the same, and such determination shall be final and conclusive.

74. The demand for a poll shall not prevent the continuance of a meeting for the transaction of any business other than the question on which a poll has been demanded.
75. For the purposes of sSection 106 of the Companies Act, a Special Resolution of the Company, and of any relevant class of shareholders, shall be required to approve any amalgamation or merger agreement as referred to in that section.

VOTES OF MEMBERS

76. (A) Subject to any special rights, privileges or restrictions as to voting for the time being attached to any class or classes of shares, at any general meeting on a show of hands every member who is present in person (or, in the case of a member being a corporation, by its duly authorised representative) or by proxy shall have one vote and on a poll every member present in person (or, in the case of a member being a corporation, by its duly authorised representative) or by proxy shall have one vote for every share of which the is the holder which is fully paid up or credited as fully paid up (but so that no amount paid up or credited as paid up on a share in advance of calls or instalments shall be treated for the purposes of this Bye-Law as paid up on the share). On a poll a member entitled to more than one vote need not use all his votes or cast all the votes he uses in the same way.
- (B) Where any member of the Company is, under the ~~Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited upon which the shares of the Company are listed~~Listing Rules, required to abstain from voting on any particular resolution or restricted to voting only for or only against any particular resolution, any votes cast by or on behalf of such member in contravention of such requirement or restriction shall not be counted.
77. Any person entitled under Bye-Law 46 to be registered as the holder of any shares may vote at any general meeting in respect thereof in the same manner as if he were the registered holder of such shares, provided that at least 48 hours before the time of the holding of the meeting or adjourned meeting (as the case may be) at which he proposes to vote, he shall satisfy the Board of his right to be registered as the holder of such shares or the Board shall have previously admitted his right to vote at such meeting in respect thereof.
78. Where there are joint registered holders of any share, any one of such persons may vote at any meeting, either personally or by proxy, in respect of such share as if he were solely entitled thereto: but if more than one of such joint holders be present at any meeting personally or by proxy, that one of the said persons so present whose name stands first on the register in respect of such share shall alone be entitled to vote in respect thereof. Several executors or administrators of a deceased member in whose name any share stands shall for the purposes of this Bye-Law be deemed joint holders thereof.
79. A member of unsound mind or in respect of whom an order has been made by any court having jurisdiction in lunacy may vote, whether on a show of hands or on a poll, by his committee, receiver, curator bonis or other person in the nature of a committee, receiver or curator bonis appointed by that court, and any such committee, receiver, curator bonis or other person may on a poll vote by proxy. Evidence to the satisfaction of the Board of the authority of the person claiming to exercise the right to vote shall be delivered to such place

or one of such places (if any) as is specified in accordance with these Bye-Laws for the deposit of instruments of proxy or, if no place is specified, at the Registration Office, ~~not less than the last so delivered.~~

80. (A) Save as expressly provided in these Bye-Laws, no person other than a member duly registered and who shall have paid everything for the time being due from him payable to the Company in respect of his shares shall be entitled to be present or to vote (save as proxy for another member) either personally or by proxy or to be reckoned in a quorum, at any general meeting.
- (B) No objection shall be raised to the qualification of any voter except at the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the vote objected to is given or tendered, and every vote not disallowed at such meeting shall be valid for all purposes. Any such objection made in due time shall be referred to the ~~Chairman~~chairman of the meeting, whose decision shall be final and conclusive.
81. Any member of the Company entitled to attend and vote at a meeting of the Company or a meeting of the holders of any class of shares in the Company shall be entitled to appoint another person as his proxy to attend and vote instead of him. Votes may be given either personally (or, in the case of a member being a corporation, by its duly authorised representative) or by proxy. A proxy need not be a member of the Company. A member who is the holder of two or more shares may appoint more than one proxy to attend on the same occasion. A proxy need not be a shareholder. In addition, a proxy or proxies representing either an individual member or a member which is a corporation, shall be entitled to exercise the same powers on behalf of the member which he or they represent as such member could exercise, including the right to vote individually on a show of hands.
82. The instrument appointing a proxy shall be in writing under the hand of the appointor or of his attorney duly authorised in writing, or if the appointor is a corporation, either under seal or under the hand of an officer or attorney duly authorised.
83. The instrument appointing a proxy and the power of attorney or other authority, if any, under which it is signed or a notarially certified copy of that power or authority shall be deposited at such place or one of such places (if any) as is specified in the notice of meeting or in the instrument of proxy issued by the Company (or, if no place is specified, at the Registration Office) not less than forty-eight (48) hours before the time for holding the meeting or adjourned meeting or poll (as the case may be) at which the person named in such instrument proposes to vote, and in default the instrument of proxy shall not be treated as valid. No instrument appointing a proxy shall be valid after the expiration of twelve (12) months from the date of its execution, except at an adjourned meeting or on a poll demanded at a meeting or an adjourned meeting in a case where the meeting was originally held within twelve (12) months from such date. Delivery of an instrument appointing a proxy shall not preclude a member from attending and voting in person at the meeting or upon the poll concerned and, in such event, the instrument appointing a proxy shall be deemed to be revoked.
84. Every instrument of proxy, whether for a specified meeting or otherwise, shall be in such form as the Board may from time to time approve including but not limited to two-way proxies.

85. The instrument appointing a proxy to vote at a general meeting shall: (i) be deemed to confer authority upon the proxy to demand or join in demanding a poll and to vote on any resolution (or amendment thereto) put to the meeting for which it is given as the proxy thinks fit. Provided that any form issued to a member for use by him for appointing a proxy to attend and vote at a special general meeting or at an annual general meeting at which any business is to be transacted shall be such as to enable the member, according to his intentions, to instruct the proxy to vote in favour of or against (or, in default of instructions, to exercise his discretion in respect of) each resolution dealing with any such business; and (ii) unless the contrary is stated therein, be valid as well for any adjournment of the meeting as for the meeting to which it relates.
86. A vote given in accordance with the terms of an instrument of proxy or power of attorney or by the duly authorised representative of a corporation shall be valid notwithstanding the previous death or insanity of the principal or revocation of the proxy or power of attorney or other authority under which the proxy was executed or the transfer of the share in respect of which the proxy is given, provided that no intimation in writing of such death, insanity, revocation or transfer as aforesaid shall have been received by the Company at its Registration Office, or at such other place as is referred to in Bye-Law 83, at least two hours before the commencement of the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the proxy is used.
87. (A) Any corporation which is a member of the Company may, by resolution of its directors or other governing body or by power of attorney, authorise such person as it thinks fit to act as its representative at any meeting of the Company or of any class of members of the Company, and the person so authorised shall be entitled to exercise the same powers on behalf of the corporation which he represents as that corporation could exercise if it were an individual member of the Company. References in these Bye-Laws to a member present in person at a meeting shall, unless the context otherwise requires, include a corporation which is a member represented at the meeting by such duly authorised representative or by one or more proxies. Nothing contained in this Bye-Law shall prevent a corporation which is a shareholder of the Company from appointing one or more proxies to represent it pursuant to Bye-Law 81.
- (B) Where a member is a recognized clearing house within the meaning of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (Chapter 571 of the Laws of Hong Kong) (or its nominee), it may appoint such person or persons as it thinks fit to act as its proxy or proxies or representative or representatives at any members' general meeting of the Company to the extent permitted by the Companies Act, at any meeting of the Company or at any meeting of any class of members of the Company provided that, if more than one proxy or representative is so appointed, the appointment must shall specify the number and class of shares in respect of which each such proxy or representative is so authorized appointed. The person so appointed under the provisions of this Bye-Law shall be entitled to exercise the same rights and power on behalf of such recognized clearing house (or its nominee) which he represents as that clearing house (or its nominee) could exercise as if it were an individual member of the Company including the right to speak and to vote.

REGISTERED OFFICE

88. The Registered Office of the Company shall be at such place in Bermuda as the Board shall from time to time appoint.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

89. The number of Directors shall not be less than two. The Board Company shall ~~cause to be kept~~ keep at the Registered Office a register of the ~~its~~ Directors ~~directors~~ and Secretaries ~~officers~~ in accordance with the Statutes.
90. A Director may at any time, by notice in writing signed by him delivered to the Registered Office or at the Head Office or at a meeting of the Board, appoint any person (including another Director) to act as alternate Director in his place during his absence and may in like manner at any time determine such appointment. If such person is not another Director such appointment unless previously approved by the Board, shall have effect only upon and subject to being so approved. The appointment of an alternate Director shall determine on the happening of any event which were he a Director, would cause him to vacate such office or if his appointor ceases to be a Director. ~~The Company in general meeting may by ordinary resolution elect a person or persons qualified to be Directors to act as Directors in the alternative to any of the Directors of the Company or may authorise the Board to appoint such alternate Directors. Any alternate Director may be removed by the Company in general meeting by Ordinary Resolution and, if appointed by the Board, may be removed by the Board and, subject thereto, the office of alternate Director shall continue until the next annual election of Directors in accordance with Bye-Law 99 or, if earlier, the date on which the relevant Director ceases to be a Director. An alternate Director may also be a Director in his own right and may act as alternate to more than one Director.~~
91. (A) ~~An alternate Director shall (except when absent from the territory in which the Head Office is for the time being situate) be entitled to receive notices of meetings of the Board and shall be entitled to attend and vote as a Director at any such meeting at which the Director appointing him is not personally present and generally at such meeting to perform all the functions of his appointor as a Director and for the purposes of the proceedings at such meeting the provisions of these presents shall apply as if he (instead of his appointor) were a Director. If he shall be himself a Director or shall attend any such meeting as an alternate for more than one Director his voting rights shall be cumulative. If his appointor is for the time being absent from the territory in which the Head Office is for the time being situate or otherwise not available or unable to act, his signature to any resolution in writing of the Directors shall be as effective as the signature of his appointor. To such extent as the Board may from time to time determine in relation to any committee of the Board, the foregoing provisions of this paragraph shall also apply mutatis mutandis to any meeting of any such committee of which his appointor is a member. An alternate Director shall not, save as aforesaid, have power to act as a Director nor shall he be deemed to be a Director for the purposes of these Bye-Laws. [Intentionally deleted]~~
- (B) An alternate Director shall be entitled to contract and be interested in and benefit from contracts or arrangements or transactions and to be repaid expenses and to be indemnified to the same extent mutatis mutandis as if he were a Director, but he shall not be entitled to receive from the Company in respect of his appointment as alternate

Director any remuneration except only such part (if any) of the remuneration otherwise payable to his appointor as such appointor may by notice in writing to the Company from time to time direct.

- (C) An alternate Director shall, if his appointor so requests, be entitled to receive notices of meetings of the Board or committees of the Board to the same extent as, but in lieu of, the Director appointing him and shall be entitled to such extent to attend and vote as a Director at any such meeting at which the Director appointing him is not personally present and generally at such meeting to exercise and discharge all the functions, powers and duties of his appointor as a Director and for the purposes of the proceedings at such meeting the provisions of these Bye-Laws shall apply as if he were a Director.
- (D) Every person acting as an alternate Director shall (except as regards power to appoint an alternate Director and remuneration) be subject in all respects to the provisions of these Bye-Laws relating to Directors and shall alone be responsible to the Company for his acts and defaults and shall not be deemed to be the agent of or for the Director appointing him.
- (E) Every person acting as an alternate Director shall have one vote for each Director for whom he acts as alternate (in addition to his own vote if he is also a Director). The signature of an alternate Director to any resolution in writing of the Board or a committee of the Board shall, unless the notice of his appointment provides to the contrary, be as effective as the signature of his appointor.
- (F) An alternate Director shall only be a Director for the purposes of the Companies Act and shall only be subject to the provisions of the Companies Act insofar as they relate to the duties and obligations of a Director when performing the functions of the director for whom he is appointed in the alternative.
92. A Director or an alternate Director shall not be required to hold any qualification shares but shall nevertheless be entitled to attend and speak at all general meetings of the Company and of any class of members of the Company. ~~A Director shall be required to hold at least one share of the Company by way of qualification.~~
93. The Directors shall be entitled to receive by way of remuneration for their services as Directors such sum as shall from time to time be determined by the Company in general meeting, such sum (unless otherwise directed by the resolution by which it is voted) to be divided amongst the Directors in such proportions and in such manner as the Board may agree, or failing agreement, equally, except that in such event any Director holding office for less than the whole of the relevant period in respect of which the remuneration is paid shall only rank in such division in proportion to the time during such period for which he has held office. The foregoing provisions shall not apply to a Director who holds any salaried employment or office in the Company except in the case of sums paid in respect of Directors' fees.
94. The Directors shall also be entitled to be repaid all travelling, hotel and other expenses reasonably incurred by them respectively in or about the performance of their duties as Directors, including their expenses of travelling to and from board meetings, committee meetings or general meetings or otherwise incurred whilst engaged in the business of the Company or in the discharge of their duties as Directors.

95. The Board may grant special remuneration to any Director who, being called upon, shall perform any special or extra services to or at the request of the Company. Such special remuneration may be made payable to such Director in addition to or in substitution for his ordinary remuneration as a Director, and may be made payable by way of salary, commission or participation in profits or otherwise as the Board may be arranged determine.
96. (A) Notwithstanding Bye-Laws 93, 94 and 95, the remuneration of a ~~Managing managing Director~~director, ~~Joint joint Managing managing Director~~director, ~~Deputy deputy Managing managing Director~~director or other ~~Executive executive Director~~director or a Director appointed to any other office in the management of the Company shall ~~may~~ from time to time be fixed by the Board and may be by way of salary, commission, or participation in profits or otherwise or by all or any of those modes and with such other benefits (including pension and/or gratuity and/or other benefits on retirement) and allowances as the Board may from time to time decide. Such remuneration shall be in addition to his ordinary remuneration as a Director.
- (B) Payments to any ~~director~~Director or past ~~director~~Director of the Company of any sum by way of compensation for loss of office or as consideration for or in connection with his retirement from office (not being a payment to which the ~~director~~Director is contractually entitled) must be approved by the Company in general meeting.
97. (A) A Director shall vacate his office:—
- (i) if he becomes bankrupt or has a receiving order made against him or suspends payment or compounds with his creditors generally;
 - (ii) if he becomes a lunatic or of unsound mind;
 - (iii) if he absents himself from the meetings of the Board during a continuous period of six months, without special leave of absence from the Board, and his alternate Director (if any) shall not during such period have attended in his stead, and the Board passes a resolution that he has by reason of such absence vacated his office;
 - (iv) if he becomes prohibited by law from acting as a Director;
 - (v) if by notice in writing delivered to the Company at its Registered Office or at the Head Office he resigns his office;
 - (vi) ~~if he shall be removed from office by notice in writing served upon him signed by 75 per cent. or more of his co-Directors; [Intentionally deleted]~~
 - (vii) if he shall be removed from office by an Ordinary Resolution of the Company under Bye-Law 104.
- (B) No ~~D~~irector shall be required to vacate office or be ineligible for re-election or re-appointment as a Director, and no person shall be ineligible for appointment as a Director, by reason only of his having attained any particular age.
98. (A) Subject to the Companies Act, aA Director may hold any other office or place of profit with the Company (except that of Auditors) in conjunction with his office of Director for such period and upon such terms as the Board may determine, and may be paid such

extra remuneration therefor (whether by way of salary, commission, participation in profits or otherwise) as the Board may determine, and such extra remuneration shall be in addition to any remuneration provided for, by or pursuant to any other Bye-Law.

- (B) A Director may act by himself or his firm in a professional capacity for the Company (otherwise than as Auditor) and he or his firm shall be entitled to remuneration for professional services as if he were not a Director.
- (C) A Director ~~of the Company~~ may be or become a director or other officer of, or otherwise interested in, any company promoted by the Company or any other company in which the Company may be interested, and shall not be liable to account to the Company or the members for any remuneration, profit or other benefit received by him as a director or officer of or from his interest in such other company. The Board may also cause the voting power conferred by the shares in any other company held or owned by the Company to be exercised in such manner in all respects as it thinks fit, including the exercise thereof in favour of any resolution appointing the Directors or any of them to be directors or officers of such other company, or voting or providing for the payment of remuneration to the directors or officers of such other company.
- (D) A Director shall not vote or be counted in the quorum on any resolution of the Board concerning his own appointment as the holder of any office or place of profit with the Company or any other company in which the Company is interested (including the arrangement or variation of the terms thereof, or the termination thereof).
- (E) ~~Where arrangements are under consideration concerning the appointment (including the arrangement or variation of the terms thereof, or the termination thereof) of two or more Directors to offices or places of profit with the Company or any other company in which the Company is interested, a separate resolution may be put in relation to each Director and in such case each of the Directors concerned shall be entitled to vote (and be counted in the quorum) in respect of each resolution except that concerning his own appointment (or the arrangement or variation of the terms thereof, or the termination thereof) and except (in the case of an office or place of profit with any such other company as aforesaid) where the other company is a company in which the Director together with any of his associate(s) own 5 per cent. or more (as defined in paragraph (I) of this Bye-Law). [Intentionally deleted]~~
- (F) Subject to the ~~Statutes~~ Companies Act and to the next paragraph of this Bye-Law, no Director or proposed or intended Director shall be disqualified by his office from contracting with the Company, either with regard to his tenure of any office or place of profit or as vendor, purchaser or in any other manner whatever, nor shall any such contract or any other contract or arrangement in which any Director is in any way interested be liable to be avoided, nor shall any Director so contracting or being so interested be liable to account to the Company or the members for any remuneration, profit or other benefits realised by any such contract or arrangement, by reason only of such Director holding that office or the fiduciary relationship thereby established.
- (G) A Director who to his knowledge is in any way, whether directly or indirectly, interested in a contract or arrangement or proposed contract or arrangement with the Company shall declare the nature of his interest at the meeting of the Board at which the question of entering into the contract or arrangement is first taken into consideration, if he knows his interest then exists, or in any other case at the first meeting of the Board after he knows that he is or has become so interested. For the purposes of this Bye-Law, a

general notice to the Board by a Director to the effect that (a) he is a member of a specified company or firm and is to be regarded as interested in any contract or arrangement which may after the date of the notice be made with that company or firm or (b) he is to be regarded as interested in any contract or arrangement which may after the date of the notice be made with a specified person who is connected with him, shall be deemed to be a sufficient declaration of interest under this Bye-Law in relation to any such contract or arrangement; provided that no such notice shall be effective unless either it is given at a meeting of the Board or the Director takes reasonable steps to secure that it is brought up and read at the next Board meeting after it is given.

- (H) Save as otherwise provided by these Bye-Laws, a Director shall not vote (nor be counted in the quorum) on any resolution of the Board approving any contract or arrangement or proposal in which he or any of his close associate(s) ~~is/are~~has/have materially interesteda material interest, and if he shall do so his vote shall not be counted (nor shall he be counted in the quorum for that resolution), but this prohibition shall not apply to any of the following matters namely:—
- (i) the giving of any security or indemnity either:
 - (a) to the Director or his close associate(s) in respect of money lent or obligations incurred or undertaken by him or any of them at the request of or for the benefit of the Company or any of its subsidiaries; or
 - (b) to a third party in respect of a debt or obligation of the Company or any of its subsidiaries for which the Director or his close associate(s) has himself/themselves assumed responsibility in whole or in part and whether alone or jointly under a guarantee or indemnity or by the giving of security;
 - (ii) any proposal concerning an offer of shares or debentures or other securities of or by the Company or any other company which the Company may promote or be interested in for subscription or purchase where the Director or his close associate(s) is/are or is/are to be interested as a participant in the underwriting or sub-underwriting of the offer;
 - (iii) ~~any proposal concerning any other company in which the Director or his associate(s) is/are interested only, whether directly or indirectly, as an officer or executive or shareholder or in which the Director or his associate(s) is/are beneficially interested in shares of that company, provided that the Director and any of his associate(s) are not in aggregate beneficially interested in 5% or more of the issued shares of any class of such company (or of any third company through which his interest or that of his associate(s) is derived) or of the voting rights;~~
[Intentionally deleted]
 - (iv) any proposal or arrangement concerning the benefit of employees of the Company or its subsidiaries including:
 - (a) the adoption, modification or operation of any employees' share scheme or any share incentive or share option scheme involving the issue or grant of options over shares or other securities by the Company under which the Director or his close associate(s) may benefit; or

- (b) the adoption, modification or operation of a pension fund or retirement, death or disability benefits scheme which relates to any Directors, his close associate(s) and employees of the Company or any of its subsidiaries and does not provide in respect of any Director or his close associate(s), as such any privilege or advantage not generally accorded to the class of persons to which such scheme or fund relates; and
- (v) any contract or arrangement in which the Director or his close associate(s) is/are interested in the same manner as other holders of shares or debentures or other securities of the Company by virtue only of his/their interest in shares or debentures or other securities of the Company.
- (I) ~~A company shall be deemed to be a company in which a Director together with any of his associate(s) own(s) 5 per cent, or more if and so long as (but only if and so long as) he together with any of his associate(s) (either directly or indirectly) is/are the holder(s) of or beneficially interested in 5 per cent, or more of any class of the equity share capital of such company or of the voting rights available to members of such company (or of any third company through which his interest or that of any of his associate(s) is derived). For the purpose of this paragraph there shall be disregarded any shares held by a Director or his associate(s) as bare or custodian trustee and in which neither he nor any of them have any beneficial interest, any shares comprised in a trust in which the interest of the Director or his associate(s) is/are in reversion or remainder if and so long as some other person is entitled to receive the income thereof, and any shares comprised in an authorised unit trust scheme in which the Director or his associate(s) is/are interested only as a unit holder. [Intentionally deleted]~~
- (J) If any questions shall arise at any meeting of the Board as to the materiality of the interest of a Director (other than the chairman of the meeting) or any of his close associate(s) or as to the entitlement of any Director (other than such chairman) to vote or be counted in the quorum and such question is not resolved by his voluntarily agreeing to abstain from voting or not to be counted in the quorum, such question shall be referred to the chairman of the meeting and his ruling in relation to such other Director shall be final and conclusive except in a case where the nature or extent of the interest of the Director or any of his close associate(s) concerned as known to such Director has not been fairly disclosed to the Board. If any questions as aforesaid shall arise in respect of the chairman of the meeting or any of his close associate(s) such question shall be decided by a resolution of the Board (for which purpose such chairman shall not be counted in the quorum and shall not vote thereon) and such resolution shall be final and conclusive except in a case where the nature or extent of the interest of such chairman or any of his close associate(s) as known to ~~such chairman~~him, has not been fairly disclosed to the Board.
- (K) The Company may by Ordinary Resolution ratify any transaction not duly authorised by reason of a contravention of this Bye-Law provided that no Director who is materially interested in such transaction, together with any of his close associate(s), shall vote upon such ordinary resolution in respect of any shares in the Company in which they are interested.

APPOINTMENT AND RETIREMENT OF DIRECTORS

99. (A) At each annual general meeting one-third of the Directors (save for any ~~C~~Chairman ~~of the Board~~ or ~~M~~Managing ~~D~~irector who does not choose to subject themselves to the retirement by rotation process stated in this Bye-Law) for the time being, or, if their number is not three or a multiple of three, then the number nearest one-third, shall retire from office by rotation provided that (i) each Director shall retire from office by rotation once every three years notwithstanding the above; (ii) at each annual general meeting any Director who has not been subject to rotation in the immediate preceding three years shall also retire from office by rotation thereat; and (iii) a Director holding office as a ~~C~~Chairman ~~of the Board~~ or ~~M~~Managing ~~D~~irector who does not choose to subject themselves to the retirement by rotation process stated in this Bye-Law shall not be subject to retirement by rotation or be taken into account in determining the number of Directors to retire. Without prejudice to the foregoing, the Directors to retire in every ~~annual general meeting~~year shall be those who have been longest in office since their last election but as between persons who became Directors on the same day those to retire shall (unless they otherwise agree between themselves) be determined by lot. The retiring Directors shall be eligible for re-election.
- (B) A retiring Director shall be eligible for re-election. The Company at any general meeting at which any Directors retire may fill the vacated office by electing a like number of persons to be Directors.
100. If at any general meeting at which an election of Directors ought to take place, the places of the retiring Directors are not filled, the retiring Directors or such of them as have not had their places filled shall be deemed to have been re-elected and shall, if willing, continue in office until the next annual general meeting and so on from year to year until their places are filled, unless:—
- (i) it shall be determined at such meeting to reduce the number of Directors; or
 - (ii) it is expressly resolved at such meeting not to fill up such vacated offices; or
 - (iii) in any such case the resolution for re-election of a Director is put to the ~~Meeting~~meeting and lost; or
 - (iv) such Director has given notice in writing to the Company that he is not willing to be re-elected.
101. Subject to Bye-Law 89, the Company in general meeting shall from time to time fix and may from time to time by Ordinary Resolution, increase or reduce the maximum and minimum number of Directors but so that the number of Directors shall never be less than two.
102. (A) The Company may from time to time in general meeting by Ordinary Resolution elect any person to be a Director either to fill a casual vacancy or as an addition to the Board. Any Director so appointed shall ~~hold office only until the next following annual general meeting of the Company and shall then be eligible for re-election at the meeting but shall not be taken into account in determining the Directors who are to retire by rotation at such meeting~~be subject to retirement by rotation pursuant to Bye-Law 99.

- (B) The Board shall have power from time to time and at any time to appoint any person as a Director either to fill a casual vacancy on or as an addition to the Board but so that the number of ~~directors~~ Directors so appointed shall not exceed the maximum number determined from time to time by the members in general meeting. Any Director so appointed under this Bye-Law shall hold office only until the next following first annual general meeting of the Company after his appointment and shall then be eligible for subject to re-election at the such meeting. Any Director appointed under this Bye-Law shall not be taken into account in determining the Directors or the number of Directors who are to retire by rotation at an annual general meeting.
103. (A) No person, other than a retiring Director, shall, unless recommended by the Board for election, be eligible for election to the office of Director at any general meeting, unless notice in writing of the intention to propose that person for election as a Director signed by a member (other than the person to be proposed) duly qualified to attend and vote at the meeting for which such notice is given and notice in writing signed by that person of his willingness to be elected shall have been lodged at the Head Office or at the Registration Office, provided that the minimum length of the period, during which such notice(s) are given, shall be at least seven (7) days and that (if the notices are submitted after the despatch of the notice of the general meeting appointed for such election) the period for lodgment of such notice(s) shall commence on the day after the despatch of the notice of the general meeting appointed for such election and end no later than seven (7) days prior to before the date of the general meeting.
- (B) The period for lodgment of the notices referred to in Bye-Law 103(A) will commence no earlier than the day after the despatch of the notice of the general meeting appointed for such election and end no later than 7 days prior to the date of such general meeting.
104. The Company may by Ordinary Resolution at a ~~special~~ general meeting called for the purpose remove any Director (including a ~~Managing managing Director director~~ or other ~~Executive executive Director director~~) before the expiration of his ~~period~~ term of office notwithstanding anything in these Bye-Laws or in any agreement between the Company and such Director (but without prejudice to any claim which such Director may have for damages for any breach of any contract of service between him and the Company) and may elect another person in his stead. Any person so elected shall hold office only until the ~~next following first~~ annual general meeting of the Company after his appointment and shall then be eligible for re-election.

BORROWING POWERS

105. The Board may from time to time at its discretion exercise all the powers of the Company to raise or borrow or to secure the payment of any sum or sums of money for the purposes of the Company and to mortgage or charge its undertaking, property and uncalled capital or any part thereof.
106. The Board may raise or secure the payment or repayment of such sum or sums in such manner and upon such terms and conditions in all respects as it thinks fit and, in particular by the issue of debentures, debenture stock, bonds or other securities of the Company, whether outright or as collateral security for any debt, liability or obligation of the Company or of any third party.
107. Debentures, debenture stock, bonds and other securities may be made assignable free from any equities between the Company and the person to whom the same may be issued.

108. Any debentures, debenture stock, bonds or other securities may be issued at a discount (other than shares), premium or otherwise and with any special privileges as to redemption, surrender, drawings, allotment of shares, attending and voting at general meetings of the Company, appointment of Directors and otherwise.
109. (A) The Board shall cause a proper register to be kept of all mortgages and charges specifically affecting the property of the Company and shall duly comply with such provisions of the ~~Statutes~~ Companies Act with regard to the registration of mortgages and charges as may be specified or required.
- (B) If the Company issues a series of debentures or debenture stock not transferrable by delivery, the Board shall cause a proper register to be kept of the holders of such debentures.
110. Where any uncalled capital of the Company is charged, all persons taking any subsequent charge thereon shall take the same subject to such prior charge, and shall not be entitled, by notice to the members or otherwise, to obtain priority over such prior charge.

MANAGING DIRECTORS, ETC.

111. The Board may from time to time appoint any one or more of its body to the office of ~~Managing~~ managing Director~~director~~, ~~Joint~~ joint Managing ~~managing Director~~~~director~~, ~~Deputy~~ deputy Managing ~~managing Director~~ ~~director~~ or other ~~Executive~~ executive Director ~~director~~ and/or such other office in the management of the business of the Company as it may decide for such period and upon such terms as it thinks fit and upon such terms as to remuneration as it may decide in accordance with Bye-Law 96.
112. Every Director appointed to an office under Bye-Law 111 hereof shall, but without prejudice to any claim for damages for breach of any contract of service between himself and the Company, be liable to be dismissed or removed therefrom by the Board.
113. A Director appointed to an office under Bye-Law 111 shall be subject to the same provisions as to rotation, resignation and removal as the other Directors of the Company, and he shall ipso facto and immediately cease to hold such office if he shall cease to hold the office of Director for any cause.
114. The Board may from time to time entrust to and confer upon a ~~Managing~~ managing Director~~director~~, ~~Joint~~ joint Managing ~~managing Director~~~~director~~, ~~Deputy~~ deputy Managing ~~managing Director~~ ~~director~~ or ~~Executive~~ executive Director ~~director~~ all or any of the powers of the Board that it may think fit ~~Provided~~ provided that the exercise of all powers by such Director shall be subject to such regulations and restrictions as the Board may from time to time make and impose, and the said powers may at any time be withdrawn, revoked or varied, but no person dealing in good faith and without notice of such withdrawal, revocation or variation shall be affected thereby.

MANAGEMENT

115. (A) The management of the business of the Company shall be vested in the Board which, in addition to the powers and authorities ~~by these Bye-Laws~~ expressly conferred upon it by these Bye-Laws, may exercise all such powers and do all such acts and things as may be exercised or done or approved by the Company and which are not hereby or by the Statutes expressly directed or required to be exercised or done by the Company in

general meeting, but subject nevertheless to the provisions of the Statutes and of these Bye-Laws and to any regulations from time to time made by the Company in general meeting not being inconsistent with such provisions ~~or of~~ these Bye-Laws, provided that no regulation so made shall invalidate any prior act of the Board which would have been valid if such regulation had not been made.

- (B) Without prejudice to the general powers conferred by these Bye-Laws, it is hereby expressly declared that the Board shall have the following powers:—
- (i) to give to any person the right or option of requiring at a future date that an allotment shall be made to him of any share at par or at such premium and on such other terms as may be agreed; and
 - (ii) to give to any Directors, officers or ~~servants~~ employees of the Company an interest in any particular business or transaction or participation in the profits thereof or in the general profits of the Company either in addition to or in substitution for a salary or other remuneration.

MANAGERS

116. The Board may from time to time appoint a general manager, manager or managers of the business of the Company and may fix his or their remuneration either by way of salary or commission or by conferring the right to participation in the profits of the Company or by a combination of two or more of these modes and pay the working expenses of any of the staff of the general manager, manager or managers who may be employed by him or them upon the business of the Company.
117. The appointment of such general manager, manager or managers may be for such period as the Board may decide and the Board may confer upon him or them all or any of the powers of the Board and such title or titles as ~~they~~ it may think fit.
118. The Board may enter into such agreement or agreements with any such general manager, manager or managers upon such terms and conditions in all respects as the Board may in ~~their~~ its absolute discretion think fit, including a power for such general manager, manager or managers to appoint an assistant manager or managers or other employees whatsoever under them for the purpose of carrying on the business of the Company.

CHAIRMAN AND OTHER OFFICERS

119. ~~The Board shall from time to time elect or otherwise appoint a Director to be chairman of the Board and may also, but shall not be required to, elect any deputy chairman of the Board (or two or more deputy-chairmen) or a President or Vice-President (or two or more Vice-Presidents) and determine the period for which each of them is to hold office. The Board shall as soon as practicable following each annual general meeting elect one of its body to the office of President of the Company and another to be the Vice-President of the Company, and may from time to time elect or otherwise appoint a Director to be Chairman or Deputy Chairman and determine the period for which each of them is to hold office. The Chairman or, in his absence, the Deputy Chairman shall preside at meetings of the Board, but if no such Chairman or Deputy Chairman be elected or appointed, or if at any meeting the Chairman or Deputy Chairman is not present within five minutes after the time appointed for holding the same, the Directors present shall choose one of their number to be Chairman of such meeting.~~

All the provisions of Bye-Laws 112, 113 and 114 shall ~~mutatis mutandis~~ apply to any Directors elected or otherwise appointed to any office in accordance with the provisions of this Bye-Law.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE DIRECTORS

120. The Board may meet together for the despatch of business, adjourn and otherwise regulate ~~their~~its meetings and proceedings as ~~they think~~it thinks fit and may determine the quorum necessary for the transaction of business. Unless otherwise determined two Directors shall be a quorum. For the purpose of this Bye-Law an alternate Director shall be counted in a quorum but, notwithstanding that an alternate Director is also a Director or is an alternate for more than one Director, he shall for quorum purposes count as only one Director. ~~The~~A meeting of the Board or any ~~Committee~~committee of the Board may ~~participate in a meeting of the Board or such committee~~be held by means of a ~~conference telephone or similar communications equipment by means of which all persons participating in the meeting are capable of hearing each other~~such telephone, electronic or other communication facilities as permit all persons participating in the meeting to communicate with each other simultaneously and instantaneously, and participation in such a meeting shall constitute presence in person at such meeting.
121. A Director may, and ~~at the request of a Director~~the Secretary shall, on the request of a Director, at any time summon a meeting of the Board which may be held in any part of the world provided that no such meeting shall be summoned to be held outside the territory in which the Head Office is for the time being situate without the prior approval of the ~~Directors~~Board. Notice thereof shall be given to each Director and alternate Director either in writing or by telephone or by telex or telegram at the address from time to time notified to the Company by such Director or in such other manner as the Board may from time to time determine. A Director absent or ~~intending~~intended to be absent from the territory in which the Head Office is for the time being situate may request the Board that notices of Board meetings shall during his absence be sent in writing to him at his last known address or any other address given by him to the Company for this purpose, but such notices need not be given any earlier than notices given to Directors not so absent. A Director may waive notice of any meeting either prospectively or retrospectively.
122. Questions arising at any meeting of the Board shall be decided by a majority of votes, and in case of an equality of votes the ~~Chairman~~chairman of the meeting shall have a second or casting vote.
123. A meeting of the Board for the time being at which a quorum is present shall be competent to exercise all or any of the authorities, powers and discretions by or under these Bye-Laws for the time being vested in or exercisable by the Board generally.
124. The Board may delegate any of its powers to committees consisting of such member or members of ~~their~~its body and such other persons as the Board thinks fit, and it may from time to time revoke such delegation or revoke the appointment of and discharge any such committees either wholly or in part, and either as to persons or purposes, but every committee so formed shall in the exercise of the powers so delegated conform to any regulations that may from time to time be imposed upon it by the Board.

125. All acts done by any such committee in conformity with such regulations and in fulfilment of the purposes for which it is appointed, but not otherwise, shall have the like force and effect as if done by the Board, and the Board shall have power, with the consent of the Company in general meeting, to remunerate the members of any special committee, and charge such remuneration to the current expenses of the Company.
126. The meetings and proceedings of any such committee consisting of two or more members shall be governed by the provisions herein contained for regulating the meetings and proceedings of the Board so far as the same are applicable thereto and are not replaced by any regulations imposed by the Board pursuant to Bye-Law 124.
127. All acts bona fide done by any meeting of the Board or by any such committee or by any person acting as a Director shall, notwithstanding that it shall be afterwards discovered that there was some defect in the appointment of such Director or persons acting as aforesaid or that they or any of them were disqualified, be as valid as if every such person had been duly appointed and was qualified to be a ~~director~~ Director or member of such committee.
128. The continuing Directors may act notwithstanding any vacancy in their body, but, if and so long as their number is reduced below the number fixed by or pursuant to these Bye-Laws as the necessary quorum of Directors, the continuing Director or Directors may act for the purpose of increasing the number of Directors to that number or of summoning a general meeting of the Company but for no other purpose.
129. A resolution in writing signed by all the Directors (~~except such as are absent from the territory in which the Head Office is for the time being situate or temporarily unable to act through ill-health or disability, by their alternate Directors~~) for the time being entitled to receive notice of a meeting of the Board (or by an alternate Director, as provided for in these Bye-Laws) or by all the members of a committee for the time being shall be as valid and effectual as if it had been a resolution passed at a meeting of the Board or, as the case may be, of such committee duly convened called and held constituted. ~~Any S~~such resolution ~~in writing may consist of~~ be contained in one document or several in several documents in the like form each signed by one or more of the Directors or alternate Directors members of the committee concerned.

MINUTES

130. (A) The Board shall cause minutes to be made ~~Minutes~~ of:—
- (i) all appointments of officers made by the Board;
 - (ii) the names of the Directors present at each meeting of the Board and of committees appointed pursuant to Bye-Law 124; and
 - (iii) all resolutions and proceedings at all meetings of the Company and of the Board and of such committees.
- (B) Any such minutes shall be conclusive evidence of any such proceedings if they purport to be signed by the ~~Chairman~~ chairman of the meeting at which the proceedings were held or by the ~~Chairman~~ chairman of the next succeeding meeting.

- (C) The Directors shall duly comply with the provisions of the ~~Statutes~~Companies Act in regard to keeping a ~~Register~~register of ~~Members~~members and to the production and furnishing of copies of or extracts from such ~~Register~~register.
- (D) Any register, index, minute book, book of account or other book required by these presents or the Statutes to be kept by or on behalf of the Company may be kept either by making entries in bound books or by recording them in any other manner which shall include, without prejudice to the generality thereof, recording by means of magnetic tape, microfilm, computer or any other non-manual system of recording. In any case in which bound books are not used, the Directors shall take adequate precautions for guarding against falsification and for facilitating its discovery.

SECRETARY

131. The Secretary shall be appointed by the Board for such terms, at such remuneration and upon such conditions as it may think fit, and any Secretary so appointed may be removed by the Board. Anything by the Statutes or these Bye-Laws required or authorised to be done by or to the Secretary, if the office is vacant or there is for any other reason no Secretary capable of acting, may be done by or to any assistant or deputy Secretary, or if there is no assistant or deputy Secretary capable of acting, by or to any officer of the Company authorised generally or specially on behalf of the Board. If the Secretary appointed is a corporation or other body, it may act and sign by the hand of any one or more of its directors or officers duly authorised.
132. The duties of the Secretary shall be those prescribed by the ~~Statutes~~Companies Act and these Bye-Laws, together with such other duties as may from time to time be prescribed by the Board.
133. A provision of the Statutes or of these Bye-Laws requiring or authorising a thing to be done by or to a Director and the Secretary shall not be satisfied by its being done by or to the same person acting both as Director and as, or in place of, the Secretary.

GENERAL MANAGEMENT AND USE OF THE SEAL

134. (A) Subject to the Statutes, The the Company shall have one or more Seals as the Directors Board may determine and may adopt one or more Seals for use in any territory outside Bermuda. The Directors shall provide for the safe custody of each Seal, and no Seal shall be used without the authority of the ~~Directors~~Board or a committee authorised by the ~~Directors~~Board in that behalf. The Company may adopt one or more common seals for use in any territory outside Bermuda.
- (B) Every instrument to which a Seal shall be affixed shall be signed autographically by one Director and the Secretary or by two Directors or by some other any person or persons (including a Director and/or the Secretary) appointed by the Board for the purpose provided that as regards any certificates for shares or debentures or other securities of the Company, the ~~Directors~~Board may by resolution determine that such signatures or either of them shall be dispensed with or affixed by some method or system of mechanical signature other than autographic as specified in such resolution or that such certificates need not be signed by any person.

- (C) The Company may have a Securities Seal for use for sealing certificates for shares or other securities issued by the Company and no signature of any Director, officer or other person and no mechanical reproduction thereof shall be required on any such certificates or other document and any such certificates or other document to which such Securities Seal is affixed shall be valid and deemed to have been sealed and executed with the authority of the Board notwithstanding the absence of any such signature or mechanical reproduction as aforesaid.
135. All cheques, promissory notes, drafts, bills of exchange and other negotiable instruments, and all receipts for moneys paid to the Company shall be signed, drawn, accepted, ~~indorsed~~ endorsed or otherwise executed, as the case may be, in such manner as the Board shall from time to time by resolution determine. The Company's banking accounts shall be kept with such banker or bankers as the Board shall from time to time determine.
136. (A) The Board may from time to time and at any time, by power of attorney under the Seal, appoint any company, firm or person or any fluctuating body of persons, whether nominated directly or indirectly by the Board, to be the attorney or attorneys of the Company for such purposes and with such powers, authorities and discretions (not exceeding those vested in or exercisable by the Board under these Bye-Laws) and for such period and subject to such conditions as it may think fit, and any such power of attorney may contain such provisions for the protection and convenience of persons dealing with any such attorney as the Board may think fit, and may also authorise any such attorney to sub-delegate all or any of the powers, authorities and discretions vested in him.
- (B) The Company may, by writing under its Seal, empower any person, either generally or in respect of any specified matter, as its attorney to execute deeds and instruments on its behalf and to enter into contracts and sign the same on its behalf and every deed signed by such attorney on behalf of the Company and under his seal shall bind the Company and have the same effect as if it were under the Seal of the Company.
137. The Board may establish any committees, regional or local boards or agencies for managing any of the affairs of the Company, either in the Relevant Territory or elsewhere, and may appoint any persons to be members of such committees, regional or local boards or agencies and may fix their remuneration, and may delegate to any committee, regional or local board or agent any of the powers, authorities and discretions vested in the Board (other than its powers to make calls and forfeit shares), with power to sub-delegate, and may authorise the members of any regional or local board or any of them to fill any vacancies therein and to act notwithstanding any such vacancies, and any such appointment or delegation may be upon such terms and subject to such conditions as the Board may think fit, and the Board may remove any person so appointed and may annul or vary any such delegation, but no person dealing in good faith and without notice of any such annulment or variation shall be affected thereby.
138. The Board may establish and maintain or procure the establishment and maintenance of any contributory or non-contributory pension or superannuation funds for the benefit of, or give or procure the giving of donations, gratuities, pensions, allowances or emoluments to, any persons who are or were at any time in the employment or service of the Company, or of any company which is a subsidiary of the Company, or is allied or associated with the Company or with any such subsidiary company, or who are or were at any time directors or officers of the Company or of any such other company as aforesaid, and holding or who have held any salaried employment or office in the Company or such other company, and the spouses,

widows, widowers, families and dependants of any such persons. The Board may also establish and subsidise or subscribe to any institutions, associations, clubs or funds calculated to be for the benefit of or to advance the interests and well-being of the Company or of any such other company as aforesaid or of any such persons as aforesaid, and may make payments for or towards the insurance of any such persons as aforesaid, and subscribe or guarantee money for charitable or benevolent objects or for any exhibition or for any public, general or useful object. The Board may do any of the matters aforesaid, either alone or in conjunction with any such other company as aforesaid. Any Director holding any such employment or office shall be entitled to participate in and retain for his own benefit any such donation, gratuity, pension, allowance or emolument.

AUTHENTICATION OF DOCUMENTS

139. Any Director or the Secretary or other authorized officer of the Company shall have power to authenticate any documents affecting the constitution of the Company and any resolutions passed by the Company or the Directors or any committee, and any books, records, documents and accounts relating to the business of the Company, and to certify copies thereof or extracts therefrom as true copies of extracts; and where any books, records, documents or accounts are elsewhere than at the Registered Office or the Head Office, the local manager or such other officer of the Company having the custody thereof shall be deemed to be the authorised officer of the Company as aforesaid. A document purporting to be a copy of a resolution, or an extract from the minutes of a meeting, of the Company or of the Directors or any local board or committee which is certified as aforesaid shall be conclusive evidence in favour of all persons dealing with the Company upon the faith thereof that such resolution has been duly passed or, as the case may be, that any minute so extracted is a true and accurate record of proceedings at a duly constituted meeting.

CAPITALISATION OF RESERVES

140. (A) The Company in general meeting may, ~~to~~ upon the recommendation of the Board, resolve to capitalise any part of the Company's reserves (including any contributed surplus account and also including any share premium account or other undistributable reserve, but subject to the provisions of the law with regard to unrealised profits) or undivided profits not required for the payment or provision of the dividend on any shares with a preferential right to dividend, and accordingly that such part be sub-divided amongst the members who would have been entitled thereto if distributed by way of dividend and in the same proportions, on condition that the same be not paid in cash but be applied either in or towards paying up any amounts for the time being unpaid on any shares held by such members respectively or paying up in full unissued shares or debentures or other securities of the Company to be allotted and distributed credited as fully paid to and amongst such members in the proportion aforesaid, or partly in one way and partly in the other; provided that for the purpose of this Bye-Law, any amount standing to the credit of any share premium account may only be applied in the paying up of unissued shares to be issued to members of the Company as fully paid ~~up~~ shares.
- (B) Whenever such a resolution as aforesaid shall have been passed the Board shall make all appropriations and applications of the reserves or ~~profits and~~ undivided profits resolved to be capitalised thereby, and all allotments and issues of fully paid shares, debentures, or other securities and generally shall do all acts and things required to give effect thereto. For the purpose of giving effect to any resolution under this Bye-Law, the Board may settle any difficulty which may arise in regard to a capitalisation issue as

~~they think~~ it thinks fit, and in particular may disregard fractional entitlements or round the same up or down and may determine that cash payments shall be made to any members in lieu of fractional entitlements or that fractions of such value as the Board may determine may be disregarded in order to adjust the rights of all parties or that fractional entitlements shall be aggregated and sold and the benefit shall accrue to the Company rather than to the members concerned. The Board may appoint any person to sign on behalf of the persons entitled to share in a capitalisation issue a contract for allotment and such appointment shall be effective and binding upon all concerned, and the contract may provide for the acceptance by such persons of the shares, debentures or other securities to be allotted and distributed to them respectively in satisfaction of their claims in respect of the sum so capitalised.

DIVIDENDS AND RESERVES

141. The Company in general meeting may declare dividends in any currency but no dividends shall exceed the amount recommended by the Board.
142. (A) The Board may subject to Bye-Law 143 from time to time pay to the members such interim dividends as appear to the Board to be justified by the position of the Company and, in particular (but without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing), if at any time the share capital of the Company is divided into different classes, the Board may pay such interim dividends in respect of those shares in the capital of the Company which confer ~~on~~ to the holders thereof deferred or non-preferential rights as well as in respect of those shares which confer on the holders thereof preferential rights with regard to dividend and provided that the Board acts bona fide the Board shall not incur any responsibility to the holders of shares conferring any preference for any damage that they may suffer by reason of the payment of an interim dividend on any shares having deferred or non-preferential rights.
- (B) The Board may also pay half-yearly or at other suitable intervals to be settled by ~~them~~ it any dividend which may be payable at a fixed rate if the Board is of the opinion that the profits justify the payment.
143. (A) No dividend shall be paid otherwise than out of profits available for distribution (such profits being ascertained in accordance with the Statutes). Distribution may be made out of contributed surplus.
- (B) Subject to the provisions of the ~~Statutes—Companies Act~~ (but without prejudice to paragraph (A) of this Bye-Law), where any asset, business or property is bought by the Company as from a past date (whether such date be before or after the incorporation of the Company) the profits and losses thereof as from such date may at the discretion of the ~~Directors—Board~~ in whole or in part be carried to revenue account and treated for all purposes as profits or losses of the Company, and be available for dividend accordingly. Subject as aforesaid, if any shares or securities are purchased cum dividend or interest, such dividend or interest may at the discretion of the Board be treated as revenue, and it shall not be obligatory to capitalise the same or any part thereof.
- (C) Subject to Bye-Law 143 (D) all dividends and other distributions in respect of shares in the Company shall be stated and discharged, in the case of shares denominated in Hong Kong dollars, in Hong Kong dollars, and in the case of shares denominated in United States dollars, in United States dollars, provided that, in the case of shares denominated in Hong Kong dollars, the Board may determine in the case of any distribution that

shareholders may elect to receive the same in United States dollars or any other currency selected by the Board, conversion to be effected at such rate of exchange as the Board may determine.

- (D) If, in the opinion of the Board, any dividend or other distribution in respect of shares or any other payment to be made by the Company to any shareholder is of such a small amount as to make payment to that shareholder in the relevant currency impracticable or unduly expensive either for the Company or the shareholder then such dividend or other distribution or other payment may, at the discretion of the Board, be paid or made in the currency of the country of the relevant shareholder (as indicated by the address of such shareholder on the register).

144. Notice of the declaration of an interim dividend shall be given by advertisement in the Relevant Territory and in such other territory or territories as the Board may determine and in such manner as the Board shall determine.

145. No dividend or other moneys payable on or in respect of a share shall bear interest as against the Company.

146. Whenever the Board or the Company in general meeting has resolved that a dividend be paid or declared, the Board may further resolve that such dividend be satisfied wholly or in part by the distribution of specific assets of any kind and in particular of paid up shares, debentures or warrants to subscribe for securities of ~~the Company~~ or any other company, or in any one or more of such ways, with or without offering any rights to shareholders to elect to receive such dividend in cash, and where any difficulty arises in regard to the distribution the Board may settle the same as ~~they think~~ it thinks expedient, and in particular may disregard fractional entitlements or round the same up or down, and may fix the value for distribution of such specific assets, or any part thereof, and may determine that cash payments shall be made to any members upon the footing of the value so fixed in order to adjust the rights of all parties and may determine that fractional entitlements shall be aggregated and sold and the benefit shall accrue to the Company rather than to the members concerned, and may vest any such specific assets in trustees as may seem expedient to the Board and may appoint any person to sign any requisite instruments of transfer and other documents on behalf of the persons entitled to the dividend and such appointment shall be effective. Where requisite, the Board may appoint any person to sign a contract on behalf of the persons entitled to the dividend and such appointment shall be effective. The Board may resolve that no such assets shall be made available or made to shareholders with registered addresses in any particular territory or territories being a territory or territories where, in the absence of a registration statement or other special formalities, this would or might, in the opinion of the Board, be unlawful or impracticable and in such event the only entitlement of the shareholders aforesaid shall be to receive cash payments as aforesaid. Shareholders affected as a result of the foregoing sentence shall not be or be deemed to be, a separate class of shareholders for any purpose whatsoever.

147. (A) Whenever the Board or the Company in general meeting has resolved that a dividend be paid or declared on the share capital of the Company, the Board may further resolve:—
either

- (i) that such dividend be satisfied wholly or in part in the form of an allotment of shares credited as fully paid up on the basis that the shares so allotted shall be of the same class or classes as the class or classes already held by the allottee,

provided that the shareholders entitled thereto will be entitled to elect to receive such dividend (or part thereof) in cash in lieu of such allotment. In such case, the following provisions shall apply:—

- (a) the basis of any such allotment shall be determined by the Board;
- (b) the Board, after determining the basis of allotment, shall give not less than two weeks' notice in writing to the shareholders of the right of election accorded to them and shall send with such notice forms of election and specify the procedure to be followed and the place at which and the latest date and time by which duly completed forms of election must be lodged in order to be effective;
- (c) the right of election may be exercised in respect of the whole or part of that portion of the dividend in respect of which the right of election has been accorded; and
- (d) the dividend (or that part of the dividend to be satisfied by the allotment of shares as aforesaid) shall not be payable in cash on shares in respect whereof the cash election has not been duly exercised ("the non-elected shares") and in lieu and in satisfaction thereof shares shall be allotted credited as fully paid up to the holders of the non-elected shares on the basis of allotment determined as aforesaid and for such purpose the Board shall capitalise and apply out of any part of the undivided profits of the Company or any part of any of the Company's reserve accounts (including any special account, contributed surplus account, share premium account and capital redemption reserve fund (if there be any such reserve)) as the Board may determine, a sum equal to the aggregate nominal amount of the shares to be allotted on such basis and apply the same in paying up in full the appropriate number of shares for allotment and distribution to and amongst the holders of the non-elected shares on such basis.

or

- (ii) that shareholders entitled to such dividend ~~shall~~ will be entitled to elect to receive an allotment of shares credited as fully paid up in lieu of the whole or such part of the dividend as the Board may think fit on the basis that the shares so allotted shall be of the same class or classes as the class or classes of shares already held by the allottee. In such case, the following provisions shall apply:—
 - (a) the basis of any such allotment shall be determined by the Board;
 - (b) the Board, after determining the basis of allotment, shall give not less than two weeks' notice in writing to the shareholders of the right of election accorded to them and shall send with such notice forms of election and specify the procedure to be followed and the place at which and the latest date and time by which duly completed forms of election must be lodged in order to be effective;
 - (c) the right of election may be exercised in respect of the whole or part of that portion of the dividend in respect of which the right of election has been accorded; and

- (d) the dividend (or that part of the dividend in respect of which a right of election has been accorded) shall not be payable on shares in respect whereof the share election has been duly exercised (“the elected shares”) and in lieu thereof shares shall be allotted credited as fully paid up to the holders of the elected shares on the basis of allotment determined as aforesaid and for such purpose the Board shall capitalise and apply out of any part of the undivided profits of the Company or any part of any of the Company’s reserve accounts (including any special account, contributed surplus account, share premium account and capital redemption reserve fund (if there be any such reserve)) as the Board may determine, a sum equal to the aggregate nominal amount of the shares to be allotted on such basis and apply the same in paying up in full the appropriate number of shares for allotment and distribution to and amongst the holders of the elected shares on such basis.
- (B) The shares allotted pursuant to the provisions of paragraph (A) of this Bye-Law shall rank *pari passu* in all respects with the shares then in issue save only as regards participation:—
- (i) in the relevant dividend (or the right to receive or to elect to receive an allotment of shares in lieu thereof as aforesaid); or
- (ii) in any other distributions, bonuses or rights paid, made, declared or announced prior to or contemporaneously with the payment or declaration of the relevant dividend
- unless, contemporaneously with the announcement by the Board of ~~their~~its proposal to apply the provisions of sub-paragraph (i) or (ii) of paragraph (A) of this Bye-Law in relation to the relevant dividend or contemporaneously with ~~their~~its announcement of the distribution, bonus or rights in question, the Board shall specify that the shares to be allotted pursuant to the provisions of paragraph (A) of this Bye-Law shall rank for participation in such distribution, bonus or rights.
- (C) The Board may do all acts and things considered necessary or expedient to give effect to any capitalisation pursuant to the provisions of paragraph (A) of this Bye-Law with full power to the Board to make such provisions as they think fit in the case of shares becoming distributable in fractions (including provisions whereby, in whole or in part, fractional entitlements are aggregated and sold and the net proceeds distributed to those entitled, or are disregarded or rounded up or down or whereby the benefit of fractional entitlements accrues to the Company rather than to the members concerned). The Board may authorise any person to enter into on behalf of all members interested, an agreement with the Company providing for such capitalisation and matters incidental thereto and any agreement made pursuant to such authority shall be effective and binding on all concerned.
- (D) The Company may upon the recommendation of the Board by Special Resolution resolve in respect of any one particular dividend of the Company that notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (A) of this Bye-Law a dividend may be satisfied wholly in the form of an allotment of shares credited as fully paid up without offering any right to shareholders to elect to receive such dividend in cash in lieu of such allotment.

- (E) The Board may on any occasion determine that rights of election and the allotment of shares under paragraph (A) of this Bye-Law shall not be made available or made to any shareholders with registered addresses in any territory where in the absence of a registration statement or other special formalities the circulation of an offer of such rights of election or the allotment of shares would or might be unlawful, and in such event the provisions aforesaid shall be read and construed subject, to such determination.
148. The Board may, before recommending any dividend, set aside out of the profits of the Company such sums as it thinks fit as a reserve or reserves which shall, at the discretion of the Board, be applicable for meeting claims on or liabilities of the Company or contingencies or for paying off any loan capital or for equalising dividends or for any other purpose to which the profits of the Company may be properly applied, and pending such application may, at the like discretion, either be employed in the business of the Company or be invested in such investments (other than shares of the Company) as the Board may from time to time think fit, and so that it shall not be necessary to keep any investments constituting the reserve or reserves separate or distinct from any other investments of the Company. The Board may also without placing the same to reserve carry forward any profits which it may think prudent not to distribute by way of dividend.
149. Unless and to the extent that the rights attached to any shares or the terms of issue thereof otherwise provide, all dividends shall (as regards any shares not fully paid throughout the period in respect of which the dividend is paid) be apportioned and paid pro rata according to the amounts paid or credited as paid up on the shares during any portion or portions of the period in respect of which the dividend is paid. For the purposes of this Bye-Law no amount paid on a share in advance of calls shall be treated as paid on the share.
150. (A) The Board may retain any dividends or other moneys payable on or in respect of a share upon which the Company has a lien, and may apply the same in or towards satisfaction of the debts, liabilities or engagements in respect of which the lien exists.
- (B) The Board may deduct from any dividend or bonus payable to any member all sums of money (if any) presently payable by him to the Company on account of calls, instalments or otherwise.
151. Any general meeting sanctioning a dividend may make a call on the members of such amount as the meeting fixes, but so that the call on each member shall not exceed the dividend payable to him, and so that the call shall be made payable at the same time as the dividend, and the dividend may, if so arranged between the Company and the member, be set off against the call.
152. A transfer of shares shall not pass the right to any dividend or bonus declared thereon before the registration of the transfer.
153. If two or more persons are registered as joint holders of any share, any one of such persons may give effectual receipts for any dividends, interim dividends or bonuses and other moneys payable in respect of such shares.
154. Unless otherwise directed by the Board, any dividend or bonus may be paid by cheque or warrant sent through the post to the registered address of the member entitled, or, in case of joint holders, to the registered address of that one whose name stands first in the register in respect of the joint holding or to such person and to such address as the holder or joint

holders may in writing direct. Every cheque or warrant so sent shall be made payable to the order of the person to whom it is sent, and the payment of any such cheque or warrant shall operate as a good discharge to the Company in respect of the dividend and/or bonus represented thereby, notwithstanding that it may subsequently appear that the same has been stolen or that any endorsement thereon has been forged.

155. All dividends or bonuses unclaimed for one year after having been declared may be invested or otherwise made use of by the Board for the benefit of the Company until claimed and the Company shall not be constituted a trustee in respect thereof. All dividends or bonuses unclaimed for six years after having been declared may be forfeited by the Board and shall revert to the Company.
156. Any resolution declaring a dividend on shares of any class, whether a resolution of the Company in general meeting or a resolution of the Directors, may specify that the same shall be payable or distributable to the persons registered as the holder of such shares at the close of business on a particular date, notwithstanding that it may be a date prior to that on which the resolution is passed, and thereupon the dividend or other distribution shall be payable or distributable to them in accordance with their respective holdings so registered, but without prejudice to the rights inter se in respect of such dividend ~~or other distribution~~ between the transferors and transferees of any such shares. The provisions of this Bye-Law shall mutatis mutandis apply to bonuses, capitalisation issues, distributions of realised capital profits or offers or grants made by the Company to the members.

DISTRIBUTION OF REALISED CAPITAL PROFITS

157. The Company in general meeting may at any time and from time to time resolve that any surplus moneys in the hands of the Company representing capital profits arising from moneys received or recovered in respect of or arising from the realisation of any capital assets of the Company or any investments representing the same and not required for the payment or provision of any fixed preferential dividend instead of being applied in the purchase of any other capital assets or for other capital purposes be distributed amongst the ordinary shareholders on the footing that they receive the same as capital and in the shares and proportions in which they would have been entitled to receive the same if it had been distributed by way of dividend, provided that no such profits as aforesaid shall be so distributed unless there shall remain in the hands of the Company a sufficiency of other assets to answer in full the whole of the liabilities and paid-up share capital of the Company for the time being.

ANNUAL RETURNS

158. The Board shall make or cause to be made such annual or other returns or filings as may be required to be made in accordance with the Statutes.

ACCOUNTS

159. The Board shall cause true accounts to be kept of the sums of money received and expended by the Company, and the matters in respect of which such receipts and expenditure take place, and of the property, assets, credits and liabilities of the Company and of all other matters required by the Statutes or necessary to give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs and to show and explain its transactions.

160. The books of account shall be kept at the Head Office or at such other place or places as the Board thinks fit and shall always be open to the inspection of the Directors provided that such records as are required by the Statutes shall also be kept at the Registered Office.
161. No member (not being a Director) or other person shall have any right of inspecting any account or book or document of the Company except as conferred by the Statutes or ordered by a court of competent jurisdiction or authorised by the Board or the Company in general meeting or permitted under these Bye-laws.
162. (A) The Board shall from time to time cause to be prepared and laid before the Company at its annual general meeting such profit and loss accounts, balance sheets, group accounts (if any) and reports as are required by the Statutes.
- (B) ~~Every~~ Subject to paragraph (C) below, every balance sheet of the Company shall be signed on behalf of the Board by two of the Directors and a copy of every balance sheet (including every document required by law to be comprised therein or annexed thereto) and profit and loss account which is to be laid before the Company at its annual general meeting, together with a copy of the Directors' report and a copy of the Auditors' report, shall not less than twenty-one days before the date of the meeting, be sent to every member of, and every holder of debentures of, the Company and every ~~person registered under Bye-Law 46 and every~~ other person entitled to receive notices of general meetings of the Company under the provisions of the Companies Act or these Bye-Laws, provided that this Bye-Law shall not require a copy of those documents to be sent to any person of whose address the Company is not aware or to more than one of the joint holders of any shares or debentures, but any member or holder of debentures to whom a copy of those documents has not been sent shall be entitled to receive a copy free of charge on application at the Head Office or the Registration Office. If all or any of the shares or debentures of the Company shall for the time being be (with the consent of the Company) listed or dealt in on any stock exchange, there shall be forwarded to the appropriate officer of such stock exchange such number of copies of such documents as may for the time being be required under its regulations or practice.
- (C) The Company may send summarised financial statements to shareholders of the Company who have, in accordance with the Statutes and any applicable rules prescribed by The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited, consented and elected to receive summarised financial statements instead of the full financial statements. The summarised financial statements must be accompanied by an auditor's report and notice informing the shareholder how to notify the Company that he elects to receive the full financial statements. The summarised financial statements, notice and auditor's report must be sent not less than twenty-one days before the general meeting to those shareholders that consented and elected to receive the summarised financial statements.
- (D) Subject to Section 88 of the Companies Act, the Company shall send the full financial statements to a shareholder within seven days of receipt of the shareholder's election to receive the full financial statements.

AUDITORS

163. (A) Auditors shall be appointed and the terms and tenure of such appointment and their duties at all times regulated in accordance with the provisions of the ~~Statutes~~ Companies Act and these Bye-Laws.

- (B) ~~The Company shall at each annual general meeting~~ may by Ordinary Resolution appoint one or more firms of auditors to hold office until the conclusion of the next annual general meeting, but if an appointment is not made, the ~~Auditor or~~ Auditors in office shall continue in office until a successor is appointed. A Director, officer or employee of the Company or of any of its subsidiaries or a partner, officer or employee of any such Director, officer or employee shall not be capable of being appointed Auditors of the Company. The Board may fill any casual vacancy in the office of Auditors, but while any such vacancy continues the surviving or continuing ~~Auditor or~~ Auditors (if any) may act. Subject as otherwise provided by the ~~Statutes~~ Companies Act, the remuneration of the ~~Auditor or~~ Auditors shall be fixed by ~~or on the authority of the Company at the Annual General Meeting~~ except that in any particular year the Company in general meeting by Ordinary Resolution in such manner as the shareholders may determine, may delegate the fixing of such remuneration to the Board and except that the remuneration of any Auditor appointed by the Board to fill ~~any a~~ casual vacancy may be fixed by the ~~Directors~~Board.
- (C) Subject to the provisions of the Companies Act, the Company may, at any general meeting convened and held in accordance with these Bye-laws, remove the Auditors by Ordinary Resolution at any time before the expiration of the term of office and shall, by Ordinary Resolution, at that meeting appoint new auditors in its place for the remainder of the term.
164. The ~~Auditor or~~ Auditors of the Company shall have a right of access at all times to the books and accounts and vouchers of the Company and shall be entitled to require from the Directors and officers of the Company such information as may be necessary for the performance of his or their duties, and the ~~Auditor or~~ Auditors shall make a report to the members on the accounts examined by him or them and on every balance sheet, consolidated balance sheet and consolidated profit and loss account intended to be laid before the Company in the annual general meeting during his or their tenure of office as required by the Statutes.
165. A person other than ~~a retiring~~ the incumbent Auditors shall not be capable of being appointed Auditors ~~at an annual~~ at a general meeting unless notice of an intention to nominate that person to the office of Auditors has been given to the Company not less than fourteen twenty-one days before the annual general meeting, and the Company shall send a copy of any such notice to the retiring incumbent Auditors and shall give notice thereof to the members not less than seven days before the annual general meeting provided that the above requirements may be waived by notice in writing by the retiring incumbent Auditors to the Secretary provided that if after a notice of the intention to nominate an Auditor has been so given an annual general meeting is called for a date fourteen days or less after that notice has been given, the notice, though not given within the time required by this provision, shall be deemed to have been properly given for the purposes thereof, and the notice to be sent or given by the Company may instead of being sent or given within the time required by this provision be sent or given at the same time as the notice of the annual general meeting.
166. Subject to the provisions of the ~~Statutes~~ Companies Act, all acts done by any person acting as ~~an~~ Auditors shall, as regards all persons dealing in good faith with the Company, be valid, notwithstanding that there was some defect in ~~his~~ their appointment or that ~~he was~~ they were at the time of ~~his~~ their appointment not qualified for appointment or subsequently became disqualified.

NOTICES

167. ~~Any notice or document to be given or issued under these Bye-Laws shall be in writing, and may be served by the Company on any member either personally or by sending it through the post in a prepaid letter, envelope or wrapper addressed to such member at his registered address as appearing in the register or by delivering or leaving it at such registered address as aforesaid or (in the case of a notice) by advertisement in newspapers circulating in the Relevant Territory. In the case of joint holders of a share, all notices shall be given to that one of the joint holders whose name stands first in the register and notice so given shall be sufficient notice to all the joint holders.~~

(A) (1) Except where otherwise expressly stated, any notice or document to be given to or by any person pursuant to these Bye-Laws shall be in writing or, to the extent permitted by the Statutes and any applicable rules by The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited from time to time and subject to this Bye-Law, contained in an electronic communication. A notice calling a meeting of the Directors need not be in writing.

(2) Any notice or document to be given to or by any person pursuant to these Bye-Laws may be served on or delivered to any member of the Company :

a) personally; or

b) by sending it through the post in a prepaid envelope or wrapper addressed to such member at his registered address as appearing in the register or by leaving it at that address addressed to the shareholder or by any other means authorised in writing by the member concerned; or

c) (other than share certificates) by publishing by way of advertisement in at least one English language newspaper and one Chinese language newspaper circulating generally in Hong Kong.

In the case of joint holders of a share, all notices shall be given to that one of the joint holders whose name stands first in the register and notice so given shall be sufficient notice to all the joint holders. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing but subject to the Statutes and any rules prescribed by The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited from time to time, a notice or document may be served or delivered by the Company to any shareholder by electronic means to such address as may from time to time be authorised by the shareholder concerned or by publishing it on a website and notifying the shareholder concerned that it has been so published (“notice of availability”).

(3) Any such notice or document may be served or delivered by the Company by reference to the register of members as it stands at any time not more than fifteen days before the date of service or delivery. No change in the register of members after that time shall invalidate that service or delivery. Where any notice or document is served or delivered to any person in respect of a share in accordance with these Bye-laws, no person deriving any title or interest in that share shall be entitled to any further service or delivery of that notice or document.

- (B) (1) Any notice or document required to be sent to or served upon the Company, or upon any officer of the Company, may be sent or served by leaving the same or sending it through the post in a prepaid envelope or wrapper addressed to the Company or to such officer at the Head Office or Registered Office.
- (2) The Board may from time to time specify the form and manner in which a notice may be given to the Company by electronic means, including one or more addresses for the receipt of an electronic communication, and may prescribe such procedures as they think fit for verifying the authenticity or integrity of any such electronic communication. Any notice may be given to the Company by electronic means only if it is given in accordance with the requirements specified by the Board.
168. Any member whose registered address is outside the Relevant Territory may notify the Company in writing of an address in the Relevant Territory which for the purpose of service of notice shall be deemed to be his registered address. Where the registered address of the member is outside the Relevant Territory, notice, if given through the post, shall be sent by prepaid airmail letter.
169. Any notice sent by post or other document, if sent by mail, postage prepaid, shall be deemed to have been served or delivered on the day following that on which the letter, envelope or wrapper containing the same is put into a the post office situated within the Relevant Territory and. In proving such service it shall be sufficient to prove that the letter, envelope or wrapper containing the notice or document was properly prepaid, addressed and put into such the post office and a certificate in writing signed by the Secretary or other person appointed by the Board that the envelope or wrapper containing the notice was so addressed and put into such post office shall be conclusive evidence thereof.as prepaid mail. Any notice or document not sent by post but left by the Company at the address of a shareholder noted on the register of members shall be deemed to have been served or delivered on the day it was so left. Any notice or document, if sent by electronic means (including through any relevant system), shall be deemed to be have been given on the day following that on which the electronic communication was sent by or on behalf of the Company. Any notice or document served or delivered by the Company by any other means authorised in writing by the shareholder concerned shall be deemed to have been served when the Company has carried out the action it has been authorised to take for that purpose. Any notice or other document published by way of advertisement in the Newspapers or in an appointed newspaper shall be deemed to have been served or delivered on the day it was so published. Any notice or document published on a website shall be deemed given by the Company to a shareholder on the later of (i) the date on which a notice of availability is deemed served on such shareholder and (ii) the date on which such notice or document was published on the website.
170. A notice may be given by the Company to the person entitled to a share in consequence of the death, mental disorder or bankruptcy of a member by sending it through the post in a prepaid letter, envelope or wrapper addressed to him by name, or by ~~disorder or the~~ title of representative of the deceased, or ~~bankruptcy of~~ trustee of the bankrupt, or by any like a ~~member~~ description, at the address, if any, supplied for the purpose by the person claiming to be so entitled, or (until such an address has been so supplied) by giving the notice in any manner in which the same might have been given if the death, mental disorder or bankruptcy had not occurred.

171. Any person who by operation of law, transfer or other means whatsoever shall become entitled to any share shall be bound by every notice in respect of such share which prior to his name and address being entered on the register shall have been duly given to the person from whom he derives his title to such share.
172. Any notice or document delivered or sent by post to, or left at the registered address of any member in pursuance of these presents, shall notwithstanding that such member be then deceased or bankrupt and whether or not the Company has notice of his death or bankruptcy, be deemed to have been duly served in respect of any registered shares whether held solely or jointly with other persons by such member until some other person be registered in his stead as the holder or joint holder thereof, and such service shall for all purposes of these presents be deemed a sufficient service of such notice or document on his personal representatives and all persons (if any) jointly interested with him in any such shares.
173. The signature to any notice to be given by the Company may be written or printed.

INFORMATION

174. No member (not being a Director) shall be entitled to require discovery of or any information respecting any detail of the Company's trading or any matter which is or may be in the nature of a trade secret, mystery of trade or secret process which may relate to the conduct of the business of the Company ~~and~~ which in the opinion of the Board it will be inexpedient in the interests of the members of the Company to communicate to the public.

WINDING UP

175. A resolution that the Company be wound up by the Court or be wound up voluntarily shall be a Special Resolution.
176. If the Company shall be wound up, the surplus assets remaining after payment to all creditors shall be divided among the members in proportion to the capital paid up on the shares held by them respectively, and if such surplus assets shall be insufficient to repay the whole of the paid up capital, they shall be distributed so that, as nearly as may be, the losses shall be borne by the members in proportion to the capital paid up on the shares held by them respectively, but all subject to the rights of any shares which may be issued on special terms and conditions.
177. If the Company shall be wound up (whether the liquidation is voluntary or ordered by the ~~court~~ Court) the liquidator may, with the sanction of a Special Resolution, divide among the members in specie or kind the whole or any part of the assets of the Company whether the assets shall consist of property of one kind or shall consist of ~~the~~ properties of different kinds and the liquidator may, for such purpose, set such value as he deems fair upon any one or more class or classes of property to be divided as aforesaid and may determine how such division shall be carried out as between the members or different classes of members and the members within each class. The liquidator may, with the like sanction, vest any part of the assets in trustees upon such trusts for the benefit of members as the liquidator, with the like sanction, shall think fit, but so that no member shall be compelled to accept any shares or other assets upon which there is a liability.

INDEMNITY

178. Save and except so far as the provisions of this Bye-Law shall be avoided by any provisions of the Statutes, the Directors, ~~Managing~~managing ~~Directors~~directors, alternate Directors, Auditors, Secretary and other officers for the time being of the Company and the trustees (if any) for the time being acting in relation to any of the affairs of the Company, and their respective executors or administrators, shall be indemnified and secured harmless out of the assets of the Company from and against all actions, costs, charges, losses, damages and expenses which they or any of them, their or any of their executors or administrators, shall or may incur or sustain by reason of any act done, concurred in or omitted in or about the execution of their duty or supposed duty in their respective offices or trusts, except such (if any) as they shall incur or sustain through their own wilful neglect or default, fraud and dishonesty respectively, and none of them shall be answerable for the acts, receipts, neglects or defaults of any other of them, or for joining in any receipt for the sake of conformity, or for any bankers or other persons with whom any moneys or effects of the Company shall be lodged or deposited for safe custody, or for the insufficiency or deficiency of any security upon which any moneys of the Company shall be placed out or invested, or for any other loss, misfortune or damage which may happen in the execution of their respective offices or trusts, or in relation thereto, except as the same shall happen by or through their own wilful neglect or default, fraud and dishonesty respectively.

UNTRACEABLE MEMBERS

179. Without prejudice to the rights of the Company under Bye-Law 155 and the provisions of Bye-Law 180, the Company may cease sending such cheques for dividend entitlements or dividend warrants by post if such cheques or warrants have been left uncashed on two consecutive occasions. However, the Company may exercise the power to cease sending cheques for dividend entitlements or dividend warrants after the first occasion on which such a cheque or warrant is returned undelivered.

180. The Company shall have the power to sell, in such manner as the Board thinks fit, any shares of a member who is untraceable, but no such sale shall be made unless:—

- (i) all cheques or warrants, being not less than three in total number, for any sum payable in cash to the holder of such shares in respect of them sent during the relevant period in the manner authorised by the Bye-Laws of the Company have remained uncashed;
- (ii) so far as it is aware at the end of the relevant period, the Company has not at any time during the relevant period received any indication of the existence of the member who is the holder of such shares or of a person entitled to such shares by death, bankruptcy or operation of law; and
- (iii) the Company has caused ~~to be inserted~~to be inserted an advertisement ~~in one or more newspapers circulating~~in the Relevant Territory Newspaper of its intention to sell such shares and a period of three months has elapsed since the date of such advertisement and has notified the stock exchange of the Relevant Territory of such intention.

For the purpose of the foregoing, “relevant period” means the period commencing twelve years before the date of publication of the advertisement referred to in paragraph (iii) of this Bye-Law and ending at the expiry of the period referred to in that paragraph.

To give effect to any such sale the Board may authorise any person to transfer the said shares and the instrument of transfer signed or otherwise executed by or on behalf of such person shall be as effective as if it had been executed by the registered holder or the person entitled by transmission to such shares, and the purchaser shall not be bound to see to the application of the purchase money nor shall his title to the shares be affected by any irregularity or invalidity in the proceedings relating to the sale. The net proceeds of the sale will belong to the Company and upon receipt by the Company of such proceeds it shall become indebted to the former member for an amount equal to such net proceeds. No trusts shall be created in respect of such debt and no interest shall be payable in respect of it and the Company shall not be required to account for any money earned from the net proceeds which may be employed in the business of the Company or as it thinks fit. Any sale under this Bye-Law shall be valid and effective notwithstanding that the member holding the shares sold is dead, bankrupt or otherwise under any legal disability or incapacity.

DESTRUCTION OF DOCUMENTS

181. Subject to the provisions of the ~~Statutes~~Companies Act, the Company may destroy:—

- (a) any share certificate which has been cancelled at any time after the expiry of one year from the date of such cancellation;
- (b) any dividend mandate or any variation or cancellation thereof or any notification of change of name or address at any time after the expiry of two years from the date on which such mandate, variation, cancellation or notification was recorded by the Company;
- (c) any instrument of transfer of shares which has been registered at any time after the expiry of six years from the date of registration; and
- (d) any other document, on the basis of which any entry in the register is made, at any time after the expiry of six years from the date on which an entry in the register was first made in respect of it;

and it shall conclusively be presumed in favour of the Company that every share certificate so destroyed was a valid certificate duly and properly cancelled and that every instrument of transfer so destroyed was a valid and effective instrument duly and properly registered and that every other document destroyed hereunder was a valid and effective document in accordance with the recorded particulars thereof in the books or records of the Company. Provided always that:—

- (i) the foregoing provisions of this Bye-Law shall apply only to the destruction of a document in good faith and without express notice to the Company that the preservation of such document was relevant to a claim;
- (ii) nothing contained in this Bye-Law shall be construed as imposing upon the Company any liability in respect of the destruction of any such document earlier than as aforesaid or in any case where the conditions of proviso (i) above are not fulfilled; and
- (iii) references in this Bye-Law to the destruction of any document include reference to its disposal in any manner.

CHANGES IN APPLICABLE LAW

182. The following provisions, or any of them, shall have effect at any time and from time to time that they are not prohibited by or inconsistent with any provision of the Statutes:—

(i) Bye-Law 6(C) shall read as follows:—

“(C) Subject to the Statutes:—

(i) ~~the Company may give financial assistance on such terms as the Directors think fit to Directors and bona fide employees of the Company, any of its subsidiaries, any holding company of the Company and/or any subsidiary of any such holding company, in each such case whether incorporated in Bermuda or elsewhere and whether or not a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company in order that they may buy shares (fully or partly paid) in the Company or any holding company of the Company and such terms may include a reference that, when a Director ceases to be a director of, or an employee ceases to be employed by, the Company or such other company, shares bought with such financial assistance shall or may be sold to the Company or such other company on such terms as the Directors think fit; and~~

(ii) ~~the Company may in accordance with any scheme for the time being in force and approved by the members in general meeting provide directly or indirectly money or other financial assistance direct or indirect for the purpose of or in connection with the purchase of, or subscription for, fully or partly paid shares in the Company or any holding company of the Company, being a purchase or subscription by a trustee of or for shares to be held by or for the benefit of employees of the Company, any of its subsidiaries, any holding company of the Company or any subsidiary of any such holding company, in each such case whether incorporated in Bermuda or elsewhere and whether or not a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company including any director holding a salaried employment or office with or in any such company and so that the residual beneficiary of any such trust may be or include a charitable object.”~~

(ii) ~~repealed on 3 June 2004.~~

(iii) ~~repealed on 3 June 2004.~~

(iv) Bye-Law 90 shall be read as follows:—

“90. A Director may at any time, by notice in writing signed by him delivered to the Registered Office of the Company or at the Head Office or at a meeting of the Board, appoint any person (including another Director) to act as alternate Director in his place during his absence and may in like manner at any time determine such appointment. If such person is not another Director such appointment unless previously approved by the Board, shall have effect only upon and subject to being so approved. The appointment of an alternate Director shall determine on the happening of any event which were he a Director, would cause him to vacate such office or if his appointor ceases to be a Director.”

(v) Bye-Law 92 shall be read as follows:—

~~“92. A Director or an alternate Director shall not be required to hold any qualification shares but shall nevertheless be entitled to attend and speak at all general meetings of the Company and of any class of members of the Company.”~~

(vi) Bye-Law 99 shall be read as follows:—

~~“99. (A) At each annual general meeting one-third of the Directors (save for any Chairman or Managing Director who does not choose to subject themselves to the retirement by rotation process stated in this Bye-Law) for the time being, or, if their number is not three or a multiple of three, then the number nearest one-third, shall retire from office by rotation provided that (i) each Director shall retire from office by rotation once every three years notwithstanding the above; (ii) at each annual general meeting any Director who has not been subject to rotation in the immediate preceding three years shall also retire from office by rotation thereat; and (iii) a Director holding office as a Chairman or Managing Director who does not choose to subject themselves to the retirement by rotation process stated in this Bye-Law shall not be subject to retirement by rotation or be taken into account in determining the number of Directors to retire. Without prejudice to the foregoing, the Directors to retire in every year shall be those who have been longest in office since their last election but as between persons who became Directors on the same day those to retire shall (unless they otherwise agree between themselves) be determined by lot. The retiring Directors shall be eligible for re-election.”~~

(vii) Bye-Law 119 shall be read as if the following were the first sentence thereof:—

~~“The Board shall from time to time elect or otherwise appoint a Director to be Chairman and may also, but shall not be required to, elect any Deputy Chairman (or two or more Deputy Chairmen) or a President or Vice-President (or two or more Vice-Presidents) and determine the period for which each of them is to hold office.”~~

(viii) Paragraph (A) of Bye-Law 134 shall read as if the following sentence were added after the first sentence:—

~~“The Company may adopt one or more common seals for use in any territory outside Bermuda.”~~

(ix) The following shall constitute Bye-Laws 183, 184 and 185 (in so far as not prohibited or inconsistent with any provision of the Statutes):—

[Intentionally deleted]

MAINTENANCE OF RECORDS

183. Where the Company has a resident representative, the The Company shall keep at the office of its Resident-resident Representative-representative, in accordance with the provisions of the Statutes, the following:—

(i) minutes of all proceedings of general meetings and all proceedings of meetings of Directors of the Company;

- (ii) all financial statements required to be prepared by the Company under the Companies Act together with the ~~auditor's~~ Auditors' report thereon;
- (iii) all records of account required by Section 83 of the Companies Act to be kept in Bermuda; and
- (iv) all such documents as may be required in order to provide evidence of the continued listing of the Company on an appointed stock exchange within the meaning of the Companies Act.; and
- (v) ~~a register containing the names and addresses and occupations of the Directors of the Company.~~ [Intentionally deleted]

RESIDENT REPRESENTATIVE

184. Pursuant to the provisions of the Statutes, the Board shall for so long as the Company does not have a ~~quorum of Directors~~ Director or a Secretary ordinarily resident in Bermuda, appoint a ~~Resident-resident Representative-representative~~ Resident Representative as defined in the Statutes, to act on its behalf in Bermuda and to maintain all such records as may be required by the Statutes to be maintained in Bermuda and to make all necessary filings with the Ministry of Finance and Registrar of Companies in Bermuda as may be required by the Statutes and to fix his or their or its remuneration either by way of salary or fee for the period of the Resident Representative's service to the Company.

SUBSCRIPTION RIGHT RESERVE

185. So far as it is permitted by the law of Bermuda

- (A) If, so long as any of the rights ~~attached~~ attaching to any warrants issued by the Company to subscribe for shares of the Company shall remain exercisable, the Company does any act or engages in any transaction which, as a result of any adjustments to the subscription price in accordance with the provisions applicable under the terms and conditions of the warrants, would reduce the subscription price to below the par value of a share, then the following provisions shall apply:—
 - (i) as from the date of such act or transaction the Company shall establish and thereafter (subject as provided in this Bye-Law) maintain in accordance with the provisions of this Bye-Law a reserve (the "Subscription Right Reserve") the amount of which shall at no time be less than the sum which for the time being would be required to be capitalised and applied in paying up in full the nominal amount of the additional shares required to be issued and allotted credited as fully paid pursuant to sub-paragraph (iii) below on the exercise in full of all the subscription rights outstanding and shall apply the Subscription Right Reserve in paying up in full such difference in respect of such additional shares as and when the same are allotted;
 - (ii) the Subscription Right Reserve shall not be used for any purpose other than that specified above unless all other reserves of the Company (other than the share premium account and capital redemption reserve fund) have been used and will only be used to make good losses of the Company if and so far as is required by law;

(iii) upon the exercise of all or any of the subscription rights represented by any warrant, the relevant subscription rights shall be exercisable in respect of a nominal amount of shares equal to the amount in cash which the holder of such warrant is required to pay on exercise of the subscription rights represented thereby (or, as the case may be the relevant portion thereof in the event of a partial exercise of the subscription rights) and, in addition, there shall be allotted in respect of such subscription rights to the exercising warrant holder, credited as fully paid, such additional nominal amount of shares as is equal to the difference between:—

(aa) the said amount in cash which the holder of such warrant is required to pay on exercise of the subscription rights represented thereby (or, as the case may be, the relevant portion thereof in the event of a partial exercise of the subscription rights); and

(bb) the nominal amount of shares in respect of which such subscription rights would have been exercisable having regard to the provisions of the conditions of the warrants, had it been possible for such subscription rights to represent the right to subscribe for shares at less than par,

and immediately upon such exercise so much of the sum standing to the credit of the Subscription Right Reserve as is required to pay up in full such additional nominal amount of shares shall be capitalised and applied in paying up in full such additional nominal amount of shares which shall forthwith be allotted credited as fully paid to the exercising warrant-holder; and

(iv) if upon the exercise of the subscription rights represented by any warrant the amount standing to the credit of the Subscription Right Reserve is not sufficient to pay up in full such additional nominal amount of shares equal to such difference as aforesaid to which the exercising warrant holder is entitled, the Board shall apply any profits or reserves then or thereafter becoming available (including, to the extent permitted by law, contributed surplus account, share premium account and capital redemption reserve fund) for such purpose until such additional nominal amount of shares is paid up and allotted as aforesaid and until then no dividend or other distribution shall be paid or made on the fully paid shares of the Company then in issue. Pending such payment up and allotment, the exercising warrant holder shall be issued by the Company with a certificate evidencing his right to the allotment of such additional nominal amount of shares. The rights represented by any such certificate shall be in registered form and shall be transferable in whole or in part in units of one share in the like manner as the shares for the time being are transferable, and the Company shall make such arrangements in relation to the maintenance of a register therefor and other matters in relation thereto as the Board may think fit and adequate particulars thereof shall be made known to each relevant exercising warrant holder upon the issue of such certificate.

(B) Shares allotted pursuant to the provisions of this Bye-Law shall rank *pari passu* in all respects with the other shares allotted on the relevant exercise of the subscription rights represented by the warrant concerned. Notwithstanding anything contained in paragraph (A) of this Bye-Law, no fraction of any share shall be allotted on exercise of the subscription rights.

(C) The provisions of this Bye-Law as to the establishment and maintenance of the Subscription Right Reserve shall not be altered or added to in any way which would vary or abrogate, or which would have the effect of varying or abrogating, the

provisions for the benefit of any warrant holder or class of warrant holders under this Bye-Law without the sanction of a special resolution of such warrant holders or class of warrant holders.

- (D) A certificate or report by the Auditors for the time being of the Company as to whether or not the Subscription Right Reserve is required to be established and maintained and if so the amount thereof so required to be established and maintained, as to the purposes for which the Subscription Right Reserve has been used, as to the extent to which it has been used to make good losses of the Company, as to the additional nominal amount of shares required to be allotted to exercising warrant holders credited as fully paid, and as to any other matter concerning the Subscription Right Reserve shall (in the absence of manifest error) be conclusive and binding upon the Company and all warrant holders and shareholders.²²



China Medical & HealthCare Group Limited

(Incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability)

(Stock Code: 383)

NOTICE OF ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Annual General Meeting (the “**Meeting**”) of China Medical & HealthCare Group Limited (the “**Company**”) will be held at Plaza 1-2, Basement 3, Novotel Century Hong Kong, 238 Jaffe Road, Wanchai, Hong Kong on Thursday, 1 June 2023 at 11:00 a.m. for the following purposes:

ORDINARY RESOLUTIONS

As ordinary business, to consider and, if thought fit, pass with or without amendments the following resolutions as ordinary resolutions of the Company:

1. To receive and adopt the Audited Financial Statements and the Reports of the Directors and the Auditor for the year ended 31 December 2022.
2. (i) (a) To re-elect Ms. Chong Sok Un as director.
(b) To re-elect Mr. Kong Muk Yin as director.
(c) To re-elect Mr. Gao Zhaoyuan as director.
(d) To re-elect Dr. Xia Xiaoning as director.
(ii) To authorise the board of directors (the “**Board**”) to fix their remuneration.
3. (i) To re-elect Mr. Zhang Jian, an independent non-executive director who has served the Company for more than nine(9) years, as director.
(ii) To authorise the Board to fix his remuneration.
4. To re-appoint Auditor and authorise the Board to fix its remuneration.

As special business, to consider and, if thought fit, pass with or without amendments the following resolutions as ordinary resolutions of the Company:

5. (i) “**THAT:**
 - (a) subject to paragraph (b) below, the exercise by the directors of the Company (the “**Directors**”) during the Relevant Period (as hereinafter defined) of all the powers of the Company to repurchase shares in the share capital of the Company or any other rights or securities, to subscribe or purchase shares in the share capital of the Company in each case through the facilities of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the “**Stock Exchange**”) or of another

exchange recognised by the Securities and Futures Commission of Hong Kong and the Stock Exchange under the Hong Kong Code on Share Repurchases for this purpose, subject to and in accordance with all applicable laws and the requirements of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange or of any other stock exchange as amended from time to time, be and is hereby generally and unconditionally approved;

- (b) the aggregate number of issued Shares of the Company to be repurchased by the Company pursuant to the approval in paragraph (a) above shall not exceed ten per cent. (10%) of the aggregate number of issued Shares of the Company in issue at the date of passing this Resolution and the approval granted under paragraph (a) above shall be limited accordingly; and
 - (c) for the purpose of this Resolution, “Relevant Period” means the period from the passing of this Resolution until whichever is the earlier of:
 - (i) the conclusion of the next annual general meeting of the Company;
 - (ii) the expiration of the period within which the next annual general meeting of the Company is required by the laws of Bermuda or the bye-laws of the Company to be held; and
 - (iii) the date on which the authority set out in this Resolution is revoked or varied by an ordinary resolution of the shareholders in general meeting.”
- (ii) **“THAT:**
- (a) subject to paragraph (c) below, the exercise by the Directors during the Relevant Period (as hereinafter defined) of all the powers of the Company to allot, issue and deal with additional shares in the share capital of the Company or securities convertible into such shares or options, warrants or other rights to subscribe for any such shares or such convertible securities and to make or grant offers, agreements and options which would or might require the exercise of such powers, be and is hereby generally and unconditionally approved;
 - (b) the approval in paragraph (a) above shall authorise the Directors during the Relevant Period (as hereinafter defined) to make or grant offers, agreements and options which would or might require the exercise of such powers after the end of the Relevant Period;
 - (c) the aggregate number of issued Shares of the Company to be allotted or agreed conditionally or unconditionally to be allotted (whether pursuant to an option or otherwise) and issued by the Directors pursuant to the approval in paragraph (a) above, otherwise than pursuant to (i) a Rights Issue (as hereinafter defined); (ii) an issue of shares as scrip dividends pursuant to the Bye-Laws from time to time; (iii) an issue of shares under any option scheme or similar arrangement for the time being adopted for the grant or issue to employees of the Company and/or any of its subsidiaries of shares or rights to acquire shares of the Company; or (iv) an issue of shares upon the exercise of rights of subscription or conversion under the terms of any warrants of the

Company, shall not exceed twenty per cent. (20%) of the aggregate number of issued Shares of the Company at the date of passing this Resolution, and the said approval in paragraph (a) above shall be limited accordingly; and

- (d) for the purpose of this Resolution, “Relevant Period” means the period from the passing of this Resolution until whichever is the earlier of:
- (i) the conclusion of the next annual general meeting of the Company;
 - (ii) the expiration of the period within which the next annual general meeting of the Company is required by the laws of Bermuda or the bye-laws of the Company to be held; and
 - (iii) the date on which the authority set out in this Resolution is revoked or varied by an ordinary resolution of the shareholders in general meeting; and

“Rights Issue” means an offer of shares open for a period fixed by the Directors to the holders of shares of the Company on the register on a fixed record date in proportion to their holdings of such shares as at that date (subject to such exclusions or other arrangements as the Directors may deem necessary or expedient in relation to fractional entitlements or having regard to any restrictions or obligations under the laws of, or the requirements of any recognised regulatory body or any stock exchange in any territory outside Hong Kong applicable to the Company).”

- (iii) “**THAT** conditional upon the passing of Ordinary Resolutions Nos. 5 (i) and 5 (ii) above, the general mandate granted to the Directors to exercise the powers of the Company to allot, issue and deal with additional shares in the share capital of the Company pursuant to Ordinary Resolution No. 5 (ii) above be and is hereby extended by the addition thereto of an amount representing the aggregate number of issued Shares of the Company repurchased by the Company under the authority granted pursuant to the Ordinary Resolution No. 5 (i) above, provided that such amount shall not exceed ten per cent. (10%) of the aggregate number of issued Shares of the Company at the date of passing this Resolution.”

SPECIAL RESOLUTION

To consider and, if thought fit, pass with or without modification the following resolution as a special resolution:

6. “**THAT** the amendments to the existing bye-laws (the “**Bye-Laws**”) of the Company set out in Appendix III to the circular of the Company dated 28 April 2023 of which this notice forms part be and are hereby approved and the new bye-laws of the Company (the “**New Bye-Laws**”, a copy of which having been produced before this meeting and signed by the chairman of the meeting for the purpose of identification) be and is hereby adopted as the new bye-laws of the Company in substitution for and to the exclusion of the Bye-Laws with immediate effect after the close of this meeting and **THAT** any one of the Directors or the Company Secretary of the Company be and is hereby authorised to do all such acts

and things necessary to effect and record the adoption of the New Bye-Laws and to make relevant registrations and filings in accordance with the requirements of the applicable laws of Bermuda and Hong Kong.”

By Order of the Board
China Medical & HealthCare Group Limited
Leung Yuk Yi
Company Secretary

Hong Kong, 28 April 2023

Notes:

- (1) A member of the Company entitled to attend and vote at the aforesaid Meeting is entitled to appoint one or (if holding two or more shares) more proxies to attend and vote in his stead. A proxy need not be a member of the Company.
- (2) Where there are joint registered holders of any share, any one of such persons may vote at the Meeting, either personally or by proxy, in respect of such share as if he/she were solely entitled thereto: but if more than one of such joint holders be present at the Meeting personally or by proxy, that one of the said persons so present whose name stands first on the register of members in respect of such share shall alone be entitled to vote in respect thereof.
- (3) To be valid, the form of proxy together with any power of attorney or other authority under which it is signed or a notarially certified copy of that power of attorney or authority must be deposited with the Company's branch share registrar and transfer office in Hong Kong, Tricor Tengis Limited, at 17/F, Far East Finance Centre, 16 Harcourt Road, Hong Kong or via the designated URL (<https://spot-meeting.tricor.hk/>) by using the username and password provided on the notification letter sent by the Company not later than 48 hours before the time appointed for holding of the Meeting or any adjournment thereof.
- (4) All resolutions at the Meeting will be taken by poll (except where the chairman decides to allow a resolution to be voted by a show of hands) pursuant to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange.
- (5) For determining the entitlement to attend and vote at the Meeting, the register of members of the Company will be closed from Monday, 29 May 2023 to Thursday, 1 June 2023, both dates inclusive, during which period no transfer of shares will be effected. In order to be eligible to attend and vote at the Meeting, all transfers of ordinary shares, duly accompanied by the relevant share certificates, must be lodged with the Company's branch share registrar and transfer office in Hong Kong, Tricor Tengis Limited, at 17/F, Far East Finance Centre, 16 Harcourt Road, Hong Kong for registration, no later than 4:30 p.m. on Thursday, 25 May 2023.