

# Enviro Energy International Holdings Limited 環能國際控股有限公司

(Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability) (於開曼群島註冊成立之有限公司)

(Stock Code 股份代號: 1102)



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### **Abbreviations**

### 簡稱

In this annual report, the following abbreviations have the following meanings unless otherwise specified:

於本年報內,除文義另有所指外,下列簡稱 具有以下涵義:

"Memorandum and Articles Articles of Association of Association"

「組織章程大綱及細則」 指 組織章程細則

"Board of Directors of the Company

「董事會」 指 本公司之董事會

"Company" Enviro Energy International Holdings Limited

「本公司」 指 環能國際控股有限公司

"Companies Ordinance" Chapter 622 of the Laws of Hong Kong

「公司條例」 指 香港法例第622章

"Directors" directors of the Company

「董事」 指 本公司之董事

"Group" the Company and its subsidiaries

「本集團」 指 本公司及其附屬公司

"Listing Rules" Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange

「上市規則」 指 聯交所證券上市規則

"PRC" The People's Republic of China

「中國」 指 中華人民共和國

"SFO" Securities and Futures Ordinance (Chapter 571 of the Laws of

Hong Kong)

「證券及期貨條例」 指 證券及期貨條例(香港法例第571章)

"Stock Exchange" The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited

「聯交所」 指 香港聯合交易所有限公司

"HK\$" and "HK cent" Hong Kong dollar(s) and cent, the lawful currency of Hong Kong

「港元」及「港仙」 指 港元及港仙,香港法定貨幣

"US\$" United States dollar(s), the lawful currency of the United States of

America

「美元」 指 美元,美國的法定貨幣

"%" per cent. 「%」 指 百分比

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### Corporate Information 公司資料

#### **BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

#### **Executive Directors**

Mr. Li Gang (Chairman)

Mr. Pan Lihui Mr. Jiang Senlin

#### **Independent Non-executive Directors**

Mr. Zhong Jian

Mr. Tan Xiangyi (Appointed on 5 March 2023)

Mr. Liu Qin

Mr. Du Hongwei (Resigned on 5 March 2023)

#### **AUDIT COMMITTEE**

Mr. Liu Qin (Chairman)

Mr. Zhong Jian Mr. Tan Xiangyi

#### **REMUNERATION COMMITTEE**

Mr. Zhong Jian (Chairman)

Mr. Pan Lihui Mr. Tan Xiangyi

#### **NOMINATION COMMITTEE**

Mr. Tan Xiangyi (Chairman)

Mr. Pan Lihui Mr. Zhong Jian

#### **COMPANY SECRETARY**

Mr. Ng Yu Ho

#### **TRADING OF SHARES**

Hong Kong Stock Exchange (Stock Code: 1102)

#### 董事會

#### 執行董事

李剛先生(主席) 潘立輝先生 姜森林先生

#### 獨立非執行董事

鍾劍先生

譚湘益先生(於二零二三年三月五日獲委任)

劉秦先生

杜宏偉先生(於二零二三年三月五日辭任)

#### 審核委員會

劉秦先生(主席) 鍾劍先生 譚湘益先生

#### 薪酬委員會

鍾劍先生(主席) 潘立輝先生 譚湘益先生

#### 提名委員會

譚湘益先生(主席) 潘立輝先生 鍾劍先生

#### 公司秘書

吳宇豪先生

#### 股份買賣

香港聯交所

(股份代號:1102)

### Corporate Information (Continued) 公司資料(續)

#### **REGISTERED OFFICE**

Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive P.O. Box 2681 Grand Cayman KY1-1111 Cayman Islands

### HEAD OFFICE AND PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IN HONG KONG

20/F No. 9 Des Voeux Road West Sheung Wan, Hong Kong

#### **PRINCIPAL BANKERS**

Chong Hing Bank Limited
Bank of Communications Co., Ltd., Hong Kong Branch
Yingkou Coastal Bank Co., Ltd.

#### **AUDITOR**

ZHONGHUI ANDA CPA Limited 23/F, Tower 2, Enterprise Square Five, 38 Wang Chiu Road, Kowloon Bay, Kowloon, Hong Kong

### PRINCIPAL SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

SMP Partners (Cayman) Limited 3rd Floor, Royal Bank House 24 Shedden Road George Town Grand Cayman KY1-1110 Cayman Islands

### HONG KONG BRANCH SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Tricor Tengis Limited 17/F, Far East Finance Centre 16 Harcourt Road Hong Kong

#### **COMPANY WEBSITE**

http://www.enviro-energy.com.hk

#### 註冊辦事處

Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive P.O. Box 2681 Grand Cayman KY1-1111 Cayman Islands

#### 總辦事處及香港主要營業地點

香港上環 德輔道西9號 20樓

#### 主要往來銀行

創興銀行有限公司 交通銀行股份有限公司香港分行 營口沿海銀行股份有限公司

#### 核數師

中匯安達會計師事務所有限公司 香港 九龍灣宏照道38號 企業廣場第五期2座23樓

#### 主要股份過戶登記處

SMP Partners (Cayman) Limited 3rd Floor, Royal Bank House 24 Shedden Road George Town Grand Cayman KY1-1110 Cayman Islands

#### 香港股份過戶登記分處

卓佳登捷時有限公司 香港 香港夏慤道16號 遠東金融中心17樓

#### 公司網站

http://www.enviro-energy.com.hk

### Chairman's Statement 主席報告

On behalf of the Board, I hereby present to the annual report Enviro Energy International Holdings Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") for the year ended 31 December 2022 (the "Year").

本人謹代表董事會提呈環能國際控股有限公司(「本公司」)及其附屬公司(統稱「本集團」) 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度(「本 年度」)之年報。

#### **OVERVIEW**

The Group principally engaged in sales of materials businesses and properties investment in Hong Kong and the People's of Republic of China (the "**PRC**").

During the Year, the Group's revenue decreased by approximately 16.2% to approximately HK\$269.6 million from approximately HK\$321.8 million for the year ended 31 December 2021 (the "**Previous Year**"). The decrease was mainly driven by the temporary cessation of the supply of aluminum and related products to the overseas customers as a result of force majeure factors including COVID-19 precaution measures and the Russian Ukrainian War.

The Group recorded a loss attributable to the owners of the Company of approximately HK\$257.0 million for the Year (Previous Year: HK\$357.8 million) was mainly contributed by (i) impairment loss on loan and interest receivables of HK\$215.3 million; and (ii) fair value loss on investment properties of HK\$35.8 million.

#### **PROSPECTS**

Due to the significant fluctuations in the price of aluminum related products since late 2021, particularly after the outbreak of the Russia-Ukrainian War, the Group has slowed down its development in the supply of aluminum related products to safeguard the interest of the Company. As such, the Group has been exploring opportunities to expand the supply of building materials business in the PRC.

#### 概覽

本集團主要於香港及中華人民共和國(「中國」)從事銷售材料業務及物業投資。

於本年度,本集團之收入由截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度(「去年」)的約321.8 百萬港元減少約16.2%至約269.6百萬港元。該減少主要不可抗力因素(包括COVID-19疫情防控措施及俄烏戰爭)而暫時停止向海外客戶供應鋁及相關產品。

本集團於本年度錄得本公司擁有人應佔虧損約257.0百萬港元(去年:357.8百萬港元)乃主要由於(i)應收貸款及應收利息減值虧損215.3百萬港元:及(ii)投資物業公允價值虧損35.8百萬港元所致。

#### 前景

由於自二零二一年底以來,尤其於俄烏戰爭 爆發後,鋁相關產品的價格出現大幅波動, 為保障本公司利益,本集團放緩鋁相關產品 的供應發展。因此,本集團一直尋找機會擴 大於中國的建築材料供應業務。

### Chairman's Statement (Continued) 主席報告(績)

In October 2022, the Group and Hangzhou Zhongji Architectural Decoration Engineering Co., Ltd.\* (杭州中機建築裝飾工程有限公司) ("Hangzhou Zhongji") has jointly established a company to capture the immense opportunity to supply building materials to a number of construction and renovation projects in the PRC. Hangzhou Zhongji has extensive network in construction and renovation projects, while the Group have extensive network in sourcing supply of building materials, the Group may benefit from downstream expansion by approaching the property developers, subcontractors and/or construction projects suppliers referred by Hangzhou Zhongji.

於二零二二年十月,本集團與杭州中機建築 裝飾工程有限公司(「杭州中機」)共同成立了 一間公司,以爭取為中國眾多建築及裝修項 目提供建築材料的龐大商機。杭州中機於建 築及裝修項目方面擁有廣泛的網絡,而本集 團在採購建材供應方面擁有廣泛的網絡,本 集團可透過接觸杭州中機推薦的物業開發 商、分包商及/或建築項目供應商而從下游 擴展中獲益。

The Group will closely monitor the exposure to the risks and uncertainties in connection with COVID-19 and political environment, and assess and react proactively to its impacts on the financial position and results of the Group and will continue to adopt stringent cost and risk management measures to guard against heightened uncertainty in the operating landscape.

本集團將密切關注與COVID-19及政策環境相關的風險及不確定性,評估和積極應對其對本集團財務狀況及業績產生的影響,並將繼續採取嚴格的成本及風險管理措施,以防範營運環境中加劇的不確定性。

The Company has been continuously reviewing its business operations and financial position for the purpose of formulating business plans and strategies for its future business development, which would enable the Group not only to develop its existing business divisions but also to capture business opportunities, diversify its businesses and broaden its income sources. The Company will endeavour to allocate its resources in an efficient and effective manner and in the best interest of the Company and its shareholders as a whole.

本公司持續檢討業務經營及財務狀況,以便 為其未來業務發展制定業務計劃及策略,使 本集團不僅發展其現有業務部門,亦可把握 商機,多元化業務及擴大收入來源。本公司 將致力以具效率並能達致成效之方式分配資 源,以符合本公司及股東整體之最佳利益。

#### **APPRECIATION**

#### APPRECIATION

Our continued success depends on all our staff's commitment, dedication and professionalism. The Board would also like to thank every member of our staff for their diligence and dedication and to express our sincere appreciation to our shareholders, business partners, clients and suppliers for their continuous and valuable support.

#### 致謝

本集團的持續成功有賴全體員工的付出、貢獻及專業精神。董事會亦謹藉此機會感謝各位員工的辛勤工作及竭誠努力,並對各位股東、業務夥伴、客戶及供應商對本集團一貫及寶貴的支持表示真誠感謝。

#### Li Gang

Chairman

Hong Kong, 14 March 2023

### 主席 李剛

香港,二零二三年三月十四日

### Management Discussion and Analysis 管理層討論及分析

#### **BUSINESS REVIEW**

Enviro Energy International Holdings Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") principally engaged in sales of materials businesses and properties investment in Hong Kong and the People's of Republic of China (the "PRC").

#### Sales of materials business

Since 2017, the Group commenced the sales of materials business in the PRC, the materials mainly include aluminum, steel products, timber logs, base metals, etc., which are primarily used at the early stages of construction projects or for manufacturing of building or surfacing materials.

The business provided steady income for the Group until it experienced a downturn in 2019 and 2020. To refine its business, the Group established warehouses in the PRC in early 2021 with inventory management to provide products readily available for its customers. The warehouses are in close proximity to major ports and its customers and suppliers in the PRC, which may (i) allow the Group to respond to customers' orders in a timely manner; and (ii) provide inventory management services to customers, such as procurement, inventory storage and delivery.

In late 2020, the Group started to expand its customer base to international aluminum products manufacturers by leveraging its foundation in sourcing aluminum ingots.

During the year ended 31 December 2022 (the "Year"), the sales of materials contributed a revenue of approximately HK\$268.7 million (year ended 31 December 2021 (the "Previous Year"): HK\$321.1 million), representing 99.7% of total revenue of the Group (Previous Year: 99.8%).

The Group experienced a temporary downturn of its principal business as a result of a number of force majeure factors causing the abnormal and significant price fluctuation in aluminum related products, including COVID-19 precaution measures in the PRC leading to unstable supply in building materials and aluminum related products, power shortages with extreme weather in the PRC in June 2022, outbreak of the Russian Ukrainian War in early 2022 and surge in international freight and shipping costs.

#### 業務回顧

環能國際控股有限公司(「**本公司**」)及其附屬公司(統稱「**本集團**」)主要於香港及中華人民共和國(「**中國**」)從事銷售材料業務及物業投資。

#### 銷售材料業務

自二零一七年起,本集團開始於中國從事銷售材料業務。材料主要包括鋁、鋼材產品、 木材、基本金屬等,主要用於建造項目之早期階段或用作製造建材或面材。

該業務為本集團提供了穩定的收入,直至於 二零一九年及二零二零年陷入低迷。為優化 該業務,本集團於二零二一年初在中國建立 倉庫進行存貨管理,以隨時為客戶提供產 品。倉庫靠近中國主要港口及其客戶和供應 商,讓本集團能夠(i)及時回應客戶的訂單; 及(ii)向客戶提供採購、存貨倉儲及交付等 存貨管理服務。

於二零二零年底,利用在採購鋁錠方面的基礎,本集團開始擴展客戶群至國際鋁製品製 造商。

於截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度 (「本年度」),銷售材料貢獻收入約268.7百 萬港元(截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止 年度(「去年」):321.1百萬港元),相當於本 集團總收入之99.7%(去年:99.8%)。

由於多種不可抗力因素導致鋁相關產品價格 異常大幅波動,包括中國COVID-19疫情防 控措施導致建築材料及鋁相關產品供應不穩 定、中國於二零二二年六月因極端天氣導致 電力短缺、二零二二年初爆發俄烏戰爭以及 國際貨運及運輸成本上漲等因素,導致本集 團主要業務暫時陷入低迷。

In view of the above price instability in the aluminum price in 2022 and to safeguard the interest of the Company, the Group has no alternative but temporary ceased the supply of aluminum and related products to its overseas customers, while exploring for other business opportunities based on its existing supply of building material business network in the PRC.

鑒於二零二二年鋁價不穩,為保障本公司利益,本集團別無選擇,只能暫停向海外客戶供應鋁及相關產品,同時於現有中國建築材料業務網絡探索其他商機。

In October 2022, the Group has jointly established a joint venture company ("JV Company") with Hangzhou Zhongji Architectural Decoration Engineering Co., Ltd.\* (杭州中機建築裝飾工程有限公司) ("Hangzhou Zhongji"). Accordingly, the JV Company become a subsidiary of the Company. Leveraging on the construction and renovation services provided by Hangzhou Zhongji, the Group benefit for the introduction of customers for downstream expansion, the financial result of the Group was substantially improved since then.

於二零二二年十月,本集團與杭州中機建築 裝飾工程有限公司(「杭州中機」)共同成立了 一間合營企業(「合營企業」),因此,合營企 業為本公司附屬公司。憑藉杭州中機提供的 建築及裝修服務,本集團引入客戶以拓展下 游業務,本集團的財務業績因而大幅改善。

#### **Properties investment**

The Group's investment properties comprise certain commercial units and lands situated in Yingkou city, Liaoning province, the PRC. During the Year, the Group's rental income amounted to approximately HK\$0.9 million were generated from properties investment (Previous Year: HK\$0.8 million).

#### **BUSINESS PROSPECTS AND FUTURE PLANS**

In early 2021, the establishment of warehouses in the PRC and commencement of inventory management, allow the Group to quickly respond to the demand of its customers and further strengthen the Group's capability to act as a one-stop building materials supplier for its customers.

With the experience accumulated in the aluminum industry, the Group became aware that major international aluminum products manufacturers have increasing interests in aluminum related products from the PRC as their pricing are generally more competitive as compared to other origins. Since late 2020, the Group began to supply aluminum related products, including but not limited to, copper, magnesium and silicon which are essential for the production of aluminum alloy. In early 2021, the Group successfully became approved suppliers for certain leading international aluminum companies.

#### 物業投資

本集團之投資物業由位於中國遼寧省營口市 之若干商用單位及土地組成。於本年度,本 集團物業投資產生租金收入約0.9百萬港元 (去年:0.8百萬港元)。

#### 業務前景及未來計劃

於二零二一年初,本集團在中國建立倉庫並 開始從事存貨管理,使本集團能夠快速回應 客戶需求,並進一步增強本集團作為客戶的 一站式建材供應商的能力。

憑藉在鋁行業積累的經驗,本集團觀察到,由於中國的鋁相關產品與其他產地相比價格普遍更具競爭力,主要國際鋁產品製造商對中國鋁相關產品的興趣日益增加。自二零年底起,本集團開始供應鋁相關產品,包括但不限於生產鋁合金所需要的銅、鎂及硅。於二零二一年初,本集團成功成為若干國際領先鋁業公司的認可供應商。

As the Group has successfully entered into the aluminum supply chain industry with satisfactory results in its supply of aluminum related products in the PRC and overseas, the Group is ready to harness its business networks and experience to transform from a supply of aluminum related products business to a comprehensive aluminum related products and building materials supplier with the inclusion of more value-added services, the prospect looks promising.

由於本集團已成功進入鋁供應鏈行業並在中國及海外鋁相關產品供應方面取得良好成績,本集團計劃利用其現有業務網絡及經驗,提供更多增值服務,將其由鋁相關產品供應商轉型為全面的鋁相關產品及建材供應商,業務未來前景向好。

However, the Group have had an extremely challenging start to 2022. With the unprecedented disruption caused by COVID-19 and the Russian Ukrainian War to the aluminum supply chain industry and the subsequent price fluctuation in aluminum related products and increasing global freight cost, the Group has no choice but to temporarily suspend its principal business to avoid erosion of working capital in order to safeguard the interest of the Group. Nevertheless, the Group continued to maintain its business relationship with its customers and suppliers to look for collaboration opportunities and a suitable timing for the resumption of businesses between the parties.

然而,二零二二年初,本集團面臨巨大挑戰。隨著COVID-19及俄烏戰爭對鋁材供應鏈行業造成前所未有的中斷,隨後鋁相關產品遭遇價格波動,全球貨運成本持續攀升,為了避免營運資金損失,本集團別無選擇,只能暫停主要營運業務,以保障本集團的利益。儘管如此,本集團繼續與其客戶及供應商維持業務關係,以尋找合作機會及恢復雙方業務的合適時機。

Notwithstanding the challenge of the inflation and price instability in building materials, the management explored other business opportunities based on its existing supply of building material business network in the PRC and identified the significant demand of building materials in the Hangzhou.

儘管面臨通貨膨脹及建築材料價格波動等挑 戰,管理層於其於中國現有建築材料供應業 務網絡的基礎上探索其他商機,並發現杭州 對建築材料有巨大需求。

In October 2022, the Group and Hangzhou Zhongji jointly established the JV Company. The Group responsible for sourcing, procurement, quality control and selection of suppliers for building materials, while Hangzhou Zhongji introduces customers and new projects for construction and renovation services to the JV Company by its extensive business network includes property developers in the PRC. The Company is of the view that the establishment of the JV Company allow the Group to expand its sales channel, which will provide more business opportunities to the supply of materials business of the Group by enhancing its sales network and customer base in the construction industry in the PRC, the prospect look promising.

於二零二二年十月,本集團與杭州中機成立 合營企業。本集團負責建築材料的尋找、採 購、質量控制及供應商甄選,而杭州中機則 透過其廣泛的業務網絡(包括中國物業開發 商)向合營企業引入建築及裝修服務客戶及 新項目。本公司認為,成立合營公司使本集 團得以擴大其銷售渠道,從而加強其在中國 建築行業的銷售網絡及客戶基礎,為本集團 的材料供應業務提供更多商機,前景看好。

The Board will continue to look out for opportunities to make investments in any business when suitable opportunities arise to diversify revenue streams of the Group and strengthen the Group's financial position, and thereby maximising the benefits of the shareholders as a whole. The Board is fully confident in the future business development of the Group.

董事會將會繼續尋找機會,於有合適機會時 投資於任何業務,以多元化本集團的收入來 源及強化本集團的財務狀況,從而最大化股 東整體利益。董事會對本集團的未來業務發 展充滿信心。

#### **FINANCIAL REVIEW**

#### Revenue

During the Year, the Group recorded a revenue of approximately HK\$269.6 million (Previous Year: HK\$321.8 million), representing a decrease by 16.2% when compared with the Previous Year. The decrease in revenue was mainly due to the temporary cessation of the supply of aluminum and related products since late 2021 as a result of force majeure factors including COVID-19 precaution measures and the Russian Ukrainian War, aluminum and related products therefore experienced significant price fluctuation. Also, the serious disruption in the freight industry caused by COVID-19 result in a mammoth increase in freight and transportation cost. Due to the uncertainties surrounding the global price of aluminum, the Group has shifted its focus to the recurring domestic customers and others acquainted within the business peer group in order to maintain its sustainable business.

In October 2022, the Group jointly established the JV Company with Hangzhou Zhongji, which principally engaged in the supply of building materials to construction and renovation projects in the PRC. The Group has the advantage of sourcing building materials at a competitive price and favourable credit terms, the Group's revenue generated from supply of building materials have substantially improved since the establishment of JV Company.

#### **Gross profit**

The Group's gross profit for the Year increased by HK\$0.8 million to approximately HK\$16.7 million (Previous Year: HK\$15.9 million). The overall gross profit margin increased from 4.9% for the Previous Year to 6.2% for the Year, which mainly due to the higher gross profit margin for sales of aluminum related products and scrap copper to overseas customers since early 2021 for the purpose of expanding the Group's client portfolio.

#### Selling and distribution expenses

Selling and distribution expenses mainly represented freight and transportation expenses and staff costs for sales of aluminum and related products and scrap copper to overseas customers.

#### 財務回顧

#### 收入

於本年度,本集團錄得收入約269.6百萬港元(去年:321.8百萬港元),較去年減少16.2%。收入減少主要由於自二零二一年年底不可抗力因素(包括COVID-19疫情防控措施及俄烏戰爭)而暫時停止鋁及相關產品的價格大臨,因此鋁及相關產品的價格大關重數。此外,COVID-19對貨運業造成的嚴重破壞導致貨運及運輸成本大幅增加,由於全球鋁價的不確定性,本集團已將其重點轉移至經常性國內客戶及其他業務同行內熟悉的客戶,以維持其可持續業務。

於二零二二年十月,本集團與杭州中機共同 成立一間合營企業,其主要業務為向中國建 築及裝修項目供應建築材料。本集團擁有以 具競爭力的價格及有利的信貸條款採購建築 材料的優勢,自合營企業成立以來,本集團 供應建築材料所產生的收益大幅增加。

#### 毛利

本年度本集團的毛利增加0.8百萬港元至約16.7百萬港元(去年:15.9百萬港元)。整體毛利率由去年的4.9%上升至本年度的6.2%,主要由於為擴大本集團的客戶組合,自二零二一年初起向海外客戶銷售鋁相關產品及廢銅的毛利率較高。

#### 銷售及分銷開支

銷售及分銷開支主要為向海外客戶銷售鋁及 相關產品以及廢銅的貨運及運輸費用以及員 工成本。

The Group did not record any selling and distribution expenses during the Year (Previous Year: HK\$7.6 million).

#### Administrative and operating expenses

The Group's administrative and operating expenses mainly consisted of (i) staff costs; (ii) depreciation; (iii) legal and professional fee; (iv) office and utility expenses; and (v) other administrative expenses.

Administrative and operating expenses significantly decreased by HK\$4.9 million or 32.9% from HK\$14.9 million for the Previous Year to HK\$10.0 million for the Year, which was mainly due to (i) decrease in staff costs to HK\$5.0 million during the Year (Previous Year: HK\$5.9 million); and (ii) decrease in legal and professional fees to HK\$4.1 million during the Year (Previous Year: HK\$5.2 million).

本減少至5.0百萬港元(去年:5.9百萬港 元);及(ii)本年度法律及專業費用減少至4.1 百萬港元(去年:5.2百萬港元)。

#### Fair value change on investment properties

The Group's investment properties comprise certain commercial units and lands situated in Yingkou city, Liaoning province, the PRC. The valuation was carried out by an independent professional valuer, on the basis of market value. The Group recorded fair value loss on investment properties amounted to HK\$35.8 million and HK\$13.9 million for the Year and the Previous Year respectively.

### 減值虧損

#### Trade receivables and prepayments

**Impairment losses** 

The Group recognised loss allowances for trade receivables based on management's estimate of the lifetime expected credit losses to be incurred, which is estimated by taking into account the credit loss experience, ageing of overdue trade receivables, customers' repayment history and customers' financial position and an assessment of both the current and forecast general economic conditions. Receivables relating to trade debtors with known financial difficulties, dispute or significant doubt on collection of receivables are assessed individually for provision for impairment allowance. During the Year, loss allowance of HK\$0.5 million was recognised with respect to the Group's trade receivables.

#### 行政及經營開支

開支(去年:7.6百萬港元)。

本集團之行政及經營開支主要包括(i)員工成 本;(ii)折舊;(iii)法律及專業費用;(iv)辦公 室及公用設施開支;及(v)其他行政開支。

行政及經營開支由去年之14.9百萬港元大

幅減少4.9百萬港元或32.9%至本年度之

10.0 百萬港元,主要是由於(i)本年度員工成

於本年度,本集團並無錄得任何銷售及分銷

#### 投資物業的公允價值變動

本集團的投資物業包括位於中國遼寧省營口 市的若干商業單位及土地。估值乃由獨立專 業估值師按市場價值評定。本集團於本年度 及去年分別錄得投資物業公允價值虧損35.8 百萬港元及13.9百萬港元。

#### 應收貿易賬款及預付款項

本集團確認應收貿易賬款虧損撥備乃基於管 理層對將會產生的全期預期信貸虧損的估 計,該估計乃經考慮信貸虧損經驗、逾期應 收貿易賬款賬齡、客戶還款記錄及客戶財務 狀況以及對目前及預測總體經濟狀況的評 估。與已知面臨財務困難或對收回應收款項 產生糾紛或重大疑慮的債務人有關之應收貿 易賬款須單獨評估減值撥備準備。於本年 度,就本集團應收貿易賬款確認虧損撥備0.5 百萬港元。

As disclosed in the 2020 Annual Report, the auditor of the Company (the "Auditor") issued a qualified opinion on recoverability on certain receivables, which consist of (1) prepayments of approximately RMB262.5 million (equivalently to HK\$311.9 million) made by Qianhai Shitong Supply Chain (Shenzhen) Company Limited\* (前海世通供應鏈(深圳)有限公司) ("Qianhai Shitong"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, in relation to certain building materials to its suppliers in 2018 (the "Prepayments"); and (2) trade receivables of RMB16.3 million (equivalent to HK\$19.4 million) in relation to (i) sales of building materials recorded by Qianhai Shitong; and (ii) rental agreements entered into by the Group during the year ended 31 December 2018 (the "Trade Receivables").

Based on the legal opinion issued by the PRC lawyer in December 2021, (i) the counterparties do not seem to maintain fixed assets which may be served as means of debt recovery; (ii) certain of the counterparties had unfulfilled court orders; (iii) the counterparties' financial position may have deteriorated as they may have an associated relationship with Mr. Li Sen, the former director of the Company, who is facing criminal charge. In addition, the legal proceeding to recover the outstanding balances could be cost-ineffective. As such, it may not be meaningful for the Group to commence litigation against such counterparties.

Despite the management has taken proactive actions to recover the outstanding balances from these parties, however, the management of the Group was uncertain and was not optimistic whether the Group is able to recover the outstanding balances from these parties. Accordingly, the Group has recognised an impairment loss on the Prepayments and Trade Receivables of HK\$316.6 million and HK\$19.7 million during the Previous Year respectively.

#### Loan and Interest receivables

As disclosed in the 2021 Annual Report, the Auditor issued a qualified opinion on the recoverability on the Loan Receivable and Interest Receivable (defined hereafter).

根據中國律師於二零二一年十二月出具的法律意見,(i)對手方似乎並無保留可作為債務收回手段的固定資產;(ii)若干對手方有未完成執行的法院命令;(iii)由於對手方可能與正在面臨刑事控訴的本公司前董事李森先生有關聯關係,其財務狀況可能已經惡化。此外,通過法律程序收回未償還結餘亦可能會成本高昂,因此,本集團向該等對手方提起法律訴訟未必有意義。

儘管管理層已採取積極行動從該等對手方收回未償還結餘,然而,本集團管理層對本集團能否從該等對手方收回未償還結餘並不確定且不持樂觀態度,因此,本集團於去年就預付款項及應收貿易賬款分別確認減值虧損316.6百萬港元及19.7百萬港元。

#### 應收貸款及應收利息

誠如二零二一年年報所披露,核數師已就應 收貸款及應收利息(定義見下文)的可收回 性發表保留意見。

Reference is made to the notes 20 in the financial statements of the Company in the 2021 Annual Report. In 2017, Qianhai Guoxing Financial Leasing (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.\* (前海國興融資 租賃(深圳)有限公司) ("Qianhai Guoxing"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, entered into a sale and purchase agreement with Shenzhen Aquatic Products Co., Ltd\* (深圳市 水產有限公司) ("Shenzhen Aquatic"), pursuant to which Qianhai Guoxing should acquire the certain commercial properties in Shenzhen (the "Properties") at a consideration of RMB150 million. On the same day, a finance lease agreement was entered into between Qianhai Guoxing and Shenzhen Aquatic, pursuant to which Qianhai Guoxing should lease the Properties to Shenzhen Aquatic for a term of 3 years up to 27 December 2020. Upon maturity of the said finance lease agreement, Shenzhen Aquatic should return the principal of RMB150 million to Qianhai Guoxing (the "Loan Receivable").

茲提述本公司二零二一年年報內財務報表附註20。於二零一七年,本公司之全資附屬公司前海國興融資租賃(深圳)有限公司(「**游國興**」)與深圳市水產有限公司(「**深圳水產**」)訂立買賣協議,據此,前海國興、代價數學、大民幣150百萬元。同日,前海國興國人民幣150百萬元。同日,前海國興國與經濟之融資租賃該等物業,租期為三年,融資的深圳水產租賃該等物業,租期為三年,融資協議到期後,深圳水產應向前海國經濟本金人民幣150百萬元(「應收貸款」)。

On the same day, Qianhai Guoxing further entered into another agreement with Shenzhen Aquatic, pursuant to which Qianhai Guoxing agreed to lease the Properties back to Shenzhen Aquatic for a period of 3 years starting from 29 December 2017. Lease payments, calculated as interest charged at a fixed rate of 9% per annum against a principal of RMB150 million, were repayable quarterly (the "Interest Receivable"). At the end of the lease period, upon full settlement of all outstanding principal and interest, Shenzhen Aquatic could repurchase the Properties from Qianhai Guoxing for RMB1.

同日,前海國興進一步與深圳水產訂立另一份協議,據此,前海國興同意回租該等物業予深圳水產,租期自二零一七年十二月二十九日起為期三年。租賃付款將以利息形式收取,並按本金額人民幣150百萬元按固定年利率9%計算,須按季度償還(「應收利息」)。於租賃期末,於悉數結償所有未償還本金及利息後,深圳水產可以人民幣1元自前海國興購回該等物業。

In 2021, the Group filed an application to the court for seizure of the Properties from Shenzhen Aquatic in view of recovering the Loan Receivable and Interest Receivable (the "**Litigation**"). However, on 30 June 2022, the court ruled against the Group based on the following principal reasons:

於二零二一年,本集團向法院申請查封深圳水產的該等物業,以收回應收貸款及應收利息(「訴訟」)。然而,於二零二二年六月三十日,法院基於以下主要理由對本集團作出不利裁決:

(i) the Group could not provide the original copies of the relevant documents to the court, which the Group could not locate after the Unauthorised Dilution as the documents for Qianhai Guoxing was stored in the office Qianhai Shitong in Shenzhen; and (i) 本集團未能向法院提供相關文件之正本,此乃由於有關前海國興之文件存放於前海世通位於深圳之辦事處,而本集團於未經授權攤薄後未能找到該等文件;及

- (ii) Reference is made to the notes 34(b) in the financial statements of the Company in the 2017 Annual Report. On 13 December 2017, Qianhai Guoxing entered into a loan agreement with Shenzhen Dongyin Financial Holdings Co., Ltd.\* (深圳市東銀金融控股有限公司) ("Shenzhen Dongyin") to borrow RMB200 million. Based on the record of the Company, Qianhai Guoxing draw down RMB150 million from Shenzhen Dongyin and transferred RMB150 million to Shenzhen Aquatic during 27 to 29 December 2017, where the loan from Shenzhen Dongyin was fully settled by the Group before 31 March 2018.
- (ii) 茲提述本公司二零一七年年報內本公司財務報表附註34 (b)。於二零一七年 十二月十三日,前海國與深圳市東 銀金融控股有限公司(「深圳東銀」) 立貸款協議,以借入人民幣200百萬 元。根據本公司之記錄,前海國與於 二零一七年十二月二十七日至二十九 日期間自深圳東銀提取人民幣150 百萬元,並向深圳水產轉撥人民幣150 百萬元,而來自深圳東銀之貸款已由 本集團於二零一八年三月三十一日前 悉數清償。

As stated in the ruling, Shenzhen Aquatic alleged that, in March 2020, Qianhai Guoxing entered into an agreement (the "Purported Agreement") with Shenzhen Dongyin. Pursuant to the Purported Agreement, it is alleged that the fund used for financing loan transferred from Qianhai Guoxing to Shenzhen Aquatic (the "Fund Source") belonged to Shenzhen Dongyin, therefore Shenzhen Aquatic claimed that it is not required to repay to Qianhai Guoxing the Loan Receivable and Interest Receivable and Interest Receivable and Interest Receivable.

誠如裁決所述,深圳水產聲稱,於二零二零年三月,前海國興與深圳東銀訂立協議(「指稱協議」)。根據指稱協議,前海國興轉撥至深圳水產之融資貸款所用資金(「資金來源」)屬於深圳東銀,因此深圳水產聲稱毋須向前海國興償還應收貸款及應收利息,原因為應收貸款及應收利息並無實質證明。

Based on publicly available information, the ultimate beneficial owner of Shenzhen Dongyin is Mr. Li Sen, the then controlling shareholder and chairman of the Company who is now facing criminal charges in the PRC. As the Purported Agreement is dated March 2020, the current Board members were not aware of the Purported Agreement and unable to verify its authenticity.

根據可得公開資料,深圳東銀之最終實益擁有人為本公司當時之控股股東兼主席李森先生,彼於現時正在中國面臨刑事指控。由於指稱協議之日期為二零二零年三月,故現任董事會成員並不知悉指稱協議且無法核實其真實性。

Accordingly, the court considered the Group, as the plaintiff, could not provide sufficient evidence to support Shenzhen Aquatic is liable for the repayment of the Loan Receivable and Interest Receivable, and the Group has no right to claim the repayment of the Loan Receivable and Interest Receivable from Shenzhen Aquatic. As such, the Company considered it is uncertain as to whether the Group may recover the Loan Receivable and Interest Receivable, impairment loss of HK\$215.3 million was therefore provided during the Year.

因此,法院認為本集團(作為原告)未能提供 充足證據支持深圳水產有責任償還應收貸款 及應收利息,而本集團無權向深圳水產追討 償還應收貸款及應收利息。就此,本公司認 為,尚未能確定本集團能否收回應收貸款及 應收利息,故於本年度作出減值虧損撥備 215.3百萬港元。

#### Loss for the year

As a result of the foregoing, loss for the Year attributable to the owners of the Company was approximately HK\$257.0 million (Previous Year: HK\$357.8 million).

#### **Liquidity, Financial Resources and Capital Structure**

The primary objective of the Group's capital management is to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern and to maintain healthy capital ratios in order to support its business and maximize the value of its shareholders (the "Shareholders").

The Group manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it, in light of changes in economic conditions. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the amount of dividend payment to the Shareholders, issue new shares, obtain bank and other borrowings, or sell assets to reduce debt.

As at 31 December 2022, all other borrowings, shareholders' loan and loan from a fellow subsidiary of the Group bore fixed interest rates, the maturity and currency profile are set out as follows:

#### 年度虧損

由於前述因素,本公司擁有人本年度應佔虧 損約為257.0百萬港元(去年:357.8百萬港 元)。

#### 流動資金、財務資源及資本架構

本集團資本管理之主要目標乃保障本集團持續經營之能力,並維持穩健的資本比率,以支持其業務並使其股東(「**股東**」)價值最大化。

本集團對其資本架構進行管理,並根據經濟 狀況變動作出調整。為了維持或調整資本架 構,本集團可能會調整向股東派付之股息金 額、發行新股、獲得銀行及其他貸款,或出 售資產以減少負債。

於二零二二年十二月三十一日,本集團所有 其他貸款、股東貸款及來自一間同系附屬公 司的貸款均按固定利率計息,到期日及貨幣 情況載列如下:

		<b>Within 1 year</b> 一 <b>年內</b> HK\$'000 千港元
Renminbi	人民幣	202,287
Hong Kong Dollar	港元	38,125
		240,412

The Group monitors capital on the basis of the gearing ratio. This ratio is calculated as net debt divided by total capital. Net debts is calculated as the sum of other borrowings, shareholder's loan and loan from a fellow subsidiary, less bank and cash balances. Total capital represents total (deficit)/equity as shown on the consolidated statement of financial position of the Group plus net debts. The gearing ratios as at 31 December 2022 and 2021 were as follows:

本集團根據資本負債比率監控資本。該比率乃按淨負債除以資本總額計算。淨負債乃按其他貸款、股東貸款及來自一間同系附屬公司的貸款的總和,減銀行及現金結餘計算。資本總額指本集團綜合財務狀況表列出之(虧絀)/權益總額加負債淨額。於二零二二年及二零二一年十二月三十一日之資產負債比率如下:

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$′000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元
Other borrowings Shareholders' loans Loan from a fellow subsidiary Less: Bank and cash balances	其他貸款 股東貸款 來自一間同系附屬公司的貸款 減:銀行及現金結餘	202,287 9,986 28,139 (8,143)	216,324 10,184 20,234 (8,898)
Net debts	負債淨額	232,269	237,844
Total (deficit)/equity Total capital	(虧絀)/權益總額 資本總額	(44,679) 159,451	221,118 458,962
Gearing ratio	資本負債比率	128.0%	51.8%

As at 31 December 2022, the total deficit attributable to the owners of the Company was approximately HK\$44.7 million (31 December 2021: total equity of HK\$221.1 million) which mainly contributed by the operating loss during the Year. As at 31 December 2022, the Group's current assets and current liabilities amounted to approximately HK\$267.7 million and HK\$434.3 million respectively (31 December 2021: HK\$381.9 million and HK\$117.4 million), of which approximately HK\$8.1 million (31 December 2021: HK\$8.9 million) was bank and cash balances.

於二零二二年十二月三十一日,本公司擁有人應佔虧絀總額約為44.7百萬港元(二零二一年十二月三十一日:權益總額為221.1百萬港元),主要由於本年度之經營虧損。於二零二二年十二月三十一日,本集團的流動資產及流動負債分別約為267.7百萬港元及434.3百萬港元(二零二一年十二月三十一日:381.9百萬港元及117.4百萬港元),其中約8.1百萬港元(二零二一年十二月三十一日:8.9百萬港元)為銀行及現金結餘。

As at 31 December 2022, the Group had bank and cash balances of approximately HK\$8.1 million (31 December 2021: HK\$8.9 million), of which approximately 2.5%, 95% and 2.5% (31 December 2021: 10%, 17% and 73%) were denominated in United States Dollar ("**US\$**"), Renminbi ("**RMB**") and Hong Kong Dollar ("**HK\$**") respectively.

The Group's current ratio, calculated based on current assets over current liabilities, was 0.6 at 31 December 2022 (31 December 2021; 3.3).

In managing the liquidity risk, the Group monitors and maintains a level of bank and cash balances deemed adequate by the management to finance the Group's operations and mitigate the effects of fluctuations in cash flows. The Group relies on funds generated from operations and fund raising activities.

With the amount of liquid assets on hand and unutilised loan facility, the management is of the view that the Group has sufficient financial resources to meet its ongoing operational needs.

#### **Charge on Group Assets**

As at 31 December 2022, the investment properties of the Group with carrying amount of approximately HK\$126.4 million (31 December 2021: HK\$172.5 million) were pledged to secure certain other borrowings. Save for the above, the Group did not have any charges on its assets.

As as 31 December 2022, investment properties of the Group is under dormant seizure (輪侯查封) pursuant to civil judgement, please refer to section "Material Events — Litigation" for the details of litigation.

於二零二二年十二月三十一日,本集團之銀行及現金結餘約為8.1百萬港元(二零二一年十二月三十一日:8.9百萬港元),其中約2.5%、95%及2.5%(二零二一年十二月三十一日:10%、17%及73%)分別以美元、人民幣及港元計值。

本集團於二零二二年十二月三十一日之流動 比率(按流動資產除以流動負債計算)為0.6 (二零二一年十二月三十一日:3.3)。

於管理流動資金風險時,本集團監控並維持 管理層認為充足之銀行及現金結餘水平,以 便為本集團之營運提供資金並減輕現金流波 動之影響。本集團依靠營運及籌資活動產生 之資金。

憑藉手頭之流動資產金額及未動用之貸款融資,管理層認為本集團有充足財務資源以應 付其持續經營所需。

#### 集團資產抵押

於二零二二年十二月三十一日,本集團賬面 值約126.4百萬港元(二零二一年十二月 三十一日:172.5百萬港元)的投資物業已 予抵押作為若干其他貸款的擔保。除上文所 述外,本集團並無其他資產抵押。

於二零二二年十二月三十一日,根據民事判決,本集團之投資物業被輪候查封,有關訴訟之詳情請參閱「重大事項 — 訴訟」一節。

#### **Foreign Exchange Exposure**

The Group operates mainly in Mainland China and Hong Kong. For the operations in Mainland China, the transactions are mostly denominated in RMB. Minimal exposure to fluctuation in exchange rates is expected. For the operations in Hong Kong, most of the transactions are denominated in HK\$ and US\$. Since the exchange rate of US\$ against HK\$ is pegged to each other under the Linked Exchange Rate System, the exposure to fluctuation in exchange rates will only arise from the translation to the presentation currency of the Group. The Group did not resort to any currency hedging facility for the Year. However, the management will monitor the Group's foreign currency exposure should the need arise.

#### **Capital Commitments**

As at 31 December 2022, the Group did not have significant capital commitments (31 December 2021: Nil).

#### **Contingent Liabilities**

As at 31 December 2022, the repayment obligations borne by the Group under the civil judgement as disclosed in section "Material Events — Litigation" is subject to the outcome of any court order or actions which are yet to materialise, no contingent liabilities was therefore recognised in this regard.

Save for the above, the Group did not have significant contingent liabilities as at 31 December 2022 (31 December 2021: Nil).

#### **Employees and Remuneration Policies**

As at 31 December 2022, the Group had a total of 27 employees in Hong Kong and the PRC (31 December 2021: 19 employees). Staff costs (including directors' emoluments) amounted to approximately HK\$5.1 million for the Year (Previous Year: HK\$5.9 million). The Group implements remuneration policy, bonus and share options schemes to ensure that pay scales of its employees are rewarded on performance-related basis within the general framework of the Group's remuneration strategy.

#### 外匯風險

本集團主要於中國內地及香港經營業務。就中國內地的業務而言,交易主要以人民幣計值。預期面臨的匯率波動風險甚微。就香港的業務而言,大多數交易以港元及美元計值。由於聯繫匯率制度下美元與港元匯率掛鈎,匯率波動風險僅於換算至本集團呈列貨幣時出現。本集團於本年度並無採取任何貨幣對沖工具。然而,管理層將於有需要時監察本集團的外匯風險。

#### 資本承擔

於二零二二年十二月三十一日,本集團並無 重大資本承擔(二零二一年十二月三十一日: 無)。

#### 或然負債

於二零二二年十二月三十一日,「重大事件 一訴訟」一節中披露之民事判決下本集團承 擔之還款義務視乎任何法庭命令或判決結果 而定,尚未落實,故此並無就此確認或然負 債。

除上文所述者外於二零二二年十二月三十一日,本集團並無重大或然負債(二零二一年十二月三十一日:無)。

#### 僱員及薪酬政策

於二零二二年十二月三十一日,本集團於香港及中國聘有合共27名僱員(二零二一年十二月三十一日:19名僱員)。本年度的員工成本(包括董事酬金)約為5.1百萬港元(去年:5.9百萬港元)。本集團實行薪酬政策、花紅及購股權計劃,以確保其僱員之薪酬水平乃於本集團之一般薪酬政策架構內按相關的工作表現釐定。

# SIGNIFICANT INVESTMENT HELD, MATERIAL ACQUISITIONS AND DISPOSALS OF SUBSIDIARIES, ASSOCIATES AND JOINT VENTURES

#### **Disposal of subsidiaries**

On 31 October 2022, (i) the Company entered into a conditional sale and purchase agreement (the "Sale and Purchase Agreement A") with Hong Kong Headline Big Data Company Limited (the "Purchaser"), pursuant to which the Company conditionally agreed to sell and the Purchaser conditionally agreed to acquire for 100% of the issued share capital of Sincere Venture Limited ("Sincere Venture", a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company) (the "Sincere Venture Sale Shares"), at a consideration of HK\$1; and (ii) Enviro Financial Group Holdings Limited ("Enviro Financial", an indirect whollyowned subsidiary of the Company) entered into a conditional sale and purchase agreement (the "Sale and Purchase **Agreement B**") with the Purchaser, pursuant to which Enviro Financial conditionally agreed to sell and the Purchaser conditionally agreed to acquire for 100% of the issued share capital of Heryd International Trade Co., Limited ("Heryd International", a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company) (the "Heryd International Sale Shares"), at a consideration of HK\$1 (collectively, the "Disposals").

Pursuant to each of the aforesaid sale and purchase agreements, the Group is entitled to receive the contingent consideration equivalent to 40% of the recovered balances (net of relevant expenses) of various receivables of the Disposal Group in the event that the purchaser is able to recover all or part of such receivables within three years from the date of the respective sale and purchase agreements.

On 30 November 2022, the Company, Enviro Financial and the Purchaser entered into the supplemental agreements (the "Supplemental Agreements"), pursuant to which the parties agreed that (i) the Purchaser shall not dispose of the Sincere Venture Sale Shares within three years from the date of the Sale and Purchase Agreement A without the written consent of the Company; and (ii) the Purchaser shall not dispose of the Heryd International Sale Shares within three years from the date of the Sale and Purchase Agreement B without the written consent of Enviro Financial.

所持有之重大投資、重大收購及出售 附屬公司、聯營公司及合營企業

#### 出售附屬公司

於二零二二年十月三十一日,(i)本公司與香港頭條大數據股份有限公司(「買方」)訂立有條件買賣協議(「買賣協議A」),據此,本公司有條件同意出售而買方有條件同意收購公司(「兆銘」,本公司全資附屬公司(「兆銘」,本公司全資附屬公司),代價為1港元;及(ii)環能金融集團控股有限公司(「環能金融」,本公司間接全資附屬公司)與買方訂立有條件買賣協議(「買賣協議B」),據此,環能金融有條件同意出售而買方有條件同意收購亨利達國際貿易有限公司(「亨利達國際」,本公司全資附屬公司)100%已發行股本(「亨利達國際銷售股份」),代價為1港元(統稱「出售事項」)。

根據上述各買賣協議,倘買方能於各買賣協議日期起三年內收回全部或部分應收款項, 則本集團有權收取相當於出售集團各項應收 款項已收回結餘(扣除相關開支)40%的或 然代價。

於二零二二年十一月三十日,本公司、環能金融及買方訂立補充協議(「補充協議」),據此,訂約方同意(i)未經本公司書面同意,買方不得於買賣協議A日期起計三年內出售兆銘銷售股份;及(ii)未經環能金融書面同意,買方不得於買賣協議B日期起計三年內出售亨利達國際銷售股份。

An extraordinary general meeting was convened by the Company on 30 December 2022, at which the Disposals and the transactions contemplated thereunder were duly passed as an ordinary resolution of the Company by the Shareholders. Completion of the Disposals took place on the same day, after which Sincere Venture and Heryd International (including their respective subsidiaries) have ceased to be subsidiaries of the Company. For further details, please refer to the announcements of the Company dated 31 October 2022 and 30 December 2022, and the circular of the Company dated 9 December 2022 respectively.

本公司於二零二二年十二月三十日召開股東 特別大會,股東於會上正式通過出售事項及 其項下擬進行之交易為本公司之普通決議 案。出售事項於同日完成,其後兆銘及亨利 達國際(包括彼等各自之附屬公司)外屬公司。有關進一步詳情,請參 関本公司日期分別為二零二二年十月三十日 日及二零二二年十二月三十日的通函。 司日期為二零二二年十二月九日的通函。

#### Formation of a non-wholly-owned subsidiary

On 20 October 2022, the Group and Hangzhou Zhongji jointly established the JV Company and the Group and Hangzhou Zhongji are interested in 60% and 40% of the registered capital of the JV Company respectively. Accordingly, the JV Company becomes a non-wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company.

The JV Company is principally engaged in the supply of building materials. Upon its incorporation, it has commenced operation in October 2022. The JV Company has secured a number of sales contracts for the supply of building materials for various construction and renovation projects in the PRC.

Leveraging on (i) the Group's experience and network in supply of building materials business in the PRC; and (ii) the construction and renovation services provided by the Hangzhou Zhongji, the Board is optimistic that the establishment of the JV Company may allow the Group to expand its sales channels, which will provide more business opportunities to the Group by enhancing its sales networks and customer base in the construction industry in the PRC. Accordingly, the Company will focus on developing the business of the JV Company in the near future.

For further details, please refer to the announcement of the Company dated 31 October 2022 in relation to, among other things, discloseable transaction in relation to formation of joint venture.

Save for the above, there were no significant investment held and material acquisitions or disposals of subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures during the Year.

#### 成立非全資附屬公司

於二零二二年十月二十日,本集團與杭州中機共同成立合營企業,本集團及杭州中機分別擁有合營企業註冊資本的60%及40%權益。因此,合營企業成為本公司非全資附屬公司。

合營企業主要從事供應建築材料,其註冊成立後已於二零二二年十月開始營運業務。合營企業已取得多項銷售合約,為中國多個建築及裝修項目供應建築材料。

憑藉(i)本集團在中國建築材料供應業務方面的經驗及網絡:及(ii)杭州中機提供的建築及裝修服務,董事會感到樂觀,認為成立合營企業可讓本集團擴大其銷售渠道,並透過提昇其在中國建築業的銷售網絡及客戶基礎為本集團帶來更多商機。就此,本公司將在不久將來專注發展合營企業之業務。

有關進一步詳情,請參閱本公司日期為二零二二年十月三十一日的公告,內容有關(其中包括)成立合營企業的須予披露交易。

除上述外,於本年度,並無持有重大投資、 重大收購或出售附屬公司、聯營公司及合營 企業。

#### **MATERIAL EVENTS**

#### **Update on listing status**

On 18 December 2020, the Company has received a letter from the Stock Exchange notifying the Company of its decision that the Company has failed to carry out a business with sufficient level of operations as required under Rule 13.24 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange (the "Listing Rules") to warrant the continued listing of its shares (the "Decision"). Pursuant to Rules 2B.06(1) and 2B.08(1) of the Listing Rules, the Company submitted a written request for the Decision to be referred to the Listing Committee of the Stock Exchange for review on 13 January 2021 (the "Review"). On 18 May 2021, the Company received a letter from the Listing Committee in upholding the Decision (the "LC Decision"). On 27 May 2021, the Company submitted a written request to the Listing Review Committee pursuant to Rule 2B.06(2) of the Listing Rules for reviewing of the LC Decision (the "Second Review"). The Listing Review Committee may endorse, modify or vary the LC Decision or make its own decision.

On 14 September 2021, the Company received a decision letter from the Listing (Review) Committee (the "**Decision Letter**") which upheld the decision of the Listing Committee and concluded that having assessed the Company's case under Rule 13.24 of the Listing Rules as set out in the Decision Letter, the Company has failed to maintain a sufficient level of operations as required under Rule 13.24 of the Listing Rules to warrant the continued listing of its shares.

On 19 October 2021, the Company received a letter (the "Letter") from the Stock Exchange, in which, among other things, the Stock Exchange sets out the following resumption guidance (the "Resumption Guidance") for the Company:

- demonstrate its compliance with Rule 13.24 of the Listing Rules; and
- announce all material information for the Company's shareholders and investors to appraise the Company's position.

#### 重大事項

#### 有關上市地位的最新情況

於二零二一年九月十四日,本公司收到上市 (覆核)委員會之決定函件(「決定函件」),該 決定函件維持上市委員會之決定及於該決定 函件中列明已根據上市規則第13.24條對本 公司的情況進行評估,結論為本公司未能根 據上市規則第13.24條的要求維持足夠的業 務運作,以保證其股份繼續上市。

於二零二一年十月十九日,本公司收到聯交 所之函件(「**函件**」),聯交所於函件中為本公 司載列以下復牌指引(「**復牌指引**」):

- 1. 證明其遵守上市規則第13.24條;及
- 2. 公佈所有重大資料以供本公司股東及 投資者評估本公司狀況。

The Letter also states that the Company must remedy the issues causing its trading suspension and fully comply with the Listing Rules to the Stock Exchange's satisfaction before trading in its securities is allowed to resume. For this purpose, the Company has the primary responsibility to devise its action plan for resumption. The Stock Exchange further indicates that it may modify or supplement the Resumption Guidance if the Company's situation changes. For further details, please refer to the announcements of the Company dated 20 December 2020, 7 January 2021, 15 January 2021, 18 May 2021, 27 May 2021, 15 September 2021 and 21 October 2021, 14 December 2021, 14 March 2022, 14 June 2022, 14 September 2022, 14 December 2022 and 24 March 2023.

Trading in the Shares has been suspended with effect from 9:00 a.m. on 15 September 2021. Trading in the Shares will remain suspended pending fulfilment of the Resumption Guidance and any supplement or modification thereto.

Should there be any material development of this matter, further announcement(s) will be made by the Company as and when appropriate and in accordance with the requirements of the Listing Rules.

股份已自二零二一年九月十五日上午九時正 起暫停買賣。股份將繼續暫停買賣以待達成 聯交所發出的復牌指引以及其任何補充或修 訂要求。

倘此事有任何重大進展,本公司將於適當時 候根據上市規則的規定另行刊發公告。

#### Litigation

Prior to March 2020, the Group's wholly-owned subsidiaries, namely Huan Neng International Trading (Yingkou) Company Limited\* (環能營口有限公司) ("HNYK") and Liaoning Taogibao Mall Management Co. Ltd.\* (遼寧淘氣寶商城管理有限公司) ("Liaoning Taoqibao"), had certain loans and respective accrued interests with a bank in the PRC (the "Bank"). In March 2020, the Bank assigned the entire rights to the loans and relevant accrued interests owed by HNYK and Liaoning Taogibao at an aggregate consideration of approximately RMB166.6 million (equivalent to approximately HK\$182.4 million) (the "Debt Receivables A") to an independent third party (the "Lender A"). Subsequently, in August 2020, Lender A assigned the entire rights to the Debt Receivables A at an aggregate consideration of approximately RMB176.8 million (equivalent to approximately HK\$216.3 million) to another independent third party (the "Lender B"). The Group then entered into a loan agreement ("Loan Agreement B") with the Lender B of approximately RMB176.8 million (equivalent to approximately HK\$210.0 million) for a period of three years at a fixed rate of 5% per annum, with interest payable annually.

As at 31 December 2021, the Group was indebted to Lender B totalling approximately RMB176.8 million (equivalent to approximately HK\$216.3 million).

During the Year, the Group received a civil judgment pursuant to which the bank claimed against Lender A, HNYK, Liaoning Taoqibao and other defendants for the repayment of outstanding loans and interests due to defaulting on the loan agreements between the Bank and Lender A (the "**Dispute Loan Agreements**"). According to the civil judgement, it was adjudged that HNYK and Liaoning Taoqibao are obliged to repay the relevant outstanding loans and interests upon Lender A defaulting on the Dispute Loan Agreements due to the fact that Lender A pledged the rights to Debt Receivables A to the Bank for the Dispute Loan Agreements.

#### 訴訟

於二零二零年三月前,本集團全資附屬公司 (即環能營口有限公司(「環能營口」)及遼寧 海氣寶商城管理有限公司(「遼寧淘氣寶」)) 於中國一間銀行(「銀行」)有若干貸款及各自 應計利息。於二零二零年三月,銀行轉讓環 能營口及遼寧淘氣寶結欠貸款及相關應計利 息之全部權利予一名獨立第三方(「貸款人 A」),代價合共約為人民幣166.6百萬元(相 當於約182.4百萬港元)(「應收債務A」)。其 後,於二零二零年八月,貸款人A向另一名 獨立第三方(「**貸款人B**」)轉讓應收債務A之 全部權利,代價合共約為人民幣176.8百萬 元(相當於約216.3百萬港元)。本集團其後 與貸款人B訂立貸款協議(「貸款協議B」), 金額約為人民幣176.8百萬元(相當於約 210.0百萬港元),為期三年,固定年利率 5%,每年支付利息。

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,本集團結欠貸款人B合共約人民幣176.8百萬元(相當於約216.3百萬港元)。

於本年度,本集團收到民事判決,據此銀行 就銀行與貸款人A之間之貸款協議(「爭議性 貸款協議」)之逾期未償還貸款及利息向貸款 人A、環能營口、遼寧淘氣寶及其他被告提 出申索。民事判決裁定環能營口及遼寧淘氣 寶有責任於貸款人A違反爭議性貸款協議後 償還相關未償還貸款及利息,原因為貸款人 A就爭議性貸款協議向銀行質押應收債務A 權利。

Accordingly, HNYK and Liaoning Taoqibao shall repay the outstanding loans and respective interest under Loan Agreement B to the Bank instead of Lender B. Should the judgement debts borne by the Group less than the aforesaid repayment amount under Loan Agreement B, the remaining amount shall be repaid to Lender B.

因此,環能營口及遼寧淘氣寶須向銀行而非 貸款人B償還貸款協議B項下未償還貸款及 相關利息。倘本集團承擔之判決債項少於上 述貸款協議B項下還款,則餘額須支付予貸 款人B。

As at 31 December 2022, the total outstanding loans and interests amounted to approximately RMB233.2 million (equivalent to approximately HK\$266.8 million), being the obligation indebted by the Group to the Bank under the civil judgement, which was fully reflected in the Group's consolidated financial statements

於二零二二年十二月三十一日,未償還貸款及利息合共約為人民幣233.2百萬元(相當於約266.8百萬港元),即本集團根據民事判決結欠銀行之義務,於本集團綜合財務報表中全數反映。

As at 31 December 2022, investment properties of the Group is under dormant seizure (輪侯查封) pursuant to the civil judgement. Transfer of ownership on the said investment properties is restricted, however, the judicial seizure does not affect the Group's right to possess, use and benefit from the relevant investment properties as the owner.

於二零二二年十二月三十一日,根據民事判決,本集團之投資物業被輪候查封。有關投資物業之所有權轉讓受到限制,然而,司法查封並不影響本集團作為相關投資物業擁有人之管有、使用及獲益權。

### RESPONSE FROM THE DIRECTORS REGARDING THE QUALIFIED OPINION

#### 董事對保留意見之回應

The auditor of the Company (the "Auditor") issued a qualified opinion on the Company's consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2022 (the "Audit Qualifications"), the details of which were described in the paragraph headed "Basis of Qualified Opinion" of the independent auditor's report set out on pages 76 to 85 in this annual report.

本公司核數師(「核數師」)就本公司截至二零 二二年十二月三十一日止年度之綜合財務報 表發出保留意見(「審核保留意見」),有關詳 情載於本年報第76至85頁所載獨立核數師 報告「保留意見的基礎」一段。

Set out below is the management's and audit committee's view on the Audit Qualifications.

 Loan receivables, interest receivables, consideration receivables and impairment loss of trade receivables, impairment loss of prepayment for purchase of building materials, impairment loss of loan receivables and interest receivables

The Qualification on Receivables were related to (i) recoverability of the consideration receivables of approximately HK\$134.1 million (the "Consideration Receivables") as at 31 December 2022; and (ii) timing for recognition of impairment loss on loan receivable ("Loan Receivable") and related interest receivables ("Interest Receivable") of approximately HK\$176.4 million and HK\$39.3 million for the Year.

#### (A) Recoverability of Consideration Receivables

The Consideration Receivables of approximately HK\$134.1 million represented (1) consideration receivable of approximately HK\$47.8 million in relation to the disposal of certain residential properties in Yingkou (the "Residential Properties") by the Group to four independent third parties in 2018; and (2) consideration receivable of approximately HK\$86.3 million in relation to the disposal of certain commercial properties in Dalian (the "Commercial Properties") by the Group to two independent third parties in 2018.

#### (i) Reasons leading to the audit qualification

Given the Consideration Receivables remained outstanding as at 31 December 2022 and their recoverability is subject to the outcome of any negotiations or litigations which are yet to materialise, the Board understood that the Auditor was yet to be satisfied on the recoverability of the Consideration Receivables.

下文載列管理層及審核委員會對審核保留意見之意見。

1. 應收貸款、應收利息、應收代價及 應收貿易賬款減值虧損、購買建築 材料的預付款項減值虧損、應收貸 款及應收利息減值虧損

應收款項保留意見與(i)於二零二二年十二月三十一日的應收代價約134.1百萬港元(「應收代價」)的可收回性有關:及(ii)本年度確認應收貸款(「應收貸款」)及相關應收利息(「應收利息」)減值虧損約176.4百萬港元及39.3百萬港元的時間。

#### (A) 應收代價之可收回性

應收代價約134.1百萬港元指(1) 本集團於二零一八年向四名獨立 第三方出售位於營口之若干住宅 物業(「住宅物業」))之應收代價約 47.8百萬港元:及(2)有關本集團 於二零一八年向兩名獨立第三方 出售位於大連之若干商業物業 (「商業物業」)之應收代價約86.3 百萬港元。

#### (i) 導致審核保留意見之理由

鑑於應收代價於二零二二年十二月三十一日仍未收回,且其可收回性取決於任何尚未落實之磋商或訴訟結果,故董事會了解到核數師尚未信納應收代價之可收回性。

#### (ii) Management position and assessment

The management considered that it is possible to recover the Consideration Receivables through negotiations with the counterparties who introduced the purchasers to the Group for a debt restructuring proposal, where certain payables of the Group may be offset against the Consideration Receivables. Despite there are no agreement reached yet, the Board considered that it is premature to evaluate whether any portion of the Consideration Receivables is recoverable.

As such, the Group did not record any impairment on the Consideration Receivables as at 31 December 2022.

Given the Consideration Receivables remained outstanding as at 31 December 2022 and their recoverability is subject to the debt restructuring proposal which are yet to materialise, the Board understood the Auditor was yet to be satisfied on the recoverability of the Consideration Receivables.

#### (iii) View of the Audit Committee

Taking into account of the above and after discussion with the Auditor, the Audit Committee agreed with the Board's view.

#### (ii) 管理層之態度及評估

管理層認為,透過與向本集團介紹買方之對手方就債惠有可能收回應收代價和實力。 集團之若干應付款項可能收別 集團之若干應付款項可能未應收代價抵銷。儘管評別 應收代價抵銷。儘管評別 成協議,董事會認為評可收 收代價之任何 以份時尚早。

因此,本集團於二零二二年 十二月三十一日並無錄得任 何應收代價減值。

鑑於應收代價於二零二二年 十二月三十一日仍未償還, 且其可收回性取決於尚未落 實的債務重組建議,董事會 了解核數師尚未信納應收代 價的可收回性。

#### (iii) 審核委員會之意見

經考慮上文所述及與核數師 討論後,審核委員會同意董 事會之意見。

### (iv) Proposed action plan in addressing the audit qualification

As discussed above, the Group considered recovering the Consideration Receivables through negotiations with counterparties who introduced the purchasers to the Group for a debt restructuring proposal. Due to the suspension of the trading of the shares of the Company and the outbreak of COVID-19, the negotiation process has inevitably delayed. As such, there is no agreement reached yet as at the date of this submission. It is expected that the Company will conclude the negotiation by the end of 2023.

The Company will continue to seek legal opinion from its PRC lawyer from time to time to consider (1) the recoverability of the Consideration Receivables; and (2) the feasibility of commencing legal actions if and when necessary to safeguard the interest of the Company.

In the event any debt restructuring proposal is entered for the Consideration Receivables, the relevant audit qualification will not carry forward for the year ending 31 December 2023.

#### (B) Timing for recognition of impairment loss on Loan and Interest Receivables

The Loan Receivable were related to a finance lease agreement (the "Finance Lease Agreement") entered into between a subsidiary of the Company with Shenzhen Aquatic Products Co., Ltd\* (深圳市水產有限公司) ("Shenzhen Aquatic"), an independent third party, in 2017, pursuant to which the Group should lease a property in Shenzhen (the "Shenzhen Property"), which was acquired by the Group from the same counterparty in 2017 at a consideration of RMB150 million, to Shenzhen Aquatic for a term of three years up to the end of December 2020. Upon maturity of the Finance Lease Agreement, the counterparty should return the principal of RMB150 million to the Group.

#### (iv) 解決審核保留意見之建議行 動計劃

本公司將繼續不時向其中國 律師尋求法律意見,以考慮 (1)應收代價之可收回性; 及(2)於必要時採取法律行 動以保障本公司利益的可行 性。

倘就應收代價訂立任何債務 重組建議,相關審核保留意 見將不會結轉至截至二零 二三年十二月三十一日止年 度。

#### (B) 確認應收貸款及應收利息減值虧 損之時間

The Interest Receivable represented the interest of 9% per annum payable quarterly by Shenzhen Aquatic to the Group pursuant to the Finance Lease Agreement.

#### (i) Reasons leading to the audit qualification

Given the Shenzhen Intermediate People's Court ("SZ Court") handed down a civil judgment in June 2022 against the Group and seek for legal opinion from the PRC lawyer, the recoverability of the Loan and Interest Receivables was considered to be unlikely. As such, the Group provided full Impairment on the Loan Receivables during the Year.

Although the Auditor is satisfied that the impairment should be provided on the entire Loan and Interest Receivables, the Board understood that the Auditor could not satisfy themselves as to whether the impairment loss should be provided on the Loan Receivables in the Year or prior years.

#### (ii) Management position and assessment

Based on the legal advice received by the Company in May 2021, the Company filed an application to SZ Court for seizure of properties owned by Shenzhen Aquatic in June 2021 for recovering the Loan and Interest Receivables. In June 2022, SZ Court ruled against the Group based on the following principal reasons:

(a) The Group could not provide the original copies of the relevant documents to SZ Court, which the Group could not locate after the Unauthorised Dilution; and 應收利息指深圳水產根據融資租 賃協議須按年利率9%向本集團 每季支付之利息。

#### (i) 導致審核保留意見之理由

儘管核數師信納應就全部應 收貸款及應收利息計提減值 撥備,惟董事會明白,核數 師未能信納於本年度或過往 年度是否應就應收貸款計提 減值虧損撥備。

#### (ii) 管理層之態度及評估

根據本公司於二零二一年五 月收到的法律意見,本公別 於二零二一年六月向深圳水 院申請查封深圳水產擁有的 物業,以收回應收貸款及應 收利息。於二零二二年六 月,深圳法院基於以下主要 理由裁定本集團敗訴:

(a) 本集團無法向深圳法 院提供未經授權攤薄 後本集團未能找到相 關文件之正本;及

(b) As stated in the ruling, Shenzhen Aquatic alleged that, in March 2020, Qianhai Guoxing entered into an agreement (the "Purported Agreement") with Shenzhen Dongyin Financial Holdings Co., Ltd.\* (深 圳市東銀金融控股有限公司) ("Shenzhen Dongyin"). Pursuant to the Purported Agreement, it is alleged that the fund used for financing loan transferred from Qianhai Guoxing to Shenzhen Aquatic (the "Fund Source") belonged to Shenzhen Dongyin, therefore Shenzhen Aquatic claimed that it is not required to repay to Qianhai Guoxing the Loan Receivables as there are no substance regarding the Loan Receivables.

Based on publicly available information, the ultimate beneficial owner of Shenzhen Dongyin is Mr. Li Sen, the then controlling shareholder and chairman of the Company who is now facing criminal charges in the PRC. As the Purported Agreement is dated March 2020, the current Board members were not aware of the Purported Agreement and unable to verify its authenticity.

Accordingly, SZ Court considered the Group, as the plaintiff, could not provide sufficient evidence to support Shenzhen Aquatic is liable for the repayment of the Loan Receivable and Interest Receivable, and the Group has no right to claim the repayment of the Loan and Interest Receivables from Shenzhen Aquatic.

Based on the assessment by the Board after seeking legal opinion from the PRC lawyer and due and careful consideration, the recoverability of the Loan and Interest Receivables was considered to be unlikely and materialise during the Year. As such, the Group provided full Impairment on the Loan and Interest Receivables during the Year.

誠如裁決所述,深圳 水產聲稱,於二零二 零年三月,前海國興 與深圳市東銀金融控 股有限公司(「深圳東 銀」)訂立一份協議 (「指稱協議」)。根據 指稱協議, 前海國興 轉撥予深圳水產之融 資貸款所用資金(「資 金來源」)屬於深圳東 銀,因此深圳水產聲 稱毋須向前海國興償 還應收貸款,原因為 應收貸款並無實質證 明。

因此,深圳法院認為本集團 (作為原告)未能提供足夠證 據支持深圳水產有責任償還 應收貸款及應收利息,而本 集團無權向深圳水產申索償 還應收貸款及應收利息。

根據董事會於尋求中國律師之法律意見後作出之之評估及審慎周詳考慮,應收利息之可收回性被認實。應收利息之可收回性落認實不大可能並於本年度落就實所本集團於本年度就就值機構。

#### (iii) View of the Audit Committee

Taking into account of the above and after discussion with the Auditor, the Audit Committee agreed with the Board's view.

### (iv) Proposed action plan in addressing the audit qualification

Given SZ Court handed down a civil judgment in June 2022 against the Group and the assessment by the Board after seeking legal opinion from the PRC lawyer, the recoverability of the Loan and Interest Receivables was considered to be unlikely.

The Group then approached a number of legal advisers in the PRC and has identified the beneficial owner of Hong Kong Headline Big Data Company Limited ("**HK Headlines**"), who are an independent third party and the experts in distressed assets recovery, which may provide a chance for the Group to recover all or part of the Loan Receivables.

In October 2022, the Group entered into conditional sale and purchase agreements with HK Headlines, pursuant to which the Group conditionally agreed to sell and HK Headlines conditionally agreed to acquire the entire equity interest of the relevant subsidiaries which entitled to the Loan Receivables (the "Disposals") at consideration of HK\$2 in aggregate. In the event HK Headlines is able to recover all or part of the Loan Receivables within 3 years from the date of the Sale and Purchase Agreement, HK Headlines shall, net of relevant expenses, pay to the Group 40% of any recovered balance of the Loan Receivables.

#### (iii) 審核委員會之意見

經考慮上文所述及與核數師 討論後,審核委員會同意董 事會之意見。

#### (iv) 解決審核保留意見之建議行 動計劃

鑑於深圳法院於二零二二年 六月對本集團作出民事判決 及董事會於尋求中國律師之 法律意見後作出之評估,應 收貸款及應收利息之可收回 性被視為不可能。

本集團其後與中國多名法律顧問接洽,並已識別香港頭條大數據股份有限公司(「香港頭條」)的實益擁有人資產可以專家,其可能為不良資團提供收回全部或部分應收貸款的機會。

In December 2022, the Disposals were completed, the relevant subsidiaries have ceased to be subsidiaries of the Company. It is expected that the audit qualification will not be carried forward in the year ending 31 December 2023.

#### 2. Limited Books and Records

#### (i) Reasons leading to the audit qualification

Qianhai Shitong, a then wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, recorded various prepayments made and trade receivables prior to 2020.

In August 2020, the Company discovered the suspected forgery or unauthorised use of the company chop of Qianhai Shitong and Sincere Venture (the "Suspected Forgeries"). As a result of the Suspected Forgeries, the purported shareholding interest of Qianhai Shitong held by Sincere Venture was diluted from 100% to 25% (the "Unauthorised Dilution") as a result of the issuance of new shares by Qianhai Shitong to Shenzhen Aquatic. After reporting the case to the relevant authority, in July 2021, the Unauthorised Dilution was withdrawn and nullified and the Group has regained the legal ownership and company chop of Qianhai Shitong.

As such, the Group has difficulties in accessing the books and records of Qianhai Shitong at the material time and therefore could not provide the same to the Auditor as audit evidence. 於二零二二年十二月,出售事項已完成,相關附屬公司已不再為本公司之附屬公司。相關審核保留意見將不會結轉至截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度。

#### 2. 有限賬簿及記錄

#### (i) 導致審核保留意見之理由

本公司當時之全資附屬公司 前海世通於二零二零年前錄 得多項預付款項及應收貿易 賬款。

因此,本集團於關鍵時間難 以取得前海世通之賬簿及記 錄,因此無法向核數師提供 有關賬簿及記錄作為審核憑 證。

The Board understood the Auditor was unable to carry out audit procedures on Qianhai Shitong to satisfy itself in relation to the income and expenses, assets and liabilities and related disclosure in relation to Qianhai Shitong in the consolidated financial statements of the Company.

董事會了解到核數師未能對 前海世通進行審核程序以令 其信納有關本公司綜合財務 報表中前海世通之收入及開 支、資產及負債以及相關披 露。

#### (ii) Management position and assessment

Despite the best effort of the Group, given the Group only regained the legal ownership of Qianhai Shitong in July 2021, where the bank signatory and the legal representative of Qianhai Shitong has then been changed to the Group's representatives, the Group had yet to retrieve the true copies of the documents leading to the outstanding receivables, or ascertain the completeness of the books and record of relevant subsidiaries.

Based on the understanding of the Group, the relevant subsidiaries did not conduct any operation since 2021. As such, the Group has prepared the consolidated financial statements of the Company based on the management account of the relevant subsidiaries with all information available to the Group.

However, the Auditor has requested the audit evidence and supporting documents for the financial statements of the relevant subsidiaries and could not ascertain the completeness of the books and record of the relevant subsidiaries due to the reasons as disclosed above.

#### (iii) View of the Audit Committee

Taking into account of the above and after discussion with the Auditor, the Audit Committee agreed with the Board's view.

#### (i) 管理層之態度及評估

據本集團了解,相關附屬公司自二零二一年起並無進行任何營運。因此,本集團已根據相關附屬公司的管理賬目及本集團可獲得的所有資料編製本公司的綜合財務報表。

然而,核數師已要求相關附屬公司財務報表之審核憑證及證明文件,且由於上文所披露之原因,無法確定相關附屬公司之賬簿及記錄之完整性。

#### (iii) 審核委員會之意見

經考慮上文所述及與核數師 討論後,審核委員會同意董 事會之意見。

### (iv) Proposed action plan in addressing the audit qualification

As Qianhai Shitong ceased to be subsidiary of the Company since the completion of the Disposals, it is expected that the audit qualification will not be carried forward in the year ending 31 December 2023.

### 3. Provision for repayment obligations in relation to civil judgement

#### (i) Reasons leading to the audit qualification

Please refer to section "Material Events — Litigation".

#### (ii) Management position and assessment

The Directors considered that the Group is not necessarily to repay the relevant outstanding loans and interests because, as advised by the Company's PRC legal advisor, Lender A and other defendants have priority over HNYK and Liaoning Taoqibao for the repayment obligations, and therefore no additional provision of approximately HK\$54.4 million, being the difference between the amount of the maximum obligation above and the carrying amounts of other borrowings and interest payables, should be provided concerning the civil judgement.

However, the Group is unable to provide the repayment status of Lender A and other defendants nor their financial abilities to fulfil the repayment obligations as at 31 December 2022, the Company understood that the Auditor was yet to be satisfied themselves as to whether there are no additional repayment obligations under the civil judgement unless there is concrete repayment status of Lender A and other defendants.

#### (iv) 解決審核保留意見之建議行 動計劃

由於前海世通自出售事項完成起不再為本公司之附屬公司,預期相關審核保留意見將不會結轉至截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度。

#### 3. 有關民事判決之還款責任撥備

#### (i) 導致審核保留意見之理由

請參閱「重大事項 — 訴訟」 一節。

#### (ii) 管理層之態度及評估

#### (iii) View of the Audit Committee

Taking into account of the above and after discussion with the Auditor, the Audit Committee agreed with the Board's view.

### (iv) Proposed action plan in addressing the audit qualification

The Group has been actively negotiating with various independent third parties on debt restructuring proposals so as to realise its assets and discharge its liabilities. Should the Group unable to reach a feasible restructuring proposal before expiry of other borrowings, the Group might file a bankruptcy petition against HNYK and Liaoning Taoqibao with the court. After consulting its PRC legal advisers, the Group shall be able to discharge its obligation indebted by the Group to the bank under the civil judgement by filing bankruptcy petition.

Alternatively, the audit qualification can also be removed if the relevant subsidiaries is disposed of before upcoming financial year end. The Company will consider such disposal if a suitable acquirer can be identified.

In the event any debt restructuring proposal is entered, bankruptcy petition being filed or relevant subsidiaries being disposed, the relevant audit qualification will not carry forward for the year ending 31 December 2023.

#### (iii) 審核委員會之意見

經考慮上文所述及與核數師 討論後,審核委員會同意董 事會之意見。

#### (iv) 解決審核保留意見之建議行 動計劃

另外,倘相關附屬公司於下 一個財政年度結束前出售, 則審核保留意見亦可予以剔 除。倘物色到合適收購方, 本公司將考慮有關出售事 項。

倘訂立任何債務重組建議、 提交破產呈請或出售相關附 屬公司,相關審核保留意見 將不會結轉截至二零二三年 十二月三十一日止年度。

#### **RISK FACTORS**

The Group has identified and is facing a number of significant risks during the year ended 31 December 2022. Some of these risks are ongoing factors which the industry has to cope with in medium to long term. Other risk factors are specific to the Group.

#### 1. Economic Risk

The Group's business are closely related to the changes in business, competitive, regulatory, or economic environment in which the Group operates, which may have significant impact to the Group's financial performance and conditions.

- a. The global economic conditions and the state of international financial and investment markets, including the economy, financial and investment markets of the United States, Mainland China and Hong Kong, of which the Group has no control, have significant influences on the business and financial performance of the Group. The management policy to mitigate this risk is to diversify the Group's business and to diversify its investments (where possible) within the same business.
- b. The Group's business could be adversely affected by the outbreaks of contagious diseases such as the COVID-19 or other diseases that may affect the livelihood of people. Travel restrictions and quarantine control may negatively affect the economic demand of commodities and productivity of the workforce, which may adversely affect the financial performance and financial position of the Group. The Group will continue to implement workplace controls and cost control measures to minimize any adverse impact arising from any outbreak of diseases.

#### 風險因素

於截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團已識別且一直面臨數項重大風險。其中若干風險因素為業界中長期需要面對的風險。其他風險因素則為本集團承受之特定風險。

#### 1. 經濟風險

本集團業務與本集團經營所在的業務、 競爭、監管或經濟環境變動息息相關, 有關變動可能對本集團財務表現及狀 況構成重大影響。

- a. 環球經濟狀況及國際金融和投資 市場(包括美國、中國內地及香 港之經濟、金融及投資市場)之 狀況並非本集團所能控制,且對 本集團之業務及財務表現有重大 影響。本集團舒緩此風險的管理 政策為分散本集團之業務及在可 能情況下分散其於相同業務之投 資。
- b. 本集團的業務可能會受到 COVID-19或其他可能影響大眾生 活的疾病等傳染病爆發之不利影響。旅遊限制及檢疫措施可能會 對商品的經濟需求及勞動人口生 產力造成負面影響,從而可能對 本集團的財務表現及財務狀況產 生不利影響。本集團將繼續實施, 孫求盡量減低任何疾病爆發所引 起的任何不利影響。

### Management Discussion and Analysis (Continued) 管理層討論及分析(續)

#### **RISK FACTORS (Continued)**

#### 2. Market Risk

The Group's existing businesses are operating in a competitive environment that puts pressure on the revenue and profitability of this business. The management policy to mitigate this risk is to continue to put effort in enlarging the market share and enhancing the market competitiveness of these businesses by various means.

#### 3. Environmental Risk

The Group is constantly exposed to inherent risks such as pollution, mechanical breakdown of machinery, adverse weather conditions, fire or other calamity. Any of these factors may cause disruptions to the Group's operations. The Group may also be liable for compensation payable as a result of these unpredictable events which may adversely affect its financial performance.

#### 4. Customer Risk

The Group has been relied on a small number of customers in its existing businesses. This has been limiting the Group's bargaining power on credit terms and discount rate. The Group may not be able to significantly expand its customer base in the short term which may adversely affect its financial performance.

#### 5. Financial Risk

The Group is exposed to financial risks relating to foreign currency, interest rate, equity price, liquidity and credit risk in its ordinary course of business. For further details of such risks and relevant management policies, please refer to Note 7 to the consolidated financial statements for details.

#### 風險因素(續)

#### 2. 市場風險

本集團現有業務的營運環境充滿競爭, 導致該業務的收入及盈利能力備受壓力。本集團舒緩此風險的管理政策為 繼續努力透過各種方法擴大該業務的 市場份額及提高其市場競爭力。

#### 3. 環境風險

本集團經常承受污染、機械設備故障、 惡劣天氣狀況、火災或其他災難等固 有風險。任何該等因素均可能干擾本 集團業務。本集團亦可能因該等未能 預計事件賠償支付款項,故此可能對 其財務表現產生不利影響。

#### 4. 客戶風險

本集團於現有業務方面一直依賴少數 客戶,令本集團有關信貸條款及貼現 率的議價能力受到限制。本集團可能 無法於短期內大幅拓闊客戶群,故此 可能對其財務表現產生不利影響。

#### 5. 財務風險

本集團於日常業務過程中面臨與外幣、 利率、股權價格、流動資金及信貸風 險有關的財務風險。該等風險及相關 管理政策的進一步詳情,請參閱綜合 財務報表附註7。

### Management Discussion and Analysis (Continued) 管理層討論及分析(續)

### COMPLIANCE WITH THE RELEVANT LAWS AND REGULATIONS

As far as the Board and management of the Group are aware, the Group has complied in material respects with the relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the business and operation of the Group. During the year ended 31 December 2022, there was no material breach of or noncompliance with the applicable laws and regulations by the Group.

### RELATIONSHIP WITH EMPLOYEES, CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

The Group understands the importance of maintaining a good relationship with its employees, customers and suppliers to meet its immediate and long-term business goals. During the year ended 31 December 2022, there were no significant dispute between the Group and its employees, customers and suppliers.

#### **ENVIRONMENTAL POLICIES AND PERFORMANCE**

The Group is committed to the long term sustainability of the environment and communities in which it operates. In order to reduce the degree of environmental damage when developing the Group's business, the Group strictly complies with the local laws, rules and guidance in relation to environmental protection.

#### 遵守相關法律及法規

就本集團董事會及管理層所知,本集團已於各重要方面遵守對本集團業務及經營產生重大影響之相關法律及法規。於截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度內,本集團概無嚴重違反或不遵守適用法律及法規。

#### 與僱員、客戶及供應商之關係

本集團了解與其僱員、客戶及供應商保持良好關係對達到其短期及長期目標之重要性。 於截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度, 本集團與其僱員、客戶及供應商之間概無重 大糾紛。

#### 環境政策及表現

本集團致力於其經營所處的環境及社區之長期可持續性。為於發展本集團業務時降低對環境的損害程度,本集團嚴格遵守有關環境保護的地方法律、規則及指引。

# Corporate Governance Report 企業管治報告

The Company is committed to attaining and maintaining a high standard of corporate governance, the principles of which are to uphold integrity, transparency and accountability in all aspects of business and to ensure that affairs are conducted in accordance with applicable laws and regulations. It is believed that good corporate governance is fundamental to the success of the Company and to the enhancement of shareholders' value.

本公司致力於達致及維持高水平之企業管治,以於業務所有方面強調健全性、透明度及問責性以及確保按照適用法律及法規進行事務為原則。本公司深信,良好企業管治乃本公司成功及提升股東價值之基本要素。

#### **CORPORATE GOVERNANCE**

The Company complied with all the applicable code provisions of the Corporate Governance Code (the "CG Code") set out in Appendix 14 to the Listing Rules for the year ended 31 December 2022, save for the code provisions C.2.1 and F.2.2 of the CG Code. Details of the deviations are explained in the section "Compliance with the CG Code" of this corporate governance report.

### MODEL CODE FOR SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS OF DIRECTORS

The Company has adopted the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers ("Model Code") as set out in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules as the Group's code of conduct regarding Directors' Securities Transaction. Specific enquiries have been made with the Directors and they have confirmed their compliance with the Model Code during the year ended 31 December 2022.

#### **BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

As at the date of this annual report, the Board comprises six directors, including three executive Directors, namely Mr. Li Gang (Chairman), Mr. Pan Lihui and Mr. Jiang Senlin and three independent non-executive Directors (the "INED(s)", and each an "INED"), namely Mr. Zhong Jian, Mr. Tan Xiangyi and Mr. Liu Qin. Biographical details of the Directors are set out in the "Directors Profile" section of this annual report.

#### 企業管治

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度,本公司一直遵守上市規則附錄十四所載之企業管治守則(「企業管治守則」)之所有適用守則條文。惟企業管治守則之守則條文第C.2.1及F.2.2條除外。偏離詳情於本企業管治報告「遵守企業管治守則」一節闡釋。

#### 董事進行證券交易的標準守則

本公司採納上市規則附錄10所載有關董事 買賣證券之行為守則(「標準守則」)為本集團 董事買賣證券之守則。本公司已向董事作出 具體查詢,而彼等已確認於截至二零二二年 十二月三十一日止年度一直遵守行為守則。

#### 董事會

於本年報日期,董事會由六名董事組成,包括三名執行董事李剛先生(主席)、潘立輝先生、姜森林先生,以及三名獨立非執行董事 (「獨立非執行董事」及各為一名「獨立非執行董事」)鍾劍先生、譚湘益先生及劉秦先生。董事簡歷詳情載於本年報之「董事簡介」一節內。

To the best knowledge of the Directors, save for disclosed in this annual report, there is no other financial, business, family or other material/relevant relationship(s) between the Chairman and among members of the Board.

The Board meets regularly and at least four times a year. The attendance of individual director at the regular Board meetings and general meetings of the Company held during the year ended 31 December 2022 is set out in the following table:

就董事所深知,除本年報所披露者外,主席 及董事會成員之間概無任何其他財務、業 務、家屬或其他重要/相關關係。

董事會定期且每年最少舉行四次會議。下表 載列各董事於截至二零二二年十二月三十一 日止年度本公司舉行之董事會例會及股東大 會之出席記錄:

**Extraordinary** 

#### **Number of attendance**

出席次數

		Board Meetings 董事會會議	Annual General Meeting (held on 24 June 2022) 股東週年大會 (於二零二二年 六月二十四日 舉行)	General Meeting (held on 30 December 2022) 股東特別大會 (於二零二二年 十二月三十日 舉行)
Executive Directors	執行董事			
Mr. Li Gang (Chairman)	李剛先生 <i>(主席)</i>	4/4	0/1	1/1
Mr. Pan Lihui	潘立輝先生	4/4	0/1	1/1
Mr. Jiang Senlin	姜森林先生	4/4	1/1	1/1
Independent Non-executive Directors	獨立非執行董事			
Mr. Zhong Jian	鍾劍先生	4/4	0/1	1/1
Mr. Du Hongwei (resigned on 5 March 2023)	杜宏偉先生 (於二零二三年 三月五日辭任)	4/4	0/1	1/1
Mr. Liu Qin	劉秦先生	4/4	1/1	0/1

During the year ended 31 December 2022, the Directors have participated in the approval of routine and operational matters of the Company by way of written resolutions circulated to them together with supporting documents and briefings from the company secretary of the Company (the "Company **Secretary**"). As for the regular Board meetings, the Directors receive at least 14 days' prior written notice of a regular Board meeting and may propose matters for discussion to be included in the agenda. The agenda together with accompanying board papers are sent to the Directors at least three days prior to a regular Board meeting.

於截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度, 董事透過向彼等傳閱附有説明文件之書面決 議案,及由本公司之公司秘書(「公司秘書」) 作出簡報,參與審批本公司之日常及營運事 宜。有關董事會例會,董事於董事會例會舉 行最少十四日前接獲書面通知,並可提呈討 論事項納入會議議程內。會議議程連同會議 文件會於董事會例會舉行最少三日前送交各 董事。

The Board, led by the Chairman, approves and monitors the Group's business strategies and policies, strategic decisions and directions, annual budget, and other major corporate matters. Besides, the management has powers and authorities delegated by the Board and exercises such powers and authorities by the Board from time to time. The management assumes full accountability to the Board for the operation of the Group.

由主席領導之董事會批准及監察本集團之業務策略及政策、策略性決策及方針、年度預算及其他重大企業事宜。此外,管理層擁有董事會委派之權力及權限,並不時行使董事會委派之該等權力及權限。管理層就本集團之營運向董事會承擔全部責任。

The Company Secretary is responsible to the Board for ensuring that Board procedures are followed. The Board is briefed on all legislative, regulatory and corporate governance developments and has regarded to them when making decisions. The Company Secretary, together with the Board, are also directly responsible for the Group's compliance with the continuing obligations of listed issuers under the Listing Rules, the Codes on Takeovers and Mergers and Share Buy-backs, the Companies Ordinance, the SFO and other applicable laws, rules and regulations.

公司秘書須向董事會負責,確保董事會程序 獲得遵守。董事會獲一切有關法例、規管及 企業管治之發展的簡報,並以之作為決策參 考。公司秘書與董事會亦直接負責確保本集 團遵守上市規則、公司收購、合併及股份回 購守則、公司條例、證券及期貨條例及其他 適用法律、法規及規例所規定上市發行人之 持續責任。

Throughout the year ended 31 December 2022, the Board at all times met the requirements of Rule 3.10 and Rule 3.10A of the Listing Rules relating to the appointment of at least three INEDs representing at least one-third of the Board, with at least one INED possessing appropriate professional qualifications or accounting or related financial management expertise. Therefore, there is strong element of independence in the Board to exercise independent judgment. The Company has received from each INED an annual written confirmation of their independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. The Company considers that all of the INEDs have met the independence guidelines set out in Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules and are independent in accordance with terms of the guidelines.

於截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度,董事會一直符合上市規則第3.10條及第3.10條係關委任最少三名獨立非執行董事(佔董事會最少三分一成員人數)且其中最少一名獨立非執行董事須具備適當專業資內。 會計或相關財務管理專業知識之規獨立相關財務管理專業規一以作出獨立相關財務管理專業規一,以作出獨立的人工,以作出獨立自己接獲各獨立非執行董事根有,規則第3.13條呈交彼等之獨立非執行董事均已符合上市規則第3.13條所載獨立性,且根據該指引條款,彼等均為獨立人士。

## ARRANGEMENT OF APPROPRIATE INSURANCE COVER IN RESPECT OF LEGAL ACTION AGAINST THE DIRECTORS

The Company has put in place appropriate insurance cover in respect of the Directors' liability in accordance with the code provision C.1.8 of the CG Code.

#### 就針對董事的法律訴訟作適當的投保 安排

本公司已根據企業管治守則第C.1.8條守則 條文就董事之責任投保合適之責任保險。

#### **COMPLIANCE WITH THE CG CODE**

Under the code provision C.2.1 of the CG Code, the roles of chairman and chief executive officer should be separated and should not be performed by the same individual. During the Year, Mr. Li Gang is the chairman of the Board and the Company has not appointed a chief executive officer. Accordingly, the duties of the chief executive office have been undertaken by the executive Directors. The Board will keep reviewing the current structure of the Board and the need of appointment of a suitable candidate to perform the role of the chief executive office. Appointment will be made to fill the post to comply with the code provision C.2.1 of the CG Code, if necessary.

Under the code provision F.2.2 of the CG Code, the chairman of the Board should attend the annual general meeting. Due to the outbreak of COVID-19 pandemic and other business commitments, Mr. Li Gang, being the chairman of the Board, was unable to attend the annual general meeting of the Company held on 24 June 2022.

#### TERM OF APPOINTMENT OF INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

The INEDs are appointed for a term of twelve months and subject to retirement by rotation and re-election in accordance with the Articles of Association.

### DIRECTORS' TRAINING AND PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT

All Directors must keep abreast of their collective responsibilities. Any newly appointed Directors would receive an induction package covering the Group's businesses and the statutory regulatory obligations of a director of a listed company. All Directors are encouraged to participate in continuous professional development to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills. The Directors are continually updated on developments in statutory and regulatory regime and the business environment to facilitate the discharge of their responsibilities. The Company has provided timely technical updates, including the briefing on the amendments on the Listing Rules and the news released published by the Stock Exchange to the Directors. Continuing briefings and professional development for the Directors are arranged where necessary.

#### 遵守企業管治守則

根據企業管治守則之守則條文第 C.2.1 條,主席與行政總裁的角色應有區分,並不應由一人同時兼任。於本年度,李剛先生為董事會主席,且本公司並無委任行政總裁。因此,行政總裁之職務由執行董事承擔。董事會將持續檢討董事會的目前架構以及是否需要委任合適人選擔任行政總裁。如有必要,將遵照企業管治守則之守則條文第 C.2.1 條作出委任以填補職位空缺。

根據企業管治守則第F.2.2條,董事會主席 須出席股東週年大會。由於COVID-19爆發 及其他業務安排,董事會主席李剛先生未能 出席本公司於二零二二年六月二十四日舉行 之股東週年大會。

#### 委任獨立非執行董事的年期

獨立非執行董事的委任年期為十二個月,並須根據組織章程細則輪值告退及膺選連任。

#### 董事培訓及專業發展

所有董事均須瞭解其集體職責。任何新獲委任之董事將收到一套就任資料文件(涵蓋本集團之業務及上市公司董事之法定監管責任)。本公司鼓勵所有董事參與持續專業養展,以提升及增進彼等之知識及技能。華續獲提供有關法規及監管制度及業務環境發展之最新資料,以協助彼等履行職責。本公司已適時向董事提供最新的技術性資料,包括上市規則修訂之簡報及聯交所之新聞發佈。本公司於有需要時會為董事安排持續簡報及專業發展。

In compliance with the code provision C.1.4 of the CG Code, during the year ended 31 December 2022, the Directors were regularly briefed on the amendments to or updates on the relevant laws, rules and regulations, and have been provided with reading materials to keep them informed of the latest updates in the relevant market and changes on the legal and regulatory environment.

於截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度, 為符合企業管治守則之守則條文第C.1.4條, 董事定期均會獲知會相關法例、規則及規例 之修訂或最新版本及已提供予董事相關閱讀 文件讓彼等知悉相關市場的最新消息以及法 律和法規環境的最新變化。

#### **COMPANY SECRETARY**

Mr. Ng Yu Ho ("**Mr. Ng**") was appointed as the Company Secretary on 12 June 2021. The primary contact person at the Company during the year with Mr. Ng was Mr. Li Gang, the Chairman to the Board.

During the year, Mr. Ng were responsible for providing advice to the Board on corporate governance matters. Mr. Ng confirmed that he has taken no less than 15 hours of relevant professional training during the year ended 31 December 2022, pursuant to Rule 3.29 of the Listing Rules.

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION

During the years ended 31 December 2022 and 2021, the independent auditor provided the following audit and non-audit services to the Company with remunerations as follows:

#### 公司秘書

吳宇豪先生(「**吳先生**」)於二零二一年六月十二日獲委任為本公司秘書。於本年度,吳 先生於本公司的主要聯絡人為董事會主席李 剛先生。

於本年度,吳先生負責就企業管治事宜向董事會提供意見。吳先生已確認,於截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度,彼已根據上市規則第3.29條接受不少於15個小時之相關專業培訓。

#### 獨立核數師酬金

截至二零二二年及二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度,獨立核數師為本公司提供的核數 及非核數服務及其酬金如下:

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$′000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元
Auditor's Remuneration  — Audit service  — Non-audit service	核數師薪酬 一 核數服務 一 非核數服務	1,150 330	1,100 50

#### **BOARD COMMITTEES**

The Board has established three committees. The authority and duties of the Audit Committee of the Company (the "Audit Committee"), Remuneration Committee of the Company (the "Remuneration Committee") and the Nomination Committee of the Company (the "Nomination Committee") are set out in their respective written terms of reference which are of no less exacting terms than those set out in the CG Code. The terms of reference of all committees are posted on the websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company respectively. All committees are provided with sufficient resources to discharge their duties.

#### 董事委員會

董事會已成立三個委員會。本公司之審核委員會(「審核委員會」)、本公司之薪酬委員會」)及本公司之提名委員會(「**請酬委員會**」)之權力及職責載於其各自書面職權範圍內,其條款均不較企業管治守則所載者寬鬆。所有委員會之職權範圍刊載於聯交所及本公司各自之網站。所有委員會均獲提供充足資源以履行其職務。

#### **AUDIT COMMITTEE**

The Company established the Audit Committee with written terms of reference in compliance with Rule 3.21 of the Listing Rules and paragraph D.3 of the CG Code. As at the date of this annual report, the Audit Committee comprises three INEDs, namely, Mr. Liu Qin, Mr. Tan Xiangyi (appointed on 5 March 2023) and Mr. Zhong Jian, with Mr. Liu Qin acting as the chairman of the Audit Committee.

The primary duties of the Audit Committee are, inter alia, to review and supervise the financial reporting process and the effectiveness of the Group's internal controls and risk management. The Audit Committee meets at least twice a year in reviewing the interim and annual reports of the Company before submission to the Board for approval.

The Audit Committee meets regularly with management and external auditors and reviews their reports. During the year ended 31 December 2022, the Audit Committee met two times to (i) review the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2021 and the unaudited condensed consolidated financial information for the six months ended 30 June 2022 with recommendations to the Board for approval; (ii) review the Groups' internal control system and related matters and discussed with the management and the auditors on the accounting policies and practices that may affect the Group; (iii) consider and make recommendations of the re-appointment of the independent audit of the Company; and (iv) other matters in accordance with its terms of reference. The record of attendance of each member at the committee meetings is set out below.

#### 審核委員會

本公司遵照上市規則第3.21條及企業管治守則第D.3段成立審核委員會,並訂明書面職權範圍。於本年報日期,審核委員會由三名獨立非執行董事(即劉秦先生、譚湘益先生(於二零二三年三月五日獲委任)及鍾劍先生)組成,而劉秦先生出任審核委員會主席。

審核委員會之主要職責為(其中包括)審閱 及監察本集團之財務申報程序以及內部監控 及風險管理之成效。審核委員會每年最少舉 行兩次會議,以於呈交予董事會批准前審閱 本公司中期及年度報告。

審核委員會定期與管理層及外聘核數師會面及審閱其報告。截至三二年十二月上年度,審核委員會曾舉行兩一十二日上年度,審核委員會曾舉行兩一十二月三十一日上年度之綜合財務報表以及截至三十二月三十日上六個月之未經審核對之未經審會批准,並是供意以供董事會批准,並是供意以供董事會批准,並會對於不數的方式。各成員出席委員會會議之記錄的其他事宜。各成員出席委員會會議之記錄於下文。

Members	成員	Number of attendance 出席次數
Mr. Liu Qin	劉秦先生	2/2
Mr. Zhong Jian	鍾劍先生	2/2
Mr. Du Hongwei (resigned on 5 March 2023)	杜宏偉先生(於二零二三年三月五日辭任)	2/2

#### REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

The Company established the Remuneration Committee with written terms of reference in compliance with Rule 3.25 of the Listing Rules and paragraph E.1 of the CG Code. As at the date of this annual report, the Remuneration Committee comprises two INEDs and one executive Director, namely, Mr. Zhong Jian, Mr. Tan Xiangyi (appointed on 5 March 2023) and Mr. Pan Lihui, with Mr. Zhong Jian acting as the chairman of the Remuneration Committee.

The Remuneration Committee should consult with the chairman on its remuneration proposals for other executive Directors, and may access to independent professional advice if necessary. The principal responsibilities of the Remuneration Committee include, among others, (i) the recommendation to the Board on the Company's policy and structure for all Directors' and senior management remuneration and on the establishment of a formal and transparent procedure for developing remuneration policy; (ii) the review and approval of management's remuneration proposals with reference to the Board's corporate goals and objectives, and the determination, with delegated responsibility, the remuneration packages of individual executive Director and senior management; and (iii) the review and/or approval of matters relating to share schemes under Chapter 17 of the Listing Rules.

The Remuneration Committee has adopted the operation model where it performs an advisory role to the Board, with the Board retaining the final authority to approve the remuneration packages of individual executive Directors and senior management. Details of the remuneration of Directors are set out in Note 35 to the consolidated financial statements.

During the year ended 31 December 2022, since there were no shares granted under the 2011 Share Option Scheme (as defined in the Report of the Directors), no material matters relating to the 2011 Share Option Scheme under Chapter 17 of the Listing Rules were required to be reviewed or approved by the Remuneration Committee.

#### 薪酬委員會

本公司遵照上市規則第3.25條及企業管治守則第E.1段成立薪酬委員會,並訂明書面職權範圍。於本年報日期,薪酬委員會由兩名獨立非執行董事及一名執行董事(即鍾劍先生、譚湘益先生(於二零二三年三月五日獲委任)及潘立輝先生)組成,而鍾劍先生出任薪酬委員會主席。

薪酬委員會應就其他執行董事的薪酬建議諮詢主席,如有需要,薪酬委員會可尋求獨立專業意見。薪酬委員會之主要職責為(其中包括)(i)就本公司全體董事及高級管理局所與策及架構,以及就設立正規而具透透明。 新酬政策及架構,以及就設立正規而具透透明度的程序制訂薪酬政策向董事會提出建議; (ii)並因應董事會所訂企業方針及目標而會討及批准管理層的薪酬建議,以及獲董事層 對投責任,釐定個別執行董事及高級管理層的薪酬待遇;及(iii)審閱及/或批准上市規則第17章項下股份計劃相關事宜。

薪酬委員會採用之運作模式是向董事會履行諮詢職責,而董事會則保留批准個別董事及高級管理層之薪酬待遇之最終權力。董事薪酬詳情載於綜合財務報表附註35。

於截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度,由於並無根據二零一一年購股權計劃(定義見董事會報告)授出股份,故於截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度,二零一一年購股權計劃項下概無重大事宜須根據上市規則第17章由薪酬委員會審閱或批准。

The Remuneration Committee met once during the year ended 31 December 2022 to review and approve the remuneration packages of all Directors and senior management and other matters in accordance with the Remuneration Committee's terms of reference. During the process, no individual director was involved in decisions relating to his own remuneration. The record of attendance of each member at the committee meeting is set out below.

薪酬委員會於截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度舉行了一次會議以根據薪酬委員會 職權範圍審閱及批准全體董事及高級管理層 之薪酬待遇及其他事項。在此期間並無個別董事參與釐定其本身之薪酬。各成員出席委員會會議之記錄載於下文。

Members	成員	Number of attendance 出席次數
Mr. Zhong Jian	鍾劍先生	1/1
Mr. Du Hongwei (resigned on 5 March 2023)	杜宏偉先生(於二零二三年三月五日辭任)	1/1
Mr. Pan Lihui	潘立輝先生	1/1

#### **NOMINATION COMMITTEE**

The Company established the Nomination Committee with written terms of reference in compliance with paragraph B.3 of the CG Code. As at the date of this annual report, the Nomination Committee comprises two INEDs and one executive Director, namely Mr. Tan Xiangyi (appointed on 5 March 2023), Mr. Zhong Jian and Mr. Pan Lihui with Mr. Tan Xiangyi acting as the chairman of the Nomination Committee.

The primary duties of the Nomination Committee are, among others, to review the structure, size and composition (including the skills, knowledge and experience) of the Board at least annually and make recommendations on any proposed changes to the Board to complement the Company's corporate strategy; to identify individuals suitably qualified to become Board members and select or make recommendations to the Board on the selection of individuals nominated for directorships; to assess the independence of INEDs; and to make recommendations to the Board on the appointment or reappointment of the Directors and succession planning for the Directors, in particular the chairman of the Board and the chief executive officer of the Company.

The Nomination Committee has reviewed the diversity of the Board during the year ended 31 December 2022 and will review the Board Diversity Policy (as defined below) from time to time to ensure that the policy will be implemented effectively.

The Nomination Committee met once during the year ended 31 December 2022 to (i) review the structure, size and composition of the Board and its diversity, (ii) assess the independence of INEDs, (iii) make recommendation to the Board on the re-election of the Directors at the annual general meeting (iv) and to consider other matters in accordance with its terms of reference. The record of attendance of each member at the committee meeting is set out below.

#### 提名委員會

本公司遵照企業管治守則第B.3段成立提名委員會,並訂明書面職權範圍。於本年報日期,提名委員會包括兩名獨立非執行董事及一名執行董事(即譚湘益先生(於二零二三年三月五日獲委任)、鍾劍先生及潘立輝先生),而譚湘益先生出任提名委員會主席。

提名委員會之主要職責為(其中包括)至少 每年審閱董事會的架構、規模及組成(包括 技能、知識及經驗),以及就董事會為之 本公司企業策略而擬作出之任何變動向成為 會提出推薦建議;物色具備合適資格事向成員之人士,挑選提名擔任董事之人士,挑選提名擔任董評估 董事會成員之人士,挑選提名擔任董評估 五非執行董事之獨立性;並就委任或重新定 任董事以及董事(尤其是本公司董事會 及行政總裁)繼任計劃向董事會提出推薦建 議。

提名委員會已審閱截至二零二二年十二月 三十一日止年度之董事會多元化(定義見下 文),並將不時審閱董事會多元化政策以確 保有關政策將獲有效實施。

提名委員會於截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度舉行了一次會議以(i)審閱董事會之架構、規模及組成以及其多元化;(ii)評估獨立非執行董事之獨立性;(iii)於股東週年大會就重選董事向董事會作出推薦建議及(iv)考慮根據職權範圍的其他事宜。各成員出席委員會會議之記錄載於下文。

Members	董事	Number of attendance 出席次數
Mr. Du Hongwei (resigned on 5 March 2023)	杜宏偉先生(於二零二三年三月五日辭任)	1/1
Mr. Zhong Jian	鍾劍先生	1/1
Mr. Pan Lihui	潘立輝先生	1/1

#### **NOMINATION POLICY**

The Board has resolved on 28 December 2018 to adopt the following Nomination Policy:

- 1. The Nominee Committee will:
  - 1.1 review and monitor the structure, size and composition (including the skills, knowledge, experience and diversity of perspectives) of the Board at least annually and make recommendations on any proposed changes to the Board to complement the Company's corporate strategy;
  - 1.2 identify individuals suitably qualified to become Board members and select or make recommendations to the Board on the selection of individuals nominated for directorships;
  - 1.3 assess the INEDs and where the Board proposes a resolution to elect an individual as an INED at the general meeting, it should set out in the circular to shareholders ("Shareholders", and each a "Shareholder") and/or explanatory statement accompanying the notice of the relevant general meeting:
    - 1.3.1 the process used for identifying the individual and why the Board believes the individual should be elected and the reasons why it considers the individual to be independent;
    - 1.3.2 if the proposed INED will be holding their seventh (or more) listed company directorship, why the Board believes the individual would still be able to devote sufficient time to the Board;
    - 1.3.3 the perspectives, skills and experience that the individual can bring to the Board; and
    - 1.3.4 how the individual contributes to diversity of the Board.

#### 提名政策

董事會已於二零一八年十二月二十八日議決 採納以下提名政策:

- 1. 提名委員會將:
  - 1.1 至少每年檢討及監察董事會的架構、人數及組成(包括技能、知識、經驗及觀點多樣性方面),並就任何為配合本公司的公司策略而擬作出之任何變動向董事提出推薦建議;
  - 1.2 物色具備合資格可擔任董事的人士,並挑選提名有關人士出任董事或就此向董事會提供意見;
  - 1.3 評核獨立非執行董事及若董事會 擬於股東大會上提呈決議案選任 某人士為獨立非執行董事,有關 股東大會通告所隨附的致股東 (「股東」,及各為一名「股東」)通 函及/或説明函件中,應該列 明:
    - 1.3.1 用以物色該名人士的流程、 董事會認為應選任該名人士 的理由以及他們認為該名人 士屬獨立人士的原因:
    - 1.3.2 如果候任獨立非執行董事將 出任第七家(或以上)上市 公司的董事,董事會認為該 名人士仍可為董事會投入足 夠時間的原因;
    - 1.3.3 該名人士可為董事會帶來的 觀點與角度、技能及經驗; 及
    - 1.3.4 該名人士如何促進董事會成 員多元化。

- 1.4 review the diversity of Board members periodically which can be achieved through consideration of a number of factors, including but not limited to gender, age, cultural and educational background, or professional experience;
- 1.5 make recommendations to the Board on the appointment or re-appointment of directors and succession planning for directors, in particular the Chairman and the Chief Executive Officer; and
- 1.6 assist the Board in the development and review of the Board's diversity policy and directors' nomination policy, as appropriate; and review the measurable objectives for the implementation of the Board's diversity policy and monitor progress towards the achievement of such.
- 2. The Company's process for appointing a Director
  - 2.1 Approach and procedures for the Board to appoint a Director
    - 2.1.1 Nomination Committee considers the candidates based on merit having regard to the skills, knowledge, experience and diversity of perspectives and then makes recommendations to the Board as appropriate;
    - 2.1.2 Executive Directors' appointment will be made through a service contract with a term of service continues unless and until terminated by either party by giving to the other three months' period notice in writing;
    - 2.1.3 Non-executive Directors' ("NEDs", and each a "NED") appointment will be made through a formal letter of appointment with a term of twelve-month period which automatically renews for successive twelve months periods unless terminated by either party in writing prior to the expiry of the term;

- 1.4 定期檢討董事會成員多元化,可 透過考慮多項因素達到,包括(但 不限於)性別、年齡、文化及教 育背景或專業經驗;
- 1.5 就董事委任或重新委任以及董事 (尤其是主席及行政總裁)繼任計 劃向董事會提出建議;及
- 1.6 協助董事會制定及檢討董事會的 多元化政策及提名董事的政策(如 適用),及對推行董事會的多元 化政策而制定的可衡量目標進行 檢討,以及監察達致這些目標的 進度。
- 2. 本公司委任董事的流程
  - 2.1 董事會委任董事之方法及程序
    - 2.1.1 提名委員會根據用人惟才的原則,以侯選人的個人技能、知識、經驗及觀點多樣性方面作考慮,並向董事會提出合適的建議;
    - 2.1.2 執行董事之委任將通過與本 公司訂立一份服務合約,而 服務年期將持續生效,除非 及直至任何一方向另一方發 出三個月之事先書面通知予 以終止;
    - 2.1.3 非執行董事(「非執行董事」) 及各為一名「非執行董事」) 之委任將通過與本公司訂立 一份正式委任函,任期十二 個月,而除非任何一方於任 期屆滿前以書面提出終止, 否則每次屆滿時將自動續期 十二個月;

- 2.1.4 Retiring NEDs, including those who have served as NEDs for a period of 9 consecutive years, are eligible for nomination by the Board to stand for re-election at a general meeting. For the avoidance of doubt, (a) the 9-year period for determining the eligibility of an NED for nomination by the Board to stand for election at a general meeting would count from his/her date of first appointment as an NED until the date of the forthcoming annual general meeting when his/her current term of service will expire at the end of that meeting; and (b) an NED who has been serving on the Board for a period of 9 consecutive years or more may continue to hold office until expiry of his/her current term;
- 2.1.5 If an INED has served more than 9 years, such Director's further appointment should be subject to a separate resolution to be approved by Shareholders. The papers to the Shareholders accompanying that resolution should state the reasons why the Board (or the Nomination Committee) believes the Director is still independent and should be re-elected including the factors considered, the process and the discussion of the Nomination Committee or the Board in arriving at such determination;
- 2.1.6 Where all the independent non-executive Directors have served more than nine years on the Board, the Company should:
  - (a) disclose the length of tenure of each existing independent non-executive Director on a named basis in the circular to the Shareholders and/or explanatory statement accompanying the notice of the annual general meeting; and
  - (b) appoint a new independent non-executive Director on the board at the forthcoming annual general meeting.

- 2.1.5 倘獨立非執行董事在任已過 九年,該董事是否獲續任應 以獨立決議案形式由限東 議批准。隨附該決議 發給股東的文件中,員會 可認為該名人士仍屬獨包括 士及應獲重選的原因包出有關 決定的考慮因素、過程及討 論:
- 2.1.6 倘董事會內所有獨立非執行 董事均在任超過九年,本公 司應:
  - (a) 在股東週年大會通告 隨附的致股東通函 及/或説明函件內披 露每名在任獨立非執 行董事的姓名及任期: 並
  - (b) 在下次的股東週年大 會上委任一名新的獨 立非執行董事。

- 2.1.7 Newly appointed Directors approved by the Board are subject to election by Shareholders at the first general meeting following the appointment (in case of filling a casual vacancy) or until the next following annual general meeting of the Company (in case of an additional to the Board), but he shall not be taken into account in determining the Directors or the number of Directors who are to retire by rotation in case he retires at an annual general meeting; and
- 2.1.8 Existing Directors are subject to retirement by rotation at the annual general meeting at least once every three years but are eligible for reelection. This applies to one-third of existing Directors according to the Articles of Association. The Directors to retire by rotation shall include any Director who wishes to retire and not to offer himself for re-election.
- 2.2 Procedures for shareholders to propose a person for election as a Director
  - 2.2.1 If a Shareholder of the Company wishes to propose a person other than a retiring director for election as a director of the Company at a general meeting, the Shareholder (other than the person to be proposed) duly qualified to attend and vote at the general meeting shall send a written notice, duly signed by the Shareholder, of his/her intention to propose such person for election and also a notice signed by the person to be proposed of his/her willingness to be elected;
  - 2.2.2 These notices should be lodged at the Company's head office in Hong Kong or the Company's branch share registrar in Hong Kong, Tricor Tengis Limited, during a period commencing no earlier than the day after the dispatch of the notice of the general meeting appointed for such election and ending no later than seven days prior to the date of such general meeting provided that such period shall be at least seven days; and
  - 2.2.3 Shareholders may put forward their enquiries about the Company to the Board through the Company Secretary at 20/F., No. 9 Des Voeux Road West, Sheung Wan, Hong Kong.

- 2.1.7 任何董事會新委任的董事, 需要於緊隨委任日期後的臨 屆股東大會(如屬填補臨時 空缺)或本公司下屆股東 年大會(如屬董事會新成員) 獲得股東重選,惟如需於於 東週年大會退任,則不用計 入輪值退任之董事或董事人 數;及
- 2.1.8 現任董事必須最少每三年於 股東週年大會上輪值退任, 退任董事將符合資格重選連 任。根據章程,需要三分之 一的現任董事退任及重選。 輪值退任的董事包括願意退 任且不再膺選連任的任何董
- 2.2 股東提名他人選舉為董事的程序

  - 2.2.2 有關通知須於不早於股東大會的通知寄發後翌日開始至不遲於有關大會日期前七日止期間內送交本公司的香港總辦事處或本公司的香港股份過戶登記分處卓佳登捷時有限公司,惟有關期限不得少於七日;及
  - 2.2.3 股東可透過公司秘書(致函 至香港上環德輔道西9號20 樓)向董事會作出有關本公 司之查詢。

- 2.3 Approach and procedures for Shareholders' approval to appoint a Director at the general meeting
  - 2.3.1 Proposed Director appointment is considered as an individual resolution at the general meeting;
  - 2.3.2 Shareholders will approve the election or reelection of Directors by Ordinary Resolution at the Company's general meeting; and
  - 2.3.3 Any Director so appointed shall hold office only until the next following general meeting of the Company (in the case of filling a causal vacancy) or until the next following annual general meeting of the Company (in the case of an addition to the Board), and shall then be eligible for re-election at the meeting, but he shall not be taken into account in determining the Directors or the number of Directors who are to retire by rotation in case he retires at an annual general meeting.

- 2.3 股東大會由股東通過委任董事的 方法及程序
  - 2.3.1 在股東大會中選舉通過擬委 任的董事被視為個別決議 案:
  - 2.3.2 在本公司的股東大會中,股 東將通過普通決議案選舉或 重撰董事:及
  - 2.3.3 任何獲委任董事之任期僅直 至本公司下屆股東大會(如 屬填補臨時空缺)或本公司 下屆股東週年大會(如屬董 事會新增成員)為止,並 合資格於會上重選連任,惟 如須於股東週年大會退任, 則不得計入輪值退任之董事 或董事人數。

#### **BOARD DIVERSITY POLICY**

The Board has adopted a board diversity policy (the "Board Diversity Policy") which sets out the approach to achieve a sustainable and balanced development of the Company and to enhance the quality of performance of the Company. The Board Diversity Policy aims at achieving diversity on the Board.

#### **Measurable Objectives and Selection**

In designing the Board's composition, a number of perspectives which include race, gender, age, cultural and educational background, industry experience, technical and professional experience, knowledge, skills, length of service, personal integrity and time commitments of the proposed candidates will be taken into consideration. The Company will also take into account factors relating to its own business model and specific needs from time to time. The ultimate decision is based on merit and contribution that the candidates will bring to the Board. Candidates will be considered against objective criteria, having due regard for the benefits of diversity on the board.

#### 董事會多元化政策

董事會已採納董事會多元化政策(「**董事會多元化政策**」),其載列達致本公司可持續及平衡發展之方法,及提升本公司業績質素。董事會多元化政策旨在達致董事會多元化。

#### 可計量目標及甄選

於制定董事會之組合時,本公司將從多方角度考慮,包括建議候選人的種族、性別、年齡、文化及教育背景、行業經驗、技術及專業經驗、知識、技能、服務任期、個人誠信和時間投入。本公司亦將不時計及與其本身業務模式及具體需要有關的因素。最終決定將基於候選人將為董事會帶來的價值及所作的貢獻。本公司將以客觀條件考慮人選並充分顧及董事會多元化的裨益。

The Board will take opportunity to increase the proportion of female members over time when selecting and making recommendation on suitable candidates for Board appointments. The Board would ensure that appropriate balance of gender diversity is achieved with reference to stakeholders' expectation and international and local recommended best practices, with the ultimate goal of bringing the Board to gender parity. The Board also aspires to having an appropriate proportion of Directors who have direct experience in the Group's core markets, with different ethnic backgrounds, and reflecting the Group's strategy.

董事會將在選擇合適的董事會候選人並提出建議時,把握機會提高女性成員的比例。董事會將確保經參照持份者的期望以及國際及當地推薦的最佳做法後取得適當的多元性別中衡,從而實現帶領董事會走向性別均等的最終目標。董事會亦期望於本集團核心市場擁有直接經驗並來自不同種族背景的董事佔有適當的比例,從而反映本集團的策略。

#### **Gender Diversity**

The Board recognises the importance of the Board gender diversity for enhancing the corporate governance system and strategic decisions in the boardroom. As at the date of this report, all Board members are males. In order to achieve gender diversity on the Board level, the Board will appoint at least one female Board member no later than 31 December 2024.

Details of gender ratio of the workforce (including senior management) are set out in the 2022 Environmental, Social and Governance Report.

#### Implementation and Monitoring

The Nomination Committee will monitor the implementation of the Board Diversity Policy and report to the Board annually.

#### CORPORATE GOVERNANCE FUNCTIONS

The Company's corporate governance duties set out in code provision A.2.1 of the CG Code are carried out by the Board pursuant to the following terms of reference adopted by the Board:

- to develop and review the Company's policies and practices on corporate governance and make recommendations to the Board;
- to review and monitor the training and continuous professional development of the Directors and senior management;
- to review and monitor the Company's policies and practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements;
- (d) to develop, review and monitor the code of conduct and compliance manual (if any) applicable to the Company's employees and Directors; and

#### 性別多元化

董事會確認董事會性別多元性的重要性,以加強企業管治體系及董事會戰略決定。於本報告日期,全體董事會成為均為男性。為達致董事會的性別多元化,董事會將不遲於二零二四年十二月三十一日前委任一名女性董事會成員。

勞動人口(包括高級管理層)性別比例詳情 載於二零二二年環境、社會及管治報告。

#### 實施及監控

提名委員會將監控董事會多元化政策的實施情況及每年向董事會作出匯報。

#### 企業管治職能

本公司於企業管治守則條文第A.2.1條所載之企業管治職能由董事會根據董事會採納之下列職範圍執行:

- (a) 制定及檢討本公司的企業管治政策及 常規,並向董事會提出建議;
- (b) 檢討及監察董事及高級管理層的培訓 及持續專業發展;
- (c) 檢討及監察本公司的政策及常規有否 遵守法律及監管規定;
- (d) 制定、檢討及監察適用於本公司的僱 員及董事的行為守則及合規手冊(如 有);及

- (e) to review the Company's compliance with the CG Code and disclosure in the corporate governance report.
- (e) 檢討本公司有否遵守企業管治守則及 企業管治報告內的披露。

#### **ACCOUNTABILITY AND AUDIT**

The Board acknowledges its responsibility for preparing the consolidated financial statements of the Group and ensures that the consolidated financial statements have adopted the accounting principles generally accepted in Hong Kong and complied with the requirements of the Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards and Interpretations issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the disclosure requirements of the Companies Ordinance and the Listing Rules.

The statement of the auditor of the Company about their reporting responsibilities on the consolidated financial statements of the Group is set out in the Independent Auditor's Report section of this annual report.

#### **RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL**

The Board has the overall responsibility to ensure that appropriate and effective risk management and internal control systems are in place for the Group.

The Group's system of risk management and internal control includes a defined management structure with limits of authority, and is designed to safeguard the Group's assets against unauthorised use or misappropriation, ensure the maintenance of proper accounts, and ensure compliance with applicable laws and regulations. The systems are designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance against material misstatement or loss, and to manage rather than eliminate the risk of failure to achieve the Group's business objectives.

The Group has a risk management process in place to identify, evaluate and manage significant risks and to resolve material internal control defects, if any. Risks are compiled, rated and mitigation plans are proposed and documented in a risk template by the responsible officer of the Company and its subsidiaries. The risk assessment is reviewed and evaluated by the management of the Company. The identified risks are managed by the Group through (i) implementing controls that eliminate the risk entirely, (ii) implementing mitigation plans to reduce the severity of the risk to an acceptable level, or (iii) taking no action if the risk is acceptable for the Group (as the case may be). The risk assessments are presented to the Audit Committee and the Board for their review semi-annually.

#### 問責性及審核

董事會確認其編製本集團綜合財務報表之責任,並確保綜合財務報表已採納香港公認會計原則及按照香港會計師公會發出之香港財務報告準則及詮釋之規定,以及公司條例及上市規則之披露規定而編製。

本公司核數師就其對本集團綜合財務報表之 報告責任所作聲明載於本年報獨立核數師報 告一節內。

#### 風險管理及內部監控

董事會整體負責確保本集團具有合適及有效的風險管理及內部監控制度。

本集團之風險管理及內部監控系統包括一套 具有職權限制之界定管理架構,旨在保障本 集團資產免受未經授權的使用或挪用、確保 維護適當的會計記錄,及確保遵守適用法律 及規例。該等系統旨在提供合理(但非絕對) 保障以免出現重大失實陳述或損失,並管理 (而非消除)無法達致本集團業務目標的風 險。

本集團訂有風險管理程序,以識別、評估及管理重大風險,及解決內部監控的嚴重缺陷(如有)。另對風險進行匯總、評級及建議實解計劃,並由本公司及其附屬公司之負由本公司管理層審閱及評估。已識別之風險管理文檔進行記錄。風險評估由自營理層審閱及評估。已識別之風險大人國險(訓)實施經解計劃,將風險嚴重對為與人人。 與國險:(ii)實施緩解計劃,將風險嚴重受性。 以實施沒解計劃,將風險嚴重受性。 以實施沒解計劃,將風險嚴重受性。 以實施沒解計劃,將風險嚴受性。 與險(視情況而定),則不會採取行動。與險不會採取行力提呈予審核委員會及董事會,以供彼等每半年檢討有關評估。

The Group has maintained internal control policies to provide sufficient guidelines for the management staff and employees of the Company to work efficiently under a standardised work procedure. The internal control policies cover various operating processes from risk assessment, financial reporting, cost management, pricing for projects, staff recruitment and training to IT system control. The internal control system is generally overseen by the executive Directors and senior management and is reviewed at least once a year.

本集團已制定內部監控政策以為本公司的管理人員及僱員根據標準工作程序高效工作提供充足指引。內部監控政策涵蓋從風險評估、財務申報、成本管理、項目定價、員工招聘及培訓到資訊科技系統監控等多項經營環節。內部監控系統一般由執行董事及高級管理層監督並至少每年檢討一次。

Given the current operations of the Group, no internal audit department has been set up within the Group. Pursuant to code provision D.2.1 of the CG Code, the Company evaluates and reviews its risk management and internal control system on an annual basis. During the year ended 31 December 2022, the Group engaged an independent external consulting firm as the Group's internal control consultant to review the effectiveness of the Group's selected internal control measures. The review of the Group's internal controls covering major financial, operational and compliance controls, as well as risk management functions of different systems have been done on a systematic rotational basis based on the risk assessments of the operations and controls. No major issue but areas for improvement have been identified. The Board and the Audit Committee considered that the key areas of the Group's internal control systems and risk management are reasonably implemented and to be effective and adequate.

#### SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS

# The Board recognises the importance of good communication with Shareholders. Information in relation to the Group which includes interim and annual reports, announcements and circulars, is disseminated to Shareholders in a timely manner through the websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company, respectively.

The Company also acknowledges that general meetings are valuable forums for the Board to communicate directly with the Shareholders and members of the Board and committees are encouraged to attend and answer questions at the general meetings.

#### 股東之權利

董事會深明與股東維持良好溝通之重要性。 有關本集團之資料包括中期及年度報告、公 佈及通函,適時分別透過聯交所及本公司各 自之網站發放予股東。

本公司亦知悉股東大會為董事會直接與股東 溝通之重要平台,故鼓勵董事會及各委員會 成員出席股東大會,並於會上回應提問。

#### Procedures for Shareholders to Convene an Extraordinary General Meeting and Putting Forward Proposals at Shareholders' Meetings

Pursuant to Article 64 of the Articles of Association, extraordinary general meetings shall also be convened on the requisition of one or more shareholders holding, at the date of deposit of the requisition, not less than one tenth of the paid up capital of the Company having the right of voting at general meetings. Such requisition shall be made in writing to the Board or the Company Secretary for the purpose of requiring an extraordinary general meeting to be called by the Directors for the transaction of any business specified in such requisition. Such meeting shall be held within two months after the deposit of such requisition. If within twenty-one days of such deposit the Directors fail to proceed to convene such meeting, the requisitionist(s) himself (themselves) may do so in the same manner, and all reasonable expenses incurred by the requisitionist(s) as a result of the failure of the Directors shall be reimbursed to the requisitionist(s) by the Company.

Shareholders who wish to move a resolution may request the Company to convene a general meeting following the procedures set out in the preceding paragraph.

### Procedures for Shareholders to Propose a Person for Election as a Director

If a shareholder of the Company wishes to propose a person other than a retiring director for election as a director of the Company at a general meeting, the shareholder (other than the person to be proposed) duly qualified to attend and vote at the general meeting shall send a written notice, duly signed by the shareholder, of his/her intention to propose such person for election and also a notice signed by the person to be proposed of his/her willingness to be elected. These notices should be lodged at the Company's head office in Hong Kong or the Company's branch share registrar in Hong Kong, Tricor Tengis Limited, during a period commencing no earlier than the day after the despatch of the notice of the general meeting appointed for such election and ending no later than seven days prior to the date of such general meeting provided that such period shall be at least seven days.

Shareholders may put forward their enquiries about the Company to the Board through the Company Secretary at 20/F, No. 9 Des Voeux Road West, Sheung Wan, Hong Kong.

#### 股東召開股東特別大會及於股東大會上提 呈議案的程序

有意提呈決議案之股東可按上段所載程序要 求本公司召開股東大會。

#### 股東提名他人選舉為董事的程序

股東可透過公司秘書(香港上環德輔道西9號20樓)向董事會作出有關本公司之查詢。

#### **Shareholder Communication Policy**

Information of the Company are communicated to the Shareholders mainly through the Company's financial reports (interim and annual reports), announcements, circulars and other corporate publications made available on the websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange, and the direct communication platform at the annual general meeting held every year and any other general meetings that may be convened as required. Shareholders may at any time send their enquiries and concerns to the Board in writing through the Company Secretary. The Shareholders' Communication Policy adopted by the Company is publicly available on the websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company and will be monitored and reviewed on a regular basis, and, if necessary, changes will be made to ensure that Shareholders' needs are best served. During the year under review, the Board has reviewed the policy and confirmed its effectiveness.

The Shareholders' Communication Policy adopted by the Company is publicly available on the websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company.

#### **Dividend Policy**

The Board has adopted a dividend policy to declare and distribute dividends to the Shareholders (the "Dividend Policy"). The Company considers stable and sustainable returns to the Shareholders to be our goal and endeavours to maintain a progressive dividend policy. In deciding whether to propose a dividend and in determining the dividend amount, the Board takes into account, inter alia, the Group's earnings performance, financial position, investment requirements and future prospects, and other factors that the Board deems relevant. The recommendation of the payment of any dividend is subject to the absolute discretion of the Board, and any declaration of final dividend will be subject to the approval of the Shareholders. The Board will review the Dividend Policy on a regular basis and may exercise at its sole and absolute discretion to update, amend and modify the Dividend Policy at any time as it deems fit and necessary.

#### **CONSTITUTIONAL DOCUMENTS**

There had been no change in the Company's constitutional documents during the year ended 31 December 2022. A copy of the Company's latest constitutional documents is publicly available on the websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company respectively.

#### 股東通訊政策

本公司的資料主要透過載於本公司網站及聯交所網站本公司的財務報告(中期及年度報告)、公告、通函及其他公司刊物,及於完了開始更更大會及按需要召開任何更大會及按需要召開任何之一。 在召開的股東週年大會及按需要召開任時達他股東可隨時透過公司秘書以書面形式採與中的直接溝通平台向股東將傳其的及東通訊政策可於聯交所及本公司網與東通訊政東通訊政策,並作出更改(如需要)以確保切合股東所需。於回顧年度,董事會已檢討該政策並確認其有效性。

本公司已採納的股東通訊政策可於聯交所及 本公司之網站上公開查閱。

#### 股息政策

#### 章程文件

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度,本公司之章程文件並無變動。本公司章程文件 最新版可分別於聯交所及本公司之網站上公 開查閱。

### Directors Profile 董事簡介

The biographical details of Directors up to the date of this annual report, are set out below:

#### **EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS**

Mr. Li Gang ("Mr. Li"), Chairman

Mr. Li, aged 60, has joined the Company as an executive Director and the Chairman of the Board since 29 June 2020.

Mr. Li obtained a bachelor's degree in engineering from the University of Nanking (南京金陵大學) in 1984. Mr. Li has accumulated many years of working and corporate management experience in the fields of trading and financial technology. He founded Shenzhen Youbo Network Technology Co., Ltd. (深圳優博網路科技有限公司) and served as the general manager. He has also worked as the product director in Shanghai Mingchuang Software Technology Co., Ltd. (上海銘創軟件技術有限公司), as the trust manager in Chongqing International Trust Co., Ltd. (重慶國際信託有限公司) and the trust manager in Zhongrong International Trust Co., Ltd. (中融信託有限公司). Mr. Li is currently the vice chairman of the board of directors of Wonderland International Financial Holdings Limited (華德國際金融控股有限公司). Mr. Li is also a director of various subsidiaries of the Company.

截至本年報日期,董事簡介之履歷詳情載列如下:

#### 執行董事

李剛先生(「李先生」),主席

李先生,60歲,自二零二零年六月二十九日加入本公司出任執行董事及董事會主席。

於一九八四年,李先生取得南京金陵大學工程學士學位。李先生累積多年貿易及金融科技領域從業工作及企業管理經驗。曾創立深圳優博網路科技有限公司,並擔任公司總經理;曾任職上海銘創軟件技術有限公司產品總監、重慶國際信託有限公司信託經理等。李先生現時之華德國際金融控股有限公司的副董事長。李先生亦為本公司多間附屬公司之董事。

### Directors Profile (Continued) 董事簡介(續)

#### Mr. Pan Lihui ("Mr. Pan")

Mr. Pan, aged 55, has joined the Company as an executive Director since 29 June 2020. He has also been appointed as a member of the Nomination Committee and a member of the Remuneration Committee since 9 July 2021.

Mr. Pan obtained a bachelor degree in International Economics from Beijing University of International Relations (北京國際關係 學院) in the PRC in 1989. He has over 27 years of experience in trading and corporate management of nonferrous metals industry. Mr. Pan worked in Mind Honour Limited (敏享有限公 司) from 1994 to 1998 as a manager. Mr. Pan founded Pentart Industrial Limited (鵬祥實業有限公司) in 1998 and Able Plus International Limited (卓然國際(控股)有限公司) in 2001 and has since been a director and general manager of these two companies. Mr. Pan currently serves as a director of Wonderland International Financial Holdings Limited (華得國際 金融控股有限公司), and currently also as an independent nonexecutive director of Beijing Sports and Entertainment Industry Group Limited (stock code: 1803), the shares of which are listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange. Mr. Pan is also a director of various subsidiaries of the Company.

#### 潘立輝先生(「潘先生」)

潘先生,55歲,自二零二零年六月二十九日加入本公司出任執行董事。彼亦於二零二一年七月九日起獲委任為提名委員會成員及薪酬委員會成員。

潘先生於一九八九年取得中國北京國際關係學院的國際經濟學學士學位,彼於有色金屬行業擁有逾27年貿易及企業管理經驗。於一九九四年至一九九八年於敏享有限公司及於二零零一年成立真然國際(控股)有限公司,自此一直擔任該兩間公司之董事,目前亦是聯交所股份主板上限公司的董事,目前亦是聯交所股份主板上市的北京體育文化產業集團有限公司(股份代號:1803)之獨立非執行董事。潘先生亦為本公司多間附屬公司之董事。

### Directors Profile (Continued) 董事簡介(績)

#### INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

#### Mr. Zhong Jian ("Mr. Zhong")

Mr. Zhong Jian, aged 53, has been appointed as an Independent Non-executive Director, Chairman of the Remuneration Committee and a member of each of the Audit Committee and Nomination Committee of the Company since 22 October 2019.

Mr. Zhong has obtained a bachelor's degree in Finance from The Central University of Finance and Economics, a master's degree in International Finance from Renmin University of China and a master's degree in Executive Master of Business Administration from Chinese Europe International Business School.

Mr. Zhong is currently the fund manager of Shanghai Mingyu Asset Management Co., Ltd. He was the vice president and chief financial officer of Kasen International Holdings Limited (Stock Code: 496) from August 2007 to June 2014 and September 2007 to June 2014, respectively.

#### 獨立非執行董事

#### 鍾劍先生(「鍾先生」)

鍾劍先生,53歲,於二零一九年十月二十二 日獲委任為本公司之獨立非執行董事、薪酬 委員會主席及審核委員會以及提名委員會各 自之成員。

鍾先生持有中央財經大學金融學士學位、中國人民大學國際金融碩士學位及中歐國際工商管理學院高層管理人員工商管理碩士學位。

鍾先生現任上海名禹資產管理有限公司之基 金經理。由二零零七年八月至二零一四年六 月及二零零七年九月至二零一四年六月,彼 曾分別擔任卡森國際控股有限公司(股份代 號:496)之副總裁及首席財務官。

### Directors Profile (Continued) 董事簡介(續)

#### Mr. Tan Xiangyi ("Mr. Tan")

Mr. Tan, aged 41, has been appointed as an independent non-executive Director, the Chairman of the Nomination Committee and a member of each of the Audit Committee and the Remuneration Committee since 5 March 2023.

Mr. Tan graduated from the Central University of Finance and Economics in 2005 with a bachelor's degree in economics. He has more than 22 years of experience in financial management, investment and financing management, investment and management consulting. He is currently working in Shenzhen Chinese Digital Information Technology Development Co., Ltd. as the chief financial officer.

He was the vice president and founding partner of Zhuhai Huaben Venture Equity Investment Partnership (珠海華本創建 股權投資合夥企業), the financing director of Beijing Energy International Holding Co., Ltd. (formerly known as Panda Green Energy Group Limited and United Photovoltaics Group Limited, stock code: 686), the financing director and vice chief financial officer of China Merchants Zhangzhou Development Zone Silk Road New Energy Limited and the general manager of Shenzhen Innovative Silk Road Finance & Leasing Limited (深圳 市創新絲綢之路融資租賃有限公司). He also served as the financing director and financing and funding manager of Fantasia Financial Services Limited (花樣年金融服務有限公司), Shenzhen Baoneng Investment Group Co., Ltd. and China International Marine Containers (Group) Co., Ltd. (H share stock code: 02039; A share stock code: 000039) and CIMC Group Finance Limited (中集集團財務有限公司).

#### 譚湘益先生(「譚先生」)

譚先生,41歲,於二零二三年三月五日獲 委任為獨立非執行董事、提名委員會主席及 審核委員會以及薪酬委員會各自之成員。

譚先生,於二零零五年畢業於中央財經大學 金融學專業,取得經濟學學士學位。彼具備 二十二年以上財務管理、投融資管理、投資 及管理諮詢相關經驗。現任職於深圳市中數 信技術開發有限公司,出任首席財務官一 職。

彼歷任珠海華本創建股權投資合夥企業副總裁及創始合夥人、北京能源國際控股有限公司(前稱「熊貓綠色能源集團有限公司」及「聯合光伏集團有限公司」)(股份代號:686)之融資總監、招商局漳州開發區絲路新能源之有限公司之融資總監及財務副總監、及經經理理,數有限公司(H股股份代號:02039;A股股份代號:000039)、中集集團財務有限公司之融資總監、融資和資金經理等職。

### Directors Profile (Continued) 董事簡介(績)

Mr. Liu Qin ("Mr. Liu")

Mr. Liu Qin, aged 53, has been appointed as an Independent Non-executive Director and the chairman of the Audit Committee since 9 July 2021.

Mr. Liu graduated from Central University of Finance and Economics with a bachelor's degree in Western Accounting and Economics in 1993. He has over 28 years of experience in corporate finance, taxation and internal control management in large-scale group companies. Mr. Liu is currently serving as the PRC tax director in Ericsson (stock code: ERIC, a company whose shares are listed on the NASDAQ Stock Market). He has served as the PRC tax director in Otis (stock code: OTIS, a company whose shares are listed on the NASDAQ Stock Market). He was a tax manager at KPMG, being responsible for providing auditing, tax planning, financial management and other compliance advice to companies in different industries.

### DISCLOSURE PURSUANT TO RULE 13.51B(1) OF THE LISTING RULES

Upon enquiry by the Company, save as disclosed below, there is no change in the information of the Directors required to be disclosed pursuant to Rule 13.51B(1) of the Listing Rules since the Company's last published interim report:

Mr. Jiang has ceased to be a non-executive director of Suoxinda Holdings Limited (Stock Code: 3680) since 23 June 2022.

#### 劉秦先生(「劉先生」)

劉秦先生,53歲,於二零二一年七月九日 獲委任為獨立非執行董事及審核委員會主 席。

劉先生於一九九三年畢業於中央財經大學並取得西方會計專業及經濟學學士學位。彼擁有超過28年之大型集團企業財務、稅務及內部控制管理經驗。劉先生現於愛立信(份代號:ERIC,一家股份於納斯達克股票談易所上市的公司)擔任中國稅務總監一職份於納斯達克股票交易所上市的公司)擔任中國稅務總監。劉先生曾出任畢馬威會計師與稅務總監。劉先生曾出任畢馬威會計師事務所的稅務經理,為不同行業企業提供審計、稅收籌劃、財務管理等合規性建議。

### 根據上市規則第13.41B(1)條作出披露

經本公司查詢後,除下文所披露者外,自本公司最近刊發的中期報告以來,概無任何董事資料變動須根據上市規則第13.51B(1)條予以披露:

自二零二二年六月二十三日起,姜先生不再 為索信達控股有限公司(股份代號:3680) 之非執行董事。

### Report of the Directors 董事會報告

The Directors hereby present their report and the audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2022.

董事會謹提呈其截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度之報告及經審核綜合財務報表。

#### PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES AND BUSINESS REVIEW

The principal activity of the Company is investment holding and the activities of its principal subsidiaries are set out in Note 21 to the consolidated financial statements.

Further discussion and analysis of Group's activities as required by Schedule 5 to the Companies Ordinance, including a fair review of the Group's business, a discussion of the principal risks and uncertainties facing the Group, an indication of likely future developments in the Group's business, an analysis of the Group's performance using financial key performance indicators and the Company's environmental policies and performance, can be found in the "Chairman's Statement" and "Management Discussion and Analysis" sections of this annual report. These sections form part of this report of the Directors.

#### **FINAL DIVIDEND**

The Board has resolved not to declare a final dividend for the year ended 31 December 2022 (2021: nil).

#### **DONATIONS**

The Group did not make any charitable donations during the year ended 31 December 2022 (2021: Nil).

#### **FINANCIAL RESULTS**

The results of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2022 are set out in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and consolidated statement of comprehensive income on pages 86 to 87.

#### PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Details of movement in the property, plant and equipment of the Group during the year are set out in Note 18 to the consolidated financial statements.

#### **SHARE CAPITAL**

Details of movements in the Company's share capital during the year ended 31 December 2022 are set out in Note 26 to the consolidated financial statements.

#### 主要業務及業務回顧

本公司之主要業務為投資控股,其主要附屬公司之業務載於綜合財務報表附註21。

根據公司條例附表5的規定,有關本集團業務的進一步討論及分析,包括本集團業務的 公平審閱、本集團所面臨主要風險及不明朗 因素的討論及本集團業務的未來可能發展的 揭示,本集團按財務關鍵表現指標分析的業 績及本公司環境政策及表現,載於本年報 「主席報告」及「管理層討論及分析」章節。 該等章節構成本董事會報告的一部分。

#### 末期股息

董事會已議決不宣派截至二零二二年十二月 三十一日止年度之末期股息(二零二一年: 無)。

#### 捐贈

本集團於截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止並無作出任何慈善捐贈(二零二一年:無)。

#### 財務業績

本集團截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年 度之業績載於第86至87頁之綜合損益表及 綜合全面收益表。

#### 物業、廠房及設備

本集團物業、廠房及設備於本年度之變動詳 情載於綜合財務報表附註18。

#### 股本

本公司截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度之股本變動詳情載於綜合財務報表附註 26。

#### **EQUITY-LINKED AGREEMENTS**

Save for the share option schemes as set out in "Share Option Schemes" section in this report, no equity-linked agreements were entered into by the Group, or existed during the year.

#### **DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES**

Details of the movement in reserves of the Group and the Company during the year are set out in the consolidated statement of changes in equity on page 90 and Note 34 to the consolidated financial statements.

As at 31 December 2022, the Company had no reserves available for distribution.

#### **MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS**

During the year ended 31 December 2022, sales to the Group's five largest customers accounted for approximately 39% of the Group's total revenue and sales to the largest customer included therein accounted for approximately 9%.

During the year ended 31 December 2022, purchases from the Group's five largest suppliers accounted for approximately 50% of the Group's total purchases and purchases from the largest supplier included therein accounted for approximately 21%.

None of the Directors of the Company or any of their associates or any shareholders (which, to the best knowledge of the Directors owns more than 5% of the Company's issued share capital) has any beneficial interest in the Group's five largest customers or suppliers.

#### **SUBSIDIARIES**

Participants of the Company's subsidiaries are set out in Note 21 to the Consolidate Financial Statements.

#### 股票掛鈎協議

除本報告「購股權計劃」一節所載購股權計 劃外,本集團概無訂立或於本年度存在之股 票掛鈎協議。

#### 可供分派儲備

有關本集團及本公司儲備於本年度之變動詳 情載於第90頁之綜合權益變動表以及綜合 財務報表附註34。

於二零二二年十二月三十一日,本公司並無 任何可供分派儲備。

#### 主要客戶及供應商

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度,本 集團五大客戶之銷售額約佔本集團業務總收 入之39%,當中最大客戶之銷售額約佔9%。

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度,本 集團五大供應商之採購額約佔本集團業務之 採購總額之50%,當中最大供應商之採購 額約佔21%。

概無本公司董事或彼等之任何聯繫人或任何 股東(據董事所深知擁有本公司已發行股本 5%以上之股東)擁有本集團之五大客戶或 供應商之任何實益權益。

#### 附屬公司

本公司附屬公司的參與者載於綜合財務報表 附註21。

#### **DIRECTORS**

The Directors of the Company during the year ended 31 December 2022 and up to the date of this report were:

#### **Executive Directors**

Mr. Li Gang Mr. Pan Lihui Mr. Jiang Senlin

#### **Independent Non-executive Directors**

Mr. Zhong Jian

Mr. Du Hongwei (resigned on 5 March 2023)

Mr. Liu Qin

Mr. Tan Xiangyi (appointed on 5 March 2023)

In accordance with Article 108(A) of the Articles of Association, Mr. Li Gang and Mr. Jiang Senlin will retire from their office as the executive Directors by rotation at the forthcoming annual general meeting (the "**AGM**") and being eligible, offer themselves for re-election at the AGM.

In accordance with Article 112 of the Articles of Association, Mr. Tan Xiangyi will retire from office as an independent non-executive Director at the AGM and being eligible, offer himself for re-election at the AGM.

Each of Mr. Li, Mr. Jiang and Mr. Tan have indicated their willingness to offer themselves for re-election at the AGM. Details in relation to the re-election are stated in the circular to be sent to the Shareholders together with this Annual Report.

The Company received from each of the independent non-executive Directors an annual confirmation of their independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. The Company considered all of the independent non-executive Directors as independent.

#### 董事

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度及截至本報告日期之本公司董事如下:

#### 執行董事

李剛先生 潘立輝先生 姜森林先生

#### 獨立非執行董事

鍾劍先生

杜宏偉先生(於二零二三年三月五日辭任)

劉秦先生

譚湘益先生(於二零二三年三月五日獲委任)

根據組織章程細則第108(A)條,李剛先生及 姜森林先生將於應屆股東週年大會(「**股東週 年大會**」)上輪值退任,並將符合資格且願意 於股東週年大會上重選連任執行董事。

根據組織章程細則第112條,譚湘益先生應 於股東週年大會上輪值退任獨立非執行董事 之職務,並將符合資格且願意於股東週年大 會上重選連任。

李先生、姜先生及譚先生將均表示願意於股 東週年大會上重選連任。載列重選連任詳情 的通函將連同本年報一同寄發予股東。

本公司已自每名獨立非執行董事接獲其根據 上市規則第3.13條呈交之年度獨立確認書。 本公司認為所有獨立非執行董事均屬獨立人 十。

#### **DIRECTORS PROFILE**

Biographical details of Directors of the Company are set out on pages 57 to 61 of this annual report.

#### **DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS**

None of the Directors being proposed for re-election at the AGM has a service contract with the Company or any of its subsidiaries which is not determinable by the Group within one year without payment of compensation, other than statutory compensation.

#### **DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION**

Details of the Directors' remuneration are set out in Note 35 to the consolidated financial statements.

#### DIRECTORS' MATERIAL INTERESTS IN TRANSACTIONS, ARRANGEMENTS AND CONTRACTS THAT ARE SIGNIFICANT IN RELATION TO THE COMPANY'S BUSINESS

Other than as disclosed in Note 31 to the consolidated financial statements, no other transactions, arrangements and contracts of significance in relation to the Group's business to which the Company, its subsidiaries or its parent companies was a party and in which a director of the Company and the Director's core connected persons had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the year.

#### MANAGEMENT CONTRACTS

No contract (other than employment contract) concerning the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of the business of the Company was entered into or existed during the year ended 31 December 2022.

#### **SHARE OPTION SCHEMES**

The purpose of the 2011 Share Option Scheme (hereinafter defined) is to enable the Group to recognise the contribution of the participants to the Group and to motivate the participants to continuously work to the benefit of the Group by offering the participants an opportunity to have personal interest in the share capital of the Company.

#### 董事簡介

本公司董事之履歷資料載於本年報第57至 61頁。

#### 董事服務合約

概無擬於股東週年大會上建議重選連任之董 事與本公司或其任何附屬公司訂有本集團不 可於一年內毋須支付賠償(法定賠償除外) 終止之服務合約。

#### 董事酬金

董事酬金之詳情載於綜合財務報表附註35。

#### 董事於交易、安排及有關本公司業務 之重大合約之重大權益

除綜合財務報表附註31所披露外,本公司、本公司附屬公司或其母公司概無參與訂立本公司董事及董事核心關連人士直接或間接擁有重大權益且於年末或於年內任何時間仍然有效之其他交易、安排及有關本集團業務之重大合約。

#### 管理合約

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度,本公司並無簽訂或存在任何有關本公司全部或 大部分業務之管理及行政之合約(不包括員 工合約)。

#### 購股權計劃

二零一一年購股權計劃(定義見下文)旨在 讓本集團透過令參與者有機會擁有本公司股 本之個人權益,表揚參與者對本集團之貢 獻,並鼓勵參與者繼續為本集團之利益作出 建樹。

### Share option scheme adopted by the Company on 12 May 2011 ("2011 Share Option Scheme")

The Company adopted the 2011 Share Option Scheme which was approved by shareholders in the Company's annual general meeting held on 12 May 2011. Details of movement of the options granted under the 2011 Share Option Scheme for the year ended 31 December 2022 were as follows:

### Movement in the 2011 Share Option Scheme for the year ended 31 December 2022

### 於二零一一年五月十二日獲本公司採納之購股權計劃(「二零一一年購股權計劃」)

本公司採納於二零一一年五月十二日舉行之本公司股東週年大會上獲股東批准之二零一一年購股權計劃。截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度,根據二零一一年購股權計劃授出之購股權變動詳情如下:

#### 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度之二 零一一年購股權計劃變動

Name or category of participants 參與者姓名或類別	Date of grant 授出日期	Exercise period 行使期	Exercise price per share 年股行使價 (HK\$) (港元)	Balance as at 1 January 2022 於二零二二年 一月一日 之結餘	Lapsed during the year 於年內 失效	Balance as at 31 December 2022 於二零二二年 十二月三十一日 之結餘
Others 其他 In aggregate	31/12/2012	31/12/2013 to 30/12/2022	2.298	53,209	(53,209)	_
合計		31/12/2013至30/12/2022	Total: 總計:	53,209	(53,209)	-

#### Notes:

- (1) 50% of the share options are exercisable in a period commencing one (1) year from the date of grant and expiring on the day falling one day preceding the tenth anniversary from the date of grant. The balance of 50% of the share options are exercisable in a period commencing two (2) years from the date of grant and expiring on the day falling one day preceding the tenth anniversary from the date of grant.
- (2) The 2011 Share Option Scheme has already ceased to have any effect during the year ended 31 December 2022 upon the final batch of outstanding share options lapsed at the end of the day on 30 December 2022. As at 31 December 2022 and the date of this annual report, there were no outstanding share options under the 2011 Share Option Scheme. As at 31 December 2021, the Company had 53,209 share options outstanding under the 2011 Share Option Scheme, which represented approximately 0.0098% of the Company's shares in issue on that date.
- (3) Saved as disclosed above, no share options had been granted, exercised, lapsed or cancelled under the 2011 Share Option Scheme during the year ended 31 December 2022.

#### 附註:

- (1) 50%購股權可自授出日期後滿一(1)年當日起至授出日期後滿十週年前一日止期間獲行使。餘下50%購股權可自授出日期後滿兩(2)年後之日起至授出日期後滿十週年前一日止期間獲行使。
- (2) 隨最後一批尚未行使購股權於二零二二年十二月 三十日結束失效後,二零一一年購股權計劃已不再 具有任何效用。於二零二二年十二月三十一日及本 年報日期,二零一一年購股權計劃項下並無尚未行 使之購股權。於二零二一年十二月三十一日,本公 司根據二零一一年購股權計劃項下有53,209份購股 權尚未發行,相當於本公司於該日之已發行股份約 0.0098%。
- (3) 除上述所披露者外,於截至二零二二年十二月 三十一日止年度,概無二零一一年購股權計劃下之 購股權獲授出、行使或註銷。

#### DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES

As at 31 December 2022, the interests and short positions of the Directors and chief executive of the Company, if any, in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under Section 352 of the SFO or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code as set out in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules, were as follows:

### 份及債券之權益及短倉

董事及最高行政人員於股份、相關股

於二零二二年十二月三十一日,本公司董事及最高行政人員(如有)於本公司或其任何相聯法團(定義見證券及期貨條例第XV部)之股份、相關股份及債券中,擁有根據證券及期貨條例第352條記入本公司登記冊或根據上市規則附錄十所載上市發行人董事進行證券交易之標準守則知會本公司及聯交所之權益及短倉如下:

### Long positions of Directors in the shares and underlying shares of the Company

#### 董事於本公司股份及相關股份之長倉

Name of director 董事姓名	Capacity and nature of interest 身份及權益性質	Number of shares held 所持股份數目	Approximate % of shareholding 概約持股 百分比 (Note 3) (附註3)
Mr. Li Gang (" <b>Mr. Li</b> ")	Interest of controlled corporation	112,789,766 (note 1) (附註1)	20.79%
李剛先生(「 <b>李先生</b> 」)	受控制公司之權益	(17)	
Mr. Pan Lihui (" <b>Mr. Pan</b> ")	Beneficial owner	33,112,281 (note 2) (附註2)	6.11%
潘立輝先生 (「 <b>潘先生</b> 」)	實益擁有人	(11)	

notes

- 1. Wonderland International Investment Holdings Limited ("Wonderland") is owned by Hua Zhi Investment Limited as to 58.44%, which is owned by Mr. Li as to 53.37%. Mr. Li was deemed to be interested in the 112,789,766 shares of the Company held by Wonderland by reason of interests of controlled corporations within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO. Mr. Li is a substantial shareholder of the Company and his shareholding in the Company is also set out in the section headed "Interests and Short Positions of Substantial Shareholders Disclosable under the SFO".
- Mr. Pan is a substantial shareholder of the Company and his shareholding in the Company is also set out in the section headed "Interests and Short Positions of Substantial Shareholders Disclosable under the SFO".
- 3. As at 31 December 2022, the number of issued shares of the Company was 542.392.207.

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 December 2022, none of the Directors and chief executive of the Company had registered an interest or short position in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company, or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) that was required to be recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company pursuant to Section 352 of the SFO, or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code.

### DIRECTORS' RIGHTS TO ACQUIRE SHARES OR DEBENTURES

At no time during the year was the Company or any of its subsidiaries a party to any arrangements to enable the Directors to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in, or debentures of, the Company or any other body corporate, and none of the Directors or their respective spouses or minor children had any rights to subscribe for the securities of the Company, or had exercised any such rights during the year.

附註:

- 1. 華德國際投資控股有限公司(「華德」)由Hua Zhi Investment Limited 擁有58.44%權益,而Hua Zhi Investment Limited 由李先生擁有53.37%權益。由於受控制公司之權益(定義見證券及期貨條例第XV部),李先生被視為於華德所擁有之本公司112,789,766股股份中擁有權益。李先生為本公司之主要股東,其於本公司之股權載於「根據證券及期貨條例主要股東須予披露的權益及短倉」一節。
- 潘先生為本公司之主要股東,其於本公司之股權載於「根據證券及期貨條例主要股東須予披露的權益及短倉」一節。
- 3. 於二零二二年十二月三十一日,本公司已發行股份 數目為542,392,207股。

除上文披露者外,於二零二二年十二月三十一日,概無本公司董事及最高行政人員 於本公司或其任何相聯法團(定義見證券及 期貨條例第XV部)之股份、相關股份及債券 中,登記須記錄於本公司根據證券及期貨條 例第352條須備存的登記冊之權益或淡倉, 或根據標準守則之規定而須知會本公司及聯 交所之權益及短倉。

#### 董事購買股份或債券之權利

除上文「購股權計劃」及「董事及最高行政人員於股份、相關股份及債券之權益及短倉」章節所披露之事項外,於年內任何時間,本公司或其任何附屬公司概無訂立任何安排,致使董事可藉購買本公司或任何其他法人團體之股份或債券而獲取利益,亦無董事或彼等之配偶或未成年子女有權認購本公司證券,或於年內行使任何該等權利。

### INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS OF SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS DISCLOSEABLE UNDER THE SFO

As at 31 December 2022, the following interests of more than 5% of the total number of issued shares of the Company were recorded in the register of interests required to be kept by the Company pursuant to Section 336 of the SFO:

### Long positions in the shares or underlying shares of the Company

### 根據證券及期貨條例主要股東須予披露的權益及短倉

於二零二二年十二月三十一日,本公司根據 證券及期貨條例第336條規定本公司須存置 之權益登記冊載有以下佔本公司已發行股份 總數5%以上之權益:

#### 於本公司股份或相關股份的長倉

Name of shareholder 股東名稱	Capacity and nature of interest 身份及權益性質	Number of shares held 所持股份數目	Approximate % of shareholding 概約持股百分比 (Note 3)
Mr. Li 李先生	Interest of controlled corporation 受控制公司之權益	112,789,766 (note 1) (附註1)	20.79%
Wonderland 華德	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	112,789,766 (note 1) (附註1)	20.79%
Mr. Pan 潘先生	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	33,112,281 (note 2) (附註2)	6.11%
Executive Success Limited Executive Success Limited	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	28,142,920	5.19%

附註:

#### Notes:

- Wonderland is owned by Hua Zhi Investment Limited as to 58.44%, which is owned by Mr. Li as to 53.37%. Mr. Li was deemed to be interested in the 112,789,766 shares of the Company held by Wonderland by reason of interests of controlled corporations within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO.
- Mr. Pan is an executive Director whose interest in Shares is also set out in above section headed "Disclosure of Interests of Directors and Chief Executive".
- As at 31 December 2022, the number of issued shares of the Company was 542,392,207.
- 1. 華德由 Hua Zhi Investment Limited 擁有58.44% 權益,而 Hua Zhi Investment Limited 由李先生擁有53.37% 權益。由於受控制公司之權益(定義見證券及期貨條例第XV部),李先生被視為於華德所擁有之本公司112,789,766 股股份中擁有權益。
- 潘先生為執行董事,其於股份的權益載於上文「董事 及主要行政總裁之權益披露」一節。
- 3. 於二零二二年十二月三十一日,本公司已發行股份 數目為542,392,207股。

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 December 2022, the Company had not been notified of any other relevant interests or short positions in the shares or underlying shares of the Company as required to be recorded in the register required to be kept pursuant to Section 336 of the SFO.

除上文披露者外,於二零二二年十二月三十一日,本公司概無獲知會任何於本公司股份或相關股份中登記擁有須根據證券及期貨條例第336條記錄於本公司須備存的登記冊之其他相關權益或短倉。

#### **GROUP'S EMOLUMENT POLICY**

The Group adopted the following philosophies in determining its emolument policy:

- the Group adopts a performance driven policy so that each individual is motivated to perform to the best he/she can;
- individual competence, contribution and responsibility are taken into account when considering the remuneration level for each employee;
- the Company offers provident fund, medical insurance and leave benefits to provide basic coverage to staff for retirement, sickness, rest and relaxation reasons, respectively;
- share option grants are made from time to time to better link the corporate performance as reflected in the share price performance and the contributions made by the staff in the intermediate to longer time frame; and
- the economic factors and the affordability of the Group are taken into account in coming up with the overall remuneration budget for the Group.

The Group has also adopted a discretionary bonus scheme. Factors, such as overall financial performance, the affordability of the Company and individual performance, have been taken into account before determining the entitlement of each qualified employee.

The determination of Directors' remuneration has taken into consideration of their respective responsibilities and contributions to the Company and with reference to market terms.

#### 本集團之薪酬政策

本集團於釐定薪酬政策時採納以下理念:

- 本集團採用以表現為本之政策,激勵 員工發揮最佳表現;
- 在考慮每位僱員薪酬水平時綜合考慮 個人能力、貢獻及職責;
- 本公司提供公積金、醫療保險及假期 福利,分別照顧員工於退休、生病、 休息及消閑方面之基本需要;
- 不時授出購股權以加強在中長時期由 股價表現反映出本公司業績與員工貢 獻之間的聯繫:及
- 以經濟因素及本集團之負擔能力作為 本集團釐定整體薪酬預算之考慮因素。

本集團亦實行酌情花紅計劃。在釐定每位合 資格員工應得之花紅時考慮之因素包括本公 司整體財務表現、負擔能力以及員工個人表 現。

本集團根據董事各自之責任及對本公司之貢獻及經參考市場情況後釐定董事酬金。

#### PERMITTED INDEMNITY PROVISION

Pursuant to the Articles of Association, every Director or other officer of the Company for the time being acting in relation to any affairs of the Company shall be entitled to be indemnified and secured harmless out of the assets of the Company from and against all actions, costs, charges, losses, damages and expenses which he/she shall or may incur or sustain in or about the execution of the duties of his/her office or otherwise in relation thereto provided that the indemnity shall not extend to any matter in respect of any fraud or dishonesty of the above persons. The Company has arranged appropriate directors' and officers' liability insurance coverage for the Directors and other officers of the Company during the year.

#### **CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS**

Related party transactions entered into by the Group during the year ended 31 December 2022 are disclosed in Note 79 to the consolidated financial statements. None of the related party transactions as disclosed constituted disclosable non-exempted connected transaction or non-exempted continuing connected transaction under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules and the Company had complied with the relevant requirements of the Listing Rules during the year ended 31 December 2022.

#### **TAX RELIEF**

The Company is not aware of any relief from taxation to which the Shareholders as controlled by reason of their holding of the shares of the Company.

#### 獲准許彌償條文

根據組織章程細則,就本公司任何事務行事之本公司各董事或其他高級管理人員於其任期內,或因履行其職責而蒙受或發生與此開關之所有訴訟、費用、收費、損失、賠價度,均可自本公司之資產獲得彌償,確知受損。惟彌償須不延伸至任何與上。任何欺詐或不誠實有關的事宜級代人士之任何欺詐或不誠實有關的事別。年刊人員投購適當的董事及高級職員責任保險作為保障。

#### 重大及關連交易

本集團於截至二零二二年十二月三十一日的年度內訂立的關聯人士交易已於綜合財務報表附註79披露。概無已披露的關聯人士交易構成上市規則第14A章項下須予披露非豁免關連交易或非豁免持續關連交易,且本公司於截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度已遵守上市規則的相關規定。

#### 税項寬減

本公司並不知悉受控制的股東因持有本公司股份而獲得任何税項寬減。

# Report of the Directors (Continued) 董事會報告(續)

### **PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS**

There is no provision for pre-emptive rights under the Articles of Association or the laws of the Cayman Islands, which would oblige the Company to offer new shares on a pro-rata basis to the existing shareholders.

# DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN COMPETING BUSINESS

None of the Directors of the Company had any interest in any business which competes or is likely to compete, either directly or indirectly, with the business of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2022 and required disclosure under Rule 8.10 of the Listing Rules.

# PURCHASE, REDEMPTION OR SALE OF LISTED SECURITIES OF THE COMPANY

Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries purchased, redeemed or sold any of the listed securities of the Company during the year ended 31 December 2022.

#### **EVENT AFTER THE BALANCE DATE**

Save as disclosed in this annual report, no important events affecting the Company occurred after the year under review and up to the date of this annual report.

### 優先購買權

根據組織章程細則或開曼群島法例,概無有 關本公司須按比例向現有股東提呈發售新股 份之優先購買權之條文。

### 董事於競爭業務中的權益

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度,概 無本公司董事於與本集團業務直接或間接構 成競爭或可能構成競爭的任何業務中擁有任 何權益而須根據上市規則第8.10條予以披 露。

### 購買、贖回或出售本公司上市證券

本公司或其任何附屬公司於截至二零二二年 十二月三十一日止年度並無購買、贖回或出 售本公司任何上市證券。

#### 結算日後事件

除本年報所披露者外,於回顧年度後及截至 本年報日期,概無發生影響本公司的重要事 項。

# Report of the Directors (Continued) 董事會報告(續)

### SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

As at the date of this report, based on the information publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the Directors, at least 25% of the issued share capital of the Company was held by the public during the year and up to the date of this report, as required under the Listing Rules.

### **CORPORATE GOVERNANCE**

Principal corporate governance practices adopted by the Company are set out in the corporate governance report on pages 38 to 56 of this annual report.

# COMPLIANCE WITH THE RELEVANT LAWS AND REGULATIONS

As far as the Board and management of the Group are aware, the Group has complied in material respects with the relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the business and operation of the Group. During the year ended 31 December 2022, there was no material breach of or non-compliance with the applicable laws and regulations by the Group.

#### **FIVE-YEAR FINANCIAL SUMMARY**

A summary of the published results and of assets and liabilities of the Group for the last five financial years is set out on page 172.

### 足夠公眾持股量

於本報告日期,根據本公司現有公開可得資料及就董事所深知,於本年度內及截至本報告日期,本公司已發行股本最少25%及根據上市規則的規定由公眾人士持有。

### 企業管治

本公司所採納的主要企業管治常規載列於本 年報第38頁至56頁的企業管治報告。

### 遵守相關法例及規例

就本集團董事會及管理層所知,本集團已於 重大方面遵守對本集團業務及營運有重大影響的相關法律及法規。截至二零二二年十二 月三十一日止年度,本集團並無嚴重違反或 不遵守適用法律及法規。

### 五年財務概要

本集團於過去五個財政年度之已公佈業績及 資產及負債概要載列於第172頁。

# Report of the Directors (Continued) 董事會報告(續)

### **AUDIT COMMITTEE**

The audited consolidated financial statements of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2022 have been reviewed by the Audit Committee and have been duly approved by the Board under the recommendation of the Audit Committee.

### **AUDITORS**

The consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2022 were audited by ZHONGHUI ANDA CPA Limited ("ZHONGHUI ANDA"). ZHONGHUI ANDA will retire and being eligible, offer themselves for re-appointment. A resolution for the re-appointment of ZHONGHUI ANDA as auditors of the Company will be proposed at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company.

On behalf of the Board

### Li Gang

Chairman and Executive Director

Hong Kong, 14 March 2023

## 審核委員會

本公司截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年 度之經審核綜合財務報表已由審核委員會審 閱及由董事會在審核委員會之建議下正式批 准。

### 核數師

本集團截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年 度綜合財務報表乃由中匯安達會計師事務所 有限公司(「中匯安達」)審核。中匯安達將會 告退,並將符合資格及願意重新獲委聘。建 議再度委聘中匯安達為本公司核數師的決議 案將於本公司應屆股東週年大會上提呈。

代表董事會

主席及執行董事

李剛

香港,二零二三年三月十四日

# Independent Auditor's Report 獨立核數師報告



To the member of Enviro Energy International Holdings Limited (Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

#### **QUALIFIED OPINION**

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Enviro Energy International Holdings Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") set out on pages 86 to 171, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2022, and the consolidated statement of profit or loss, consolidated statement of other comprehensive income, consolidated statement of changes in equity and consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, except for the possible effects of the matters described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion section of our report, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 December 2022, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (the "HKICPA") and have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

**致環能國際控股有限公司股東** (於開曼群島註冊成立之有限公司)

### 保留意見

我們已審計環能國際控股有限公司(以下簡稱「貴公司」)及其附屬公司(以下統稱「貴集團」)列載於第86至171頁的綜合財務報表,包括於二零二二年十二月三十一日的綜合財務狀況表,以及截至該日止年度的綜合損益表、綜合其他全面收益表、綜合權益變動表及綜合現金流量表以及綜合財務報表附註,包括主要會計政策概要。

我們認為,除了在本報告中「保留意見的基礎」部份所述事項的可能影響外,該等綜合財務報表已根據香港會計師公會(「**香港會計師公會**」)頒佈之香港財務報告準則(「**香港財務報告準則**」)真實而中肯地反映了 貴集團於二零二二年十二月三十一日之綜合財務狀況,及其截至該日止年度的綜合財務表現及綜合現金流量,並已遵照香港《公司條例》的披露規定妥為擬備。

### **BASIS OF QUALIFIED OPINION**

1. Loan receivables, interest receivables, consideration receivables and impairment loss of trade receivables, impairment loss of prepayment for purchase of building materials, impairment loss of loan receivables and interest receivables

We have been unable to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence to satisfy ourselves as to the recoverability of consideration receivables of approximately HK\$134,099,000 as at 31 December 2022; as well as loan receivables of approximately HK\$183,540,000, interest receivables of approximately HK\$40,922,000 and consideration receivables of approximately HK\$143,404,000 as at 31 December 2021. In addition, we have been unable to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence to satisfy ourselves as to the appropriate timing for recognition of (i) the impairment loss of loan receivables of approximately HK\$176,040,000 and (ii) the impairment loss of interest receivables of approximately HK\$39,250,000 for the year ended 31 December 2022; and (i) the impairment loss of trade receivables of approximately HK\$19,665,000 and (ii) impairment loss of prepayment for purchase of building materials of approximately HK\$316,614,000 for the year ended 31 December 2021.

There are no other satisfactory audit procedures that we could adopt to determine whether the above amounts are fairly stated in the consolidated financial statements.

### 保留意見的基礎

 應收貸款、應收利息、應收代價及 應收貿易賬款減值虧損、購買建築 材料的預付款項減值虧損、應收貸 款及應收利息減值虧損

> 我們無法取得充足及適當審計證據, 以令我們信納以下款項能否收回:於 二零二二年十二月三十一日之應收代 價約134,099,000港元、於二零二一年 十二月三十一日之應收貸款約 183,540,000港 元、 應 收 利 息 約 40,922,000港 元 及 應 收 代 價 約 143,404,000港元。此外,我們無法取 得充足及適當的審計證據,以令我們 信納以下各項的適當確認時間:截至 二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度之(i) 應收貸款減值虧損約176,040,000港元 及(ii)應收利息減值虧損約39,250,000 港元;及截至二零二一年十二月 三十一日止年度之(i)應收貿易賬款減 值虧損約19,665,000港元及(ii)購買建 築材料預付款項減值虧損約 316,614,000港元。

概無其他我們可採納的令人信納的審 計程序,以釐定綜合財務報表是否已 公平呈列上述金額。

In respect of the consideration receivables, the management is still in the progress of taking various actions, including but not limited to legal actions, against the respective debtors. No result from actions is available up to the date of this report for justifying the extent of the recoverability of consideration receivables. In the absence of information in relation to the financial status of the debtors on assessing the respective abilities for settlement, the management considered that there is uncertainty on recovering the consideration receivables.

In respect of the loan receivables and interest receivables, the management, after receiving the court order with a result unfavourable to the Group in respect of recovering the loan and interest receivables, provided for an impairment loss of loan receivables of approximately HK\$176,040,000 and an impairment loss of the relevant interest receivables of approximately HK\$39,250,000 for the year ended 31 December 2022. The management could not provide us with sufficient appropriate audit evidence to justify whether the impairment loss of loan receivables and impairment loss of interest receivables should be made in the current year or in the prior years.

就應收代價而言,管理層仍在採取各種行動,包括但不限於對各債務人提 起法律訴訟。直至本報告日期尚無該 等行動的結果,可證明應收代價的可 收回程度。由於缺乏有關債務人財務 狀況的資料,故無法評估其償付能力, 管理層認為,在收回應收代價方面存 在不確定性。

# Limited accounting books and records of certain subsidiaries of the Group and the relevant gain on disposal of subsidiaries

In addition to the qualified items stated above, due to the insufficiency of supporting documentation and explanations for accounting books and records in respect of certain subsidiaries of the Group, namely Qianhai Shitong Supply Chain (Shenzhen) Company Limited and Qianhai Guoxing Finance Lease (Shenzhen) Company Limited ("Certain Subsidiaries") for the period from 1 January 2022 to 30 December 2022 (being the date of disposal of Certain Subsidiaries) (the "Period Ended 2022") and for the year ended 31 December 2021, we were unable to carry out audit procedures to satisfy ourselves as to whether the following income and expenses for the Period Ended 2022 and the year ended 31 December 2021, and the assets and liabilities as at 31 December 2021, and the segment information and other related disclosure notes in relation to Certain Subsidiaries as included in the consolidated financial statements of the Group, have been accurately recorded and properly accounted for in the consolidated financial statements:

(a)

Income and expenses:

## 貴集團若干附屬公司的會計賬目及 記錄有限以及相關的出售附屬公司 之收益

除上述的保留意見項目外,由於 集團若干附屬公司(即前海世通供應鏈 (深圳)有限公司及前海國興融資租賃 (深圳)有限公司,「若干附屬公司」)於 二零二二年一月一日至二零二二年 十二月三十日(即出售若干附屬公司日 期)期間(「截至二零二二年止期間」)以 及截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止 年度的會計賬目及記錄的證明文件及 解釋不足,以令我們無法進行審計程 序以信納截至二零二二年止期間及截 至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度 的收入及開支及於二零二一年十二月 三十一日的資產及負債及有關若干附 屬公司的分部資料及披露附註是否在 綜合財務報表準確記錄及妥為入賬:

### 收入及開支

		For the Period Ended 2022 截至 二零二二年 止期間 HK\$'000 千港元	For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至 二零二一年 十二月三十一日 止年度 HK\$'000 千港元
Impairment losses on trade receivables and prepayment for purchase of building materials Impairment losses on loan and interest receivables Gain on disposal of subsidiaries Loss for the year	購買建築材料應付貿易賬款 及預付款項減值虧損 應收貸款及應收利息減值 虧損 出售附屬公司之收益 年度虧損	- (215,290)* 7,229 (208,061)	(330,908)* - - (330,908)

<sup>\*</sup> Included in point (1) of the basis for qualified opinion above

<sup>\*</sup> 已計入上述保留意見的基礎第(1)點

### (b) Assets and liabilities:

### (b) 資產及負債:

As at 31 December 2021 於二零二一年 十二月三十一日 HK\$'000 千港元

	VIII II II III II II II II II II II II I	
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	34
Bank and cash balances	銀行及現金結餘	30
Trade and other payables	應付貿易賬款及其他應付款項	9,453
Income tax payables	應付所得税	2,562

### (c) Commitments and contingent liabilities:

No sufficient evidence has been provided to satisfy ourselves as to the existence and completeness of the disclosures of commitments and contingent liabilities in relation to Certain Subsidiaries of the Group and their operations as at 31 December 2021.

### (d) Related party transactions and disclosures:

No sufficient evidence has been provided to satisfy ourselves as to the existence, accuracy and completeness of the disclosures of the related party transactions for the Period Ended 2022 and the year ended 31 December 2021 as well as balances as at 31 December 2021 in relation to Certain Subsidiaries and their operations as required by Hong Kong Accounting Standard 24 (Revised) "Related Party Disclosures".

### (c) 承擔及或然負債:

未能提供足夠的證據使我們信納 於二零二一年十二月三十一日 的 貴集團若干附屬公司及其營 運承擔及或然負債相關披露是否 存在及完整。

#### (d) 關聯方交易及披露:

未能提供足夠的證據使我們信納有關若干附屬公司及其營運截至二零二二年止期間及二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度的關聯方交易及於二零二一年十二月三十一日的餘額的披露是香港中在、準確和完整,以符合香港會計準則第24號(修訂)「關聯方披露」的要求。

## 3. Provision for repayment obligations

Due to the uncertainties in relation to the civil judgement as disclosed in note 25 to the consolidated financial statements, we have been unable to obtain sufficient appropriate evidence for us to assess whether no additional provision has been provided concerning the repayment obligations under the civil judgement as at 31 December 2022 are fairly stated and the profit or loss effect on the additional provision of repayment obligations for the year ended 31 December 2022 are properly reflected.

Any adjustments to the figures as described above points 1 to 3 might have a consequential effect on the Group's financial performance and cash flows for the years ended 31 December 2022 and 2021 and the financial positions of the Group as at 31 December 2022 and 2021, and the related disclosures thereof in the consolidated financial statements.

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing ("HKSAs") issued by the HKICPA. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA's Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (the "Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our qualified opinion.

### 3. 還款責任撥備

由於綜合財務報表附註25所披露與民事判決有關的不確定因素,我們無法獲得足夠適當證據,以評估於二零二二年十二月三十一日,民事判決項下的還款責任並無計提額外撥備是否公允載列,以及截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度額外計提還款責任的損益影響是否得到適當反映。

上文第1點至3點所述數字的任何調整可能 對 貴集團截至二零二二年及二零二一年 十二月三十一日止年度的財務表現及現金流 量以及 貴集團於二零二二年及二零二一年 十二月三十一日的財務狀況及其於綜合財務 報表的相關披露造成後續影響。

我們已根據香港會計師公會頒佈的香港審計準則(「香港審計準則」)進行審計。我們在該等準則下承擔的責任已在我們報告「核數師就審計綜合財務報表承擔的責任」部份中中難一步闡述。根據香港會計師公會頒佈的內方。 業會計師道德守則(「守則」),我們獨立業會計師道德守則(「守則」),我們獨立意,我們相信,我們所獲得的審計憑證能充足及適當地為我們的保留意見提供基礎。

# MATERIAL UNCERTAINTY RELATED TO GOING CONCERN

We draw attention to note 2 to the consolidated financial statements which mentions that the Group incurred a loss attributable to owners of the Company of approximately HK\$257.0 million for the year ended 31 December 2022 and as at 31 December 2022, the Group had net current liabilities and net liabilities of approximately HK\$166.6 million and HK\$40.2 million, respectively. In addition, as at 31 December 2022, the Group's bank and cash balances of approximately HK\$8.1 million is insufficient to cover the current liabilities of approximately HK\$434.3 million. These conditions indicate a material uncertainty which may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

#### **KEY AUDIT MATTERS**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. In addition to the matters described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion section and the Material Uncertainty Related to Going Concern section, we have determined the matter described below to be the key audit matter to be communicated in our report.

## 與持續經營有關之重大不確定性

須注意的是,綜合財務報表附註2提述 貴集團截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度產生 貴公司擁有人應佔虧損約257.0百萬港元,流動負債淨額及負債淨額分別約約166.6百萬港元及40.2百萬港元。此外,於二零二二年十二月三十一日, 貴集團之銀行及現金結餘約8.1百萬港元不足支付流動負債約434.3百萬港元。有關情況顯示可能對 貴集團的持續經營能力產生重大疑慮的重大不確定性。我們就此事項的意見並無修改。

### 關鍵審計事項

關鍵審計事項是根據我們的專業判斷,認為對本期綜合財務報表的審計最為重要的事項。這些事項是在我們審計整體綜合財務報表及出具意見時進行處理的。我們不會對這些事項提供單獨的意見。除了「保留意見的基礎」及「與持續經營有關之重大不確定性」兩節中所述的事項外,我們確定以下事項為需要在報告中溝通的關鍵審計事項。

### **Investment properties**

#### Refer to Note 20 to the consolidated financial statements

The Group measured its investment properties at fair value with the changes in fair value recognised in the consolidated profit or loss. This fair value measurement is significant to our audit because the balance of investment properties of approximately HK\$126,434,000 as at 31 December 2022 and the fair value loss of approximately HK\$35,795,000 for the year then ended are material to the consolidated financial statements. In addition, the Group's fair value measurement involves application of judgement and is based on assumptions and estimates.

Our audit procedures included, among others:

- Assessing the competence, independence and integrity of the external valuer engaged by the Company;
- Obtaining the external valuation report and meeting with the external valuer to discuss and challenge the valuation process, methodologies used and market evidence to support significant judgements and assumptions applied in the valuation model;
- Checking key assumptions and input data in the valuation model to supporting evidence;
- Checking arithmetical accuracy of the valuation model; and
- Assessing the disclosure of the fair value measurement in the consolidated financial statements.

We consider that the Group's fair value measurement of the investment properties is supported by the available evidence.

### 投資物業

#### 參閱綜合財務報表附註20

貴集團以公允價值計量其投資物業,有關公允價值變動於綜合損益表內確認。公允價值計量對我們的審計而言屬重大,因投資物業於二零二二年十二月三十一日之結餘約126,434,000港元及截至該日止年度公允價值虧損約35,795,000港元對綜合財務報表而言屬重大。此外, 貴集團之公允價值計量涉及判斷之應用並根據多個假設及估計。

我們的審計程序包括(其中包括):

- 評估 貴公司委聘之外部估值師之資格、獨立性及誠信;
- 取得外部估值報告並與外部估值師就 估值程序、所使用的方法及支持重大 判斷之市場證據及估值模型應用之假 設進行討論及提出質疑:
- 一檢查估值模型之主要假設及輸入數據 以支持證據;
- 一 檢查估值模型之計算準確性;及
- 評估綜合財務報表內公允價值計量之 披露。

我們認為已取得的證據支持 貴集團對投資物業的公允價值計量。

### **OTHER INFORMATION**

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises all the information in the Company's annual report, but does not include the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we will not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. As described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion section above, we were unable to obtain sufficient appropriate evidence about the trade receivables, loan receivables, interest receivables, prepayments, consideration receivables and interest income from loan receivables, limited accounting books and records of Certain Subsidiaries and related party transactions and disclosures. Accordingly, we are unable to conclude whether or not the other information is materially misstated with respect to these matters.

### 其他信息

董事須對其他信息負責。其他信息包括 在 貴公司年報內的所有信息(但不包括綜 合財務報表及我們的核數師報告)。

我們對綜合財務報表的意見並不涵蓋其他信息,我們將不對該等其他信息發表任何形式 的鑒證結論。

有關我們對綜合財務報表的審計,我們的責任是閱讀上述的其他信息,在此過程中,考慮其他信息是否與綜合財務報表或我們在審計過程中所了解的情況存在重大抵觸或者似乎存在重大錯誤陳述的情況。

倘根據我們的工作,我們得出結論認為該其 他資訊存在重大錯誤,我們必須報告這一事 實。如上文「保留意見的基礎」一節所述, 我們無法獲得關於應收貿易賬款、應收貸 款、應收利息、預付款項、應收代價和應 貸款利息收入、若干附屬公司的有限會計 目和記錄及關聯方交易與披露的充分適當證 據。因此,我們無法斷定該事項的其他資訊 是否存在重大錯誤。

# RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTORS FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

# AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. We report our opinion solely to you, as a body, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

## 董事就綜合財務報表須承擔的責任

董事須負責根據香港會計師公會頒佈的《香港財務報告準則》及香港《公司條例》的披露規定擬備真實而中肯的綜合財務報表,並對其認為為使綜合財務報表的擬備不存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述所需的內部控制負責。

在擬備綜合財務報表時,董事負責評估 貴集團持續經營的能力,並在適用情況下披露與持續經營有關的事項,以及使用持續經營為會計基礎,除非董事有意將 貴集團清盤或停止經營,或別無其他實際的替代方案。

## 核數師就審計綜合財務報表承擔的責 任

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements is located at the HKICPA's website at:

https://www.hkicpa.org.hk/en/Standards-setting/Standards/Our-views/auditre

This description forms part of our auditor's report.

有關審計綜合財務報表的責任之進一步詳情 載於香港會計師公會之網址:

https://www.hkicpa.org.hk/en/Standards-setting/ Standards/Our-views/auditre

本説明組成獨立核數師報告的一部分。

#### **ZHONGHUI ANDA CPA Limited**

Certified Public Accountants

#### Sze Lin Tang

Audit Engagement Director Practising Certificate Number P03614

Hong Kong, 14 March 2023

中匯安達會計師事務所有限公司

執業會計師

### 施連燈

審計項目董事 執業證書編號 P03614

香港,二零二三年三月十四日

# Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss 綜合損益表

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

			<b>2022</b> 二零二二年	2021 二零二一年
		Notes 附註	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
Revenue Cost of sales	<b>收入</b> 銷售成本	10	269,577 (252,835)	321,844 (305,926)
Gross profit Other gains, net Selling and distribution expenses Administrative and operating	<b>毛利</b> 其他淨收益 銷售及分銷開支 行政及經營開支	11	16,742 164 –	15,918 11,002 (7,560)
expenses Interest income Impairment loss on intangible asset Impairment losses on trade	利息收入 s無形資產減值虧損 應收貿易賬款及預付款項	12	(10,007) 2 (330)	(14,912) 7 (450)
receivables and prepayments, ne Impairment loss on loan and interest receivables Gain on disposal of subsidiaries Fair value change on investment	t 減值虧損淨額 應收貸款及應收利息減值 虧損 出售附屬公司收益 投資物業公允價值變動	30	(517) (215,290) 7,229	(340,323)
properties Loss on deregistration of subsidiaries	取消註冊附屬公司虧損	21	(35,795)	(13,870)
Loss from operations Finance costs	<b>經營虧損</b> 融資成本	13	(238,010) (10,709)	(350,188) (6,667)
Loss before tax	除税前虧損	14	(248,719)	(356,855)
Income tax expense	所得税開支	15	(3,685)	(918)
Loss for the year	年內虧損		(252,404)	(357,773)
(Loss)/income for the year attributable to:  — Owners of the Company — Non-controlling interests	以下各項應佔年度(虧損)/ 收益: 一本公司擁有人 一非控股權益		(257,028) 4,624	(357,773) –
			(252,404)	(357,773)
<b>Loss per share</b> (in HK cent) Basic and diluted	<b>每股虧損</b> (港仙) 基本及攤薄	17	(47.39)	(65.96)

The above consolidated statement of profit or loss should be 上述綜合損益表應與隨附附註一併閱讀。 read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

# Consolidated Statement of Other Comprehensive Income 綜合其他全面收益表

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

		2022	2021
		二零二二年 <b>HK\$′000</b> 千港元	二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元
Loss for the year	年度虧損	(252,404)	(357,773)
Other comprehensive (loss)/ income, after tax:  Items that may be reclassified	其他全面(虧損)/收益, 除税後: 其後可重新分類至損益		
subsequently to profit or loss: Exchange differences arising on translation of foreign operations	之項目: 換算海外業務產生之 匯兑差額	(12,566)	9,179
Exchange differences reclassified to profit or loss upon disposal of subsidiaries	出售附屬公司後重新分類至損益之匯兑差額		9,179
Subsidiaries		3,681	<del>-</del>
Other comprehensive (loss)/income for the year, net of tax	年度其他全面(虧損)/收益, 扣除税項	(8,885)	9,179
Total comprehensive loss for the year	年度全面虧損總額	(261,289)	(348,594)
Total comprehensive (loss)/ income for the year attributable to:	以下各項應佔年度全面 (虧損)/收益總額:		
Owners of the Company     Non-controlling interests	<ul><li>一本公司擁有人</li><li>一非控股權益</li></ul>	(265,797) 4,508	(348,594)
		(261,289)	(348,594)

The above consolidated statement of other comprehensive income should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

上述綜合其他全面收益表應與隨附附註一併 閱讀。

# Consolidated Statement of Financial Position 綜合財務狀況表

At 31 December 2022 於二零二二年十二月三十一日

		Notes 附註	<b>2022</b> 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元
Non-current assets Property, plant and equipment Investment properties Intangible assets	<b>非流動資產</b> 物業、廠房及設備 投資物業 無形資產	18 20	23 126,434 -	538 172,528 330
	<u> </u>		126,457	173,396
Current assets Inventories Loan receivables Trade receivables Deposits, prepayments and	流動資產 存貨 應收貸款 應收貿易賬款 按金、預付款項及其他	19 22	20,226 - 100,731	– 183,540 3,179
other receivables Bank and cash balances	應收款項 銀行及現金結餘	23	138,568 8,143	186,299 8,898
			267,668	381,916
Total assets	資產總額		394,125	555,312
Capital and reserves Equity attributable to the owners of the Company	資本及儲備 本公司擁有人應佔股權			
Share capital Reserves	股本 儲備	26	27,120 (71,799)	27,120 193,998
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益		(44,679) 4,508	221,118 -
Total (deficit)/equity	(虧絀)/權益總額		(40,171)	221,118

# Consolidated Statement of Financial Position (Continued) 綜合財務狀況表(績)

At 31 December 2022 於二零二二年十二月三十一日

		Notes 附註	2022 二零二二年 HK\$′000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元
Non-current liabilities Other borrowings	<b>非流動負債</b> 其他貸款	25		216,324
Asset retirement obligation	資產退廢債務	23	_	495
			-	216,819
Current liabilities	流動負債			
Trade and other payables	應付貿易賬款及其他應付款	24	189,270	83,313
Shareholders' loans	股東貸款	31(b)	9,986	10,184
Loan from a fellow subsidiary	來自同系附屬公司之貸款	31(c)	28,139	20,234
Amount due to a fellow subsidiary	應付同系附屬公司款項	31(d)	114	168
Other borrowings	其他貸款	25	202,287	_
Income tax payables	應付所得税		4,500	3,476
			434,296	117,375
Total liabilities	負債總額		434,296	334,194
Total equity and liabilities	權益及負債總額		394,125	555,312

The consolidated financial statements on pages 86 to 171 have been approved by the Board of Directors on 14 March 2023 and are signed on its behalf by:

第86至171頁之綜合財務報表經董事會於 二零二三年三月十四日批准及由下列董事代 表董事會簽署:

Approved by:

Li Gang 李剛 Director 董事 經下列董事批准:

Jiang Senlin 姜森林 Director 董事

The above consolidated statement of financial position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

上述綜合財務狀況表應與隨附附註一併閱讀。

# Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity 綜合權益變動表

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

# Attributable to owners of the Company

本公司擁有人應佔

				A A XXXXX	M . 2 3 4 1 2 3 4 10 1 1M					
		Share capital 股本 HK\$'000 千港元	Share premium 股份溢價 HK\$'000 千港元	Capital reserve 資本儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	Share option reserve 購股權儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	Translation reserve 匯兑儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	Accumulated losses 累計虧損 HK\$'000 千港元	<b>Total</b> 總計 HK\$'000 千港元	Non- controlling interests 非控股權益 HK\$'000 千港元	Total equity 權益總額 HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 January 2021	於二零二一年一月一日	27,120	1,108,395	19,980	37,203	5,361	(628,347)	569,712	-	569,712
Comprehensive loss Loss for the year	<b>全面虧損</b> 年度虧損	_	/k/-/	///-	\//\ <u>-</u>	-	(357,773)	(357,773)	_	(357,773)
Other comprehensive income Exchange differences arising from translation of foreign operations	<b>其他全面收益</b> 換算海外業務產生之 匯兑差額				-	9,179	-	9,179	\ \	9,179
Total comprehensive income/(loss)	全面收入/(虧損)總額	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	// -	-	9,179	(357,773)	(348,594)	-	(348,594)
Transactions with owners in their capacity as owners Lapse of share options	與擁有人以擁有人之 身份進行交易 購股權失效	<u> </u>		-	(37,113)	-	37,113	-	-	-
At 31 December 2021	於二零二一年 十二月三十一日	27,120	1,108,395	19,980	90	14,540	(949,007)	221,118	-,	221,118
At 1 January 2022	於二零二二年一月一日	27,120	1,108,395	19,980	90	14,540	(949,007)	221,118		221,118
Comprehensive (loss)/income (Loss)/income for the year	<b>全面(虧損)/收入</b> 年度(虧損)/收入						(257,028)	(257,028)	4,624	(252,404)
Other comprehensive (loss)/incom Exchange differences arising from translation of foreign operations Exchange differences reclassified to profit or loss upon disposal of subsidiaries	1e其他全面(虧損)/收入 換算海外業務產生之 匪兑差額 出售附屬公司後 重新分類至損益之 匪兑差額	•				(12,450) 3,681		(12,450) 3,681	(116)	(12,566) 3,681
Total comprehensive (loss)/income	全面(虧損)/收入總額					(8,769)	(257,028)	(265,797)	4,508	(261,289)
Transactions with owners in their capacity as owners Lapse of share options	與擁有人以擁有人之 身份進行交易 購股權失效				(90)		90			
At 31 December 2022	於二零二二年十二月 三十一日	27,120	1,108,395	19,980		5,771	(1,205,945)	(44,679)	4,508	(40,171)

The above consolidated statement of changes in equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

上述綜合權益變動表應與隨附附註一併閱讀。

# Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows 綜合現金流量表

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$′000	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
OPERATING ACTIVITIES	經營業務		/ /
Loss before tax	除税前虧損	(248,719)	(356,855)
Adjustments for:	就下列項目作出調整:		
Interest income	利息收入	(2)	(7)
Finance costs	融資成本	10,709	6,667
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備折舊	6	9
Fair value change on investment properties	投資物業公允價值變動	35,795	13,870
Impairment on intangible assets	無形資產減值	330	450
Impairment losses on loan and interest receivables		215,290	
Impairment losses on trade receivables	應收貿易賬款及		
and prepayments, net	預付款項減值虧損淨額	517	340,323
Wavier of interest of other borrowings	豁免其他貸款利息	_	(8,705)
Loss on deregistration of subsidiaries	取消註冊附屬公司虧損	208	_
Gain on disposal of subsidiaries	出售附屬公司之收益	(7,229)	_
Operating cash flows before	營運資金變動前之經營	C 005	(4.240)
movements in working capital	現金流量	6,905	(4,248)
Change in inventories	存貨變動	(20,538)	(070)
Change in trade receivables	應收貿易賬款	(100,208)	(979)
Change in deposits, prepayments and other receivables	按金、預付款項及其他應收款項	(2 SEO)	(2,600)
	變動	(2,859)	(3,699)
Change in trade and other payables	應付貿易賬款及其他應付款項 變動	108,509	3,860
Cash used in operations	<b>經營所用之現金</b> 已付所得税	(8,131)	(5,066)
Income tax paid	L17月份		(4)
NET CASH USED IN OPERATING	經營業務所用現金淨額		
ACTIVITIES		(8,131)	(5,070)
INVESTING ACTIVITIES	投資活動		
Interest received	已收利息	2	7
Purchase of property, plant and	購入物業、廠房及設備		,
equipment		(21)	-
Disposal of subsidiaries (net of cash	出售附屬公司(扣除出售現金		
and cash equivalents disposed of)	及現金等價物)	(28)	_
NET CASH (USED IN)/GENERATED	投資活動(所用)/所得現金淨額		
FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		(47)	7

# Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows (Continued) 綜合現金流量表(續)

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元
FINANCING ACTIVITIES	融資活動		
Interest paid	已付利息	-	(1,935)
Proceeds from loan from a fellow	來自同系附屬公司之貸款之	2.500	20.744
subsidiary Repayment of loan from a fellow	所得款項 償還來自同系附屬公司之貸款	3,500	29,744
subsidiary	<u> </u>	(23,979)	(9,782)
Proceeds from shareholders' loans	股東貸款所得款項	27,850	124,704
Repayment of shareholders' loans	償還股東貸款	_	(114,520)
Repayment of amount due to a	償還應付同系附屬公司款項		
fellow subsidiary		-	(68)
Repayment of advance from former shareholder	償還自前股東收取之墊款	_	(18,392)
NET CASH GENERATED FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	融資活動所得現金淨額	7,371	9,751
NET (DECREASE) / INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	現金及現金等價物(減少)/增加 淨額	(807)	4,688
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	年初之現金及現金等價物	8,898	4,027
EXCHANGE DIFFERENCE ON CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	現金及現金等價物之匯兑差額	52	183
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR, REPRESENTED BY BANK AND CASH BALANCES	年終之現金及現金等價物 <sup>,</sup> 即為銀行及現金結餘	8,143	8,898

The above consolidated statement of cash flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

上述綜合現金流量表應與隨附附註一併閱讀。

# Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

### 1. GENERAL INFORMATION

Enviro Energy International Holdings Limited (the "Company") was incorporated as an exempted company in the Cayman Islands with limited liability under the Companies Law (Revised) of the Cayman Islands on 3 July 2002. The address of its registered office is Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive, P.O. Box 2681, Grand Cayman KY1-1111, Cayman Islands. The address of its principal place of business is 20/F, No.9 Des Voeux Road West, Sheung Wan, Hong Kong. The Company's shares are listed on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange").

The principal activities of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "**Group**") engaged in sales of materials business and properties investment in Hong Kong and the People's Republic of China (the "**PRC**").

In the opinion of the directors of the Company (the "Directors"), as at 31 December 2022, Wonderland International Investment Holdings Limited (the "Controlling Shareholder"), a company incorporated in the Hong Kong, is the immediate and ultimate holding company of the Company, and Mr. Li Gang ("Mr. Li"), Executive Director and Chairman of the Board, is the ultimate controlling party of the Company.

These consolidated financial statements are presented in thousands of Hong Kong dollars (HK\$'000), which is the Company's functional and the Group's presentation currency, unless otherwise stated.

# 1. 一般資料

環能國際控股有限公司(「本公司」)根據開曼群島公司法(經修訂)於二零零二年七月三日在開曼群島註冊成立為獲豁免有限公司。其註冊辦事處地址為Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive, P.O. Box 2681, Grand Cayman KY1-1111, Cayman Islands。其主要營業地點之地址為香港上環德輔道西9號20樓。本公司之股份在香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)主板上市。

本公司及其附屬公司(統稱「**本集團**」) 的主要業務為於香港及中華人民共和國(「**中國**」)從事銷售材料業務及物業 投資。

本公司董事(「董事」)認為,於二零二二年十二月三十一日,於香港註冊成立之公司華德國際投資控股有限公司(「控股股東」)為本公司直接及最終控股公司,而李剛先生(「李先生」)(執行董事兼董事會主席)為本公司之最終控股方。

除非另有訂明,否則此等綜合財務報 表乃以千港元呈列,港元為本公司之 功能及本集團之呈列貨幣。

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

### 2. GOING CONCERN BASIS

The Group incurred a loss attributable to the owners of the Company of approximately HK\$257.0 million for the year ended 31 December 2022. In addition, as at 31 December 2022, the Group had net current liabilities and net liabilities of approximately HK\$166.6 million and HK\$40.2 million respectively and the Group's bank and cash balances of approximately HK\$8.1 million is insufficient to cover the current liabilities of approximately HK\$434.3 million. These conditions indicate a material uncertainty which may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. Therefore, the Group may be unable to realise its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business.

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, the validity of which depends upon the financial support of the Controlling Shareholder, at a level sufficient to finance the working capital requirements of the Group. The Controlling Shareholder has agreed to provide adequate funds for the Group to meet its financial obligations as and when they fall due within next twelve months from 31 December 2022. The directors of the Company are therefore of the opinion that it is appropriate to prepare the consolidated financial statements on a going concern basis.

Should the Group be unable to continue as a going concern, adjustments would have to be made to the consolidated financial statements to adjust the value of the Group's assets to their recoverable amounts, to provide for any further liabilities which might arise and to reclassify non-current assets and liabilities as current assets and liabilities, respectively. The effects of these adjustments have not been reflected in the consolidated financial statements.

## 2. 持續經營基準

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團產生本公司擁有人應佔人應人力的百萬港元。此外,於國內百萬港元。此外本集團產生本公司擁有,於國內有流動負債淨額及負債淨額約166.6 萬港元及40.2 百萬港元,而本集別有流動負債約434.3 百萬港元。,行流動負債約434.3 百萬港元。,可疑認可於顯示存在重大不確定因重大不能,以等對。與大學現其資產及清償其負債。

倘本集團無法持續經營,則須對綜合 財務報表作出調整以調整本集團之資 產價值至其可收回款額,就可能產生 的任何進一步負債作出撥備,並分別 將非流動資產及負債重新分類為流動 資產及負債。該等調整的影響並未於 綜合財務報表內反映。

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

# 3. ADOPTION OF NEW AND AMENDED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS

In the current year, the Group has adopted all the new and amended Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (the "HKICPA") that are relevant to its operations and effective for its accounting year beginning on 1 January 2022. HKFRSs comprise Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards; Hong Kong Accounting Standards; and Interpretations. The adoption of these new and amended HKFRSs did not result in significant impact to the Group's accounting policies, presentation of the Group's consolidated financial statements and amounts reported for the current year and prior years.

The Group has not applied the new and amended standards, interpretations and accounting guidelines that have been issued but are not yet effective. The Group has already commenced an assessment of the impact of these new and revised HKFRSs but is not yet in a position to state whether these new and revised HKFRSs would have a material impact on its results of operations and financial position. The Group does not intend to early adopt these standards before their respective effective dates.

#### 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA, accounting principles generally accepted in Hong Kong and the applicable disclosures required by the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange and by the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, as modified by the revaluation of investment properties which are carried at their fair values.

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with HKFRSs requires the use of certain key assumptions and estimates. It also requires the directors to exercise their judgements in the process of applying the accounting policies. The areas involving critical judgements and areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to these consolidated financial statements, are disclosed in note 6 to the consolidated financial statements.

## 3. 採納新訂及經修訂香港財務報告 準則

本集團尚未應用已頒佈但尚未生效的 新訂及經修訂準則、詮釋及會計指修引。 本集團已開始評估該等新訂及經修訂 香港財務報告準則之影響,惟尚未能 説明該等新訂及經營業績及財務 業則是否會對其經營業績及財務 對別重大影響。本集團無意於該等準 則的相關生效日期前提前採納該等準 則。

### 4. 重大會計政策

此等綜合財務報表乃按照香港會計師 公會所頒佈之香港財務報告準則、香 港公認會計原則及聯交所證券上市規 則及香港公司條例的適用披露規定而 編製。

此等綜合財務報表乃根據歷史成本慣 例編製,並就按公允價值列賬之投資 物業重估作出修訂。

編製符合香港財務報告準則的綜合財務報表需要使用若干重大假設及估算。在應用會計政策時,董事亦需要作出判斷。涉及重大判斷及假設及估算對此等綜合財務報表附註6中披露。

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

# 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

The significant accounting policies applied in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements are set out below.

#### Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries made up to 31 December. Subsidiaries are entities over which the Group has control. The Group controls an entity when it is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. The Group has power over an entity when the Group has existing rights that give it the current ability to direct the relevant activities, i.e. activities that significantly affect the entity's returns.

When assessing control, the Group considers its potential voting rights as well as potential voting rights held by other parties, to determine whether it has control. A potential voting right is considered only if the holder has the practical ability to exercise that right.

Subsidiaries are consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group. They are deconsolidated from the date the control ceases.

The gain or loss on the disposal of a subsidiary that results in a loss of control represents the difference between (i) the fair value of the consideration of the sale plus the fair value of any investment retained in that subsidiary and (ii) the Company's share of the net assets of that subsidiary plus any remaining goodwill relating to that subsidiary and any related accumulated translation reserve.

Intragroup transactions, balances and unrealised profits are eliminated. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

## 4. 重大會計政策(續)

於編製此等綜合財務報表時應用之重 大會計政策載列如下。

### 綜合

綜合財務報表包括本公司及其附屬公司截至十二月三十一日止的財務報表包括本公司及其附屬公司截至十二月三十一日止的財務報體 國際公司指本集團擁有控制權的實體回發動其本 實體之權力影響該等國本集團類 (即 對實體回報有重大影響的活動)時,本集團對該實體擁有權力。

在評估控制權時,本集團會考慮其潛 在投票權以及其他人士所持有的潛在 投票權,以釐定是否擁有控制權。潛 在投票權僅於有關持有人擁有實質能 力行使該權利時,方會予以考慮。

附屬公司自控制權轉移至本集團之日 起開始綜合入賬。彼等自喪失控制權 之日起終止綜合入賬。

出售一間附屬公司而導致失去控制權的盈虧乃指(i)出售代價的公允價值連同於該附屬公司保留的任何投資的公允價值與(ii)本公司分佔該附屬公司有關的任何產淨值連同與該附屬公司有關的任何餘下商譽以及任何相關累計外幣匯兑儲備兩者間的差額。

集團內公司間的交易、結餘及未變現 溢利已予對銷。除非有證據顯示交易 所轉讓的資產出現減值,未變現虧損 亦會對銷。附屬公司的會計政策已作 出必要變動,以確保與本集團所採納 的政策保持一致。

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

# 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### **Consolidation (Continued)**

Non-controlling interests represent the equity in subsidiaries not attributable, directly or indirectly, to the Company. Non-controlling interests are presented in the consolidated statement of financial position and consolidated statement of changes in equity within equity. Non-controlling interests are presented in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income as an allocation of profit or loss and total comprehensive income for the year between the non-controlling shareholders and owners of the Company.

Profit or loss and each component of other comprehensive income are attributed to the owners of the Company and to the non-controlling shareholders even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.

Changes in the Company's ownership interest in a subsidiary that do not result in a loss of control are accounted for as equity transactions (i.e. transactions with owners in their capacity as owners). The carrying amounts of the controlling and non-controlling interests are adjusted to reflect the changes in their relative interests in the subsidiary. Any difference between the amount by which the non-controlling interests are adjusted and the fair value of the consideration paid or received is recognised directly in equity and attributed to the owners of the Company.

# 4. 重大會計政策(續)

### 綜合(續)

非控股權益指附屬公司中並非由本公司直接或間接應佔的權益。非控股權益在綜合財務狀況表及綜合權益變動表的權益中列示。於綜合損益及其他全面收益表內,非控股權益呈列為在本公司非控股股東與擁有人之間的年度損益及全面收益總額分配。

即使會導致非控制權益出現虧絀,損益及其他全面收益各個組成部分歸屬於本公司擁有人及非控股股東。

對於附屬公司擁有權之變動,若無導致本公司失去其控制權,則列作權益交易入賬(即與擁有人以其股東身份進行之交易)。控股及非控股權益之賬屬值會作出調整,以反映彼等於附屬公司之相關權益變動。對非控股權益之間應不可之,但便值兩者間之任何差額會直接於權益確認,並歸屬予本公司股東。

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

# 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### Foreign currency translation

### (i) Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the "functional currency"). The consolidated financial statements are presented in HK\$. The functional currency of the Group's principal operating entities is Renminbi. The directors consider that choosing HK\$ as the presentation currency best suits the needs of the shareholders and investors.

# (ii) Transactions and balances in each entity's financial statements

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into the functional currency on initial recognition using the exchange rates prevailing on the transaction dates. Monetary assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rates at the end of each reporting period. Gains and losses resulting from this translation policy are recognised in profit or loss.

Non-monetary items that are measured at fair values in foreign currencies are translated using the exchange rates at the dates when the fair values are determined.

When a gain or loss on a non-monetary item is recognised in other comprehensive income, any exchange component of that gain or loss is recognised in other comprehensive income. When a gain or loss on a non-monetary item is recognised in profit or loss, any exchange component of that gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss.

## 4. 重大會計政策(續)

### 外幣換算

### (i) 功能及呈列貨幣

本集團各實體之財務報表所載項目乃按實體經營所在的主要經營所在的主要經營所在的的貨幣(「功能貨幣」)計量。 綜合財務報表以港元呈列。 綜合財務報表以港元呈列。 經營實體之功能貨幣為人民幣。董事認為選擇港元作呈列 貨幣最能切合股東及投資者的需要。

### (ii) 各實體財務報表的交易及結餘

外幣交易於初步確認時按交易日期的現行匯率換算為功能貨幣。 以外幣為單位的貨幣資產及負債 按於各報告期末的匯率換算。此 換算政策產生的盈虧於損益內確 認。

以外幣按公允價值計量的非貨幣 項目採用釐定公允價值當日的匯 率換算。

當非貨幣項目的盈虧於其他全面 收益內確認時,該盈虧的任何匯 兑部分則於其他全面收益內確 認。當非貨幣項目的盈虧於損益 內確認時,該盈虧的任何匯兑部 分於損益內確認。

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# 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### **Foreign currency translation (Continued)**

#### (iii) Translation on consolidation

The results and financial position of all the Group's entities that have a functional currency different from the Group's presentation currency are translated into the Group's presentation currency as follows:

- Assets and liabilities for each statement of financial position presented are translated at the closing rate at the date of that statement of financial position;
- Income and expenses are translated at average exchange rates (unless this average is not a reasonable approximation of the cumulative effect of the rates prevailing on the transaction dates, in which case income and expenses are translated at the exchange rates on the transaction dates); and
- All resulting exchange differences are recognised in the translation reserve.

On consolidation, exchange differences arising from the translation of the net investment in foreign entities and of borrowings are recognised in translation reserve. When a foreign operation is sold, such exchange differences are recognised in consolidated profit or loss as part of the gain or loss on disposal.

## 4. 重大會計政策(續)

### 外幣換算(續)

### (iii) 綜合賬目的換算

本集團旗下所有功能貨幣有別於 本集團呈列貨幣的實體,其業績 及財務狀況按以下方式換算為本 集團的呈列貨幣:

- 各財務狀況表呈列之資產及 負債乃按財務狀況表日期之 收市匯率換算;
- 一 收支乃按平均匯率換算(除 非該平均匯率並非有關交易 日期現行匯率累計影響之合 理概約值,在該情況下,收 支按有關交易當日之匯率換 算):及
- 所有因此而產生的匯兑差額均於匯兑儲備中確認。

於綜合賬目時,因換算於海外實體投資淨額及借貸而產生的匯兑差額均於匯兑儲備中確認。當出售海外業務時,有關匯兑差額於綜合損益內確認為出售時產生的部分盈虧。

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# 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and any impairment losses. The cost of an item of property, plant and equipment comprises its purchase price and any directly attributable costs of bringing the asset to its working condition and location for its intended use.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance are recognised in profit or loss during the period in which they are incurred.

Depreciation is calculated using the straight-line method to allocate the cost of the assets to their residual values over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Leasehold improvements 3 year or over the lease term,

2-3 years

whichever is shorter

Computer equipment

and software

Office equipment 5 years

The estimated residual values, useful lives and depreciation method are reviewed, at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis.

The gain or loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment is the difference between the net sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the relevant asset, and is recognised in profit or loss.

## 4. 重大會計政策(續)

### 物業、廠房及設備

物業、廠房及設備按成本減累計折舊 及任何減值虧損列賬。物業、廠房及 設備項目之成本包括其購買價及任何 使資產達至營運狀況及地點作擬定用 途之直接應佔成本。

其後成本僅於與該項目有關之未來經濟利益可能流入本集團,而該項目之成本能可靠計量時,方列入資產之賬面值或確認為獨立資產(如適用)。所有其他維修及維護於產生期間之損益確認。

折舊以直線法計量,以於彼等之估計 可使用年期將資產之成本分配至其剩 餘價值:

租賃裝修 3年或租約年期

(以較短者為準)

電腦設備及軟件 2至3年

辦公室設備 5年

估計剩餘價值、可使用年期及折舊方 法於各報告期末檢討,並預早計及任 何估計變動之影響。

出售物業、廠房及設備所產生的收益 或虧損為相關資產的銷售所得款項淨 額與賬面值之間的差額,並於損益中 確認。

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# 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### **Investment properties**

Investment properties are land and/or buildings held to earn rentals and/or for capital appreciation. An investment property is measured initially at its cost including all direct costs attributable to the property.

After initial recognition, the investment property is stated at its fair value based on valuation by an external independent valuer. Gains or losses arising from changes in fair value of the investment property are recognised in profit or loss for the period in which they arise.

The gain or loss on disposal of an investment property is the difference between the net sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the property, and is recognised in profit or loss.

#### Leases

#### The Group as lessor

### Operating leases

Leases that do not substantially transfer to the lessees all the risks and rewards of ownership of assets are accounted for as operating leases. Rental income from operating leases is recognised on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease.

### **Club membership**

Club membership with indefinite useful life is stated at cost less any impairment losses. Impairment is reviewed annually or when there is any indication that the club membership has suffered an impairment loss.

## 4. 重大會計政策(續)

### 投資物業

投資物業為持作賺取租金及/或資本 增值的土地及/或樓宇。投資物業初 步按成本(包括物業應佔的所有直接成 本)計量。

於初步確認後,投資物業根據外部獨 立估值師的估值按公允價值列值。投 資物業公允價值變動所產生之損益, 乃於所產生期間之損益內確認。

出售投資物業的損益為物業的銷售所 得款項淨額與賬面值之間的差額,並 於損益中確認。

#### 和賃

### 本集團作為出租人

#### 經營租賃

資產擁有權的所有風險及回報實質上 並無轉移至承租人的租賃作為經營租 賃入賬。來自經營租賃的租金收入於 相關租賃年期內以直線法確認。

### 會所會籍

擁有無限使用期的會所會籍以成本扣減任何減值虧損列賬。本集團會每年或於有跡象顯示會所會籍蒙受減值虧損時審閱減值。

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# 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

# Recognition and derecognition of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position when the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments.

Financial assets are derecognised when the contractual rights to receive cash flows from the assets expire; the Group transfers substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the assets; or the Group neither transfers nor retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the assets but has not retained control on the assets. On derecognition of a financial asset, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received is recognised in profit or loss.

Financial liabilities are derecognised when the obligation specified in the relevant contract is discharged, cancelled or expired. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognised and the consideration paid is recognised in profit or loss.

#### **Financial assets**

Financial assets are recognised and derecognised on a trade date basis where the purchase or sale of an asset is under a contract whose terms require delivery of the asset within the timeframe established by the market concerned, and are initially recognised at fair value, plus directly attributable transaction costs except in the case of investments at fair value through profit or loss. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of investments at fair value through profit or loss are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Financial assets of the Group are classified as financial assets at amortised cost.

## 4. 重大會計政策(續)

### 確認及終止確認金融工具

金融資產及金融負債於本集團成為有 關工具合約條文之訂約方時在綜合財 務狀況表確認。

金融資產於以下情況終止確認:自資產收取現金流的合約權利屆滿時無團轉讓資產擁有權的絕大部分風險及回報;或本集團既無轉移亦無保留資產擁有權的絕大部分風險及於與留,但並無保留資產之控制權時。於終已確認金融資產時,資產賬面值與已代價總和之間的差額乃於損益確認。

金融負債於有關合約訂明的責任獲解除、註銷或屆滿時終止確認。已終止確認的金融負債的賬面值與已付代價之間的差額於損益確認。

#### 金融資產

倘根據合約買賣金融資產,而合約條 款規定須於有關市場所規定期限之 付資產,則該項資產按交易日基準 認入賬及終止確認,且初步按公損 值加直接交易成本確認,惟透過。收 按公允價值列賬的投資則除外。 透過損益按公允價值列賬的投資 應佔的交易成本即時於損益確認。

本集團的金融資產分為按攤銷成本列 賬之金融資產。

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# 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### **Financial assets (Continued)**

Financial assets (including trade and other receivables) are classified under this category if they satisfy both of the following conditions:

- the assets are held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets in order to collect contractual cash flows; and
- the contractual terms of the assets give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method less loss allowance for expected credit losses.

### Loss allowances for expected credit losses

The Group recognises loss allowances for expected credit losses on financial assets at amortised cost. Expected credit losses are the weighted average of credit losses with the respective risks of a default occurring as the weights.

At the end of each reporting period, the Group measures the loss allowance for a financial instrument at an amount equal to the expected credit losses that result from all possible default events over the expected life of that financial instrument ("lifetime expected credit losses") for trade receivables or if the credit risk on that financial instrument has increased significantly since initial recognition.

If, at the end of the reporting period, the credit risk on a financial instrument (other than trade receivables) has not increased significantly since initial recognition, the Group measures the loss allowance for that financial instrument at an amount equal to the portion of lifetime expected credit losses that represents the expected credit losses that result from default events on that financial instrument that are possible within 12 months after the reporting period.

The amount of expected credit losses or reversal to adjust the loss allowance at the end of the reporting period to the required amount is recognised in profit or loss as an impairment gain or loss.

# 4. 重大會計政策(續)

## 金融資產(續)

倘金融資產(包括應收貿易賬款及其他 應收賬款)符合以下兩項條件,則歸入 此類:

- 該項資產乃於一項目標為持有資 產以收取合約現金流的業務模式 中持有;及
- 該項資產的合約條款會導致於指 定日期產生純為支付本金及未償 還本金額利息的現金流。

有關資產其後以實際利率法按攤銷成本扣除預期信貸虧損的虧損撥備計量。

#### 預期信貸虧損的虧損撥備

本集團就按攤銷成本列賬的金融資產的預期信貸虧損確認虧損撥備。預期 信貸虧損為加權平均信貸虧損,當中 以各自發生違約的風險作為加權。

於各報告期末,就應收貿易賬款或信貸風險自首次確認以來已大幅上升 貸風險自首次確認以來已大相當於升 金融工具而言,本報出現的違約事件 工具預期內所有可能出現的違約事件 所產生的預期信貸虧損(「生命週期預 期信貸虧損」)的金額計算該項金融工 具的虧損撥備。

倘於各報告期末,金融工具(應收貿易 賬款除外)的信貸風險自首次確認以來 並無大幅上升,本集團按相當於生 週期預期信貸虧損中,代表該項金融 工具於報告期間後十二個月內可能出 現的違約事件所產生的預期信貸虧損 部份的金額,計算該項金融工具的虧 損撥備。

預期信貸虧損金額或為將報告期末虧 損撥備調整至所需金額而作出的撥回 乃於損益中確認為減值收益或虧損。

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# 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of the consolidated statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents represent cash at bank and on hand, demand deposits with banks and other financial institutions, and short-term highly liquid investments which are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and subject to an insignificant risk of change in value. Bank overdrafts which are repayable on demand and form an integral part of the Group's cash management are also included as a component of cash and cash equivalents.

### Financial liabilities and equity instruments

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument under HKFRSs. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the Group after deducting all of its liabilities. The accounting policies adopted for specific financial liabilities and equity instruments are set out below.

#### **Borrowings**

Borrowings are recognised initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred, and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the Group has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the end of the reporting period.

#### Trade and other payables

Trade and other payables are stated initially at their fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the effect of discounting would be immaterial, in which case they are stated at cost.

## 4. 重大會計政策(續)

### 現金及現金等價物

就綜合現金流量表而言,現金及現金 等價物指銀行及手頭現金、存放 行及其他金融機構的活期存款,且 可隨興與為已類 動風險不大的短期高流動性投 便 要金及現金等價物的組成部分 應要求償還,並構成本集 題 可 部分的銀行透支。

#### 金融負債及權益工具

金融負債及權益工具乃根據所訂立合約安排的內容及香港財務報告準則項下金融負債和權益工具的定義分類。權益工具為證明於本集團資產(經扣除其所有負債後)剩餘權益的任何合約。就特定金融負債及權益工具採納的會計政策載列如下。

#### 貸款

貸款初步按公允價值(扣除所產生的交易成本後)確認,其後以實際利率法按 攤銷成本計量。

除非本集團有權無條件將債務清償日期遞延至報告期末後至少12個月,否則貸款將被分類為流動負債。

### 應付貿易賬款及其他應付款項

應付貿易賬款及其他應付款項初步按公允價值列賬,其後以實際利率法按攤銷成本計量,惟貼現影響並不重大者除外,在該情況下,則按成本列賬。

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# 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### **Equity instruments**

Equity instruments issued by the Company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

#### Revenue from contracts with customers

Revenue is measured based on the consideration specified in a contract with a customer with reference to the customary business practices and excludes amounts collected on behalf of third parties. For a contract where the period between the payment by the customer and the transfer of the promised product or service exceeds one year, the consideration is adjusted for the effect of a significant financing component.

The Group recognises revenue when it satisfies a performance obligation by transferring control over a product or service to a customer. Depending on the terms of a contract and the laws that apply to that contract, a performance obligation can be satisfied over time or at a point in time. A performance obligation is satisfied over time if:

- the customer simultaneously receives and consumes the benefits provided by the Group's performance;
- the Group's performance creates or enhances an asset that the customer controls as the asset is created or enhanced; or
- the Group's performance does not create an asset with an alternative use to the Group and the Group has an enforceable right to payment for performance completed to date.

If a performance obligation is satisfied over time, revenue is recognised by reference to the progress towards complete satisfaction of that performance obligation. Otherwise, revenue is recognised at a point in time when the customer obtains control of the product or service.

## 4. 重大會計政策(續)

### 權益工具

本公司所發行的權益工具按已收所得款項扣除直接發行成本入賬。

### 客戶合約收入

收入按客戶合約所訂明的代價計量, 當中會參考常見的業務慣例,且並不 包括代表第三方收取的金額。至於客 戶付款與轉讓承諾產品或服務期間相 距超過一年的合約,有關代價會就重 大融資部份的影響作出調整。

本集團會於透過向客戶轉讓產品或服務的控制權而完成一項覆約責任時確認收入。視乎合約條款及適用於合約的法例,履約責任可於一段時間或特定時間點履行。在以下情況下,履約責任乃於一段間履行:

- 客戶同時收取及消耗本集團履約 所提供的利益;
- 本集團的履約創建及增強客戶於 該項資產創建或增強時所控制的 資產;或
- 一 本集團的履約未創造對本集團具 有替代用途的資產,而本集團有 強制執行權收取至今已履約部分 的款項。

倘履約責任乃於一段時間履行,則收 入乃參考履約責任的完成進度確認。 否則,收入於客戶獲得產品或服務控 制權時確認。

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# 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### Other revenue

Interest income is recognised using the effective interest method.

Rental income is recognised on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

### **Employee benefits**

#### (i) Employee leave entitlements

Employee entitlements to annual leave and long service leave are recognised when they accrue to employees. A provision is made for the estimated liability for annual leave and long service leave as a result of services rendered by employees up to the at the end of the reporting period.

Employee entitlements to sick leave and maternity leave are not recognised until the time of leave.

#### (ii) Pension obligations

The Group contributes to defined contribution retirement schemes which are available to all employees. Contributions to the schemes by the Group and employees are calculated as a percentage of employees' basic salaries. The retirement benefit scheme cost charged in profit or loss represents contributions payable by the Group to the funds.

### (iii) Termination benefits

Termination benefits are recognised at the earlier of the dates when the Group can no longer withdraw the offer of those benefits and when the Group recognises restructuring costs and involves the payment of termination benefits.

### **Share-based payments**

The Group issues equity-settled share-based payments to certain directors and employees. The fair value of options granted under the employee share option plan is recognised as staff costs with a corresponding increase in equity.

## 4. 重大會計政策(續)

### 其他收入

利息收入按實際利率法確認。

租金收入於租期內按直線法確認。

### 僱員福利

### (i) 僱員休假權利

僱員享有之年假及長期服務假期 於僱員獲得有關假期時確認。於 報告期末,本公司已為僱員因提 供服務而產生之年假及長期服務 假之估計負債作出撥備。

僱員之病假及分娩假期權利於休 假時方予確認。

#### (ii) 退休金責任

本集團向為全體僱員提供的定額 供款退休計劃作出供款。本集團 及僱員向計劃作出的供款按僱員 基本薪金之指定百分比計算。於 損益內扣除的退休福利計劃成本 指本集團應付基金的供款。

#### (iii) 終止僱用福利

終止僱用福利於本集團再不能取 消提供該等福利時及本集團確認 重組成本當日及參與支付終止僱 用福利時(以較早者為準)確認。

### 以股份為基礎之付款

本集團向若干董事及僱員發行以權益 結算並以股份為基礎的付款。根據僱 員購股權計劃授出的購股權的公允價 值確認為員工成本,並於權益內相應 增加。

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# 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### **Share-based payments (Continued)**

The total expense is recognised over the vesting period, which is the period over which all of the specified vesting conditions are to be satisfied. At the end of each period, the entity revises its estimates of the number of options that are expected to vest based on the non-market vesting and service conditions. It recognises the impact of the revision to original estimates, if any, in the consolidated statement of profit or loss, with a corresponding adjustment to equity.

Non-market vesting conditions are included in assumptions about the number of options that are expected to vest. The total expense is recognised over the vesting period, which is the period over which all of the specified vesting conditions are to be satisfied.

After vesting date, when the share options are forfeited prior to the expiry date, the amount previously recognised in the "Share option reserve" will be transferred to the "Accumulated losses" within the consolidated statement of changes in equity.

### **Borrowing costs**

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are capitalised as part of the cost of those assets, until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale. Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation.

To the extent that funds are borrowed generally and used for the purpose of obtaining a qualifying asset, the amount of borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation is determined by applying a capitalisation rate to the expenditures on that asset. The capitalisation rate is the weighted average of the borrowing costs applicable to the borrowings of the Group that are outstanding during the period, other than borrowings made specifically for the purpose of obtaining a qualifying asset.

All other borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

# 4. 重大會計政策(續)

### 以股份為基礎之付款(續)

開支總額在歸屬期內確認,即所有規定的歸屬條件得到滿足的期間。於各報告期末,本集團根據非市場表現及服務條件修訂對預期歸屬之購股權數目所作估計,並在損益表中確認修訂原來估計產生之影響(如有),並對權益作出相應調整。

非市場歸屬條件包括在預期歸屬的購 股權數目的假設內。開支總額在歸屬 期內確認,即所有規定的歸屬條件得 到滿足的期間。

於歸屬日期後,當購股權於屆滿日前被沒收,先前於「購股權儲備」中確認的金額將轉撥至綜合權益變動表之「累計虧損」中。

### 貸款成本

在貸入有關資金乃整體上用於取得一項合資格資產的情況下,合資格撥充資本的貸款成本金額乃就資產開支應用特定的資本化比率釐定。資本化比率為適用於本集團於該期間內尚未償還貸款(特別就獲取合資格資產而借入之貸款除外)之加權平均貸款成本。

所有其他貸款成本於其產生期間於損 益內確認。

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### 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### **Taxation**

Income tax represents the sum of the current tax and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit recognised in profit or loss because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The Group's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised on differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which deductible temporary differences, unused tax losses or unused tax credits can be utilised. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition (other than in a business combination) of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for taxable temporary differences arising on investments in subsidiaries, except where the Group is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

#### 4. 重大會計政策(續)

#### 税項

所得税指即期税項及遞延税項之總和。

即期應付稅項根據年度應課稅溢利計算。應課稅溢利與損益中所確認的溢利不同,因其不包括其他年度應課稅或可扣稅收支項目,並進一步剔除從不課稅或從不可扣稅之項目。本集團之即期稅項負債使用於各報告期末已頒行或實際上已頒行的稅率計算。

遞延税項負債就於附屬公司的投資所 產生的應課税臨時差異予以確認,除 非本集團可控制臨時差異的回撥,且 臨時差異不大可能在可見將來回撥。

本集團會於各報告期末審閱遞延税項 資產之賬面值,並會扣減至不再可能 有足夠應課税溢利可供收回全部或部 份有關資產。

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### 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### **Taxation (Continued)**

Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the liability is settled or the asset is realised, based on tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. Deferred tax is recognised in profit or loss, except when it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case the deferred tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

The measurement of deferred tax assets and liabilities reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Group expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

For the purposes of measuring deferred tax for investment properties that are measured using the fair value model, the carrying amounts of such properties are presumed to be recovered through sale, unless the presumption is rebutted. The presumption is rebutted when the investment property is depreciable and is held within a business model of the Group whose business objective is to consume substantially all of the economic benefits embodied in the investment property over time, rather than through sale. If the presumption is rebutted, deferred tax for such investment properties are measured based on the expected manner as to how the properties will be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when they relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority and the Group intends to settle its current tax assets and liabilities on a net basis.

#### 4. 重大會計政策(續)

#### 税項(續)

遞延稅項乃根據於各報告期末已頒行 或實際上已頒行之稅率,按清還負債 或變現資產之期間預期適用之稅率 量。遞延稅項乃於損益內確認,但 其與於其他全面收益或直接於權益確 認之項目有關則除外,於該情況下 遞延稅項亦會於其他全面收益或直接 於權益確認。

所計算之遞延税項資產及負債反映本 集團預期於報告期末收回或結清其資 產及負債賬面值之方法所帶來的稅務 後果。

就計算使用公允價值模型計算的投資物業的遞延稅項而言,有關物業的遞延稅項而言,有關物業關面值乃假定會透過出售收回可予折關。倘投資物業可予折透過時間(而非出售)消耗投資物業內有關稅定會被推翻。倘假定被推翻的,則有關稅定會被推翻。倘假定被推翻的預期方式計量。

倘有可依法強制執行權利將即期稅項 資產與即期稅項負債抵銷,且遞延所 得稅資產及負債與同一稅務機關所徵 收的所得稅有關,而本集團有意按淨 額基準結清其即期稅項資產及負債時, 遞延所得稅資產與負債互相抵銷。

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### 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### **Segment reporting**

Operating segments and the amounts of each segment item reported in the consolidated financial statements are identified from the financial information provided regularly to the Group's executive directors for the purpose of allocating resources and assessing the performance of the Group's various lines of business.

Individually material operating segments are not aggregated for financial reporting purposes unless the segments have similar economic characteristics and are similar in respect of the nature of products and services, the nature of productions processes, the type or class of customers, the methods used to distribute the products or provide the services, and the nature of the regulatory environment. Operating segments which are not individually material may be aggregated if they share a majority of these criteria.

#### **Related parties**

A related party is a person or entity that is related to the Group.

- (a) A person or a close member of that person's family is related to the Group if that person:
  - (i) has control or joint control over the Group;
  - (ii) has significant influence over the Group; or
  - (iii) is a member of the key management personnel of the Group or of a parent of the Company.

#### 4. 重大會計政策(續)

#### 分部報告

經營分部及綜合財務報表所呈報各分部之金額,乃摘錄自為向本集團各項業務分配資源及評估其業績而定期向本集團執行董事提供之財務資料。

個別重要之經營分部不會合併進行財務報告,但如該等經營分部之經濟特性相似且其產品及服務之性質、生產工序之性質、客戶類別或階層、分聲產品或提供服務所使用之方法以至監管環境之性質類似,則作別論。個別不重要之經營分部如果符合以上大部分條件,則合併處理。

#### 有關連人士

有關連人士為與本集團有關連的人士或實體。

- (a) 倘一名人士符合以下條件,該名 人士或其近親即為與本集團有關 連:
  - (i) 對本集團有控制權或共同控制權;
  - (ii) 對本集團有重大影響力;或
  - (iii) 為本集團或本集團母公司的 主要管理人員。

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### 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### **Related parties (Continued)**

- (b) An entity is related to the Group if any of the following conditions applies:
  - (i) The entity and the Company are members of the same group (which means that each parent, subsidiary and fellow subsidiary is related to the others).
  - (ii) One entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or an associate or joint venture of a member of a group of which the other entity is a member).
  - (iii) Both entities are joint ventures of the same third party.
  - (iv) One entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity.
  - (v) The entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of either the Group or an entity related to the Group. If the Group is itself such a plan, the sponsoring employers are also related to the Group.
  - (vi) The entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (a).
  - (vii) A person identified in (a)(i) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of the key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity).
  - (viii) The entity, or any member of a group of which it is a part, provides key management personnel services to the Company or to a parent of the Company.

#### 4. 重大會計政策(續)

#### 有關連人士(續)

- (b) 倘一間實體符合以下任何條件, 其即為與本集團有關連:
  - (i) 該實體與本公司為同一集團 之成員公司(即各母公司、 附屬公司及同系附屬公司彼 此互有關連)。
  - (ii) 其中一間實體為另一間實體 的聯營公司或合營公司(或 其中一間實體為另一間實體 所屬集團成員公司的聯營公 司或合營公司)。
  - (iii) 兩間實體均為同一第三方的 合營公司。
  - (iv) 其中一間實體為一名第三方 的合營公司,而另一間實體 為該第三方的聯營公司。
  - (v) 該實體乃為本集團或與本集 團有關連的實體的僱員福利 而設的退休福利計劃。倘本 集團本身為該計劃,提供資 助的僱主亦為與本集團有關 連。
  - (vi) 該實體為受(a)項所識別人 士控制或共同控制。
  - (vii) (a)(i)段所識別對實體有重大 影響力或為該實體(或該實 體母公司)主要管理人員之 人士。
  - (viii) 向本公司或本公司母公司提供主要管理人員服務的實體或其所屬集團的任何成員公司。

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### 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### Impairment of assets

At the end of each reporting period, the Group reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible assets other than receivables, to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of any impairment loss. Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset.

If the recoverable amount of an asset or cash-generating unit is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset or cash-generating unit is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss, unless the relevant asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation decrease.

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset or cash-generating unit is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined (net of amortisation or depreciation) had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset or cash-generating unit in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss, unless the relevant asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the reversal of the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation increase.

#### 4. 重大會計政策(續)

#### 資產減值

於各報告期末,本集團會審閱其有形資產(應收款項除外)之賬面值,以產定該等資產是否有蒙受減值虧損之跡象。若出現任何有關跡象定任何減產之可收回金額,以釐定任何資產的損之程度。如未能估計個別資產所屬現金產生單位之可收回金額。

可收回金額為公允價值減出售成本及 使用價值(以較高者為準)。於評估使 用價值時,估計未來現金流使用反映 當前市場對金錢時間價值之評估及資 產特定風險之稅前貼現率貼現至其現 值。

倘本集團估計某項資產或現金產生單位的可收回金額將低於其賬面值,則該項資產或現金產生單位的賬面值值 下調至其可收回金額。減值虧損即時於損益中確認,惟按重估金額計算的 相關資產除外,於該情況下,減值虧 損作為重估值減少處理。

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### 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### **Provisions and contingent liabilities**

Provisions are recognised for liabilities of uncertain timing or amount when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation arising as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made. Where the time value of money is material, provisions are stated at the present value of the expenditures expected to settle the obligation.

Where it is not probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required, or the amount cannot be estimated reliably, the obligation is disclosed as a contingent liability, unless the probability of outflow is remote. Possible obligations, whose existence will only be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more future events are also disclosed as contingent liabilities unless the probability of outflow is remote.

#### **Events after the reporting period**

Events after the reporting period that provide additional information about the Group's position at the end of the reporting period or those that indicate the going concern assumption is not appropriate are adjusting events and are reflected in the consolidated financial statements. Events after the reporting period that are not adjusting events are disclosed in the notes to the consolidated financial statements when material.

### 4. 重大會計政策(續)

#### 撥備及或然負債

倘本集團因過往事件而須於現時承擔 法定或推定責任,且履行該等責任可 能導致經濟利益流出,而所涉及的額 額能可靠估計時,則會就時間或數額 未明的負債確認撥備。倘金錢的時間 價值重大,則撥備會以預計履行責任 的開支的現值呈列。

倘不大可能需要經濟利益流出,或無 法對有關數額作出可靠估計,則有關 責任會披露為或然負債,惟經濟利益 流出的可能性極低則除外。須視可 供或多件未來事件是否發生或不 方能確定存在與否的可能責任,亦由 披露為或然負債,惟經濟利益流出的 可能性極低則除外。

#### 報告期後事項

提供有關本集團於報告期末的狀況或 顯示持續經營假設不適用的額外資料 的報告期後事項均為調整事項,並於 綜合財務報表內反映。並不屬調整事 項的報告期後事項如屬重大,則於綜 合財務報表附註中披露。

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#### 5. CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Group manages its capital to ensure that entities in the Group will be able to continue as a going concern while maximising the return to shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost capital.

The capital structure of the Group consists solely of equity attributable to owners of the Company, comprising issued share capital and reserves.

The Directors review the cost of capital and the associated risk on a regular basis, and take appropriate actions to adjust the Group capital structure in a timely manner.

In order to fund the Group's sales of materials business, properties investment and current development, significant amounts of capital in the form of borrowing or equity, or a combination of both, are considered to be necessary in the future. The Directors such funding for the future development will be available as and when required.

The Group monitors capital on the basis of the gearing ratio. This ratio is calculated as net debt divided by total equity. Net debt is calculated as the sum of other borrowings, shareholders' loan and loan from a fellow subsidiary, less bank and cash balances. Total equity represents total equity as shown on the consolidated statement of financial position of the Group.

#### 5. 資本風險管理

本集團對其資本進行管理,以確保本 集團的實體能夠繼續作為持續經營企 業,同時最大化股東回報及其他持份 者的利益,並保持最佳資本結構以降 低資本成本。

本集團的資本結構僅由本公司擁有人 應佔權益組成,包括已發行股本及儲 備。

董事定期檢討資本成本及相關風險, 並採取適當行動及時調整本集團的資 本結構。

為了為本集團的材料業務銷售、物業 投資及目前發展提供資金,本集團認 為未來有必要以借貸或股本或兩者結 合提供大量資金。董事認為,未來發 展所需資金將在需要時獲得。

本集團根據資本負債比率監控資本。 該比率乃按淨負債除以權益總額計算。 淨負債乃按其他貸款、股東貸款及來 自一間同系附屬公司的貸款的總和, 減銀行及現金結餘計算。權益總額指 本集團綜合財務狀況表列出之權益總 額。

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#### 5. CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

### The gearing ratio as at 31 December 2022 and 2021 was as follows:

#### 5. 資本風險管理(續)

於二零二二年及二零二一年十二月 三十一日的資本負債比率如下:

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元
Other borrowings	其他借貸	202,287	216,324
Shareholders' loan	股東貸款	9,986	10,184
Loan from a fellow subsidiary	來自同系附屬公司之貸款	28,139	20,234
Less: Bank and cash balances	減:銀行及現金結餘	(8,143)	(8,988)
Net debt	淨負債	232,269	237,754
Total equity	權益總額	(40,171)	221,118
Gearing ratio	資本負債比率	N/A 不適用	108%

#### 6. CRITICAL JUDGEMENTS AND KEY ESTIMATES

#### Critical judgements in applying accounting policies

In the process of applying the accounting policies, the directors have made the following judgements that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the consolidated financial statements.

#### (a) Going concern basis

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, the validity of which depends upon the financial support of the Controlling Shareholder at a level sufficient to finance the working capital requirements of the Group. Details are explained in note 2 to the consolidated financial statements.

#### 6. 關鍵判斷及主要估計

#### 應用會計政策時作出的重大判斷

於應用會計政策時,董事曾作出以下 對財務報表內所確認金額有最重大影 響的判斷。

#### (a) 持續經營基準

該等綜合財務報表乃根據持續經營基準編製,其有效性取決於控股股東提供的財務支持足以撥付本集團營運資金所需的資金。詳情已於綜合財務報表附註2闡述。

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### 6. CRITICAL JUDGEMENTS AND KEY ESTIMATES 6. 關鍵判斷及主要估計(續) (Continued)

### Critical judgements in applying accounting policies (Continued)

#### (b) Deferred tax for investment properties

For the purposes of measuring deferred tax for investment properties that are measured using the fair value model, the directors have reviewed the Group's investment property portfolios and concluded that the Group's investment properties are held under a business model of which the objective is to consume substantially all of the economic benefits embodied in the investment properties over time, rather than through sale. Therefore, in determining the Group's deferred tax for investment properties, the directors have rebutted the presumption that investment properties measured using the fair value model are recovered through sale.

#### **Key sources of estimation uncertainty**

The key assumptions concerning the future, and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are discussed below.

#### (a) Fair values of investment properties

The Group appointed an independent professional valuer to assess the fair values of the investment properties. In determining the fair values, the valuer has utilised a method of valuation which involves certain estimates. The directors have exercised their judgement and are satisfied that the method of valuation is reflective of the current market conditions.

#### 應用會計政策時作出的重大判斷(續)

#### (b) 投資物業的遞延税項

#### 估計不確定性的主要來源

以下為於報告期末有關未來之主要假設及估計不確定性的其他主要來源, 有關假設及不確定因素有極大風險導致資產及負債賬面值於下一個財政年度內出現重大調整。

#### (a) 投資物業的公允價值

本集團委任獨立專業估值師評估 投資物業的公允價值。於釐定公 允價值時,估值師運用涉及若干 估計的估值方法。董事已作出判 斷並信納有關估值方法可能映當 前的市況。

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### 6. CRITICAL JUDGEMENTS AND KEY ESTIMATES 6. 關鍵判斷及主要估計(續) (Continued)

#### **Key sources of estimation uncertainty (Continued)**

#### (b) Impairment of financial assets of amortised costs

The loss allowances for financial assets at amortised cost (including trade receivables, loan receivables and deposits and other receivables) are based on assumptions about risk of default and expected loss rates. The Group uses judgement in making these assumptions and selecting the inputs to the impairment calculation, based on the Group's past history, existing market conditions as well as forward-looking estimates at the end of each reporting period.

The Group applies the HKFRS 9 simplified approach to measure expected credit losses which uses a lifetime expected loss allowance for all trade receivables. For trade receivables which have impaired, the Group assessed individually and provided for credit losses allowance. If no reasonable and supportable information is available without undue cost for expected credit losses measurement, the trade receivables were grouped by reference to the credit risk characteristics and assessed collectively for credit losses allowance. When measuring expected credit loss, the Group considers the credit loss experience, ageing of overdue trade receivables, customers' repayment history and customers' financial position, and adjusts by taking into consideration current conditions and forwardlooking factors.

Changes in assumptions used could materially affect the fair value of these balances and as a result affect the Group's financial condition and results of operation.

Details of the key assumptions and inputs used for trade receivables, loan receivables and deposits and other receivables are disclosed in Notes 22, 19, and 23 respectively.

#### 估計不確定性的主要來源(續)

#### (b) 按攤銷成本計量的財務資產之減 值

本集團採用香港財務報告準則第 9號簡化方法計量預期信貸虧損, 該方法對所有應收貿易賬款使用 牛命週期預期信貸虧損撥備。對 於已發生減值的應收貿易賬款, 本集團個別評估並作出預期信貸 虧損撥備。倘計量預期信貸虧損 時,須就合理及可支持的資料付 出不合理成本,則本集團按照信 貸風險特徵將應收貿易賬款劃分 為若干組合,共同評估預期信貸 虧損。於計量預期信貸虧損率 時,本集團考慮信貸虧損經驗、 應收貿易賬款逾期賬齡、客戶的 償還歷史及客戶的財務狀況,並 結合當前狀況和前瞻性因素進行 調整。

所採用假設的變動可對該等結餘 的公允價值造成重大影響,因而 影響本集團之財務狀況及經營業 績。

應收貿易賬款、應收貸款及按金及其他應收款項所採用的主要假設及輸入數據詳情分別於附註 22、19及23披露。

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### 6. CRITICAL JUDGEMENTS AND KEY ESTIMATES 6. 關鍵判 (Continued)

#### **Key sources of estimation uncertainty (Continued)**

#### (c) Income taxes and deferred taxation

The Group is subject to income taxes in several jurisdictions. Significant estimates are required in determining the provision for income taxes. There are many transactions and calculations for which the ultimate tax determination is uncertain during the ordinary course of business. Where the final tax outcome of these matters is different from the amounts that were initially recorded, such differences will impact the income tax and deferred tax provisions in the period in which such determination is made.

Deferred income tax assets relating to certain temporary differences and tax losses are recognised when management considers it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences or tax losses can be utilised. The outcome of their actual utilisation may be different.

#### 7. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: foreign currency risk, credit risk, liquidity risk and interest rate risk. The Group's overall risk management programme focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the Group's financial performance.

#### (a) Foreign currency risk

The Group has minimal exposure to foreign currency risk as most of its business transactions, assets and liabilities are principally denominated in the functional currencies of the respective Group's entities. The Group currently does not have a foreign currency hedging policy in respect of foreign currency transactions, assets and liabilities. The Group will monitor its foreign currency exposure closely and will consider hedging significant foreign currency exposure should the need arise.

### 關鍵判斷及主要估計(續)

#### 估計不確定性的主要來源(續)

#### (c) 所得税及遞延税項

本集團須繳納若干司法權區的所 得税。於釐定所得稅撥備時,須 作出重大估計。於日常業務過程 中存在多項最終稅項的釐定具有 不確定性的交易及計算。倘該等 事宜的最終稅項結果與初步入 事宜的最終稅項結果與初步 數金額不同,有關差額將影響作 出釐定期間的所得稅及遞延稅項 撥備。

當管理層認為將來很有可能有應 課稅溢利以抵銷臨時差異或可動 用稅項虧損時,有關若干臨時差 異及稅項虧損的遞延所得稅資產 予以確認。實際動用結果可能不 同。

#### 7. 財務風險管理

本集團的業務活動令其面對多項財務 風險:外匯風險、信貸風險、流動資 金風險及利率風險。本集團的整體風 險管理計劃集中於金融市場的不確定 性,並尋求將對本集團財務表現的潛 在不利影響降至最低。

#### (a) 外幣風險

由於大部份業務交易、資產及負債主要以本集團各實體之功能與幣計值,本集團承受之外幣風險極微。本集團現時並無有關外幣交易、資產及負債的外幣對沖政國際,並將於有需要時考慮對沖重大外幣風險。

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#### 7. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

#### (b) Credit risk

The carrying amount of the bank and cash balances, trade, loan and other receivables included in the consolidated statement of financial position represents the Group's maximum exposure to credit risk in relation to the Group's financial assets.

The Group has policies in place to ensure that sales are made to customers with an appropriate credit history and take into account information specific to the customer as well as pertaining to the economic environment in which the customer operates. Normally, the Group does not obtain collateral from customers. The credit risk on bank and cash balances is limited because the counterparties are banks with high credit-ratings assigned by international creditrating agencies.

The directors are of the opinion that the credit risk on loan receivables is limited as the management has closely mentioned its recoverability and ensure adequate provision for impairment is made when necessary.

As at 31 December 2022, in respect of trade receivables, the Group is exposed to concentration of credit risk to the extent that approximately HK\$14.1 million (2021: HK\$2.9 million) of trade receivables is attributable by a single customer. In order to minimise the credit risk, the Group closely monitored the outstanding balances on an ongoing basis to ensure that follow-up actions are taken to recover overdue debts. In addition, the Group reviews the recoverable amount of each individual debt at each balance sheet date to ensure that adequate impairment losses are made for irrecoverable amounts.

#### 7. 財務風險管理(續)

#### (b) 信貸風險

綜合財務狀況表內所示銀行及現 金結餘、應收貿易賬款、貸款及 其他應收款項的賬面值,為本集 團就其金融資產所面臨的最高信 貸風險。

本集團的既定政策為確保向具備 合適信貸歷史的專體資料以及等 經營所在的經濟境況的資料取 經營所在的經濟境況的資料 級而言,本集團並無向客戶的 抵押品。銀行及現金結餘的 所 國際信貸評級機構給予高信貸評 級之銀行。

由於管理層密切注視可收回性及 確保必要時作出足夠減值撥備, 董事認為應收貸款信貸風險有限。

於二零二二年十二月三十一日, 就應收貿易賬款而言,本自一團名 馬夫中之信貸風險為來自一(資 一客戶的約14.1百萬港元( 一客戶的約14.1百萬港元( 一客戶的約14.1百萬港元( 上一年:2.9百萬港元)應至 馬款。為將信貸風險減至 與接持續經營基準取 本集團接持續經營保採 動收回逾期債項。此外 動收回逾期債項於已就 數收回金額 投資 金額提撥充足減值虧損。

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#### 7. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

#### (b) Credit risk (Continued)

The Group considers whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk of financial assets on an ongoing basis throughout each reporting period by comparing the risk of a default occurring as at the reporting date with the risk of default as at the date of initial recognition. It considers available reasonable and supportive forwarding-looking information. Especially the following information is used:

- internal credit rating;
- external credit rating (if available);
- actual or expected significant adverse changes in business, financial or economic conditions that are expected to cause a significant change to the debtor's ability to meet its obligations;
- actual or expected significant changes in the operating results of the debtor;
- significant increases in credit risk on other financial instruments of the same debtor; and
- significant changes in the value of the collateral or in the quality of guarantees or credit enhancements; and
- significant changes in the expected performance and behaviour of the debtor, including changes in the payment status of debtor.

#### 7. 財務風險管理(續)

#### (b) 信貸風險(續)

於各報告期內,本集團透過比較 金融資產於報告日期的違約風險 與首次確認日期的違約風險,持 續評估金融資產的信貸風險是否 已大幅增加。其會考慮可得的的 理並有理據支持的前瞻性資料, 尤其為使用以下資料:

- 一 內部信貸評級;
- 一 外部信貸評級(如有);
- 一業務、財務或經濟狀況出現 或預期會出現重大不利變 動,預期會令借款人履行其 責任的能力大幅改變;
- 借款人的營運業績出現或預期會出現重大變動;
- 一 同一借款人的其他金融工具 的信貸風險大幅上升;及
- 抵押品價值或擔保或信貸增 級的質素出現重大變動;及
- 借款人的預期表現及行為出現重大變動,包括借款人的付款狀況變動。

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#### 7. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

#### (b) Credit risk (Continued)

A significant increase in credit risk is presumed if a debtor is more than 30 days past due in making a contractual payment. A default on a financial asset is when the counterparty fails to make contractual payments within 60 days of when they fall due.

Financial assets are written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovery, such as a debtor failing to engage in a repayment plan with the Group. The Group normally categorises a loan or receivable for write off when a debtor fails to make contractual payments greater than 360 days past due. Where loans or receivables have been written off, the Group, if practicable and economical, continues to engage in enforcement activity to attempt to recover the receivable due.

The Group uses two categories for non-trade receivables which reflect their credit risk and how the loss provision is determined for each of the categories. In calculating the expected credit loss rates, the Group considers historical loss rates for each category and adjusts for forward-looking data.

#### 7. 財務風險管理(續)

#### (b) 信貸風險(續)

倘債務人的合約付款逾期超過30 日,信貸風險會被假定為已大幅 上升。當對手方未能於合約付款 到期後60日內作出付款,即屬金 融資產違約。

金融資產於合理預期無法收回(例如借款人無法與本集團達成還款計劃)時撇銷。本集團通常會於借款人的合約付款逾期超過360日後將有關貸款或應收款項分類為撇銷。倘貸款或應收款項經已撇銷,則本集團(在實際可行及續採取強制執行行動嘗試收回到期應收款項。

本集團將非貿易性質的應收貿易 賬款分為兩類,有關分類反映彼 等的信貸風險,以及為各類別釐 定虧損撥備的方法。於計算預期 信貸虧損率時,本集團會考慮各 類別的歷史虧損率,並會就前瞻 性數據作出調整。

Category	Definition	Loss provision
類別	定義	虧損撥備
Performing	Low risk of default and strong capacity to pay	12 month expected losses
履約	違約風險低及付款能力強	12個月預期虧損
Non-performing	Significant increase in credit risk	Lifetime expected losses
不良	信貸風險大幅上升	生命週期預期虧損

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#### 7. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

#### (c) Liquidity risk

The Group's policy is to regularly monitor current and expected liquidity requirements to ensure that it maintains sufficient reserves of cash and availability of financial support from controlling shareholder to meet its liquidity requirements in the short and long term.

The table below analyses the Group's financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the date of the consolidated statement of financial position to the contractual maturity date. The amounts disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows.

#### 7. 財務風險管理(續)

#### (c) 流動資金風險

本集團的政策為定期監控當前及 預期流動資金需要,以確保其維 持足夠現金儲備應付其短期及長 期的流動資金需要。

下表分析本集團按至合約到期日的剩餘期間於綜合財務狀況表日期歸類為相關到期組別的金融負債。該表所披露金額為合約未貼現現金流。

		Less than 1 year 一年內 HK\$'000 千港元	1-2 years 一年以上 但兩年以下 HK\$'000 千港元	2-3 years 兩年以上 但三年以下 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
At 31 December 2022	於二零二二年				
Trade and other payables	十二月三十一日 應付貿易賬款及				
Trade and other payables	其他應付款項	186,272			186,272
Other borrowings	其他貸款	208,721			208,721
Shareholders' loans	股東貸款	9,986			9,986
Loan from a fellow subsidiary	來自同系附屬公司貸款	28,139			28,139
Amount due to a fellow subsidiary	應付同系附屬公司款項	114			114
		433,232	-		433,232
At 31 December 2021	於二零二一年				
T 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	十二月三十一日				
Trade and other payables	應付貿易賬款及	00 122			00 122
Other borrowings	其他應付款項 其他貸款	80,133 10,816	223,110	_	80,133 233,926
Shareholders' loan	股東貸款	10,810	223,110	_	10,244
Loan from a fellow subsidiary	來自同系附屬公司之貸款	20,534	_	_	20,534
Amount due to a fellow subsidiary	應付同系附屬公司款項	168	-	-	168
		121,895	223,110	-	345,005

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2022

#### 7. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

#### (d) Interest rate risk

The Group has no significant interest-bearing assets and liabilities other than cash at banks, other borrowings, shareholders' loan and loan from a fellow subsidiary.

The directors consider the Group's exposure of the bank balances to cash flow interest rate risk is not significant as the interest rate fluctuation on bank balances is minimal and the Group's income and operating cash flows are substantially independent of changes in interest rates. As at 31 December 2022 and 2021, the Group's other borrowings, shareholders' loan and loan from a fellow subsidiary bore fixed interest rates which expose the Group to fair value interest rate risk. Management considers the fair value interest rate risk is insignificant to the Group. Accordingly, no sensitivity analysis is performed.

The Group currently does not have any interest rate hedging policy in relation to interest rate risks. The directors monitor the Group's exposure on an ongoing basis and will consider hedging interest rate risk should the need arise.

#### **Categories of financial instruments**

### 財務風險管理(續)

#### (d) 利率風險

除銀行現金、其他貸款、股東貸 款及來自同系附屬公司之貸款 外,本集團並無重大計息資產及 負債。

董事認為,由於銀行結餘之利率 波動極微,因此本集團之銀行結 餘所承擔之現金流量利率風險並 不重大。本集團的收入及經營現 金流量大致上獨立於利率變動。 於二零二二年及二零二一年十二 月三十一日,本集團的其他貸 款、股東貸款及來自同系附屬公 司之貸款以固定利率計息,故本 集團面臨公允價值利率風險。管 理層認為公允價值利率風險對本 集團而言並不重大。因此,並無 進行敏感性分析。

本集團目前並無就利率風險制定 任何利率對沖政策。董事會持續 監控本集團之風險,在有需要時 將會考慮對沖利率風險。

#### (e) 金融工具分類

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$′000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元
Financial assets Financial assets at amortised cost (including cash and cash equivalents)	金融資產 按攤銷成本列賬的金融資產 (包括現金及現金等價物)	243,009	379,979
Financial liabilities Financial liabilities at amortised cost	<b>金融負債</b> 按攤銷成本列賬的金融負債	426,798	327,043

#### **Fair values** (f)

The carrying amounts of the Group's financial assets and financial liabilities as reflected in the consolidated statement of financial position approximate their respective fair values.

#### 公允價值 (f)

綜合財務狀況表內所反映的本集 團金融資產及金融負債賬面值與 其各自的公允價值相若。

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#### 8. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The following disclosures of fair value measurements use a fair value hierarchy that categories into three levels the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value:

Level 1 inputs: quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2 inputs: inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3 inputs: unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

The Group's policy is to recognise transfers into and transfers out of any of the three levels as of the date of the event or change in circumstances that caused the transfer.

#### (a) Disclosures of level in fair value hierarchy

#### As at 31 December 2022

### 8. 公允價值計量

公允價值為在市場參與者於計量日期 進行之有序交易中就出售資產所收取 或就轉讓負債所支付之價格。下文披 露按公允價值層級計算的公允價值, 其按估值技術中用以計量公允價值的 輸入數據分為三個層級:

第一級輸入:相同資產或負債於活躍市場中的報價(未經調整)。

第二級輸入:除第一級包括的報價以外,資產或負債可直接或間接觀察得出的輸入數據。

第三級輸入:資產或負債的不可觀察 輸入數據。

本集團的政策為於發生導致轉撥的事件或情況變動當日確認三個層級間轉 入及轉出。

#### (a) 公允價值層級披露:

於二零二二年十二月三十一日

		Fair value measurements using: 使用以下層級計量的公允價值:			
Description	概述	Level 1 第一級 HK\$′000 千港元	Level 2 第二級 HK\$'000 千港元	Level 3 第三級 HK\$′000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
Recurring fair value measurements:	經常性公允價值計量:				
Investment properties	投資物業				
Commercial – PRC	商用一中國			126,434	126,434
Total recurring fair value measurements	經常性公允價值計量 總額			126,434	126,434

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 8. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (Continued)

#### 8. 公允價值計量(續)

### (a) Disclosures of level in fair value hierarchy (Continued)

(a) 公允價值層級披露(續)

#### As at 31 December 2021:

於二零二一年十二月三十一日:

Fair value measurements using: 使用以下層級計量的公允價值:

Description	概述	Level 1 第一級 HK\$'000 千港元	Level 2 第二級 HK\$'000 千港元	Level 3 第三級 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
Recurring fair value measurements:	經常性公允價值計量:				
Investment properties	投資物業				
Commercial – PRC	商用-中國	X \ \ <u>-</u> \	172,528	-	172,528
Total recurring fair value	經常性公允價值計量總額				
measurements		-	172,528	<del>-</del>	172,528

During the year ended 31 December 2022, investment properties amounting to RMB172,528,000 were transferred from measurement based on level 2 to level 3 as a result of the status of investment properties changed during 2022, the Directors believe change in the valuation method is more representable to the fair value of the investment properties.

During the year ended 31 December 2021, there were no transfer between Level 1 and Level 2, or transfers into or out of Level 3.

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日 止年度,投資物業人民幣 172,528,000元由按第二級計量 轉為按第三級計量,由於投資物 業於二零二二年的狀況有變,董 事相信估值方法的變動更能代表 投資物業的公允價值。

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日 止年度,並無於第一級及第二級 公平值等級之間的轉移,亦無與 第三級轉入或轉出。

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 8. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (Continued)

### 8. 公允價值計量(續)

(b) Reconciliation of assets measured at fair value based on level 3

(b) 按第三級公允價值計量之資產 對賬

Investment

Description	概述	properties Commercial - PRC 投資物業	Total
		<b>商用 - 中國</b> HK\$'000 千港元	<b>總計</b> HK\$′000 千港元
At 1 January 2022	於二零二二年一月一日	_	_
Transfer from level 2 to level 3 during the year	於年內由第二級轉移至 第三級	172,528	172,528
Losses recognised in profit or loss*	於損益中確認之虧損*	(35,795)	(35,795)
Exchange difference	匯兑差額	(10,299)	(10,299)
At 31 December 2022	於二零二二年十二月三十一日	126,434	126,434
* Include losses for assets held at end of reporting period	* 於報告期末所持資產計入 虧損	(35,795)	(35,795)

### (c) Disclosure of valuation process used by the Group and valuation techniques and inputs used in fair value measurements

The Board is responsible for the fair value measurements of assets and liabilities required for financial reporting purposes, including level 3 fair value measurements.

For level 3 fair value measurements, the Group will normally engage external valuation experts with the recognised professional qualifications and recent experience to perform the valuations.

#### (c) 本集團所使用估值程序及公允 價值計量所使用的估值技術及 輸入數據的披露

董事會負責財務報告所要求的資 產及負債之公允值計量,包括第 三級公允價值計量。

就第三級公允價值計量而言,本 集團通常委聘具有相關認可資格 和經驗的外部估值專家以進行估 值。

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 8. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (Continued)

#### (c) Disclosure of valuation process used by the Group and valuation techniques and inputs used in fair value measurements (Continued)

The following table gives information about how the fair values of the Group's investment properties carried at fair value are determined.

#### Level 3 fair value measurements

#### 8. 公允價值計量(續)

(c) 本集團所使用估值程序及公允 價值計量所使用的估值技術及 輸入數據的披露(續)

下表載列如何釐定本集團按公允價值計值的投資物業的公允價值。

#### 第三級公允價值計量

Description	Valuation technique	Unobservable inputs	Range	Effect on fair value for increase of inputs 輸入數據增加	2022 Fair value
概述	估值技術	不可觀察輸入數據	範圍	對公允價值 的影響	二零二二年 公允價值 <b>HK\$′000</b> 千港元
Investment properties — PRC	Term and reversionary method	Estimated rental value (per sq.m. and per month)	RMB12.4 to RMB 71.5	Increase	126,434
投資物業-中國	年期及租賃到期 續租法	估計租金金額 (每平方米及每月)	人民幣 <b>12.4</b> 元至 人民幣 <b>71.5</b> 元	增加	
		Long term vacancy rate	5% to 20%	Decrease	
		長期空置率	5%至20%	減少	
		Discount rate 貼現率	2.5% to 3.5% 2.5%至3.5%	Decrease 減少	

#### Level 2 fair value measurements

#### 第二級公允價值計量

估值技術	主要輸入數據	二零二一年 公允價值
		HK\$'000 千港元
Market comparable approach 市場比較法	Price per square metre 每平方米價格	172,528
	approach	approach

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 9. **SEGMENT INFORMATION**

In a manner consistent with the way in which information is reported internally to the executive directors, who are the chief operation decision-makers, the Group has presented the following reportable segments:

- (i) Sale of materials business; and
- (ii) Properties investment.

For the purposes of assessing segment performance and allocating resources between segments, the executive directors monitor the results, assets and liabilities attributable to each reportable segment on the following basis:

- (a) Segment assets include all tangible and current assets with the exception of rental deposits, intangible assets and other unallocated head office corporate assets.
- (b) Segment liabilities include all liabilities with the exception of shareholders' loan, amount due to a fellow subsidiary, loan from a fellow subsidiary, asset retirement obligation, other borrowings and other unallocated head office corporate liabilities.
- (c) Segment results are allocated to reportable segments with reference to sales generated and expenses incurred by those segments, together with fair value change of investment properties, selling and distribution expenses, administrative and operating expenses, and impairment losses on trade receivables and prepayments, net.

The amounts provided to the executive directors with respect to the information mentioned above are measured in a manner consistent with that of the consolidated financial statements.

#### 9. 分部資料

本集團以與向執行董事(為主要營運決 策者)內部呈報資料一致之方式呈列以 下可呈報分部:

- (i) 銷售材料業務;及
- (ii) 物業投資。

為評估分部之表現及各分部間之資源 分配,執行董事按以下基準監察各可 呈報分部之業績、資產及負債:

- (a) 分部資產包括所有有形資產及流動資產,但不包括租金按金、無 形資產及其他未分配總辦事處企 業資產。
- (b) 分部負債包括所有負債,但不包括股東貸款、應付同系附屬公司款項、來自同系附屬公司之貸款、資產退廢債務、其他貸款及其他未分配總辦事處企業負債。
- (c) 分部業績參考該等分部所產生之 銷售及開支,連同投資物業公允 價值變動、銷售及分銷開支、行 政及經營開支及應收貿易賬款及 預付款項減值虧損淨額。

向執行董事所提供有關上述資料的金 額乃以與綜合財務報表所載者一致的 方式計量。

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 9. **SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)**

### An analysis of the Group's revenue, results, assets and liabilities for the Group's reportable segments is as follows:

#### 9. 分部資料(續)

本集團可呈報分部之本集團收入、業 績、資產及負債之分析如下:

		Sale of materials business 銷售 材料業務 HK\$'000	Properties investment 物業投資 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
For the year ended 31 December 2022	截至二零二二年 十二月三十一日止年度			
Revenue from external customers	外部客戶收入	268,692	885	269,577
Gross profit Fair value change on investment	毛利 投資物業公允價值變動	15,857	885	16,742
properties Administrative and operating expenses Impairment losses on trade receivables	行政及經營開支 應收貿易賬款及預付款項	(494)	(35,795) (1,409)	(35,795 (1,903
and prepayments, net	減值虧損淨額	(517)		(517
Segment results	分部業績	14,846	(36,319)	(21,473
Unallocated:	未分配:			
Other gains, net and interest income	其他淨收益及利息收入			166
Administrative and operating expenses	行政及經營開支			(8,104
Impairment of intangible assets Impairment loss on loan and	無形資產減值 應收貸款及應收利息減值虧損			(330
interest receivables	四次大四叶医乙二年中			(215,290
Loss on deregistration of subsidiaries Gain on disposal of subsidiaries	取消註冊附屬公司虧損出售附屬公司收益			7,229
Loss from operation	經營虧損			(238,010
Finance costs	融資成本			(10,709
Loss before tax	除税前虧損			(248,719
Income tax expense	所得税開支			(3,685
Loss for the year	年度虧損			(252,404

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 9. SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

#### 9. 分部資料(續)

Sale of

		materials business 銷售 材料業務 HK\$'000 千港元	Properties investment 物業投資 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
At 31 December 2022	於二零二二年十二月三十一日	422.472	204 220	202.402
Segment assets Unallocated assets	分部資產 未分配資產	132,172	261,230	393,402 723
Total assets	資產總額			394,125
Segment liabilities Unallocated liabilities	分部負債 未分配負債	(121,033)	(252,117)	(373,150) (61,146)
Total liabilities	負債總額			(434,296)
	Sale materi busine	als Properties		Total

		Sale of materials business 銷售 材料業務	Properties investment 物業投資	Unallocated 未分配	Total 總計
		HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$′000 千港元	HK\$′000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
For the year ended 31 December 2022 Capital expenditures	截至二零二二年 十二月三十一日止年度 資本開支	_	_	21	21

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 9. **SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)**

### 9. 分部資料(續)

		Sale of materials	Properties	
		business 銷售	investment	Total
		材料業務 HK\$'000 千港元	物業投資 HK\$'000 千港元	總計 HK\$'000 千港元
For the year ended 31 December 2021	截至二零二一年			
Revenue from external customers	十二月三十一日止年度 外部客戶收入	321,077	767	321,844
Gross profit Fair value change on investment	毛利 投資物業公允價值變動	15,151	767	15,918
properties		-/	(13,870)	(13,870)
Selling and distribution expenses	銷售及分銷開支	(7,560)	-	(7,560)
Administrative and operating expenses	行政及經營開支	(936)	(2,054)	(2,990)
Impairment losses on trade receivables and prepayments, net	應收貿易賬款及預付款項 減值虧損淨額	(334,952)	(5,371)	(340,323)
Segment results	分部業績	(328,297)	(20,528)	(348,825)
Unallocated:	未分配:			
Other gains, net and interest income	其他淨收益及利息收入			11,009
Administrative and operating expenses	行政及經營開支			(11,922)
Impairment loss of intangible assets	無形資產減值虧損			(450)
Loss from operation	經營虧損			(350,188)
Finance costs	融資成本			(6,667)
Loss before tax	除税前虧損			(356,855)
Income tax expense	所得税開支			(918)
Loss for the year	年度虧損			(357,773)

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

3. OLGIVILIA IIVI OHIVIA HOIV (COHUNGCA	9.	<b>SEGMENT</b>	INFORMATION	(Continued
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### 9. 分部資料(續)

			Sale of		
			materials	Properties	
			business	investment	Total
			銷售		
			材料業務	物業投資	總計
			HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
			千港元	千港元	千港元
At 31 December 2021	於二零二一年十二月三·	+-8			
Segment assets	分部資産	' 7	5,670	316,774	322,444
Unallocated assets	未分配資產		0,010	0.0,	232,868
	//// IDX/II	<u> </u>			202/000
Total assets	資產總額				555,312
Segment liabilities	分部負債		(9,857)	(258,123)	(267,980)
Unallocated liabilities	未分配負債		(3,037)	(230,123)	(66,214)
Oridinocated liabilities	小刀癿只良				(00,214)
Total liabilities	負債總額				(334,194)
		Sale of			
		materials	Properties		
		business	investment	Unallocated	Total
		銷售			
		材料業務	物業投資	未分配	總計
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
For the year ended	截至二零二一年				
31 December 2021	十二月三十一日止年度				
Capital expenditures	資本開支	_	_	_	_
Capital Oriportalitation	A 17/0/A				

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 9. **SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)**

### 9. 分部資料(續)

The Group's revenue and non-current assets are further analysed by geographical location as follows:

本集團之收入及非流動資產按地理位置之進一步分析如下:

Revenue 收入 For the year ended 31 December 截至十二月三十一日止年度

2022 2021 二零二二年 二零二一年 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 千港元 千港元 The PRC 269.577 32.197 165,526 The United Arab Emirates 阿拉伯聯合酋長國 Kingdom of Bahrain 巴林王國 97,454 Hong Kong 香港 8,998 Kingdom of Norway 挪威王國 7,751 Iceland 冰島 7,636 State of Qatar 卡塔爾國 2,282 269,577 321,844

> Non-current assets 非流動資產 At 31 December 於十二月三十一日

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$′000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元
The PRC Hong Kong	中國香港	126,434 23	172,568 828
		126,457	173,396

Revenue individually generated from the following customers contributed more than 10% of the total revenue of the Group:

來自以下客戶的個別收入佔本集團總收入10%以上:

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$′000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元
<b>Sales of materials business segment</b> Customer A Customer B	<b>銷售材料業務分部</b> 客戶 A 客戶 B	_* _*	165,526 97,454

<sup>\*</sup> The corresponding revenue did not contribute over 10% of the total revenue of the Group.

<sup>\*</sup> 相應的收入並未佔本集團總收入的10%以上。

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

10. REVENUE

#### 10. 收入

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$′000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元
Revenue from contracts with customers	來自合約客戶之收入		
— Sale of materials	一銷售材料	268,692	321,077
Rental income	租金收入	885	767
Total revenue	總收入	269,577	321,844

All revenue from contracts with customers are recognised at a point in time.

所有來自合約客戶之收入均在某一時 間點確認。

#### Sales of materials

The Group principally sells building materials, aluminum related products and scrapped copper (2021: aluminum related products and scrapped copper) to its customers. Sales are recognised when control of the products has transferred, being when the products are delivered to a customer, there is no unfulfilled obligation that could affect the customer's acceptance of the products and the customer has obtained legal titles to the products.

Sales to customers are normally made with credit terms of 30 to 90 days (2021: 30 to 180 days). For new customers, deposits or cash on delivery may be required.

A receivable is recognised when the products are delivered to the customers as this is the point in time that the consideration is unconditional because only the passage of time is required before the payment is due.

#### 銷售材料

本集團主要向客戶出售建築材料、鋁相關產品及廢銅(二零二一年:鋁相關產品及廢銅)。在產品的控制權已轉讓(即產品交付予客戶之時),且概無可能影響客戶接受產品的未履行責任及客戶已獲取產品的合法所有權時,確認銷售。

向客戶之銷售一般信貸期為30至90日 (二零二一年:30至180日)。就新客 戶而言,可能要求按金或貨到付款。

應收款項於產品交付予客戶時確認, 因從那一刻開始,付款之到期僅須隨 時間的流逝,故收取代價成為無條件。

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 11. OTHER GAINS, NET

#### 11. 其他淨收益

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$′000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元
Government subsidy (note)	政府補貼(附註)	120	<u> </u>
Wavier of interest of other borrowings	豁免其他貸款利息 (500 年) (500 年)	-	8,705
Exchange gain, net	匯兑收益淨額	-	2,113
Sundry income	雜項收入	44	184
1007		164	11,002

Note: The government subsidy of HK\$120,000 (2021: Nil) represented grants obtained from Employment Support Scheme ("ESS") under the Anti-epidemic Fund launched by the Hong Kong SAR Government supporting the payroll of the Group's employees. Under the ESS, the Group had to commit to spend these grants on payroll expenses, and not reduce employee head count below prescribed levels for a specified period of time. The Group does not have unfulfilled obligations relating to this program.

附註:政府補貼為120,000港元(二零二一年:零) 指香港特區政府所推出之防疫抗疫基金下之 保就業計劃(「保就業計劃」)補助,以支持本 集團支付僱員薪酬。根據保就業計劃,本集 團須承諾將該等補貼用於支付薪金開支,指 定時間內不會將員工人數減少至低於規定水 平。本集團並無有關該計劃之未履行責任。

#### 12. INTEREST INCOME

#### 12. 利息收入

		<b>2022</b> 二零二二年 <b>HK\$′000</b> 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元
Bank interest income	銀行利息收入	2	7
		2	7

#### 13. FINANCE COSTS

#### 13. 融資成本

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$′000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元
Interest on other borrowings	其他貸款之利息	10,374	4,732
Interest on shareholders' loan Interest on loan from a fellow	股東貸款利息	90	1,302
subsidiary Interest on factoring of trade	來自同系附屬公司之 貸款之利息 應收貿易賬款保理利息	245	263
receivables		_	370
		10,709	6,667

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#### 14. LOSS BEFORE TAX

#### 14. 除税前虧損

The Group's loss before tax is arrived at after charging the following:

本集團之除稅前虧損已扣除下列各項:

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$′000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元
Auditor's remuneration  — Audit services  — Non-audit services Cost of inventories sold Depreciation of property,	核數師酬金 一 核數服務 一 非核數服務 售出存貨成本 物業、廠房及設備折舊	1,150 330 252,835	1,100 50 305,926
plant and equipment Exchange loss, net	匯兑虧損淨額	6 3,554	9 –
Impairment losses of trade receivables and prepayments, net: — Trade receivables — Prepayments for: (i) purchase of building materials (ii) others	應收貿易賬款及預付款項 減值虧損淨額: 一應收貿易賬款 一以下各項的預付款項: (i) 購買建築材料 (ii) 其他	<b>517</b> - -	20,250 316,614 3,459
		517	340,323
Impairment loss on loan and interest receivables	應收貸款及應收利息減值 虧損	215,290	-
Staff costs, including directors' emoluments — Salaries, allowances and other benefits	僱員開支(包括董事酬金) 一薪金、津貼及其他福利	5,002	5,644
<ul><li>Retirement benefit scheme contributions</li><li>Social insurance</li></ul>	<ul><li>一 退休福利計劃供款</li><li>一 社會保險</li></ul>	90 120	121 149
		5,212	5,914

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#### 15. INCOME TAX EXPENSE

#### 15. 所得税開支

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$′000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元
Current income tax  — Hong Kong Profits Tax  — The PRC Enterprise Income Tax	即期所得税 一 香港利得税 一 中國企業所得税	3,887	914 4
		3,887	918
Over-provision in prior years  — Hong Kong Profits Tax  — The PRC Enterprise Income Tax	過往年度超額撥備 一 香港利得税 一 中國企業所得税	(198) (4)	-
		(202)	_
		3,685	918

Hong Kong Profits Tax has been provided at the rate of 16.5% (2021: 16.5%) on the estimated assessable profits arising in Hong Kong for the year, except for one group entity operating in Hong Kong which is a qualifying corporate under the two-tiered Profits Tax rate regime. For the qualifying group entity, the first HK\$2 million of assessable profits are taxed at the rate of 8.25% (2021: 8.25%) and the remaining assessable profits are taxed at the rate of 16.5% (2021: 16.5%).

The PRC Enterprise Income Tax has been provided at a rate of 25% (2021: 25%) for subsidiaries in the PRC on its assessable profits during the year ended 31 December 2022.

香港利得税乃就本年度於香港產生的估計應課税溢利按税率16.5%(二零二一年:16.5%)計提撥備,惟一間於香港經營的集團實體乃利得税兩級制的合資格企業。就合資格集團實體而言,應課稅溢利的首2百萬港元按稅率8.25%(二零二一年:8.25%),而餘下應課稅溢利則按稅率16.5%(二零二一年:16.5%)繳稅。

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度,中國附屬公司之中國企業所得税乃就其應課税溢利按税率25%計提撥備(二零二一年:25%)。

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#### 15. INCOME TAX EXPENSE (Continued)

#### 15. 所得税開支(續)

Reconciliation between income tax expense and accounting loss at applicable tax rate is as follows:

所得税開支及按適用税率計算的會計 虧損對賬如下:

		<b>2022</b> 二零二二年 HK\$′000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元
Loss before tax	除税前虧損	(248,719)	(356,855)
Tax calculated at the domestic incortax rate in the respective jurisdict Tax effect of: — income not subject to tax and		(61,952)	(87,832)
expenses not deductible	扣税開支	62,982	(964)
— tax losses not recognised	一未確認税項虧損	2,857	89,714
— over-provision in prior years	一過往年度超額撥備	(202)	
Income tax expense	所得税開支	3,685	918

No deferred tax asset has been recognised in respect of unrecognised tax losses due to the unpredictability of future profits streams from respective entities within the Group. As at 31 December 2022, the unrecognised tax losses to be carried forward against future taxable income amounted to approximately HK\$567.4 million (2021: HK\$569.4 million). Tax losses amounting to approximately HK\$483.6 million (2021: HK\$485.6 million) will expire at various dates up to and including year of 2027 (2021: 2026), the remaining tax losses of approximately HK\$83.8 million (2021: HK\$83.8 million) have no expiry date.

由於無法預測本集團內各實體的未來 溢利,故並無就未確認税項虧損確認 遞延稅項資產。於二零二二年十二月 三十一日,未確認税項虧損約567.4百 萬港元(二零二一年:569.4百萬港元) 可結轉用於抵扣未來應課税收入。金 額約483.6百萬港元(二零二一年: 485.6百萬港元)的税項虧損將於直至 並包括二零二七年(二零二一年:二零 二六年)的各個日期屆滿,剩餘税項虧 損約83.8百萬港元(二零二一年:83.8 百萬港元)無到期日。

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#### 16. DIVIDENDS

No dividend was paid or proposed for the year ended 31 December 2022 (2021: nil).

#### 17. LOSS PER SHARE

#### (a) Basic

Basic loss per share is calculated by dividing the loss attributable to the owners of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the years ended 31 December 2022 and 2021.

The calculation of the basic loss per share attributable to the owners of the Company is based on the following data:

#### 16. 股息

並無就截至二零二二年十二月三十一 日止年度派付或擬派任何股息(二零 二一年:無)。

#### 17. 每股虧損

#### (a) 基本

每股基本虧損乃按截至二零二二年及二零二一年十二月三十一日 止年度之本公司擁有人應佔虧損 除以已發行普通股加權平均數計 算。

本公司擁有人應佔每股基本虧損 乃按以下數據計算:

	<b>2022</b> 二零二二年	2021 二零二一年
Loss attributable to the owners 本公司擁of the Company (HK\$'000) (千港)	有人應佔虧損 元) <b>(257,028)</b>	(357,773)
Weighted average number of 已發行普 ordinary shares in issue <i>(千股)</i> (thousand shares)	通股加權平均數 5 <b>42,392</b>	542,392

#### (b) Diluted

The Group had share options outstanding during the year ended 31 December 2022 and 2021. The share options did not have dilutive effect on loss per share for the years ended 31 December 2022 and 2021.

#### (b) 攤薄

本集團於截至二零二二年及二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度有尚未行使購股權。該等購股權對截至二零二二年及二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度之每股虧損並無攤薄影響。

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#### 18. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

#### 18. 物業、廠房及設備

Computer

		Leasehold improvements 租賃物業 裝修 HK\$'000 千港元	Computer equipment and software 電腦設備及 軟件 HK\$'000 千港元	Office equipment 辦公室設備 HK\$'000 千港元	<b>Total</b> 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
COST: At 1 January 2021 Exchange difference	成本: 於二零二一年一月一日 匯兑差額	495 -	83 -	201 2	779 2
At 31 December 2021 and 1 January 2022 Addition Disposal of subsidiaries Written-off	於二零二一年十二月三十一日 及二零二二年一月一日 添置 出售附屬公司 撤銷	495 - - - (495)	83 - - -	203 21 (32) -	781 21 (32) (495)
Exchange difference	匯兑差額	_		(8)	(8)
At 31 December 2022	於二零二二年十二月三十一日	_	83	184	267
ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION AND IMPAIRMENT: At 1 January 2021 Depreciation Exchange difference	<b>累計折舊及減值</b> : 於二零二一年一月一日 折舊 匯兑差額	- - -	83 - -	150 9 1	233 9 1
At 31 December 2021 and 1 January 2022	於二零二一年十二月三十一日 及二零二二年一月一日	-	83	160	243
Depreciation Exchange difference	折舊 匯兑差額	1	1	6 (5)	6 (5)
At 31 December 2022	於二零二二年十二月三十一日	-	83	161	244
NET BOOK AMOUNT: At 31 December 2022	<b>賬面淨值:</b> 於二零二二年十二月三十一日	_	_	23	23
At 31 December 2021	於二零二一年十二月三十一日	495	_	43	538

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#### 19. LOAN RECEIVABLES

On 29 December 2017, Qianhai Guoxing Finance Lease (Shenzhen) Company Limited (literal translation of the Chinese name) ("Qianhai Guoxing"), an indirect wholly owned subsidiary of the Company, entered into a sale and purchase agreement with a third party (the "Vendor"), pursuant to which Qianhai Guoxing has agreed to acquire certain commercial properties (the "Properties") from the Vendor for a consideration of RMB150 million and Qianhai Guoxing paid the full consideration to the Vendor on the same date. Pursuant to the terms and conditions of the sale and purchase agreement, the Vendor is required to complete all the procedures necessary to transfer the title of the Properties to Qianhai Guoxing on or before 30 December 2018. On 1 August 2018, a supplementary agreement was signed in which both parties agreed to postpone the transfer of the title of the Properties to a date on or before 27 December 2020. Subsequent to 27 December 2020, no title of the Properties was transferred to Qianhai Guoxing.

On 29 December 2017, Qianhai Guoxing entered into another agreement with the Vendor, pursuant to which Qianhai Guoxing has agreed to lease the Properties back to the Vendor for a period of 3 years starting from 29 December 2017. Upon the commencement of the lease, the Vendor paid RMB3.0 million to Qianhai Guoxing as a form of non-refundable pre-lease interest. Lease payments, calculated as interest charged at a fixed rate of 9% per annum against a principal of RMB150 million, are repayable quarterly. At the end of the lease period, upon full settlement of all outstanding principal and interest from the Vendor to Qianhai Guoxing, the Vendor can repurchase the Properties from Qianhai Guoxing for RMB1 (equivalent to HK\$1).

#### 19. 應收貸款

於二零一七年十二月二十九日,本公 司之間接全資附屬公司前海國興融資 租賃(深圳)有限公司(「前海國興」)與 第三方(「賣方」)訂立買賣協議,據此, 前海國興已同意向賣方購買若干商用 物業(「該等物業」),代價為人民幣150 百萬元,前海國興已於同日向賣方支 付全數代價。根據買賣協議之條款及 條件, 賣方須於二零一八年十二月 三十日或之前完成轉讓該等物業之所 有權予前海國興之所有必要手續。於 二零一八年八月一日,雙方簽訂補充 協議同意延後轉讓該等物業之所有權 至二零二零年十二月二十七日或之前。 於二零二零年十二月二十七日後,概 無向前海國興轉讓物業所有權。

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#### 19. LOAN RECEIVABLES (Continued)

Considering the economics of the above transaction and the nature and value of the repurchase option, it is almost certain that the repurchase option will be exercised. Therefore, sale and lease back accounting applies to the above arrangement, resulting in the principal of RMB150 million and RMB150 million (equivalent to approximately HK\$183.5 million and HK\$178.2 million) as at 31 December 2021 and 2020 being accounted for as a loan receivable with the properties acting as a security against this receivable.

In 2021, the Group has filed the relevant document to the court to apply for the seizure of the Properties from the Vendor. However, on 30 June 2022, the court ruled against the Group based on the fact that the Group could not provide sufficient evidence to support the Vendor is liable for the repayment of the loan receivables and the relevant interest receivables and adjudged that the Group has no right to claim the repayment of the loan receivables and the relevant interest receivables from the Vendor. In view of the result above, the Group provided the impairment loss on the loan receivables of approximately HK\$176.0 million and the relevant interest receivables of approximately HK\$39.2 million for the year ended 31 December 2022.

#### 19. 應收貸款(續)

考慮到上述交易之經濟效益、購回選擇權之性質及價值,基本可確定購回選擇權將獲行使。因此,售後租回會計處理不適用於上述安排,致使分別於二零二一年及二零二零年十二月三十一日將本金額人民幣150百萬元及人民幣150百萬元(相當於約183.5百萬港元及178.2百萬港元)入賬列為應收貸款,而該等物業則作為此應收款項之擔保。

#### **20. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES**

#### 20. 投資物業

		2022	2021
		二零二二年	二零二一年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
At fair value	按公允價值		
At 1 January	於一月一日	172,528	181,170
Change in fair value	公允價值變動	(35,795)	(13,870)
Exchange difference	匯兑差額	(10,299)	5,228
At 31 December	於十二月三十一日	126,434	172,528

The estimated aggregate fair value of investment properties as at 31 December 2022 was approximately HK\$126.4 million (2021: HK\$172.5 million), which has been arrived at on the basis of a valuation carried out by RHL Appraisal Limited, an independent professional valuer.

投資物業估計公允價值總值於二零 二二年十二月三十一日約為126.4百萬 港元(二零二一年:172.5百萬港元), 基於獨立估值師永利行評值顧問有限 公司進行的估值而得出。

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#### 20. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (Continued)

Note:

#### (a) Amounts recognised in profit or loss for investment properties

Rental income of approximately HK\$885,000 (2021: HK\$767,000) was recognised in profit or loss for investment properties during the year ended 31 December 2022.

#### (b) Non-current assets pledged as security

As at 31 December 2022, the investment properties of approximately HK\$126.4 million (2021: HK\$172.5 million) were pledged for other borrowings (note 25).

#### (c) Minimum lease receipts

Certain of the investment properties located in Yingkou City, Liaoning province, the PRC, are leased to tenants under operating leases ranging from 1 to 8 years. Management intends to lease the remaining investment properties to earn rental income.

At 31 December 2022 and 2021, the Group had future aggregate minimum lease receipts under non-cancellable operating leases as follows:

#### 20. 投資物業(續)

附註:

#### (a) 就投資物業於損益確認之金額

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度,就 投資物業於損益確認租金收入約885,000港元(二零二一年:767,000港元)。

#### (b) 非流動資產已抵押作擔保

於二零二二年十二月三十一日,投資物業約1264百萬港元(二零二一年:172.5百萬港元)已抵押以獲取其他貸款(附註25)。

#### (c) 應收最低租金

位於中國遼寧省營口市的若干投資物業乃根據經營租賃出租予租戶,租賃期介乎一至八年。管理層擬租賃剩餘投資物業,賺取租金 收入。

於二零二二至二零二一年十二月三十一日, 本集團於不可撤銷經營租賃下收取的未來最 低租賃款項總額載列如下:

		202 二零二二 <sup>g</sup> HK\$′00 千港۶	二零二一年 HK\$'000
No later than one year Later than one year but not later than five years Later than five years	一年內 一年後但五年內 五年後	76 1,29 25	1,209
		2,31	2,290

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#### 21. SUBSIDIARIES

Details of the principal subsidiaries of the Company as at 31 December 2022 are as follows:

#### 21. 附屬公司

Percentage of

於二零二二年十二月三十一日,本公司之主要附屬公司之詳情如下:

於中國買賣建築材料

Place of incorporation BA 註冊成立 所在地		Place of Particulars of equincorporation paid up capital to 註冊成立		ibutable mpany 應佔 分比 Indirect		
Enviro Energy Management Services Limited 環能管理服務有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$1 1港元	100	-	Investment holding in Hong Kong 於香港投資控股	
Huan Neng International Trading (Yingkou) Company Limited* ("HNYK") 環能營口有限公司* (「環能營口」)	The PRC 中國	RMB4.5 million 人民幣4.5 百萬元	-	100	Properties investment in the PRC 於中國進行物業投資	
Liaoning Taoqibao Mall Management Co. Ltd.* (" <b>Liaoning Taoqibao</b> ") 遼寧淘氣寶商城管理有限公司* (「 <b>遼寧淘氣寶</b> 」)	The PRC 中國	RMB100 million 人民幣100百萬元	-	100	Properties investment in the PRC 於中國進行物業投資	
Huan Neng Industrial (Yingkou) Company Limited* (" <b>HN Industrial</b> ") 環能實業(營口)有限公司* (「 <b>環能實業</b> 」)	The PRC 中國	RMB8 million 人民幣8百萬元	-	100	Properties investment in the PRC 於中國進行物業投資	
Smart Gainer Limited 駿恒有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$1 1港元	100	-	Trading of scrapped copper in Hong Kong 於香港買賣廢銅	
Shenzhen Jun Heng Trading Company Limited* (" <b>SZ Jun Heng</b> ") 深圳峻恒貿易有限公司*(「 <b>深圳峻恒</b> 」)	The PRC 中國	HK\$10 million 10百萬港元	-	100	Trading of building materials and aluminium related products in the PRC 於中國買賣建築材料及 鋁相關產品	
Pentart Resource Limited 鵬祥資源有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$1 1港元	100	-	Trading of aluminium related products in Hong Kong 於香港買賣鋁相關產品	
Pentart Energy Limited 鵬祥能源有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$10,000 10,000港元	-	100	Trading of aluminium related products in Hong Kong 於香港買賣鋁相關產品	
Hangzhou Junheng Building Materials Company Limited 杭州峻衡建材有限公司	The PRC 中國	RMB500 million 人民幣5百萬元	-	60	Trading of building materials in the PRC 於中國買賣建築材料	
Hubei Junheng Trading Co., Ltd. 湖北峻恒貿易有限公司	The PRC 中國	RMB100 million 人民幣1百萬元	-	100	Trading of building materials in the PRC	

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#### 21. SUBSIDIARIES (Continued)

#### Notes:

\* These subsidiaries are wholly-owned foreign established in the PRC. English company names are translated for identification purposes only.

#### 21. 附屬公司(續)

22. 應收貿易賬款

#### 附註:

\* 該等附屬公司為於成立的外商獨資企業。英 文公司名稱的翻譯僅供識別。

#### 22. TRADE RECEIVABLES

		<b>2022</b> 二零二二年	2021
		HK\$′000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
Trade receivables Less: Provision for impairment losses	應收貿易賬款 減:減值虧損撥備	106,929 (6,198)	24,099 (20,920)
Trade receivables, net	應收貿易賬款淨額	100,731	3,179

The Group's credit terms to trade debtors range generally from 30 to 90 days (2021: 30 to 180 days).

Trade receivables from certain customers of the Group, whose contractual cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest, were factored to reputable financial institutions under non-recourse factoring arrangement. As at 31 December 2022 and 2021, no trade receivables were under factoring arrangement.

本集團授予貿易債務人的信貸期一般 介乎30日至90日(二零二一年:30日 至180日)不等。

本集團來自若干客戶的貿易應收賬款 (其合約現金流量僅為支付本金及利息) 在無追索權保理安排下保理予聲譽良 好的金融機構。於二零二二年及二零 二一年十二月三十一日,保理安排項 下概無應收貿易賬款。

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#### 22. TRADE RECEIVABLES (Continued)

#### 22. 應收貿易賬款(續)

The ageing analysis of trade receivables as at the end of reporting period, based on invoice date, is as follows:

於報告期末,根據發票日期之應收貿 易賬款之賬齡分析如下:

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$′000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元
0–30 days 61–90 days 121–365 days Over 365 days	0日至30日 61日至90日 121日至365日 365日以上	67,823 31,008 - 1,900	782 - 2,397 -
		100,731	3,179

Movements of loss allowance for trade receivables:

應收貿易賬款虧損撥備之變動:

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$′000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 January Increase in loss allowance for the year Disposal of subsidiaries Exchange differences	於一月一日 年內虧損撥備增加 出售附屬公司 匯兑差額	20,920 517 (14,886) (353)	378 20,250 – 292
At 31 December	於十二月三十一日	6,198	20,920

The Group applies the simplified approach under HKFRS 9 to provide for expected credit losses using the lifetime expected loss provision for all trade receivables. To measure the expected credit losses, trade receivables have been grouped based on shared credit risk characteristics and the days past due. The expected credit losses also incorporate forward-looking information.

本集團應用香港財務報告準則第9號項下之簡化方法就預期信貸虧損作出撥備,對所有應收貿易賬款採用生命週期預期虧損。為計量預期信貸虧損,應收貿易賬款已根據共同信貸風險特徵及逾期日數分類。預期信貸虧損亦包含前瞻性資料。

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#### 22. TRADE RECEIVABLES (Continued)

#### 22. 應收貿易賬款(續)

		Current 即期	121-365 days past due 逾期 121至365日	Over 365 days past due 逾期 超過365日	Total 總計
At 31 December 2022	於二零二二年十二月三十一日				
Weighted average expected loss rate	加權平均預期信貸虧損率	0%	0%	77%	6%
Receivable amount (HK\$'000)	應收款額(千港元)	98,831	/	8,098	106,929
Loss allowance (HK\$'000)	虧損撥備(千港元)	· \ \ <del>-</del>	\ \ <del>-</del>	(6,198)	(6,198)
At 31 December 2021	於二零二一年十二月三十一日				
Weighted average expected loss rate	加權平均預期信貸虧損率	0%	20%	100%	87%
Receivable amount (HK\$'000)	應收款額(千港元)	782	2,982	20,335	24,099
Loss allowance (HK\$'000)	虧損撥備(千港元)	(	(585)	(20,335)	(20,920)

In December 2021, the Group obtained a legal opinion in relation to the recoverability of certain trade receivables, and are of the view that commencement of litigation against such counterparties to recover the outstanding balances may not be cost-effective and the recovery of such trade receivables is remote. Accordingly, impairment amounted to approximately HK\$19.7 million is provided during the year ended 31 December 2021.

於二零二一年十二月,本集團就可收回若干應收貿易賬款獲得法律意見,認為針對該等對手方開展法律訴訟以收回未償還結餘可能不符合成本效益,收回該等應收貿易賬款的可能性甚微。因此,於截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度計提約19.7百萬港元的減值撥備。

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### 23. DEPOSITS, PREPAYMENTS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

#### 23. 按金、預付款項及其他應收款項

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$′000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元
Current portion Deposits	<b>流動部分</b> 按金	36	36
Prepayments for:  — purchase of building materials  — others  Less: loss allowance of prepayment for:	有關下列項目之預付款項: 一購買建築材料 一其他 減:有關下列項目之預付款項 的虧損撥備:	1,612 6,280	321,208 5,396
— purchase of building materials (Note (i)) — others Interest receivable Less: loss allowance of interest receivable	<ul><li>一購買建築材料 (附註(i))</li><li>一其他</li><li>應收利息</li><li>減:應收利息虧損撥備</li></ul>	_ (3,459) _ _	(321,208) (3,459) 42,169 (1,247)
Consideration receivable from disposal of assets classified as held for sale Less: loss allowance of consideration receivable from disposal of	應收代價	- 48,589	51,961
assets classified as held for sale Consideration receivable from disposal of investment properties	上 虧損撥備 出售投資物業應收代價	(782) 86,959	(837) 92,994
Less: loss allowance of consideration receivable from disposal of investment properties	減:出售投資物業應收 代價虧損撥備	(667)	(714)
		138,568	186,299

Note:

(i) In December 2021, the Group obtained a legal opinion in relation to the recoverability of certain prepayment for purchase of building materials, and are of the view that commencement of litigation against such counterparties may not be cost-effective and the recovery of such prepayments is remote. Accordingly, impairment amounted to approximately HK\$321.2 million was provided during the year ended 31 December 2021. 附註:

(i) 於二零二一年十二月,本集團就可收回購買 建築材料之若干預付款項的可能性獲得法律 意見,認為就該等預付款項開展法律訴訟程 序不符合成本效益且收回該等預付款項的可 能性甚微。因此,於截至二零二一年十二月 三十一日止年度計提減值撥備約321.2百萬 港元。

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#### 24. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

#### 24. 應付貿易賬款及其他應付款項

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$′000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元
Trade payables (note (i))	應付貿易賬款( <i>附註(i))</i>	112,504	4,669
Other payables	其他應付款項	50,767	62,376
Receipt in advance	墊款	2,998	3,180
Interest payable	應付利息	10,114	
Accrued liabilities	應計負債	12,887	13,088
		189,270	83,313

#### Notes:

(i) The amounts are repayable according to normal credit terms of 30 to 60 days (2021: 30 to 60 days).

The ageing analysis of the trade payables as at the end of reporting period, based on invoice date, is as follows:

附註:

(i) 有關款項根據一般信貸期30日至60日(二零 二一年:30至60日)償還。

> 於報告期末,根據發票日期之應付貿易賬款 之賬齡分析如下:

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元
Within 30 days 30–60 days 61–90 days	30天內 30日至60日 61日至90日	72,286 28,024 12,194	722 - -
Over 365 days	365日以上	112,504	3,947 4,669

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#### 25. OTHER BORROWINGS

#### 25. 其他貸款

		<b>2022</b> 零二二年 HK\$′000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元
Non-current 非流動 Other borrowings — secured 其他貸款	一有抵押	_	216,324
Current流動Other borrowings — secured其他貸款	一有抵押	202,287	

The other borrowings are dominated in RMB and are secured by the Group's investment properties, which have a carrying amount of approximately HK\$126.4 million (2021: approximately HK\$172.5 million) as at 31 December 2022.

Prior to March 2020, the Group's subsidiaries, namely HNYK and Liaoning Taogibao, had certain loans and accrued interests with a bank in the PRC (the "Bank"). In March 2020, the Bank assigned the entire rights to the loans and relevant accrued interests owed by HNYK and Liaoning Taogibao at an aggregate consideration of approximately RMB166.6 million (equivalent to approximately HK\$182.4 million) (the "Debt Receivables A") to an independent third party (the "Lender A"). Subsequently, in August 2020, Lender A assigned the entire rights to the Debt Receivables A at an aggregate consideration of approximately RMB176.8 million (equivalent to approximately HK\$216.3 million) to another independent third party (the "Lender B"). The Group then entered into a loan agreement with the Lender B of approximately RMB176.8 million (equivalent to approximately HK\$210.0 million) for a period of three years at a fixed rate of 5% per annum, with interest payable annually. In June 2021, the Lender and the Group entered into an interest waiver agreement, pursuant to which the Lender agreed to waive the right to collect interest on other borrowings from 18 August 2020 to 31 December 2021, resulting in a gain on waiver of interest of other borrowings of approximately HK\$8.7 million during the year ended 31 December 2021.

有關其他貸款以人民幣計值並由本集團之投資物業作擔保,該等物業於二零二二年十二月三十一日之賬面值約為126.4百萬港元(二零二一年:約172.5百萬港元)。

於二零二零年三月前,本公司附屬公 司(即環能營口及遼寧淘氣寶)於中國 一間銀行(「銀行」)擁有若干貸款及應 計利息。於二零二零年三月,該銀行 以總代價約為人民幣166.6百萬港元(相 當於約182.4百萬港元)(「**應收債務A**」) 向一名獨立第三方(「貸款人A」)轉讓 能營口及遼寧淘氣寶結欠的貸款及相 關應計利息的全部權利。其後,於二 零二零年八月,貸款人A以總代價人 民幣176.8百萬元(相當於216.3百萬 港元)向另外一名獨立第三方(「貸款人 B」)轉讓應收債務A的全部權利。本集 團其後與貸款人B就約人民幣176.8百 萬元(相當於約210.0百萬港元)訂立 貸款協議,為期三年,按固定年利率 5%,每年支付利息。於二零二一年六 月,貸款人與本集團訂立利息豁免協 議,據此,貸款人同意豁免自二零二 零年八月十八日至二零二一年十二月 三十一日收取利息的權利,導致於截 至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度 之其他貸款利息豁免產生收益約8.7百 萬港元。

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#### 25. OTHER BORROWINGS (Continued)

As at 31 December 2021, the Group was indebted to Lender B totalling approximately RMB176.8 million (equivalent to approximately HK\$216.3 million).

During the year ended 31 December 2022, the Group received a civil judgment dated 9 June 2022, pursuant to which the Bank claimed against Lender A, HNYK, Liaoning Taoqibao and other defendants for the repayment of outstanding loans and interests due to defaulting on the loan agreements between the Bank and Lender A (the "Dispute Loan Agreements") in March 2022. According to the civil judgement, it was adjudged that HNYK and Liaoning Taoqibao are obliged to repay the relevant outstanding loans and interests upon Lender A defaulting on the Dispute Loan Agreements due to the fact that Lender A pledged the rights to Debt Receivables A to the Bank for the Dispute Loan Agreements.

As advised by the Company's PRC legal advisor, HNYK and Liaoning Taoqibao shall prioritise repaying the Bank with the outstanding loans and interests in accordance with the civil judgement, and any remaining amount after the aforesaid repayment shall be repaid to Lender B in accordance with the loan agreement with the Lender B. As at 31 December 2022, the maximum obligation that the Group may be indebted to the Bank under the civil judgement amounted to approximately RMB233.2 million (equivalent to approximately HK\$266.8 million).

In the opinion of the Directors, the Group is not necessarily to repay the relevant outstanding loans and interests because, as advised by the Company's PRC legal advisor, Lender A and other defendants have priority over HNYK and Liaoning Taogibao for the repayment obligations, and therefore no additional provision of approximately HK\$54.4 million, being the difference between the amount of the maximum obligation above and the carrying amounts of other borrowings and interest payables, should be provided concerning the civil judgement. However, up to the date of this report, the Group is not able to ascertain the repayment status of Lender A and other defendants nor their financial abilities to fulfil the repayment obligations, which led to uncertainties on the extent and financial impact arising from the civil judgement on the Group's consolidated financial statement.

#### 25. 其他貸款(續)

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,本集團結欠貸款人B合共約人民幣176.8百萬元(相當於約216.3百萬港元)。

誠如本公司的中國法律顧問,環能營口及遼寧淘氣寶將根據民事判決優先償還銀行未償還的貸款及利息,而上述償還後的任何餘額將根據與貸款人B訂立的貸款協議償還予貸款人B。於二零二二年十二月三十一日,根據民事判決本集團可能結欠銀行的最高債務約為人民幣233.2百萬元(相當於約266.8百萬港元)。

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**26. SHARE CAPITAL** 

26. 股本

**Ordinary shares** Number of of per value of shares HK\$0.05 each 每股面值 0.05港元之 股份數目 普通股份 '000 HK\$'000 千港元

千股

Authorised:

At 1 January 2021, 31 December 2021, 1 January 2022 and 31 December

2022

法定:

於二零二一年一月一日、

二零二一年十二月三十一日、

二零二二年一月一日及

二零二二年十二月三十一日

1.000.000

50.000

Issued and fully paid:

At 1 January 2021, 31 December 2021,

1 January 2022 and 31 December 2022

已發行及繳足:

於二零二一年一月一日、

二零二一年十二月三十一日、

二零二二年一月一日及 二零二二年十二月三十一日

542,392

27,120

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### 27. CASH FLOW INFORMATION — FINANCING ACTIVITIES

and 2021.

This section sets out the movement of liabilities from 本節載列截3 financing activities for the years ended 31 December 2022 年十二月三-

#### 27. 現金流量資料 - 融資活動

本節載列截至二零二二年及二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度來自融資活動負債之變動。

### Liabilities from financing activities 來自融資活動之負債

		Shareholders' loan 股東貸款 HK\$'000 千港元	Amount due to a fellow subsidiary 應付同系 附屬公司款項 HK\$'000 千港元	Loan from a fellow subsidiary 來自同系附屬 公司之貸款 HK\$'000 千港元	Interest payable 應付利息 HK\$'000 千港元	Other borrowings 其他貸款 HK\$*000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
As at 1 January 2021	於二零二一年一月一日	<u>-</u>	236	272	3,913	210,030	214,451
Net cash inflows/(outflows) Non-cash movements	現金流入/(流出)淨額 非現金變動	8,882	(68)	19,699	-	_	28,513
interest charged     wavier of interest of other borrowing	<ul><li>一利息費用</li><li>gs 一其他貸款利息豁免(附註11)</li></ul>	1,302	~_	263	4,732	-	6,297
(Note 11)		-	-	`-	(8,705)	_	(8,705)
— exchange difference	一匯兑差額	-	-	-	60	6,294	6,354
As at 31 December 2021 and 1 January 2	2022於二零二一年十二月三十一日及 二零二二年一月一日	10,184	168	20,234		216,324	246,910
Net cash inflows/(outflows)  Non-cash movements  — debt restructuring agreement to a fe	現金流入/(流出)浮額 非現金變動 #Now 一同系附屬公司債務重組	27,850		(20,479)			7,371
subsidiary (note 31)	協議(附註31)	(28,139)		28,139			
— interest charged	一利息費用	90		245	10,374		10,709
— exchange difference	一匯兑差額	1	(54)		(260)	(14,037)	(14,350)
As at 31 December 2022	於二零二二年十二月三十一日	9,986	114	28,139	10,114	202,287	250,640

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#### 28. SHARE OPTION SCHEMES

On 12 May 2011, share option schemes ("2011 Share Option Scheme") were approved and adopted pursuant to resolutions of the Company. The purpose of the 2011 Share Option Scheme was to enable the Group to recognise the contribution of the participants to the Group and to motivate the participants to continue working for the benefit of the Group by offering the participants an opportunity to have personal interest in the share capital of the Company. The Board may, at its discretion, grant share options to any employees, consultants and advisers of the Company or its subsidiaries, including executive, non-executive and independent nonexecutive directors, to subscribe for shares of the Company. The 2011 Share Option Scheme remain in force for a period of ten years with effect from 12 May 2011.

The maximum number of shares in respect of which share options may be granted under the 2011 Share Option Scheme and any other share option scheme of the Company may not exceed 10% of the issued share capital of the Company, or may not exceed a maximum of 30% should the shareholders of the Company renew the 10% limit, from time to time which have been duly allotted and issued.

The exercise price for shares under the 2011 Share Option Scheme may be determined by the Board at its absolute discretion but in any event will be at least the highest of: (i) the closing price of the shares as stated in the daily quotation sheets of the Stock Exchange on the date of grant, which must be a business day; (ii) the average of the closing prices of the shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotation sheets for the five business days immediately preceding the date of grant of the relevant option; and (iii) the nominal value of the shares on the date of grant of the option.

#### 28. 購股權計劃

本公司於二零一一年五月十二日 (a) 根據本公司決議案批准並採納購 股權計劃(「二零一一年購股權計 劃」)。二零一一年購股權計劃的 目的是透過給予參與者於本公司 股本擁有個人權益的機會,使本 集團能肯定參與者對本集團所作 出的貢獻,並鼓勵參與者繼續為 本集團的利益效力。董事會可酌 情決定授出購股權予本公司或其 附屬公司任何僱員、顧問及諮詢 顧問,包括執行、非執行及獨立 非執行董事,以認購本公司股 份。二零一一年購股權計劃自二 零一一年五月十二日起十年內有 效。

根據二零一一年購股權計劃及本公司任何其他購股權計劃可能授出的購股權涉及之股份數目最多不得超過本公司不時正式配發及發行的已發行股本的10%,或倘本公司股東更新10%的限制,則最多不可超過30%。

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#### 28. SHARE OPTION SCHEMES (Continued)

#### (a) (Continued)

Any share options granted to a substantial shareholder of the Company or an independent non-executive director or any of their respective associates, representing in aggregate over 0.1% of the shares of the Company in issue on the date of such grant and an aggregate value, based on the closing price of the shares of the Company at the date of grant in excess of HK\$5 million, in any 12-month period, are subject to shareholders' approval in advance in a general meeting. In addition, any share options granted to any one person in excess of 1% of the shares of the Company in issue at any time, in any 12-month period, are subject to shareholders' approval in advance in a general meeting.

The share options granted may be exercised at any time or times during a period to be determined and notified by the Board which period of time shall commence after the date of grant of the share options and expire on such date as determined by the Board in any event no later than 10 years from the date of the grant of such share options. A nominal consideration of HK\$1 is payable on acceptance of the grant of a share option under the 2011 Share Option Scheme.

#### 28. 購股權計劃(續)

#### (a) (續)

已授出的購股權可於董事會決定及通知的期間內隨時行使開始,所有與出購股權日期後開始,惟知於董事會決定的日期屆滿,惟關於董事會決定的日期屆滿有關之任何情況下不得遲於授出,關於權當日起計十年。根據因此,接納授權別支付1港元作為象徵式代價。

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#### 28. SHARE OPTION SCHEMES (Continued)

# (b) Movements in the number of share options outstanding and their weighted average exercise prices for the years ended 31 December 2022 and 2021 are as follows:

#### 28. 購股權計劃(續)

(b) 於截至二零二二年及二零二一年 十二月三十一日止年度,尚未行 使購股權數目及其加權平均行使 價之變動如下:

		Weighted average exercise price (per share) 加權平均	Number of outstanding options
		行使價 (每股) HK\$ 港元	尚未行使 購股權數目
At 1 January 2021 Lapsed	於二零二一年一月一日 已失效	6.07 6.13	3,270,608 (3,217,399)
As at 31 December 2021 and 1 January 2022 Lapsed	於二零二一年十二月三十一日 及二零二二年一月一日 已失效	2.29 2.29	53,209 (53,209)
As at 31 December 2022	於二零二二年十二月三十一日	_	_

Details of the share options movement during the years ended 31 December 2022 and 2021 are as follows:

於截至二零二二年及二零二一年 十二月三十一日止年度之購股權 變動詳情如下:

			Number of outstanding share options 尚未行使購股權數目			
Expiry dates	到期日	Exercise price (per share) 行使價 (每股) HK\$ 港元	As at 1 January 2022 於二零二二年 一月一日	Lapsed during the year 年內已失效	As at 31 December 2022 於二零二二年 十二月三十一日	
30 December 2022 (note 1)	二零二二年十二月三十日 (附註1)	2.29	53,209	(53,209)	_	

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#### 28. SHARE OPTION SCHEMES (Continued)

#### 28. 購股權計劃(續)

(b) (Continued)

(b) (續)

Number of outstanding share options 尚未行使購股權數目

				问不1] 医腭似惟数日			
Expiry dates	到期日	Exercise price (per share) 行使價 (每股) HK\$ 港元	As at 1 January 2021 於二零二一年 一月一日	Lapsed during the year 年內已失效	As at 31 December 2021 於二零二一年 十二月三十一日		
22 June 2021 (note 1)	二零二一年六月二十二日	0.10	0.047.000	(0.047.000)			
30 December 2022 (note 1)	<i>(附註1)</i> 二零二二年十二月三十日	6.13	3,217,399	(3,217,399)			
	(附註1)	2.29	53,209	// X-	53,209		
			3,270,608	(3,217,399)	53,209		

Note:

附註:

- 1. Regarding the share options granted on 23 June 2011 and 31 December 2012, 50% of which shall be exercised in a period commencing one year from the date of grant and expiring on the date falling one day preceding the tenth anniversary from the date of grant. The balance of 50% of the share options shall be exercised in a period commencing two years from the date of grant and expiring on the date falling one day preceding the tenth anniversary from the date of grant.
- 1. 就於二零一一年六月二十三日及二零 一二年十二月三十一日授出之購股權 而言,其中50%將於授出日期起計一 年後可予行使,並於授出日期起計第 十週年前一日屆滿。剩餘50%購股權 將於授出日期起計兩後可予行使,並 於授出日期起計第十週年前一日屆滿。

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#### 28. SHARE OPTION SCHEMES (Continued)

#### (b) (Continued)

During the years ended 31 December 2022 and 2021, there was no share-based payment expense in relation to share options granted to employees and non-employees of the Group.

The fair value of the services received by the Group is measured by the reference to the fair value of the share options granted as consideration because the fair value of the services cannot be measured reliably.

At 31 December 2022, the Company had no (2021: 53,209) share options outstanding under the Share Option Schemes, which represented approximately Nil (2021: 0.0098%) of the Company's shares in issue at that date. Share options do not confer rights on the holders to dividends or to vote at shareholders' meetings.

#### 29. EMPLOYEE BENEFIT EXPENSE

#### (a) Employee retirement benefit

The Group enrolled all Hong Kong employees in the Mandatory Provident Fund ("MPF") Scheme. The assets of the MPF Scheme are held separately from those of the Group under the control of trustees. The retirement benefit cost for the MPF Scheme charged to the consolidated statement of profit or loss represents contributions paid to the fund by the Group at rates specified in the rules of the MPF Scheme.

#### 28. 購股權計劃(續)

#### (b) (續)

於截至二零二二年及二零二一年 十二月三十一日止年度,概無與 授予本集團僱員及非僱員之購股 權有關之股份付款開支。

由於服務之公允價值無法可靠地 計量,故本集團獲提供之服務之 公允價值乃參考作為代價授出之 購股權之公允價值計量。

於二零二二年十二月三十一日,本公司購股權項下並無尚未行使之購股權(二零二一年:53,209份,相當於本公司於該日之已發行股份約0.0098%)。購股權並無賦予持有人獲取股息或於股東大會投票之權利。

#### 29. 僱員福利開支

#### (a) 僱員退休福利

本集團安排所有香港僱員參與強制性公積金(「強積金」)計劃。強積金計劃之資產與本集團受託人所控制之資產分開持有。於綜合損益表內扣除之強積金計劃退休福利成本指本集團按強積金計劃規則指定之比率已向基金支付之供款。

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#### 29. EMPLOYEE BENEFIT EXPENSE (Continued)

#### (a) Employee retirement benefit (Continued)

The total cost charged to consolidated statement of profit or loss of approximately HK\$90,000 (2021: HK\$121,000) represents contributions paid to these schemes by the Group during the year ended 31 December 2022.

The Group contributed to certain retirement benefit schemes based on the wages for the year of those employees in the PRC. The total cost charged to consolidated statement of profit or loss of approximately HK\$8,000 (2021: HK\$149,000) represented the social insurance expenses paid in the PRC by the Group during the year ended 31 December 2022.

There was no forfeited contribution under the MPF Scheme and certain retirement benefit schemes in the PRC which may be used by the Group to reduce the contribution payable in the future years.

#### (b) Five highest paid individuals

During the year ended 31 December 2022, three (2021: three) of the five individuals with the highest emoluments in the Group were directors of the Company, whose emolument are disclosed in note 35.

Details of the emoluments of the other two (2021: two) individual for the years ended 31 December 2022 and 2021 are as follows:

#### 29. 僱員福利開支(續)

#### (a) 僱員退休福利(續)

於綜合損益表扣除之總成本約90,000港元(二零二一年:121,000港元),即本集團於截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度已向該等計劃支付之供款。

本集團根據中國僱員的年薪就若 干退休福利計劃供款。於綜合損 益表扣除之總成本約8,000港元 (二零二一年:149,000港元)指 本集團於截至二零二二年十二月 三十一日止年度於中國已付之社 會保險開支。

並無沒收強積金計劃及若干中國 退休福利計劃之供款,本集團可 於未來年度使用該等供款減少應 付供款。

#### (b) 五位最高薪酬人士

於截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團最高薪酬的五名人士中,三名(二零二一年:三名)人士為本公司董事,其酬金於附註35披露。

截至二零二二年及二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度,其中兩名(二零二一年:兩名)人士的酬金詳情如下:

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$′000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元
Salaries, allowances and other benefits	薪金、津貼及其他福利	993	1,075
Retirement benefit scheme contributions	退休褔利計劃供款	36	27
		1,029	1,102

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#### 29. EMPLOYEE BENEFIT EXPENSE (Continued)

#### (b) Five highest paid individuals (Continued)

The emoluments were within the following bands:

#### 29. 僱員福利開支(續)

#### (b) 五位最高薪酬人士(續)

酬金介乎以下組別:

2022 二零二二年 Number of employees 僱員人數 2021 二零二一年 Number of employees 僱員人數

Nil to HK\$1,000,000

零至1,000,000港元

2

2

#### 30. DISPOSAL OF SUBSIDIARIES

On 31 October 2022, (i) the Company entered into the sale and purchase agreement with an independent third party for the disposal of the entire issued shares of Sincere Venture Company Limited and its subsidiary, namely Qianhai Shitong (the "Sincere Venture Group") at a consideration of HK\$1; (ii) a subsidiary of the Group entered into the sale and purchase agreement with an independent third party for the disposal of the entire issued shares of Heryd International Trade Co., Limited and its subsidiary, namely Qianhai Guoxing (the "Heryd International Group") at a consideration of HK\$1. Sincere Venture Group and Heryd International Group are collectively referred to as the "Disposal Group".

#### 30. 出售附屬公司

於二零二二年十月三十一日,(i)本公司與一名獨立第三方訂立買賣協議,以出售兆銘有限公司及其附屬公份屬公份人價為1港元;(ii)本集團一間附屬公司與一名獨立第三方訂立買賣協議,以出售亨利達國際貿易有限公司前海國興(「亨利達國際集團人),代價為1港元。兆銘集團及亨利達國際集團統稱為「出售集團」。

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#### 30. DISPOSAL OF SUBSIDIARIES (Continued)

Pursuant to each of the aforesaid sale and purchase agreements, the Group is entitled to receive the contingent consideration equivalent to 40% of the recovered balances (net of relevant expenses) of various receivables of the Disposal Group in the event that the purchaser is able to recover all or part of such receivables within three years from the date of the respective sale and purchase agreements. Such receivables included certain trade receivables, prepayments for the purchase of building materials, loan receivables and interest receivables, which were fully impaired in current or prior years due to the likelihood of recovering such balances is considered remote. In the opinion of the Directors, it is estimated that the fair value of the contingent consideration at the completion date and the year-end date was minimal, given that the likelihood of recovering the various receivables of the Disposal Group is considered remote.

The disposal of the Disposal Group was completed on 30 December 2022.

#### 30. 出售附屬公司(續)

出售集團的出售事項已於二零二二年 十二月三十日完成。

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#### 30. DISPOSAL OF SUBSIDIARIES (Continued)

#### 30. 出售附屬公司(續)

The net liabilities of the Disposal Group at the date of disposal were as follows:

出售集團於出售日期之負債淨額如下:

		Sincere Venture Group	Heryd International Group 亨利達	Total
		<b>兆銘集團</b> HK\$'000 千港元	<b>國際集團</b> HK\$'000 千港元	<b>總計</b> HK\$'000 千港元
Property, plant and equipment Deposits and other receivables Bank and cash balances Amounts due to the Group Trade and other payables	物業、廠房及設備 按金及其他應收款項 銀行及現金結餘 應付本集團款項 應付貿易賬款及	32 261 16 (244,785)	- 102 12 (168,196)	32 363 28 (412,981)
Income tax payables	其他應付款項 應付所得稅	(5,667) -	(3,270) (2,396)	(8,937) (2,396)
Net liabilities disposed of Release of foreign currency	已出售負債淨額 解除外幣匯兑儲備	(250,143)	(173,748)	(423,891)
translation reserve Waiver of balances with	新免出售集團之結餘 ·	215	3,466	3,681
Disposal Group (Note) Gain on disposals	爾先山告朱國之紀 (附註) 出售事項之收益	244,785 5,143	168,196 2,086	412,981 7,229
Total consideration	總代價	-	_	_
Consideration satisfied by: Cash consideration Contingent consideration	按以下方式支付代價: 現金代價 或然代價	- -	- -	- -
		-	-	-
Net cash outflow arising on disposal:	出售產生之現金流出 淨額:			
Cash consideration received Cash and cash equivalents disposed of	已收現金代價 已出售現金及現金 等價物	(16)	– (12)	(28)
		(16)	(12)	(28)

Note:

附註:

Under the sale and purchase agreements, the Group will waive the current account balances with the Disposal Group upon the completion of the disposal.

根據買賣協議,本集團將於出售事項完成後豁免與 出售集團的往來餘額。

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### 31. RELATED PARTY BALANCES AND TRANSACTIONS

In addition to those disclosed elsewhere in the consolidated financial statements, the Group entered into the following material related party transactions during the years ended 31 December 2022 and 2021.

#### (a) Key management personnel compensation

Key management includes executive directors of the Company, financial controllers and company secretary of the Group. The compensation paid or payable to key management for employee services is shown below:

#### 31. 有關連人士結餘及交易

除綜合財務報表其他地方所披露者外, 於截至二零二二年及二零二一年十二 月三十一日止年度,本集團訂立了以 下重大有關連人士交易。

#### (a) 主要管理人員補償

主要管理人員包括本公司執行董事、財務總監及本集團的公司秘書。就僱員服務已付或應付主要管理人員之補償如下:

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$′000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元
Salaries, allowances and other benefits	薪金、津貼及其他福利	3,360	3,415
Retirement benefit scheme contributions	退休福利計劃供款	72	81
		3,432	3,496

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### 31. RELATED PARTY BALANCES AND TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

#### (b) Shareholders' loan

On 1 July 2021, the Company entered into a loan facilities agreement with Wonderland International Investment Holdings Limited ("Wonderland Holdings"), a controlling shareholder of the Company, with a facility amount of HK\$7 million. The loan was interest bearing at the rate of 3% per annum. On 6 December 2021, the Company entered into another loan facilities agreement with Wonderland Holdings with a facility amount of HK\$13 million, which is non-interest bearing. The Company has drawn an accumulated loan amount of approximately HK\$10.0 million as at 31 December 2021. Both loan facilities were unsecured and repayable at the end of twelve months from the signing date of the loan facilities agreement which were classified as current liabilities in the consolidated statements of financial position as at 31 December 2021.

On 27 January 2021, the Company entered into a loan facilities agreement with Mr. Pan Lihui, the executive director and a shareholder of the Company, with a facility amount of US\$10 million. The Company has drawn a loan amount of approximately US\$25,000 (approximately to HK\$198,000) as at 31 December 2021. The loan was interest bearing at the rate of 3% per annum, unsecured and repayable at the end of twelve month from the signing date of the loan facilities agreement which was classified as current liabilities in the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2021.

On 16 May 2022, the Company entered into a third loan facilities agreement with Wonderland Holdings with a facility amount of HK\$27.85 million. The loan is unsecured, non-interest bearing, and repayable at the end of twelve months from the signing date of the loan facilities agreement. The Company has drawn an accumulated loan amount of approximately HK\$27.85 million in 2022.

#### 31. 有關連人士結餘及交易(續)

#### (b) 股東貸款

於二零二一年七月一日,本公司 與華德國際投資控股有限公司 (「華德控股」, 為本公司控股股 東)訂立貸款融資協議,融資金 額為7百萬港元。該貸款按年利 率3%計息。於二零二一年十二 月六日,本公司與華德控股訂立 另一項融資協議,融資金額為13 百萬港元且不計息。於二零二一 年十二月三十一日,本公司已累 積提取貸款金額約10.0百萬港 元。該兩項貸款融資均為無抵 押,且須於貸款融資協議簽署之 日起計十二月個月結束時償還, 其於二零二一年十二月三十一日 之綜合財務狀況表分類為流動負 債。

於二零二二年五月十六日,本公司與華德控股訂立第三份貸款融資協議,融資金額為27.85百萬港元。該貸款為無抵押、不署息,及須於貸款融資協議簽署之日起計十二個月結束時償還。於二零二二年,本公司已提取累計貸款金額約27.85百萬港元。

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### 31. RELATED PARTY BALANCES AND TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

#### (b) Shareholders' loan (Continued)

On 1 December 2022, the Company entered into a debt restructuring agreement with Wonderland Holdings and Wonderland International Financial Holdings Limited ("Wonderland Financial"), a fellow subsidiary of the Company, pursuant to which Wonderland Holdings agreed to transfer the entire right to an aggregated loan of approximately HK\$28.14 million owed by the Company to Wonderland Financial. The amount was classified as a loan from a fellow subsidiary.

On the same date, the Company entered into another debt restructuring agreement with Wonderland Holdings and Mr. Pan Lihui, pursuant to which Wonderland Holdings agreed to transfer the entire right to an aggregated loan of approximately HK\$9.79 million owed by the Company to Mr. Pan Lihui

#### (c) Loan from a fellow subsidiary

On 4 January 2021, the Company entered into a loan facilities agreement based the loan facilities agreement with Wonderland Finance Limited ("Wonderland Finance") signed on 28 August 2020 increasing the facility amount to HK\$20 million with interest rate of 3% per annum. On 1 July 2021, the Company entered into an supplemental agreement based on the loan facilities signed on 4 January 2021 granting a loan facility of HK\$13 million. On 6 December 2021, the Company entered into another loan facilities agreement with Wonderland Finance with a facility amount of HK\$13 million with interest rate of 3% per annum. The Company has drawn an accumulated loan amount of approximately HK\$20.2 million as at 31 December 2021. Both loan facilities were interest bearing, unsecured and repayable at the end of twelve month from the signing date of the loan facilities agreement which were classified as current liabilities in the consolidated statements of financial position as at 31 December 2021. The loan was denominated in HK\$. Both loans were fully repaid in 2022.

#### 31. 有關連人士結餘及交易(續)

#### (b) 股東貸款(續)

於二零二二年十二月一日,本公司與華德控股及華德國際金融控股及華德國際金融內(「華德金融」)(為本公司同系附屬公司)訂立債務重組協議,據此,華德控股同意於國際金融轉讓本公司結欠貸款納等。 至28.14百萬港元之全部權利,該金額被分類為來自一間同系附屬公司的貸款。

於同日,本公司與華德控股及潘 立輝先生訂立另一份債務重組協 議,據此,華德控股同意向潘立 輝先生轉讓本公司結欠貸款總額 約9.79百萬港元之全部權利。

#### (c) 來自同系附屬公司之貸款

於二零二一年一月四日,本公司 根據於二零二零年八月二十八日 與華德國際金融控股有限公司 (「華德金融」)簽訂的貸款融資協 議訂立貸款融資協議,將融資金 額增至20百萬港元,年利率為 3%。於二零二一年七月一日, 本公司根據於二零二一年一月四 日簽訂的貸款融資協議訂立補充 協議,以授出貸款融資13百萬港 元。於二零二一年十二月六日, 本公司與華德金融訂立另一份貸 款融資協議,融資金額為13百萬 港元,年利率為3%。於二零 二一年十二月三十一日,本公司 已提取累計貸款金額約20.2百萬 港元。兩項貸款均為計息、無抵 押及須於貸款融資協議簽署之日 起計十二個月結束時償還,於二 零二一年十二月三十一日之綜合 財務狀況表分類為流動負債。該 貸款以港元計值。兩筆貸款已於 二零二二年悉數償還。

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### 31. RELATED PARTY BALANCES AND TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

#### (d) Amount due to a fellow subsidiary

The advance is unsecured, non-interest bearing, and repayable on demand.

#### (e) Related party transactions

### 31. 有關連人士結餘及交易(續)

#### (d) 應付同系附屬公司款項

墊款無抵押、不計息及按要求償 環。

#### (e) 有關連人士交易

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元
Interest expenses paid/payable to	向以下人士支付/應付的 利息開支		
— Wonderland Finance	─ 華德財務	245	263
— Mr. Pan Lihui	—潘立輝先生	-	1,238
— Wonderland Holdings	— 華德控股	90	64

The above-mentioned transactions were conducted in the normal course of business, the interest expenses and sales of goods were charged at terms mutually agreed by the relevant parties and companies.

上述交易乃於正常業務過程中進行,而利息開支及銷售貨物按關聯方及公司共同協定的條款收取。

#### 32. CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

As at 31 December 2022, the Group did not have any significant capital commitments (2021: nil).

#### 33. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

As at 31 December 2022, the Group did not have any significant contingent liabilities (2021: nil).

#### 32. 資本承擔

於二零二二年十二月三十一日,本集 團並無任何重大資本承擔(二零二一 年:無)。

#### 33. 或然負債

於二零二二年十二月三十一日,本集 團並無任何重大或然負債(二零二一 年:無)。

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### 34. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AND RESERVE MOVEMENT OF THE COMPANY

#### 34. 本公司財務狀況表及儲備變動

(a) Statement of financial position of the Company

(a) 本公司之財務狀況表

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$′000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元
ASSETS Non-current asset Investments in subsidiaries	<b>資產</b> <b>非流動資產</b> 於附屬公司之投資	-	
Current assets Amounts due from subsidiaries Deposits, prepayments and other receivables Bank and cash balances	流動資產 應收附屬公司款項 按金、預付款項及其他應收 款項 銀行及現金結餘	3,724 437 61	362,952 481 7,114
		4,222	370,547
Total assets	資產總額	4,222	370,547
EQUITY Capital and reserves attributable to the owners of the Company Share capital Reserves		27,120 (246,969)	27,120 193,689
Total equity	權益總額	(219,849)	220,809
LIABILITIES Current liabilities Other payables Shareholder's loan Loan from a fellow subsidiary Amounts due to subsidiaries	負債 流動負債 其他應付款項 股東貸款 來自同系附屬公司之貸款 應付附屬公司款項	4,060 9,986 28,139 181,886	10,239 10,184 20,234 109,081
Total liabilities	負債總額	224,071	149,738
Total equity and liabilities	權益及負債總額	4,222	370,547

The statement of financial position has been approved by the Board of Directors on 14 March 2023 and is signed on its behalf by:

財務狀況表經董事會於二零二二 年三月十四日批准及由下列董事 代表董事會簽署:

**Li Gang** 李剛 *Director* 董事 Jiang Senlin 姜森林 Director 董事

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### 34. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AND RESERVE MOVEMENT OF THE COMPANY (Continued)

34. 本公司財務狀況表及儲備變動 (續)

(b) Reserve movement of the Company

(b) 本公司儲備變動

		Share premium 股份溢價 HK\$'000 千港元	Capital reserve 資本儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	Share option reserve 購股權儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	Other reserve 其他儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	Accumulated losses 累計虧損 HK\$'000 千港元	<b>Total</b> 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
As at 1 January 2021	於二零二一年一月一日	1,108,395	871	37,203	391,515	(1,162,777)	375,207
Comprehensive loss Loss for the year	<b>全面虧損</b> 年度虧損	<u> </u>	-		-	(181,518)	(181,518)
Transactions with owners in their capacity as owners Lapse of share options	<b>與擁有人以擁有人之</b> 身份進行之交易 購股權失效	-	-	(37,113)	-	37,113	-
As at 31 December 2021	於二零二一年 十二月三十一日	1,108,395	871	90	391,515	(1,307,182)	193,689
As at 1 January 2022	於二零二二年一月一日	1,108,395	871	90	391,515	(1,307,182)	193,689
Comprehensive loss Loss for the year	<b>全面虧損</b> 年度虧損	-				(440,658)	(440,658)
Transactions with owners in their capacity as owners Lapse of share options	與擁有人以擁有人之 身份進行之交易 購股權失效	_		(90)		90	
As at 31 December 2022	於二零二二年 十二月三十一日	1,108,395	871	-	391,515	(1,747,750)	(246,969)

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 35. BENEFITS AND INTERESTS OF DIRECTORS

#### 35. 董事福利及權益

#### (a) Directors' emoluments

(a) 董事酬金

The remuneration of each director is set out below:

各董事薪酬載列如下:

For the year ended 31 December 2022:

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日 止年度:

		Emoluments paid to or receivable by the person in respect of a person's services as a director, whether of the Company or its subsidiary undertaking 一名人士就擔任董事 (無論為本公司或其附屬公司業務之董事) 之服務 已獲支付或應收之酬金						
		Salaries, Employer's allowances and contribution to Discretionary						
		Director's fee		pension scheme 退休金計劃	Discretionary bonus	Tota		
		董事袍金	其他福利	僱主供款	酌情花紅	總計		
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000		
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元		
Executive Directors	執行董事							
Mr. Li Gang	李剛先生	-	780	18		79		
Mr. Pan Lihui	潘立輝先生	-	780	18		798		
Mr. Jiang Senlin	姜森林先生	-	780	18	500	1,29		
Independent Non-executive Directors	獨立非執行董事							
Mr. Zhong Jian	鍾劍先生	180				180		
Mr. Du Hongwei	杜宏偉先生							
(Resigned on 5 March 2023)	(於二零二三年							
	三月五日辭任)	180				180		
Mr. Liu Qin	劉秦先生							
(Appointed on 9 July 2021)	(於二零二一年							
	七月九日獲委任)	180				180		
Total	總計	540	2.340	54	500	3,434		

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

### 35. BENEFITS AND INTERESTS OF DIRECTORS (Continued)

#### 35. 董事福利及權益(續)

#### (a) Directors' emoluments (Continued)

#### (a) 董事酬金(續)

For the year ended 31 December 2021:

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日 止年度:

Emoluments paid to or receivable by the person in respect of a person's services as a director, whether of the Company or its subsidiary undertaking 一名人士就擔任董事(無論為本公司或其附屬公司業務之董事)之服務已獲支付或應收之酬金

			Salaries,	Employer's		
			allowances and	contribution to	Discretionary	
		Director's fee	other benefits 薪金、津貼及	pension scheme 退休金計劃	bonus	Total
		董事袍金	其他福利	僱主供款	酌情花紅	總計
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
<b>Executive Directors</b>	執行董事					
Mr. Li Gang	李剛先生	-	780	18	-	798
Mr. Pan Lihui	潘立輝先生	-	780	18	-	798
Mr. Jiang Senlin	姜森林先生	-	780	18	-	798
Independent Non-executive	獨立非執行董事					
Directors						
Mr. Zhong Jian	鍾劍先生	180	-	-	_	180
Mr. Du Hongwei	杜宏偉先生	180	-	_	-	180
Mr. See Tak Wah	施德華先生					
(Resigned on 9 July 2021)	(於二零二一年					
	七月九日辭任)	94	-	-	_	94
Mr. Li Jinyuan	李錦元先生					
(Resigned on 15 March 2021)	(於二零二一年					
	三月十五日辭任)	37	-	-	_	37
Mr. Liu Qin	劉秦先生					
(Appointed on 9 July 2021)	(於二零二一年					
	七月九日獲委任)	86	-	_	_	86
Total	總計	577	2,340	54	_	2,971

#### (b) Directors' retirement benefits

#### (b) 董事退休福利

No retirement benefits were paid to or receivable by any directors in respect of their other services in connection with the management of the affairs of the Company or its subsidiaries undertaking during the year ended 31 December 2022 (2021: Nil).

於截至二零二二年十二月三十一 日止年度,概無董事就其有關管 理本公司或其附屬公司事務的其 他服務獲支付或應收任何退休福 利(二零二一年:無)。

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

### 35. BENEFITS AND INTERESTS OF DIRECTORS (Continued)

#### (c) Directors' termination benefits

No payment was made to directors as compensation for the early termination of the appointment during the year ended 31 December 2022 (2021: Nil).

### (d) Consideration provided to third parties for making available directors' services

No consideration was provided to third parties for making available of director's services during the year ended 31 December 2022 (2021: nil).

# (e) Information about loans, quasi-loans and other dealings in favour of directors, controlled bodies corporate by and connected entities with such directors

During the year ended 31 December 2022, there was no arrangement in relation to loans, quasi-loans and other dealing arrangements in favour of the directors of the Company, the controlled bodies corporate by and the connected entities with such director (2021: nil).

### (f) Directors' material interests in transactions, arrangements or contracts

Save as disclosed in note 31, no significant transactions, arrangements and contracts in relation to Group's business to which the Company or any of the subsidiaries of the Company was a party and in which a director of the Company had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the year ended 31 December 2022 or at any time during the year (2021: nil).

### 36. APPROVAL OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The consolidated financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 14 March 2023.

#### 35. 董事福利及權益(續)

#### (c) 董事終止福利

於截至二零二二年十二月三十一 日止年度,概無就董事提前終止 委聘而支付任何補償(二零二一 年:無)。

#### (d) 就獲提供董事服務而給予第三 方之代價

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日 止年度,概無就獲提供董事服務 而給予第三方之代價(二零二一 年:無)。

#### (e) 有關以董事、董事之受控制法 團及關連實體為受益人之貸 款、準貸款及其他交易之資料

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日 止年度,概無有利於本公司董 事、該董事之受控制法團及關連 實體之貸款、準貸款及其他交易 協議相關之安排(二零二一年: 無)。

#### (f) 董事於交易、安排或合約之重 大權益

除附註31披露者外,本公司或任何本公司附屬公司概無就本集團業務訂立使本公司董事直接或間接擁有重大權益且於截至二等十二月三十一日止年度結束時或年度內任何時間持續有效之重要交易、安排及合約(二零二一年:無)。

#### 36. 批准綜合財務報表

綜合財務報表已於二零二二年三月 十四日獲董事會批准及授權刊發。

### Five-Year Financial Summary 五年財務概要

A summary of the published consolidated results and the consolidated assets and liabilities of the Group for the last five financial years is set as below:

本集團於過去五個財政年度之已公佈綜合業 績、綜合資產及負債概要載列如下:

#### For the year ended 31 December

截至十二月三十一日止年度

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元	2018 二零一八年 HK\$'000 千港元
Results Revenue Loss for the year	<b>業績</b> 收益 本公司擁有人	269,577	321,844	54,054	56,883	885,871
attributable to owners of the Company	應佔年內虧損	(257,028)	(357,773)	(25,776)	(25,086)	(14,531)

#### As at 31 December

於十二月三十一日

			ЛŸ	-/-	н	
		2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
		二零二二年	二零二一年	二零二零年	二零一九年	二零一八年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Assets and liabilities	資產及負債					
Total assets	資產總額	394,125	555,312	879,226	811,167	813,900
Total liabilities	負債總額	(434,296)	(334,194)	(309,514)	(272,894)	(238,109)
Capital and reserves attributable to owners	本公司擁有人應佔資本及 儲備					
of the Company		(44,679)	221,118	569,712	538,273	575,791

