

ETERNITY INVESTMENT LIMITED

永恒策略投資有限公司*

(Incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability) (於百慕達註冊成立之有限公司)

(Stock Code 股份代號:764)



2015 Annual Report 年報

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Corporate Information 公司資料

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Executive directors

Mr. Lei Hong Wai

(Chairman and Chief Executive Officer)

Mr. Cheung Kwok Wai Elton Mr. Chan Kin Wah Billy Mr. Cheung Kwok Fan

Independent non-executive directors

Mr. Wan Shing Chi Mr. Ng Heung Yan Mr. Wong Tak Chuen

COMPANY SECRETARY

Mr. Chan Kin Wah Billy

MEMBERS OF AUDIT COMMITTEE

Mr. Wong Tak Chuen (Chairman)

Mr. Wan Shing Chi Mr. Ng Heung Yan

MEMBERS OF REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

Mr. Ng Heung Yan (Chairman)

Mr. Lei Hong Wai Mr. Wan Shing Chi

MEMBERS OF NOMINATION COMMITTEE

Mr. Lei Hong Wai (Chairman)

Mr. Wan Shing Chi Mr. Ng Heung Yan

MEMBERS OF FINANCE COMMITTEE

Mr. Chan Kin Wah Billy (Chairman)

Mr. Wong Tak Chuen

REGISTERED OFFICE

Clarendon House 2 Church Street Hamilton HM 11 Bermuda

董事會

執行董事

李雄偉先生

(主席兼行政總裁)

張國偉先生 陳健華先生 張國勳先生

獨立非執行董事

尹成志先生 吳向仁先生 黃德銓先生

公司秘書

陳健華先生

審核委員會成員

黃德銓先生(主席) 尹成志先生 吳向仁先生

薪酬委員會成員

吳向仁先生(*主席)* 李雄偉先生 尹成志先生

提名委員會成員

李雄偉先生*(主席)* 尹成志先生 吳向仁先生

財務委員會成員

陳健華先生(主席) 黃德銓先生

註冊辦事處

Clarendon House 2 Church Street Hamilton HM 11 Bermuda

Corporate Information 公司資料

HEAD OFFICE AND PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS

Unit 3811 Shun Tak Centre, West Tower 168-200 Connaught Road Central Hong Kong

PRINCIPAL SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Codan Services Limited Clarendon House 2 Church Street Hamilton HM 11 Bermuda

HONG KONG BRANCH SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Tricor Standard Limited Share Registration Public Office Level 22, Hopewell Centre 183 Queen's Road East Hong Kong

AUDITORS

HLB Hodgson Impey Cheng Limited Certified Public Accountants

PRINCIPAL BANKERS

OCBC Wing Hang Bank Limited DBS Bank (Hong Kong) Limited

STOCK CODE

764

WEBSITE

www.eternityinv.com.hk

E-MAIL ADDRESS

enquiry@eternityinv.com.hk

總辦事處及主要營業地點

香港 干諾道中168-200號 信德中心西座 3811室

股份過戶登記總處

Codan Services Limited Clarendon House 2 Church Street Hamilton HM 11 Bermuda

香港股份過戶登記分處

卓佳標準有限公司 證券登記服務處 香港 皇后大道東 183 號 合和中心 22 樓

核數師

國衛會計師事務所有限公司 香港執業會計師

主要往來銀行

華僑永亨銀行有限公司 星展銀行(香港)有限公司

股份代號

764

網站

www.eternityinv.com.hk

電郵地址

enquiry@eternityinv.com.hk

Chairman's Statement 主席報告

To our shareholders

In 2015, the Group reported a profit attributable to owners of the Company of HK\$105.26 million, a 55.79% decrease from the HK\$238.08 million recorded a year ago. This decrease in profit was mainly attributable to (i) the recognition of a loss of HK\$66.29 million arising on change in fair value of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, whereas a gain of HK\$27.48 million was recognised in the previous year and (ii) a HK\$42.84 million increase in administrative expenses.

During the year, we have spent considerable efforts to create a stable income stream by expanding our property investment business into Mainland China. In the fourth quarter of 2015, we completed the acquisitions of Smart Title Limited and Best Volume Investments Limited for expanding our property investment business into Mainland China. Smart Title Limited and its subsidiaries have two major assets, which are (i) the rights to manage and operate a membership-based golf club and resort in Beijing, Mainland China (the "Club") up to 31 December 2051 and (ii) the rights to develop and operate a land adjacent to the Club (the "Subject Land") and the rights to manage the properties erected on the Subject Land up to 30 January 2062. The principal asset of Best Volume Investments Limited and its subsidiaries is a commercial building located at Yuexiu District, Guangzhou, Mainland China. Except for the Subject Land being developed into (i) a lowdensity deluxe hotel villas community and (ii) a highended hotel apartment complex, the Club and the commercial building have generated a monthly rental income of RMB3.12 million (equivalent to approximately HK\$3.73 million) to the Group.

In addition to creating a stable income stream to the Group, we have taken initiatives to improve the profitability of our design and sale of jewelry products business. During the year, we have strengthened our direct export selling and product design capabilities by recruiting a number of experienced sales executives and a designer. In addition, we participated various trade fairs to cultivate our direct customer base in order to make our design and sale of jewelry products business to be one of the key drivers of our growth.

致本公司股東

二零一五年,本集團錄得本公司擁有人應佔溢利105,260,000港元,較一年前錄得之238,080,000港元減少55.79%。此溢利減幅主要由於(i)確認按公平值計入損益表之金融資產公平值變動產生之虧損66,290,000港元,而去年則確認收益27,480,000港元及(ii)行政開支增加42,840,000港元所致。

年內,本集團著力透過擴展物業投資業務至 中國內地,以求創建穩定收入來源。於二 零一五年第四季度,本集團完成收購Smart Title Limited 及 Best Volume Investments Limited,將本集團之物業投資業務拓展至中 國內地。Smart Title Limited及其附屬公司擁 有兩項主要資產,即(i)於截至二零五一年十二 月三十一日之前管理及經營位於中國內地北京 之一間會員制高爾夫俱樂部及酒店(「會所」) 之權利;及(ii)於截至二零六二年一月三十日 之前開發及經營一幅毗鄰會所之土地(「主體 地塊1)及管理主體地塊上已建物業之權利。 Best Volume Investments Limited及其附屬 公司之主要資產為位於中國內地廣州市越秀 區之一幢商業大廈。除主體地塊正在開發為(i) 低密度豪華別墅酒店群及(ii)高端酒店公寓綜 合建築外,會所及商業大廈已為本集團帶來 每月租金收入人民幣3.120.000元(相等於約 3,730,000港元)。

本集團在創建穩定收入來源外,同時亦已採取 措施提升其設計及銷售珠寶產品業務之利潤。 年內,本集團透過招聘多名經驗豐富之銷售行 政人員及一名設計師,藉以加強其直接出口銷 售及產品設計之能力。除此以外,本集團亦參 與不同交易會,致力建立其直接客戶基礎, 求令設計及銷售珠寶產品業務成為本集團之主 要增長動力之一。

As EDS Wellness Holdings Limited ("EDS Wellness", now known as SkyNet Group Limited and stock code: 8176), a then 70.18% owned subsidiary of the Company, did not perform as intended and we expect the sluggish operating environment faced by EDS Wellness will persist for a period of time, EDS Wellness has introduced six new shareholders by issuing 345,000,000 new shares and 30,000,000 new convertible preferred shares to them in November 2015. We believe that the introduction of new shareholders represents a good opportunity for EDS Wellness to (i) raise additional funds for future business development in in-flight WLAN and WIFI engineering and services business in parallel to its existing business and (ii) leverage the expertise and business network of one of the six new shareholders to take advantage of the growth in in-flight WLAN and WIFI engineering and services business sector in Mainland China. Upon the issue of the new shares and the new convertible preferred shares by EDS Wellness in November 2015, we are deemed to dispose of a 57.67% shareholding interest in EDS Wellness and EDS Wellness has ceased to be our subsidiary. Our investment in EDS Wellness has been accounted for as available-for-sale financial assets and we will realise it as and when appropriate.

由於EDS Wellness Holdings Limited(「EDS Wellness | ,現稱航空互聯集團有限公司及股 份代號:8176,一間本公司當時持有70.18% 之附屬公司)之表現未如理想,而本集團預 期EDS Wellness將於持續一段時間內面對 疲弱之經營環境, EDS Wellness於二零一五 年十一月透過發行345,000,000股新股份及 30,000,000 股 新 可 換 股 優 先 股 股 份 引 進 六 名新股東。本集團相信,引進新股東為EDS Wellness提供良機(i)籌集額外資金,為其機 上無線局域網及WIFI工程與服務業務之未來 業務,與其現有業務並行發展;及(ii)善用六 名新股東之其中一位之專才及業務網絡,並 從中國內地之機上無線局域網及WIFI工程與 服務業務之未來增長中得益。EDS Wellness 於二零一五年十一月發行新股份及新可換 股優先股股份後,本集團被視作出售其於 EDS Wellness之57.67%持股權益,而EDS Wellness不再為本集團之附屬公司。本集團 於EDS Wellness之投資已入賬為可供出售金 融資產,並將於適當時候將其變現。

We believe that the economic outlook for 2016 remains uncertain as there are uncertainties over the extent of Mainland China's slowdown, weaker oil prices and falling inflation expectation. In the recent Federal Open Market Committee policy meeting, the Federal Reserve has scaled back the number of times it expects to raise interest rates this year, warning that global economic and financial developments continue to pose risks. Given the uncertain backdrop, we continue to solidify our fundamentals by refining our business operations and developing our existing businesses in a cautious manner. However, we recognise that continued certainty often coincides with a good opportunity to invest. Accordingly, we will look at possible business investments in order to further diversify our businesses and broaden our revenue base.

Finally, I would like to take this opportunity to extend our appreciation to all fellow directors and employees for their invaluable efforts, dedication and commitment to the Group and to thank all shareholders and business associates for their continuous support.

最後,本人謹此向全體董事及僱員對本集團作 出之寶貴努力、熱誠及承擔致以衷心謝意,亦 感謝所有股東及業務夥伴長久以來之支持。

Lei Hong Wai Chairman

主席 李雄偉

Hong Kong, 31 March 2016

香港,二零一六年三月三十一日

FINANCIAL REVIEW

On 11 June 2014, the Group disposed of the entire issued share capital of Rich Daily Group Limited ("Rich Daily"), a then wholly owned subsidiary of the Company. Accordingly, the results of Rich Daily are presented separately as discontinued operations in the year ended 31 December 2014 for financial reporting purpose. The principal activity of Rich Daily is the provision of management services.

On 6 November 2015, EDS Wellness Holdings Limited ("EDS Wellness", now known as SkyNet Group Limited and stock code: 8176), a then 70.18% owned subsidiary of the Company, allotted and issued 345,000,000 new shares and 30,000,000 new convertible preferred shares to six subscribers. As a result, the Group's shareholding interest in EDS Wellness was diluted from 70.18% to 12.51% and EDS Wellness has ceased to be a subsidiary of the Company. Accordingly, the results of EDS Wellness and its subsidiaries (collectively, the "EDS Wellness Group") are presented separately as discontinued operations in the year ended 31 December 2015 for financial reporting purpose. The EDS Wellness Group is principally engaged in the development, distribution and marketing of personal care treatments, products and services.

Profit attributable to owners of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2015 amounted to HK\$105,256,000, a 55.79% decrease from HK\$238,077,000 for the previous year. The decrease in profit attributable to owners of the Company is due to the decrease in profit for the year from continuing operations, which is discussed below.

Results of continuing operations

During the year ended 31 December 2015, the Group recorded revenue of HK\$184,780,000, a 108.39% increase from HK\$88,671,000 for the previous year. The increase in revenue was attributable to (i) the full year effect of the Group's design and sale of jewelry products business as it commenced operations in October 2014, (ii) the increased sale and marketing efforts in direct selling the Group's jewelry products to Europe, the Middle East and the United States of America (the "US") and (iii) the expansion of the Group's property investment business into Mainland China in the fourth quarter of 2015. Of the total revenue, HK\$72,529,000 was generated from money lending, HK\$117,327,000 was generated from sale of jewelry products, HK\$9,099,000 was generated from

財務回顧

於二零一四年六月十一日,本集團出售本公司當時之全資附屬公司Rich Daily Group Limited (「Rich Daily」)之全部已發行股本。因此,就財務報告而言,Rich Daily截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度之業績單獨呈列為已終止經營業務。Rich Daily之主要業務為提供管理服務。

於二零一五年十一月六日,一間本公司當時擁有70.18%之附屬公司EDS Wellness Holdings Limited (「EDS Wellness」,現稱航空互聯集團有限公司及股份代號:8176)向六位認購人配發及發行345,000,000股新 可換股優先股份及30,000,000股新可換股優先股權益公70.18%攤薄至12.51%,而EDS Wellness不再為本公司之附屬公司。因此,就財務報告不再為本公司之附屬公司。因此,就財務報告不再言,EDS Wellness及其附屬公司(統稱「EDS Wellness集團」)截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度之業績單獨呈列為已終與所以,與國際公司(統稱「EDS Wellness集團」)對至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度之業績單獨呈列為已終與對及推廣個人護理療程、產品及服務。

本公司擁有人應佔截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度之溢利為105,256,000港元,較去年之238,077,000港元減少55.79%。本公司擁有人應佔溢利減少乃由於來自持續經營業務之本年度溢利減少所致,有關討論如下。

持續經營業務之業績

FINANCIAL REVIEW (Continued)

Results of continuing operations (Continued)

property investment and a loss of HK\$14,175,000 was generated from sale of financial assets. Profit for the year from continuing operations amounted to HK\$122,589,000, a 54.83% decrease from HK\$271,412,000 for the previous year. This decrease was mainly attributable to (i) the recognition of a loss of HK\$66,286,000 arising on change in fair value of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, whereas a gain of HK\$27,483,000 was recognised in the previous year and (ii) a HK\$42,835,000 increase in administrative expenses.

Gross profit for sale of jewelry products increased by 910.67% from HK\$2,427,000 in the year ended 31 December 2014 to HK\$24,529,000 in the year ended 31 December 2015 due to (i) the full year effect of the Group's design and sale of jewelry products business as it commenced operations in October 2014 and (ii) the increased sale and marketing efforts in direct selling the Group's jewelry products to Europe, the Middle East and the US. Gross profit margin for sale of jewelry products improved from 17.00% in the year ended 31 December 2014 to 20.91% in the year ended 31 December 2015. Such improvement was attributable to the increase in direct selling the Group's jewelry products to customers in Europe, the Middle East and the US.

Investment and other income increased by 125.19% from HK\$2,116,000 for the year ended 31 December 2014 to HK\$4,765,000 for the year ended 31 December 2015. This increase was mainly attributable to the dividend income of HK\$3,111,000 received from the Group's equity portfolio during the year ended 31 December 2015.

Other gains and losses represent items of income and expenses, which are material and/or extraordinary in nature. Major items of other gains and losses recorded by the Group during the year are as follows:

(a) In April 2015, the Group disposed of 70,840,000 shares in Lajin Entertainment Network Group Limited ("Lajin Entertainment", formerly known as China Star Cultural Media Group Limited and stock code: 8172) at an average price of approximately HK\$1.41 per share on open market pursuant to the 12-month mandate granted to the directors by the shareholders at the Company's special general meeting held on 13 January 2015 and recognised a cumulative gain reclassified from equity to profit or loss upon derecognition of available-for-sale financial assets of HK\$74,378,000.

財務回顧(續)

持續經營業務之業績(續)

投資,及銷售金融資產錄得虧損14,175,000港元。本年度來自持續經營業務之溢利為122,589,000港元,較去年之271,412,000港元減少54.83%。該項減少主要因(i)確認按公平值計入損益表之金融資產公平值變動產生之虧損66,286,000港元,而去年則確認收益27,483,000港元及(ii)行政開支增加42,835,000港元。

銷售珠寶產品之毛利自截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度之2,427,000港元增長910.67%至截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度之24,529,000港元,乃由於(i)本集商於設計及銷售珠寶產品之全年影響,該業務於二零一四年十月開始營運;及(ii)本集團直衛至歐洲、中東及美國之珠寶產品之銷售及商場推廣渠道增加。銷售珠寶產品之毛利率自截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度之17.00%增長至截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度之20.91%,此改善乃由於本集團直銷至歐洲、中東及美國之客戶之珠寶產品增加所致。

投資及其他收入自截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度之2,116,000港元增長125.19%至截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度之4,765,000港元。該項增長主要由於截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度從本集團之股票投資組合收取股息收入3,111,000港元。

其他收益及虧損指重大及/或非經常性收入及 開支項目。年內,本集團錄得以下主要的其他 收益及虧損項目:

(a) 於二零一五年四月,本集團根據於二零 一五年一月十三日舉行之本公司股東特 別大會上股東授予董事12個月授權,於 公開市場上按每股約1.41港元之平均售 價出售拉近網娛集團有限公司(「拉近網 娛」,前稱中國星文化產業集團有限公司 及股份代號:8172)之70,840,000股股份,及確認於終止確認可供出售金融資 產後由權益重新分類至損益表之累計收 益74,378,000港元。

FINANCIAL REVIEW (Continued)

Results of continuing operations (Continued)

- (b) On 6 November 2015, EDS Wellness allotted and issued 345,000,000 new shares and 30,000,000 new convertible preferred shares to the six subscribers. As a result, the Group's shareholding interest in EDS Wellness was diluted from 70.18% to 12.51% and EDS Wellness has ceased to be a subsidiary of the Company. Accordingly, the Group was deemed to dispose of a 57.67% shareholding interest in EDS Wellness and recognised a gain of HK\$245,072,000 on deemed disposal of a subsidiary.
- (c) At the end of the reporting period, the Group remeasured its investment in 52,500,000 shares in EDS Wellness at market price and recognised an impairment loss in respect of available-forsale financial assets reclassified from equity to profit or loss of HK\$73,500,000.
- (d) At the end of the reporting period, the directors performed impairment tests in respect of the goodwill and the intangible assets arising from the acquisition of the entire issued shares in and the shareholder's loan due by Smart Title Limited ("Smart Title") with reference to the valuation reports prepared by an independent valuer and recognised an impairment loss in respect of goodwill of HK\$48,492,000.
- (e) At the end of the reporting period, the Group remeasured its equity portfolio at market prices and recognised a loss of HK\$66,286,000 arising on change in fair value of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss.

Selling and distribution expenses mainly represent staff costs of sales team and overseas travelling expenses incurred by the Group's design and sale of jewelry products business. Selling and distribution expenses increased by 793.40% from HK\$409,000 in the year ended 31 December 2014 to HK\$3,654,000 in the year ended 31 December 2015. This increase was attributable to (i) the full year effect of the Group's design and sale of jewelry products business as it commenced operations in October 2014 and (ii) the increased sale and marketing efforts in direct selling the Group's jewelry products to Europe, the Middle East and the US.

財務回顧(續)

持續經營業務之業績(續)

- (b) 於二零一五年十一月六日,EDS Wellness向六名認購人配發及發行345,000,000股新股份及30,000,000股新可換股優先股。因此,本集團於EDS Wellness之持股權益從70.18%攤薄至12.51%及EDS Wellness已不再為本公司之附屬公司。因此,本集團被視作出售EDS Wellness 57.67%之持股權益,及確認視作出售一間附屬公司之收益245,072,000港元。
- (c) 於報告期末,本集團按市價重新計量其 於EDS Wellness之52,500,000股股份 之投資,並確認可供出售金融資產由 權益重新分類至損益表之減值虧損 73,500,000港元。
- (d) 於報告期末,董事參考獨立估值師編製之估值報告就收購Smart Title Limited (「Smart Title」)全部已發行股份及其結欠股東貸款產生之商譽及無形資產進行減值測試,並確認商譽減值虧損48,492,000港元。
- (e) 於報告期末,本集團按市價重新計量其 股票投資組合,並確認按公平值計入損 益表之金融資產公平值變動產生之虧損 66,286,000港元。

銷售及分銷開支主要指本集團設計及銷售珠寶產品業務所產生之銷售團隊員工成本及海外差旅費用。截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度之銷售及分銷開支為3,654,000港元中度之銷售及分銷開支為3,654,000港元中長793.40%。該項增長乃2409,000港元增長793.40%。該項增長乃由於(i)本集團於設計及銷售珠寶產品業務之至年影響,該業務於二零一四年十月開始營運及(ii)本集團直銷至歐洲、中東及美國之珠寶產品之銷售及市場推廣渠道增加所致。

FINANCIAL REVIEW (Continued)

Results of continuing operations (Continued)

Administrative expenses amounted to HK\$88,036,000 for the year ended 31 December 2015, a 94.77% increase from HK\$45,201,000 for the previous year. This increase was mainly attributable to (i) the increase of HK\$14,403,000 in discretionary bonuses paid to the directors and staff, (ii) the increase of HK\$7,411,000 in equity-settled share-based payment expenses arising from the grant of share options, (iii) the increase of HK\$6,835,000 in legal and professional fees due to the increased corporate activities in acquiring companies for expanding the Group's property investment business into Mainland China, (iv) the first year recognition of amortisation of intangible assets of HK\$5,114,000, and (v) the full year effect of the Group's design and sale of jewelry products business as it commenced operations in October 2014.

For the year ended 31 December 2015, Spark Concept Group Limited ("Spark Concept"), a 49% owned associate of the Group, and its subsidiaries (collectively, the "Spark Concept Group") reported a consolidated loss of HK\$2,728,000. As the Group's share of post-acquisition losses equals to its interests in Spark Concept, no further share of loss for the year was recognised.

Finance costs represent interest on mortgage loan paid by the Group.

Income tax expense increased from HK\$6,898,000 in the year ended 31 December 2014 to HK\$8,253,000 in the year ended 31 December 2015. Such increase was mainly attributable to the decrease in prior year over-provision from HK\$2,077,000 in the year ended 31 December 2014 to HK\$21,000 in the year ended 31 December 2015.

Results of discontinued operations

Loss from discontinued operations for the year ended 31 December 2015 amounted to HK\$22,988,000, which represents the results of the EDS Wellness Group attributable to the Group for the period from 1 January 2015 to 6 November 2015, being the date on which EDS Wellness ceased to be a subsidiary of the Company. The operations of the EDS Wellness Group are discussed in Operations Review below.

財務回顧(續)

持續經營業務之業績(續)

截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團擁有49%之聯營公司 Spark Concept Group Limited (「Spark Concept」)及其附屬公司(統稱「Spark Concept集團」)呈報綜合虧損2,728,000港元。因本集團分佔的收購後虧損等於其於Spark Concept之權益,故本年度並無進一步確認應佔虧損。

融資費用是指本集團支付抵押貸款之利息。

所得税開支由截至二零一四年十二月三十一日 止年度之6,898,000港元增加至截至二零一五 年十二月三十一日止年度之8,253,000港元。 該升幅主要由於過往年度過多撥備由截至二零 一四年十二月三十一日止年度之2,077,000港 元減少至截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年 度之21,000港元所致。

已終止經營業務之業績

截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度,已終止經營業務之虧損為22,988,000港元,即自二零一五年十一月六日(即EDS Wellness不再為本公司附屬公司之日期)止期間本集團應佔EDS Wellness集團業績。EDS Wellness集團之經營於下文業務回顧中討論。

FINANCIAL REVIEW (Continued)

Liquidity and financial resources

During the year, the Group funded its operations through a combination of cash generated from operations, equity attributable to owners of the Company, issue of new shares and borrowings. Equity attributable to owners of the Company increased from HK\$2,144,651,000 at 31 December 2014 to HK\$3,352,310,000 at 31 December 2015. This increase was mainly attributable to (i) the increase in share capital and share premium by HK\$1,164,819,000 resulted from the allotment and issue of 2,132,333,243 new shares during the year and (ii) the increase in retained profits by HK\$69,364,000.

At 31 December 2015, the cash and cash equivalents of the Group amounted to HK\$509,341,000 (2014: HK\$384,778,000).

At 31 December 2015, the total borrowings of the Group amounted to HK\$214,007,000 (31 December 2014: HK\$10,374,000), comprising (i) the mortgage loan of RMB154,110,000 (equivalent to HK\$184,007,000), which is carrying floating rate at the benchmark interest rate of The People's Bank of China upward by 10.00% per annum, secured by the Group's investment property located at No. 33 Nonglinxia Road, Yuexiu District, Guangzhou, Mainland China (the "Guangzhou Property") and maturing on 21 April 2022 and (ii) a promissory note of HK\$30,000,000 issued to Sino Credit Holdings Limited ("Sino Credit", stock code: 628), which is non-interest bearing, unsecured and maturing within three business days after the date of a final and effective judgement or an effective and binding settlement agreement of the lawsuit between the Group and Zhanjiang City No. 4 Construction Engineering Co., Ltd (湛江市第四 建築工程有限公司, the "Contractor"), a construction engineering company, in respect of not paying certain payment under the construction contract of the Guangzhou Property. The increase in borrowings was attributable to the initial recognition of the mortgage loan obtained by a wholly owned subsidiary of Best Volume Investments Limited ("Best Volume") and the issue of the promissory note for settling part of the consideration upon completion of the acquisition of the entire issued share capital of Best Volume on 12 November 2015.

財務回顧(續)

流動資金及財務資源

年內,本集團透過經營所得現金、本公司擁有人應佔權益、發行新股份及貸款為其經營提供資金。本公司擁有人應佔權益由二零一四年十二月三十一日之2,144,651,000港元增加至二零一五年十二月三十一日之3,352,310,000港元。該項增加乃主要由於(i)年內配發及發行2,132,333,243股新股份致使股本及股份溢價增加1,164,819,000港元及(ii)保留溢利增加69,364,000港元。

於二零一五年十二月三十一日,本集團現金 及現金等價物為509,341,000港元(二零一四 年:384,778,000港元)。

於二零一五年十二月三十一日,本集團之 借款總額為214,007,000港元(二零一四年 十二月三十一日:10,374,000港元),包括 (i)抵押貸款人民幣154,110,000元(相等於 184,007,000港元),浮動利率以中國人民銀 行基準利率上浮10.00%年利率計算,由位於 中國內地廣州市越秀區農林下路33號之本集 團投資物業(「廣州物業」)作抵押,並於二零 二二年四月二十一日到期及(ii) 向華銀控股有 限公司(「華銀控股」,股份代號:628)發行之 30,000,000港元之免息、無抵押承兑票據, 於本公司與一間施工工程公司湛江市第四建築 工程有限公司(「承包商」)有關廣州物業之施 工合約項下尚未支付若干款項之訴訟達成最終 及有效判決或有效及具約束力和解協議日期後 三個營業日內到期。貸款增加乃由於首次確認 Best Volume Investments Limited (Best Volume」)之全資附屬公司獲得抵押貸款及 於二零一五年十一月十二日完成收購Best Volume全部已發行股本後發行承兑票據作為 結算部份代價。

FINANCIAL REVIEW (Continued)

Gearing ratio

At 31 December 2015, the gearing ratio calculated as a percentage of total borrowings over equity attributable to owners of the Company was 6.38% (2014: 0.48%).

Net current assets and current ratio

At 31 December 2015, the Group's net current assets and current ratio were HK\$965,369,000 (2014: HK\$1,695,226,000) and 3.50 (2014: 20.52) respectively.

Capital structure

During the year, the capital structure of the Company had the following changes:

- (a) In June 2015, the Company allotted and issued 42,330,000 new shares at a subscription price of HK\$0.69 per share pursuant to the exercise of share options granted to a director, the employees and external consultants of the Group under the Company's share option scheme.
- (b) On 24 August 2015, the Company allotted and issued 590,003,243 new shares at a subscription price of HK\$0.70 per share by way of rights to the qualifying shareholders of the Company on the basis of one new share to every one existing share held on 28 July 2015. The net proceeds from the rights issue of HK\$403,172,000 were used for settling part of the consideration for the acquisition of the entire issued shares in and the shareholder's loan due by Smart Title on 6 October 2015.
- (c) On 6 October 2015, the Company allotted and issued 1,500,000,000 new shares at an issue price of HK\$0.70 per share to the shareholders of China Jiuhao Health Industry Corporation Limited ("Jiuhao Health", stock code: 419) pursuant to the exercise of the share entitlement note issued to Jiuhao Health in satisfaction of part of the consideration for the acquisition of the entire issued shares in and the shareholder's loan due by Smart Title.

財務回顧(續)

資本負債比率

於二零一五年十二月三十一日,按借款總額除以本公司擁有人應佔權益所得百分比計算之資本負債比率為6.38%(二零一四年:0.48%)。

流動資產淨值及流動比率

於二零一五年十二月三十一日,本集團之流動資產淨值及流動比率分別為965,369,000港元(二零一四年:1,695,226,000港元)及3.50(二零一四年:20.52)。

資本結構

年內,本公司之資本結構有以下變動:

- (a) 於二零一五年六月,本公司根據本公司 購股權計劃項下授予本集團之董事、僱 員及外部顧問之購股權獲行使而以認購 價每股0.69港元配發及發行42,330,000 股新股份。
- (b) 於二零一五年八月二十四日,本公司 以認購價每股0.70港元配發及發行 590,003,243股新股份,乃透過供股向 本公司合資格股東於二零一五年七月 二十八日每持有一股現有股份獲發一股 新股份之方式進行。於二零一五年十月 六日,供股所得款項淨額403,172,000 港元用於清償收購Smart Title之全部已 發行股份及其結欠股東貸款之部份代價。
- (c) 於二零一五年十月六日,本公司根據發行予9號健康之股份權益票據獲行使而以每股0.70港元之發行價向中國9號健康產業有限公司(「9號健康」,股份代號:419)之股東配發及發行1,500,000,000股新股份,以清償收購Smart Title之全部已發行股份及其結欠股東貸款之部份代價。

FINANCIAL REVIEW (Continued)

Use of proceeds from a fund raising activity

On 24 January 2013, the Company raised HK\$29,931,000 by way of placing of 47,000,000 new shares under general mandate at a price of HK\$0.645 per share. The net proceeds from the placing were intended to be used for property investment in Hong Kong in order to enrich the Group's investment property portfolio. On 7 September 2015, the Company announced the allocation of the net proceeds from the placing to finance part of the consideration for the acquisition of the entire issued share capital of Best Volume. On 12 November 2015, the net proceeds from the placing of HK\$29,931,000 were used for settling part of the consideration.

Material acquisitions

During the year, the Group had the following material acquisitions:

(a) On 6 October 2015, the Group acquired the entire issued shares in and the shareholder's loan due by Smart Title at a consideration of HK\$1,650,000,000, of which HK\$600,000,000 was settled by cash and HK\$1,050,000,000 was settled by the allotment and issue of 1,500,000,000 new shares at an issue price of HK\$0.70 per share. Smart Title and its subsidiaries have two major assets, which are (i) the rights to manage and operate a membershipbased golf club and resort in Beijing, Mainland China (the "Club") up to 31 December 2051 and (ii) the rights to develop and operate a piece of 580 Chinese arces land adjacent to the Club (the "Subject Land") and the rights to manage the properties erected on the Subject Land up to 30 January 2062. The acquisition constitutes a very substantial acquisition of the Company under the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities (the "Listing Rules") on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") and was approved by the shareholders at the Company's special general meeting held on 17 September 2015.

財務回顧(續)

融資活動所得款項之用途

於二零一三年一月二十四日,本公司根據一般授權透過以每股0.645港元之價格配售47,000,000股新股份之方式籌得29,931,000港元。配售所得款項淨額擬用於香港之物業投資,以豐富本集團之投資物業組合。於二零一五年九月七日,本公司宣佈將配售所得款項淨額用於撥支收購Best Volume全部已發行股本之部份代價。於二零一五年十一月十二日,配售所得款項淨額29,931,000港元用於清償部份代價。

重大收購事項

年內,本集團有以下重大收購事項:

(a) 於二零一五年十月六日,本集團以 1,650,000,000港元之代價收購Smart Title之全部已發行股份及其股東貸款, 其中600,000,000港元以現金結算, 1,050,000,000港元以發行價為每股 0.70港元配發及發行1,500,000,000股 新股份結算。Smart Title及其附屬公司 有兩項主要資產,即(i)截至二零五一年 十二月三十一日之前,管理及經營一間 位於中國內地北京之會員制高爾夫俱樂 部及酒店(「會所」) 之權利;及(ii)截至 二零六二年一月三十日之前,開發及經 營一幅位於會所旁之580畝之地塊(「主 體地塊 1),及管理該地塊上已建物業之 權利。該收購事項構成香港聯合交易所 有限公司(「聯交所」)證券上市規則(「上 市規則」)項下本公司之非常重大收購事 項,並已於二零一五年九月十七日舉行 之本公司股東特別大會上獲股東批准。

FINANCIAL REVIEW (Continued)

Material acquisitions (Continued)

(b) On 12 November 2015, the Group acquired the entire issued share capital of Best Volume at a consideration of HK\$400,000,000, of which HK\$370,000,000 was settled by cash and HK\$30,000,000 was settled by the issue of the promissory note. The principal asset of Best Volume and its subsidiaries is the Guangzhou Property. The acquisition constitutes a major transaction of the Company under the Listing Rules and was approved by the shareholders at the Company's special general meeting held on 6 November 2015.

Material disposals

During the year, the Group had the following material disposals:

- (a) In April 2015, the Group disposed of 1,723,854,545 shares in China Star Entertainment Limited ("China Star", stock code: 326) at an average price of approximately HK\$0.133 per share on open market pursuant to the 12-month mandate granted to the directors by the shareholders at the Company's special general meeting held on 18 December 2014. The disposal constitutes a major transaction of the Company under the Listing Rules and was approved by the shareholders at the Company's special general meeting held on 18 December 2014.
- (b) In April 2015, the Group disposed of 70,840,000 shares in Lajin Entertainment at an average price of approximately HK\$1.41 per share on open market pursuant to the 12-month mandate granted to the directors by the shareholders at the Company's special general meeting held on 13 January 2015. The disposal constitutes a major transaction of the Company under the Listing Rules and was approved by the shareholders at the Company's special general meeting held on 13 January 2015.

財務回顧(續)

重大收購事項(續)

(b) 於二零一五年十一月十二日,本集團以400,000,000港元之代價收購Best Volume全部已發行股本,其中370,000,000港元以發行承兑票據結算。 Best Volume及其附屬公司之主要資產為廣州物業。該收購事項構成上市規則項下本公司之主要交易,並已於二零一五年十一月六日舉行之本公司股東特別大會上獲股東批准。

重大出售事項

年內,本集團有以下重大出售事項:

- (a) 於二零一五年四月,本集團根據於二零 一四年十二月十八日舉行之本公司股東 特別大會上股東授予董事12個月授權, 於公開市場上按每股約0.133港元之中 均價格出售中國星集團有限公司(「中國 星」,股份代號:326)之1,723,854,545 股股份。該出售事項構成上市規則項下 本公司之主要交易,並已於二零一四年 十二月十八日舉行之本公司股東特別大 會上獲股東批准。
- (b) 於二零一五年四月,本集團根據於二零 一五年一月十三日舉行之本公司股東特 別大會上股東授予董事12個月授權,於 公開市場上按每股約1.41港元之平均價 格出售拉近網娛之70,840,000股股份。 該出售事項構成上市規則項下本公司 主要交易,並已於二零一五年一月十更 日舉行之本公司股東特別大會上獲股東 批准。

FINANCIAL REVIEW (Continued)

Material disposals (Continued)

(c) On 6 November 2015, EDS Wellness allotted and issued 345,000,000 new shares and 30,000,000 new convertible preferred shares to the six subscribers. As a result, the Group was deemed to dispose of a 57.67% shareholding interest in EDS Wellness and has lost its control over EDS Wellness. The deemed disposal of the shareholding interest in EDS Wellness constitutes a major transaction of the Company under the Listing Rules and was approved by the shareholders at the Company's special general meeting held on 30 October 2015. Upon the allotment and issue of 345,000,000 new shares and 30,000,000 new convertible preferred shares on 6 November 2015, EDS Wellness has ceased to be a subsidiary of the Company and the Group's investment in EDS Wellness has been accounted for as available-for-sale financial assets.

Pledge of assets

At 31 December 2015, the Guangzhou Property with a carrying amount of HK\$595,448,000 has been pledged to secure the mortgage loan granted to the Group.

Material commitments

At 31 December 2015, the Group had a total commitment of HK\$52,329,000 relating to the capital expenditures for the Subject Land which were contracted but not provided for.

Exchange risk and hedging

The majority of the Group's transactions, assets and liabilities are denominated in Hong Kong dollars, United States dollars, Euro and Renminbi. The Group is exposed to exchange risk with respect mainly to Renminbi and Euro which may affect its performance. The directors closely monitor statement of financial position and cashflow exchange risk exposures and where considered appropriate use financial instruments, such as forward exchange contracts, foreign currency options and forward rate agreements, to hedge this exchange risk. During the year, no financial instruments for hedging purposes were used by the Group.

財務回顧(續)

重大出售事項(續)

(c) 於二零一五年十一月六日, EDS Wellness向六名認購人配發及發行 345.000.000股新股份及30.000.000 股新可換股優先股。因此,本集團被視 作出售其於EDS Wellness之57.67% 持股權益並失去對EDS Wellness之控 制權。視作出售EDS Wellness之持股 權益構成上市規則項下本公司之主要交 易,並已於二零一五年十月三十日舉行 之本公司股東特別大會上獲股東批准。 於二零一五年十一月六日配發及發行 345,000,000股新股份及30,000,000股 新可換股優先股後, EDS Wellness不 再為本公司之附屬公司及本集團於EDS Wellness之投資已作為可供出售金融資 產入賬。

資產抵押

於二零一五年十二月三十一日,廣州物業之賬面值595,448,000港元已抵押作為授予本集團抵押貸款之擔保。

重大承諾

於二零一五年十二月三十一日,本集團對有關 已訂約但並未撥備之主體地塊資本開支之總承 擔為52,329,000港元。

匯兑風險及對沖

本集團大部分交易、資產及負債以港元、美元、歐元及人民幣計值。本集團面臨之匯兌風險主要與人民幣及歐元有關,可能影響其表現。董事密切監測財務狀況表及現金流匯兑風險,並在其認為適用的情況下使用金融工具(如遠期外匯合約、外匯期權及遠期利率協議)對沖該匯兑風險。年內,本集團並無使用金融工具作對沖用途。

FINANCIAL REVIEW (Continued)

Contingent liabilities

At 31 December 2015, the Group had the following material contingent liabilities:

- (a) On 15 April 2010, a claim was brought by China Finance & Assets Management Limited ("China Finance") in High Court Action No. 526 of 2010 against Rexdale Investment Limited ("Rexdale"), a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company, for failing to pay a service fee in the sum of HK\$25,000,000 to China Finance. No provision for the claim was made in the consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2015 as Lafe Corporation Limited, the beneficial owner of Rexdale prior to the acquisition of the entire issued share capital of Rexdale by One Synergy Limited ("One Synergy") in December 2010, has undertaken to indemnify and keep indemnified the Group against any and all losses, claims, damages, penalties, actions, demands, proceeding, judgment and costs arising from or in connection with the claim.
- (b) On 20 March 2014, the Company announced that it came to its attention that a writ of summons in High Court Action No. 9 of 2014 was issued by The Grande Holdings Limited (in liquidation), Roderick John Sutton (as joint and several provisional liquidator of The Grande Holdings Limited), Fok Hei Yu (as joint and several provisional liquidator of The Grande Holdings Limited) and 65 other companies listed as plaintiffs against 25 defendants inclusive of One Synergy, a company acquired by the Group in December 2011. One Synergy has, as at the date of this annual report, not been served with the writ.

The action alleges, inter alia, that One Synergy is liable to the plaintiffs as a constructive trustee and/or by way of equitable compensation and/or an accounts of profits and/or restitution and/or damages as a knowing recipient and/or by reason of the knowing or dishonest assistance in the breaches of trust and/or breaches of fiduciary duties by various of the defendants and/or by reason of dealings between One Synergy and the plaintiffs otherwise being voidable (and avoided), void, unlawful or illegal, in respect of its receipt of the shares in The Grande Properties Ltd. (now known as Rexdale).

財務回顧(續)

或然負債

於二零一五年十二月三十一日,本集團存有下 列重大或然負債:

- (a) 於二零一零年四月十五日, China Finance & Assets Management Limited (「China Finance |) 在高院二零 一零年第526號訴訟中就未能向China Finance 支付為數 25,000,000 港元之服 務費向本公司之全資附屬公司Rexdale Investment Limited (「Rexdale」) 提出 申索。由於Lafe Corporation Limited (於二零一零年十二月One Synergy Limited(「One Synergy」) 收購 Rexdale 全部已發行股本前之Rexdale實益擁有 人)已承諾彌償並令本集團免受因申索而 產生或與此有關之任何及一切損失、申 索、損害賠償、罰款、訴訟、要求、法 律程序、判決及成本,故並無就申索於 本集團截至二零一五年十二月三十一日 止年度之綜合財務報表中計提撥備。
- (b) 於二零一四年三月二十日,本公司宣佈 其獲悉嘉域集團有限公司(清盤中)、沈 仁諾(作為嘉域集團有限公司之共同及個 別臨時清盤人)、霍羲禹(作為嘉域集團 有限公司之共同及個別臨時清盤人)及65 間其他公司作為原告人在高院二零一四 年第9號訴訟中向25名被告人,當中包 括本集團於二零一一年十二月收購之公 司One Synergy發出傳訊令狀。截至本 年報公佈日期,One Synergy尚未獲送 達令狀。

FINANCIAL REVIEW (Continued)

Contingent liabilities (Continued)

Riche (BVI) Limited, a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company, acquired the entire issued share capital of Adelio Holdings Limited, which is the holding company of One Synergy, from Vartan Holdings Limited, an independent third party, pursuant to a sale and purchase agreement dated 25 May 2011. One Synergy acquired the entire issued share capital of Rexdale from Lafe Corporation Limited, being one of the defendants, pursuant to a sale and purchase agreement dated 31 December 2010 (the "Agreement"). The entire issued share capital of Rexdale was sold by The Grande (Nominees) Ltd., being one of the plaintiffs, and The Grand Limited to Lafe Corporation Limited on or about 29 June 2007. The principal assets of Rexdale were the whole of the 1st floor and the flat roof, the whole of 6th to 12th floors, roof, external walls, two lavatories, three lorry parking spaces and eight private car parking spaces on the ground floor of an industrial building located in Kwun Tong, Kowloon, Hong Kong with a total gross floor of approximately 139,412 square feet exclusive of lavatories, lorry and private car parking spaces, flat roof and roof (collectively, the "Kwun Tong Properties"). The Kwun Tong Properties was sold by Rexdale to Grand Reward Limited, an independent third party, in July 2013.

One Synergy has sought counsel opinion on the writ and has been advised to defend the plaintiffs' claim in the said action. Counsel has advised that, based upon available evidence, there is nothing unusual in the Agreement and One Synergy would not have any express or constructive notice of the plaintiffs' alleged irregularities and/or fraudulent acts of the former directors and/or management officers of the plaintiffs and One Synergy should not be held liable to any part of the plaintiffs' claim and has good and valid defence thereto.

(c) On 1 April 2015, the Contractor commenced a lawsuit against Guangzhou Yingrui Real Estate Development Co., Ltd. (廣州市迎瑞房地產開發有限公司, "Yingrui"), a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company, at the People's Court of Yuexiu District, Guangzhou City with respect to certain outstanding payment of approximately RMB11,427,000 (not including accrued interest) (equivalent to HK\$13,644,000) under the

財務回顧(續)

或然負債(續)

本公司之全資附屬公司Riche (BVI) Limited根據於二零一一年五月二十五 日訂立之買賣協議向獨立第三方Vartan Holdings Limited 收購 Adelio Holdings Limited (One Synergy之控股公司)之 全部已發行股本。One Synergy根據 於二零一零年十二月三十一日訂立之買 賣協議(「該協議」)向Lafe Corporation Limited (其中一名被告人) 收購 Rexdale 之全部已發行股本。Rexdale之全部已 發行股本由The Grande (Nominees) Ltd.(其中一名原告人)及The Grand Limited 於二零零七年六月二十九日或前 後出售予Lafe Corporation Limited。 Rexdale之主要資產為一座位於香港九 龍觀塘之工業大廈之一樓全層及天台(平 面)、六至十二樓全層、天台、外牆、 兩個洗手間、大廈地下之三個貨車車位 及八個私家車車位,總建築面積約為 139,412平方尺(不包括洗手間、貨車及 私家車車位、天台(平面)及天台)(統稱 「觀塘物業」)。觀塘物業於二零一三年七 月由Rexdale出售予獨立第三方泛禧有 限公司。

(c) 於二零一五年四月一日,承包商就其與本公司之全資附屬公司廣州市迎瑞房地產開發有限公司(「迎瑞」)有關建造廣州物業之建設工程施工合同下尚未支付之若干款項約人民幣11,427,000元(未包括應計利息)(相等於13,644,000港元)

FINANCIAL REVIEW (Continued)

Contingent liabilities (Continued)

construction contract between Yingrui and the Contractor for the construction of the Guangzhou Property. The disputed amount of the lawsuit includes working progress fee of RMB1,420,000 (equivalent to HK\$1,696,000), performance bond of RMB1.000.000 (equivalent to HK\$1.194.000) and construction fee of approximately RMB9,007,000 (equivalent to HK\$10,754,000). On 7 April 2015, the People's Court of Yuexiu District, Guangzhou City upon application of the Contractor, issued a seizure order on certain units within the Guangzhou Property to protect the interest of the Contractor to the extent of approximately RMB15,000,000 (equivalent to HK\$17,910,000) in value. The lawsuit is now pending further review by the People's Court of Yuexiu District, Guangzhou City.

No provision for the lawsuit was made in the consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2015 as Best Volume has secured an unconditional undertaking from Ace Guide Holdings Limited, the ultimate beneficial owner of Yingrui prior to the acquisition by Best Volume in October 2014, under which Ace Guide Holdings Limited has agreed to pay to Best Volume or its assignee by way of damages an amount equal to any and all losses incurred by Yingrui and/or Best Volume resulting from, arising out of or in relation to the lawsuit, including without limitation payment under final effective judgment or settlement, and all other costs and expenses incurred in relation to the lawsuit.

Employees and remuneration policy

At 31 December 2015, the headcount of the Group was 32 (2014: 21). Staff costs (including directors' emoluments) amounted to HK\$59,559,000 (2014: HK\$30,344,000). The increase in staff costs was mainly attributable to (i) the increase of HK\$14,403,000 in discretionary bonuses paid to the directors and staff, (ii) the increase of HK\$8,587,000 in equity-settled share-based payment expenses arising from the grant of share options to the directors and employees of the Group and (iii) the full year effect of the Group's design and sale of jewelry products business as it commenced operations in October 2014. In addition to basic salaries, contributions to retirement benefits scheme and discretionary bonus, staff benefits include medical scheme and share options.

財務回顧(續)

或然負債(續)

在廣州市越秀區人民法院向迎瑞提起訴訟。訴訟爭議之款項包括在建工程費用人民幣1,420,000元(相等於1,696,000港元)、履約保證金人民幣1,000,000元(相等於1,194,000港元)及建造費約600元(相等於1,194,000港元)及建造費約600元(相等於10,754,000港元)。二零一五年四月七日,廣州市越秀區人民法院按承包商申請,以保存和包業內數個單位發出查封令,以保存和包幣17,910,000港元)之權益。訴認現下於17,910,000港元)之權益。訴認明正等待廣州市越秀區人民法院進一步覆議

僱員及酬金政策

於二零一五年十二月三十一日,本集團之僱員人數為32人(二零一四年:21人)。員工成本(包括董事酬金)為59,559,000港元(二零一四年:30,344,000港元)。員工成本增加14,403,000港元;(ii)因向本集團董事及僱員授出購股權而產生而以股權結算之股份支款開支增加8,587,000港元;及(iii)本集團於沒費加8,587,000港元;及(iii)本集團於設計及銷售珠寶產品之全年影響,該業務於福利計劃供款及酌情花紅外,員工福利包括醫療計劃供款及酌情花紅外,員工福利包括醫療計劃及購股權。

FINANCIAL REVIEW (Continued)

Key performance indicators

The Company has defined the following key performance indicators ("KPIs") which are closely aligned with the performance of the Group.

財務回顧(續)

主要表現指標

本公司已識別下列與本集團表現緊密一致之主 要表現指標(「主要表現指標」)。

				ded 31 December 日十一日止年度
		Notes 附註	2015 二零一五年	2014 二零一四年
Revenue	收益	1	HK\$184,780,000	HK\$88,671,000
Profit for the year attributable to owners of the Company	本公司擁有人應佔 本年度溢利		184,780,000港元 HK\$105,256,000	88,671,000港元 HK\$238,077,000
Equity attributable to owners of the Company	本公司擁有人應佔 權益		105,256,000港元 HK\$3,352,310,000	238,077,000港元 HK\$2,144,651,000
Return on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	按公平值計入損益表之 金融資產之回報	2	3,352,310,000港元 (5.99)%	2,144,651,000港元 3.79%
Return on loans receivables	應收貸款之回報	3	8.80%	8.69%
Return on capital employed in design and sale of jewelry products	設計及銷售珠寶產品所用 資本之回報	4	36.17%	3.14%
Return on investment properties	投資物業之回報	5	0.46%	Nil 無

Notes:

- The figure for 2014 is restated to exclude the impact of discontinued operations.
- Return on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss includes gains and losses arising on change in fair value, gains and losses on disposal and dividend income. It is measured as a percentage against opening fair value of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss and total investments made at cost.
- Return on loans receivables includes interest income and impairment loss recognised. It is measured as a percentage against average loans receivables (excluding accrued interest receivables).
- 4. Return on capital employed in design and sale of jewelry products represents segment profit or loss from design and sale of jewelry products business divided by average capital employed and is measured as a percentage.
- 5. Return on investment properties includes gains and losses arising on change in fair value, rental income and gains and losses on disposal less amortisation of intangible assets in respect of the Club, depreciation expense of property, plant and equipment of the Club and operating lease rentals in respect of the Club. It is measured as a percentage against opening fair value of investment properties, opening carrying amounts of intangible assets in respect of the Club and opening carrying amounts of property, plant and equipment of the Club.

附註:

- 二零一四年之數據乃重列以剔除已終止經營業務 之影響。
- 按公平值計入損益表之金融資產之回報包括公平 值變動產生之收益及虧損、出售事項之收益及虧 損以及股息收入。其乃計算為按公平值計入損益 表之金融資產之期初公平值及按成本計算之總投 資之百分比。
- 3. 應收貸款之回報包括利息收入及已確認之減值虧 損。其乃計算為平均應收貸款(不包括應收應計 利息)之百分比。
- 4. 設計及銷售珠寶產品所用資本之回報指設計及銷售珠寶產品業務之分部溢利或虧損除以平均所用資本,並計算為百分比。
- 5. 投資物業之回報包括公平值變動產生之收益及虧損、租金收入及出售事項之收益及虧損減有關會所之無形資產之攤銷、會所之物業、廠房及設備之折舊開支及有關會所之經營租賃租金。其乃計算為投資物業之期初公平值、有關會所之無形資產之期初賬面值及會所之物業、廠房及設備之期初賬面值之百分比。

FINANCIAL REVIEW (Continued)

Key performance indicators (Continued)

Commentary on the performance of the Group against each of these KPIs is set out above and Operations Review below.

These KPIs are reviewed regularly and amended occasionally to correspond with the changing mix of the Group's principal activities.

OPERATIONS REVIEW

During the year, no revenue was generated from the Group's film distribution business as the Group was not able to secure quality films at reasonable prices for distribution.

During the year, the Group acquired Hong Kong equities with market value of HK\$692,505,000. The Group's sale of financial assets business recorded a loss on revenue of HK\$14,175,000, which represents a loss of HK\$10,295,000 on disposal of Hong Kong equities and a loss of HK\$3,880,000 on disposal of 1,723,854,545 shares in China Star pursuant to the 12-month mandate granted to the directors by the shareholders at the Company's special general meeting held on 18 December 2014. At 31 December 2015, the Group remeasured its equity portfolio at market prices and recorded a loss of HK\$66,286,000 arising on change in fair value of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss due to the poor market sentiment sparked by concerns over Mainland China's slowing economy. Return on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss for the year ended 31 December 2015 is (5.99)% (2014: 3.79%). The negative return for the year was mainly due to the increase in loss on sale of financial assets from HK\$3,918,000 to HK\$14,175,000 and the recognition of a loss of HK\$66,286,000 arising on change in fair value of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, whereas a gain of HK\$27,483,000 was recognised in the previous year.

On 28 June 2013, the shareholders granted a 12-month mandate to the directors for disposing of the shares in China Star held by the Group. The Group disposed of 2,369,934,650 shares in China Star under the 12-month mandate granted on 28 June 2013. Such 12-month mandate was expired on 27 June 2014. On 7 November 2014, the directors proposed to seek an approval from the shareholders for granting another 12-month mandate to the directors for disposing of the remaining 1,723,854,545 shares in China Star held by the Group. The 12-month disposal mandate

財務回顧(續)

主要表現指標(續)

就本集團表現之各主要表現指標之評論載於上 文及下文之業務回顧。

該等主要表現指標獲定期檢討並不時修訂,以 配合本集團不斷變動之主要業務組合。

業務回顧

年內,由於本集團無法以合理價格取得高質素 影片供發行,故本集團之電影發行業務並無產 生收益。

年內,本集團買入市值為692,505,000港元 之港股。本集團銷售金融資產業務收益錄得 虧損14.175.000港元,其中出售港股虧損 10,295,000港元及根據於二零一四年十二月 十八日舉行之本公司股東特別大會上股東授予 董事12個月授權出售中國星1,723,854,545 股股份虧損3,880,000港元。於二零一五年 十二月三十一日,本集團以市價重新計量其股 票投資組合,並錄得按公平值計入損益表之金 融資產公平值變動產生之虧損66,286,000港 元,乃由於市場憂慮中國內地經濟放緩導致氣 氛低迷所致。截至二零一五年十二月三十一 日止年度,按公平值計入損益表之金融資產 之回報為(5.99)%(二零一四年:3.79%)。年 內回報呈負數主要由於銷售金融資產之虧損由 3,918,000港元增加至14,175,000港元及確 認按公平值計入損益表之金融資產公平值變動 產生之虧損66.286.000港元,而去年確認收 益為27,483,000港元。

於二零一三年六月二十八日,股東授予董事 12個月授權出售本集團持有中國星股份。本 集團根據二零一三年六月二十八日授出之12 個月授權出售2,369,934,650股中國星股份。 該12個月授權於二零一四年六月二十七日屆 滿。於二零一四年十一月七日,董事建議,以 股東批准向董事授予另一個12個月授權,以 出售本集團持有餘下之1,723,854,545股中國星 星股份。出售餘下之1,723,854,545股中國星

OPERATIONS REVIEW (Continued)

for disposing of the remaining 1,723,854,545 shares in China Star constitutes a major transaction of the Company under the Listing Rules and was approved by the shareholders at the special general meeting of the Company on 18 December 2014. In April 2015, the Group disposed of 1,723,854,545 shares in China Star at an average selling price of approximately HK\$0.133 per share on open market and recognised a loss of HK\$3,880,000 in its sale of financial assets business.

On 5 December 2014, the directors proposed to seek an approval from the shareholders for granting the 12-month mandate to the directors for disposing of up to 146,640,000 shares in Lajin Entertainment held by the Group. The 12-month disposal mandate for disposing of up to 146,640,000 shares in Lajin Entertainment constitutes a major transaction of the Company under the Listing Rules and was approved by the shareholders at the special general meeting of the Company on 13 January 2015. Prior to the grant of the 12-month disposal mandate, the Group disposed of 75,800,000 shares in Lajin Entertainment in a series of transactions on open market on 19 December 2014. In April 2015, the Group disposed of the remaining 70,840,000 shares in Lajin Entertainment at an average selling price of approximately HK\$1.41 per share on open market. As a result, the Group recognised a cumulative gain reclassified from equity to profit or loss upon derecognition of available-forsale financial assets of HK\$74,378,000.

During the year, the Group's money lending business generated interest income on loans of HK\$72,529,000, a 7.39% decrease from HK\$78,316,000 for the previous year. This decrease was attributable to (i) certain customers early repaid their outstanding loans prior to maturity and (ii) certain internal cash resources of the Group was utilised to finance the acquisitions of the entire issued share capital in and the shareholder's loan due by Smart Title and the entire issued share capital of Best Volume. The average monthly balance of loans receivables decreased from HK\$901,065,000 in the year ended 31 December 2014 to HK\$824,071,000 in the year ended 31 December 2015. During the year, the Group granted new loans in the aggregate principal amount of HK\$953,456,000 to its customers and received prepayment and repayment of HK\$1,414,000,000 from its customers. At the end of the reporting period, the directors assessed the collectability of loans receivables. As there was no objective evidence that the Group would not be able to collect all amounts due, no impairment loss on loans receivables was

業務回顧(續)

股份之12個月出售授權構成上市規則項下本公司之主要交易,並已於二零一四年十二月十八日舉行之股東特別大會上獲股東批准。於二零一五年四月,本集團於公開市場上以每股約0.133港元之平均售價出售1,723,854,545股中國星股份,並於其銷售金融資產業務中確認虧損3,880,000港元。

於二零一四年十二月五日,董事建議尋求股東批准向董事授予12個月授權,以出售最多146,640,000股本集團持有拉近網娛股份之12個月出售授權構成上市規則項下本公司之主要股制,並會上獲股東批准。於授出12個月十三日經過一連。於四年十二月十九0份股於公開市場透過一連串交易出售75,800,000股拉近網娛股份。於二等內別,本集團於二等一個與於公開市場透過一連申零,由于一個與股份的。於二等內別,本集團於公開市場上以平均售價每股約1.41港。內別,本集團確認於終止確認可供出售。內別,本集團確認於終止確認可供出售。內別,本集團確認於終止確認可供出售。內別,本集團確認於終止確認可供出售。內別,本集團確認於終止確認可供出售。內別,本集團確認於終止確認可供出售。內別,本集團確認於終止確認可供出售。內別,本集團確認於終止確認可供出售。內別,本集團確認於終止確認可供出售。內別,本集團確認於終止確認可供出售。內別,本集團確認於終止確認可供出售。內別,本集團確認於終止確認可供出售。內別,本集團確認可以出售。內別,如別,以出售於一個別,以出售。

年內,本集團之借貸業務產生之貸款利息收入 為72,529,000港元,較去年之78,316,000港 元減少7.39%。該項減少由於(i)若干客戶於 到期前提早償還彼等之尚未到期貸款及(ii)本 集團將若干內部現金資源用於撥支收購Smart Title之全部已發行股份及其結欠股東貸款以 及Best Volume之全部已發行股本。應收貸 款月均結餘自截至二零一四年十二月三十一日 止年度之901,065,000港元減少至截至二零 一五年十二月三十一日止年度之824,071,000 港元。年內,本集團向其客戶作出本金總額 為 953,456,000 港 元 之 新 貸 款 , 並 自 客 戶 收 取預付款項及還款 1,414,000,000 港元。於本 報告期末,董事評估應收貸款之可收回度。由 於並無客觀證據顯示本集團將無法收回所有到 期款項,故並無確認應收貸款之減值虧損。於 二零一五年十二月三十一日,本集團應收貸款 連同應收應計利息為485,477,000港元(二零

OPERATIONS REVIEW (Continued)

recognised. At 31 December 2015, the Group's loans receivables together with accrued interest receivables amounted to HK\$485,477,000 (2014: HK\$950,549,000). Return on loans receivables for the year ended 31 December 2015 is 8.80%, which is fairly constant with 8.69% in the previous year.

During the year, the Group's design and sale of jewelry products business generated revenue of HK\$117,327,000, a 722.02% increase from HK\$14,273,000 for the previous year, and a segment profit of HK\$14,838,000, a 2,189.81% increase from HK\$648,000 for the previous year. The increase in revenue and segment profit was mainly attributable to (i) the full year effect of the Group's design and sale of jewelry products business as it commenced operations in October 2014 and (ii) the increased sale and marketing efforts in direct selling the Group's jewelry products to Europe, the Middle East and the US. During the year, the Group has strengthened its direct export selling and product design capabilities by recruiting a number of experienced sales executives and a designer. At 31 December 2015, the Group's inventories of jewelry products, including raw materials, work-in-progress and finished goods, amounted to HK\$41,412,000 (2014: HK\$25,177,000) and the Group's design and sale of jewelry products business had undelivered sale orders amounted to HK\$1,500,000 (2014: HK\$800,000). Return on capital employed in design and sale of jewelry products for the year ended 31 December 2015 is 36.17% (2014: 3.14%). This increase was mainly due to the strong performance of the Group's design and sale of jewelry products business in the year ended 31 December 2015.

To expand its property investment business into Mainland China, the Company as purchaser entered into a conditional sale and purchase agreement with Unique Talent Group Limited, a wholly owned subsidiary of Jiuhao Health, as vendor and Jiuhao Health as guarantor relating to the proposed acquisition of the entire issued shares in and the shareholder's loan due by Smart Title at a consideration of HK\$1,650,000,000 on 11 December 2014. Smart Title and its subsidiaries have two major assets, which are (i) the rights to manage and operate the Club up to 31 December 2051 and (ii) the rights to develop and operate the Subject Land and the rights to manage the properties erected on the Subject Land up to 30 January 2062. Both the Club and the Subject Land are located in Beijing. The Subject Land is being developed into a low-density deluxe hotel

業務回顧(續)

一四年:950,549,000港元)。截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度之應收貸款之回報為8.80%,與去年之8.69%基本持平。

年內,本集團設計及銷售珠寶產品業務產 生之收益為117.327,000港元,較去年之 14,273,000港元增長722.02%,分部溢利為 14,838,000港元,較去年之648,000港元增 長2,189.81%。分部溢利之增長乃由於(i)本 集團於設計及銷售珠寶產品之全年影響,該業 務於二零一四年十月開始營運及(ii)本集團直 銷至歐洲、中東及美國之珠寶產品之銷售及市 場推廣渠道增加。年內,本集團已透過聘請數 名經驗豐富之銷售人員及設計師加強其直接出 口銷售及產品設計能力。於二零一五年十二月 三十一日,本集團有41,412,000港元之珠寶 產品庫存(包括原材料、在製品及製成品)(二 零一四年:25,177,000港元)及本集團設計及 銷售珠寶產品業務有1,500,000港元之未交貨 銷售訂單(二零一四年:800,000港元)。截至 二零一五年十二月三十一日之設計及銷售珠 寶產品所用資本之回報為36.17%(二零一四 年:3.14%)。該項增長主要由於本集團於截 至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度之設計及 銷售珠寶產品業務表現強勁所致。

OPERATIONS REVIEW (Continued)

villas community and a high-end hotel apartment complex. The acquisition was completed on 6 October 2015. The Group holds the Club and the Subject Land as long-term investments for rental purposes. Upon completion of the acquisition, a goodwill on acquisition of HK\$347,567,000 representing the excess of the fair value of the consideration paid over the net amount of the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed by the Group at 6 October 2015 and the intangible assets of HK\$996,009,000 relating to (i) the rights to manage and operate the Club and (ii) the rights to develop and operate the Subject Land and the rights to manage the properties erected on the Subject Land were recognised. At the end of the reporting period, the directors performed impairment tests in respect of the goodwill and the intangible assets arising from the acquisition with reference to the valuation reports prepared by the independent valuer and determined to recognise an impairment loss in respect of goodwill of HK\$48,492,000.

Upon completion of the acquisition, the assets of the Club have been leased to 海口九號酒店管理有限公司北 京分公司 (Haikou No. 9 Hotel Management Company Limited, Beijing Branch, "BJ Haikou No. 9 Co"), a branch of an indirect wholly owned subsidiary of Jiuhao Health for an initial term of 20 years, which may be further extended up to 31 December 2051 if BJ Haikou No. 9 Co requests so within a six-month period before the expiry of the initial 20 year-term. There are four rental periods of five years each during the initial term of 20 years (and three additional rental periods of five years each if the lease is extended to 31 December 2051). If BJ Haikou No. 9 Co would like to terminate the lease agreement, BJ Haikou No. 9 Co must give notice to the Group at least six months prior to the expiry of the then five-year rental period. BJ Haikou No. 9 Co cannot terminate the lease agreement during the first five-year rental period. The aggregate rent for the first five years is RMB90,000,000 (equivalent to HK\$108,000,000) which has been paid by BJ Haikou No. 9 Co to the Group prior to the commencement of the first five-year rental period. The rental payment shall increase by 30% in each of the subsequent five-year rental period and shall be payable by BJ Haikou No. 9 Co to the Group in one lump sum prior to the commencement of the relevant five-year rental period. During the period from 6 October 2015 to 31 December 2015, the assets of the Club generated rental income of HK\$5,456,000 to the Group.

業務回顧(續)

收購事項完成後,會所之資產已出租予9號健 康之間接全資附屬公司之分公司海口九號酒 店管理有限公司北京分公司(「北京海口9號公 司」),初步租賃期為二十年,倘北京海口9號 公司於二十年初步租賃期屆滿前六個月內提 出要求,可進一步續期至二零五一年十二月 三十一日。二十年初步租賃期分為四段,每 段為期五年(倘協議延長至二零五一年十二月 三十一日,則再延長三段租期,每段為期五 年)。倘北京海口9號公司擬終止租賃協議, 北京海口9號公司須於當時之五年租期屆滿前 六個月內通知本集團。北京海口9號公司不得 於第一個五年租期期間終止租賃合約。第一個 五年之租金總額為人民幣90,000,000元(相等 於108,000,000港元),已由北京海口9號公 司於第一個五年租期開始前支付予本集團。後 續各五年租期之租金付款須增長30%,須由 北京海口9號公司於相關之五年租期開始前一 次性支付予本集團。自二零一五年十月六日至 二零一五年十二月三十一日期間,會所資產為 本集團產生之租金收入為5,456,000港元。

OPERATIONS REVIEW (Continued)

The development of the Subject Land is divided into three phases, in which the first phase involves erecting nine hotel villas with a total gross floor area of 21,661 square meters, the second phase involves erecting 29 hotel villas with a total gross floor area of 33,000 square meters and the third phase is a development of a five-storey high-end hotel apartment complex with restaurants, multi-function room facilities and approximately 100 hotel apartment units with a total gross floor area of 25,000 square meters. The development of the first phase has been commenced and is expected to be completed in the third guarter of 2016. Following the completion of the acquisition of Smart Title in October 2015, the directors have revised the development plan of the Subject Land in light of the Group's future cashflow. The developments of the second and third phases are expected to be commenced in the fourth quarter of 2016 and the second quarter of 2017 respectively. Taking into account the development costs for the first phase development paid by Jiuhao Health prior to the completion of the acquisition, the total budgeted development costs to be incurred by the Group for the Subject Land is RMB921,390,000 (equivalent to HK\$1,100,140,000). It is currently expected that the total budgeted development costs of the Subject Land will be financed by the Group's internal resources and the rental income generated from the assets of the Club and the Subject Land. As the entire Subject Land is still at a development stage, no rental income has yet been generated.

To further expand its property investment business in Mainland China, the Group as purchaser entered into a conditional sale and purchase agreement with Sino Credit as vendor relating to the acquisition of the entire issued share capital of Best Volume at a consideration of HK\$400,000,000 on 7 September 2015. The principal asset of Best Volume and its subsidiaries is the Guangzhou Property. The acquisition was completed on 12 November 2015. The Group holds the Guangzhou Property as an investment property to earn rental income and for capital appreciation. Upon completion of the acquisition, a goodwill on acquisition of HK\$62,899,000, which represents the excess of the fair value of the consideration paid over the net amount of the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed by the Group at 12 November 2015. At the end of the reporting period, the directors performed an impairment test in respect of the goodwill on acquisition with reference to a valuation report prepared by another independent valuer and determined that no impairment was required.

業務回顧(續)

主體地塊之開發分為三個階段,其中第一 階段包括興建9棟別墅酒店,總建築面積為 21,661平方米,第二期包括興建29棟別墅酒 店,總建築面積為33,000平方米,第三期包 括開發餐廳、多用途活動室設施及約100個酒 店公寓單位之五層高端酒店公寓綜合體,總 建築面積為25,000平方米。第一期開發已開 始,預期將於二零一六年第三季度完成。於二 零一五年十月完成收購Smart Title後,董事 已就本集團之未來現金流修訂主體地塊之開發 計劃。第二期及第三期開發預期分別於二零 一六年第四季度及二零一七年第二季度開始。 經計及在收購完成前,9號健康已付之第一階 段開發成本,由本集團產生之主體地塊之總預 算開發成本為人民幣921,390,000元(相等於 1.100.140.000港元)。目前預期主體地塊之 總預算開發成本將由本集團之內部資源及會所 資產及主體地塊所產生之租金收入撥支。由於 整個主體地塊仍在開發階段,尚未產生租金收 入。

OPERATIONS REVIEW (Continued)

At 31 December 2015, a total gross floor area of 5,085.77 square meters of the Guangzhou Property has been leased to tenants who are third parties independent of the Group. Basement Levels 2 and 3 of the Guangzhou Property with a total gross floor area of 1,709.77 square meters have been vacant. During the period from 12 November 2015 to 31 December 2015, the Guangzhou Property generated rental income of HK\$3,643,000 to the Group.

Return on investment properties for the year ended 31 December 2015 is 0.46% (2014: Nil). There is no return on investment properties in the year ended 31 December 2014 as the Group expanded its property investment business into Mainland China in the fourth quarter of 2015.

With a view to improve profitability, EDS Wellness as issuer entered into a conditional subscription agreement with Xing Hang Limited, Goldenland Mining & Investment Limited, Silver Empire Holding Limited, Truly Elite Limited, High Aim Global Limited and First Bonus International Limited as subscribers relating to the proposed subscription of 345,000,000 new shares in EDS Wellness and 30,000,000 new convertible preferred shares of EDS Wellness on 17 February 2015. The directors believe that the entering into of the conditional subscription agreement represents a good opportunity for EDS Wellness to (i) raise a substantial amount of additional funds for future business development in in-flight WLAN and WIFI engineering and services business in Mainland China which is in a segment difference from the existing business of EDS Wellness, (ii) improve its financial position and liquidity and (iii) leverage on the expertise and business network of Mr. Cai Zhaoyang, who is the major shareholder and the sole director of Xing Hang Limited (the major subscriber), to take advantage of the expected strong growth in the avionic engineering and service sector in Mainland China. Upon completion of the subscription, the Group was deemed to dispose of a 57.67% shareholding interest in EDS Wellness and has lost its control over EDS Wellness. As a result, EDS Wellness has ceased to be a subsidiary of the Company and the Group's investment in EDS Wellness has been accounted for as available-for-sale financial assets. The Group recognised a gain of HK\$245,072,000 on deemed disposal of a subsidiary. At the end of the reporting period, the Group remeasured its investment in 52,500,000 shares in EDS Wellness at market price and recognised an impairment loss in respect of available-for-sale financial assets reclassified from equity to profit or loss of HK\$73,500,000.

業務回顧(續)

於二零一五年十二月三十一日,廣州物業已出租予租戶(獨立於本集團之第三方)之總建築面積為5,085.77平方米。廣州物業之地庫二及三層(總建築面積為1,709.77平方米)空置。自二零一五年十一月十二日至二零一五年十二月三十一日期間,廣州物業為本集團產生租金收入3,643,000港元。

截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度之投資物業之回報為0.46%(二零一四年:無)。由於本集團於二零一五年第四季度於中國內地開拓物業投資業務,截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度並無投資物業之回報。

為提升盈利能力, EDS Wellness (作為發行 人)與興航有限公司、Goldenland Mining & Investment Limited , Silver Empire Holding Limited , Truly Elite Limited , High Aim Global Limited及First Bonus International Limited (作為認購人)於二零一五年二月 十七日訂立有條件認購協議,內容有關建議 認購345.000,000股EDS Wellness新股份 及30,000,000股EDS Wellness新可換股優 先股。董事認為訂立有條件認購協議為EDS Wellness提供良機以(i)籌集大額新資金,供 日後於中國內地在一個與EDS Wellness現有 業務不同之分部發展機上無線局域網及WIFI 工程與服務業務,(ji)改善財務狀況及資金流 動性及(iii)善用興航有限公司之主要股東兼唯 一董事蔡朝陽先生(主要認購人)之專才及商 業網絡,並從預期中國內地航空電子工程與 服務業務之強勁增長中得益。認購事項完成 後,本集團被視為出售其於EDS Wellness之 57.67% 持股權益並失去對EDS Wellness之 控制權。因此, EDS Wellness不再為本集團 之附屬公司及本集團於 EDS Wellness 之投資 已作為可供出售金融資產入賬。本集團確認視 作出售一間附屬公司之收益245,072,000港 元。於報告期末,本集團按市價重新計量其於 EDS Wellness 之 52.500.000 股股份之投資, 並確認可供出售金融資產由權益重新分類至損 益表之減值虧損73,500,000港元。

OPERATIONS REVIEW (Continued)

During the period from 1 January 2015 to 6 November 2015 (the date on which the control over EDS Wellness was lost), the EDS Wellness Group incurred a loss of HK\$22,988,000 to the Group. The results of the EDS Wellness Group are presented separately as discontinued operations for financial reporting purpose. The performance of EDS Wellness Group remained at a loss situation in the year ended 31 December 2015, which was mainly attributable to the increase in administrative expenses resulted from (i) the development of the provision of in-flight WLAN and WIFI engineering and services business in Mainland China and (ii) the legal and professional fees incurred for the subscription of 345,000,000 new shares in EDS Wellness and 30,000,000 new convertible preferred shares of EDS Wellness to the six subscribers and the legal actions taken for recovering an amount due from Mr. Shum Yeung.

The directors consider that the Group as a shareholder holding investment in EDS Wellness will continue to benefit from the increase in market price of shares of EDS Wellness driven by the improvement of EDS Wellness' profitability. For the purpose of realising the Group's investment in EDS Wellness in an effective and efficient manner, the directors proposed to seek an approval from the shareholders for granting a 12-month mandate for disposing of up to 52,500,000 shares in EDS Wellness on 8 January 2016. The 12-month disposal mandate constitutes a very substantial disposal of the Company under the Listing Rules and is subject to approval by the shareholders at a special general meeting of the Company. The circular for approving the disposal mandate is being prepared by the Company and will be despatched to the shareholders as soon as practicable.

The Spark Concept Group is operating two Japanese noodle shops in Central and Quarry Bay, and a high-end Japanese restaurant in Central. During the year, the Spark Concept Group reported a loss of HK\$2,728,000, a 196.52% increase from HK\$920,000 for the previous year. As the Group's share of post-acquisition losses equals to its interests in Spark Concept, no further share of losses was recognised for the year. The increase in loss was mainly attributable to (i) the deterioration of operations of the Japanese noodle shop in Hunghom caused by the nearby construction works of Shatin to Central Link and (ii) the pre-operation expenses incurred by the high-end Japanese restaurant in Central. Given that there is a prolonged delay in completing the

業務回顧(續)

自二零一五年一月一日至二零一五年十一月 六日期間(即失去EDS Wellness之控制權之 日期),EDS Wellness集團為本集團引致虧 損22,988,000港元。就財務報告而言,EDS Wellness集團之業績單獨呈列為已終止經營 業務。EDS Wellness集團之表現於截至二與營 業務。EDS Wellness集團之表現於截至二 態,主要由於來自(i)於中國內地發展供應機上 無線局域網及WIFI工程及服務及(ii)向六名 無線局域網及收回應收沈洋先生全額採取之法律行動所產生之行政開支之增幅所 致。

董事認為,本集團作為股東持有於EDS Wellness 之投資將透過提升EDS Wellness 盈利能力繼續從EDS Wellness 股份市價增長中獲利。就以有效及高效方式兑現本集團於EDS Wellness 之投資,董事建議於二零權內日尋求股東批准授予12個月授權內出售最多52,500,000股EDS Wellness 股份。該12個月出售授權構成上市規則項於本公司股東特別大會上批准,方告落實。批准出售授權之通函乃由本公司編製,並將於切實可行之情況下盡快寄發予股東。

Spark Concept集團於中環及鰂魚涌經營兩家日本麵店及於中環經營一家高端日本餐廳。年內,Spark Concept集團呈報虧損2,728,000港元,較去年之920,000港元增加196.52%。由於本集團佔收購後虧損之份強調,本年連一步虧損份額。虧損增加乃主要由於(i)位於紅磡之日本麵店因鄰近沙中線建築工程而變差及(ii)中環之高端日本餐廳產生之經營前開支所致。由於完成沙中線建築工程長時間延誤,紅磡之日本麵店於二零一六年

OPERATIONS REVIEW (Continued)

construction works of Shatin to Central Link, the Japanese noodle shop in Hunghom was closed in February 2016 in order to reduce the operating cash outflow of the Spark Concept Group. To finance its operations, the major shareholder has advanced HK\$2,000,000 to the Spark Concept Group. No further cash was advanced to the Spark Concept Group by the Group during the year. In light of the deteriorating results of the Spark Concept Group in the year ended 31 December 2015, an impairment loss of HK\$1,431,000 was recognised against the amount due from the Spark Concept Group. At 31 December 2015, the Spark Concept Group owed the Group an amount of HK\$7,393,000 (before accumulated impairment of HK\$5,296,000), which is unsecured, non-interest bearing and repayable on demand. In view of the fact that Hong Kong people love Japanese food, the Spark Concept Group has opened the high-end Japanese restaurant in Central in October 2015 in order to expand its operations. As announced by the Michelin Guide in November 2015, the Japanese noodle shops in Central and Quarry Bay are again included in the Bib Gourmands in the Michelin Guide Hong Kong Macau 2016.

FUTURE PROSPECTS

Sparked by the newly created circuit breaker system in Mainland China A-share markets and Renminbi hitting fresh lows, investors witnessed turmoil across major equity markets in January 2016. Equity markets were further impacted by worries over slumping oil prices and slowing growth in Mainland China. Investors face a number of uncertainty in 2016, which are the extent of Mainland China's slowdown, weaker oil prices and falling inflation expectation. It is evidenced by the Federal Reserve's recent decision in scaling back the number of times it expects to raise interest rates in 2016. However, the directors recognise that an uncertain outlook can often coincide with a good opportunity to invest. As such, the directors will cautiously monitor Hong Kong equity market, change the Group's equity portfolio mix from time to time and realise the equities held by the Group into cash as and when appropriate. The Group will continue to adopt a conservative investment approach towards its sale of financial assets business in 2016.

業務回顧(續)

月關閉,以減少Spark Concept集團之經營 現金流出量。為撥付其業務,主要股東已向 Spark Concept集團墊支2,000,000港元。年 內,本集團並無向Spark Concept集團墊支 額外現金。鑒於Spark Concept集團截至二 零一五年十二月三十一日止年度之業績轉差, 已就應收Spark Concept集團款項確認減值 虧損1,431,000港元。於二零一五年十二月 三十一日, Spark Concept集團結欠本集團 7,393,000港元(未扣除累計減值5,296,000 港元)之金額為無抵押、免息及須按要求 償還。鑒於香港人喜愛日本食品,Spark Concept集團已於二零一五年十月在中環開設 高端日本餐廳,以擴張其營運。誠如米芝蓮二 零一五年十一月所公佈,中環及鰂魚涌之日本 麵店於《香港及澳門米芝蓮指南2016》中再次 獲選為Bib Gourmand餐廳。

未來前景

FUTURE PROSPECTS (Continued)

Following the active expansion in recent years, the Group's money lending business slowed down its pace in the year ended 31 December 2015 as certain internal cash resources of the Group were utilised to finance the acquisitions of the Club, the Subject Land and the Guangzhou Property. As some of the internal cash resources of the Group are allocated to finance the development of the Subject Land, the Group has recently raised funds from the placing of new shares under general mandate as completed in February 2016. The directors believe the Group has sufficient funds to maintain the current level of operations of its money lending business. Given that concerns about the outlook of Hong Kong's economy are growing, the Group adopts a more cautious approach during its assessment and approval of loans in order to mitigate its credit risk. Accordingly, the directors expect a decline in the Group's money lending business in 2016.

The Hong Kong property market is hampered by the weakening market sentiment. Various factors including higher interest rates in the US, political disputes in Hong Kong, slowing economy in Mainland China and growing housing supply in Hong Kong affect homeowners' confidence causing the prices for certain property transactions significantly lower than market prices in the first guarter of 2016. Despite recent signs of a fall in property prices, Chief Executive Leung Chun-ying said the property cooling measures will stay. As the market has growing concerns about the outlook of Hong Kong's economy, in which tourism and re-exports show signs of weakness, the directors predict that property prices would slide 10% to 15% in 2016. As such, the Group has adopted a waitand-see approach towards its property investment business in Hong Kong.

In the fourth quarter of 2015, the Group has successfully expanded its property investment business into Mainland China by acquiring the Club, the Subject Land and the Guangzhou Property. Such expansion is for the purpose of creating a stable income stream to the Group. Both the Club and the Guangzhou Property are generating an ongoing rental income to the Group. With approximately 75% of the gross floor area of the Guangzhou Property has been leased to the tenants, the directors are considering various plans to seek tenants for Basement Levels 2 and 3 of the Guangzhou Property in order to increase its occupancy rate. No rental income was generated from the Subject Land during the year due to the Subject Land being developed into a low-

未來前景(續)

香港物業市場受疲軟之市場氣氛限制。多種因素(包括美國高利率、香港政治爭端、中國內地經濟放緩及香港住房供應增長)影響業主使房供應增長)影響業之一,導致二零一六年第一季度若干物業價格大幅低於市價。儘管最近物業價格產業下跌指施。由於市場日益關注香港經濟前景地產,其一次年物業價格將下跌10%至15%。因此完本集團將就其香港物業投資業務採納觀望策略。

FUTURE PROSPECTS (Continued)

density deluxe hotel villas community and a highend hotel apartment complex. As it is expected that the first phase development of the Subject Land will be completed in the third quarter of 2016, marketing activities will be carried out in the second quarter of 2016 to secure leases for the nine hotel villas. Accordingly, the directors expect that the rental income of the Group for the year ending 31 December 2016 will increase moderately.

The Group's design and sale of jewelry products business has grown significantly in 2015 as the Group has increased its sale and marketing efforts in direct selling its jewelry products to Europe, the Middle East and the US. Consumer spending in the countries where the Group's ultimate customers located rebounded at a modest pace in 2015. The economy of these countries has been gradually recovered and supported by domestic demand, aided by the improvement in labour market, drop in oil prices and low inflation which gives consumers more disposable income to spend. To stay competitive, the Group is in the process of setting up a wholly owned subsidiary in Dubai for reducing import tax on selling its jewelry products to Europe and the Middle East. The directors anticipate the Group's design and sale of jewelry products business will show a moderate growth in the year ending 31 December 2016.

In 2016, the directors will continue to cautiously monitor the business environment and strengthen the Group's business foundation by focusing the Group's existing businesses. In addition, the directors will continue to cautiously identify suitable investment opportunities for the Group to diversify its businesses and broaden its revenue.

EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

Subsequent to 31 December 2015 and up to the date of this annual report, the Group had the following material events:

On 8 January 2016 and 11 January 2016, the directors proposed to obtain a 12-month mandate from the shareholders for a possible disposal of up to 52,500,000 shares in EDS Wellness held by the Group on open market transactions on the Stock Exchange. The disposal mandate constitutes a very substantial disposal to the Company under the Listing Rules and is subject to approval by the shareholders at a special general meeting of the Company.

未來前景(續)

將於二零一六年第三季度完成,將於二零一六 年第二季度開始行銷活動以促成9棟別墅酒店 出租。因此,董事預期本集團截至二零一六 年十二月三十一日止年度之租金收入將適度增 長。

本集團設計及銷售珠寶產品業務在二零一五年 大幅增長,原因為本集團已加強其於歐洲、中 東及美國直接銷售其珠寶產品之銷售及市場推 廣。在本集團最終消費者之所在國家之消費於 二零一五年出現温和復甦。該等國家之經濟已 逐步回復,並由國內需求支持,加之勞動力市 場振興、油價下跌及低通脹,消費者有更多可 支配收入作為消費。為保持競爭力,本集團正 在杜拜設立全資附屬公司,以減少銷往歐洲及 中東之珠寶產品之進口税。董事預期本集團之 設計及銷售珠寶產品業務將於截至二零一六年 十二月三十一日止年度有温和增長。

於二零一六年,董事將繼續審慎監察業務環境 並透過集中於現有業務增強本集團之業務基 礎。此外,董事將繼續為本集團謹慎識別適當 之投資機會,以實現業務多元化並擴大其收 入。

報告期後事項

自二零一五年十二月三十一日至本年報公佈日 期為止期間,本集團有以下重大事項:

於二零一六年一月八日及二零一六年一 月十一日,董事建議就於聯交所以公開 市場交易可能出售本集團持有之最多 52,500,000 股 EDS Wellness 股份向股 東取得12個月授權。該出售授權構成 上市規則項下本公司之非常重大出售事 項,並須待股東於本公司股東特別大會 上批准,方告落實。

報告期後事項(續)

EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD (Continued)

- (b) On 18 February 2016, the Company allotted and issued 536,000,000 new shares at an issue price of HK\$0.125 per share by way of placing of new shares under general mandate raising HK\$64,490,000 (net of expenses) for financing the Group's design and sale of jewelry products business and money lending business.
- (c) Impacted by worries over slumping oil prices and slowing growth in Mainland China, the fair value of the financial assets at fair value through profit or loss and the available-for-sale financial assets held by the Group decreased from HK\$860,330,000 at 31 December 2015 to HK\$750,858,000 at the date of this annual report.

PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

A summary of the principal risks and uncertainties which may impact the Group's financial conditions, results of operations or future performance and how the Group to mitigate these risks is set out below.

This summary should not be regarded as a complete and comprehensive statement of all potential risks and uncertainties faced by the Group, but rather those risks which the Group currently believes may have a significant impact on the Group's performance and future prospects.

- (b) 於二零一六年二月十八日,本公司 根據一般授權以配售新股份之形式 按每股0.125港元之發行價配發及 發 行536,000,000股 新 股 份, 籌 集 64,490,000港元(扣除開支)以撥付本集 團之設計及銷售珠寶業務以及借貸業務。
- 受油價下跌及中國內地經濟增長放緩之 憂慮所影響,本集團持有按公平值計入 損益表之金融資產及可供出售金融資產 之公平值由二零一五年十二月三十一日 之860,330,000港元減少至本年報公佈 日期之750,858,000港元。

主要風險及不明朗因素

可能影響本集團財務狀況、營運業績或未來表 現之主要風險及不明朗因素概要及本集團如何 緩解該等風險載於下文。

此概要不應被視作對本集團面臨之所有潛在風 險及不明朗因素之完整詳盡陳述,惟本集團現 時相信該等風險可能對本集團之表現及未來前 景構成重大影響。

Principal risks	Description	Mitigating actions
主要風險	內容	舒緩措施
Strategic risk 策略性風險	Strategic risk is the risk that medium and long-term profitability and/or reputation of the Group could be adversely impacted by the failure either to identify or implement the correct strategy, or to react appropriately to changes in the business environment. 策略性風險為因未能識別或實施正確策略或對營業環境變化作出適當反應而對本集團中期及長期盈利能力及/或聲譽造成不利影響之風險。	experience of the Board. 董事會於投資管理之豐富經驗。 Regularly review on strategy and performance of each business unit. 定期檢討各業務單位之策略及表現。

Economic risk 經濟風險

Economic risk is the risk of any . downturn in economic conditions could impact the Group's performance through higher bad debts as a result of customers' inability to repay loans and lower asset values.

經濟風險為經濟環境之下行風險,或會透 過客戶無力償還貸款而導致壞賬增加及資 產價值降低影響本集團表現。

Regularly review forward looking indicators to identify economic conditions. 定期檢討前瞻性指標以識別經濟條件。

PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

(Continued)

主要風險及不明朗因素(續)

Spread price risk exposure by investing a

number of equities.

投資多個股票以分散價格風險。

(Gontinaca)		
Principal risks 主要風險	Description 內容	Mitigating actions 舒緩措施
Credit risk 信貸風險	Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Group if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations. 倘金融工具之客戶或交易對手於到期時未能履行其合約責任,則本集團之財務虧損風險為信貸風險。	credit quality assessment on customers before granting loans. 於授出貸款前全面了解客戶並對客戶進行信貸質素評估。 Regularly monitor loans receivables and
Liquidity risk 流動資金風險	Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. 流動資金風險為本集團未能履行其到期之財務責任之風險。	of financial position. 定期監測流動資金及財務狀況表。
Price risk 價格風險	Price risk is the risk that changes in equity prices will affect the Group's income and the value of its holdings of equities.	address any portfolio issues promptly.

價格風險為將影響本集團收入及其所持股 •

權價值之股價變動之風險。

PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

(Continued)

主要風險及不明朗因素(續)

Principal risks	Description		Mitigating actions		
主要風險	內容		舒緩措施		
Exchange risk 匯兑風險	Exchange risk is the risk that changes in foreign exchange rates will affect the Group's income and the value of	•			

its holdings of assets.

匯兑風險為將影響本集團收入及其所持資 產價值之外匯匯率變動之風險。

ial sk e d appropriate use financial instruments, such as forward exchange contracts. foreign currency options and forward rate agreements, to hedge this exchange risk. 密切監測財務狀況表及現金流匯兑風險,並 在其認為適用的情況下使用金融工具(如遠期 外匯合約、外匯期權及遠期利率協議)對沖該 匯兑風險。

People risk 人事風險

People risk is the risk of loss of the • services of any directors, senior management and other key personnel which could have a material adverse effect on the Group's businesses.

人事風險為可能對本集團業務造成重大不 利影響之任何董事、高級管理人員及其他 關鍵職員終止服務之風險。

- Provide competitive reward and benefit packages that ensure our ability to attract and retain the employees we need. 提供有競爭力之獎勵及福利待遇以確保本集
- 團有能力吸引及挽留所需之人才。 Ensure that the staff of the Group has the right working environment to enable them to do the best job possible and maximise their satisfaction at work

確保本集團之職員有合適之工作環境以令職 員盡最大可能做好工作及令工作滿意度最大

Legal and regulatory risk 法律及監管風險

Legal and regulatory risk is the risk . that a breach of laws and regulations could lead to litigation, investigations or disputes, resulting in additional costs being incurred, civil and/or criminal proceedings and reputational damage.

法律及監管風險為違反法律及法規或導致 訴訟、調查或爭端、造成額外成本、民事 及/或刑事訴訟及名譽損害之風險。

- Monitor changes and developments in the regulatory environment and ensure that sufficient resources being made available to implement any required changes.
 - 定期監測環境之變動及發展並確保可用之資 源足以實施任何規定之變動。
- Seek legal or other specialist advice as appropriate.

適用時尋求法律或其他專業人士意見。

ENVIRONMENT

As the Group is principally engaged in distribution of films, sub-licensing of film rights, sale of financial assets, property investment, money lending, and design and sale of jewelry products, the Group requires limited natural resources to operate and therefore has a relatively low environmental impact. The Group's direct environmental impact comes from its office premises, air travel and fuel consumed by owned motor vehicles. The Group continuously seeks ways to minimise the Group's environmental footprint and improve our energy saving, as well as reducing both emissions and waste.

環境

由於本集團主要從事電影發行、轉授電影發行權、銷售金融資產、物業投資、借貸業務以及設計及銷售珠寶產品,本集團經營所需之天然資源有限,故此對環境造成之影響較少。本集團之直接環境影響來自其辦公室物業、航空華旅及擁有之汽車所消耗之燃油。本集團不斷或求方法減低本集團之生態足印及加強節能,以及減少排放物及廢料。

For the year ended 31 December 2015 CO₂ emissions in kg 截至二零一五年 十二月三十一日 止年度以公斤計算之 二氧化碳排放量 (Note) (附註)

Source of greenhouse gas emissions

溫室氣體排放來源

Electricity (office premises) 電力(辦公室物業) **52,356**Air travel 航空差旅 **32,906**Fuel consumed by owned motor vehicles 擁有之汽車所消耗之燃油 **1,062**

Total 總計 **86,324**

Note:

The figures are excluded the impact of discontinued operations.

附註:

數據不包括已終止經營業務之影響。

COMPLIANCE WITH LAWS AND REGULATIONS

The Group recognises the importance of compliance with the relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on its principal activities and the risk of non-compliance with such laws and regulations could lead to litigation, investigations or disputes, resulting in additional costs being incurred, civil and/ or criminal proceedings and reputational damage.

During the year, the Group has complied with (i) Money Lenders Ordinance and Money Lenders Regulations for its money lending business in Hong Kong, and (ii) Urban and Rural Planning Law of the People's Republic of China and Construction Law of the People's Republic of China for the development of the Subject Land in Mainland China.

遵守法例及法規

本集團確認遵守相關法例及法規對其主要業務 之重要性,不遵守該等法例及法規可能引致訴 訟、調查或糾紛,產生額外成本、民事及/或 刑事法律程序及聲譽受損。

年內,本集團已(i)就其於香港之借貸業務遵守 放債人條例及放債人規例;及(ii)就於中國內 地之主體地塊之發展遵守中華人民共和國城鄉 規劃法及中華人民共和國建築法。

RELATIONSHIPS WITH KEY STAKEHOLDERS

The Group believes that sustainable business success and growth depends on the excellent relationships maintained with stakeholders, including employees, customers and suppliers. The Group seeks to act fairly, responsibly and transparently in its operations and relationships with stakeholders.

Employees

The Group has a strong commitment to ensure that all its staff is treated fairly and that the Group provides equal opportunity both to existing employees and in its recruitment process. Merit is the primary basis for employment with the Group. All employees and applicants for employment should be treated and evaluated according to their job-related skills, qualifications, abilities and aptitudes only.

The Group seeks to consider employees from a wide range of backgrounds in its recruitment processes, and the Group does not tolerate any form of harassment or discrimination of employees with regards to race, gender, age, disability, sexual orientation or religion. Active harassment and discrimination in the workplace in any form is unacceptable. The Group regards any actions by an employee that constitute harassment or discrimination as serious misconduct.

The Group has developed and implemented a competitive compensation structure which is key for the Group to help attract, motivate and retain the best talent. In addition to basic salaries, provident fund and discretionary bonus, staff benefits include medical scheme and share options. The Group continually reviews its compensation structure to ensure it remains attractive and competitive.

The training and development of the Group's employees is key to employee retention, and ensuring that its employees continue to have the skills and expertise that is core to the Group's sustainable business success and growth. Employees are encouraged to attend courses, seminars and workshops that are relevant to their jobs and the Group reimburses for related expenses in full. Employees of the Group also have the opportunity to be mentored by the directors, building one-to-one relationships to coach people through their careers.

與主要持份者之關係

本集團相信,可持續業務之成功及增長有賴與 持份者,包括僱員、客戶及供應商維持良好關係。本集團務求於其業務及與持份者之關係中 行事公正、盡責及保持透明度。

僱員

本集團致力確保其所有僱員獲公平待遇,而本 集團向其現有僱員及於招聘過程中提供平等機 會。僱用之主要基準為對本集團之好處。所有 僱員及求職者應僅根據彼等之工作相關技能、 資格、能力及才能而獲對待及評估。

本集團務求於其招聘過程中考慮僱員多方面之 背景,本集團不容許對僱員有任何有關種族、 性別、年齡、殘疾、性取向或宗教之騷擾或歧 視行為。於工作場所之任何激烈騷擾或歧視行 為均不能接受。本集團將僱員作出之任何構成 騷擾或歧視之行動視為嚴重不當行為。

本集團已制定及實施具競爭力的薪酬架構,並 為有助本集團吸引、推動及挽留人才之關鍵。 除基本薪金、公積金及酌情花紅外,員工福利 包括醫療計劃及購股權。本集團持續檢討其薪 酬架構以確保其維持吸引力及競爭力。

本集團僱員之培訓及發展為挽留僱員之關鍵,並確保其僱員持續擁有對本集團可持續務之成功及增長而言至關重要之技巧及知識。本集團鼓勵僱員出席與彼等工作有關之課程、講座及工作坊,而本集團將全數發還有關開支。本集團僱員亦有機會獲董事指導,建立一對一關係以於彼等之事業生涯進行輔導。

RELATIONSHIPS WITH KEY STAKEHOLDERS (Continued)

Customers

The Group believes that customers are vitally important to its sustainable business success and growth. Employees of the Group have a paramount duty to act with integrity, respect, diligence and competence in their dealings with the Group's customers.

To preserve its customer relationships:

- (a) the Group does not misrepresent its services or products in any sales or promotional efforts;
- (b) the Group communicates clearly so that customers understand the terms of the business relationships, including contracts, performance criteria, schedules, prices and responsibilities; and
- (c) the Group protect its customers' confidential information pursuant to contracts with its customers and all applicable privacy laws in the countries in which the Group operates.

Suppliers

The Group views its suppliers as partners who make an important contribution to the Group's sustainable business success and growth. Employees of the Group are expected to be honest and fair in all business interactions with suppliers, which include contractors, consultants and other agents.

The choice of suppliers of goods and services must be made based on the best value received by the Group. In addition, the Group believes in doing business with those suppliers who demonstrate high standards of ethical behaviour. The Group will not knowingly engage suppliers who operate in violation of applicable laws or regulations, including local environmental, employment and safety laws.

與主要持份者之關係(續)

客戶

本集團相信客戶對其可持續業務之成功及增長 而言相當重要。本集團僱員與本集團客戶交易 時之首要職責為行事廉正、尊重、勤奮及具備 技能。

為維持其客戶關係:

- (a) 本集團並無於任何銷售或市場推廣渠道 歪曲其服務或產品;
- (b) 本集團清楚傳達,令客戶明白業務關係 之條款,包括合約、業績標準、時間 表、價格及責任;及
- (c) 根據與其客戶之合約及本集團經營業務 之國家之所有適用私隱法例,本集團保 護其客戶之機密資料。

供應商

本集團視其供應商為對本集團可持續業務之成功及增長作出重要貢獻之夥伴。預期本集團僱員於與供應商,包括承包商、顧問及其他代理之所有業務往來中,行事誠實公正。

選擇貨品及服務之供應商必須根據本集團收取 之最佳價值而作出。此外,本集團相信,與符 合較高道德標準之供應商有業務往來乃有利之 舉。本集團將不會在知情之情況下,與違反適 用法例及法規,包括當地環境、僱員及安全法 例之供應商進行業務。

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES

The board of directors of the Company (the "Board") is committed to maintaining a high standard of corporate governance, in line with the principles of the code provisions of the Corporate Governance Code (the "Code") as set out in Appendix 14 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities (the "Listing Rules") on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange").

In the opinion of the Board, the Company had complied with the Code throughout the year ended 31 December 2015, except for:

- (a) the roles of the Chairman and the Chief Executive Officer are not segregated and are exercised by the same individual; and
- (b) the non-executive directors of the Company are not appointed for a specific term but are subject to retirement by rotation and re-election pursuant to the Company's bye-laws.

The Board as a whole is responsible for performing the corporate governance duties. The Board periodically reviews and improves the corporate governance practices and standards of the Company with a view to continuously improve the Company's corporate governance practices by assessing their effectiveness with evolving standards to meet changing circumstances and needs.

The Board has reviewed and monitored the Company's corporate governance practices and standards on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements and the training and continuous professional development of directors. The Board has also reviewed the Company's compliance with the Code and disclosure in the corporate governance report.

DIRECTORS' SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS

The Company has adopted the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model Code") as set out in Appendix 10 of the Listing Rules for securities transactions by the directors of the Company. Having made specific enquiry by the Company, all directors have confirmed that they have complied with the required standard as set out in the Model Code throughout the year ended 31 December 2015.

企業管治常規

本公司董事會(「董事會」)致力維持良好之企業 管治水平,符合香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯 交所」)證券上市規則(「上市規則」)附錄十四 所載企業管治守則(「守則」)之守則條文之原 則。

董事會認為,本公司於截至二零一五年十二月 三十一日止年度內一直遵守守則,惟下述者除 外:

- (a) 主席與行政總裁之角色沒有分開,並由 同一人擔任;及
- (b) 本公司非執行董事之委任並無指定任期,惟須根據本公司之公司細則輪值告退及膺選連任。

全體董事會負責履行企業管治職責。董事會定期檢討及改善本公司之企業管治常規及標準,通過不斷演變以迎合不斷改變之情況及需要之守則,來評估其有效性,從而不斷改善本公司之企業管治常規。

董事會檢討及監督本公司的企業管治常規及符合法律與監管要求之標準,以及董事的培訓與持續專業發展。董事會亦檢討本公司就守則方面遵守及企業管治報告之披露。

董事證券交易

本公司已就本公司董事進行證券交易採納上市規則附錄十所載之上市發行人董事進行證券交易的標準守則(「標準守則」)。全體董事會成員已確認,彼等於截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度內一直遵守標準守則所載之規定標準。

FINANCIAL REPORTING

The Board is responsible for presenting a balanced, clear and understandable assessment of the Company's annual and interim reports, inside information announcements and other disclosures required under the Listing Rules and other regulatory requirements.

The directors acknowledge that it is their responsibilities for preparation of the consolidated financial statements of the Group and ensure that the consolidated financial statements are in accordance with statutory requirements and applicable financial reporting standards. The directors also ensure that the timely publication of the consolidated financial statements of the Group.

The directors confirm that, to the best of their knowledge, information and belief, having made all reasonable enquires, they are not aware of any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt upon the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

The Company engaged HLB Hodgson Impey Cheng Limited as its auditors for the year ended 31 December 2015. The statement by HLB Hodgson Impey Cheng Limited regarding their reporting responsibilities on the consolidated financial statements of the Group is set out in the Independent Auditors' Report on pages 64 to 65 of the annual report.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

The Board is responsible for the leadership and control of the Company and oversees the Group's businesses, strategic direction and financial performance. The management, consisting of executive directors along with other senior executives, is delegated the authority and responsibility by the Board for the management of the Group. In addition, the Board has also delegated various responsibilities to the four committees, namely the Audit Committee, the Remuneration Committee, the Nomination Committee and the Finance Committee, to assist the Board in discharging its duties and to oversee particular aspects of the Group's activities.

Decisions on important matters are specifically reserved to the Board while decisions on the Group's general operations are delegated to the management. Important matters include those affecting the Group's strategic policies, major investment and funding decisions and major commitments relating to the Group's operations.

財務報告

董事會負責對本公司年度及中期報告、內幕消息公佈,以及上市規則及其他監管規定之其他 披露事項作出持平、清晰及易明之評估。

董事確認編製本集團綜合財務報表乃彼等之責任,並確保綜合財務報表遵守法律規定及適用 會計準則。董事亦確保適時刊發本集團之綜合 財務報表。

董事經作出一切合理查詢後確認,就彼等所深知、盡悉及確信,彼等並不知悉任何有關可能 對本公司綜合持續經營能力造成重大質疑之重 大不明朗因素。

本公司已委聘國衛會計師事務所有限公司為本 集團截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度之 核數師。國衛會計師事務所有限公司就彼等對 本集團綜合財務報表之申報責任載於年報第 64至65頁之獨立核數師報告內。

董事會

董事會負責領導及控制本公司,並監督本集團之業務、策略性方向及財務表現。董事會已授予管理層(包括執行董事及其他高級行政人員)權力及責任管理本集團。此外,董事會亦將不同責任授予四個委員會(即審核委員會、薪酬委員會、提名委員會及財務委員會),以協助董事會履行其職責及監督本集團活動之特定範疇。

重要事宜之決策特定由董事會作出,而本集團 一般營運之決策則交由管理層作出。重要事宜 包括對本集團之策略性政策、主要投資及融資 決定,以及對其他有關本集團營運主要承擔構 成影響之事宜。

BOARD OF DIRECTORS (Continued)

The day-to-day management of the Group is delegated to the management. This delegation of authority includes responsibility for developing and formulating business plans and budgets of the Group for the Board's approval, operating the Group's businesses within the parameters set by the Board, keeping the Board informed of material developments of the Group's businesses, identifying and managing operation and other risk and implementing the policies and processes approved by the Board.

The composition of the Board reflects the necessary balance skills and experience desirable for effective leadership of the Company and independence in decision-making.

The directors of the Company during the year and up to the date of this report were:

Executive directors:

Mr. Lei Hong Wai
(Chairman and Chief Executive Officer)

Mr. Cheung Kwok Wai Elton Mr. Chan Kin Wah Billy Mr. Cheung Kwok Fan

Independent non-executive directors:

Mr. Wan Shing Chi Mr. Ng Heung Yan Mr. Wong Tak Chuen

Biographical information of the directors as at the date of this report are set out in the Biographical Details of Directors on pages 61 to 63 of the annual report.

Save and except for (a) Mr. Cheung Kwok Wai Elton and Mr. Cheung Kwok Fan are brothers and (b) each of Mr. Lei Hong Wai, Mr. Cheung Kwok Wai Elton and Mr. Cheung Kwok Fan beneficially owns 50%, 25% and 25% respectively in the issued share capital of Twin Success International Limited, a substantial shareholder of the Company within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance, there is no relationship between members of the Board.

董事會(續)

管理層獲授權負責本集團之日常管理。該等授權包括負責發展及制定本集團之業務計劃及預算以供董事會批准、在董事會定下之範圍內經營本集團業務、向董事會提供本集團業務重大發展之最新資料、確定及管理營運及其他風險,並實行董事會批准之政策及程序。

董事會之組成反映其有效領導本公司及保持決 策獨立性而具備適當所需均衡技巧及經驗。

年內及截至本報告日期,本公司董事包括:

執行董事:

李雄偉先生 *(主席兼行政總裁)* 張國偉先生 陳健華先生 張國勳先生

獨立非執行董事:

尹成志先生 吳向仁先生 黃德銓先生

於本報告日期之董事履歷資料載於年報第61 至63頁「董事履歷詳情」一節內。

除(a) 張國偉先生及張國勳先生為兄弟及(b) 李雄偉先生、張國偉先生及張國勳先生分別於本公司之主要股東(定義見證券及期貨條例第 XV部) Twin Success International Limited之已發行股本實益擁有 50%、25%及25%外,各董事會成員概無關係。

BOARD OF DIRECTORS (Continued)

The Company Secretary of the Company is responsible to keep minutes of all Board and committee meetings. Draft minutes are normally circulated to the directors for comment within a reasonable time after each meeting and the final version is open for directors' inspection.

The directors are able, upon reasonable request, to seek independent professional advice in appropriate circumstances, at the Company's expenses. The Board shall resolve to provide separate appropriate independent professional advice to the directors to assist the relevant directors to discharge their duties.

The Company prepares a monthly update on the Group's performance and position to all directors to enable the Board as a whole and each director to discharge their duties and responsibilities.

During the year ended 31 December 2015, the Board at all times met the requirements Rules 3.10(1) and (2), and 3.10A of the Listing Rules relating to the appointment of at least three independent non-executive directors (representing not less than one-third of the Board) with at least one independent non-executive director possessing appropriate professional qualifications, or accounting or related financial management expertise.

For a director to be considered independent, that director should not have any direct or indirect material interest in the Group. In determining the independence of directors, the Board follows the requirement set out in the Listing Rules. The Company has received from each of the independent non-executive directors an annual written confirmation of his independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules in respect of the year ended 31 December 2015. The Company considers all of the independent non-executive directors are independent. No independent non-executive director has served the Company for more than nine years.

The directors are fully insured under the directors' and officers' liability insurance policy for indemnification against costs, charges, losses, expenses and liabilities that may be incurred by them in the execution and discharge of their duties.

The directors are committed to complying with code provision A.6.5 of the Code on directors' training. All directors have participated in continuous professional and provided a record of training they received for the year ended 31 December 2015 to Company.

董事會(續)

本公司之公司秘書負責就所有董事會及委員會 會議之會議記錄存檔。會議記錄草稿一般於各 會議後一段合理時間內向董事傳閱以收集意 見,最終版本將公開以供董事審閱。

董事可於提出合理要求後,在適當情況下尋求 獨立專業意見,費用由本公司承擔。董事會將 議決向董事提供個別適當之獨立專業意見,以 協助相關董事履行其職務。

本公司就本集團之表現及狀況為全體董事編製每月最新資料,以讓董事會整體及各董事履行 其職務及職責。

截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度內,董事會一直遵守上市規則第3.10(1)及(2)條,以及第3.10A條有關委任最少三名獨立非執行董事(佔董事會人數不少於三分之一)而最少一名獨立非執行董事具備適當專業資格或會計或相關財務管理專長之規定。

董事不得於本集團擁有任何直接或間接重大權益,方被視為獨立。於釐定董事之獨立性時,董事會遵從上市規則載列之規定。本公司已收到各獨立非執行董事根據上市規則第3.13條所發出有關其於截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度之獨立性之年度確認書。本公司認為全體獨立非執行董事因過九年。

董事乃受董事及高級人員之責任保險全面保 障,以向董事們在執行及履行彼等之職務時而 產生之成本、費用、損失、開支及責任作出賠 償。

董事已承諾遵守有關董事培訓之守則之守則 條文第A.6.5條。全體董事已參與持續專業培訓,並向本公司提供彼等於截至二零一五年 十二月三十一日止年度接受培訓之記錄。

BOARD OF DIRECTORS (Continued)

A summary of training received by the directors during the year ended 31 December 2015 is as follows:

董事會(續)

截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度,董事接受之培訓概要如下:

Types of

Subject of

		training 培訓類型 (Note 1) (附註 1)	training 培訓主題 (Note 2) (附註2)
Executive directors:	執行董事:		
Mr. Lei Hong Wai Mr. Cheung Kwok Wai Elton Mr. Chan Kin Wah Billy Mr. Cheung Kwok Fan	李雄偉先生 張國偉先生 陳健華先生 張國勳先生	1 1 1 & 2 1	A A A & B A
Independent non-executive directors:	獨立非執行董事:		
Mr. Wan Shing Chi Mr. Ng Heung Yan Mr. Wong Tak Chuen	尹成志先生 吳向仁先生 黃德銓先生	1 1 1 & 2	A A A

Note 1:

Relevant reading, video or audio
 Courses, seminars or workshops

Note 2:

A: Corporate governance and regulatory

B: Business and management

On 7 December 2015, the Chairman of the Board held meeting with the independent non-executive directors, without the presence of the executive directors.

附註1:

1: 相關讀物、影片或音頻 2: 課程、研討會或工作坊

附註2:

A: 企業管治及監管 B: 業務及管理

於二零-五年十二月七日,董事會主席與獨立 非執行董事舉行會議,而執行董事並無出席。

BOARD DIVERSITY POLICY

During the year, the Board adopted a board diversity policy setting out the approach to achieve diversity on the Board. The Company considers diversity of board members can be achieved through consideration of a number of aspects, including but not limited to gender, age, cultural and educational background, professional experience, skills and knowledge. All Board appointments will be based on meritocracy, and candidates will be considered against objective criteria, having due regard for the benefits of diversity on the Board.

Selection of candidates will be based on a range of diversity perspectives, including but not limited to gender, age, cultural and educational background, professional experience, skills and knowledge. The ultimate decision will be made upon the merits and contribution that the selected candidates will bring to the Board.

董事會多元化政策

年內,董事會採納董事會多元化政策,當中載 列達致董事會多元化之方法。本公司認為董事 會成員多元化可透過考慮多方面後達致,包 但不限於性別、年齡、文化及教育背景、專 經驗、技巧及知識。所有董事會委任均以用人 唯才為原則,以客觀準則考慮人選,並已充分 考慮董事會多元化之裨益。

人選將根據一系列多元化之觀點與角度挑選, 包括但不限於性別、年齡、文化及教育背景、 專業經驗、技巧及知識。最終決定將在考慮獲 選人選將為董事會帶來之好處及貢獻而作出。

CHAIRMAN AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

Code provision A.2.1 of the Code requires that the role of chairman and chief executive officer should be separate and should not be performed by the same individual. During the year, Mr. Lei Hong Wai has taken up the roles of the Chairman of the Board and the Chief Executive Officer of the Company. Mr. Lei possesses essential leadership skills and has extensive experience in corporate management and business development. The Board is of the view that currently vesting the roles of the Chairman and the Chief Executive Officer in the same person provides the Group with strong and consistent leadership and allows for more effective and efficient business planning and decisions as well as execution of long-term business strategies.

TERMS OF NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Code provision A.4.1 of the Code requires that non-executive directors should be appointed for a specific term, subject to re-election. All non-executive directors of the Company are not appointed for a specific term, but are subject to retirement from office by rotation and re-election in accordance with the provisions of the Company's bye-laws. At each annual general meeting, one-third of the directors for the time being, (or, if their number is not a multiple of three, the number nearest to but not less than one-third) shall retire from office by rotation, provided that every director shall be subject to retirement by rotation at least once every three years. As such, the Company considers that such provision is sufficient to meet the underlying objective of this code provision.

BOARD COMMITTEES

The Board has established four committees with clearly defined written terms of reference. The main roles and responsibilities of these committees, including all authorities delegated to them by the Board, as set out in the terms of reference, are published on websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange. The independent views and recommendations of the four committees ensure proper control of the Group and the continual achievement of the high corporate governance standards expected of a listed company. The chairman of each committee reports the outcome of the committee's meetings to the Board for further discussions and approvals.

The majority of the members of each board committees are independent non-executive directors. The board committees are provided with sufficient resources to discharge their duties and, upon reasonable request, are able to seek independent professional advice in appropriate circumstances, at the Company's expenses.

主席及行政總裁

守則之守則條文第A.2.1條規定主席與行政總裁之角色應有區分,不應由同一人同時兼任民內,李雄偉先生接任本公司董事內及行政總裁。李先生具備重要領導技巧。 於年度內,李雄偉先生接任本公司董事內及行政總裁。李先生具備重要領導技巧。 企業管理及業務發展方面具有豐富經驗總裁會認為,目前由同一人擔任主席及行政總裁導之 角色可為本集團提供穩固及貫徹、決策及執行更並使長遠業務策略之業務策劃、決策及執行更為有效。

非執行董事之任期

守則之守則條文A.4.1條規定,非執行董事之 委任應有指定任期,並須接受重選。本公司所 有非執行董事並非按指定任期委任,惟均須根 據本公司之公司細則規定輪值告退及膺選連 任。倘各董事須最少每三年輪席告退一次之 每屆股東週年大會上,當時董事之三分之一 (或倘人數並非三之倍數,則為最接近但本公 於三分之一之數)則須輪值告退。因此,本公司認為該等規定足以符合此守則條文之相關目標。

董事委員會

各董事委員會之大部分成員為獨立非執行董 事。董事委員會提供充足資源以履行彼等之責 任,並應合理要求,可在適當情況下尋求獨立 專業意見,費用由本公司承擔。

BOARD COMMITTEES (Continued)

Remuneration Committee

The Remuneration Committee comprises two independent non-executive directors, namely Mr. Ng Heung Yan and Mr. Wan Shing Chi, and one executive director, namely Mr. Lei Hong Wai. Mr. Ng Heung Yan is the chairman of the Remuneration Committee.

The Remuneration Committee is mainly responsible for making recommendations to the Board on the Company's policy and structure for all directors and senior management remuneration and on the establishment of a formal and transparent procedure for developing remuneration policy and ensuring that no director or any of his associates will involve in deciding his own remuneration. The Remuneration Committee makes recommendations to the Board on the remuneration packages, including benefits in kind, pension rights and compensation payments, of individual executive directors and senior management.

During the year ended 31 December 2015, the Remuneration Committee held three meetings to review and discuss the remuneration structure and packages of each executive directors and the discretionary bonus of executive directors for making recommendations to the Board for approval.

Nomination Committee

The Nomination Committee comprises one executive director, namely Mr. Lei Hong Wai, and two independent non-executive directors, namely Mr. Wan Shing Chi and Mr. Ng Heung Yan. Mr. Lei Hong Wai is the chairman of the Nomination Committee.

The Nomination Committee is mainly responsible for reviewing the structure, size and composition (including the skills, knowledge and experience) of the Board, identifying potential directors and making recommendations to the Board on the appointment or re-appointment of directors.

董事委員會(續)

薪酬委員會

薪酬委員會由兩名獨立非執行董事吳向仁先生 及尹成志先生,以及一名執行董事李雄偉先生 組成。吳向仁先生為薪酬委員會主席。

薪酬委員會主要負責就本公司董事及高級管理 人員之全體薪酬政策及架構及就設立正規而具 透明度之程序制訂薪酬政策,向董事會提出建 議,並確保任何董事或其任何聯繫人士不得參 與決定其本身之薪酬。薪酬委員會就個別執行 董事及高級管理人員之薪酬待遇,包括實物福 利、退休金權利及賠償款項,向董事會提出建 議。

於截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度內, 薪酬委員會就檢討及討論每位執行董事之薪酬 架構及待遇,以及執行董事之酌情花紅,已舉 行三次會議,並向董事會作出建議供其審批。

提名委員會

提名委員會由一名執行董事李雄偉先生,以及 兩名獨立非執行董事尹成志先生及吳向仁先生 組成。李雄偉先生為提名委員會主席。

提名委員會主要負責檢討董事會之架構、人數及組成(包括技能、知識及經驗),物色潛在董事及就委任或重新委任董事向董事會提出建議。

BOARD COMMITTEES (Continued)

Nomination Committee (Continued)

The Nomination Committee leads the process and makes recommendations for appointments to the Board, whether as additional appointment or to fill up the casual vacancy of directorship as and when they arise, in light of challenges and opportunities facing the Company, as well as business development and requirements of the Company. In evaluating and selecting candidate(s) for directorship, the Nomination Committee considers the character and integrity. skill and expertise, professional and educational background, potential time commitment for the Board and/or committee responsibilities, and the elements of the Board Diversity Policy etc. The Nomination Committee makes recommendation to the Board to appoint the appropriate person among the candidates nominated for directorship. Suitable candidate(s) shall be appointed by the Board in accordance with the Company's bye-laws and the Listing Rules.

During the year ended 31 December 2015, the Nomination Committee held two meetings to review the structure, size and composition of the Board.

Finance Committee

The Finance Committee comprises one executive director, namely Mr. Chan Kin Wah Billy, and one independent non-executive director, namely Mr. Wong Tak Chuen. Mr. Chan Kin Wah Billy is the chairman of the Finance Committee.

The Finance Committee is mainly responsible for reviewing and approving banking facilities and financial instruments to be granted or issued by the Company for the Group's needs and the provision of corporate guarantees by the Company for its subsidiaries and associates.

During the year ended 31 December 2015, no Finance Committee meeting was held.

董事委員會(續)

提名委員會(續)

於截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度內, 提名委員會已就檢討董事會之架構、人數及組 成員舉行兩次會議。

財務委員會

財務委員會由一名執行董事陳健華先生,以及 一名獨立非執行董事黃德銓先生組成。陳健華 先生為財務委員會主席。

財務委員會主要負責檢討及審批本公司就本集 團需要將授出或發行之銀行融資及金融工具, 以及本公司為其附屬公司及聯營公司提供之公 司擔保。

於截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度內, 財務委員會並無舉行會議。

BOARD COMMITTEES (Continued)

Audit Committee

The Audit Committee comprises three independent non-executive directors, namely Mr. Wong Tak Chuen, Mr. Wan Shing Chi and Mr. Ng Heung Yan. Mr. Wong Tak Chuen is the chairman of the Audit Committee.

The main responsibilities of the Audit Committee are to monitor the financial reporting process of the Company and to review the Company's financial control, internal control and risk management systems. It also governs the engagement of external auditors and its performance. The Audit Committee meets regularly with at least two meetings annually. It also has separate meeting with the Company's external auditors at least once a year with the absence of the management.

During the year ended 31 December 2015, the Audit Committee reviewed with the external auditors the annual report for 2014, the audited consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2014, the interim report for 2015 and the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements of the Group for the six months ended 30 June 2015 before their submission to the Board for approval. It also reviewed the reports on internal control system of the Group and discussed with the management and the external auditors the accounting policies and practices which might affect the Group and financial reporting matters.

At the meeting held on 24 March 2016, the Audit Committee concluded that it was satisfied with its review of the audit fee, process and effectiveness, independence and objectivity of HLB Hodgson Impey Cheng Limited. The Audit Committee has therefore recommended to the Board that HLB Hodgson Impey Cheng Limited be re-appointed as the Company's auditors at the annual general meeting in 2016.

董事委員會(續)

審核委員會

審核委員會由三名獨立非執行董事黃德銓先 生、尹成志先生及吳向仁先生組成。黃德銓先 生為審核委員會主席。

審核委員會之主要責任為監察本公司之財務申報程序,以及檢討本公司之財務監控、內部監控及風險管理系統。審核委員會亦管理外聘核數師之委聘及其表現。審核委員會每年定期會面最少兩次,亦會在管理層缺席之情況下,每年與本公司之外聘核數師會面最少一次。

於二零一六年三月二十四日舉行之會議上,審核委員會確認信納對國衛會計師事務所有限公司之核數費用、程序及有效性,獨立性及客觀性進行之檢討。審核委員會因此向董事會建議於二零一六年股東週年大會上重新委任國衛會計師事務所有限公司為本公司之外聘核數師。

ATTENDANCE RECORDS AT MEETINGS

The attendance records of each director at the various meetings of the Company during the year ended 31 December 2015 are set out as below:

會議出席紀錄

於截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度內, 各董事於本公司多個會議之出席紀錄載列如

Attended/Eligible to Attend

已出席/合資格出席

		Annual general meeting 股東週年 大會	Special general meetings 股東特別 大會		Remuneration Committee meetings 薪酬委員會 會議	Nomination Committee meetings 提名委員會 會議	Audit Committee meetings 審核委員會 會議	Finance Committee meeting 財務委員會 會議
Number of meetings	會議次數	1	6	49	3	2	2	0
Executive directors:	執行董事:		- 12		2/2		 \	 \
Mr. Lei Hong Wai	李雄偉先生	1/1	5/6	48/49	3/3	2/2 N/A 7:≑⊞	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用
Mr. Cheung Kwok Wai Elton	張國偉先生	0/1	6/6	46/49	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用
Mr. Chan Kin Wah Billy	陳健華先生	1/1	6/6	45/49	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	0/0
Mr. Cheung Kwok Fan	張國勳先生	1/1	5/6	46/49	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用
Independent non-executive directors:	獨立非執行董事:							
Mr. Wan Shing Chi	尹成志先生	1/1	6/6	42/49	3/3	2/2	2/2	N/A 不適用
Mr. Ng Heung Yan	吳向仁先生	1/1	6/6	42/49	3/3	2/2	2/2	N/A 不適用
Mr. Wong Tak Chuen	黃德銓先生	1/1	6/6	42/49	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	2/2	0/0

COMPANY SECRETARY

Mr. Chan Kin Wah Billy has been the Company Secretary of the Company since 31 January 2005. He is also an executive director of the Company. The biographical information of Mr. Chan are set out in the Biographical Details of Directors on page 62 of the annual report. During the year, Mr. Chan undertook not less than 15 hours of relevant professional training.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REMUNERATION

During the year, the Company engaged HLB Hodgson Impey Cheng Limited to perform audit services and non-audit services and incurred audit services fees of HK\$680,000 and non-audit services fees of HK\$2,948,000. The non-audit services consist of taxation services, interim review and reporting accountant services in relation to notifiable transactions and fund raising activity.

公司秘書

陳健華先生自二零零五年一月三十一日起出任 本公司之公司秘書,彼亦為本公司之執行董 事。陳先生之履歷資料載於年報第62頁「董事 履歷詳情」一節內。年內,陳先生參加不少於 15小時之相關專業培訓。

獨立核數師酬金

年內,本公司委聘國衛會計師事務所有限 公司進行核數服務, 以及非核數服務, 並產 生核數服務費680,000港元及非核數服務費 2,948,000港元。非核數服務包括税務服務、 中期審閱及就有關須予通知交易及融資活動提 供之申報會計師服務。

INTERNAL CONTROLS

The Board should ensure that the Group maintains a sound and effective internal control system to safeguard shareholders' investment and the Group's assets. The Group has adopted a set of internal control procedures and policies to safeguard the assets, to ensure proper maintenance of accounting records and reliability of financial reporting, and to ensure compliance with relevant legislation and regulations. The internal control system is designed to ensure the financial, operational and compliance controls, and risk management functions are in place and functioning effectively.

During the year, the Board engaged HLB Hodgson Impey Cheng Risk Advisory Services Limited to conduct a review of the Group's internal control system and make recommendations to the Board for improvement and strengthening of the internal control system. Based on the results of the internal control review, the Board and the Audit Committee considered the Group's internal control system effective and adequate. No significant areas of concern which might affect the shareholders were identified.

The Board also, reviews, at least annually, the adequacy of resources, staff qualifications and experience of the Group's accounting and financial reporting function, and their training programmes and budget.

COMMUNICATION WITH SHAREHOLDERS

The Company reports to its shareholders twice a year. Interim and annual results are announced to keep shareholders informed of the Group's performance and operations. The general meetings of the Company provide an opportunity for direct communication between the shareholders and the Board. Shareholders are welcomed to raise any query in relation to the Group's businesses at the general meetings. The Chairman of the Board as well as chairman of the Audit Committee, the Remuneration Committee, the Nomination Committee and the Finance Committee, or in their absence, other members of the respective committees, and where applicable, the independent Board Committee, are available to answer questions at the general meetings. Our corporate website which contains corporate information, interim and annual reports, announcements and circulars issued by the Company, enables the Company's shareholders to access information on the Group on a timely basis.

內部監控

董事會應確保本集團維持良好有效之內部監控系統,以保障股東之投資及本集團之資產。本集團已採納一套內部監控程序及政策,以保保資產、確保妥善維持會計紀錄及財務申報之可靠性,以及確保遵守相關法例及規例。內部監控系統旨在確保財務、經營及遵例監控以及風險管理職能之設立及有效運作而設計。

年內,董事會已委聘國衛風險諮詢服務有限公司檢討本集團之內部監控系統並改良及強化內部監控系統向董事會作出推薦建議。根據內部監控系統之檢討結果,董事會及審核委員會認為本集團之內部監控系統屬有效及充分,且並無識別到可能對股東構成影響之重大關注範疇。

董事會亦最少每年對本集團會計及財務申報職 能之資源、員工資歷及經驗,及其培訓計劃及 預期是否充分進行檢討。

與股東之溝通

SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS

Shareholders holding not less than one-tenth of the paid-up capital of the Company carrying the right of voting at general meetings of the Company shall have the right, by written requisition to the Board or the Company Secretary of the Company, to require a special general meeting to be called by the Board for the transaction of any business specified in such requisition.

Any number of shareholders representing not less than one-twentieth of the total voting rights of all the shareholders of the Company or not less than 100 shareholders can put forward any proposed resolution or the business to be dealt with at general meetings of the Company by depositing a requisition in writing together with a sum reasonably sufficient to meet the Company's relevant expenses at the registered office of the Company at Clarendon House, 2 Church Street, Hamilton HM 11, Bermuda. The requisition must be signed by the relevant shareholder(s).

Shareholders may at any time send their enquiries and concerns to the Board in writing through the Company Secretary whose contact details are as follows:

Unit 3811, Shun Tak Centre, West Tower 168-200 Connaught Road Central Hong Kong

Fax: (852) 2369 0981

Email: billy@eternityinv.com.hk

Shareholders may also make enquiries with the Board at the general meetings of the Company.

CONSTITUTIONAL DOCUMENTS

There was no change to the Company's bye-laws during the year. The Company's bye-laws is available on the websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange.

股東權利

持有附帶權利於本公司股東大會上投票之本公司已繳股本不少於十分之一之股東,有權向董事會及本公司之公司秘書提出書面請求,要求董事會召開股東特別大會,以處理該請求中訂明之任何事項。

代表不少於所有本公司股東總投票權二十分之一之股東,或不少於100名股東之任何數目之股東,可將書面請求連同足以支付本公司相關開支之合理款額,存放於本公司之註冊辦事處,地址為Clarendon House, 2 Church Street, Hamilton HM 11, Bermuda,以提呈任何將於本公司股東週年大會上處理之決議案或事項。該請求須經相關股東簽署。

股東可隨時將其查詢及關注以書面形式送交公司秘書,向董事會提出,公司秘書之通訊詳情如下:

香港

干諾道中 168-200 號 信德中心西座 3811 室 傳真: (852) 2369 0981

電郵: billy@eternityinv.com.hk

股東亦可於本公司股東大會上向董事會作出查詢。

憲章文件

年內,本公司之公司細則概無變動。本公司之 公司細則登載於本公司及聯交所之網站。

Directors' Report 董事會報告

The directors present their annual report and the audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2015.

董事謹此呈報截至二零一五年十二月三十一日 止年度之年報及經審核綜合財務報表。

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The Company is an investment holding company. The principal activities of its subsidiaries and associates are set out in notes 51 and 23 respectively to the consolidated financial statements.

In prior years, the Group also engaged in the development, distribution and marketing of personal care treatments, products and services. These operations were discontinued in the current year (see notes 15 and 47 to the consolidated financial statements).

BUSINESS REVIEW

A review of the Group's business as required by Schedule 5 to the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance (Cap. 622), including a description of the principal risks and uncertainties facing the Group, particulars of important events affecting the Group that have occurred since the end of the financial year and an indication of likely future developments in the Group's business, can be found in the Management Discussion and Analysis set out on pages 6 to 34 of the annual report. This review forms part of this directors' report.

DIVIDEND

The results of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2015 and the Group's financial position at that date are set out in the Group's consolidated financial statements on pages 66 to 69 of the annual report.

The directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend and propose that the profit for the year be retained.

FIVE-YEAR FINANCIAL SUMMARY

A summary of the results and the assets and liabilities of the Group for the last five financial years is set out on page 244 of the annual report.

PROPERTIES

Particulars of the major properties and property interests of the Group are set out on page 152 of the annual report.

主要業務

本公司為投資控股公司。其附屬公司及聯營公司之主要業務分別載於綜合財務報表附註51及23。

於過往年度,本集團亦曾從事於個人護理療程、產品及服務之開發、分銷及市場推廣。此等業務營運已於本年度終止(見綜合財務報表附註15及47)。

業務回顧

香港公司條例(第622章)附表5規定年報須包括本集團業務之回顧,其中包括本集團所面對主要風險及不明因素之説明、自財務年度末以來已發生重要事項之詳情,以及本集團業務之可能未來發展之指示。此回顧已載列於年報第6至34頁管理層討論及分析,並構成本董事會報告其中部分。

股息

本集團截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度 之業績及本集團於該日期之財務狀況載於本集 團年報第66至69頁之綜合財務報表。

董事不建議派發股息並建議保留本年度溢利。

五年財務概要

本集團最近五個財政年度之業績及資產及負債 概要載於年報第244頁。

物業

本集團之主要物業及物業權益詳情載於年報第 152頁。

Directors' Report 董事會報告

BANK AND OTHER BORROWINGS

Particulars of bank and other borrowings of the Group at 31 December 2015 are set out in notes 43 and 38 respectively to the consolidated financial statements.

SHARE CAPITAL

Details of the movements in the share capital of the Company during the year are set out in note 35 to the consolidated financial statements.

During the year,

- (a) the Company allotted and issued 42,330,000 new ordinary shares at a subscription price of HK\$0.69 per share pursuant to the exercise of share options granted to a director, the employees and external consultants of the Group;
- (b) the Company allotted and issued 590,003,243 new ordinary shares at a subscription price of HK\$0.70 per share by way of rights to the qualifying shareholders of the Company on the basis of one new ordinary share to every one existing ordinary share held on 28 July 2015. The net proceeds from the rights issue of HK\$403,172,000 were used for settling part of the consideration for the acquisition of the entire issued shares in and the shareholder's loan due by Smart Title Limited; and
- (c) the Company allotted and issued 1,500,000,000 new ordinary shares at an issue price of HK\$0.70 per share to the shareholders of China Jiuhao Health Industry Corporation Limited ("Jiuhao Health") pursuant to the exercise of the share entitlement note issued to Jiuhao Health in satisfaction of part of the consideration for the acquisition of the entire issued shares in and the shareholder's loan due by Smart Title Limited.

銀行及其他借貸

本集團於二零一五年十二月三十一日之銀行及 其他借貸概要分別載於綜合財務報表附註43 及38。

股本

本公司年內之股本變動詳情載於綜合財務報表 附註35。

年內,

- (a) 本公司因授予本集團一名董事、僱員及 外部顧問之購股權獲行使而以每股 0.69 港元之認購價配發及發行 42,330,000 股 新普通股股份;
- (b) 本公司以供股方式按於二零一五年七月 二十八日每持有一股現有普通股獲發一 股新普通股之基準以每股0.70港元之認 購價向本公司之合資格股東配發及發行 590,003,243股新普通股。供股之所得 款項淨額403,172,000港元已用作支付 收購Smart Title Limited全部已發行股 份及其結欠股東貸款之部分代價;及
- (c) 本公司因發行予中國9號健康產業有限公司(「9號健康」)之股份權益票據獲行使而以每股0.70港元之發行價向9號健康之股東配發及發行1,500,000,000股新普通股,以支付收購Smart Title Limited全部已發行股份及其結欠股東貸款之部分代價。

PURCHASE, SALE AND REDEMPTION OF THE COMPANY'S LISTED SECURITIES

Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's listed securities during the year ended 31 December 2015.

DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES OF THE COMPANY

The Company's reserves available for distribution to shareholders at 31 December 2015 comprised the retained profit of HK\$441.460.000 (2014: HK\$463.015.000).

DIRECTORS

The directors of the Company during the year and up to the date of this directors' report were:

Executive directors:

Mr. Lei Hong Wai

(Chairman and Chief Executive Officer)

Mr. Cheung Kwok Wai Elton Mr. Chan Kin Wah Billy Mr. Cheung Kwok Fan

Independent non-executive directors:

Mr. Wan Shing Chi Mr. Ng Heung Yan Mr. Wong Tak Chuen

In accordance with the provisions of the Company's bye-laws, Mr. Lei Hong Wai, Mr. Cheung Kwok Wai Elton and Mr. Ng Heung Yan will retire by rotation and, being eligible, will offer themselves for reelection at the forthcoming annual general meeting.

The directors of subsidiary undertakings included in the consolidated financial statements of the Company (other than those listed above) were Mr. Xie Zhao Bin, Mr. Chen Guang Tian, Mr. Zhang Chang Sheng, Mr. Hau Wai Man Raymond, Ms. Han Li Hui, Ms. Wong Siu Yan and Mr. So Chun Kai.

Biographical information of the directors of the Company are set out on pages 61 to 63 of the annual report.

DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS

No director proposed for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting has a service contract which is not determinable by the Group within one year without payment of compensation (other than statutory compensation).

買賣或贖回本公司之上市證券

截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度內,本公司或其任何附屬公司概無買賣或贖回本公司 任何上市證券。

本公司之可分派儲備

本公司於二零一五年十二月三十一日可供分派 予股東之儲備包括保留溢利為441,460,000港元(二零一四年:463,015,000港元)。

董事

年內及截至本董事會報告日期之本公司董事如下:

執行董事:

李雄偉先生 *(主席兼行政總裁)* 張國偉先生 陳健華先生 張國勳先生

獨立非執行董事:

尹成志先生 吳向仁先生 黃德銓先生

根據本公司之公司細則條文,李雄偉先生、張 國偉先生及吳向仁先生將於應屆股東週年大會 上輪值告退,並符合資格且願意膺選連任。

計入本公司綜合財務報表之附屬企業董事(上文所列示者除外)包括謝肇斌先生、陳廣田先生、張長勝先生、侯偉文先生、韓立暉女士、王少茵女士及蘇鎮楷先生。

本公司董事履歷之詳情載於年報第61至63 頁。

董事之服務合約

擬於應屆股東週年大會上膺選連任之董事概無 訂有本集團於一年內不付賠償(法定賠償除外) 則不可終止之服務合約。

Directors' Report 董事會報告

PERMITTED INDEMNITY PROVISION

Under Bye-law 166(1) of the Company's bye-laws, the directors shall be indemnified and secured harmless out of the assets and profits of the Company from and against all actions, costs, charges, losses, damages and expenses which they or any of them shall or may incur or sustain by or by reason of any act done, concurred in or omitted in or about the execution of their duty, or supposed duty, in their respective offices, provided that this indemnity shall not extend to any matter in respect of any fraud or dishonesty which may attached to any of them. Such permitted indemnity provision is currently in force and was in force throughout the year.

The Company has also taken out and maintained directors' and officers' liability insurance policy throughout the year, which indemnifies against costs, charges, losses, expenses and liabilities that may be incurred by the directors in the execution and discharge of their duties.

CHANGES IN INFORMATION OF DIRECTORS

The changes in information of directors as required to be disclosed pursuant to Rule 13.51B(1) of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities (the "Listing Rules") on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") are set out below:

- (a) Mr. Lei Hong Wai, the Chairman of the Board and an executive director, has been appointed as an executive director of Man Sang International Limited, a company listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange under stock code: 938, on 26 June 2015;
- (b) Mr. Cheung Kwok Wai Elton, an executive director, has been appointed as an executive director of Man Sang International Limited, on 26 June 2015;
- (c) a discretionary bonus of HK\$3,000,000 was paid to Mr. Chan Kin Wah Billy, an executive director, on 5 August 2015;
- (d) Mr. Lei Hong Wai resigned as the chairman of the board of directors and an executive director of Huanxi Media Group Limited, a company listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange under stock code: 1003 and formerly known as 21 Holdings Limited, on 2 September 2015;

允許賠償條文

根據本公司之公司細則第166(1)條,董事可從本公司之資產及溢利獲得彌償,就其或中何人士將或可能因或由於在其各自之職行其的所作出任何行為、同意或忽略或有關執行其職務而可能產生所有訴訟、成就其等人,可獲確保免就此可能不得與之任何欺許或不調實事宜。有關允許賠償條文現為有效並於整年內有效。

本公司於年內已購買及維持董事及高級職員責任保險,為董事於執行及履行其職務時可能 產生之成本、費用、損失、開支及負債提供彌 償。

董事資料之變動

根據香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)證券上市規則(「上市規則」)第13.51B(1)條須予披露之董事資料變動載列如下:

- (a) 董事會主席兼執行董事李雄偉先生於二零一五年六月二十六日獲委任為民生國際有限公司(一間於聯交所主板上市之公司,股份代號:938)之執行董事;
- (b) 執行董事張國偉先生於二零一五年六月 二十六日獲委任為民生國際有限公司之 執行董事;
- (c) 酌情花紅3,000,000港元已於二零一五 年八月五日支付予執行董事陳健華先生;
- (d) 李雄偉先生於二零一五年九月二日辭任 歡喜傳媒集團有限公司(一間於聯交所主 板上市之公司,股份代號:1003,前稱 21控股有限公司)之董事會主席兼執行董 事;

CHANGES IN INFORMATION OF DIRECTORS (Continued)

- Mr. Cheng Kwok Fan, an executive director, resigned as an executive director of Huanxi Media Group Limited on 2 September 2015;
- (f) a discretionary bonus of HK\$8,000,000 was paid to Mr. Lei Hong Wai on 19 November 2015;
- (g) a discretionary bonus of HK\$8,000,000 was paid to Mr. Cheung Kwok Wai Elton on 19 November 2015;
- (h) Mr. Chan Kin Wah Billy resigned as the chairman of the board of directors of SkyNet Group Limited, a company listed on the Growth Enterprise Market of the Stock Exchange under stock code: 8176, a then 70.18% owned subsidiary of the Company and formerly known as EDS Wellness Holdings Limited, on 23 November 2015;
- (i) a discretionary bonus of HK\$37,500 was paid to Mr. Cheung Kwok Fan on 31 December 2015;
- the monthly salary of Mr. Cheung Kwok Fan has been revised to HK\$80,000 with effect from 1 January 2016;
- (k) the monthly salary of Mr. Lei Hong Wai has been revised to HK\$700,000 with effect from 1 February 2016:
- (I) the monthly salary of Mr. Cheung Kwok Wai Elton has been revised to HK\$700,000 with effect from 1 February 2016;
- (m) the monthly salary of Mr. Chan Kin Wah Billy has been revised to HK\$150,000 with effect from 1 February 2016; and
- (n) Mr. Lei Hong Wai has been appointed as the chairman of the board of directors of Man Sang International Limited on 31 March 2016.

董事資料之變動(續)

- (e) 執行董事張國勳先生於二零一五年九月 二日辭任歡喜傳媒集團有限公司之執行 董事;
- (f) 酌情花紅8,000,000港元已於二零一五 年十一月十九日支付予李雄偉先生;
- (g) 酌情花紅8,000,000港元已於二零一五 年十一月十九日支付予張國偉先生;
- (h) 陳健華先生於二零一五年十一月二十三 日辭任航空互聯集團有限公司(一間於 聯交所創業板上市之公司,股份代號: 8176,本公司當時持有70.18%之附 屬公司及前稱EDS Wellness Holdings Limited)之董事會主席;
- (i) 酌情花紅37,500港元已於二零一五年 十二月三十一日支付予張國勳先生;
- (j) 張國勳先生之每月薪金已修訂為80,000 港元,由二零一六年一月一日起生效;
- (k) 李雄偉先生之每月薪金已修訂為 700,000港元,由二零一六年二月一日 起生效;
- (I) 張國偉先生之每月薪金已修訂為 700,000港元,由二零一六年二月一日 起生效;
- (m) 陳健華先生之每月薪金已修訂為 150,000港元,由二零一六年二月一日 起生效;及
- (n) 李雄偉先生於二零一六年三月三十一日 獲委任為民生國際有限公司之董事會主 席。

Directors' Report 董事會報告

DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S INTERESTS IN SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES

At 31 December 2015, the interests of the directors and the chief executive and their associates in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company and its associated corporations, as recorded in the register maintained by the Company pursuant to Section 352 of the Securities and Futures Ordinance, or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers, were as follows:

董事及主要行政人員於股份、相關股份 及債券之權益

於二零一五年十二月三十一日,按本公司根據證券及期貨條例第352條存置之登記冊所記錄,或按本公司及聯交所根據上市發行人董事進行證券交易的標準守則所獲通知,本公司董事及主要行政人員及彼等之聯繫人士於本公司及其相聯法團之股份、相關股份及債權證中擁有之權益如下:

Long positions

a. Ordinary shares of HK\$0.01 each of the Company

好倉

a. 本公司每股面值 0.01 港元之普通股

Name of director 董事姓名	Note 附註	Capacity 身份	Number of issued ordinary shares held 持有之已發行 普通股數目	Percentage of the issued share capital of the Company 佔本公司已發行 股本百分比
Mr. Lei Hong Wai 李雄偉先生	1	Held by controlled corporations 受控制公司之權益	211,416,000	7.89%
Mr. Cheung Kwok Wai Elton 張國偉先生	1	Held by controlled corporations 受控制公司之權益	211,416,000	7.89%
Mr. Cheung Kwok Fan 張國勳先生	1	Held by controlled corporations 受控制公司之權益	211,416,000	7.89%
Mr. Chan Kin Wah Billy 陳健華先生		Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	6,319,500	0.24%

Note:

Twin Success International Limited is owned as to 50% by Silver Pacific International Limited and as to 50% by Silver Pacific Development Limited. Silver Pacific International Limited is wholly owned by Mr. Lei Hong Wai. Silver Pacific Development Limited is owned as to 50% by Mr. Cheung Kwok Wai Elton and as to 50% by Mr. Cheung Kwok Fan. Twin Success International Limited beneficially owns 211,416,000 ordinary shares of the Company.

附註:

1. Twin Success International Limited 分別由Silver Pacific International Limited擁有50%及Silver Pacific Development Limited擁有50%。Silver Pacific International Limited由李雄偉先生全資擁有。Silver Pacific Development Limited分別由張國偉先生擁有50%及張國勳先生擁有50%。Twin Success International Limited實益擁有211,416,000股本公司普通股。

Directors' Report 董事會報告

DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S INTERESTS IN SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES (Continued)

董事及主要行政人員於股份、相關股份及債券之權益(續)

Long positions (Continued)

好倉(續)

b. Share options

b. 購股權

Name of director 董事姓名	Capacity 身份	Number of share options held 持有之購股權數目	Number of underlying shares 相關股份數目
Mr. Lei Hong Wai 李雄偉先生	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	26,001,001	26,001,001
Mr. Cheung Kwok Wai Elton 張國偉先生	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	26,000,000	26,000,000
Mr. Chan Kin Wah Billy 陳健華先生	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	22,701,001	22,701,001

Other than as disclosed above, none of the directors, chief executive nor their associates had any interests or short positions in any shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations at 31 December 2015.

除上文所披露之持股量外,於二零一五年十二 月三十一日,概無董事、主要行政人員及彼等 之聯繫人士於本公司或其任何相聯法團之任何 股份、相關股份或債券中擁有任何權益或淡 倉。

SHARE OPTIONS

Particulars of the Company's share option schemes are set out in note 49 to the consolidated financial statements.

購股權

本公司購股權計劃詳情載於綜合財務報表附註 49。

Directors' Report 董事會報告

SHARE OPTIONS (Continued)

購股權(續)

The following table discloses movements in the Company's share options during the year:

下表披露本公司於年內之購股權變動:

	Share option type 購股權類別	Outstanding at 1 January 2015 於二零一五年 一月一日 尚未行使	Granted during the year 於年內授出	Exercised during the year 於年內行使	Lapsed during the year 於年內失效	Adjusted for the rights issue (Note) 就供股作出調整 (附註)	Outstanding at 31 December 2015 於二零一五年 十二月三十一日 尚未行使
Directors and chief executive 董事及主要行政人員							
Mr. Lei Hong Wai 李雄偉先生	2007B 2015A	950 —	<u> </u>	- -	<u>-</u>	51 —	1,001 26,000,000
		950	26,000,000	_	_	51	26,001,001
Mr. Cheung Kwok Wai Elton 張國偉先生	2015A	-	26,000,000	-	-	-	26,000,000
		_	26,000,000	_	_	_	26,000,000
Mr. Chan Kin Wah Billy 陳健華先生	2007B 2014A 2014B 2015A 2015B	950 1,600,000 3,870,000 —	2,700,000 20,000,000	_ (3,870,000) _ _		51 - - - -	1,001 — — 2,700,000 20,000,000
		5,470,950	22,700,000	(3,870,000)	(1,600,000)	51	22,701,001
Total directors and chief executive 董事及主要行政人員合計		5,471,900	74,700,000	(3,870,000)	(1,600,000)	102	74,702,002
Employees and consultants 僱員及顧問	2007A 2007B 2014A 2014B 2015B	4,588 22,113 24,760,000 42,350,000	- - - - - 247,800,000	(38,460,000)	(24,760,000) (4,100,060)	247 1,194 — 210,060	4,835 23,307 — — 247,800,000
Total employees and consultan 僱員及顧問合計	ts	67,136,701	247,800,000	(38,460,000)	(28,860,060)	211,501	247,828,142
Total 總計		72,608,601	322,500,000	(42,330,000)	(30,460,060)	211,603	322,530,144

Note:

附註:

The exercise prices and number of outstanding share options are adjusted for the rights issue of the Company as completed on 24 August 2015.

尚未行使購股權之行使價及數目已就於二零一五年八 月二十四日本公司供股完成作出調整。

SHARE OPTIONS (Continued)

The closing price of the Company's shares immediately before 25 November 2015, the date of grant of the 2015A share options, was HK\$0.237.

The closing price of the Company's shares immediately before 9 December 2015, the date of grant of the 2015B share options, was HK\$0.244.

The weighted average closing price of the Company's shares immediately before the dates on which the 2014B share options were exercised was HK\$1.090.

EQUITY-LINKED AGREEMENTS

Other than the share option schemes of the Company as disclosed in the section headed "SHARE OPTIONS" above and in note 49 to the consolidated financial statements, the Company as purchaser entered into the conditional sale and purchase agreement with Unique Talent Group Limited, a wholly owned subsidiary of Jiuhao Health, as vendor and Jiuhao Health as guarantor relating to the proposed acquisition of the entire issued shares in and the shareholder's loan due by Smart Title Limited at a consideration of HK\$1,650,000,000 on 11 December 2014. Pursuant to the conditional sale and purchase agreement, the consideration of HK\$1,650,000.000 shall be settled as to (i) HK\$600,000,000 by cash and (ii) HK\$1,050,000,000 by the issue of the share entitlement note, which entitles the holder thereof to call for the allotment and issue of 1,500,000,000 new ordinary shares of Company at an issue price of HK\$0.70 per share. On 6 October 2015, the proposed acquisition was completed and the Company issued the share entitlement note to Jiuhao Health. On the same date, Jiuhao Health exercised the allotment right to call on the Company to allot and issue 1,500,000,000 new ordinary shares of Company at an issue price of HK\$0.70 per share and the Company allotted and issued the 1,500,000,000 new ordinary shares to the shareholders of Jiuhao Health.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN TRANSACTIONS, ARRANGEMENTS OR CONTRACTS OF SIGNIFICANCE

No transactions, arrangement or contracts of significance to which the Company or any of its subsidiaries was a party and in which a director of the Company or an entity connected with a director had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the year.

購股權(續)

本公司股份緊接二零一五年十一月二十五日(2015A購股權授出日期)前之收市價為0.237港元。

本公司股份緊接二零一五年十二月九日 (2015B購股權授出日期)前之收市價為0.244 港元。

本公司股份緊接2014B購股權獲行使日期前 之加權平均收市價為1.090港元。

股票掛鈎協議

除上文「購股權」一節及綜合財務報表附註49 披露之本公司購股權計劃外,本公司(作為買 方)與9號健康之全資附屬公司Unique Talent Group Limited(作為賣方)及9號健康(作為 擔保人)於二零一四年十二月十一日訂立有條 件買賣協議,內容有關建議以1.650.000.000 港元之代價收購Smart Title全部已發行股份 及其結欠之股東貸款。根據有條件買賣協議, 1,650,000,000港元之代價中(i)600,000,000 港元將以現金清償及(ii)1,050,000,000港元 將以發行股份權益票據清償,其賦予票據持 有人權利要求按每股0.70港元之發行價發 行1,500,000,000股本公司新普通股。於二 零一五年十月六日,該建議收購事項已完成 及本公司已向9號健康發行股份權益票據。 同日,9號健康行使配發權要求本公司按每 股 0.70 港元之發行價向 9 號健康之股東配發 及發行1,500,000,000股本公司新普通股, 而本公司已向9號健康之股東配發及發行 1,500,000,000股新普通股。

董事於重大交易、安排或合約之權益

於年終或年內任何時間,概無本公司或其任何 附屬公司訂立而本公司董事或與董事有關連之 實體直接或間接於其中擁有重大權益之重大交 易、安排或合約仍然生效。

Directors' Report 董事會報告

CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS

During the year, the Group had no connected transactions.

MANAGEMENT CONTRACT

No contracts concerning the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of any business of the Company were entered into or existed during the year.

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS

At 31 December 2015, the register of substantial shareholders maintained by the Company pursuant to Section 336 of the Securities and Futures Ordinance shows that the following shareholders had notified the Company of relevant interests in the issued share capital of the Company.

Long positions

a. Ordinary shares of HK\$0.01 each of the Company

關連交易

年內,本集團並無關連交易。

管理合約

於年內並無訂立或存續有關本公司整體或任何 重大部份業務之管理及行政合約。

主要股東

於二零一五年十二月三十一日,本公司根據證券及期貨條例第336條存置之主要股東登記冊顯示,下列股東已就擁有本公司已發行股本之有關權益知會本公司。

好倉

a. 本公司每股面值 0.01 港元之普通股

Name of shareholder 股東名稱	Notes 附註	Capacity 身份	Number of issued ordinary shares held 持有之已發行 普通股數目	Percentage of the issued share capital of the Company 佔本公司已發行 股本百分比
<u> </u>	PIY ĀI	3 加	日旭双数日	放平日刀Ц
Mr. Yuen Hoi Po 袁海波先生	1	Held by controlled corporations 受控制公司之權益	395,190,474	14.70%
Smart Concept Enterprise Limited	1	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	372,416,803	13.90%
Twin Success International Limited	2	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	211,416,000	7.89%
Silver Pacific International Limited	2 and 3 2及3	Held by controlled corporation 受控制公司之權益	211,416,000	7.89%
Silver Pacific Development Limited	2 and 4 2及4	Held by controlled corporation 受控制公司之權益	211,416,000	7.89%
Mr. Lei Hong Wai 李雄偉先生	2 and 3 2及3	Held by controlled corporations 受控制公司之權益	211,416,000	7.89%
Mr. Cheung Kwok Wai Elton 張國偉先生	2 and 4 2及4	Held by controlled corporations 受控制公司之權益	211,416,000	7.89%
Mr. Cheung Kwok Fan 張國勳先生	2 and 4 2及4	Held by controlled corporations 受控制公司之權益	211,416,000	7.89%

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS (Continued)

主要股東(續)

Long positions (Continued)

好倉(續)

a. Ordinary shares of HK\$0.01 each of the Company (Continued)

a. 本公司每股面值 0.01 港元之普通股 (續)

Name of shareholder 股東名稱	Notes 附註	Capacity 身份	Number of issued ordinary shares held 持有之已發行 普通股數目	Percentage of the issued share capital of the Company 佔本公司已發行 股本百分比
Asia Vest Partners VII Limited	5	Held by controlled corporations 受控制公司之權益	129,412,174	9.95%
Asia Vest Partners X Limited	5	Held by controlled corporations 受控制公司之權益	129,412,174	9.95%
Asia Vest Partners Limited	5	Held by controlled corporations 受控制公司之權益	129,412,174	9.95%
Mr. Andrew Nam Sherrill 南國熙先生	5	Held by controlled corporations 受控制公司之權益	129,412,174	9.95%

Notes:

附註:

- Smart Concept Enterprise Limited is wholly owned by Mr. Yuen Hoi Po.
- Twin Success International Limited is owned as to 50% by Silver Pacific International Limited and as to 50% by Silver Pacific Development Limited.
- Silver Pacific International Limited is wholly owned by Mr. Lei Hong Wai.
- Silver Pacific Development Limited is owned as to 50% by Mr. Cheung Kwok Wai Elton and as to 50% by Mr. Cheung Kwok Fan.
- The number of issued ordinary shares held and the percentage of the issued share capital of the Company are based on the Disclosure of Interests Notices filed to the Company by the relevant shareholders on 4 September 2007.

- 1. Smart Concept Enterprise Limited 由袁海波先生全資擁有。
- 2. Twin Success International Limited分别由Silver Pacific International Limited擁有50%及Silver Pacific Development Limited擁有50%。
- 3. Silver Pacific International Limited 由李 雄偉先生全資擁有。
- Silver Pacific Development Limited分 別由張國偉先生擁有50%及張國勳先生擁 有50%。
- 5. 持有已發行普通股股份數目及本公司已發 行股本之百分比,乃根據有關股東於二零 零七年九月四日向本公司提交之利益披露 公告。

Directors' Report 董事會報告

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS (Continued)

主要股東(續)

Long positions (Continued)

好倉(續)

Share options

b. 購股權

Name of shareholder 股東名稱	Capacity 身份	Number of share options held 持有之購股權數目	Number of underlying shares 相關股份數目
Mr. Lei Hong Wai 李雄偉先生	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	26,001,001	26,001,001
Mr. Cheung Kwok Wai Elton 張國偉先生	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	26,000,000	26,000,000

Other than as disclosed above, the Company has not been notified of any other relevant interests or short positions in the issued share capital of the Company at 31 December 2015.

除上文所披露者外,本公司並無獲知會於二零 一五年十二月三十一日擁有本公司已發行股本 之任何其他有關權益或淡倉。

CONFIRMATION OF INDEPENDENCE

The Company has received, from each of the independent non-executive directors, an annual confirmation of his independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. The Company considers all of the independent non-executive directors are independent.

獨立性確認書

本公司已收到各獨立非執行董事根據上市規 則第3.13條所發出有關其獨立性之年度確認 書。本公司認為全體獨立非執行董事均具獨立 性。

INTERESTS IN COMPETITORS

Mr. Lei Hong Wai, Mr. Cheung Kwok Wai Elton and Mr. Cheung Kwok Fan (each an executive director) have an indirect interest in approximately 16.13% of the issued share capital of Man Sang International Limited, a company listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange under stock code: 938 engaging in the development, sales and leasing of properties, through their beneficial interests in Twin Success International Limited.

In addition, Mr. Lei Hong Wai and Mr. Cheung Kwok Wai Elton have been appointed as executive directors of Man Sang International Limited on 26 June 2015. Mr. Lei Hong Wai has been appointed as the chairman of the board of directors of Man Sang International Limited on 31 March 2016.

於競爭對手之權益

李雄偉先生、張國偉先生及張國勳先生(各 為執行董事)透過彼等於Twin Success International Limited 之實際權益擁有民生國 際有限公司(一間於聯交所主板上市之公司, 股份代號:938)之已發行股本中約16.13%間 接權益,該公司從事於物業發展、銷售及租賃 之業務。

此外,李雄偉先生及張國偉先生已於二零一五 年六月二十六日獲委任為民生國際有限公司之 執行董事。李雄偉先生已於二零一六年三月 三十一日獲委任為民生國際有限公司之董事會 主席。

PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS

There are no provisions for pre-emptive rights under the Company's bye-laws, or the laws of Bermuda, which would oblige the Company to offer new shares on a pro-rata basis to existing shareholders.

RETIREMENT BENEFITS SCHEME

Details of the Group's retirement benefits scheme are set out in note 50 to the consolidated financial statements.

EMOLUMENT POLICY

The emolument policy for the employees of the Group is set up by the directors of the Company on the basis of their individual performance, qualifications and competence.

The emoluments of the directors of the Company are approved by the Board on the recommendation of the Remuneration Committee with reference to their duties and responsibilities in the Company.

The Company has adopted a share option scheme as an incentive to directors and eligible persons, details of the share option scheme is set out in note 49 to the consolidated financial statements.

SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

Based on the information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the directors of the Company as at the latest practicable date prior to the issue of the annual report, the Company has maintained the prescribed public float under the Listing Rules.

MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

In 2015, the Group's largest customer and five largest customers accounted for 11.48% (2014: 11.70%) and 39.38% (2014: 52.01%) of its revenue from sales of goods or rendering of services respectively.

In 2015, the Group's largest supplier and five largest suppliers accounted for 16.09% (2014: 66.10%) and 59.85% (2014: 89.28%) of its purchases respectively.

At no time during the year did a director, an associate of a director or a shareholder of the Company (which to the knowledge of the directors of the Company owns more than 5% of the number of issued shares of the Company) have an interest in any of the Group's five largest customers or suppliers.

優先認購權

本公司之公司細則或百慕達法例並無有關優先 認購權之條文,規定本公司須按比例向現有股 東發售新股份。

退休福利計劃

本集團退休福利計劃之詳情載於綜合財務報表 附註 50。

酬金政策

本集團僱員之酬金政策由本公司董事按其個人 表現、資歷及能力而訂立。

本公司董事之酬金經董事會按照薪酬委員會參 考彼等於本公司之職務及職責所提出之建議而 批准。

本公司已採納購股權計劃,作為對董事及合資格人士之獎勵,購股權計劃之詳情載於綜合財務報表附註49。

足夠公眾持股量

根據本公司於年報刊發前之最後實際可行日期 能夠取得之資料及本公司董事之知情範圍內, 本公司一直維持上市規則所規定之公眾持股 量。

主要客戶及供應商

於二零一五年,本集團之最大客戶及五大客戶分別佔其銷售商品及提供服務收益11.48% (二零一四年:11.70%)及39.38%(二零一四年:52.01%)。

於二零一五年,本集團之最大供應商及五大供應商分別佔其採購額16.09%(二零一四年:66.10%)及59.85%(二零一四年:89.28%)。

於年內任何時間,概無本公司董事、董事之聯繫人士或股東(就本公司董事所知擁有本公司已發行股份數目5%以上)於本集團任何五大客戶或供應商中擁有權益。

Directors' Report 董事會報告

CHARITABLE DONATIONS

During the year, the Group did not make any charitable donations.

AUDITORS

A resolution will be submitted to the annual general meeting to re-appoint HLB Hodgson Impey Cheng Limited as auditors of the Company.

On Behalf of the Board

Lei Hong WaiChairman

Hong Kong, 31 March 2016

慈善捐款

年內,本集團並無作出任何慈善捐款。

核數師

一項決議案將於股東週年大會上提交以續聘國 衛會計師事務所有限公司為本公司核數師。

代表董事會

主席 李雄偉

香港,二零一六年三月三十一日

EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. Lei Hong Wai, aged 47, was appointed as an executive director of the Company and the Chairman of the Board on 18 January 2010 and 1 February 2010, respectively. He is also the Chief Executive Officer of the Company. Mr. Lei is responsible for the development of the overall strategic planning and management of the Group. He has over 14 years of extensive experience in corporate management, investment and business development. He was an executive director of the Company during the period from 28 September 2001 to 13 October 2005. He was a director of The Chamber of Hong Kong Listed Companies Limited, which promotes interaction amongst its members which are listed companies in Hong Kong and the People's Republic of China, in 2002. He also holds directorships in the subsidiaries of the Company. Mr. Lei is also a director of Twin Success International Limited, a substantial shareholder of the Company within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance. Mr. Lei is currently the chairman of the board of directors and an executive director of Man Sang International Limited, a company listed on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") under stock code: 938. Mr. Lei was the chairman of the board of directors and an executive director of Huanxi Media Group Limited, a company listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange under stock code: 1003 and formerly known as 21 Holdings Limited, during the period from 10 April 2014 to 2 September 2015.

Mr. Cheung Kwok Wai Elton, aged 50, was appointed as an executive director of the Company on 1 February 2011. Mr. Cheung is responsible for the business development of the Group. He has over 26 years of experience in the area of corporate finance and securities industries. He holds a Master Degree in Accounting and Finance from the University of Lancaster in the United Kingdom. He also holds directorships in certain subsidiaries and the unlisted associates of the Company. Mr. Cheung is also a director of Twin Success International Limited, a substantial shareholder of the Company within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance. Mr. Cheung is the elder brother of Mr. Cheung Kwok Fan, an executive director of the Company. Mr. Cheung is currently an executive director of Man Sang International Limited, a company listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange under stock code: 938.

執行董事

李雄偉先生,現年47歲,分別於二零一零年 一月十八日及二零一零年二月一日獲委任為本 公司執行董事及董事會主席。彼亦同時擔任本 公司行政總裁。李先生負責本集團整體策略 計劃之發展及管理。彼擁有超過14年企業管 理、投資及業務發展之豐富經驗。彼曾於二零 零一年九月二十八日至二零零五年十月十三日 期間擔任本公司執行董事。於二零零二年,彼 擔任香港上市公司商會有限公司之董事,該商 會之工作為促進其成員公司(乃香港及中華人 民共和國之上市公司)間之互動合作。彼亦於 本公司之附屬公司擔任董事職務。李先生亦為 本公司之主要股東(定義見證券及期貨條例第 XV部)Twin Success International Limited 之董事。李先生現為民生國際有限公司(一間 於香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)主板上 市之公司,股份代號:938)之董事會主席及 執行董事。李先生於二零一四年四月十日至二 零一五年九月二日期間曾任歡喜傳媒集團有限 公司(一間於聯交所主板上市之公司,股份代 號:1003及前稱21控股有限公司)之董事會 主席兼執行董事。

張國偉先生,現年50歲,於二零一一年二月 一日獲委任為本公司執行董事。張先生負責監 督本集團之業務發展。彼於企業融資領域及證 券業擁有逾26年經驗。彼持有英國蘭卡斯特 大學會計及財務碩士學位。彼亦於本公司若若 附屬公司及非上市聯營公司擔任董事職務及期 貨條例第XV部) Twin Success International Limited之董事。張先生為執行董事張 先生之兄長。張先生現為民生國際有限公司 (一間於聯交所主板上市之公司,股份代號: 938)之執行董事。

Biographical Details of Directors 董事履歷詳情

EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS (Continued)

Mr. Chan Kin Wah Billy, aged 53, was appointed as an executive director of the Company on 18 January 2010. He has over 27 years of experience in accounting and financial control. He is a member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants, a CPA member of CPA Australia and a non-practicing member of the Chinese Institute of Certified Public Accountants. He holds a Bachelor of Administration Degree from the University of Ottawa in Canada and a Master of Commerce Degree in Professional Accounting from the University of New South Wales in Australia. Mr. Chan also holds directorships in five subsidiaries of the Company. He is the Company Secretary of the Company and certain subsidiaries of the Company. Mr. Chan is currently an executive director of SkyNet Group Limited, a company listed on the Growth Enterprise Market operated by the Stock Exchange under stock code: 8176, a then 70.18% owned subsidiary of the Company and formerly known as EDS Wellness Holdings Limited.

Mr. Cheung Kwok Fan, aged 48, was appointed as the non-executive director on 31 August 2011 and redesignated as an executive director of the Company on 18 September 2014. Mr. Cheung is responsible for the overall management of the Group's design and sale of jewelry business. He holds directorships in three subsidiaries of the Company. Mr. Cheung has over 24 years' working experience in the field of architecture. He is a member of The Hong Kong Institute of Architects, a member of The Royal Australian Institute of Architects, Registered Architect in Hong Kong and an Authorised Person in the List of Architects. He obtained his Bachelor Degree of Arts in Architectural Studies from The University of Hong Kong in 1989 and a Bachelor Degree in Architecture from The University of Hong Kong in 1991. He was selected as an awardee of the Ten Outstanding Young Persons Selection organised by Junior Chamber of International Hong Kong in 2005. He has been appointed as an Adjunct Lecturer of the Architecture Subject Group of HKU School of Professional and Continuing Education since 1 January 2014. Mr. Cheung has been the director of his own architectural practice, Oritecture Limited, since 10 December 2009. He is the younger brother of Mr. Cheung Kwok Wai Elton, an executive director of the Company. Mr. Cheung was an executive director of Huanxi Media Group Limited, a company listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange under stock code: 1003 and formerly known as 21 Holdings Limited, during the period from 10 April 2014 to 2 September 2015.

執行董事(續)

張國勳先生,現年48歲,於二零一一年八月 三十一日獲委任為本公司非執行董事,並於二 零一四九月十八日年獲調任為本公司執行董 事。張先生負責本集團設計及銷售珠寶業務之 整體管理。彼於本公司三間附屬公司擔任董 事職務。張先生於建築界擁有逾24年工作經 驗。彼為香港建築師學會會員、澳洲皇家建築 師學會會員、香港註冊建築師及認可人士(建 築師名單)。彼於一九八九年取得香港大學建 築學文學士學位,並於一九九一年取得香港大 學建築學學士學位。彼曾於二零零五年獲國際 青年商會香港總會選為十大傑出青年。自二零 一四年一月一日起,彼獲委任為香港大學專業 進修學院建築學科小組之客席講師。自二零零 九年十二月十日起,張先生為建築原創室有限 公司(其本人之建築師事務所)之董事。彼為執 行董事張國偉先生之胞弟。張先生於二零一四 年四月十日至二零一五年九月二日期間曾任歡 喜傳媒集團有限公司(一間於聯交所主板上市 之公司,股份代號:1003及前稱21控股有限 公司)之執行董事。

Biographical Details of Directors 董事履歷詳情

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. Wan Shing Chi, aged 45, has over 22 years of experience in the field of construction engineering and is currently a site coordinator of a reputable construction company in Hong Kong. He holds a Bachelor Degree of Engineering with honours from University of Melbourne, Australia and is a member of the Asia Institute of Building. Mr. Wan joined the Company in May 2010.

Mr. Ng Heung Yan, aged 45, has over 13 years of experience in metal work engineering design and currently works as a design manager in a private engineering company in Hong Kong. He was graduated from Monash University in Australia with a Bachelor Degree of Engineering (Industrial and Computing) in 1993. Mr. Ng joined the Company in August 2011.

Mr. Wong Tak Chuen, aged 51, is a fellow member of both Hona Kona Institute of Certified Public Accountants and Association of Chartered Certified Accountants in the United Kingdom, as well as a member of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales. He has over 26 years of experience in auditing, financial management, mergers and acquisitions gained from certain senior finance related positions in an international accounting firm in Hong Kong, companies listed in Hong Kong and a company listed in the United States of America. He is currently the chief financial officer and the company secretary of a company listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange. Mr. Wong is currently an independent non-executive director of Huanxi Media Group Limited, a company listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange under stock code: 1003 and formerly known as 21 Holdings Limited. Mr. Wong joined the Company in November 2011.

獨立非執行董事

尹成志先生,現年45歲,於建造工程方面擁有逾22年經驗,現為一間信譽良好之香港建築公司之工程主任。彼持有澳洲墨爾本大學工程榮譽學士學位,並為亞洲建造師學會成員。 尹先生於二零一零年五月加入本公司。

吳向仁先生,現年45歲,於金屬工程設計方面擁有逾13年經驗,現於一間香港私營工程公司擔任設計經理。彼於一九九三年畢業於澳洲蒙那許大學,並持有工程學(工業及計算)學士學位。吳先生於二零一一年八月加入本公司。

Independent Auditors' Report 獨立核數師報告



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF ETERNITY INVESTMENT LIMITED

(Incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability)

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Eternity Investment Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") set out on pages 66 to 243, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2015, and the consolidated statement of profit or loss, the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

AUDITORS' RESPONSIBILITY

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audit and to report our opinion solely to you, as a body, in accordance with Section 90 of the Bermuda Companies Act, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report. We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants.

31st Floor 香港 Gloucester Tower 中環

The Landmark 舉打街11號 11 Pedder Street 置地廣場 Central 告羅士打大廈

Hong Kong 31 樓

獨立核數師報告 致 Eternity Investment Limited (永恒策略投資有限公司*)股東 (於百慕達註冊成立之有限公司)

吾等已審計列載於第66至243頁Eternity Investment Limited (永恒策略投資有限公司*)(以下簡稱「貴公司」)及其附屬公司(統稱「貴集團」)的綜合財務報表,此綜合財務報表包括於二零一五年十二月三十一日的綜合財務狀況表與截至該日止年度的綜合損益表、綜合權益變動表及綜合現金流量表,以及主要會計政策概要及其他附註解釋資料。

董事就綜合財務報表須承擔之責任

貴公司董事須負責根據香港會計師公會頒佈之 香港財務報告準則及香港公司條例之披露規定 編製真實及公平之綜合財務報表,以及負責董 事認為必要之內部監控,以使綜合財務報表 之編製並無由欺詐或錯誤而引起之重大錯誤陳 述。

核數師之責任

吾等之責任是根據吾等審核工作之結果,對該 等綜合財務報表作出意見,並按照百慕達公司 法第90條僅向 閣下全體報告,除此以外並 無其他用途。吾等不會就本報告之內容向任何 其他人士負責或承擔責任。吾等已按照香港會 計師公會頒佈之香港審計準則進行審核。該等

* 僅供識別

Independent Auditors' Report 獨立核數師報告

AUDITORS' RESPONSIBILITY (Continued)

Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditors consider internal control relevant to the entity's preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

OPINION

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company and its subsidiaries as at 31 December 2015, and of their financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards and have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

HLB Hodgson Impey Cheng LimitedCertified Public Accountants

Hon Koon Fai, Alex

Practising Certificate Number: P05029

Hong Kong, 31 March 2016

核數師之責任(續)

準則要求吾等遵守道德規範,並規劃及執行 審核,以就綜合財務報表是否存有重大錯誤陳 述,作出合理之確定。

吾等相信,吾等所獲取之審核憑證充足和適當 地為吾等之審核意見提供基礎。

意見

吾等認為,綜合財務報表已根據香港財務報告 準則真實而公平地反映 貴公司及其附屬公司 於二零一五年十二月三十一日之財務狀況,及 彼等截至該日止年度之財務表現及現金流量, 並已遵照香港公司條例之披露規定妥為編製。

國衛會計師事務所有限公司 執業會計師

韓冠輝

執業證書號碼:P05029

香港,二零一六年三月三十一日

Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss 綜合損益表

For the year ended 31 December 2015 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

		Notes 附註	2015 二零一五年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2014 二零一四年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
Continuing operations Revenue Cost of sales	持續經營業務 收益 銷售成本	7	184,780 (95,748)	88,671 (11,845)
Gross profit Investment and other income Other gains and losses Selling and distribution expenses Administrative expenses Share of results of associates	毛利 投資及其他收入 其他收益及虧損 銷售及分銷開支 行政開支 應佔聯營公司業績	8 9 23	89,032 4,765 130,344 (3,654) (88,036)	76,826 2,116 245,533 (409) (45,201) (555)
Profit from operations Finance costs	經營溢利 融資費用	10	132,451 (1,609)	278,310 —
Profit before taxation Income tax expense	除税前溢利 所得税開支	13	130,842 (8,253)	278,310 (6,898)
Profit for the year from continuing operations	來自持續經營業務之本年度 溢利	14	122,589	271,412
Discontinued operations Loss for the year from discontinued operations	已終止經營業務 來自已終止經營業務之 本年度虧損	15	(22,988)	(46,112)
Profit for the year	本年度溢利		99,601	225,300
Profit for the year attributable to: Owners of the Company Non-controlling interests	以下人士應佔本年度溢利: 本公司擁有人 非控股權益		105,256 (5,655)	238,077 (12,777)
			99,601	225,300
Earnings/(loss) per share	每股盈利/(虧損)	16		
From continuing and discontinued operations Basic	來自持續經營及 已終止經營業務 基本		HK9.30 cents 港仙	HK44.75 cents 港仙
Diluted	攤薄		HK9.04 cents 港仙	HK44.67 cents 港仙
From continuing operations Basic	來自持續經營業務 基本		HK10.83 cents 港仙	HK51.02 cents 港仙
Diluted	攤薄		HK10.53 cents 港仙	HK50.93 cents 港仙
From discontinued operations Basic	來自已終止經營業務 基本		HK(1.53) cents 港仙	HK(6.27) cents 港仙
Diluted	攤薄		HK(1.49) cents 港仙	HK(6.26) cents 港仙

The accompanying notes form an integral part of 隨附之附註構成本綜合財務報表之一部分。 these consolidated financial statements.

Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income 綜合損益及其他全面收益表

For the year ended 31 December 2015 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

		Note 附註	2015 二零一五年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2014 二零一四年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
Profit for the year	本年度溢利		99,601	225,300
Other comprehensive income for the year, net of income tax Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss: Exchange differences arising on	本年度其他全面收益, 除所得税後 <i>其後可能重新分類至損</i> <i>益表之項目:</i> 換算海外業務產生之			
translating foreign operations Reclassification adjustment relating to foreign operations	匯兑差額 有關已出售海外業務之 重新分類調整		(32,117)	1
disposed of Net (loss)/gain arising on revaluation of available-for-	可供出售金融資產 重估產生之(虧損)/		55	_
sale financial assets Reclassification adjustment relating to available-for-sale	收益淨額 有關已出售可供出售金融 資產之重新分類調整	26	(42,334)	43,212
financial assets disposed of Reclassification adjustment relating to impairment loss recognised in respect of available-for-sale financial	有關可供出售金融資產 已確認減值虧損之 重新分類調整		(74,378)	_
assets			73,500	
Total comprehensive income for the year	本年度全面總收益		24,327	268,513
Total comprehensive income/ (expense) for the year attributable to: Owners of the Company Non-controlling interests	以下人士應佔本年度全面 總收益/(開支): 本公司擁有人 非控股權益		29,982 (5,655)	281,290 (12,777)
			24,327	268,513

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

隨附之附註構成本綜合財務報表之一部分。

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position 綜合財務狀況表

At 31 December 2015 於二零一五年十二月三十一日

			2015	2014
			二零一五年	二零一四年
		Notes	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		附註	千港元	千港元
		PIJAL	1 7870	17870
400570	次文			
ASSETS	資產			
Non-current assets	非流動資產	4.0	400 =04	40.074
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	18	420,784	13,074
Investment properties	投資物業	19	595,448	_
Intangible assets	無形資產	21	971,888	_
Goodwill	商譽	22	354,772	89,265
Interests in associates	於聯營公司之權益	23	_	_
Convertible notes receivables	應收可換股票據	24	_	_
Deposit for investment	投資按金	25	_	60,000
Available-for-sale financial assets	可供出售金融資產	26	262,672	68,887
Deferred tax assets	遞延税項資產	44	3,792	´ _
Prepayments	預付款項	30	7,979	_
Loans receivables	應收貸款	27	462,456	230,000
Edans receivables	海状 身州		402,400	200,000
			0.070.704	404.000
			3,079,791	461,226
Current assets	流動資產			
Inventories	存貨	28	49,258	27,100
Loans receivables	應收貸款	27	23,021	720,549
Trade receivables	貿易應收款項	29	62,233	17,232
Deposits, prepayments and other	按金、預付款項及其他			
receivables	應收款項	30	98,541	10,495
Amount due from an associate	應收聯營公司款項	31	2,097	3,528
Financial assets at fair value	按公平值計入損益表之		,	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
through profit or loss	金融資產	32	597,658	598,705
Convertible notes receivables	應收可換股票據	24	-	_
Conversion options embedded in	應收可換股票據內含之	_ '		
convertible notes receivables	兑换選擇權	33	_	
Tax recoverable	可收回税項	00	8,906	_
	受限制銀行存款	0.4	0,900	10.701
Restricted bank deposits		34	- -	19,701
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物	34	509,341	384,778
			1,351,055	1,782,088
Total assets	資產總值		4,430,846	2,243,314
EQUITY	權益			
	本公司擁有人應佔股本及			
Capital and reserves attributable				
to owners of the Company	儲備	0.5	00 000	C 477
Share capital	股本	35	26,800	5,477
Reserves	儲備		3,325,510	2,139,174
Equity attributable to owners of	本公司擁有人			
the Company	應佔權益		3,352,310	2,144,651
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益		(5)	11,790
Total equity	權益總額		3,352,305	2,156,441
			. ,	

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position 綜合財務狀況表

At 31 December 2015 於二零一五年十二月三十一日

2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元 40,220 161,019 33,389 — 30,000 92,004 — — — 29,054	2014 二零一四年 HK\$'000 千港元 13,165 17,545 - 3,850 6,069 21,709 80 24,000 444 -
HK\$'000 千港元 40,220 161,019 33,389 - 30,000 92,004 - - 29,054	HK\$'000 千港元 13,165 17,545 - 3,850 6,069 21,709 80 24,000
千港元 40,220 161,019 33,389 - 30,000 92,004 29,054	13,165 17,545 - 3,850 6,069 21,709 80 24,000
40,220 161,019 33,389 — 30,000 92,004 — — — 29,054	13,165 17,545 — 3,850 6,069 21,709 80 24,000
161,019 33,389 — 30,000 92,004 — — — — 29,054	17,545 — 3,850 6,069 21,709 80 24,000
33,389 — 30,000 92,004 — — — 29,054	3,850 6,069 21,709 80 24,000
33,389 — 30,000 92,004 — — — 29,054	3,850 6,069 21,709 80 24,000
33,389 — 30,000 92,004 — — — 29,054	3,850 6,069 21,709 80 24,000
30,000 92,004 — — — — 29,054	6,069 21,709 80 24,000
92,004 — — — — 29,054	6,069 21,709 80 24,000
92,004 — — — — 29,054	21,709 80 24,000
29,054	80 24,000
·	24,000
·	•
·	_
·	_
385,686	86,862
92,290	_
_	11
81,000	_
154,953	_
364,612	_
692,855	11
4 070 544	06 070
1,078,541	86,873
4 420 940	0.040.044
4,430,846	2,243,314
965,369	1,695,226
,	, ,
4,045.160	2,156,452
	92,290 — 81,000 154,953 364,612

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 31 March 2016 and are signed on its behalf by:

綜合財務報表已於二零一六年三月三十一日經 董事會批准及授權刊發,並由下列人士代表簽 署:

Lei Hong Wai 李雄偉 Director 董事

The accompanying notes form an integral part of 隨附之附註構成本綜合財務報表之一部分。 these consolidated financial statements.

Chan Kin Wah Billy 陳健華 Director 董事

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity 綜合權益變動表

For the year ended 31 December 2015 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

Attributable to	owners of the	he Company
*	ひ 司擁 右 人 権力	

		AUTOURADIE to owners of the Company 本公司擁有人應佔											
	_	Share capital	Share premium	Capital reserve	Contributed surplus	Equity-settled share-based payment reserve	Available- for-sale financial assets revaluation reserve 可供出售	Exchange reserve	Other reserve	Retained profits	Sub-total	Non- controlling interests	Total
		股本 HK\$'000 <i>千港元</i>	股份溢價 HK\$'000 <i>千港元</i>	資本儲備 HK\$'000 千港元 (Note a) (附註a)	實繳盈餘 HK\$*000 <i>千港元</i> (Note b) <i>(附註b)</i>	以股權結算之 股份支款儲備 <i>HK\$*000</i> <i>千港元</i> (Note c) <i>(附註c)</i>	金融資産 重估儲備 HK\$'000 千港元 (Note d) (附註d)	匯兑儲備 HK\$'000 <i>千港元</i>	其他儲備 HK\$'000 <i>千港元</i>	保留溢利 HK\$'000 <i>千港元</i>	小計 HK\$'000 <i>千港元</i>	非控股權益 HK\$'000 <i>千港元</i>	總計 HK\$'000 <i>千港元</i>
At 1 January 2014	於二零一四年一月一日												
Profit for the year Other comprehensive income for the year Exchange differences on translating	本年度溢利 本年度其他全面收入 換算海外業務產生之	4,567 —	450,263 —	19,844	404,663 —	16,929 —	-	-	1,240 —	927,866 238,077	1,825,372 238,077	(3) (12,777)	1,825,369 225,300
foreign operations Net gain arising on revaluation of	展	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	1	-	1
available-for-sale financial assets		-	_	_	-	-	43,212	-	_	_	43,212	_	43,212
Total comprehensive income/(expense) for the year	本年度全面收入/(開支)總額	-	_	-	-	-	43,212	1		238,077	281,290	(12,777)	268,513
Placing of new shares	配售新股份	910	70,070	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	70,980	- -	70,980
Share issue expenses Release of reserve upon deemed disposal of an associate	股份發行開支 因視作出售一間聯營公司 而撥回儲備	_	(790)	_	_	_	_	_	(1,240)	_	(790) (1,240)	_	(790) (1,240)
Release of reserve upon disposal of a subsidiary	四級四個個 因出售一間附屬公司 而撥回儲備		_	(11)	_	_		_	(1,240)		(1,240)	_	(1,240)
Non-controlling interests arising on acquisition of a subsidiary				(11)						_	- (11)	810	810
Open offer of new shares of a subsidiary Changes in ownership interests in a subsidiary upon deemed	一間附屬公司之公開發售新股份 因並無導致喪失控制權之視作 出售一間附屬公司所有權	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(1,027)	-	(1,027)	19,144	18,117
disposal without loss of control Changes in ownership interests in a subsidiary upon conversion	權益之變動 兌換可換股債券後於一間附屬 公司所有權權益之變動	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,423	-	3,423	4,393	7,816
of convertible bonds Recognition of equity-settled	確認以股權結算之	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(43,735)	-	(43,735)	223	(43,512)
share-based payment Release on lapse of share options	股份支款 購股權失效時撥回	-		- -	-	10,389 (7,081)				7,081	10,389	-	10,389
At 31 December 2014 and 1 January 2015	於二零一四年十二月三十一日 及二零一五年一月一日	5,477	519,543	19,833	404,663	20,237	43,212	1	(41,339)	1,173,024	2,144,651	11,790	2,156,441
Profit for the year Other comprehensive income for the year	本年度溢利 本年度其他全面收入	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	105,256	105,256	(5,655)	99,601
Exchange differences on translating foreign operations	換算海外業務產生之 匯兑差額 + 期間以供答用 *****	-	-	-	-	-	-	(32,117)	-	-	(32,117)	-	(32,117)
Reclassification adjustments relating to foreign operations disposed of		-	-	-	-	-	-	55	-	-	55	-	55
Net loss arising on revaluation of available-for-sale financial assets Reclassification adjustments relating to available-for-sale financial	可供出售金融資產重估產生 之虧損淨額 有關已出售可供出售金融 資產之重新分類調整	-	-	-	-	-	(42,334)	-	-	-	(42,334)	-	(42,334)
assets disposed of Reclassification adjustments relating to impairment loss recognised	有關已確認可供出售金融 資產減值虧損之重新	-	-	-	-	-	(74,378)	-	-	-	(74,378)	-	(74,378)
in respect of available-for-sale financial assets	分類調整	_	_	_	_	_	73,500	_	_	_	73,500	_	73,500
Total comprehensive income/(expense) for the year	本年度全面收入/(開支)總額	_	_	_	_	_	(43,212)	(32,062)	_	105,256	29,982	(5,655)	24,327
Exercise of share options		423	33,724	_	_	(4,942)	_	_	_	_	29,205	_	29,205
Issue of new shares upon rights issue Issue of consideration shares in relation to acquisition of a subsidiary	供股時發行新股份 就收購一間附屬公司發行 代價股份	5,900 15,000	407,102 712,500	-	-	(4,542)	-	-	-	_ _	413,002 727,500	-	413,002 727,500
Share issue expenses Deemed disposal of a subsidiary	股份發行開支 視作出售一間附屬公司	-	(9,830)	-	-	=	-	-	41,339	(41,339)	(9,830)	(2,267)	(9,830) (2,267)
Dividend paid to non-controlling interests Recognition of equity-settled		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	- 1,000	(±1,009) —	-	(3,873)	(3,873)
share-based payment Release on lapse of share options	股份支款 購股權失效時發回	=	-	- -	- -	17,800 (5,447)	-	- -		_ 5,447	17,800 —	- -	17,800 —
At 31 December 2015	於二零一五年十二月三十一日	26,800	1,663,039	19,833	404,663	27,648	-	(32,061)	-	1,242,388	3,352,310	(5)	3,352,305
			_										

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity 綜合權益變動表

For the year ended 31 December 2015 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

Notes:

- (a) Capital reserve represents the difference of share capital and share premium of the subsidiaries and the nominal value of the 880 shares issued by Riche (BVI) Limited (formerly known as Ocean Shores (BVI) Limited) prior to the allotment of 120 shares to Classical Statue Limited and the amount arising from issue of share by a subsidiary.
- (b) Contributed surplus represents the net amount transferred from share capital and share premium to retained profits/ accumulated losses pursuant to the special resolutions passed at the special general meetings held on 22 August 2003, 30 April 2008 and 12 December 2011.
- (c) Equity-settled share-based payment reserve represents the fair value of services estimated to be received in exchange for the grant of the relevant share options over the relevant vesting periods, the total of which is based on the fair value of the share options at grant date. The amount for each reporting period is determined by spreading the fair value of the share options over the relevant vesting periods (if any) and is recognised as staff costs and related expenses with a corresponding increase in equitysettled share-based payment reserve.
- (d) Available-for-sale financial assets revaluation reserve represents cumulative gains and losses on revaluation of available-for-sale financial assets recognised in other comprehensive income less those cumulative gains and losses recycled and recognised in profit or loss upon derecognition of available-for-sale financial assets.

附註:

- (a) 資本儲備指附屬公司之股本及股份溢價與向 Classical Statue Limited配發120股股份前 Riche (BVI) Limited (前稱Ocean Shores (BVI) Limited)所發行之880股股份之面值及附屬公司 發行股份所得款項之差額。
- (b) 實繳盈餘指根據於二零零三年八月二十二日、二 零零八年四月三十日及二零一一年十二月十二日 舉行之股東特別大會上通過之特別決議案自股本 及股份溢價轉撥至保留溢利/累計虧損之淨額。
- (c) 以股權結算之股份支款儲備指於相關歸屬期內授 出相關購股權以換取估計將接獲服務之公平值, 其總額乃根據購股權於授出日期之公平值計算。 各報告期之金額乃透過將購股權公平值於相關歸 屬期(如有)內攤分釐定,並確認為員工成本及相 關開支,而以股權結算之股份支款儲備作相應增 加。
- (d) 可供出售金融資產重估儲備指已於其他全面收入 確認之可供出售金融資產重估之累計收益及虧 損,扣除於終止確認可供出售金融資產時已收回 並於損益表確認之累計收益及虧損。

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows 綜合現金流量表

For the year ended 31 December 2015 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

Profit before taxation from continuing operations Loss before taxation from discontinued operations Adjustments for: Cumulative gain reclassified from equity to profit or loss upon derecognition of available-for-sale financial assets Depreciation of property, plant and equipment Dividend income Gain arising on change in fair value upon conversion of convertible notes receivables Loss/(gain) arising on change in fair value through profit or loss Gain arising on early redemption of convertible notes receivables Gain on deemed disposal of an associate Gain on deemed disposal of a subsidiary Loss/(gain) on disposal of property, plant and equipment Gain on disposal of subsidiaries Profit before taxation from continuing x e 1
Adjustments for: Cumulative gain reclassified from equity to profit or loss upon derecognition of available-for-sale financial assets Depreciation of property, plant and equipment Dividend income Gain arising on change in fair value upon conversion of convertible notes receivables Loss/(gain) arising on change in fair value of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss Gain on deemed disposal of a subsidiary Loss/(gain) on disposal of property, plant and equipment Adjustments for: Rivarial E
Cumulative gain reclassified from equity to profit or loss upon derecognition of available-for-sale financial assets Depreciation of property, plant and equipment Dividend income Gain arising on change in fair value upon conversion of convertible notes receivables Loss/(gain) arising on change in fair value through profit or loss Gain arising on early redemption of convertible notes receivables Gain on deemed disposal of a subsidiary Loss/(gain) on disposal of property, plant and equipment Dividend income Re 使人入 Sequently East and East and East and East and East East East East East East East East
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment 2折舊 18 7,738 2,388 Dividend income 股息收入 8 (3,111) — Gain arising on change in fair value upon conversion of convertible notes receivables 2收益 9 — (133,759) Loss/(gain) arising on change in fair value through profit or loss Gain arising on early redemption of convertible notes receivables 2 上oss/convertible notes receivables 2 上oss/coate 2 上oss/coate 2 上oss/coate 2 上oss/coate 3 上oss/coate 4 上oss/coate 4 上oss/coate 4 上oss/coate 5 上oss/coate 6 上oss/coate 6 上oss/coate 6 上oss/coate 7 上oss/coate 8 上oss/coate 8 上oss/coate 8 上oss/coate 9 上oss/co
Dividend income Gain arising on change in fair value upon conversion of convertible notes receivables Loss/(gain) arising on change in fair value of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss Gain arising on early redemption of convertible notes receivables Gain on deemed disposal of an associate Gain on deemed disposal of a subsidiary Loss/(gain) on disposal of property, plant and equipment Reluk T
Loss/(gain) arising on change in fair value of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss
Gain arising on early redemption of convertible notes receivables
Gain on deemed disposal of an associate 收益 9, 23 - (7,669) Gain on deemed disposal of a asubsidiary 收益 9 (245,072) - Loss/(gain) on disposal of property, plant and equipment 虧損/(收益) 9, 15 137 (139)
associate 收益 9, 23 — (7,669) Gain on deemed disposal of a 視作出售一間附屬公司之 subsidiary 收益 9 (245,072) — Loss/(gain) on disposal of property, plant and equipment 虧損/(收益) 9, 15 137 (139)
subsidiary 收益 9 (245,072) — Loss/(gain) on disposal of property, 出售物業、廠房及設備之 割損/(收益) 9, 15 137 (139)
plant and equipment 虧損/(收益) 9, 15 137 (139)
(fain on dignogal of clincidiaries 里住附屬公司 /W/之 U /5
Gain on disposal of subsidiaries
of other receivables 減值虧損 15 — 46,519 Impairment loss recognised in respect 已確認應收一間聯營公司
of amount due from an associate 款項之減值虧損 9 1,431 — Impairment loss recognised in respect 已確認由權益重新分類至 6 dayailable-for-sale financial assets 捐益表之可供出售金融 reclassified from equity to profit or 資產之減值虧損
loss 9 73,500 — Impairment loss recognised in respect 已確認商譽之減值虧損
of goodwill 9 48,492 — — Imputed interest income on convertible 應收可換股票據之估算
notes receivables 利息收入 9, 24 — (7,686)
Interest expenses 利息開支 10, 15 2,463 406
Gain arising on change in fair value of 投資物業公平值變動產生 investment properties 之收益 9 (604) —
Amortisation of intangible assets 無形資產攤銷 14 5,114 — Share of results of associates 應佔聯營公司業績 — 555
Equity-settled share-based payment 以股權結算之股份支款開
expenses 支 14 17,800 10,389 Written-off of property, plant and 撇銷物業、廠房及設備
equipment 15 - 322 Write-down of inventories 撇減存貨 15, 28 3 1

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows 綜合現金流量表

For the year ended 31 December 2015 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

			2015	2014
			二零一五年	二零一四年
		Notes 附註	HK\$'000 <i>千港元</i>	HK\$'000 <i>千港元</i>
-		PIJ AL	17876	1 /E/U
Operating cash flows before movements	營運資金變動前之			
in working capital	經營現金流量		6,938	44,177
Increase in inventories	存貨增加		(16,883)	(24,486)
Increase in trade receivables	貿易應收款項增加		(47,312)	(11,956)
Decrease/(increase) in loans receivables	應收貸款減少/(增加)		465,072	(238,367)
(Increase)/decrease in deposits,	按金、預付款項及其他應收 款項(增加)/減少		(2.267)	F 100
prepayments and other receivables Increase in financial assets at fair value			(3,367)	5,100
through profit or loss	金融資產增加		(65,239)	(213,372)
Increase in trade payables	貿易應付款項增加		24,968	12,766
Decrease in deposits received, accruals	已收按金、應計費用及		·	
and other payables	其他應付款項減少		(8,693)	(1,341)
Increase in receipts in advance	預收款項增加		258,716	
Decrease in deposits from customers Increase in deferred revenue	客戶按金減少 遞延收益增加		(34) 556	(14) 2,131
Increase in deterred revenue	<u> </u>		330	2,101
Cash generated from/(used in) operations	營運產生/(所用)現金		614,722	(425,362)
Interest paid	已付利息		(1,360)	(58)
Tax paid	已付税項		(19,424)	(2,735)
				<u> </u>
Net cash generated from/(used in)	經營活動產生/(所用)現金			
operating activities	淨額		593,938	(428,155)
INVESTING ACTIVITIES	投資活動			
Acquisition of convertible notes receivables	收購應收可換股票據		_	(40,000)
Dividend received	已收股息		3,111	(40,000)
Interest received	已收利息		1,379	2,179
Interest received from convertible notes	應收可換股票據之已收		-,	_,
receivables	利息		_	4,241
Net cash (outflow)/inflow on acquisition	收購附屬公司之現金(流出)	40	(0.47.477)	00.050
of subsidiaries	/流入淨額 山焦州層のヨラ田会法 1	46	(847,455)	30,658
Net cash inflow on disposal of subsidiaries	出售附屬公司之現金流入 淨額	47	_	1,999
Net cash outflow on deemed disposal of	視作出售一間附屬公司之現	77		1,555
a subsidiary	金流出淨額	47	(161,878)	_
Payment of deposit for investment	支付投資按金		· -	(60,000)
Withdrawal/(placement) of restricted bank	提取/(存入)受限制銀行			(2.2)
deposits	存款		7,045	(38)
Proceeds from disposal of available-for- sale financial assets	出售可供出售金融資產所得 款項	26	99,881	94,170
Proceeds from disposal of property,	出售物業、廠房及設備所得	20	99,001	34,170
plant and equipment	款項		373	160
Proceeds from early redemption of	提早贖回應收可換股票據之			
convertible notes receivables	所得款項		_	27,000
Purchase of property, plant and	購買物業、廠房及設備	10	(40.040)	(0.70)
equipment		18	(10,216)	(870)
Not each (used in)/generated from	投資活動(所用)/產生之			
Net cash (used in)/generated from investing activities	投員冶勤(所用)/ 産生∠ 現金淨額		(907,760)	59,499
mresung activities	ルルプ訳		(301,100)	55,455

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows 綜合現金流量表

For the year ended 31 December 2015 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

		Notes 附註	2015 二零一五年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2014 二零一四年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
FINANCING ACTIVITIES Exercise of share options Issue of new shares upon rights issue Dividend paid to non-controlling interests Net proceeds from issue of new shares Net proceeds from issue of new shares of a subsidiary Proceeds from other borrowings Repayment of obligations under finance leases Repayment of bank borrowings Repayment of other borrowings Repayment of other borrowings Repayment of promissory notes Share issue expenses	融資活動 行使購股權 假時發行股份 电影 不可能		29,205 413,002 (3,873) — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	- - 70,190 25,933 2,450 (293) - (7,000)
Net cash generated from financing activities	融資活動產生之現金淨額		425,919	91,280
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year Effect of foreign exchange rate changes	現金及現金等價物增加/ (減少)淨額 年初之現金及現金等價物 匯率變動之影響		112,097 384,778 12,466	(277,376) 662,153
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year	年終之現金及現金等價物		509,341	384,778
Analysis of the balances of cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物結餘分析			
Cash at bank and on hand Restricted bank deposits	銀行及手頭現金 受限制銀行存款	34	509,341 —	384,778 19,701
Less: restricted bank deposits	<i>減:</i> 受限制銀行存款		509,341 —	404,479 (19,701)
Included in cash and cash equivalents per consolidated statement of financial position	計入綜合財務狀況表之 現金及現金等價物	34	509,341	384,778

The accompanying notes form an integral part of 隨附之附註構成本綜合財務報表之一部分。 these consolidated financial statements.

For the year ended 31 December 2015 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

The Company is incorporated in Bermuda as an exempted company with limited liability and its issued shares are listed on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange"). The addresses of the registered office, and head office and principal place of business of the Company are disclosed in the corporate information section to the annual report.

The principal activity of the Company is investment holding. The principal activities of the Company's subsidiaries (together with the Company referred to as the "Group") are distribution of films, sub-licensing of film rights, sale of financial assets, property investment, money lending, and design and sale of jewelry products. The Group was also engaged in development, distribution and marketing of personal care treatments, products and services, which were discontinued in current year.

The consolidated financial statements are presented in thousands of units of Hong Kong dollars (**HK\$'000**), which is the functional currency of the Company.

1. 一般資料

本公司為於百慕達註冊成立之獲豁免有限公司,其已發行股份在香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)主板上市。本公司之註冊辦事處以及總辦事處及主要營業地點之地址於年度報告之公司資料一節披露。

本公司之主要業務為投資控股。本公司之的屬公司(連同本公司統稱「本集團」)之主要業務為發行電影、轉授電影發行權、銷售金融資產、物業投資、借貸以及設計及銷售珠寶產品。本集團亦從及設計及銷售珠產品及服務之發展、銷及市場推廣,並已於本年度終止。

綜合財務報表以千港元(千港元)為單位 呈列,即本公司之功能貨幣。

For the year ended 31 December 2015 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs")

In the current year, the Group has applied, for the first time, the following amendments to HKFRSs issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (the "**HKICPA**"), which are effective for the Group's financial year beginning from 1 January 2015.

HKAS 19 (Amendments) Defined Benefit Plans: Employee

Contributions

2010-2012 Cycle

HKFRSs (Amendments) Annual Improvements to HKFRSs

2011-2013 Cycle

Amendments to HKAS 19 Defined Benefit Plans: Employee Contributions

The amendments introduce a relief to reduce the complexity of accounting for certain contributions from employees or third parties under defined benefit plans. When the contributions are eligible for the practical expedient provided by the amendments, a company is allowed to recognise the contributions as a reduction of the service cost in the period in which the related service is rendered, instead of including them in calculating the defined benefit obligation. The amendments do not have an impact on the Group's consolidated financial statements as the Group does not have any defined benefit plans.

Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2010-2012 Cycle and 2011-2013 Cycle

These two cycles of annual improvements contain amendments to nine Standards with consequential amendments to other Standards. Among them, HKAS 24 Related Party Disclosures has been amended to expand the definition of a "related party" to include a management entity that provides key management personnel services to the reporting entity and to require the disclosure of the amounts incurred for obtaining the key management personnel services provided by the management entity. These amendments do not have an impact on the Group's related party disclosures as the Group does not obtain key management personnel services from management entities.

2. 應用新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則(「香港財務報告準則」)

於本年度,本集團已首次應用以下香港會計師公會(「香港會計師公會」)頒佈並於二零一五年一月一日開始之本集團財政年度生效之香港財務報告準則之修訂本。

香港會計準則第19號 界定福利計劃:僱員供款

(修訂本)

香港財務報告準則 二零一零年至二零一二年週期香 (修訂本) 港財務報告準則之年度改善 香港財務報告準則 二零一一年至二零一三年週期香

(修訂本) 港財務報告準則之年度改善

香港會計準則第19號界定福利計劃:僱 員供款之修訂本

二零一零年至二零一二年週期及二零 一一年至二零一三年週期香港財務報告 準則之年度改善

此兩個週期之年度改善包括九項準則之修訂及連同其他準則之相應修訂處連同其他準則之相應修訂露了中,香港會計準則第24號關聯方披露為包括提供主要管理人員服務予申管理體之管理實體,並要求披露為獲得管理人員服務而產生之金額。由於本集團並無自管理實體不支票。 也以該等修訂對本集團之關聯方披露並無任何影響。

For the year ended 31 December 2015 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

3. NEW AND REVISED HKFRSs IN ISSUE BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE

The Group has not early applied the following new and revised HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective:

HKAS 1 (Amendments) HKAS 16 and HKAS 38 (Amendments) HKAS 16 and HKAS 41 (Amendments)

HKAS 27 (Amendments)

HKFRSs (Amendments)

HKFRS 9 HKFRS 10 and HKAS 28 (Amendments)

HKFRS 10, HKFRS 12 and HKAS 28 (Amendments)

HKFRS 11 (Amendments)

HKFRS 15

Disclosure Initiative¹

Clarification of Acceptable Methods of Depreciation and Amortisation¹ Agriculture: Bearer Plants¹

Equity Method in Separate Financial Statements¹

Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2012-2014 Cvcle¹

Financial Instruments²

Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture³

Investment Entities: Applying the Consolidation Exception¹

Accounting for Acquisitions of Interests in Joint Operations¹

Revenue from Contracts with Customers²

- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016, with earlier application permitted.
- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018, with earlier application permitted.
- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after a date to be determined.

Except as described below, none of these new and revised HKFRSs is expected to have a material effect on the Group's consolidated financial statements.

3. 已頒佈但尚未生效之新訂及經修訂 之香港財務報告準則

本集團並無提早應用以下已頒佈但尚未 生效之新訂及經修訂之香港財務報告準 則:

香港會計準則第1號(修訂本) 香港會計準則第16號及香港會 計準則第38號(修訂本) 香港會計準則第16號及香港會

計準則第41號(修訂本) 香港會計準則第27號

(修訂本) 香港財務報告準則(修訂本)

香港財務報告準則第9號

香港財務報告準則第10號及 香港會計準則第28號 (修訂本)

香港財務報告準則第10號、 香港財務報告準則第12號 及香港會計準則第28號 (修訂本)

香港財務報告準則第11號 (修訂本)

香港財務報告準則第15號

披露措施1

澄清可接納之折舊及攤 銷方法¹

農業:生產性植物1

獨立財務報表之權益法1

二零一二年至二零一四 年週期香港財務報告 準則之年度改善¹

金融工具2

投資者與其聯營公司或 合營公司之間之資產 出售或出資³

投資實體:應用綜合入 賬之例外情況¹

收購合營業務權益之會 計處理1

來自客戶合約之收益2

- 1 於二零一六年一月一日或之後開始之年度 期間生效,可予提早應用
- ² 於二零一八年一月一日或之後開始之年度 期間生效,可予提早應用
- 3 於將予確定之日期或之後開始之年度期間 生效

除下文所述者外,預期此等新訂及經修 訂之香港財務報告準則概不會對本集團 之綜合財務報表造成重大影響。

For the year ended 31 December 2015 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

3. NEW AND REVISED HKFRSs IN ISSUE BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE (Continued)

HKFRS 9 Financial Instruments

HKFRS 9 issued in 2009 introduced new requirements for the classification and measurement of financial assets. HKFRS 9 was subsequently amended in 2010 to include requirements for the classification and measurement of financial liabilities and for derecognition, and in 2013 to include the new requirements for general hedge accounting. Another revised version of HKFRS 9 was issued in 2014 mainly to include (a) impairment requirements for financial assets and (b) limited amendments to the classification and measurement requirements by introducing a 'fair value through other comprehensive income' ("FVTOCI") measurement category for certain simple debt instruments.

Key requirements of HKFRS 9 are described below:

all recognised financial assets that are within the scope of HKAS 39 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement are required to be subsequently measured at amortised cost or fair value. Specifically, debt investments that are held within a business model whose objective is to collect the contractual cash flows, and that have contractual cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal outstanding are generally measured at amortised cost at the end of subsequent accounting periods. Debt instruments that are held within a business model whose objective is achieved both by collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets, and that have contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding, are generally measured at FVTOCI. All other debt investments and equity investments are measured at their fair values at the end of subsequent accounting periods. In addition, under HKFRS 9, entities may make an irrevocable election to present subsequent changes in the fair value of an equity investment (that is not held for trading) in other comprehensive income, with only dividend income generally recognised in profit or loss.

3. 已頒佈但尚未生效之新訂及經修訂 之香港財務報告準則(續)

香港財務報告準則第9號金融工具

香港財務報告準則第9號之主要規定載述如下:

於香港會計準則第39號金融工具: 確認及計量範圍內所有已確認金融 資產其後須按攤銷成本或公平值計 量。特別是,按其目標為收取合約 現金流之業務模式所持有之債務投 資及合約現金流僅為支付尚未償還 本金及其利息款項之債務投資,一 般於後續報告期間結束時按攤銷成 本計量。業務模型內透過收取合約 現金流及出售金融資產達致目標, 及按照金融資產之合約條款於特定 日期產生之現金流僅為支付本金及 未償還本金之利息之債務工具一般 乃按公平值計入其他全面收益計 量。所有其他債務投資及權益投資 均於後續會計期間結束時按公平值 計量。此外,根據香港財務報告準 則第9號,實體可作出不可撤回之 選擇,以於其他綜合收益呈列權益 投資(並非持作買賣者)公平值之其 後變動,一般僅股息收入於損益表 確認。

For the year ended 31 December 2015 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

3. NEW AND REVISED HKFRSs IN ISSUE BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE (Continued)

HKFRS 9 Financial Instruments (Continued)

- with regard to the measurement of financial liabilities designated as at fair value through profit or loss, HKFRS 9 requires that the amount of change in the fair value of the financial liability that is attributable to changes in the credit risk of that liability is presented in other comprehensive income, unless the recognition of the effects of changes in the liability's credit risk in other comprehensive income would create or enlarge an accounting mismatch in profit or loss. Changes in fair value attributable to financial liability's credit risk are not subsequently reclassified to profit or loss. Under HKAS 39, the entire amount of the change in the fair value of the financial liability designated as at fair value through profit or loss was presented in profit or loss.
- in relation to the impairment of financial assets, HKFRS 9 requires an expected credit loss model, as opposed to an incurred credit loss model under HKAS 39. The expected credit loss model requires an entity to account for expected credit losses and changes in those expected credit losses at each reporting date to reflect changes in credit risk since initial recognition. In other words, it is no longer necessary for a credit event to have occurred before credit losses are recognised.
- the new general hedge accounting requirements retain the three types of hedge accounting mechanisms currently available in HKAS 39. Under HKFRS 9, greater flexibility has been introduced to the types of transactions eligible for hedge accounting, specifically broadening the types of instruments that qualify for hedging instruments and the types of risk components of non-financial items that are eligible for hedge accounting. In addition, the retrospective quantitative effectiveness test has been removed. Enhanced disclosure requirements about an entity's risk management activities have also been introduced.

3. 已頒佈但尚未生效之新訂及經修訂 之香港財務報告準則(續)

香港財務報告準則第9號金融工具(續)

- 就金融資產減值而言內方
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- 新一般對沖會計法規定保留香港會 計準則第39號現有三類對沖會計 機制。根據香港財務報告準則第9 號,增加合資格作對沖會計處理之 交易類別之靈活性,尤其是擴闊合 資格作對沖工具之工具類型及合資 格作對沖會計處理之非金融項用的 風險成份類型。另外,對門體之 明須再追溯評估,並就實體之 管理活動引入更嚴格之披露規定。

For the year ended 31 December 2015 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

3. NEW AND REVISED HKFRSs IN ISSUE BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE (Continued)

HKFRS 9 Financial Instruments (Continued)

The directors of the Company anticipate that the application of HKFRS 9 in the future may have a significant impact on the amounts reported in respect of the Group's financial assets and financial liabilities. Regarding the Group's financial assets and financial liabilities, it is not practicable to provide a reasonable estimate of that effect until a detailed review has been completed.

HKFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers

HKFRS 15 was issued which establishes a single comprehensive model for entities to use in accounting for revenue arising from contracts with customers. HKFRS 15 will supersede the current revenue recognition guidance including HKAS 18 *Revenue*, HKAS 11 *Construction Contracts* and the related Interpretations when it becomes effective.

The core principle of HKFRS 15 is that an entity should recognise revenue to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. Specifically, the Standard introduces a 5-step approach to revenue recognition:

- Step 1: Identify the contract(s) with a customer
- Step 2: Identify the performance obligations in the contract
- Step 3: Determine the transaction price
- Step 4: Allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations in the contract
- Step 5: Recognise revenue when (or as) the entity satisfies a performance obligation

3. 已頒佈但尚未生效之新訂及經修訂 之香港財務報告準則(續)

香港財務報告準則第9號金融工具(續)

本公司董事預期未來應用香港財務報告 準則第9號可能會對本集團金融資產及 金融負債之已呈報金額構成重大影響。 然而,就本集團之金融資產及金融負債 而言,於完成詳細審閱前對有關影響作 出合理估計並不可行。

香港財務報告準則第15號來自客戶合約 之收益

香港財務報告準則第15號已頒佈,其制定一項供實體用於將自客戶合約產生之收益入賬之單一綜合模型。香港財務報告準則第15號生效後將取代現行之收益確認指引,包括香港會計準則第18號收益、香港會計準則第11號建築合約及相關詮釋。

香港財務報告準則第15號之核心原則為 實體所確認之向客戶轉讓已承諾貨品或 服務之收益,應為能反映該實體預期就 交換該等貨品或服務而有權收取之代價 之金額。具體而言,該準則引入五個收 益確認步驟:

第一步:確立與客戶訂立之合約

• 第二步:確立合約中之履約責任

• 第三步: 釐定交易價格

第四步:將交易價格分配至合約中 之履約責任

• 第五步: 於實體完成履約責任時 (或就此)確認收益

For the year ended 31 December 2015 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

3. NEW AND REVISED HKFRSs IN ISSUE BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE (Continued)

HKFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Continued)

Under HKFRS 15, an entity recognises revenue when (or as) a performance obligation is satisfied, i.e. when 'control' of the goods or services underlying the particular performance obligation is transferred to the customer. Far more prescriptive guidance has been added in HKFRS 15 to deal with specific scenarios. Furthermore, extensive disclosures are required by HKFRS 15.

The directors of the Company anticipate that the application of HKFRS 15 in the future may have a material impact on the amounts reported and disclosures made in the Group's consolidated financial statements. However, it is not practicable to provide a reasonable estimate of the effect of HKFRS 15 until the Group performs a detailed review.

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

(a) Basis of preparation

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with HKFRSs which is a collective term that includes all applicable individual HKFRSs, Hong Kong Accounting Standards ("HKASs") and Interpretations issued by the HKICPA. In addition, the consolidated financial statements include applicable disclosures required by the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange (the "Listing Rules") and by the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance (the "CO").

3. 已頒佈但尚未生效之新訂及經修訂 之香港財務報告準則(續)

香港財務報告準則第**15**號來自客戶合約 之收益(續)

根據香港財務報告準則第15號,實體於完成履約責任時(或就此)確認收益,即於涉及特定履約責任之貨品或服務之「控制權」轉移予客戶時。香港財務報告準則第15號已就特別情況之處理方法納入更明確之指引。此外,香港財務報告準則第15號要求作出更詳盡之披露。

本公司董事預期未來應用香港財務報告 準則第15號可能會對就本集團之綜合財 務報表中之已呈報金額及披露構成重大 影響。然而,本集團於完成詳細審閱前 對有關香港財務報告準則第15號之影響 作出合理估計並不可行。

4. 主要會計政策概要

編製綜合財務報表時應用之主要會計政 策載列如下。除另有指明外,該等政策 於呈列之所有年度獲貫徹應用。

(a) 編製基準

綜合財務報表乃根據香港會計師公會頒佈之香港財務報告準則而所表面,香港財務報告準則所所來的個別香港財務報告準則」分類會計準則(「香港會計準則」分報報之統稱。此外市規則(「上香港),提下之適用被別(「上香港),以表別分數。 包括聯交所證券上方期項及表別,以表規則,以表別分數。 司條例(「公司條例」)之披露規定。

For the year ended 31 December 2015 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(a) Basis of preparation (Continued)

The provisions of the new Hong Kong Companies Ordinance (Cap. 622) (the "new CO") regarding preparation of accounts and directors' reports and audits became effective for the Company for the financial year ended 31 December 2015. Further, the disclosure requirements set out in the Listing Rules regarding annual financial statements have been amended with reference to the new CO and to streamline with HKFRSs. Accordingly, the presentation and disclosure of information in the consolidated financial statements for the financial year ended 31 December 2015 have been changed to comply with these new requirements. Comparative information in respect of the financial year ended 31 December 2014 are presented or disclosed in the consolidated financial statements based on the new requirements. Information previously required to be disclosed under the predecessor CO or the Listing Rules but not under the new CO or amended the Listing Rules are not disclosed in these consolidated financial statements.

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, except for investment properties and certain financial instruments that are measured at fair values at the end of each reporting period, as explained in the accounting policies below.

Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for goods and services.

4. 主要會計政策概要(續)

(a) 編製基準(續)

新香港公司條例(第622章)(「新 公司條例 |) 有關編製賬目及董事會 報告書及審核之條文,已於本公司 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止 財政年度生效。此外,上市規則所 載有關年度財務報表之披露規定已 參考新公司條例而修訂並藉此與香 港財務報告準則精簡一致。因此, 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止 財政年度綜合財務報表內之資料呈 列及披露已予更改以遵守此等新規 定。有關截至二零一四年十二月 三十一日止財政年度之比較資料已 根據新規定於綜合財務報表內呈列 或披露。根據前公司條例或上市規 則在以往須予披露但根據新公司條 例或經修訂上市規則毋須披露之資 料,於該等綜合財務報表中已再無 披露。

綜合財務報表乃根據歷史成本基準編製,惟於各報告期末按公平值計量之投資物業及若干金融工具除外(於下述會計政策中闡述)。

歷史成本一般按交換貨品及服務所 支付代價之公平值計量。

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4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(a) Basis of preparation (Continued)

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date, regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. In estimating the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Group takes into account the characteristics of the asset or liability if market participants would take those characteristics into account when pricing the asset or liability at the measurement date. Fair value for measurement and/or disclosure purposes in these consolidated financial statements is determined on such a basis, except for share-based payment transactions that are within the scope of HKFRS 2, leasing transactions that are within the scope of HKAS 17, and measurements that have some similarities to fair value but are not fair value, such as net realisable value in HKAS 2 or value in use in HKAS 36.

In addition, for financial reporting purposes, fair value measurements are categorised into Level 1, 2 or 3 based on the degree to which the inputs to the fair value measurements are observable and the significance of the inputs to the fair value measurement in its entirety, which are described as follows:

- Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date;
- Level 2 inputs are inputs, other than quoted prices included within Level 1, that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly; and
- Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

4. 主要會計政策概要(續)

(a) 編製基準(續)

公平值是於計量日期市場參與者於 有秩序交易中出售資產可收取或轉 讓負債須支付之價格, 而不論該價 格是否直接可觀察得出或可使用其 他估值技術估計。倘市場參與者於 計量日期對資產或負債定價時會考 慮資產或負債之特徵,則本集團於 估計資產或負債之公平值時會考慮 該等特徵。該等綜合財務報表中作 計量及/或披露用途之公平值乃按 此基準釐定,惟屬於香港財務報告 準則第2號範圍之以股份形式支付 之交易、屬於香港會計準則第17號 範圍內之租賃交易,以及與公平值 有部分相似之處但並非公平值之計 量,如香港會計準則第2號之可變 現淨值或香港會計準則第36號之使 用價值除外。

此外,就財務報告而言,公平值計量根據公平值計量輸入數據之可觀察程度及輸入數據對公平值計量整體之重要性分類為第1、第2或第3級,載述如下:

- 第1級輸入數據乃實體於計量 日期可取得之相同資產或負債 於活躍市場中所報價格(未經 調整);
- 第2級輸入數據乃資產或負債 之可直接或間接觀察獲得之 輸入數據(第1級所載報價除 外);及
- 第3級輸入數據乃資產或負債 之不可觀察獲得之輸入數據。

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4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(a) Basis of preparation (Continued)

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with HKFRSs requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Company's accounting policies.

(b) Basis of consolidation

Subsidiaries

A subsidiary is an entity (including a structured entity) over which the Group has control. The Group controls an entity when the Group is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. Subsidiaries are consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group. They are deconsolidated from the date that control ceases. Control is reassessed whenever facts and circumstances indicate that there may be a change in any of these elements of control.

Business combinations

The Group applies the acquisition method to account for business combinations. The consideration transferred for the acquisition of a subsidiary is the fair values of the assets transferred, the liabilities incurred to the former owners of the acquiree and the equity interests issued by the Group. The consideration transferred includes the fair value of any asset or liability resulting from a contingent consideration arrangement. Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination are measured initially at their fair values at the acquisition date.

4. 主要會計政策概要(續)

(a) 編製基準(續)

編製符合香港財務報告準則之綜合 財務報表須使用若干關鍵會計估 計。管理層亦須於應用本公司之會 計政策時作出判斷。

(b) 綜合基準

附屬公司

業務合併

For the year ended 31 December 2015 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(b) Basis of consolidation (Continued)

Business combinations (Continued)

The Group recognises any non-controlling interest in the acquiree on an acquisition-by-acquisition basis. Non-controlling interests in the acquiree that are present ownership interests and entitle their holders to a proportionate share of the entity's net assets in the event of liquidation are measured at either fair value or the present ownership interests' proportionate share in the recognised amounts of the acquiree's identifiable net assets. All other components of non-controlling interests are measured at their acquisition date fair value, unless another measurement basis is required by HKFRS.

Acquisition-related costs are expensed as incurred.

If the business combination is achieved in stages, the acquirer's previously held equity interest in the acquiree is remeasured to fair value at the acquisition date; any gains or losses arising from such remeasurement are recognised in profit or loss.

Any contingent consideration to be transferred by the Group is recognised at fair value at the acquisition date. Subsequent changes to the fair value of the contingent consideration that is deemed to be an asset or liability is recognised in accordance with HKAS 39 either in profit or loss or as a change to other comprehensive income. Contingent consideration that is classified as equity is not remeasured, and its subsequent settlement is accounted for within equity.

4. 主要會計政策概要(續)

(b) 綜合基準(續)

業務合併(續)

收購相關成本於產生時列為開支。

倘業務合併分階段進行,收購方先 前持有之被收購方股權按收購日期 之公平值重新計量;重新計量所產 生之任何盈虧於損益表確認。

本集團所轉讓之任何或然代價在收購日期按公平值確認。被視為資費或負債之或然代價公平值之後續變動,按照香港會計準則第39號於最大確認或確認為其他全面收價大數。分類為權益之或然代價入數。 須重新計量,其後續結算於權益入賬。

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4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(b) Basis of consolidation (Continued)

Business combinations (Continued)

The excess of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interest in the acquiree and the acquisition-date fair value of any previous equity interest in the acquiree over the fair value of the identifiable net assets acquired is recorded as goodwill. If the total of consideration transferred, non-controlling interest recognised and the fair value of the acquirers' previously held interest is less than the fair value of the identifiable net assets of the subsidiary acquired in the case of a bargain purchase, the difference is recognised directly in profit or loss.

Intra-group transactions, balances and unrealised gains on transactions between group companies are eliminated. Unrealised losses are also eliminated. When necessary, amounts reported by subsidiaries have been adjusted to conform with the Group's accounting policies.

Changes in ownership interests in existing subsidiaries without change of control

Changes in the Group's ownership interests in existing subsidiaries that do not result in a loss of control are accounted for as equity transactions. The carrying amounts of the Group's interest and the non-controlling interests are adjusted to reflect the changes in their relative interests in the subsidiaries. The difference between fair value of any consideration paid and the relevant share acquired of the carrying amount of net assets of the subsidiary is recorded in equity. Gains or losses on disposals to non-controlling interests are also recorded in equity.

4. 主要會計政策概要(續)

(b) 綜合基準(續)

業務合併(續)

集團內公司間交易、結餘及集團公司間交易所產生之未變現收益予以對銷。未變現虧損亦予以對銷。附屬公司所呈報金額已作必要調整,以與本集團之會計政策一致。

於現有附屬公司擁有權權益之變動 (未導致控制權變動)

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4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(b) Basis of consolidation (Continued)

Disposal of subsidiaries

When the Group ceases to have control, any retained interest in the entity is remeasured to its fair value at the date when control is lost, with the change in carrying amount recognised in profit or loss. The fair value is the initial carrying amount for the purposes of subsequently accounting for the retained interest as an associate, joint venture or financial asset. In addition, any amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in respect of that entity are accounted for as if the Group had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities of the subsidiary. This may mean that amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income are reclassified to profit or loss.

(c) Investments in subsidiaries

Investments in subsidiaries are accounted for at cost less impairment. Cost includes direct attributable costs of investment. The results of subsidiaries are accounted for by the Company on the basis of dividend received and receivable.

Impairment testing of the interests in subsidiaries is required upon receiving a dividend from these investments if the dividend exceeds the total comprehensive income of the subsidiary in the period the dividend is declared or if the carrying amount of the investment in the separate financial statements exceeds the carrying amount in the consolidated financial statements of the investee's net assets including goodwill.

4. 主要會計政策概要(續)

(b) 綜合基準(續)

出售附屬公司

(c) 於附屬公司之投資

於附屬公司之投資按成本值扣除減值入賬。成本包括投資直接應佔成本。附屬公司之業績由本公司按已收及應收股息入賬。

倘於宣派股息期間,有關股息超過附屬公司之全面收益表總額,或倘該投資於獨立財務報表之賬面值超過被投資方淨資產(包括商譽)於綜合財務報表之賬面值,則於收取投資股息時,須對於附屬公司之權益作減值測試。

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4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(d) Investments in associates

An associate is an entity over which the Group has significant influence. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decision of the investee but not control or joint control over these policies. Investments in associates are accounted for using the equity method of accounting. Under the equity method, the investment is initially recognised at cost, and the carrying amount is increased or decreased to recognise the Group's share of the profit or loss and other comprehensive income of the associates after the date of acquisition. The Group's investments in associates include goodwill identified on acquisition. Upon the acquisition of the ownership interest in an associate, any excess of the cost of the investment over the Group's share of the net fair value of the associate's identifiable assets and liabilities is accounted for as goodwill.

If the ownership interest in an associate is reduced but significant influence is retained, only a proportionate share of the amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income is reclassified to profit or loss where appropriate.

The Group's share of post-acquisition profit or loss is recognised in profit or loss, and its share of post-acquisition movements in other comprehensive income is recognised in other comprehensive income with a corresponding adjustment to the carrying amount of the investment. When the Group's share of losses of an associate equals or exceeds its interest in the associate (which includes long term interests that, in substance, form part of the Group's net investment in the associate), the Group discontinues recognising its share of further losses, unless it has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of the associate.

4. 主要會計政策概要(續)

(d) 於聯營公司之投資

倘於聯營公司之擁有權權益被削減 但仍保留重大影響力,僅將之前在 其他全面收益表中確認的按比例分 佔之金額重新分類至損益表(如適 當)。

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4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(d) Investments in associates (Continued)

The Group determines at the end of each reporting period whether there is any objective evidence that the investment in the associate is impaired. If this is the case, the Group calculates the amount of impairment as the difference between the recoverable amount of the associate and its carrying value and recognises the amount adjacent to 'share of results of associates' in profit or loss.

Profits and losses resulting from upstream and downstream transactions between the Group and its associate are recognised in the Group's financial statements only to the extent of interests in the associates that are not related to the Group. Unrealised losses are eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred. Accounting policies of associates have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

Gain or losses on dilution of equity interest in associates are recognised in profit or loss.

(e) Goodwill

Goodwill arising on acquisition of business is carried at cost as established at the date of acquisition of the business less accumulated impairment losses, if any, and is presented separately in consolidated statement of the financial position.

For the purposes of impairment testing, goodwill is allocated to each of the Group's cash-generating unit ("CGU") (or groups of CGU) that is expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination.

4. 主要會計政策概要(續)

(d) 於聯營公司之投資(續)

本集團於各報告期末釐定是否有任何客觀憑證表明於聯營公司之投資已減值。倘發生減值,本集團將按聯營公司之可收回金額與其賬面值之間的差額計算減值金額,並於損益表內以權益法入賬之「應佔聯營公司業績」確認有關金額。

於聯營公司之股權攤薄所產生之收 益或虧損於損益表確認。

(e) 商譽

因收購業務產生之商譽乃按成本 (於收購業務當日確定)減累計減值 虧損(如有)列值,並於綜合財務狀 況表中分開呈列。

就減值測試之目的而言,商譽乃分配至本集團各個現金產生單位(「現金產生單位」)(或現金產生單位組別)預期從合併之協作中獲益。

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4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(e) Goodwill (Continued)

A CGU to which goodwill has been allocated is tested for impairment annually or more frequently when there is indication that the CGU may be impaired. For goodwill arising on an acquisition during the reporting period, the CGU to which goodwill has been allocated is tested for impairment before the end of the reporting period. If the recoverable amount of the CGU is less than its carrying amount, the impairment loss is allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the CGU and then to the other assets of the CGU on a pro-rata basis based on the carrying amount of each asset in the CGU. Any impairment loss for goodwill is recognised directly in profit or loss. An impairment loss recognised for goodwill is not reversed in subsequent periods.

On disposal of the relevant CGU, the attributable amount of goodwill is included in the determination of the amount of the gain or loss on disposal.

(f) Non-current assets held for sale and discontinued operations

Non-current assets are classified as held for sale when their carrying amount is to be recovered principally through a sale transaction and a sale is considered highly probable. The non-current assets are stated at the lower of carrying amount and fair value less costs to sell. Deferred tax assets, assets arising from employee benefits, financial assets and investment properties, even if held for sale, would continue to be measured in accordance with the policies set out elsewhere in note 4 to the consolidated financial statements.

4. 主要會計政策概要(續)

(e) 商譽(續)

出售相關現金產生單位時,商譽之 應佔金額乃計入釐定出售事項損益 之金額。

(f) 持作銷售之非流動資產及已終止經 營業務

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4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(f) Non-current assets held for sale and discontinued operations (Continued)

Discontinued operations is a component of the Group's business, the operations and cash flows of which can be clearly distinguished from the rest of the Group and which represents a separate major line of business or geographic area of operations, or is part of a single coordinated plan to dispose of a separate major line of business or geographical area of operations, or is a subsidiary acquired exclusively with a view to resale.

When an operation is classified as discontinued, a single amount is presented in profit or loss, which comprises the post-tax profit or loss of the discontinued operations and the post-tax gain or loss recognised on the measurement to fair value less costs to sell, or on the disposal, of the assets or disposal group constituting the discontinued operations.

(g) Revenue recognition

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable. The Group recognises revenue when the amount of revenue can be reliably measured; when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity; and when specific criteria have been met for each of the Group's activities, as described below. The Group bases its estimates of return on historical results, taking into consideration the type of customers, the type of transactions and the specifics of each arrangement.

Revenue from distribution of films is recognised when video products or master materials of films are delivered to customers and the titles are passed.

Revenue from sub-licensing of film rights is recognised upon delivery of master materials of films to customers.

4. 主要會計政策概要(續)

(f) 持作銷售之非流動資產及已終止經 營業務(續)

已終止經營業務為本集團業務之組成部分,而其營運及現金流量與金流量與極大集團其他業務清楚區分。業務指一項獨立主要業務指一項出售獨立主要業務運地區之單一經統籌計劃的一個公司。

倘業務被分類為已終止經營業務, 則本集團會於損益表呈列單一金額,該金額包括已終止經營業務之 除税後損益及計量公平值減出售損 本時所確認之除税後收益或虧損, 或出售構成終止經營業務之資產或 資產組別時所確認之除税後收益或 虧損。

(q) 收益確認

收益按已收或應收代價之公平值計量。當收益金額能夠可靠計量; 及之事實別,不集團每項活動均符合下。認收益有動均符合內確認收為其體條件時,本集團會根據其往績並考慮客人對別人。類別人。類別人。類別人。類別人。

發行電影所得收益於影視產品或電 影母帶材料付運予客戶及所有權轉 移時確認。

轉授電影發行權所得收益在將電影母帶材料付運予客戶時確認。

For the year ended 31 December 2015 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(g) Revenue recognition (Continued)

Revenue from sale of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss is recognised when sale and purchase contracts become unconditional.

Rental income from operating leases is recognised on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Service fee income is recognised when the services are rendered.

Interest income arising from money lending is recognised on a time proportion basis taking into account the principal outstanding and the effective interest rate applicable.

Revenue from sales of beauty products and the jewelry products is recognised on the transfer of risks and rewards of ownership, which generally coincides with the time when the beauty products and the jewelry products are delivered to customers. Revenue is shown net of returns, rebates and discounts and after eliminating sales within the Group.

Revenue from provision of therapy services is recognised when services are provided. Payments that are related to services not yet rendered are shown as deposits from customers and deferred revenue in the consolidated statement of financial position.

Dividend income from investments is recognised when the shareholders' rights to receive payment have been established.

Interest income from financial asset is recognised when it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and the amount of income can be measured reliably. Interest income is accrued on a time basis, by reference to the principal outstanding and at the effective interest rate applicable, which is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to that asset's net carrying amount on initial recognition.

主要會計政策概要(續)

(g) 收益確認(續)

出售按公平值計入損益表之金融資 產所得收益乃於買賣合約成為無條 件時確認。

來自經營租賃之租金收入按直線法 於和期內確認。

服務費收入於提供服務時確認。

借貸所產生之利息收入經計及未償 還本金額及適用之實際利率按時間 比例確認。

銷售美容產品及珠寶產品產生之收 益於所有權之風險回報發生轉移時 (一般與美容產品及珠寶產品交付 予客戶之時間一致)確認。收益於 扣除退貨、返利及折扣並對銷本集 團內部銷售後列示。

提供護理服務產生之收益於提供服 務時確認。尚未提供之服務的相關 付款於綜合財務狀況表列示為客戶 按金及遞延收益。

投資之股息收入於股東收取款項之 權利獲確立時確認。

金融資產之利息收入於經濟利益有 可能流入本集團及收入金額能可靠 計量時確認。利息收入根據尚未償 還本金額及適用之實際利率按時間 累計,相關實際利率為透過金融資 產之預期年期將估計未來現金收入 準確貼現至該資產於初步確認時之 賬面淨值之利率。

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4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(h) Impairment of tangible and intangible assets other than goodwill

At the end of each reporting period, the Group reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible and intangible assets with finite useful lives to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the CGU to which the asset belongs. When a reasonable and consistent basis of allocation can be identified, corporate assets are also allocated to individual CGUs, or otherwise they are allocated to the smallest group of CGUs for which a reasonable and consistent allocation basis can be identified.

Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives and intangible assets not yet available for use are tested for impairment at least annually, and whenever there is an indication that the asset may be impaired.

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted.

If the recoverable amount of an asset (or a CGU) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (or the CGU) is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

4. 主要會計政策概要(續)

(h) 有形及無形資產(商譽除外)減值

於限賬示在收之收屬可公單一位各可面該任回程回程回現識司位致用期難已,當其資跡。產付金度金金別資,之定出象釐法本位一分分是明度,當所不可通過的,定估集之致配配之定出象釐法本位一分分個可以產等,當,生理亦則配之至至最別論的。產(產資額準金合產的之產。,產理生有之顯存可的可所倘則生及單

具無定期可使用年期的無形資產及 尚無法投入使用的無形資產,至少 每年以及於有跡象顯示其可能出現 減值時作減值測試。

可收回金額乃公平值減出售成本與使用價值兩者中之較高者。評估使用價值時,採用除税前貼現率將結計未來現金流量貼現至其現值,該貼現率應反映當前市場對貨幣時間值及資產特定風險(未來現金流量之估計未就該等風險作出調整)之評估。

倘某項資產(或現金產生單位)之可 收回金額估計低於其賬面值,則將 該資產(或現金產生單位)之賬面值 減至其可收回金額。減值虧損即時 於損益表確認。

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4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(h) Impairment of tangible and intangible assets other than goodwill (Continued)

When an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (or CGU) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset (or CGU) in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

(i) Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from "profit before taxation" as reported in the consolidated statement of profit or loss because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are never taxable or deductible. The Group's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the consolidated financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilised. Such deferred tax assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from the initial recognition (other than in a business combination) of assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit. In addition, deferred tax liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from the initial recognition of goodwill.

4. 主要會計政策概要(續)

(h) 有形及無形資產(商譽除外)減值 (續)

倘減值虧損於其後撥回,則將該資產(或現金產生單位)之賬面值值至其可收回金額的經修訂估計資值性增加後的賬面值不得超過該資增的現金產生單位)過往年度未確認減值虧損情況下所應釐定之賬面值。減值虧損撥回數額即時於損益表確認。

(i) 税項

所得税開支指當期應繳税項及遞延 税項之總和。

即期應繳稅項根據年內應課稅溢利計算。應課稅溢利有別於綜合與稅益利有別於綜分與稅益,可以於稅前溢利可,可以稅可以可以不可以不可以不可,不不是實施之稅率計算。 大致已實施之稅率計算。

For the year ended 31 December 2015 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(i) Taxation (Continued)

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries and associates, except where the Group is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred tax assets arising from deductible temporary differences associated with such investments and interests are only recognised to the extent that it is probable that there will be sufficient taxable profits against which to utilise the benefits of the temporary differences and they are expected to reverse in the foreseeable future.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Group expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

4. 主要會計政策概要(續)

(i) 税項(續)

遞延税項資產之賬面值於各報告期 末檢討,並扣減至當不再可能有足 夠應課税溢利可供收回所有或部分 資產為止。

遞延税項資產及負債按預期於清償 負債或變現資產之期間適用之税率 計量,該税率乃根據於報告期末已 實施或大致已實施之税率(及税法) 釐定。

遞延税項負債及資產之計量反映本 集團於報告期末預期收回或結清其 資產及負債賬面值之方式可能會帶 來之稅務後果。

For the year ended 31 December 2015 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(i) Taxation (Continued)

For the purposes of measuring deferred tax liabilities or deferred tax assets for investment properties that are measured using the fair value model, the carrying amounts of such investment properties are presumed to be recovered entirely through sale, unless the presumption is rebutted. The presumption is rebutted when the investment property is depreciable and is held within a business model whose objective is to consume substantially all of the economic benefits embodied in the investment property over time, rather than through sale. If the presumption is rebutted, deferred tax liabilities and deferred tax assets for such investment property is measured in accordance with the above general principles set out in HKAS 12 Deferred Tax: Recovery of Underlying Assets (i.e. based on the expected manner as to how property will be recovered).

Current and deferred tax are recognised in profit or loss, except when they relate to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax are also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively. Where current tax or deferred tax arises from the initial accounting for a business combination, the tax effect is included in the accounting for the business combination.

(j) Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment including buildings and leasehold land (classified as finance leases) held for use in the production or supply of goods or services, or for administrative purpose are stated in the consolidated statement of financial position at cost, less subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses, if any.

4. 主要會計政策概要(續)

(i) 税項(續)

即期及遞延稅項於損益表內確認,惟倘即期及遞延稅項涉及於其他也,則亦分別於之。而以其他全面以為,則亦分別於其他全面收過,則亦分別於其他。所以可以有數。而是於權益確認。而即,則稅不會,則稅務影響計入業務合併之會計處理。

(j) 物業、廠房及設備

物業、廠房及設備包括持作生產或 供應貨品或服務之用或作行政用途 之樓宇及租賃土地(分類為融資租 賃),乃按成本值減其後累計折舊 及其後累計減值虧損(如有)於綜合 財務狀況表列賬。

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4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(j) Property, plant and equipment (Continued)

Properties in the course of construction for production, supply or administrative purposes are carried at cost, less any recognised impairment loss. Costs include professional fees and, for qualifying assets, borrowing costs capitalised in accordance with the Group's accounting policy. Such properties are classified to the appropriate categories of property, plant and equipment when completed and ready for intended use. Depreciation of these assets, on the same basis as other property assets, commences when the assets are ready for their intended

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost of items of property, plant and equipment less their residual values over their estimated useful lives, using the straight-line method. The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis. The principal annual rates are as follows:

Golf courses	3.33%
Buildings	3.33%-5%
Leasehold improvements	20%-33.3%
Office equipment	20%-33.3%
Motor vehicles	20%
Furniture and fixtures	15%-20%
Plant and machineries	10%-20%

Assets held under finance leases are depreciated over their expected useful lives on the same basis as owned assets. However, when there is no reasonable certainty that ownership will be obtained by the end of the lease term, assets are depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and their useful lives.

4. 主要會計政策概要(續)

(j) 物業、廠房及設備(續)

物業、廠房及設備項目之折舊按其 估計可使用年期以直線法撇銷其成 本減剩餘價值確認。估計可使用年期 期、剩餘價值及折舊方法乃於各報 告期末檢討,任何估計變動之影響 按未來適用法入賬。折舊之主要年 率如下:

高爾夫球場	3.33%
樓宇	3.33%-5%
租賃物業裝修	20%-33.3%
辦公室設備	20%-33.3%
汽車	20%
傢俬及裝置	15%-20%
廠房及機器	10%-20%

根據融資租賃持有之資產按與自置 資產相同之基準於其預期可使用年 期計提折舊。然而,倘無法合理確 定可於租期結束前取得擁有權,則 資產按租期與其可使用年期之較短 者計提折舊。

For the year ended 31 December 2015 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(j) Property, plant and equipment (Continued)

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in profit or loss.

(k) Investment properties

Investment properties are properties held to earn rentals and/or for capital appreciation (including property under construction for such purposes). Investment properties are measured initially at cost, including any directly attributable expenditure. Subsequent to initial recognition, investment properties are measured at fair values. Gains and losses arising from changes in the fair value of investment properties are included in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.

An investment property is derecognised upon disposal or when the investment property is permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefits are expected from its disposals. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the property (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset) is included in the profit or loss in the period in which the property is derecognised.

4. 主要會計政策概要(續)

(j) 物業、廠房及設備(續)

物業、廠房及設備項目乃於出售後或當預期持續使用該資產不會產生未來經濟利益時終止確認。出產生或報廢物業、廠房及設備項目產生之任何收益或虧損乃按出售所得款預與資產賬面值之差額釐定,並於損益表確認。

(k) 投資物業

投資物業指持作賺取租金及/或資本增值之物業(就此目的而言包括在建物業)。投資物業初步按成本值計量,包括任何直接應佔開支支值於初步確認後,投資物業按公平值變動產生之收益及虧損於產生期間計入損益表。

投資物業於出售或永久停止使用及預計不會從其出售事項中獲得未來經濟利益時終止確認。任何因終止確認物業而產生之收益或虧損(按出售所得款項淨額與資產賬面值之差額計算),於終止確認該物業之期間計入損益表。

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4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(I) Intangible assets

Intangible assets acquired separately

Intangible assets with finite useful lives that are acquired separately are carried at cost less accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses. Amortisation is recognised on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives. The estimated useful life and amortisation method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate being accounted for on a prospective basis. Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives that are acquired separately are carried at cost less accumulated impairment losses.

Intangible assets acquired in a business combination

Intangible assets acquired in a business combination and recognised separately from goodwill are initially recognised at their fair value at the acquisition date (which is regarded as their cost).

Subsequent to initial recognition, intangible assets acquired in a business combination with finite useful lives are reported at cost less accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses, on the same basis as intangible assets that are acquired separately.

Derecognition of intangible assets

An intangible asset is derecognised on disposal, or when no future economic benefits are expected from use or disposal. Gains and losses arising from derecognition of an intangible asset, measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset, are recognised in profit or loss when the asset is derecognised.

4. 主要會計政策概要(續)

(I) 無形資產

獨立收購之無形資產

業務合併中購入之無形資產

業務合併中購入並與商譽分開確認 之無形資產,初步按其於收購日期 之公平值(視為其成本值)確認。

初步確認後,於業務合併中購入之 具有限可使用年期之無形資產以與 獨立收購之無形資產相同之基準, 按成本值減任何累計攤銷及累計減 值虧損呈報。

終止確認無形資產

無形資產於出售或預計不會從資產的使用或出售中獲得未來經濟利益時終止確認。因終止確認無形資產而產生之收益及虧損(按出售所得款項淨額與該資產賬面值之差額計算),於終止確認該資產時於損益表確認。

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4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(m) Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Costs of inventories are determined using the first-in-first-out or weighted average method as appropriate. Net realisable value represents the estimated selling price for inventories less all estimated costs of completion and costs necessary to make the sale.

When inventories are sold, the carrying amount of those inventories is recognised as cost of sales in the period in which the related revenue is recognised. The amount of any write-down of inventories to net realisable value and all losses of inventories are recognised as cost of sales in the period the write-down or loss occurs. The amount of any reversal of any write-down of inventories is offset against the cost of sales in the period in which the reversal occurs.

(n) Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when a group entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

4. 主要會計政策概要(續)

(m) 存貨

存貨按成本與可變現淨值之較低者 列賬。存貨之成本乃酌情採用先入 先出或加權平均法釐定。可變現淨 值指存貨估計售價減完成之所有估 計成本及作出銷售所需之成本。

所出售存貨之賬面值在相關收入確認期間內確認為銷售成本額任存貨 貨撇減至可變現淨值之金額或受 之所有虧損,均在出現撇減可變損 期間內確認為銷售成本何 類值增加引致存貨的任何撇減撥回 決金額,均在出現撥回期間內抵銷 銷售成本。

(n) 金融工具

當集團實體成為工具合約條文之訂 約方時,確認金融資產及金融負 債。

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4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(n) Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets

Financial assets are classified into the following specified categories: "financial assets at fair value through profit or loss" ("FVTPL"), "available-for-sale" ("AFS") financial assets and "loans and receivables". The classification depends on the nature and purpose of the financial assets and is determined at the time of initial recognition. All regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are recognised and derecognised on a trade date basis. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the time frame established by regulation or convention in the marketplace.

Effective interest method

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a debt instrument and of allocating interest income over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts (including all fees and points paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the debt instrument, or, where appropriate, a shorter period, to the net carrying amount on initial recognition.

Interest income is recognised on an effective interest basis for debt instruments other than those financial assets classified as at FVTPL, of which interest income is included in net gains or losses.

4. 主要會計政策概要(續)

(n) 金融工具(續)

金融資產

實際利率法

債務工具(分類為按公平值計入損益表之金融資產除外)之利息收入按實際利率基準確認,其中利息收入乃計入收益或虧損淨額。

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4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(n) Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

Financial assets at FVTPL

Financial assets are classified as at FVTPL when the financial asset is (i) contingent consideration that may be paid by an acquirer as part of a business combination to which HKFRS 3 applies, (ii) held for trading, or (iii) it is designated as at FVTPL.

A financial asset is classified as held for trading if:

- (i) it has been acquired principally for the purpose of selling it in the near term; or
- (ii) on initial recognition it is part of a portfolio of identified financial instruments that the Group manages together and has a recent actual pattern of short-term profit-taking; or
- (iii) it is a derivative that is not designated and effective as a hedging instrument.

A financial asset other than a financial asset held for trading or contingent consideration that may be paid by an acquirer as part of a business combination may be designated as at FVTPL upon initial recognition if:

- such designation eliminates or significantly reduces a measurement or recognition inconsistency that would otherwise arise; or
- (ii) the financial asset forms part of a group of financial assets or financial liabilities or both, which is managed and its performance is evaluated on a fair value basis, in accordance with the Group's documented risk management or investment strategy, and information about the grouping is provided internally on that basis; or

4. 主要會計政策概要(續)

(n) 金融工具(續)

金融資產(續)

按公平值計入損益表之金融資產

倘金融資產乃(i)可能由收購人支付之或然代價,作為香港財務報告準則第3號適用之業務合併之一部份、(ii)持作買賣,或(iii)指定為按公平值計入損益表,則分類為按公平值計入損益表。

於下列情況下,金融資產分類為持 作買賣:

- (i) 購買之主要目的為於短期內出 售;或
- (ii) 於初步確認時為本集團共同管理的已識別金融工具組合之一部分,且近期已形成實際的短期獲利模式;或
- (iii) 為一項未指定為有效對沖工具 的衍生工具。

於下列情況下,金融資產(持作買賣之金融資產除外)或可能由收購人支付之或然代價(作為業務合併之一部份)可於初步確認時指定為按公平值計入損益表:

- (i) 該指定消除或極大地減低原本 可能出現之計量或確認之不一 致性;或
- (ii) 金融資產組成一組金融資產或 金融負債或兩者之一部分,並 根據本集團備案之風險管理或 投資策略,按公平值基準管理 及評估其表現,以及按該基準 於內部提供分組資料;或

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4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(n) Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

Financial assets at FVTPL (Continued)

(iii) it forms part of a contract containing one or more embedded derivatives, and HKAS 39 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement permits the entire combined contract (asset or liability) to be designated as at FVTPL.

Financial assets at FVTPL are stated at fair value, with any gains or losses arising on remeasurement recognised in profit or loss. The net gain or loss recognised in profit or loss excludes any dividend or interest earned on the financial asset and is included in the "other gains and losses" line item. Fair value is determined in the manner described in note 55 to the consolidated financial statements

AFS financial assets

AFS financial assets are non-derivatives that are either designated as available-for-sale or are not classified as loans and receivables, held-to-maturity investments or financial assets at FVTPL.

4. 主要會計政策概要(續)

(n) 金融工具(續)

金融資產(續)

按公平值計入損益表之金融資產(續)

(iii) 金融資產組成包括一項或以上 嵌入式衍生工具之合約之一部 分,而香港會計準則第39號 「金融工具:確認及計量」允許 將合併後的整份合約(資產或 負債)指定為按公平值計入損 益表。

按公平值計入損益表之金融資產按公平值列賬,重新計量產生之任何 收益或虧損於損益表內確認之收益或虧損淨額不包 益表內確認之收益或虧損淨額不包 括該項金融資產所賺取之任何股息 或利息,並計入「其他收益及虧損」 項目內。公平值按綜合財務報表附 註55所述之方式釐定。

可供出售金融資產

可供出售金融資產乃指定為可供出 售或未分類為貸款及應收款項、持 有至到期投資或按公平值計入損益 表之金融資產之非衍生工具。

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4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(n) Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

AFS financial assets (Continued)

Equity and debt securities held by the Group that are classified as AFS financial assets and are traded in an active market are measured at fair value at the end of each reporting period. Changes in the carrying amount of AFS monetary financial assets relating to interest income calculated using the effective interest method and dividends on AFS equity investments are recognised in profit or loss. Other changes in the carrying amount of AFS financial assets are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated under the heading of "available-for-sale financial assets revaluation reserve". When the investment is disposed of or is determined to be impaired, the cumulative gain or loss previously accumulated in the availablefor-sale financial assets revaluation reserve is reclassified to profit or loss (see the accounting policy in respect of impairment loss on financial assets below).

Dividends on AFS equity investments are recognised in profit or loss when the Group's right to receive the dividends is established.

AFS equity investments that do not have a quoted market price in an active market and whose fair value cannot be reliably measured and derivatives that are linked to and must be settled by delivery of such unquoted equity investments are measured at cost less any identified impairment losses at the end of each reporting period (see the accounting policy in respect of impairment loss on financial assets below).

4. 主要會計政策概要(續)

(n) 金融工具(續)

金融資產(續)

可供出售金融資產(續)

可供出售權益投資之股息乃於本集 團收取股息之權利獲確立時於損益 表確認。

並無活躍市場報價及公平值無法可 靠計量之可供出售權益投資,以及 與該等無報價股本投資掛鉤且須以 交付該等投資結算之衍生工具,於 各報告期末按成本值減任何已識別 減值虧損計量(見下文有關金融資 產減值虧損之會計政策)。

For the year ended 31 December 2015 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(n) Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. Loans and receivables (including convertible notes receivables, loans receivables, trade receivables, other receivables, amount due from an associate, restricted bank deposits and cash and cash equivalents) are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses.

Interest income is recognised by applying the effective interest rate, except for shortterm receivables where the recognition of interest would be immaterial.

Convertible notes receivables held by the Group are separately presented as debt and embedded conversion option components. On initial recognition, the debt component represents the residual between the fair value of the convertible notes and the fair value of the embedded conversion option component. The debt component is classified as loans and receivables and is subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Impairment of financial assets

Financial assets, other than those at FVTPL, are assessed for indicators of impairment at the end of each reporting period. Financial assets are considered to be impaired when there is objective evidence that, as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the financial asset, the estimated future cash flows of the investment have been affected.

For AFS equity investments, a significant or prolonged decline in the fair value of the security below its cost is considered to be objective evidence of impairment.

4. 主要會計政策概要(續)

(n) 金融工具(續)

金融資產(續)

貸款及應收款項

利息收入採用實際利率法確認,惟確認利息之意義並不重大之短期應 收款項除外。

本集團所持有之應收可換股票據乃 分開呈列為債務及內含兑換選擇權 部分。於初步確認時,債務部份 可換股票據公平值減去內含兑換選 擇權部分公平值之餘額,債務部份 分類為貸款及應收款項,並於其。 採用實際利率法按攤銷成本計量。

金融資產減值

金融資產(按公平值計入損益表除外)於各報告期末評估是否存在減值跡象。倘有客觀證據顯示,投資之估計未來現金流量因初步確認金融資產後發生之一項或多項事件而受到影響,則金融資產被視為減值。

就可供出售權益投資而言,證券之公平值大幅或長期下跌至低於其成本值,即被視為減值之客觀證據。

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SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT **ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (Continued)

(n) Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

For all other financial assets, objective evidence of impairment could include:

- significant financial difficulty of the issuer or counterparty; or
- breach of contract, such as a default or delinquency in interest or principal payments; or
- it becoming probable that the borrower will enter bankruptcy or financial reorganisation; or
- the disappearance of an active market for that financial asset because of financial difficulties.

For certain categories of financial assets, such as trade receivables, assets are assessed for impairment on a collective basis even if they were not to be impaired individually. Objective evidence of impairment for a portfolio of receivables could include the Group's past experience of collecting payments, an increase in the number of delayed payments in the portfolio past the average credit period of 180 days, as well as observable changes in national or local economic conditions that correlate with default on receivables.

For financial assets carried at amortised cost, the amount of the impairment loss recognised is the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate.

主要會計政策概要(續)

(n) 金融工具(續)

金融資產(續)

金融資產減值(續)

就所有其他金融資產而言,減值之 客觀證據可包括:

- 發行人或對手方陷入嚴重的財 務困境;或
- 違約,如無法償還或拖欠支付 利息或本金款項;或
- 借款人有可能破產或進行財務 重組;或
- 財政困境導致該金融資產失去 活躍市場。

就若干類別金融資產(如貿易應收 款項)而言,不會個別減值之資產 乃集體減值。應收款項組合減值之 客觀證據可包括本集團過往收款記 錄、組合中延遲付款至超逾180日 平均信貸期之宗數增加,以及國家 或地方經濟狀況出現與拖欠應收款 項有關的明顯變化。

就按攤銷成本列賬之金融資產而 言,已確認減值金額為資產賬面值 與按該金融資產原實際利率貼現的 估計未來現金流量現值間之差額。

For the year ended 31 December 2015 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(n) Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

For financial assets carried at cost, the amount of the impairment loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of the estimated future cash flows discounted at the current market rate of return for a similar financial asset. Such impairment loss will not be reversed in subsequent periods (see the accounting policy below).

The carrying amount of the financial asset is reduced by the impairment loss directly for all financial assets with the exception of trade receivables, where the carrying amount is reduced through the use of an allowance account. Changes in the carrying amount of the allowance account are recognised in profit or loss. When a trade receivable is considered uncollectible, it is written off against the allowance account. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off are credited against the allowance account to profit or loss.

When an AFS financial asset is considered to be impaired, cumulative gains or losses previously recognised in other comprehensive income are reclassified to profit or loss in the period.

For financial assets measured at amortised cost, if, in a subsequent period, the amount of the impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, the previously recognised impairment loss is reversed through profit or loss to the extent that the carrying amount of the investment at the date the impairment is reversed does not exceed what the amortised cost would have been had the impairment not been recognised.

4. 主要會計政策概要(續)

(n) 金融工具(續)

金融資產(續)

金融資產減值(續)

就按成本列賬之金融資產而言,減值虧損金額按資產賬面值與按類似金融資產之當時市場回報率貼現估計未來現金流量現值間之差額計量。該減值虧損不會於其後期間撥回(見以下會計政策)。

所有金融資產之減值虧損直接於其 賬面值減除,惟貿易應收款項除 外,其賬面值乃透過使用撥備賬減 少。撥備賬之賬面值變動於損益表 確認。倘貿易應收款項被視為不回 收回,則於撥備賬撇銷。其後收備 先前撇銷之金額計入損益之撥備 賬。

倘可供出售金融資產被視為減值, 則先前於其他全面收益表確認的累 計收益或虧損將於期內重新分類至 損益表。

就按攤銷成本計量之金融資產而言,倘於往後期間減值虧損金額減少,而該減少與確認減值後發生之事件客觀相關,則先前確認之減值虧損透過損益表撥回,惟於撥回減值當日,投資之賬面值不得超過未確認減值情況下之攤銷成本。

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4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(n) Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

In respect of AFS equity investments, impairment losses previously recognised in profit or loss are not reversed through profit or loss. Any increase in fair value subsequent to an impairment loss is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated under the heading of available-for-sale financial assets revaluation reserve. In respect of AFS debt securities, impairment losses are subsequently reversed through profit or loss if an increase in the fair value of the investment can be objectively related to an event occurring after the recognition of the impairment loss.

Financial liabilities and equity instruments

Financial liabilities and equity instruments issued by a group entity are classified as either financial liabilities or as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

Equity instruments

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of an entity after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by the Group entity are recognised at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

Repurchase of the Company's own equity instruments is recognised and deducted directly in equity. No gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss on the purchase, sale, issue or cancellation of the Company's own equity instruments.

Other financial liabilities

Other financial liabilities (including trade payables, deposits received, accruals and other payables, other borrowings, promissory notes, obligations under finance leases and bank borrowings) are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

4. 主要會計政策概要(續)

(n) 金融工具(續)

金融資產(續)

金融資產減值(續)

就可供出售權益投資而言,先前於損益表確認之減值虧損後不公認值虧損後不公認值虧損後確認,減值虧損後確認,減值虧損後確認,其他全面收益表估儲備,累別,以其他全面資產重估估言,以其也以其一個人。資量的數學,以其一個人。資量的數學,以其一個人。資量的數學,以其一個人。

金融負債及權益工具

由集團實體發行之金融負債及權益 工具,乃根據合約安排之內容、金 融負債及權益工具之定義分類為金 融負債或權益。

權益工具

權益工具指證明擁有某實體資產於 扣減其所有負債後之剩餘權益之任 何合約。集團實體所發行之股權工 具按已收所得款項減直接發行成本 確認。

購買本公司本身之權益工具乃直接 於權益確認並扣除。購買、出售、 發行或註銷本公司本身之權益工具 時,不會於損益表確認收益或虧 捐。

其他金融負債

其他金融負債(包括貿易應付款項、已收按金、應計費用及其他應付款項、其他借款、承兑票據、融資租賃責任及銀行借款)其後採用實際利率法按攤銷成本計量。

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4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(n) Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial liabilities and equity instruments (Continued)

Effective interest method

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial liability and of allocating interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments (including all fees and points paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the financial liability, or, where appropriate, a shorter period, to the net carrying amount on initial recognition.

Interest expense is recognised on an effective interest basis.

Derivative financial instruments

Derivatives are initially recognised at fair value at the date when derivative contracts are entered into and are subsequently remeasured to their fair value at the end of the reporting period. The resulting gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately unless the derivative is designated and effective as a hedging instrument, in which case the timing of the recognition in profit or loss depends on the nature of the hedge relationship.

Embedded derivatives

Derivatives embedded in non-derivative host contracts are treated as separate derivatives when they meet the definition of a derivative, their risks and characteristics are not closely related to those of the host contracts and the host contracts are not measured at FVTPL.

4. 主要會計政策概要(續)

(n) 金融工具(續)

金融負債及權益工具(續)

實際利率法

利息開支按實際利率基準確認。

衍生金融工具

衍生金融工具於訂立衍生工具合約時初步按公平值確認,其後按其其他報告期末之公平值重新計員量。表立或虧損即時於損量益效之工具獲指定為有效生工具獲指定為損益有效,在此情況下,於損益預數之時間將視乎對沖關係之性質而定。

內含衍生金融工具

並非衍生工具之主體合約內含的衍生工具於符合衍生工具之定義時視作獨立的衍生工具,其風險及特徵與主體合約的風險及特徵並不密切相關,而主體合約並非以按公平值計入損益表計量。

For the year ended 31 December 2015 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(n) Financial instruments (Continued)

Derecognition

The Group derecognises a financial asset only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another entity. If the Group neither transfers nor retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership and continues to control the transferred asset, the Group recognises its retained interest in the asset and an associated liability for amounts it may have to pay. If the Group retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of a transferred financial asset, the Group continues to recognise the financial asset and also recognises a collateralised borrowing for the proceeds received.

On derecognition of a financial asset in its entirety, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable and the cumulative gain or loss that had been recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity is recognised in profit or loss.

On derecognition of a financial asset other than in its entirety, the Group allocates the previous carrying amount of the financial asset between the part it continues to recognise, and the part it no longer recognises on the basis of the relative fair values of those parts on the date of the transfer. The difference between the carrying amount allocated to the part that is no longer recognised and the sum of the consideration received for the part no longer recognised and any cumulative gain or loss allocated to it that had been recognised in other comprehensive income is recognised in profit or loss. A cumulative gain or loss that had been recognised in other comprehensive income is allocated between the part that continues to be recognised and the part that is no longer recognised on the basis of the relative fair values of those parts.

4. 主要會計政策概要(續)

(n) 金融工具(續)

終止確認

於全面終止確認金融資產時,資產 賬面值與已收及應收代價及已於其 他全面收益表確認並於權益累計之 累積收益或虧損總和間之差額,於 損益表確認。

For the year ended 31 December 2015 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(n) Financial instruments (Continued)

Derecognition (Continued)

The Group derecognises financial liabilities when, and only when, the Group's obligations are discharged, cancelled or have expired. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognised and the consideration paid and payable is recognised in profit or loss.

Offsetting financial instrument

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the consolidated statement of financial position when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. The legally enforceable right must not be contingent on future events and must be enforceable in the normal course of business and in the event of default, insolvency or bankruptcy of the company or the counterparty.

(o) Trade receivables

Trade receivables are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business. If collection of trade receivables is expected in one year or less (or in the normal operating cycle of the business if longer), they are classified as current assets. If not, they are presented as non-current assets.

4. 主要會計政策概要(續)

(n) 金融工具(續)

終止確認(續)

本集團僅於本集團之責任解除、取 消或已屆滿時方取消確認金融負 債。取消確認之金融負債之賬面值 與已付及應付代價間之差額於損益 表確認。

抵銷金融工具

(o) 貿易應收款項

貿易應收款項為在日常業務過程中 就所售商品或所提供服務應收客戶 之款項。倘貿易應收款項預期於 年或以內收回(或在正常業務營運 週期內的較長時間內收回),則分 類為流動資產,否則呈列為非流動 資產。

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4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(o) Trade receivables (Continued)

Trade receivables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for impairment of trade receivables is established when there is objective evidence that the Group will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of receivables. The amount of the provision is the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows, discounted at the effective interest rate. The amount of the provision is recognised in profit or loss.

(p) Cash and cash equivalents

In the consolidated statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts.

(q) Trade payables

Trade payables are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Trade payables are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade payables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

4. 主要會計政策概要(續)

(o) 貿易應收款項(續)

(p) 現金及現金等價物

綜合現金流量表中的現金及現金等 價物包括手頭現金、銀行通知存 款、原到期日為三個月或以下之其 他短期高流動性投資及銀行透支。

(q) 貿易應付款項

貿易應付款項為支付在日常經營活動中向供應商購買貨品或服務之款項的責任。於一年或以內到期付款的貿易應付款項分類為流動負債; 否則分類為非流動負債。

貿易應付款項初步按公平值確認, 其後採用實際利率法按攤銷成本計 量。

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4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(r) Borrowings

Borrowings are recognised initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently carried at amortised cost; any difference between the proceeds and the redemption value is recognised in the profit or loss over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method.

Fees paid on the establishment of loan facilities are recognised as transaction costs of the loan to the extent that it is probable that some or all of the facility will be drawn down. In this case, the fee is deferred until the draw-down occurs. To the extent there is no evidence that it is probable that some or all of the facility will be drawn down, the fee is capitalised as a pre-payment for liquidity services and amortised over the period of the facility to which it relates.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the Group has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the end of the reporting period.

(s) Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are added to the cost of those assets, until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale.

All other borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

4. 主要會計政策概要(續)

(r) 借款

借款初步按公平值扣除所產生之交 易成本確認,其後按攤銷成本列 賬,所得款項與贖回價值間的任何 差額採用實際利率法,在借款期內 於損益表確認。

除本集團有無條件權利於報告期末 後延遲結算負債至少12個月外,借 款分類為流動負債。

(s) 借貸開支

直接屬於收購、建造或生產合資格 資產(即需較長時間去達至其使用 或出售目標的資產)的借貸開支, 將加入該等資產之成本中,直至該 等資產實際上已達至其使用或出售 目標。

本期間所有其他借貸開支已於其生產期間於損益表中獲確認。

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4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(t) Foreign currencies

In preparing the financial statements of each individual group entity, transactions in currencies other than the entity's functional currency (foreign currencies) are recognised at the rates of exchange prevailing at the dates of the transactions. At the end of each reporting period, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at that date. Non-monetary items carried at fair value that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at the date when the fair value was determined. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated.

Exchange differences on monetary items are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise except for:

- exchange differences on foreign currency borrowings relating to assets under construction for future productive use, which are included in the cost of those assets when they are regarded as an adjustment to interest costs on those foreign currency borrowings;
- exchange differences on transactions entered into in order to hedge certain foreign currency risks; and
- exchange differences on monetary items receivable from or payable to a foreign operation for which settlement is neither planned nor likely to occur (therefore forming part of the net investment in the foreign operation), which are recognised initially in other comprehensive income and reclassified from equity to profit or loss on repayment of the monetary items.

4. 主要會計政策概要(續)

(t) 外幣

貨幣項目之匯兑差額乃於產生之期 間於損益表中確認,惟下述者除 外:

- 用於未來生產用途,且有關在 建資產之外幣借款匯兑差額, 當該等資產被視為對該等外幣 借款利息成本之調整,其匯兑 差額計入該等資產之成本;
- 為對沖若干外幣風險訂立之交易之匯兑差額;及
- 應收或應付海外業務之貨幣項目匯兑差額,其結算並無計劃及不大可能出現(因此組成部份海外業務之投資淨額),該差額初步於其他全面收益表確認及按貨幣項目之還款由權益重新分類至損益表。

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4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(t) Foreign currencies (Continued)

For the purposes of presenting consolidated financial statements, the assets and liabilities of the Group's foreign operations are translated into the presentation currency of the Group (i.e. HK\$) using exchange rates prevailing at the end of each reporting period. Income and expense items are translated at the average exchange rates for the period, unless exchange rates fluctuate significantly during that period, in which case the exchange rates at the dates of the transactions are used. Exchange differences arising, if any, are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity under the heading of "exchange reserve" (attributed to non-controlling interests as appropriate).

On the disposal of a foreign operation (i.e. a disposal of the Group's entire interest in a foreign operation, or a disposal involving loss of control over a subsidiary that includes a foreign operation, or a partial disposal of an interest in a joint arrangement or an associate that includes a foreign operation of which the retained interest becomes a financial asset), all of the exchange differences accumulated in equity in respect of that operation attributable to the owners of the Company are reclassified to profit or loss.

Goodwill and fair value adjustments to identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed through acquisition of a foreign operation are treated as assets and liabilities of the foreign operation and translated at the rate of exchange prevailing at the end of each reporting period. Exchange differences arising are recognised in other comprehensive income.

4. 主要會計政策概要(續)

(t) 外幣(續)

收購海外業務時產生之商譽及按公 平值調整之可識別資產及負債將被 視作該海外業務之資產及負債,並 按各報告期末適用之匯率換算。由 此產生之匯兑差額乃於其他全面收 益表內確認。

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4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT **ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (Continued)

(u) Leases

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the leases transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

The Group as lessor

Rental income from operating leases is recognised in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating and arranging an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset and recognised as an expense on a straightline basis over the lease term.

The Group as lessee

Assets held under finance leases are recognised as assets of the Group at their fair value at the inception of the lease or, if lower, at the present value of the minimum lease payments. The corresponding liability to the lessor is included in the consolidated statement of financial position as obligations under finance leases.

Lease payments are apportioned between finance expenses and reduction of the lease obligation so as to achieve a constant rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. Finance expenses are recognised immediately in profit or loss, unless they are directly attributable to qualifying assets, in which case they are capitalised in accordance with the Group's general policy on borrowing costs. Contingent rentals are recognised as expenses in the period in which they are incurred.

Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term, except where another systematic basis is more representative of the time pattern in which economic benefits from the leased asset are consumed. Contingent rentals arising under operating leases are recognised as an expense in the period in which they are incurred.

主要會計政策概要(續)

(u) 租賃

當租賃之條款將擁有權之絕大部分 風險及回報轉移至承租人時, 租賃 分類為融資租賃。所有其他租賃則 分類為經營和賃。

本集團作為出和人

經營和賃之和金收入以直線法於有 關租期內確認於損益表。磋商及安 排經營租賃產生之初步直接成本乃 計入租賃資產之賬面值,並以直線 法於租期內確認為開支。

本集團作為承租人

根據融資租賃持有之資產確認為本 集團資產,以接納租約時之公平值 或其最低租金現值的較低者入賬。 相應應付出租人的負債已於綜合財 務狀況表中列作融資租賃責任。

租金已在融資開支及租約責任中分 攤,以使負債餘額所附之利率維持 不變。除非融資開支直接屬於合資 格資產,根據本集團對於借貸開支 的一貫政策資本化,否則融資開支 將即時於損益表中確認。或然租賃 已於其產生期間確認作開支。

經營租賃付款以直線法於租期內確 認為開支,除非另有系統化基準更 能代表使用租賃資產經濟利益之時 間模式。經營租約產生之或然租金 於產生期間確認為開支。

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4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(u) Leases (Continued)

The Group as lessee (Continued)

In the event that lease incentives are received to enter into operating leases, such incentives are recognised as a liability. The aggregate benefit of incentives is recognised as a reduction of rental expense on a straight-line basis, except where another systematic basis is more representative of the time pattern in which economic benefits from the leased asset are consumed.

(v) Employee benefits

Bonuses

The Group recognises a liability for bonuses when there is a contractual obligation and the amount can be estimated reliably.

Retirement benefit obligations

The Group operates the Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme (the "MPF Scheme") under the Hong Kong Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance for those employees employed under the jurisdiction of the Hong Kong Employment Ordinance. The MPF Scheme is a defined contribution scheme, the assets of which are held in separate trustee-administered funds.

Under the MPF Scheme, the employer and its employees are each required to make contributions to the scheme at 5% of the employees' relevant income, with the employees' contributions subject to a cap of monthly relevant income of HK\$30,000 (HK\$25,000 prior to 1 June 2014). The Group's contributions to the MPF Scheme are expensed as incurred. 5% of relevant income vests immediately upon the completion of service in the relevant service period, while the remaining portion vests in accordance with the MPF Scheme's vesting scales. Where employees leave the MPF Scheme prior to the full vesting of the employer's contributions, the amount of forfeited contributions is used to reduce the contributions payable by the Group.

4. 主要會計政策概要(續)

(u) 租賃(續)

本集團作為承和人(續)

倘訂立經營租賃時收取租金優惠, 則該優惠確認為負債。總優惠利益 以直線法確認為租金開支減少,除 非另有系統化基準更能代表使用租 賃資產經濟利益之時間模式。

(v) 僱員福利

花紅

本集團於有合約責任及責任金額能 夠可靠地估計時就花紅確認負債。

退休福利責任

本集團根據香港強制性公積金計劃條例,為按香港僱傭條例聘用之僱員運作強制性公積金計劃(「強積金計劃」)。強積金計劃為界定供款計劃,其資產由獨立信託管理基金持有。

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4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(v) Employee benefits (Continued)

Share-based compensation

The fair value of the employee services received in exchange for the grant of the share options and restricted share awards is recognised as an expense in profit or loss.

The total amount to be expensed over the vesting period is determined with reference to the fair value of the share options and restricted share awards granted. At the end of each reporting period, the Company revises its estimates of the number of share options that are expected to become exercisable and the number of restricted share awards that become vested. It recognises the impact of the revision of original estimates, if any, in profit or loss, and a corresponding adjustment to equity in the consolidated statement of financial position will be made over the remaining vesting periods.

The proceeds received, net of any directly attributable transaction costs, are credited to share capital and share premium when the share options are exercised and when the restricted share awards are vested.

(w) Share options granted to consultants

Share options issued in exchange for goods or services with parties other than employees are measured at the fair values of the goods or services received, unless that fair value cannot be reliably measured, in which case the goods or services received are measured at the fair value of the share options granted. The fair value of the goods and services received is recognised as expenses with a corresponding increase in equity (equity-settled share-based payment reserve), when the Group obtains the goods or when the counterparties render services, unless the goods or services qualify for recognition as assets.

4. 主要會計政策概要(續)

(v) 僱員福利(續)

以股份形式之薪酬

授予購股權及受限制股份獎勵所換 取之僱員服務之公平值於損益表確 認為開支。

倘購股權獲行使及受限制股份獎勵 獲歸屬,已收所得款項於扣除任何 直接應佔之交易成本後計入股本及 股份溢價。

(w) 授予顧問之購股權

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4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(x) Contingent liabilities and contingent assets

A contingent liability is a possible obligation that arises from past events and whose existence will only be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Group. It can also be a present obligation arising from past events that is not recognised because it is not probable that outflow of economic resources will be required or the amount of obligation cannot be measured reliably. A contingent liability is not recognised but is disclosed in the notes to the consolidated financial statements. When a change in the probability of an outflow occurs so that outflow is probable, they will then be recognised as a provision.

A contingent asset is a possible asset that arises from past events and whose existence will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Group. A contingent asset is not recognised but is disclosed in the notes to the consolidated financial statements when an inflow of economic benefits is probable. When inflow is virtually certain, an asset is recognised.

4. 主要會計政策概要(續)

(x) 或然負債及或然資產

或然資產指因過往事件而可能產生之資產,且其存在與否僅可經無。 全由本集團掌握之一與項否證實 確定之未來事件發生與否證實實 然資產未經確認,惟當很有可能發 生經濟利益流入時,則於綜可以確 報表附註披露。倘流入幾乎可以確 定,則確認資產。

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4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(y) Related party transactions

A party is considered to be related to the Group if:

- (i) A person, or a close member of that person's family, is related to the Group if that person:
 - (1) has control or joint control over the Group; or
 - (2) has significant influence over the Group; or
 - (3) is a member of the key management personnel of the Group or the Group's parent.
- (ii) An entity is related to the Group if any of the following conditions applies:
 - the entity and the Group are members of the same group (which means that each parent, subsidiary and fellow subsidiary is related to the others); or
 - (2) one entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or an associate or joint venture of a member of a group of which the other entity is a member); or
 - (3) both entities are joint ventures of the same third party; or
 - (4) one entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity; or
 - (5) the entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of either the Group or an entity related to the Group; or
 - (6) the entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (i); or

4. 主要會計政策概要(續)

(y) 關聯人士交易

以下人士被視為與本集團有關, 倘:

- (i) 倘某人士符合以下條件,則該 人士或其直系親屬被視為與本 集團有關聯:
 - (1) 對本集團擁有控制權或 共同控制權;或
 - (2) 對本集團擁有重大影響力;或
 - (3) 為本集團或本集團母公司之主要管理人員。
- (ii) 倘任何以下條件適用,則某實 體與本集團有關聯:
 - (1) 該實體及本集團為同一 集團之成員公司(表示 各母公司、附屬公司及 同系附屬公司互相有關 聯);或
 - (2) 一實體為另一實體之聯 營公司或合營公司(或另 一實體為成員公司之集 團之成員公司之聯營公 司或合營公司);或
 - (3) 兩個實體均為同一第三 方之合營公司;或
 - (4) 一實體為第三間實體之 合營公司,而另一實體 為該第三間實體之聯營 公司;或
 - (5) 該實體乃為本集團或與 本集團有關聯之實體之 僱員利益而設之離職後 福利計劃;或
 - (6) 該實體受(i)所識別人士 控制或共同控制;或

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4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(y) Related party transactions (Continued)

- (ii) An entity is related to the Group if any of the following conditions applies: (Continued)
 - (7) a person identified in (i)(1) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of the key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity); or
 - (8) the entity, or any member of a group of which it is a part, provides key management personnel services to the Group or to the Group's parent.

Close members of the family of a person are those family members who may be expected to influence, or be influenced by, that person in their dealings with the entity.

(z) Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that the Group will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

The amount recognised as a provision is the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period, taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation. When a provision is measured using the cash flows estimated to settle the present obligation, its carrying amount is the present value of those cash flows (where the effect of the time value of money is material).

When some or all of the economic benefits required to settle a provision are expected to be recovered from a third party, a receivable is recognised as an asset if it is virtually certain that reimbursement will be received and the amount of the receivable can be measured reliably.

4. 主要會計政策概要(續)

(y) 關聯人士交易(續)

- (ii) 倘任何以下條件適用,則某實 體與本集團有關聯:(續)
 - (7) (i)(1)所識別之人士對該 實體行使重大影響力, 或為該實體(或該實體之 母公司)之主要管理人 員;或
 - (8) 該實體、或一間集團之 任何成員公司(為集團之 一部分)向本集團或本集 團之母公司提供主要管 理人員服務。

某人士之近親家庭成員指於家庭成 員與該實體之交易中,可影響該人 士,或受該人士影響之家庭成員。

(z) 撥備

倘本集團因過往事件而須承擔現時 之法定或推定責任、本集團可能須 履行該責任及責任金額能夠可靠估 計,則確認撥備。

已確認為撥備之金額,為對報告期末履行現時責任所需代價之最佳估計,並考慮與責任有關之風險及不明朗因素。倘使用履行現時責任所需之估計現金流量計量撥備,其賬面值為相關現金流量之現值(倘貨幣時間值之影響重大)。

當清償撥備所需之部分或全部經濟利益預期可從第三方收回時,倘幾乎可以確定可收取彌償及應收款項金額能可靠計量,則應收款項確認為資產。

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4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(aa) Segment reporting

Operating segments, and the amounts of each segment item reported in the consolidated financial statements, are identified from the financial information provided regularly to the Group's most senior executive management for the purposes of allocating resources to, and assessing the performance of, the Group's various lines of business and geographical locations.

Individually material operating segments are not aggregated for financial reporting purposes unless the segments have similar economic characteristics and are similar in respect of the nature of products and services, the nature of production processes, the type or class of customers, the methods used to distribute the products or provide the services, and the nature of the regulatory environment. Operating segments which are not individually material may be aggregated if they share a majority of these criteria.

5. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

The Group makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results. The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next reporting period are discussed below.

4. 主要會計政策概要(續)

(aa) 分部呈報

經營分部及綜合財務報表所呈報各分類項目之金額乃自定期提供予本集團最高層管理人員之財務資料出。最高層管理人員做據調別得出。最高層管理人員人關係。 等財務資料分配資源至本集團不 業務及地域以及評估該等業務及地域之表現。

5. 關鍵會計估計及判斷

估計及判斷乃根據過往經驗及其他因素,包括對未來事件作出相信在當前情 況下屬合理之預期,作持續評估。

本集團對未來作出估計及假設。所得會計估計就定義而論,甚少與相關實際結果相同。極有可能導致須對下個報告期的資產及負債賬面值作出重大調整之估計及假設討論如下。

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5. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS (Continued)

(a) Impairment of intangible assets

Despite the fact that the services agreements can be terminated by giving not less than 12-month's prior written notice to the Group, the directors of the Company determine the services agreements have indefinite useful lives as they have no expiry date.

The Group performs annual tests on whether there has been impairment of intangible assets with indefinite useful lives in accordance with the accounting policy stated in note 4(I) to the consolidated financial statements. The recoverable amounts of intangible assets are determined based on value in use calculations. These calculations require the use of estimates and assumptions made by management on the future operation of the business, pretax discount rates, and other assumptions underlying the value in use calculations.

(b) Impairment of goodwill

Goodwill is reviewed for impairment at the end of each reporting period or whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of the CGU exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount of the CGU is the greater of the fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. An estimation of the value in use of the CGU involves estimating the future cash flows expected to arise from its continuing use and applying the appropriate discount rate that reflects current market assessment of the time value of money and the risk specific to the CGU.

5. 關鍵會計估計及判斷(續)

(a) 無形資產減值

儘管服務協議可藉提前向本集團發出不少於12個月之書面通知終止,本公司董事將之釐定為並無定期可使用年期,原因是該等服務協議並無屆滿日期。

本集團按照綜合財務報表附註 4(I) 所載之會計政策每年測試具無定期 可使用年期之無形資產是否出現減 值。無形資產之可收回金額乃透過 計算使用價值釐定。該等計算須管 理層就日後業務營運及除稅前貼現 率作出估計及假設,以及作出有關 計算使用價值的其他假設。

(b) 商譽之減值

For the year ended 31 December 2015 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

5. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS (Continued)

(c) Estimate of fair value of investment properties

Investment properties are stated at fair value based on the market values, being the estimated amount for which properties could be exchanged on the date of valuation between a willing buyer and a willing seller in an arm's length transaction or the valuation performed by an independent valuer. In determining the fair value, the valuer has based on method of valuation which involves certain estimates and assumptions. In relying on the valuation report, the management has exercised their judgements and is satisfied that the method of valuation is reflective of the current market conditions. Should there be any changes in assumptions due to change of market conditions, the fair value of the investment properties will be adjusted accordingly.

(d) Assessment of economic useful lives of fixed assets and intangible assets other than goodwill

Fixed assets and intangible assets with finite useful lives other than goodwill are depreciated or amortised over their economic useful lives. The assessment of estimated useful lives is a matter of judgement based on the experience of the Group, taking into account factors such as technological progress, changes in market demand, expected usage and physical wear and tear. Useful lives are periodically reviewed for continued appropriateness. Due to long lives of assets, changes to the estimates used can result in variations in their carrying amounts.

5. 關鍵會計估計及判斷(續)

(c) 估計投資物業之公平值

(d) 商譽以外之固定資產及無形資產之 經濟可使用年期評估

除商譽以外,有限可使用年期之固定資產及無形資產須於其計經濟可使用年期內折舊或攤銷。估之可使用年期評估乃根據本集團之下,並考慮如技術進步、預期用法及實物損耗等數量,預期使用與實施,對對可使用與實施,對對可使用與實施,對對於資產使用年期,因於資產使用年,估計變動會影響其賬面值。

For the year ended 31 December 2015 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

5. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS (Continued)

(e) Trade receivables and loans receivables

The aged analysis of trade receivables and loans receivables are reviewed on a regular basis to ensure that the trade receivables and loans receivables balances are collectible and follow up actions are promptly carried out if the agreed credit periods or terms of loans have been exceeded. However, from time to time, the Group may experience delays in collection. Where recoverability of trade receivables and loans receivables balances is called into doubts, specific provisions for impairments are made based on credit status of the customers, the aged analysis of the trade receivables and loans receivables balances and write-off history. Certain receivables may be initially identified as collectible, yet subsequently become uncollectible and result in a subsequent write-off of the related receivables to profit or loss. Changes in the collectability of trade receivables and loans receivables for which provisions are not made could affect the results of operations.

(f) Income taxes

The Group is subject to income taxes in numerous jurisdictions. Significant judgement is required in determining the worldwide provision for income taxes. There are many transactions and calculations for which the ultimate tax determination is uncertain during the ordinary course of business. The Group recognises liabilities for anticipated tax audit issues based on estimates of whether additional taxes will be due. Where the final tax outcome of these matters is different from the amounts that were initially recorded, such differences will impact the income tax and deferred tax provisions in the period in which such determination is made.

5. 關鍵會計估計及判斷(續)

(e) 貿易應收款項及應收貸款

本集團定期檢討貿易應收款項及應 收貸款之賬齡分析,確保可收回貿 易應收款項及應收貸款結餘,並可 於超過協定之信貸期或貸款期後即 時採取跟進行動。然而,本集團不 時出現延遲收款的情況。倘貿易應 收款項及應收貸款結餘之可收回性 存疑,則本集團根據客戶之信貸狀 況、貿易應收款項及應收貸款結餘 之賬齡分析及撇銷紀錄,作出特定 減值撥備。若干應收款項可初步確 認為可收回,惟其後可能成為無法 收回,因此其後須於損益表撇銷相 關應收款項。倘未計提撥備之貿易 應收款項及應收貸款之可收回性有 變,則可能會對經營業績構成影 響。

(f) 所得税

For the year ended 31 December 2015 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

5. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS (Continued)

(g) Valuation of financial instruments

The Group uses valuation techniques that include inputs that are not based on observable market data to estimate the fair value of certain types of financial instruments. Notes 33 and 55 to the consolidated financial statements provide detailed information about the key assumptions used in the determination of the fair value of financial instruments, as well as the detailed sensitivity analysis for these assumptions.

The directors of the Company believe that the chosen valuation techniques and assumptions used are appropriate in determining the fair value of financial instruments.

(h) Net realisable value of inventories

Net realisable value of inventories is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less estimated costs of completion and variable selling expenses. These estimates are based on the current market condition and the historical experience of selling products of similar nature. It could change significantly as a result of changes in customer taste and competitor actions in response to severe industry cycle. The directors of the Company reassess the estimations at the end of reporting period.

(i) Fair value of contingent consideration arising from business combination

Contingent consideration arising from business combination is valued using a discounted cash flow model, based on the estimated compensation received by the Group, discounted using the applicable prevailing market rate. The estimation of the compensation is based on the estimated profits of the acquiree.

5. 關鍵會計估計及判斷(續)

(g) 金融工具之估值

本集團採用包含並非基於可觀察獲得的市場數據之輸入數據之估值技術,估計若干類別金融工具之公平值。綜合財務報表附註33及55提供釐定金融工具公平值所採用的主要假設之詳細敏感度分析。

本公司董事相信,所選估值技術及 所用假設對釐定金融工具公平值而 言乃屬適當。

(h) 存貨之可變現淨值

(i) 業務合併所產生或然代價之公平值

評估業務合併產生之或然代價時, 乃採用貼現現金流量模型,根據本 集團收取之估計補償,按適用之現 行市場利率貼現。補償之估計基於 被收購方之估計溢利。

For the year ended 31 December 2015 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

6. OPERATING SEGMENTS

The Group's operating segments have been determined based on the information reported to the Chairman of the Board, being chief operating decision maker, that are used for performance assessment and to make strategic decisions. The Group's operating businesses are structured and managed separately according to the nature of their operations and the products and services they provide. Each of the Group's operating segments represents a strategic business unit that offers products and services which are subject to risks and returns that are different from those of other operating segments. The Group currently has five operating segments:

- (a) Distribution Distribution of films and sub-licensing of film rights
- (b) Property Leasing of rental properties investment
- (c) Sale of financial Sale of financial assets
- (d) Money lending Money lending
- (e) Sale of jewelry Design and sale of jewelry products products

Provision of management services was discontinued during the year ended 31 December 2014.

Sale of beauty products and provision of therapy services was discontinued in the current year.

6. 經營分部

- (a) 發行 發行電影及轉授電影 發行權
- (b) 物業投資 租賃租用物業
- (c) 銷售金融 銷售金融資產 資產
- (d) 借貸 借貸
- (e) 銷售珠寶 設計及銷售珠寶產品 產品

於截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年 度終止提供管理服務。

於本年度終止銷售美容產品及提供護理 服務。

For the year ended 31 December 2015 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

6. OPERATING SEGMENTS (Continued)

An analysis of the Group's reportable revenue, results, assets, liabilities and other selected financial information for the years ended 31 December 2015 and 2014 by operating segments is as follows:

For the year ended 31 December 2015

6. 經營分部(續)

截至二零一五年及二零一四年十二月 三十一日止年度,本集團按經營分部劃 分之可呈報分部收益、業績、資產、負 債及其他選定財務資料之分析如下:

截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

				Continuing of				Discontinued operations 已終止	
				持續經營	營業務			經營業務 Sale of beauty products and	
		Distribution	Property investment	Sale of financial assets	Money lending	Sale of jewelry products	Sub-total	provision of therapy services 銷售	Consolidated
		發行 HK\$'000 <i>千港元</i>	物業投資 HK\$'000 <i>千港元</i>	銷售 金融資產 HK\$'000 千港元	借貸 HK\$'000 <i>千港元</i>	銷售 珠寶產品 HK\$'000 <i>千港元</i>	小計 HK\$'000 <i>千港元</i>	美容產品及 提供護理 服務 HK\$'000 千港元	綜合 HK\$'000 <i>千港元</i>
Revenue Segment revenue	收益 分部收益	_	9,099	(14,175)	72,529	117,327	184,780	37,021	221,801
Results Segment (loss)/profit	業績 分部(虧損)/溢利	(58)	(55,677)	(78,097)	38,256	14,838	(80,738)	(21,434)	(102,172)
Interest income on bank deposits Unallocated corporate income Unallocated corporate expenses Gain on deemed disposal of a subsidiary	銀行存款之利息收入 未分配企業收入 未分配企業開支 視作出售一間附屬公司之收益						1,148 506 (32,105) 245,072	238 1 (129)	1,386 507 (32,234) 245,072
Impairment loss recognised in respect of amount due from an associate Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment Write-down of inventories Finance costs Share of results of associates	已確認應收聯營公司款項之 減值虧損 出售物業、廠房及設備之虧損 撤減存貨 融資費用 應佔聯營公司業績						(1,431) (1) — (1,609)	(136) (3) (854)	(1,431) (137) (3) (2,463)
Profit/(loss) before taxation Income tax expense	應位學習公可来模 除稅前溢利/(虧損) 所得稅開支						130,842 (8,253)	(22,317) (671)	108,525 (8,924)
Profit/(loss) for the year	本年度溢利/(虧損)						122,589	(22,988)	99,601

For the year ended 31 December 2015 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

6. **OPERATING SEGMENTS** (Continued)

6. 經營分部(續)

At 31 December 2015

於二零一五年十二月三十一日

				Continuing d 持續經				Discontinued operations 已終止 經營業務	
			Property	Sale of financial	Money	Sale of jewelry		Sale of beauty products and provision of therapy	
		Distribution	investment	assets	lending	products	Sub-total	services 銷售 美容產品及	Consolidated
				銷售		銷售		提供護理	
		發行	物業投資	金融資產	借貸	珠寶產品	小計 UK\$1000	服務	綜合
		HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 <i>千港元</i>	HK\$'000 <i>千港元</i>	HK\$'000 <i>千港元</i>	HK\$'000 <i>千港元</i>	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
		1 /8/6	1 /8/1	17876	1 /8//	1 /8/4	1/8/	1 1870	1 /8/6
Assets and liabilities	資產及負債								
Assets	資產								
Segment assets for operating segment	經營分部之分部資產								
Hong Kong	一香港	264	1,265	1,059,867	594,426	134,498	1,790,320	-	1,790,320
- The People's Republic of China (the "PRC")	一 中華人民共和國(「中國」)	-	2,515,173	-			2,515,173	-	2,515,173
		264	2,516,438	1,059,867	594,426	134,498	4,305,493	-	4,305,493
Unallocated corporate assets	未分配企業資產								125,353
Consolidated total assets	綜合資產總值								4,430,846
Liabilities Segment liabilities for operating segment	負債 經營分部之分部負債								
- Hong Kong	一 香港	(20)	(327)	(12,126)	(6,424)	(41,568)	(60,465)	-	(60,465)
- The PRC	一中國	-	(900,311)	-	-	-	(900,311)	-	(900,311)
		(20)	(900,638)	(12,126)	(6,424)	(41,568)	(960,776)	_	(960,776)
Unallocated corporate liabilities	未分配企業負債								(117,765)
Consolidated total liabilities	綜合負債總額								(1,078,541)

For the year ended 31 December 2015 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

6. **OPERATING SEGMENTS** (Continued)

6. 經營分部(續)

For the year ended 31 December 2015

截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

								Discontinued		
				Continuing o	perations			operations		
								已終止		
				持續經營	業務			經營業務		
								Sale of		
								beauty		
								products and		
				Sale of		Sale of		provision		
			Property	financial	Money	jewelry		of therapy		
		Distribution	investment	assets	lending	products	Sub-total	services	Unallocated	Consolidated
					• • •	,		銷售		
								美容產品及		
				銷售		銷售		提供護理		
		發行	物業投資	金融資產	借貸	珠寶產品	小計	服務	未分配	綜合
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Other segment information	其他分部資料									
other segment information	六 10 月 11 月 11 日 11 日 11 日 11 日 11 日 11 日									
Amounts included in the measure of	計量分部溢利/(虧損)及分部資產所									
segment profit/(loss) and segment	計入之金額									
assets	II / / L L IX									
Additions to property, plant and	添置物業、廠房及設備									
equipment	沙鱼物木 瓶切灰灰雨	_	7,773	_	_	111	7,884	2,332	_	10,216
Amortisation of intangible assets	無形資產攤銷	_	(5,114)	_	_	-	(5,114)	_	_	(5,114)
Cumulative gain reclassified from equity	於終止確認可供出售金融資產後		(0,114)				(0,114)			(0,114)
to profit or loss upon derecognition	由權益重新分類至捐益表									
of available-for-sale financial assets	之累計收益	_	_	74,378	_	_	74,378	_	_	74,378
Depreciation of property, plant and	物業、廠房及設備之折舊			14,010			17,010			14,010
equipment	彻未 " 概历及以用之 川 臼	_	(3,747)	_	_	(122)	(3,869)	(3,869)	_	(7,738)
Dividend income	股息收入	_	(0,141)	3,111	_	(122)	3,111	(0,000)	_	3,111
Gain arising on change in fair value of	投資物業公平值變動產生			0,111			0,111			0,111
investment properties	之收益	_	604	_	_	_	604	_	_	604
Impairment loss recognised in respect of	已確認可供出售金融資產由權益		•••				•••			•••
available-for-sale financial assets	重新分類至得益表之減值									
reclassified from equity to profit or	新相									
loss	184 2A	_	_	(73,500)	_	_	(73,500)	_	_	(73,500)
Impairment loss recognised in respect of	已確認商譽之減值虧損			(. 0)000)			(10,000)			(10,000)
goodwill	- 学が行言を所担制以	_	(48,492)	_	_	_	(48,492)	_	_	(48,492)
Loss arising on change in fair value	按公平值計入損益表之金融資產		(,)				(,)			(1-1,1-2)
of financial assets at fair value	公平值變動產生之虧損									
through profit or loss	の 「 地大地北土 一川 八	_	_	(66,286)	_	_	(66,286)	_	_	(66,286)
				(20)200)			(00)200)			(00)200)

For the year ended 31 December 2015 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

6. **OPERATING SEGMENTS** (Continued)

6. 經營分部(續)

For the year ended 31 December 2014

截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度

		Continuing operations 持續經營業務						Discontinued operations 已終止經營業務		
		Distribution	Property investment	Sale of financial assets	Money lending	Sale of jewelry products	Sub-total	Sale of beauty products and provision of therapy services 銷售	Provision of management services	Consolidated
				批牛		銷售		美容產品及	担用禁煙	
		發行	物業投資	銷售 金融資產	借貸	明告 珠寶產品	小計	提供護理 服務	提供管理 服務	给A 标白
		HK\$'000	₩未以具 HK\$'000	±м.д.е НК\$'000	HK\$'000	小泉注加 HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	<i>千港元</i>	千港元	千港元
Revenue	收益									
Segment revenue	分部收益 ————————————————————————————————————	-	-	(3,918)	78,316	14,273	88,671	22,084	158	110,913
Results	業績									
Segment (loss)/profit	分部(虧損)/溢利	(37)	(2,284)	89,230	75,295	648	162,852	(1,551)	153	161,454
lateral frames or book describe	紹仁左払う利点出 1						0440	.00		0.470
Interest income on bank deposits Unallocated corporate income	銀行存款之利息收入 未分配企業收入						2,116	63 1,626	-	2,179 1,626
Unallocated corporate expenses	木分配企業開支 未分配企業開支						(37,270)	(44)	_	(37,314)
Gain arising on change in fair value upon conversion	六万乱						(01,210)	(44)	_	(01,014)
of convertible notes receivables	值變動產生之收益						133,759	_	_	133,759
Gain arising on early redemption of convertible notes	提早贖回應收可換股票						,			.,
receivables	據產生之收益						1,611	-	-	1,611
Gain on deemed disposal of an associate	視作出售一間聯營公司									
	之收益						7,669	-	-	7,669
Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment	出售物業、廠房及設備									
	之收益						130	9	-	139
Gain on disposal of subsidiaries	出售附屬公司之收益						312	1,359	-	1,671
Gain on disposal of trademark	出售商標之收益						-	350	-	350
Impairment loss recognised in respect of other	已確認其他應收款項							(10.510)		(40.540)
receivables	之減值虧損 應收可換股票據之估算						_	(46,519)	-	(46,519)
Imputed interest income on convertible notes receivables	ほびり 供収 示像 と 巾昇 利息 収 入						7,686	_	_	7,686
Write-down of inventories	撤減存貨									
Written-off of property, plant and equipment	撤銷物業、廠房及設備						-	(1)	-	(1)
							-	(322)	-	(322)
Finance costs	融資費用						-	(406)	-	(406)
Share of results of associates	應佔聯營公司業績					-	(555)		-	(555)
Profit/(loss) before taxation	除税前溢利/(虧損)						278,310	(45,436)	153	233,027
Income tax expense	所得税開支					-	(6,898)	(829)	-	(7,727)
Profit/(loss) for the year	本年度溢利/(虧損)						271,412	(46,265)	153	225,300

For the year ended 31 December 2015 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

6. **OPERATING SEGMENTS** (Continued)

6. 經營分部(續)

At 31 December 2014

於二零一四年十二月三十一日

				Continuing of 持續經營				Discontinued 已終止組		
								Sale of beauty products and		
				Sale of		Sale of		provision of	Provision of	
			Property	financial	Money	jewelry		therapy	management	
		Distribution	investment	assets	lending	products	Sub-total	services	services	Consolidated
								銷售		
								美容產品及		
				銷售		銷售		提供護理	提供管理	
		發行	物業投資	金融資產	借貸	珠寶產品	小計	服務	服務	綜合
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Assets and liabilities	資產及負債									
Assets	資產									
Segment assets for operating segment	經營分部之分部資產									
- Hong Kong	一香港	253	2,355	987,687	979,249	44,378	2,013,922	161,362	_	2,175,284
- The PRC	一中國	_	_	_	_	_	_	4	-	4
	-	253	2,355	987,687	979,249	44,378	2,013,922	161,366	-	2,175,288
Unallocated corporate assets	未分配企業資產									68,026
Consolidated total assets	綜合資產總值									2,243,314
Liabilities	負債									
Segment liabilities for operating segment	經營分部之分部負債									
- Hong Kong	一香港	_	(160)	(12,908)	(8,585)	(13,778)	(35,431)	(41,311)	_	(76,742)
- The PRC	一中國	_	-	_	_	_	-	_	_	_
		_	(160)	(12,908)	(8,585)	(13,778)	(35,431)	(41,311)	-	(76,742)
Unallocated corporate liabilities	未分配企業負債									(10,131)
Consolidated total liabilities	綜合負債總額									(86,873)

For the year ended 31 December 2015 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

6. OPERATING SEGMENTS (Continued)

6. 經營分部(續)

For the year ended 31 December 2014

截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度

Discontinued operations

				Continuing of 持續經營				Discontinued 已終止組			
								Sale of			
								beauty products and			
				Sale of		Sale of		provision of	Provision of		
			Property	financial	Money	jewelry		therapy	management		
		Distribution	investment	assets	lending	products	Sub-total	services	services	Unallocated	Consolidated
		Distribution	IIIVOUIIIOII	400010	ionaling	products	oub total	銷售	30111003	Onanoutou	Consolidated
								美容產品及			
				銷售		銷售		提供護理	提供管理		
		發行	物業投資	金融資產	借貸	珠寶產品	小計	服務	服務	未分配	綜合
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Other segment information	其他分部資料										
Amounts included in the measure	計量分部溢利/(虧損)及										
of segment profit/(loss) and	分部資產所計入之										
segment assets	金額										
Additions to property, plant and	添置物業、廠房及設備										
equipment		-	-	-	-	390	390	467	-	13	870
Cumulative gain reclassified from	於終止確認可供出售金融										
equity to profit or loss upon	資產後由權益										
derecognition of available-for-	重新分類至損益表										
sale financial assets	之累計收益	-	-	66,883	-	-	66,883	-	-	-	66,883
Depreciation of property, plant and	物業、廠房及設備之折舊										
equipment		-	(17)	(24)	-	(26)	(67)	(2,321)	-	-	(2,388)
Gain arising on change in fair value	按公平值計入損益表之										
of financial assets at fair value	金融資產公平值變										
through profit or loss	動產生之收益	_	-	27,483	_	-	27,483	-	-	_	27,483

Continuing operations

Segment revenue reported above represents revenue generated from external customers. There were no inter-segment sales in the current year (2014: Nil).

Segment results represent profit earned/(loss incurred) by each segment without allocation of central administrative expenses including directors' emoluments, share of results of associates, investment and other income, other gains and losses, finance costs and income tax expense. This is the measure reported to the chief operating decision maker for the purposes of resource allocation and assessment of segment performance.

上文呈報之分部收益指由對外客戶產生 之收益。本年度並無分部間銷售(二零 一四年:無)。

分部業績指各分部賺取的溢利/(產生的虧損),惟並無分配中央行政開支(包括董事酬金、應佔聯營公司業績、投資及其他收入、其他收益及虧損、融資費用及所得税開支)。此乃就分配資源及評估分部表現而向主要經營決策人呈報之衡量基準。

For the year ended 31 December 2015 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

6. OPERATING SEGMENTS (Continued)

For the purposes of monitoring segment performance and allocating resources between segments:

- all assets are allocated to operating segments other than amount due from an associate, certain deposits, prepayments, and cash and cash equivalents that are not attributable to individual segments.
 Assets used jointly by individual segments are allocated on the basis of the revenues earned by individual segments; and
- all liabilities are allocated to operating segments other than current tax liabilities and certain accruals, other payables and receipts in advance that are not attributable to individual segments. Liabilities for which segments are jointly liable are allocated in proportion to segment assets.

Geographical information

The Group mainly operates in Hong Kong, Macau and the PRC. The Group's revenue from external customers and information about its non-current assets by geographical location are detailed below:

6. 經營分部(續)

為監察分部表現及於分部間分配資源:

- 一 除於應收聯營公司款項、若干按金、預付款項、以及現金及現金等價物不計入個別分部外,所有資產均分配至經營分部。個別分部共同使用之資產按個別分部賺取之收益分配;及
- 一 除本期税項負債以及若干應計費用、其他應付款項及預收款項不計入個別分部外,所有負債均分配至經營分部。分部共同產生之負債按分部資產比例分配。

地區資料

本集團主要於香港、澳門及中國經營。 本集團按地區劃分的來自對外客戶之收 益及有關其非流動資產之資料詳列如下:

		Reven external (來自持續	Continuing operations Revenue from external customers 來自持續經營業務 從對外客戶而來之收益		Discontinued operations Revenue from external customers 來自己終止經營業務 從對外客戶而來之收益		Continuing operations Non-current assets* 來自持續經營業務 非流動資產*		Discontinued operations Non-current assets* 來自已終止經營業務 非流動資產*	
		2015	2014	2015	2014	2015	2014	2015	2014	
		二零一五年	二零一四年	二零一五年	二零一四年	二零一五年	二零一四年	二零一五年	二零一四年	
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	
Australia Europe	澳洲歐洲	509 10,219	_ 1,285	-	- -	- -	-	- -	- -	
Hong Kong	香港	118,692	84,753	37,021	22,084	725,530	430,311	-	30,911	
Macau	澳門	-	-	-	158	-	-	-	-	
The Middle East	中東	5,706	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
The PRC	中國	9,099	-	-	-	2,350,469	-	-	4	
The United States of America	美利堅合眾國	40,555	2,633	-	-	-	-	-	-	
		184,780	88,671	37,021	22,242	3,075,999	430,311	-	30,915	

^{*} Non-current assets excluded deferred tax assets.

非流動資產不包括遞延税項資產。

For the year ended 31 December 2015 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

6. OPERATING SEGMENTS (Continued)

Information about major customers

Revenue from customers of the corresponding years contributing over 10% of the total revenue of the Group are as follows:

6. 經營分部(續)

有關主要客戶之資料

於相關年度來自客戶之收益向本集團總收益貢獻10%以上如下:

For the year ended 31 December

截至十二月三十一日止年度

		2015 二零一五年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2014 二零一四年 <i>HK</i> \$'000 <i>千港元</i>
Customer 1 ¹ Customer 2 ² Customer 3 ² Customer 4 ²	客戶 1 ¹	21,219	N/A ³
	客戶 2 ²	N/A ³	10,376
	客戶 3 ²	N/A ³	10,000
	客戶 4 ²	N/A ³	9,113

- ¹ Revenue from sale of jewelry products
- Revenue from money lending
- The corresponding revenue did not contribute over 10% of the total revenue of the Group
- 1 來自銷售珠寶產品之收益
- 2 來自借貸之收益
- ³ 相關收益並無向本集團總收益貢獻10%以 上

7. REVENUE

7. 收益

For the year ended 31 December

		2015	2014
		二零一五年	二零一四年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Continuing operations	持續經營業務		
Sale of financial assets at fair value	銷售按公平值計入損益表之		
through profit or loss, net	金融資產,淨額	(14,175)	(3,918)
Interest income on loans	貸款利息收入	72,529	78,316
Rental income	租金收入	9,099	_
Sale of jewelry products	銷售珠寶產品	117,327	14,273
		184,780	88,671

For the year ended 31 December 2015 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

7. REVENUE (Continued)

7. 收益(續)

Revenue from sale of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss is recorded on a net basis, details of which are as follows: 銷售按公平值計入損益表之金融資產之 收益按淨額基準分析,詳情如下:

For the year ended 31 December

截至十二月三十一日止年度

	2015 二零一五年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2014 二零一四年 <i>HK</i> \$'000 <i>千港元</i>
Proceeds from sale of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss and fair value through profit or loss plus transaction costs	622,551	46,800
transaction costs — 具用	(636,726)	(50,718)
	(4.4.475)	(0.040)
	(14,175)	(3,918)

8. INVESTMENT AND OTHER INCOME

8. 投資及其他收入

For the year ended 31 December

		2015 二零一五年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2014 二零一四年 <i>HK</i> \$'000 <i>千港元</i>
Continuing operations Dividend income Interest income on bank deposits Sundry income	持續經營業務 股息收入 銀行存款之利息收入 雜項收入	3,111 1,148 506	2,116 –
		4,765	2,116

For the year ended 31 December 2015 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

9. OTHER GAINS AND LOSSES

9. 其他收益及虧損

For the year ended 31 December

			·
		2015	2014
		二零一五年	二零一四年
		—— —— HK\$'000	—록 □ - HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
	1+ 1= 1 1011 214 75		
Continuing operations	持續經營業務		
Cumulative gain reclassified from	於終止確認可供出售金融		
equity to profit or loss upon	資產後由權益重新分類		
derecognition of available-for-sale	至損益表之累計收益		
financial assets		74,378	66,883
Gain arising on change in fair value of	投資物業公平值變動產生之		
investment properties	收益	604	_
Gain arising on change in fair value	兑換應收可換股票據後		
upon conversion of convertible notes	公平值變動產生之收益		
receivables		_	133,759
Gain arising on early redemption of	提早贖回應收可換股票據產		
convertible notes receivables	生之收益	_	1,611
Gain on deemed disposal of a	ユー		1,011
subsidiary	大い日日 同的角ム可之 収益	245,072	
•	視作出售一間聯營公司之	245,072	_
Gain on deemed disposal of an			7.000
associate	收益	_	7,669
Gain on disposal of subsidiaries	出售附屬公司之收益	_	312
Impairment loss recognised in respect	已確認應收聯營公司款項之		
of amount due from an associate	減值虧損	(1,431)	_
Impairment loss recognised in respect	已確認可供出售金融資產由		
of available-for-sale financial assets	權益重新分類至損益表之		
reclassified from equity to profit or	減值虧損		
loss		(73,500)	_
Impairment loss recognised in respect	已確認商譽之減值虧損		
of goodwill		(48,492)	_
Imputed interest income on convertible	應收可換股票據之估算利息		
notes receivables	收入	_	7,686
(Loss)/gain arising on change in fair	按公平值計入損益表之金融		
value of financial assets at fair value	資產公平值變動產生之		
through profit or loss	(虧損)/收益	(66,286)	27,483
(Loss)/gain on disposal of property,	出售物業、廠房及設備之	(00,200)	2.,.00
plant and equipment	(虧損)/收益	(1)	130
plant and equipment	(注1)以 / / 小皿	(1)	100
		120 244	045 500
		130,344	245,533

For the year ended 31 December 2015 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

10. FINANCE COSTS

10. 融資費用

For the year ended 31 December

截至十二月三十一日止年度

2015 二零一五年 *HK*\$'000 2014 二零一四年

1K\$'000 千港元 HK\$'000 千港元

Continuing operations
Interest on bank borrowings

持續經營業務銀行借款之利息

1,609

11. DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER'S EMOLUMENTS

The aggregate amounts of emoluments paid or payable to the directors and the Chief Executive Officer of the Company during the year was HK\$39,560,000 (2014: HK\$24,915,000), of which HK\$39,457,000 (2014: HK\$24,866,000) was included in "administrative expenses" under continuing operations and HK\$103,000 (2014: HK\$49,000) was included in "administrative expenses" under discontinued operations. The emoluments of each director and the Chief Executive Officer for the years ended 31 December 2015 and 2014 disclosed pursuant to the applicable Listing Rules and the Hong Kong Company Ordinance are as follows:

11. 董事及行政總裁之酬金

年內已付或應付本公司董事及行政總裁之酬金總額為39,560,000港元(二零一四年:24,915,000港元),其中39,457,000港元(二零一四年:24,866,000港元)計入持續經營業務下「行政開支」及103,000港元(二零一四年:49,000港元)計入已終止經營業務下「行政開支」。截至二零一五年及二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度,各董事及行政總裁列下:

For the year ended 31 December 2015 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

11. DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER'S EMOLUMENTS (Continued)

11. 董事及行政總裁之酬金(續)

Name of director	董事姓名	Fe 袍	ees 金	Salaries, a and benef 薪金、津貼	its in kind	bo	etionary nus 花紅	Contribu retiremen sche 退休福利	t benefits emes	share payment 以股權	settled -based expenses 結算之 款開支	To 總	
		2015	2014	2015	2014	2015	2014	2015	2014	2015	2014	2015	2014
		—零一五年 HK\$'000	_ 苓一四年 HK\$'000	—零一五年 HK\$000	_麥一四年 HK\$'000	_ 零一五年 HK\$000	—苓一四年 HK\$'000	二零一五年 HK\$'000	—苓一四年 HK\$'000	_麥一五年 HK\$'000	_苓一四年 HK\$'000	_零一五年 HK\$'000	—苓一四年 HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Executive directors	執行董事												
Mr. Lei Hong Wai, the Chief Executive Officer	李雄偉先生 (行政總裁)	-	-	6,600	6,600	8,000	4,000	18	17	1,575	-	16,193	10,617
Mr. Cheung Kwok Wai Elton	張國偉先生	-	-	6,600	6,600	8,000	4,000	18	17	1,575	-	16,193	10,617
Mr. Chan Kin Wah Billy	陳健華先生	-	-	1,474	1,185	3,000	1,000	18	17	1,246	755	5,738	2,957
Mr. Cheung Kwok Fan	張國勳先生	120	120	900	180	38	60	18	4	-	-	1,076	364
Independent non-executive directors	獨立非執行董事												
Mr. Wan Shing Chi	尹成志先生	120	120	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	120	120
Mr. Ng Heung Yan	吳向仁先生	120	120	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	120	120
Mr. Wong Tak Chuen	黃德銓先生	120	120	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	120	120
Total emoluments	酬金總額	480	480	15,574	14,565	19.038	9,060	72	55	4,396	755	39,560	24,915

The executive directors' and the Chief Executive Officer's emoluments shown above were mainly for their services in connection with the management of the affairs of the Company and the Group. The independent non-executive director's emoluments shown above were mainly for their services as directors of the Company.

Certain executive directors and the Chief Executive Officer of the Company are entitled to bonus payments which are determined based on their duties and responsibilities in the Group. 以上所示之執行董事及行政總裁之酬金 主要為彼等就管理本公司及本集團事務 提供服務之酬金。上述獨立非執行董事 酬金主要為彼等作為本公司董事提供服 務之酬金。

本公司若干執行董事及行政總裁有權享 有花紅,乃根據彼等於本集團之職務及 責任釐定。

For the year ended 31 December 2015 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

11. DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER'S EMOLUMENTS (Continued)

The executive directors and the Chief Executive Officer regard as senior management of the Group. Their emoluments are within the following bands:

11. 董事及行政總裁之酬金(續)

董事及行政總裁視為本集團之高級管理 人員。其酬金介乎以下範圍:

Number of individuals 人數

		2015 二零一五年	2014 二零一四年
HK\$0 – HK\$1,000,000	零港元至1,000,000港元	_	1
HK\$1,000,001 – HK\$3,000,000	1,000,001港元至3,000,000港元	1	1
Over HK\$3,000,000	3,000,000港元以上	3	2

During the year, certain directors were granted share options, in respect of their services to the Group under the share option scheme of the Company. Details of the share option scheme are set out in note 49 to the consolidated financial statements.

就彼等對本集團之服務獲授購股權。購股權計劃詳情載於綜合財務報表附註49。

年內,若干董事根據本公司購股權計劃

During the years ended 31 December 2015 and 2014, no emoluments have been paid by the Group to any of the directors and the Chief Executive Officer as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group as compensation for loss of office. None of the directors and the Chief Executive Officer of the Company waived or agreed to waive any emoluments in the year ended 31 December 2015 (2014: Nil).

截至二零一五年及二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團概無向任何董事及行政總裁支付酬金作為吸引彼等加盟本集團或加盟後之獎勵,或離職補償。截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度,概無本公司董事及行政總裁放棄或同意放棄任何酬金(二零一四年:無)。

No significant transactions, arrangements and contracts in relation to the Group's business to which the Company was a party and in which a director of the Company had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the year.

概無本公司董事直接或間接於本公司所 訂立與本集團業務有關並於本年度末或 年內任何時間仍存續之重要交易、安排 及合約中擁有重大權益。

For the year ended 31 December 2015 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

12. FIVE HIGHEST PAID EMPLOYEES

Of the five individuals with the highest emoluments in the Group for the year ended 31 December 2015, three (2014: three) were directors of the Company whose emoluments are included in the disclosures in note 11 to the consolidated financial statements. The emoluments of the remaining two (2014: two) individuals were as follows:

12. 五名最高薪僱員

截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度,於本集團五名最高薪酬人士當中,三名(二零一四年:三名)為本公司董事,彼等之酬金已於綜合財務報表附註11披露。餘下兩名(二零一四年:兩名)之酬金如下:

For the year ended 31 December

截至十二月三十一日止年度

		2015 二零一五年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2014 二零一四年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
Salaries, allowances and benefits in	薪金、津貼及實物福利		
kind	W = 11 M 2 X M M 13	1,347	1,110
Discretionary bonus	酌情花紅	3,000	´ -
Contributions to retirement benefits	退休福利計劃供款		
scheme		36	34
Equity-settled share-based payment	以股權結算之股份支款開支		
expenses		2,564	1,623
		6,947	2,767

The number of the highest paid employees who are not the directors of the Company whose emoluments fell within the following bands is as follows:

酬金介乎以下範圍之最高薪非本公司董事僱員數目如下:

Number of employees 僱員人數

	2015 二零一五年	2014 二零一四年
1,000,001港元至1,500,000港元	_	2
1,500,001港元至2,000,000港元	_	_
2,000,001港元至2,500,000港元	_	_
2,500,001港元至3,000,000港元	_	_
3,000,001港元至3,500,000港元	1	_
3,500,000港元以上	1	_
	1,500,001港元至2,000,000港元2,000,001港元至2,500,000港元2,500,001港元至3,000,000港元3,000,001港元至3,500,000港元	1,000,001港元至1,500,000港元 1,500,001港元至2,000,000港元 2,000,001港元至2,500,000港元 2,500,001港元至3,000,000港元 3,000,001港元至3,500,000港元

For the year ended 31 December 2015 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

13. INCOME TAX EXPENSE

13. 所得税開支

For the year ended 31 December

截至十二月三十一日止年度

		截至十二月三十一日止年月	
		2015	2014
		二零一五年	二零一四年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Continuing operations	持續經營業務		
Hong Kong Profits Tax	香港利得税		
Current tax	一 本期税項	(8,832)	(8,975)
 Over provision in prior years 	一 上年度過多撥備	21	2,077
		(8,811)	(6,898)
PRC Enterprise Income Tax	中國企業所得税		
Current tax	- 本期税項	(1,012)	_
Deferred taxation credit (note 44)	遞延税項抵免(附註44)	1,570	_
		(8,253)	(6,898)

Hong Kong Profits Tax is calculated at 16.5% of the estimated assessable profits for both years. PRC subsidiaries are subject to PRC Enterprise Income Tax at 25% for the current year. 兩個年度之香港利得税按估計應課税溢利之16.5%計算。於本年度,中國附屬公司須按税率25%繳納中國企業所得税。

For the year ended 31 December 2015 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

13. INCOME TAX EXPENSE (Continued)

The income tax expense for the year can be reconciled to the profit before taxation from continuing operations per consolidated statement of profit or loss as follows:

13. 所得税開支(續)

本年度所得税開支與綜合損益表內之持 續經營業務之除税前溢利對賬如下:

For the year ended 31 December

		2015	2014
		二零一五年	二零一四年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Continuing operations	持續經營業務		
Profit before taxation	除税前溢利	130,842	278,310
Taxation at domestic income tax rate	以當地所得税率計税	17,435	45,921
Taxation effect of:	税務影響:		
Share of results of associates	應佔聯營公司業績	_	91
Income not taxable for tax purpose	税務上毋須課税收入	(76,566)	(64,668)
Expenses not deductible for tax	税務上不可扣税開支		
purpose		66,933	14,014
Estimated tax losses not recognised	未確認估計税項虧損	2,494	13,617
Utilisation of tax losses previously	動用先前未確認税項虧損		
not recognised		(452)	_
Over provision in prior years	過往年度過多撥備	(21)	(2,077)
Deferred taxation credit	遞延税項抵免	(1, 5 70)	
Income tax expense	所得税開支	8,253	6,898

For the year ended 31 December 2015 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

14. PROFIT FOR THE YEAR FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS

14. 來自持續經營業務之本年度溢利

Profit for the year from continuing operations has been arrived at after charging/(crediting):

來自持續經營業務之本年度溢利乃扣除 /(計入)下列各項後得出:

For the year ended 31 December 截至十二月三十一日止年度

		2015 二零一五年 <i>HK\$</i> *000 <i>千港元</i>	2014 二零一四年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
Continuing operations Amortisation of intangible assets Auditors' remuneration:	持續經營業務 無形資產攤銷 核數師酬金:	5,114	-
annual audit and interim reviewnon-audit services	一年度核數及中期審閱一非核數服務	799 2,579	799 217
		3,378	1,016
Cost of inventories sold Depreciation of property, plant and equipment Net foreign exchange loss Operating lease rentals in respect of rental	已銷售存貨之成本 物業、廠房及設備之折舊 匯兑虧損淨額 租賃物業之經營租賃租金	92,798 3,869 145	11,845 67 36
premises		1,955	1,562
Operating lease rentals in respect of operating rights Less: operating lease rentals capitalised	經營權之經營租賃租金 減:已資本化經營租賃租金	4,318 (2,856)	
		1,462	_
Equity-settled share-based payment expenses in respect of consultancy services	就顧問服務以股權結算之股份 支款開支	5,400	6,576
Staff costs (including directors' emoluments): — salaries, allowances and benefits in kind — discretionary bonuses — contributions to retirement benefits scheme — equity-settled share-based payment expenses	員工成本(包括董事酬金): - 薪金、津貼及實物福利 - 酌情花紅 - 退休福利計劃供款 - 以股權結算之股份支款 用支	23,214 23,585 360 12,400	17,210 9,182 139 3,813
		59,559	30,344
Gross rental income from investment properties and operating rights Less: direct operating expenses incurred for investment properties and operating	來自投資物業及經營權之租金總 收入 減:年內產生租金收入之投資物業 及經營權產生之直接經營	(9,099)	_
rights that generated rental income during the year Less: direct operating expenses incurred for	開支 減:年內未產生租金收入之投資物	2,950	_
investment properties and operating rights that did not generate rental income during the year	業及經營權產生之直接經 營開支	45	_
illcome during the year			_
		(6,104)	_

For the year ended 31 December 2015 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

15. DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS

On 6 November 2015, EDS Wellness Holdings Limited ("EDS Wellness", now known as SkyNet Group Limited and stock code: 8176), a then 70.18% owned subsidiary of the Company, allotted and issued 345,000,000 new shares and 30,000,000 new convertible preferred shares to six subscribers. As a result, the Group's shareholding interests in EDS Wellness was diluted from 70.18% to 12.51% and EDS Wellness has ceased to be a subsidiary of the Company. EDS Wellness carried out all of the Group's sale of beauty products and provision of therapy services operations.

The provision of management services operation was disposed of on 11 June 2014, details of which are set out in note 47 to the consolidated financial statements.

The loss for the year from the discontinued sale of beauty products and provision of therapy services, and provision of management services operations is set out below. The comparative figures in the consolidated statement of profit or loss have been restated to re-present the sale of beauty products and provision of therapy services operations as discontinued operations.

15. 已終止經營業務

於二零一五年十一月六日,一間本公司當時擁有70.18%之附屬公司EDS Wellness Holdings Limited (「EDS Wellness」,現稱為航空互聯集團有限公司及股份代號:8176)向六名認購人配發及發行345,000,000股新可換股優先股。因此,本集團於EDS Wellness之持股權益由70.18%攤薄至12.51%,而EDS Wellness不再為本公司之附屬公司。本集團所有銷售美容產品及提供護理服務業務乃由EDS Wellness進行。

提供管理服務業務已於二零一四年六月 十一日出售,有關詳情載於綜合財務報 表附註47。

已終止銷售美容產品及提供護理服務及提供管理服務業務之本年度虧損載列如下。綜合損益表之可比較數字已經重列,以重新呈列銷售美容產品及提供護理服務業務為已終止經營業務。

For the year ended 31 December

	2015 二零一五年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2014 二零一四年 <i>HK</i> \$'000 <i>千港元</i>
Loss on sale of beauty products and provision of therapy services operations for the year 都售美容產品及提供護理 服務業務之本年度 虧損	(22.000)	(46.265)
Profit on provision of management 提供管理服務業務之本年度	(22,988)	(46,265)
services operations for the year 溢利 Gain on deemed disposal of sale of 視作出售銷售美容產品及 beauty products and provision of 提供護理服務業務	_	153
therapy services operations (note 9) 之收益(附註9) Gain on disposal of provision of 出售提供管理服務業務之	245,072	-
(note 9)	_	312
	222,084	(45,800)

For the year ended 31 December 2015 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

15. DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (Continued)

15. 已終止經營業務(續)

The results of the discontinued operations for the current and prior years are as follows:

於本年度及過往年度,已終止經營業務 之業績如下:

For the year ended 31 December

		2015	2014
		二零一五年	二零一四年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
		17570	17670
Revenue	收益	37,021	22,242
	- ·	,	
Cost of sales	銷售成本	(26,694)	(15,155)
Gross profit	毛利	10,327	7,087
Investment and other income	投資及其他收入	239	1,689
Other gains and losses	其他收益及虧損	(139)	(45,124)
Selling and distribution expenses	銷售及分銷開支	(2,004)	(941)
·			, ,
Administrative expenses	行政開支	(29,886)	(7,588)
Loss from operations	經營虧損	(21,463)	(44,877)
Finance costs	融資費用	(854)	(406)
		` ,	,
Loss before taxation	除税前虧損	(22,317)	(45,283)
	所得税開支		• • • •
Income tax expense	/川付作用义	(671)	(829)
Loss for the year from discontinued	來自已終止經營業務之		
operations	本年度虧損	(22,988)	(46,112)
			, , ,

For the year ended 31 December 2015 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

15. DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (Continued)

15. 已終止經營業務(續)

The cash flows of the discontinued operations for the current and prior years are as follows: 於本年度及過往年度,已終止經營業務 之現金流量如下:

For the year ended 31 December

截至十二月三十一日止年度

		2015 二零一五年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2014 二零一四年 <i>HK</i> \$'000 <i>千港元</i>
Net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities Net cash inflow/(outflow) from investing activities	經營活動現金流入/(流出) 淨額 投資活動現金流入/(流出) 淨額	130,409 5,312	(1,259) (412)
Net cash outflow from financing activities	融資活動現金流出淨額	(342)	(2,410)
Net cash inflow/(outflow)	現金流入/(流出)淨額	135,379	(4,081)

Loss for the year from discontinued operations has been arrived at after charging/(crediting):

已終止經營業務之本年度虧損乃扣除/(計入)下列各項後得出:

For the year ended 31 December

		2015 二零一五年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2014 二零一四年 <i>HK\$'</i> 000 <i>千港元</i>
Auditors' remuneration	核數師酬金	20	500
Cost of inventories sold	校数刷酬並 已銷售存貨成本	29 5 100	500
		5,192	3,011
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備之折舊	3,869	2,321
Gain on disposal of subsidiaries	出售附屬公司之收益	_	(1,359)
Gain on disposal of trademark	出售商標之收益	_	(350)
Impairment loss recognised in respect	已確認其他應收款項之減值		,
of other receivables	虧損	_	46,519
Loss/(gain) on disposal of property,	出售物業、廠房及設備之		
plant and equipment	虧損/(收益)	136	(9)
Write-down of inventories	撇減存貨	3	1
Written-off of property, plant and	撇銷物業、廠房及設備		
equipment		_	322

For the year ended 31 December 2015 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

16. EARNINGS/(LOSS) PER SHARE

16. 每股盈利/(虧損)

From continuing and discontinued operations

The calculation of basic and diluted earnings per share from continuing and discontinued operations attributable to the owners of the Company is based on the following data:

來自持續經營及已終止經營業務

本公司擁有人應佔來自持續經營及已終 止經營業務之每股基本及攤薄盈利乃根 據下列數據計算:

For the year ended 31 December

截至十二月三十一日止年度

owners of the Company	溢利	105,256	238,077
Profit for the year attributable to	本公司擁有人應佔本年度		
Earnings	<u>盈利</u>		
		2015 二零一五年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2014 二零一四年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
		赵土 一	1 日正十反

For the year ended 31 December

		赵王 1 一 7 1 —	
		2015 二零一五年	2014 二零一四年
		—◆ 五牛 ' 000 <i>千股</i>	一专 四年 '000 <i>千股</i>
		I IIX	I MX
Number of ordinary shares	普通股數目		
Weighted average number of ordinary shares for the purpose of basic earnings per share	於計算每股基本盈利時所用 之普通股加權平均數	1,131,842	531,966
Effect of dilutive potential ordinary shares:	攤薄潛在普通股之影響:		
Share options issued by the Company	本公司已發行之購股權	32,144	990
Weighted average number of ordinary shares for the purpose of diluted	於計算每股攤薄盈利時所用 之普通股加權平均數		
earnings per share		1,163,986	532,956

For the year ended 31 December 2015 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

16. EARNINGS/(LOSS) PER SHARE (Continued)

16. 每股盈利/(虧損)(續)

From continuing operations

The calculation of the basic and diluted earnings per share from continuing operations attributable to the owners of the Company is based on the following data:

來自持續經營業務

本公司擁有人應佔來自持續經營業務之 每股基本及攤薄盈利乃根據以下數據計 算:

For the year ended 31 December

截至十二月三十一日止年度

2015	2014
二零一五年	二零一四年
<i>HK\$'000</i>	<i>HK</i> \$'000
<i>千港元</i>	<i>千港元</i>

Earnings

Profit for the year from continuing operations attributable to owners of the Company

本公司擁有人應佔來自持續 經營業務之本年度溢利

盈利

122,589

271,412

The denominators used are same as those detailed above for both basic and diluted earnings per share from continuing and discontinued operations.

所用分母與上述計算來自持續及已終止 經營業務之每股基本及攤薄盈利所採用 者相同。

From discontinued operations

The calculation of the basic and diluted loss per share from discontinued operations attributable to the owners of the Company is based on the following data:

來自已終止經營業務

本公司擁有人應佔來自已終止經營業務 之每股基本及權薄虧損及根據以下數據 計算:

For the year ended 31 December

截至十二月三十一日止年度

	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
2015	2014
二零一五年	二零一四年
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元

Loss

17. DIVIDENDS

虧損

Loss for the year from discontinued operations attributable to owners of the Company

本公司擁有人應佔來自已終 止經營業務之本年度虧損

(17,333)

所用分母與上述計算來自持續及已終止

經營業務之每股基本及攤薄盈利所採用

(33, 335)

零一五年年報

The denominators used are same as those detailed above for both basic and diluted earnings per share from continuing and discontinued operations.

17. 股息

者相同。

The directors of the Company do not recommend the payment of any final dividend for the year ended 31 December 2015 (2014: Nil).

本公司董事並不建議派發截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度之任何末期股息(二零一四年:無)。

For the year ended 31 December 2015 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

18. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

18. 物業、廠房及設備

		Buildings 樓宇 HK\$'000 千港元	Golf courses 高爾夫球場 HK\$'000 千港元	Construction in progress 在建工程 HK\$'000 千港元	Plant and machinery 廠房及機器 <i>HK\$</i> '000 <i>千港元</i>	Leasehold improvements 租賃物業裝修 HK\$'000 千港元	Office equipment 辦公室設備 HK\$'000 千港元	Motor vehicles 汽車 HK\$'000 千港元	Furniture and fixtures 像私及装置 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 <i>HK\$</i> '000 <i>千港元</i>
Cost At 1 January 2014 Acquisitions through business combination	成本 於二零一四年一月一日 透週業務合併收購 <i>(附註46)</i>	-	-	-	-	2,381	229	1,050	1,093	4,753
(note 46) Additions during the year Disposals Written off	年內添置 出售 撤銷	- - -	- - -	- - -	3,723 321 (38) (3)	8,194 282 - (458)	816 178 – –	- - -	2,113 89 - -	14,846 870 (38) (461)
At 31 December 2014 and 1 January 2015 Acquisitions through business combination	於二零一四年 十二月三十一日及 二零一五年一月一日 透過業務合併收購 (<i>附註46</i>)	-	-	-	4,003	10,399	1,223	1,050	3,295	19,970
(note 46) Additions during the year Derecognition upon deemed disposal of a subsidiary	年內添置 於視作出售一間附屬公司 時終止確認 <i>(附註47)</i>	173,431 —	67,895 —	145,141 7,667	1,796 1,405	33,800 —	1,060	- -	1,859 84	423,922 10,216
(note 47) Disposals Exchange alignment	出售匯兑調整	(3,330)	- (1,304)	_ _ (2,267)	(4,729) (643) (45)	(7,786) — (649)	(1,777) — (8)	- - -	(2,076) (142) (35)	(16,368) (785) (7,638)
At 31 December 2015	於二零一五年 十二月三十一日	170,101	66,591	150,541	1,787	35,764	498	1,050	2,985	429,317
Accumulated depreciation and impairment At 1 January 2014 Charged for the year Written back on disposals Written off	累計折舊及減值 於二零一四年一月一日 本年度折舊 出售時發回 撤銷	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- 822 (17) (2)	2,381 1,060 — (137)	163 141 - -	1,027 23 – –	1,093 342 — —	4,664 2,388 (17) (139)
At 31 December 2014 and 1 January 2015 Charged for the year Eliminated on deemed disposal of a subsidiary	於二零一四年 十二月三十一日及 二零一五年一月一日 本年度折舊 於現作出售一間附屬公司 時撤鎖(<i>附註47</i>)	- 1,901	_ 749	<u>-</u> -	803 1,472	3,304 2,514	304 713	1,050 —	1,435 389	6,896 7,738
(note 47) Written back on disposals Exchange alignment	出售時撥回 匯兑調整	_ _ (29)	_ _ (11)	- - -	(1,883) (244) (12)	(2,627) — (11)	(767) - -	- - -	(483) (31) (3)	(5,760) (275) (66)
At 31 December 2015	於二零一五年 十二月三十一日	1,872	738	-	136	3,180	250	1,050	1,307	8,533
Carrying amounts At 31 December 2015	服面值 於二零一五年 十二月三十一日	168,229	65,853	150,541	1,651	32,584	248	-	1,678	420,784
At 31 December 2014	於二零一四年 十二月三十一日	_	_	-	3,200	7,095	919	_	1,860	13,074

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18. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (Continued)

At 31 December 2014, included in the carrying amounts of plant and machinery and office equipment of HK\$344,000 and HK\$19,000 are held under finance leases respectively.

During the year ended 31 December 2015, the Group has capitalised operating lease rentals of HK\$2,856,000 (2014: Nil).

All of the Group's buildings, golf courses and construction in progress are located in the PRC held on medium-term leases.

19. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

18. 物業、廠房及設備(續)

於二零一四年十二月三十一日,當中賬面值分別為344,000港元及19,000港元之廠房及機器和辦公室設備乃按融資租賃持有。

於截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團將2,856,000港元(二零一四年:無)之經營租賃租金資本化。

本集團所有樓宇、高爾夫球場及在建工 程位於中國,並以中期租約持有。

19. 投資物業

		2015 二零一五年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2014 二零一四年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
Fair value At 1 January Acquisition through business combination (note 46) Gain arising on change in fair value recognised in profit or loss (note 9) Exchange alignment	公平值 於一月一日 透過業務合併收購 <i>(附註 46)</i> 於損益表確認之公平值變動 產生之收益(附註 9) 匯兑調整	- 606,858 604 (12,014)	- - -
At 31 December	於十二月三十一日	595,448	_
Unrealised gain on change in fair value of investment properties included in profit or loss	計入損益表之投資物業公平 值變動產生之未變現收益	604	_
		2015 二零一五年 <i>HK\$</i> '000 <i>千港元</i>	2014 二零一四年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
Investment properties located in the PRC held on medium-term leases	位於中國及以中期租約持有 之投資物業	595,448	_

All of the Group's investment properties have been pledged to secure bank borrowings granted to the Group. 本集團所有投資物業已抵押為授予本集 團銀行借款之抵押品。

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19. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (Continued)

19. 投資物業(續)

Details of the Group's investment properties are as follows:

本集團投資物業之詳情載列如下:

Location 地點	Existing use 現時用途	Tenure 年期	Attributable interest to the Group 本集團應佔權益
No. 33 Nonglinxia Road Yuexiu District Guangzhou Guangdong Province The PRC	Commercial	Medium-term lease	100%
中國廣東省廣州市越秀區農林下路33號	商業	中期租約	100%

20. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT OF INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

20. 投資物業之公平值計量

(a) Fair value hierarchy

The following table presents the fair value of the Group's investment properties measured at the end of the reporting period on a recurring basis, categorised into the three-level fair value hierarchy as defined in HKFRS 13 Fair Value Measurement. The level into which a fair value measurement is classified is determined with reference to the observability and significance of the inputs used in the valuation technique as follows:

- Level 1 valuations: fair value measured using only Level 1 inputs i.e. unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities at the measurement date;
- Level 2 valuations: fair value measured using Level 2 inputs i.e. observable inputs which fail to meet Level 1, and not using significant unobservable inputs. Unobservable inputs are inputs for which market data are not available; and
- Level 3 valuations: fair value measured using significant unobservable inputs.

(a) 公平值等級

下表呈列本集團於報告期末按經常性基準計量之投資物業公平值,如果 根據香港財務報告準則第13號公平 值計量所界定之公平值等級分為三個級別。公平值計量之級別分類乃 經參考以下估值技巧所用之輸入數據之可觀察性及重要性而釐定:

- 第1級估值:僅使用第1級輸入數據計量之公平值,即於計量日期採用相同資產或負債於活躍市場之未經調整報價;
- 第2級估值:使用第2級輸入 數據計量之公平值,即可觀察 之輸入數據,其未能滿足第1 級之要求,但亦不屬於重大不 可觀察之輸入數據。不可觀察 輸入數據為無市場數據之輸入 數據;及
- 第3級估值:使用重大不可觀察輸入數據計量之公平值。

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20. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT OF INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (Continued)

20. 投資物業之公平值計量(續)

(a) Fair value hierarchy (Continued)

(a) 公平值等級(續)

		Level 1 第1級 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	Level 2 第2級 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	Level 3 第3級 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	Total 總計 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
At 31 December 2015	於二零一五年 十二月三十一日				
Fair value on a recurring basis Investment properties Iocated in the PRC	經常性基準計量之 公平值 位於中國之投資 物業	_	_	595,448	595,448

During the year ended 31 December 2015, there were no transfers between Level 1 and Level 2, or transfers into or out of Level 3 (2014: Nil). The Group's policy is to recognise transfers between levels of fair value hierarchy as at the date of the events or change in circumstance that caused the transfer.

The Group's investment properties were revalued as at 31 December 2015. The valuation was carried out by an independent qualified professional firm of valuer, Colliers International (Hong Kong) Limited, who has among its staff members appropriate qualification with recent experience in the location and category of properties being valued. The directors of the Company have discussion with the valuer on the valuation assumptions and valuation results when the valuation is performed at the end of the reporting period.

In estimating the fair value of the investment properties, the highest and best use of the investment properties is their current use. 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度,第1級及第2級之間概無轉撥,亦無轉入或轉出第3級(二零一四年:無)。本集團之政策為於轉撥事件或導致轉撥之情況出現變動當日,確認公平值等級之間之轉撥。

本集團之投資物業於二零一五年 十二月三十一日進行重估。 一五值別 際物業顧問(香港)有限公司進行 其僱員具備適當資歷別之近期 其僱員物業地區及類別之 近期之 值經驗。於各報告期末進行 值 時,本公司董師進行商討。

於估計投資物業之公平值時,投資 物業之最高及最佳用途即為其當前 用途。

For the year ended 31 December 2015 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

20. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT OF INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (Continued)

20. 投資物業之公平值計量(續)

(b) Information about Level 3 fair value measurements

(b) 有關第3級公平值計量之資料

	Valuation technique 估值技巧	Significa unobser input 重大不可		Range 範圍	
Investment properties located in the PRC 位於中國之投資物業	Income approach 收入法	Capitalis 資本化比	sation rate 率	2015: 3.75% to 4 (2014: N/A) 二零一五年:3.75 零一四年:不適	%至4.75%(二
Capitalisation rate is to the capitalisation of re- nature of the property condition. The fair value negatively correlated rate.	ntal income pa and prevailing ue measureme	otential, market ents are		資本化比率乃經計, 資本化、物業性質, 之比率。公平值計量 成反比。	及當前市況得出
The directors of the C any possible changes not cause significant c investment properties.	in input value	s would		本公司董事相信,何值之任何可能變動, 物業公平值之重大變	将不會導致投資
The following table pro of the movement be closing balances of ir classified under fair va 3, measured at fair va technique with signi- inputs:	tween openi nvestment pro lue hierarchy lue using a v	ng and operties of Level aluation		下表列示使用包含! 入數據之估值技巧打類為公平值等級第於期初及期末之結節	安公平值計量分 3級之投資物業
					HK\$'000 <i>千港元</i>
At 1 January 2014, 31 December 2014 an 1 January 2015 Acquisition through bus (note 46)			二零一五年	十二月三十一日及	– 606,858
Gain arising on change recognised in profit or			於損益表確認 產生之收益	之公平值變動 <i>(附註9)</i>	604

匯兑調整

於二零一五年十二月三十一日

(12,014)

595,448

Exchange alignment

At 31 December 2015

For the year ended 31 December 2015 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

21. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

21. 無形資產

		Operating rights in respect of a land in the PRC (the "Subject Land") 有關中國一幅地塊 (「主體地塊」)之	Operating rights in respect of a golf club in the PRC (the "Club") 有關中國一間高爾 夫俱樂部(「會所」)	Services agreements	Software and licenses	Total
		經營權 HK\$'000 千港元	之經營權 HK\$ '000 <i>千港元</i>	服務協議 HK\$'000 <i>千港元</i>	軟件及牌照 HK\$'000 <i>千港元</i>	總計 HK\$'000 <i>千港元</i>
Cost At 1 January 2014 Derecognition upon disposal of	成本 於二零一四年一月一日 出售附屬公司時終止確認	-	-	456,857	-	456,857
subsidiaries (note 47)	(附註47)	-	_	(456,857)	-	(456,857)
At 31 December 2014 and 1 January 2015	於二零一四年 十二月三十一日及 二零一五年一月一日					
Acquisition through business	透過業務合併收購	_	-	-	-	-
combination (note 46) Exchange alignment	<i>(附註46)</i> 匯兑調整	938,061 (18,011)	57,948 (1,112)	-	41 (1)	996,050 (19,124)
At 31 December 2015	於二零一五年 十二月三十一日	920,050	56,836	_	40	976,926
Accumulated amortisation and impairment losses	累計攤銷及減值虧損					
At 1 January 2014 Eliminated on disposal of subsidiaries (note 47)	於二零一四年一月一日 出售附屬公司時撤銷 <i>(附註47)</i>	-	-	454,928 (454,928)	-	454,928 (454,928)
At 31 December 2014 and 1 January 2015	於二零一四年 十二月三十一日及			(434,320)	_	(404,320)
Charge for the year	二零一五年一月一日 本年度支出	- 4,737	372		_ 5	_ 5,114
Exchange alignment	匯兑調整	(70)	(6)			(76)
At 31 December 2015	於二零一五年 十二月三十一日	4,667	366	-	5	5,038
Carrying amounts At 31 December 2015	賬面值 於二零一五年 _.					
	十二月三十一日	915,383	56,470	_	35	971,888
At 31 December 2014	於二零一四年 十二月三十一日	-	-	_	-	-

The above intangible assets, other than services agreements, have finite useful lives. Such intangible assets are amortised on a straight-line basis over the following periods:

除服務協議外,上述無形資產具特定可使用年期。該等無形資產以直線法按以下期間進行攤銷:

Operating rights in respect of the Subject Land	47 years
Operating rights in respect of the Club	37 years
Software and licenses	3 years

有關主體地塊經營權	47年
有關會所經營權	37年
軟件及牌照	3年

For the year ended 31 December 2015 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

21. INTANGIBLE ASSETS (Continued)

Operating rights in respect of the Subject Land

Operating rights in respect of the Subject Land was acquired through a business combination completed on 6 October 2015. The operating rights represent (i) the rights to develop and operate the Subject Land, which is a piece of 580 Chinese acres land adjacent to the Club, and (ii) the rights to manage the properties erected on the Subject Land up to 30 January 2062 granted to 北京北湖九號商務酒店有限公司 (Beijing Bayhood No. 9 Business Hotel Company Limited, "Bayhood No. 9 Co"), a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company, under the cooperation construction and operating agreements. The cost of the operating rights of HK\$938,061,000 represents the fair value of such asset valued by American Appraisal China Limited, a firm of independent qualified professional valuers, as at 6 October 2015, being the completion date of the business combination.

Operating rights in respect of the Subject Land are stated at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses, if any.

Operating rights in respect of the Club

Operating rights in respect of the Club was acquired through a business combination as completed on 6 October 2015. The operating rights represent the rights to manage and operate the Club located in Beijing, the PRC, which is a membership-based golf club and resort, up to 31 December 2051 granted to Bayhood No. 9 Co under the cooperation construction and operating agreements. The cost of the operating rights of HK\$57,948,000 represents the fair value of such asset valued by American Appraisal China Limited, a firm of independent qualified professional valuers, as at 6 October 2015, being the completion date of the business combination.

Operating rights in respect of the Club are stated at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses, if any.

21. 無形資產(續)

有關主體地塊之經營權

通過業務合併收購有關主體地塊之經營 權於二零一五年十月六日完成。該經營 權指根據合作建設及經營協議授予本公 司全資附屬公司北京北湖九號商務酒 店有限公司(「北湖9號公司」)截至二零 六二年一月三十日之前(i) 開發及經營毗 鄰會所之580畝主體地塊之權利;及(ii) 管理主體地塊上已建物業之權利。該經 營權之成本938,061,000港元指獨立合 資格專業估值師美國評值有限公司於二 零一五年十月六日(即業務合併之完成日 期)評估之有關資產之公平值。

有關主體地塊之經營權乃按成本減累計 攤銷及累計減值虧損(如有)呈列。

有關會所之經營權

通過業務合併收購有關會所之經營權於 二零一五年十月六日完成。該經營權指 根據合作建設及經營協議授予北湖9號 公司截至二零五一年十二月三十一日之 前管理及經營位於中國北京之會所之權 利,該會所為會員制高爾夫俱樂部及酒 店。該經營權之成本57,948,000港元指 獨立合資格專業估值師美國評值有限公 司於二零一五年十月六日(即業務合併之 完成日期)評估之有關資產之公平值。

有關會所之經營權乃按成本減累計攤銷 及累計減值虧損(如有)呈列。

For the year ended 31 December 2015 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

21. INTANGIBLE ASSETS (Continued)

Services agreements

Services agreements represent services agreements entered into between gaming promoters and Rich Daily Group Limited ("Rich Daily"), a then wholly owned subsidiary of the Company, in relation to the provision of management services to the concierge departments of gaming promoters in Macau. As there is no expiry of the period for the provision of management services stated in the services agreements, the services agreements are considered as having indefinite useful lives. The services agreements are not be amortised until their useful life are determined to be finite. Instead, they are tested for impairment annually and whenever there are indications that they may be impaired.

On 30 May 2014, Riche (BVI) Limited ("Riche (BVI)"), a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company, entered into a conditional sale and purchase agreement with Mr. Ng Cheuk Fai, an independent third party, relating to the disposal of the entire equity interest of Rich Daily at a cash consideration of HK\$2,000,000. The disposal was completed on 11 June 2014.

Trademark

On 2 July 2014, the trademark "Blu Spa" without any carrying amount was acquired through a business combination. The trademark was used by a subsidiary of EDS Wellness on its products and therapy services. The trademark asset is amortised on a straight-line basis over 20 years and its estimated remaining useful life is five years at the date of acquisition of EDS Wellness.

On 24 September 2014, the trademark was disposed of at a consideration of HK\$350,000 to an independent third party. A gain of HK\$350,000 on disposal of trademark was recognised in profit or loss for the year ended 31 December 2014.

21. 無形資產(續)

服務協議

服務協議指博彩中介人與本公司當時之全資附屬公司Rich Daily Group Limited (「Rich Daily」) 訂立之服務協議,內容有關於澳門為博彩中介協議並無別示提供管理服務之屆滿日期,為該等服務協議被視為具有無定期使用年期。於該等服務協議之使用年期為有限之前。然而,每年及有對其進行攤銷。然而,每年及有對其進行攤銷。就值時將對其進行減值測試。

於二零一四年五月三十日,本公司全資附屬公司Riche (BVI) Limited (「Riche (BVI)」) 與獨立第三方吳卓徽先生訂立一份有條件買賣協議,內容有關按2,000,000港元之現金代價出售Rich Daily 之全部權益。該出售事項已於二零一四年六月十一日完成。

商標

二零一四年七月二日,通過業務合併收購並無任何賬面值之商標「Blu Spa」。該商標由 EDS Wellness之附屬公司用於其產品及護理服務。該商標資產乃按直線法攤銷20年,及於EDS Wellness之收購日期估計剩餘使用年期為五年。

於二零一四年九月二十四日,該商標以350,000港元之代價出售予一名獨立第三方。出售商標之收益350,000港元於截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度之損益表確認。

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22. GOODWILL

22. 商譽

		Total 總計 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
Cost	成本	
At 1 January 2014	於二零一四年一月一日	_
Acquisition through business combination	透過業務合併收購(附註46)	
(note 46)		89,265
At 31 December 2014 and 1 January 2015	於二零一四年十二月三十一日及	
The or Bessellist Lett and Teallacty Lette	二零一五年一月一日	89,265
Acquisition through business combination	透過業務合併收購(附註46)	,
(note 46)		410,466
Derecognition on deemed disposal of	於視作出售一間附屬公司時終止確認	
a subsidiary (note 47)	(附註 47)	(89,265)
Exchange alignment	匯兑調整	(7,938)
At 31 December 2015	於二零一五年十二月三十一日	402,528
Accumulated impairment losses	累計減值虧損	
At 1 January 2014,	於二零一四年一月一日、	
31 December 2014 and	二零一四年十二月三十一日及	
1 January 2015	二零一五年一月一日	_
Impairment loss recognised	已確認減值虧損	48,492
Exchange alignment	匯兑調整	(736)
At 31 December 2015	於二零一五年十二月三十一日	47,756
Carrying amount	賬面值	
At 31 December 2015	於二零一五年十二月三十一日	354,772
At 31 December 2014	於二零一四年十二月三十一日	89,265

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22. GOODWILL (Continued)

Impairment test of goodwill

For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill has been allocated to three individual CGUs, comprising one subsidiary in the sale of beauty products and provision of therapy services segment and two subsidiaries in the property investment segment. The carrying amounts of goodwill as at 31 December 2015 and 2014 allocated to these units are as follows:

22. 商譽(續)

商譽減值測試

為進行減值測試,商譽已分配至三個獨立現金產生單位,包括一間銷售美容產品及提供護理服務分部之附屬公司及兩間物業投資分部之附屬公司。於二零一五年及二零一四年十二月三十一日,分配至該等單位之商譽之賬面值如下:

	2015 二零一五年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2014 二零一四年 <i>HK</i> \$'000 <i>千港元</i>
Property investment in Beijing 於北京之物業投資 — Smart Title Limited (" Smart Title ") — Smart Title Limited (「 Smart Title 」)	293,138	_
Property investment in Guangzhou 於廣州之物業投資 — Best Volume Investments Limited ("Best Volume") Investments Limited (「Best Volume」)	61,634	_
Sale of beauty products and provision of therapy services — EDS Wellness ### ### ###########################	-	89,265
	354,772	89,265

During the year ended 31 December 2015, the Group recognised an impairment loss of HK\$48,492,000 (2014: Nil) in relation to goodwill arising on acquisition of Smart Title. The directors of the Company determines that there is no impairment of goodwill arising on acquisition of Best Volume.

As stated in the Company's circular dated 31 August 2015, the directors of the Company has noticed the consideration for the acquisition of Smart Title exceeds the valuation of the Club and the proposed project of hotel villas and high-end hotel apartments to be erected on the Subject Land as at 31 March 2015. The directors of the Company consider that the excess represents a premium paid to the vendor in consideration of the time consumed and resources employed by the vendor in consolidating operating rights in respect of the Subject Land and the Club as a single piece of asset, which provides the synergy effects of having the Club and the Subject Land as disclosed on pages 41 to 42 of the circular and bringing the first phase development at a substantially completed stage. As such, the directors consider that the impairment loss recognised in relation to goodwill arising on acquisition of Smart Title represent the premium paid to the vendor.

於截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團就收購Smart Title產生之商譽確認減值虧損48,492,000港元(二零一四年:無)。本公司董事釐定收購Best Volume產生之商譽並無減值。

For the year ended 31 December 2015 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

22. GOODWILL (Continued)

Impairment test of goodwill (Continued)

The basis of the recoverable amounts of the above CGUs and their major underlying assumptions are summarised below:

Sale of beauty products and provision of therapy services — EDS Wellness

Goodwill of HK\$89,265,000 was recognised on acquisition of EDS Wellness during the year ended 31 December 2014. The goodwill represents the listing status of EDS Wellness and the business operations of its subsidiaries (together with EDS Wellness referred to as the "EDS Wellness Group"). For the year ended 31 December 2014, no impairment loss was recognised as the recoverable amount of goodwill exceeds its carrying amount. The recoverable amount is calculated based on the closing price of HK\$2.35 per share of EDS Wellness as quoted on the Stock Exchange on 31 December 2014.

On 6 November 2015, the goodwill arising on acquisition of EDS Wellness was derecognised as the Group was deemed to dispose of 57.67% shareholding interest in EDS Wellness and EDS Wellness has ceased to be a subsidiary of the Group.

22. 商譽(續)

商譽減值測試(續)

以上現金產生單位之可回收金額及其主要相關假設之基準概述如下:

銷售美容產品及提供護理服務 - EDS Wellness

於截至二零一四年十二月三十一日 止年度,就收購EDS Wellness確認 商譽89,265,000港元。商譽指EDS Wellness之上市地位及其附屬公司(連同 EDS Wellness統稱為「EDS Wellness 集團」)之業務營運。截至二零一四年 十二月三十一日止年度,並無因認減值 看損。可回收金額超逾其賬面值確認所於二 零一四年十二月三十一日所報EDS Wellness收市價每股2.35港元計算。

於二零一五年十一月六日,收購EDS Wellness產生之商譽因本集團視作出售 其於EDS Wellness之57.67%持股權益 及EDS Wellness不再為本集團之附屬公 司而終止確認。

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22. GOODWILL (Continued)

Impairment test of goodwill (Continued)

Property investment in Beijing - Smart Title

Upon completion of the acquisition of Smart Title on 6 October 2015, goodwill on acquisition of HK\$347,567,000, which represents the excess of the sum of the fair value of the consideration transferred over the net of the acquisition-date amounts of the identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed measured as at their fair value, was recognised.

The recoverable amount of the CGU of property investment in Beijing - Smart Title has been determined based on value in use calculation with reference to the two valuation reports prepared by American Appraisal China Limited, a firm of independent qualified professional valuers. One of the calculations uses cash flow projections based on financial budgets approved by the directors of the Company covering a 36year period which is the term of the cooperation construction and operating agreements in respect of the Club, and discount rate of 11% per annum. The other calculation uses cash flow projections based on financial budgets approved by the directors of the Company covering a 46year period which is the term of the cooperation construction and operating agreements in respect of the Subject Land, and discount rate of 13% per annum. Other key assumptions for the value in use calculations relate to the estimation of cash inflows/outflows which include budgeted rental income and related operating expenses, such estimation is based on Smart Title's past performance and management's expectations for the market development.

The impairment loss recognised during the year solely relates to the CGU of property investment in Beijing. The goodwill allocated to the CGU of property investment in Beijing — Smart Title has been reduced to its recoverable amount of HK\$293,138,000, any adverse change in the assumptions used in the calculation of the recoverable amount would result in further impairment losses.

22. 商譽(續)

商譽減值測試(續)

於北京之物業投資 - Smart Title

於二零一五年十月六日完成收購 Smart Title後,已確認收購商譽347,567,000 港元即轉讓代價之公平值超出於收購日期已收購按公平值計量之可識別資產及已承擔負債淨值之金額。

於北京之物業投資 - Smart Title 之現金 產生單位之可收回金額已根據使用價值 計算而釐定,經參考由獨立合資格專業 估值師行美國評值有限公司編製之兩份 估值報告。其中一項計算採用之現金流 量預測乃基於本公司董事批准之三十六 年期間(為會所之合作建設及經營協議之 年期)財政預算及貼現率每年11%。其 他計算採用之現金流量預測乃基於本公 司董事批准之四十六年期間(為主體地塊 之合作建設及經營協議之年期)財政預算 及貼現率每年13%。使用價值計算之其 他主要假設乃有關對現金流入/流出之 估計,包括預計租金收入及有關經營開 支,有關估計乃基於Smart Title之過往 表現及管理層對市場發展之預期而作出。

年內已確認減值虧損僅與於北京之物業投資之現金產生單位有關。分配至於北京之物業投資 — Smart Title之現金產生單位之商譽已減值至其可收回金額293,138,000港元。用於計算可收回金額之假設如有任何不利變動,將導致進一步減值虧損。

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22. GOODWILL (Continued)

Impairment test of goodwill (Continued)

Property investment in Guangzhou - Best Volume

Upon completion of the acquisition of Best Volume on 12 November 2015, goodwill on acquisition of HK\$62,899,000, which represents the excess of the sum of the fair value of the consideration transferred over the net of the acquisition-date amounts of the identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed measured as at their fair value, was recognised.

The recoverable amount of the CGU of property investment in Guangzhou - Best Volume has been determined based on value in use calculation with reference to a valuation performed by Colliers International (Hong Kong) Limited, a firm of independent qualified professional valuers. That calculation uses cash flow projections based on financial budgets approved by management covering a five-year period and discount rate of 5.8% per annum and cash flows beyond the five-year period are extrapolated using a 3% growth rate. This growth rate is based on the relevant industry growth forecasts and does not exceed the average longterm growth rate for the relevant industry. Other key assumptions for the value in use calculations relate to the estimation of cash inflows/outflows which include budgeted rental income, such estimation is based on Best Volume's past performance and management's expectations for the market development.

The directors of the Company believe that any reasonably possible change in any of these assumptions on which the recoverable amount is based would not cause the carrying amount of the CGU of property investment in Guangzhou -Best Volume exceeds the recoverable amount.

22. 商譽(續)

商譽減值測試(續)

於廣州之物業投資 - Best Volume

於二零一五年十一月十二日完成收 購Best Volume後,已確認收購商譽 62,899,000港元即轉讓代價之公平值超 出於收購日期已收購按公平值計量之可 識別資產及所承擔負債淨值之金額。

於廣州之物業投資 - Best Volume之 現金產生單位之可收回金額已根據使用 價值計算而釐定,經參考由獨立合資格 專業估值師行高力國際物業顧問(香港) 有限公司進行之估值。該計算採用之現 金流量預測乃基於管理層批准之五年期 間財政預算及貼現率每年5.8%,而五 年期間後之現金流量乃利用3%增長率 進行推斷。該增長率乃根據相關行業增 長預測,且並不超過相關行業之平均長 期增長率。使用價值計算之其他主要假 設乃有關對現金流入/流出之估計,包 括預計租金收入,有關估計乃基於Best Volume之過往表現及管理層對市場發展 之預期而作出。

本公司董事相信,計算可收回金額之任 何該等假設所出現之任何合理可能變 動,將不會導致於廣州之物業投資 一 Best Volume 之現金產生單位之賬面值 超出可收回金額。

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23. INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES

23. 於聯營公司之權益

		2015 二零一五年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2014 二零一四年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
Unlisted Cost of investment in associates Share of post-acquisition profits and other comprehensive income, net of dividends received	非上市 投資聯營公司之成本 應佔收購後溢利及 其他全面收益, 扣除已收股息	-	- -
		_	_

At the end of the reporting period, the Group had interest in the following associate:

於報告期末,本集團於以下聯營公司中 擁有權益:

Dranautian of

Name of entity 實體名稱	Country/place of incorporation 註冊成立 國家/地點	Principal place of business 主要營業地點	ownership interest and voting power held by the Group 本集團所持擁有權權益及 投票權比例 2015 2014 二零一五年 二零一四年		Principal activity 主要業務	
Unlisted 非上市						
Spark Concept Group Limited ("Spark Concept") (Note) (附註)	British Virgin Islands 英屬處女群島	Hong Kong 香港	49%	49%	Catering 餐飲	

Note:

On 15 December 2011, the Group acquired 49% of the issued share capital of Spark Concept at a consideration of HK\$49. Spark Concept is an investment holding company and its principal subsidiaries are principally engaged in catering.

The Group is able to exercise significant influence over Spark Concept because it holds 49% of the issued share capital of Spark Concept and has appointed one director to the board of directors of Spark Concept.

附註:

於二零一一年十二月十五日,本集團以代價49 港元收購Spark Concept已發行股本之49%。 Spark Concept為一間投資控股公司,而其主 要附屬公司主要從事餐飲。

由於本集團持有Spark Concept已發行股本之49%並已委任一位董事為Spark Concept董事會之董事,故本集團可對Spark Concept造成重大影響。

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23. INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES (Continued)

Summarised financial information of Spark Concept

Summarised financial information in respect of Spark Concept is set out below. The summarised financial information below represents amounts shown in Spark Concept financial statements prepared in accordance with HKFRSs.

Spark Concept is accounted for using the equity method in these consolidated financial statements.

23. 於聯營公司之權益(續)

Spark Concept 之財務資料摘要

Spark Concept之財務資料摘要載列於下文。下述財務資料摘要為根據香港財務報告準則編製之Spark Concept財務報表中所列金額。

Spark Concept 乃採用權益法於本綜合 財務報表入賬。

		2015 二零一五年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2014 二零一四年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
Current assets	流動資產	4,629	3,368
Non-current assets	非流動資產	2,112	2,265
Current liabilities	流動負債	(17,459)	(13,622)
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債	_	_

The above amounts of assets and liabilities include the following:

以上資產及負債金額包括以下內容:

		2015 二零一五年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2014 二零一四年 <i>HK</i> \$'000 <i>千港元</i>
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物	1,805	1,735

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23. INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES (Continued)

23. 於聯營公司之權益(續)

Summarised financial information of Spark Concept (Continued)

Spark Concept 之財務資料摘要(續)

For the year ended

		31 December 截至十二月三十一日止年度	
		2015 二零一五年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2014 二零一四年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
Revenue	收益	18,683	12,501
Loss and total comprehensive expense for the year	本年度虧損及全面支出總額	(2,729)	(920)
Dividends received from Spark Concept during the year	年內已收 Spark Concept 之 股息	_	

The above loss for the year include the following:

本年度之以上虧損包括以下內容:

		2015 二零一五年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2014 二零一四年 <i>HK</i> \$'000 <i>千港元</i>
Depreciation and amortisation	折舊及攤銷	1,095	833
Income tax expense	所得税開支	_	_

Reconciliation of the above summarised financial information to the carrying amount of the interest in Spark Concept recognised in these consolidated financial statements:

上述財務資料摘要與綜合財務報表內確認之於Spark Concept權益之賬面值對 賬如下:

		2015 二零一五年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2014 二零一四年 <i>HK</i> \$'000 <i>千港元</i>
Net liabilities of Spark Concept	Spark Concept負債淨額	(10,718)	(7,989)
Proportion of the Group's ownership interest in Spark Concept	本集團於Spark Concept 擁有權權益之比例	49%	49%
Carrying amount of the Group's interest in Spark Concept	本集團於Spark Concept 權益之賬面值	_	_

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23. INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES (Continued)

23. 於聯營公司之權益(續)

Unrecognised share of loss of Spark Concept

未確認應佔Spark Concept 之虧損

		2015 二零一五年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2014 二零一四年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
Unrecognised share of loss of Spark Concept for the year	未確認應佔 Spark Concept 之本年度虧損	(1,337)	(451)
Cumulative unrecognised share of loss of Spark Concept	累計未確認應佔Spark Concept 之虧損	(5,252)	(3,915)

Change in ownership interest in Lajin Entertainment Network Group Limited ("Lajin") (formerly known as "China Star Cultural Media Group Limited")

On 15 April 2014, Lajin, a then 29% owned associate of the Group, allotted and issued 100,000,000 new ordinary shares by way of placing of new shares under general mandate and the Group's shareholding interest in Lajin was diluted from 29.00% to 24.21%. On 17 June 2014, Lajin further allotted and issued another 300,000,000 new ordinary shares by way of placing of new shares under specific mandate and the Group's interest in Lajin was further diluted from 24.21% to 16.19%.

As a result, the Group was deemed to dispose of a 12.81% shareholding interest in Lajin and ceased to have significant influence over Laiin on 17 June 2014. The Group has accounted for the remaining 16.19% shareholding interest in Laiin as available-for-sale financial assets whose fair value at the date of deemed disposal was HK\$52,790,000, which was based on the closing price of HK\$0.36 per share in Lajin as quoted on the Stock Exchange on 17 June 2014. The deemed disposal has resulted in the recognition of a gain in profit or loss, calculated as follows:

於拉近網娛集團有限公司(「拉近」)(前稱 「中國星文化產業集團有限公司」)擁有權 權益之變動

於二零一四年四月十五日,拉近(本集 團於當時擁有29%之聯營公司)根據 一般授權以配售新股份之方式配發及 發 行100,000,000股 新 普 通 股, 本 集 團於拉近之持股權益由29.00%攤薄至 24.21%。於二零一四年六月十七日, 拉近根據特別授權以配售新股份之方式 配發及發行另外300,000,000股新普通 股,本集團於拉近之權益由24.21%進 一步攤薄至16.19%。

因此,於二零一四年六月十七日,本集 團被視作出售於拉近之12.81%持股權 益,及不再對拉近擁有重大影響力。本 集團將於拉近之剩餘16.19%持股權益 入賬列為可供出售金融資產,於視作出 售日期之公平值為52,790,000港元(按 拉近於二零一四年六月十七日在聯交所 所報收市價每股0.36港元計算)。視作出 售引致於損益表確認收益,計算如下:

2014

		二零一四年 HK\$'000 千港元
Fair value of 16.19% equity interest in Lajin on the date of loss of significant influence Less: carrying amount of 16.19% equity interest in Lajin on the date of loss of significant	於失去重大影響力之日於拉近 16.19%權益之公平值 減:於失去重大影響力之日於 拉近16.19%權益之賬面值	52,790
influence		(45,121)
Gain on deemed disposal of Lajin (note 9)	視作出售拉近之收益 <i>(附註9)</i>	7,669

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24. CONVERTIBLE NOTES RECEIVABLES

The convertible notes receivables contain two components: debt and conversion option components. The debt component is accounted for as loans and receivables while the conversion option component is accounted for as derivative financial instrument.

Movements in the debt components of convertible notes receivables during the year are as follows:

24. 應收可換股票據

應收可換股票據包括兩部份:債務及兑 換選擇權部份。債務部份入賬列為貸款 及應收款項,而兑換選擇權部份則入賬 列為衍生金融工具。

應收可換股票據之債務部份於年內之變 動如下:

		2015 二零一五年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2014 二零一四年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
At 4 January	÷\		005.440
At 1 January Subscription of convertible notes	於一月一日 認購應收可換股票據	_	225,442
receivables (Note c)	(附註c)	_	4,551
Imputed interest income on convertible	應收可換股票據之估算利息		7.000
notes receivables (note 9)	收入(附註9)	_	7,686
Interest received on convertible notes receivables	應收可換股票據之已收利息	_	(4,241)
Early redemption of convertible notes	提早贖回應收可換股票據		
receivables (Note b)	(附註 b)	_	(25,389)
Conversion of convertible notes	兑换應收可換股票據		(222.242)
receivables (Notes a and c)	(附註a及c)	_	(208,049)
At 31 December	於十二月三十一日	_	_

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24. CONVERTIBLE NOTES RECEIVABLES 24. 應收可換股票據(續) (Continued)

Notes:

(a) China Star Entertainment Limited ("China Star")

On 7 July 2011, China Star issued the convertible notes in the aggregate principal amount of HK\$350,000,000 to the Group. The convertible notes are unsecured, interest bearing at 8% per annum and maturing on 6 July 2016.

Provided that any conversion of the convertible notes (i) does not trigger a mandatory offer obligation under Rule 26 of the Hong Kong Code on Takeovers and Mergers on the noteholder(s) which exercise(s) the conversion rights and its/their party(ies) acting in concert; and (ii) will not cause the public float of China Star unable to meet requirement under Rule 8.08 of the Listing Rules, the noteholder(s) shall have the right at any time during the period from 7 July 2011 to 5 July 2016 to convert the whole or part of the outstanding principal amount of the convertible notes into ordinary shares in China Star at an adjusted conversion price of HK\$0.11 per share (subject to further adjustment). Unless previously redeemed or converted, any amount of the convertible notes which remains outstanding on the maturity date shall be redeemed at its then outstanding principal amount.

The debt component of the convertible notes was measured at amortised cost and the effective interest rate of the debt component was 13.17% per annum. The conversion option component was presented as conversion options embedded in convertible notes receivables in the consolidated statement of financial position.

附註:

(a) 中國星集團有限公司(「中國星」)

於二零一一年七月七日,中國星向本集團發行本金總額為350,000,000港元之可換股票據。可換股票據為無抵押、按年利率8%計息及將於二零一六年七月六日到期。

倘兑換任何可換股票據(i)不會導致行使換股權之票據持有人及其一致行動人士觸發香港公司收購及合併守則第26條規定的強制性要約責任;及(ii)不會導致中國星人中國星人中國軍務。108條之一,則票據持有人將有權於二零制度,則票據持有人將有權於二等制度,則等。2011港元之經調整換股價(可予未可數學)將可換股票據須按其當時未贖回之本金額贖回或兌換外,任何於到期日之本金額贖回換股票據須按其當時未贖回之本金額贖回。

可換股票據之債務部份乃按攤銷成本計量,債務部份之實際年利率為13.17%。 兑換選擇權部份於綜合財務狀況表列為應 收可換股票據內含之兑換選擇權。

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24. CONVERTIBLE NOTES RECEIVABLES 24. (Continued)

Notes: (Continued)

(a) China Star (Continued)

On 28 March 2014, the Group converted the remaining principal amount of HK\$225,000,000 of the convertible notes receivable from China Star into 2,045,454,545 new ordinary shares in China Star at the adjusted conversion price of HK\$0.11 per share. Given that the market value of the 2,045,454,545 new ordinary shares in China Star valued at the closing price of HK\$0.151 per share on 28 March 2014, being the date of conversion, exceeded the fair value of the relevant debt and conversion option components of the convertible notes receivables by HK\$28,461,000, a gain of HK\$28,461,000 arising on change in fair value upon conversion of convertible notes receivables was recognised in profit or loss for the year ended 31 December 2014.

(b) Koffman Corporate Service Limited ("Koffman")

On 22 March 2012, Koffman issued the convertible note in the principal amount of HK\$27,000,000 to the Group. The convertible note is unsecured, non-interest bearing and maturing on 21 March 2015.

Provided that the convertible note has not been redeemed, the whole convertible note shall automatically be converted into shares in Koffman upon the success of initial public offering of Koffman's shares at the price of initial public offering. Any amount of the convertible note which remains outstanding on the maturity date shall be redeemed by Koffman at its then outstanding principal amount plus a premium calculated at 20% of the then outstanding principal amount.

The debt component of the convertible note was measured at amortised cost and the effective interest rate of the debt component was 7.97% per annum. The conversion option component was presented as conversion option embedded in convertible notes receivables in the consolidated statement of financial position.

On 30 May 2014, the convertible note in the principal amount of HK\$27,000,000 was early redeemed by Koffman at par and a gain arising on early redemption of convertible notes receivables of HK\$1,611,000 was recognised in profit or loss.

24. 應收可換股票據(續)

附註:(續)

(a) 中國星(續)

於二零一四年三月二十八日,本集團按每股股份0.11港元之經調整換股價,將餘下本金額為225,000,000港元之中國星應收可換股票據兑換為2,045,454,545股中國星新普通股按二零一四年三月二十八日(即兌換日期)之收市價每股0.151港元計算之市值超過應收可換股票據之相關債務及兑換選擇權部份之公平值28,461,000港元,故截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度於損益表確認兑換應收可換股票據後公平值變動產生之收益28,461,000港元。

(b) 高富民企業咨詢服務有限公司(「高富民」)

於二零一二年三月二十二日,高富民向本集團發行本金額為27,000,000港元之可換股票據。可換股票據為無抵押、免息及將於二零一五年三月二十一日到期。

倘可換股票據未獲贖回,則全部可換股票據須於高富民股份順利進行首次公開發售 後按首次公開發售價自動兑換為高富民股份。任何於到期日仍未贖回之可換股票據 金額將由高富民按其當時未兑換本金額, 另加按當時未兑換本金額20%計算之溢價 贖回。

可換股票據之債務部份乃按攤銷成本計量,債務部份之實際年利率為7.97%。兑換選擇權部份於綜合財務狀況表列為應收可換股票據內含之兑換選擇權。

於二零一四年五月三十日,高富民提早按面值贖回本金額為27,000,000港元之可換股票據,故於損益表確認提早贖回應收可換股票據之收益1,611,000港元。

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24. CONVERTIBLE NOTES RECEIVABLES 24. 應收可換股票據(續) (Continued)

Notes: (Continued)

(c) EDS Wellness

On 22 May 2014, EDS Wellness issued the convertible notes in the aggregate principal amount of HK\$40,000,000 to the Group. The convertible notes are unsecured, non-interest bearing and maturing on 21 November 2016.

Subject to the compliance of the public float requirement by EDS Wellness, the convertible notes carry rights entitling the holders hereof to convert their principal amount into new ordinary shares in EDS Wellness at an initial conversion price of HK\$1.00 per share (subject to adjustment) during their term. Unless previously redeemed, repurchased and cancelled or converted, any outstanding convertible notes shall be redeemed at par on maturity date.

The debt component of the convertible notes was measured at amortised cost and the effective interest rate of the debt components was 130.32% per annum. The conversion option component was presented as conversion options embedded in convertible notes receivables in the consolidated statement of financial position.

On 2 July 2014, the Group converted the principal amount of HK\$25,000,000 of the convertible notes receivable from EDS Wellness into 25,000,000 new ordinary shares in EDS Wellness at the initial conversion price of HK\$1.00 per share. Given that the market value of the 25,000,000 new ordinary shares in EDS Wellness valued at the closing price of HK\$3.4905 per share on 2 July 2014, being the date of conversion, exceeded the fair value of the relevant debt and conversion option components of the convertible notes receivables by HK\$61,846,000, a gain of HK\$61,846,000 arising on change in fair value upon conversion of convertible notes receivables was recognised in profit or loss for the year ended 31 December 2014. Upon the conversion, the Group held 65.58% interest in the issued share capital of EDS Wellness and EDS Wellness became a 65.58% owned subsidiary of the Company.

附註:(續)

(c) EDS Wellness

於二零一四年五月二十二日,EDS Wellness向本集團發行本金總額為40,000,000港元之可換股票據。可換股票據為無抵押、免息及於二零一六年十一月二十一日到期。

待EDS Wellness符合公眾持股量規定後,可換股票據附帶權利使其持有人可於可換股票據期限內按初步換股價每股1.00港元(可予調整)將其本金額兑換為EDS Wellness新普通股。除早前已贖回、購回及註銷或兑換外,任何未兑換可換股票據於到期日將按面值贖回。

可換股票據之債務部份乃按攤銷成本計量,債務部份之實際年利率為130.32%。 兑換選擇權部份於綜合財務狀況表列為應 收可換股票據內含之兑換選擇權。

於二零一四年七月二日,本集團按初 步換股價每股1.00港元將本金額為 25,000,000港 元 之EDS Wellness應 收 可 換 股 票 據 兑 換 為 25,000,000 股 EDS Wellness 新普通股。鑑於25,000,000股 EDS Wellness新普通股按二零一四年七 月二日(即兑換日期)之收市價每股3.4905 港元計算之市值超過可換股票據之相關債 務及兑換選擇權部份之公平值61.846.000 港元,故於截至二零一四年十二月三十一 日止年度之損益表確認兑換應收可換股票 據後公平值變動產生之收益61,846,000 港元。於兑換完成後,本集團持有EDS Wellness已發行股本65.58%之權益,而 EDS Wellness成為本公司持有65.58% 股權之附屬公司。

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24. CONVERTIBLE NOTES RECEIVABLES (Continued)

Notes: (Continued)

(c) EDS Wellness (Continued)

On 30 September 2014, the Group converted the remaining principal amount of HK\$15,000,000 of the convertible notes receivable from EDS Wellness into 15,000,000 new ordinary shares in EDS Wellness at the initial conversion price of HK\$1.00 per share. Given that the market value of the 15,000,000 new ordinary shares in EDS Wellness valued at the closing price of HK\$3.95 per share on 30 September 2014, being the date of conversion, exceeded the fair value of the relevant debt and conversion option components of the convertible notes receivables by HK\$43,452,000, a gain of HK\$43,452,000 arising on change in fair value upon conversion of convertible notes receivables was recognised in profit or loss for the year ended 31 December 2014. Upon the conversion, the Group's interest in the issued share capital of EDS Wellness increased to 70.18%.

25. DEPOSIT FOR INVESTMENT

Deposit for investment represents a refundable deposit of HK\$60,000,000 paid to China Jiuhao Health Industry Corporation Limited ("Jiuhao Health"), pursuant to the conditional sale and purchase agreement dated 11 December 2014 (as amended and supplemented by the supplemental agreements dated 30 March 2015 and 12 June 2015 respectively) entered into between the Company as purchaser, Unique Talent Group Limited ("Unique Talent"), a wholly owned subsidiary of Jiuhao Health, as vendor and Jiuhao Health as guarantor relating to the acquisition of the entire shareholding interest in Smart Title and the assignment of the shareholder's loan due by Smart Title. The acquisition was completed on 6 October 2015. Details are set out in note 46 to the consolidated financial statements.

24. 應收可換股票據(續)

附註:(續)

(c) EDS Wellness(續)

於二零一四年九月三十日,本集團按初步換股價每股1.00港元將餘下本金額為15,000,000港元之EDS Wellness應收可換股票據兑換為15,000,000股EDS Wellness新普通股。鑑於15,000,000股EDS Wellness新普通股。鑑於15,000,000股EDS Wellness新普通股按二零一四年九月三十日(即兑換日期)之收收市便股3.95港元計算之公平值超過可換股票據之債務及兑換選擇權部份之相關公平值43,452,000港元,故截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度於損益表確認兑換應收可換股票據後公平值變動產生之收應收可換股票據後公平值變動產生之收惠於EDS Wellness已發行股本之權益增至70.18%。

25. 投資按金

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26. AVAILABLE-FOR-SALE FINANCIAL 26. 可供出售金融資產 ASSETS

	2015 二零一五年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2014 二零一四年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
Listed equity securities in 香港上市股本證券,		
Hong Kong, at fair value 按公平值		
At 1 January 於一月一日	68,715	_
Reclassification from interests 自於聯營公司之權益重新		
in associates (Note b) 分類(附註b)	_	52,790
Reclassification from deemed 视作出售一間附屬公司	222 222	
disposal of a subsidiary (Note e) 重新分類(附註e)	336,000	(07,007)
Disposals (Notes c and d) 出售(附註c及d)	(99,881)	(27,287)
Net (loss)/gain arising on revaluation 可供出售金融資產重估產 of available-for-sale financial assets 生之(虧損)/收益淨額	(42,334)	42.010
Of available-101-Sale IIIIalicial assets 工之(相识// 収血净积	(42,334)	43,212
At 31 December 於十二月三十一日	262,500	68,715
北上文序数数半		
Unlisted debt security 非上市債務證券 Club debenture (Note f)	172	172
Club debenture (Note f) 會所債券(附註f)	172	172
AL 04 D	000.070	00.007
At 31 December 於十二月三十一日	262,672	68,887

The fair value of the Group's listed equity securities in Hong Kong at the date of approval of these consolidated financial statements was HK\$236,250,000.

於該等綜合財務報表批准日期,本集團香港上市股本證券之公平值為236,250,000港元。

For the year ended 31 December 2015 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

26. AVAILABLE-FOR-SALE FINANCIAL ASSETS (Continued)

Notes:

- (a) Listed equity securities are stated at fair value. Fair value of listed equity securities is determined based on quoted bid prices in the Stock Exchange.
- (b) On 15 April 2014 and 17 June 2014, Lajin allotted and issued 100,000,000 and 300,000,000 new ordinary shares respectively. As a result, the Group's shareholding interest in Lajin was diluted from 29.00% to 16.19% and ceased to have significant influence over Lajin. The Group accounted for the remaining 16.19% interest in Lajin as available-forsale financial assets whose fair value at the date of deemed disposal was HK\$52,790,000, which was based on the closing price of HK\$0.36 per share in Lajin as quoted on the Stock Exchange on 17 June 2014.
- (c) On 19 December 2014, the Group disposed of 75,800,000 shares in Lajin in a series of transactions on open market for an aggregate gross proceeds of HK\$94,170,000, representing an average selling price of approximately HK\$1.2468 per share and recognised a cumulative gain reclassified from equity to profit or loss upon derecognition of available-forsale financial assets of HK\$66,883,000 in profit or loss.
- (d) In April 2015, the Group disposed of 70,840,000 shares in Lajin in a series of transactions on open market for an aggregate gross proceeds of HK\$99,881,000, representing an average selling price of approximately HK\$1.41 per share and recognised a cumulative gain reclassified from equity to profit or loss upon derecognition of available-for-sale financial assets of HK\$74,378,000 in profit or loss.

26. 可供出售金融資產(續)

附註:

- (a) 上市股本證券均按公平值列賬。上市股本 證券之公平值乃基於聯交所之買入價釐 定。
- (b) 於二零一四年四月十五日及二零一四年六月十七日,拉近已分別配發及發行100,000,000及300,000,000股新普通股。因此,本集團於拉近之持股權益由29.00%攤薄至16.19%,並不再對拉近擁有重大影響力。本集團將於拉近之餘下16.19%權益入賬列為可供出售金融資產,其於視作出售日期之公平值為52,790,000港元,乃按拉近於二零一四年六月十七日在聯交所所報收市價每股0.36港元計算。
- (c) 於二零一四年十二月十九日,本集團在公開市場透過一連串交易出售75,800,000股拉近股份,錄得出售所得款項總額合共94,170,000港元,平均售價約為每股1.2468港元,並於損益表確認於終止確認可供出售金融資產後由權益重新分類至損益表之累計收益66,883,000港元。
- (d) 於二零一五年四月,本集團透過於公開市場進行一連串交易出售70,840,000股拉近股份,錄得出售所得款項總額99,881,000港元,平均售價約為每股股份1.41港元,並於損益表確認於終止確認可供出售金融資產後由權益重新分類至損益表之累計收益74,378,000港元。

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26. AVAILABLE-FOR-SALE FINANCIAL ASSETS (Continued)

Notes: (Continued)

On 6 November 2015, EDS Wellness allotted and issued 345,000,000 new ordinary shares and 30,000,000 new convertible preferred shares to six subscribers pursuant to the conditional subscription agreement dated 17 February 2015 entered into between EDS Wellness, Xing Hang Limited, Goldenland Mining & Investment Limited, Silver Empire Holding Limited, Truly Elite Limited, High Aim Global Limited and First Bonus International Limited (as amended and supplemented by the supplemental agreements dated 19 June 2015 and 28 August 2015 respectively). As a result, the Group's shareholding interest in EDS Wellness was diluted from 70.18% to 12.51% and EDS Wellness has ceased to be a subsidiary of the Company. The Group's investment in 52,500,000 ordinary shares in EDS Wellness has been accounted for as available-for-sale financial assets. At 6 November 2015, the fair value of the investment in EDS Wellness was HK\$336,000,000, which was based on the closing price of HK\$6.40 per share in EDS Wellness as quoted on the Stock Exchange on that date.

At the end of the reporting period, the Group remeasured its investment in 52,500,000 ordinary shares in EDS Wellness at the closing price of HK\$5.00 per share as quoted on the Stock Exchange on 31 December 2015 and recognised an impairment loss of HK\$73,500,000. The directors of the Company considered that such decline in fair value is significant to its carrying amount and indicates that the investment in 52,500,000 ordinary shares in EDS Wellness has been impaired. Therefore, the impairment loss was reclassified from equity to profit or loss.

(f) The club debenture has indefinite useful life and no amortisation has been made and is stated at cost less accumulated impairment losses, if any. The fair value of the club debenture at 31 December 2015 has been arrived at with reference to comparable sales evidence as available in the relevant market. During the year ended 31 December 2015, the Group does not identify any impairment loss related to the club debenture should be made (2014: Nil).

27. LOANS RECEIVABLES

26. 可供出售金融資產(續)

附註:(續)

於二零一五年十一月六日,根據EDS Wellness、興航有限公司、Goldenland Mining & Investment Limited Silver Empire Holding Limited . Truly Elite Limited、High Aim Global Limited及 First Bonus International Limited於二 零一五年二月十七日訂立之有條件認購 協議(分別經日期為二零一五年六月十九 日及二零一五年八月二十八日之補充協議 修訂及補充), EDS Wellness向六名認 購人配發及發行345.000.000股新普通 股及30,000,000股新可換股優先股。因 此,本集團於EDS Wellness之持股權益由 70.18% 攤薄至 12.51%,及 EDS Wellness 不再為本公司之附屬公司。本集團於EDS Wellness 之 52,500,000 股 普 通 股 股 份 之 投資已入賬列為可供出售金融資產。於二 零一五年十一月六日,於EDS Wellness 之投資之公平值為336,000,000港元(按 EDS Wellness於該日期在聯交所所報收 市價每股6.40港元計算)。

於報告期末,本集團重新計量其於EDS Wellness之52,500,000股普通股股份(按於二零一五年十二月三十一日在聯交所所報之收市價每股5.00港元)之投資,並確認減值虧損73,500,000港元。本公司董事認為有關公平值下降較賬面值而言屬重大並表明於EDS Wellness之52,500,000股普通股股份之投資已減值。因此,該等投資之減值虧損由權益重新分類至損益表。

(f) 會所債券並無確定可使用年期,故未作攤銷,及按成本扣除累計減值虧損(如有)列賬。於二零一五年十二月三十一日,會所債權之公平值乃經參考相關市場現有的可比銷售憑證釐定。截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團未識別出任何有關會所債券之減值虧損(二零一四年:無)。

27. 應收貸款

	2015 二零一五年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2014 二零一四年 <i>HK</i> \$'000 <i>千港元</i>
Loans to customers 向客戶提供之貸款 Accrued interest receivables 應收應計利息	480,456 5,021	941,000 9,549
	485,477	950,549

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27. LOANS RECEIVABLES (Continued)

All loans are denominated in Hong Kong dollars. The loans receivables carry effective interest ranging from 8% to 15% per annum (2014: 8% to 20% per annum). A maturity profile of the loans receivables (net of impairment loss recognised, if any) at 31 December 2015 and 2014, based on the maturity date is as follows:

27. 應收貸款(續)

所有貸款均以港元計值。應收貸款之實際年利率約介乎8%至15%(二零一四年:年利率8%至20%)。於二零一五年及二零一四年十二月三十一日,按到期日劃分之應收貸款(扣除已確認減值虧損(如有))到期情況如下:

		2015 二零一五年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2014 二零一四年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
Current assets Within one year	流動資產 一年內	23,021	720,549
Non-current assets Over one year but within two years	非流動資產 一年以上兩年以內	462,456	230,000
		485,477	950,549

At 31 December 2015, certain loans amounted to HK\$58,000,000 (2014: HK\$206,000,000) are secured by personal guarantees, undated share charges and the pledge of the customers' properties.

In determining the recoverability of the loans receivables, the Group considers any change in the credit quality of the loans receivables from the date credit was initially granted up to the reporting date. The concentration of credit risk is limited due to the customer base being large and unrelated.

於二零一五年十二月三十一日,若干貸款58,000,000港元(二零一四年:206,000,000港元)乃以個人擔保、不限日期股份押記及質押之客戶物業作抵押。

於釐定應收貸款之可收回性時,本集團 會考慮有關應收貸款由最初授出信貸日 期直至報告日期末信貸質素之任何變 動。由於客戶基礎龐大且不相關,信貸 風險集中度有限。

28. INVENTORIES

28. 存貨

	2015 二零一五年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2014 二零一四年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
Raw materials 原材料 Work-in-progress 在製品 Finished goods 製成品	15,750 3,160 30,348	8,950 3,794 14,356
	49,258	27,100

The cost of inventories recognised as expenses and included in "cost of sales" under continuing operations amounted to HK\$92,798,000 (2014: HK\$11,845,000).

During the year ended 31 December 2015, certain inventories were obsolete that could not generate future economic benefits and a write-down of inventories of HK\$3,000 (2014: HK\$1,000) was recognised in "administrative expenses" under discontinued operations.

確認為開支並計入持續經營業務下「銷售成本」之存貨成本為92,798,000港元(二零一四年:11,845,000港元)。

截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度,若干存貨已過時,無法產生未來經濟利益,故撇減存貨3,000港元(二零一四年:1,000港元)乃確認為已終止經營業務之「行政開支」。

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29. TRADE RECEIVABLES

29. 貿易應收款項

	2015 二零一五年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2014 二零一四年 <i>HK</i> \$'000 <i>千港元</i>
Trade receivables 貿易應收款項 Less: allowance for doubtful debts 減:呆賬撥備	62,233 —	17,628 (396)
	62,233	17,232

The following is an aged analysis of the trade receivables (net of allowance for doubtful debts, if any) at the end of the reporting period presented based on the invoice dates:

以下為按發票日期進行的貿易應收款項 (扣除呆賬撥備,如有)於報告期末之賬 齡分析:

		2015 二零一五年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2014 二零一四年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
0-30 days 31-60 days 61-90 days 91-120 days 121-180 days Over 180 days	0至30日 31至60日 61至90日 91至120日 121至180日 180日以上	23,055 20,326 11,345 5,776 965 766	13,549 2,783 818 82 —
		62,233	17,232

The Group allows credit period ranging from 0 to 180 days to its customers. The Group assesses the credit status and imposes credit limits for the customers in accordance with the Group's credit policy. The credit limits are closely monitored and subject to periodic reviews.

Included in the Group's trade receivable balance are debtors with aggregate carrying amount of HK\$1,292,000 (2014: Nil) which are past due as at the reporting date for which the Group has not provided for impairment loss. The directors of the Company believe that there has not been a significant change in credit risk and the balances are still considered fully recoverable as these customers have good track records with the Group. The Group does not hold any collateral over these balances.

本集團允許向其客戶提供的信貸期介乎 0至180日。本集團根據其信貸政策評估 客戶之信用狀況及制訂信貸額度,並對 信貸額度進行密切監測及定期檢討。

本集團貿易應收款項內包括賬面總值 1,292,000港元(二零一四年:無)之債 務,其於報告日期已逾期,本集團並無 就減值虧損作出撥備。本公司董事認 為,由於該等客戶與本集團有良好的信 貸紀錄,信貸風險概無重大變動而有關 結餘仍視為可全數收回。本集團並未就 該等結餘持有任何擔保品。

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29. TRADE RECEIVABLES (Continued)

29. 貿易應收款項(續)

Ageing of trade receivables which are past due but not impaired:

已逾期但並無減值之貿易應收款項之賬齡:

		2015 二零一五年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2014 二零一四年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
Less than 30 days past due 30 to 90 days past due Over 90 days past due	已逾期少於30日 已逾期30至90日 已逾期超過90日	531 406 355	- - -
		1,292	_

Movement in the allowance for doubtful debts during the year is as follows:

年內呆賬撥備變動如下:

		2015 二零一五年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2014 二零一四年 <i>HK</i> \$'000 <i>千港元</i>
At 1 January Amounts written off as uncollectible	於一月一日 不可收回之撇銷金額	396 (396)	396 —
At 31 December	於十二月三十一日	_	396

30. DEPOSITS, PREPAYMENTS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

30. 按金、預付款項及其他應收款項

		2015 二零一五年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2014 二零一四年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
Deposits Prepayments Other receivables Less: impairment loss recognised in respect of other receivables (Note)	按金 預付款項 其他應收款項 減:就其他應收款項之 已確認減值虧損 <i>(附註)</i>	11,496 8,827 86,197	3,001 1,888 52,125 (46,519)
Less: prepayments classified as non-current assets	<i>減:</i> 分類為非流動資產之 預付款項	106,520 (7,979)	10,495 —
		98,541	10,495

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30. DEPOSITS, PREPAYMENTS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (Continued)

Note:

On 30 April 2010, Blu Spa (Hong Kong) Limited ("**BSHK**"), a then wholly owned subsidiary of EDS Wellness, entered into a sale and purchase agreement with Mr. Shum Yeung ("**Mr. Shum**"), pursuant to which BSHK had agreed to acquire (i) a 70% of the entire issued share capital of an entity and (ii) the shareholder's loan due by such entity at a total consideration of HK\$80,000,000.

The acquisition did not proceed and EDS Wellness has entered into various deed of termination and deeds of settlement with Mr. Shum and a deed of guarantee with Dutfield International Group Company Limited ("Dutfield") in relation to the repayment of the refundable deposit. As Mr. Shum defaulted in the full repayment of the refundable deposit and the accrued contractual interest despite repeated demands and requests, EDS Wellness had obtained a judgement against Mr. Shum pursuant to which it was adjudged, inter alia, that Mr. Shum shall pay to EDS Wellness the sum of HK\$39,127,500 (being the amount of the outstanding and unpaid refundable deposit) together with contractual interest at the rate of 30% per annum from 1 May 2013 to 6 September 2013 and thereafter at judgement rate pursuant to s.48 of the High Court Ordinance until payment. At 31 December 2014, the aggregate amount of the outstanding and unpaid refundable deposit and the accrued interest was HK\$46,519,000. Since (i) Mr. Shum failed to settle the judgement debt and the accrued interest and commenced various legal actions to prevent EDS Wellness from recovering the judgement debt and the accrued interest including a fresh legal action as announced by EDS Wellness in its announcement dated 23 January 2015; (ii) it was unclear whether and when EDS Wellness would be able to receive the judgment debt and the accrued interest in full from selling (1) the charged shares in Mr. Shum's companies; and (2) the charged properties as those properties were held by Mr. Shum and another individual as joint tenants and subject to mortgages given that EDS Wellness did not have the information of the financial status of Mr. Shum and his companies, the amount of Mr. Shum's interest in the charged properties and the outstanding loan amounts under the mortgages; and (iii) the ability of Dutfield to fulfil its obligations under the guarantee depended on the outcome of the legal proceedings for, inter alia, its claim for the sum of HK\$141,360,000 under a loan agreement but Dutfield failed to obtain a summary judgement against the debtor and the outcome of the legal proceedings was uncertain, the Company decided to recognise an impairment on the judgement debt and the accrued interest in the aggregate amount of HK\$46,519,000. For further details, please refer to EDS Wellness's announcements dated 5 April 2012, 4 July 2012, 24 July 2012, 3 August 2012, 21 August 2012, 28 September 2012, 26 October 2012, 1 November 2012, 21 December 2012, 29 January 2013, 25 April 2013, 3 May 2013, 12 January 2015, 23 January 2015, 1 April 2015, 19 May 2015, 9 June 2015 and 6 November 2015.

30. 按金、預付款項及其他應收款項

附註:

於二零一零年四月三十日,EDS Wellness當時的全資附屬公司Blu Spa (Hong Kong) Limited (「富麗花●譜(香港)」)與沈洋先生(「沈先生」)簽訂買賣協議,據此,富麗花●譜(香港)同意以總代價80,000,000港元收購(i)一實體全部已發行股本的70%及(ii)該實體應付股東貸款。

收購事項未有進行, EDS Wellness與沈先生 簽訂多項終止契據及和解契據,亦向Dutfield International Group Company Limited (「Dutfield」)就退還可退回按金訂立擔保契 據。由於沈先生經多番要求和索償後仍違約不 全額償還可退回按金及累計合約利息,EDS Wellness已索得對沈先生的判決,據此,沈先 生被判定須(其中包括)向EDS Wellness支付 為數39,127,500港元(即未償未付的可退回按 金款額)連同合約利息之判決,二零一三年五月 一日至二零一三年九月六日按年利率為30%計 算,其後按高等法院條例第48條的判定利率計 息。於二零一四年十二月三十一日,未償未付的 可退回按金款額及累計利息總額為46,519,000 港元。鑒於(i)沈先生未能清償判決債項及累 計利息,且其展開多個法律行動(包括EDS Wellness於二零一五年一月二十三日公佈的最 近期法律行動)以使EDS Wellness不能收回裁 決債項及累計利息;(ii)尚未清楚 EDS Wellness 會否或何時能透過出售(1)沈先生公司的質押股 份,及(2)由沈先生及另外一名獨立人士(作為 聯權持有人)持有的押記物業(涉及按揭)收到全 數裁決債項及累計利息,而EDS Wellness並 無沈先生及其公司的財務狀況資料、沈先生於 押記物業的權益及按揭下的未償還貸款,及(iii) Dutfield 履行其於保證下作為擔保人的能力乃視 乎法律程序的結果其中包括根據貸款協議申索金 額合共141,360,000港元,然而 Dutfield 未能針 對債務人取得簡易判決,且尚未確定法律程序之 結果,本公司決定就判決債項及累計利息總額確 認減值46,519,000港元。進一步詳情,請參閱 EDS Wellness日期為二零一二年四月五日、二 零一二年七月四日、二零一二年七月二十四日、 二零一二年八月三日、二零一二年八月二十一 日、二零一二年九月二十八日、二零一二年十月 二十六日、二 零一二年十一月一日、二零一二 年十二月二十一日、二零一三年一月二十九日、 二零一三年四月二十五日、二零一三年五月三 日、二零一五年一月十二日、二零一五年一月 二十三日、二零一五年四月一日、二零一五年五 月十九日、二零一五年六月九日及二零一五年 十一月六日之公佈。

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31. AMOUNT DUE FROM AN ASSOCIATE

31. 應收聯營公司款項

Detail of amount due from an associate is as follows:

應收聯營公司款項之詳情如下:

		Maximum amount outstanding during the year		
		年內未償還 之最高金額 <i>HK\$</i> '000 <i>千港元</i>	2015 二零一五年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2014 二零一四年 HK\$'000 千港元
Spark Concept Less: impairment loss recognised	Spark Concept <i>減:</i> 已確認減值虧損	7,393	7,393 (5,296)	7,393 (3,865)
			2,097	3,528

The carrying amount of amount due from Spark Concept is reduced to the recoverable amount which is determined by reference to the estimation of future cash flows expected to be generated from Spark Concept.

The amount due from an associate is unsecured, non-interest bearing and repayable on demand.

During the year ended 31 December 2015, an impairment loss of HK\$1,431,000 was recognised (2014: Nil).

應收Spark Concept款項之賬面值乃減 少至可收回金額,可收回金額乃經參考 預期將由Spark Concept產生之估計未 來現金流量釐定。

應收聯營公司款項為無抵押、不計息及 須按要求償還。

截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度,已確認減值虧損1,431,000港元(二零一四年:無)。

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32. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS

32. 按公平值計入損益表之金融資產

		2015 二零一五年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2014 二零一四年 <i>HK</i> \$'000 <i>千港元</i>
Equity securities classified as held for trading investments: Listed equity securities in Hong Kong, at fair value	分類為持作買賣投資之 股本證券: 香港上市股本證券, 按公平值	597,658	598,705

During the year ended 31 December 2015, a loss arising on change in fair value of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss of HK\$66,286,000 was recognised in profit or loss (2014: a gain of HK\$27,483,000).

The fair value of the Group's equity securities listed in Hong Kong at the date of approval of these consolidated financial statements were HK\$514,436,000.

33. CONVERSION OPTIONS EMBEDDED IN CONVERTIBLE NOTES RECEIVABLES

Conversion options embedded in convertible notes receivables represent the conversion option components of convertible notes receivables from Koffman and EDS Wellness, which were measured at fair value using a binomial option pricing model, at initial recognition and at the end of reporting period.

Movements in the conversion option components of convertible notes receivables during the year are as follows:

截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度,於損益表確認按公平值計入損益表之金融資產公平值變動產生之虧損66,286,000港元(二零一四年:收益27,483,000港元)。

於該等綜合財務報表批准日期,本 集團香港上市股本證券之公平值為 514,436,000港元。

33. 應收可換股票據內含之兑換選擇權

應收可換股票據內含之兑換選擇權指高 富民及EDS Wellness之應收可換股票據 之兑換選擇權部份,於初步確認及報告 期末採用二項式期權定價模式按公平值 計量。

應收可換股票據之兑換選擇權部份於年 內之變動如下:

At 31 December 於十二月三十一日	_	_
Subscription of convertible notes	=	35,449 (113,021)
At 1 January 於一月一日	_	77,572
	2015 二零一五年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2014 二零一四年 <i>HK</i> \$'000 <i>千港元</i>

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33. CONVERSION OPTIONS EMBEDDED IN **CONVERTIBLE NOTES RECEIVABLES** (Continued)

33. 應收可換股票據內含之兑換選擇權

Notes:

Koffman (a)

> Binomial option pricing model is used for determining the fair value of the conversion option component. The input into the model at 30 May 2014 (being the date of early redemption) is as follows:

附註:

高富民 (a)

> 採用二項式期權定價模型釐定兑換選擇權 部份之公平值。於二零一四年五月三十日 (即提早贖回日期)之模型輸入數據如下:

> > 30 May 2014 (date of early redemption) 二零一四年 五月三十日 (提早贖回日期)

Stock price HK\$6.9 股價 6.9港元

HK\$60 per share Conversion price 換股價 每股 60 港元

Volatility 37.71% 波幅

Dividend yield Zero 股息收益率

Option life 0.81 year 期權年期 0.81年

Risk-free rate 0.15% 無風險利率

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33. CONVERSION OPTIONS EMBEDDED IN CONVERTIBLE NOTES RECEIVABLES

(Continued)

Notes: (Continued)

(b) EDS Wellness

Binomial option pricing model is used for determining the fair value of the conversion option component. The input into the model at 22 May 2014 (being the date of subscription) is as follows:

33. 應收可換股票據內含之兑換選擇權 (續)

附註:(續)

(b) EDS Wellness

採用二項式期權定價模型釐定兑換選擇權部份之公平值。於二零一四年五月二十二日(即認購日期)之模型輸入數據如下:

22 May 2014 (date of subscription) 二零一四年 五月二十二日 (認購日期)

Stock price HK\$3.80 股價 3.80港元

Conversion price HK\$1.00 per share 換股價 每股 1.00 港元

Volatility 68.50% 波幅

Dividend yield Zero 股息收益率 零

Option life 2.51 years 期權年期 2.51 年

Risk-free rate 0.54%

無風險利率

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34. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND RESTRICTED BANK DEPOSITS

34. 現金及現金等價物及受限制銀行存款

		2015 二零一五年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2014 二零一四年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
Cash at bank and on hand Restricted bank deposits — Interest bearing — Non-interest bearing	銀行及手頭現金 受限制銀行存款: 一 計息 — 不計息	509,341 _ _	384,778 12,554 7,147
		509,341	404,479

At the end of the reporting period, the cash and bank balances of the Group denominated in Renminbi ("**RMB**") amounted to HK\$55,222,000 (2014: HK\$64,000).

The RMB is not freely convertible into other currencies, however, under the PRC's Foreign Exchange Control Regulations and Administration of Settlement, Sale and Payment of Foreign Exchange Regulations, the Group is permitted to exchange RMB for other currencies through banks authorised to conduct foreign exchange business.

Bank balances earn interests at floating rates based on daily bank deposit rates. The bank balances are deposited with creditworthy banks with no recent history of default.

At 31 December 2014, restricted bank deposits represent deposits charged by banks for securing the credit card and instalment sales arrangement for the Group's sale of beauty products and provision of therapy services business, of which (i) HK\$12,554,000 was interest bearing ranging at 0.9% to 1.03% per annum and matured in January 2015 to March 2015 and (ii) HK\$7,147,000 was non-interest bearing and matured on 4 July 2015.

於報告期末,本集團以人民幣(「人民幣」)計值之現金及銀行結餘為 55,222,000港元(二零一四年:64,000 港元)。

人民幣不可自由兑換為其他貨幣。然而,根據中國的外匯管理條例及結匯及 售匯及付匯管理規定,本集團獲准通過 獲授權開展外匯業務之銀行將人民幣兑 換為其他貨幣。

銀行結餘按根據銀行日存款利率計算之 浮動利率計息。銀行結餘存放於信譽良 好且近期並無違約記錄之銀行。

於二零一四年十二月三十一日,受限制銀行存款乃銀行就本集團之銷售美容產品及提供護理服務提供的信用卡及分期付款銷售安排之抵押,當中(i) 12,554,000港元計息,年息率介乎0.9%至1.03%並於二零一五年一月至二零一五年三月間到期,(ii) 7,147,000港元為免息,並於二零一五年七月四日到期。

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35. SHARE CAPITAL

35. 股本

Movements in the share capital of the Company during the year are as follows:

本公司股本於年內之變動如下:

	Number of shares SI 股份數目				Share capital 股本	
		2015 二零一五年 '000 千股	2014 二零一四年 '000 千股	2015 二零一五年 <i>HK\$</i> '000 <i>千港元</i>	2014 二零一四年 <i>HK</i> \$'000 <i>千港元</i>	
Ordinary shares of HK\$0.01 each (2014: HK\$0.01 each)	每股面值 0.01 港元 (二零一四年:每股面值 0.01 港元) 之普通股					
Authorised:	法定:					
At 1 January and 31 December	於一月一日及 十二月三十一日	10,000,000	10,000,000	100,000	100,000	
looved and fully naid	J 然 仁 T 4b D ·					
Issued and fully paid: At 1 January	<i>已發行及繳足:</i> 於一月一日	547,673	456,673	5,477	4,567	
Placing of new shares (Note a)	配售新股份(<i>附註a</i>)	_	91,000	_	910	
Exercise of share options	行使購股權 <i>(附註b)</i>	_	91,000	_	310	
(Note b)		42,330	_	423	_	
Issue of new shares upon rights issue (Note c)	因供股發行新股份(附註c)	590,003	_	5,900	_	
Issue of consideration shares in relation to	就收購一間附屬公司發行 代價股份 <i>(附註d)</i>	200,000		3,333		
acquisition of a subsidiar (Note d)	У	1,500,000	_	15,000	_	
				-		
At 31 December	於十二月三十一日	2,680,006	547,673	26,800	5,477	

Notes:

- (a) On 4 March 2014, 91,000,000 new ordinary shares were allotted and issued at a price of HK\$0.78 per share by way of placing of new shares under general mandate. The net proceeds from the placing of HK\$70,190,000 were used for the Group's money lending business.
- (b) On 19 June 2015, 22 June 2015 and 30 June 2015, 11,660,000, 24,290,000 and 6,380,000 new ordinary shares were allotted and issued at an exercise price of HK\$0.69 per share respectively pursuant to the exercise of share options granted under the Company's share option scheme.

附註:

- (a) 於二零一四年三月四日,本公司根據一般授權以配售新股份之形式按每股0.78港元之價格配發及發行91,000,000股新普通股。配售所得款項淨額70,190,000港元用作撥支本集團之借貸業務。
- (b) 於二零一五年六月十九日、二零一五年六月二十二日及二零一五年六月三十日,根據本公司購股權計劃行使獲授之購股權,分別11,660,000股、24,290,000股及6,380,000股新普通股按每股0.69港元之行使價配發及發行。

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35. SHARE CAPITAL (Continued)

Notes: (Continued)

- (c) On 24 August 2015, the Company allotted and issued 590,003,243 new ordinary shares at a subscription price of HK\$0.70 per share by way of rights to the qualifying shareholders of the Company on the basis of one new ordinary share to every one existing ordinary share held on 28 July 2015. The net proceeds from the rights issue of HK\$403,172,000 were used for settling part of the consideration for the acquisition of the entire issued shares in and the shareholder's loan due by Smart Title on 6 October 2015.
- (d) On 6 October 2015, the Company allotted and issued 1,500,000,000 new ordinary shares at an issue price of HK\$0.70 per share to the shareholders of Jiuhao Health pursuant to the exercise of the share entitlement note issued to Jiuhao Health in satisfaction of part of the consideration for the acquisition of the entire issued shares in and the shareholder's loan due by Smart Title. The fair value of each new ordinary share is HK\$0.485, which is based on the closing price of HK\$0.485 per share as quoted on the Stock Exchange on 6 October 2015. Details of the acquisition is set out in note 46 to the consolidated financial statements.

35. 股本(續)

附註:(續)

- (c) 於二零一五年八月二十四日,本公司按每股0.70港元之認購價配發及發行590,003,243股新普通股,基準為按於二零一五年七月二十八日每持有一股現有普通股獲發一股新普通股進行供股。供股所得款項淨額約403,172,000港元擬用作清償於二零一五年十月六日收購Smart Title之全部已發行股份及其結欠之股東貸款之部份代價。
- (d) 於二零一五年十月六日,根據行使向9號 健康發行之股份權益票據,按每股0.70港 元之發行價向9號健康之股東配發及發行 1,500,000,000股新普通股,以清償收購 Smart Title之全部已發行股份及其結欠之 股東貸款之部份代價。每股新普通股之公 平值為0.485港元,乃基於二零一五年十 月六日聯交所所報之收市價每股0.485港 元。有關收購事項之詳情載於綜合財務報 表附註46。

36. TRADE PAYABLES

36. 貿易應付款項

		2015 二零一五年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2014 二零一四年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
Trade payables	貿易應付款項	40,220	13,165

The following is an aged analysis of trade payables at the end of the reporting period presented based on the invoice dates:

於報告期末按發票日期呈列的貿易應付 款項賬齡分析如下:

		2015 二零一五年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2014 二零一四年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
0 - 30 days 31 - 60 days 61 - 90 days 91 - 120 days Over 120 days	0至30日 31至60日 61至90日 91至120日 120日以上	13,819 12,500 4,661 4,894 4,346	7,347 2,524 3,241 20 33
		40,220	13,165

The average credit period on purchase of goods and services is 120 days. The Group has financial risk management policies in place to ensure that all payables are settled within the credit time frame.

購買貨品及服務之平均信貸期為120 天。本集團已實施財務風險管理政策, 以確保所有應付款項於信貸時間範圍內 清償。

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37. DEPOSITS RECEIVED, ACCRUALS AND OTHER PAYABLES

37. 已收按金、應計費用及其他應付款項

		2015 二零一五年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2014 二零一四年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
Deposits received Accruals Other payables	已收按金 應計費用 其他應付款項	2,356 21,903 229,050	– 9,498 8,047
		253,309	17,545
Less: other payables classified as non-current liabilities	<i>減:</i> 分類為非流動負債之 其他應付款項	(92,290)	_
		161,019	17,545

38. OTHER BORROWINGS

38. 其他借款

		2015 二零一五年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2014 二零一四年 <i>HK</i> \$'000 <i>千港元</i>		
Interest bearing other borrowings (Note a) Non-interest bearing other borrowings (Note b)	計息其他借款 <i>(附註a)</i> 不計息其他借款 <i>(附註b)</i>	-	2,450 1,400		
		_	3,850		
		2015 二零一五年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2014 二零一四年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>		
Carrying amounts repayable: On demand Within one year	須償還賬面值: 按要求 一年內	=	1,400 2,450		
		_	3,850		

Notes:

- (a) At 31 December 2014, included in other borrowings of HK\$2,450,000 was a loan advanced by Koffman Investment Limited ("Koffman Investment"), a company which is 50% owned by Mr. Yu Zhen Hua Johnny (a former executive director of EDS Wellness), which is interest bearing at 5% per annum, unsecured and matured on 25 August 2015. The interest bearing other borrowings were classified as current liabilities in the consolidated statement of financial position.
- (b) At 31 December 2014, included in other borrowings of HK\$1,400,000 was a loan advanced by Dr. Lo Shing Kei, an independent third party, which is non-interest bearing, unsecured and repayable on demand. The non-interest bearing other borrowings were classified as current liabilities in the consolidated statement of financial position.

附註:

- (a) 於二零一四年十二月三十一日,其他借款中2,450,000港元乃高富民投資有限公司(「高富民投資」)(EDS Wellness前執行董事于鎮華先生持有50%股權之公司)提供之貸款,為按每年5%計息、無抵押及於二零一五年八月二十五日到期。該計息其他借款於綜合財務狀況表分類為流動負債。
- (b) 於二零一四年十二月三十一日,其他借款中1,400,000港元為獨立第三方 Dr. Lo Shing Kei提供之貸款,為免息、無抵押及須按要求償還。該不計息其他借款於綜合財務狀況表分類為流動負債。

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39. PROMISSORY NOTES

39. 承兑票據

		2015 二零一五年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2014 二零一四年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
At 1 January Acquisition through business combination (Note a and note 46) Imputed interest on promissory notes Repayment of promissory notes Issue of promissory note (Note b and note 46)	於一月一日 透過業務合併收購 <i>(附註a及附註46)</i> 承兑票據之估算利息 承兑票據還款 發行承兑票據 <i>(附註b及附註46)</i>	6,069 — 351 (6,420) 30,000	- 12,721 348 (7,000)
At 31 December	於十二月三十一日	30,000	6,069

Notes:

(a) On 11 April 2014, EDS Wellness issued four promissory notes in the aggregate principal amount of HK\$13,420,000 to two independent third parties (the "Vendors") as part of the consideration for the acquisition (the "Acquisition") of 51% equity interest in China Honest Enterprises Limited ("China Honest") by a wholly owned subsidiary of EDS Wellness. The four promissory notes are non-interest bearing and unsecured. Two of the promissory notes in the aggregate principal amount of HK\$2,608,000 and HK\$4,392,000 (collectively, the "PNs I") matured on 30 June 2014. The remaining two promissory notes in the aggregate principal amount of HK\$4,028,000 and HK\$2,392,000 (collectively, the "PNs II") matured on 30 June 2015.

Pursuant to the terms of the Acquisition, the Vendors have irrevocably and unconditionally warranted and guaranteed to EDS Wellness the profits before taxation and extraordinary items of China Honest for the years ending 31 March 2014 and 2015 will not be less than HK\$4,000,000 (the "2014 Guaranteed Profit") and HK\$9,000,000 (the "2015 Guaranteed Profit") respectively. In the event the 2014 Guaranteed Profit or 2015 Guaranteed Profit is not fulfilled, the Vendors shall compensate the wholly owned subsidiary of EDS Wellness an amount equivalent to the shortfall by way of setting off the shortfall against the face value of the PNs I (for the shortfall in respect of the 2014 Guaranteed Profit) or the PNs II (for the shortfall in respect of the 2015 Guaranteed Profit) on a dollar to dollar basis.

As the 2014 Guaranteed Profit was fulfilled, the PNs I were fully repaid on 27 July 2014.

附註:

(a) 於二零一四年四月十一日,EDS Wellness向兩名獨立第三方(「賣方」)發行四份本金總額為13,420,000港元之承兑票據,作為EDS Wellness一間全資附屬公司收購創康企業有限公司(「創康」)51%股權(「收購事項」)之部分代價。四份承兑票據為不計息及無抵押。兩份本金總額分別為2,608,000港元及4,392,000港元之承兑票據(統稱為「首批承兑票據」)於二零一四年六月三十日到期。剩餘兩份本金總額分別為4,028,000港元及2,392,000港元之承兑票據(統稱為「第二批承兑票據」)於二零一五年六月三十日到期。

根據收購事項條款,賣方不可撤回且無條件地向EDS Wellness作出保證及擔保,創康截至二零一四年及二零一五年三月三十一日止年度的除税及特殊項目前溢明不少於4,000,000港元(「二零一四年保證溢利」)。倘未達致二零一四年保證溢利或二零一五年保證溢利。倘未達致二零一四年保證溢利或二零一五年保證溢利,方式為以等額基準將差額與首批承兑票據(就二零一四年保證溢利之差額而言)之面值相抵。

因二零一四年保證溢利已獲達致,首批承 兑票據已於二零一四年七月二十七日全數 償還。

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39. PROMISSORY NOTES (Continued)

Note: (Continued)

(a) (Continued)

At 31 December 2014, the PNs II were subjected to the compensation obligation of the 2015 Guaranteed Profit and were classified as contingent consideration. During the period from 12 April 2014 to 31 December 2014, China Honest earned a profit before taxation and extraordinary items of HK\$7,662,000. The directors of the Company were of the opinion that the 2015 Guaranteed Profit was most probably to be fulfilled and no provision for contingent consideration was made.

During the year ended 31 December 2015, the 2015 Guaranteed Profit was fulfilled and the PNs II were fully repaid on 30 June 2015.

Based on the valuation carried out by Roma Appraisals Limited, a firm of independent qualified professional valuers, the fair values of the PNs I and the PNs II at the date of their issue were HK\$6,824,000 and HK\$5,568,000 respectively. The effective interest rates of the PNs I and PNs II are 11.74% per annum and 12.28% per annum respectively.

(b) On 12 November 2015, the Company issued a promissory note of HK\$30,000,000 to Sino Credit Holdings Limited ("Sino Credit") as part of the consideration for the acquisition of the entire issued share capital of Best Volume. The promissory note is non-interest bearing, unsecured and maturing within three business days after the date of a final and effective judgement or an effective and binding settlement agreement of the lawsuit between the Group and a construction engineering company in respect of not paying certain payment under the construction contract of the Group's investment properties located in Guangzhou, Guangdong Province, the PRC (the "Guangzhou Property").

39. 承兑票據(續)

附註:(續)

(a) *(續)*

於二零一四年十二月三十一日,第二批承 兑票據因受二零一五年保證溢利之賠償責 任規限,故分類為或然代價。於二零一四 年四月十二日至二零一四年十二月三十一 日期間,創康錄得除稅及特殊項目前溢利 7,662,000港元。本公司董事認為,達致 二零一五年保證溢利之可能性極大,故未 計提或然代價撥備。

截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度, 二零一五年保證溢利已獲達成,而第二批 承兑票據已於二零一五年六月三十日全數 償還。

基於獨立合資格專業估值公司羅馬國際評估有限公司之估值,首批承兑票據及第二批承兑票據於其發行日期之公平值分別為6,824,000港元及5,568,000港元。首批承兑票據及第二批承兑票據之實際年利率分別為11.74%及12.28%。

(b) 於二零一五年十一月十二日,本公司向華 銀控股有限公司(「華銀」)發行承兑票據 30,000,000港元,作為收購Best Volume 之全部已發行股本之部份代價。該承兑票 據為免息、無抵押及於本集團與建築工程 公司有關未有支付本集團位於中國廣東省 廣州之投資物業(「廣州物業」)之建築合約 項下若干款項之訴訟獲得最終及有效判決 或簽訂有效及具約束力之和解協議後三個 營業日內到期。

40. DEPOSITS FROM CUSTOMERS

40. 客戶按金

		2015 二零一五年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2014 二零一四年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
Deposits from customers	客戶按金	_	80

Deposits from customers represent the deposits received for provision of therapy services and sale of beauty products.

客戶按金指就提供護理服務及銷售美容 產品收取之按金。

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41. DEFERRED REVENUE

41. 源延收益

		2015 二零一五年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2014 二零一四年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
At 1 January Acquisition through business	於一月一日 透過業務合併收購	24,000	_
combination (note 46) Sales contracts entered into during the year (Note a)	(附註46) 本年度訂立之銷售合約 (附註a)	33,767	21,869 22,577
Revenue recognised upon the provision of therapy services (<i>Note b</i>)	提供護理服務後確認收益 <i>(附註b)</i>	(30,126)	(18,510)
Revenue recognised upon expiry of prepaid treatment packages (Note c) Revenue recognised for sale and	預付護理套票屆滿後確認 收入(附註c) 已確認銷售及贖回美容產品	(2,638)	(1,704)
redemption of beauty products Refund of treatment packages (Note d)	之收益 護理套票退款(<i>附註d)</i>	(144) (303)	(48) (184)
Derecognition upon deemed disposal of a subsidiary (note 47)	於視作出售一間附屬公司時終止確認(附註47)	(24,556)	
At 31 December	於十二月三十一日	_	24,000

Notes:

- (a) The amounts represent receipts from provision of therapy services to clients during the year which were to be settled via credit cards, Electronic Payment System, cash and instalment payment arrangement.
- (b) The amounts represent revenue recognised in profit or loss as a result of therapy services rendered to clients during the year.
- (c) The amounts represent revenue recognised in profit or loss for prepaid service packages expired in accordance with the contractual service periods stipulated in the respective sales contracts, which mainly last for three months to two years from the invoice date of the sales contracts.
- (d) The amounts represent refunds of treatment packages as a result of certain clients' claims in relation to treatment outcome assessed with reference to individual physical conditions and treatment progress on a case-by-case basis.

At 31 December 2014, the entire balance of deferred revenue was aged within two years from the date when the respective sales contracts were entered into.

附註:

- (a) 該金額指年內向客戶提供護理服務而收取 之款項,該等款項透過信用卡、電子支付 系統、現金及分期付款安排結算。
- (b) 該金額指因於年內向客戶提供護理服務而 於損益表確認收益。
- (c) 該金額指根據相關銷售合約規定的合約服務期(主要為自銷售合約之發票日期起計三個月至兩年),就已屆滿之預付費服務方案於損益表確認收益。
- (d) 該金額指若干客戶就護理結果(經參考個 人身體狀況及護理進度而按個案基準評 估)提出申索而引致之護理套票退款。

於二零一四年十二月三十一日, 遞延收 益總結餘之賬齡介乎自訂立相關銷售合 約之日起計兩年內。

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42. OBLIGATIONS UNDER FINANCE LEASES

At 31 December 2014, the Group leased certain of its machineries and a digital photocopier under finance leases. The average lease term was five years. Interest rates underlying all obligations under finance leases were fixed at respective contract dates ranging from 0% to 3% per annum.

42. 融資租賃責任

於二零一四年十二月三十一日,本集團按融資租賃租賃若干機器和一台數碼影印機。平均租期為五年。所有融資租賃責任之年利率於各相關合約日期釐定,介平0%至3%。

			se payments 賃付款	lease pa	e of minimum ayments 寸款之現值
		2015 二零一五年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2014 二零一四年 <i>HK</i> \$'000 <i>千港元</i>	2015 二零一五年 <i>HK\$</i> '000 <i>千港元</i>	2014 二零一四年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
Amounts payable under finance leases:	融資租賃應付款項:				
Within one year	一年以內	_	509	_	444
More than one year and not more than five years	一年以上但不超過五年	_	11	_	11
		-	520	_	455
Less: future finance charges	<i>減:</i> 未來融資費用	_	(65)	(-)	_
			455	_	455
Less: amounts due for settlement within 12 months (shown under current liabilities)	減:須於12個月內 到期結算之 款項(計入流動 負債)			(–)	(444)
Amounts due for settlement after 12 months	須於12個月後到期結算 之款項			_	11

At 31 December 2014, included in the obligation under finance leases of (i) HK\$435,000 was secured by a guarantee from the Government of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region, a joint and several guarantee from a director of China Honest and an independent third party and the EDS Wellness Group's title to the leased assets, and (ii) HK\$20,000 was non-interest bearing and secured by the EDS Wellness Group's title to the leased assets.

Obligations under finance leases were derecognised upon deemed disposal of EDS Wellness.

於二零一四年十二月三十一日,融資租賃責任中(i) 435,000港元以香港特別行政區政府之保證、創康一名董事和一名獨立第三方之共同及個別保證以及EDS Wellness集團對租賃資產之所有權作擔保,及(ii) 20,000港元為不計息及以EDS Wellness集團對租賃資產之所有權作擔保。

融資租賃責任於視作出售 EDS Wellness 時終止確認。

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43. BANK BORROWINGS

43. 銀行借款

		2015 二零一五年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2014 二零一四年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
Secured bank borrowings	已抵押銀行借款	184,007	_
Carrying amounts repayable: Within one year More than one year, but not exceeding two years More than two years, but not exceeding five years Over five years	須償還賬面值: 一年以內 一年以上但不超過兩年 兩年以上但不超過五年 五年以上	29,054 29,054 87,161 38,738	- - -
Less: amounts shown under current liabilities	<i>減:</i> 計入流動負債之款項	184,007	
Amounts shown under non-current liabilities	計入非流動負債之款項	154,953	_

Bank borrowings are carrying floating interest rate at the benchmark interest rate of The People's Bank of China upward by 10% per annum, secured by the Guangzhou Property and maturing on 21 April 2022.

Bank borrowings are denominated in RMB.

44. DEFERRED TAX ASSETS/LIABILITIES

For the purpose of presentation in the consolidated statement of financial position, certain deferred tax assets and liabilities have been offset. The following is the analysis of the deferred tax balances for financial reporting purposes:

銀行借款按中國人民銀行基準利率加年 利率10%之浮息計息,乃由廣州物業作 抵押並於二零二二年四月二十一日到期。

銀行借款以人民幣計值。

44. 遞延税項資產/負債

為呈列於綜合財務狀況表,若干遞延税 項資產及負債已予以抵銷。就財務報告 而言,以下為遞延税項結餘之分析:

		2015 二零一五年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2014 二零一四年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
Deferred tax assets Deferred tax liabilities	遞延税項資產 遞延税項負債	3,792 (364,612)	_ _
		(360,820)	_

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44. DEFERRED TAX ASSETS/LIABILITIES (Continued)

44. 遞延税項資產/負債(續)

The followings are the major deferred tax liabilities and assets recognised and movements thereon:

以下為主要已確認遞延税項負債及資產 及其變動:

		Revaluation of investment properties 重估 投資物業 HK\$'000 千港元	Fair value adjustment on acquisition of subsidiaries 收購附屬公司 之公平值調整 HK\$'000 千港元	Amortisation of operating lease 經營 租賃攤銷 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
At 1 January 2014	於二零一四年一月一日	_	231	_	231
Derecognised upon disposal of a subsidiary (note 47)	出售一間附屬公司時 終止確認 <i>(附註47)</i>	-	(231)	_	(231)
At 31 December 2014 and 1 January 2015 Acquisition through business	於二零一四年十二月三十一日 及二零一五年一月一日 透過業務合併收購(<i>附註46</i>)	-	-	_	-
combination (note 46)		106,423	265,926	(3,543)	368,806
Charge/(credit) to consolidated statement of profit or loss	扣自/(計入)綜合損益表	151	(1,399)	(322)	(1,570)
Exchange alignment	匯兑調整	(2,108)	(4,381)	73	(6,416)
At 31 December 2015	於二零一五年 十二月三十一日	104,466	260,146	(3,792)	360,820

At 31 December 2015, the Group had unused estimated tax losses of HK\$156,243,000 (2014: HK\$143,867,000) available for offsetting against future taxable profits. No deferred tax asset has been recognised due to the unpredictability of future profit streams. The unrecognised tax losses could be carried forward indefinitely except for the tax losses arising in the PRC of HK\$35,391,000 (2014: Nil) that will expire in one to five years for offsetting against future taxable profits.

於二零一五年十二月三十一日,本集團有未動用估計稅項虧損156,243,000港元(二零一四年:143,867,000港元)可供抵銷日後應課稅溢利。概無確認遞利稅項資產。由於無法估計日後之溢利項故未確認遞延稅項資產。未確認稅項虧,惟除將於一至五年內到期之於中國產生用以抵銷未來應課稅可無損35,391,000港元(二零一四年:無)。

For the year ended 31 December 2015 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

45. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AND MOVEMENT OF RESERVES OF THE COMPANY

45. 本公司之財務狀況表及儲備變動

- (a) Statement of financial position of the Company
- (a) 本公司之財務狀況表

		2015 二零一五年 <i>HK\$</i> '000 <i>千港元</i>	2014 二零一四年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
ASSETS Non-current assets Deposit for investment Interests in subsidiaries	資產 非流動資產 投資按金 於附屬公司之權益	_ 2,462,042	60,000 1,248,942
		2,462,042	1,308,942
Current assets Prepayments Cash and cash equivalents	流動資產 預付款項 現金及現金等價物	436 302	933 808
		738	1,741
Total assets	資產總值	2,462,780	1,310,683
EQUITY Capital and reserves attributable to owners of the Company Share capital Reserves	權益 本公司擁有人應佔股本 及儲備 股本 儲備	26,800 2,132,147	5,477 1,002,795
Total equity	權益總額	2,158,947	1,008,272
LIABILITIES Current liabilities Accruals Amounts due to subsidiaries	負債 流動負債 應計費用 應付附屬公司款項	3,997 299,836	2,565 299,846
		303,833	302,411
Total liabilities	負債總額	303,833	302,411
Total equity and liabilities	權益及負債總額	2,462,780	1,310,683
Net current liabilities	流動負債淨額	(303,095)	(300,670)
Total assets less current liabilities	資產總值減流動負債	2,158,947	1,008,272

Lei Hong Wai 李雄偉 Director 董事 Chan Kin Wah Billy 陳健華 Director 董事

For the year ended 31 December 2015 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

45. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AND MOVEMENT OF RESERVES OF THE COMPANY (Continued)

45. 本公司之財務狀況表及儲備變動 (續)

(b) Reserve of the Company

(b) 本公司儲備

				Equity- settled share- based		
		Share premium	Contributed surplus	payment reserve 以股權結算 之股份	Accumulated losses	Total
		股份溢價 HK\$'000 <i>千港元</i>	實繳盈餘 HK\$'000 <i>千港元</i> (Note a) <i>(附註a)</i>	支款儲備 HK\$'000 <i>千港元</i> (Note b) (附註b)	累計虧損 HK\$'000 <i>千港元</i>	總計 HK\$'000 <i>千港元</i>
At 1 January 2014	於二零一四年					
,	一月一日	450,263	488,016	16,929	(18,434)	936,774
Placing of new shares Share issue expenses Recognition of equity-settled	配售新股份 股份發行開支 確認以股權結算之	70,070 (790)	_ _	- -	- -	70,070 (790)
share-based payment Release on lapse of share	股份支款 購股權失效時撥回	-	-	10,389	-	10,389
options Loss and total comprehensive	本年度虧損及全面開支	-	-	(7,081)	7,081	-
expense for the year	總額		_		(13,648)	(13,648)
At 31 December 2014 and 1 January 2015	於二零一四年十二月 三十一日及 二零一五年					
	一月一日	519,543	488,016	20,237	(25,001)	1,002,795
Exercise of share options Issue of new shares upon	行使購股權 供股時發行新股份	33,724	-	(4,942)	-	28,782
rights issue Issue of consideration shares in relation to acquisition of	就收購一間附屬公司 發行代價股份	407,102	_	-	_	407,102
a subsidiary Share issue expenses	股份發行開支	712,500 (9,830)	_	_	_	712,500 (9,830)
Recognition of equity-settled share-based payment	確認以股權結算之股份支款	(0,000)	_	17,800	_	17,800
Release on lapse of share options	購股權失效時撥回	_	_	(5,447)	5,447	
Loss and total comprehensive expense for the year	本年度虧損及全面開支 總額	_	_	(0,747)	(27,002)	(27,002)
At 31 December 2015	於二零一五年					
	十二月三十一日	1,663,039	488,016	27,648	(46,556)	2,132,147

For the year ended 31 December 2015 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

45. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AND MOVEMENT OF RESERVES OF THE COMPANY (Continued)

(b) Reserve of the Company (Continued)

Notes:

(a) The contributed surplus of the Company represents the difference between the underlying net assets of the subsidiaries acquired by the Company as at the date of the group reorganisation and the nominal amount of the Company's share capital issued as consideration for the acquisition as well as the net amount transferred from share capital and share premium to accumulated losses pursuant to the special resolutions passed at the special general meetings held on 22 August 2003, 30 April 2008 and 12 December 2011.

Under the Companies Act 1981 of Bermuda (as amended), the Company shall not declare or pay a dividend, or make a distribution out of contributed surplus, if there are reasonable grounds for believing that:

- the Company is, or would after the payment be, unable to pay its liabilities as they become due; or
- the realisable value of the Company's assets would thereby be less than its liabilities.
- (b) Equity-settled share-based payment reserve represents the fair value of services estimated to be received in exchange for the grant of the relevant share options over the relevant vesting periods, the total of which is based on the fair value of the share options at grant date. The amount for each reporting period is determined by spreading the fair value of the share options over the relevant vesting periods (if any) and is recognised as staff costs and related expenses with a corresponding increase in equity-settled share-based payment reserve.

45. 本公司之財務狀況表及儲備變動

(b) 本公司儲備(續)

附註:

(a) 根據於二零零三年八月二十二日、 二零零八年四月三十日及二零一一 年十二月十二日舉行之股東特別大 會上通過之特別決議案,本公司主 實繳盈餘指本公司已收購附屬公司 於集團重組日期之資產淨值,與本公司作為收購代價所發行股本之面 值及自股本及股份溢價轉撥至累計 虧損之資金淨額間之差額。

根據百慕達一九八一年公司法(經修訂),倘本公司有合理理由相信會發生以下情況,則不得從繳入盈餘中宣派或派付股息或作出分派:

- (i) 作出分派後本公司無法或將 無法償還到期負債;或
- (ii) 本公司資產之可變現值將低 於其負債。
- (b) 以股權結算之股份支款儲備指於相關歸屬期內授出相關購股權以換取估計將接獲服務之公平值,其總額乃根據購股權於授出日期之公平值計算。各報告期之金額乃透過將購股權公平值於相關歸屬期(如有)內攤分釐定,並確認為員工成本及相關開支,而以股權結算之股份支款儲備作相應增加。

For the year ended 31 December 2015 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

46. BUSINESS COMBINATIONS

For the year ended 31 December 2015

Acquisition of Smart Title

On 11 December 2014, the Company as purchaser entered into a conditional sale and purchase agreement (as amended and supplemented by the supplemental sale and purchase agreements dated 30 March 2015 and 12 June 2015 respectively) with Unique Talent as vendor and Jiuhao Health as guarantor relating to the proposed acquisition of the entire shareholding interest in Smart Title and the assignment of the shareholder's loan due by Smart Title at a total consideration of HK\$1,650,000,000, in which HK\$600,000,000 was settled by cash and HK\$1,050,000,000 was settled by the issue of the share entitlement note. The share entitlement note entitled the holder thereof to call for the issue of 1,500,000,000 new ordinary shares of the Company of HK\$0.01 each at an issue price of HK\$0.70 per share. The acquisition was completed on 6 October 2015. This acquisition has been accounted for using the acquisition method. Smart Title is an investment holding company and its subsidiaries are principally engaged in the provision of recreational and wellness services through the management of the Club.

Smart Title was acquired for expanding the Group's property investment business into the PRC.

Consideration

46. 業務合併

截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

收購Smart Title

於二零一四年十二月十一日,為實別 Unique Talent作為與Unique Talent作件為實所,為實別 Unique Talent作件,為實別 Unique Talent作條件三角,為實別 是一個 Talent條件三角,為實別 是一個 Talent條件三角,為關於 是一個 Talent條件三種,與關於 是一個 Talent,內容 權力 Title 為於 是一個 Talent,內 Talen

Smart Title被收購以拓展本集團於中國之物業投資業務。

代價

		HK\$'000 千港元
Cash consideration Issue of consideration shares (note 35)	現金代價 發行代價股份 <i>(附註35)</i>	600,000 727,500
Total consideration	總代價	1,327,500

As part of the consideration for the acquisition of the entire issued share in and the shareholder's loan due by Smart Title, 1,500,000,000 new ordinary shares were allotted and issued to the shareholders of Jiuhao Health pursuant to the exercise of the share entitlement note issued to Jiuhao Health. The fair value of the consideration shares, determined using the quoted price available at the date of the acquisition, amounted to HK\$727,500,000.

Acquisition-related costs amounting to HK\$6,425,000 have been excluded from the consideration transferred and have been recognised as expenses in the current year within the administrative expenses in the consolidated statement of profit or loss.

作為收購Smart Title之全部已發行股份及其結欠之股東貨款之部份代價,1,500,000,000股新普通股已根據行使向9號健康發行之股份權益票據配發及發行予9號健康之股東。代價股份之公平值乃利用收購事項日期之可得報價而釐定,為727,500,000港元。

收購相關成本6,425,000港元不包括在轉讓代價內,並已確認為綜合損益表之行政開支之本年度開支。

For the year ended 31 December 2015 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

46. BUSINESS COMBINATIONS (Continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2015 (Continued)

Acquisition of Smart Title (Continued)

Assets acquired and liabilities recognised at the date of acquisition

46. 業務合併 (續)

截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度(續)

收購Smart Title (續)

於收購日期已收購資產及已確認負債

	HK\$'000 千港元
Property, plant and equipment (note 18) 物業、廠房及設備(附註18) Intangible assets (note 21) 無形資產(附註21) Deferred tax assets (note 44) 遞延稅項資產(附註44) Inventories 存貨 Deposits, prepayment and other receivables Cash and cash equivalents 現金及現金等價物 Trade payables Deposits received, accruals and other payables Tax payables Deferred tax liabilities (note 44) Shareholder's loan 物業、廠房及設備(附註18) 無形資產(附註21) 遞延稅項資產(附註44) 環題及現金等價物 司易應付款項 已收按金、應計費用及其他應付款 應付稅項 遞延稅項負債(附註44) 股東貸款	423,922 996,050 3,543 9,285 82,929 54,522 (2,901) (250,637) (70,854) (265,926) (1,076,218)
Fair value of identifiable net liabilities assumed 所承擔可識別負債淨額之公平值	(96,285)

Goodwill arising on acquisition of Smart Title

收購Smart Title產生之商譽

		HK\$'000 千港元
Total consideration	總代價 加:所承擔可識別負債淨額之	1,327,500
Add: fair value of identifiable net liabilities assumed Less: shareholder's loan assigned to	加·所承請可識別負債净額之 公平值 減:轉讓予本集團之股東貸款	96,285
the Group	/// · 14 m] · [·] · [// [//] // [//] // [(1,076,218)
Goodwill arising on acquisition (note 22)	收購事項產生之商譽(附註22)	347,567

Goodwill arose in the acquisition of Smart Title because the cost of the combination included a control premium. In addition, the consideration paid for the combination effectively included amounts in relation to the benefit of expected synergies, revenue growth and future market development of Smart Title. These benefits are not recognised separately from goodwill because they do not meet the recognition criteria for identifiable intangible assets.

None of the goodwill arising on this acquisition is expected to be deductible for tax purposes.

收購 Smart Title 產生之商譽乃由於合併 成本包括控制溢價所致。此外,就合併 所支付之代價實際上包括涉及預期協同 效益、Smart Title 之收入增長及未來市 場發展之金額。此等利益並無與商譽分 開確認,因為該等利益並不符合可識別 無形資產之確認準則。

概無本收購事項產生之商譽預期將可扣 税。

For the year ended 31 December 2015 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

46. BUSINESS COMBINATIONS (Continued)

46. 業務合併 (續)

For the year ended 31 December 2015 (Continued)

截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度(續)

Acquisition of Smart Title (Continued)

收購Smart Title (續)

Net cash outflow on acquisition of Smart Title

收購 Smart Title 之現金流出淨額

		HK\$'000 千港元
Cash consideration paid Less: deposit for investment cash and cash equivalents acquired	已付現金代價 <i>減:</i> 投資按金 已收購之現金及現金等價物	(600,000) 60,000 54,522
Net cash outflow	現金流出淨額	(485,478)

Included in the profit for the year is HK\$2.126.000 attributable to the additional business generated by Smart Title. Revenue from continuing operations for the year includes HK\$5,456,000 generated from Smart Title.

本年度溢利當中2,126,000港元歸屬於 Smart Title之新增業務產生。本年度來 自持續經營業務之收益當中5,456,000 港元乃產生自Smart Title。

Had the acquisition of Smart Title been completed on 1 January 2015, total revenue from continuing operations of the Group for the year would have been HK\$201.698.000 and profit for the year would have been HK\$102,626,000. The pro-forma information is for illustrative purposes only and is not necessarily an indication of revenue and results of operations of the Group that actually would have been achieved had the acquisition been completed on 1 January 2015, nor is it intended to be a projection of future results.

倘收購Smart Title已於二零一五年一 月一日完成,則本集團本年度來自持續 經營業務之總收益將為201,698,000港 元,而本年度溢利將為102.626.000港 元。備考資料僅供參考,不一定成為假 若收購事項已於二零一五年一月一日完 成之情況下本集團實際所得收益及業務 業績之指標,亦不擬以此作為未來業績 之預測。

In determining the 'pro-forma' revenue and profit of the Group had Smart Title been acquired at the beginning of the current year, the directors of the Company have calculated depreciation of property, plant and equipment acquired, and amortisation of intangible assets acquired on the basis of the fair values arising in the initial accounting for the business combination rather than the carrying amounts recognised in the preacquisition financial statements.

倘於本年度年初已收購Smart Title,於 釐定本集團[備考]收入及溢利時,本公 司董事已按業務合併之初步計算產生之 公平值(而並非於收購前財務報表確認之 賬面值)計算已收購物業、廠房及設備之 折舊及已收購無形資產之攤銷。

For the year ended 31 December 2015 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

46. BUSINESS COMBINATIONS (Continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2015 (Continued)

Acquisition of Best Volume

On 7 September 2015, the Group as purchaser entered into a conditional sale and purchase agreement with Sino Credit as vendor relating to the proposed acquisition of the entire shareholding interest in Best Volume at a total consideration of HK\$400,000,000, in which HK\$370,000,000 was settled by cash and HK\$30,000,000 was settled by issue of a promissory note. The acquisition was completed on 12 November 2015. This acquisition has been accounted for using the acquisition method. Best Volume is an investment holding company and its subsidiaries are principally engaged in property investment.

Best Volume was acquired for expanding the Group's property investment business into the PRC.

Consideration

46. 業務合併 (續)

截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度(續)

收購Best Volume

於二零一五年九月七日,本集團作為買方與華銀作為賣方訂立有條件買賣協議,內容有關建議收購Best Volume之全部持股權益,總代價為400,000,000港元乃由現金清價,而30,000,000港元乃由發行承兑票據清償。收購事項於二零一五年十一月十二日完成。該收購事項已使用收購法入賬。Best Volume為投資控股公司及其附屬公司主要從事物業投資。

Best Volume被收購以拓展本集團於中國之物業投資業務。

代價

		HK\$'000 千港元
Cash consideration Issue of promissory note (note 39)	現金代價 發行承兑票據 <i>(附註39)</i>	370,000 30,000
Total consideration	總代價	400,000

Acquisition-related costs amounting to HK\$615,000 have been excluded from the consideration transferred and have been recognised as expenses in the current year, within the administrative expenses in the consolidated statement of profit or loss.

收購相關成本615,000港元不包括在轉讓代價內,並已確認為綜合損益表之行政開支之本年度開支。

For the year ended 31 December 2015 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

46. BUSINESS COMBINATIONS (Continued)

46. 業務合併(續)

For the year ended 31 December 2015 (Continued)

截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度(續)

Acquisition of Best Volume (Continued)

收購Best Volume (續)

Assets acquired and liabilities recognised at the date of acquisition

於收購日期已收購資產及已確認負債

		HK\$'000
		千港元
Investment properties (note 19)	投資物業 <i>(附註19)</i>	606,858
Trade receivables	貿易應收款項	996
Other receivables	其他應收款項	22,745
Tax recoverable	可收回税項	3
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物	8,023
Deposits received, accruals and other	已收按金、應計費用及其他	
payables	應付款項	(4,910)
Bank borrowings	銀行借款	(190,191)
Deferred tax liabilities (note 44)	遞延税項負債(附註44)	(106,423)
Fair value of identifiable net assets	已收購可識別資產淨值之公平值	
acquired		337,101

Goodwill arising on acquisition of Best Volume

收購 Best Volume 產生之商譽

	HK\$'000 千港元
總代價 <i>減:</i> 已收購可識別資產淨值之 公平值	400,000 (337,101)
版膳寓頂產生之商舉 <i>(附註22)</i>	62,899

Goodwill arose in the acquisition of Best Volume because the cost of the combination included a control premium. In addition, the consideration paid for the combination effectively included amounts in relation to the benefit of expected synergies, revenue growth and future market development of Best Volume. These benefits are not recognised separately from goodwill because they do not meet the recognition criteria for identifiable intangible assets.

併成本包括控制溢價所致。此外,就合併所支付之代價實際上包括涉及預期協同效益、Best Volume之收入增長及未來市場發展之金額。此等利益並無與商譽分開確認,因為該等利益並不符合可識別無形資產之確認準則。

收購Best Volume產生之商譽乃由於合

None of the goodwill arising on this acquisition is expected to be deductible for tax purposes.

概無該項收購事項產生之商譽預期將可 扣税。

For the year ended 31 December 2015 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

46. BUSINESS COMBINATIONS (Continued)

46. 業務合併(續)

For the year ended 31 December 2015 (Continued)

截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度(續)

Acquisition of Best Volume (Continued)

收購Best Volume (續)

Net cash outflow on acquisition of Best Volume

收購Best Volume 之現金流出淨額

		HK\$'000 千港元
Cash consideration paid Cash and cash equivalents acquired	已付現金代價 已收購之現金及現金等價物	(370,000) 8,023
Net cash outflow	現金流出淨額	(361,977)

Included in the profit for the year is HK\$2,201,000 attributable to the additional business generated by Best Volume. Revenue from continuing operations for the year includes HK\$3,643,000 generated from Best Volume.

Had the acquisition of Best Volume been completed on 1 January 2015, total revenue from continuing operations of the Group for the year would have been HK\$209,758,000, and profit for the year would have been HK\$111,875,000. The pro-forma information is for illustrative purposes only and is not necessarily an indication of revenue and results of operations of the Group that actually would have been achieved had the acquisition been completed on 1 January 2015,

nor is it intended to be a projection of future

results.

本年度溢利當中2,201,000港元歸屬於 Best Volume之新增業務產生。本年度 來自持續經營業務之收益當中3,643,000 港元乃產生自Best Volume。

倘收購Best Volume已於二零一五年一月一日完成,則本集團本年度來自持經營業務之總收益將為209,758,000港元。備考資料僅供參考,不一定成為問志。備考資已於二零一五年一月一日完稅之情況下本集團實際所得收益及業績之指標,亦不擬以此作為未來業績之預測。

For the year ended 31 December 2015 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

46. BUSINESS COMBINATIONS (Continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2014

Acquisition of EDS Wellness

On 2 July 2014, the Group converted the principal amount of HK\$25,000,000 of the convertible notes issued by EDS Wellness into 25,000,000 new ordinary shares in EDS Wellness at an initial conversion price of HK\$1.00 per share pursuant to the irrecoverable undertaking given by the Group in favour of EDS Wellness and Kingston Securities Limited on 25 June 2014. EDS Wellness became a 65.58% owned subsidiary of the Company immediately after the conversion.

Consideration

46. 業務合併(續)

截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度

收購EDS Wellness

於二零一四年七月二日,本集團根據 於二零一四年六月二十五日以EDS Wellness及金利豐證券有限公司為受益 人作出之不可撤回承諾,按初步換股價 每股1.00港元將EDS Wellness發行的 本金額為25,000,000港元之可換股票 據兑換為25,000,000股EDS Wellness 新普通股股份。緊接此次兑換後,EDS Wellness成為本公司擁有65.58%權益 之附屬公司。

代價

		HK\$'000 <i>千港元</i>
25,000,000 new ordinary shares at HK\$3.4905 per share	25,000,000 股每股 3.4905 港元之 新普通股	87,263

Assets acquired and liabilities recognised at the date of acquisition

於收購日期已收購資產及已確認負債

		HK\$'000 <i>千港元</i>
Property, plant and equipment (note 18)	物業、廠房及設備(<i>附註18)</i>	14,846
Restricted bank deposits	受限制銀行存款	19,663
Inventories	存貨	2,615
Trade receivables	貿易應收款項	5,239
Deposits, prepayments and other receivables	按金、預付款項及其他應收款項	50,573
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物	30,658
Trade payables	貿易應付款項	(399)
Accruals and other payables	應計費用及其他應付款項	(10,249)
Other borrowings	其他借款	(62,842)
Promissory notes (note 39)	承兑票據 <i>(附註39)</i>	(12,721)
Tax payables	應繳税項	(614)
Convertible notes	可換股票據	(14,590)
Obligations under finance leases	融資租賃責任	(748)
Deposits from customers	客戶按金	(94)
Deferred revenue (note 41)	遞延收益 <i>(附註41)</i>	(21,869)
Deferred tax liabilities	遞延税項負債	(660)
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益	(1,861)
Fair value of identifiable net liabilities assumed	d 所承擔可識別負債淨額之公平值	(3,053)

For the year ended 31 December 2015 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

46. BUSINESS COMBINATIONS (Continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2014 (Continued)

Acquisition of EDS Wellness (Continued)

Goodwill arising on acquisition of EDS Wellness

46. 業務合併(續)

截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度(續)

收購 EDS Wellness (續)

收購EDS Wellness產生之商譽

		HK\$'000 千港元
Total consideration	總代價 <i>加:</i> 所承擔可識別負債淨額之公平值	87,263
Add: fair value of identifiable net liabilities assumed		3,053
Less: non-controlling interests (34.42% in EDS Wellness)	减:非控股權益(於EDS Wellness為 34.42%)	(1,051)
Goodwill arising on acquisition (note 22)	收購事項產生之商譽 <i>(附註22)</i>	89,265

Goodwill arose in the acquisition of EDS Wellness because the cost of the combination included a control premium. In addition, the consideration paid for the combination effectively included amounts in relation to the benefit of expected synergies, revenue growth, future market development and the assembled workforce of EDS Wellness. These benefits are not recognised separately from goodwill because they do not meet the recognition criteria for identifiable intangible assets.

None of the goodwill arising on this acquisition is expected to be deductible for tax purposes.

Net cash inflow on acquisition of EDS Wellness

收購EDS Wellness產生之商譽乃由於合併成本包括控制溢價所致。此外,就合併所支付之代價實際上包括涉及預期協同效益、收入增長、未來市場發展及EDS Wellness之員工利益之金額。此等利益並無與商譽分開確認,因為該等利益並不符合可識別無形資產之確認準則。

概無該收購事項產生之商譽預期將可扣 税。

收購EDS Wellness 之現金流入淨額

		HK\$'000 <i>千港元</i>
Cash consideration paid Add: cash and cash equivalents acquired	已付現金代價 <i>加:</i> 已收購之現金及現金等價物	_ 30,658
Net cash inflow	淨現金流入	30,658

Included in the profit for the year ended 31 December 2014 was a loss of HK\$47,043,000 attributable to the additional business generated by EDS Wellness. Revenue for the year ended 31 December 2014 included HK\$22,084,000 generated from EDS Wellness.

Had the acquisition been completed at the beginning of the year 2014, the Group's total revenue for the year would have been HK\$129,835,000 and the profit for the year would have been HK\$224,395,000. The pro-forma information is for illustrative purpose only.

截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度 之溢利當中之虧損47,043,000港元歸屬 於EDS Wellness之新增業務產生。截至 二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度之收 益當中之22,084,000港元乃產生自EDS Wellness。

倘收購事項已於二零一四年年初完成, 則本集團本年度總收益及溢利將分別 為129,835,000港元及224,395,000港元。備考資料僅供參考。

For the year ended 31 December 2015 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

46. BUSINESS COMBINATIONS (Continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2014 (Continued)

Acquisition of Century Capital Holdings Limited ("Century Capital")

On 18 December 2014, EDS Wellness entered into a sale and purchase agreement with Huanxi Media Group Limited (formerly known as 21 Holdings Limited) ("Huanxi"), for acquiring the entire shares in and the shareholder's loan due by Century Capital at a cash consideration of HK\$1. In addition to Mr. Cheung Kwok Fan holding 24.92% of the issued share capital of Huanxi, Mr. Lei Hong Wai, Mr. Cheung Kwok Fan and Mr. Wong Tak Chuen, who are the directors of the Company, were directors of Huanxi. The acquisition was completed on 18 December 2014.

Consideration

46. 業務合併(續)

截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度(續)

收購 Century Capital Holdings Limited (「Century Capital」)

於二零一四年十二月十八日,EDS Wellness與歡喜傳媒集團有限公司(前 稱21控股有限公司)(「歡喜」)訂立買賣 協議,以收購Century Capital全部股份 及彼所欠之股東貸款,現金代價為1港 元。除張國勳先生持有歡喜24.92%之 已發行股本外,本公司之董事李雄偉先 生、張國勳先生及黃德銓先生同時為軟 喜之董事。收購事項於二零一四年十二 月十八日完成。

111/01/000

代價

		HK\$'000 千港元
現金代價		_
t the	於收購日期已收購資產及已	確認負債
		HK\$'000 <i>千港元</i>
應付股東款項		(747)
分 所承擔可識別	負債淨額之公平值	(747)
apital	收購 Century Capital產生。	之商譽
		HK\$'000 <i>千港元</i>
總代價 加:所承擔可	識別負債淨額之	_
公平值		747 (747)
收購事項產生之	商譽	_
	t the 應付股東款項 所承擔可識別 pital 總代價 加:所承擔項 減:指讓予本集	t the 於收購日期已收購資產及已應付股東款項 應付股東款項 II 所承擔可識別負債淨額之公平值 apital 收購 Century Capital產生, 總代價 加:所承擔可識別負債淨額之

No goodwill arose in the acquisition of Century Capital.

收購 Century Capital 並無產生商譽。

For the year ended 31 December 2015 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

46. BUSINESS COMBINATIONS (Continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2014 (Continued)

Acquisition of Century Capital Holdings Limited ("Century Capital") (Continued)

Net cash effect arising on acquisition of Century Capital

46. 業務合併(續)

截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度(續)

收購 Century Capital Holdings Limited (「Century Capital」) (續)

收購 Century Capital 產生之淨現金影響

		HK\$'000 千港元
Cash consideration paid Cash and cash equivalents acquired	已付現金代價 已收購之現金及現金等價物	_ _
Net cash effect	淨現金影響	_

Century Capital did not generate any revenue nor make any profit or loss to the Group during the period from 18 December 2014, being the date of acquisition, to 31 December 2014.

Had the acquisition been completed at the beginning of the year 2014, the revenue of the Group and the profit of the Group for the year would have no material effect. The pro-forma information is for illustrative purpose only.

Century Capital在二零一四年十二月十八日(即收購日期)至二零一四年十二月三十一日期間並無產生任何收益或得出任何損益。

倘收購已於二零一四年年初完成,年內 之本集團收益及本集團溢利不會有重大 影響。備考資料僅為方便説明。

For the year ended 31 December 2015 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

47. DISPOSAL OF SUBSIDIARIES

For the year ended 31 December 2015

EDS Wellness

On 6 November 2015, EDS Wellness allotted and issued 345,000,000 new shares and 30,000,000 new convertible preferred shares to six subscribers. Upon the allotment and issue, the Group's shareholding interests in EDS Wellness was diluted from 70.18% to 12.51% and was deemed to dispose of a 57.67% shareholding interest in EDS Wellness. The deemed disposal was taken place on 6 November 2015.

Analysis of assets and liabilities over which control was lost

47. 出售附屬公司

截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

EDS Wellness

於二零一五年十一月六日,EDS Wellness向六名認購人配發及發行345,000,000股新股份及30,000,000股新可換股優先股。配發及發行後,本集團於EDS Wellness之持股權益由70.18%攤薄至12.51%,並視作出售於EDS Wellness之57.67%持股權益。視作出售事項於二零一五年十一月六日完成。

於失去控制權時資產及負債之分析

		HK\$'000 千港元
Property, plant and equipment (note 18)	物業、廠房及設備 <i>(附註18)</i>	10,608
Goodwill (note 22)	商譽 <i>(附註22)</i>	89,265
Restricted bank deposits	受限制銀行存款	12,656
Trade receivables	貿易應收款項	3,307
Deposits, prepayments and other receivables	按金、預付款項及其他應收款項	14,986
Inventories	存貨	4,190
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物	161,878
Trade payables	貿易應付款項	(865)
Accruals and other payables	應計費用及其他應付款項	(17,269)
Receipts in advance	預收款項	(144,602)
Tax payables	應付税項	(2,174)
Other borrowings	其他借款	(14,226)
Obligation under finance leases	融資租賃責任	(12)
Deposits from customers	客戶按金	(46)
Deferred revenue (note 41)	遞延收益 <i>(附註41)</i>	(24,556)
Net assets disposed of	已出售資產淨值	93,140

Gain on deemed disposal of a subsidiary

視作出售一間附屬公司之收益

		HK\$'000 千港元
Fair value of investment retained Net assets disposed of Release of exchange reserve upon deemed	已保留投資之公平值 已出售資產淨值 因視作出售一間附屬公司而撥回匯兑	336,000 (93,140)
disposal of a subsidiary Non-controlling interests	因然作山皆一间的屬公司间接回進免 儲備 非控股權益	(55) 2,267
Gain on deemed disposal of a subsidiary	視作出售一間附屬公司之收益	245,072

For the year ended 31 December 2015 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

47. DISPOSAL OF SUBSIDIARIES (Continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2015 (Continued)

EDS Wellness (Continued)

Net cash outflow arising on deemed disposal of FDS Wellness

47. 出售附屬公司(續)

截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度(續)

EDS Wellness (續)

視作出售EDS Wellness產生之現金流出 淨額

		HK\$'000 千港元
Cash consideration received Less: cash and cash equivalents disposed of	已收現金代價 <i>減:</i> 已出售之現金及現金等價物	_ (161,878)
Net cash outflow	現金流出淨額	(161,878)

For the year ended 31 December 2014

Rich Daily

On 30 May 2014, the Group entered into a conditional sale and purchase agreement relating to the disposal of the entire issued share capital of Rich Daily to Mr. Ng Cheuk Fai, an independent third party, at a cash consideration of HK\$2,000,000. The disposal was completed on 11 June 2014.

Analysis of assets and liabilities over which control was lost

截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度

Rich Daily

於二零一四年五月三十日,本集團訂立一份有條件買賣協議,內容有關以現金代價2,000,000港元向獨立第三方吳卓徽先生出售Rich Daily之全部已發行股本。該項出售已於二零一四年六月十一日完成。

於失去控制權時資產及負債之分析

		HK\$'000 千港元
Intangible assets (note 21) Cash and cash equivalents Deferred tax liabilities (note 44)	無形資產 <i>(附註21)</i> 現金及現金等價物 遞延税項負債 <i>(附註44)</i>	1,929 1 (231)
Net assets disposed of	已出售資產淨值	1,699
Gain on disposal of a subsidiary	出售一間附屬公司之收	益
		HK\$'000 千港元
Cash consideration received Net assets disposed of Release of capital reserve	已收現金代價 已出售資產淨值 撥回資本儲備	2,000 (1,699) 11
Gain on disposal of a subsidiary	出售一間附屬公司之收益	312
Net cash inflow arising on disposal of Rich Da	aily 出售Rich Daily產生之	現金流入淨額
		HK\$'000 千港元
Cash consideration received Less: cash and cash equivalents disposed of	已收現金代價 <i>減:</i> 已出售現金及現金等價物	2,000 (1)
Net cash inflow	現金流入淨額	1,999

For the year ended 31 December 2015 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

47. DISPOSAL OF SUBSIDIARIES (Continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2014 (Continued)

Blu Spa Group Limited

On 19 December 2014, EDS Wellness entered into a sale and purchase agreement to dispose of the entire issued share capital of Blu Spa Group Limited, a non-wholly owned subsidiary of EDS Wellness, to Koffman Investment, a company which is 50% owned by Mr. Yu Zhen Hua Johnny (a former executive director of EDS Wellness), at a cash consideration of HK\$1.00. Blu Spa Group Limited held the entire equity interest in BSHK, which was intermediate holding company of seven subsidiaries (the "BS Group"). The disposal was completed on 19 December 2014.

Analysis of liability over which control was lost

47. 出售附屬公司(續)

截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度(續)

Blu Spa Group Limited

於二零一四年十二月十九日,EDS Wellness訂立一份買賣協議,按現金代價1.00港元向高富民投資(EDS Wellness前執行董事于鎮華先生擁有50%權益之公司)出售Blu Spa Group Limited (EDS Wellness之非全資附屬公司)之全部已發行股本。Blu Spa Group Limited 持有富麗花•譜(香港)的所有股本權益(富麗花•譜(香港),該公司乃七家附屬公司(「富麗花•譜集團」)之中間控股公司)。該項出售已於二零一四年十二月十九日完成。

HK\$'000

於失去控制權時負債之分析

		千港元
Other payables	其他應付款項	(1,359)
Net liability disposed of	己出售負債淨額	(1,359)
Gain on disposal of a subsidiary	出售一間附屬公司之收	女益
		HK\$'000 <i>千港元</i>
Cash consideration received Net liabilities disposed of	已收現金代價 已出售負債淨額	_ 1,359
Gain on disposal of a subsidiary	出售一間附屬公司之收益	1,359
Net cash effect arising on disposal of Blu Group Limited	ı Spa 出售Blu Spa Group 現金影響	Limited產生之淨
		HK\$'000 千港元
Cash consideration received Less: cash and cash equivalents disposed of	已收現金代價 <i>減:</i> 已出售現金及現金等價物	_
Net cash effect	淨現金影響	_

For the year ended 31 December 2015 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

48. COMMITMENTS

(a) Lease commitments

The Group as lessee

At the end of the reporting period, the Group had commitments for future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases which fall due as follows:

48. 承擔

(a) 租賃承擔

本集團作為承租人

於報告期末,本集團之不可撤銷經 營租賃所承擔之日後最低租賃付款 之到期情況如下:

		2015 二零一五年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2014 二零一四年 <i>HK</i> \$'000 <i>千港元</i>
Within one year In the second to fifth year inclusive Over five years	一年以內 第二至第五年 (包括首尾兩年) 五年以上	14,253 53,148 678,313	4,845 847 —
		745,714	5,692

Operating lease payments represent rentals payable by the Group for its office premises and the operating rights in respect of (i) the rights to manage and operate the Club up to 31 December 2051 and (ii) the rights to develop and operate the Subject Land and the rights to manage the properties erected on the Subject Land up to 30 January 2062. Leases in respect of the office premises are mainly negotiated for an average term of three years and rentals are fixed for an average of three years. The Group does not have an option to purchase the leased premises and the operating rights in respect of the Club and the Subject Land at the expiry of the lease period.

For the year ended 31 December 2015 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

48. **COMMITMENTS** (Continued)

(a) Lease commitments (Continued)

The Group as lessor

Rental income from investment properties and the assets of the Club earned during the year was HK\$9,099,000 (2014: Nil). All of the Group's investment properties are held for rental purposes. The investment properties are expected to generate rental yields of 0.61% (2014: Nil) on an ongoing basis. The investment properties have committed tenants for the next nine years (2014: Nil).

At the end of the reporting period, the Group had contracted with tenants for the following future minimum lease payments:

48. 承擔(續)

(a) 租賃承擔(續)

本集團作為出租人

年內賺取之投資物業及會所資產之租金收入為9,099,000港元(二零一四年:無)。所有本集團之投資物業乃持作租賃用途。預期投資物業可持續產生0.61%(二零一四年:無)之租金收益率。投資物業於未來九年均已有承諾租戶(二零一四年:無)。

於報告期末,本集團就下列日後最 低租賃付款與租戶訂約:

	2015 二零一五年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2014 二零一四年 <i>HK</i> \$'000 <i>千港元</i>
	1 /E/C	1 /E/U
Within one year — — 年內 In the second to fifth year 第二至第五年	27,002	_
inclusive (包括首尾兩年)	101,757	_
Over five years 五年以上	65,624	_
	194,383	_

(b) Other commitments

At 31 December 2015, the Group had other commitments of HK\$52,329,000 (2014: HK\$1,959,000,000) relating to the capital expenditures for the Subject Land which were contracted but not provided for.

(b) 其他承擔

於二零一五年十二月三十一日,本集團有關主體地塊之資本開支之其他承擔為52,329,000港元(二零一四年:1,959,000,000港元)已訂約但尚未作出撥備。

For the year ended 31 December 2015 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

49. EQUITY-SETTLED SHARE-BASED PAYMENT TRANSACTIONS

Pursuant to an ordinary resolution passed by the shareholders on 12 December 2011, the Company adopted a new share option scheme (the "**Option Scheme**") to replace the share option scheme adopted on 21 January 2002. The Option Scheme will expire on 11 December 2021. The purpose of the Option Scheme is to enable the Company to grant share options to selected eligible participants as incentives or rewards for their contribution or potential contribution to the Group.

Under the Option Scheme, eligible participants are full time or part time employees of the Group (including any directors, whether executive or non-executive and whether independent or not, of the Company or any subsidiary); any holder of any securities issued by the Group; and any business or joint venture partners, contractors, agents or representatives, consultants, advisers, suppliers, producers or licensors, customers, licensees (including any sub-licensee) or distributors, landlords or tenants (including any sub-tenants) of the Group or any person who, in the sole discretion of the board of directors of the Company, has contributed or may contribute to the Group.

The overall limit on the number of shares which may be issued upon exercise of all share options granted and yet to be exercised under the Option Scheme and any other share option schemes of the Company must not exceed 30% of the shares in issue from time to time. Subject to the above overall limit, the total number of shares which may be issued upon exercise of all share options to be granted under the Option Scheme and any other share option schemes of the Company must not, in aggregate, exceed 10% of the shares in issue as at the date of approval of the Option Scheme (the "Scheme Mandate Limit"). The Company may refresh the Scheme Mandate Limit subject to approval of the shareholders in general meeting, provided that the Scheme Mandate Limit as refreshed must not exceed 10% of the shares in issue as at the date of approval of the refreshed limit.

49. 以股權結算之股份支款之交易

根據股東於二零一一年十二月十二日通過之時通決議案,本公司採納一項新購股權計劃(「購股權計劃」)以取代權計劃等零二年一月二十一日採納之購股權計劃將於二零二年十分權二月,日屆滿。購股權計劃旨在中本權,可向選定之本集團之貢獻或潛在貢獻之報酬或報酬。

For the year ended 31 December 2015 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

49. EQUITY-SETTLED SHARE-BASED PAYMENT TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

Unless approved by the shareholders, the total number of shares issued and to be issued upon exercise of the shares options granted to each eligible participant (including both exercised and outstanding options) in any 12-month period up to and including the date of grant must not exceed 1% of the shares in issue. Where any grant of share options to a substantial shareholder of the Company or an independent non-executive director or their respective associates and if such grant would result in the total number of shares issued and to be issued upon exercise of the share options granted and to be granted (including share options exercised, cancelled and outstanding) in any 12-month period up to and including the date of grant to such person (i) representing in aggregate over 0.1% of the shares in issue and (ii) having an aggregate value, based on the closing price of the shares at the date of each grant, in excess of HK\$5,000,000, then the proposed grant must be approved by the shareholders at a general meeting, with voting to be taken by way of a poll.

A non-refundable nominal consideration of HK\$1.00 is payable by the grantee upon acceptance of the grant of share options. Share options may be exercised at any time during the period to be determined and identified by the board of directors, but in any event no later than ten years from the date of grant but subject to the early termination of the Option Scheme.

The exercise price is determined by the board of directors of the Company, provided that it shall be not less than the highest of (i) the closing price of the Company's shares on the date of grant; (ii) the average closing prices of the shares for the five business days immediately preceding the date of grant; and (iii) the nominal value of the Company's shares.

At 31 December 2015, the Company has not adopted any share option scheme other than the Option Scheme.

49. 以股權結算之股份支款之交易(續)

除非獲股東批准,否則截至授出當日(包 括該日)止任何12個月期間內,每名合 資格參與者於行使獲授予之購股權(包括 已行使及尚未行使之購股權)後已發行及 將予發行之股份總數,不得超過已發行 股份之1%。倘擬向本公司主要股東或獨 立非執行董事或彼等各自之聯繫人士授 出任何購股權,而授出有關購股權將導 致於截至向該人士授出購股權當日(包括 該日)止任何12個月期間內,於行使已 授出及將予授出之購股權(包括已行使、 註銷及尚未行使之購股權)後已發行及將 予發行之股份總數(i)合共超過已發行股 份總數之0.1%,及(ii)按股份於各授出 日期之收市價計算,總值超過5.000.000 港元,則建議授出須獲股東於股東大會 上以投票表決方式批准。

承授人於接納所授出之購股權時須支付 1.00港元之不可退還名義代價。購股權 可於董事會釐定及確定之期間內隨時行 使,但無論如何不得遲於授出日期起計 十年,惟受購股權計劃提早終止所規限。

行使價由本公司董事會釐定, 但不得低 於以下三者之最高者:(i)本公司股份於 授出日期之收市價;(ii)股份於緊接授出 日期前五個營業日之平均收市價;及(iii) 本公司股份之面值。

於二零一五年十二月三十一日,本公司 並無採納除購股權計劃外的任何購股權 計劃。

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49. EQUITY-SETTLED SHARE-BASED PAYMENT TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

49. 以股權結算之股份支款之交易(續)

Details of specific categories of share options are as follows:

特定類別購股權之詳情如下:

Share option type 購股權類別	Date of grant 授出日期	Exercise period 行使期	Exercise price 行使價
2004	13 December 2004	13 December 2004 to 12 December 2014	HK\$6,392.849
	二零零四年十二月十三日	二零零四年十二月十三日至 二零一四年十二月十二日	6,392.849港元
2007A	22 March 2007	22 March 2007 to 21 March 2017	HK\$1,470.308*
	二零零七年三月二十二日	二零零七年三月二十二日至 二零一七年三月二十一日	1,470.308港元*
2007B	31 May 2007	31 May 2007 to 30 May 2017	HK\$2,188.687*
	二零零七年五月三十一日	二零零七年五月三十一日至 二零一七年五月三十日	2,188.687港元*
2013	24 May 2013	24 May 2013 to 23 May 2014	HK\$1.274
	二零一三年五月二十四日	二零一三年五月二十四日至 二零一四年五月二十三日	1.274港元
2014A	8 January 2014	8 January 2014 to 7 January 2015	HK\$0.84
	二零一四年一月八日	二零一四年一月八日至二零一五年一月七日	0.84港元
2014B	2 September 2014	2 September 2014 to 1 September 2015	HK\$0.655*
	二零一四年九月二日	二零一四年九月二日至二零一五年九月一日	0.655港元*
2015A	25 November 2015	25 November 2015 to 24 November 2016	HK\$0.237
	二零一五年十一月二十五日] 二零一五年十一月二十五日至 二零一六年十一月二十四日	0.237港元
2015B	9 December 2015	9 December 2015 to 8 December 2016	HK\$0.2532
	二零一五年十二月九日	二零一五年十二月九日至 二零一六年十二月八日	0.2532港元

^{*} The exercise prices are adjusted to reflect the effect of rights issue completed on 20 August 2015.

行使價已作出調整以反映於二零一五年八 月二十日完成供股之影響。

For the year ended 31 December 2015 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

49. EQUITY-SETTLED SHARE-BASED PAYMENT TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

During the year ended 31 December 2015, share options were granted on 25 November 2015 and 9 December 2015. The estimated fair values of the share options granted on those dates are HK\$3,313,000 and HK\$14,487,000 respectively. During the year ended 31 December 2014, share options were granted on 8 January 2014 and 2 September 2014. The estimated fair values of the share options granted on those dates are HK\$4,995,000 and HK\$5,394,000 respectively.

The fair values of the share options granted on 9 December 2015, 25 November 2015, 2 September 2014 and 8 January 2014 were measured, using a binomial option pricing model, by Grant Sherman Appraisal Limited. The variables and assumptions used in computing the fair value of the share options are based on the directors' best estimate. The value of a share option varies with different variables of certain subjective assumptions. The following table lists the inputs to the model used:

49. 以股權結算之股份支款之交易(續)

截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度,已於二零一五年十一月二十五日日日。 一五年十二月九日授出購股平值。 該等日期授出之購股權之估計公平。 別為3,313,000港元及14,487,000港元。截至二零一四年十二月三十日及二年度,已於二零一四年一月八日及等,已期授出之購股權之估計公平值分別規則提出之購股權之估計公平值。 4,995,000港元及5,394,000港元。

於二零一五年十二月九日、二零一五年 十一月二十五日、二零一四年九月二日 及二零一四年一月八日模出之購股權之 公平值乃由中證評估有限公司採用之克 式期權定價模型計量。計算購股權之項 平值所用之變數及假設乃以董事之最 中計為基準。購股權之價值須視乎若 主觀假設之數據而計算出不同之估 下表列示模型所用輸入數據:

Share option type 購股權類別

. <u></u>	2015B	2015A	2014B	2014A
Share option life	1 year	1 year	1 year	1 year
購股權年期	1年	1年	1年	1年
Grant date share price	HK\$0.235	HK\$0.236	HK\$0.655*	HK\$0.84
授出日期股價	0.235港元	0.236港元	0.655港元*	0.84港元
Exercise price	HK\$0.2532	HK\$0.237	HK\$0.655*	HK\$0.84
行使價	0.2532港元	0.237港元	0.655港元*	0.84港元
Expected volatility (%) 預期波幅 (%)	77.91%	75.38%	43.20%	60.74%
Expected life of share options	1 year	1 year	0.5 year	0.5 year
購股權之預期年期	1年	1年	0.5年	0.5年
Dividend yield <i>(%)</i> 股息收益率 <i>(%)</i>	0%	0%	0%	0%
Risk-free interest rate 無風險利率	0.68%	0.67%	0.11%	0.21%

^{*} The grant date share price and the exercise price are adjusted to reflect the effect of rights issue completed on 20 August 2015

^{*} 授出日期股價及行使價已作出調整以反映於二零一五年八月二十日完成供股之影響。

For the year ended 31 December 2015 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

49. EQUITY-SETTLED SHARE-BASED PAYMENT TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

Expected volatility was determined by using historical volatility of the Company's share price over the previous one year.

The fair value of the share options granted during the year ended 31 December 2015 was HK\$17,800,000 (2014: HK\$10,389,000) which had been expensed as equity-settled share-based payment expenses during the year.

For equity-settled share-based payments with parties other than employees, the Group has rebutted the presumption that the fair values of the services received can be estimated reliably as in the opinion of the directors of the Company, the fair value of the services cannot be reliably measured. Accordingly, the Group measured the services received from these parties, with reference to the fair values of the share options granted using the binomial option pricing model, at the date these parties rendered related services to the Group.

The following table discloses movements of the Company's share options held by directors of the Company, employees and consultants during the year:

49. 以股權結算之股份支款之交易(續)

預期波幅乃利用本公司過去一年之股價 之歷史波幅釐定。

截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度 內授出之購股權之公平值為17,800,000 港元(二零一四年:10,389,000港元), 已於年內列作以股權結算之股份支款開 支。

下表披露本公司董事、僱員及顧問於年內所持本公司購股權之變動:

	Number of share options 購股權數目					
Share option type	Outstanding at 1 January 2015 於二零一五年	Granted during the year	Exercised during the year	Lapsed during the year	Adjusted for rights issue	Outstanding at 31 December 2015 於二零一五年
購股權類別	"一月一日 尚未行使	於年內授出	於年內行使	於年內失效	就供股 作出調整	十二月三十一日 尚未行使
2007A 2007B 2014A 2014B 2015A 2015B	4,588 24,013 26,360,000 46,220,000 —	- - - 54,700,000 267,800,000	- - - (42,330,000) - -	 (26,360,000) (4,100,060) _	247 1,296 — 210,060 —	4,835 25,309 — 54,700,000 267,800,000
	72,608,601	322,500,000	(42,330,000)	(30,460,060)	211,603	322,530,144
Exercisable at the end of the reporting period 於報告期末可予行使						322,530,144
Weighted average exercise price 加權平均行使價	HK\$1.61 1.61港元	HK\$0.25 0.25港元	HK\$0.69 0.69港元	HK\$0.82 0.82港元	-	HK\$0.44 0.44港元

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49. EQUITY-SETTLED SHARE-BASED PAYMENT TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

49. 以股權結算之股份支款之交易(續)

		Nun	nber of share option	ns	
	Outstanding	Granted	購股權數目 Exercised		Outstanding at
	at 1 January	during	during	Lapsed during	31 December
Share option type	2014	the year	the year	the year	2014
	₩ - ₹ m/s				於二零一四年
	於二零一四年				十二月
購股權類別	一月一日 尚未行使	於年內授出	於年內行使	於年內失效	三十一日 尚未行使
将0.21作次///	門不打仗	水干的及田	水干的11区	が干り入双	門不订区
2004	8,366	_	_	(8,366)	_
2007A	4,588	_	_	_	4,588
2007B	24,013	_	_	_	24,013
2013	23,800,000	_	_	(23,800,000)	-
2014A	_	26,360,000	_	_	26,360,000
2014B		46,220,000			46,220,000
	23,836,967	72,580,000	_	(23,808,366)	72,608,601
-				(, , , ,	. ,
Exercisable at the end of the reporting period					
於報告期末可予行使					72,608,601
Weighted average exercise price	HK\$6.14	HK\$0.74		HK\$3.52	HK\$1.61
加權平均行使價	6.14港元	0.74港元	_	3.52港元	1.61港元

At 31 December 2015, the Company had 322,530,144 share options outstanding (2014: 72,608,601), representing 12.03% (2014: 13.26%) of the issued share capital of the Company at that date.

於二零一五年十二月三十一日,本公司有322,530,144份尚未行使之購股權(二零一四年:72,608,601份),佔本公司當日已發行股本12.03%(二零一四年:13,26%)。

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50. RETIREMENT BENEFITS SCHEMES

With effect from 1 December 2000, the Group has set up a defined contribution retirement scheme, the MPF Scheme for all the eligible employees of the Group. The Group did not provide retirement benefits for its employees prior to set up of the MPF Scheme.

Under the MPF Scheme, the employees are required to contribute 5% of their monthly salaries up to a maximum of HK\$1,500 per employee and they can choose to make additional contributions. The employer's monthly contributions are calculated at 5% of each employee's monthly salaries up to a maximum of HK\$1,500 (the "Mandatory Contribution"). The employees are entitled to 100% of the Mandatory Contribution upon their retirement at the age of 65 years old, death or total incapacity.

51. PARTICULARS OF SUBSIDIARIES

Details of the Company's subsidiaries at 31 December 2015 are set out as follows:

50. 退休福利計劃

自二零零零年十二月一日起,本集團為 所有合資格僱員設立一項界定供款退休 計劃 一 強積金計劃。於設立強積金計劃 前,本集團並無為僱員提供任何退休福 利。

根據強積金計劃,僱員均須按其月薪之5%(以每名僱員最多1,500港元為限)作出供款,並可選擇作出額外供款。僱主每月之供款按各僱員月薪之5%(以最多1,500港元為限)計算(「強制性供款」)。僱員可於65歲退休、逝世或完全失去工作能力時全數獲取強制性供款。

51. 附屬公司之詳情

Proportion of

本公司附屬公司於二零一五年十二月 三十一日之詳情載列如下:

Name of subsidiary 附屬公司名稱	Country/place of incorporation/ operation 註冊成立/ 經營之國家/地點	shares held/ registered capital 持有股份/ 註冊股本類別	ownership voting po the Co 本公司持有 及投票 2015	interest and wer held by ompany 之擁有權權益 具權比例 2014 二零一四年 %	Issued and fully paid share capital/registered capital 已發行及繳足股本/註冊股本	Principal activities 主要業務
Adelio Holdings Limited	British Virgin Islands 英屬處女群島	Ordinary 普通	100	100	US\$1 1美元	Investment holding 投資控股
Angel Wish Group Limited	British Virgin Islands 英屬處女群島	Ordinary 普通	100	100	US\$1 1美元	Investment holding 投資控股
Bayhood No. 9 Co ^μ 北湖9號公司 ^μ	The PRC 中國	Registered 註冊	100	_	RMB50,000,000 人民幣50,000,000 元	Provision of recreational and wellness services through the management of a membership-based golf club and resort 透過管理會員制高爾夫俱樂部及酒店提供休閒 度假及保健服務
Best Season Holdings Corp.	British Virgin Islands 英屬處女群島	Ordinary 普通	75	75	US\$100 100美元	Dormant 暫無營業

Class of

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51. PARTICULARS OF SUBSIDIARIES (Continued)

51. 附屬公司之詳情(續)

Name of subsidiary 附屬公司名稱	Country/place of incorporation/ operation 註冊成立/經營之國家/地點	Class of shares held/ registered capital 持有股份/ 註冊股本類別	voting power the Cor 本公司持有之 及投票标 2015	nterest and er held by mpany 擁有權權益	Issued and fully paid share capital/registered capital 已發行及繳足股本/註冊股本	Principal activities 主要業務
Best Volume	British Virgin Islands 英屬處女群島	Ordinary 普通	100	-	US\$1 1美元	Investment holding 投資控股
Bluelagoon Investment Holdings Limited	British Virgin Islands 英屬處女群島	Ordinary 普通	100	100	US\$1 1美元	Investment holding, sale of financial assets, distribution of films and sub-licensing of film rights 投資控股、銷售金融資產、發行電影及轉授電影發行權
China Jiuhao Health Industry Group Limited 中國 9 號健康產業集團 有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Ordinary 普通	100	-	HK\$1 1港元	Investment holding 投資控股
Dragon Leader Limited	British Virgin Islands 英屬處女群島	Ordinary 普通	100	100	US\$1 1美元	Investment holding 投資控股
Eternity Finance Group Limited 永恒財務集團有限公司	British Virgin Islands 英屬處女群島	Ordinary 普通	100	100	HK\$100,000,000 100,000,000港元	Investment holding 投資控股
Gainful Fortune Limited	British Virgin Islands 英屬處女群島	Ordinary 普通	99.99	99.99	HK\$160,000,100 160,000,100港元	Holding of film rights 持有電影發行權
Golden Stone Management Limited	British Virgin Islands 英屬處女群島	Ordinary 普通	100	100	US\$1 1美元	Investment holding 投資控股
Hong Kong Builders Finance Limited 港建財務有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Ordinary 普通	100	100	HK\$2 2港元	Money lending 借貸
K E G Limited	British Virgin Islands 英屬處女群島	Ordinary 普通	100	100	US\$1 1美元	Investment holding 投資控股
K E Group Limited 鑽滙集團有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Ordinary 普通	100	100	HK\$10,000 10,000港元	Design and sales of jewelry products 設計及銷售珠寶產品
Legend Rich Limited	British Virgin Islands 英屬處女群島	Ordinary 普通	100	100	US\$1 1美元	Investment holding 投資控股

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51. PARTICULARS OF SUBSIDIARIES (Continued) 51. 附屬公司之詳情(續)

Name of subsidiary 附屬公司名稱	Country/place of incorporation/ operation 註冊成立/ 經營之國家/地點	Class of shares held/ registered capital 持有股份/ 註冊股本類別	voting power the Com 本公司持有之赟 及投票權 2015	erest and r held by pany 種有權權益	Issued and fully paid share capital/registered capital 已發行及繳足股本/註冊股本	Principal activities 主要業務
Max Winner Investments Limited 凱宏投資有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Ordinary 普通	100	100	HK\$1 1港元	Investment holding 投資控股
New Cove Limited	British Virgin Islands 英屬處女群島	Ordinary 普通	100	100	US\$1 1美元	Investment holding 投資控股
OM Gem Limited	Hong Kong 香港	Ordinary 普通	100	100	HK\$10,000 10,000港元	Design and sales of jewelry products 設計及銷售珠寶產品
One Synergy Limited ("One Synergy")	Hong Kong 香港	Ordinary 普通	100	100	HK\$1 1港元	Investment holding 投資控股
Open Heart Investments Limited	British Virgin Islands 英屬處女群島	Ordinary 普通	100	-	US\$1 1美元	Investment holding 投資控股
Radiant Beauty Limited 普雋有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Ordinary 普通	100	-	HK\$1 1港元	Investment holding 投資控股
Rexdale Investment Limited ("Rexdale")	Hong Kong 香港	Ordinary 普通	100	100	HK\$10,000,000 10,000,000港元	Property holdings 持有物業
Riche Advertising Limited	British Virgin Islands 英屬處女群島	Ordinary 普通	100	100	US\$1 1美元	Sale of financial assets 銷售金融資產
Riche (BVI)	British Virgin Islands 英屬處女群島	Ordinary 普通	100	100	US\$1,000 1,000美元	Investment holding 投資控股
Riche Distribution Limited 豊采發行有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Ordinary 普通	100	100	HK\$1,000,000 1,000,000港元	Sub-licensing of film rights and sale of financial assets 轉授電影發行權及銷售金 融資產
Riche Multi-Media Limited 豊采多媒體有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Ordinary 普通	100	100	HK\$2 2港元	Distribution of films and other video features 發行電影及其他影視特輯
Riche Pictures Limited	British Virgin Islands 英屬處女群島	Ordinary 普通	100	100	US\$1 1美元	Investment holding 投資控股

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51. PARTICULARS OF SUBSIDIARIES (Continued) 51. 附屬公司之詳情(續)

Name of subsidiary 附屬公司名稱	Country/place of incorporation/ operation 註冊成立/ 經營之國家/地點	Class of shares held/ registered capital 持有股份/ 註冊股本類別	ownership voting pow the Co 本公司持有		Issued and fully paid share capital/registered capital 已發行及繳足股本/註冊股本	Principal activities 主要業務
Riche Video Limited 豊采錄影有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Ordinary 普通	100	100	HK\$1,000 (HK\$2,000,000 non-voting deferred shares*) 1,000港元 (2,000,000 港元之無投票權 遞延股份*)	Distribution of video products 發行影視產品
Simple View Investment Limited	British Virgin Islands 英屬處女群島	Ordinary 普通	100	100	US\$1 1美元	Investment holding 投資控股
Smart Title Limited	British Virgin Islands 英屬處女群島	Ordinary 普通	100	-	US\$1 1美元	Investment holding 投資控股
Stable Income Limited 堅益有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Ordinary 普通	100	100	HK\$1,000,000 1,000,000港元	Dormant 暫無業務
Universal Asia Properties Limited 環球亞州置業有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Ordinary 普通	100	-	HK\$1 1港元	Dormant 暫無業務
Victory Peace Holdings Limited	British Virgin Islands 英屬處女群島	Ordinary 普通	100	100	US\$1 1美元	Investment holding 投資控股
Virtue Crest Investments Limited 德冠投資有限公司	British Virgin Islands 英屬處女群島	Ordinary 普通	100	-	US\$1 1美元	Investment holding 投資控股
Yuan Shun Investments Limited 元順投資有限公司	British Virgin Islands 英屬處女群島	Ordinary 普通	100	-	US\$1 1美元	Investment holding 投資控股
四海能榮(北京)餐飲文化 有限公司#	The PRC 中國	Registered 註冊	100	-	RMB6,657,085 人民幣6,657,085元	Investment holding 投資控股
歡樂時代文化發展(北京) 有限公司 ⁸	The PRC 中國	Registered 註冊	100	-	RMB100,000 人民幣100,000元	Investment holding 投資控股

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51. PARTICULARS OF SUBSIDIARIES (Continued) 51. 附屬公司之詳情(續)

Name of su 附屬公司名和		Country/place of incorporation/ operation 註冊成立/ 經營之國家/地點	Class of shares held/ registered capital 持有股份/ 註冊股本類別	owne voti 本公	ng pow the Co 司持有之 及投票 2015	nterest ver held mpany 之擁有權 權比例	t and d by 權益 2014	Issued and fully paid share capital/registered capital已發行及繳足股本/註冊股本	Principal activities 主要業務
廣州駿新環境	竟監測有限公司#	The PRC 中國	Registered 註冊		100		-	RMB500,000 人民幣500,000 元	Trading of environmental protection products 買賣環保產品
廣州永翰投資	資管理有限公司 [®]	The PRC 中國	Registered 註冊		100		-	RMB50,000,000 人民幣50,000,000元	Property development 物業開發
廣州殷貿環	呆科技有限公司□	The PRC 中國	Registered 註冊		100		-	RMB5,000,000 人民幣5,000,000元	Trading of environmental protection products 買賣環保產品
廣州市迎瑞原 有限公司	房地產開發 (「迎瑞」) [@]	The PRC 中國	Registered 註冊		100		-	RMB16,000,000 人民幣16,000,000元	Property development 物業開發
by t nor any	* The non-voting deferred shares, which are not held by the Group, carry practically no rights to dividends nor to receive notice of nor to attend or vote at any general meeting of Riche Video Limited nor to participate in any distribution on winding up.					ž	*	有)實際並無分享 限公司任何股東力	延股份(並非由本集團持股息、接收豊采錄影有 會之通告或出席大會或 山,亦無在清盤時參與任
Hor	limited liability company (solely invested by Taiwan, Hong Kong or Macao legal person) established in the PRC.					#	#	於中國成立之有降 獨資)。	艮責任公司(台港澳法人
		company (solely in ed in the PRC.	nvested by le	egal		ı	μ	於中國成立之有限	責任公司(法人獨資)。
		ompany (solely inv established in the		eign		E	В	於中國成立之有際 業法人獨資)。	艮責任公司(外商投資企
[®] oth		bility company es	stablished in	the		6	@	於中國成立之其他	有限責任公司。

For the year ended 31 December 2015 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

51. PARTICULARS OF SUBSIDIARIES (Continued)

The Company directly holds the interest in Riche (BVI). All other subsidiaries are indirectly held by the Company.

None of the subsidiaries had issued any debt securities at the end of the year, except for Golden Stone Management Limited, which has issued the promissory note in the principal amount of HK\$30,000,000 to Sino Credit.

Except for EDS Wellness, the directors of the Company consider that Best Season Holdings Corp. and Gainful Fortune Limited, the non-wholly owned subsidiaries that have non-controlling interests, are not material to the Group. Accordingly, the financial information of Best Season Holdings Corp. and Gainful Fortune Limited is not separately presented in these consolidated financial statements.

Details of the material non-wholly owned subsidiary that has non-controlling interests

The table below shows details of the material non-wholly owned subsidiary of the Group that has material non-controlling interests:

51. 附屬公司之詳情(續)

本公司直接持有 Riche (BVI) 之權益。所有其他附屬公司均由本公司間接持有。

除 Golden Stone Management Limited 已向華銀發行本金額為30,000,000港元之承兑票據外,概無附屬公司已於年末發行任何債務證券。

除EDS Wellness外,本公司董事認為Best Season Holdings Corp.及Gainful Fortune Limited(為擁有非控股權益之非全資附屬公司)對本集團而言並非重大。因此Best Season Holdings Corp.之財務資料並無於該等綜合財務報表中分開呈列。

擁有非控股權益之重大非全資附屬公司 之詳情

下表載列本集團旗下擁有重大非控股權 益之重大非全資附屬公司之詳情:

Place of incorporation and Name of principal place subsidiary of business 附屬公司名稱 註冊成立地點及主要經營地點		interests rights he controllin 非控股權益	of ownership and voting Id by non- g interests &所持擁有權 &买權比例	Profit alloca controlling 分配予	ated to non- g interests 非控股 之溢利	Accumulated non- controlling interests 累計非控股權益	
		2015 二零一五年	2014 二零一四年	2015 二零一五年 <i>HK'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2014 二零一四年 <i>HK'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2015 二零一五年 <i>HK'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2014 二零一四年 HK'000 千港元
EDS Wellness	The Cayman Islands and continued in Bermuda 開曼群島及於百慕達存續	-	29.82%	(5,654)	(12,776)	-	11,792

The summarised consolidated financial information in respect of the EDS Wellness Group that has material non-controlling interests is set out below.

擁有重大非控股權益之EDS Wellness集團之綜合財務資料摘要載列如下。

For the year ended 31 December 2015 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

51. PARTICULARS OF SUBSIDIARIES (Continued)

51. 附屬公司之詳情(續)

Details of the material non-wholly owned subsidiary that has non-controlling interests (Continued)

擁有非控股權益之重大非全資附屬公司 之詳情(續)

		2015 二零一五年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2014 二零一四年 <i>HK\$</i> '000 <i>千港元</i>
Current assets Non-current assets Current liabilities Non-current liabilities Equity attributable to owners of the Company Non-controlling interests	流動資產 非流動資產 流動負債 非流動負債 本公司擁有人應佔權益 非控股權益	- - - -	59,451 30,915 (41,299) (11) 45,299 3,757
		For the period from 1 January 2015 to 6 November 2015 自二零一五年一月一日至二零一五年十一月六日期間 HK\$'000千港元	For the period from 2 July 2014 to 31 December 2014 自二零一四年七月二日至二零一四年十二月三十一日期間
Revenue Loss from operations Loss for the period	收益 業務虧損 期間虧損	37,021 (21,463) (22,988)	22,084 (47,043) (47,043)
Loss for the period attributable to owners of the Company Loss for the period attributable to non-controlling interests	本公司擁有人應佔期間虧損非控股權益應佔期間虧損	(17,333) (5,655)	(34,267) (12,776)
Loss for the period	期間虧損	(22,988)	(47,043)
Other comprehensive (expense)/income attributable to owners of the Company Other comprehensive income attributable to non-controlling interests	本公司擁有人應佔其他 全面(開支)/收入 非控股權益應佔其他全面收入	(1) —	1 –
Other comprehensive (expense)/income for the period	期間其他全面(開支)/收入	(1)	1
Total comprehensive expense attributable to owners of the Company Total comprehensive expense attributable to non-controlling interests	本公司擁有人應佔全面 開支總額 非控股權益應佔全面開支 總額	(17,334) (5,655)	(34,266) (12,776)
Total comprehensive expense for the period	期間全面開支總額	(22,989)	(47,042)
Dividends received from EDS Wellness during the period	期內已收 EDS Wellness 之股息	-	_

For the year ended 31 December 2015 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

51. PARTICULARS OF SUBSIDIARIES (Continued)

Details of the material non-wholly owned subsidiary that has non-controlling interests (Continued)

51. 附屬公司之詳情(續)

擁有非控股權益之重大非全資附屬公司 之詳情(續)

	For the period from 1 January 2015 to 6 November 2015 自二零一五年 一月一日至 二零一五年 十一月六日 期間 HK\$'000 千港元	For the period from 2 July 2014 to 31 December 2014 自二零一四年 七月二日至 二零一四年十二月三十一日 期間 HK\$'000 千港元
Net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities Net cash inflow/(outflow) from investing activities Net cash outflow from financing activities Net cash outflow from financing activities 經營活動產生之現金流入/(流出)淨 融資活動產生之現金流出淨額		(1,259) (412) (2,410)
Net cash inflow/(outflow) 現金流入/(流出)淨額	135,379	(4,081)

Change in ownership in a subsidiary

On 2 July 2014, the Group acquired 65.58% interest in EDS Wellness by converting the principal amount of HK\$25,000,000 of the convertible notes issued by EDS Wellness into 25,000,000 new shares in EDS Wellness at the initial conversion price of HK\$1.00 per share pursuant to the irrecoverable undertaking given by the Group in favour of EDS Wellness and Kingston Securities Limited on 25 June 2014.

On 22 July 2014, the Group subscribed for 12,500,000 new ordinary shares in EDS Wellness under the open offer as announced by EDS Wellness on 25 June 2014 at a subscription price of HK\$3.00 per share pursuant to the irrevocable undertaking dated 25 June 2014 given by the Group. After the completion of the open offer, the Group's shareholding interest in EDS Wellness remained at 65.58%.

On 28 August 2014, EDS Wellness allotted and issued 2,620,000 new ordinary shares by way of placing of new shares under general mandate and the Group's shareholding interest in EDS Wellness was diluted from 65.58% to 62.71%.

於附屬公司擁有權之變動

於二零一四年七月二日,根據本集團 於二零一四年六月二十五日以EDS Wellness及金利豐證券有限公司為受 益人作出之不可撤回承諾,本集團透 過按初步換股價每股1.00港元將EDS Wellness 發 行 的 本 金 額 為 25,000,000 港元之可換股票據兑換為25,000,000 股EDS Wellness新普通股,收購EDS Wellness 之 65.58% 持股權益。

於二零一四年七月二十二日,本集團根 據其於二零一四年六月二十五日作出之 不可撤回承諾,按每股3.00港元之認 購價認購EDS Wellness於二零一四年 六月二十五日所公佈之公開發售項下之 12,500,000 股 EDS Wellness 新 普 通 股。於公開發售完成後,本集團於EDS Wellness 之持股權益維持於65.58%。

於二零一四年八月二十八日,EDS Wellness根據一般授權以配售新股份 之方式配發及發行2,620,000股新普通 股,而本集團於EDS Wellness之持股權 益由 65.58% 攤薄至 62.71%。

For the year ended 31 December 2015 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

51. PARTICULARS OF SUBSIDIARIES (Continued)

Change in ownership in a subsidiary (Continued)

On 30 September 2014, the Group converted the remaining principal amount of HK\$15,000,000 of the convertible notes issued by EDS Wellness into 15,000,000 new ordinary shares in EDS Wellness at the initial conversion price of HK\$1.00 per share. As a result of the conversion, the Group's shareholding interest in EDS Wellness increased from 62.71% to 70.18%.

On 6 November 2015, EDS Wellness allotted and issued 345,000,000 new shares and 30,000,000 new convertible preferred shares to six subscribers. Upon the allotment and issue, the Group's shareholding interest in EDS Wellness was diluted from 70.18% to 12.51% and was deemed to dispose of a 57.67% shareholding interest in EDS Wellness. The deemed disposal was taken place on 6 November 2015.

52. MATERIAL RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Save as disclosed elsewhere in the consolidated financial statements, the Group entered into the following material related party transactions during the years ended 31 December 2015 and 2014:

Loan (from)/to related parties are as follows:

51. 附屬公司之詳情(續)

於附屬公司擁有權之變動(續)

於二零一四年九月三十日,本集團按初步換股價每股1.00港元將餘下本金額為15,000,000港元之EDS Wellness發行之可換股票據兑換為15,000,000股EDS Wellness新普通股。於此次兑換後,本集團於EDS Wellness之持股權益由62,71%增至70,18%。

於二零一五年十一月六日,EDS Wellness配發及發行345,000,000股新股份及30,000,000股新可換股優先股予六名認購人。配發及發行後,本集團於EDS Wellness之持股權益已由70.18%攤薄至12.51%,並視作出售於EDS Wellness之57.67%持股權益。視作出售事項已於二零一五年十一月六日完成。

52. 重大關聯人士交易

除本綜合財務報表其他部分所披露者 外,於截至二零一五年及二零一四年 十二月三十一日止年度,本集團訂立下 列重大關連人士交易:

向關連人士(收取)/提供貸款如下:

		2015 二零一五年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2014 二零一四年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
Amount due from an associate (Note a and note 31)	應收聯營公司款項 <i>(附註a及附註31)</i>	2,097	3,528
Interest bearing other borrowings from Koffman Investment (Note b and note 38)	來自高富民投資的 計息其他借款 <i>(附註b及附註38)</i>	_	(2,450)

Notes:

- (a) The financial assistance provided by the Group to an associate is not a connected transaction under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.
- (b) During the year ended 31 December 2015, interest on interest bearing other borrowings of HK\$6,000 (2014: HK\$15,000) was paid to Koffman Investment, which was 50% owned by Mr. Yu Zhen Hua Johnny (a former executive director of EDS Wellness). The financial assistance provided by Koffman Investment to EDS Distribution Limited is a connected transaction fully exempted from the connected transaction requirements under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules as the terms of the loan are better than the normal commercial terms and the loan is not secured by the assets of the EDS Wellness Group.

附註:

- (a) 本集團向聯營公司提供之財務資助並非上 市規則第14A章項下之關連交易。
- (b) 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度,已向高富民投資繳付6,000港元(二零一四年:15,000港元)之計息其他借款之息,高富民投資由EDS Wellness前载董事于鎮華先生持有50%股權。高民投資向EDS Distribution Limited 提則財務資明為一項完全豁免遵守上市規則乃由於資東之條款優於正常商業條款,及資款並未由EDS Wellness集團之資產抵押。

For the year ended 31 December 2015 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

52. MATERIAL RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

52. 重大關聯人士交易(續)

Compensation for key management personnel

The remuneration of executive directors and the Chief Executive Officer, who are key management, during the year was as follows:

主要管理人員薪酬

年內,執行董事及行政總裁(為主要管理 人員)之酬金如下:

> For the year ended 31 December 截至十二月三十一日止年度

	2015 二零一五年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2014 二零一四年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
Director fees Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind Discretionary bonus Contributions to retirement benefits scheme Equity-settled share-based payment expenses 董事袍金 薪金、津貼及實物福利 酌情花紅 退休福利計劃供款 以股權結算之股份支款開支	120 15,574 19,038 72 4,396	120 14,565 9,060 55 755
	39,200	24,555

Total remuneration is included in "staff costs" (see note 14 to the consolidated financial statements).

The remuneration of executive directors and the Chief Executive Officer is approved by the board of directors on the recommendation of the Remuneration Committee having regard to the duties and responsibilities of individuals.

Other transactions

(a) On 19 December 2014, the Group sold the entire issued share capital of Blu Spa Group Limited, a non-wholly owned subsidiary of the Company, to Koffman Investment at a nominal cash consideration of HK\$1. Blu Spa Group Limited held the entire equity interest in BSHK, which is the intermediate holding company of the BS Group. BSHK is in the process of being wound up and joint liquidators have been appointed for the winding up of BSHK. The transaction is a connected transaction fully exempted from the connected transaction requirements under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules as all the percentage ratios (other than profits ratio) in respect of the transaction are less than 0.1%.

總酬金乃計入「員工成本」(見綜合財務報 表附註14)。

執行董事及行政總裁之酬金乃由董事會 按薪酬委員會之推薦建議及參考各人之 職務及職責後批准。

其他交易

For the year ended 31 December 2015 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

52. MATERIAL RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

Other transactions (Continued)

(b) During the year ended 31 December 2015, EDS Distribution Limited, a non-wholly subsidiary of the Group, paid rental of HK\$25,000 (2014: HK\$240,000) to Koffman, which is wholly and beneficially owned by Mr. Yu Zhen Hua Johnny (a former executive director of EDS Wellness). The transaction is a connected transaction fully exempted from the connected transaction requirements under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules as all the percentage ratios (other than profits ratio) in respect of the transaction are less than 5% and the annual rental payment for each year during the 22-month tenancy ending on 31 January 2016 is less than HK\$3,000,000.

53. MAJOR NON-CASH TRANSACTIONS

During the year ended 31 December 2015, the Group had the following major non-cash investing and financing activities which are not reflected in the consolidated statement of cash flows:

- (a) part of the consideration for the acquisition of Smart Title was settled by (i) the allotment and issue of 1,500,000,000 ordinary shares of the Company at an issue price of HK\$0.70 per share to the shareholders of Jiuhao Health and (ii) the utilisation of the deposit for investment of HK\$60,000,000 paid to Jiuhao Health during the year ended 31 December 2014. Further details of the acquisition are set out in note 46 to the consolidated financial statements; and
- (b) part of the consideration for the acquisition of Best Volume was settled by the issue of the promissory note in the principal amount of HK\$30,000,000. Further details of the acquisition are set out in note 46 to the consolidated financial statements.

54. CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The primary objectives of the Group's capital management are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern and maintain healthy ratios in order to support its business and enhance shareholders' value.

The Group manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it, in light of changes in economic conditions. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the dividend payment to shareholders, return capital to shareholders, issue new shares or raise and repay debts. The Group's overall strategy remains unchanged from prior year.

52. 重大關聯人士交易(續)

其他交易(續)

(b) 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團之非全資附屬公司 EDS Distribution Limited已向 镇華先生(EDS Wellness之前執行 董事)全資及實益擁有的高富民年全 行租金25,000港元(二零一四完 240,000港元)。該交易為一項完 豁免遵守上市規則第14A章項於 謝連交易規定之關連交易,乃由於 關該交易之所有適用百分比零一內 關率除外)低於5%及截至二零中內 年一月三十一日止22個月租約中各 年之年度租金支付低於3,000,000 港元。

53. 主要非現金交易

於截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年 度,本集團有以下並未於綜合現金流量 表反映之主要非現金投資及融資活動:

- (a) 收購 Smart Title 之部份代價以(i) 按 每股 0.70 港元之發行價向 9 號健康 之股東配發及發行 1,500,000,000 股本公司普通股及(ii) 動用於截 至二零一四年十二月三十一日止 年度之已付 9 號健康之投資按金 60,000,000 港元作結算。有關該收 購事項之進一步詳情載於綜合財務 報表附註 46;及
- (b) 收購Best Volume之部份代價以發 行本金額為30,000,000港元之承 兑票據作結算。有關該收購事項之 進一步詳情載於綜合財務報表附註 46。

54. 資本風險管理

本集團管理資本之主要目標為保障本集 團持續經營之能力並維持穩健比率,以 支持其業務及提升股東價值。

本集團管理其資本結構並根據經濟情況 變化作出調整。為維持或調整資本結 構,本集團會調整向股東派發之股息、 向股東發還資本、發行新股或籌集及償 還債務。自上年度,本集團之整體策略 維持不變。

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54. CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

The Group monitors its capital structure by reference to its gearing ratio, which is the Group's total borrowings over equity attributable to owners of the Company. The gearing ratios as at 31 December 2015 and 2014 were as follows:

54. 資本風險管理(續)

本集團參考其資產負債比率(即本集團借款總額除以本公司擁有人應佔權益)監察其資本。於二零一五年及二零一四年十二月三十一日之資產負債比率如下:

		2015 二零一五年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2014 二零一四年 <i>HK</i> \$'000 <i>千港元</i>
Total borrowings (Note) Less: cash and cash equivalents	借款總額 <i>(附註)</i> 減:現金及現金等價物	214,007 (509,341)	10,374 (384,778)
Net cash	現金淨額	(295,334)	(374,404)
Equity attributable to owners of the Company	本公司擁有人應佔權益	3,352,310	2,144,651
Gearing ratio	資產負債比率	6.38%	0.48%

Note:

Total borrowings include other borrowings, promissory notes, obligations under finance leases and bank borrowings.

附註:

借款總額包括其他借款、承兑票據、融資租賃責 任及銀行借款。

55. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Categories of financial instruments

55. 金融工具

金融工具之類別

		2015 二零一五年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2014 二零一四年 <i>HK\$'</i> 000 <i>千港元</i>
Financial assets Loans and receivables (including cash and cash equivalents) Available-for-sale financial assets — Listed equity securities — Unlisted debt security Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss classified as held for trading investments	金融資產 貸款及應收款項(包括現金及 現金等價物) 可供出售金融資產 一上市股本證券 一非上市債務證券 分類為持作買賣投資之 按公平值計入損益表之 金融資產	1,145,345 262,500 172	1,381,394 68,715 172
Listed equity securities	一 上市股本證券	597,658	598,705
Financial liabilities Amortised cost	金融負債 攤銷成本	507,536	41,084

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55. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

Categories of financial instruments (Continued)

The Group's major financial instruments include loans receivables, trade receivables, other receivables, amount due from an associate, restricted bank deposits, cash and cash equivalents, available-for-sale financial assets, financial assets at fair value through profit or loss classified as held for trading investments, trade payables, deposits received, accruals and other payables, other borrowings, promissory notes, obligations under finance leases and bank borrowings.

Loans receivables, trade receivables, other receivables, amount due from an associate, restricted bank deposits and cash and cash equivalents are categorised under "loans and receivables".

Trade payables, deposits received, accruals and other payables, other borrowings, promissory notes, obligations under finance leases and bank borrowings are categorised under "amortised cost".

Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Group's overall risk management programme focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the Group's financial performance. These risks include market risk (including foreign exchange risk, interest rate risk and price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk.

55. 金融工具(續)

金融工具之類別(續)

應收貸款、貿易應收款項、其他應收款項、應收聯營公司款項、受限制銀行存款、現金及現金等價物分類為「貸款及應收款項」。

貿易應付款項、已收按金、應計費用及 其他應付款項、其他借款、承兑票據、 融資租賃責任及銀行借款分類為「攤銷成 本」。

財務風險管理目標及政策

本集團之整體風險管理計劃專注於金融市場之不可預測性,力求盡量減低對本集團財務表現之潛在不利影響。該等風險包括市場風險(包括外匯風險、利率風險及價格風險)、信貸風險及流動資金風險。

For the year ended 31 December 2015 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

55. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

Market risk

(a) Foreign exchange risk

The Group's operations are mainly in Hong Kong and the PRC. An entity within the Group is exposed to foreign exchange risk from commercial transactions and monetary assets and liabilities that are denominated in a currency that is not the entity's functional currency.

The Group engages in property investment business in the PRC through its local subsidiaries with Renminbi as their functional currency. These PRC subsidiaries are not exposed to foreign currency risk as their commercial transactions and monetary assets and liabilities are denominated in Renminbi.

Several subsidiaries of the Group with Hong Kong dollars as their functional currency have commercial transactions and monetary assets and liabilities that are denominated in United States dollars, British Pound, Euro, Australian dollars and Emirati Dirham.

The Group currently does not have a foreign currency hedging policy. It manages its foreign exchange risk by closely monitoring statement of financial position and cashflow exchange risk exposures and where considered appropriate using financial instruments, such as forward exchange contracts, foreign currency options and forward rate agreements, to hedge the foreign exchange risk.

55. 金融工具(續)

財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

市場風險

(a) 外匯風險

本集團之經營主要位於香港及中國。本集團一間實體面臨外匯風險,其由商業交易及以並非該實體功能貨幣之貨幣計值之貨幣資產及負債產生。

本集團通過其以人民幣作為功能貨幣之國內附屬公司在中國從事物業投資業務。該等中國附屬公司並無面臨外匯風險,原因為其商業交易以及貨幣資產及負債乃以人民幣計值。

本集團以港元為其功能貨幣之若干 附屬公司擁有以美元、英磅、歐 元、澳元及阿聯酋迪拉姆計值之商 業交易以及貨幣資產及負債。

本集團現時並無外幣對沖政策。本 集團管理其外幣風險,密切監測財 務狀況表及現金流匯兑風險,並在 其認為適用的情況下使用金融工具 (如遠期外匯合約、外匯期權及遠 期利率協議)對沖該匯兑風險。

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55. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

Market risk (Continued)

(a) Foreign exchange risk (Continued)

At 31 December 2015, the Group's entities with functional currency of Hong Kong dollars had the aggregate net monetary liabilities denominated in United States dollars of HK\$8,458,000 (2014: HK\$10,714,000). Given that Hong Kong dollars are pegged to United States dollars, the directors of the Company consider that there is no significant foreign exchange risk with respect to United States dollars.

At 31 December 2015, the Group's entities with functional currency of Hong Kong dollars had the aggregate net monetary assets denominated in British Pound, Euro, Australian dollars and Emirati Dirham of HK\$1,268,000 (2014: Nil). Given that the aggregate net monetary assets denominated in these foreign currencies is less than 1.00% of the Group's consolidated net assets at 31 December 2015, the directors of the Company consider that the net monetary assets of these currencies are not significant to the Group at the end of the reporting period. Accordingly, no sensitivity analysis is prepared and disclosed.

55. 金融工具(續)

財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

市場風險(續)

(a) 外匯風險(續)

於二零一五年十二月三十一日,本集團以港元為功能貨幣之實體擁有以美元計值之貨幣負債淨值總額8,458,000港元(二零一四年:10,714,000港元)。鑒於港元與美元掛鈎,本公司董事認為並無有關美元之重大外匯風險。

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55. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

Market risk (Continued)

(b) Interest rate risk

The Group is exposed to interest rate risk through the impact of rate changes on interest bearing assets and liabilities. Cash flow interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will impact cash flows arising from variable rate financial instruments. The Group's interest bearing assets mainly include deposits at bank and loans receivables. The Group's loans receivables carry fixed interest rates, which exposes the Group to fair value interest rate risk. The Group's bank borrowings are affected by fluctuation of the benchmark interest rate of The People's Bank of China and expose the Group to cash flow interest rate risk.

The Group currently does not have an interest rate hedging policy. It manages its interest rate risk by closely monitoring the interest rate movements and where considered appropriate using financial instruments to hedge the interest rate risk.

If the benchmark interest rate of The People's Bank of China had been 50 basis points (2014: N/A) higher/lower with all other variables held constant, the Group's profit before taxation for the year ended 31 December 2015 would have been HK\$920,000 higher/lower (2014: N/A).

55. 金融工具(續)

財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

市場風險(續)

(b) 利率風險

本集團現時並無利率對沖政策。本 集團透過密切監察利率變動及在適 合時動用金融工具對沖利率風險以 管理其利率風險。

倘中國人民銀行之基準利率增加/減少50個基點(二零一四年:不適用),而所有其他變數維持不變,本集團於截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度之除稅前溢利將增加/減少920,000港元(二零一四年:不適用)。

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55. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

Market risk (Continued)

(b) Interest rate risk (Continued)

The sensitivity analysis has been determined assuming that the change in the benchmark interest rate of The People's Bank of China had occurred throughout the year and had been applied to the exposure to interest rate risk for financial instruments in existence at the end of the reporting period. The 50 basis points (2014: N/A) increase or decrease represents the directors' assessment of a reasonably possible change in the benchmark interest rate of The People's Bank of China which has the most impact on the Group over the period until the end of next reporting period.

(c) Price risk

The Group is exposed to equity securities price risk arising from the listed equity securities held by the Group. Gains and losses arising from changes in the fair value of available-for-sale financial assets and financial assets at fair value through profit or loss classified as held for trading investments are dealt with in other comprehensive income and profit or loss respectively.

The Group manages its price risk by regularly monitoring equity portfolio to address any portfolio issues promptly and spreading price risk exposure by investing a number of listed equity securities.

At 31 December 2015, if the price of listed equity securities in available-for-sale financial assets had been 15% (2014: 15%) higher/lower with all other variables held constant, the Group's other comprehensive income for the year ended 31 December 2015 would have been HK\$39,375,000 (2014: HK\$10,307,000) higher/lower. The sensitivity analysis has been determined based on a reasonable expectation of possible valuation volatility over the next 12 months.

55. 金融工具(續)

財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

市場風險(續)

(b) 利率風險(續)

敏感度分析乃假設全年均存在中國 人民銀行之基準利率變動而釐率 強獲應用在於報告期末存有利多 險之金融工具。上升或下跌50個 基點(二零一四年:不適用)代表 事就直至下個報告期末期間對本 事影響最大之中國人民銀行之基準 利率可能出現的合理變動作出之評 估。

(c) 價格風險

本集團面臨由本集團持有之上市股本證券所產生之股本證券價格風險。可供出售金融資產及分類為持作買賣投資按公平值計入損益表之金融資產公平值變動產生之收益及虧損,分別於其他全面收益表以及損益表內處理。

本集團定期監察股本組合以即時處 理任何組合事宜達致管理價格風 險,並以投資多項上市股本證券分 散價格風險。

於二零一五年十二月三十一日,倘可供出售金融資產之上市股本四年:15%),而所有其他變數維持不變,本集團於截至二零一五年中一日止年度之其他全面收入將增加/減少39,375,000港元(二零一四年:10,307,000港元)。敏感度分析乃根據未來12個月之可能估值波動之合理預期而釐定。

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55. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

Market risk (Continued)

(c) Price risk (Continued)

At 31 December 2015, if the price of listed equity securities in financial assets at fair value through profit or loss had been 15% (2014: 15%) higher/lower with all other variables held constant, the Group's profit before taxation for the year ended 31 December 2015 would have been HK\$89,649,000 (2014: HK\$89,806,000) higher/lower. The sensitivity analysis has been determined based on a reasonable expectation of possible valuation volatility over the next 12 months.

Credit risk

The credit risk of the Group mainly arises from deposits with banks, trade receivables, loans receivables and balance receivable from an associate. The exposures to these credit risks are regularly monitored on an ongoing basis by established credit policies in each of the Group's core businesses.

Bank deposits are mainly placed with highcredit-quality financial institutions. Trade receivables mainly include receivables from sale of jewelry products and lease of properties. Loans receivables include receivables from loans granted to customers which carry fixed interest rates. The Group carries out regular reviews and follow-up actions on any overdue amounts to minimise exposures to credit risk. There is no significant concentration of credit risk with respect to trade receivables and loans receivables from third party customers as the customer bases are widely dispersed. The directors of the Company review the recoverable amount of each individual trade receivables, loans receivables and debt investment at the end of each reporting period to ensure that adequate impairment losses are made for irrecoverable amounts.

In addition, the Group monitors the exposure to credit risk in respect of the financial assistance provided to associates through exercising significant influence over their financial and operating policy decisions and reviewing their financial positions on a regular basis.

55. 金融工具(續)

財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

市場風險(續)

(c) 價格風險(續)

於二零一五年十二月三十一日,倘 按公平值計入損益表之之/減少15% (二零一四年:15%),而所有至之 變數維持不變,本集團於在至之之 變數維持不變,本集團止年至之 稅前溢利將增加/減少89,649,000 港元(二零一四年:89,806,000港 元)。敏感度分析乃根據未來12個 月之。

信貸風險

本集團之信貸風險主要由銀行存款、貿易應收款項、應收貸款及來自聯營公司 應收結餘產生。該等信貸風險透過於本 集團各核心業務建立之信貸政策按持續 基準定期監察。

此外,本集團透過行使對聯營公司之財 務及營運政策決定之重大影響力及定期 審閱彼等之財務狀況,監測提供予彼等 之財務資助之信貸風險。

For the year ended 31 December 2015 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

55. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

Liquidity risk

Ultimate responsibility for liquidity risk rests with the board of directors of the Company, which has built an appropriate liquidity risk management framework to meet the Group's short, medium and long-term funding and liquidity management requirements. The Group manages its liquidity risk by regularly monitoring liquidity and statement of financial position, maintaining appropriate liquidity to cover commitments, limiting liquidity risk exposure by investing only in securities listed on major stock exchanges, and ensuring acceptable and appropriate finance in place, or believed to be available before committing investment projects.

The following tables detail the Group's remaining contractual maturity for its non-derivative financial liabilities. The tables have been drawn up based on the undiscounted cash flows of the financial liabilities based on the earliest date on which the Group can be required to pay. The tables include both interest and principal cash flows.

55. 金融工具(續)

財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

流動資金風險

下表詳列本集團的非衍生金融負債之餘 下合約到期情況。該表根據本集團須付 款的最早日期之金融負債未貼現現金流 量而編製。該表包括利息及本金現金流 量。

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55. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

55. 金融工具(續)

Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

Liquidity risk (Continued)

流動資金風險(續)

		Weighted average effective rate 加權平均 實際利率	Within 1 year or on demand 1年內或 按要求 HK\$*000 千港元	1 to 5 years 1至5年 HK\$'000 千港元	Over 5 years 5年以上 HK\$'000 千港元	Total undiscounted cash flows 未貼現 總現金流量 HK\$*000	Total carrying amount 賬面總值 HK\$'000 千港元
2015	二零一五年						
Trade payables	貿易應付款項	-	40,220	-	_	40,220	40,220
Deposits received, accruals and	已收按金、應計費用及 其他應付款項		161.010	00 000		052 200	052 200
other payables Promissory notes	承兑票據		161,019 30,000	92,290	_	253,309 30,000	253,309 30,000
Bank borrowings	銀行借款	6.49%	30,940	123,757	41,229	195.926	184,007
			262,179	216,047	41,229	519,455	507,536
0014	一命 四年						
2014 Trade payables	二零一四年 貿易應付款項	_	13,165	_	_	13,165	13,165
Accruals and other payables	應計費用及其他應付款項	_	17,545	_	_	17,545	17,545
Other borrowings	其他借款	5%	3,930	_	_	3,930	3,850
Promissory notes	承兑票據	12%	6,051	_	_	6,051	6,069
Obligations under finance leases	融資租賃責任	3%	509	11	_	520	455
			41,200	11	_	41,211	41,084

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55. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

Fair value measurements of financial instruments

The fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities are determined as follows:

- the fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities with standard terms and conditions and traded in active markets are determined with reference to quoted market bid prices and ask prices respectively;
- the fair values of derivative instruments are calculated using quoted prices. When such prices are not available, a discounted cash flow analysis is performed using the applicable yield curve for the duration of the instruments for non-optional derivatives, and option pricing models for optional derivatives; and
- the fair values of other financial assets and financial liabilities (excluding those described above) are determined in accordance with generally accepted pricing models based on discounted cash flow analysis.

The directors of the Company consider that the carrying amounts of financial assets and financial liabilities recognised in the consolidated financial statements approximate to their fair values.

55. 金融工具(續)

金融工具之公平值計量

金融資產及金融負債之公平值乃根據以 下各項釐定:

- 具標準條款及條件並於活躍流通市場買賣之金融資產及金融負債之公平值參考市場買入報價及賣出報價釐定;
- 衍生工具之公平值乃使用報價計算 得出。倘未能取得有關報價,則非 期權衍生工具以該工具年期之適用 收益率曲線,以及期權衍生工具之 期權定價模式進行貼現現金流量分 析;及
- 其他金融資產及金融負債(不包括 上述者)之公平值乃根據使用貼現 現金流量分析之普遍採納定價模型 釐定。

本公司董事認為於綜合財務報表內確認 之金融資產及金融負債之賬面值與其公 平值相若。

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55. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

Fair value measurements of financial instruments (Continued)

The following table presents the fair value of the Group's financial instruments measured at the end of the reporting period on a recurring basis, categorised into the three-level fair value hierarchy as defined in HKFRS 13 Fair Value Measurement. The level into which a fair value measurement is classified is determined with reference to the observability and significance of the inputs used in the valuation technique as follows:

- Level 1 valuations: fair value measured using only Level 1 inputs i.e. unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities at the measurement date:
- Level 2 valuations: fair value measured using Level 2 inputs i.e. observable inputs which fail to meet Level 1, and not using significant unobservable inputs. Unobservable inputs are inputs for which market data are not available; and
- Level 3 valuations: fair value measured using significant unobservable inputs.

Fair value of the Group's financial instruments that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis

55. 金融工具(續)

金融工具之公平值計量(續)

下表呈列本集團於報告期末按經常性基準計量之金融工具公平值,並根據香港財務報告準則第13號公平值計量所界定之公平值等級分為三個級別。公平值計量之級別分類乃經參考以下估值技巧所用之輸入數據之可觀察性及重要性而釐定:

- 第1級估值:僅使用第1級輸入數據計量之公平值,即於計量日期採用相同資產或負債於活躍市場之未經調整報價;
- 第2級估值:使用第2級輸入數據 計量之公平值,即可觀察之輸入數 據,其未能滿足第1級之要求,但 亦不屬於重大不可觀察之輸入數 據。不可觀察輸入數據為無市場數 據之輸入數據;及
- 第3級估值:使用重大不可觀察輸入數據計量之公平值。

按經常性基準以公平值計量之本集團金 融工具之公平值

Financial assets	金融資產	Fair value at 31 December 2015 於二零一五年 十二月三十一日 之公平值 <i>HK\$</i> '000 <i>千港元</i>	2014 於二零一四年 十二月三十一日	Fair value hierarchy 公平值等級	Valuation techniques and key inputs 估值技術及 主要輸入數據
Available-for-sale financial assets — Listed equity securities	可供出售金融資產 一 上市股本證券	262,500	68,715	Level 1 第 1級	Quoted bid prices in active markets 於活躍市場所報之買入價
Financial assets at fair value though profit or loss classified as held for trading investments	分類為持作買賣投資之 按公平值計入損益之 3 金融資產				
Listed equity securities	- 上市股本證券	597,658	598,705	Level 1 第 1級	Quoted bid prices in active markets 於活躍市場所報之買入價

For the year ended 31 December 2015 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

55. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

Fair value measurements of financial instruments (Continued)

Fair value of the Group's financial instruments that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis (Continued)

Details of the fair value hierarchy of the Group's financial instruments at 31 December 2015 and 2014 are as follows:

55. 金融工具(續)

金融工具之公平值計量(續)

按經常性基準以公平值計量之本集團金 融工具之公平值(續)

有關於二零一五年及二零一四年十二月 三十一日,本集團金融工具公平值之等 級詳情如下:

		Level 1 第1級					vel 3 3級		Total 總計	
Financial assets	金融資產	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元	2014 二零一四年 HK\$'000 <i>千港元</i>	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元	2014 二零一四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元	2014 二零一四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元	2014 二零一四年 HK\$'000 <i>千港元</i>	
Available-for-sale financial assets — Listed equity securities Financial assets at fair value though profit or loss classified as held for	可供出售金融資產 一上市股本證券 分類為持作買賣投資 之按公平值計入 損益表之金融	262,500	68,715	-	-	-	-	262,500	68,715	
trading investments - Listed equity securities	資產 一 上市股本證券	597,658	598,705	_	-	_	-	597,658	598,705	
		860,158	667,420	_	_	_	-	860,158	667,420	

During the years ended 31 December 2015 and 2014, there were no transfers between Level 1 and 2, or transfers into or out of Level 3.

The Group's policy is to recognise transfers between levels of fair value hierarchy as of the date of the events or change in circumstances that cause the transfer.

於截至二零一五年及二零一四年十二月 三十一日止年度,第1及第2級之間概無 轉撥,亦無轉入或轉出第3級。

本集團之政策為於引致轉撥之事件或情況變化當日確認公平值等級之間之轉撥。

For the year ended 31 December 2015 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

56. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

- (a) On 15 April 2010, a claim was brought by China Finance & Assets Management Limited ("China Finance") in High Court Action No. 526 of 2010 against Rexdale, for failing to pay a service fee in the sum of HK\$25,000,000 to China Finance. No provision for the claim was made in the consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2015 as Lafe Corporation Limited, the beneficial owner of Rexdale prior to the acquisition of the entire issued share capital of Rexdale by One Synergy in December 2010, has undertaken to indemnify and keep indemnified the Group against any and all losses, claims, damages, penalties, actions, demands, proceedings, judgement and costs arising from or in connection with the claim.
- (b) On 20 March 2014, the Company announced that it came to its attention that a writ of summons in High Court Action No.9 of 2014 was issued by The Grande Holdings Limited (in liquidation), Roderick John Sutton (as joint and several provisional liquidator of The Grande Holdings Limited), Fok Hei Yu (as joint and several provisional liquidator of The Grande Holdings Limited) and 65 other companies listed as plaintiffs against 25 defendants inclusive of One Synergy, One Synergy has, as at the date of this annual report, not been served with the writ.

The action alleges, inter alia, that One Synergy is liable to the plaintiffs as a constructive trustee and/or by way of equitable compensation and/or an accounts of profits and/or restitution and/or damages as a knowing recipient and/or by reason of the knowing or dishonest assistance in the breaches of trust and/or breaches of fiduciary duties by various of the defendants and/or by reason of dealings between One Synergy and the plaintiffs otherwise being voidable (and avoided), void, unlawful or illegal, in respect of its receipt of the shares in The Grande Properties Ltd. (now known as Rexdale).

56. 或然負債

- (a) 於二零一零年四月十五日, China Finance & Assets Management Limited (「China Finance」) 在高等法院二零一零年第526號 訴訟中就未能向China Finance 支付為數25,000,000港元之服 務費向Rexdale提出申索。由於 Lafe Corporation Limited(於二 零一零年十二月One Synergy收 購Rexdale之全部已發行股本前為 Rexdale 之實益擁有人)已承諾彌償 並令本集團免受因申索而產生或與 此有關之任何及一切損失、申索、 損害賠償、罰款、訴訟、要求、法 律程序、判決及成本, 故並無就提 出之申索於本集團截至二零一五年 十二月三十一日止年度之綜合財務 報表計提撥備。
- (b) 於二零一四年三月二十日,本公司宣佈其獲悉嘉域集團有限公司(清盤中)、沈仁諾(作為嘉域集團有限公司之共同及個別臨時清盤人)、 霍羲禹(作為嘉域集團有限公司之共同及個別臨時清盤人)及65間其他公司作為原告人在高等法院二零一四年第9號訴訟中向25名被告人,當中包括One Synergy尚未獲送達該令狀。

該訴訟指稱(其中包括) One Synergy 須就收取The Grande Properties Ltd. (現稱為 Rexdale) 之股份,作為法律構定之受託人及/或透透人與實別及/或復還及/或復還及人頭實協與之或復還及不誠實協與受無過人。 或因在知情託及/或違反與所見。 或因在知情託及/或違反與原子 或因不知情說,無效責 以其行的交易於其他情況下或違 以其行的交易於其他情況下或違 以其行的交易於其他情況, 以其行的原告人負上法律責任。

For the year ended 31 December 2015 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

56. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES (Continued)

(b) (Continued)

Riche (BVI), acquired the entire issued share capital of Adelio Holdings Limited, which is the holding company of One Synergy, from Vartan Holdings Limited, an independent third party, pursuant to a sale and purchase agreement dated 25 May 2011. One Synergy acquired the entire issued share capital of Rexdale from Lafe Corporation Limited, being one of the defendants, pursuant to a sale and purchase agreement dated 31 December 2010 (the "Agreement"). The entire issued share capital of Rexdale was sold by The Grande (Nominees) Ltd., being one of the plaintiffs, and The Grand Limited to Lafe Corporation Limited on or about 29 June 2007. The principal assets of Rexdale were the whole of the 1st floor and the flat roof, the whole of 6th to 12th floors, roof, external walls, two lavatories, three lorry parking spaces and eight private car parking spaces on the ground floor of an industrial building located in Kwun Tong, Kowloon, Hong Kong with a total gross floor of approximately 139,412 square feet exclusive of lavatories, lorry and private car parking spaces, flat roof and roof (collectively, the "Kwun Tong Properties"). The Kwun Tong Properties was sold by Rexdale to Grand Reward Limited, an independent third party, in July 2013.

One Synergy has sought counsel opinion on the writ and has been advised to defend the plaintiffs' claim in the said action. Counsel has advised that, based upon available evidence, there is nothing unusual in the Agreement and One Synergy would not have any express or constructive notice of the plaintiffs' alleged irregularities and/or fraudulent acts of the former directors and/ or management officers of the plaintiffs and One Synergy should not be held liable to any part of the plaintiffs' claim and has good and valid defence thereto.

56. 或然負債(續)

(b) *(續)*

Riche (BVI)根據於二零一一年五月 二十五日訂立之買賣協議向獨立第 三方Vartan Holdings Limited收 購Adelio Holdings Limited(One Synergy 之控股公司)之全部已發行 股本。One Synergy根據於二零一 零年十二月三十一日訂立之買賣協 議(「該協議」)向 Lafe Corporation Limited(其中一名被告人)收購 Rexdale之全部已發行股本。 Rexdale之全部已發行股本由The Grande (Nominees) Ltd.(其中一 名原告人)及The Grand Limited於 二零零七年六月二十九日或前後出 售予Lafe Corporation Limited。 Rexdale之主要資產為一座位於香 港九龍觀塘之工業大廈之一樓全層 及天臺(平面)、六至十二樓全層、 天臺、外牆、兩個洗手間、大廈地 下之三個貨車車位及八個私家車車 位,總建築面積約為139,412平方 尺(不包括洗手間、貨車及私家車 泊車位、天臺(平面)及天臺)(統 稱「觀塘物業」)。觀塘物業於二零 一三年七月由 Rexdale 出售予獨立 第三方泛禧有限公司。

For the year ended 31 December 2015 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

56. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES (Continued)

(c) On 1 April 2015, Zhanjang City No. 4 Construction Engineering Co, Ltd. (the "Contractor") commenced a lawsuit against Yingrui at the People's Court of Yuexiu District, Guangzhou City with respect to certain outstanding payment of approximately RMB11,427,000 (not including accrued interest) (equivalent to HK\$13,644,000) under the construction contract between Yingrui and the Contractor for the construction of the Guangzhou Property. The disputed amount of the lawsuit includes working progress fee of RMB1,420,000 (equivalent to HK\$1,696,000), performance bond of RMB1,000,000 (equivalent to HK\$1,194,000) and construction fee of approximately RMB9,007,000 (equivalent to HK\$10,754,000). On 7 April 2015, the People's Court of Yuexiu District, Guangzhou City upon application of the Contractor, issued a seizure order on certain units within the Guangzhou Property to protect the interest of the Contractor to the extent of approximately RMB15,000,000 (equivalent to HK\$17,910,000) in value. The lawsuit is now pending further review by the People's Court of Yuexiu District, Guangzhou City.

No provision for the lawsuit was made in the consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2015 as Best Volume has secured an unconditional undertaking from Ace Guide Holdings Limited, the ultimate beneficial owner of Yingrui prior to the acquisition by Best Volume in October 2014, under which Ace Guide Holdings Limited has agreed to pay to Best Volume or its assignee by way of damages an amount equal to any and all losses incurred by Yingrui and/or Best Volume resulting from, arising out of or in relation to the lawsuit, including without limitation payment under final effective judgment or settlement, and all other costs and expenses incurred in relation to the lawsuit.

56. 或然負債(續)

(c) 於二零一五年四月一日, 湛江市第 四建築工程有限公司(「承包商」)就 就其與迎瑞有關建造廣州物業之建 設工程施工合同下尚未支付之若干 款項約人民幣11.427.000元(未包 括應計利息)(相等於13,644,000港 元)在廣州市越秀區人民法院向迎 瑞提起訴訟。訴訟爭議之款項包括 在建工程費用人民幣1,420,000元 (相等於1,696,000港元)、履約保 證 金 人 民 幣 1,000,000 元(相 等 於 1,194,000港元)及建造費約人民幣 9,007,000元(相等於10,754,000 港元)。二零一五年四月七日, 廣州市越秀區人民法院按承包商 申請,對廣州物業內數個單位發 出查封令,以保存承包商價值達 約人民幣15,000,000元(相等於 17,910,000港元)之權益。訴訟現 正等待廣州市越秀區人民法院進一 步覆議。

For the year ended 31 December 2015 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度

57. EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

- (a) On 8 January 2016 and 11 January 2016, the directors proposed to obtain a 12-month mandate from the shareholders for a possible disposal of up to 52,500,000 shares in EDS Wellness held by the Group on open market transactions on the Stock Exchange. The disposal mandate constitutes a very substantial disposal to the Company under the Listing Rules and is subject to approval by the shareholders at a special general meeting of the Company.
- (b) On 18 February 2016, the Company allotted and issued 536,000,000 new shares at an issue price of HK\$0.125 per share by way of placing of new shares under general mandate raising HK\$64,490,000 (net of expenses) for financing the Group's design and sale of jewelry products business and money lending business.
- (c) Impacted by worries over slumping oil prices and slowing growth in Mainland China, the fair value of the financial assets at fair value through profit or loss and the availablefor-sale financial assets held by the Group decreased from HK\$860,330,000 at 31 December 2015 to HK\$750,858,000 at the date of the annual report.

58. COMPARATIVE AMOUNTS

Certain comparative amounts have been reclassified to conform with current year presentation. In the opinion of the directors of the Company, such reclassifications provide a more appropriate presentation of the Group's business segments.

59. APPROVAL OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

These consolidated financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 31 March 2016.

57. 呈報期後事項

- (a) 於二零一六年一月八日及二零一六年一月十一日,董事建議就於聯交所以公開市場交易可能出售本集團持有之最多52,500,000股EDS Wellness股份向股東取得12個月授權。該出售授權構成上市規則項下本公司之非常重大出售事項,並須待股東於本公司股東特別大會上批准,方告落實。
- (b) 於二零一六年二月十八日,本公司根據一般授權以配售新股份之形式按每股0.125港元之發行價配發及發行536,000,000股新股份,籌集64,490,000港元(扣除開支)以撥付本集團之設計及銷售珠寶業務以及借貸業務。
- (c) 受油價下跌及中國內地經濟增長 放緩之憂慮所影響,本集團持有 按公平值計入損益表之金融資產 及可供出售金融資產之公平值由 二零一五年十二月三十一日之 860,330,000港元減少至年報日期 之750,858,000港元。

58. 比較金額

若干比較金額已重新分類,以符合本年度之呈列。本公司董事認為,重新分類 有助更適當地呈列本集團之業務分部。

59. 批准綜合財務報表

本綜合財務報表已於二零一六年三月 三十一日經董事會批准及授權刊發。

Five-Year Financial Summary 五年財務概要

		For the year ended 31 December 截至十二月三十一日止年度					
		2015 二零一五年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2014 二零一四年 <i>HK</i> \$'000 <i>千港元</i>	2013 二零一三年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2012 二零一二年 <i>HK</i> \$'000 <i>千港元</i>	2011 二零一一年 <i>HK</i> \$'000 <i>千港元</i>	
Results	業績						
Revenue	收益	184,780	88,671	25,793	67,442	79,174	
Profit/(loss) from operations	經營溢利/(虧損)	132,451	278,310	106,103	207,494	(187,854)	
Finance costs	融資費用	(1,609)	_	_			
Profit/(loss) before taxation	除税前溢利/(虧損)	130,842	278,310	106,103	207,494	(187,854)	
Income tax (expense)/ credit	所得税(開支)/抵免	(8,253)	(6,898)	(5,560)	(1,236)	32,598	
Profit/(loss) for the year from continuing operations	來自持續經營業務之 本年度溢利/ (虧損)	122,589	271,412	100,543	206,258	(155,256)	
Loss for the year from discontinued operations	來自已終止經營業務 之本年度虧損	(22,988)	(46,112)	(3,306)	_		
Profit/(loss) for the year	本年度溢利/(虧損)	99,601	225,300	97,237	206,258	(155,256)	
Dividends	股息	_	_	_	_	198,359	
			At 31 December 於十二月三十一日				
		2015 二零一五年 <i>HK\$</i> '000 <i>千港元</i>	2014 二零一四年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2013 二零一三年 <i>HK</i> \$'000 <i>千港元</i>	2012 二零一二年 <i>HK</i> \$'000 <i>千港元</i>	2011 二零一一年 <i>HK</i> \$'000 <i>千港元</i>	
Assets and liabilities	資產及負債						
Total assets Total liabilities	資產總值 負債總額	4,430,846 1,078,541	2,243,314 (86,873)	1,851,699 (26,330)	1,603,612 (81,660)	1,263,432 (25,797)	
Net assets	資產淨值	3,352,305	2,156,441	1,825,369	1,521,952	1,237,635	
Capital and reserves attributable to the owners of the Company Non-controlling interest	本公司擁有人 應佔股本及 儲備 非控股權益	3,352,310 (5)	2,144,651 11,790	1,825,372 (3)	1,521,954 (2)	1,237,636 (1)	
		3,352,305	2,156,441	1,825,369	1,521,952	1,237,635	



(Incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability) (於百慕達註冊成立之有限公司)

(Stock Code 股份代號: 764)

