

香港交易及結算所有限公司及香港聯合交易所有限公司對本公告的內容概不負責，對其準確性或完整性亦不發表任何聲明，並明確表示，概不對因本公告全部或任何部分內容而產生或因倚賴該等內容而引致的任何損失承擔任何責任。



新傳媒集團控股有限公司
NEW MEDIA GROUP HOLDINGS LIMITED

(於香港註冊成立之有限公司)

(股份代號：708)

海外監管公告

本公告是由新傳媒集團控股有限公司(「本公司」)根據香港聯合交易所有限公司證券上市規則第13.10B條而作出。

以下附件是本公司依台灣相關證券法律的規定於二零一三年十月九日在台灣證券交易所股份有限公司網頁刊發的公告。

承董事會命
新傳媒集團控股有限公司
執行董事兼行政總裁
許佩斯

香港，二零一三年十月九日

於本公告發表日，董事會成員為：

執行董事：

許佩斯女士
李志強先生
黃志輝先生
范敏嫦女士

獨立非執行董事：

許惠敏女士
謝顯年先生
關倩鸞女士

新傳媒集團控股有限公司及子公司

民國 102 年度
財務報告暨會計師複核報告
(上市之台灣存託憑證用外國公司財務報告)

§目 錄§

| <u>內</u> | <u>容</u> | <u>附件編號</u> |
|---|----------|-------------|
| 本國會計師複核報告 | | 一 |
| 按新台幣換算之主要財務報表 | | 二 |
| (一) 合併財務狀況表 | | |
| (二) 合併綜合損益表 | | |
| (三) 合併權益變動表 | | |
| (四) 合併現金流量表 | | |
| 依中華民國一般公認會計原則重編後之主要財務報表 | | 三 |
| (一) 重編後合併資產負債表 | | |
| (二) 重編後合併損益表 | | |
| (三) 合併資產負債表及損益表重編說明(含合併財 務報表重編原則及中華民國及香港財務報導 準則之差異彙總說明) | | |
| 外國會計師之查核報告(中譯本) | | 四 |
| 財務報表及其相關附註或附表(中譯本) | | 四 |
| 外國會計師之查核報告(原文) | | 五 |
| 財務報表及其相關附註或附表(原文) | | 五 |

附 件 一

會計師複核報告

新傳媒集團控股有限公司 公鑒：

新傳媒集團控股有限公司及子公司按香港財務報告準則（Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards）及香港公司條例之揭露規定（the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance）編製之民國 102 年及 101 年 6 月 30 日之合併財務狀況表，暨民國 101 年 7 月 1 日至 102 年 6 月 30 日及 100 年 7 月 1 日至 101 年 6 月 30 日之合併綜合損益表及其相關資訊（金額以港幣為單位），業經香港德勤·關黃陳方會計師行（Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu）查核完竣，並分別於民國 102 年 9 月 24 日及民國 101 年 9 月 26 日出具無保留意見之查核報告（詳附件五）。又新傳媒集團控股有限公司及子公司上述財務報表依新台幣換算表示之資訊（詳附件二）及上述財務報表之中譯本（詳附件四）暨依中華民國一般公認會計原則重編後之合併資產負債表及合併損益表（詳附件三），業經本會計師依照金融監督管理委員會 101.12.13 金管證審字第 1010056540 號函發布之「第二上市（櫃）公司財務報告複核要點（以下簡稱複核要點）」，採行必要之複核程序予以複核竣事。由於本會計師並未依照中華民國一般公認審計準則查核，故無法對上開財務報表之整體是否允當表達表示意見。

依本會計師之複核結果，本會計師並未發現第一段所述新傳媒集團控股有限公司及子公司按新台幣換算之主要合併財務報表暨依中華民國一般公認會計原則重編後之合併資產負債表及合併損益表，有違反上述「複核要點」規定而須作大幅修正、調整或再補充揭露之情事；本會計

師亦未發現第一段所述新傳媒集團控股有限公司及子公司民國102及101
年度合併財務報表中譯本內容與原文有重大不符而須作修正之情事。

勤業眾信聯合會計師事務所

會計師 邱 政 俊

邱 政 俊



會計師 陳 俊 宏

陳 俊 宏



財政部證券暨期貨管理委員會核准文號
台財證六字第 0920123784 號

行政院金融監督管理委員會核准文號
金管證審字第 0990031652 號

中 華 民 國 102 年 9 月 24 日

附 件 二

新傳媒集團控股有限公司及子公司

合併財務狀況表

民國 102 年及 101 年 6 月 30 日

單位：仟元

| | 102 年 6 月 30 日 | | 101 年 6 月 30 日 | |
|------------|-------------------|---------------------|-------------------|---------------------|
| | 港幣 | 新台幣 | 港幣 | 新台幣 |
| 非流動資產 | | | | |
| 不動產、廠房及設備 | \$ 331,406 | \$ 1,281,547 | \$ 343,427 | \$ 1,328,032 |
| 商譽 | 695 | 2,688 | 695 | 2,688 |
| 非流動資產合計 | <u>332,101</u> | <u>1,284,235</u> | <u>344,122</u> | <u>1,330,720</u> |
| 流動資產 | | | | |
| 存貨 | 545 | 2,108 | 1,142 | 4,416 |
| 應收帳款及其他應收款 | 114,366 | 442,253 | 108,051 | 417,833 |
| 應收稅額 | 749 | 2,896 | 1,078 | 4,169 |
| 銀行存款及現金 | 66,837 | 258,459 | 111,421 | 430,865 |
| 流動資產合計 | <u>182,497</u> | <u>705,716</u> | <u>221,692</u> | <u>857,283</u> |
| 流動負債 | | | | |
| 應付帳款及其他應付款 | 59,642 | 230,635 | 71,684 | 277,202 |
| 應付稅額 | 1,161 | 4,490 | 2,944 | 11,384 |
| 銀行擔保借款 | - | - | 53,458 | 206,722 |
| 流動負債合計 | <u>60,803</u> | <u>235,125</u> | <u>128,086</u> | <u>495,308</u> |
| 流動資產淨額 | <u>121,694</u> | <u>470,591</u> | <u>93,606</u> | <u>361,975</u> |
| 總資產減流動負債 | <u>453,795</u> | <u>1,754,826</u> | <u>437,728</u> | <u>1,692,695</u> |
| 非流動負債 | | | | |
| 遞延所得稅負債 | 3,138 | 12,135 | 2,866 | 11,083 |
| 非流動負債合計 | <u>3,138</u> | <u>12,135</u> | <u>2,866</u> | <u>11,083</u> |
| 淨資產 | <u>\$ 450,657</u> | <u>\$ 1,742,691</u> | <u>\$ 434,862</u> | <u>\$ 1,681,612</u> |
| 股本與準備 | | | | |
| 股本 | \$ 8,640 | \$ 33,411 | \$ 8,640 | \$ 33,411 |
| 準備 | 442,017 | 1,709,280 | 426,222 | 1,648,201 |
| 權益總額 | <u>\$ 450,657</u> | <u>\$ 1,742,691</u> | <u>\$ 434,862</u> | <u>\$ 1,681,612</u> |

註 1：上列財務報表之所有資產、負債及權益科目金額，係以 102 年 6 月 30 日之港幣對新台幣匯率（HKD\$1：NT\$3.867）換算。

註 2：最近 3 年度港幣對新台幣最高、最低及平均匯率如下：

| 年 度 | 最 高 | 最 低 | 平 均 |
|---------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|
| 101.07.01-102.06.30 | HKD\$1：NT\$3.893 | HKD\$1：NT\$3.735 | HKD\$1：NT\$3.814 |
| 100.07.01-101.06.30 | HKD\$1：NT\$3.940 | HKD\$1：NT\$3.689 | HKD\$1：NT\$3.819 |
| 99.07.01-100.06.30 | HKD\$1：NT\$4.143 | HKD\$1：NT\$3.669 | HKD\$1：NT\$3.872 |

（請參閱勤業眾信聯合會計師事務所民國 102 年 9 月 24 日複核報告）

董事長：許佩斯

經理人：許佩斯

會計主管：黎偉雄

新傳媒集團控股有限公司及子公司

合併綜合損益表

民國 101 年 7 月 1 日至 102 年 6 月 30 日 (102 年度)

及 100 年 7 月 1 日至 101 年 6 月 30 日 (101 年度)

單位：除每股盈餘外，係仟元

| | 102 年度 | | 101 年度 | |
|-----------------|------------|--------------|------------|--------------|
| | 港幣 | 新台幣 | 港幣 | 新台幣 |
| 營業收入 | \$ 495,197 | \$ 1,914,927 | \$ 504,840 | \$ 1,952,216 |
| 營業成本 | (333,134) | (1,288,229) | (341,166) | (1,319,289) |
| 毛利 | 162,063 | 626,698 | 163,674 | 632,927 |
| 其他收入 | 3,123 | 12,076 | 3,972 | 15,360 |
| 配銷費用 | (71,292) | (275,686) | (70,447) | (272,419) |
| 管理費用 | (65,751) | (254,259) | (60,537) | (234,097) |
| 財務費用 | (710) | (2,746) | (857) | (3,314) |
| 稅前淨利 | 27,433 | 106,083 | 35,805 | 138,457 |
| 所得稅費用 | (5,158) | (19,946) | (6,151) | (23,786) |
| 本年度淨利 | \$ 22,275 | \$ 86,137 | \$ 29,654 | \$ 114,671 |
| 每股盈餘 (港幣元/新台幣元) | | | | |
| 基本每股盈餘 | \$ 0.03 | \$ 0.10 | \$ 0.03 | \$ 0.13 |
| 稀釋每股盈餘 | \$ 0.03 | \$ 0.10 | \$ 0.03 | \$ 0.13 |

註 1：上列財務報表之所有損益科目金額，係以 102 年 6 月 30 日之港幣對新台幣匯率 (HKD\$1 : NT\$3.867) 換算。

註 2：最近 3 年度港幣對新台幣最高、最低及平均匯率如下：

| 年 度 | 最 高 | 最 低 | 平 均 |
|---------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| 101.07.01-102.06.30 | HKD\$1 : NT\$3.893 | HKD\$1 : NT\$3.735 | HKD\$1 : NT\$3.814 |
| 100.07.01-101.06.30 | HKD\$1 : NT\$3.940 | HKD\$1 : NT\$3.689 | HKD\$1 : NT\$3.819 |
| 99.07.01-100.06.30 | HKD\$1 : NT\$4.143 | HKD\$1 : NT\$3.669 | HKD\$1 : NT\$3.872 |

(請參閱勤業眾信聯合會計師事務所民國 102 年 9 月 24 日複核報告)

董事長：許佩斯

經理人：許佩斯

會計主管：黎偉雄

新傳媒集團控股有限公司及子公司



合併權益變動表
 民國101年7月1日至102年6月30日 (102年度)
 及100年7月1日至101年6月30日 (101年度)

單位：港幣千元

| | 已發行股本 | 股本溢價 | 特別準備 | 資本撥入準備 | 認股權準備 | 保留盈餘 | 權益總額 |
|-------------|-------|---------|--------|--------|---------|---------|---------|
| | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| 100年7月1日餘額 | 7,200 | 177,290 | 90,700 | 796 | 2,565 | 39,244 | 317,795 |
| 本年度淨利 | - | - | - | - | - | 29,654 | 29,654 |
| 支付100年期末股利 | - | - | - | - | - | (5,184) | (5,184) |
| 支付101年期中股利 | - | - | - | - | - | (5,184) | (5,184) |
| 發行新股 | 1,440 | 99,418 | - | - | - | - | 100,858 |
| 發行新股相關支出 | - | (3,077) | - | - | - | - | (3,077) |
| 101年7月1日餘額 | 8,640 | 273,631 | 90,700 | 796 | 2,565 | 58,530 | 434,862 |
| 本年度淨利 | - | - | - | - | - | 22,275 | 22,275 |
| 支付101年期末股利 | - | - | - | - | - | (3,456) | (3,456) |
| 支付102年期中股利 | - | - | - | - | - | (3,024) | (3,024) |
| 認股權逾期失效註銷 | - | - | - | - | (2,565) | 2,565 | - |
| 102年6月30日餘額 | 8,640 | 273,631 | 90,700 | 796 | - | 76,890 | 450,657 |

(請參閱勤業眾信聯合會計師事務所民國102年9月24日複核報告)

董事長：許佩斯

經理人：許佩斯

會計主管：黎偉雄

新傳媒集團控股有限公司及子公司



民國 101 年 7 月 1 日至 102 年 6 月 30 日 (102 年度)
及 100 年 7 月 1 日至 101 年 6 月 30 日 (101 年度)

單位：新台幣千元

| | 已發行股本 | 股本溢價 | 特別準備 | 資本繳入準備 | 認股權準備 | 保留盈餘 | 權益總額 |
|------------------|--------|-----------|---------|--------|---------|----------|-----------|
| | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| 100 年 7 月 1 日餘額 | 27,842 | 685,581 | 350,737 | 3,078 | 9,919 | 151,757 | 1,228,914 |
| 本年度淨利 | - | - | - | - | - | 114,671 | 114,671 |
| 支付 100 年期末股利 | - | - | - | - | - | (20,046) | (20,046) |
| 支付 101 年期中股利 | - | - | - | - | - | (20,046) | (20,046) |
| 發行新股 | 5,569 | 384,449 | - | - | - | - | 390,018 |
| 發行新股相關支出 | - | (11,899) | - | - | - | - | (11,899) |
| 101 年 7 月 1 日餘額 | 33,411 | 1,058,131 | 350,737 | 3,078 | 9,919 | 226,336 | 1,681,612 |
| 本年度淨利 | - | - | - | - | - | 86,137 | 86,137 |
| 支付 101 年期末股利 | - | - | - | - | - | (13,364) | (13,364) |
| 支付 102 年期中股利 | - | - | - | - | - | (11,694) | (11,694) |
| 認股權逾期失效註銷 | - | - | - | - | (9,919) | 9,919 | - |
| 102 年 6 月 30 日餘額 | 33,411 | 1,058,131 | 350,737 | 3,078 | - | 297,334 | 1,742,691 |

註 1：上列財務報表之所有權益科目金額，係以 102 年 6 月 30 日之港幣對新台幣匯率 (HKD\$1 : NT\$3.867) 換算。

註 2：最近 3 年度港幣對新台幣最高、最低及平均匯率如下：

| 年 | 最高 | 最低 | 平均 |
|---------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| 101.07.01-102.06.30 | HKD\$1 : NT\$3.893 | HKD\$1 : NT\$3.735 | HKD\$1 : NT\$3.814 |
| 100.07.01-101.06.30 | HKD\$1 : NT\$3.940 | HKD\$1 : NT\$3.689 | HKD\$1 : NT\$3.819 |
| 99.07.01-100.06.30 | HKD\$1 : NT\$4.143 | HKD\$1 : NT\$3.669 | HKD\$1 : NT\$3.872 |

(請參閱勤業眾信聯合會計師事務所民國 102 年 9 月 24 日複核報告)

董事長：許佩斯

經理人：許佩斯

會計主管：黎偉雄

新傳媒集團控股有限公司及子公司

合併現金流量表

民國 101 年 7 月 1 日至 102 年 6 月 30 日 (102 年度)
及 100 年 7 月 1 日至 101 年 6 月 30 日 (101 年度)

單位：仟元

| | 102 年度 | | 101 年度 | |
|----------------|------------|-------------|------------|-------------|
| | 港幣 | 新台幣 | 港幣 | 新台幣 |
| 營業活動現金流量 | | | | |
| 稅前淨利 | \$ 27,433 | \$ 106,083 | \$ 35,805 | \$ 138,457 |
| 調整項目 | | | | |
| 折舊 | 23,802 | 92,042 | 12,076 | 46,698 |
| 利息收入 | (606) | (2,343) | (1,398) | (5,406) |
| 利息費用 | 710 | 2,746 | 857 | 3,314 |
| 出售不動產、廠房及設備利益 | (6) | (23) | (13) | (50) |
| 報廢不動產、廠房及設備損失 | - | - | 2,645 | 10,228 |
| 提列備抵呆帳損失 | 725 | 2,804 | 203 | 785 |
| | 52,058 | 201,309 | 50,175 | 194,026 |
| 存貨減少 | 597 | 2,309 | 6,970 | 26,953 |
| 應收帳款及其他應收款增加 | (7,171) | (27,730) | (2,744) | (10,611) |
| 應付帳款及其他應付款減少 | (11,892) | (45,986) | (1,745) | (6,748) |
| 營業活動之現金流入 | 33,592 | 129,902 | 52,656 | 203,620 |
| 已付稅額 | (6,340) | (24,516) | (12,487) | (48,287) |
| 營業活動之淨現金流入 | 27,252 | 105,386 | 40,169 | 155,333 |
| 投資活動現金流量 | | | | |
| 購置不動產、廠房及設備 | (11,980) | (46,327) | (73,742) | (285,160) |
| 已收利息 | 737 | 2,849 | 1,274 | 4,927 |
| 出售不動產、廠房及設備價款 | 55 | 213 | 86 | 333 |
| 投資活動之淨現金流出 | (11,188) | (43,265) | (72,382) | (279,900) |
| 籌資活動現金流量 | | | | |
| 償還銀行擔保借款 | (53,458) | (206,722) | (5,611) | (21,698) |
| 支付股利 | (6,480) | (25,059) | (10,368) | (40,093) |
| 支付利息 | (710) | (2,746) | (857) | (3,314) |
| 發行新股 | - | - | 100,858 | 390,018 |
| 發行新股相關支出 | - | - | (2,611) | (10,097) |
| 籌資活動之淨現金流(出)入 | (60,648) | (234,527) | 81,411 | 314,816 |
| 現金及約當現金(減少)增加數 | (44,584) | (172,406) | 49,198 | 190,249 |
| 年初現金及約當現金餘額 | 111,421 | 430,865 | 62,223 | 240,616 |
| 年末現金及約當現金餘額 | \$ 66,837 | \$ 258,459 | \$ 111,421 | \$ 430,865 |

註 1：上列財務報表之所有科目金額，係以 102 年 6 月 30 日之港幣對新台幣匯率 (HKD\$1：NT\$3.867) 換算。

註 2：最近 3 年度港幣對新台幣最高、最低及平均匯率如下：

| 年 度 | 最 高 | 最 低 | 平 均 |
|---------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|
| 101.07.01-102.06.30 | HKD\$1：NT\$3.893 | HKD\$1：NT\$3.735 | HKD\$1：NT\$3.814 |
| 100.07.01-101.06.30 | HKD\$1：NT\$3.940 | HKD\$1：NT\$3.689 | HKD\$1：NT\$3.819 |
| 99.07.01-100.06.30 | HKD\$1：NT\$4.143 | HKD\$1：NT\$3.669 | HKD\$1：NT\$3.872 |

(請參閱勤業眾信聯合會計師事務所民國 102 年 9 月 24 日複核報告)

董事長：許佩斯

經理人：許佩斯

會計主管：黎偉雄

附件三



單位：新台幣千元

| 資產 | 101年6月30日 | | 102年6月30日 | | 101年6月30日 | | 102年6月30日 | |
|-------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| | 依香港財務報告準則編製金額 | 依中華民國會計原則編製金額 | 依香港財務報告準則編製金額 | 依中華民國會計原則編製金額 | 依香港財務報告準則編製金額 | 依中華民國會計原則編製金額 | 依香港財務報告準則編製金額 | 依中華民國會計原則編製金額 |
| 流動資產 | | | | | | | | |
| 現金及約當現金 | \$ 258,459 | \$ 258,459 | \$ 430,865 | \$ 430,865 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 206,722 | \$ 206,722 |
| 應收帳款 | 387,017 | 387,017 | 352,918 | 352,918 | 130,712 | 130,712 | 170,144 | 170,144 |
| 應收關係企業款 | 1,330 | 1,330 | 785 | 785 | 2,691 | 2,691 | 5,085 | 5,085 |
| 其他應收款 | 56,802 | (35,983) | 68,299 | (35,959) | 4,490 | 4,490 | 11,384 | 11,384 |
| 存貨 | 2,108 | 2,108 | 4,416 | 4,416 | - | - | 84,490 | 84,490 |
| 預付款項 | - | 32,592 | 32,703 | 32,703 | 97,232 | (94,591) | 101,973 | (96,145) |
| 流動資產合計 | 705,716 | (3,364) | 857,283 | (3,256) | 235,125 | 12,092 | 495,308 | 11,655 |
| 固定資產 | | | | | | | | |
| 原始成本 | | | | | | | | |
| 生財器具 | 237,515 | 237,515 | 208,992 | 208,992 | 12,135 | 12,135 | 11,083 | 11,083 |
| 機器設備 | 57,506 | 57,506 | 51,176 | 51,176 | 12,135 | 12,135 | 11,083 | 11,083 |
| 租賃資產 | 1,035,169 | 1,035,169 | 1,035,169 | 1,035,169 | - | - | - | - |
| 租賃改良物 | 291,657 | 291,657 | 221,614 | 221,614 | 247,260 | 247,260 | 506,391 | 506,391 |
| 成本合計 | 1,561,847 | 1,561,847 | 1,516,951 | 1,516,951 | 33,411 | 33,411 | 33,411 | 33,411 |
| 減：累計折舊 | (280,300) | (280,300) | (188,919) | (188,919) | 1,411,946 | 1,421,865 | 1,411,946 | 1,411,946 |
| 固定資產合計 | 1,281,547 | 1,281,547 | 1,328,032 | 1,328,032 | 297,334 | 287,415 | 226,336 | 226,336 |
| 無形資產 | | | | | | | | |
| 商標 | 2,688 | 2,688 | 2,688 | 2,688 | 1,742,691 | 1,742,691 | 1,681,612 | 1,681,612 |
| 其他資產 | | | | | | | | |
| 存出保證金 | - | 3,364 | - | 3,256 | - | - | - | - |
| 資產總計 | \$ 1,989,951 | \$ 1,989,951 | \$ 2,188,003 | \$ 2,188,003 | \$ 1,989,951 | \$ 1,989,951 | \$ 2,188,003 | \$ 2,188,003 |
| 負債及股東權益合計 | | | | | | | | |
| 長期負債 | | | | | | | | |
| 遞延所得稅負債-非流動 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 長期負債合計 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 負債合計 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 股東權益 | | | | | | | | |
| 普通股股本 | 33,411 | 33,411 | 33,411 | 33,411 | 33,411 | 33,411 | 33,411 | 33,411 |
| 資本公積-股本溢價 | 1,411,946 | 1,411,946 | 1,411,946 | 1,411,946 | 1,411,946 | 1,421,865 | 1,411,946 | 1,411,946 |
| 資本公積-認股權 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 保留盈餘 | 297,334 | 287,415 | 226,336 | 226,336 | 297,334 | 287,415 | 226,336 | 226,336 |
| 股東權益合計 | 1,742,691 | 1,742,691 | 1,742,691 | 1,742,691 | 1,742,691 | 1,742,691 | 1,681,612 | 1,681,612 |
| 負債及股東權益總計 | \$ 1,989,951 | \$ 1,989,951 | \$ 2,188,003 | \$ 2,188,003 | \$ 1,989,951 | \$ 1,989,951 | \$ 2,188,003 | \$ 2,188,003 |

註1：上列財務報表之所有資產、負債及股東權益科目金額，係以102年6月30日之港幣對新台幣匯率（HKD\$1：NT\$3.867）換算。
 註2：最近3年度港幣對新台幣最高、最低及平均匯率如下：

| 年 | 最高 | 最低 | 平均 |
|---------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|
| 101.07.01-102.06.30 | HKD\$1：NT\$3.893 | HKD\$1：NT\$3.735 | HKD\$1：NT\$3.814 |
| 100.07.01-101.06.30 | HKD\$1：NT\$3.940 | HKD\$1：NT\$3.689 | HKD\$1：NT\$3.819 |
| 99.07.01-100.06.30 | HKD\$1：NT\$4.143 | HKD\$1：NT\$3.669 | HKD\$1：NT\$3.872 |

(請參閱勤業眾信聯合會計師事務所民國102年9月24日覆核報告)

會計主管：蔡偉雄

經理人：許佩新

董事長：許佩新

新傳媒集團控股有限公司及子公司

依中華民國會計原則重編後合併損益表

民國 101 年 7 月 1 日至 102 年 6 月 30 日 (102 年度)

及 100 年 7 月 1 日至 101 年 6 月 30 日 (101 年度)

單位：新台幣仟元，惟
每股盈餘為元

| 項 目 | 102 年度 | | | 101 年度 | | |
|---------------|-----------------------|--------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|--------------|-----------------------|
| | 依香港財務 報導準則 編製金額 | 調節金額 增(減) | 依中華民國 會計原則 編製金額 | 依香港財務 報導準則 編製金額 | 調節金額 增(減) | 依中華民國 會計原則 編製金額 |
| | 營業收入 | \$ 1,914,927 | \$ - | \$ 1,914,927 | \$ 1,952,216 | \$ - |
| 營業成本 | (1,288,229) | - | (1,288,229) | (1,319,289) | - | (1,319,289) |
| 營業毛利 | 626,698 | - | 626,698 | 632,927 | - | 632,927 |
| 營業費用 | (529,945) | 108 | (529,837) | (506,516) | 10,182 | (496,334) |
| 營業利益 | 96,753 | 108 | 96,861 | 126,411 | 10,182 | 136,593 |
| 營業外收入 | | | | | | |
| 利息收入 | - | 2,343 | 2,343 | - | 5,406 | 5,406 |
| 處分固定資產利益 | - | 23 | 23 | - | 50 | 50 |
| 其他 | 12,076 | (2,343) | 9,733 | 15,360 | (5,406) | 9,954 |
| 營業外收入合計 | 12,076 | 23 | 12,099 | 15,360 | 50 | 15,410 |
| 營業外支出 | | | | | | |
| 利息費用 | (2,746) | - | (2,746) | (3,314) | - | (3,314) |
| 兌換損失 | - | (131) | (131) | - | (4) | (4) |
| 處分固定資產損失 | - | - | - | - | (10,228) | (10,228) |
| 營業外支出合計 | (2,746) | (131) | (2,877) | (3,314) | (10,232) | (13,546) |
| 稅前純益 | 106,083 | - | 106,083 | 138,457 | - | 138,457 |
| 所得稅費用 | (19,946) | - | (19,946) | (23,786) | - | (23,786) |
| 本年度純益 | \$ 86,137 | \$ - | \$ 86,137 | \$ 114,671 | \$ - | \$ 114,671 |
| 每股盈餘 | | | | | | |
| 基本每股盈餘 (新台幣元) | | | | | | |
| 稅前 | \$ 0.12 | \$ - | \$ 0.12 | \$ 0.16 | \$ - | \$ 0.16 |
| 稅後 | \$ 0.10 | \$ - | \$ 0.10 | \$ 0.13 | \$ - | \$ 0.13 |
| 稀釋每股盈餘 (新台幣元) | | | | | | |
| 稅前 | \$ 0.12 | \$ - | \$ 0.12 | \$ 0.16 | \$ - | \$ 0.16 |
| 稅後 | \$ 0.10 | \$ - | \$ 0.10 | \$ 0.13 | \$ - | \$ 0.13 |

註 1：上列財務報表之所有損益科目金額，係以 102 年 6 月 30 日之港幣對新台幣匯率 (HKD\$1：NT\$3.867) 換算。

註 2：最近 3 年度港幣對新台幣最高、最低及平均匯率如下：

| 年 度 | 最 高 | 最 低 | 平 均 |
|---------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|
| 101.07.01-102.06.30 | HKD\$1：NT\$3.893 | HKD\$1：NT\$3.735 | HKD\$1：NT\$3.814 |
| 100.07.01-101.06.30 | HKD\$1：NT\$3.940 | HKD\$1：NT\$3.689 | HKD\$1：NT\$3.819 |
| 99.07.01-100.06.30 | HKD\$1：NT\$4.143 | HKD\$1：NT\$3.669 | HKD\$1：NT\$3.872 |

(請參閱勤業眾信聯合會計師事務所民國 102 年 9 月 24 日複核報告)

董事長：許佩斯

經理人：許佩斯

會計主管：黎偉雄

新傳媒集團控股有限公司及子公司

合併資產負債表及損益表重編說明

民國 102 及 101 年度

(金額除另予註明者外，係以新台幣仟元為單位)

一、合併財務報表重編原則

新傳媒集團控股有限公司及子公司（以下簡稱合併公司）如附件四所列之 102 及 101 年度財務報告，係包括新傳媒集團控股有限公司（以下簡稱本公司）及子公司之合併財務資訊。

合併公司依香港財務報告準則編製之主要報表格式，包括合併財務狀況表及合併綜合損益表，因與中華民國規定不同，爰依中華民國金融監督管理委員會 101.12.13 金管證審字第 1010056540 號函發布之「第二上市（櫃）公司財務報告複核要點」規定，就合併資產負債表及合併損益表依中華民國規定格式予以重編。

另合併公司尚無因適用香港財務報導準則而與中華民國一般公認會計原則有重大不同，致影響損益情形重大而須予以重編前述民國 102 及 101 年度合併財務報表之情事。

二、合併公司所適用之中華民國及香港財務報表表達及其他事項之重大差異彙總說明

| | 中 華 民 國 財 務 報 表 表 達 | 香 港 財 務 報 導 準 則 | 對重編合併財務報表 之 影 響 |
|-----------|---|---|---|
| (一) 資產負債表 | <p>一般之分類方式，資產係以流動性大小排列，流動性大者在前，流動性小者在後。負債則按到期日的遠近排列，近者在先，遠者在後。股東權益按永久性大小排列，永久性大者在先，小者在後。</p> <p>為求允當表達企業財務狀況，擬將其他應收款、預付款項、存出保證金／應付費用、其他應付款及其他流動負債科目按其性質再予以細分表達。</p> | <p>一般之分類方式，資產係以非流動性資產在前，流動資產在後。負債及權益，係以負債在前，股本及各項準備在後，負債以流動負債在前，非流動負債在後。</p> <p>無分類表達的特殊規定。</p> | <p>已依中華民國財務報表規定予表達揭露。</p> <p>已依中華民國財務報表規定予表達揭露： 資產重分類金額 102年6月30日：35,963 仟元 101年6月30日：35,959 仟元 負債重分類金額 102年6月30日：94,591 仟元 101年6月30日：96,145 仟元</p> |
| | <p>認股權逾期失效，則原認列之資本公積一認股權應轉列其他適當之資本公積項目。</p> | <p>若認股權逾期失效，則原認列之資本公積一認股權轉列保留盈餘項目。</p> | <p>已依中華民國財務報表規定予表達揭露： 重分類金額 102年6月30日：9,919 仟元</p> |
| (二) 損益表 | <p>應區分營業收入、營業成本、營業費用、營業外收入、營業外費用、非常損益及所得稅費用，分別予以列示，但營業成本及營業費用不能分別列示者，得合併之。</p> | <p>應區分營業收入、財務成本、所得稅費用、本年度淨利。</p> | <p>已依中華民國財務報表規定予表達揭露。</p> |
| | <p>兌換損益及利息收支列為營業外收支項下。</p> | <p>除財務成本所造成之兌換損益外，皆分類為營業費用之一部分。</p> | <p>已依中華民國財務報表規定予表達揭露： 102年度：2,212 仟元 101年度：5,402 仟元</p> |

(接次頁)

(承前頁)

| 中華民國 財務報表表達 | 香港財務 報導準則 | 對重編合併財務報表 之影響 |
|--|---|--|
| 處分固定資產損益應 列為營業外收支項下。 | 若企業採用性質別表 達費損項目，處分固定 資產損益應單獨列 示；若採功能別表達費 損項目，處分固定資產 損益應歸屬於其相關 之功能別費用。 | 已依中華民國財務報表 規定予表達揭露： 102年度：23仟元 101年度：10,178仟元 |
| 財務報表應分別揭露 下列各項稅前及稅後 之基本及稀釋每股金 額： 1. 繼續營業單位純益 （損）。 2. 停業單位損益。 3. 非常損益。 4. 會計原則變動累積 影響數。 5. 本期純益（損）。 | 財務報表應揭露繼續 營業單位及淨利之稅 後基本及稀釋每股盈 餘。 | 已依中華民國財務報表 規定予表達揭露。 |

附 件 四
(請詳附冊)



財務報表

獨立核數師報告

Deloitte. 德勤

致新傳媒集團控股有限公司列位股東

(於香港註冊成立之有限公司)

本核數師行已審核載於第56頁至第115頁新傳媒集團控股有限公司(「貴公司」)及其附屬公司(以下統稱「貴集團」)之綜合財務報表，此綜合財務報表包括於二零一三年六月三十日之綜合及 貴公司財務狀況表與截至該日止年度之綜合損益及其他全面收益表、綜合權益變動表及綜合現金流量表，以及主要會計政策概要及其他解釋資料。

董事就綜合財務報表須承擔之責任

貴公司之董事須負責根據香港會計師公會頒佈之香港財務報告準則及香港公司條例編製真實兼公平之綜合財務報表，並實施董事認為必須之內部監控，以編製並無重大錯誤陳述(不論是由欺詐或錯誤引起)之綜合財務報表。

核數師之責任

本行之責任乃按照香港公司條例第141條，根據本行之審核對該等綜合財務報表發表意見，僅向整體股東報告，除此之外本報告別無其他目的。本行不會就本報告之內容向任何其他人士負有或承擔任何責任。本行已根據香港會計師公會頒佈之香港核數準則進行審核。該等準則要求本行遵守道德規範，並規劃及執行審核，以合理確定綜合財務報表是否不存有任何重大錯誤陳述。

審核涉及執程序以獲取有關綜合財務報表所載金額及披露資料之審核憑證。所選定之程序取決於核數師之判斷，包括評估綜合財務報表是否存在重大錯誤陳述（不論是由欺詐或錯誤引起）之風險。在評估該等風險時，核數師考慮與實體編製及真實兼公平地呈列綜合財務報表相關之內部控制，以設計適合當時環境之審核程序，但並非為對實體之內部控制效能發表意見。審核亦包括評價董事所採用之會計政策之合適程度及所作出會計估計之合理程度，以及評價綜合財務報表之整體呈列方式。

本行相信，本行所獲得之審核憑證充足及適當地為本行之審核意見提供基礎。

意見

本行認為，該等綜合財務報表均已根據香港財務報告準則真實兼公平地反映 貴公司及 貴集團於二零一三年六月三十日之財政狀況及 貴集團截至該日止年度之溢利及現金流量，並已按照香港公司條例而妥善編製。

德勤•關黃陳方會計師行

執業會計師

香港

二零一三年九月二十四日

綜合損益及其他全面收益表

截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度

| | 附註 | 二零一三年 千港元 | 二零一二年 千港元 |
|--------------|----|------------------|--------------|
| 營業額 | 7 | 495,197 | 504,840 |
| 直接經營成本 | | (333,134) | (341,166) |
| 毛利 | | 162,063 | 163,674 |
| 其他收入 | | 3,123 | 3,972 |
| 銷售及分銷成本 | | (71,292) | (70,447) |
| 行政費用 | | (65,751) | (60,537) |
| 財務費用 | 8 | (710) | (857) |
| 除稅前溢利 | | 27,433 | 35,805 |
| 稅項支出 | 9 | (5,158) | (6,151) |
| 本年度溢利及全面收益總額 | 10 | 22,275 | 29,654 |
| 每股盈利 | 13 | | |
| — 基本及攤薄 | | 2.58港仙 | 3.46港仙 |

綜合財務狀況表

於二零一三年六月三十日

| | 附註 | 二零一三年 千港元 | 二零一二年 千港元 |
|--------------|----|----------------|--------------|
| 非流動資產 | | | |
| 物業、廠房及設備 | 14 | 331,406 | 343,427 |
| 無形資產 | 15 | - | - |
| 商譽 | 16 | 695 | 695 |
| | | <hr/> | <hr/> |
| | | 332,101 | 344,122 |
| | | <hr/> | <hr/> |
| 流動資產 | | | |
| 存貨 | 18 | 545 | 1,142 |
| 貿易應收及其他應收賬款 | 19 | 114,366 | 108,051 |
| 可退回所得稅 | | 749 | 1,078 |
| 銀行結餘及現金 | 21 | 66,837 | 111,421 |
| | | <hr/> | <hr/> |
| | | 182,497 | 221,692 |
| | | <hr/> | <hr/> |
| 流動負債 | | | |
| 貿易應付及其他應付賬款 | 22 | 59,642 | 71,684 |
| 應付所得稅 | | 1,161 | 2,944 |
| 有抵押銀行按揭貸款 | 23 | - | 53,458 |
| | | <hr/> | <hr/> |
| | | 60,803 | 128,086 |
| | | <hr/> | <hr/> |
| 流動資產淨額 | | 121,694 | 93,606 |
| | | <hr/> | <hr/> |
| 總資產減流動負債 | | 453,795 | 437,728 |

綜合財務狀況表

於二零一三年六月三十日

| | 附註 | 二零一三年 千港元 | 二零一二年 千港元 |
|-------|----|----------------|--------------|
| 非流動負債 | | | |
| 遞延稅項 | 24 | 3,138 | 2,866 |
| | | 450,657 | 434,862 |
| 資本及儲備 | | | |
| 股本 | 25 | 8,640 | 8,640 |
| 儲備 | 27 | 442,017 | 426,222 |
| | | 450,657 | 434,862 |

第56頁至第115頁所載之綜合財務報表已於二零一三年九月二十四日經董事會批准及授權刊發，並由下列董事代表簽署：

許佩斯
董事

李志強
董事

財務狀況表

於二零一三年六月三十日

| | 附註 | 二零一三年 千港元 | 二零一二年 千港元 |
|---------------|----|----------------|--------------|
| 非流動資產 | | | |
| 於附屬公司之投資 | 17 | 72,220 | 72,220 |
| 應收附屬公司款項 | 20 | 186,000 | - |
| | | 258,220 | 72,220 |
| 流動資產 | | | |
| 其他應收款項及預付款項 | | 2 | 1 |
| 應收附屬公司款項 | 20 | 131,091 | 324,121 |
| 銀行結餘 | 21 | 5,360 | 5,148 |
| | | 136,453 | 329,270 |
| 流動負債 | | | |
| 其他應付款項及應計開支 | | 436 | 366 |
| 應付一間附屬公司款項 | 20 | 5,000 | 5,000 |
| | | 5,436 | 5,366 |
| 流動資產淨值 | | 131,017 | 323,904 |
| | | 389,237 | 396,124 |
| 資本及儲備 | | | |
| 股本 | 25 | 8,640 | 8,640 |
| 儲備 | 27 | 380,597 | 387,484 |
| | | 389,237 | 396,124 |

許佩斯
董事

李志強
董事

綜合權益變動表

截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度

| | 資本 | | | | | | 合計 千港元 |
|--------------|------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------|-------------|-----------|
| | 股本 千港元 (附註27(a)) | 股份溢價 千港元 (附註27(b)) | 特別儲備 千港元 (附註27(b)) | 繳入儲備 千港元 (附註27(c)) | 購股權儲備 千港元 | 累計溢利 千港元 | |
| 二零一一年七月一日 | 7,200 | 177,290 | 90,700 | 796 | 2,565 | 39,244 | 317,795 |
| 年度溢利及全面收益總額 | - | - | - | - | - | 29,654 | 29,654 |
| 已派付二零一一年末期股息 | - | - | - | - | - | (5,184) | (5,184) |
| 已派付二零一二年中期股息 | - | - | - | - | - | (5,184) | (5,184) |
| 發行股份 | 1,440 | 99,418 | - | - | - | - | 100,858 |
| 股份發行開支 | - | (3,077) | - | - | - | - | (3,077) |
| 於二零一二年六月三十日 | 8,640 | 273,631 | 90,700 | 796 | 2,565 | 58,530 | 434,862 |
| 年度溢利及全面收益總額 | - | - | - | - | - | 22,275 | 22,275 |
| 已派付二零一二年末期股息 | - | - | - | - | - | (3,456) | (3,456) |
| 已派付二零一三年中期股息 | - | - | - | - | - | (3,024) | (3,024) |
| 購股權失效後轉撥 | - | - | - | - | (2,565) | 2,565 | - |
| 於二零一三年六月三十日 | 8,640 | 273,631 | 90,700 | 796 | - | 76,890 | 450,657 |

綜合現金流量表

截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度

| | 二零一三年 千港元 | 二零一二年 千港元 |
|------------------|--------------|--------------|
| 經營業務之現金流量 | | |
| 除稅前溢利 | 27,433 | 35,805 |
| 調整： | | |
| 物業、廠房及設備之折舊 | 23,802 | 12,076 |
| 利息收入 | (606) | (1,398) |
| 利息開支 | 710 | 857 |
| 物業、廠房及設備之出售收益 | (6) | (13) |
| 物業、廠房及設備之撇銷虧損 | - | 2,645 |
| 呆賬撥備 | 725 | 203 |
| 未計營運資金變動前之經營現金流量 | 52,058 | 50,175 |
| 存貨減少 | 597 | 6,970 |
| 貿易應收及其他應收賬款之增加 | (7,171) | (2,744) |
| 貿易應付及其他應付賬款之減少 | (11,892) | (1,745) |
| 經營業務產生之現金淨額 | 33,592 | 52,656 |
| 已付香港利得稅 | (6,340) | (12,487) |
| 經營業務之現金淨額 | 27,252 | 40,169 |
| 投資活動之現金流量 | | |
| 購買物業、廠房及設備 | (11,980) | (73,742) |
| 已收利息 | 737 | 1,274 |
| 出售物業、廠房及設備之所得款項 | 55 | 86 |
| 用於投資活動之現金淨額 | (11,188) | (72,382) |

綜合現金流量表

截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度

| | 二零一三年 千港元 | 二零一二年 千港元 |
|--------------------------|--------------|--------------|
| 融資活動之現金流量 | | |
| 償付有抵押銀行按揭貸款 | (53,458) | (5,611) |
| 已付股息 | (6,480) | (10,368) |
| 已付利息 | (710) | (857) |
| 發行股份之所得款項 | - | 100,858 |
| 發行股份所付開支 | - | (2,611) |
| | <hr/> | <hr/> |
| (用於)來自融資活動之現金淨額 | (60,648) | 81,411 |
| | <hr/> | <hr/> |
| 現金及現金等值物之(減少)增加淨額 | (44,584) | 49,198 |
| 年初之現金及現金等值物 | 111,421 | 62,223 |
| | <hr/> | <hr/> |
| 年終之現金及現金等值物， 即銀行結餘及現金 | 66,837 | 111,421 |
| | <hr/> | <hr/> |

綜合財務報表附註

截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度

1. 一般資料

本公司根據香港法例第32章香港公司條例在香港註冊成立為一間有限公司，其股份在香港聯合交易所有限公司（「聯交所」）主板上市。本公司之直接及最終控股公司分別為新傳媒集團投資有限公司（「新傳媒投資」）及楊受成產業控股有限公司（「楊受成產業控股」），兩間公司均為於英屬處女群島（「英屬處女群島」）註冊成立之有限公司。新傳媒投資全部已發行股本由楊受成產業控股擁有，楊受成產業控股由STC International Limited（「STC International」）持有，而STC International則為The Albert Yeung Discretionary Trust（「AY Trust」）之受託人，AY Trust為楊受成博士（「楊博士」）所創立之全權信託。本公司之註冊辦事處及主要營業地點之地址於年度報告公司資料內披露。

綜合財務報表乃以港元呈報，港元為本公司之功能貨幣。

本公司為一間投資控股公司。其附屬公司之主要業務乃載於附註32。

2. 應用新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則（「香港財務報告準則」）

本年度，本集團已應用下列由香港會計師公會（「香港會計師公會」）頒佈之香港會計準則（「香港會計準則」）及香港財務報告準則之修訂本。

香港會計準則第1號之修訂

香港會計準則第12號之修訂

香港財務報告準則第7號之修訂

其他全面收益項目之呈列

遞延稅項：收回相關資產

金融工具：披露－轉讓金融資產

綜合財務報表附註

截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度

2. 應用新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則（「香港財務報告準則」）— 續

香港會計準則第1號「其他全面收益項目之呈列」之修訂

香港會計準則第1號之修訂引入全面收益表及收益表之新專門用語。在應用香港會計準則第1號之修訂時，本集團「全面收益表」改稱為「損益及其他全面收益表」，而「收益表」則改稱為「損益表」。香港會計準則第1號之修訂保留選擇權，即可於單一報表或於兩份獨立但連貫的報表呈列損益及其他全面收益。然而，香港會計準則第1號之修訂規定於其他全面收益部分作出額外披露，並使項目歸納成兩類：(a)其後將不會重新歸類至損益賬的項目；及(b)當符合特定條件時可於其後重新歸類至損益賬的項目。其他全面收益項目涉及之所得稅須按同一基準進行分配—有關修訂並無改變現時以除稅前或除稅後呈列其他全面收益項目之選擇權。有關修訂已追溯採用，故所呈列的其他全面收益項目已作出修改以反映該等改變。

除上文所述之外，於本年度應用上述香港會計準則及香港財務報告準則之修訂本並無對本集團於本年度及過往年度之財務表現及狀況及／或該等綜合財務報表內所載之披露造成重大影響。

2. 應用新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則(「香港財務報告準則」)一續

本集團並無提前應用下列已頒佈但尚未生效之香港會計準則及香港財務報告準則，修訂及詮釋(「詮釋」)(下文統稱「新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則」)：

香港財務報告準則之修訂

香港財務報告準則第7號之修訂

香港財務報告準則第9號及香港財務報告
準則第7號之修訂

香港財務報告準則第10號、香港財務報告
準則第11號及香港財務報告準則第12號之修訂

香港財務報告準則第10號、香港財務報告
準則第12號及香港會計準則第27號之修訂

香港財務報告準則第9號

香港財務報告準則第10號

香港財務報告準則第11號

香港財務報告準則第12號

香港財務報告準則第13號

香港會計準則第19號(二零一一年經修訂)

香港會計準則第27號(二零一一年經修訂)

香港會計準則第28號(二零一一年經修訂)

香港會計準則第32號之修訂

香港會計準則第36號之修訂

香港會計準則第39號之修訂

香港(國際財務報告詮釋委員會)－詮釋第20號

香港(國際財務報告詮釋委員會)－詮釋第21號

香港財務報告準則於二零零九年至二零一一年
期間之年度改善¹

披露－金融資產與金融負債互相抵銷¹

香港財務報告準則第9號之強制性生效日期
及過渡性披露²

綜合財務報表、共同安排及其他實體權益之披露：
過渡指引¹

投資實體³

金融工具²

綜合財務報表¹

共同安排¹

其他實體權益之披露¹

公允價值計量¹

僱員福利¹

獨立財務報表¹

於聯營公司及合營企業之投資¹

金融資產與金融負債互相抵銷³

非金融資產之可收回金額披露³

衍生工具更替及對沖會計法之延續³

露天礦場生產階段之剝採成本¹

徵稅³

綜合財務報表附註

截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度

2. 應用新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則（「香港財務報告準則」）—續

- 1 自二零一三年一月一日或以後開始之年度期間生效。
- 2 自二零一五年一月一日或以後開始之年度期間生效。
- 3 自二零一四年一月一日或以後開始之年度期間生效。

本公司董事預期，應用上述新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則不會對綜合財務報表產生重大影響。

3. 主要會計政策

綜合財務報表乃根據香港會計師公會頒佈之香港財務報告準則而編製。此外，綜合財務報表亦包括聯交所證券上市規則（「上市規則」）及香港公司條例所規定之適用披露。

綜合財務報表乃根據歷史成本基準編製。歷史成本通常以交換貨品代價之公允價值為基準。

主要會計政策載列如下。

綜合基準

綜合財務報表包括本公司及本公司所控制之實體（其附屬公司）之財務報表。倘若本公司有權力監管某個實體之財務及經營政策，以至從其活動中獲得利益，則本公司獲得控制權。

如有需要，附屬公司之財務報表將會作出調整，以使彼等之會計政策與本集團其他成員公司所採用者相一致。

所有集團內公司間交易、結餘、收入及支出均於綜合賬目時予以對銷。

3. 主要會計政策一續

收入確認

收入按已收或應收代價之公允價值計量，並指於一般業務過程中提供之貨品及服務之應收賬款及扣除折扣及銷售相關稅項。

廣告收入於出版刊載該廣告之刊物時予以確認。

發行收入指雜誌及書籍之銷售額(扣除退回未售出雜誌及書籍之任何撥備)，該收入於出版刊物付運及所有權轉移時予以確認。

數碼業務收入指提供數碼服務平台之收入，於提供服務時予以確認。

來自提供雜誌內容之收入於有關合約期間以直線法予以確認。

金融資產之利息收入於經濟利益很可能流入本集團，而收入金額能可靠計量時予以確認。利息收入按時間基準，並參考尚未償還之本金及適用之實際利率(即將金融資產預期年限內之估計日後現金收入實際貼現至該項資產初步確認時賬面淨值之貼現率)計算入賬。

稅項

所得稅開支指現時應付稅項及遞延稅項之總和。

現時應付稅項乃根據年內之應課稅溢利計算。應課稅溢利與於綜合損益及其他全面收益表內呈報之除稅前溢利有所不同，原因為應課稅溢利並不包括於其他年度應課稅或可扣稅之收入或開支項目，亦不包括從來毋須課稅或不可扣稅之項目。本集團之本期稅項負債乃按於報告期完結日已實行或實質上已實行之稅率計算。

綜合財務報表附註

截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度

3. 主要會計政策一續

稅項一續

遞延稅項乃根據綜合財務報表內資產及負債賬面值與計算應課稅溢利所採用相應稅基之暫時差額而確認。遞延稅項負債一般確認所有應課稅暫時差異，遞延稅項資產則於可扣減暫時差異有可能用以抵銷應課稅溢利時予以確認。倘暫時差異由商譽或初次確認（業務合併除外）一項不影響應課稅溢利或會計溢利之交易之其他資產及負債所產生，有關資產及負債不予以確認。

有關於附屬公司之投資所產生之應課稅暫時差額確認為遞延稅項負債，惟倘本集團能夠控制暫時差額之撥回及暫時差額於可見將來不會撥回，則另當別論。因與投資有關之可扣減暫時差額所產生之遞延稅項資產僅會在有充足的應課稅溢利以動用暫時差額之利益，而預期彼等均會在可見將來撥回時確認。

遞延稅項資產之賬面值乃於各個結算日進行檢討，並以不可能有足夠應課稅溢利可動用以收回全部或部份資產者為限作扣減。

遞延稅項資產及負債乃按預期於清償負債或變現資產之期間所適用之稅率（及稅法）（根據報告期完結日已頒佈及實際上已頒佈者釐定）計算。

遞延稅項負債及資產之計量反映本集團於報告期完結日按預期方式收回或償付其資產及負債之賬面值所產生之稅務結果。

本期及遞延稅項乃於損益賬內確認，惟與其他全面收益內或直接於權益內確認之項目相關則除外，在此情況下，本期及遞延稅項亦分別會在其他全面收益或直接於權益內確認。

3. 主要會計政策一續

以股份支付之交易

授予僱員之購股權

參考所授出購股權於授出日期之公允價值而釐定之已收服務公允價值，按歸屬期以直線法支銷，而權益（購股權儲備）則相應增加。

當購股權獲行使時，先前於購股權儲備確認之金額將轉撥至股份溢價。倘購股權於歸屬日期後放棄或於屆滿日期尚未行使，則先前於購股權儲備確認之金額將轉撥至累計溢利。

退休福利成本

向本集團強制性公積金計劃（其為定額供款之退休福利計劃）之付款於僱員提供服務使得彼等有權享有有關供款時作為開支予以扣除。

商譽

因收購業務而產生之商譽，以成本減任何累計減值虧損（如有）列賬，並於綜合財務狀況表內獨立呈列。

就減值測試而言，商譽乃被分配至預期從合併之協同效應中受益之每個現金產生單位（或一組現金產生單位）。

已獲配商譽之現金產生單位每年及凡單位有可能出現減值跡象時則更頻密進行減值測試。就因於報告期內收購而產生之商譽而言，該已獲配商譽之現金產生單位將於報告期完結前進行減值測試。當現金產生單位之可收回金額少於該單位之賬面值時，減值虧損被分配以首先削減分配至該單位之商譽之賬面值及其後以單位內各資產之賬面值為基準按比例分配至該單位之其他資產。商譽之任何減值虧損乃直接於綜合損益及其他全面收益表之損益內確認。商譽之確認減值虧損於其後期間不予以撥回。

綜合財務報表附註

截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度

3. 主要會計政策一續

商譽一續

於出售有關現金產生單位時，則商譽應佔之金額於釐定出售損益時予以計入。

於附屬公司之投資

於附屬公司之投資乃按被視為成本值減任何已識別減值虧損於本公司之財務狀況表內入賬。被視為成本值指於二零零八年一月十八日集團重組時該等附屬公司之綜合資產淨值於被轉撥至本公司之日期之賬面值。

物業、廠房及設備

物業、廠房及設備(包括租賃土地(分類為融資租賃)及持作生產或供應貨品或服務或用作行政用途之樓宇)於綜合財務狀況表按成本減去其後之累計折舊及任何累計減值虧損(如有)入賬。

物業、廠房及設備之折舊乃於計及彼等之剩餘價值後，按彼等之估計可使用年期以直線法撇銷彼等之成本確認。估計可使用年期、剩餘價值及折舊方法會於每個報告期末予以審閱，估計之任何變動之影響按未來適用法入賬。

物業、廠房及設備項目於出售時或當繼續使用該資產預期不會產生日後經濟利益時予以取消確認。出售或廢棄物業、廠房及設備項目產生之任何收益或虧損乃按出售所得款項與該資產賬面值之差額釐定及於損益內確認。

3. 主要會計政策一續

借貸成本

用於收購、興建或生產符合規定資產（即須經過一段頗長時間方可準備好作擬定用途或出售之資產）之直接應計借貸成本，會添加至上述資產之成本，直至其大體上準備好作擬定用途或出售。關於特定借貸在其用作為符合規定資產開支前作短暫投資所賺取之投資收入，會於合資格撥充資本之借貸成本內扣減。

所有其他借貸成本於產生期間之損益中獲確認。

無形資產

個別收購及有限定可使用年期之無形資產乃以成本減累計攤銷及任何累計減值虧損列賬。有限定可使用年期之無形資產乃以直線法按彼等之估計可使用年期予以攤銷。估計可使用年期及攤銷方法會於每個報告期末予以檢討，任何估計變動之影響按未來適用法入賬。

一項無形資產於出售時或當預計使用或出售均不會產生未來經濟利益時取消確認。取消確認無形資產所產生之損益乃按出售所得款項淨額與該項資產之賬面值間之差額計量，並於資產被取消確認時在當期損益內確認。

有形及無形資產之減值虧損（商譽及金融資產除外）

於報告期完結日，本集團檢討其有限定可使用年期有形及無形資產之賬面值，以釐定是否有任何跡象顯示該等資產已出現減值虧損。倘有任何該等跡象存在，則會估計資產之可收回金額，以釐定減值虧損之程度（如有）。倘無法估計個別資產之可收回金額，則本集團估計該項資產所屬之現金產生單位之可收回金額。倘有可識別之合理一致分配基準，企業資產亦會分配至個別現金產生單位，或分配至有可識別之合理一致分配基準之現金產生單位之最小組別。

綜合財務報表附註

截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度

3. 主要會計政策一續

有形及無形資產之減值虧損(商譽及金融資產除外)一續

可收回金額為公允價值減出售成本及使用價值兩者之較高者。於評估使用價值時，估計未來現金流量利用稅前折現率(反映貨幣時間價值及未經調整未來現金流量之估計時資產特有風險之評估之現時市場估量)折現至其現值。

倘一項資產(或一個現金產生單位)之可收回金額估計將少於其賬面值，則該項資產(或一個現金產生單位)之賬面值會減少至其可收回金額。減值虧損乃即時於損益內確認為一項費用。

倘其後撥回減值虧損，則該項資產(或一個現金產生單位)之賬面值乃增加至其經修訂之估計可收回金額，惟所增加之賬面值數額不得超過倘若於以往年度未有就該項資產(或一個現金產生單位)確認減值虧損原應釐定之賬面值。減值虧損撥回乃即時確認為收入。

租賃

經營租約付款乃以直線法按有關租賃期確認為開支。

倘訂立經營租約時收取租賃優惠，則有關優惠確認為負債。優惠總利益確認為以直線法減少租金開支。

租賃土地及樓宇

倘租賃包括土地及樓宇部分，本集團根據對附於各部分擁有權的絕大部分風險及回報是否已轉移本集團之評估，分別將各部分的分類評定為融資或經營租賃，除非清楚顯示兩部份均為經營租賃，則整個租賃分類為經營租賃。具體而言，最低租賃付款(包括任何一筆過預付款項)於租賃訂立時按租賃土地部分及樓宇部分中的租賃權益相對公允價值比例於土地與樓宇部分間分配。

3. 主要會計政策一續

租賃土地及樓宇一續

在租賃付款能可靠分配的情況下，被列為經營租賃的租賃土地權益於綜合財務狀況表中呈列為「預付土地租賃費用」，並於租期內按直線基準攤銷。在租賃付款無法於土地與樓宇部份之間作可靠分配時，整份租賃一般分類為融資租賃，並入賬於物業、廠房及設備內。

存貨

存貨乃按成本值及可變現淨值兩者中之較低者列賬。成本值乃採用先入先出法計算。可變現淨值指存貨之估計售價減一切估計完工成本及出售所需費用。

金融工具

當一間集團實體成為金融工具合約條文之一方時，則於綜合財務狀況表內確認金融資產及金融負債。

金融資產及金融負債初步按公允價值計量。收購或發行金融資產及金融負債直接應佔之交易成本乃於初步確認時加入金融資產或金融負債之公允價值，或從金融資產或金融負債之公允價值中扣除（視合適情況而定）。收購透過損益按公允價值列賬之金融資產或金融負債直接應佔之交易成本乃即時於損益賬內確認。

金融資產

本集團之金融資產主要分類為貸款及應收款項。分類視乎金融資產之性質及目的並於初步確認時釐定。以常規方式購買或出售之金融資產，均按交易日進行確認及終止確認。以常規方式購買或出售是指要求在相關市場中之規則或慣例通常約定之時間內交付資產之金融資產買賣。

綜合財務報表附註

截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度

3. 主要會計政策一續

金融工具一續

金融資產一續

實際利率法

實際利率法為計算金融資產之攤銷成本及按有關期間攤分利息收入之方法。實際利率為透過金融資產之預期可使用年期或(如適用)更短期間，實際貼現估計未來現金收入(包括構成實際利率之組成部分之已支付或收取之所有費用、交易成本及其他溢價或折價)至初步確認賬面淨值之比率。

債務工具之利息收入按實際利率基準確認。

貸款及應收賬款

貸款及應收賬款為於交投活躍之市場內並無報價而具有固定或可釐定付款之非衍生金融資產。於初步確認後，貸款及應收賬款(包括本集團貿易應收及其他應收賬款及銀行結餘及現金及本公司其他應收賬款、應收附屬公司款項及銀行結餘)使用實際利率法按攤銷成本減任何已識別減值虧損列賬。

金融資產減值

金融資產會於報告期完結日評估是否有減值跡象。金融資產於有客觀證據顯示金融資產之估計未來現金流量因於初步確認後發生之一項或多項事件而受到影響時視為減值。

就金融資產而言，減值之客觀證據可能包括：

- 發行人或對手方出現重大財政困難；或
- 違反合約，例如拖欠或怠慢利息或本金付款；或
- 借款人將有可能面臨破產或財務重組。

3. 主要會計政策一續

金融工具一續

金融資產一續

金融資產減值一續

就若干分類之金融資產(如應收賬款)而言,此項資產按個別評估為不須減值後同時會按整體基準進行減值評估。應收款項組合減值之客觀證據,包括本集團過往之收款經驗、組合內超過平均信貸期之逾期付款之數目增加以及對應收款項拖欠有關之全國或地方經濟狀況之明顯變化。

就按成本計值之金融資產而言,減值虧損金額乃按該資產賬面值與按同類金融資產之現行市場回報值折現之估計現金流現值之差額計量。該減值虧損不會在其後期間撥回。

所有金融資產之減值虧損會直接於金融資產之賬面值扣減,惟貿易應收賬款除外,賬面值會透過使用撥備賬予以扣減。撥備賬之賬面值變動會於損益賬內確認。當貿易應收賬款被認為不可收回時,以撥備賬予以撇銷。先前撇銷之款項若其後收回,則計入損益賬內。

就按攤銷成本計值之金融資產而言,倘於隨後期間減值虧損之數額減少,而此項減少可客觀地與確認減值虧損後發生之某一事件聯繫,則先前確認之減值虧損於損益賬內予以撥回,惟於撥回減值當日之資產賬面值不得超逾倘若未確認減值時原應有之攤銷成本。

金融負債及股本工具

一間集團實體發行之金融負債及股本工具乃根據所訂立合約安排之性質及金融負債及股本工具之定義予以分類為金融負債或股本。

綜合財務報表附註

截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度

3. 主要會計政策一續

金融工具一續

金融負債及股本工具一續

股本工具

股本工具乃證明於扣減所有負債後在本集團資產中之剩餘權益之任何合約。本公司發行之股本工具按已收所得款項(扣除直接發行成本)確認。

實際利率法

實際利率法為計算金融負債之攤銷成本及按有關期間攤分利息開支之方法。實際利率為透過金融負債之預期可使用年期或(如合適)更短時間，實際貼現估計未來現金付款(包括構成實際利率之組成部分之已支付或收取之所有費用、交易成本及其他溢價或折讓)至初步確認賬面淨值之比率。

利息開支按實際利率基準確認。

金融負債

金融負債包括本集團貿易應付及其他應付賬款、有抵押銀行按揭貸款，以及本公司應付一間附屬公司之其他應付款項，乃隨後採用實際利率法按攤銷成本計量。

股本工具發行成本

股本交易之交易成本乃直接歸屬於該股本交易且如無該交易則可避免之增量成本，並從股本(扣除任何相關利得稅收益)中扣減。

3. 主要會計政策一續

金融工具一續

取消確認

僅於資產現金流量之合約權利到期，本集團方會取消確認金融資產。

於取消確認整個金融資產時，該項資產賬面值與已收或應收代價之總和間之差額於損益賬中確認。

當及僅當本集團之責任獲解除、註銷或屆滿時，本集團方會取消確認金融負債。被取消確認之金融負債之賬面值與已付或應付代價間差額於損益賬中確認。

4. 金融工具

(a) 金融工具之類別

下表載列於報告期完結日之金融工具：

| | 本集團 | | 本公司 | |
|-------------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| | 二零一三年 千港元 | 二零一二年 千港元 | 二零一三年 千港元 | 二零一二年 千港元 |
| 金融資產 | | | | |
| 貸款及應收賬款(包括現金及 現金等值物) | <u>172,990</u> | <u>211,345</u> | <u>322,453</u> | <u>329,270</u> |
| 金融負債 | | | | |
| 攤銷成本 | <u>35,055</u> | <u>100,564</u> | <u>5,386</u> | <u>5,315</u> |

綜合財務報表附註

截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度

4. 金融工具一續

(b) 金融風險管理目標及政策

本集團及本公司

本集團之主要金融工具包括貿易應收及其他應收賬款、銀行結餘及現金、貿易應付及其他應付賬款及有抵押銀行按揭借貸。本公司之主要金融工具為其他應收賬款、銀行結餘、其他應付賬款及應收(付)附屬公司款項。該等金融工具之詳情於各自附註內披露。該等金融工具之相關風險及如何減輕該等風險之政策載列如下。管理層管理及監控該等風險，以確保及時兼有效實行適當措施。

(c) 市場風險

外幣風險

外幣風險指將影響本集團及本公司財務業績及其現金流量之外幣匯率變動風險。由於本集團及本公司之經營及交易主要位於香港及以港元計值，因此，管理層認為本集團及本公司並無面臨任何重大外幣風險。

利率風險

本集團有約55,958,000港元(二零一二年：91,998,000港元)之定息銀行存款面臨公允價值利率風險，以及有關浮息有抵押銀行按揭貸款約零港元(二零一二年：53,458,000港元)之現金流量利率風險。本公司有約5,058,000港元(二零一二年：5,024,000港元)之定息銀行存款面臨公允價值利率風險。本集團及本公司目前並無就利率風險作出公允價值及現金流量對沖政策。然而，管理層監察利率風險，並會在有需要時考慮對沖重大利率風險。

本集團之現金流量利率風險主要集中於來自自有抵押銀行按揭貸款，因香港銀行同業拆息(「香港銀行同業拆息」)之波動所引起。

本集團現金流量利率風險之敏感性分析乃根據於二零一二年六月三十日有抵押銀行按揭貸款之利率予以釐定。分析以假設於報告期末未償還之金融負債於全年亦未償還而編製。於呈報給主要管理人員之內部利率風險報告採用了100個基點增加或減少利率，代表管理層對利率合理之變動進行評估。

4. 金融工具－續

(c) 市場風險－續

利率風險－續

倘利率上升100個基點及所有其他變量保持不變，則對截至二零一二年六月三十日止年度除稅後溢利之潛在減少約為446,000港元。倘利率以相同幅度反向下跌及所有其他變量保持不變，則對業績之潛在影響反向相同。

(d) 信貸風險

於報告期完結日，就各類已確認金融資產而言，本集團及本公司在其對手未能履行彼等責任時所面臨之最大信貸風險為於報告期完結日呈列於財務狀況表內之該等資產之賬面值。

本集團

為盡可能減輕信貸風險，本集團之管理層監管風險水平，以確保採取跟進措施，以便收回逾期債務。此外，本集團之管理層於報告期完結日檢討各貿易應收賬款收回之可能性，以確保對無法收回之金額作出充足撥備。就此而言，董事認為本集團之信貸風險顯著減少。

由於本集團於二零一三年六月三十日之貿易應收賬款約47,475,000港元（二零一二年：52,815,000港元）來自若干廣告代理及本集團之唯一分銷商（指本集團五大客戶），因此本集團有集中信貸風險。他們獲管理層評為高信用等級客戶。為盡可能減輕信貸風險，本公司董事持續監管風險水平，以確保即時採取跟進及／或矯正措施，以減輕風險或甚至收回逾期債務。由於餘下貿易應收賬款之風險分散於若干對手及客戶，因此，本集團餘下的貿易應收賬款並無集中信貸風險。

本集團有存放於若干銀行之流動資金之集中信貸風險。然而，由於對手大多數為具有國際信貸評級機構所評定為高信用等級及具有良好聲譽之銀行，因此，流動資金之信貸風險有限。

綜合財務報表附註

截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度

4. 金融工具一續

(d) 信貸風險一續

本公司

本公司有應收兩間附屬公司款項之集中信貸風險。然而，由於對手為具有正數經營現金流量狀況之營運附屬公司，因此，本公司之信貸風險有限。

本公司有存放於若干銀行之流動資金之集中信貸風險。然而，由於對手大多數為具有國際信貸評級機構所評定為高信用等級及具有良好聲譽之銀行，因此，流動資金之信貸風險有限。

(e) 流動資金風險

為管理流動資金風險，本集團及本公司監督並保持現金及現金等價物在管理層視為足以供本集團及本公司營運所用及紓緩現金流量波動所致影響之水平。管理層監督銀行信貸之應用，確保遵守貸款契諾。

於二零一二年六月三十日，本集團依賴有抵押銀行按揭貸款而本公司依賴應付一間附屬公司之款項作為流動現金之重要來源。於二零一三年六月三十日，基於現有銀行結餘水平及可供動用之現有銀行信貸，本集團及本公司將可應付未來現金流量之要求。因此，管理層認為本集團及本公司之流動資金風險極低。

下表載列本集團及本公司金融負債之餘下約定到期日詳情。此表乃根據本集團及本公司可能須償還之最早日期之金融負債之未貼現現金流量而編製。屆滿日期乃根據已協定還款日期而釐定。

於二零一二年六月三十日，該表包括利息及本金之現金流量。若利率為浮息，未貼現現金金額根據於報告期結束時之利率得出。於二零一三年六月三十日並無計息金融負債。

4. 金融工具—續

(e) 流動資金風險—續 流動資金表

| | 加權平均利率 % | 本集團 | | | |
|--------------|-------------|----------------------------|--------------------|----------------------|-------------|
| | | 按要求償還 或少於 一個月 千港元 | 一個月至 三個月 千港元 | 未貼現現金 流量總額 千港元 | 總賬面值 千港元 |
| 二零一三年 | | | | | |
| 貿易及其他應付賬款 | – | 29,218 | 5,837 | 35,055 | 35,055 |
| 二零一二年 | | | | | |
| 貿易及其他應付賬款 | – | 12,240 | 34,866 | 47,106 | 47,106 |
| 有抵押銀行按揭貸款 | 1.55 | 53,458 | – | 53,458 | 53,458 |
| | | 65,698 | 34,866 | 100,564 | 100,564 |

於二零一二年六月三十日，於上述到期分析中，載有按要求償還條款之有抵押銀行按揭貸款列入「按要求償還或少於一個月」時間範疇內。不須於一年內償還但附有按要求償還條款之銀行貸款之總賬面值為47,767,000港元。經計及本集團之財務狀況，董事相信，銀行不大可能行使其要求即時還款之酌情權利。董事相信有抵押銀行按揭貸款將會於二零一二年六月三十日後九年內根據貸款協議所載之計劃還款日期償還。於截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度，管理層決定動用多餘現金，並盡量減少本集團之未來融資成本，因此，有抵押銀行按揭貸款於二零一三年五月二十八日獲悉數提早償還。

綜合財務報表附註

截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度

4. 金融工具－續

(e) 流動資金風險－續

流動資金表－續

截至二零一二年六月三十日止年度本金及利息現金流出總額披露如下：

| | 加權 平均利率 % | 一個月 至三個月 千港元 | 三個月 至一年 千港元 | 本集團 | | 未貼現現金 流量總額 千港元 | 總賬面值 千港元 |
|--------------|-----------------|----------------------------|-------------------|--------------------|----------------------|----------------------|-------------|
| | | | | 一年至五年 千港元 | 五年以上 千港元 | | |
| 二零一二年 | | | | | | | |
| 有抵押銀行按揭貸款 | 1.55 | 1,620 | 4,860 | 25,922 | 24,842 | 57,244 | 53,458 |
| 本公司 | | | | | | | |
| | 加權平均利率 % | 按要求償還 或少於 一個月 千港元 | | 一個月至 三個月 千港元 | 未貼現現金 流量總額 千港元 | 總賬面值 千港元 | |
| 二零一三年 | | | | | | | |
| 其他應付款項 | — | — | — | 386 | 386 | 386 | |
| 應付一間附屬公司款項 | — | — | 5,000 | — | 5,000 | 5,000 | |
| | | | 5,000 | 386 | 5,386 | 5,386 | |
| 二零一二年 | | | | | | | |
| 其他應付款項 | — | — | — | 315 | 315 | 315 | |
| 應付一間附屬公司款項 | — | — | 5,000 | — | 5,000 | 5,000 | |
| | | | 5,000 | 315 | 5,315 | 5,315 | |

4. 金融工具—續

(f) 金融工具之公允價值

金融資產及金融負債之公允價值乃根據公認定價模式，按照貼現現金流量分析而釐定。

董事認為，按攤銷成本記入財務報表內之金融資產及金融負債之賬面值與彼等之公允價值相若。

5. 資本風險管理

本集團管理其資本，以確保集團實體將能夠繼續按持續經營基準經營，同時透過優化債務及資本結餘以增加股東之回報。本集團之整體策略自去年以來並無變動。

本集團之股本架構包括本公司擁有人應佔權益(由已發行股本、儲備及累計溢利組成)。

本公司董事定期檢討股本架構。作為該檢討之一部分，董事考慮資本成本及各類資本相關之風險。本集團將按董事之建議，以股息派付、新股發行及債務之籌集平衡其整體股本架構。

綜合財務報表附註

截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度

6. 分類資料

本集團之經營業務為一個單一呈報分類，專注於刊載廣告服務、銷售雜誌及書刊、數碼業務服務及提供雜誌內容業務。

呈報分類乃以根據與香港財務報告準則一致之會計準則編製之內部管理層報告之基準確定，而內部管理層報告乃由本集團主要經營決策人（「主要經營決策人」）（即執行董事）定期審閱。

分類收入及業績

主要經營決策人以合計基準定期審閱來自登載廣告服務、銷售雜誌及書刊、數碼業務服務及提供雜誌內容業務之收入及經營業績，並視彼等為單一業務分類。綜合損益及其他全面收益表中之營業額及除稅前溢利分別指分類營業額及分類業績。

並無向主要經營決策人定期提供分類資產或分類負債之分析以供審閱。

其他分類資料

主要產品及服務之營業額

本集團主要從事雜誌出版業務，並賺取廣告收入、發行收入、數碼業務收入及提供雜誌內容業務之收入。詳情披露於附註7。

6. 分類資料—續

地區資料

截至二零一三年及二零一二年六月三十日止各年度，本集團之業務位於香港及中華人民共和國（「中國」）。

本集團按銷售產生之地理位置呈列之來自外部客戶之收入及按資產之地理位置呈列之非流動資產之資料詳述如下：

| | 來自外部客戶之收入 | | 非流動資產 | |
|----|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| | 二零一三年 千港元 | 二零一二年 千港元 | 二零一三年 千港元 | 二零一二年 千港元 |
| 香港 | 493,864 | 504,751 | 331,830 | 343,822 |
| 中國 | 1,333 | 89 | 271 | 300 |
| | <u>495,197</u> | <u>504,840</u> | <u>332,101</u> | <u>344,122</u> |

有關主要客戶之資料

於相應年度，為本集團總銷售額貢獻超過 10%之客戶之收入如下：

| | 二零一三年 千港元 | 二零一二年 千港元 |
|-----|--------------|--------------|
| 客戶A | 86,993 | 104,507 |
| 客戶B | 55,922 | 57,610 |

客戶A為本集團所出版之雜誌之獨家分銷商，客戶B為一間廣告代理，分別為本集團帶來發行收入及廣告收入。

綜合財務報表附註

截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度

7. 營業額

營業額指於本年度來自廣告收入、發行收入、數碼業務收入及提供雜誌內容業務之已收及應收款項淨額。本集團於本年度之營業額分析如下：

| | 二零一三年 千港元 | 二零一二年 千港元 |
|----------|--------------|--------------|
| 廣告收入 | 390,587 | 382,944 |
| 發行收入 | 89,648 | 108,457 |
| 數碼業務收入 | 12,816 | 11,748 |
| 提供雜誌內容業務 | 2,146 | 1,691 |
| | 495,197 | 504,840 |

8. 財務費用

| | 二零一三年 千港元 | 二零一二年 千港元 |
|----------------------|--------------|--------------|
| 毋須於五年內悉數償還之銀行按揭貸款之利息 | 710 | 857 |
| | 710 | 857 |

9. 稅項支出

| | 二零一三年 千港元 | 二零一二年 千港元 |
|----------------|--------------|--------------|
| 稅項支出包括： | | |
| 香港利得稅 | | |
| 本年度 | 4,607 | 4,192 |
| 過往年度撥備不足(超額撥備) | 279 | (285) |
| | <hr/> | <hr/> |
| | 4,886 | 3,907 |
| 遞延稅項支出(附註24) | 272 | 2,244 |
| | <hr/> | <hr/> |
| | 5,158 | 6,151 |
| | <hr/> | <hr/> |

各年度香港利得稅乃按估計應課稅溢利之16.5%計算。

根據中華人民共和國企業所得稅法(「企業所得稅法」)及企業所得稅法實施細則，於中國之附屬公司之稅率自二零零八年一月一日起為25%。

綜合財務報表附註

截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度

9. 稅項支出—續

本年度稅項支出可與綜合損益及其他全面收益表內本年度之除稅前溢利對賬如下：

| | 二零一三年 千港元 | 二零一二年 千港元 |
|--------------------|--------------|--------------|
| 除稅前溢利 | 27,433 | 35,805 |
| 按香港利得稅稅率16.5%計算之稅項 | 4,526 | 5,908 |
| 就稅務而言不獲扣減開支之稅務影響 | 680 | 552 |
| 就稅務而言毋須課稅收入之稅務影響 | (99) | (245) |
| 過往未確認稅項虧損之使用之稅務影響 | (1,419) | (119) |
| 未確認稅項虧損之稅務影響 | 1,227 | 381 |
| 在中國營運附屬公司不同稅率之影響 | (29) | 7 |
| 過往年度撥備不足(超額撥備) | 279 | (285) |
| 其他 | (7) | (48) |
| 本年度稅項支出 | 5,158 | 6,151 |

10. 本年度溢利

| | 二零一三年 千港元 | 二零一二年 千港元 |
|------------------|--------------|--------------|
| 本年度溢利經已扣除： | | |
| 董事酬金(附註11) | | |
| - 袍金 | 1,140 | 922 |
| - 退休福利計劃供款 | 30 | 24 |
| - 其他酬金 | 6,062 | 6,664 |
| | <hr/> | <hr/> |
| | 7,232 | 7,610 |
| 其他員工退休福利計劃供款 | 7,023 | 6,100 |
| 其他員工成本，包括薪金及其他福利 | 195,691 | 183,555 |
| | <hr/> | <hr/> |
| | 209,946 | 197,265 |
| | <hr/> | <hr/> |
| 呆賬撥備 | 725 | 203 |
| 核數師薪酬 | 2,200 | 1,943 |
| 物業、廠房及設備之折舊 | 23,802 | 12,076 |
| 物業、廠房及設備之撇銷虧損 | - | 2,645 |
| 租賃物業之經營租賃租金 | 371 | 5,003 |
| 及已計入： | | |
| 物業、廠房及設備之出售收益 | 6 | 13 |
| 利息收入 | 606 | 1,398 |
| | <hr/> | <hr/> |

綜合財務報表附註

截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度

11. 董事、主要行政人員及僱員之酬金

董事及主要行政人員酬金

已付或應付本公司董事及主要行政人員酬金之詳情如下：

| | 許佩斯 千港元 | 李志強 千港元 | 黃志輝 千港元 | 范敏嫦 千港元 | 許惠敏 千港元 | 謝顯年 千港元 | 關倩鸞 千港元 | 總計 千港元 |
|--------------|--------------|--------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|--------------|
| 二零一三年 | | | | | | | | |
| 袍金 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 180 | 180 | 180 | 1,140 |
| 其他酬金 | | | | | | | | |
| – 薪金及其他津貼 | 2,807 | 2,405 | – | – | – | – | – | 5,212 |
| – 花紅(附註) | 500 | 350 | – | – | – | – | – | 850 |
| – 退休福利計劃供款 | 15 | 15 | – | – | – | – | – | 30 |
| 總酬金 | <u>3,472</u> | <u>2,920</u> | <u>150</u> | <u>150</u> | <u>180</u> | <u>180</u> | <u>180</u> | <u>7,232</u> |

11. 董事、主要行政人員及僱員之酬金－續

董事及主要行政人員酬金－續

| | 許佩斯 千港元 | 李志強 千港元 | 黃志輝 千港元 | 范敏嫦 千港元 | 許惠敏 千港元 | 謝顯年 千港元 | 關倩鸞 千港元 | 總計 千港元 |
|--------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|-----------|
| 二零一二年 | | | | | | | | |
| 袍金 | 112 | 112 | 112 | 112 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 922 |
| 其他酬金 | | | | | | | | |
| －薪金及其他津貼 | 2,673 | 2,291 | – | – | – | – | – | 4,964 |
| －花紅(附註) | 1,000 | 700 | – | – | – | – | – | 1,700 |
| －退休福利計劃供款 | 12 | 12 | – | – | – | – | – | 24 |
| 總酬金 | 3,797 | 3,115 | 112 | 112 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 7,610 |

附註：花紅款項乃參照兩個年度之個別表現而釐定。

許佩斯女士亦是本公司主要行政人員，且上文披露之酬金包括彼作為主要行政人員履職而獲得之相應部分酬金。

綜合財務報表附註

截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度

11. 董事、主要行政人員及僱員之酬金一續

僱員酬金

本集團五名最高薪酬人士當中，兩名(二零一二年：兩名)為本公司之董事以及本公司主要行政人員(其酬金亦於上文披露)。其餘三名(二零一二年：三名)最高薪酬人士之酬金載列如下：

| | 二零一三年 千港元 | 二零一二年 千港元 |
|----------|--------------|--------------|
| 薪金及津貼 | 7,412 | 8,277 |
| 退休福利計劃供款 | 45 | 37 |
| | <u>7,457</u> | <u>8,314</u> |

彼等之酬金介乎如下範圍：

| | 二零一三年 千港元 | 二零一二年 千港元 |
|---------------------------|--------------|--------------|
| 1,500,001 港元至2,000,000 港元 | 1 | - |
| 2,000,001 港元至2,500,000 港元 | 1 | 1 |
| 2,500,001 港元至3,000,000 港元 | - | 1 |
| 3,000,001 港元至3,500,000 港元 | 1 | 1 |
| | <u>1</u> | <u>1</u> |

本集團並無向任何董事或五名最高薪酬人士支付任何酬金，作為邀請彼等加入本集團或加入本集團時之獎勵或作為離職之補償。於兩個年度內，概無董事放棄任何酬金。

12. 股息

| | 二零一三年 千港元 | 二零一二年 千港元 |
|---|--------------|---------------|
| 確認作分派： | | |
| 二零一三年中期股息每股0.35港仙 (二零一二年：二零一二年中期股息每股0.6港仙) | 3,024 | 5,184 |
| 二零一二年末期股息每股0.4港仙 (二零一二年：二零一一年末期股息每股0.6港仙) | 3,456 | 5,184 |
| | <u>6,480</u> | <u>10,368</u> |

董事會建議就本年度派付末期股息每股0.4港仙(二零一二年：有關截至二零一二年六月三十日止年度之末期股息每股0.4港仙)，惟須待本公司股東於應屆股東週年大會上批准後，方可作實。

綜合財務報表附註

截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度

13. 每股盈利

本公司擁有人應佔每股基本及攤薄盈利乃按以下數據計算：

| | 二零一三年 千港元 | 二零一二年 千港元 |
|-------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| 盈利 | | |
| 就計算每股基本及攤薄盈利所採用之溢利 | <u>22,275</u> | <u>29,654</u> |
| 股份數目 | | |
| 就計算每股基本盈利所採用之普通股加權平均數 | 864,000,000 | 857,293,151 |
| 首次公開招股前購股權計劃具潛在攤薄影響之普通股 | <u>-</u> | <u>-</u> |
| 就計算每股攤薄盈利所採用之股份加權平均數 | <u>864,000,000</u> | <u>857,293,151</u> |

由於截至二零一二年六月三十日止年度及直至購股權屆滿日期本公司購股權行使價均高於本公司股份之平均市價，故每股攤薄盈利的計算結果並不包括本公司具攤薄潛力的普通股。

14. 物業、廠房及設備

| | 租賃土地 及樓宇 千港元 | 租賃 物業裝修 千港元 | 機器及設備 千港元 | 傢俬、裝置 及辦公設備 千港元 | 總計 千港元 |
|-------------|--------------------|-------------------|--------------|-----------------------|-----------|
| 本集團 | | | | | |
| 成本 | | | | | |
| 於二零一一年七月一日 | 267,693 | 11,270 | 13,153 | 46,020 | 338,136 |
| 添置 | - | 55,290 | 5,508 | 14,731 | 75,529 |
| 出售 | - | - | (78) | (290) | (368) |
| 撇銷(附註) | - | (9,251) | (5,349) | (6,416) | (21,016) |
| 於二零一二年六月三十日 | 267,693 | 57,309 | 13,234 | 54,045 | 392,281 |
| 添置 | - | 2,597 | 1,793 | 7,440 | 11,830 |
| 出售 | - | - | (156) | (64) | (220) |
| 於二零一三年六月三十日 | 267,693 | 59,906 | 14,871 | 61,421 | 403,891 |
| 折舊 | | | | | |
| 於二零一一年七月一日 | - | 8,448 | 11,178 | 35,818 | 55,444 |
| 年度撥備 | 1,859 | 2,820 | 1,038 | 6,359 | 12,076 |
| 出售時對銷 | - | - | (51) | (244) | (295) |
| 撇銷時對銷 | - | (7,782) | (4,534) | (6,055) | (18,371) |
| 於二零一二年六月三十日 | 1,859 | 3,486 | 7,631 | 35,878 | 48,854 |
| 年度撥備 | 7,436 | 5,676 | 1,656 | 9,034 | 23,802 |
| 出售時對銷 | - | - | (117) | (54) | (171) |
| 於二零一三年六月三十日 | 9,295 | 9,162 | 9,170 | 44,858 | 72,485 |
| 賬面值 | | | | | |
| 於二零一三年六月三十日 | 258,398 | 50,744 | 5,701 | 16,563 | 331,406 |
| 於二零一二年六月三十日 | 265,834 | 53,823 | 5,603 | 18,167 | 343,427 |

附註：於截至二零一二年六月三十日止年度內，本集團搬遷辦公室，而與舊辦公室相關之絕大部份物業、廠房及設備已相應作出撇銷。

綜合財務報表附註

截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度

14. 物業、廠房及設備—續

上述物業、廠房及設備按直線法以下列年期予以折舊：

| | |
|------------|------------------------|
| 租賃土地及樓宇 | 三十六年及相關租約未屆滿年期(以較短者為準) |
| 租賃物業裝修 | 十年及相關租約未屆滿年期(以較短者為準) |
| 機器及設備 | 五年 |
| 傢俬、裝置及辦公設備 | 三至五年 |

租賃土地及樓宇位於香港，以中期租約持有。

本集團已抵押賬面淨值約258,398,000港元(二零一二年：265,834,000港元)之租賃土地及樓宇以取得授予本集團之一般銀行融資。

15. 無形資產

| | 出版資料庫 千港元 | 圖片及文章 之版權 千港元 | 總計 千港元 |
|--------------------------------------|--------------|---------------------|-----------|
| 本集團 | | | |
| 成本 | | | |
| 於二零一一年七月一日、二零一二年六月三十日 及二零一三年六月三十日 | 34,690 | 6,620 | 41,310 |
| 攤銷及減值 | | | |
| 於二零一一年七月一日、二零一二年六月三十日 及二零一三年六月三十日 | 34,690 | 6,620 | 41,310 |
| 賬面值 | | | |
| 於二零一二年六月三十日及二零一三年六月三十日 | - | - | - |

上述無形資產按直線法以十年之估計可使用年期予以攤銷。

15. 無形資產—續

本集團有時會以出版資料庫之內容、圖片及文章印製書冊。於二零零九年六月三十日，鑒於當時市況，由於書冊銷售量減少，管理層就本集團之無形資產進行審閱，將無形資產之賬面值及可收回金額進行比較。無形資產乃按估計可收回金額為基準進行減值，並參考彼等之使用價值。減值虧損約3,490,000港元已予釐定，並於截至二零零九年六月三十日止年度之損益中作相應確認。

16. 商譽

千港元

本集團

於二零一一年七月一日、二零一二年六月三十日及二零一三年六月三十日

695

商譽分配予新假期出版有限公司(前稱瑋益有限公司)(「新假期」)經營之雜誌之現金產生單位(「現金產生單位」)。通過使用價值計算，釐定現金產生單位之可收回金額。

本集團根據來自獲管理層批准之最近財務預算之未來兩年現金流量採用貼現率13%(二零一二年：14%)進行商譽減值檢討，該貼現率反映現時市場對貨幣之時間價值及現金產生單位之特定風險之評估。就減值測試而言，兩年後之現金流量按每年1.5%(二零一二年：2.5%)之定量增長率推斷之後三年之現金流量。使用價值計算之關鍵假設乃關於貼現率、增長率及本年度銷售價格及直接成本之預期變動。管理層採用稅前率估計貼現率，而增長率乃以行業增長之預測為基準。銷售價格及直接成本之變動乃以過往慣例及預計市場之未來變動為基準。認為不必要作出商譽減值。

本集團之管理層釐定於結算日現金產生單位(包括商譽)並無減值。

綜合財務報表附註

截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度

17. 於附屬公司之投資

| | 本公司 | |
|-------|--------------|--------------|
| | 二零一三年 千港元 | 二零一二年 千港元 |
| 非上市投資 | 72,220 | 72,220 |

於報告期完結日，本公司之附屬公司之詳情載於附註32。

18. 存貨

| | 本集團 | |
|-----|--------------|--------------|
| | 二零一三年 千港元 | 二零一二年 千港元 |
| 印刷紙 | 545 | 1,142 |

19. 貿易應收及其他應收賬款

| | 本集團 | |
|----------------|--------------|--------------|
| | 二零一三年 千港元 | 二零一二年 千港元 |
| 應收下列各方之貿易應收賬款 | | |
| — 第三方 | 100,082 | 91,264 |
| — 關連公司 | 344 | 203 |
| | 100,426 | 91,467 |
| 其他應收賬款、預付款項及按金 | 13,940 | 16,584 |
| | 114,366 | 108,051 |

19. 貿易應收及其他應收賬款—續

關連公司均為由楊受成產業控股(由STC International)持有，其為AY Trust之受託人，楊博士為該信託之創立人及被視為本公司之主要股東)最終擁有之公司。

本集團一般參考其客戶之過往付款記錄及業務關係，向彼等授予30日至120日不等之信貸期。雜誌發行收入之銷售額由本公司之分銷商於所售雜誌數量確定後10日內結算。管理層每月一次檢討廣告收入之信貸限額及未償還結餘。於報告日期，貿易應收賬款之賬齡分析如下(按發票日，約相當於各收入確認日期)：

| 賬齡 | 本集團 | |
|---------|----------------|---------------|
| | 二零一三年 千港元 | 二零一二年 千港元 |
| 0至30日 | 35,118 | 34,208 |
| 31日至90日 | 43,723 | 42,532 |
| 90日以上 | 21,585 | 14,727 |
| | <u>100,426</u> | <u>91,467</u> |

本集團之貿易應收賬款結餘包括賬面值約為50,987,000港元(二零一二年：36,739,000港元)之應收款。該應收款於報告期完結日已過期，由於信貸素質並無產生重大變動及本集團相信該款項仍被認為可予以收回，故此本集團並無就該款項作出撥備。就其餘未過期或不作減值之貿易應收賬款而言，本集團相信，按其過往付款記錄及業務關係，該款項可予以收回。本集團並無就該等結餘持有任何抵押品。

綜合財務報表附註

截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度

19. 貿易應收及其他應收賬款－續

已過期但不作減值之貿易應收賬款之賬齡分析

| | 本集團 | |
|----------|---------------|---------------|
| | 二零一三年 千港元 | 二零一二年 千港元 |
| 1日至90日 | 47,108 | 35,352 |
| 91日至180日 | 3,879 | 1,370 |
| 180日以上 | - | 17 |
| | <u>50,987</u> | <u>36,739</u> |

呆賬撥備之變動

| | 本集團 | |
|-------------|--------------|--------------|
| | 二零一三年 千港元 | 二零一二年 千港元 |
| 於年初之結餘 | 28 | 113 |
| 撇銷無法收回之款項 | (146) | (288) |
| 損益賬中扣除增加之撥備 | 725 | 203 |
| | <u>607</u> | <u>28</u> |
| 於年末之結餘 | | |

呆賬撥備包括而予個別減值之貿易應收賬款，總結餘為607,000港元(二零一二年：28,000港元)。由於管理層認為個別客戶拖欠之尚未償還結餘屬於呆賬，因此已就該等結餘悉數作出減值。本集團並無就該等結餘持有任何抵押品。

於釐定貿易應收賬款之可收回性時，本集團考慮貿易應收賬款自信貸初始授出日期起至報告日期止信貸素質之任何變動。董事相信無須對現時呆賬撥備金額作出進一步撥備。

20. 應收／付附屬公司款項

本公司

該款項乃無抵押、免息及無固定還款條款。董事認為，應收附屬公司款項131,091,000港元(二零一二年：324,121,000港元)將於報告期完結日後十二個月內償還。因此，該款項被分類為流動資產。

21. 銀行結餘及現金

本集團

銀行結餘及現金包括手頭現金及原到期日為三個月或以下按市場年利率0.001厘至0.55厘(二零一二年：0.001厘至1.40厘)計息之短期銀行存款。

本公司

銀行結餘按市場年利率0.001厘至0.55厘(二零一二年：0.001厘至1.00厘)計息。

22. 貿易應付及其他應付賬款

| | 本集團 | |
|---------------|--------------|--------------|
| | 二零一三年 千港元 | 二零一二年 千港元 |
| 應付下列各方之貿易應付賬款 | | |
| — 第三方 | 33,802 | 43,999 |
| — 關連公司 | 696 | 1,315 |
| | <hr/> | <hr/> |
| | 34,498 | 45,314 |
| 其他應付賬款及應計開支 | 25,144 | 26,370 |
| | <hr/> | <hr/> |
| | 59,642 | 71,684 |
| | <hr/> | <hr/> |

綜合財務報表附註

截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度

22. 貿易應付及其他應付賬款－續

關連公司均為由楊受成產業控股(由STC International持有，其為AY Trust之受託人，楊博士為該信託之創立人及被視為本公司之主要股東)最終擁有之公司。

本集團一般可自其供應商獲得 60日至90日之信貸期。於報告日期，貿易應付賬款之賬齡分析如下(按發票日)：

| | 本集團 | |
|-----------|--------------|--------------|
| | 二零一三年 千港元 | 二零一二年 千港元 |
| 賬齡 | | |
| 0至 90日 | 32,139 | 44,548 |
| 91日至 180日 | 1,900 | 692 |
| 180日以上 | 459 | 74 |
| | 34,498 | 45,314 |

23. 有抵押銀行按揭貸款

| | 本集團 | |
|--------------------------------|--------------|--------------|
| | 二零一三年 千港元 | 二零一二年 千港元 |
| 須償還之賬面值*： | | |
| 一年內 | - | 5,691 |
| 一年以上但不超過兩年 | - | 5,780 |
| 兩年以上但不超過五年 | - | 17,886 |
| 五年以上 | - | 24,101 |
| | - | 53,458 |
| 包括： | | |
| 須於一年內償還之款項 | - | 5,691 |
| 自報告期完結日起一年內毋須償還(但包含按要求償還條款)之款項 | - | 47,767 |
| | - | 53,458 |
| 於流動負債項下列示之款項 | - | 53,458 |

* 該等到期款項根據貸款協議所載之還款時間表計算。

於二零一二年六月三十日，按揭貸款按年利率1.25厘加香港銀行同業拆息計息，並以本集團之土地及樓宇，包括相關之香港租賃土地，賬面值為265,834,000港元作抵押。

於二零一二年六月三十日，本集團按揭貸款之實際年利率為1.55厘。

綜合財務報表附註

截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度

23. 有抵押銀行按揭貸款一續

根據日期為二零一一年四月二十八日之有抵押銀行按揭貸款協議，本集團可以自提取日期起兩年後以尚未償還之本金額及應計利息提早償還按揭貸款，無任何利息罰款或收費。有抵押銀行按揭貸款於二零一三年五月二十八日於到期前獲悉數償還。

24. 遞延稅項

於本年度已確認之主要遞延稅項負債及(資產)及有關變動載列如下：

| | 加速稅項折舊 千港元 | 稅項虧損 千港元 | 總計 千港元 |
|---------------|---------------|-------------|-----------|
| 本集團 | | | |
| 於二零一一年七月一日 | 1,433 | (811) | 622 |
| 本年度於損益賬扣除(計入) | 2,945 | (701) | 2,244 |
| 於二零一二年六月三十日 | 4,378 | (1,512) | 2,866 |
| 本年度於損益賬(計入)扣除 | (885) | 1,157 | 272 |
| 於二零一三年六月三十日 | 3,493 | (355) | 3,138 |

就綜合財務狀況表之呈列而言，遞延稅項資產及負債已被抵銷。

24. 遞延稅項—續

於二零一三年六月三十日，可用於抵銷未來溢利之本集團未動用稅項虧損約為45,600,000港元(二零一二年：53,778,000港元)。於二零一三年六月三十日，就該等虧損已確認遞延稅項資產約2,152,000港元(二零一二年：9,164,000港元)。由於未來溢利流不可預測，因此，並無就餘下43,448,000港元(二零一二年：44,614,000港元)確認遞延稅項資產。於二零一三年六月三十日，計入未確認稅務虧損中有將於產生年度起五年內到期約2,193,000港元(二零一二年：1,847,000港元)之虧損。其餘稅項虧損可無限期結轉。於本期間內或於報告期完結日，並無產生其他重大暫時差額。

25. 股本

| | 股份數目 | 金額 千港元 |
|------------------------|----------------|-----------|
| 每股面值0.01港元之普通股 | | |
| 法定股本 | 10,000,000,000 | 100,000 |
| 已發行及繳足 | | |
| 於二零一一年七月一日 | 720,000,000 | 7,200 |
| 發行之股份(附註) | 144,000,000 | 1,440 |
| 於二零一二年六月三十日及二零一三年六月三十日 | 864,000,000 | 8,640 |

附註：於二零一一年七月十八日，本公司就有關28,800,000份台灣存託憑證(「台灣存託憑證」)於台灣證券交易所股份有限公司(「台灣證交所」)發售及上市而以每股0.696港元之價格發行及配發144,000,000股新股份。所得款項374,400,000元新台幣(即每份13元新台幣之發售價乘以28,800,000份台灣存託憑證，相等於100,858,000港元)減去分別於股份溢價及損益扣除之3,077,000港元及1,945,000港元之發行費用後，用於擴充業務及為本集團提供額外營運資金。台灣存託憑證於二零一一年七月十九日在台灣證交所上市。

新股份與現有股份在各方面享有同等權益。

綜合財務報表附註

截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度

26. 購股權計劃

(a) 購股權計劃

根據本公司當時唯一股東於二零零八年一月十八日通過之書面決議案，本公司採用一項購股權計劃（「購股權計劃」）。購股權計劃旨在讓本集團向指定參與者授予購股權，以作為其對本集團所作貢獻之獎勵或獎賞。根據購股權計劃，本公司董事可全權酌情邀請任何僱員（無論為全職或兼職，包括任何執行董事，但不包括任何非執行董事）、任何非執行董事（包括獨立非執行董事）、任何產品或服務供應商、任何客戶、提供研究、開發或其他技術支援的任何人士或實體、任何股東、就本集團或其受投資公司之業務或業務發展領域之顧問（專業或其他）或諮詢人，接納購股權以認購最多佔本公司股份開始於聯交所上市之日期之已發行股本之10%之本公司股份，惟須經股東批准。若無事先獲得本公司股東批准，於任何十二個月內向任何人士授予之購股權所涉及之股份總數不得超過本公司已發行股本之1%。於任何年度向主要股東或獨立非執行董事授出之購股權超過本公司已發行股份之0.1%及價值超過5,000,000港元須經本公司股東批准。

獲授出之購股權須於授出日期起計二十八日內予以接納，並須每次支付1港元。購股權可於接納購股權日期起至董事會釐定之該等日期內之任何時間予以行使，惟於任何情況下，不得超過十年。行使價乃由本公司董事釐定，並將不少於本公司股份於授出日期之收市價、緊接授出日期前五個營業日之本公司股份平均收市價及本公司股份面值（以較高者為準）。

自購股權採納日期起及截至二零一三年六月三十日止，本公司概無根據購股權計劃授出購股權。

26. 購股權計劃－續

(b) 首次公開招股前購股權計劃

首次公開招股前購股權計劃旨在認同及獎賞對本集團成長及發展及本公司股份於聯交所上市作出貢獻之本集團若干董事、高級管理層、僱員、諮詢人及顧問。由當時唯一股東於二零零八年一月十八日以書面決議通過而予以採納之首次公開招股前購股權計劃(「首次公開招股前購股權計劃」)主要條款與購股權計劃條款類似，惟下列各項除外：

- (i) 認購價相等於本公司上市時每股最終發售價；
- (ii) 首次公開招股前購股權計劃之規則藉當時唯一股東於二零零八年一月十八日通過之書面決議予以無條件採納，惟據此授出之任何購股權須待聯交所上市委員會批准根據首次公開招股前購股權計劃授出之購股權獲行使而將予發行之任何股份上市及買賣後，方始行使。於購股權期間(即自上市日期起滿一年當日開始但不得超過自上市日期起五年行使有關購股權之期間)屆滿時，首次公開招股前購股權計劃將失效。
- (iii) 於本公司上市後並無根據首次公開招股前購股權計劃進一步授出購股權。

於二零零八年一月十八日，根據公開招股前購股權計劃之條款已按行使價0.68港元向本公司之兩名董事授出總計7,500,000份購股權。

綜合財務報表附註

截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度

26. 購股權計劃－續

(b) 首次公開招股前購股權計劃－續

已根據首次公開招股前購股權計劃授予本公司之董事之尚未行使購股權之概要如下：

| 授出日期 | 行使期 | 行使價 港元 | 於二零一一年 七月一日 及二零一二年 六月三十日 尚未行使 | 於本年度 失效 | 於 二零一三年 六月三十日 尚未行使 |
|------------|---------------------------|-----------|---|-------------|-----------------------------|
| 二零零八年一月十八日 | 二零零九年二月十二日 至二零一三年二月十二日 | 0.68 | 7,500,000 | (7,500,000) | - |

27. 儲備

本集團

本集團之儲備變動詳情載於綜合權益變動表。

(a) 股份溢價

於二零零八年二月十一日，待股份溢價賬因配售及公開發售股份而入賬後，透過資本化本公司股份溢價賬進賬額為數4,400,000港元，於二零零八年一月十八日營業結束時向名列本公司股東名冊之本公司當時唯一股東配發及發行按面值繳足股款之440,000,000股每股面值0.01港元之新普通股。因此，4,400,000港元之金額已計入股份溢價賬。

於二零零八年二月十一日，本公司透過向專業、機構及私人投資者配售及向公眾公開發售之方式以每股0.68港元之價格發行150,000,000股每股面值0.01港元之股份。已收所得款項已扣除因發行該等股份所產生之直接開支共5,681,000港元。因此，94,819,000港元之淨額計入股份溢價賬。

27. 儲備－續

本集團－續

(a) 股份溢價－續

於二零一零年九月二十九日，本公司之控股股東新傳媒投資透過配售代理，同意向獨立投資者以每股0.75港元之價格配售120,000,000股本公司股份（「配售事項」），且亦同意於配售事項完成後，以每股0.75港元之價格認購120,000,000股本公司新股份（「補足股份」）（「補足認購」）。配售事項於二零一零年十月六日完成。於二零一零年十月八日，本公司透過補足認購以每股0.75港元之價格發行120,000,000股每股面值0.01港元之股份。發行該等股份所得款項已扣除因發行該等股份所產生之直接開支共1,929,000港元。因此，86,871,000港元之淨額計入股份溢價賬。

於二零一一年七月十八日，本公司就有關28,800,000份台灣存託憑證之發售及掛牌而以每股0.696港元之價格發行144,000,000股面值0.01港元之股份（附註25）。已收所得款項為數374,400,000新台幣（相當於100,858,000港元）已扣除因發行該等股份所產生之開支3,077,000港元。因此，96,341,000港元之淨額計入股份溢價賬。

(b) 特別儲備

本集團之特別儲備指於集團重組時所收購附屬公司之股本及股份溢價總金額與就收購事項而發行之本公司股份之賬面值間之差額。

(c) 股本繳入儲備

款項695,000港元乃因Top Queen Investments Limited於二零零六年向一名非控股股東收購於新假期之15%額外股權而產生，並被視為本集團之股本繳入。

款項101,000港元指於截至二零零八年三月三十一日止年度由於在集團重組前eWeekend Limited及誌頌有限公司取銷登記而由Top Queen Investments Limited豁免之往來賬目。

綜合財務報表附註

截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度

27. 儲備—續

本公司

| | 股份溢價 千港元 | 合併儲備 千港元 | 購股權儲備 千港元 | 累計溢利 千港元 | 總計 千港元 |
|--------------|-------------|-------------|--------------|-------------|-----------|
| 於二零一一年七月一日 | 177,290 | 72,120 | 2,565 | 49,719 | 301,694 |
| 年度虧損及全面開支總額 | — | — | — | (183) | (183) |
| 已派付二零一一年末期股息 | — | — | — | (5,184) | (5,184) |
| 已派付二零一二年中期股息 | — | — | — | (5,184) | (5,184) |
| 發行股份 | 99,418 | — | — | — | 99,418 |
| 股份發行開支 | (3,077) | — | — | — | (3,077) |
| 於二零一二年六月三十日 | 273,631 | 72,120 | 2,565 | 39,168 | 387,484 |
| 年度虧損及全面開支總額 | — | — | — | (407) | (407) |
| 已派付二零一二年末期股息 | — | — | — | (3,456) | (3,456) |
| 已派付二零一三年中期股息 | — | — | — | (3,024) | (3,024) |
| 購股權失效後轉撥 | — | — | (2,565) | 2,565 | — |
| 於二零一三年六月三十日 | 273,631 | 72,120 | — | 34,846 | 380,597 |

本公司之合併儲備指於本公司收購附屬公司時該等附屬公司之綜合資產淨值，與集團重組時就收購發行本公司股份之賬面值之間之差額。

於二零一三年六月三十日，本公司根據香港公司條例第79B條計算之可提供分派儲備為34,846,000港元（二零一二年：39,168,000港元）。

28. 經營租約承擔

於報告期完結日，本集團承諾就有關不可撤銷經營租約項下之物業及機器須於日後支付下列最低租金付款，租金到期日如下：

| | 本集團 | |
|----------------|---------------|--------------|
| | 二零一三年 千港元 | 二零一二年 千港元 |
| 一年以內 | 2,637 | 1,268 |
| 第二至第五年(包括首尾兩年) | 8,795 | 2,165 |
| | 11,432 | 3,433 |

租期為一至五年，所有租金以固定金額支付。

29. 或然負債

於本年度，本集團若干附屬公司涉及於彼等日常業務活動中面臨尚未完結之訴訟或索償。本公司董事認為，該等訴訟或索償之判決對本集團之財務狀況並無重大不利影響，並認為無需就任何潛在負債於綜合財務狀況表內作出進一步撥備。

於報告期完結日，本公司並無重大或然負債。

30. 退休福利計劃

本集團為本集團所有合資格僱員設立強積金計劃。有關計劃之資產由信託人控制之基金持有，並與本集團之資產分開。本集團就每位僱員相關薪金成本之5%或以1,250港元(二零一二年：於二零一一年七月一日至二零一二年五月三十一日期間以1,000港元及自二零一二年六月一日起以1,250港元)(以較低者為準)向該計劃供款，而僱員之供款與此相同。

於綜合損益及其他全面收益表中扣除之總費用7,053,000港元(二零一二年：6,124,000港元)指本集團於本會計期間向該計劃應繳納之供款。

綜合財務報表附註

截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度

31. 關連方交易

(a) 於本年度內，本集團與關連公司之交易載列如下：

| | 二零一三年 千港元 | 二零一二年 千港元 |
|---------------|--------------|--------------|
| 已收廣告收入(附註1) | 1,764 | 1,071 |
| 已付廣告支出(附註2) | - | 7 |
| 已付應酬費用(附註2) | 13 | 79 |
| 已付財務服務費(附註2) | 360 | 385 |
| 已付海外旅遊支出(附註2) | 81 | 162 |
| 已收攝影收入(附註2) | 94 | 119 |
| 已付印刷成本(附註1) | 1,587 | 2,163 |
| 已收項目收入(附註2) | 172 | 315 |
| 已付行政費用報銷(附註2) | 2,291 | 1,580 |
| 已付租金費用(附註2) | 20 | 30 |
| 已付秘書服務費用(附註2) | 280 | 280 |
| 已付雜項開支(附註2) | - | 1 |
| 已收雜項收入(附註2) | 33 | 63 |

關連公司均為由本公司其中一名董事控制或楊受成產業控股(由STC International持有，其為AY Trust之受託人，楊博士為該信託之創立人及被視為本公司之主要股東)最終擁有及控制之公司。

31. 關連方交易－續

(a) 於本年度內，本集團與關連公司之交易載列如下：－ 續

附註：

- (1) 該等交易乃上市規則第14A章所界定之持續關連交易，詳情載於董事會報告內「持續關連交易」一節。
- (2) 該等交易乃獲豁免遵守上市規則第14A.31條/14A.33條之匯報、公告及獨立股東批准規定之關連交易。

(b) 主要管理人員之報酬

本年度董事及其他主要管理人員成員之酬金載列如下：

| | 二零一三年 千港元 | 二零一二年 千港元 |
|------|--------------|--------------|
| 短期福利 | 7,202 | 7,586 |
| 退休福利 | 30 | 24 |
| | <u>7,232</u> | <u>7,610</u> |

綜合財務報表附註

截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度

32. 附屬公司

於報告期完結日，本公司附屬公司之詳情載列如下：

| 附屬公司名稱 | 註冊成立/ 經營地點 | 已發行 及繳足股本 | 本公司持有之股權應佔 | | 主要活動 |
|-----------------------------------|---------------|--------------|------------|-------|-----------------|
| | | | 二零一三年 | 二零一二年 | |
| 直接持有 | | | | | |
| 新傳媒企業投資有限公司 | 英屬處女群島 | 11美元 | 100% | 100% | 投資控股 |
| 間接持有 | | | | | |
| 經要文化出版有限公司 | 香港 | 2港元 | 100% | 100% | 書刊出版代理 |
| 琦俊控股有限公司 | 英屬處女群島 | 1美元 | 100% | 100% | 投資控股 |
| 媒體出版有限公司 (前稱新傳媒集團 (香港)有限公司) | 香港 | 2港元 | 100% | 100% | 雜誌及書刊出版 |
| 新傳媒數碼服務有限公司 (前稱香港媒體服務有限公司) | 香港 | 2港元 | 100% | 100% | 數碼業務及提供雜誌 內容 |

32. 附屬公司一續

| 附屬公司名稱 | 註冊成立/ 經營地點 | 已發行 及繳足股本 | 本公司持有之股權應佔 | | 主要活動 |
|---|---------------|---------------|------------|-------|---------------------|
| | | | 二零一三年 | 二零一二年 | |
| 間接持有 – 續 | | | | | |
| 新傳媒出版有限公司 (前稱漢源(香港)有限公司) | 香港 | 800,000港元 | 100% | 100% | 雜誌出版 |
| New Monday Publishing Limited (前稱韋福有限公司) | 香港 | 2港元 | 100% | 100% | 雜誌出版 |
| 勝躍有限公司 | 香港 | 1港元 | 100% | 100% | 數碼業務 |
| 泰年有限公司 | 香港 | 2港元 | 100% | 100% | 版權持有及許可證業務 |
| 新假期出版有限公司 (前稱瑋益有限公司) | 香港 | 100港元 | 100% | 100% | 雜誌出版 |
| 裕勝有限公司 | 香港 | 1港元 | 100% | 100% | 物業控股 |
| 廣東新傳出版技術 開發有限公司* | 中國 | 人民幣5,000,000元 | 100% | 100% | 提供雜誌內容及數碼 業務發展服務 |

* 該附屬公司為外商獨資企業。

於報告期完結日，本公司之附屬公司概無發行任何債務證券。

財務摘要

業績

| | 截至六月三十日止年度 | | | | 由 二零零八年 四月一日至 二零零九年 六月三十日 止期間 |
|-------------|----------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--|
| | 二零一三年 千港元 | 二零一二年 千港元 | 二零一一年 千港元 | 二零一零年 千港元 | 二零零九年 千港元 |
| 營業額 | 495,197 | 504,840 | 480,914 | 437,762 | 553,512 |
| 除稅前溢利 | 27,433 | 35,805 | 50,570 | 56,073 | 48,384 |
| 稅項支出 | (5,158) | (6,151) | (8,590) | (10,468) | (9,622) |
| 年度溢利及全面收益總額 | 22,275 | 29,654 | 41,980 | 45,605 | 38,762 |

資產及負債

| | 於六月三十日 | | | | |
|-----|-----------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| | 二零一三年 千港元 | 二零一二年 千港元 | 二零一一年 千港元 | 二零一零年 千港元 | 二零零九年 千港元 |
| 總資產 | 514,598 | 565,814 | 463,670 | 296,750 | 250,378 |
| 總負債 | (63,941) | (130,952) | (145,875) | (90,286) | (77,519) |
| 總權益 | 450,657 | 434,862 | 317,795 | 206,464 | 172,859 |

附註：

1. 本公司於二零零七年十月八日於香港註冊成立，及於集團重組（誠如本公司於二零零八年一月二十九日發表之招股章程所載）後自二零零八年一月十八日起生效成為本集團之控股公司。

附 件 五
(請詳附冊)



Financial Statements

Independent Auditor's Report

Deloitte. **德勤**

TO THE MEMBERS OF NEW MEDIA GROUP HOLDINGS LIMITED

新傳媒集團控股有限公司

(incorporated in Hong Kong with limited liability)

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of New Media Group Holdings Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") set out on pages 56 to 115, which comprise the consolidated and the Company statements of financial position as at 30 June 2013, and the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Directors' Responsibility for the Consolidated Financial Statements

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audit and to report our opinion solely to you, as a body, in accordance with section 141 of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report. We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation of consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the Group as at 30 June 2013 and of the Group's profit and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu

Certified Public Accountants

Hong Kong

24 September 2013

Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income

For the year ended 30 June 2013

| | NOTES | 2013 HK\$'000 | 2012 HK\$'000 |
|--|-------|---------------------|------------------|
| Turnover | 7 | 495,197 | 504,840 |
| Direct operating costs | | (333,134) | (341,166) |
| Gross profit | | 162,063 | 163,674 |
| Other income | | 3,123 | 3,972 |
| Selling and distribution costs | | (71,292) | (70,447) |
| Administrative expenses | | (65,751) | (60,537) |
| Finance costs | 8 | (710) | (857) |
| Profit before taxation | | 27,433 | 35,805 |
| Taxation charge | 9 | (5,158) | (6,151) |
| Profit and total comprehensive income for the year | 10 | 22,275 | 29,654 |
| Earnings per share | 13 | | |
| – Basic and diluted | | HK2.58 cents | HK3.46 cents |

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

At 30 June 2013

| | NOTES | 2013 HK\$'000 | 2012 HK\$'000 |
|---------------------------------------|-------|------------------|------------------|
| Non-current assets | | | |
| Property, plant and equipment | 14 | 331,406 | 343,427 |
| Intangible assets | 15 | – | – |
| Goodwill | 16 | 695 | 695 |
| | | 332,101 | 344,122 |
| Current assets | | | |
| Inventories | 18 | 545 | 1,142 |
| Trade and other receivables | 19 | 114,366 | 108,051 |
| Income tax recoverable | | 749 | 1,078 |
| Bank balances and cash | 21 | 66,837 | 111,421 |
| | | 182,497 | 221,692 |
| Current liabilities | | | |
| Trade and other payables | 22 | 59,642 | 71,684 |
| Income tax payable | | 1,161 | 2,944 |
| Secured bank mortgage loan | 23 | – | 53,458 |
| | | 60,803 | 128,086 |
| Net current assets | | 121,694 | 93,606 |
| Total assets less current liabilities | | 453,795 | 437,728 |

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

At 30 June 2013

| | NOTES | 2013 HK\$'000 | 2012 HK\$'000 |
|-----------------------|-------|------------------|------------------|
| <hr/> | | | |
| Non-current liability | | | |
| Deferred taxation | 24 | 3,138 | 2,866 |
| | | <hr/> | <hr/> |
| | | 450,657 | 434,862 |
| | | <hr/> | <hr/> |
| Capital and reserves | | | |
| Share capital | 25 | 8,640 | 8,640 |
| Reserves | 27 | 442,017 | 426,222 |
| | | <hr/> | <hr/> |
| | | 450,657 | 434,862 |
| | | <hr/> | <hr/> |

The consolidated financial statements on pages 56 to 115 were approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 24 September 2013 and are signed on its behalf by:

Percy Hughes, Shirley
DIRECTOR

Lee Che Keung, Danny
DIRECTOR

Statement of Financial Position

At 30 June 2013

| | NOTES | 2013 HK\$'000 | 2012 HK\$'000 |
|------------------------------------|-------|------------------|------------------|
| Non-current assets | | | |
| Investments in subsidiaries | 17 | 72,220 | 72,220 |
| Amounts due from subsidiaries | 20 | 186,000 | – |
| | | 258,220 | 72,220 |
| Current assets | | | |
| Other receivables and prepayments | | 2 | 1 |
| Amounts due from subsidiaries | 20 | 131,091 | 324,121 |
| Bank balances | 21 | 5,360 | 5,148 |
| | | 136,453 | 329,270 |
| Current liabilities | | | |
| Other payables and accrued charges | | 436 | 366 |
| Amount due to a subsidiary | 20 | 5,000 | 5,000 |
| | | 5,436 | 5,366 |
| Net current assets | | | |
| | | 131,017 | 323,904 |
| | | 389,237 | 396,124 |
| Capital and reserves | | | |
| Share capital | 25 | 8,640 | 8,640 |
| Reserves | 27 | 380,597 | 387,484 |
| | | 389,237 | 396,124 |

Percy Hughes, Shirley
DIRECTOR

Lee Che Keung, Danny
DIRECTOR

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity

For the year ended 30 June 2013

| | Share capital HK\$'000 | Share premium HK\$'000 (note 27(a)) | Special reserve HK\$'000 (note 27(b)) | Capital contribution reserve HK\$'000 (note 27(c)) | Share options reserve HK\$'000 | Accumulated profits HK\$'000 | Total HK\$'000 |
|---|------------------------------|--|--|--|---|------------------------------------|-------------------|
| At 1 July 2011 | 7,200 | 177,290 | 90,700 | 796 | 2,565 | 39,244 | 317,795 |
| Profit and total comprehensive income for the year | - | - | - | - | - | 29,654 | 29,654 |
| Final dividend paid for 2011 | - | - | - | - | - | (5,184) | (5,184) |
| Interim dividend paid for 2012 | - | - | - | - | - | (5,184) | (5,184) |
| Issue of shares | 1,440 | 99,418 | - | - | - | - | 100,858 |
| Share issue expenses | - | (3,077) | - | - | - | - | (3,077) |
| At 30 June 2012 | 8,640 | 273,631 | 90,700 | 796 | 2,565 | 58,530 | 434,862 |
| Profit and total comprehensive income for the year | - | - | - | - | - | 22,275 | 22,275 |
| Final dividend paid for 2012 | - | - | - | - | - | (3,456) | (3,456) |
| Interim dividend paid for 2013 | - | - | - | - | - | (3,024) | (3,024) |
| Transfer upon lapse of share options | - | - | - | - | (2,565) | 2,565 | - |
| At 30 June 2013 | 8,640 | 273,631 | 90,700 | 796 | - | 76,890 | 450,657 |

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

For the year ended 30 June 2013

| | 2013 HK\$'000 | 2012 HK\$'000 |
|--|------------------|------------------|
| Cash flows from operating activities | | |
| Profit before taxation | 27,433 | 35,805 |
| Adjustments for: | | |
| Depreciation of property, plant and equipment | 23,802 | 12,076 |
| Interest income | (606) | (1,398) |
| Interest expenses | 710 | 857 |
| Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment | (6) | (13) |
| Loss on written off of property, plant and equipment | – | 2,645 |
| Allowance for doubtful debts | 725 | 203 |
| | <hr/> | <hr/> |
| Operating cash flows before movements in working capital | 52,058 | 50,175 |
| Decrease in inventories | 597 | 6,970 |
| Increase in trade and other receivables | (7,171) | (2,744) |
| Decrease in trade and other payables | (11,892) | (1,745) |
| | <hr/> | <hr/> |
| Net cash generated from operations | 33,592 | 52,656 |
| Hong Kong Profits Tax paid | (6,340) | (12,487) |
| | <hr/> | <hr/> |
| Net cash from operating activities | 27,252 | 40,169 |
| | <hr/> | <hr/> |
| Cash flows from investing activities | | |
| Purchase of property, plant and equipment | (11,980) | (73,742) |
| Interest received | 737 | 1,274 |
| Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment | 55 | 86 |
| | <hr/> | <hr/> |
| Net cash used in investing activities | (11,188) | (72,382) |
| | <hr/> | <hr/> |

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

For the year ended 30 June 2013

| | 2013 HK\$'000 | 2012 HK\$'000 |
|--|------------------|------------------|
| Cash flows from financing activities | | |
| Repayment of secured bank mortgage loan | (53,458) | (5,611) |
| Dividends paid | (6,480) | (10,368) |
| Interest paid | (710) | (857) |
| Proceeds from issue of shares | – | 100,858 |
| Share issue expenses paid | – | (2,611) |
| | <hr/> | <hr/> |
| Net cash (used in) from financing activities | (60,648) | 81,411 |
| | <hr/> | <hr/> |
| Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents | (44,584) | 49,198 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year | 111,421 | 62,223 |
| | <hr/> | <hr/> |
| Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year, representing bank balances and cash | 66,837 | 111,421 |
| | <hr/> | <hr/> |

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 June 2013

1. General

The Company is incorporated in Hong Kong as a limited liability company under the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance (Cap.32) and its shares are listed on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange"). The immediate and ultimate holding company of the Company are New Media Group Investment Limited ("New Media Investment") and Albert Yeung Holdings Limited ("AY Holdings") respectively, both companies are limited liability companies incorporated in the British Virgin Islands (the "BVI"). The entire issued share capital of New Media Investment was owned by AY Holdings which in turn is held by STC International Limited ("STC International"), being the trustee of The Albert Yeung Discretionary Trust (the "AY Trust"), a discretionary trust set up by Dr. Yeung Sau Shing, Albert ("Dr. Albert Yeung"). The address of the registered office and principal place of business of the Company are disclosed in the corporate information of the annual report.

The consolidated financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars which is the functional currency of the Company.

The Company acts as an investment holding company. The principal activities of its subsidiaries are set out in note 32.

2. Application of New and Revised Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs")

In the current year, the Group has applied the following amendments to Hong Kong Accounting Standards ("HKASs") and HKFRSs issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA").

Amendments to HKAS 1
Amendments to HKAS 12
Amendments to HKFRS 7

Presentation of items of other comprehensive income
Deferred tax: Recovery of underlying assets
Financial instruments: disclosures – Transfers of financial assets

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 June 2013

2. Application of New and Revised Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards (“HKFRSs”) – continued

Amendments to HKAS 1 “Presentation of Items of Other Comprehensive Income”

The amendments to HKAS 1 introduce new terminology for statement of comprehensive income and income statement. Upon application of the amendments to HKAS 1, the Group’s statement of comprehensive income is renamed as a statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income and an income statement is renamed as a statement of profit or loss. The amendments to HKAS 1 retain the option to present profit or loss and other comprehensive income in either a single statement or in two separate but consecutive statements. However, the amendments to HKAS 1 require additional disclosures to be made in the other comprehensive section such that items of other comprehensive income are grouped into two categories: (a) items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss; and (b) items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss when specific conditions are met. Income tax on items of other comprehensive income is required to be allocated on the same basis – the amendments do not change the existing option to present items of other comprehensive income either before tax or net of tax. The amendments have been applied retrospectively, and hence the presentation of items of other comprehensive income has been modified to reflect the changes.

Except as described above, the application of the above amendments to HKASs and HKFRSs in the current year has had no material impact on the Group’s financial performance and positions for the current and prior years and/or on the disclosures set out in these consolidated financial statements.

2. Application of New and Revised Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards (“HKFRSs”) – continued

The Group has not early applied the following HKASs and HKFRSs, amendments and interpretations (“INTs”) (hereinafter collectively referred to as the “new and revised HKFRSs”) that have been issued but are not yet effective:

| | |
|---|---|
| Amendments to HKFRSs | Annual improvements to HKFRSs 2009 – 2011 cycle ¹ |
| Amendments to HKFRS 7 | Disclosures – Offsetting financial assets and financial liabilities ¹ |
| Amendments to HKFRS 9 and HKFRS 7 | Mandatory effective date of HKFRS 9 and transition disclosures ² |
| Amendments to HKFRS 10, HKFRS 11 and HKFRS 12 | Consolidated financial statements, joint arrangements and disclosure of interests in other entities: Transition guidance ¹ |
| Amendments to HKFRS 10, HKFRS 12 and HKAS 27 | Investment entities ³ |
| HKFRS 9 | Financial instruments ² |
| HKFRS 10 | Consolidated financial statements ¹ |
| HKFRS 11 | Joint arrangements ¹ |
| HKFRS 12 | Disclosure of interests in other entities ¹ |
| HKFRS 13 | Fair value measurement ¹ |
| HKAS 19 (as revised in 2011) | Employee benefits ¹ |
| HKAS 27 (as revised in 2011) | Separate financial statements ¹ |
| HKAS 28 (as revised in 2011) | Investments in associates and joint ventures ¹ |
| Amendments to HKAS 32 | Offsetting financial assets and financial liabilities ³ |
| Amendments to HKAS 36 | Recoverable amount disclosures for non-financial assets ³ |
| Amendments to HKAS 39 | Novation of derivatives and continuation of hedge accounting ³ |
| HK(IFRIC) – INT 20 | Stripping costs in the production phase of a surface mine ¹ |
| HK(IFRIC) – INT 21 | Levies ³ |

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 June 2013

2. Application of New and Revised Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards (“HKFRSs”) – continued

¹ Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013.

² Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2015.

³ Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2014.

The directors of the Company anticipate that the adoption of the new and revised HKFRSs will have no material impact on the consolidated financial statements.

3. Significant Accounting Policies

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA. In addition, the consolidated financial statements include applicable disclosures required by the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange (the “Listing Rules”) and by the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis. Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for goods.

The principal accounting policies are set out below.

Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the Company and entities controlled by the Company (its subsidiaries). Control is achieved where the Company has the power to govern the financial and operating policies of an entity so as to obtain benefits from its activities.

When necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring their accounting policies in line with those used by other members of the Group.

All intra-group transactions, balances, income and expenses are eliminated on consolidation.

3. Significant Accounting Policies – continued

Revenue recognition

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable and represents amounts receivable for goods sold and services provided in the normal course of business, net of discounts and sales related taxes.

Advertising income is recognised upon the publication of the edition in which the advertisement is placed.

Circulation income represents sales of magazines and books, which is recognised when the publication are delivered and title has passed, net of any allowances for returned unsold copies.

Digital business income represents revenue from provision of digital services platform, which is recognised when services are provided.

Revenue from the provision of magazine content is recognised on a straight-line basis over the relevant contract period.

Interest income from a financial asset is recognised when it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and the amount of income can be measured reliably. Interest income is accrued on a time basis, by reference to the principal outstanding and at the effective interest rate applicable, which is the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to that asset's net carrying amount on initial recognition.

Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from "profit before taxation" as reported in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years, and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The Group's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 June 2013

3. Significant Accounting Policies – continued

Taxation – continued

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the consolidated financial statements and the corresponding tax base used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilised. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition (other than in a business combination) of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries, except where the Group is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred tax assets arising from deductible temporary differences associated with such investments are only recognised to the extent that it is probable that there will be sufficient taxable profits against which to utilise the benefits of the temporary differences and they are expected to reverse in the foreseeable future.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of the reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset is realised, based on tax rate (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Group expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Current and deferred tax are recognised in profit or loss, except when they relate to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax are also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

3. Significant Accounting Policies – continued

Share-based payment transactions

Share options granted to employees

The fair value of services received determined by reference to the fair value of share options granted at the grant date is expensed on a straight-line basis over the vesting period, with a corresponding increase in equity (share options reserve).

When the share options are exercised, the amount previously recognised in share options reserve will be transferred to share premium. When the share options are forfeited after the vesting date or are still not exercised at the expiry date, the amount previously recognised in share options reserve will be transferred to accumulated profits.

Retirement benefit costs

Payments to the Group's Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme which is a defined contribution retirement benefit plan are recognised as an expense when employees have rendered service entitling them to the contributions.

Goodwill

Goodwill arising on an acquisition of a business is carried at cost less accumulated impairment losses, if any, and is presented separately in the consolidated statement of financial position.

For the purposes of impairment testing, goodwill is allocated to each of the cash-generating units (or groups of cash-generating units) that is expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination.

A cash-generating unit to which goodwill has been allocated is tested for impairment annually, or more frequently whenever there is indication that the unit may be impaired. For goodwill arising on an acquisition in a reporting period, the cash-generating unit to which goodwill has been allocated is tested for impairment before the end of that reporting period. If the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit is less than the carrying amount of the unit, the impairment loss is allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the unit and then to the other assets of the unit pro rata on the basis of the carrying amount of each asset in the unit. Any impairment loss for goodwill is recognised directly in profit or loss in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income. An impairment loss recognised for goodwill is not reversed in subsequent periods.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 June 2013

3. Significant Accounting Policies – continued

Goodwill – continued

On disposal of the relevant cash-generating unit, the attributable amount of goodwill is included in the determination of the amount of profit or loss on disposal.

Investments in subsidiaries

Investments in subsidiaries are included in the Company's statement of financial position at deemed cost less any identified impairment loss. The deemed cost represents the carrying amounts of consolidated net assets of the subsidiaries at the date on which they were transferred to the Company at the time of the Group Reorganisation on 18 January 2008.

Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment including leasehold land (classified as finance leases) and buildings held for production or supply of goods or services, or for administrative purposes are stated in the consolidated statement of financial position at cost less subsequent accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost of items of property, plant and equipment less their residual values over their estimated useful lives, using the straight-line method. The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis.

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in profit or loss.

3. Significant Accounting Policies – continued

Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are added to the cost of those assets until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale. Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation.

All other borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

Intangible assets

Intangible assets with finite useful lives that are acquired separately are carried at costs less accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses. Amortisation for intangible assets with finite useful lives is recognised on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives. The estimated useful life and amortisation method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate being accounted for on a prospective basis.

An intangible asset is derecognised on disposal, or when no future economic benefits are expected from use or disposal. Gains or losses arising from derecognition of an intangible asset are measured at the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognised in profit or loss in the period when the asset is derecognised.

Impairment loss on tangible and intangible assets (other than goodwill and financial assets)

At the end of the reporting period, the Group reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible and intangible assets with finite useful lives to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the assets is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss, if any. When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. Where a reasonable and consistent basis of allocation can be identified, corporate assets are also allocated to individual cash-generating units, or otherwise they are allocated to the smallest group of cash-generating units for which a reasonable and consistent allocation basis can be identified.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 June 2013

3. Significant Accounting Policies – continued

Impairment loss on tangible and intangible assets (other than goodwill and financial assets) – continued

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted.

If the recoverable amount of an asset (or a cash-generating unit) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (or a cash-generating unit) is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (or a cash-generating unit) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset (or a cash-generating unit) in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised as income immediately.

Leasing

Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

In the event that lease incentives are received to enter into operating leases, such incentives are recognised as a liability. The aggregate benefit of incentives is recognised as a reduction of rental expense on a straight-line basis.

Leasehold land and building

When a lease includes both land and building elements, the Group assesses the classification of each element as a finance or an operating lease separately based on the assessment as to whether substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of each element have been transferred to the Group, unless it is clear that both elements are operating leases in which case the entire lease is classified as an operating lease. Specifically, the minimum lease payments (including any lump-sum upfront payments) are allocated between the land and the building elements in proportion to the relative fair values of the leasehold interests in the land element and building element of the lease at the inception of the lease.

3. Significant Accounting Policies – continued

Leasehold land and building – continued

To the extent the allocation of the lease payments can be made reliably, interest in leasehold land that is accounted for as an operating lease is presented as “prepaid lease payments” in the consolidated statement of financial position and is amortised over the lease term on a straight-line basis. When the lease payments cannot be allocated reliably between the land and building elements, the entire lease is generally classified as a finance lease and accounted for as property, plant and equipment.

Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is calculated using the first-in, first-out method. Net realisable value represents the estimated selling price for inventories less all estimated costs of completion and costs necessary to make the sale.

Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position when a group entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Financial assets

The Group’s financial assets are mainly classified into loans and receivables. The classification depends on the nature and purpose of the financial assets and is determined at the time of initial recognition. All regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are recognised and derecognised on a trade date basis. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the time frame established by regulation or convention in the marketplace.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 June 2013

3. Significant Accounting Policies – continued

Financial instruments – continued

Financial assets – continued

Effective interest method

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial asset and of allocating interest income over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts (including all fees paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the financial asset, or, where appropriate, a shorter period to the net carrying amount on initial recognition.

Interest income is recognised on an effective interest basis for debt instruments.

Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. Subsequent to initial recognition, loans and receivables (including trade and other receivables and bank balances and cash for the Group and other receivables, amounts due from subsidiaries and bank balances for the Company) are carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any identified impairment losses.

Impairment of financial assets

Financial assets are assessed for indicators of impairment at the end of the reporting period. Financial assets are considered to be impaired where there is objective evidence that, as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the financial asset, the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset have been affected.

For financial assets, objective evidence of impairment could include:

- significant financial difficulty of the issuer or counterparty; or
- breach of contract, such as default or delinquency in interest or principal payments; or
- it becoming probable that the borrower will enter bankruptcy or financial re-organisation.

3. Significant Accounting Policies – continued

Financial instruments – continued

Financial assets – continued

Impairment of financial assets – continued

For certain categories of financial assets, such as trade receivables, assets that are assessed not to be impaired individually are in addition, assessed for impairment on a collective basis. Objective evidence of impairment for a portfolio of receivables could include the Group's past experience of collecting payments, an increase in the number of delayed payments in the portfolio past the average credit period and observable changes in national or local economic conditions that correlate with default on receivables.

For financial assets carried at cost, the amount of the impairment loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of the estimated future cash flows discounted at the current market rate of return for a similar financial asset. Such impairment loss will not be reversed in subsequent periods.

The carrying amount of the financial assets is reduced by the impairment loss directly for all financial assets with the exception of trade receivables, where the carrying amount is reduced through the use of an allowance account. Changes in the carrying amount of the allowance account are recognised in profit or loss. When a trade receivable is considered uncollectible, it is written off against the allowance account. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off are credited to profit or loss.

For financial assets measured at amortised cost, if, in a subsequent period, the amount of the impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment losses was recognised, the previously recognised impairment loss is reversed through the profit or loss to the extent that the carrying amount of the asset at the date the impairment is reversed does not exceed what the amortised cost would have been had the impairment not been recognised.

Financial liabilities and equity instruments

Debt and equity instruments issued by a group entity are classified as either financial liabilities or as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 June 2013

3. Significant Accounting Policies – continued

Financial instruments – continued

Financial liabilities and equity instruments – continued

Equity instruments

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the Group after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by the Company are recognised at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

Effective interest method

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial liability and of allocating interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments (including all fees paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premium or discounts) through the expected life of the financial liability, or, where appropriate, a shorter period, to the net carrying amount on initial recognition.

Interest expense is recognised on an effective interest basis.

Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities, including trade and other payables and secured bank mortgage loan for the Group and other payables and amount due to a subsidiary for the Company, are subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest method.

Equity instruments issued costs

The transaction costs of an equity transaction are accounted for as a deduction from equity (net of any related income tax benefit) to the extent they are incremental costs directly attributable to the equity transaction that otherwise would have been avoided.

3. Significant Accounting Policies – continued

Financial instruments – continued

Derecognition

The Group derecognises a financial asset only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire.

On derecognition of a financial asset, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable is recognised in profit or loss.

The Group derecognises financial liabilities when, and only when, the Group's obligation is discharged, cancelled or expired. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognised and the consideration paid or payable is recognised in profit or loss.

4. Financial Instruments

(a) Categories of financial instruments

The following table sets out in the financial instruments as at end of the reporting period:

| | THE GROUP | | THE COMPANY | |
|---|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| | 2013 | 2012 | 2013 | 2012 |
| | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 |
| Financial assets | | | | |
| Loans and receivables (including cash and cash equivalents) | <u>172,990</u> | <u>211,345</u> | <u>322,453</u> | <u>329,270</u> |
| Financial liabilities | | | | |
| Amortised cost | <u>35,055</u> | <u>100,564</u> | <u>5,386</u> | <u>5,315</u> |

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 June 2013

4. Financial Instruments – continued

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies

THE GROUP AND THE COMPANY

The Group's major financial instruments include trade and other receivables, bank balances and cash, trade and other payables and secured bank mortgage loan. The Company's major financial instruments are other receivables, bank balances, other payables, and amounts due from (to) subsidiaries. Details of these financial instruments are disclosed in respective notes. The risks associated with these financial instruments and the policies on how to mitigate these risks are set out below. The management manages and monitors these exposures to ensure appropriate measures are implemented on a timely and effective manner.

(c) Market risk

Foreign currency risk

Foreign currency risk refers to the risk that movement in foreign currency exchange rate which will affect the Group's and the Company's financial results and cashflows. The management considers the Group and the Company are not exposed to significant foreign currency risk as majority of its operations and transactions are in Hong Kong and denominated in Hong Kong dollars.

Interest rate risk

The Group is exposed to fair value interest rate risk in relation to fixed rate bank deposits of approximately HK\$55,958,000 (2012: HK\$91,998,000) and cash flow interest rate risk in relation to a variable rate secured bank mortgage loan of nil (2012: HK\$53,458,000). The Company is exposed to fair value interest rate risk in relation to a fixed rate bank deposit of approximately HK\$5,058,000 (2012: HK\$5,024,000). The Group and the Company currently do not have policy on fair value and cash flow hedges of interest rate risk. However, the management monitors interest rate exposure and will consider hedging significant interest rate risk should the need arise.

The Group's cash flow interest rate risk was mainly concentrated on the fluctuation of Hong Kong Interbank Offered Rate ("HIBOR") arising from secured bank mortgage loan.

The Group's sensitivity to cash flow interest rate risk had been determined based on the exposure to interest rates for the secured bank mortgage loan as at 30 June 2012. The analysis was prepared assuming the financial liabilities outstanding at the end of the reporting period were outstanding for the whole year. A 100 basis point increase or decrease was used when reporting interest rate risk internally to key management personnel and represented management's assessment of the reasonably possible change in interest rates.

4. Financial Instruments – continued

(c) **Market risk** – continued

Interest rate risk – continued

If interest rates had been 100 basis points higher and all other variables were held constant, the potential decrease in post-tax profit for the year ended 30 June 2012 was approximately HK\$446,000. If interest rates had been lower in an opposite magnitude and all other variables held constant, the potential effect on the results would be equal and opposite.

(d) **Credit risk**

The Group's and the Company's maximum exposure to credit risk in the event of the counterparties' failure to perform their obligations as at the end of the reporting period in relation to each class of recognised financial assets is the carrying amount of those assets as stated in the statement of financial position at the end of the reporting period.

THE GROUP

In order to minimise the credit risk, the management of the Group monitors the level of exposure to ensure that follow-up actions are taken to recover overdue debts. In addition, the management of the Group reviews the recoverability of each trade debt at the end of the reporting period to ensure that adequate impairment losses are made for irrecoverable amounts. In this regard, the directors consider that the Group's credit risk is significantly reduced.

The Group has concentration of credit risk as the Group's trade receivables as at 30 June 2013 of approximately HK\$47,475,000 (2012: HK\$52,815,000) were derived from a few advertising agencies and a sole distributor of the Group, representing the top five customers of the Group. They are assessed by the management as high credit rating customers. In order to minimise the credit risk, the directors of the Company continuously monitor the level of exposure to ensure that follow-up actions and/or corrective actions are taken promptly to lower exposure or even to recover the overdue debts. The Group has no significant concentration of credit risk for the remaining trade receivables, with exposure spread over a number of counterparties and customers.

The Group has concentration of credit risk on liquid funds which are deposited with several banks. However, the credit risk on liquid funds is limited because the majority of the counterparties are banks with high credit ratings assigned by international credit-rating agencies and with good reputation.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 June 2013

4. Financial Instruments – continued

(d) Credit risk – continued

THE COMPANY

The Company has concentration of credit risk on amounts due from two operating subsidiaries. However, the Company's credit risk is limited because the counterparties are subsidiaries with positive operating cash flow position.

The Company has concentration of credit risk on liquid funds which are deposited with several banks. However, the credit risk on liquid funds is limited because the majority of the counterparties are banks with high credit ratings assigned by international credit-rating agencies with good reputation.

(e) Liquidity risk

In the management of the liquidity risk, the Group and the Company monitor and maintain a level of cash and cash equivalents deemed adequate by the management to finance the Group's and the Company's operations and mitigate the effects of fluctuations in cash flows. The management monitors the utilisation of banking facilities and ensures compliance with loan covenants.

The Group relied on secured bank mortgage loan at 30 June 2012, and the Company relies on amount due to a subsidiary as a significant source of liquidity. At 30 June 2013, based on the existing levels of bank balances and the existing banking facilities available, the Group and the Company will be able to meet its future cashflow requirements. Accordingly, the management considers that the Group's and the Company's liquidity risk is minimal.

The following tables detail the Group's and the Company's remaining contractual maturity for its financial liabilities. The tables have been drawn up based on the undiscounted cash flows of financial liabilities based on the earliest date on which the Group and the Company can be required to pay. The maturity dates are based on the agreed repayment dates.

At 30 June 2012, the table included both interest and principal cash flows. To the extent that interest flows were floating rate, the undiscounted amount was based on interest rate at the end of the reporting period. There were no interest bearing financial liabilities as at 30 June 2013.

4. Financial Instruments – continued

(e) Liquidity risk – continued

Liquidity tables

| | | THE GROUP | | | |
|----------------------------|---|--|---|---|--|
| | Weighted average interest rate % | On demand or less than 1 month HK\$'000 | Over 1 month but not more than 3 months HK\$'000 | Total undiscounted cash flows HK\$'000 | Total carrying amounts HK\$'000 |
| 2013 | | | | | |
| Trade and other payables | – | 29,218 | 5,837 | 35,055 | 35,055 |
| 2012 | | | | | |
| Trade and other payables | – | 12,240 | 34,866 | 47,106 | 47,106 |
| Secured bank mortgage loan | 1.55 | 53,458 | – | 53,458 | 53,458 |
| | | 65,698 | 34,866 | 100,564 | 100,564 |

As at 30 June 2012, secured bank mortgage loan with a repayment on demand clause was included in the “on demand or less than 1 month” time band in the above maturity analysis. The aggregate carrying amount of the bank loan not repayable within one year but contains a repayment on demand clause amounted to approximately HK\$47,767,000. Taking into account the Group’s financial position, the directors believed that it was not probable that the bank would exercise its discretionary rights to demand immediate repayment. The secured bank mortgage loan was expected to be repaid in nine years after 30 June 2012 in accordance with the scheduled repayment dates set out in the loan agreement. During the year ended 30 June 2013, the management decided to utilise the excessive cash and to minimise future finance costs of the Group, therefore the secured bank mortgage loan was early repaid in full on 28 May 2013.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 June 2013

4. Financial Instruments – continued

(e) Liquidity risk – continued

Liquidity tables – continued

The aggregate principal and interest cash outflows for the year ended 30 June 2012 is disclosed as follows:

| | Weighted average interest rate % | THE GROUP | | | | | Total undiscounted cash flows HK\$'000 | Total carrying amounts HK\$'000 |
|----------------------------|---|---|---|---|--|---|---|--|
| | | Over 1 month but not more than 3 months HK\$'000 | Over 3 months but not more than 1 year HK\$'000 | Over 1 year but not more than 5 years HK\$'000 | More than 5 years HK\$'000 | Over 1 year but not more than 5 years HK\$'000 | | |
| 2012 | | | | | | | | |
| Secured bank mortgage loan | 1.55 | <u>1,620</u> | <u>4,860</u> | <u>25,922</u> | <u>24,842</u> | <u>57,244</u> | <u>53,458</u> | |
| THE COMPANY | | | | | | | | |
| | Weighted average interest rate % | On demand or less than 1 month HK\$'000 | Over 1 month but not more than 3 months HK\$'000 | Total undiscounted cash flows HK\$'000 | Total carrying amounts HK\$'000 | | | |
| 2013 | | | | | | | | |
| Other payables | – | – | 386 | 386 | 386 | | | |
| Amount due to a subsidiary | – | <u>5,000</u> | <u>–</u> | <u>5,000</u> | <u>5,000</u> | | | |
| | | <u>5,000</u> | <u>386</u> | <u>5,386</u> | <u>5,386</u> | | | |
| 2012 | | | | | | | | |
| Other payables | – | – | 315 | 315 | 315 | | | |
| Amount due to a subsidiary | – | <u>5,000</u> | <u>–</u> | <u>5,000</u> | <u>5,000</u> | | | |
| | | <u>5,000</u> | <u>315</u> | <u>5,315</u> | <u>5,315</u> | | | |

4. **Financial Instruments – continued**

(f) **Fair value of financial instruments**

The fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities are determined in accordance with generally accepted pricing models based on discounted cash flow analysis.

The directors consider that the carrying amounts of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded at amortised cost in the financial statements approximate to their fair values.

5. **Capital Risk Management**

The Group manages its capital to ensure that the group entities will be able to continue as a going concern while maximising the return to stakeholders through the optimisation of the debt and equity balance. The Group's overall strategy remains unchanged from prior year.

The capital structure of the Group consists of equity attributable to owners of the Company, comprising issued share capital, reserves and accumulated profits.

The directors of the Company review the capital structure on a regular basis. As part of this review, the directors consider the cost of capital and the risks associated with each class of capital. Based on recommendations of the directors, the Group will balance its overall capital structure through the payment of dividends, new share issues as well as the debt raising.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 June 2013

6. Segment Information

The Group's operating activity is attributable to a single reporting segment focusing on services on publication of advertisements, sales of magazines and books, digital business services and provision of magazine content.

The reportable segment has been identified on the basis of internal management reports prepared in accordance with accounting policies conform to HKFRSs, that are regularly reviewed by the chief operating decision makers ("CODM") who are the executive directors of the Group.

Segment revenue and results

The CODM regularly review revenue and operating results derived from services on publication of advertisements, sales of magazines and books, digital business services and provision of magazine content on an aggregated basis and consider them as one single operating segment. The turnover and profit before taxation in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income represent the segment turnover and segment result respectively.

No analysis of segment assets or segment liabilities is regularly provided to the CODM for review.

Other segment information

Turnover from major products and services

The Group principally engages in magazine publishing and generates advertising income, circulation income, digital business income and income from provision of magazine content. Details are disclosed in note 7 to the consolidated financial statements.

6. Segment Information – continued

Geographical information

For each of the year ended 30 June 2013 and 2012, the Group's operations are located in Hong Kong and the People's Republic of China ("PRC").

The Group's revenue from external customers based on the location where the sales occurred and information about its non-current assets by geographical location of the assets are detailed below:

| | Revenue from external customers | | Non-current assets | |
|-----------|------------------------------------|----------|--------------------|----------|
| | Year ended 30 June | | As at 30 June | |
| | 2013 | 2012 | 2013 | 2012 |
| | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 |
| Hong Kong | 493,864 | 504,751 | 331,830 | 343,822 |
| PRC | 1,333 | 89 | 271 | 300 |
| | 495,197 | 504,840 | 332,101 | 344,122 |

Information about major customers

Revenues from customers of the corresponding year contributing over 10% of the total sales of the Group are as follows:

| | 2013 | 2012 |
|------------|---------------|----------|
| | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 |
| Customer A | 86,993 | 104,507 |
| Customer B | 55,922 | 57,610 |

Customer A is a sole distributor of the magazines published by the Group and Customer B is an advertising agency, which generate circulation income and advertising income respectively to the Group.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 June 2013

7. Turnover

Turnover represents the net amounts received and receivable from advertising income, circulation income, digital business income and provision of magazine content during the year. An analysis of the Group's turnover for the year is as follows:

| | 2013 HK\$'000 | 2012 HK\$'000 |
|-------------------------------|------------------|------------------|
| Advertising income | 390,587 | 382,944 |
| Circulation income | 89,648 | 108,457 |
| Digital business income | 12,816 | 11,748 |
| Provision of magazine content | 2,146 | 1,691 |
| | <u>495,197</u> | <u>504,840</u> |

8. Finance Costs

| | 2013 HK\$'000 | 2012 HK\$'000 |
|--|------------------|------------------|
| Interest on bank mortgage loan not wholly repayable within five years | <u>710</u> | <u>857</u> |

9. Taxation Charge

| | 2013 HK\$'000 | 2012 HK\$'000 |
|---|------------------|------------------|
| The charge comprises: | | |
| Hong Kong Profits Tax | | |
| Current year | 4,607 | 4,192 |
| Under(over)provision in prior years | 279 | (285) |
| | <u>4,886</u> | <u>3,907</u> |
| Deferred taxation charge (<i>note 24</i>) | 272 | 2,244 |
| | <u>5,158</u> | <u>6,151</u> |

Hong Kong Profits Tax is calculated at 16.5% of the estimated assessable profit for both years.

Under the Law of the PRC on Enterprise Income Tax (the "EIT Law") and Implementation Regulation of the EIT Law, the tax rate of the PRC subsidiary is 25% from 1 January 2008 onwards.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 June 2013

9. Taxation Charge – continued

The taxation charge for the year can be reconciled to the profit before taxation per the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income as follows:

| | 2013 HK\$'000 | 2012 HK\$'000 |
|--|------------------|------------------|
| Profit before taxation | 27,433 | 35,805 |
| Tax at Hong Kong Profits Tax rate of 16.5% | 4,526 | 5,908 |
| Tax effect of expenses not deductible for tax purpose | 680 | 552 |
| Tax effect of income not taxable for tax purpose | (99) | (245) |
| Utilisation of tax losses previously not recognised | (1,419) | (119) |
| Tax effect of tax losses not recognised | 1,227 | 381 |
| Effect of different tax rates of a subsidiary operating in PRC | (29) | 7 |
| Under(over)provision in prior years | 279 | (285) |
| Others | (7) | (48) |
| Taxation charge for the year | 5,158 | 6,151 |

10. Profit for the Year

| | 2013 HK\$'000 | 2012 HK\$'000 |
|--|------------------|------------------|
| Profit for the year has been arrived at after charging: | | |
| Directors' emoluments (<i>note 11</i>) | | |
| – fees | 1,140 | 922 |
| – retirement benefits scheme contributions | 30 | 24 |
| – other emoluments | 6,062 | 6,664 |
| | 7,232 | 7,610 |
| Other staff's retirement benefits scheme contributions | 7,023 | 6,100 |
| Other staff costs, including salaries and other benefits | 195,691 | 183,555 |
| | 209,946 | 197,265 |
| Allowance for doubtful debts | 725 | 203 |
| Auditor's remuneration | 2,200 | 1,943 |
| Depreciation of property, plant and equipment | 23,802 | 12,076 |
| Loss on written off of property, plant and equipment | – | 2,645 |
| Operating lease rentals for rented premises | 371 | 5,003 |
| and after crediting: | | |
| Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment | 6 | 13 |
| Interest income | 606 | 1,398 |

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 June 2013

11. Directors', Chief Executive's and Employees' Emoluments

Directors' and chief executive's emoluments

Details of the emoluments paid or payable to the directors and the chief executive of the Company are as follows:

| | Percy Hughes, Shirley | Lee Che Keung, Danny | Wong Chi Fai | Fan Man Seung, Vanessa | Hui Wai Man, Shirley | Tse Hin Lin, Arnold | Kwan Shin Luen, Susanna | Total |
|--|-----------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|------------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------|
| | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 |
| 2013 | | | | | | | | |
| Fees | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 180 | 180 | 180 | 1,140 |
| Other emoluments | | | | | | | | |
| – salaries and other allowances | 2,807 | 2,405 | – | – | – | – | – | 5,212 |
| – bonus (note) | 500 | 350 | – | – | – | – | – | 850 |
| – retirement benefits scheme contributions | 15 | 15 | – | – | – | – | – | 30 |
| Total emoluments | 3,472 | 2,920 | 150 | 150 | 180 | 180 | 180 | 7,232 |

11. Directors', Chief Executive's and Employees' Emoluments – continued

Directors' and chief executive's emoluments – continued

| | Percy Hughes, Shirley | Lee Che Keung, Danny | Wong Chi Fai | Fan Man Seung, Vanessa | Hui Wai Man, Shirley | Tse Hin Lin, Arnold | Kwan Shin Luen, Susanna | Total |
|--|-----------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|------------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------|
| | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 |
| 2012 | | | | | | | | |
| Fees | 112 | 112 | 112 | 112 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 922 |
| Other emoluments | | | | | | | | |
| – salaries and other allowances | 2,673 | 2,291 | – | – | – | – | – | 4,964 |
| – bonus (note) | 1,000 | 700 | – | – | – | – | – | 1,700 |
| – retirement benefits scheme contributions | 12 | 12 | – | – | – | – | – | 24 |
| Total emoluments | 3,797 | 3,115 | 112 | 112 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 7,610 |

Note: The bonus payment is determined with reference to the individual performance in both years.

Ms. Percy Hughes, Shirley is also the Chief Executive of the Company and her emoluments disclosed above include those for services rendered by her as the Chief Executive.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 June 2013

11. Directors', Chief Executive's and Employees' Emoluments – continued

Employees' emoluments

Of the five individuals with the highest emoluments in the Group, two (2012: two) were directors and the chief executive of the Company whose emoluments are included in the disclosures above. The emoluments of the remaining three (2012: three) individuals were as follows:

| | 2013 HK\$'000 | 2012 HK\$'000 |
|---|------------------|------------------|
| Salaries and allowances | 7,412 | 8,277 |
| Contributions to retirement benefits scheme | 45 | 37 |
| | <u>7,457</u> | <u>8,314</u> |

Their emoluments were within the following bands:

| | 2013 | 2012 |
|--------------------------------|----------|----------|
| HK\$1,500,001 to HK\$2,000,000 | 1 | – |
| HK\$2,000,001 to HK\$2,500,000 | 1 | 1 |
| HK\$2,500,001 to HK\$3,000,000 | – | 1 |
| HK\$3,000,001 to HK\$3,500,000 | 1 | 1 |
| | <u>1</u> | <u>1</u> |

No emoluments have been paid by the Group to any of the directors or the five highest paid individuals as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group or as compensation for loss of office. None of the directors waived any emoluments during both years.

12. Dividends

| | 2013 HK\$'000 | 2012 HK\$'000 |
|---|------------------|------------------|
| Recognised as distribution: | | |
| 2013 interim dividend of HK0.35 cent (2012: 2012 interim dividend of HK0.6 cent) per share | 3,024 | 5,184 |
| 2012 final dividend of HK0.4 cent (2012: 2011 final dividend of HK0.6 cent) per share | 3,456 | 5,184 |
| | 6,480 | 10,368 |

A final dividend of HK0.4 cent per share in respect of the year ended 30 June 2013 (2012: final dividend of HK0.4 cent per share in respect of the year ended 30 June 2012) has been proposed by the directors and is subject to approval by the shareholders of the Company in the forthcoming annual general meeting.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 June 2013

13. Earnings per share

The calculation of basic and diluted earnings per share attributable to the owners of the Company is based on the following data:

| | 2013 HK\$'000 | 2012 HK\$'000 |
|--|---------------------------|--------------------|
| Earnings | | |
| Earnings for the purposes of basic and diluted earnings per share | <u>22,275</u> | <u>29,654</u> |
| | 2013 | 2012 |
| Number of shares | | |
| Weighted average number of ordinary shares for the purpose of basic earnings per share | 864,000,000 | 857,293,151 |
| Effect of dilutive potential ordinary shares from the Pre-IPO Share Option Scheme | <u>-</u> | <u>-</u> |
| Weighted average number of shares for the purpose of diluted earnings per share | <u>864,000,000</u> | <u>857,293,151</u> |

The computation of diluted earnings per share does not include the Company's potential dilutive ordinary shares as the exercise price of the share options of the Company is higher than the average market price for the Company's shares for the year ended 30 June 2012 and up till the expiry date of the share options.

14. Property, Plant and Equipment

| | Leasehold land and building HK\$'000 | Leasehold improvements HK\$'000 | Machinery and equipment HK\$'000 | Furniture, fixtures and office equipment HK\$'000 | Total HK\$'000 |
|---------------------------|---|---------------------------------------|---|---|-------------------|
| THE GROUP | | | | | |
| COST | | | | | |
| At 1 July 2011 | 267,693 | 11,270 | 13,153 | 46,020 | 338,136 |
| Additions | – | 55,290 | 5,508 | 14,731 | 75,529 |
| Disposals | – | – | (78) | (290) | (368) |
| Written off (note) | – | (9,251) | (5,349) | (6,416) | (21,016) |
| At 30 June 2012 | 267,693 | 57,309 | 13,234 | 54,045 | 392,281 |
| Additions | – | 2,597 | 1,793 | 7,440 | 11,830 |
| Disposals | – | – | (156) | (64) | (220) |
| At 30 June 2013 | 267,693 | 59,906 | 14,871 | 61,421 | 403,891 |
| DEPRECIATION | | | | | |
| At 1 July 2011 | – | 8,448 | 11,178 | 35,818 | 55,444 |
| Provided for the year | 1,859 | 2,820 | 1,038 | 6,359 | 12,076 |
| Eliminated on disposal | – | – | (51) | (244) | (295) |
| Eliminated on written off | – | (7,782) | (4,534) | (6,055) | (18,371) |
| At 30 June 2012 | 1,859 | 3,486 | 7,631 | 35,878 | 48,854 |
| Provided for the year | 7,436 | 5,676 | 1,656 | 9,034 | 23,802 |
| Eliminated on disposal | – | – | (117) | (54) | (171) |
| At 30 June 2013 | 9,295 | 9,162 | 9,170 | 44,858 | 72,485 |
| CARRYING VALUES | | | | | |
| At 30 June 2013 | 258,398 | 50,744 | 5,701 | 16,563 | 331,406 |
| At 30 June 2012 | 265,834 | 53,823 | 5,603 | 18,167 | 343,427 |

Note: During the year ended 30 June 2012, the Group relocated the office and majority of the property, plant and equipment associated with the old office were written off accordingly.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 June 2013

14. Property, Plant and Equipment – continued

The above items of property, plant and equipment are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the following periods:

| | |
|--|---|
| Leasehold land and building | Shorter of 36 years and unexpired terms of the relevant lease |
| Leasehold improvements | Shorter of 10 years and unexpired terms of the relevant lease |
| Machinery and equipment | 5 years |
| Furniture, fixtures and office equipment | 3 to 5 years |

The leasehold land and building are situated in Hong Kong and held under medium term lease.

The Group has pledged leasehold land and building with a net book value of approximately HK\$258,398,000 (2012: HK\$265,834,000) to secure general banking facilities granted to the Group.

15. Intangible Assets

| | Publishing library HK\$'000 | Copyrights in photographs and articles HK\$'000 | Total HK\$'000 |
|---|-----------------------------------|--|-------------------|
| THE GROUP | | | |
| COST | | | |
| At 1 July 2011, 30 June 2012 and 30 June 2013 | 34,690 | 6,620 | 41,310 |
| AMORTISATION AND IMPAIRMENT | | | |
| At 1 July 2011, 30 June 2012 and 30 June 2013 | 34,690 | 6,620 | 41,310 |
| CARRYING VALUES | | | |
| At 30 June 2012 and 30 June 2013 | – | – | – |

The above intangible assets were amortised on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of 10 years.

15. Intangible Assets – continued

The Group would publish booklets occasionally using the contents in the publishing library, the photographs and the articles. At 30 June 2009, the management conducted a review of the Group's intangible assets in light of the current market condition for the decreasing in sale of booklets by comparing the carrying amount and the recoverable amount of intangible assets. The intangible assets were impaired based on the estimated recoverable amounts with reference to their values in use. An impairment loss of approximately HK\$3,490,000 had therefore been determined and recognised to the profit or loss for the year ended 30 June 2009.

16. Goodwill

HK\$'000

THE GROUP

At 1 July 2011, 30 June 2012 and 30 June 2013

695

The goodwill is allocated to the cash generating unit ("CGU") of the magazine operated by Weekend Weekly Publishing Limited (formerly known as Smart Ideal Limited) ("Weekend Weekly"). The recoverable amount of the CGU is determined from value in use calculations.

The Group performed impairment review for goodwill based on cash flow forecasts derived from the most recent financial budgets for the next 2 years approved by management using the discount rate of 13% (2012: 14%) which reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the CGU. For the purpose of impairment testing, the cash flows beyond the 2-year-period are extrapolated for 3 years using a constant growth rate of 1.5% (2012: 2.5%) per annum. The key assumptions for the value in use calculations are those regarding the discount rates, growth rates and expected changes to selling prices and direct costs during the year. Management estimates discount rates using pre-tax rates and the growth rates based on industry growth forecasts. Changes in selling prices and direct costs are based on past practices and expectations of future changes in the market. No impairment of goodwill is considered necessary.

Management of the Group determines that there was no impairment of CGU containing goodwill at the end of the reporting period.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 June 2013

17. Investments in Subsidiaries

| | THE COMPANY | |
|----------------------|---------------|----------|
| | 2013 | 2012 |
| | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 |
| Unlisted investments | 72,220 | 72,220 |

Particulars of the subsidiaries of the Company as at the end of the reporting period are set out in note 32.

18. Inventories

| | THE GROUP | |
|-----------------|------------|----------|
| | 2013 | 2012 |
| | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 |
| Printing papers | 545 | 1,142 |

19. Trade and Other Receivables

| | THE GROUP | |
|---|----------------|----------|
| | 2013 | 2012 |
| | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 |
| Trade receivables from | | |
| – third parties | 100,082 | 91,264 |
| – related companies | 344 | 203 |
| | 100,426 | 91,467 |
| Other receivables, prepayments and deposits | 13,940 | 16,584 |
| | 114,366 | 108,051 |

19. Trade and Other Receivables – continued

The related companies are companies ultimately owned by AY Holdings which is held by STC International being the trustee of the AY Trust (of which Dr. Albert Yeung is the founder and a deemed substantial shareholder of the Company).

The Group normally grants credit terms of 30 days to 120 days to its customers with reference to their historical payment records and business relationship. Settlement of the sales from circulation income from magazines shall be made by the distributor to the Company within 10 days after the verification of the quantity of magazines sold. Credit limit and outstanding balance from advertising income will be reviewed by the management once a month. The following is an aged analysis of trade receivables based on the invoice date at the reporting date, which approximated the respective revenue recognition date:

| | THE GROUP | |
|--------------|-----------|----------|
| | 2013 | 2012 |
| | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 |
| Age | | |
| 0 – 30 days | 35,118 | 34,208 |
| 31 – 90 days | 43,723 | 42,532 |
| Over 90 days | 21,585 | 14,727 |
| | <hr/> | <hr/> |
| | 100,426 | 91,467 |
| | <hr/> | <hr/> |

Included in the Group's trade receivable balance are debtors with a carrying amount of approximately HK\$50,987,000 (2012: HK\$36,739,000), which are past due at the end of the reporting period for which the Group has not provided allowance as there has not been a significant change in credit quality and the Group believes that the amounts are still considered recoverable. For the remaining trade receivables that are neither past due nor impaired, the Group believes that the amounts are considered recoverable with reference to their historical payment records and business relationship. The Group does not hold any collateral over these balances.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 June 2013

19. Trade and Other Receivables – continued

Ageing of trade receivables which are past due but not impaired

| | THE GROUP | |
|----------------|------------------|------------------|
| | 2013 HK\$'000 | 2012 HK\$'000 |
| 1 to 90 days | 47,108 | 35,352 |
| 91 to 180 days | 3,879 | 1,370 |
| Over 180 days | – | 17 |
| | <u>50,987</u> | <u>36,739</u> |

Movement in the allowance for doubtful debts

| | THE GROUP | |
|---|------------------|------------------|
| | 2013 HK\$'000 | 2012 HK\$'000 |
| Balance at beginning of the year | 28 | 113 |
| Amounts written off as uncollectible | (146) | (288) |
| Increase in allowance charged to profit or loss | 725 | 203 |
| | <u>607</u> | <u>28</u> |

Included in the allowance for doubtful debts are individually impaired trade receivables with an aggregate balance of HK\$607,000 (2012: HK\$28,000). Since the management considered the prolonged outstanding balances from individual customers were in doubt, full impairment has been made on these balances. The Group does not hold any collateral over these balances.

In determining the recoverability of the trade receivables, the Group considers any change in the credit quality of the trade receivable from the date credit was initially granted up to the reporting date. The directors believe that there is no further allowance required in excess of the current amount of allowance for doubtful debts.

20. Amounts Due from/to Subsidiaries

THE COMPANY

The amounts are unsecured, interest-free and have no fixed repayment terms. In the opinion of the directors, amounts due from subsidiaries of HK\$131,091,000 (2012: HK\$324,121,000) will be repaid in the next twelve months after the end of the reporting period. Accordingly, the amounts are classified as current assets.

21. Bank Balances and Cash

THE GROUP

The bank balances and cash comprises cash on hand and short term bank deposits with original maturity of three months or less carry interest at market rates ranging from 0.001% to 0.55% (2012: 0.001% to 1.40%) per annum.

THE COMPANY

The bank balances carry interest at market rates ranging from 0.001% to 0.55% (2012: 0.001% to 1.00%) per annum.

22. Trade and Other Payables

| | THE GROUP | |
|------------------------------------|---------------|----------|
| | 2013 | 2012 |
| | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 |
| Trade payables to | | |
| – third parties | 33,802 | 43,999 |
| – related companies | 696 | 1,315 |
| | 34,498 | 45,314 |
| Other payables and accrued charges | 25,144 | 26,370 |
| | 59,642 | 71,684 |

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 June 2013

22. Trade and Other Payables – continued

The related companies are companies ultimately owned by AY Holdings which is held by STC International being the trustee of the AY Trust (of which Dr. Albert Yeung is the founder and a deemed substantial shareholder of the Company).

The Group normally receives credit terms of 60 days to 90 days from its suppliers. The following is an aged analysis of trade payables based on the invoice date at the reporting date:

| | THE GROUP | |
|---------------|------------------|-----------------|
| | 2013 | 2012 |
| | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 |
| Age | | |
| 0 – 90 days | 32,139 | 44,548 |
| 91 – 180 days | 1,900 | 692 |
| Over 180 days | 459 | 74 |
| | 34,498 | 45,314 |

23. Secured Bank Mortgage Loan

| | THE GROUP | |
|---|-----------|----------|
| | 2013 | 2012 |
| | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 |
| Carrying amount repayable*: | | |
| Within one year | - | 5,691 |
| More than one year but not exceeding two years | - | 5,780 |
| More than two years but not exceeding five years | - | 17,886 |
| More than five years | - | 24,101 |
| | - | 53,458 |
| Comprising: | | |
| Amounts repayable within one year | - | 5,691 |
| Amounts not repayable within one year from the end of the reporting period but contain a repayment on demand clause | - | 47,767 |
| | - | 53,458 |
| Amounts shown under current liabilities | - | 53,458 |

* These amounts due are based on the repayment schedule as set out in the loan agreement.

At 30 June 2012, the mortgage loan carried interest at 1.25% plus the HIBOR per annum and were secured by the Group's land and building, including relevant leasehold land in Hong Kong with a carrying value of approximately HK\$265,834,000.

At 30 June 2012, the effective interest rate for the Group's mortgage loan was 1.55% per annum.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 June 2013

23. Secured Bank Mortgage Loan – continued

Pursuant to the secured bank mortgage loan agreement dated 28 April 2011, the Group could early repay the mortgage loan at the outstanding principal amount and interest thereon, with no penalty interest or charge, after two years from the drawdown date. The secured bank mortgage loan had been fully repaid on 28 May 2013 before it falls due.

24. Deferred Taxation

The following are the major deferred tax liabilities (assets) recognised and movements thereon during the year:

| | Accelerated tax depreciation HK\$'000 | Tax losses HK\$'000 | Total HK\$'000 |
|--|--|---------------------------|-------------------|
| THE GROUP | | | |
| At 1 July 2011 | 1,433 | (811) | 622 |
| Charge (credit) to profit or loss for the year | 2,945 | (701) | 2,244 |
| At 30 June 2012 | 4,378 | (1,512) | 2,866 |
| (Credit) charge to profit or loss for the year | (885) | 1,157 | 272 |
| At 30 June 2013 | 3,493 | (355) | 3,138 |

For the purpose of consolidated statement of financial position presentation, deferred tax assets and liabilities have been offset.

24. Deferred Taxation – continued

At 30 June 2013, the Group has unused tax losses of approximately HK\$45,600,000 (2012: HK\$53,778,000) available for offset against future profits. At 30 June 2013, a deferred tax asset had been recognised in respect of approximately HK\$2,152,000 (2012: HK\$9,164,000) of such losses. No deferred tax asset has been recognised in respect of the remaining HK\$43,448,000 (2012: HK\$44,614,000) due to the unpredictability of future profit streams. Included in unrecognised tax losses at 30 June 2013 are losses of approximately HK\$2,193,000 (2012: HK\$1,847,000) that will expire within 5 years from the year of originating. Other tax losses may be carried forward indefinitely. There were no other significant temporary differences arising during the period or at the end of the reporting period.

25. Share Capital

| | Number of shares | Amount HK\$'000 |
|----------------------------------|------------------|--------------------|
| Ordinary shares of HK\$0.01 each | | |
| Authorised | 10,000,000,000 | 100,000 |
| Issued and fully paid | | |
| At 1 July 2011 | 720,000,000 | 7,200 |
| Issued of shares (note) | 144,000,000 | 1,440 |
| At 30 June 2012 and 30 June 2013 | 864,000,000 | 8,640 |

Note: On 18 July 2011, the Company issued and allotted 144,000,000 new shares at a price of HK\$0.696 per share in relation to the offering and listing of 28,800,000 units of Taiwan Depository Receipts ("TDRs") on the Taiwan Stock Exchange Corporation ("TSE"). The proceeds of TWD374,400,000 (being offer price of TWD13 per unit multiplied by 28,800,000 units of TDRs, equivalent to HK\$100,858,000) net of issue expenses of HK\$3,077,000 charged to share premium and HK\$1,945,000 charged to profit and loss respectively, were used for business expansion and to provide additional working capital for the Group. The TDRs were listed on the TSE on 19 July 2011.

The new shares rank pari passu with the existing shares in all respects.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 June 2013

26. Share Option Schemes

(a) Share option scheme

Pursuant to the written resolutions passed by the then sole shareholder of the Company on 18 January 2008, the Company adopted a share option scheme (the "Share Option Scheme"). The purpose of the Share Option Scheme is to enable the Group to grant options to selected participants as incentives or rewards for their contribution to the Group. Under the Share Option Scheme, the directors of the Company may, at their absolute discretion, invite any employee (whether full-time or part time, including any executive director but excluding any non-executive director), any non-executive director (including independent non-executive directors), any supplier of goods or services, any customer, any person or entity that provides research, development or other technological support, any shareholder, any adviser (professional or otherwise) or consultant to any area of business or business development of the Group or its investee companies to take up options to subscribe for shares in the Company representing up to a maximum 10% of the shares in issue as at the date of commencement of listing of shares of the Company on the Stock Exchange and subject to renewal with shareholders' approval. The number of shares in respect of which options may be granted to any individual in aggregate within any 12-month period is not permitted to exceed 1% of the Company issued share capital, without prior approval from the Company's shareholders. Options granted to substantial shareholders or independent non-executive directors in any one year exceeding the higher of 0.1% of the Company's shares in issue and with a value in excess of HK\$5,000,000 must be approved by the Company's shareholders.

Options granted must be taken up within 28 days of the date of grant, upon payment of HK\$1 per each grant of options. Options may be exercised at any time from the date of acceptance of the share option to such date as determined by the board of directors but in any event not exceeding 10 years. The exercise price is determined by the directors of the Company and will be not less than the highest of the closing price of the Company's shares on the date of grant, the average closing prices of the Company's shares for the five business days immediately preceding the date of grant and the nominal value of the Company's shares.

No option was granted by the Company under the Share Option Scheme since its adoption and up to 30 June 2013.

26. Share Option Schemes – continued

(b) Pre-IPO Share Option Scheme

The purpose of the Pre-IPO share option scheme is to recognise and reward the contribution of certain directors, senior management, employees, consultants and advisers of the Group to the growth and development of the Group and the listing of the shares of the Company on the Stock Exchange. The principal terms of the Pre-IPO share option scheme (the “Pre-IPO Share Option Scheme”) adopted by a resolution in writing passed by the sole shareholder on 18 January 2008 are similar to the terms of the Share Option Scheme except that:

- (i) the subscription price is equal to the final offer price per share upon listing of the Company;
- (ii) the rules of the Pre-IPO Share Option Scheme were adopted unconditionally by a resolution in writing passed by the sole shareholder on 18 January 2008, but the exercise of any option granted thereunder is conditional upon the Listing Committee of the Stock Exchange granting listing of, and permission to deal in, any Shares to be issued pursuant to the exercise of options granted under the Pre-IPO Share Option Scheme shall lapse, upon expiry of the option period (i.e. the period from the exercise of such options commencing on the day falling 1 year from the listing date but shall not exceed 5 years from the listing date);
- (iii) no further options shall be granted under the Pre-IPO Share Option Scheme after the listing of the Company.

On 18 January 2008, a total of 7,500,000 share options were granted to two directors of the Company at an exercise price of HK\$0.68 under the terms of the Pre-IPO Share Option Scheme.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 June 2013

26. Share Option Schemes – continued

(b) Pre-IPO Share Option Scheme – continued

A summary and movement of the share options, which have been granted to the directors of the Company under the Pre-IPO Share Option Scheme, is as follows:

| Date of grant | Exercisable period | Exercise price HK\$ | Outstanding at | Lapsed during the year | Outstanding at |
|---------------|-----------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|----------------|
| | | | 1.7.2011 and 30.6.2012 | | 30.6.2013 |
| 18.1.2008 | 12.2.2009 – 12.2.2013 | 0.68 | 7,500,000 | (7,500,000) | – |

27. Reserves

THE GROUP

Details of changes in reserves of the Group are set out in the consolidated statement of changes in equity.

(a) Share premium

On 11 February 2008, 440,000,000 new ordinary shares of HK\$0.01 each were allotted and issued as fully paid at par to the then sole shareholder of the Company on the register of members of the Company at the close of business on 18 January 2008, by way of capitalisation of the sum of HK\$4,400,000 standing to the credit of the share premium account of the Company, conditional on the share premium account being credited as a result of placing and public offer of shares. Accordingly, an amount of HK\$4,400,000 was debited in the share premium account.

On 11 February 2008, the Company issued 150,000,000 shares of HK\$0.01 each at a price of HK\$0.68 per share by way of placing to professional, institutional and private investors and public offer to the public. The proceeds received were net off by the expenses directly attributable to the issue of these shares amounting to HK\$5,681,000. Accordingly, a net amount of HK\$94,819,000 was credited in the share premium account.

27. Reserves – continued

THE GROUP – continued

(a) *Share premium – continued*

On 29 September 2010, New Media Investment, the controlling shareholder of the Company, through the placing agent, agreed to place 120,000,000 shares of the Company (the “Placing”) to independent investors at a price of HK\$0.75 per share, and also agreed to subscribe for 120,000,000 new shares of the Company (the “Top-Up Shares”) at the price of HK\$0.75 per share (the “Top-Up Subscription”) conditional upon the completion of the Placing. The Placing was completed on 6 October 2010. On 8 October 2010, the Company issued 120,000,000 shares of HK\$0.01 each at a price of HK\$0.75 per share by the Top-Up Subscription. The proceeds received were net off by the expenses directly attributable to the issue of these shares amounting to HK\$1,929,000. Accordingly, a net amount of HK\$86,871,000 was credited in the share premium account.

On 18 July 2011, the Company issued 144,000,000 shares of HK\$0.01 each at a price of HK\$0.696 per share in relation to the offering and listing of 28,800,000 units of TDRs (note 25). The proceeds received amounting to TWD374,400,000 (equivalent to HK\$100,858,000) were net off by the expenses attributable to the issue of these shares amounting to HK\$3,077,000. Accordingly, a net amount of HK\$96,341,000 was credited in the share premium account.

(b) *Special reserve*

The special reserve of the Group represented the differences between the aggregate amount of share capital and share premium of the relevant subsidiaries and the nominal value of the Company’s shares issued for the acquisition at the time of the Group Reorganisation.

(c) *Capital contribution reserve*

The amount of HK\$695,000 was arising from the acquisition of additional 15% equity interest in Weekend Weekly by Top Queen Investments Limited from a non-controlling shareholder in 2006 and deemed as capital contribution to the Group.

The amount of HK\$101,000 represented the current accounts waived by Top Queen Investments Limited during the year ended 31 March 2008 as a result of deregistration of eWeekend Limited and Forever Grace Limited prior to the Group Reorganisation.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 June 2013

27. Reserves – continued

THE COMPANY

| | Share premium HK\$'000 | Merger reserve HK\$'000 | Share options reserve HK\$'000 | Accumulated profits HK\$'000 | Total HK\$'000 |
|--|------------------------------|-------------------------------|---|------------------------------------|-------------------|
| At 1 July 2011 | 177,290 | 72,120 | 2,565 | 49,719 | 301,694 |
| Loss and total comprehensive expense for the year | – | – | – | (183) | (183) |
| Final dividend paid for 2011 | – | – | – | (5,184) | (5,184) |
| Interim dividend paid for 2012 | – | – | – | (5,184) | (5,184) |
| Issue of shares | 99,418 | – | – | – | 99,418 |
| Share issue expenses | (3,077) | – | – | – | (3,077) |
| | <hr/> | <hr/> | <hr/> | <hr/> | <hr/> |
| At 30 June 2012 | 273,631 | 72,120 | 2,565 | 39,168 | 387,484 |
| Loss and total comprehensive expense for the year | – | – | – | (407) | (407) |
| Final dividend paid for 2012 | – | – | – | (3,456) | (3,456) |
| Interim dividend paid for 2013 | – | – | – | (3,024) | (3,024) |
| Transfer upon lapse of share options | – | – | (2,565) | 2,565 | – |
| | <hr/> | <hr/> | <hr/> | <hr/> | <hr/> |
| At 30 June 2013 | 273,631 | 72,120 | – | 34,846 | 380,597 |

The merger reserve of the Company represented the difference between the consolidated net assets of the subsidiaries at the date of the Group Reorganisation and the nominal amount of the Company's shares issued.

At 30 June 2013, the Company's reserves available for distribution was HK\$34,846,000 (2012: HK\$39,168,000) as calculated under section 79B of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

28. Operating Lease Commitment

At the end of the reporting period, the Group was committed to make the following future minimum lease payments in respect of related premises and machineries under non-cancellable operating leases which fall due as follows:

| | THE GROUP | |
|---------------------------------------|---------------|--------------|
| | 2013 | 2012 |
| | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 |
| Within one year | 2,637 | 1,268 |
| In the second to fifth year inclusive | 8,795 | 2,165 |
| | 11,432 | 3,433 |

The leases are from one to five years. All leases are on a fixed payment basis.

29. Contingent Liabilities

Certain subsidiaries of the Group were involved in legal proceedings or claims against them in the ordinary course of their business activities during the year. In the opinion of the directors of the Company, resolution of such litigation and claims will not have a material adverse effect on the Group's financial position and no further provision for any potential liability in the consolidated statement of financial position is considered necessary.

At the end of the reporting period, the Company did not have significant contingent liabilities.

30. Retirement Benefits Scheme

The Group operates a Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme for all qualifying employees. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the Group, in funds under the control of trustees. The Group contributes the lower of 5% of the relevant payroll costs or HK\$1,250 (2012: HK\$1,000 from 1 July 2011 to 31 May 2012 and HK\$1,250 effective from 1 June 2012) per employee to the scheme, which contribution is matched by employees.

The total cost charged to the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income of HK\$7,053,000 (2012: HK\$6,124,000) represents contributions payable to this scheme by the Group in respect of the current accounting period.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 June 2013

31. Related Party Transactions

(a) During the year, the Group had the following transactions with related companies:

| | 2013 HK\$'000 | 2012 HK\$'000 |
|--|------------------|------------------|
| Advertising income received <i>(note 1)</i> | 1,764 | 1,071 |
| Advertising expenses paid <i>(note 2)</i> | – | 7 |
| Entertainment expenses paid <i>(note 2)</i> | 13 | 79 |
| Financial services fee paid <i>(note 2)</i> | 360 | 385 |
| Overseas travelling expenses paid <i>(note 2)</i> | 81 | 162 |
| Photoshooting income received <i>(note 2)</i> | 94 | 119 |
| Printing costs paid <i>(note 1)</i> | 1,587 | 2,163 |
| Project income received <i>(note 2)</i> | 172 | 315 |
| Reimbursement of administrative expense paid <i>(note 2)</i> | 2,291 | 1,580 |
| Rental charges paid <i>(note 2)</i> | 20 | 30 |
| Secretarial services fee paid <i>(note 2)</i> | 280 | 280 |
| Sundry expenses paid <i>(note 2)</i> | – | 1 |
| Sundry income received <i>(note 2)</i> | 33 | 63 |

The related companies are companies either controlled by one of the Company's directors, or ultimately owned and controlled by AY Holdings which is held by STC International being the trustee of the AY Trust (of which Dr. Albert Yeung is the founder and a deemed substantial shareholder of the Company).

31. Related Party Transactions – continued

(a) During the year, the Group had the following transactions with related companies: – continued

Notes:

- (1) These transactions are continuing connected transactions as defined under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules, details of which are set out in the section headed “Continuing Connected Transactions” of the Directors’ Report.
- (2) These transactions are connected transactions exempted from reporting, announcement and independent shareholders’ approval requirements under Chapter 14A.31/14A.33 of the Listing Rules.

(b) **Compensation of key management personnel**

The emoluments of directors and other members of key management during the year were as follows:

| | 2013 HK\$’000 | 2012 HK\$’000 |
|--------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Short-term benefits | 7,202 | 7,586 |
| Post-employment benefits | 30 | 24 |
| | 7,232 | 7,610 |

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 June 2013

32. Subsidiaries

Particulars of the subsidiaries of the Company as at the end of the reporting period are as follows:

| Name of subsidiary | Place of incorporation/ operation | Issued and fully paid share capital | Attributable equity interest held by the Company | | Principal activities |
|---|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|------|---|
| | | | 2013 | 2012 | |
| Directly held | | | | | |
| New Media Enterprise Investment Limited | BVI | US\$11 | 100% | 100% | Investment holding |
| Indirectly held | | | | | |
| Economic Digest Publishing Limited | Hong Kong | HK\$2 | 100% | 100% | Book publishing agent |
| Jade Talent Holdings Limited | BVI | US\$1 | 100% | 100% | Investment holding |
| Media Publishing Limited <i>(formerly known as New Media Group (HK) Limited)</i> | Hong Kong | HK\$2 | 100% | 100% | Magazine and book publishing |
| New Media Group Digital Services Limited <i>(formerly known as Hong Kong Media Services Company Limited)</i> | Hong Kong | HK\$2 | 100% | 100% | Digital business and provision of magazine contents |

32. Subsidiaries – continued

| Name of subsidiary | Place of incorporation/ operation | Issued and fully paid share capital | Attributable equity interest held by the Company | | Principal activities |
|--|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|------|--|
| | | | 2013 | 2012 | |
| Indirectly held – continued | | | | | |
| New Media Group Publishing Limited <i>(formerly known as World Sources (HK) Limited)</i> | Hong Kong | HK\$800,000 | 100% | 100% | Magazine publishing |
| New Monday Publishing Limited <i>(formerly known as Wide Connection Limited)</i> | Hong Kong | HK\$2 | 100% | 100% | Magazine publishing |
| Reach Gain Limited | Hong Kong | HK\$1 | 100% | 100% | Digital business |
| Time Year Limited | Hong Kong | HK\$2 | 100% | 100% | Copyright holding and licensing business |
| Weekend Weekly Publishing Limited <i>(formerly known as Smart Ideal Limited)</i> | Hong Kong | HK\$100 | 100% | 100% | Magazine publishing |
| Winning Treasure Limited | Hong Kong | HK\$1 | 100% | 100% | Property holding |
| 廣東薪傳出版技術開發有限公司* | PRC | RMB5,000,000 | 100% | 100% | Provision of magazine contents and digital business development services |

* The subsidiary is a wholly foreign owned enterprise.

None of the subsidiaries of the Company had issued any debt securities at the end of the reporting period.

Financial Summary

Results

| | For the year ended 30 June | | | | For the period ended from 1 April 2008 to 30 June |
|---|----------------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|--|
| | 2013 HK\$'000 | 2012 HK\$'000 | 2011 HK\$'000 | 2010 HK\$'000 | 2009 HK\$'000 |
| Turnover | 495,197 | 504,840 | 480,914 | 437,762 | 553,512 |
| Profit before taxation | 27,433 | 35,805 | 50,570 | 56,073 | 48,384 |
| Taxation charge | (5,158) | (6,151) | (8,590) | (10,468) | (9,622) |
| Profit and total comprehensive income for the year | 22,275 | 29,654 | 41,980 | 45,605 | 38,762 |

Assets and Liabilities

| | At 30 June | | | | |
|-------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|
| | 2013 HK\$'000 | 2012 HK\$'000 | 2011 HK\$'000 | 2010 HK\$'000 | 2009 HK\$'000 |
| Total assets | 514,598 | 565,814 | 463,670 | 296,750 | 250,378 |
| Total liabilities | (63,941) | (130,952) | (145,875) | (90,286) | (77,519) |
| Total equity | 450,657 | 434,862 | 317,795 | 206,464 | 172,859 |

Note:

- The Company was incorporated in Hong Kong on 8 October 2007 and became the holding company of the Group with effect from 18 January 2008 upon the completion of the Group Reorganisation as set out in the Company's prospectus dated 29 January 2008.