

(A joint stock limited company incorporated in the People's Republic of China with limited liability) (Stock Code : 0038)











IMPORTANT NOTICE

- I. The board of directors (the "Board") and board of supervisors (the "Board of Supervisors") of First Tractor Company Limited (the "Company"), and its directors (the "Directors"), supervisors (the "Supervisors") and senior management confirm that there are no false information, misleading statements or material omissions contained in this annual report (the "Annual Report"), and severally and jointly accept responsibility for the truthfulness, accuracy and completeness of the contents therein.
- II. All directors of the Company attended the Board meeting convened to consider the Annual Report.
- III. Baker Tilly Hong Kong Limited issued the standard unqualified audit report to the Company.
- IV. Mr. Zhao Yanshui (the Chairman of the Company), Mr. Yao Weidong (Person in charge of the accounting function) and Ms. Zhou Juan (Person in charge of the Accounting Department) have confirmed the truthfulness and completeness of the financial statements in the Annual Report.
- V. Proposals of profit distribution or capitalisation from capital reserves of the Company for the reporting period (the "**Reporting Period**") as considered by the Board:

We propose a profit distribution plan for 2012 as follows: a cash dividend of RMB1.00 (tax inclusive) for every ten shares on the basis of a total share capital of 995,900,000 shares as at 31 December 2012. The Company does not propose any capitalisation from capital reserves.

- VI. Forward-looking statements such as the future development strategy and business plan contained in this report do not constitute any substantial commitment to investors by the Company. Investors are advised to pay attention to any investment risks.
- VII. Any misappropriation of the Company's funds (not in the ordinary course of business of the Company) by the controlling shareholders or its associates?

No

VIII. Any external guarantees provided by the Company in violation of any established decision-making procedures?

No

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MAJOR EVENTS IN 2012

- January The 2012 first extraordinary general meeting of the Company approved the amendments to the Articles of Association, specifying that the Company adopts contsistent and stable profit distribution policy and the annual profits distributed by the Company by way of cash shall not be less than 25% of the profit available for distribution for the year (the lower of those in the financial statements under the PRC accounting standards and the international accounting standards).
- **February** The Company announced the 2011 annual results.
- May "Dongfanghong-branded Tractor" was listed in the Top Ten Cultural Symbols of Luoyang City.
- August
 On 8 August, the A shares of the Company was listed on the Shanghai Stock Exchange.
 - The Company's pilot trial base (中試基地) was put into use.
 - The Company announced its 2012 interim results.



The A shares of the Company was listed on 8 August 2012



The globally advanced and domestically first-class trial production base was put into use

MAJOR EVENTS IN 2012 (continued)

- **September** The Company launched the "Dongfanghong-branded" powershift transmission tractors in a mass manner.
- **October** The Company announced its 2012 third quarterly report.
- The Company was granted the "Governor Quality Award (省長質量獎)", the highest honor of quality in Henan Province.
 - The Company won the Golden Bauhinia Award "Listed Company with the Highest Brand Value (最具品牌價值上市公司)" granted by Ta Kung Pao.
 - The one millionth LR-series diesel engines rolled off the production line at the Company's subsidiary YTO (Luoyang) Diesel Engine Co., Ltd.
- December
 The re-election of the fifth session of the Board and the fifth session of the Board of Supervisors was completed.
 - The Company completed the acquisitions of all the equity interests in YTO Axle and YTO Flag.



The Company launched the powershift transmission tractors



The Company won the Golden Bauhinia Award — "Listed Company with the Highest Brand Value"

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DEFINITIONS AND SIGNIFICANT RISKS WARNING

1. **DEFINITIONS**

Unless the context otherwise requires, the following terms should have the following meanings in this report:

Company	means	First Tractor Company Limited (第一拖拉機股份有限公司)
Group	means	First Tractor Company Limited and its controlled subsidiaries
Controlled subsidiary	means	A company held as to more than 50% by the Company
Subsidiary	means	A subsidiary as defined under the Listing Rules
YTO	means	YTO Group Corporation (中國一拖集團有限公司), the controlling shareholder of the Company
Sinomach	means	China National Machinery Industry Corporation(中國機械工業集團有限公司)
YTO Flag	means	YTO (Luoyang) Flag Auto-Body Company Limited (一拖(洛陽)福萊格 車身有限公司)
YTO Axle	means	YTO (Luoyang) Drive Axle Company Limited (一拖(洛陽)車橋有限公司)
Tractors Research	means	Luoyang Tractors Research Institute Co., Ltd.(洛陽拖拉機研究所有限
Company		公司), a controlled subsidiary of the Company
YTO International	means	YTO International Ltd. (一拖國際經濟貿易有限公司), a wholly
		owned subsidiary of the Company
Jiangyan Power	means	YTO (Jiangyan) Power Machinery Co., Ltd (一拖(姜堰)動力機械有限
		公司), a controlled subsidiary of the Company
YTO Finance	means	YTO Finance Company Limited (中國一拖集團財務有限責任公司), a
		controlled subsidiary of the Company
YTO France	means	YTO France SAS, a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company
YTO Diesel	means	YTO (Luoyang) Diesel Engine Co., Ltd (一拖(洛陽)柴油機有限公司),
		a controlled subsidiary of the Company
YTO Shentong	means	YTO (Luoyang) Shentong Construction Machinery Co., Ltd (一拖
		(洛陽)神通工程機械有限公司), a wholly owned subsidiary of the
		Company
BCM	means	Brilliance China Machinery Holdings Limited, a controlled subsidiary of
		the Company
YTO Shunxing	means	YTO Shunxing (Luoyang) Spare Parts Co., Ltd (一拖(洛陽)順興零部
		件有限責任公司), a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company
YTO (Xinjiang)	means	YTO (Xinjiang) Machinery Co., Ltd (一拖(新疆)東方紅裝備機械有限
Machinery		公司), a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company
YTO Power Machinery	means	YTO (Luoyang) Power Machinery Co., Ltd (一拖(洛陽)動力機械有限
		公司), a controlled subsidiary of the Company
YTO Injection Pump	means	YTO (Luoyang) Fuel Injection Pump Co., Ltd (一拖(洛陽)燃油噴射有
		限公司), a controlled subsidiary of the Company

DEFINITIONS AND SIGNIFICANT RISKS WARNING (continued)

YTO Foundry	means	YTO (Luoyang) Foundry Company Limited (一拖(洛陽)鑄造有限公司)
Nanyang Xiangrui Company	means	Nanyang Xiangrui Agricultural Machinery Co., Ltd (南陽祥瑞農業裝備 有限公司)
YTO Kintra	means	YTO (Luoyang) Kintra Equipment Science & Technology Co., Ltd (一拖 (洛陽)開創裝備科技有限公司), a subsidiary of YTO
Liaoning Shunxing Company	means	Liaoning Shunxing Combustion Engine Crankshaft Company Limited (遼寧順興重型內燃機曲軸有限公司)
CBRC	means	China Banking Regulatory Commission
CSRC	means	China Securities Regulatory Commission
SASAC	means	State-owned Assets Supervision and Administration Commission of the State Council
Prospectus	means	the "prospectus in connection with the initial public offering of A Shares of First Tractor Company Limited"(《第一拖拉機股份有限公司首次公開發行A股股票説明書》)prepared under relevant laws and regulations for the initial public offering of A Shares
Shanghai Stock Exchange	means	the Shanghai Stock Exchange
Stock Exchange	means	the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited
Listing Rules	means	the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange (as amended from time to time)
A Share	means	ordinary shares as approved by the CSRC which are issued to domestic investors and qualified foreign investors, traded on domestic stock exchanges, denominated, subscribed for and traded in RMB
H Share	means	ordinary shares as approved by the CSRC which are issued to foreign investors, and listed with the approval of the Stock Exchange, denominated in RMB, subscribed for and traded in Hong Kong dollars.
agricultural machinery	means	various machinery used in the crop farming and animal husbandry, and the primary processing of agricultural and animal products
power machinery	means	diesel engine and fuel injection pump products, etc.
hi-powered wheeled tractor	means	wheeled tractor with a power of 70 horsepower or above
mid-powered wheeled tractor	means	wheeled tractor with a power of 25 (inclusive) to 70 horsepower
low-powered wheeled tractor	means	wheeled tractor with a power of less than 25 horsepower
diesel engine	means	internal combustion engines that use diesel as fuel
non-road diesel engine	means	diesel engines used for non-road machinery such as construction machinery and agricultural machinery
forklift truck	means	various wheeled carrying vehicles used for loading, unloading, stacking and short-distance conveyance of packed palletized goods

DEFINITIONS AND SIGNIFICANT RISKS WARNING (continued)

II. SIGNIFICANT RISKS WARNING

(I) Risks relating to fluctuations in raw materials prices

The main raw materials necessary for the Company's production of products and parts and components include quality steel, plates, steel scrap, pig iron and rubber, and certain parts and components are purchased from external suppliers. In 2012, raw materials and parts and components purchased by the Company accounted for 90.37% of its total operating costs. Any significant price fluctuations in steel products and billets and rubbers in the future will have impact on the gross profit of the Company, as well as accounting items such as inventory impairment loss and accordingly the profit before tax of the Company.

(II) Risks relating to changes in national policy on subsidies for agricultural machinery purchase

As the People's Republic of China (the "**PRC**" or "**China**") increases its subsidies for large and medium agricultural machinery, the Company has more product models and sales regions to be covered in the subsidies directory. As the corresponding amount of subsidies to the agricultural machinery of the Company gradually increases, subsidies for agricultural machinery account for a higher percentage of the Company's revenue. If China makes material adjustments to the operation procedures in the granting of the subsidies, it may lengthen the revenue collection time and increase the amount of accounts receivables.

(III) Risks relating to the guarantee liabilities in respect of finance lease and buyer's credit operations

In order to facilitate higher sales of its agricultural machinery such as hi-powered and mid-powered tractors under the brand of Dongfanghong and mining trucks, and ease the capital shortages of the dealers and purchasers, the Company co-operate with financial institutions to provide finance lease and buyer's credit, for which the Company provide guarantees. Such sales model promotes the sales of the Company's products and lowers the Company's account receivables, which, like other normal credit sales, is exposed to the default risks on the part of the end users and causes the Company to bear liabilities under guarantees.

COMPANY PROFILE

I. INFORMATION OF THE COMPANY

Chinese name of the CompanyImage: Short name in ChineseEnglish name of the CompanyImage: Short name of the CompanyLegal representative of the CompanyImage: Short name of the Company

第一拖拉機股份有限公司 一拖股份 First Tractor Company Limited Mr. Zhao Yanshui

II. CONTACT PERSON AND METHODS

		Representative in charge	
	Secretary to the Board	of securities affairs	
Name	Ms. Yu Lina	Ms. Wei Yajun	
Contact address No.154 Jianshe Road, Luoyang,		No.154 Jianshe Road, Luoyang,	
	Henan Province, PRC	Henan Province, PRC	
Telephone	(86 379) 64967038	(86 379) 64970213	
Facsimile	(86 379) 64967438	(86 379) 64967438	
E-mail	yulina@ytogroup.com	weiyajun027@163.com	

III. BASIC INFORMATION

Registered address	No.154 Jianshe Road, Luoyang, Henan Province, PRC
Postal code of the registered address	471004
Office address	No.154 Jianshe Road, Luoyang, Henan Province, PRC
Postal code of the office address	471004
Company's website	http://www.first-tractor.com.cn
E-mail	msc0038@ytogroup.com

IV. INFORMATION DISCLOSURE AND THE PLACE FOR DOCUMENTS INSPECTION

Name of newspapers designated for dissemination of information	China Securities Journal and Shanghai Securities News
Internet website for publication of	www.sse.com.cn
Annual Report as designated by	
the CSRC	
Internet website for publication of	www.hkexnews.hk
Annual Report as designated by	
the Stock Exchange	
Place for inspection of the Annual	Secretarial Office of the Company, No.154 Jianshe Road,
Report (China)	Luoyang, Henan Province, the PRC
Place for inspection of	Li & Partners
the Annual Report (Hong Kong)	22/F, World-Wide House, Central, Hong Kong

COMPANY PROFILE (continued)

V. BASIC INFORMATION OF THE COMPANY'S SHARES

	Stock exchanges	Abbreviated name	
Туре	for listing	of shares	Stock code
A Share	Shanghai Stock Exchange	一拖股份	601038
H Share	The Stock Exchange	First Tractor	0038

VI. CHANGES IN REGISTRATION OF THE COMPANY DURING THE REPORTING PERIOD

(I) Basic information

Registration date	28 December 1998					
Registration authority	Henan Administrative Bureau for Industry and					
	Commerce, PRC					
Corporate legal person business	410000400013049					
license registration number						
Tax registration number	410305170005381					
Organization code	17000538					

(II) Index of information related to the first registration of the Company

For details regarding the first registration of the Company, please refer to the basic information of the issuer as set out in the Prospectus.

(III) Changes in principal businesses since the listing of the Company

There has been no change in the principal businesses of the Company since its listing.

(IV) Changes in controlling shareholders since the listing of the Company

There has been no change in the controlling shareholders of the Company since its listing.

COMPANY PROFILE (continued)

VII. OTHER RELATED INFORMATION

Auditors of the Company (PRC)	Name Office address Names of signing accountant	Baker Tilly China Certified Public Accountants 2/F, Block B, Huatong Building,19 Chegongzhuang West Road Yi, Haidian District, Beijing, PRC Qiu Jingzhi (邱靖之), Zhang Jianguo (張建國)
Auditors of the Company (Hong Kong)	Name Office address Name of signing accountant	Baker Tilly Hong Kong Limited 2/F, 625 King's Road, North Point, Hong Kong Andrew David Ross(羅安狄)
Sponsor providing on-going supervision and guidance during the Reporting Period	Name Office address Name of the signing sponsor representatives On-going supervision period	CITIC Securities Company Limited North Tower, Excellence Times Square II, No. 8 Zhongxin San Road, Futian District, Shenzhen, Guangdong Province, PRC Yu Hui (余暉), Yu Junli (于軍驪) 8 August 2012 to 31 December 2014

ACCOUNTING DATA AND FINANCIAL SUMMARY

I. KEY FINANCIAL DATA SUMMARY

During the Reporting Period, to improve the industrial chain and reduce connected transactions, the Company acquired 100% equity interest in YTO Flag and YTO Axle from YTO, the controlling shareholder of Company, and YTO Kintra, a controlled subsidiary of YTO, respectively. The aforementioned equity acquisition transactions constitute business combination under common control and restatements were made to the comparative figures of the consolidated financial statements. The following analysis of the 2011 financial figures are restated figures.

		For the y	ear ended 31 Dece	nber	
	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		(Restated)			
Operating revenue	11,317,998	11,702,673	10,265,832	9,004,986	7,933,721
Profit before income tax	485,181	599,229	646,142	367,196	90,407
Income tax expense	(70,701)	(84,937)	(84,093)	(85,284)	(9,528)
Profit for the year	414,480	514,292	562,049	281,912	80,879
Profit attributable to:					
Owners of the Company	349,058	440,051	542,670	248,551	68,505
Non-controlling interests	65,422	74,241	19,379	33,361	12,374

(I) Consolidated results

Note 1: "Restated": As the acquisitions of YTO Flag and YTO Axle in 2012 constitute business combination under common control, retrospective adjustments and restatements were made to the financial data in the consolidated results of 2011 in accordance with the relevant regulations.

Note 2: Since YTO Axle was newly established in 2012, the restated figures have consolidated the relevant data of YTO Flag only.

ACCOUNTING DATA AND FINANCIAL SUMMARY (continued)

	For the year ended 31 December				
	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		(Restated)	(Restated)		
Total assets	11,079,402	9,772,934	8,839,660	6,187,416	5,625,869
Total liabilities	6,187,518	5,820,466	5,143,440	3,112,877	2,847,090
Total net assets	4,891,884	3,952,468	3,696,220	3,074,539	2,778,779
Equity attributable to owners of					
the Company	4,366,396	3,414,569	3,230,113	2,844,608	2,557,456
Equity attributable to non-					
controlling interests	525,488	537,899	466,107	229,931	221,323

(II) Consolidated assets, liabilities and equity

(III) Indicators of financial ratio

Major financial							
indicators	Basis of calculation	2012	2011	2010			
			(Restated)	(Restated)			
Gearing ratio	Total liabilities / total assets x 100%	55.8%	59.6%	58.2%			
Current ratio	Current assets / current liabilities	1.41	1.20	1.45			
Quick ratio	(Current assets - inventories) /	1.15	0.98	1.12			
	current liabilities						
Debt equity	Total liabilities / shareholders'	141.7%	170.5%	159.2%			
ratio	equity x 100%						

Note: Shareholders' equity excludes non-controlling interests.

CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT

Dear shareholders,

RESULTS REVIEW

During 2012, an ongoing sluggish world economy and the decelerated growth of the domestic machinery industry increased the difficulty in business operation. After rapid and continuous growth in recent years, there is limited room for further growth of the tractor industry. Given the impact of the adjustment to the subsidies policy for agricultural machineries and other factors, the overall sales declined to some degree. Confronted with such a complex and grim business environment, the Company timely adjusted its sales tactic based on market changes and proactively pushing forward adjustment to the product mix. With steady economic operation, breakthroughs in major projects, exceptional progress in its key tasks, the Company boosted its



comprehensive capabilities in dealing with changing market situations, and continuously maintained its leading position in the hi-powered and mid-powered tractors market.

During the Reporting Period, the Company constantly enhanced its capability of sustainable development by effectively pressing ahead with the construction of key research and development projects. In September 2012, the Company mass launched the powershift transmission tractors with complete proprietary intellectual property rights, which marked a significant breakthrough in the research and development and the manufacturing technology of heavy-duty wheeled tractors in the PRC. Meanwhile, our globally advanced and domestically first class pilot trial production base was put into operation. The Company considerably boosted its capability in testing the power range, projects and precision of tractors and diesel engines, which laid a foundation for the Company to consolidate its existing technological advantages and building competitive edges for the future.

During 2012, the provincial government of Henan granted the "Governor Quality Award (省長質量獎)", the highest honor of quality, to the Company. This is another award on quality received by the Company, which is great assurance on the management standards on quality, and products and services quality of the Company. Furthermore, the Company won the Golden Bauhinia Award – "Listed Company with the Highest Brand Value (最具品牌價值上市公司)" granted by Ta Kung Pao in Hong Kong, which demonstrated the recognition of the Company by the capital market and would drive the Company to strengthen its connection with the capital market and endeavor to create more value to investors.

The Company also achieved tremendously in capital operation during 2012. In August 2012, the Company completed its initial public offering of A shares which were listed on the Shanghai Stock Exchange, and became the only enterprise in the domestic agricultural machinery manufacturing industry with "A+H" listings. The A share issue would provide strong support for the Company to upgrade its products and adjust the product mix, and offer a critical capital market platform for the Company to further consolidate resources and attain its strategic development target. By the end of 2012, the Company completed the acquisitions of all the equity interests in YTO Flag and YTO Axle from YTO. Equity interest transfer in YTO Foundry was also completed in

CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT (continued)

January 2013. It would further enhance the Company's core manufacturing capability and optimize its industrial chain.

During the Reporting Period, the Company kept improving its corporate governance mechanism, and further strengthened the awareness of standardized operation and investor return. Through amendment to the articles of the association of the Company (the "**Articles of Association**"), the Company clarified the implementation of sustainable and stable profit distribution policy while taking into consideration of sustainable development of the Company and reasonable investor return. During the Reporting Period, the Board further revised and improved the Implementation Rules for the Audit Committee, the Remuneration Committee and the Nomination Committee, based on the actual condition of the Company and the requirements of the Listing Rules.

During the Reporting Period, the re-election of the Board of the Company was completed smoothly. In accordance with the operational need, the management team was replenished and adjusted by the Board. All new Directors and management members of the Company are well experienced and educated in their respective fields and also diligent and conscientious. All our management members and I are confident in leading the Company onto the track of steady development and bringing more return to our shareholders.

The fifth Board of Directors and Supervisors and the senior management members achieved outstanding operating results and made important contribution to the development of the Company. I would like to avail myself of this opportunity to express my sincere regards and gratitude to the retired Directors, Supervisors and senior management members.

PROSPECTS

Our mission is to stay committed to provide the most valuable packaged solutions to agricultural machineries, and our vision is to become a prominent global supplier of agricultural machineries. The year of 2013 will see our unremitting efforts in achieving this target. The Chinese agricultural machinery industry has been developing rapidly for nearly a decade since 2004, while the coming ten years will still be a golden period for the transformation and upgrade of the agricultural machinery industry. As a leading company in the domestic agricultural machinery manufacturing industry, we have realized agricultural mechanization from certain procedures to the entire process, from field-operating machinery to all-round mechanization, and our agricultural machinery products have evolved from low-end ones to those with high technology content, all of which will provide us huge development opportunities. As a leader in as well as a beneficiary of industry upgrading, we will firmly grasp this opportunity for further growth amid industrial development.

CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT (continued)

2013 is not only a year of great expectations but also of challenges. The world economy is still mired in-depth correction, with complicated and capricious conditions internationally and declining demands domestically, some in-depth problems and conflicts emerge gradually. Competition in the agricultural machinery industry will also intensify. The tractor industry will enter a phase of "high-end products-focused and moderate growth (高位運行、溫和增長)", with fast rising demands for high-end products, and emphasis on adjustment of the product mix. Years of amassed advantages in respect of brand, services, R&D, manufacture and customers give us the confidence to better seize present opportunities, actively tackle various challenges, and continuously promote sustainable development of the Company, so as to bring more stable and sustained returns to our shareholders.

I would like to avail myself of this opportunity to express my sincere regards and gratitude to all shareholders and persons of all circles for their support of the Company's growth and all employees for their hard work in the previous year.

> Zhao Yanshui Chairman

27 March 2013

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

I. REVIEW OF THE COMPANY'S OPERATIONS DURING THE REPORTING PERIOD

(I) Analysis of principal businesses

Unit: RMB'000

		Revenue			S	Segment results			
20	12	2011/6	Restated)	Change of revenue from external customers over last year	2012	2011	Change over last year		
20		2011(1	(cstated)	over last year	2012	2011	last year		
	from		Revenue						
Segment	external	Segment	from external						
revenue	customers	revenue	customers	%		(Restated)	%		
10,115,762	9,616,653	10,255,699	9,731,567	-1.2%	355,782	359,931	-1.2%		
						·			
2,004,945	1,224,001	2,211,062	1,470,155	-16.7%	89,983	191,227	-52.9%		
447,149	384,975	494,472	436,128	-11.7%	-9,989	-6,314	N/A		
110,876	92,369	94,757	64,823	42.5%	61,809	53,797	14.9%		
-1,360,734		-1,353,317			-12,404	588			
11,317,998	11,317,998	11,702,673	11,702,673	-3.3%	485,181	599,229	-19.0%		
	Segment revenue 10,115,762 2,004,945 447,149 110,876 1,360,734	Segment revenue external customers 10,115,762 9,616,653 2,004,945 1,224,001 447,149 384,975 110,876 92,369 -1,360,734	2012 2011(f Revenue from Segment external Segment 20004,945 1,224,001 2,211,062 447,149 384,975 494,472 110,876 92,369 94,757 -1,360,734	2012 2011(Restated) Revenue from Segment external revenue customers 10,115,762 9,616,653 10,255,699 9,731,567 2,004,945 1,224,001 2,211,062 1,470,155 447,149 384,975 494,472 110,876 92,369 94,757 -1,350,734	Kinner Change of revenue from external customers 2012 2011(Restated) over last year Revenue from external revenue Segment from external customers % 10,115,762 9,616,653 10,255,699 9,731,567 -1.2% 2,004,945 1,224,001 2,211,062 1,470,155 -16.7% 447,149 384,975 494,472 436,128 -11.7% 110,876 92,369 94,757 64,823 42.5%	Change of revenue from external customers Change of revenue from external customers Change of revenue external customers Change of revenue customers Change of revenue customers 2012 2011(Restated) over last year 2012 Segment revenue from customers Revenue from customers Revenue from 2012 10,115,762 9,616,653 10,255,699 9,731,567 -1.2% 355,782 2,004,945 1,224,001 2,211,062 1,470,155 -16.7% 89,983 447,149 384,975 494,472 436,128 -11.7% -9,989 110,876 92,369 94,757 64,823 42.5% 61,809 -1,350,734	Change of revenue from external customers Customers 2012 2011(Restated) over last year 2012 2011 Revenue from external revenue from external Revenue (Restated) (Restated) 10,115,762 9,616,653 10,255,699 9,731,567 -1.2% 355,782 359,931 2,004,945 1,224,001 2,211,062 1,470,155 -16.7% 89,983 191,227 447,149 384,975 494,472 436,128 -11.7% -9,989 -6,314 110,876 92,369 94,757 64,823 42.5% 61,809 53,797 -1,360,734		

Note 1: "Restated": As the acquisitions of YTO Flag and YTO Axle in 2012 constitute business combination under common control, retrospective adjustments and restatements were made to the financial data in the consolidated results of 2011 in accordance with the relevant regulations.

Note 2: Since YTO Axle was newly established in 2012, the restated figures have consolidated the relevant data of YTO Flag only.

Agricultural machinery business

Starting from 2012, affected by such factors as the adjustment to the subsidies implementation policy of China and the rise in production and operation costs of enterprises, the agricultural machinery industry has been displaying a trend of slower growth and diversified development. According to the statistics of the Association of Agricultural Machinery Industry of China, the agricultural machinery industry of China recorded an accumulative gross industrial output value of RMB338.2 billion during the Reporting Period, up approximately 19% year on year but the growth rate is approximately 15 percentage points lower than the same period of 2011. Meanwhile, the industry witnessed an apparent imbalanced and incompatible development. Sales of corn harvesters and after-harvest processing machines grew by a staggering 113.3% and 53.7% respectively. 362,087 units of hi-powered and mid-powered tractors were sold in China, representing a year-on-year decrease of 2.3%, and 355,828 units of low-powered tractors were sold, representing a year-on-year decrease of 6.8%.

During the Reporting Period, in light of the new changes in market dynamics, the Company strengthened its market study, intensively cultivated regional markets, accelerated the standardized operation of sales agencies and lean management as well as strengthened the ability to grab enduser. To address the higher power requirement for its products and the needs of paddy fields, the Company paid more efforts in speeding up the adjustment to product structure, marketing its new products, and implementing an effective product mix. As a result, LZ2404A, the hi-powered power shift transmission (PST) tractors under the brand of Dongfanghong which boost the worldleading mainstream technology level achieved sales in mass quantity, indicating a breakthrough in technology upgrade; sales of LX2204, LX1000 and E454 tractors, being our major types of tractors, increased by 172%, 72% and 130% respectively; new products including LY1100, LY1004 and MF604 tractors also achieved sales in mass quantity, laying a solid foundation for future market development. Through accurately grasping the sales opportunities in the second half of 2012 when more government subsidies were granted to hi-powered wheeled tractors of 90 horsepower and above in Henan market, the Company launched promotion activities and further cemented its leading position in the markets of winter wheat growing regions. Through elaborate efforts in sales channels, we made breakthroughs and noticeable achievements in the South China markets where we had no or minor market share before. During the Reporting Period, the Company sold 85,570 units of hi-powered and mid-powered wheeled tractors, representing a year-on-year increase of 0.86%, maintaining its first place in the industry with an increased market share year on year, among hi-powered wheeled tractors, sales of 100 horsepower and above were 21,341 units, representing a year-on-year increase of 70.85%, faster than the industry average; and 41,728 units were mid-powered wheeled tractors, representing a year-on-year increase of 19.63% and a further increase in market share, maintaining its second place in the industry. 1,511 units of crawler tractors were sold, representing a year-on-year decrease of 35.01%, which was due to contracted market demand resulted from the entry of substitute products. Sales of Dongfanghong low-powered wheeled tractors decreased by 41.02% year-on-year, which was because of the Company's product mix adjustment.

Power machinery business

Dongfanghong has been an industry leader for its power machinery business in ancillary products of 55 horsepower-above tractors and harvesters. During the Reporting Period, amid a slowdown in agricultural machinery products growth and intensifying market competition, the Company accelerated the setting up of the 100-200 horsepower technological platform, and the trial production and promotion of new techniques, thus achieving breakthroughs in engineering machinery, marine machinery, anti-explosion machinery and other new fields while maintaining absolute dominance in tractors of 100 horsepower and above, wheat harvesters of 100-110 horsepower, hi-powered corn harvesters. Jiangyan Power effectively enlarged its market share through accelerating ancillary product development and strengthening after-sales services to consolidate existing client base and develop new customers. During the Reporting Period, 162,458 units of various diesel engines models were sold in the power machinery business of the Company, representing a year-on-year decrease of 3.81%, a pace far slower than the drop of the industry average.

Other business

Other machinery business: In 2012, as affected by the continued downturn in the coal industry of China and the insufficient production at coal mines in the major coal-producing regions such as Inner Mongolia, Shaanxi and Shanxi, the Company sold 591 units of mining trucks, representing a year-on-year decrease of 2.31%, and 1,600 units of forklifts, representing a year-on-year decrease of 11.4%.

Financial business: During the Reporting Period, YTO Finance actively played its role as a financial platform. In addition to the conventional deposit and loan services to provide funding support to the Company, YTO Finance also actively provided support to the product sales of the Company, provided a total financing of RMB721,556,000 for the sales of the Company's products by dealers and bringing sales revenue of RMB998,591,000 to the Company.

(II) Analysis of Financial Results

1. Analysis of changes in items of income statement and cash flows statement

Unit: RMB'000

	For the Reporting	For the corresponding period of the	
Item	Period	previous year	Changes
			(%)
Operating revenue	11,317,998	11,702,673	-3.3%
Operating costs	9,775,220	10,042,301	-2.7%
Selling and distribution expenses	348,929	364,367	-4.2%
Administrative expenses	744,217	712,775	4.4%
Finance costs	62,733	54,162	15.8%
Net cash generated from			
operating activities	555,133	719,484	-22.8%
Net cash generated from			
investing activities	-747,469	-810,277	N/A
Net cash generated from			
financing activities	607,837	231,720	162.3%
Research and development expenses	383,640	357,368	7.4%

2. Revenue

(1) Analysis of factors leading to changes in revenue

During the Reporting Period, the Company recorded operating revenue of RMB11,317,998,000, representing a year-on-year decrease of 3.3%, which was mainly due to the decrease in the sales of the Company's primary products such as agricultural machinery products and power machinery products.

(2) Analysis of factors affecting the revenue of the Company from sales of products which has a principal business of physical goods sales

Agricultural machinery products: in 2012, the Company sold 123,717 units of agricultural machinery products, representing a year-on-year decrease of 12.41%; sales revenue amounted to RMB9,616,653,000, representing a year-on-year decrease of 1.2%.

Power machinery products: in 2012, the Company sold 162,458 units of power machinery products, representing a year-on-year decrease of 3.81%; sales revenue amounted to RMB1,224,001,000, representing a year-on-year decrease of 16.7%.

Other machinery products: sales revenue of the Company for mining trucks and forklift trucks amounted to RMB384,975,000, representing a year-on-year decrease of 11.7%.

(3) Major customers

During the Reporting Period, sales to the five largest customers of the Company amounted to RMB1,089,383,000, accounting for 9.7% of the total sales of the Company.

(4) Major suppliers

During the Reporting Period, purchase from the five largest suppliers of the Company amounted to RMB1,484,716,000, accounting for 16.85% of the total purchase of the Company.

3. Gross profit and gross profit margin

During the Reporting Period, the Company realised a gross profit of RMB1,542,778,000, representing a year-on-year decrease of 7.08%. The consolidated gross profit margin was 13.6%, representing a 0.56 percentage point decrease from the previous period.

4. Expenses

Unit: RMB'000

Item	2012	2011 Ch	ange amount	Change <i>(%)</i>		
Selling and distribution costs	348,929	364,367	-15,438	-4.24%		
Administrative expenses Finance cost	744,217 62,733	712,775 54,162	31,442 8,571	4.41% 15.82%		
Other expenses Income tax expenses	8,527 70,701	8,342 84,937	185 –14,236	2.22% –16.76%		

- (1) The Group's selling and distribution costs for the Reporting Period amounted to RMB348,929,000, representing a year-on-year decrease of RMB15,438,000 or 4.24%, which was mainly attributable to reduced sales of products and reduction of service fees for "three guarantee" (三包服務費) thanks to enhancement in product quality.
- (2) The Group's administrative expenses for the Reporting Period was RMB744,217,000, representing a year-on-year increase of RMB31,442,000 or 4.41%, which was mainly attributable to the year-on-year increase of RMB26,271,000 in research and development costs as a result of increased efforts in research and development.
- (3) The Group's finance cost for the Reporting Period amounted to RMB62,733,000, representing a year-on-year increase of RMB8,571,000 or 15.82%. Under the circumstance of the increase of investment and delayed payment of the State's subsidies on the purchase of agricultural machinery products, in order to ensure normal production and operation, the Group has obtained more bank borrowings during the Reporting Period, which resulted in an increase in its average loan size.
- (4) The Group's other expenses for the Reporting Period amounted to RMB8,527,000, representing a year-on-year increase of RMB185,000,which basically stayed at the same level as last year.

(5) During the Reporting Period, the Group's income tax expenses amounted to RMB70,701,000, representing a year-on-year decrease of RMB14,236,000. The Company and its controlled subsidiaries, YTO Diesel and Tractors Research Company and its subsidiary, Luoyang Xiyuan Vehicles and Power Inspection Institute Co., Ltd* (洛陽西苑車輛與動力檢驗所有限公司) successfully passed the review for new and high tech enterprise in October 2011 and will enjoy the preferential income tax rate of 15% from 2011 to 2013. YTO Flag, a subsidiary of the Company, was recognized as new and high tech enterprise in 2010 and will enjoy the preferential income tax rate of 15% from 2010 to 2012.

5. Research and development costs

Unit: RMB'000

(1) Table of research and development costs

Research and development costs expensed during the Reporting Period	383,640
Research and development costs capitalized during	
the Reporting Period	0
Total research and development costs	383,640
Total research and development costs as a percentage of	
net assets (%)	7.84%
Total research and development costs as a percentage of	
operating revenue* (%)	3.42%

Note: Operating revenue does not include revenue generated from the finance business of the Company.

(2) Explanations

During the Reporting Period, research and development costs were mainly used to the research and upgrade of wheeled tractor of 60-300 horsepower, technological progress and quality enhancement for the Dongfanghong branded mid-powered wheeled tractors, development of hi-power electronic control diesel and research of its matching with the machinery, and application of gear machining new technologies for hi-powered wheeled tractors, so as to enhance the Company's ability in research and development and improve the competitiveness of its products.

6. Cash flows

As at 31 December 2012, the net increase in cash and cash equivalents amounted to RMB416,651,000, among which, net cash inflow from operating activities was RMB555,133,000, net cash outflow in investing activities was RMB747,469,000, net cash inflow from financing activities was RMB607,837,000, and effect of exchange rate changes amounted to RMB1,150,000.

(III) Analysis of Assets and Liabilities

	As at the end of the	Percentage of total assets as at the end of	As at the end of previous	Percentage of total assets as at the end	Change over the end of previous
ltem	Reporting Period	the Reporting Period	reporting period	of previous reporting period	reporting period
		(%)		(%)	(%)
Droparty plant and agginment	2 414 122	21.00/	2 169 402	22.20/	11 20/
Property, plant and equipment Interests in associates	2,414,122 7,810	21.8% 0.1%	2,168,402 19,815	22.2% 0.2%	11.3% -60.6%
Available-for-sale financial assets	159,450	1.4%	202,710	2.1%	-21.3%
Loan receivables	884,824	8.0%	666,095	6.8%	32.8%
Deferred income tax assets	64,585	0.6%	46,667	0.5%	38.4%
Inventories	1,363,535	12.3%	1,195,451	12.2%	14.1%
Trade and bill receivables	2,268,990	20.5%	2,445,949	25.0%	-7.2%
Financial assets at fair					
value through profit or loss	306,801	2.8%	77,398	0.8%	296.4%
Held-to-maturity financial assets	52,090	0.5%	_	_	N/A
Cash and cash equivalents	1,825,339	16.5%	1,394,695	14.3%	30.9%
Trade and bill payables	2,548,365	23.0%	2,344,853	24.0%	8.7%
Placements from banks and					
non-bank financial institutions	360,000	3.2%	200,000	2.0%	80.0%
Borrowings	1,068,741	9.6%	1,155,468	11.8%	-7.5%
Deferred income	161,440	1.5%	111,728	1.1%	44.5%

Unit: RMB'000

Property, plant and equipment: As at 31 December 2012, property, plant and equipment of the Group increased by RMB245,720,000 from the beginning of the Reporting Period. The increase was mainly because the Group increased investment in fixed assets such as production lines during the Reporting Period in order to enhance competitiveness of its products.

Interests in associates: As at 31 December 2012, the Group's interests in associates decreased by RMB12,005,000 from the beginning of the Reporting Period, which was mainly because YTO Shunxing YTO Shunxing was included in the scope of consolidation of the Group since June 2012 after the completion of the Group's acquisition of 60% equity interest in YTO Shunxing held by Liaoning Shunxing Company and the natural persons during the Reporting Period in order to enhance its capability in manufacturing core parts and components.

Available-for-sale financial assets: As at 31 December 2012, available-for-sale financial assets (non-current) of the Group decreased by RMB19,900,000 from the beginning of the Reporting Period, which was mainly because the Group disposed of its available-for-sale financial assets in light of the fluctuations of the financial market during the Reporting Period. Available-for-sale financial assets (current) of the Group decreased by RMB23,360,000 from the beginning of the Reporting Period, which was mainly because the Group transferred its equity interest in Southwest Stainless Steel Co., Ltd. (西南不銹鋼有限責任公司) in light of future gains during the Reporting Period.

Loan receivables: As at 31 December 2012, loan receivables (non-current) and loan receivables (current) of the Group increased by RMB11,351,000 and RMB207,378,000 respectively from the beginning of the Reporting Period, which was mainly because YTO Finance increased its loans to the Group in light of the sufficient capital of YTO Finance and the sustained profitability of the Group and its subsidiaries and for the purpose of enhancing efficiency in fund use.

Deferred income tax assets: As at 31 December 2012, deferred income tax assets of the Group increased by RMB17,918,000 from the beginning of the Reporting Period, which was mainly because the Group recognized deferred income tax assets in respect of the recoverable losses of YTO France.

Inventories: As at 31 December 2012, the inventories of the Group increased by RMB168,084,000 from the beginning of the Reporting Period, which was mainly because the Group increased relevant stocks in light of the forthcoming sales peak season in the coming year (such stocks were at a relatively low level at as the end of 2011 due to the strong uncertain movements of raw material prices).

During the Reporting Period, inventories turnover was 47 days, which is basically the same as last year.

Trade and bill receivables: As at 31 December 2012, bill receivables and trade receivables of the Group amounted to RMB1,292,596,000 and RMB976,394,000 respectively, representing a decrease of RMB279,111,000 and an increase of RMB102,152,000 respectively from the beginning of the Reporting Period, which was mainly due to the deferred payment of the State's subsidies for purchase of agricultural machinery products.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss: As at 31 December 2012, the Group's financial assets at fair value through profit or loss increased by RMB229,403,000 from the beginning of the Reporting Period, which was mainly because YTO Finance purchased financial assets at fair value through profit or loss in light of the fluctuations of the financial market.

Held-to-maturity financial assets: As at 31 December 2012, the Group's held-to-maturity financial assets increased by RMB52,090,000 from the beginning of the Reporting Period, which mainly represented the purchase of corporate bonds by YTO Finance during the Reporting Period.

Cash and cash equivalents: As at 31 December 2012, the Group's cash and cash equivalents increased by RMB430,644,000 from the beginning of the Reporting Period, which was mainly due to the year-end payment concentration for the Group's products sales.

Trade and bill payables: As at 31 December 2012, the Group's trade payables amounted to RMB2,030,232,000, representing an increase of RMB336,831,000 from the beginning of the Reporting Period, which was mainly due to the extended payment deadlines negotiated with its suppliers by the Group in order to seize market opportunities and to address the prolonged payment of sale of agricultural machinery. Bill payables amounted to RMB518,133,000, representing a decrease of RMB133,319,000 from the beginning of the Reporting Period.

Placements from banks and non-bank financial institutions: As at 31 December 2012, the Group's placements from banks and non-bank financial institutions increased by RMB160,000,000 from the beginning of the Reporting Period, which mainly because YTO Finance obtained placements from other financial institutions to meet the capital needs by the Group for stock-up for the first quarter of 2013.

Borrowings: As at 31 December 2012, the Group's short-term borrowings decreased by RMB518,227,000 from the beginning of the Reporting Period, while the Group's long-term borrowings increased by RMB431,500,000 from the beginning of the Reporting Period, which was mainly because the Group adjusted its liabilities structure in line with the changes in its assets structure after the Group increased investments in designated fixed assets such as the wheeled tractor project of the industrial park and the hi-powered diesel engine project, and conducted the acquisitions of YTO Flag and YTO Axle during the Reporting Period.

Deferred income: As at 31 December 2012, the Group's deferred income increased by RMB49,712,000 from the beginning of the Reporting Period, which was mainly because the Group received government subsidies of RMB53,200,000 for the project on enhancement of core capability of new-type wheeled tractors which is in line with the national incentive policy during the Reporting Period.

(IV) Analysis of Core Competitiveness

- 1. The Company possesses the industry leading research and development capability. The Company has a largest and strongest technical team in China. The Company has a worldclass pilot test base which is the most advanced in China, and is able to conduct roundthe-clock pilot manufacturing and monitoring of various types of tractors. The Company developed and pilot manufactured world-leading new products such as the hi-powered wheeled tractors under the brand of Dongfanghong and energy saving and environmental friendly diesel engines with proprietary intellectual property rights. As one of the few enterprises in China which is capable of the mass production of hi-powered wheeled tractors of 100 horsepower and above, the Company also successfully developed the first heavy-duty PST tractor in China, representing the latest technology in tractor filed in China. In addition, the Company drafted and amended approximately 240 items of industrial standards from time to time and possesses nearly 200 patents.
- 2. The Company boasts the most comprehensive ability in core parts and components manufacturing in the agricultural machinery industry in China and a leading manufacturing craftsmanship in China, has established a comprehensive manufacturing system with both cold and hot processing capacities and built in place the most complete manufacturing chain in the agricultural machinery industry in China covering blank processing, parts processing and final assembly and testing. All the key parts and components such as forging pieces, gears, diesel engines, fuel injection parts and transmission are manufactured in-house by the Company. The Company has automated production lines with capacity for processing large and complex high-precision forgings, a number of CNC flexible machining production lines, multi-product assembly lines with online detecting capacity as well as robotic coating lines. Such complete manufacturing system enables the Company to have an effective whole-process control on product quality and performance and enhance the cost performance and competitiveness of its products, thereby securing its leading position in the domestic tractor sector and enhancing its ability to compete globally.

- 3. The Company has a nationwide agricultural machinery marketing service network comprising over 1,000 distributors and over 1,600 sales and service terminals, which is the largest marketing network with the most comprehensive coverage in the industry and enables the Company to adapt to the fast-growing market needs. In addition, the Company possesses strong market resources-allocation capacity and has established long-term strategic partnership with specialized component-makers and material suppliers, giving a strong support to the research and development of new products, product quality and cost control.
- 4. The "Dongfanghong (東方紅)" trademark of the Company is one of the earliest "Famous Trademarks of China" and has been the representative brand of China's agricultural machinery industry for years, enjoying high popularity and reputation in the domestic market.
- 5. The Company has an excellent management team that possesses in-depth understanding of the industry, and strong corporate management and market development capability and a stable and highly-skilled team of industrial workers.

During the Reporting Period, there was no material change in the Company's core competitiveness.

(V) Analysis of Investments

1. Overall analysis of external equity investments

During the Reporting Period, the Company's external equity investments totaled RMB980,000, representing a year-on-year increase of RMB560,000 or 133.3%. The basic information on the investee companies are as follows:

Name	Investment amount	Principal business	Shareholding percentage of the investee company
	(RMB)		
Nanyang Xiangrui Company	1,400,000	Advertisement agency, property lease, agricultural machinery lease, agricultural machinery technological services, investment in market construction (other than items subject to approval stipulated by laws and regulation, and the decisions of the State Council).	7%
Total	1,400,000		

Equity interests in non-listed financial enterprise

Unit: RMB'000

	Initial		Shareholding	Closing	Profit/loss during the Reporting	Changes in owners' equity during the Reporting		Sources of
Name of the investee	amount	Shares held	percentage	book value	Period	Period	Accounting item	shares
	(RMB'000)	('000)	(%)	(RMB'000)	(RMB'000)	(RMB'000)		
Bank of Luoyang Co., Ltd.	78,129	107,480	4.89	78,129	16,122	_	Lon-term equity investment	Purchase
Shenyin & Wanguo Securities Co. Ltd	500	405	0.006	500		_	Lon-term equity investment	Purchase
Total	78,629	107,885		78,629	16,122			

2. Entrusted assets management and investments in derivatives by non-financial companies

(1) Entrusted assets management

The Company had no entrusted assets management matters during the year.

(2) Entrusted loans

Unit: RMB'000

	Additions during	Actual recovery	
Opening balance	the Reporting	of principal of	Closing balance of
of entrusted loans	Period	entrusted loans	entrusted loans
100,000	107,000	100,000	107,000

									Source of fund			
	Amount of		Interest			Whether	Whether	Whether	and specify whether			
	entrusted	Term of	rate of	Uses of	Whether	connected	extended	any	from the	Connected	Expected rate	Gains/
Name of borrower	loans	the loan	the loan	the loan	past due	transaction	the term	litigation	funds raising	Relationship	of return	losses
YTO (Luoyang)	4,000	One year	7.87%	Production and operation	No	No	No	No	Not raised funds	Controlled subsidiary	7.87%	Gains
Transporting Machinery												
Co., Ltd												
YTO (Luoyang)	3,000	One year	7.87%	Production and operation	No	No	No	No	Not raised funds	Controlled subsidiary	7.87%	Gains
Forklift Co., Ltd.												
YTO Shentong	10,000	One year	8.53%	Production and operation	No	No	No	No	Not raised funds	Controlled subsidiary	8.53%	Gains
YTO Shentong	10,000	One year	8.53%	Production and operation	No	No	No	No	Not raised funds	Controlled subsidiary	8.53%	Gains
YTO Shentong	40,000	Half year	7.28%	Production and operation	No	No	No	No	Not raised funds	Controlled subsidiary	7.28%	Gains
YTO Shentong	30,000	Half year	7.28%	Production and operation	No	No	No	No	Not raised funds	Controlled subsidiary	7.28%	Gains
YTO Shentong	10,000	Half year	7.28%	Production and operation	No	No	No	No	Not raised funds	Controlled subsidiary	7.28%	Gains

(3) Other investment, assets management and investments in derivatives

Unit: RMB'000

								Whether
Type of	Source of	Signing	Amount of			Expected	Investment	any
investment	funds	party	Investment	Term	Product type	return	gains/losses	litigation
Trust	Internal	Gansu Trust	40,000	12 months	Gansu Trust	_	8,050	No
	resources				Product			
Trust	Internal	Zhong Yuan	90,000	12 months	World Trade	_	5,201	No
	resources	Trust			Project (世貿			
					項目)			
Trust	Internal	Zhong Yuan	30,000	18 months	Yuhua Project (宇	—	—	No
	resources	Trust			華項目)			
Trust	Internal	Zhong Yuan	20,000	18 months	Langzi Project (朗	—	—	No
	resources	Trust			姿項目)			
Trust	Internal	Zhong Yuan	40,000	23 months	Xingwangda	—	—	No
	resources	Trust			Project (欣旺			
					達項目)			

3. Use of proceeds from share issue

(1) Overall status of uses of proceeds from share issue

Unit: RMB'000

Year of fundraising	Fundraising method	Total proceeds	Total amount used in this year	Total amount used on an accumulative basis	Total unutilized amount	Use of the unutilized proceeds
2012	Initial public offering	810,000	373,642	373,642	400,091	Idle proceeds will be used to temporarily replenish working capital on the premises that the projects to be financed by the raised proceeds will not be affected. The remaining proceeds will be deposited in the designated bank account which will be continuously used to invest in the project on upgrading and improvement of the hi- powered agricultural diesel engines, the project on establishment of tractors assembly station(s) in Xinjiang, the project on enhancement of the core capability of new wheeled tractors and the project on upgrading, capacity-enhancement and improvement of the fuel injection system products.
Total		810,000	373,642	373,642	400,091	

Note: Total unutilized amount included RMB77 million of idle proceeds used to temporarily replenish working capital by the Company during the Reporting Period.

(2) Use of proceeds by the projects intended to be financed by the raised proceeds

Unit: RMB'000

		Intended			Whether				Whether	Explanations on	Reason for changes and explanation
	Any	investment	Investment	Accumulative	in line				in line	failures in meetin	g on the
	changes	amount of	amount in	investment	with	Project	Expected	Profit	with expected	the schedule or	change
Project name	to project	the proceeds	this year	amount	schedule	schedule	return	generated	return	expected return	procedures
Hi-powered agricultural											
diesel engines project	t No	260,000	206,406	206,406	Yes	79.39%	-	_	-	under construction	No change
The project on											
establishment of											
tractors assembly											
station(s) in Xinjiang	No	110,000	44,972	44,972	Yes	40.88%	_	_	_	under construction	No change
The project on											
enhancement of the											
core capability of nev	v										
wheeled tractors	No	300,000	122,264	122,264	Yes	40.75%	-	-	-	under construction	No change
The project on											
upgrading, capacity-											
enhancement and											
improvement of the											
fuel injection system											
products	No	103,733	0	0	Yes	-	-	-	-	under construction	No change
Total		773,733	373,642	373,642							

For the details of deposit and uses of the raised proceeds of the Company during the Reporting Period, please refer to the "special report on the deposit and actual use of raised proceeds of the Company".

4. Analysis of major subsidiaries and equity participating companies

(1) Information on major subsidiaries

YTO Finance: Registered capital: RMB500 million; scope of business: provision of financial services. As at 31 December 2012, total assets amounted to RMB3,325.96 million, net assets amounted to RMB604.10 million and net profit for 2012 was RMB50.30 million.

YTO France: Registered capital: EUR20 million; scope of business: manufacture and sales of agricultural machinery accessories. As at 31 December 2012, total assets amounted to RMB245.14 million, net assets amounted to RMB72.35 million and net loss for 2012 was RMB40.86 million.

YTO Diesel: Registered capital: USD6 million; scope of business: manufacture and sales of engines. As at 31 December 2012, total assets amounted to RMB1,210.83 million, net assets amounted to RMB430.94 million and net profit for 2012 was RMB113.52 million.

Tractors Research Company: Registered capital: RMB341.00 million; scope of business: research and development of tractors. As at 31 December 2012, total assets amounted to RMB535.22 million, net assets amounted to RMB462.96 million and net profit for 2012 was RMB21.61 million.

YTO Injection Pump: Registered capital: RMB94.114 million; scope of business: production and sale of fuel injection pump products. As at 31 December 2012, total assets amounted to RMB229.64 million, net assets amounted to RMB120.63 million and net loss for 2012 was RMB6.34 million.

YTO Power Machinery: Registered capital: RMB38 million; scope of business: production and sale of engines. As at 31 December 2012, total assets amounted to RMB142.2 million, net assets amounted to RMB50.11 million and net profit for 2012 was RMB3.62 million.

YTO International: Registered capital: RMB66.00 million; scope of business: sales of agricultural machinery. As at 31 December 2012, total assets amounted to RMB138.02 million, net assets amounted to RMB70.34 million and net profit for 2012 was RMB30,000.

YTO Flag: Registered capital: RMB50 million; scope of business: production and sale of covering parts of agricultural machineries. As at 31 December 2012, total assets amounted to RMB367.34 million, net assets amounted to RMB96.79 million and net profit for 2012 was RMB39.25 million.

YTO Axle: Registered capital: RMB50 million; scope of business: manufacture and sales of axles and boxes for agricultural machinery. As at 31 December 2012, total assets amounted to RMB325.02 million, net assets amounted to RMB224.96 million and net loss for 2012 was RMB2.22 million.

(2) Acquisition and disposal of subsidiaries during the year

In order to enhance its manufacturing capacity for core components and reduce connected transactions, the Company completed the acquisition of 100% equity interests in YTO Flag and YTO Axle in the Reporting Period, both of which have been consolidated into the consolidated financial statements of the Company upon completion of the acquisitions.

During the Reporting Period, in order to materialize the integration of semi-finished and finished forging product processing, raise the added-value of its forging products and gain control over the manufacturing of diesel engine crankshafts, the Company acquired the 38% and 22% equity interests in YTO Shunxing from Liaoning Shunxing Company and 16 natural person shareholders respectively. Upon completion of the acquisition, the Company owns the 100% equity interests in YTO Shunxing which has been incorporated into the consolidated financial statements of the Company.

(3) Subsidiaries contributing more than 10% to the Company's net profit

YTO Finance, recording operating revenue of RMB110,880,000 for the Reporting Period, with operating profit and net profit amount to RMB70,890,000 and RMB50,300,000 respectively.

YTO Diesel, recording operating revenue of RMB1,672,040,000 for the Reporting Period, with operating profit and net profit amount to RMB116,360,000 and RMB113,520,000 respectively.

(4) Analysis on subsidiaries with over 30% change in their operating results.

YTO Diesel and **YTO Power Machinery** are principally engaged in the manufacture and sale of non-road diesel engines used in agricultural machinery, small-sized construction machinery, while **YTO Injection Pump** is principally engaged in the manufacture of diesel engine fuel injectors and injection pumps. Products manufactured by these companies are supporting products for agricultural machinery. During the Reporting Period, affected by the decline in agricultural machinery industry, the sales of related power machinery products saw a decrease, which led to decrease in operating results.

YTO Flag, the sales volumes of its tractor parts and automotive stampings fell during the Reporting Period due to the downturn in automobile and tractor industries, which led to a decrease in its operating profit and net profit.

YTO France, established in 2011, the company gradually entered into normal operation during the Reporting Period and recorded a year-on-year increase in operating revenue with less losses.

YTO International, still in the building stage of the international sales channel and network during the Report Period and caused a rather substantial decrease of operating revenue. The company was actively exploring new revenue source, cutting expenditure and strictly controlling costs. The gross profit and net profit of the company increased during the Reporting Period.

5. Projects not funded by proceeds from fundraising activities

During the Reporting Period, the Company did not have any significant project for which the total investment exceeding 10% of the audited net assets of the Company as at the end of the previous year and which was not funded by proceeds from fundraising activities.

II. THE BOARD'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS ON THE COMPANY'S FUTURE DEVELOPMENT

(I) Competition dynamics and development trend of the industry

In 2013, despite the unfavorable factors such as the slowdown in the growth of national economy, changes in industrial development environment and uncertainties in the international market, the industry is still expected to see a moderate growth trend for the whole year as driven by the continued steady growth in China's macro economy and the positive effects generated from the structural adjustment to the machinery industry and in particular strengthened preferential policy of China to enhance and benefit agriculture.

Agricultural machinery industry: The central government's "No.1 Document (一號文件)" has emphasized on "agriculture, farmers and rural areas" for 10 consecutive years, especially in relation to subsidies for purchasing agricultural machinery. The Central Finance has arranged RMB20 billion as the first batch of subsidies for purchasing agricultural machinery in 2013, representing a net increase of RMB7 billion as compared to the first batch of RMB13 billion in 2012, with the subsidies amount and coverage being further increased. As China accelerates the urbanization process, strengthens its support to adjustment of agricultural structure, continues to speed up the land transfer and implements new reform polices involving the agricultural machinery cooperatives, specialized households of agricultural machinery and family farms, the market demand for large-scale agricultural machinery is bound to see a steady growth . In particular, tractors, as the basic agricultural machineries, will see expanded room for demand as the trend for demand for a higher horsepower continues. Dongfanghong-branded tractors enjoy incomparable comprehensive advantages such as a long product line, complete product types, high brand awareness and reputation, and have sound market performance in major markets such as Northeast China, Northwest China, the winter wheat growing regions and South China where they have won great trust from users for its strong adaptability, and thus are expected to have good market performance.

Power machinery business: With the steady growth of agricultural machinery and the moderate recovery in construction machinery market, power machinery sector will also see a steady recovery. Considering the gradual release of the new achievements made by the Dongfanghong-branded diesel engines in market development and the application of new technology and new craftsmanship, it is expected that the Dongfanghong-branded power machinery business will experience a steady growth at medium speed.

Other businesses such as mining trucks and forklifts: The performance of this sector is highly related to national macro economic policy and the overall construction activities in China. As the comprehensive national strength improves and the macro economy grows steadily, market demand for products such as mining trucks and forklifts will also pick up accordingly. We are optimistic about is market prospects.

(II) Development strategy of the Company

Through implementing the strategic mindset of "focusing on the core areas for stronger businesses"(聚核鑄強), the Company will focus on core resources, core business and core markets. Through focusing on the improvement of independent renovation ability, marketing ability, talents ability and international operation ability, the Company will continuously enhance its renovation and operation capabilities. The Company intends to be stronger in the core businesses of tractor and diesel engines, strengthen the golden supply chain system of part and components and be stronger in the markets both at home and abroad. Meanwhile, we will take full advantage of the resources as a listed company and effectively consolidate relevant resources to create better development potential. We will optimize and enhance our overall industrial chain competitiveness with agricultural equipment as its principal business which is supplemented by a moderately diversified operation, and become the leader in the field of agricultural equipment.

(III) Operation plan

We will ensure a continuous increase and improvement of key indicators such as sales revenue and net profit in 2013 compared to 2012, and endeavor to accomplish the operation targets in an allaround way through taking corresponding strategy and measures to address challenges under the new environment.

 Strengthen marketing management: We intend to increase efforts in market development both at home and abroad with a view for growth in sales revenue and volume. We will strive to sell 91,000 units of hi-powered and mid-powered wheeled tractors, representing a year-on-year increase of 8%. Meanwhile, we will firmly adhere to the brand-based operation strategy.

- 2. Accelerate adjustments to product mix and market structure: For the purpose of improving operation quality, we will adjust product and market structure, so as to improve technical quality of products, enhance profitability of the markets, and streamline the price-forming mechanism and comprehensive competitiveness. To be specific, we will develop our tractor products toward the mid and high-end, our diesel engines toward lower emission and lower consumption, energy conservation and high efficiency, pressure boosting, cooling and electronic control, our rough parts toward finished products, and our parts toward components and assembly. While consolidating its traditional markets, the Company will further strengthen development of such markets where we have no or minor shares, so as to increase the total volume of products sales.
- 3. Enhance ability in independent research and development of high-end products: the Company will, based on the market demand, increase efforts in relevant research and development and continuously launch new products. Through technical cooperation and self-absorption of technology, we are determined to maintain our technologically leading position in China. Focus will be put on the commercialization of products including the PST tractors, electronic control diesel engines and heavy-duty diesels, so that these product could be sold on the market as soon as practicable.
- 4. **Continue with the cost optimization work:** We will implement financial control based on the budget analysis of product costs, so as to optimize costs structure. We will establish a work platform for advancing, organizing and managing the strategic purchase and adopt the operation model with a combination of both centralized and separate purchases, so as to nail down and strengthen the responsible units for implementation of cost reduction indicators. We plan to exercise an effective control over the purchase costs through various measures such as price-comparisons, price monitoring of bulk raw materials, linkage of materials price to the fluctuations in raw materials prices, and fixed prices. We strive for a higher comprehensive gross profit rate in 2013 as compared with 2012.

(IV) Capital required for maintaining existing business and completing investment project under construction

In terms of the composition of its major products, the Company operates in the agricultural machinery industry which is covered by the national policy for subsidies for purchasing agricultural machinery. However, given the deferred payment of subsidies for agricultural machinery purchases, the sales seasonality and the investments needs of the Company, the Company's funds are subject to a relatively high rate of usage in certain time periods. The Company will finance its production, operation and investment projects mainly through bank loans, bill financing and issue of corporate bonds, etc.

(V) Potential risks

Please refer to Section II headed "Definitions and Significant Risks Warning" in this Annual Report.

III. EXPLANATION OF THE BOARD ON THE ACCOUNTING FIRM'S "NON-STANDARD AUDIT REPORT"

(I) Explanation of the Board and the Board of Supervisors on the accounting firm's "non-standard audit report"

N/A

(II) Analysis and explanation of the Board for reasons and impact of changes in accounting policy, accounting estimates and auditing methods

N/A

(III) Analysis and explanation of the Board for reasons and impact of correction of major errors in the previous period

N/A

IV. PLANS FOR DISTRIBUTION OF PROFIT OR CONVERSION OF RESERVE INTO CAPITAL

(I) Formulation and implementation of or adjustment to cash dividend policy

Pursuant to the resolution on amendments to the Articles of Association (Draft) as considered and approved in the 25th meeting of the fifth Board held on 1 December 2011 and the 2012 first extraordinary general meeting of the Company held on 19 January 2012, the Company's profit distribution policy was revised. The revised profit distribution policy specifies that the Company adopts consistent and stable profit distribution policy; that the Company may distribute dividends by way of cash, bonus shares or a combination of both; that the annual profits distribution for the Company by way of cash shall not be less than 25% of the profit available for distribution for the year (the lower of those in the financial statements under the PRC accounting standards and the international accounting standards), provided that the capital needs for the Company's normal production and operation are satisfied and there is no such events as material investment plan or material cash expense; and that profit distribution plan shall be formulated by the Board and subject to the consideration and approval by shareholders in general meeting.

(II) Where the Company records profit for the Reporting Period and has positive undistributed profit but does not put forward any plan for cash distribution, the Company should give a detailed disclosure in respect of the reasons and the purpose and use plan of the undistributed profit

N/A

(III) Cash distribution or conversion of capital reserve into share capital and profit distribution by the Company in the last three years

- 1. Pursuant to the resolutions of the 2011 second extraordinary general meeting, 2011 first class meeting for holders of H shares and 2011 first class meeting for holders of domestic shares of the Company, the Company's undistributed profits accumulated up to the day prior to completion of the issue of A shares shall be shared by all new and old shareholders of the Company after the issue of A shares. Therefore, no profit was distributed by the Company for 2011.
- 2. In accordance with the profit distribution policy of the Articles of Association, the Board recommends the following the profit distribution proposal for 2012: a cash dividend of RMB1.00 (tax inclusive) for every ten shares on the basis of a total share capital of 995,900,000 shares as at 31 December 2012. The proposal is still subject to the approval of the shareholders in the 2012 annual general meeting.

Unit: RMB

consolidated financial statements of		Amount of cash dividends(tax inclusive)	Number of conversion shares for every 10 shares	Dividend for every 10 shares (tax inclusive)	Number of bonus shares for every 10 shares	Year
(%)			(shares)	(RMB)	(shares)	
28.53%	349,058,312.10	99,590,000.00	0	1.0	0	2012
N/A	440,051,003.90	0	0	0	0	2011
30.91%	542,669,716.00	167,724,311.24	0	2.0	0	2010

As the date of the 2012 annual general meeting has not been determined, the relevant record date will be announced later. If the aforesaid proposal is approved by the shareholders, then according to the Income Tax Law of the People's Republic of China effective from 2008 and the implementation rules thereof, the Notice on the Issues concerning Withholding the Enterprise Income Tax on the Dividends Paid by Chinese Resident Enterprises to H Share Holders which are Overseas Non-resident Enterprises (Guo Shui Han [2008] No. 897) issued by the State Administration of Taxation on 6 November 2008 and the Notice on Matters Concerning the Levy and Administration of Individual Income Tax after the Repeal of Guo Shui Fa [1993] No. 045 (Guo Shui Han [2011] No.348), the final dividend payable to the non-resident enterprise shareholders and individual shareholders whose names appear on the registers of members of the Company's H shares is subject to withholding of enterprise income tax or individual income tax, both at a rate of 10%. Any shares registered in the name of the non-individual registered shareholders, including HKSCC Nominees Limited, other nominees or trustees and other groups and organizations will be treated as being held by non-resident enterprise shareholders and therefore will be subject to the withholding of the enterprise income tax of 10%.

V. FULFILLMENT OF SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY

(I) Work on social responsibility

For the detailed work of the Company on social responsibility, Please refer to the "Social Responsibility Report of First Tractor Company Limited in 2012" as published at the website of Shanghai Stock Exchange.

(II) Explanation on environmental protection efforts by the Company and its subsidiaries included in heavily polluting industries designated by the national environmental protection authority

N/A

SIGNIFICANT EVENTS

I. MATERIAL LITIGATION, ARBITRATION AND MATTERS COMMONLY QUESTIONED BY MEDIA

(I) Litigation, arbitration and matters commonly questioned by media which have been disclosed as a temporary announcement and have no further developments

N/A

(II) Litigation and arbitration which have not been disclosed as a temporary announcement or which have further developments

N/A

(III) Matters commonly questioned by media which have not been disclosed as a temporary announcement or which have further developments

N/A

II. FUND MISAPPROPRIATION AND DEVELOPMENT IN ITS RECOVERY DURING THE REPORTING PERIOD

N/A

III. BANKRUPTCY REORGANIZATION MATTERS

The Company had no bankruptcy reorganization matters during the Reporting Period.

IV. ASSETS TRANSACTIONS AND BUSINESS COMBINATIONS

(I) Acquisition and disposal of assets by the Company and any developments in business combinations

1. Assets acquisitions

Unit: RMB'000

Counterparty or its ultimate controller		Date of acquisition	Purchase price	Whether a connected transaction	Pricing principle for assets acquisition	Whether transfer of the title of the assets completed	Connected relationship
Liaoning Shunxing Company and 16 natural persons	60% equity interests in YTO Shunxing	2012.4.27	20,765	No	Determined after arm's length negotiations between both parties based on the appraised net assets value	completed registration of changes with relevant authorities for industry and commerce	_
YTO	100% equity interests in YTO Flag	2012.12.20	158,789	Yes	Determined after arm's length negotiations between both parties based on the appraised net assets value	completed registration of changes with relevant authorities for industry and commerce	the counterparty is the controlling shareholder of the Company
YTO	100% equity interests in YTO Foundry	2012.12.20	104,478	Yes	Determined after arm's length negotiations between both parties based on the appraised net assets value	completed registration of changes with relevant authorities for industry and commerce	the counterparty is the controlling shareholder of the Company
YTO Kintra	100% equity interests in YTO Axle	2012.12.20	224,618	Yes	Determined after arm's length negotiations between both parties based on the appraised net assets value	completed registration of changes with relevant authorities for industry and commerce	A corporation directly controlled by the controlling shareholder of the Company

Explanations on assets acquisitions:

(1) Pursuant to the Equity Transfer Agreements entered into between the Company with Liaoning Shunxing Company and sixteen natural person shareholders of YTO Shunxing, the transfer price was determined based on the appraised net assets value of YTO Shunxing of RMB34,109,000. According to the audit results of profit and loss for the period from the appraisal reference date to the completion date, the final consideration for the equity transfer was RMB20,765,000.

- (2) Pursuant to the YTO Flag Equity Transfer Agreement entered into between the Company and YTO, the transfer price shall be determined based on the appraised net assets value of YTO Flag as at 30 September 2012 of RMB165,610,000. According to the audit results of profit and loss for the period from the appraisal reference date to the equity transfer completion date, the final consideration for the equity transfer was RMB158,789,000.
- (3) Pursuant to the YTO Foundry Equity Transfer Agreement entered into between the Company and YTO, the transfer price shall be determined based on the appraised net assets value of YTO Foundry as at 31 August 2012 of RMB104,478,000. The final consideration for the equity transfer shall be confirmed by both parties according to the results of audit of profit and loss for the period from the appraisal reference date to the equity transfer completion date as conducted by an auditing firm. As at the last date of the period covered by this Annual Report, the special audit has not been completed. YTO Foundry was not consolidated into the accounts of the Group in 2012 as the equity transfer was completed on 22 January 2013.
- (4) Pursuant to the YTO Axle Equity Transfer Agreement entered into between the Company and YTO Kintra, the transfer price shall be determined based on the appraised net assets value of YTO Axle as at 31 October 2012 of RMB225,279,000. According to the audit results of profit and loss for the period from the appraisal reference date to the equity transfer completion date, the final consideration for the equity transfer was RMB224,618,000.

2. Assets disposals

The Company had no assets disposal during the Reporting Period.

3. Assets swap

The Company had no assets swap during the Reporting Period.

4. Business combination

The Company had no business combination during the Reporting Period.

V. EQUITY INCENTIVES AND ITS EFFECTS

N/A

VI. MATERIAL CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS

(I) Connected transactions related to ordinary and usual operations

Matters which have been disclosed as a temporary announcement and which has further developments or changes

Date of Approval	Counterparty	Relationship	Whether the transaction falls under the definition of "connected transaction" or "continuing connected transaction" in Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules	Content of the connected transaction	Pricing principle	Estimated annual cap for 2012	Actual transaction amount in 2012	Percentage in the total amount of the same type of transactions (%)
2009.10.21	YTO	Controlling shareholder	Continuing connected transaction	Sales of goods to the Company and its subsidiaries	the applicable State Price; if there is no State Price, the market price; if there is no State Price nor market price, costs plus a percentage mark-up	1,900,000	1,174,898	13.36
2009.10.21	YTO	Controlling shareholder	Continuing connected transaction	provision of certain welfare, storage, transportation, consumption services, administrative services for retired employees etc. to the Company and its subsidiaries	the applicable State Price; if there is no State Price, the market price; if there is no State Price nor market price, costs plus a percentage mark-up	140,000	124,090	82.60
2009.10.21	YTO	Controlling shareholder	Continuing connected transaction	provision of energy and related services to the Company and its subsidiaries	the applicable State Price; if there is no State Price, the market price; if there is no State Price nor market price, costs plus a percentage mark-up	300,000	91,413	75.71
2009.10.21	YTO	Controlling shareholder	Continuing connected transaction	purchase of goods from the Company and its subsidiaries	the applicable State Price; if there is no State Price, the market price; if there is no State Price nor market price, costs plus a percentage mark-up	1,800,000	574,106	5.14
2009.10.21	YTO	Controlling shareholder	Continuing connected transaction	lease of properties to the Company and its subsidiaries	Market price; if there is no comparable market price, the rent to be determined based on the annual depreciation expenses and the management fee which was not more than 5% of the net book value of the relevant premises and the relevant taxes	8,000	5,161	69.22
2009.10.21	YTO	Controlling shareholder	Continuing connected transaction	lease of lands to the Company and its subsidiaries	Market price; if there is no comparable market price, the rent to be determined based on the annual depreciation expenses and the management fee which was not more than 5% of the net book value of the relevant premises and the relevant taxes	26,000	6,135	100
2009.10.21	YTO	Controlling shareholder	Continuing connected transaction	lease of properties from the Company and its subsidiaries	Market price; if there is no comparable market price, the rent to be determined based on the annual depreciation expenses and the management fee which was not more than 5% of the net book value of the relevant premises and the relevant taxes	12,000	4,475	66
2010.12.10	Tractors Research Company	Associate of YTO	Continuing connected transaction	Provision of technology research and development, technology consultation and other technology services by Tractors Research Company to the Company	the applicable State Price; if there is no State Price, the market price; if there is no State Price nor market price, costs plus a percentage mark-up	180,000	84,480	92.5

Unit: RMB'000

Date of Approval	Counterparty	Relationship	Whether the transaction falls under the definition of "connected transaction" or "continuing connected transaction" in Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules	Content of the connected transaction	Pricing principle	Estimated annual cap for 2012	Actual transaction amount in 2012	Percentage in the total amount of the same type of transactions (%)
2010.12.10	YTO	Controlling shareholder	Continuing connected transaction	Provision of technology research and development, technology consultation and other technology services by Tractors Research Company to YTO	the applicable State Price; if there is no State Price, the market price; if there is no State Price nor market price, costs plus a percentage mark-up	12,000	6,310	6.91
2010.6.28	YTO	Controlling shareholder	Continuing connected transaction	Proviso of deposit services by YTO Finance to YTO	the rate prescribed by CBRC or the People's Bank of China ("PBOC"); if the above rate is not applicable, the rate charged in the same industry in the PRC for comparable transactions; if none of the above is applicable, then the services fees will be determined under the arm's length negotiations between YTO Finance and YTO, with reference to the fair price offered by an independent third party in the same industry for the same or similar services.		993,691	43.05
2010.6.28	YTO	Controlling shareholder	Continuing connected transaction	Provision of loan services by YTO Finance to YTO	the rate prescribed by CBRC or PBOC; if the above rate is not applicable, the rate charged in the same industry in the PRC for comparable transactions; if none of the above is applicable, then the services fees will be determined under the arm's length negotiations between YTO Finance and YTO, with reference to the fair price offered by an independent third party in the same industry for the same or similar services.	590,000	586,770	32.98
2010.6.28	YTO	Controlling shareholder	Continuing connected transaction	Provision of Ioan bills acceptance services by YTO Finance to YTO	the rate prescribed by CBRC or PBOC; if the above rate is not applicable, the rate charged in the same industry in the PRC for comparable transactions; if none of the above is applicable, then the services fees will be determined under the arm's length negotiations between YTO Finance and YTO, with reference to the fair price offered by an independent third party in the same industry for the same or similar services.	350,000	314,016	30.69
2010.6.28	YTO	Controlling shareholder	Continuing connected transaction	Provision of bills discounting services by YTO Finance to YTO	the rate prescribed by CBRC or PBOC; if the above rate is not applicable, the rate charged in the same industry in the PRC for comparable transactions; if none of the above is applicable, then the services fees will be determined under the arm's length negotiations between YTO Finance and YTO, with reference to the fair price offered by an independent third party in the same industry for the same or similar services.	400,000	211,720	49.69

Note: As authorized by Sinomach, YTO, on behalf of Sinomach, entered into relevant connected transaction agreements in connection with sales and purchase of goods, therefore, the estimated annual caps and actual transaction amounts for such connected transaction included the amounts of transactions between the Company and Sinomach and its subsidiaries.

(II) Connected transactions relating to assets acquisition or disposal

Unit: RMB'000

Agreement Date	Related party	Relationship	Whether the transaction falls under the definition of "connected transaction" or "continuing connected transaction" in Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules	Content of connected transaction	Pricing principle	Book value of the assets acquired	Appraised value of the assets acquired	Price of acquisition	Settlement method	Effects on the operating results and financial condition of the Company
2012.3.19	YTO	Controlling shareholder	Connected transaction	Acquisition of 24% equity interests in YTO Shentong held by YTO	The consideration for the transaction was arrived at after arm's length negotiations between both parties based on the appraised net assets value of YTO Shentong	-11,576	-2,937	0.001	In cash	
2012.11.15	YTO	Controlling shareholder	Connected transaction	Acquisition of 100% equity interests in YTO Flag held by YTO	The consideration for the transaction was arrived at after arm's length negotiations between both parties based on the appraised net assets value of YTO Flag	103,614	165,611	158,789	In cash by installments	As the Company acquired equity interests from its controlling shareholder and the controlling shareholder's subsidiaries, the acquisitions constitute
2012.11.15	YTO	Controlling shareholder	Connected transaction	Acquisition of 100% equity interests in YTO Foundry held by YTO	The consideration for the transaction was arrived at after arm's length negotiations between both parties based on the appraised net assets value of YTO Foundry	72,779	104,478	104,478	In cash by installments	business combination under common control. Acquisitions of YTO Flag and YTO Axle were completed at the end of 2012 and their financial
2012.11.15	YTO Kintra	Corporation directed controlled by the controlling shareholder	Connected transaction	Acquisition of 100% equity interests in YTO Axle held by YTO Kintra	The consideration for the transaction was arrived at after arm's length negotiations between both parties based on the appraised net assets value of YTO Axle	225,622	225,279	224,618	In cash by installments	statements have been consolidated with the Company's 2012 financial statements. Transfer of the equity interests in YTO Foundry was completed in January 2013.

Having reviewed the records and data of the aforesaid continuing connected transactions, the independent non-executive Directors confirmed as follows:

- (a) the above continuing connected transactions were entered into in the ordinary and usual course of business of the Group;
- (b) the above continuing connected transactions were entered into on normal commercial terms (where applicable, as compared with transactions of similar nature carried out by similar entities in the PRC or, if no available transactions for comparison, on terms no less favourable than those offered by independent third parties of the Group); and
- (c) the above continuing connected transactions were conducted on terms of the agreements governing the relevant transactions, which are fair and reasonable and in the interests of the Company's shareholders as a whole.

Confirmation by auditors

Having reviewed the aforesaid continuing connected transactions during the Reporting Period, the auditors of the Company have sent a letter to the Board confirming that the aforesaid continuing connected transactions:

- (a) had obtained the approval of the Board;
- (b) was conducted in accordance with the pricing policy of the Group and the relevant terms of the agreements; and
- (c) did not exceed the cap amounts as disclosed in the relevant announcements (if applicable, as approved by the independent shareholders of the Company) at any time during the Reporting Period.

Confirmation by Directors

The Directors (including independent non-executive Directors) confirmed that the aforesaid transactions were in the interests of the Company and its shareholders as whole and that none of them has any material interests in the aforesaid connected transactions.

Confirmation by the Company in relation to disclosure requirement

The Company confirmed it has complied with the disclosure requirements in accordance with Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

Explanations on connected transactions relating to assets acquisition or disposal

As at the date of this Annual Report, the special audit of profit and loss for the period from the appraisal reference date to the completion date for YTO Foundry has not been completed.

(III) Connected transaction relating to joint external investments

Unit: RMB0'000

				Registered capital of	Total assets	Net assets	Net profit	
		Name of		the	of the	of the	•	Progress of any material
Joint	Connected	the investee	Principal business of	investee	investee	investee	investee	construction-in-progress of
investor	relationship	company	the investee company	company	company	company	company	the investee company
YTO	Controlling	Tractors	Examination and testing of tractors,	34,100	53,522	46,296	2,161	Construction of the laboratories,
	Shareholder	Research	vehicles, construction machineries,					pilot plant and ancillary facilities
		Company	agricultural transporters and their					of 2 nd phase of the Tractors
			parts; research and development of					Research Company project have
			equipment, technology development,					been completed. Installation
			transfer, consultancy services					and testing of the major
								detection and testing
								equipment have been
								completed.

VII. MATERIAL CONTRACTS AND THE PERFORMANCE THEREOF

(I) Custody, contracting and lease matters

1. Custody

N/A

2. Contracting

N/A

3. Lease

N/A

(II) Guarantees

Unit: RMB0'000

External guarantees provided by the Company (excluding guarantees provided for its subsidiaries)

	Relationship of t Guarantor with t		Amount of	guarantee (date of signing		Whether	Whether	Overdue	any counter-	related party	Connected
Guarantor	Company	Beneficiary	the guarantee	the agreement)	Type of guarantee	discharged	overdue	amount	guarantee	guarantee	relationship
The Company	Company	Business dealers of Quanchengtong	36,000	2012.02.27	Guarantee with	No	No	0	Yes	No	No
	headquarter	(全程通)			joint liability						
	Company	Business dealers of Nongjiwang	13,000	2012.02.20	Guarantee with	No	No	0	Yes	No	No
	headquarter	(農機網)			joint liability						
	Company	Business dealers of Xiaoshoubao	20,000	2012.04.28	Guarantee with	No	No	0	Yes	No	No
	headquarter (銷售寶)				joint liability						
	Company	Business dealers of Dianpiaotong	42,070	2012.02.10	Guarantee with	No	No	0	Yes	No	No
	headquarter	(電票通)			joint liability						
	Company	Business dealers of Changshangyin	1,340	2012.06.23	Guarantee with	No	No	0	Yes	No	No
	headquarter	(廠商銀)			joint liability						
	Company	Mining truck users	26,000	2012.01.29	Guarantee with	No	No	0	Yes	No	No
	headquarter				joint liability						
YTO Flag	wholly owned	YTO (Luoyong) Dongchen Mold	1,400	2012.03.13	Guarantee with	No	No	0	Yes	Yes	Subsidiary of
	Subsidiary	Technology Co., Ltd. (一拖			joint liability						controlling sharehold
		(洛陽)東晨模具科技有限公司)									

the Reporting Period (ex	ntees provided by the Company during cluding guarantees provided for its subsidiaries)	139,810
-	as at the end of the Reporting Period (A) rovided for its subsidiaries)	75,750
Guarantees provided by	the Company for its subsidiaries	
-	ntees provided by the Company to its subsidiaries	
during the Reporting Pe		14,154.08
5	of the guarantees provided by the Company to	
its subsidiaries as at the	end of the Reporting Period (B)	9,154.08
Total amount of the gua (including guarantees	rantees provided by the Company for its subsidiaries)	
Total amount of guarantee	es (A+B)	84,904.08
Percentage of the total am Of which:	nount of guarantees to the net assets of the Company (%)	19.44%
Amount of guarantees pro	vided by the Company for its shareholders,	
de facto controller and r	related parties (C)	600
Amount of guarantees dire	ectly or indirectly provided for parties with a gearing	
ratio exceeding 70% (D)		76,250
The portion of total amou	nt of guarantee in excess of 50% of net assets (E)	0
Total amount of the above	three categories of guarantees (C+D+E)	76,850
Explanations on possible	e joint and several repayment liability for outstanding	quarantees
Explanation	During the Reporting Period, before the completion of the	-
on guarantees	of the 100% interest in YTO Flag held by the Company	•
on guarantees	shareholder XTO XTO Flag has provided guarantee	-

shareholder YTO, YTO Flag has provided guarantee of an actual amount of RMB6,000,000 to subsidiaries of YTO. After completion, the guarantee constitutes guarantee provided to connected parties.

	2012	2011
Occurred amounts of the estimated liabilities arising		
from guarantee during the Reporting Period	0	0
Balance of the estimated liabilities arising from		
guarantee as at the end of the Reporting Period	0	0

In case of

SIGNIFICANT EVENTS (continued)

(III) Assets Pledge

As of 31 December 2012, the Group did not pledged any land use rights to obtain bank loans for the Company.

As of 31 December 2012, the Group pledged certain bills receivable of RMB191,050,000 and deposits of RMB132,693,000 to secure bills payable of RMB518,133,000 of the Group.

(IV) Other Material Contracts

During the Reporting Period, save as disclosed herein, neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries entered into any contracts of significance with the controlling shareholder of the Company or its subsidiaries.

VIII. FULFILLMENT OF UNDERTAKINGS

(I) Undertakings made by the Company, shareholder holding 5% or more of the Company's shares, controlling shareholder and ultimate controller during or subsisting to the Reporting Period

							non-
		Party		Whether any time limit	Whether performed	Reasons	performance, explain
				for	•		relevant
P		making the	for here		timely and	for non-	
Background	Туре	undertaking	Content	performance	strictly	performance	future plans
Undertaking related to	Solutions to	YT0	According to relevant statutory procedures, YTO will endeavour to procure the Company to	Yes	Yes		
the initial public	connected		complete the acquisition of all equity interest or relevant assets and business of YTO Kintra				
offering	transactions		and YTO Flag held by YTO no later than 31 December 2012. According to relevant statutory				
			procedures, YTO will endeavour to procure YTO Foundry to complete improvement of cupola				
			furnaces the soonest possible to fully solve the environmental protection issue, and procure the				
			issuer to complete the acquisition of all the equity interest or relevant assets and business of				
			YTO Foundry held by YTO by 31 December 2012. If the Company cannot complete the				
			acquisition of all the equity interest or relevant assets and business of the above three				
			companies by 31 December 2012, YTO undertook to sell the equity interest or relevant assets				
			and business of the aforesaid companies not acquired yet to independent third parties.				
Undertaking related to	Solutions	The Company	Commencing from 11 January 2012, YTO (Luoyang) Farming Implements Company Limited no	No	Yes		
the initial public	to business		longer engages in the purchase, assembly and sales of farming implements products other than				
offering	competition		the supporting sale of the farming implements products which have been purchased or ordered.				
			The Company and all its controlled subsidiaries shall not engage in the processing, production				
			or assembly of farming implements, except the supporting sales and relevant procurement.				

							non-
				Whether any	Whether		performance,
		Party		time limit	performed	Reasons	explain
		making the		for	timely and	for non-	relevant
Background	Туре	undertaking	Content	performance	strictly	performance	future plans
Undertaking related to	Solutions	YTO	YTO will not engage in and procure other enterprises controlled by it not to engage in the same	No	Yes		
the initial public	to business		or similar business of the Company to avoid direct or indirect competition with the Company's				
offering	competition		business operations. In addition, where YTO or other enterprises controlled by it may bring				
2			unfair impact on the Company in respect of market share, business opportunity and resources				
			allocation, YTO will voluntarily give up and procure other enterprises controlled by it to give up				
			business competition with the Company.				
Undertaking related to	Solutions	Sinomach	Sinomach will not engage in and procure other enterprises controlled by it not to engage in	No	Yes		
the initial public	to business		the same or similar business of the Company to avoid direct or indirect competition with the				
offering	competition		Company's business operations. In addition, where Sinomach or other enterprises controlled by				
•			it may bring unfair impact on the Company in respect of market share, business opportunity				
			and resources allocation, Sinomach will voluntarily give up and procure other enterprises				
			controlled by it to give up business competition with the Company.				
Undertaking related to	Restriction	Sinomach	Within 36 months after the date of initial public offering, listing and trading of A shares of the	36 months	Yes		
the initial public	on trading		Company, Sinomach will not transfer or engage others to manage the shares of the Company				
offering	of shares		issued before the initial public offering of shares of the Company directly and indirectly held by				
			Sinomach, nor allow the Company to repurchase such shares.				
Undertaking related to	Restriction	YT0	Within 36 months after the date of initial public offering, listing and trading of A shares of the	36 months	Yes		
the initial public	on trading		Company, YTO will not transfer or engage others to manage the shares of the Company issued				
offering	of shares		before the initial public offering of shares of the Company directly and indirectly held by YTO,				
			nor allow the Company to repurchase such shares.				
Undertaking related to	Size of	YT0	On 16 August 2010, YTO and YTO Finance entered into the Deposit Agreement and Loan	No	Yes		
the initial public	deposit and		Agreement, which stipulated the annual cap of loan obtained by YTO and its subsidiaries				
offering	loan		(excluding the Company) from YTO Finance. YTO further undertook that, on the basis of				
			the aforesaid Deposit Agreement and Loan Agreement and cap amount of connected				
			transactions, the loan of YTO and its subsidiaries (excluding the Company) obtained from				
			YTO Finance will be less than their deposits placed with YTO Finance, and ensured the				
			safety of its subsidiaries' loans through various measures.				
Undertaking related to	Improvement	YT0	As to the patents related to the products of the Company and its subsidiaries which are in the	Yes	Yes		
the initial public	of asset		process of application, YTO undertook to transfer the relevant 50 patents to the Company at				
offering	integrity		nil consideration upon completion of the applications. Except for the aforesaid patents which				
			are in the process of application, YTO will no longer apply for patents related to the products				
			of the Company and its subsidiaries in its own name. YTO will transfer to the Company at				
			nil consideration any such new technologies related to the products of the Company and its				
			subsidiaries that may be developed by YTO after issue of the undertaking letter, and patents in				
			respect of such technologies will be applied for directly in the name of the Company.				

IX. APPOINTMENT OR DISMISSAL OF ACCOUNTING FIRM

On 11 June 2010, at the 2009 annual general meeting of the Company, UHY Vocation HK CPA Limited ("**UHY Hong Kong**") and Vocation International Certified Public Accountants Company Limited ("**VICPA**") were appointed as the international and PRC auditors of the Company respectively for the year 2010.

On 28 January 2011, it was approved at the extraordinary general meeting of the Company that the international auditor of the Company for the year 2010 was changed from UHY Hong Kong to Baker Tilly Hong Kong Limited ("**Baker Tilly Hong Kong**") due to the merger of UHY Hong Kong with Baker Tilly Hong Kong (Details of which were set out in the announcement of the Company dated 10 December 2010). In 2011, VICPA has changed its English name to Baker Tilly China. Baker Tilly China later changed its Chinese name to 天職國際會計師事務所(特殊普通合夥)(Baker Tilly China Certified Public Accountants).

During the Reporting Period, Baker Tilly China Certified Public Accountants and Baker Tilly Hong Kong act as the PRC and international auditors of the Company respectively and are responsible to audit the financial statements of the Group for the period ended 31 December 2012 in accordance with the China Accounting Standards for Business Enterprises ("**CASBE**") and Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("**HKFRS**") respectively.

Baker Tilly China Certified Public Accountants and Baker Tilly Hong Kong charged the auditors' remuneration of RMB2,317,000 for the audit fee for the year 2012.

X. PUNISHMENT ON THE LISTED COMPANY, ITS DIRECTORS, SUPERVISORS, SENIOR MANAGEMENT, SHAREHOLDER HOLDING 5% OR MORE OF THE SHARES, DE FACTO CONTROLLER AND ACQUIRING PARTY AND THE RECTIFICATION THEREOF

During the year, neither the Company nor its Directors, Supervisors, senior management, shareholder holding 5% or more of the shares, de facto controller or acquiring party was a subject of the inspect, administrative penalty or circulation of a notice of criticism by CSRC or public censure by the stock exchange.

CHANGES IN SHARES AND INFORMATION ON SHAREHOLDERS

I CHANGES IN SHARES DURING THE REPORTING PERIOD

(I) Table of changes in shares

Unit: Share

			Before m	ovement			rease/decrease (+/ Capitalisation	-)		After mo	ovement
			Number of				of capital			Number of	
			Shares	Percentage	New issue	Bonus issue	reserves	Others	Sub-total	Shares	Percentage
				(%)							(%)
(1)	Sha	res subject to selling restrictions	443,910,000	52.48%	_	_	_	_	_	443,910,000	44.574%
	1.	State-owned shares	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	2.	Shares held by state-owned									
		legal persons	443,910,000	52.48%	-	-	-	-	-	443,910,000	44.574%
	3.	Shares held by other domestic investors	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
		Of which: Shares held by domestic non-									
		state-owned legal person	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
		Shares held by domestic									
		natural persons	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	4.	Shares held by foreign investors	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
		Of which: Shares held by foreign									
		legal persons	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
		Shares held by foreign natural									
		persons	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(2)	Tra	dable shares not subject to									
	S	elling restrictions	401,990,000	47.52%	150,000,000	-	-	-	150,000,000	551,990,000	55.426%
	1.	RMB-denominated ordinary shares	-	-	150,000,000	-	-	-	150,000,000	150,000,000	15.062%
	2.	Domestic listed foreign shares	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-
	3.	Overseas listed foreign shares	401,990,000	47.52%	-	-	_	-	-	401,990,000	40.364%
	4.	Others	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	-
(3)	Tot	al	845,900,000	100%	150,000,000				150,000,000	995,900,000	100%

2. Explanation on changes in shares

In accordance with the document Zheng Jian Xu Ke [2012] No. 736 of the CSRC, the Company issued 150,000,000 RMB-dominated ordinary shares (A shares) at the offer price of RMB5.40 per share in July 2012, which were listed on the Shanghai Stock Exchange on 8 August 2012. Upon the share issue, the total shares of the Company increased from 845,900,000 shares before the issue to 995,900,000 shares.

The Company did not issue any convertible securities, warrants or similar rights.

3. Effect of changes in shares on financial indicators such as earnings per share and net assets per share for the most recent year and most recent period

Such public issue of 150,000,000 A shares resulted in a decrease in earnings per share and an increase in net assets per share.

(II) Changes in shares subject to selling restrictions

During the Reporting Period, there is no change in shares subject to selling restrictions of the Company.

II. ISSUANCE AND LISTING OF SECURITIES

(I) Each issuance of securities during the latest three years ended the end of the Reporting Period

Unit: Share

Types of shares and derivative securities	Date of issue	lssue price (or interest rate)	lssue number	Date of listing	Number of shares approved for listing and trading	Termination date of trading
A share	27 July 2012	RMB5.4/share	150,000,000	8 August 2012	150,000,000	

(II) Changes in the total number of shares of the Company and shareholders' structure and changes in the asset and liability structure of the Company

	Pre-A Sh	ares IPO	Post-A Shares IPO			
Name of shareholder	Number of shares	Shareholding percentage	Number of shares	Shareholding percentage		
YTO	443,910,000	52.48%	443,910,000	44.574%		
H shares shareholders	401,990,000	47.52%	401,990,000	40.364%		
A shares shareholders	—		150,000,000	15.062%		
Total number of shares	845,900,000	100%	995,900,000	100%		

The initial public offering of A shares increased the total shares of the Company by 150,000,000 shares and total assets by RMB773,730,000. It also decreased the Company's assets-to-liabilities ratio.

(III) Existing internal employee shares

As of the end of the Reporting Period, the Company had no internal employee shares.

III. SHAREHOLDERS AND ULTIMATE CONTROLLER

(I) Number of shareholders and their shareholdings

Unit: share

Total number of shareholders	29,899	Total number of shareholders	35,939
as at the end of the		as at the end of the fifth	
Reporting Period		trading day before the	
		disclosure date of the	
		Annual Report	

Shareholdings of the top ten shareholders

				Number	
				of shares	Number
			Total	held subject	of shares
	Nature of	Shareholding	number of	to selling	pledged or
Name of shareholder	shareholder	percentage	shares held	restrictions	frozen
		(%)			
YTO	State-owned legal-person	44.57%	443,910,000	443,910,000	Nil
	shares				
HKSCC Nominees Limited	Overseas legal-person	40.00%	398,385,398	0	unknown
	shares				
Wang Baohua (王保華)	Domestic natural person	0.24%	2,425,515	0	unknown
Zhongrong International Trust	Domestic non-state-owned	0.18%	1,780,000	0	unknown
Co., Ltd Nuoya Dacheng	legal person				
A Share Selection No. 1					
(中融國際信託有限公司					
一諾亞大成A股精選一號)					
He Zhijian (何志堅)	Domestic natural person	0.17%	1,732,540	0	unknown
Ma Fachao (馬發潮)	Domestic natural person	0.17%	1,671,000	0	unknown
Zhu Zengwei (朱增威)	Domestic natural person	0.17%	1,648,965	0	unknown
Wang Xuezhu (王雪竹)	Domestic natural person	0.15%	1,512,400	0	unknown
Zou Yashi (鄒亞獅)	Domestic natural person	0.13%	1,281,444	0	unknown
Yang Jufang (楊菊芳)	Domestic natural person	0.11%	1,057,305	0	unknown

Shareholdings of the top ten holders of shares not subject to selling restrictions

	Number of	
	shares held not	
	subject to selling	
Name of shareholders	restrictions	Share Type
HKSCC Nominees Limited	398,385,398	H share
Wang Baohua (王保華)	2,425,515	A share
Zhongrong International Trust Co., Ltd.		
— Nuoya Dacheng A Share Selection No. 1		
(中融國際信託有限公司-諾亞大成A股精選一號)	1,780,000	A share
He Zhijian (何志堅)	1,732,540	A share
Zhu Zengwei (朱增威)	1,648,965	A share
Ma Fachao (馬發潮)	1,671,000	A share
Wang Xuezhu (王雪竹)	1,512,400	A share
Zou Yashi (鄒亞獅)	1,281,444	A share
Yang Jufang (楊菊芳)	1,057,305	A share
Luo Shaomin (羅少民)	1,032,500	A share

Connections or parties acting in concert among the aforesaid shareholders

Of the top 10 shareholders and top 10 holders of shares not subject to selling restrictions, YTO, the controlling shareholder of the Company, has no connected relationship with, nor is it a party acting in concert (as defined in the Administrative Measures on Acquisitions by Listed Companies) with, any of other shareholders. The Company is not aware of any connected relationship among the aforesaid shareholders, nor aware of any parties acting in concert among them as defined in the Administrative Measures on Acquisitions by Listed Companies.

Unit: share

CHANGES IN SHARES AND INFORMATION ON SHAREHOLDERS (continued)

(II) Shareholdings of the top ten holders of shares subject to selling restrictions and the terms of the selling restrictions

No.	Name of holders of shares subject to selling restrictions	Number of shares held subject to selling restrictions	Release of sell	Selling restrictions	
			Expiry date of selling restrictions	No. of additional shares available for listing and trading	
1	YTO	443,910,000	8 August 2015	0	A lock-up period pf 36 months after the listing

(III) Substantial shareholders' interests and short positions disclosed in accordance with the Securities and Futures Ordinance (Chapter 571 of the Laws of Hong Kong) ("SFO")

As at 31 December 2012, the following shareholders of the Company (other than the Directors, Supervisors or chief executives of the Company) had interests or short positions in the shares and underlying shares of the Company as recorded in the register required to be kept under section 336 of the SFO:

Name	Capacity	Number of shares interested ¹	Percentage of the relevant issued class of share capital (%)	Percentage of the total issued share capital of the Company (%)	Type of share
YTO ²	Beneficial owner	443,910,000(L)	74.74(L)	44.57(L)	A share
Neuberger Berman LLC ³	Interests of controlled corporations	38,488,580(L)	9.57(L)	3.86(L)	H share
The Capital Group Companies, Inc.	Interests of controlled corporations	36,062,000(L)	8.97(L)	3.62(L)	H share
Lazard Asset Management LLC	Interests of controlled corporations	29,132,000(L)	7.25(L)	2.93(L)	H share
JPMorgan Chase & Co.	Trustee/ interests of controlled corporations/ investment manager	28,817,494(L)	7.17(L)	2.89(L)	H share
	Beneficial owner	107,040(S)	0.03(S)	0.01(S)	H share
	Trustee	28,580,454(P)	7.11(P)	2.87(P)	H share

Note 1: (L) - Long position, (S) - Short position, (P) - Lending pool

- *Note 2:* Sinomach is the controlling shareholder of YTO. Sinomach is deemed to have the same interest in the Company as those owned by YTO by virtue of the SFO, holding 443,910,000 A Shares of the Company.
- Note 3: Neuberger Berman Group LLC holds the entire share capital of Neuberger Berman Holdings LLC, and Neuberger Berman Holdings LLC holds the entire share capital of Neuberger Berman LLC. Neuberger Berman Group LLC and Neuberger Berman Holdings LLC are both deemed to have the same interest (i.e. 38,488,580 H Shares) in the Company as those owned by Neuberger Berman LLC by virtue of the SFO.

Save as disclosed above, there are no other persons who, as at 31 December 2012, had any interest or short position in the shares or underlying shares of the Company as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under section 336 of the SFO.

IV. CONTROLLING SHAREHOLDER AND ULTIMATE CONTROLLER

(I) Controlling shareholder

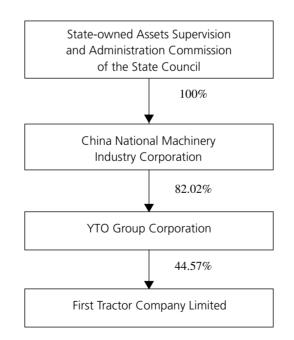
Name	ΥΤΟ
The person in charge of	Zhao Yanshui
the enterprise or its	
legal representative	
Date of establishment	6 May 1997
Organization code	16995805
Registered capital	RMB2,876,298,300
Principal businesses	Agricultural machinery, power machinery, vehicles and
	components
Operating results	In 2012, the audited revenue amounted to RMB14,882,020,000
	and total profit amounted to RMB485,850,000.
Financial position and	As at 31 December 2012, YTO's audited total assets
cash flow situation	amounted to RMB13,263,270,000 and net assets amounted
	to RMB5,814,150,000. YTO's audited net operating cashflow
	amounted to RMB613,390,000.

Future development strategyMainly focus on capital management, emphasize capital
management, capital operation, new business incubator
and public services business, revitalize its inventories and
selling products and improve return on investment and
return on capital; achieve capital appreciation through
capital management, achieve product management target
through companies operation. Utilize the maximum value of
performance of strategic management and capital resources,
and promote the sustainable and healthy development of the
Company to become a leading and internationally renowned
first-class enterprise.Equities interests (either
controlling or participating)YTO holds 2,284,469 shares in Huatai Securities Limited,
representing a shareholding of 0.0408%.

Equities interests (either controlling or participating) held in other domestic and overseas listed companies during the Reporting Period

(II) Ultimate controller

Property right and controlling relationship between the Company and the ultimate controller



V. DETAILS OF OTHER LEGAL PERSON SHAREHOLDERS HOLDING 10% OR MORE OF SHARES

The Company had no other legal person shareholder holding 10% or more of its shares.

VI. PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS

There are no provisions for pre-emptive rights under the Articles of Association or the laws of the PRC which would oblige the Company to offer new shares of the Company on a pro rata basis to its existing shareholders.

VII. REPURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF LISTED SECURITIES OF THE COMPANY

Neither the Company nor its subsidiaries repurchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's listed securities during the Reporting Period.

I. CHANGE IN SHAREHOLDINGS AND REMUNERATION

(I) Change in shareholdings of incumbent or retired Directors, Supervisors and senior management members during the Reporting Period and their remuneration

									Total	Total
									remuneration	remuneration
									(before tax)	received from
					Number of		Change in the		received from	shareholder
					shares held	Number of	number of		the Company	entities
				Start and	at the	shares held	shares held		during the	during the
				end dates	beginning	at the end	during	Reason	reporting	reporting
Name	Position	Gender	Age	of tenure	of the year	of the year	the year	of change	Period	Period
					(shares)	(shares)	(shares)		(RMB)	(RMB)
Zhao Yanshui	Chairman, executive	Male	50	2012.12.20-	0	0	0	None	0	706,300
	Director and General			2015.12.19						
	Manager									
Su Weike	Vice Chairman and	Male	51	2012.12.20-	0	0	0	None	0	675,400
	non-executive Director			2015.12.19						
Yan Linjiao	Non-executive Director	Male	58	2012.12.20-	0	0	0	None	0	711,627
				2015.12.19						
Guo Zhiqiang	Non-executive Director	Male	57	2012.12.20-	0	0	0	None	0	577,180
				2015.12.19						
Dong Jianhong	Non-executive Director	Female	47	2012.12.20-	0	0	0	None	0	590,612
				2015.12.19						
Qu Dawei	Non-executive Director	Male	48	2012.12.20-	0	0	0	None	0	578,680
				2015.12.19						
Liu Jiguo	Non-executive Director	Male	49	2012.12.20-	0	0	0	None	547,810	40,000
				2015.12.19						
Wu Yong	Executive Director	Male	48	2012.12.20-	0	0	0	None	200,340	96,360
				2015.12.19						
Hong Xianguo	Independent	Male	50	2012.12.20-	0	0	0	None	66,000	0
	non-executive Director			2015.12.19						
Zhang Qiusheng	Independent	Male	45	2012.12.20-	0	0	0	None	68,000	0
	non-executive Director			2015.12.19						
Xing Min	Independent	Male	59	2012.12.20-	0	0	0	None	2,000	0
	non-executive Director			2015.12.19						

									Total	Total
									remuneration	remuneration
									(before tax)	received from
					Number of		Change in the		received from	shareholder
					shares held	Number of	number of		the Company	entities
				Start and	at the	shares held	shares held		during the	during the
				end dates	beginning	at the end	during	Reason	reporting	reporting
Name	Position	Gender	Age	of tenure	of the year	of the year	the year	of change	Period	Period
					(shares)	(shares)	(shares)		(RMB)	(RMB)
Wu Tak Lung	Independent	Male	48	2012.12.20-	10,000	10,000	0	None	2,000	0
	non-executive Director			2015.12.19						
Li Ping'an	Chairman of the Board	Male	49	2012.12.20-	0	0	0	None	0	384,411
	of Supervisors			2015.12.19						
Xu Shidong	Supervisor	Male	39	2012.12.20-	0	0	0	None	0	212,222
				2015.12.19						
Wang Jianjun	Staff Representative	Male	37	2012.12.20-	0	0	0	None	269,330	0
	Supervisor			2015.12.19						
Xu Weilin	Staff Representative	Male	51	2012.12.20-	0	0	0	None	200,721	0
	Supervisor			2015.12.19						
Wang Yong	Supervisor	Male	45	2012.12.20-	0	0	0	None	44,000	0
				2015.12.19						
Huang Ping	Supervisor	Male	45	2012.12.20-	0	0	0	None	48,000	0
				2015.12.19						
Lian Guoqing	Executive Deputy	Male	57	2012.12.20-	0	0	0	None	378,870	0
	General Manager			2015.12.19						
Liu Yao	Deputy General Manager	Male	53	2012.12.20-	0	0	0	None	339,590	0
	and Chief Technologist			2015.12.19						
Hou Zhiping	Deputy General Manager	Male	55	2012.12.20-	0	0	0	None	364,290	0
				2015.12.19						
Yao Weidong	Chief accountant	Male	47	2012.12.20-	0	0	0	None	373,550	0
				2015.12.19						

									Total	Total
									remuneration	remuneration
									(before tax)	received from
					Number of		Change in the		received from	shareholder
					shares held	Number of	number of		the Company	entities
				Start and	at the	shares held	shares held		during the	during the
				end dates	beginning	at the end	during	Reason	reporting	reporting
Name	Position	Gender	Age	of tenure	of the year	of the year	the year	of change	Period	Period
					(shares)	(shares)	(shares)		(RMB)	(RMB)
Zhu Weijiang	Deputy General Manager	Male	42	2012.12.20-	0	0	0	None	367,160	0
				2015.12.19						
Su Wensheng	Deputy General Manager	Male	45	2012.12.20-	0	0	0	None	360,935	0
				2015.12.19						
Song Yuping	Deputy General Manager	Male	49	2012.12.20-	0	0	0	None	364,290	0
				2015.12.19						
Yu Lina	Secretary to the Board	Female	43	2012.12.20-	0	0	0	None	364,290	0
	and Investor Relationship			2015.12.19						
	Manager									
Li Youji	Former Director	Male	50	2009.7.1-	0	0	0	None	0	236,000
				2012.1.29						
Liu Yongle	Former Director	Male	57	2009.7.1-	0	0	0	None	0	577,380
				2012.12.20						
Chan Sau Shan,	Former independent	Male	60	2009.7.1-	0	0	0	None	62,000	0
Gary	non-executive Director			2012.12.20						
Luo Xiwen	Former independent	Male	68	2009.7.1-	0	0	0	None	66,000	0
	non-executive Director			2012.12.20						
Zheng Luyu	Former Chairman of	Male	60	2009.7.1-	0	0	0	None	0	600,492
	the Board of Supervisors			2012.12.20						
Yi Liwen	Former Supervisor of	Female	51	2009.7.1-	0	0	0	None	0	180,004
	staff representative			2012.12.20						
Shao Jianxin	Former staff	Male	60	2009.7.1-	0	0	0	None	176,338	0
	representative Supervisor			2012.12.20						
Ren Huijuan	Former Deputy	Female	55	2009.7.1-	0	0	0	None	355,274	0
	General Manager			2012.12.20						

Note: Mr. Liu Jiguo did not receive remuneration from the Company since November 2012 as a result of job relocation and received remuneration from YTO for November and December 2012; Mr. Wu Yong received remuneration from YTO from January to May 2012 and from the Company since June 2012 as a result of job relocation.

(II) Major work experience of Directors, Supervisors and senior management members of the Company for the last five years

1. Major work experience of incumbent or retired Directors for the last five years

Mr. Zhao Yanshui, the Chairman, executive Director, General Manager, the chairman of the Strategy & Investment Committee and a member of the Nomination Committee under the Board of the Company, the chairman of YTO, a director of BCM as well as the deputy governor of Association of Agricultural Machinery Industry of China. Mr. Zhao served as director and general manager of YTO and as Director of Company from April 2005 to June 2009; as vice chairman and general manager of YTO from June 2009 to June 2011 and as a Director of Company from June 2009 to November 2011. Mr. Zhao has been serving as the Chairman of the Company since November 2011 and as the chairman of YTO since June 2011. Mr. Zhao has extensive experience in the fields of corporate management, strategic planning, product development and design and technology management. He has been serving as a Director of the Company since July 2003.

Mr. Su Weike, Vice Chairman and non-executive Director of the Company, a member of the Strategy & Investment Committee under the Board of the Company, an assistant to general manager of Sinomach and the party secretary and the vice chairman of YTO. Mr. Su was the general manager of China National Construction & Agricultural Machinery Import & Export Corporation from 2007 to June 2009. He has been an assistant to general manager of Sinomach since 2009, the party secretary of YTO since October 2010 and a Vice Chairman of the Company since June 2011. Mr. Su has extensive experience in the fields of corporate management and international trading. He has been serving as a Director of the Company since June 2011.

Mr. Yan Linjiao, a non-executive Director of the Company, a member of the Audit Committee and the Strategy & Investment Committee under the Board of the Company, director and general manager of YTO, the chairman of Luoyang First Motor Company Limited and a director of BCM. He was a director and executive deputy general manager of YTO from August 2007 to July 2011 and the general manager of the Company from August 2007 to June 2009. He has been serving as a Director of the Company since August 2007 and a director and the general manager of YTO since July 2011. Mr. Yan is familiar with design and manufacture of machinery and with substantial experience in the fields of corporate management, production and operation. He has been serving as a Director of the Company since June 2004.

Mr. Guo Zhiqiang, a non-executive Director of the Company, a deputy general manager of YTO, the director of the technical center of YTO, the chairmen of Tractors Research Company and the chairman of YTO (Shenyang) Tractors Company Limited. He has been a deputy general manager of YTO and the director of the technical center of YTO since December 2007,. Mr. Guo is familiar with design and manufacture of machinery, and has extensive experience in the fields of research and development of products and technologies as well as enterprise production management. He has been serving as a Director of the Company since December 2012.

Ms. Dong Jianhong, an executive Director of the Company, member of the Remuneration Committee under the Board and deputy head of the finance department of Sinomach, director of the Bank of Luoyang, supervisor of Luoyang First Motor Company Limited, director of YTO Diesel and supervisor of YTO (Shenyang) Tractors Company Limited. She was the deputy chief accountant and head of the finance department of YTO and the chief accountant of the Company from August 2007 to December 2007, the chief accountant and head of the finance department of YTO and the Company from December 2007 to January 2008, and the chief accountant of YTO and head of the finance department from January 2008 to September 2012. She has been the chief accountant of the Company from September 2007 to December 2010. She has been the deputy head of the finance department of Sinomach since September 2012. Ms. Dong is familiar with financial management and capital management. She has been serving as a Director of the Company since July 2009.

Mr. Qu Dawei, an executive Director of the Company, deputy general manager of YTO, the chairman of YTO Kintra and the chairman of YTO (Luoyang) Dongchen Mold Technology Company Limited. Mr. Qu was an executive deputy general manager of the Company from 2008 to June 2009, and deputy general manager of YTO and general manager of the Company from June 2009 to December 2010. Mr. Qu has been a deputy general manager of YTO since 2011. Mr. Qu is familiar with the research and development of the technological equipment, and has extensive experience in the fields of business management. He has been serving as a Director of the Company since July 2009.

Mr. Liu Jiguo, a non-executive Director of the Company, deputy general manager of YTO, a director of YTO Heilongjiang Agricultural Machinery Co., Ltd., the chairman of China-Africa Machinery Corp. and a director of YTO (Heilongjiang) Dongfanghong Industrial Park Company Limited (一拖(黑龍江)東方紅工業園有限公司). Mr. Liu was a deputy general manager of the Company from August 2007 to June 2009, assistant to general manager of YTO and deputy general manager of the Company from December 2010, and the general manager of the Company from December 2010 to November 2012. Mr. Liu is familiar with machinery and equipment manufacturing technique and marketing, and has extensive experience in the fields of corporate management, production operation and financial operation. He has been serving as a Director of the Company since June 2011.

Mr. Wu Yong, an executive Director of the Company, member of the Remuneration Committee under the Board, the party secretary of the Company as well as deputy general manager of YTO and an executive director of YTO Flag. Mr. Wu was a director and the general manager of YTO Flag from January 2006 to February 2009, the Company, the head of the party work department of YTO from February 2009 to January 2013, and a member of the party committee and assistant to the secretary to the party committee of YTO from October 2011 to September 2012. Mr. Wu has been the secretary to the party committee and secretary to the disciplinary committee of the Company since October 2011, and a deputy general manager of YTO since September 2012. Mr. Wu has extensive experience in the fields of corporate management, human resources management and corporate cultural establishment. He has been serving as an executive Director of the Company since 20 December 2012.

Mr. Hong Xianguo, an independent non-executive Director of the Company, chairman of the Nomination Committee and the Remuneration Committee under the Board, the executive vice chairman and secretary-general of China Association of Agricultural Machinery Manufacturers, the vice chairman of China Agricultural Mechanization Association, the vice chairman of Technical Committee on Standardization of Agricultural Machinery of China, a consultant to the Technical Committee on Standardization under the Ministry of Industry and Information Technology. From May 2006 to December 2011, he was the vice chairman and secretary-general of China Association of Agricultural Machinery Manufacturers. Since December 2011, he has been the executive vice chairman and secretary-general of China Association of Agricultural machinery Manufacturers. Wr. Hong is familiar with the development of domestic and overseas agricultural machinery industry and had chaired or participated in the researches and reports in relation to a number of PRC agricultural machinery industry policies. He has been serving as an independent non-executive Director of the Company since July 2009.

Mr. Zhang Qiusheng, an independent non-executive Director, a member of the Strategy & Investment Committee and the chairman of the Audit Committee under the Board of the Company. Mr. Zhang is also the director of China Mergers and Acquisitions Research Centre (中國企業兼併重組研究中心) of Beijing Jiaotong University and an independent director of Shandong Kingenta Ecological Engineering Company Limited, Beijing Dinghan Technology Company Limited and Tong Oil Tools Company Limited. Mr. Zhang has been serving at the School of Economics and Management of Beijing Jiaotong University for the past five year. He has been serving as an independent non-executive Director of the Company since August 2010.

Mr. Xing Min, an independent non-executive Director, a member of the Nomination Committee and the Remuneration Committee under the Board and the deputy president and secretary-general of China Internal Combustion Engine Industry Association. He is also an independent director of Jiangsu Yunyi Electric Company Limited, Wuxi Weifu Hightechnology Company Limited and Jinan Qingqi Motorcycle Company Limited. He has been the deputy president and secretary-general of China Internal Combustion Engine Industry Association since 2008. Mr. Xing holds the title of senior engineer with professorship and is familiar with internal combustion engine, machine tool, heavy machinery and agricultural machinery industry. He has been serving as an independent non-executive Director of the Company since 20 December 2012.

Mr. Wu Tak Lung, an independent non-executive Director, a member of the Audit Committee and the Remuneration Committee under the Board of the Company and the managing director of CAF International Investment Management Company Limited. He is concurrently serving as an independent non-executive director of Aupu Group Holding Company Limited, a company listed on the Hong Kong Stock Exchange, and Valuetronics Holdings Limited, a company listed on the main board of the Singapore Exchange. He was an executive director of MasterLink Securities (H.K.) Corporation Limited and the head of the investment banking division therein from July 2007 to February 2009, an executive director of CSC Asia Limited and the head of the division of corporate finance from February 2009 to July 2010, and an executive director of Ample Finance Group Limited (豐盛金融集團有限公司) and the head of the investment banking division from July 2010 to July 2011. He has been the managing director of CAF International Investment Management Company Limited since August 2011. Mr. Wu had worked at various securities and investment companies and is familiar with finance and investment management business. He has been serving as an independent non-executive Director of the Company since 20 December 2012.

Mr. Li Youji, a former non-executive Director of the Company. Mr. Li was a deputy general manager of YTO from August 2006 to January 2007, and a deputy general manager of YTO and the Company from January 2007 to October 2007, and a deputy general manager of YTO and a Director of the Company from October 2007 to January 2012. He resigned as a Director of the Company in January 2012.

Mr. Liu Yongle, a former non-executive Director of the Company. Mr. Liu was a director, deputy party secretary and the chairman of labour union of YTO from September 2006 to June 2009, deputy party secretary and the chairman of labour union of YTO from June 2009 to November 2009, and a Director of the Company from July 2009 to December 2012. He has been the deputy party secretary of YTO since November 2009. He resigned as a Director of the Company on 20 December 2012.

Mr. Chan Sau Shan, Gary, a former non-executive Director of the Company. Mr. Chan served as an independent non-executive Director of the Company from July 2006 to December 2012. He was the deputy chief executive officer of ICEA Financial Holdings Limited and the managing director of ICEA Capital Limited from early 2006 to early 2010, and the managing director of Tung Shing Securities Limited (東盛證券有限公司) from early 2010 to August 2011. He resigned as an independent non-executive Director of the Company on 20 December 2012.

Mr. Luo Xiwen, a former non-executive Director of the Company. Mr. Luo was an independent non-executive Director of the Company from July 2006 to December 2012, and has been a professor and doctoral tutor at South China Agricultural University since 2007. He resigned as an independent non-executive Director of the Company on 20 December 2012.

2. Major work experience of incumbent or retired Supervisors for the last five years

Mr. Li Ping'an, the chairman of the Board of Supervisors of the Company, the chief legal advisor and deputy secretary to the disciplinary committee of YTO as well as the chairman of the supervisory committee of Luoyang Business Daily Company Limited (洛陽商報有限責任公司). Mr. Li served at YTO as head of the legal affairs department and staff representative supervisor from June 2009 to April 2011. He has been the chief legal advisor and staff representative supervisor of YTO since April 2011. Mr. Li has extensive experience in legal affairs and legal risk management. He has been serving as a Supervisor and chairman of the Board of Supervisors of the Company since 20 December 2012.

Mr. Xu Shidong, a Supervisor of the Company, the head of the assets and finance department of YTO, the chairman of the supervisory committee of YTO Kintra and a supervisor of YTO (Luoyang) Logistics Company Limited. Mr. Xu was the chief accountant of YTO Flag from December 2007 to February 2009 and a deputy general manager of YTO Foundry from March 2009 to December 2009. He has been the head of the assets and finance department of YTO since January 2010. Mr. Xu has extensive experience in corporate financial management. He has been serving as a Supervisor of the Company since 20 December 2012.

Mr. Wang Jianjun, a staff representative Supervisor of the Company, the party secretary and the chairman of the Labour Union of No. 4 Assembly factory. Mr. Wang was the deputy head of the Department of Relations between the Party and the General Public (黨 群工作部副部長) and the deputy secretary of Communist Youth League (團委副書記) of YTO from January 2007 to August 2007, and the secretary of Communist Youth League (團委書記) of YTO and the party secretary and the chairman of the Labour Union of No. 4 Assembly factory of the Company from August 2007 to April 2011. Mr. Wang has been the party secretary and the chairman of the Labour Union of No. 4 Assembly factory of the Company from August 2007 to April 2011. Mr. Wang has been the party secretary and the chairman of the Labour Union of No. 4 Assembly factory of the Company from August 2007 to April 2011. Mr. Wang has been the party secretary and the chairman of the Labour Union of No. 4 Assembly factory of the Company since April 2011. Mr. Wang has extensive experience in the fields of product development and handling relations between the party and the general public. He has been serving as a staff representative Supervisor of the Company since December 2010

Mr. Xu Weilin, a staff representative Supervisor of the Company, the factory manager and the party secretary of the No. 1 assembly factory (第一裝配廠) of the Company. Mr. Xu served at the No. 1 assembly factory (第一裝配廠) of the Company as the party secretary and secretary to the disciplinary committee from August 2009 to July 2012, and has been the factory manager, the party secretary and secretary to the disciplinary committee of the No. 1 assembly factory (第一裝配廠) of the Company since July 2012. Mr. Xu has rich experience in audit and supervision and corporate management. He has been serving as a staff representative Supervisor of the Company since December 2012

Mr. Wang Yong, a Supervisor of the Company, the head and professor of Institute of Commercial Law of School of Civil Commercial and Economic Law of China University of Political Science and Law and a member of the International Exchange Committee of China University of Political Science and Law. He is also a standing council member of China Commercial Law Institute, a council member of China Securities Law Institute, a lawyer at Beijing Longan Law Firm and an independent director of SG Microelectronics (Beijing) Company Limited, Zhejiang Firstar Panel Technology Company Limited and Beijing ZZNode Technology Company Limited. Mr. Wang has long been engaging in research and legal practice of civil law, company law and securities law, and has extensive experience in the areas of civil law, company law, securities law and corporate governance. He has been serving as a Supervisor of the Company since June 2009.

Mr. Huang Ping, a Supervisor of the Company, the deputy director of Luoyang Zhonghua Certified Public Accountants Company Limited and an independent non-executive director of Luoyang Glass Company Limited. He is also a standing council member of Institute of Certified Public Accountants of Luoyang, the vice president of Luoyang Judicial Authentication Association and a standing council member of Luoyang Entrepreneurs Association. Mr. Huang has been serving at Luoyang Zhonghua Certified Public Accountants Company Limited during the last five years. Mr. Huang possesses 14 years of experience in accounting and auditing as a certified accountant and has extensive experience in the fields of financial audit, corporate reorganisation, debt-to-equity swap, investment and financing, mergers and acquisitions as well as bankruptcy and liquidation. He has been serving as a Supervisor of the Company since June 2009.

Mr. Zheng Luyu, a former chairman of the Board of Supervisors of the Company. Mr. Zheng has the deputy secretary to the Party Committee and secretary to the Disciplinary Committee of YTO since 2007. He resigned as a Supervisor and chairman of the Board of Supervisors of the Company on 20 December 2012.

Ms. Yi Liwen, a former Supervisor of the Company. Ms. Yi was the primary auditor of the Audit Supervision Department of YTO from January 2008 to November 2008, assistant to the head of the Audit Supervision Department of YTO from November 2008 to May 2009, and the deputy head of the Audit Supervision Department of YTO from May 2009 to February 2012. She has been the head of the Audit Department of YTO Group since 2012. She resigned as a Supervisor of the Company on 20 December 2012.

Mr. Shao Jianxin, a former staff representative Supervisor of the Company. Mr. Shao served at the mid-powered and low-powered wheeled tractors branch of the Company as secretary to the Party Committee, the chairman of the labour union and manager from September 2008 to June 2009. He was the head of the production and operation department of the Company from June 2009 to January 2013. He resigned as a Supervisor of the Company on 20 December 2012.

3. Major work experience of incumbent or retired senior management members of the Company for the last five years

Mr. Zhao Yanshui, the General Manager of the Company. For his biography, Please refer to "Major work experience of incumbent or retired Directors for the last five years".

Mr. Lian Guoqing, executive deputy general manager of the Company, an executive director of Changhong Trading and the chairman of YTO (Luoyang) Harvesting Machinery Co., Ltd. (一拖(洛陽)收穫機械有限公司) and YTO (Luoyang) Zhongcheng Machinery Co., Ltd.(一拖(洛陽)中成機械有限公司). Mr. Lian was the factory manager of the No. 3 assembly factory of the Company from October 2006 to December 2007, the deputy general manager of the agricultural equipment division of the Company and the factory manager of the No. 3 assembly factory of the Company from December 2007 to September 2008, the general manager of the Agricultural Equipment Division of the Company and the general manager of the Agricultural Equipment Division of the Company and the general manager of the Agricultural Equipment Division of the Company from June 2009 to January 2010. He has been a deputy general manager of the Company since January 2010. Mr. Lian is familiar with mechanic design and manufacture, and has extensive experience in the fields of production and operation as well as corporate management.

Mr. Liu Yao, deputy general manager and chief technologist of the Company and the general manager of YTO France. Mr. Liu was the deputy chief engineer of the Company and deputy general manager of the agricultural equipment division of the Company from May 2007 to October 2007, the deputy chief engineer of the Company from October 2007 to November 2008, and the chief quality engineer (總質量師) of the Company from November 2008 to December 2009. He has been serving as the chief technologist of the Company since December 2009, and the deputy general manager of the Company since November 2012. Mr. Liu was familiar with the machinery manufacturing technology and has rich experience in quality and technique management.

Mr. Hou Zhiping, deputy general manager of the Company, a director of YTO Power Machinery, Shanghai Dragon (Group) Co., Ltd., YTO Shentong, and YTO Shunxing as well as the director and general manager of YTO Heilongjiang Agricultural Machinery Co., Ltd.. Mr. Hou served as the deputy general manager of the agricultural equipment division of the Company from December 2007 to January 2010, the head of the planning and development department of the Company from January 2010 to January 2011, and assistant to the general manager of the Company from January 2011 to November 2012. He has been a deputy general manager of the Company since November 2012. Mr. Hou has rich experience in production and operation and corporate management.

Mr. Yao Weidong, chief accountant of the Company, executive director of YTO (Luoyang) Forklift Co., Ltd and the chairman of YTO Shentong. Mr. Yao is also an executive director of (Luoyang) Transporting Machinery Co., Ltd, the chairman of Shanghai Dragon (Group) Co., Ltd, a supervisor of YTO International, Luoyang Changhong Trading Co., Ltd, Luoyang Changxing Agricultural Machinery Co., Ltd, YTO (Luoyang) Harvesting Machinery Co., Ltd and Jiangyan Power, the chairman of the supervisory committee of YTO Finance and a supervisor of YTO (Xinjiang) Machinery. He was the head of the finance department of the Company from August 2007 to January 2011, and the deputy chief accountant and the head of the finance department of the Company from January 2011 to November 2012. He has been serving at the Company as chief accountant since November 2012. Mr. Yao has extensive experience in corporate financial management.

Mr. Zhu Weijiang, deputy general manager of the Company, director of Luoyang First Motors Company Limited, executive director of YTO (Xinjiang) Machinery, executive director of Luoyang Changxing Agricultural Machinery Co., Ltd and director of YTO Finance. Mr. Zhu was the deputy general manager of the automobile division of YTO from January 2007 to March 2008, the assistant general manager of the agricultural equipment division of the Company from March 2008 to June 2009, the assistant general manager (temporary) of the Company and the assistant general manager of the agricultural equipment division of the Company from June 2009 to January 2010, the assistant general manager of the Company and the general manager of the marketing center of the agricultural equipment division of the Company from October 2011 to November 2012. He has been the assistant general manager of the Company from October 2011 to November 2012. Mr. Zhu has extensive experience in mechanical design, agricultural machinery market research and marketing planning.

Mr. Su Wensheng, deputy general manager of the Company. Mr. Su served as the factory manager of the No. 3 assembly factory of the Company from September 2008 to October 2011, and as the assistant general manager of the Company and the factory manager of the No. 3 assembly factory of the Company from October 2011 to November 2012. He has been the deputy general manager of the Company and the factory manager of the No. 3 assembly factory of the Company and the factory manager of the No. 3 assembly factory of the Company from October 2012. Ke has been the deputy general manager of the Company and the factory manager of the No. 3 assembly factory of the Company since November 2012. Mr. Su is familiar with machinery manufacturing and design, and has extensive experience in the fields of production and operation and corporate management.

Mr. Song Yuping, deputy general manager of the Company and a director of Tractors Research Company and YTO Power Machinery. Mr. Song served as the factory manager of the No. 4 assembly factory of the Company from August 2007 to October 2011, and as the assistant general manager of the Company and the factory manager of the No. 4 assembly factory of the Company from October 2011 to November 2012. He has been serving as the assistant general manager of the Company and the factory manager of the No. 4 assembly factory of the Company since November 2012. Mr. Song is familiar product design and manufacturing, and has extensive experience in product quality management.

Ms. Yu Lina, Secretary to the Board and the investor relationship manager of the Company, a director of YTO Shentong and a supervisor of YTO Flag. She has been serving at the Company as the Secretary to the Board since July 2006 and as the investor relationship manager since November 2012. Ms. Yu is experienced in corporate management and capital management.

Ms. Ren Huijuan, a former deputy general manager of the Company. Ms. Ren was the head of the party committee work department (黨委工作部長) and the vice chairman of the labour union of YTO from March 2007 to September 2008, the party secretary and deputy general manager of the Company from September 2008 to October 2011, and the chairman of the labour union of YTO and a deputy general manager of the Company from October 2011 to December 2012. Ms. Ren retired in January 2013.

II. POSITIONS HELD BY INCUMBENT OR RETIRED DIRECTORS, SUPERVISORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT MEMBERS DURING THE REPORTING PERIOD

(I) Positions in shareholder entities

Please refer to the subsection headed "Major work experience of incumbent or retired Directors for the last five years" in this section.

(II) Positions in other entities

Please refer to the subsection headed "Major work experience of incumbent or retired Directors for the last five years" in this section.

III. REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS, SUPERVISORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT MEMBERS

Decision making process for	The remuneration packages of Directors and Supervisors
remuneration of Directors,	are proposed by the Remuneration Committee under the
Supervisors and senior	Board and, after having been considered and approved by
management members	the Board, submit for shareholders' approval at a general
	meeting. The remuneration packages of senior management
	members shall be proposed by the Remuneration
	Committee under the Board and approved by the Board.
Basis for determining the remuneration of	The remuneration packages of Directors, Supervisors and
Directors, Supervisors and senior	senior management members are determined based on

Directors, Supervisors and senior senior management members are determined based on remuneration level of the industry and with reference to the Company's remuneration system and operating results for current year.

Remuneration payable to Directors,
Supervisors and seniorDuring the Reporting Period, the Company paidRMB5,018,788 (including the remuneration of Directors and
management membersSupervisors resigned or retired in the Reporting Period) to
its Directors, Supervisors and senior management members.

Total remuneration received by all Directors, RMB5,018,788 Supervisors and senior management members as at the end of the Reporting Period

IV. CHANGES IN DIRECTORS, SUPERVISORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT MEMBERS

Name	Position	Change	Reason of change
Li Youji	Non-executive Director	Resigned	Resignation for personal reasons
Liu Yongle	Non-executive Director	Retired	Expiry of tenure without re-election
Chan Sau Shan, Gary	Independent non-executive Director	Retired	Expiry of tenure without re-election
Luo Xiwen	Independent non-executive Director	Retired	Expiry of tenure without re-election
Zheng Luyu	Supervisor	Retired	Expiry of tenure without re-election
Yi Liwen	Supervisor	Retired	Expiry of tenure without re-election
Shao Jianxin	Staff representative Supervisor	Retired	Expiry of tenure without re-election
Ren Huijuan	Deputy General Manager	Resigned	Job relocation
Liu Jiguo	General Manager	Resigned	Job relocation
Zhao Yanshui	General Manager	Appointed	Job relocation
Guo Zhiqiang	Non-executive Director	Appointed	Re-election of the Board
Wu Yong	Executive Director	Appointed	Re-election of the Board
Wu Tak Lung	Independent non-executive Director	Appointed	Re-election of the Board
Xing Min	Independent non-executive Director	Appointed	Re-election of the Board
Li Ping'an	Supervisor	Appointed	Re-election of the Board of Supervisors
Xu Weilin	Staff representative	Appointed	Re-election of the Board of
	Supervisor		Supervisors, election by
			the staff congress
Xu Shidong	Supervisor	Appointed	Re-election of the Board of Supervisors

V. DIRECTORS' AND SUPERVISORS' INTERESTS IN MATERIAL CONTRACTS

During the Reporting Period and as at the date of this Annual Report, save as disclosed herein, none of the Directors or Supervisors had any direct or indirect material interest in any contract of significance to the business of the Company to which the Company, its holding company, or any of its subsidiaries or fellow subsidiaries was a party.

VI. DIRECTORS' AND SUPERVISORS' INTERESTS IN COMPETING BUSINESS

During the Reporting Period and as at the date of this Annual Report, none of the Directors or Supervisors was considered to have interests in a business which competes or is likely to compete, either directly or indirectly, with the businesses of the Company.

VII. DIRECTORS' AND SUPERVISORS' RIGHTS TO ACQUIRE SHARES OR DEBENTURES

During the Reporting Period, no rights were granted to any Directors, Supervisors, or their respective spouse or minor children, which would have enabled them to acquire benefits by means of acquisition of shares in or debentures of the Company or any other corporations; nor was the Company, its subsidiaries or holding company, or its holding company's subsidiaries a party to any arrangement to enable the Directors or Supervisors to acquire such rights in the Company or any other corporations.

VIII. DIRECTORS', SUPERVISORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVES' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN THE SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES

As at 31 December 2012, the interests or short positions of the Directors, Supervisors and chief executives of the Company in the shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (as defined in Part XV of the SFO), which would have to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including the interests considered or deemed to be held by such Directors, Supervisors and chief executives under provisions such as the SFO), or as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under section 352 of the SFO, or to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers as set out in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules , were as follows:

	The		Percentage of				
	Company/		Number	relevant class	Percentage of		
	associated		and class of	of issued share	total issued		
Name	corporation	Capacity	securities	capital	share capital		
				(%)	(%)		
Wu Tak Lung	The Company	Beneficial owner	10,000	0.0025	0.0010		
			H shares				
			Long position				

IX. DIRECTORS' AND SUPERVISORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS

During the Report Period and by the last day of this Annual Report, except as disclosed in this section, none of the Directors or Supervisors had entered, or proposed to enter, into a service contract with any member of the Group (excluding contracts expiring or determinable by relevant member of the Group within one year without payment of compensation, other than statuary compensation).

X. CORE TECHNICAL TEAM OR KEY TECHNICAL PERSONNEL OF THE COMPANY

During the Reporting Period, the Company's core technical team or key technical personnel (other than Directors, Supervisor and senior management members) that was of significant importance to the Company's core competitiveness was stable and remained unchanged.

XI. EMPLOYEES OF THE COMPANY AND ITS MAJOR SUBSIDIARIES

(I) Employees

Number of existing employees of the Company	5,636		
Number of existing employees of subsidiaries	6,598		
Total existing employees	12,234		
Number of retired employees who are pensioned by			
the Company and its major subsidiaries	13,024		

Staff composition

Category	Number of persons			
Production staff	7,800			
Sales staff	1,018			
Technical staff	1,426			
Administrative staff	1,775			
Service staff	215			
Total	12,234			

Educational Background

Education level	Number of persons			
Postgraduate and above	187			
Graduate	2,093			
Diploma	2,383			
Below diploma	7,571			
Total	12,234			

(II) Remuneration policy

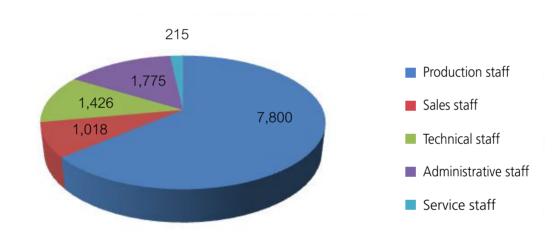
In light of its own situation, the Company has adopted a basic salary system based on "the remuneration in accordance with position", giving more weight to "strategic human resources" and "core human resources", and shifting to "combination of distribution according to production factors and distribution according to one's performance". It established remuneration systems in line with the work nature of employees in different areas, including annual salary system, post-performance-based salary system, piece-rate-based salary system, time-based salary system, project-commission-based salary system and contractual salary system, thereby effectively motivating all employees and providing support for the Company's sustainable development.

The Company continued to implement multi-channel incentive policy and develop career development paths for all types of employee. For personnel working in the engineering technology and professional management fields, positions such as chief expert, first-ranked experts, second-ranked experts, officers, person-in-charges have been set up. For personnel working in the technical operation field, positions such as chief technician, technician officers, supervisor-technicians have been set up. Remunerations and benefits, allowances and subsidies and work-related expenditures have been linked to multi-channel professional positions and management positions. Through setting up projects in the beginning of the year, quarterly review, performance appraisal and monetary awards, employees are fully motivated and innovative, giving strong personnel support to the development of the Company.

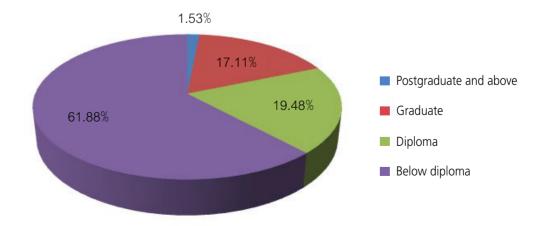
(III) Training plan

The Company further improved staff training and development system and focused on enhancing the caliber of the staff as the starting and end points for staff training. Multi-tier, cross-system trainings have been tailored-made to staff in the middle and senior management, technical operation and marketing management in order to constantly improve the staff's know-hows and technical knowledge, and thus the capacity and the quality of the staff can meet the requirements of the rapidly developing Company. The Company has sent approximately 100 members of the reserve senior management team and the core team to Fudan University, Henan University of Science and Technology to pursue advanced studies. The Company has also sent seven staff to participate in the training session of Sinomach for international market business development. During the Reporting Period, the Company organized a total of 1,732 various training courses for 40,427 persons.

(IV) Staff composition chart



(V) Educational level chart



CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

I. CORPORATE GOVERNANCE AND INSIDERS REGISTRATION AND MANAGEMENT SYSTEM

(I) Corporate Governance

As a company dual-listed both in Shanghai Stock Exchange and the Stock Exchange, the Company operates in strict compliance with the laws, regulations and regulatory documents of jurisdictions where the shares of the Company are listed, and strives to improve its corporate governance. According to the requirements of the Company Law, the Securities Law of the PRC and the regulations of the CSRC, the Company continuously improved its corporate governance structure and put in place checks and balances among the general meetings, the Board of Directors, the Board of Supervisors and the operation management, with each of them having separate duties and responsibilities and performing its functions within the specified terms of reference, thereby ensuring all the operational activities of the Company are carried out according to the rules and regulations.

(II) Insiders Registration and Management

The Board of Directors attaches great importance to the management and control over insider information. During the Reporting Period, the Company enhanced the dissemination and learning of insider information management knowledge among its Directors, Supervisors, senior management members and the departments and employees that may have access to insider information. With regard to insider information management, the Company strictly implemented the Management System for Persons Informed of Insider Information and timely carried out insiders registration and filing for significant events as such periodical reports in 2012.

II. SHAREHOLDERS AND GENERAL MEETINGS

The general meetings are the supreme organ of authority of the Company. The Company's general meetings are divided into annual general meetings and extraordinary general meetings. The Company treats all shareholders equally, ensures that all shareholders have the rights to be informed of, and to make decisions on, material matters relating to the Company and protects the legitimate interests of all shareholders. The convening, holding and voting procedures of general meetings and the voting procedures of class meetings are specified in the Articles of Association and the Rules of Procedure for General Meetings to ensure that shareholders may fully exercise their rights.

Shareholders individually or jointly holding more than 10% of the shares of the Company requesting the convening of an extraordinary general meeting or a class meeting shall proceed in accordance with the procedures set out in article 110 of the Articles of Association.

According to article 78 of the Articles of Association, when the Company convenes a general meeting, shareholder(s) individually or jointly holding more than 3% of the Company's shares shall have the right to submit new proposals to the Company. Shareholders individually or jointly holding more than 3% of the Company's shares may raise a provisional proposal and submit to the Board in writing 10 days prior to the date of the general meeting. The Board shall issue a supplemental notice of general meeting announcing the contents of the provisional proposals within 2 days upon receipt of the proposals.

In relation to the procedures for putting forward proposals at general meetings or procedures by which enquiries may be put to the Board, please contact Ms. Yu Lina, the Secretary to the Board. Her contact details are set out in Company Profile.

The shareholders of the Company have the rights to access the corporate information and documents as stipulated in the Articles of Association. The Board of the Company appoints the secretary to the Board who shall be responsible for safekeeping the Company's constitutional documents and relevant records of meetings and making sure the shareholders and the relevant persons can obtain the same on a timely basis.

During the Reporting Period, five general meetings were held by the Company, including the 2011 annual general meeting, and four extraordinary general meetings. The resolutions of these meetings were published in China Securities Journal and Shanghai Securities News and on the websites of the Shanghai Stock Exchange, the Stock Exchange and the Company.

(I) 2012 First Extraordinary General Meeting

Convening date: 19 January 2012

Contents of the resolutions:

- 1. Conditional upon obtaining the approval from the CSRC and the completion of the Issue of A Shares, to consider and approve the proposed amendments to the Articles of Association (Draft).
- 2. The provision of guarantees by the Company for dealers designated by the Company (or its authorized subsidiaries).
- 3. The provision of guarantees by the Company for customers of the subsidiaries of the Company.

Voting results: all resolutions passed

Inquiry index for the designated website for publishing the voting results: www.hkex.com (the website of the Stock Exchange)

Date of publication of the voting results: 19 January 2012

(II) 2012 Second Extraordinary General Meeting

Convening date: 6 March 2012

Contents of the resolution: Conditional upon obtaining the approval from the CSRC and the completion of the Issue of A Shares, to consider and approve the proposed amendments to the Articles of Association (Draft).

Voting results: passed

Inquiry index for the designated website for publishing the voting results: www.hkex.com (the website of the Stock Exchange)

Date of publication of the voting results: 6 March 2012

(III) 2011 Annual General Meeting

Convening date: 15 June 2012

Contents of the resolutions:

- 1. the report of the Board for the year 2011
- 2. the report of the Board of Supervisors for the year 2011
- 3. the audited financial report of the Company for the year 2011
- 4. the distribution proposal of the Company in respect of the dividend for the year 2011.
- 5. the appointment of the Company's auditors for the year 2012 and their remunerations
- 6. the authorization to the Board to determine matters related to investments
- 7. the authorization to the Board to place, issue or deal with the domestic shares and H share of the Company
- 8. the authorization to the Board to declare the distribution of an interim dividend for the half year ended 30 June 2012

Voting results: all passed

Inquiry index for the designated website for publishing the voting results: www.hkex.com (the website of the Stock Exchange)

Date of publication of the voting results: 15 June 2012

(IV) 2012 Third Extraordinary General Meeting

Convening date: 9 November 2012

Contents of the resolutions:

- 1. The provision of external guarantee by the Company
- 2. The issue of corporate bonds

Voting results: all passed

Inquiry index for the designated websites for publishing the voting results: www.sse.com.cn (the website of the Shanghai Stock Exchange) and www.hkex.com (the website of the Stock Exchange)

Date of publication of the voting results: 9 November 2012

(V) 2012 Fourth Extraordinary General Meeting

Convening date: 20 December 2012

Contents of the resolutions:

- 1. election of non-independent Directors of the sixth Board of the Company
- 2. election of independent Directors of the sixth Board of the Company
- 3. election of non-staff representative Supervisors of the sixth Board of Supervisors of the Company
- 4. the remuneration proposals for the Directors of the sixth Board and Supervisors of the sixth Board of Supervisors
- 5. the remuneration proposals for the extended service of the Directors of the fifth Board and Supervisors of the fifth Board of Supervisors
- 6. the purchase of directors' liabilities insurance for the Directors, Supervisors and senior management members of the Company
- 7. the continuing connected transactions of the Company for 2013 to 2015 and relevant authorization
- 8. the acquisition of equity interests in three companies including YTO Flag

Voting results: Except for the Deposit Service Agreement between YTO Finance and YTO, all the other resolutions were passed

Inquiry index for the designated websites for publishing the voting results: www.sse.com.cn (the website of the Shanghai Stock Exchange) and www.hkex.com (the website of the Stock Exchange)

Date of publication of the voting results: 20 December 2012

III. PERFORMANCE OF DUTIES BY DIRECTORS

(A) Attendance of Board meetings and general meetings by current and retired Directors

	Independent	Required		Attendance	nce at Board meeti	ngs	Absence from two	Attendance at general meetings Attendance
Name	non-executive Director	attendance for the year	Actual attendance	by means of communication	Attendance by proxy	Absence	consecutive meetings	at general meetings
Zhao Yanshui	No	9	9	5	0	0	No	4/5
Su Weike	No	9	8	3	1	1	No	4/5
Yan Linjiao	No	9	9	5	0	0	No	5/5
Guo Zhiqiang	No	1	1	1	0	0	No	0/0
Dong Jianhong	No	9	9	5	1	0	No	3/5
Qu Dawei	No	9	9	5	1	0	No	5/5
Liu Jiguo	No	9	9	5	0	0	No	5/5
Wu Yong	No	1	1	0	0	0	No	0/0
Hong Xianguo	Yes	9	9	5	1	0	No	1/5
Zhang Qiusheng	Yes	9	8	5	0	0	No	1/5
Xing Min	Yes	1	1	0	0	0	No	0/0
Wu Tak Lung	Yes	1	1	0	0	0	No	0/0
Liu Yongle	No	8	8	5	0	0	No	5/5
Luo Xiwen	Yes	8	8	5	1	0	No	0/5
Chan Sau Shan, Gary	Yes	8	7	5	0	1	No	0/5

(B) Independent non-executive Directors' objection to relevant matters of the Company

During the Reporting Period, none of the independent non-executive Directors of the Company raised any objection to resolutions proposed at Board meetings or other meetings of the Company held in the year

IV. IMPORTANT OPINIONS AND SUGGESTIONS PUT FORWARD BY THE BOARD COMMITTEES DURING THEIR PERFORMANCE OF DUTIES IN THE REPORTING PERIOD

There are four special committees under the Board. The Board exercised caution in selecting appropriate candidates, taking into account of each director's professional background and experience and the position requirements set out in the Code of the Stock Exchange. All these committees are chaired by independent non-executive Directors who constitute a majority of each of these committees, thus ensuring the independent and efficient operation of the committees.

During the Reporting Period, the work rules for the Nomination Committee, Remuneration Committee and Audit Committee under the Board were revised pursuant to the new Code of the Stock Exchange and the revised work rules were put into force after having been considered and approved by the Board. Meanwhile, as the term of office of the fifth Board expired, the newly elected sixth Board set up a new session of Board committees.

(I) Remuneration Committee

In accordance with the provisions of the Listing Rules, the Company has set up the Remuneration Committee consisting of five Directors, the majority of whom being independent non-executive Directors. At the first meeting of the sixth Board, independent non-executive Director Mr. Hong Xianguo was elected as the chairman of the Remuneration Committee, and Mr. Xing Min (independent non-executive Director), Mr. Wu Tak Lung (independent non-executive Director), Ms. Dong Jianhong (non-executive Director) and Mr. Wu Yong (executive Director) were elected as members of the Remuneration Committee.

Mr. Luo Xiwen and Mr. Chan Sau Shan, Gary (both being independent non-executive Directors) retired as members of the Remuneration Committee under the fifth Board as their term of office expired.

Duties and operation of the Remuneration Committee

- to make recommendations to the Board on the Company's policy and structure for all Directors', Supervisors' and senior management members, the remuneration of nonexecutive Directors and the remuneration packages of individual executive Directors and senior management members as well as on the establishment of a formal and transparent procedure for developing remuneration policy;
- to review and approve: the management's remuneration proposals; compensation payable to executive Directors and senior management for any loss or termination of office or appointment; and compensation arrangements relating to dismissal or removal of Directors for misconduct;
- 3. to supervise the implementation of the Company's remuneration policy to ensure that no Director or any of his associates is involved in deciding his own remuneration;

Details of the Directors' remuneration are set out in "Change in shareholdings of incumbent or retired Directors, Supervisors and senior management members during the Reporting Period and their remuneration" of Section VIII of this Annual Report.

During the Reporting Period, two meetings were held by the Remuneration Committee with full attendance, at which all members of the committee were present to consider the Interim Measures on 2012 Remuneration Performance Management and Long-term Incentives for Persons in Charge of First Tractor Company Limited (《第一拖拉機股份有限公司負責人2012年薪酬績效管理及中長期激勵暫行辦法》), the Proposal in relation to the Remuneration of Members of the Sixth Board of Directors and Members of the fifth Board of Supervisors and Proposal in relation to the Remuneration Proposals for the Extended Service of the Directors of the fifth Board of Directors and Supervisors of the fifth Board of Supervisors.

(II) Nomination Committee

In accordance with the provisions of the Listing Rules, the Company has set up the Nomination Committee consisting of three Directors, the majority of whom being independent non-executive Directors. At the first meeting of the sixth Board, independent non-executive Director Mr. Hong Xianguo was elected as the chairman of the Nomination Committee, and Mr. Xing Min (independent non-executive Director) and Mr. Zhao Yanshui (executive Director) were elected as members of the Nomination Committee.

As his term of office expired, Mr. Luo Xiwen (independent non-executive Director) retired as the chairman of the Nomination Committee under the fifth Board.

Duties and operation of the Nomination Committee

- 1. to review the structure, size and composition of the Board based on the operating activities, asset scale and shareholding structure of the Company and make recommendations on any proposed changes to the Board to complement the Company's corporate strategy;
- 2. to study the criteria and procedures for selection of the Directors and managers of the Company and make recommendations to the Board;
- 3. to select appropriate candidates for Directors, managers and other senior management members of the Company subject to the Board's decision on their employment pursuant to the proposals of the nominating workgroup and to make recommendations to the Board with respect to the candidates for the Directors and managers;
- 4. to assess the independence of independent Directors; and
- 5. to make recommendations to the Board on the appointment or reappointment of Directors and succession planning for Directors, in particular the Chairman and the General Manager.

During the Reporting Period, the Nomination Committee convened two meetings, at which the issues regarding the nomination of candidates for Directors of the sixth session of the Board and managers of the Company were considered respectively. All members of the fifth session of the Nomination Committee under the Board attended the meetings. The Nomination Committee nominated candidates on the basis of, among others, the Company's actual needs and professional qualification, management expertise and experience, diligence and fidelity, as well as level of knowledge, of Directors and senior management members. The Nomination Committee reviewed the resumes of the nominees in order to confirm they comply with the relevant provisions on the qualifications of Directors and managers under the laws and regulations. It also solicited opinions from the nominees and made submission to the Board and general meeting for consideration.

(III) AUDIT COMMITTEE

As required under the Listing Rules, the Company has set up the Audit Committee with majority members being independent non-executive Directors . The Audit Committee consists of 3 Directors. At the first meeting of the sixth session of the Board, Mr. Zhang Qiusheng (independent non-executive Director) was appointed as the chairman of the Audit Committee, and Mr. Wu Tak Lung (independent non-executive Director) and Mr. Yan Linjiao (non-executive Director) as members. Mr. Zhang Qiusheng, being a Director, is qualified as a Chinese Certified Public Accountant (CCPA) and a Chinese Certified Tax Agent (CCTA). The members of the Audit Committee under the Board are in compliance with the provisions under Rule 3.21 of the Listing Rules.

As his term of office expired, Mr. Chan Sau Shan, Gary (independent non-executive Director) retired as member of the Audit Committee under the fifth Board.

Terms of reference and operation of the Audit Committee

- to oversee the relationship with the external auditors of the Company, including but not limited to giving advice to the Board on appointment, reappointment and removal of external auditors, approving the audit fee, terms of appointment and policies on nonaudit services of external auditors, raising any queries in respect of their resignations or dismissals, and review and monitor the independence and objectivity of the auditors and the effectiveness of audit process;
- 2. to review the financial reports of the Company as to whether they are in compliance with the accounting standards and relevant requirements in relation to financial reporting under the Listing Rules and other laws;
- 3. to regulate and review the effectiveness of the internal control system of the Company, the review scope covers the effectiveness and compliance of the Company's internal control system, financial controls, internal audits and risk management systems;
- 4. to review the Company's financial and accounting policies and practices;
- 5. to study other topics defined by the Board.

During the Reporting Period, the Audit Committee under the fifth session of the Board convened 2 meetings and all members attended the meetings, at which the Group's 2011 financial report, implementation of the connected transactions during the Reporting Period, appointment and remuneration of the external auditors and 2012 interim financial report were considered respectively. In addition, the Audit Committee reviewed the accounting principles and practices adopted by the Group, discussed matters such as the internal control and financial reports as well as made comments and recommendations in respect thereof to the Board .

The Audit Committee under sixth session of the Board has reviewed the Group's 2012 financial report in accordance with CASBE and HKFRS respectively.

(IV) STRATEGY & INVESTMENT COMMITTEE

Pursuant to the requirement of the Listing Rules, the Company set up the Strategy & Investment Committee. The Strategy & Investment Committee consists of 5 Directors. The composition of the Strategy & Investment Committee under the fifth session and the sixth session of the Board is as follows: Mr. Zhao Yanshui (Chairman of the Board and executive Director) serves as the chairman, and Mr. Su Weike (Vice Chairman of the Board and non-executive Director) Mr. Yan Linjiao (non-executive Director), Mr. Liu Jiguo (non-executive Director) and Mr. Zhang Qiusheng (independent non-executive Director) as members. At the first meeting of the sixth session of the Board of the Company convened on 20 December 2012, no adjustment as to the composition of the Strategy & Investment Committee was made and the original members still served as members of the Strategy & Investment Committee.

Terms of reference and operation of the Strategy & Investment Committee

- 1. to study the medium and long-term strategic development plans of the Company and make recommendations on the same;
- 2. to study significant investments, financing proposals and material capital operations which are subject to the approval of the Board as required under the Articles of Association and relevant regulations of the Company and make recommendations on the same;
- 3. to study significant events which may affect the development of the Company and make recommendations on the same;
- 4. to inspect implementation of above matters; and
- 5. other matters as authorized by the Board.

V. CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

During the Reporting Period, the Company has complied with the principles and most code provisions under the Code on Corporate Governance Practices and Corporate Governance Code in Appendix 14 to the Listing Rules (the "**Code**"), apart from the deviation from Code Provision A.2.1 which sets out that the roles of chairman and chief executive officer should be separate people and should not be performed by the same individual.

(I) Securities Transactions by Directors

After making enquiries to, and as confirmed by all Directors of the Company, Mr. Wu Tak Lung, an independent non-executive Director of the Company, holds 10,000 H shares of the Company. During the Reporting Period, all Directors of the Company have strictly complied with the code of conduct in relation to the securities transactions by Directors under the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules.

(II) Directors and the Board of Directors

1. Directors

The term of office of Directors of the fifth session of the Board expired in 2012. The Company convened the fourth extraordinary general meeting for 2012 on 20 December 2012, at which the members of the sixth session of the Board were elected. The sixth session of the Board comprises 12 Directors, including executive Directors, namely, Mr. Zhao Yanshui (Chairman and General Manager) and Mr. Wu Yong, six non-executive Directors, namely Mr. Su Weike (Vice Chairman), Mr. Yan Linjiao, Mr. Guo Zhiqiang, Ms. Dong Jianhong, Mr. Qu Dawei, and Mr. Liu Jiguo; and four independent non-executive Directors, namely Mr. Hong Xianguo, Mr. Zhang Qiusheng, Mr. Xing Min and Mr. Wu Tak Lung.

The biographical details of Directors are set out in Section VIII headed "Directors, Supervisors, Senior Management and Employees" in this Annual Report. The Company has received the annual confirmation letter issued by each of the four independent non-executive Directors, namely Mr. Hong Xianguo, Mr. Zhang Qiusheng, Mr. Xing Min and Mr. Wu Tak Lung, in respect of their respective independence in accordance with Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. The Company considers that all the independent non-executive Directors are independent and comply with the requirements on independence as set out in Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules.

One-third of the members of the Board of the Company are independent non-executive Directors. The members of the Board of the Company have different professional backgrounds and possess expertise and years of management experience in terms of corporate management, machine design and manufacturing, financial management, etc. The diversified professional backgrounds of Directors can ensure the decisions made by the Board to be more scientific and efficient.

During the Reporting Period, other than their working relationships with the Company, none of the Directors, Supervisors or senior management of the Company had any financial, business or family relationship or any other material/connected relationship with each other .

The Company attaches great importance to the training of Directors, supervisors and senior management members for the purpose of strengthening and standardizing operation, and enhancing corporate governance level of the Company. In 2012, the Company arranged Mr. Hong Xianguo, being an independent non-executive Director, to participate in a training session on the qualifications of independent directors provided by the Shanghai Stock Exchange and obtained the independent director qualification; Mr. Zhao Yanshui, Mr. Su Weike, Mr. Yan Linjiao, Ms. Dong Jianhong and Mr. Qu Dawei, being Directors of the Company, Mr. Wang Jianjun, supervisor of the Company, Mr. Yao Weidong, the chief accountant and Ms. Yu Lina, the secretary to the Board, to participate in the training session for Directors, Supervisors and senior management members of listed companies provided by the CSRC and the Henan Securities Regulatory Bureau.

The Company engaged Citic Securities, Commerce & Finance Law Offices and other intermediaries and professionals to provide training on corporate governance, information disclosure and the Listing Rules to all Directors, Supervisors and senior management members of the Company. The Company has consolidated amendments to the Listing Rules of the Stock Exchange and timely prepared learning and training materials and delivered the same to all Directors, Supervisors and senior management members of the Company and thus strengthened their familiarity and understanding of the corporate governance and the latest amendments of the Listing Rules.

2. The Board of Directors

The Board is the statutory business decision-making organ of the Company. It undertakes the leadership role and supervises the business and operation of the Company, aiming to assist all shareholders of the Company to attain their best economic interests. Under the leadership of the Chairman, the Board is responsible for formulating and reviewing the Company's development strategies and operating strategies, developing and reviewing the Company's policies and practices on corporate governance, reviewing and monitoring the Company's policies and practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements, reviewing the Company's compliance with the Code, preparing annual budgets and final accounting schemes and annual business plans, proposing dividend plans, monitoring the Board and reviewing and monitoring the training and continuous professional development of Directors and senior management, as well as developing, reviewing and monitoring the code of conduct applicable to employees and Directors pursuant to the relevant laws and regulations, rules and Articles of Association. The management of the Company is led by the General Manager and he is responsible for supervising the Company's daily business operation, policy planning and implementation as well as being held accountable to the Board in respect of the operation and business of the Company. The General Manager keeps in contact with all Directors and ensures Directors' timely understanding of the information in relation to the operating activities of the Group. The Articles of Association of the Company as considered and approved at the general meeting has clarified the terms of reference of the Board and management.

In accordance with the Articles of Association and the rules of procedures for the Board meetings, the Board meetings are divided into regular meetings and extraordinary meetings. Notice was delivered at least 14 days prior to the date of each regular meeting and at least 2 days prior to the date of each extraordinary meeting, and documents containing the meeting agenda were delivered to all Directors before the date of the Board meeting to ensure that all Directors had the opportunity to discuss the matters listed in the agenda.

During the Reporting Period, the Board convened a total of 9 meetings (including the extraordinary meetings of the Board held by way of circulating written resolutions for adoption), including 4 regular meetings.

(III) Chairman of the Board and General Manager

Mr. Zhao Yanshui acts as the Chairman of the Board and the general manager of the Company. The Board considers that such structure would not affect the balance of power and duties between the Board and the management. The Board of the Company is composed of highly experienced and talented members and meetings are held regularly to discuss issues that may affect the operations of the Group's operations. The operation of the Board is sufficient to ensure the balance of powers and duties. The Board believes that this structure will be helpful in establishing a steady and consistent leadership, which enables the Company to make and implement various decisions efficiently and effectively. The Board is full of confidence in Mr. Zhao and believes that the appointment of him as the Chairman and General Manager will be beneficial for the business development of the Company.

(IV) Non-Executive Directors (Including Independent Non-Executive Directors)

The terms of office of the non-executive Directors, Mr. Su Weike, Mr. Yan Linjiao, Mr. Guo Zhiqiang, Ms. Dong Jianhong, Mr. Qu Dawei and Mr. Liu Jiguo, and those of the independent non-executive Directors, Mr. Hong Xianguo, Mr. Zhang Qiusheng, Mr. Xing Min and Mr. Wu Tak Lung, commenced from 20 December 2012 to 19 December 2015.

All the above 10 non-executive/independent non-executive Directors possess proper professional qualifications. In particular, independent non-executive Director Mr. Hong Xianguo is a senior expert in agricultural machinery industry; independent non-executive Director Mr. Zhang Qiusheng is a senior expert in accounting standards consultation and corporate mergers and acquisitions; independent non-executive Director Mr. Xing Min is a senior expert in combustion engine industry; and independent non-executive Director Mr. Wu Tak Lung is a senior expert in terms of finance and investment management, etc.

(V) AUDITORS' REMUNERATION

Please refer to subsection "Appointment or dismissal of accounting firm" under Section VII headed "Significant Events".

(VI) INTERNAL CONTROL

Please refer to Section XI headed "Internal Control".

(VII) INVESTOR RELATIONS

During the Reporting Period, the Company amended the Articles of Association of the Company: 1. the provision on that the Chairman of the Board and chairperson of the meeting shall be entitled to one additional vote for resolutions proposed in the Board meeting and general meeting is deleted. 2. It is further clarified that subject to ensuring the legitimacy and effectiveness of the general meeting, the Company shall provide convenience to the shareholders to attend the general meeting through various methods and ways, including modern information technologies such as providing network voting platform, etc.; 3. structural arrangement is further made for the dividend distribution policy of the Company.

Upon completion of issue of A shares, the Company enforced and implemented corporate governance documents and management rules including the Management Principles on Use of Proceeds, Management Principles on External Guarantee, Decision Making Principles on Connected Transactions and Decision Making Principles on Investments and Operation in accordance with relevant provisions of the CSRC and the Shanghai Stock Exchange.

The Company continued to enhance its investor relations in strict compliance with the requirements set forth in the Work Guidance for Relations between Listed Companies and Investors and the Management Rules for Information Disclosure of the CSRC and the Rules for the Management of Investor Relation of the Company. Apart from the establishment of dedicated telephone hotlines and mail boxes for investors and analysts to call or mail for inquiries, the Company has also established a special column on the website of the Company and the website of Irasia.com and promptly provides information of the Company to investors.

Though hosting investors for visit, telephone conference, on site management road show, online road show, organizing reverse roadshows with investors, participating in activities including investor forums, the Company maintained good communication with investors. The Company has organized a Q&A session in the general meeting to facilitate the shareholders to understand the Company. The above initiatives enhanced investors' understanding of and support for the Company and increased investors' confidence in the Company.

(VIII) DESCRIPTION OF THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS ON THE RISKS IN THE COMPANY

During the Reporting Period, the Board of Supervisors had no disagreement on any supervisory matters. Please refer to Section XII headed "Report of the Board of Supervisors" for the major work of the Board of Supervisors during the Reporting Period.

(IX) INDEPENDENCE AND COMPLETENESS BETWEEN THE COMPANY AND THE CONTROLLING SHAREHOLDER WITH RESPECT TO BUSINESS, PERSONNEL, ASSETS, ORGANISATION AND FINANCE

- Business The business of the Company is independent of the controlling shareholder. The supply, production and sale system is independent and complete, and does not rely on the controlling shareholder and all businesses are conducted in a completely independent way.
- Personnel The General Manager, Deputy General Manager, financial controller, secretary to the Board and other senior management members do not hold any other positions apart from directors and supervisors in the controlling shareholder; the financial staff of the Company does not concurrently hold positions in the controlling shareholder.
- Assets The Company has the production system, ancillary production system and supporting facilities relevant to the production and operation and are independent of the controlling shareholder or other related parties. The Company legally possesses or possesses through leasing (or permit) the ownership or use rights in buildings, land use rights, patents, trademarks and other assets relevant to production and operation. There is no illegal occupation of funds, assets and other resources by the controlling shareholder.
- Organisation The Company has established competent internal operation and management divisions and independently exercised its authority in relation to the operation and management. There is no mix of corporate structure with that of the controlling shareholder.
- Finance The Company independently makes tax filings and fulfills the obligation of tax payment. There is no mixed tax payment with shareholder companies. The Company has established an independent finance department and accounting system and prepared a financial management system, and is able to independently make financial decisions.

(X) APPRAISAL MECHANISM FOR SENIOR MANAGEMENT DURING THE REPORTING PERIOD AND ESTABLISHMENT AND IMPLEMENTATION OF MOTIVATION MECHANISM

The evaluation of the Company's senior management members and incentive mechanisms are discussed and passed by the Remuneration Committee of the Board and submit to the Board for approval. Evaluation of senior management members incentives consists of two parts: the annual remuneration management and medium to long term incentives. The annual remuneration management includes basic salary and bonuses; medium to long term incentives have a cycle of three years and distributions are based on the evaluation results. It is a continuously rolling assessment and is being implemented annually. Evaluation mechanism is mainly comprised of control indicators, prioritized works and the completion results of the operating indicators of division. Evaluation results are reflected in the annual remuneration and medium to long term incentives.

INTERNAL CONTROL

I. RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT ON INTERNAL CONTROL AND ESTABLISHMENT OF INTERNAL CONTROL SYSTEM

In order to comply with the relevant regulatory requirements, strengthen the management of the Company's internal control and assure a proper and effective internal monitoring and control system, the Company formulated a range of internal control systems and management standards to monitor the overall financial position of the Company and safeguard the Company's assets. The Company's operation process and management process were standardized to ensure that decisions of the Board are in compliance with the laws and regulations and are fully implemented. Regular supervision on risk management was conducted for avoidance of material risks or losses. To implement the Group's development strategies and operating policies, the Company formulated management regulations relating to corporate governance and enhanced management on the subsidiaries of the Company and regulated their behaviours.

The Company has performed its internal supervision functions by various means including internal audit, discipline inspection and supervision, and employee representative union. Meanwhile, it earnestly organized and implemented internal control evaluation in accordance with the requirements on internal control and conducted systematic evaluation on the effectiveness of the design and implementation of the Company's whole system and internal environment, risk assessment, control activities, information and communication, internal supervision, and other aspects relevant to the realization of the overall objectives.

As at the end of the Reporting Period, no material defect was found in the design or implementation of the Group's internal control and the Group will further improve and strengthen the Company's internal control and risk management, and promote the sustainable, sound and steady development of the Group.

The Board, having reviewed the internal monitoring and control systems of the Company and its subsidiaries during the Reporting Period, is of the opinion that the internal control system of the Company was effectively implemented during the Reporting Period which can ensure the achievement of the objectives of the internal control; the internal control system will be continuously revised and improved along with the development of the business, providing a solid foundation for the steady growth of the Company. The Board is satisfied with the overall performance of the internal control. The Audit Committee has been performing its duties and responsibilities, and has reviewed and discussed the internal monitoring and control system of the Company.

INTERNAL CONTROL (continued)

II. DESCRIPTION ON THE SYSTEM OF ACCOUNTABILITY FOR SIGNIFICANT MISTAKES IN ANNUAL REPORT AND ITS IMPLEMENTATION

In order to further enhance the Company's standard operation level, strengthen the authenticity, accuracy, completeness and promptness of information disclosure, and improve the quality and transparency of information disclosure in Annual Report, the Company has formulated the System of Accountability for Significant Mistakes in the Annual Report, which has been considered and approved at the second meeting of the sixth session of the Board of the Company, in accordance with the relevant laws, regulations and regulatory documents including the Company Law, Securities Law and Administrative Measures on Information Disclosure by Listed Companies of the PRC, the listing rules of the Shanghai Stock Exchange and the Listing Rules of the Stock Exchange, as well as the provisions under the Articles of Association and Administrative Measures on Information Disclosure of the Company.

REPORT OF THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

During the Reporting Period, pursuant to the requirements of the Company Law of the PRC and the Articles of Association and the Rules of Procedure for the Board of Supervisors of the Company, the Board of Supervisors prudently and diligently discharged their supervising duties and responsibilities by actively carrying out oversight within the scope of its duties. During the Reporting Period, the Board of Supervisors held 5 meetings. Supervisors attended or appeared as non-voting members at the general meetings and Board meetings held during the Reporting Period, exercised effective oversight on the Company's business operation, financial status, major decisions, procedure of the general meeting, and had no objection to relevant matters under its supervision. During the Reporting Period, the Board of Supervisors did well in protecting the legal interests of all shareholders and the Company.

I. MEETINGS OF THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS IN 2012

During the Reporting Period, the Board of Supervisors held 5 meetings pursuant to the Articles of Association and the Rules of Procedure for the Board of Supervisors of the Company, with details as follows:

- (I) At the 8th meeting of the fifth session of the Board of Supervisors on 23 February 2012, it considered and approved the 2011 Report of the Board of Supervisors, 2011 audited financial statements and 2011 profit distribution proposal.
- (II) At the 9th meeting of the fifth session of the Board of Supervisors on 24 August 2012, it considered and approved the 2012 Interim Report of the Company and its Summary and the financial report prepared under the HKFRS for the period from January to June, and issued written audit opinions. (Relevant resolution announcements were published on 25 August 2012 on the website of the Shanghai Stock Exchange and in China Securities Journal and Shanghai Securities News.)
- (III) At the 10th meeting of the fifth session of the Board of Supervisors on 19 September 2012, it considered and approved the Resolution on Swapping Self-raised Funds for Proceeds Already Invested in Proceeds-financed Projects and the Resolution on Using Temporarily Spare Proceeds to Supplement Working Capital, and expressed independent opinions on the Company's management and utilization of proceeds. (Relevant resolutions announcements were published on 20 September 2012 on the website of the Shanghai Stock Exchange and in China Securities Journal and Shanghai Securities News.)
- (IV) At the 11th meeting of the fifth session of the Board of Supervisors on 29 October 2012, it considered and approved the 2012 Third Quarterly Report of the Company, recommended candidates for the sixth session of the Board of Supervisors, and issued written audit opinions. (Relevant resolution announcements were published on 30 October 2012 on the website of the Shanghai Stock Exchange and in China Securities Journal and Shanghai Securities News.)

REPORT OF THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS (continued)

(V) At the 1st meeting of the sixth session of the Board of Supervisors on 20 December 2012, it elected the chairman of the six session of the Board of Supervisors, and expressed independent opinions on the Company's move to increase capital contribution to YTO Injection Pump and YTO Xinjiang Machinery out of the proceeds. (Relevant resolution announcements were published on 22 December 2012 on the website of the Shanghai Stock Exchange and in China Securities Journal and Shanghai Securities News.)

During the Reporting Period, the Board of Supervisors appeared as non-voting members at all the physical Board meetings.

II. WORK OF THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

(I) Re-election of the Board of Supervisors

The term of the fifth session of the Board of Supervisors expired on 30 June 2012. According to relevant requirements of the Articles of Association, the Board of Supervisors shall propose the candidates for the sixth session of the Board of Supervisors to the general meeting for consideration and approval via cumulative voting after being determined by the 11th meeting of its fifth session.

(II) Audit opinions on the financial report and Annual Report of the Company

In 2012, the Company's financial position was sound. The financial report for 2012 prepared in accordance with CASBE and HKFRS were audited by Baker Tilly China Certified Public Accountants and Baker Tilly Hong Kong respectively, both of which issued an unqualified audit report. The financial report gives a true and objective view of the Company's financial status and operating results.

The preparation and audit procedure of the Company's 2012 Annual Report is in compliance with laws, regulations, the Articles of Association and internal management systems of the Company. Its contents and format conform with the requirement of CSRC and the Shanghai Stock Exchange. The information contained therein fully reflects the Company's operation, management and financial status in 2012.

The Board of Supervisors is not aware of any breach of confidentiality requirements on the part of the persons involved in the preparation and consideration of the 2012 Annual Report.

REPORT OF THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS (continued)

(III) Independent opinions on the lawful operation of the Company

1. Connected transactions

During the Reporting Period, connected transactions of the Company are fair and just. They are considered, voted and disclosed in accordance with the requirements. Such transactions were executed with no abnormal conditions and without prejudice to the Company's interests.

2. Use of proceeds

During the Reporting Period, the Company launched its initial public offering of 150,000,000 A shares to raise net proceeds of RMB773,733,129 after deducting issuance expenses. The proceeds were deposited in the special account for proceeds. The use and approval procedure of proceeds are in compliance with the Prospectus and the requirements of the regulatory authorities.

3. Evaluation Report on Internal Control

The Board of Supervisors reviewed the 2012 Evaluation Report on Internal Control of the Company, raising no objection to the content thereof.

4. Supervision of production operation and decision making procedure of the Company

The Board of Supervisors is of the opinion that, during the Reporting Period, the Board of Directors of the Company carried out all its production and operation activities in a normative way in strict compliance with all national laws, regulations and the Articles of Associations and the decision making process is lawful. None of the Directors and senior management members had violated any laws or regulations or the Articles of Association of the Company nor damaged the interests of the Company or the investors when performing their duties.

5. Supervision over the investor relation management of the Company during the Reporting Period

The Board of Supervisors supervised the implementation of the Working Rules on Investor Relationship Management in 2012. In 2012, the Company, on the foundation of information disclosure, communicated with investors through roadshows, general meetings and analyst meetings, which enabled the investors be informed of the operation and management information of the Company, thus helping the investors understand and recognize the Company. We are of the view that the investor relation work of the Company in 2012 was in compliance with the requirements of Working Rules on Investor Relationship Management.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

FINANCIAL CONGLOMERATE

Pursuant to paragraphs 35 and 36 of Appendix 16 to the Listing Rules, the Group is regarded as a "Financial Conglomerate" as one or more of the percentage ratios of its financial business exceeds 5%. The following details are the supplementary information related to the Group's financial business, which forms part of the audited financial statements.

FINANCIAL BUSINESS

During the Reporting Period, all the Group's financial businesses were conducted in the PRC. The Group's financial businesses are primarily undertaken by YTO Finance, a controlled subsidiary of the Company. The principal financial businesses of YTO Finance include assistance to member companies (YTO and its member companies) in payment and receipt of transaction proceeds; dealing with entrusted loans and entrusted investments among its Group companies; provision of bills acceptance and discounting services to its member companies; provision of intra-group transfer and settlement services to its member companies; provision of loans to its member companies; provision of inter-industry loans; underwriting of corporate bonds of its member companies; making equity investments in financial institutions; and provisions of buyer's credit and finance lease in respect of the products of its member companies.

A Risk Management Committee was established under the board of directors of YTO Finance to avert financial risk and so did the Auditing Department to inspect the company's operations (either periodical or non-periodical) and to issue independent audit report and accountable to the board of directors. Under the management of YTO Finance, the Internal Control Committee, Assets-Liabilities Management Committee, Credit Review Committee and Investment Audit Committee were established to manage and control YTO Finance's internal control system, assets and liabilities structure, different credit and investment businesses. YTO Finance also established a Compliance Department to manage its corporate system and risk resistance and control.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (continued)

KEY RISK MANAGEMENT

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that a customer or counterparty is unable to meet its obligation in connection with the credit business of YTO Finance when it falls due.

YTO Finance has adhered to a prudent business approach in conducting its credit business and has established a set of strict credit granting criteria and approving system to control and manage credit risks. Given top priority on risk control, the Loan Approval Committee formulated credit policies and determined the cap of facilities to ensure that each credit transaction is subject to a comprehensive consideration and approval. The credit department of YTO Finance strictly implemented loan systems and business procedures such as Administration Measures for Loans and Procedures for Loan Business to minimize credit risk. The auditing department of YTO Finance supervised the implementation of the loans approving system and post-credit inspection system in accordance with the requirements of risk control and ensured collection of loans on maturity, so as to avoid credit risk.

Market risk

Market risk is the risk of potential gain or loss from holding a financial instrument or business (including inbalance and off-balance sheets) as a result of changes in interest rates, stock prices, commodity prices and governmental policies.

YTO Finance is mainly exposed to such market risks as interest rate risk.

The interest rate risk of YTO Finance arises from the re-pricing risk of its deposit and loan businesses, which is also known as maturity mismatching risk due to the different maturity profile of the assets and liabilities. As a result of the re-pricing mismatching, the revenue or intrinsic economic value of YTO Finance will vary with the interest rate. The Risk Management Committee of YTO Finance, which is responsible for the comprehensive ongoing monitoring of the market risk arising from changes in interest rate, will evaluate on a regular basis the sensitivity and re-pricing gap of interest rate among different terms as well as the influence of changes in interest rate on the net interest income and economic value of YTO Finance under different interest scenarios, so as to reduce the potential adverse impact of changes in interest rate on the net interest income and economic value.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk (also known as payment risk) is the risk that YTO Finance is unable to arrange for financing to reduce liabilities or increase assets, which in turn affects YTO Finance's profitability or causes difficulties for settlement.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (continued)

Closely monitoring the composition and condition of its assets, the Assets-Liabilities Management Committee of YTO Finance carried out analysis and assessment on the liquidity and paying ability of the assets of YTO Finance based on the assets-liabilities benchmarks fixed by CBRC, thereby setting out or adjusting the corresponding operating polices to maximize the Company's interests on the basis of payment guarantee. During the Reporting Period, YTO Finance strictly followed established rules and business procedures, regularly convened meetings for the Assets-Liabilities Committee, supervised and controlled liquidity and ensured that the level of liquidity ratio is not less than 25%.

Compliance risk

Compliance risk is the risk that a company may be subject to legal sanction or regulatory punishment or incur material financial loss or reputation loss due to its failure to comply with laws, rules and standards.

Through establishing a strong compliance culture, an effective compliance risk management system, accountability system for compliance risk management and the position of legal consultant, YTO Finance effectively prevented the compliance risk.

During the Reporting Period, the CBRC Luoyang Branch ("**CBRC Luoyang Branch**") gave the following regulatory comment for YTO Finance: its various indicators are in compliance with regulatory standards and keep improving; it continues to maintain zero non-performing assets and its assets are of high quality; it has adequate capital and strong asset liquidity, with liquidity ratio and excess reserve ratio far exceeding regulatory indicators; in 2012, it has made a provision of RMB19,330,000 against Loan losses, further enhancing its capacity to withstand bad-debt losses.

As at 31 December 2012, YTO Finance's capital adequacy ratio was 26.11%; excess reserve ratio was 36.48%; liquidity ratio was 31.77%; self-owned fixed assets investment ratio was 0.56%; investment ratio was 60.24%; loan-loss reserve adequacy ratio exceeded 100%; non-performing loan ratio was 0; and distressed assets ratio was 0. All the above ratios were in compliance with the requirements of regulations and supervision of CBRC.

PUBLIC FLOAT

Pursuant to the published information and to the knowledge of the Directors, as at the date hereof, the Company has maintained the required public float under the Listing Rules.

TAX CONCESSIONS

None of the holders of the Company's listed securities was entitled to any tax concessions for holding securities of the Company.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT



TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF FIRST TRACTOR COMPANY LIMITED

(Incorporated in the People's Republic of China with limited liability)

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of First Tractor Company Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (together, the "Group") set out on pages 111 to 264, which comprise the consolidated and company's statements of financial position as at 31 December 2012, and the consolidated income statement, the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITY

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audit. This report is made solely to you, as a body, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (continued)

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation of consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

OPINION

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the Group as at 31 December 2012, and of the Group's profit and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards and have been properly prepared in accordance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

BAKER TILLY HONG KONG LIMITED

Certified Public Accountants

Andrew David Ross Practising Certificate Number P01183

Hong Kong, 27 March 2013

CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT

For the year ended 31 December 2012

	Note	2012 <i>RMB'000</i>	2011 <i>RMB'000</i> (Restated)
Revenue	6	11,317,998	11,702,673
Cost of sales		(9,775,220)	(10,042,301)
Gross profit		1,542,778	1,660,372
Other income and gains	6	105,180	76,404
Selling and distribution costs		(348,929)	(364,367)
Administrative expenses		(744,217)	(712,775)
Other operating expenses, net		(8,527)	(8,342)
Finance costs	7	(62,733)	(54,162)
Share of profits of associates		1,629	2,099
Profit before income tax	8	485,181	599,229
Income tax expense	11	(70,701)	(84,937)
Profit for the year		414,480	514,292
Profit attributable to:			
Owners of the Company	12	349,058	440,051
Non-controlling interests		65,422	74,241
		414,480	514,292
Dividends	13	99,590	
Earnings per share attributable to owners of the Company			
Basic and diluted	14	RMB38.96 cents	RMB52.02 cents

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

For the year ended 31 December 2012

	2012 <i>RMB'000</i>	2011 <i>RMB'000</i>
	KIMB 000	(Restated)
Profit for the year	414,480	514,292
Other comprehensive income/(expense):		
Currency translation differences	(2,412)	(16,820)
Fair value gain/(loss) on available-for-sale		
financial assets, net of tax	2,557	(65,947)
Other comprehensive income/(expense)		
for the year, net of tax	145	(82,767)
Total comprehensive income for the year	414,625	431,525
Attributable to:		
Owners of the Company	349,724	361,882
Non-controlling interests	64,901	69,643
Total comprehensive income for the year	414,625	431,525

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

As at 31 December 2012

		2012	2011	2010
	Note	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
			(Restated)	(Restated)
Non-current assets				
Property, plant and equipment	15	2,414,122	2,168,402	1,920,889
Investment properties	16	32,511	33,861	35,302
Prepaid operating leases	17	757,715	695,853	208,385
Intangible assets	18	63,685	61,631	
Interests in associates	20	7,810	19,815	20,449
Available-for-sale financial assets	21	159,450	179,350	289,465
Loan receivables	22	45,653	34,302	44,858
Deferred income tax assets	36	64,585	46,667	38,825
Total non-current assets		3,545,531	3,239,881	2,558,173
Current assets				
Inventories	23	1,363,535	1,195,451	1,426,598
Trade and bill receivables	24	2,268,990	2,445,949	1,595,045
Available-for-sale financial assets	21	_	23,360	_
Loan receivables	22	839,171	631,793	478,481
Prepayments, deposits and other receivables	25	736,631	612,408	782,170
Income tax recoverable		8,621	6,251	3,251
Financial assets at fair value				
through profit or loss	26	306,801	77,398	251,994
Held-to-maturity financial assets	27	52,090	_	1,000
Placements with banks and				
non-bank financial institutions		_	_	350,000
Pledged bank deposits	28	132,693	145,748	209,389
Cash and cash equivalents	28	1,825,339	1,394,695	1,183,559
Total current assets		7,533,871	6,533,053	6,281,487

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (continued)

As at 31 December 2012

Note	RMB'000	<i>RMB'000</i> (Restated)	<i>RMB'000</i> (Restated)
		(Restated)	(Restated)
29	2,548,365	2,344,853	2,146,089
30	821,184	810,139	989,545
31	1,110,287	1,058,420	472,167
	_	_	99,500
32	360,000	200,000	100,000
33	451,241	969,468	425,726
	30,297	37,885	29,850
34	40,535	43,839	69,405
	5,361,909	5,464,604	4,332,282
	2,171,962	1,068,449	1,949,205
	5,717,493	4,308,330	4,507,378
33	617,500	186,000	600,000
35	161,440	111,728	106,748
36	15,209	15,130	27,062
34	31,460	43,004	77,348
	825,609	355,862	811,158
	4,891,884	3,952,468	3,696,220
	30 31 32 33 34 34 33 35 36	30 821,184 31 1,110,287 32 360,000 33 451,241 30,297 34 34 40,535 5,361,909 2,171,962 5,717,493 5,717,493 33 617,500 35 161,440 36 15,209 34 31,460	30 821,184 810,139 31 1,110,287 1,058,420 32 360,000 200,000 33 451,241 969,468 30,297 37,885 34 40,535 43,839 5,361,909 5,464,604 - 2,171,962 1,068,449 - 33 617,500 186,000 35 161,440 111,728 36 15,209 15,130 34 31,460 43,004

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (continued)

As at 31 December 2012

		2012	2011	2010
	Note	RMB'000	RMB'000	<i>RMB'000</i>
			(Restated)	(Restated)
Equity				
Attributable to owners of the Company				
Share capital	37	995,900	845,900	845,900
Reserves	38(a)	3,270,906	2,568,669	2,316,541
Proposed final dividend	13	99,590		67,672
		4,366,396	3,414,569	3,230,113
Non-controlling interests		525,488	537,899	466,107
Total equity		4,891,884	3,952,468	3,696,220

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

Approved by the board of directors on 27 March 2013.

Zhao Yanshui Director Liu Jiguo Director

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

	_				A	ttributable t	o owners of	the Compar	ıy					
								Available-						
							General	for-sale						
					Statutory	General	and	financial			Proposed		Non-	
		Issued	Share	Capital	surplus	surplus	statutory	assets	Exchange	Retained	final		controlling	Total
		capital	premium	reserve	reserve	reserve	fund	reserve	reserve	earnings	dividend	Total	interests	equity
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
	Note	Note 37	Note 38(a)	Note 38(a)	Note 38(a)	Note 38(a)	Note 38(a)							
Balance at 1 January 2011														
As previously reported		845,900	1,539,938	(2,261)	159,510	64,744	5,868	63,593	(10,337)	417,153	67,672	3,151,780	392,248	3,544,028
Business combination under														
common control	2.1(a)			15,417	8,056					54,860		78,333	73,859	152,192
As restated		845,900	1,539,938	13,156	167,566	64,744	5,868	63,593	(10,337)	472,013	67,672	3,230,113	466,107	3,696,220
Comprehensive income														
Profit for the year		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	440,051	-	440,051	74,241	514,292
Other comprehensive														
expense														
Currency translation differences		-	-	-	-	-	_	-	(15,097)	-	-	(15,097)	(1,723)	(16,820)
Fair value loss on available-for-														
sale financial assets,														
net of tax								(63,072)				(63,072)	(2,875)	(65,947)
Total other comprehensive														
expense, net of tax								(63,072)	(15,097)			(78,169)	(4,598)	(82,767)
Total comprehensive														
(expense)/income for														
the year		_	_	_	_	_	_	(63,072)	(15,097)	440,051	_	361,882	69,643	431,525

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY (continued)

					A	ttributable t	o owners of	the Compa	ny				_	
								Available-						
							General	for-sale						
					Statutory	General	and	financial			Proposed		Non-	
		Issued	Share	Capital	surplus	surplus	statutory	assets	Exchange	Retained	final		controlling	Total
		capital	premium	reserve	reserve	reserve	fund	reserve	reserve	earnings	dividend	Total	interests	equity
	Note	RMB'000 Note 37	RMB'000 Note 38(a)	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000				
Contributions by and														
distributions to owners														
of the Company														
recognised directly														
in equity														
Acquisition of additional interest in subsidiaries	39(b)			(5,384)								/E 20/	1 227	(1.047)
Business combination under	29(D)	_	_	(3,304)	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	(5,384)	4,337	(1,047)
common control	41(b)			(90,606)								(90,606)		(90,606)
Contribution from non-	41(0)			(30,000)								(30,000)		(30,000)
controlling interest of a														
subsidiary		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	6,600	6,600
Disposal of part interests in													0,000	0,000
subsidiaries to non-														
controlling shareholders		_	_	2,732	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	2,732	23,268	26,000
Dividends paid to non-				_,								-1	,	
controlling shareholders of														
a subsidiary		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	(22,256)	(22,256)
Dividends paid to former														
shareholders of a subsidiary														
related to business														
combination under														
common control		_	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	(16,496)	_	(16,496)	_	(16,496)
Deregistration of a subsidiary		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(9,800)	(9,800)
Final 2010 dividend declared		_	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	(67,672)	(67,672)	_	(67,672)
Transfers from/(to) reserves	38(a)				27,472		423			(27,895)				
Total contributions by and distributions to owners														
of the Company recognised directly in														
equity				(93,258)	27,472		423			(44,391)	(67,672)	(177,426)	2,149	(175,277)
Balance at 31 December 2011 (Restated)		845,900	1,539,938*	(80,102)*	195,038*	64,744*	6,291*	521*	(25,434)*	867,673*	_	3,414,569	537,899	3,952,468

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY (continued)

	_				A	ttributable t	o owners of	the Compa	ny				_	
								Available-						
							General	for-sale						
					Statutory	General	and	financial			Proposed		Non-	
		Issued	Share	Capital	surplus	surplus	statutory	assets	Exchange	Retained	final		controlling	Total
		capital	premium	reserve	reserve	reserve	fund	reserve	reserve	earnings	dividend	Total	interests	equity
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
	Note	Note 37	Note 38(a)	Note 38(a)	Note 38(a)	Note 38(a)	Note 38(a)							
Balance at 1 January 2012														
As previously reported		845,900	1,539,938	(95,519)	186,982	64,744	6,291	521	(25,434)	800,077	-	3,323,500	452,088	3,775,588
Business combination under														
common control	2.1(a)			15,417	8,056					67,596		91,069	85,811	176,880
As restated		845,900	1,539,938	(80,102)	195,038	64,744	6,291	521	(25,434)	867,673		3,414,569	537,899	3,952,468
Comprehensive income														
Profit for the year		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	349,058	-	349,058	65,422	414,480
Other comprehensive														
income/(expense)														
Currency translation differences		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(2,010)	-	-	(2,010)	(402)	(2,412
Fair value gain/(loss) on														
available-for-sale financial														
assets, net of tax								2,676				2,676	(119)	2,557
Total other comprehensive														
income/(expense),														
net of tax								2,676	(2,010)			666	(521)	145
Total comprehensive income/														
(expense) for the year		_	_	_	_	_	_	2,676	(2,010)	349,058	_	349,724	64,901	414,625

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY (continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2012

					A	ttributable t	o owners of	the Compar	ıy					
					Statutory	General	General and	Available- for-sale financial			Proposed		Non-	
	Note	Issued capital RMB'000 Note 37	Share premium RMB'000 Note 38(a)	Capital reserve RMB'000 Note 38(a)	surplus reserve RMB'000 Note 38(a)	surplus reserve RMB'000 Note 38(a)	statutory fund RMB'000 Note 38(a)	assets reserve RMB'000	Exchange reserve RMB'000	Retained earnings RMB'000	final dividend RMB'000	Total RMB'000	controlling interests RMB'000	Total equity RMB'000
	NOLE	Note 57	NULE JU(a)	NULE JO(d)	1016 20(8)	11010 J0(a)	NOLE 20(a)							
Contributions by and distributions to owners														
of the Company recognised directly in														
equity Acquisition of additional														
interests in subsidiaries	39(a)	_	_	86,143	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	86,143	(90,767)	(4,624)
Business combination under	. ,												,	
common control	41(a)	-	_	(98,511)	_	-	-	_	_	_	-	(98,511)	_	(98,511)
Contribution from non-														
controlling interest of a														
subsidiary		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	91,840	91,840
Dividends paid to non- controlling shareholders of a														
subsidiary		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(78,385)	(78,385)
Dividends paid to former shareholders of a subsidiary related to business combination under common														
control										(159,262)		(159,262)		(159,262)
Proposal final 2012 dividend	13	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	(99,590)	99,590	(155,202)	_	(135,202)
Issue of shares	IJ	150,000	623,733	_	_	_	_	_	_	(33,330)		773,733	_	773,733
Transfers from/(to) reserves	38(a)				43,096		279			(43,375)				
Total contributions by and distributions to owners of the Company														
recognised directly in equity		150,000	623,733	(12,368)	43,096	_	279	_	_	(302,227)	99,590	602,103	(77,312)	524,791
Balance at		005 000	2 4 C2 C74 ±	(02.470)+	220 424+	<i></i>	6 F76±	3 407÷	(27 44.5.4	044 504+		4 200 200	F3F 400	4 004 003
31 December 2012		995,900	2,163,671*	(92,470)*	238,134*	64,744*	6,570*	3,197*	(27,444)*	914,504*	99,590	4,366,396	525,488	4,891,884

* These reserve accounts comprise the consolidated reserves of approximately RMB3,270,906,000 (2011: approximately RMB2,568,669,000).

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

		2012	2011
	Note	RMB'000	RMB'000
			(Restated)
Operating activities			
Profit before income tax		485,181	599,229
Adjustments for:			
Finance costs	7	62,733	54,162
Share of profits of associates		(1,629)	(2,099)
Bank interest income	6, 8	(5,898)	(5,312)
Loss/(gain) on disposal of property,			
plant and equipment, net	6, 8	780	(4,827)
Gain on bargain purchase	6, 8, 40(b)	_	(2,693)
Depreciation of:-			
Property, plant and equipment	8, 15	172,728	136,593
Investment properties	8, 16	1,350	1,441
Amortisation of:-			
Prepaid operating leases	8, 17	17,036	8,748
Intangible assets	8, 18	8	11
Dividend income from listed investments	6, 8	(2,510)	(1,831)
Dividend income from unlisted investments	6, 8	(30,672)	(7,710)
Gain on disposal of available-for-sale			
financial assets, net	6, 8	(4,236)	(35,973)
Gain on disposal of financial assets			
at fair value through profit or loss, net	6, 8	(11,827)	(8,790)
Provision for impairment of loan receivables, net	8, 22	2,409	2,954
Provision for/(reversal of) impairment			
of inventories, net	8, 23	12,650	(6,526)
(Reversal of)/provision for impairment of			
trade receivables, net	8, 24	(5,212)	219
Provision for impairment of other receivables, net	8, 25	6,020	1,433
Recognition of government grants	6, 35	(34,152)	(10,689)
Fair value (gain)/loss on financial assets			
at fair value through profit or loss, net	6, 8	(3,460)	11,769
Fair value gain on remeasurement of			
interests in associates	6, 8	(938)	(123)
Operating cash flows before changes			
in working capital		660,361	729,986

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (continued)

	2012	2011
	RMB'000	RMB'000
		(Restated)
(Increase)/decrease in inventories	(176,332)	245,498
Decrease/(increase) in trade and bill receivables	189,859	(846,539)
Increase in loan receivables	(221,138)	(145,710)
(Increase)/decrease in prepayments,		
deposits and other receivables	(129,348)	165,147
(Increase)/decrease in financial assets		
at fair value through profit or loss	(214,116)	171,617
Decrease in placements with bank and		
non-bank financial institutions	_	350,000
Increase in mandatory reserve deposits		
with the People's Bank of China	(938)	(12,298)
Increase in trade and bill payables	197,889	193,486
Increase/(decrease) in other payables and accruals	136,301	(329,571)
Increase in customer deposits	51,867	586,253
Decrease in repurchase agreements	_	(99,500)
Increase in placements from bank and		
non-bank financial institutions	160,000	100,000
Increase/(decrease) in bills discounted payables	8,253	(251,781)
Decrease in provisions	(14,848)	(59,910)
Cash generated from operations	647,810	796,678
Interest received	5,898	5,312
Income tax paid	(98,575)	(82,506)
Net cash generated from operating activities	555,133	719,484

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (continued)

		2012	2011
	Note	RMB'000	RMB'000
			(Restated)
Investing activities			
Dividend received from listed investments	6, 8	2,510	1,831
Dividend received from unlisted investments	6, 8	30,672	7,710
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	15	(442,337)	(433,672)
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment		6,380	18,926
Purchase of prepaid operating leases	17	(76,143)	(298,312)
Purchase of intangible assets	18	(1,984)	(61,642)
Purchase of available-for-sale financial assets	10	(1,984)	(31,144)
Proceeds from disposal of available-for-sale		(980)	(31,144)
financial assets		E1 110	71 150
		51,112 (52,090)	(212,200)
Purchase of held-to-maturity financial assets Receipt from the maturity of held-to-maturity		(52,090)	(312,290)
financial assets			
	25		316,757
Receipt of government grants	35	83,864	15,669
Dividends paid to former shareholders of			
a deregistered subsidiary			(9,800)
Dividend received from associates		729	602
Proceeds from disposal of part interests			<i>(</i>)
in subsidiaries to non- controlling shareholders		—	(2,732)
Business combination of acquisition of			
a subsidiary under common control	41, 2.1(a)	(329,055)	(90,559)
Acquisition of additional interest in a subsidiary	39	(4,624)	(1,047)
Acquisition of subsidiaries	40	(15,523)	(1,726)
Net cash used in investing activities		(747,469)	(810,277)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2012

	Note	2012 <i>RMB'000</i>	2011 <i>RMB'000</i>
			(Restated)
Financing activities			
Interest paid		(82,661)	(54,774)
Proceeds from borrowings		1,383,366	1,986,860
Repayments of borrowings		(1,482,497)	(1,600,542)
Contributions from non-controlling			
shareholders of subsidiaries		91,840	6,600
Proceeds from issue of shares	37	810,000	—
Shares issue expenses		(36,267)	—
Dividends paid to shareholders of the Company			(67,672)
Dividends paid to non-controlling shareholders		(54,085)	(22,256)
Dividends paid to former shareholders of business			
combinations under common control		(21,859)	(16,496)
Net cash generated from financing activities		607,837	231,720
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		415,501	140,927
Effect of exchange rate changes, net		1,150	(5,730)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		1,374,838	1,239,641
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	28	1,791,489	1,374,838

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

As at 31 December 2012

		2012	2011
	Note	RMB'000	RMB'000
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	15	1,375,737	1,312,169
Prepaid operating leases	17	441,205	451,000
Intangible assets	18	59,526	57,542
Interests in subsidiaries	19	2,093,672	1,464,811
Interests in associates	20	_	12,000
Available-for-sale financial assets	21	45,852	40,824
Deferred income tax assets	36	6,790	9,033
Total non-current assets		4,022,782	3,347,379
Current assets			
Inventories	23	343,290	441,013
Trade and bill receivables	24	1,712,762	1,673,740
Available-for-sale financial assets	21	_	23,360
Prepayments, deposits and other receivables	25	517,974	364,435
Loans to subsidiaries	19	107,000	100,000
Deposits placed with a subsidiary	19	548,484	575,245
Pledged bank deposits	28	87,256	97,100
Cash and cash equivalents	28	411,815	50,081
Total current assets		3,728,581	3,324,974

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (continued)

As at 31 December 2012

		2012	2011
	Note	RMB'000	RMB'000
Current liabilities			
Trade and bill payables	29	1,647,550	1,680,510
Other payables and accruals	30	194,908	365,577
Borrowings	33	886,041	1,278,467
Current income tax liabilities		18,815	24,109
Provisions	34	20,258	18,413
Total current liabilities	-	2,767,572	3,367,076
Net current assets/(liabilities)	-	961,009	(42,102)
Total assets less current liabilities	-	4,983,791	3,305,277
Non-current liabilities			
Borrowings	33	617,500	186,000
Deferred income	35	140,932	91,016
Deferred income tax liabilities	36	4,169	3,562
Provisions	34 _	24,080	36,715
Total non-current liabilities	-	786,681	317,293
Net assets	-	4,197,110	2,987,984
Equity			
Share capital	37	995,900	845,900
Reserves	38(b)	3,101,620	2,142,084
Proposed final dividend	13	99,590	
Total equity	_	4,197,110	2,987,984

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

Approved by the board of directors on 27 March 2013.

Zhao Yanshui

Liu Jiguo Director

Director

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 December 2012

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

First Tractor Company Limited (the "Company") is a joint stock limited liability company established in the People's Republic of China (the "PRC") with its shares listed on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "SEHK") and the Shanghai Stock Exchange (the "SSE") from 23 June 1997 and 8 August 2012, respectively. The registered office and principal place of business of the Company is located at 154 Jian She Road, Luoyang, Henan Province, the PRC.

The Company is engaged in investment holding, manufacture and sale of agricultural machinery. The principal activities of its subsidiaries are set out in Note 19. Hereinafter, the Company and its subsidiaries are collectively referred to as the "Group". During the year, the Group is engaged in the following principal activities, mainly in the PRC:

- manufacture and sale of agricultural machinery
- manufacture and sale of power machinery
- manufacture and sale of other machinery, including forklifts and mining trucks
- provision of loans, bills discounting and deposit-taking services

In the opinion of the directors of the Company (the "Directors"), the immediate holding company is YTO Group Corporation Limited (the "Holding Company") and the ultimate holding company is China National Machinery Industry Corporation (the "Parent"), both of which are established in the PRC.

The consolidated financial statements are presented in Renminbi ("RMB"), which is also the functional currency of the Group, and all values are rounded to the nearest thousand unless otherwise stated. The consolidated financial statements have been approved for issue by the Board of Directors on 27 March 2013.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

2.1 Basis of preparation

The consolidated financial statements of the Group have been prepared in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") (which include all Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards, Hong Kong Accounting Standards ("HKASs") and Interpretations) issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA"), accounting principles generally accepted in Hong Kong and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance. The consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, as modified by the revaluation of certain available-for-sale financial assets, and financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, which are carried at fair value.

The preparation of the consolidated financial statements in conformity with HKFRSs requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgment in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgment or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the consolidated financial statements are disclosed in Note 4.

(a) Business Combination under Common Control

In accordance with the Equity Transfer agreements entered into between the Company and the Holding Company on 14 November 2012, the Company acquired a 100% equity interest in YTO (Luoyang) Flag Auto-Body Co., Ltd. ("YTO Flag") and YTO (Luoyang) Drive Axle Co., Ltd. ("YTO Axle") from the Holding Company for considerations of approximately RMB158,789,000 and approximately RMB224,618,000, respectively. The acquisitions of YTO Flag and YTO Axle were completed on 31 December 2012 and have been accounted for as combination of businesses under common control since the Directors consider that the companies, YTO Flag and YTO Axle are under common control of the Holding Company. As at 31 December 2011, the Holding Company held 51.39% of the equity interest and subsequently acquired an additional 48.61% equity interest on 31 July 2012 in YTO Flag. Upon the completion of this further acquisition, YTO Flag became a wholly owned subsidiary of the Holding Company. Please refer to Note 39(a)(iii) for details.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.1 Basis of preparation (Continued)

(a) Business Combination under Common Control (Continued)

The aforementioned acquisitions of subsidiaries from the Holding Company have been accounted for using the principles of merger accounting, as prescribed in Hong Kong Accounting Guideline 5 "Merger Accounting for Common Control Combinations" issued by the HKICPA. As a result, the consolidated income statement, consolidated statement of comprehensive income, consolidated statement of changes in equity and consolidated statement of cash flows for the prior years have been restated to include the operating results and cash flows of YTO Flag and YTO Axle. The consolidated statements of financial position as at 31 December 2011 and at 1 January 2011 have been restated to include the assets and liabilities of YTO Flag and YTO Axle. Respective notes to the consolidated financial statements have also been restated. All significant intra-group transactions, balances, income and expenses are eliminated on combination. The impact of the restatements is set out below in Note 41.

(b) Changes in accounting policy and disclosure

New and amended standards adopted by the Group:

In the current year, the Group has applied the following new and revised HKFRSs, Amendments to HKFRSs and Interpretations issued by the HKICPA (the "new and revised HKFRSs").

HKFRS 1 (Amendments)	Limited Exemption from Comparative HKFRS 7
	Disclosures for First-time Adopters
HKFRS 7 (Amendments)	Disclosures — Transfers of Financial Assets
HKAS 12 (Amendments)	Deferred Tax: Recovery of Underlying Assets

The adoption of these new and revised standards and amendments has no significant impact on the Group's financial statements.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.1 Basis of preparation (Continued)

(b) Changes in accounting policy and disclosure (*Continued*)

The Group has not early applied the following new standards, amendments and interpretations to standards that have been issued but are yet effective for the financial year beginning after 1 January 2012, which are relevant to the Group:

HKAS 1 (Amendments)	Presentation of Items of Other Comprehensive Income
HKAS 19 (as revised in 2011)	Employee Benefits ²
HKAS 27 (as revised in 2011)	Separate Financial Statements ²
HKAS 28 (as revised in 2011)	Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures ²
HKAS 32 (Amendments)	Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities ³
HKFRSs (Amendments)	Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2009 - 2011 Cycle,
	except for the amendments HKAS 12
HKFRS 1 (Amendments)	Government Loans ²
HKFRS 7 (Amendments)	Disclosures - Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities ²
HKFRS 7 and	Mandatory Effective Date of HKFRS 9 and
HKFRS 9 (Amendments)	Transition Disclosures ⁴
HKFRS 9	Financial Instruments ⁴
HKFRS 10	Consolidated Financial Statements ²
HKFRS 11	Joint Arrangements ²
HKFRS 12	Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities ²
HKFRS 13	Fair Value Measurement ²
HKFRS 10, HKFRS 11 and	Consolidated Financial Statements, Joint
HKFRS 12 (Amendments)	Arrangements and Disclosures of Interests in Other Entities: Transition Guidance ²
HKFRS 10, HKFRS 12 and HKAS 27	Investment Entities ³

- ¹ Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2012
- ² Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013
- ³ Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2014
- ⁴ Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2015

The Group is assessing of the impact of these amendments, new standards and interpretations in the period of initial application, but is not yet in a position to state whether these amendments, new standards and interpretations would have a significant impact on the Group's results of operations and financial position.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.2 Consolidation

(a) Business combination

(i) Merger accounting for common control combinations

The consolidated financial statements of the Group has been accounted for as a combination of business under common control by applying the principles of merger accounting in accordance with Accounting Guideline 5 Merger Accounting for Common Control Combinations issued by the HKICPA. In applying merger accounting, financial statement items of the combining entities or businesses for the reporting period are presented in the year in which the common control combination occurs as if the combination had occurred from the date when the combining entities or businesses first came under the control of the controlling party. Accordingly, the consolidated financial statements of the Group have been prepared as if the acquired companies have always been subsidiaries of the Group.

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the combining entities or businesses in which the common control combination occurs as if they had been combined from the date when the combining entities or businesses first came under the control of the controlling party. The net assets of the combining entities or businesses are combined using the existing book values from the controlling parties' perspective. No amount is recognised for goodwill or excess of acquirers' interest in the net fair value of the acquiree's identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities over cost at the time of common control combination, to the extent of the continuation of the controlling party's interest.

The consolidated statement of comprehensive income includes the results of each of the combining entities or businesses from the earliest date presented or since the date when the combining entities or businesses first came under common control, where there is a shorter period, regardless of the date of the common control combination.

The comparative amounts in the consolidated financial statements are presented as if the entities or businesses had been combined at the end of the previous reporting dates or when they first came under common control, whichever is shorter.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.2 Consolidation (Continued)

(a) Business combination (Continued)

(i) Merger accounting for common control combinations (Continued)

Transaction costs, including professional fees, registration fees, costs of furnishing information to shareholders, costs or losses incurred in combining operations of the previously separate businesses incurred in relation to the common control combination that are to be accounted for by using merger accounting are recognised as expenses in the year in which they were incurred.

(ii) Purchase method of accounting for non-common control combinations

The purchase method of accounting is used to account for the acquisition of subsidiaries by the Group, other than the common control combinations (Note 2.2(a)(i)). The cost of an acquisition is measured as the fair value of the assets given, equity instruments issued and liabilities incurred or assumed at the date of exchange, plus costs directly attributable to the acquisition. Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination are measured initially at their fair values at the acquisition date, irrespective of the extent of any minority interest. The excess of the cost of acquisition over the fair value of the Group's share of the identifiable net assets acquired is recorded as goodwill. If the cost of acquisition is less than the fair value of the net assets of the subsidiary acquired, the difference is recognised directly in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

(b) Subsidiaries

Subsidiaries are all entities (including special purpose entities) over which the Group has the power to govern the financial and operating policies generally accompanying a shareholding of more than one half of the voting rights. The existence and effect of potential voting rights that are currently exercisable or convertible are considered when assessing whether the Group controls another entity. The Group also assesses existence of control where it does not have more than 50% of the voting power but is able to govern the financial and operating policies by virtue of de-facto control.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.2 Consolidation (Continued)

(b) Subsidiaries (Continued)

De-facto control may arise from circumstances where it does not have more than 50% of the voting power but is able to govern the financial and operating policies by virtue of de-facto control.

Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group. They are de-consolidated from the date that control ceases.

Under common control, the profit or loss arising from the disposal of subsidiaries to the party of common control will be recognised in the statement of comprehensive income if the consideration is assessed to be on fair value terms. Otherwise, if the consideration is assessed not to be on fair value terms, such profit or loss derived will be recognised in the capital reserve.

For common control combinations, the cost of investment is either the cash consideration amount (for cash-settled transaction) or the amount of the net asset value of the subsidiary acquired at date of completion (for share-settled transaction). For non-common control combinations, the cost of investment is the amount of the fair value of the consideration for the subsidiary acquired at date of completion.

Acquisition-related costs are expensed as incurred.

If the business combination is achieved in stages, the acquisition date fair value of the acquirer's previously held equity interest in the acquiree is remeasured to fair value at the acquisition date through profit or loss.

Any contingent consideration to be transferred by the Group is recognised at fair value at the acquisition date. Subsequent changes to the fair value of the contingent consideration that is deemed to be an asset or liability is recognised in accordance with HKAS 39 either in profit or loss or as a change to other comprehensive income. Contingent consideration that is classified as equity is not remeasured, and its subsequent settlement is accounted for within equity.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.2 Consolidation (Continued)

(b) Subsidiaries (Continued)

Inter-company transactions, balances, income and expenses on transactions between group companies are eliminated. Profits and losses resulting from inter-company transactions that are recognised in assets are also eliminated. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

In the Company's statement of financial position the investments in subsidiaries are stated at cost less impairment (Note 2.10). The results of subsidiaries are accounted for by the Company on the basis of dividends received and receivable.

Impairment testing of the investments in subsidiaries is required upon receiving dividends from these investments if the dividend exceeds the total comprehensive income of the subsidiary in the period the dividend is declared or if the carrying amount of the investment in the separate financial statements exceeds the carrying amount in the consolidated financial statements of the investee's net assets including goodwill.

(c) Transactions with non-controlling interests

(i) Changes in ownership interests in subsidiaries without change of control

Transactions with non-controlling interests that do not result in loss of control are accounted for as equity transactions — that is, as transactions with the owners in their capacity as owners. The difference between fair value of any consideration paid and the relevant share of the carrying value of net assets of the subsidiary acquired is recorded in equity. Gains or losses on disposals to non-controlling interests are also recorded in equity.

(ii) Disposal of subsidiaries

When the Group ceases to have control, any retained interest in the entity is remeasured to its fair value at the date when control is lost, with the change in carrying amount recognised in profit or loss. The fair value is the initial carrying amount for the purposes of subsequently accounting for the retained interest as an associate, joint venture or financial asset. In addition, any amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in respect of that entity are accounted for as if the Group had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities. This may mean that amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income are reclassified to profit or loss.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.2 Consolidation (Continued)

(d) Associates

Associates are all entities over which the Group has significant influence but not control, generally accompanying a shareholding of between 20% and 50% of the voting rights. Investments in associates are accounted for using the equity method of accounting. Under the equity method, the investment is initially recognised at cost, and the carrying amount is increased or decreased to recognise the investor's share of the profit or loss of the investee after the date of acquisition. The Group's investment in associates includes goodwill identified on acquisition.

If the ownership interest in an associate is reduced but significant influence is retained, only a proportionate share of the amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income is reclassified to profit or loss where appropriate.

The Group's share of post-acquisition profit or loss is recognised in the income statement, and its share of post-acquisition movements in other comprehensive income is recognised in other comprehensive income with a corresponding adjustment to the carrying amount of the investment. When the Group's share of losses in an associate equals or exceeds its interest in the associate, including any other unsecured receivables, the Group does not recognise further losses, unless it has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of the associate.

The Group determines at each reporting date whether there is any objective evidence that the investment in the associate is impaired. If this is the case, the Group calculates the amount of impairment as the difference between the recoverable amount of the associate and its carrying value and recognises the amount adjacent to 'share of profit/(loss) of an associate' in the income statement.

Profits and losses resulting from upstream and downstream transactions between the Group and its associate are recognised in the Group's financial statements only to the extent of unrelated investor's interests in the associates. Unrealised losses are eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred. Accounting policies of associates have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

Dilution gains and losses arising in investments in associates are recognised in the income statement.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.3 Segment reporting

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision-maker. The chief operating decision-maker, who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments, has been identified as the steering committee that makes strategic decisions.

2.4 Foreign currency translation

(a) Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates ("the functional currency"). The consolidated financial statements are presented in Renminbi ("RMB"), which is the Company's functional, and the Group's presentation, currency.

(b) Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions or valuation where items are re-measured. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at year-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the income statement, except when deferred in equity as qualifying cash flow hedges and qualifying net investment hedges.

All foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in the consolidated income statement within 'Other operating expenses'.

Changes in the fair value of monetary securities denominated in foreign currency classified as available for sale are analysed between translation differences resulting from changes in the amortised cost of the security and other changes in the carrying amount of the security. Translation differences related to changes in amortised cost are recognised in profit or loss, and other changes in carrying amount are recognised in other comprehensive income.

Translation differences on monetary financial assets and liabilities such as equities held at fair value through profit or loss are recognised in profit or loss as part of the fair value gain or loss. Translation differences on non-monetary financial assets such as available-for-sale financial assets are included in other comprehensive income.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.4 Foreign currency translation (Continued)

(c) Group companies

The results and financial position of all the Group entities (none of which has the currency of a hyperinflationary economy) that have a functional currency different from the presentation currency are translated into the presentation currency as follows:

- (i) assets and liabilities for each statement of financial position presented are translated at the closing rate at the date of that statement of financial position;
- (ii) income and expenses for each income statement are translated at average exchange rates (unless this average is not a reasonable approximation of the cumulative effect of the rates prevailing on the transaction dates, in which case income and expenses are translated at the rate on the dates of the transactions); and
- (iii) all resulting exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income.

On consolidation, exchange differences arising from the translation of the net investment in foreign operations, and of borrowings and other currency instruments designated as hedges of such investments, are taken to other comprehensive income. When a foreign operation is partially disposed of or sold, exchange differences that were recorded in equity are recognised in the income statement as part of the gain or loss on sale.

Goodwill and fair value adjustments arising on the acquisition of a foreign entity are treated as assets and liabilities of the foreign entity and translated at the closing rate. Exchange differences arising are recognised in other comprehensive income.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.5 Property, plant and equipment and depreciation

Property, plant and equipment, other than construction in progress, are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and any impairment losses. The cost of an item of property, plant and equipment comprises its purchase price and any directly attributable costs of bringing the asset to its working condition and location for its intended use. Expenditure incurred after items of property, plant and equipment have been put into operation, such as repairs and maintenance, is normally charged to the income statement in the period in which it is incurred. In situations where the recognition criteria are satisfied, the expenditure for a major inspection is capitalised in the carrying amount of the asset as replacement. Where significant parts of property, plant and equipment are required to be replaced at intervals, the Group recognises such parts as individual assets with specific useful lives and depreciation.

Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line basis to write off the cost of each item of property, plant and equipment to its residual value over its estimated useful life. The principal annual rates used for this purpose are as follows:

Freehold land	Not depreciated
Buildings	8–30 years
Plant, machinery and equipment	6–16 years
Transportation vehicles and equipment	6–12 years

Where parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, the cost of that item is allocated on a reasonable basis among the parts and each part is depreciated separately.

Residual values, useful lives and depreciation method are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period.

An asset's carrying amount is immediately written down to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount (Note 2.10).

An item of property, plant and the equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss on disposal or retirement recognised in the income statement in the year the asset is derecognised is the difference between the net sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the relevant asset.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.5 Property, plant and equipment and depreciation (Continued)

Construction in progress represents factory buildings and other property, plant and equipment under construction, which is stated at cost less any impairment losses, and is not depreciated. Cost comprises the direct costs of construction and capitalised borrowing costs on related borrowed funds during the period of construction. Construction in progress is reclassified to the appropriate category of property, plant and equipment when completed and ready for use.

2.6 Prepaid operating leases

Upfront prepayments made for the prepaid lease payments and leasehold land are initially recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position as prepaid operating leases and are expensed in the consolidated income statement on a straight line basis over the periods of the respective leases.

2.7 Intangible assets

(a) Trademarks and licenses

Separately acquired trademarks and licenses are shown at historical cost. Trademarks and licenses acquired in a business combination are recognized at fair value at the acquisition date. Trademarks and licenses have an indefinite useful life and is thus not subject to amortization. Trademarks and licenses are tested at least annually for impairment and are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable.

An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount.

(b) Other intangible assets

Other intangible assets acquired are initially recognised at cost and are amortised on a straight-line method over their useful lives.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.8 Investment properties

Investment properties are interests in land and buildings held to earn rental income and/or for capital appreciation, rather than for use in the production or supply of goods or services or for administrative purposes; or for sale in the ordinary course of business. Such proprieties are stated at cost less depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses.

Depreciation is provided to write off the cost of the investment properties over their estimated useful lives after taking into account their estimated residual value, using the straight line method.

An investment property is derecognised upon disposal or when the investment property is permanently withdrawn from use or no future economic benefits are expected from its disposal. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the asset (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset) is included in the consolidated income statement in the year in which the item is derecognised.

2.9 Research and development costs

All research costs are charged to the consolidated income statement as incurred.

Expenditure incurred on projects to develop new products is capitalised and deferred only when the Group can demonstrate the technical feasibility of completing the intangible asset so that it will be available for use or sale, its intention to complete and its ability to use or sell the asset, how the asset will generate future economic benefits, the availability of resources to complete the project and the ability to measure reliably the expenditure during the development. Product development expenditure which does not meet these criteria is expensed when incurred.

Deferred development costs are stated at cost less any impairment losses and are amortised using the straight-line basis over the commercial lives of the underlying products not exceeding five years, commencing from the date when the products are put into commercial production.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.10 Impairment of investments in subsidiaries, associates and non-financial assets

Assets that have an indefinite useful life, for example intangible assets, are not subject to amortisation and are tested annually for impairment. Assets that are subject to amortisation are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use. For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash flows (cash-generating units). Non-financial assets other than goodwill that suffered impairments are reviewed for possible reversal of the impairment at each of the end of reporting period.

Impairment testing of the investments in subsidiaries or associates is required upon receiving dividends from these investments if the dividends exceed the total comprehensive income of the subsidiary or associate in the period the dividends are declared or if the carrying amount of the investment in the separate financial statements exceeds the carrying amount in the consolidated financial statements of the investee's net assets including goodwill.

2.11 Financial assets

(a) Categorisation

The Group classifies its financial assets in the following categories: at fair value through profit or loss, loans and receivables, held-to-maturity financial assets and available for sale financial assets. The classification depends on the purpose for which the financial assets were acquired. Management determines the classification of its financial instruments at initial recognition.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.11 Financial assets (Continued)

(a) Categorisation (*Continued*)

(i) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss include those classified as held for trading and those designated at fair value through profit or loss.

A financial asset is classified as held for trading if it is: (i) acquired or incurred principally for the purpose of selling or repurchasing it in the near term; (ii) part of a portfolio of identified financial instruments that are managed together and for which there is evidence of a recent actual pattern of short-term profit-taking; or (iii) a derivative (except for a derivative that is a designated and effective hedging instrument or a financial guarantee contract).

Financial assets are designated at fair value through profit or loss upon initial recognition when: (i) the financial assets are managed, evaluated and reported internally on a fair value basis; (ii) the designation eliminates or significantly reduces an accounting mismatch in the gain and loss recognition arising from the difference in measurement basis of the financial assets or financial liabilities; or (iii) if a contract contains one or more embedded derivatives, an entity may designate the entire hybrid (combined) contract as a financial asset or financial liability at fair value through profit or loss unless: the embedded derivative(s) does not significantly modify the cash flows that otherwise would be required by the contract; or it is clear with little or no analysis when a similar hybrid (combined) instrument is first considered that separation of the embedded derivative(s) is prohibited.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.11 Financial assets (Continued)

(a) Categorisation (Continued)

(ii) Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. They are included in current assets, except for maturities greater than 12 months after the end of the reporting period. These are classified as non-current assets. The Group's loans and receivables comprise 'trade and bill receivables', 'loan receivables', 'prepayments, deposits and other receivables', 'placements with banks and non-bank financial institutions', 'pledged bank deposits' and 'cash and cash equivalents' in the statement of financial position.

Discounted bills are granted by the Group to its customers based on the bank acceptance held which has not matured. Discounted bills are carried at face value less unrealised interest income and the interest income of the discounted bills is recognised using the effective interest method.

(iii) Held-to-maturity financial assets

Non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments and fixed maturity are classified as held to maturity when the Group has the positive intention and ability to hold to maturity. Held-to-maturity financial assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost less any allowance for impairment. Amortised cost is computed as the amount initially recognised minus principal repayments, plus or minus the cumulative amortisation using the effective interest method of any difference between the initially recognised amount and the maturity amount. Gains and losses are recognised in the consolidated income statement when the financial assets are derecognised or impaired, as well as through the amortisation process.

(iv) Available-for-sale financial assets

Available-for-sale financial assets are non-derivatives that are either designated in this category or not classified in any of the other categories. They are included in non-current assets unless the investment matures or management intends to dispose of it within 12 months of the end of the reporting period.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.11 Financial assets (Continued)

(b) Recognition and measurement

Regular way purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on the trade-date - the date on which the Group commits to purchase or sell the asset. Investments are initially recognised at fair value plus transaction costs for all financial assets not carried at fair value through profit or loss. Financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss are initially recognised at fair value, and transaction costs are expensed in the income statement. Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the investments have expired or have been transferred and the Group has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership. Available-for-sale financial assets and financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are subsequently carried at fair value. Loans and receivables and held-to-maturity financial assets are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Gains or losses arising from changes in the fair value of the financial assets at fair value through profit or loss category are presented in the income statement within other income and gains/other operating expenses in the period in which they arise. Dividend income from financial assets at fair value through profit or loss is recognised in the income statement as part of other income and gains when the Group's right to receive payments is established.

Changes in the fair value of monetary securities denominated in a foreign currency and classified as available for sale are analysed between translation differences resulting from changes in amortised cost of the security and other changes in the carrying amount of the security. The translation differences on monetary securities are recognised in profit or loss; translation differences on non-monetary securities are recognised in other comprehensive income. Changes in the fair value of monetary and non-monetary securities classified as available for sale are recognised in other comprehensive income.

When securities classified as available for sale are sold or impaired, the accumulated fair value adjustments recognised in equity are included in the income statements as other income and gains.

Interest on available-for-sale securities calculated using the effective interest method is recognised in the income statement as part of other income and gains. Dividends on available-for-sale equity instruments are recognised in the income statement as part of other income and gains when the Group's right to receive payments is established.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.12 Offsetting financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the consolidated statement of financial position when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

2.13 Impairment of financial assets

(a) Assets carried at amortised cost

The Group assesses at the end of each reporting period whether there is objective evidence that a financial asset or group of financial assets is impaired. A financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired and impairment losses are incurred only if there is objective evidence of impairment as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the asset (a 'loss event') and that loss event (or events) has an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset or group of financial assets that can be reliably estimated.

Evidence of impairment may include indications that the debtors or a group of debtors is experiencing significant financial difficulty, default or delinquency in interest or principal payments, the probability that they will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation, and where observable data indicate that there is a measurable decrease in the estimated future cash flows, such as changes in arrears or economic conditions that correlate with defaults.

For loans and receivables, the amount of the loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows (excluding future credit losses that have not been incurred) discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate. The carrying amount of the asset is reduced and the amount of the loss is recognised in the consolidated income statement. If a loan or held-to-maturity investment has a variable interest rate, the discount rate for measuring any impairment loss is the current effective interest rate determined under the contract. As a practical expedient, the Group may measure impairment on the basis of an instrument's fair value using an observable market price.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.13 Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

(a) Assets carried at amortised cost (*Continued*)

If, in a subsequent period, the amount of the impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognised (such as an improvement in the debtor's credit rating), the reversal of the previously recognised impairment loss is recognised in the consolidated income statement.

(b) Assets classified as available-for-sale

The Group assesses at the end of each reporting period whether there is objective evidence that a financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired. For debt securities, the Group uses the criteria refer to (a) above. In the case of equity investments classified as available for sale, a significant or prolonged decline in the fair value of the security below its cost is also evidence that the assets are impaired. If any such evidence exists for available-for-sale financial assets, the cumulative loss - measured as the difference between the acquisition cost and the current fair value, less any impairment loss on that financial asset previously recognised in profit or loss - is removed from equity and recognised in the separate consolidated income statement. Impairment losses recognised in the separate consolidated income statement. If, in a subsequent period, the fair value of a debt instrument classified as available for sale increases and the increase can be objectively related to an event occurring after the impairment loss was recognised in profit or loss, the impairment loss is reversed through the separate consolidated income statement.

2.14 Repurchase agreements

Financial assets held under resale agreements are transactions where the Group acquires financial assets which will be resold at a predetermined price at a future date under resale agreements. Financial assets sold under repurchase agreements are transactions where the Group sells financial assets which will be repurchased at a predetermined price at a future date under repurchase agreements.

The cash advanced or received is recognised as amounts held under resale or sold under repurchase agreements in the statement of financial position. Assets held under resale agreements are not recognised. Assets sold under repurchase agreements continue to be recognised in the statement of financial position.

The difference between the purchase and resale consideration, and that between the sale and repurchase consideration, is amortised over the period of the respective transaction using the effective interest method and is included in interest income and interest expenses respectively.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.15 Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined using the weighted average method. The cost of finished goods and work in progress comprises design costs, raw materials, direct labour, and other direct costs and related products an appropriate proportion of overheads (based on normal operating capacity). Net realisable value is the estimated selling prices in the ordinary course of business, less applicable variable selling expenses.

Spare parts and consumables are stated at cost less any provision for obsolescence.

2.16 Trade receivables and other receivables

Trade receivables are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business. If collection of trade and other receivables is expected in one year or less (or in the normal operating cycle of the business if longer), they are classified as current assets. If not, they are presented as non-current assets.

Trade receivables and other receivables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment.

2.17 Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of the consolidated statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash in hand and demand deposits, and short term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash, are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, and have a short maturity of generally within three months of acquisition, less bank overdrafts which are repayable on demand and form an integral part of the Group's cash management.

In the consolidated statement of financial position, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and at banks, including term deposits, which are not restricted as to use.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.18 Trade payables and other payables

Trade payables are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less (or in the normal operating cycle of the business if longer). If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade and other payables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

2.19 Borrowings

Borrowings are recognised initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently carried at amortised cost; any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption value is recognised in the income statement over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method.

Fees paid on the establishment of loan facilities are recognised as transaction costs of the loan to the extent that it is probable that some or all of the facility will be drawn down. In this case, the fee is deferred until the draw-down occurs. To the extent there is no evidence that it is probable that some or all of the facility will be drawn down, the fee is capitalised as a prepayment for liquidity services and amortised over the period of the facility to which it relates.

General and specific borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are added to the cost of those assets, until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale.

Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation.

All other borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.20 Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events; it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation; and the amount has been reliably estimated.

Where there are a number of similar obligations, the likelihood that an outflow will be required in settlement is determined by considering the class of obligations as a whole. A provision is recognised even if the likelihood of an outflow with respect to any one item included in the same class of obligations may be small.

Provisions are measured at the present value of the expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation using a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the obligation. The increase in the provision due to passage of time is recognised as interest expense.

Provisions for product warranties granted by the Group on certain products are recognised based on sales volume and past experience of the level of repairs and returns, discounted to their present values as appropriate.

2.21 Current and deferred income tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the income statement, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case the tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

(a) Current income tax

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the end of the reporting period in the countries where the company's subsidiaries and associates operate and generate taxable income. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulation is subject to interpretation. It establishes provisions where appropriate on the basis of amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.21 Current and deferred income tax (Continued)

(b) Deferred income tax

Inside basis differences

Deferred income tax is recognised, using the liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the consolidated financial statements. However, the deferred income tax is not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss. Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the end of the reporting period and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realised or the deferred income tax liability is settled.

Deferred income tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

Outside basis differences

Deferred income tax is provided on temporary differences arising on investments in subsidiaries and associates, except for deferred income tax liabilities where the temporary difference is controlled by the Group and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

(c) Offsetting

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when the deferred income tax assets and liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either the taxable entity or different taxable entities where there is an intention to settle the balances on a net basis.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.22 Customer deposits and placements with or from banks and non-bank financial institutions

Customer deposits and placements with or from banks and non-bank financial institutions arising from the Group's financial operations are carried at amortised cost using the original effective interest method taking into account the unamortised portion of the relevant fees and expenses.

2.23 Financial guarantee contracts

Financial guarantee contracts are contracts that require the issuer to make specified payments to reimburse the holder for a loss it incurs because a specified debtor fails to make payments when due, in accordance with the terms of a debt instrument. Such financial guarantees are given to banks, financial institutions and other bodies on behalf of subsidiaries or third parties to secure loans and other banking facilities.

Financial guarantees are initially recognised in the financial statements at fair value on the date the guarantee was given. The fair value of a financial guarantee at the time of signature is zero because all guarantees are agreed on arm's length terms and the value of the premium agreed corresponds to the value of the guarantee obligation. No receivable for the future premiums is recognised. Subsequent to initial recognition, the Group's liabilities under such guarantees are measured at the higher of the initial amount, less amortisation of fees recognised in accordance with HKAS 18, and the best estimate of the amount required to settle the guarantee. These estimates are determined based on experience of similar transactions and history of past losses, supplemented by management's judgement. The fee income earned is recognised on a straightline basis over the life of the guarantee. Any increase in the liability relating to guarantees is reported in the income statement within other expenses.

Where guarantees in relation to loans of subsidiaries are provided for no compensation, the fair value are accounted for as contributions and recognised as part of the cost of the investment in the financial statements of the Company.

2.24 Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity.

Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.25 Employee benefits

(a) Pension obligations

In accordance with rules and regulations in the PRC, the PRC based employees of the Group participate in various defined contribution retirement benefit plans organised by the relevant municipal and provincial governments in the PRC under which the Group and the employees are required to make monthly contributions to these plans calculated as a percentage of the employees' salaries, subject to a certain ceiling. The municipal and provincial governments undertake to assume the retirement benefit obligations of all existing and future retired PRC based employees payable under the plans described above. Other than the monthly contributions, the Group has no further obligation for the payment of retirement and other post retirement benefits of its employees. The assets of these plans are held separately from those of the Group in an independent fund managed by the PRC government.

The Group's contributions to these plans are expensed as incurred.

(b) Housing funds, medical insurances and other social insurances

Employees of the Group in the PRC are entitled to participate in various governmentsupervised housing funds, medical insurance and other employee social insurance plans. The Group contributes on a monthly basis to these funds based on certain percentages of the employees' salaries, subject to a certain ceiling. The Group's liability in respect of these funds is limited to the contributions payable in each period.

(c) Termination benefits

Termination benefits are payable when employment is terminated by the Group before the normal retirement date, or whenever an employee accepts voluntary redundancy in exchange for these benefits. The Group recognises termination benefits when it is demonstrably committed to either terminating the employment of current employees according to a detailed formal plan without possibility of withdrawal, or providing termination benefits as a result of an offer made to encourage voluntary redundancy. The termination benefits are offered for a clearly defined period and once the termination plan is confirmed by the employee and the Group, there is no possibility of new participant. Benefits falling due more than 12 months after balance sheet date are discounted to present value.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.26 Revenue recognition

Revenue comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and services in the ordinary course of the Group's activities. Revenue is shown net of value-added tax, returns, rebates and discounts and after eliminating sales within the Group.

The Group recognises revenue when the amount of revenue can be reliably measured, it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity and when specific criteria have been met for each of the Group's activities as described below. The Group bases its estimates on historical results, taking into consideration the type of customer, the type of transaction and the specifics of each arrangement.

- (a) Sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have been transferred to the buyer, provided that the Group maintains neither managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership, nor effective control over the goods sold;
- (b) Research and development income is recognised in the period in which services were rendered;
- (c) Rental income is recognised on a time proportion basis over the lease terms;
- (d) Interest income is recognised on an accrual basis using the effective interest method by applying the rate that discounts the estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial instrument to the net carrying amount of the financial asset;
- (e) Fee and commission income is recognised when the transaction is completed or on the accrual basis when the service is provided over a period of time. These mainly include fee and commission income on the settlement and clearing business; and
- (f) Dividend income is recognised when the shareholders' right to receive payment has been established.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.27 Government grants

Government grants are recognised at their fair value where there is reasonable assurance that the grant will be received and all attaching conditions will be complied with. When the grant relates to an expense item, it is recognised as income over the periods necessary to match the grant on a systematic basis to the costs that it is intended to compensate. Where the grant relates to an asset, the fair value is credited to a deferred income account and is released to profit or loss over the expected useful life of the relevant asset by equal annual instalments.

As explained in Note 35, certain government grants obtained are treated as deferred income in the consolidated and the Company's statements of financial position and credited to the other comprehensive income in accordance with conditions set by the government body.

2.28 Borrowing costs

General and specific borrowing costs directly attributable to construction, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are added to the cost of those assets, until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale.

Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation.

All other borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

2.29 Leases

(a) The Group as lessor

Rental income from operating leases is recognised in the consolidated income statement on straight-line basis over the relevant lease term. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating and arranging an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset and recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

(b) The Group as lessee

Rentals payable under operating leases are charged to the consolidated income statement on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease. Benefits received and receivable as an incentive to enter into an operating lease, are recognised as a reduction of rental expense over the lease term on a straight-line basis.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.30 Dividends

Final dividends proposed by the directors are classified as a separate allocation of retained profits within the equity section of the statement of financial position, until it has been approved by the shareholders in a general meeting. When these dividends had been approved by the shareholders and declared, it is recognised as a liability.

2.31 Related parties

- (a) A person, or a close member of that person's family, is related to the Group if that person:
 - (i) has control or joint control over the Group;
 - (ii) has significant influence over the Group; or
 - (iii) is a member of the key management personnel of the Group or the Group's parent.

(b) An entity is related to the Group if any of the following conditions applies:

- (i) The entity and the Group are members of the same group (which means that each parent, subsidiary and fellow subsidiary is related to the others);
- One entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or an associate or joint venture of a member of a group of which the other entity is a member);
- (iii) Both entities are joint ventures of the same third party;
- (iv) One entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity;
- (v) The entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of either the Group or an entity related to the Group;
- (vi) The entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (a); and
- (vii) A person identified in (a)(i) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of the key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity).

Close members of the family of a person are those family members who may be expected to influence, or be influenced by, that person in their dealings with the entity.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.32 Comparatives

Certain comparative figures have been reclassified to conform with the current year's presentation.

3. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

3.1 Financial risk factors

The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including foreign exchange risk, price risk and interest rate risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The Group's overall risk management programme focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the Group's financial performance.

The board of directors meets periodically to analyse and formulate measures to manage the Group's exposure to these risks. Generally, the Group uses conservative strategies in its risk management. As the Group's exposure to these risks is kept to a minimum, the Group has not used any derivatives or other instruments for hedging purposes. The Group does not hold or issue derivative financial instruments for trading purposes. The board of directors reviews and agrees policies for managing each of these risks and they are summarised below.

(a) Market risk

(i) Foreign exchange risk

The business of the Group is principally located in the PRC. As most of the transactions are in RMB, the Group does not have significant exposure to foreign currency risk. As at 31 December 2012, the Group had short term deposits denominated in Hong Kong dollars ("HKD"), United States dollars ("USD") and Euro ("EUR") of approximately RMB28,697,000 (2011: approximately RMB27,938,000 (restated)), approximately RMB49,699,000 (2011: approximately RMB RMB28,913,000 (restated)) and approximately RMB51,839,000 (2011: approximately RMB RMB11,955,000 (restated)) (Note 28), respectively. The Group does not use derivative financial instruments to hedge its foreign currency risk.

3. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

(a) Market risk (Continued)

(i) Foreign exchange risk (Continued)

The following table demonstrates the sensitivity at the end of the reporting period to a reasonably possible change in the HKD, USD and EUR exchange rate, with all other variables held constant, of the Group's profit before income tax (due to changes in the fair value of monetary assets and liabilities).

Group

	Exchange rates of HKD, USD and EUR increase/ (decrease) %	Increase/ (decrease) in profit before income tax RMB'000
2012		
If RMB strengthens against HKD, USD and EUR If RMB weakens against HKD, USD and EUR	(5) 5	(6,512) 6,512
	Exchange rates of HKD, USD and EUR increase/	Increase/ (decrease) in profit before
	(decrease)	income tax RMB'000
	%	(Restated)
2011		
If RMB strengthens against HKD, USD and EUR If RMB weakens against HKD, USD and EUR	(5) 5	(3,440) 3,440

3. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

(a) Market risk (Continued)

(ii) Price risk

The Group is exposed to equity securities price risk because of investments held by the Group and classified on the consolidated statement of financial position either as available-for-sale or at fair value through profit or loss. The Group is not exposed to commodity price risk. To manage its price risk arising from investments in equity securities, the Group diversifies its portfolio. Diversification of the portfolio is done in accordance with the limits set by the Group.

The Group's investments in equity of other entities that are publicly traded are included in one of the following equity indexes: Hang Seng Index, Shanghai Stock Exchange ("SSE") Composite Index and Shenzhen Stock Exchange ("SZSE") Component Index.

The market equity index for the following stock exchanges, at the close of business of the nearest trading day in the year to the end of the reporting period, and its respective highest and lowest points during the year were as follows:

	31 December	31 December High/low		High/low
	2012	2012	2011	2011
Hong Kong Exchange				
— Hang Seng Index	22,657	22,718/18,056	18,434	24,469/16,170
Shanghai Stock Exchange				
— SSE Composite Index	2,269	2,461/1,960	2,199	3,067/2,134
Shenzhen Stock Exchange				
— SZSE Component Index	9,116	10,613/7,711	8,919	13,233/8,555

3. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

(a) Market risk (Continued)

(ii) Price risk (Continued)

The table below summarises the impact of increases/decreases of the three equity indexes on the Group's post-tax profit for the year and on equity. The analysis is based on the assumption that the equity indexes had increased/decreased by 10% with all other variables held constant and all the Group's equity instruments moved according to the historical correlation with the index:

Group

		Impact on other c	omponents	
	Impact on pre-	tax profit	of equit	у
	2012	2011	2012	2011
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
Hang Seng Index	379	283	_	_
SSE Composite Index	393	5,145	7,438	4,036
SZSE Component Index	123	1,198	404	5,895

Pre-tax profit for the year would increase/decrease as a result of fair value gains/ losses on equity securities classified as at fair value through profit or loss. Other components of equity would increase/decrease as a result of fair value gains/losses on equity securities classified as available for sale.

(iii) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk of fluctuation in the fair value of future cash flows of financial instruments from changes in interest rates. Floating interest rate instruments will result in the Group facing the risk of changes in market interest rates, while fixed interest rate instruments will result in the Group facing fair value interest rate risk.

The Group's exposure to the risk of changes in market interest rates primarily relates to the Group's loan receivables, customer deposits and debt obligations.

3. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

(a) Market risk (Continued)

(iii) Interest rate risk (Continued)

The Group maintains an appropriate fixed and floating interest rate instrument portfolio to manage interest rate risk and makes appropriate arrangements to minimise the exposure mainly by regular review and monitor. The Group does not use derivative financial instruments to hedge its interest rate risk.

The following table demonstrates the sensitivity to a reasonably possible change in interest rates, with all other variables held constant, of the Group's profit before tax (through the impact on floating rate borrowings).

	Group		
		Profit before	
		income tax	
	Increase in	increase/	
	basis points	(decrease)	
		RMB'000	
Year ended 31 December 2012	+100	14,983	
Year ended 31 December 2011 (restated)	+100	8,361	

3. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

(a) Market risk (Continued)

(iii) Interest rate risk (Continued)

The table below summarises the effective average interest rates at 31 December for monetary financial instruments:

	Grou	Group		
	2012	2011		
	Interest rate	Interest rate		
	%	%		
		(Restated)		
Assets				
Loan receivables	4.2–7.2	4.67-5.08		
Cash and cash equivalents/pledged				
bank deposits	0.4–3.5	0.5–5.5		
Liabilities				
Customer deposits	0.39–3.5	0.51–3.31		
Placements from banks and				
non-bank financial institutions	4.02-4.17	4.58–5.53		
Borrowings	2.5–7.91	1.88–7.35		

(b) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk associated with a customer or counterparty being unable to meet a commitment when it falls due. It mainly arises from the trade receivables of the Group and the lending activities of YTO Finance.

It is the Group's policy that all customers who wish to trade on credit terms are subject to credit verification procedures. In addition, receivable balances are monitored on an ongoing basis and the board of directors believes that adequate provisions for uncollectible receivables have been made in the financial statements. In this respect, the board of directors consider that the credit risk is significantly reduced.

3. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

(b) Credit risk (Continued)

The Group's trade receivables relate to a large number of diversified customers, and there is no significant concentration of credit risk in trade receivables.

For the Group's lending activities, YTO Finance has established a set of strict credit granting criteria and approval systems to control and manage credit risk. The loan approval committee is responsible for formulating credit policies and determining the facilities cap, and each credit transaction is subject to collective consideration and approval under conservative and prudent policies. The auditing department of YTO Finance is responsible for the supervision and implementation of the credit approval system and the post-credit inspection system.

As at 31 December 2012, the Group's maximum exposure to credit risk which will cause a finance loss to the Group due to failure to discharge an obligation by the counterparties and financial guarantees provided by the Group arises from:

- the carrying amounts of the respective recognised financial assets as stated in the consolidated statement of financial position; and
- the amounts of contingent liabilities in relation to financial guarantees issued by the Group as disclosed in Note 43.

The credit risk on bank balances is limited because the bank balances and pledged bank deposits are maintained with state-owned banks or other creditworthy financial institutions in the PRC.

The credit risk on bill receivables is limited because the bills are guaranteed by banks for payments and the banks are either state-owned banks or other creditworthy financial institutions in the PRC.

3. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

(c) Liquidity risk

Cash flow forecasting is performed in the operating entities of the Group and aggregated by group finance. Group finance monitors rolling forecasts of the Group's liquidity requirements to ensure it has sufficient cash to meet operational needs while maintaining sufficient headroom on its undrawn committed borrowing facilities so that the Group does not breach borrowing limits or covenants (where applicable) on any of its borrowing facilities. Such forecasting takes into consideration the Group's debt financing plans, covenant compliance, compliance with internal statement of financial position ratio targets and, external regulatory or legal requirements (where applicable) - for example, currency restrictions.

Surplus cash held by the operating entities over and above balances required for working capital management are transferred to the Group Treasury. Group Treasury invests surplus cash in time deposits, money market deposits and marketable securities, choosing instruments with appropriate maturities or sufficient liquidity to provide sufficient head-room as determined by the above-mentioned forecasts. At the end of the reporting period, the Group held cash and cash equivalents of approximately RMB1,825,339,000 (2011: approximately RMB1,394,695,000 (restated)) (Note 28), and trade and bill receivables of approximately RMB2,268,990,000 (2011: approximately RMB2,445,949,000 (restated)) (Note 24) that are expected to readily generate cash inflows for managing liquidity risk. In addition, the Group holds listed equity securities for trading of approximately RMB10,801,000 (2011: approximately RMB10,848,000 (restated)) (Note 26), which could be readily realised to provide a further source of cash should the need arise.

The table below analyses the Group's non-derivative financial liabilities and net-settled derivative financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the end of the reporting period to the contractual maturity date. Derivative financial liabilities are included in the analysis if their contractual maturities are essential for an understanding of the timing of the cash flows. The amounts disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows.

3. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

(c) Liquidity risk (Continued)

Group

2012	Within one year or repayable on demand <i>RMB'000</i>	One to two years <i>RMB'000</i>	Two to three years <i>RMB'000</i>	Three to five years <i>RMB'000</i>	Total undiscounted cash flow <i>RMB'</i> 000	Carrying amount <i>RMB'000</i>
Borrowings	493,758	445,719	178,085	37,854	1,155,416	1,068,741
Trade and bill payables	2,548,365	_	_	_	2,548,365	2,548,365
Other payables and accruals	592,466	_	_	_	592,466	592,466
Customer deposits Placements from banks and non-bank	1,110,287	_	-	_	1,110,287	1,110,287
financial institutions	360,000				360,000	360,000
	5,104,876	445,719	178,085	37,854	5,766,534	5,679,859

Group

	Within one					
	year or				Total	
	repayable	One to	Two to	Three to	undiscounted	Carrying
2011	on demand	two years	three years	five years	cash flow	amount
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
	(Restated)	(Restated)	(Restated)	(Restated)	(Restated)	(Restated)
Borrowings	1,014,611	57,110	57,110	106,656	1,235,487	1,155,468
Trade and bill payables	2,344,853	—	_	—	2,344,853	2,344,853
Other payables and accruals	535,878	—	_	—	535,878	535,878
Customer deposits	1,058,420	_	_	_	1,058,420	1,058,420
Placements from banks						
and non-bank						
financial institutions	200,000	_	_	—	200,000	200,000
	5,153,762	57,110	57,110	106,656	5,374,638	5,294,619

3. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

(c) Liquidity risk (Continued)

Company

	Within one					
	year or				Total	
	repayable	One to	Two to	Three to	undiscounted	Carrying
2012	on demand	two years	three years	five years	cash flow	amount
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
Borrowings	938,537	445,719	178,085	37,854	1,600,195	1,503,541
Trade and bill payables	1,647,550	_	_	_	1,647,550	1,647,550
Other payables and accruals	151,960				151,960	151,960
	2,738,047	445,719	178,085	37,854	3,399,705	3,303,051
Company						
	Within one					
	year or				Total	
	repayable	One to	Two to	Three to	undiscounted	Carrying
2011	on demand	two years	three years	five years	cash flow	amount
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
Borrowings	1,323,886	57,110	57,110	106,656	1,544,762	1,464,467
Trade and bill payables	1,680,510				1,680,510	1,680,510
Other payables and accruals	306,721				306,721	306,721
	3,311,117	57,110	57,110	106,656	3,531,993	3,451,698

3. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

3.2 Capital management

The primary objective of the Group's management is to ensure that it maintains a strong credit rating and healthy capital ratios in order to support its business and maximise shareholders' value.

The Group manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it, in the light of changes in economic conditions. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the dividend payment to shareholders, return capital to shareholders or issue new shares. No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes for managing capital during the years ended 31 December 2012 and 2011.

The Group monitors capital using a gearing ratio, which is net debt divided by total capital plus net debt. Net debt includes borrowings, trade and bill payables, other payables and accruals, customer deposits and placements from banks and non-bank financial institutions, less cash and cash equivalents and pledged bank balances. Capital includes equity attributable to the equity holders of the Company. The gearing ratios as at the end of the reporting periods are as follows:

Group

	2012 <i>RMB'000</i>	2011 <i>RMB'000</i> (Restated)
Borrowings	1,068,741	1,155,468
Trade and bill payables	2,548,365	2,344,853
Other payables and accruals	821,184	810,139
Customer deposits	1,110,287	1,058,420
Placements from banks and non-bank financial institutions	360,000	200,000
Less : Cash and cash equivalents and pledged bank deposits	(1,958,032)	(1,540,443)
Net debt	3,950,545	4,028,437
Total equity (excluding non-controlling interests)	4,366,396	3,414,569
Total equity and net debt	8,316,941	7,443,006
Gearing ratio	47%	54%

Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries are subject to externally imposed capital requirements.

3. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

3.3 Fair value estimation

The Group measures fair values using the following fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in making the measurements:

- Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (level 1).
- Inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (that is, as prices) or indirectly (that is, derived from prices) (level 2).
- Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data that is, unobservable inputs) (level 3).

The following table presents the Group's assets that are measured at fair value at the end of the reporting periods:

2012	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
Assets				
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	306,801	_	_	306,801
Held-to-maturity financial assets	52,090	_	_	52,090
Available-for-sale financial assets	78,426		81,024	159,450
Total assets	437,317		81,024	518,341
2011	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
	(Restated)	(Restated)	(Restated)	(Restated)
Assets				
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	77,398	_	_	77,398
Available-for-sale financial assets	99,306		103,404	202,710
Total assets	176,704		103,404	280,108

3. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

3.3 Fair value estimation (Continued)

The fair value of financial instruments traded in active markets is based on quoted market prices at the end of the reporting period. A market is regarded as active if quoted prices are readily and regularly available from an exchange, dealer, broker, industry group, pricing service, or regulatory agency, and those prices represent actual and regularly occurring market transactions on an arm's length basis. The quoted market price used for financial assets held by the Group is the current bid price. The instruments are included in level 1. Instruments included in level 1 comprise primarily Hang Seng Index, SSE Composite Index and SZSE Component Index listed equity investments (classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss or available-for-sale financial assets).

The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market (for example, overthe-counter derivatives) is determined by using valuation techniques. These valuation techniques maximise the use of observable market data (if it is available) and rely as little as possible on entity specific estimates. If all significant inputs required to fair value instruments are observable, the instrument is included in level 2.

If one or more of the significant inputs is not based on observable market data, the instrument is included in level 3.

Specific valuation techniques used to value financial instruments include:

- Quoted market prices or dealer quotes for similar instruments.
- The fair value of interest rate swaps is calculated as the present value of the estimated future cash flows based on observable yield curves.
- The fair value of forward foreign exchange contracts is determined using forward exchange rates at the end of the reporting period, with the resulting value discounted back to present value.
- Other techniques, such as discounted cash flow analysis, are used to determine fair value for the remaining financial instruments.

There were no significant transfers of financial assets between level 1 and level 2 fair value hierarchy classifications.

3. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

3.3 Fair value estimation (Continued)

The movements in level 3 instruments at the year ended 31 December 2012 are as follows:

	Available-for-sale financial assets		
	2012 <i>RMB'000</i>	2011 <i>RMB'000</i> (Restated)	
Opening balance Additions Disposals	103,404 980 (23,360)	102,984 420 —	
Closing balance	81,024	103,404	
Total gains for the year including in profit or loss for assets held at the end of the reporting period	10,598		

4. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND ASSUMPTIONS

In the application of the Group's accounting policies, which are described in Note 2, management is required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised (if the revision affects only that period) or in the period of the revision and future periods (if the revision affects both the current and future periods).

The following are the key assumptions concerning the future, and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year.

4. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND ASSUMPTIONS (CONTINUED)

Useful lives and impairment of property, plant and equipment

The Group's management determines the estimated useful lives of its property, plant and equipment based on the historical experience of the actual useful lives of property, plant and equipment of similar nature and functions. Management will increase the depreciation charge where useful lives are less than previously estimated. The impairment loss for property, plant and equipment is recognised for the amount by which the carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The carrying amount of property, plant and equipment at 31 December 2012 was approximately RMB 2,414,122,000 (2011: approximately RMB2,168,402,000 (restated)). More details are given in Note 15.

Impairment of trade and bill receivables

The policy for impairment of trade and bill receivables of the Group is based on the evaluation of the collectability and aged analysis of trade receivables and on the judgement of management. A considerable amount of judgement is required in assessing the ultimate realisation of these receivables, including the current creditworthiness and the past collection history of the customers. Management reassesses the estimation at each of the end of the reporting period. The carrying amount of trade and bill receivables at 31 December 2012 was approximately RMB2,268,990,000 (2011: approximately RMB2,445,949,000 (restated)). More details are given in Note 24.

Provision for obsolete inventories

Management reviews the condition of the inventories of the Group and makes provision for identified obsolete and slow-moving inventory items that are no longer suitable for sale. Management estimates the net realisable value for such inventories based primarily on the latest invoice prices and current market conditions. The Group carries out an inventory review at each of the end of the reporting period and makes provision for obsolete items. Management reassesses the estimation at each of the end of the reporting period. The carrying amount of inventories at 31 December 2012 was approximately RMB1,363,535,000 (2011: approximately RMB1,195,451,000 (restated)). More details are given in Note 23.

Provision for product warranties

Provision for product warranties is estimated based on sales volume and past experience of the level of repairs and returns, discounted to their present values as appropriate. Factors considered in the estimation include the unit rate charged by repair centers, the number of units of products and components already sold which may require repairs and maintenance, and miscellaneous expenditure which may be incurred. The carrying amount of provision for product warranties at 31 December 2012 was approximately RMB21,366,000 (2011: approximately RMB22,123,000 (restated)). More details are given in Note 34.

4. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND ASSUMPTIONS (CONTINUED)

Provision for early retirement benefits

The benefits of early retirement plans are estimated based on factors including the remaining number of years of service from the date of early retirement to the normal retirement date and with reference to historical salaries of such early retirees, discounted to their present values as appropriate. The carrying amount of provision for early retirement benefits at 31 December 2012 was approximately RMB50,629,000 (2011: approximately RMB64,720,000 (restated)). More details are given in Note 34.

Income tax

The Group is subject to income taxes in various regions within the PRC. As certain matters relating to the income taxes have not been confirmed by the local tax bureaus, objective estimates and judgement based on currently enacted tax laws, regulations and other related policies are required in determining the provision of income taxes to be made. Where the final tax outcome of these matters is different from the amounts originally recorded, the differences will impact on the income tax and tax provisions in the period in which the differences crystallise.

Deferred income tax assets

Deferred income tax assets are recognised for all unused tax losses and deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the losses can be utilised. Significant management judgement is required to determine the amount of deferred income tax assets that can be recognised, based upon the likely timing and level of future taxable profits together with future tax planning strategies. The carrying amount of deferred income tax assets at 31 December 2012 was approximately RMB64,585,000 (2011: approximately RMB46,667,000 (restated)). More details are given in Note 36.

Impairment of available-for-sale financial assets

The Group classifies certain financial assets as available-for-sale and recognises movements in their fair values in equity. When the fair value declines, management makes assumptions about the decline in value to determine whether there is an impairment that should be recognised in the income statement. At 31 December 2012, impairment losses of approximately RMB2,123,000 (2011: approximately RMB2,123,000(restated)) have been recognised for available-for-sale financial assets. The carrying amount of available-for-sale financial assets at 31 December 2012 was approximately RMB159,450,000 (2011: approximately RMB202,710,000 (restated)). More details are given in Note 21.

31 December 2012

5. SEGMENT INFORMATION

Segment information is presented by way of the Group's primary segment reporting basis, by business segment. In determining the Group's geographical segments, revenues are attributed to the segments based on the location of the customers, and assets are attributed to the segments based on the location of the assets. No further geographical segment information is presented as over 90% of the Group's revenue is derived from customers based in the PRC, and over 90% of the Group's assets are located in the PRC.

The Group's operating businesses are structured and managed separately according to the nature of their operations and the products and services they provide. Each of the Group's business segments represent a strategic business unit that offers products and services which are subject to risks and returns that are different from those of the other business segments. Summary details of the four business segments are as follows:

- (a) the "agricultural machinery" segment engages in the research and development, manufacture and sale of agricultural machinery, including tractors, relevant parts and components;
- (b) the "power machinery" segment engages in the manufacture and sale of diesel engines, fuel injection pumps and fuel jets;
- (c) the "other machinery" segment engages in the manufacture and sale of forklifts, mining trucks and other machinery; and
- (d) the "financial operation" segment engages in the provision of loans, bills discounting and deposittaking services.

Intersegment revenue is eliminated on consolidation. Intersegment sales and transfers are transacted according to the relevant prevailing market prices.

Although the other machinery segment does not meet the quantitative thresholds required by HKFRS 8 for reportable segments, management has concluded that this segment should be reported, as it is closely monitored by the Group's management as a potential growth area and is expected to materially contribute to future group revenue.

Segment results are presented as profit before income tax. Other information of each segment is also disclosed, including depreciation and amortisation, corporate income and expenses, finance costs, gain on disposal of subsidiaries, share of profits or losses of associates, and income tax expenses. There are the details reported to management, which, together with other reportable data, serves to provide better information to management, and investors can assess annual segment results from this information.

5. SEGMENT INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

The following tables present revenue, profit and certain information about assets, liabilities and expenditure for the Group's business segments for the year ended 31 December 2012.

	Agricultural machinery <i>RMB'</i> 000	Power machinery <i>RMB'000</i>	Other machinery <i>RMB'000</i>	Financial operation <i>RMB'000</i>	Unallocated adjustments/ eliminations <i>RMB'000</i>	Total <i>RMB'000</i>
Income statement						
Revenue:						
Sales to external customers	9,616,653	1,224,001	384,975	92,369	_	11,317,998
Intersegment sales (Note)	499,109	780,944	62,174	18,507	(1,360,734)	
	10,115,762	2,004,945	447,149	110,876	(1,360,734)	11,317,998
Interest, dividend and						
investment income					59,541	
Corporate expenses, net					(10,841)	
Finance costs					(62,733)	
Share of profits of associates					1,629	
Profit/(loss) before income tax	355,782	89,983	(9,989)	61,809	(12,404)	485,181
Income tax expense						(70,701)
Profit for the year						414,480

31 December 2012

SEGMENT INFORMATION (CONTINUED) 5.

The following tables present revenue, profit and certain information about assets, liabilities and expenditure for the Group's business segments for the year ended 31 December 2012. (Continued)

	Agricultural machinery <i>RMB'000</i>	Power machinery <i>RMB'000</i>	Other machinery <i>RMB'000</i>	Financial operation <i>RMB'000</i>	Unallocated adjustments/ eliminations <i>RMB'000</i>	Total <i>RMB'000</i>
Other segment information:						
Capital expenditure Depreciation of property,	436,878	38,218	8,204	60	-	483,360
plant and equipment	132,105	37,412	2,952	259	_	172,728
Depreciation of investment properties	1,350	_	_	_	_	1,350
Amortisation of prepaid						
operating leases	14,701	1,759	562	14	_	17,036
Amortisation of intangible assets	8	_	_	_	_	8
Provision for product warranties	51,247	45,315	5,903	_	_	102,465
(Reversal of)/ provision for impairment of						
trade receivables, net	(7,750)	547	1,991	_	_	(5,212)
Provision for/(reversal of) impairment						
of other receivables, net	5,862	(79)	237	-	_	6,020
Provision for/(reversal of) impairment						
of inventories, net	12,443	(391)	598	-	—	12,650
Provision for impairment of						
loan receivables, net	_	_	_	2,409	_	2,409

5. SEGMENT INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

The following tables present revenue, profit and certain information about assets, liabilities and expenditure for the Group's business segments for the year ended 31 December 2012. (*Continued*)

	Agricultural machinery <i>RMB'000</i>	Power machinery <i>RMB'000</i>	Other machinery <i>RMB'000</i>	Financial operation <i>RMB'000</i>	Unallocated adjustments/ eliminations <i>RMB'000</i>	Total RMB'000
Statement of financial position						
Assets						
Segment assets	7,051,242	1,599,775	399,856	2,985,108	(1,624,478)	10,411,503
Interests in associates						7,810
Unallocated assets						660,089
Total consolidated assets						11,079,402
Liabilities						
Segment liabilities	2,815,371	952,677	207,429	2,677,355	(1,624,478)	5,028,354
Unallocated liabilities						1,159,164
Total consolidated liabilities						6,187,518

Note: Intersegment sales are priced with reference to market prices.

31 December 2012

5. SEGMENT INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

The following tables present revenue, profit and certain information about assets, liabilities and expenditure for the Group's business segments for the year ended 31 December 2011.

	Agricultural machinery <i>RMB'000</i> (Restated)	Power machinery <i>RMB'000</i> (Restated)	Other machinery <i>RMB'000</i> (Restated)	Financial operation <i>RMB'000</i> (Restated)	Unallocated adjustments/ eliminations <i>RMB'000</i> (Restated)	Total <i>RMB'000</i> (Restated)
Income statement						
Revenue:						
Sales to external customers	9,731,567	1,470,155	436,128	64,823	_	11,702,673
Intersegment sales (Note)	524,132	740,907	58,344	29,934	(1,353,317)	
	10,255,699	2,211,062	494,472	94,757	(1,353,317)	11,702,673
Interest, dividend and						
investment income					50,663	
Corporate income, net					1,988	
Finance costs					(54,162)	
Share of profits of associates					2,099	
Profit/(loss)before income tax	359,931	191,227	(6,314)	53,797	588	599,229
Income tax expense						(84,937)
Profit for the year						514,292

5. SEGMENT INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

The following tables present revenue, profit and certain information about assets, liabilities and expenditure for the Group's business segments for the year ended 31 December 2011. (*Continued*)

	A 1 1/ 1	2		- ' '	Unallocated	
	Agricultural	Power	Other	Financial	adjustments/	T . 1
	machinery	machinery	machinery	operation	eliminations	Total
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
	(Restated)	(Restated)	(Restated)	(Restated)	(Restated)	(Restated)
Other segment information:						
Capital expenditure	846,384	80,793	2,285	227	_	929,689
Depreciation of property,						
plant and equipment	96,643	36,750	2,923	277	_	136,593
Depreciation of investment properties	1,441	_	_	_	_	1,441
Amortisation of prepaid						
operating leases	7,457	774	503	14	_	8,748
Amortisation of intangible assets	11	_	_	_	_	11
Provision for product warranties	66,736	43,430	2,975	_	_	113,141
Provision for/(reversal of) impairment						
of trade receivables, net	5,016	(6,661)	1,864	_	_	219
Provision for/(reversal of) impairment						
of other receivables, net	1,354	238	(159)	_	_	1,433
(Reversal of)/provision for impairment						
of inventories, net	(8,385)	1,799	60	_	_	(6,526)
Provision for impairment of loan						
receivables, net	_	_	_	2,954	_	2,954

5. SEGMENT INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

The following tables present revenue, profit and certain information about assets, liabilities and expenditure for the Group's business segments for the year ended 31 December 2011. (*Continued*)

					Unallocated	
	Agricultural	Power	Other	Financial	adjustments/	
	machinery	machinery	machinery	operation	eliminations	Total
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
	(Restated)	(Restated)	(Restated)	(Restated)	(Restated)	(Restated)
Statement of financial position						
Assets						
Segment assets	6,775,815	1,461,046	367,317	2,682,192	(1,919,714)	9,366,656
Interests in associates						19,815
Unallocated assets						386,463
Total consolidated assets						9,772,934
Liabilities						
Segment liabilities	3,247,983	703,402	323,287	2,204,854	(1,919,714)	4,559,812
Unallocated liabilities						1,260,654
Total consolidated liabilities						5,820,466

Note: Intersegment sales are priced with reference to market prices.

5. SEGMENT INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

Reconciliation for earnings before interest, tax, depreciation and amortisation to profit before income tax is as follows:

	2012 <i>RMB'000</i>	2011 <i>RMB'000</i> (Restated)
Earnings before interest, tax, depreciation and		
amortisation of business segments	688,707	745,434
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	(172,728)	(136,593)
Depreciation of investment properties	(1,350)	(1,441)
Amortisation of prepaid operating leases	(17,036)	(8,748)
Amortisation of intangible assets	(8)	(11)
Corporate (expenses)/income, net	(10,841)	1,988
Operating profit	486,744	600,629
Interest, dividend and investment income	59,541	50,663
Finance costs	(62,733)	(54,162)
Share of profits of associates	1,629	2,099
Profit before income tax	485,181	599,229

5. SEGMENT INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

Assets are attributed to the segments based on the operations of each segment and the location of the assets. The Group's equity and other investments (classified as available-for-sale financial assets and financial assets at fair value through profit or loss) are not recognised as segment assets, as they are managed by treasury departments responsible for the Group's finance.

Segment assets are summarised as below:

	2012 <i>RMB'000</i>	2011 <i>RMB'000</i> (Restated)
Segment assets as allocated by business segments	10,411,503	9,366,656
Unallocated assets:		
Available-for-sale financial assets	159,450	202,710
Deferred income tax assets	64,585	46,667
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	306,801	77,398
Interests in associates	7,810	19,815
Others	129,253	59,688
Total assets as per consolidated statement of financial position	11,079,402	9,772,934

5. SEGMENT INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

Liabilities are attributed to the segments based on the operations of each segment. The Group's borrowings are not recognised as segment liabilities, as they are managed by treasury departments responsible for the Group's finance.

Segment liabilities are summarised as below:

	2012	2011
	RMB'000	RMB'000
		(Restated)
Segment liabilities as allocated by business segments	5,028,354	4,559,812
Unallocated liabilities:		
Borrowings	1,068,741	1,155,468
Deferred income tax liabilities	15,209	15,130
Provisions	71,995	86,843
Others	3,219	3,213
Total liabilities as per consolidated statement of		
financial position	6,187,518	5,820,466

There are no single customers that comprise over 10% of the total revenue of the Group for both years.

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6. REVENUE, OTHER INCOME AND GAINS

Revenue, which is also the Group's turnover, mainly represents the invoiced value of goods sold, net of trade discounts and returns, and excludes sales taxes and intra-group transactions.

An analysis of revenue, other income and gains are as follows:

	Note	2012 <i>RMB'000</i>	2011 <i>RMB'000</i> (Restated)
Revenue			
Sales of goods		11,226,015	11,638,098
Fee and commission income from			
financial operation	8	4,689	4,975
Interest income from financial operation on:			
Loans and advances to customers	8	71,847	42,709
Finance lease obligations	8	4,674	9,929
Due from central bank, other banks			
and financial institutions	8	10,773	6,962
		11,317,998	11,702,673
Other income			
Bank interest income	8	5,898	5,312
Dividend income from listed investments	8	2,510	1,831
Dividend income from unlisted investments	8	30,672	7,710
Government grants	35	34,152	10,689
Others		10,810	9,846
		84,042	35,388

6. REVENUE, OTHER INCOME AND GAINS (CONTINUED)

		2012	2011
	Note	RMB'000	RMB'000
			(Restated)
Other gains			
Fair value gain/(loss) on financial assets			
at fair value through profit or loss, net	8	3,460	(11,769)
Fair value gain on remeasurement of interests			
in associates	8	938	123
Gain on bargain purchase	8, 40(b)	_	2,693
Gain on disposal of available-for-sale			
financial assets, net	8	4,236	35,973
Gain on disposal of financial assets			
at fair value through profit or loss, net	8	11,827	8,790
(Loss)/gain on disposal of property,			
plant and equipment, net	8	(780)	4,827
Write-off of other payables	8	1,457	379
	_	21,138	41,016
	_	105,180	76,404

7. FINANCE COSTS

	2012	2011
	RMB'000	RMB'000
		(Restated)
Interest on bank and other borrowings wholly		
repayable within 5 years	83,786	62,549
Less: Interest capitalised into construction in progress	(21,053)	(8,387)
	62,733	54,162

Finance costs on funds borrowed generally are capitalised at a rate ranging from 6.37% to 6.9% (2011: 6.13%) per annum.

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8. PROFIT BEFORE INCOME TAX

The Group's profit before income tax is arrived at after charging/(crediting) the following:

	Note	2012 <i>RMB'</i> 000	2011 <i>RMB'000</i> (Restated)
	17	47.026	0.740
Amortisation of prepaid operating leases	17	17,036	8,748
Amortisation of intangible assets	18	8	11
Auditors' remuneration		3,221	4,675
Bank interest income	6	(5,898)	(5,312)
Cost of inventories sold***	23	9,750,951	10,029,459
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	15	172,728	136,593
Depreciation of investment properties	16	1,350	1,441
Dividend income from listed investments	6	(2,510)	(1,831)
Dividend income from unlisted investments	6	(30,672)	(7,710)
Employee benefits expenses (excluding directors' and supervisors' remuneration — Note 9):			
Wages and salaries		816,434	641,342
Pension scheme contributions**		134,458	97,330
Provision/(reversal of) for early			
retirement benefits	34	12,155	(10,871)
	-	963,047	727,801

8. PROFIT BEFORE INCOME TAX (CONTINUED)

The Group's profit before income tax is arrived at after charging/(crediting) the following: (continued)

	Note	2012 <i>RMB'000</i>	2011 <i>RMB'000</i> (Restated)
Fair value (gain)/loss on financial assets			
at fair value through profit or loss, net	6	(3,460)	11,769
Fair value gain on remeasurement of			
interests in associates	6	(938)	(123)
Fee and commission income from			
financial operation	6	(4,689)	(4,975)
Fee and commission expenses from			
financial operation		337	222
Foreign exchange differences, net*		2,223	(1,952)
Gain on disposal of available-for-sale			
financial assets, net	6	(4,236)	(35,973)
Gain on disposal of financial assets			
at fair value through profit or loss, net	6	(11,827)	(8,790)
Loss/(gain) on disposal of property,			
plant and equipment, net*	6	780	(4,827)
Gain on bargain purchase	6,40(b)	_	(2,693)
Gross rental income	15	(7,687)	(7,707)
Interest income from financial operation on:			
Loans and advances to customers	6	(71,847)	(42,709)
Finance lease obligations	6	(4,674)	(9,929)
Due from central bank, other banks			
and financial institutions	6	(10,773)	(6,962)
Interest expenses from financial operation		11,283	19,399
Minimum lease payments under operating lease	es	•	
of land and building, and plant and machine		11,462	13,012
Provision for product warranties	34	102,465	113,141
Provision for impairment of loan			
receivables, net*	22	2,409	2,954
Provision for/(reversal of)		_,	_/
impairment of inventories, net	23	12,650	(6,526)
(Reversal of)/provision for impairment		• • • •	
of trade receivables, net*	24	(5,212)	219
Provision for impairment of	-	,-,,	
other receivables, net*	25	6,020	1,433
Research and development costs		403,640	383,108
Write-off of other payables	6	(1,457)	(379)

8. PROFIT BEFORE INCOME TAX (CONTINUED)

- * These expenses are included in the consolidated income statement under "other operating expenses".
- ** At 31 December 2012, the Group had no forfeited contributions available to reduce its contributions to the pension schemes in future years (2011: Nil).
- *** Depreciation, direct labour costs and manufacturing overhead expenses were included.

9. **REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS AND SUPERVISORS**

The directors' and supervisors' remuneration for the year, disclosed pursuant to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Listing Rules") and Section 161 of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, is as follows:

	2012 <i>RMB'000</i>	2011 <i>RMB'000</i>
Fees	264	255
Other emoluments:		
Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind	1,246	1,589
Performance related bonuses	_	_
Pension scheme contributions	240	238
	1,486	1,827
	1,750	2,082

9. REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS AND SUPERVISORS (CONTINUED)

		Salaries,	Performance	Pension	
		allowances	related	scheme	Tota
	Fees	and benefits	bonuses	contributions	remuneratior
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
2012					
Executive and					
non-executive directors:					
Mr. Liu Yongle (b)	_	_	_	_	_
Mr. Qu Dawei	_	_	_	_	_
Mr. Li Youji (a)	_	_	_	_	_
Ms. Dong Jianhong	_	_	_	_	_
Mr. Zhao Yanshui	_	—	_	_	-
Mr. Su Weike	—	—	_	_	-
Mr. Yan Linjiao	—	—	_	_	-
Mr. Liu Jiguo	—	457	-	91	54
Mr. Guo Zhiqiang (c)	—	—	—	—	-
Mr. Wu Yong (c)		167		33	20
-		624		124	74
ndependent non-executive					
directors:					
Mr. Hong Xianguo	66	—	_	_	6
Mr. Chan Sau Shan, Gary (b)	62	—	_	_	6
Mr. Luo Xiwen (b)	64	—	_	_	6
Mr. Zhang Qiusheng	68	_	_	_	6
Mr. Xing Min (c)	2	—	-	—	:
Mr. Wu Tak Lung (c)	2				:
	264	_	_	_	26

9. REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS AND SUPERVISORS (CONTINUED)

	Fees RMB'000	Salaries, allowances and benefits <i>RMB'000</i>	Performance related bonuses RMB'000	Pension scheme contributions RMB'000	Total remuneration RMB'000
Supervisors:					
Ms. Yi Liwen (b)	_	_	_	_	_
Mr. Wang Yong	_	37	_	7	44
Mr. Huang Ping	_	40	_	8	48
Mr. Shao Jianxin (b)	_	154	_	22	176
Mr. Zheng Luyu (b)	_	_	_	_	_
Mr. Wang Jianjun		224	_	45	269
Mr. Li Pingan (c)		_	_	_	_
Mr. Xu Shidong (c)	_	_	_	_	_
Mr. Xu Weilin (c)		167		34	201
		622		116	738
	264	1,246		240	1,750

(a) Resigned on 29 January 2012

(b) Resigned on 19 December 2012

(c) Appointed on 20 December 2012

In 2012, there were seven arrangements under which five directors and two supervisors waived or agreed to waive any remuneration during the year.

9. REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS AND SUPERVISORS (CONTINUED)

		Salaries,	Performance	Pension	
		allowances	related	scheme	Total
	Fees	and benefits	bonuses	contributions	remuneration
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
2011					
Executive and					
non-executive directors:					
Mr. Liu Yongle	—	80		16	96
Mr. Qu Dawei	—	80		16	96
Mr. Li Youji (a)	_	_		_	_
Mr. Li Xibin (b)	_	34		9	43
Ms. Dong Jianhong	_	80		16	96
Mr. Zhao Yanshui	_	120		24	144
Mr. Su Weike (a)	—	_		_	_
Mr. Yan Linjiao	—	80		16	96
Mr. Liu Jiguo (a)	—	511		38	549
Mr. Shao Haichen (b)					
		985		135	1,120
Independent non-executive					
directors:					
Mr. Hong Xianguo	66	_	_	_	66
Mr. Chan Sau Shan, Gary	62	_	_	_	62
Mr. Luo Xiwen	64	_	_	_	64
Mr. Zhang Qiusheng	63				63
	255	_	_	_	255

9. REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS AND SUPERVISORS (CONTINUED)

		Salaries,	Performance	Pension	
		allowances	related	scheme	Total
	Fees	and benefits	bonuses	contributions	remuneration
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
Supervisors:					
• Ms. Yi Liwen	_	60	_	12	72
Mr. Wang Yong	_	46	_	_	46
Mr. Huang Ping	_	44	_	_	44
Mr. Shao Jianxin	_	165		33	198
Mr. Zheng Luyu	_	80		16	96
Mr. Wang Jianjun		209		42	251
		604		103	707
	255	1,589		238	2,082

(a) Appointed on 17 June 2011

(b) Resigned on 25 March 2011

In 2011, except for Mr. Su Weike and Mr. Li Youji, there was no arrangement under which a director or supervisor waived or agreed to waive any remuneration during the year. Mr. Su Weike and Mr. Li Youji agreed to waive all remuneration in August and September 2011, respectively.

10. FIVE HIGHEST PAID INDIVIDUALS

The five individuals whose emoluments were the highest in the Group for the year include one (2011: two) director whose emoluments is reflected in the analysis presented in Note 9. The emoluments payable to the remaining four (2011: three) individuals during the year are as follows:

	2012 <i>RMB'000</i>	2011 <i>RMB'000</i>
Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind Performance related bonuses Pension scheme contributions	1,694 338	1,389 278
	2,032	1,667

One of the highest paid employees (2011: Two) for the year is a director of the Company, details of whose remuneration are set out in Note 9 above.

The remuneration of the four (2011: three) non-director, highest paid employees fell within the band of Nil to RMB1,000,000.

11. INCOME TAX EXPENSE

	2012	2011
	RMB'000	RMB'000
		(Restated)
Current — PRC corporate income tax		
Charge for the year	88,295	86,643
Adjustments in respect of prior years	559	863
Deferred income tax (Note 36)	(18,153)	(2,569)
Total income tax charge for the year	70,701	84,937

The PRC corporate income tax for the Company and its subsidiaries is calculated at rates ranging from 15% to 25% (2011: 15% to 25%) on their estimated assessable profits for the year, based on existing legislation, interpretations and practices.

11. INCOME TAX EXPENSE (CONTINUED)

No provision for Hong Kong profits tax has been made as the Group had no assessable profits arising in Hong Kong during the two years ended 31 December 2012 and 2011.

Profits tax of the subsidiaries operating outside the PRC is subject to the rates applicable within the jurisdiction in which it operates. No provision for overseas profits tax has been made for the Group as there were no assessable profits for the year (2011: Nil).

A reconciliation of the tax expense applicable to profit before income tax using the statutory rate for the locations in which the Company and the majority of its subsidiaries are domiciled to the tax expense at the effective tax rate, and a reconciliation of the applicable rate (i.e., the statutory tax rate) to the effective tax rate, are as follows:

	Group			
	2012		2011	
	RMB'000	%	RMB'000	%
			(Restated)	
Profit before income tax	485,181		599,229	
Tax at the PRC statutory tax rate of 25% (2011: 25%)	121,295	25	149,807	25
Entities subject to lower income tax rates for				
specific provinces or enacted by local authorities	(48,569)	(10)	(58,882)	(10)
Adjustments in respect of current tax of previous periods	559	_	863	_
Profits attributable to associates	(257)	_	(48)	_
Income not subject to tax	(35,517)	(7)	(58,213)	(10)
Expenses not tax deductible to tax	9,164	2	29,006	5
Tax losses utilised	(8,867)	(2)	(2,295)	_
Unrecognised tax losses	32,893	7	27,488	4
Others			(2,789)	
Income tax expense at the Group's effective rate	70,701	15	84,937	14

11. INCOME TAX EXPENSE (CONTINUED)

The tax charge/(credit) relating to components of other comprehensive income is as follows:

	2012 <i>RMB'000</i>	2011 <i>RMB'000</i> (Restated)
Current tax	_	_
Deferred tax Arising on income and expenses recognised in other		
comprehensive income: Fair value changes of available-for-sale financial assets (Note 36)	314	(17,205)
Total income tax charged/(credited) to other comprehensive income	314	(17,205)

12. PROFIT ATTRIBUTABLE TO OWNERS OF THE COMPANY

The profit attributable to owners of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2012 which has been dealt with in the financial statements of the Company is approximately RMB431,952,000 (2011: approximately RMB274,423,000) (Note 38(b)).

13. DIVIDENDS

No dividends was paid in 2012. The dividends paid in 2011 was RMB67,672,000 (RMB0.08 per share).

	2012 <i>RMB'000</i>	2011 <i>RMB'000</i>
Final dividend, proposed, of RMB10 cents (2011: Nil) per ordinary share <i>(Note 38(b))</i>	99,590	

The proposed final dividend for the year is subject to the approval of the Company's shareholders at the forthcoming annual general meeting. In accordance with the articles of association of the Company, the net profit after tax of the Company for the purpose of profit distribution will be deemed to be the lesser of (i) the net profit determined in accordance with the PRC accounting standards; and (ii) the net profit determined in accordance with the accounting standards of the overseas place where the Company's shares are listed (i.e. Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards).

14. EARNINGS PER SHARE ATTRIBUTABLE TO OWNERS OF THE COMPANY

The calculation of basic earnings per share is based on the profit for the year attributable to owners of the Company of approximately RMB349,058,000 (2011: approximately RMB440,051,000 (restated)) and the weighted average number of 895,900,000 (2011: 845,900,000) ordinary shares in issue during the year.

No diluting events occurred during the years ended 31 December 2012 and 2011.

The calculation of basic earnings per share is based on:

	2012	2011
	RMB'000	RMB'000
Earnings		
Profit attributable to owners of the Company used		
in the basic earnings per share calculation	349,058	440,051
	2012	2011
	Number	Number
	of shares	of shares
	(thousand)	(thousand)
Shares		
Weighted average number of ordinary shares		
in issue during the year	895,900	845,900

15. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Group

	Freehold land, outside the		Plant, machinery and	Transportation vehicles and	Construction	
	PRC	Buildings	equipment	equipment	in progress	Total
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
	(Restated)	(Restated)	(Restated)	(Restated)	(Restated)	(Restated)
At 1 January 2011, as restated						
Cost	_	1,034,436	1,848,000	46,194	705,274	3,633,904
Accumulated depreciation and impairment		(510,011)	(1,179,196)		(8,379)	(1,713,015)
Net book amount	_	524,425	668,804	30,765	696,895	1,920,889
Year ended 31 December 2011						
Opening net book amount						
 As previously reported 	_	520,078	628,626	28,486	653,361	1,830,551
— Business combination under						
common control		4,347	40,178	2,279	43,534	90,338
— As restated	_	524,425	668,804	30,765	696,895	1,920,889
Additions	8,971	34,456	25,363	2,064	349,069	419,923
Transfers in/(out)	_	65,214	234,509	5,828	(305,551)	-
Transferred to prepaid operating						
leases (Note 17)	_	_	_	_	(22,092)	(22,092)
Disposals	_	(7,998)	(4,819)		_	(14,099)
Acquisitions of subsidiaries (Note 40)	_	—	126	248	_	374
Depreciation charged for the year (Note 8)		(28,098)	(104,525)	(3,970)		(136,593)
Closing net book amount	8,971	587,999	819,458	33,653	718,321	2,168,402
At 31 December 2011, as restated						
Cost	8,971	1,150,604	1,997,512	51,600	726,700	3,935,387
Accumulated depreciation and impairment		(562,605)	(1,178,054)		(8,379)	(1,766,985)
Net book amount	8,971	587,999	819,458	33,653	718,321	2,168,402

15. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (CONTINUED)

Group (Continued)

	Freehold land, outside the PRC RMB'000	Buildings <i>RMB'000</i>	Plant, machinery and equipment RMB'000	Transportation vehicles and equipment RMB'000	Construction in progress RMB'000	Total <i>RMB'000</i>
At 1 January 2012,as restated						
Cost	8,971	1,150,604	1,997,512	51,600	726,700	3,935,387
Accumulated depreciation and impairment		(562,605)	(1,178,054)		(8,379)	(1,766,985)
Net book amount	8,971	587,999	819,458	33,653	718,321	2,168,402
Year ended 31 December 2012						
Opening net book amount						
— As previously reported	8,971	583,183	743,951	31,179	696,311	2,063,595
- Business combination						
under common control		4,816	75,507	2,474	22,010	104,807
— As restated	8,971	587,999	819,458	33,653	718,321	2,168,402
Additions	_	54,324	58,235	21,700	270,974	405,233
Transfers in/(out)	-	94,882	348,727	5,793	(449,402)	-
Transferred to prepaid operating						
leases (Note 17)	-	-	-	-	(2,755)	(2,755)
Disposals	-	(1,704)	(4,627)	(829)	_	(7,160)
Acquisition of a subsidiary (Note 40)	-	-	22,637	36	_	22,673
Depreciation charged for the year (Note 8)	-	(29,867)	(135,095)	(7,766)	-	(172,728)
Exchange realignment	172	7	272	6		457
Closing net book amount	9,143	705,641	1,109,607	52,593	537,138	2,414,122
At 31 December 2012						
Cost	9,143	1,293,895	2,371,284	93,106	545,517	4,312,945
Accumulated depreciation and impairment		(588,254)	(1,261,677)		(8,379)	(1,898,823)
Net book amount	9,143	705,641	1,109,607	52,593	537,138	2,414,122

15. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (CONTINUED)

Company

	Buildings <i>RMB'000</i>	Plant, machinery and equipment RMB'000	Transportation vehicles and equipment RMB'000	Construction in progress RMB'000	Total <i>RMB'000</i>
At 1 January 2011					
Cost	647,791	1,117,631	12,485	462,578	2,240,485
Accumulated depreciation					
and impairment	(388,833)	(715,507)	(6,447)	(8,379)	(1,119,166)
Net book amount	258,958	402,124	6,038	454,199	1,121,319
Year ended 31 December 2011					
Opening net book amount	258,958	402,124	6,038	454,199	1,121,319
Additions	33,594	3,387	538	235,090	272,609
Transfers in/(out)	64,468	145,330	4,916	(214,714)	—
Disposals	(1,386)	(2,986)	(425)	_	(4,797)
Depreciation charged for the year	(19,105)	(56,377)	(1,480)		(76,962)
Closing net book amount	336,529	491,478	9,587	474,575	1,312,169
At 31 December 2011					
Cost	749,506	1,228,981	16,128	482,954	2,477,569
Accumulated depreciation					
and impairment	(412,977)	(737,503)	(6,541)	(8,379)	(1,165,400)
Net book amount	336,529	491,478	9,587	474,575	1,312,169

15. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (CONTINUED)

Company (Continued)

	Buildings <i>RMB'000</i>	Plant, machinery and equipment RMB'000	Transportation vehicles and equipment RMB'000	Construction in progress RMB'000	Total <i>RMB'000</i>
At 1 January 2012					
Cost	749,506	1,228,981	16,128	482,954	2,477,569
Accumulated depreciation	,		,		_,,
and impairment	(412,977)	(737,503)	(6,541)	(8,379)	(1,165,400)
Net book amount	336,529	491,478	9,587	474,575	1,312,169
Year ended 31 December 2012					
Opening net book amount	336,529	491,478	9,587	474,575	1,312,169
Additions	72	2,443	662	178,496	181,673
Transfers in/(out)	98,569	248,942	22,242	(369,753)	_
Transferred to prepaid operating					
leases (Note 17)	_	_	_	(2,755)	(2,755)
Disposals	(1,646)	(19,471)	(333)	_	(21,450)
Depreciation charged for the year	(20,088)	(69,252)	(4,560)		(93,900)
Closing net book amount	413,436	654,140	27,598	280,563	1,375,737
At 31 December 2012					
Cost	836,851	1,428,052	56,246	288,942	2,610,091
Accumulated depreciation	-		-	-	
and impairment	(423,415)	(773,912)	(28,648)	(8,379)	(1,234,354)
Net book amount	413,436	654,140	27,598	280,563	1,375,737

Certain of the Group's buildings are leased to the Holding Company and third parties under operating leases, the lease rental amounting to approximately RMB7,687,000 (2011: approximately RMB7,707,000) is included in the consolidated income statement (Note 8). The summary details of operating lease arrangements are included in Note 45(b) to the consolidated financial statements.

The majority of the Group's and Company's buildings are located in the PRC under medium term leases.

The Group and Company has not pledged its buildings and machinery for the two years ended 31 December 2012 and 2011.

16. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

Group

	2012 <i>RMB'000</i>	2011 <i>RMB'000</i> (Restated)
Net book amount at 1 January		
 — As previously reported — Business combination under common control 	33,861 	35,302
— As restated	33,861	35,302
Depreciation charged for the year (Note 8)	(1,350)	(1,441)
Net book amount at 31 December	32,511	33,861
As 31 December		
Cost	35,572	35,572
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	(3,061)	(1,711)
Net book amount	32,511	33,861

The carrying value amount of investment properties shown above comprises leasehold interests in land situated in the PRC under medium term leases.

The cost of investment properties is depreciated over their estimated useful lives at estimated rates between 3.92% to 7.66% per annum.

The Group has not pledged its investment properties for the two years ended 31 December 2012 and 2011.

The fair value of the Group's investment properties as at 31 December 2012 was approximately RMB32,511,000 (2011: approximately RMB33,861,000). The fair value has been arrived on the basis of a valuation carried out at that date by independent local valuers, who are not connected with the Group.

The property rental income earned by the Group during the year from its investment properties, all of which are leased out under operating leases, amounted to approximately RMB1,846,000 (2011: approximately RMB2,048,000). Direct operating expenses arising on the investment properties amounted to approximately RMB798,000 (2011: approximately RMB1,441,000).

31 December 2012

17. PREPAID OPERATING LEASES

	Group		Compar	ny
	2012	2011	2012	2011
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		(Restated)		
Net book amount at 1 January				
 — As previously reported — Business combination under 	685,202	208,385	451,000	66,400
common control	10,651			
— As restated	695,853	208,385	451,000	66,400
Additions	76,143	448,124	—	389,403
Capital injection by				
a non-controlling shareholder	—	26,000	—	_
Transfer from property, plant				
and equipment (Note 15)	2,755	22,092	2,755	—
Amortisation charged				
for the year <i>(Note 8)</i>	(17,036)	(8,748)	(12,550)	(4,803)
Net book amount at 31 December	757,715	695,853	441,205	451,000
As 31 December				
Cost	790,930	712,032	460,848	458,093
Accumulated amortisation	(33,215)	(16,179)	(19,643)	(7,093)
				. ,
Net book amount	757,715	695,853	441,205	451,000

The prepaid operating leases comprise leasehold land in the PRC under medium term leases.

At 31 December 2012, none of the Group's land use rights (2011: approximately RMB6,162,000), were pledged to secure borrowings granted to the Group (Note 33(i)).

18. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

		Grou	up		Company
	Trademark	License	Others	Total	Trademark
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
	(Restated)	(Restated)	(Restated)	(Restated)	
Year ended 31 December 2011					
— Opening net book amount					
— As previously reported			_	_	
— Business combination under					
common control					
— As restated	_	_	_	_	_
Additions	57,542	4,081	19	61,642	57,542
Amortisation charged					
for the year <i>(Note 8)</i>			(11)	(11)	
Net book amount					
at 31 December 2011	57,542	4,081	8	61,631	57,542
At 31 December 2011,					
as restated					
Cost	57,542	4,081	19	61,642	57,542
Accumulated amortisation			(11)	(11)	
Net book amount	57,542	4,081	8	61,631	57,542

31 December 2012

18. INTANGIBLE ASSETS (*CONTINUED***)**

			Company		
	Trademark	License	Others	Total	Trademark
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
At 1 January 2012					
Cost	57,542	4,081	19	61,642	57,542
Accumulated amortisation			(11)	(11)	
Net book amount	57,542	4,081	8	61,631	57,542
Year ended 31 December 2012					
Opening net book amount					
— As previously reported	57,542	4,081	8	61,631	57,542
— Business combination					
under common control					
— As restated	57,542	4,081	8	61,631	57,542
Additions	1,984	—	_	1,984	1,984
Exchange realignment	—	78	—	78	—
Amortisation charged					
for the year <i>(Note 8)</i>			(8)	(8)	
Net book amount					
at 31 December 2012	59,526	4,159		63,685	59,526
At 31 December 2012					
Cost	59,526	4,159	19	63,704	59,526
Accumulated amortisation			(19)	(19)	
Net book amount	59,526	4,159		63,685	59,526

The Group has not pledged its intangible assets for the years ended 31 December 2012 and 2011.

18. INTANGIBLE ASSETS (CONTINUED)

Impairment test for intangible asset with indefinite useful life

The useful life of the trademark and license is assessed to be indefinite. The factors considered in the assessment of the useful life of the trademark and license include analysis of the market and competitive trends, product life cycles and management's long-term strategic development. Overall, these factors provided evidence that the trademark and license is expected to generate long-term net cash inflows to the Group indefinitely.

The recoverable amount of the trademark and license is estimated based on value-in-use calculations by discounting future cash flows of the cash-generating unit for which the trademark and license is allocated. This method considers cash flows of the subsidiary (cash-generating unit) for the five years ending 31 December 2017 with subsequent transition to perpetuity. For the years following the detailed planning period, the assumed continual growth of 1% to perpetuity is used which complies with general expectations for the business. The present value of cash flows is calculated by discounting the cash flow using a pre-tax interest rate of approximately 10%.

Company 2012 2011 RMB'000 RMB'000 Unlisted investments, at cost 2,138,422 1,509,561 Provision for impairment # (44,750) (44,750) 2,093,672 1,464,811

19. INTERESTS IN SUBSIDIARIES

An impairment has been recognised for certain unlisted investments with a carrying amount of approximately RMB44,750,000 (before deducting the impairment loss) (2011: approximately RMB44,750,000) because these unlisted investments have recorded operating losses.

There was no movement in impairment of interests in subsidiaries for the years ended 31 December 2012 and 2011.

The loans to subsidiaries of approximately RMB107,000,000 (2011: approximately RMB100,000,000) are granted in the form of designated deposits through a subsidiary, which is a financial institution, of the Company, are unsecured, bear interest at rates ranging from 6.07% to 7.1% (2011: 4.86% to 5.31%) per annum, and are repayable within one year (2011: one year).

19. INTERESTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (*CONTINUED***)**

Deposits placed with a subsidiary are deposits of approximately RMB548,484,000 (2011: approximately RMB575,245,000) placed by the Company in the subsidiary which is a financial institution.

Other balances with subsidiaries are included in Notes 24, 25, 29 and 30 to the consolidated financial statements.

The carrying amounts of balances with subsidiaries approximate to their fair values.

As at 31 December 2012 and 2011, particulars of the principal subsidiaries are as follows:

	Place of incorporation/ registration	Nominal value of issued ordinary/ registered share	Percen	tage of equity	y attributable pany	to	
Name	and operations	capital	Direc	t	Indired	t	Principal activities
			2012	2011	2012	2011	
Brilliance China Machinery Holdings Limited 華晨中國機械控股有限公司	Bermuda	US\$12,000	90.1	90.1	-	_	Investment holding
Yituo (Luoyang) Harvester Machinery Co., Ltd. * # 一拖(洛陽)收穫機械有限公司	The PRC	RMB49,295,000	_	_	93.9	93.9	Inactive
Luoyang Changhong High Technology Trading Company Limited * # 洛陽長宏工貿有限公司	The PRC	RMB3,000,000	100	100	_	_	Trading of tractors
Yituo (Luoyang) Shentong Construction Machinery Company Limited ("YLST") * # — (Note (i)) 一拖(洛陽)神通工程機械有限公司	The PRC	RMB53,000,000	100	76	-	_	Manufacture and sale of forklifts and mining trucks
YTO Group Finance Company Limited ("YTO Finance") * # — (Note (ii)) 中國一拖集團財務有限責任公司	The PRC	RMB500,000,000	88.6	87.8	4	4	Provision of financial services
Luoyang Changxing Agriculture Machinery Company Limited * # 洛陽長興農業機械有限公司	The PRC	RMB3,000,000	70	70	30	30	Trading of tractors

19. INTERESTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (CONTINUED)

As at 31 December 2012 and 2011, particulars of the principal subsidiaries are as follows: (Continued)

	Place of incorporation/ registration	Nominal value of issued ordinary/ registered share	Percen	tage of equity		to	
Name	and operations	capital	Direc	:t	Indire	ct	Principal activities
			2012	2011	2012	2011	
Yituo (Luoyang) Agricultural Machinery and Tools Co., Ltd. * # 一拖(洛陽)中成機械有限公司	The PRC	RMB10,000,000	73	73	-	_	Manufacture and sale of agricultural machinery and tools
Yituo (Luoyang) Diesel Co., Ltd. ("YLDC") * + 一拖(洛陽)柴油機有限公司	The PRC	USD 6,000,000	58.8	58.8	22.5	22.5	Manufacture and sale of diesel engines
Yituo (Luoyang) Fuel Injection Pump Co., Ltd. ("YLFIP") * # 一拖(洛陽)燃油噴射有限公司	The PRC	RMB94,114,000	42.5	42.5	29.7	29.7	Manufacture and sale of fuel injection pumps and fuel jets
Yituo (Luoyang) Power Machinery Co.,Limited * # 一拖(洛陽)動力機械有限公司	The PRC	RMB38,000,000	42	42	40.7	40.7	Manufacture and sale of diesel engines
Yituo (Luoyang) Transportation Machinery Co., Ltd. ("YLTM") * # 一拖(洛陽)搬運機械有限公司	The PRC	RMB55,880,000	93.6	93.6	_	_	Manufacture and sale of forklifts
YTO (Xinjiang) Dongfanghong Machining Co., Ltd. * # 一拖(新疆)東方紅裝備機械有限公司	The PRC	RMB100,000,000	100	100	_	_	Manufacture and sale of tractors, parts and components
China-Africa Machinery Corp. ("CAMACO") + 中非重工投資有限公司	The PRC	RMB250,000,000	55	55	-	_	Investment management, agency for importing and exporting goods and technology
Cadfund Machinery (Pty) Ltd	South Africa	ZAR 0.1	_	_	55	55	Sale of agricultural and construction machinery

19. INTERESTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (*CONTINUED***)**

As at 31 December 2012 and 2011, particulars of the principal subsidiaries are as follows: (Continued)

	Place of incorporation/ registration	Nominal value of issued ordinary/ registered share	Percen	tage of equity the Com	v attributable pany	to	
Name	and operations	capital	Direc	t	Indired	:t	Principal activities
			2012	2011	2012	2011	
Luoyang Tractors Research Institute Co., Ltd. ("LTRI") * # 洛陽拖拉機研究所有限公司	The PRC	RMB341,000,000	51	51	_	_	Technology development and consultancy services for agricultural and construction machinery
Shanghai Dragon (Group) Co., Ltd. ("Shanghai Dragon") * # 上海強農(集團)股份有限公司	The PRC	RMB81,000,000	93.8	93.8	_	_	Trading of agricultural machineries, and properties investment
YTO France SAS	France	EUR20,000,000	100	100	-	_	Manufacture and sale of powershift transmission system
YTO (Luoyang) Forklift Co., Limited ("YTO Forklift) * # (Note (iii)) 一拖(洛陽)叉車有限公司	The PRC	RMB28,600,000	100	100	-	_	Manufacture and sale of forklifts
YTO International Economic and Trading Co., Ltd. ("YTO International") * # — (Note (iii)) 一拖國際經濟貿易有限公司	The PRC	RMB66,000,000	100	100	-	_	Sale of agricultural machinery and construction machinery
YITWO Agro-Industrial (Note (iii)) 一拖科特迪瓦農機裝配有限公司	Cote d'Ivoire	XOF270,660,000	-	_	51.5	51.5	Sale of agricultural machinery
Luoyang Tuoqi Engineering Company Limited ("Tuoqi Engineering") * # — (Note (iv)) 洛陽拖汽工程車輛科技有限公司	The PRC	RMB4,000,000	-	_	51	51	Provision of technology transfer and consultancy services
YTO Heilongjiang Agricultural Machinery Co., Ltd ("YTO Heilongjiang") * #— (Note (v)) 一拖黑龍江農業裝備有限公司	The PRC	RMB100,000,000	100	100	-	_	Manufacture and sale of tractors, parts and components

19. INTERESTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (*CONTINUED***)**

As at 31 December 2012 and 2011, particulars of the principal subsidiaries are as follows: (Continued)

	Place of incorporation/ registration	Nominal value of issued ordinary/ registered share	Percentage of equity attributable to the Company				
Name	and operations	capital	Direc	t	Indire	ct	Principal activities
			2012	2011	2012	2011	
YTO Shunxing (Luoyang) Spare Parts Co., Ltd ("YTO Shunxing") * # — (Note (vi)) 一拖順興(洛陽)零部件有限責任公司	The PRC	RMB 30,000,000	100	40	-	_	Manufacture and sale of forged steel crankshafts
YTO (Luoyang) Flag Auto-Body Co., Ltd ("YTO Flag") * # — (Note (vii)) 一拖(洛陽)福萊格車身有限公司	The PRC	RMB50,000,000	100	51.4	-	_	Manufacture and sale of covering parts, driving cabins, auto parts and other components
YTO (Luoyang) Drive Axle Co., Ltd ("YTO Axle") * # — (<i>Note (viii)</i>) 一拖(洛陽)車橋有限公司	The PRC	RMB50,000,000	100	_	-	_	Manufacture and sale of offroad machinery drive axles

Notes:

- (i) On 30 May 2012, the Company acquired an additional 24% equity interest in YLST from the Holding Company. After the acquisition, YLST become a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company. Please refer to Note 39(a)(i) for details.
- (ii) On 30 June 2012, the Company acquired an additional 0.8% equity interest in YTO Finance from the independent third parties. Upon the completion of this further acquisition, the percentage of equity attributable to the Group increased from 91.8% to 92.6%. Please refer to Note 39(a)(ii) for details.
- (iii) During 2011, the Company and its non-wholly owned subsidiary, CAMACO, acquired 100%, 86.82% and 93.58% equity interests, in YTO International, YTO Forklift and YITWO Agro-Industrial from the Holding Company, respectively. Please refer to Note 41(b) for details. After completion of the above acquisition, the Company acquired a further 13.18% equity interest in YTO Forklift from its non-controlling shareholders, and YTO Forklift became a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company. Please refer to Note 39(b)(ii) for details.
- (iv) On 1 October 2011, a 51% owned subsidiary of the Group, LTRI, acquired a further 70% equity interest in Tuoqi Engineering. Please refer to Note 40(b) for details.
- (v) During 2011, a wholly-owned subsidiary, YTO Heilongjiang, was established in the PRC.

19. INTERESTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (CONTINUED)

Notes: (Continued)

- (vi) On 31 May 2012, the Company acquired a further 60% equity interest in YTO Shunxing from the independent third parties. After the further acquisition, YTO Shunxing became a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company. Please refer to Note 40(a) for details.
- (vii) On 31 December 2012, the Company acquired 100% equity interest in YTO Flag from the Holding Company. Please refer to the Note 41(a) for details. As at 31 December 2011, the Holding Company held 51.39% of equity interest and subsequently acquired an additional 48.61% equity interest on 31 July 2012 in YTO Flag. Upon completion of this further acquisition, YTO Flag became a wholly owned subsidiary of the Holding Company. Accordingly, the financial statements of YTO Flag have been consolidated since the date of the earliest financial period presented, as if the acquisition of 51.39% equity interest had been occurred at that time and 100% equity interest had been occurred after 31 July 2012, pursuant to the acquisition stages occurred by the Holding Company. Please refer to Note 39(a)(iii) for details.
- (viii) On 31 December 2012, the Company acquired 100% equity interests in YTO Axle from the Holding Company.
 YTO Axle was incorporated by the Holding Company during 2012. Please refer to the Note 41(a) for details.
- * The names of the PRC subsidiaries in English are direct translations of their respective registered names in Chinese.
- # Limited liability companies established in the PRC.
- + Sino-foreign joint ventures established in the PRC.

The above table lists the subsidiaries of the Company which, in the opinion of the directors, principally affected the results for the year or formed a substantial portion of the net assets of the Group. To give details of other subsidiaries would, in the opinion of the directors, result in particulars of excessive length.

20. INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES

	Grou	up	Comp	any
	2012 <i>RMB'000</i>	2011 <i>RMB'000</i>	2012 <i>RMB'000</i>	2011 <i>RMB'000</i>
		(Restated)		
Unlisted shares, at cost	_	_	59,000	71,000
Share of net assets	7,810	19,815		
	7,810	19,815	59,000	71,000
Provision for impairment			(59,000)	(59,000)
	7,810	19,815		12,000

The Group's deposits from associates are disclosed in Note 31 to the consolidated financial statements.

The Group's balances with associates are disclosed in Note 24 to the consolidated financial statements.

As at 31 December 2012 and 2011, particulars of the principal associates are as follows:

	Nominal value of issued ordinary/ registered	Place of	Perce	ntage of equi to the G	ty attributable roup	9	
Name	share capital	registration	Direc	t	Indirec	t	Principal activities
			2012	2011	2012	2011	
Luoyang First Motors Company Limited * 洛陽福賽特汽車股份有限公司	RMB200,000,000	The PRC	29.5	29.5	-	_	Design, manufacture and sale of vehicles and related accessories
YTO Shunxing (Luoyang) Spare Parts Co., Ltd.* ("YTO Shunxing") — (Note (i)) 一拖順興(洛陽)零部件有限公司	RMB30,000,000	The PRC	100	40	-	_	Manufacture, sale and service of forged steel crankshafts
Luoyang I&C Technology Consulting Company Limited ("I&C Technology") * — (Note (ii)) 洛陽意中技術諮詢有限公司	RMB1,000,000	The PRC	-	_	15.3	15.3	Technology development, and consultancy services
Luoyang Yongwei Machinery Company Limited * 洛陽市永為機械有限公司	RMB7,500,000	The PRC	_	_	48.6	48.6	Manufacture and sale of agricultural machinery accessories

* The names of the PRC subsidiaries in English are direct translations of their respective registered names in Chinese.

31 December 2012

20. INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES (CONTINUED)

As at 31 December 2012 and 2011, particulars of the principal associates are as follows: (Continued)

Note:

- (i) On 31 May 2012, the Group acquired a further 60% equity interest in YTO Shunxing and therefore YTO Shunxing became a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company. Please refer to Note 40(a) for details.
- (ii) Since I&C Technology is an associate of a 51% owned subsidiary of the Group, it is regarded as an associate of the Group.

All the above associates have been accounted for using the equity method in the Group's consolidated financial statements.

The following table illustrates the summarised financial information of all of the Group's associates extracted from their financial statements:

	2012 <i>RMB'000</i>	2011 <i>RMB'000</i> (Restated)
Assets	30,086	61,443
Liabilities	11,371	14,580
Revenue	135,746	144,102
Profits	3,053	4,481

21. AVAILABLE-FOR-SALE FINANCIAL ASSETS

	Grou	р	Compar	ıy
	2012	2011	2012	2011
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		(Restated)		
Listed equity investments				
in the PRC, at fair value	78,426	99,306	43,472	39,424
Unlisted equity investments, at cost	83,147	105,527	4,503	26,883
Provision for impairment	(2,123)	(2,123)	(2,123)	(2,123)
_	81,024	103,404	2,380	24,760
At 31 December	159,450	202,710	45,852	64,184
Portion classified as current assets		(23,360)		(23,360)
Non-current portion	159,450	179,350	45,852	40,824

During the year, the gross gain in respect of the Group's available-for-sale financial assets recognised in other comprehensive income amounted to approximately RMB2,871,000 (2011: gross loss of approximately RMB44,991,000).

The fair values of listed equity investments are based on quoted market prices.

As at 31 December 2012 and 2011, all unlisted equity investments of the Group and the Company were not stated at fair value but at cost less any accumulated impairment losses (if any), because the range of reasonable fair value estimates is so significant that the directors are of the opinion that their fair values cannot be measured reliably.

As at 31 December 2011, certain listed A share investments had a lock-up period to July 2012. The fair value of these restricted shares is estimated based on the quoted market price of the corresponding listed shares, adjusted for the impact of the restriction. The adjustment is made by reference to historical volatility of the respective shares and the restriction. The Group calculated the fair value for listed A shares with no disposal restriction based on the quoted market prices as at the end of the reporting period.

31 December 2012

22. LOAN RECEIVABLES

Group

			2012	2011
			RMB'000	RMB'000
				(Restated)
Analysis by nature:				
Loan borrowings, net			675,550	445,119
Discounted bills, net			194,557	125,916
Finance lease obligations, net		-	14,717	95,060
			884,824	666,095
		Gross amount	Provisions	Net
	Note	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
Analysis by customer:				
2012				
Loans to the Holding Company	(i)	182,744	4,500	178,244
Loans to related companies	(ii)	420,133	10,025	410,108
Loans to customers	(iii)	301,875	5,403	296,472
		904,752	19,928	884,824
Portion classified as current assets		(857,688)	(18,517)	(839,171)
Non-current portion		47,064	1,411	45,653

22. LOAN RECEIVABLES (CONTINUED)

	Note	Gross amount <i>RMB'000</i> (Restated)	Provisions <i>RMB'000</i> (Restated)	Net <i>RMB'000</i> (Restated)
Analysis by customer:				
2011				
Loans to the Holding Company	(i)	50,000	500	49,500
Loans to related companies	(ii)	429,271	9,696	419,575
Loans to customers	(iii)	204,343	7,323	197,020
		683,614	17,519	666,095
Portion classified as current assets		(648,256)	(16,463)	(631,793)
Non-current portion		35,358	1,056	34,302

Notes:

- (i) The loans to the Holding Company are granted by YTO Finance, and are unsecured, bear interest at rates ranging from 4.2% to 4.9% (2011: 4.67% to 5.08%) per annum and repayable within one year (2011: one year).
- (ii) The loans to these companies (fellow subsidiaries and associates of the Holding Company) are unsecured, bear interest at rates ranging from 4.5% to 6.56% (2011: 4.42% to 7.11%) per annum and repayable within one year (2011: one to two years).
- (iii) The loans to customers represent the loans granted to certain customers as permitted by the People's Bank of China (the "PBOC").

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22. LOAN RECEIVABLES (CONTINUED)

The total minimum lease payments receivable under finance leases contracts, and their present values are as follows:

	Group			
	2012		2011	
	Present		Present	
	value of the	Total	value of the	Total
	minimum	minimum	minimum	minimum
	lease	lease	lease	lease
	payments	payments	payments	payments
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
			(Restated)	(Restated)
Amount receivable:				
Within three months	10,022	10,247	32,861	33,314
Within one year but over				
three months	5,634	5,673	63,785	67,294
Within five years but over				
one year			4,482	4,997
	15,656	15,920	101,128	105,605
Unearned future income				
on finance lease		(264)		(4,477)
	15,656	15,656	101,128	101,128
Less: Impairment allowance	(939)		(6,068)	
Net amount of finance leases	14,717		95,060	

22. LOAN RECEIVABLES (CONTINUED)

The movements in impairment during the year are as follows:

Group

	2012 <i>RMB'000</i>	2011 <i>RMB'000</i> (Restated)
At 1 January — As previously reported — Business combination under common control	17,869 (350)	14,815 (250)
— As restated Provision for impairment charged to the income statement,	17,519	14,565
net <i>(Note 8)</i> At 31 December	2,409 19,928	2,954

The maturity profile of the Group's loan receivables at the end of the reporting period is analysed by the remaining periods to their contractual maturity dates, as follows:

Group

	2012	2011
	RMB'000	RMB'000
		(Restated)
Repayable:		
Within three months	325,265	219,231
Within one year but over three months	532,423	429,025
Within five years but over one year	46,843	35,026
Over five years	221	332
At 31 December	904,752	683,614

The carrying amounts of the Group's loan receivables approximate to their fair values and are denominated in Renminbi.

31 December 2012

23. INVENTORIES

	Grou	up	Compa	ny
	2012	2011	2012	2011
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		(Restated)		
Raw materials	422,156	433,924	147,257	172,428
Work in progress	367,891	362,424	147,153	166,445
Finished goods	538,187	355,477	32,282	102,140
Spare parts and consumables	35,301	43,626	16,598	
	1,363,535	1,195,451	343,290	441,013

The cost of inventories recognised as expenses and included in 'cost of sales' amounted to approximately RMB9,750,951,000 (2011: approximately RMB10,029,459,000 (restated)) (Note 8). Provision for impairment on inventories recognised during the year, as included in 'cost of sales', amounted to approximately RMB12,650,000 (2011: reversal of impairment on inventories of approximately RMB6,526,000 (restated)) (Note 8).

24. TRADE AND BILL RECEIVABLES

	Grou	р	Compa	ny
	2012	2011	2012	2011
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		(Restated)		
Bill receivables	1,292,596	1,571,708	615,028	904,973
Trade receivables	1,047,219	956,296	1,206,605	809,915
		2 522 224		4 74 4 999
	2,339,815	2,528,004	1,821,633	1,714,888
Less: Impairment	(70,825)	(82,055)	(108,871)	(41,148)
	2,268,990	2,445,949	1,712,762	1,673,740

The Group's trading terms with its customers are mainly on credit, where payment in advance from customers is normally required. The credit periods granted to its customers are from 30 to 90 days; otherwise, cash terms are normally required. The Group seeks to maintain strict control over its outstanding receivables. Trade receivables are non-interest-bearing.

24. TRADE AND BILL RECEIVABLES (CONTINUED)

The carrying amounts of the Group's trade and bill receivables approximate to their fair values and the majority of which are denominated in Renminbi.

An aged analysis of the trade and bill receivables as at the end of the reporting period, based on the invoice date, and net of provisions, is as follows:

	Grou	р	Compa	ny
	2012	2011	2012	2011
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		(Restated)		
Within 90 days	1,498,243	1,105,141	1,443,427	928,966
91 days to 180 days	627,361	1,243,552	187,752	648,043
181 days to 365 days	127,980	83,994	20,621	52,442
1 to 2 years	15,406	13,262	20,363	44,289
Over 2 years			40,599	
	2,268,990	2,445,949	1,712,762	1,673,740

24. TRADE AND BILL RECEIVABLES (CONTINUED)

The movements in provision for impairment of trade receivables are as follows:

	Group	0	Compa	ny
	2012	2011	2012	2011
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		(Restated)		
At 1 January				
— As previously reported	81,471	85,311	41,148	23,512
- Business combination under				
common control	584	395		
— As restated	82,055	85,706	41,148	23,512
(Reversal of)/provision for				
impairment during the year				
(Note 8)	(5,212)	219	67,723	20,067
Amounts written off				
as uncollectible	(6,160)	(3,870)	_	(2,431)
Exchange realignment	141		_	_
Acquisition of subsidiaries	1			
At 31 December	70,825	82,055	108,871	41,148

Included in the above provision for impairment of trade receivables are individually impaired trade receivables. The individually impaired trade receivables relate to customers that were in financial difficulties and the receivables are not expected to be recovered. The Group does not hold any collateral or other credit enhancements over these balances.

24. TRADE AND BILL RECEIVABLES (CONTINUED)

The aged analysis of the trade and bill receivables that are not considered to be impaired as follows:

	Gro	Group		bany
	2012	2012 2011	2012	2011
	RMB'000	<i>RMB'000</i>	RMB'000	RMB'000
		(Restated)		
Neither past due nor impaired	1,498,243	2,348,692	1,631,179	1,577,009
Less than six months past due	627,361	83,994	20,621	52,442
Over six months past due	143,386	13,263	60,962	44,289
	2,268,990	2,445,949	1,712,762	1,673,740

Receivables that were neither past due nor impaired relate to a large number of diversified customers for whom there was no recent history of default.

Receivables that were past due but not impaired relate to a number of independent customers that have a good trading record with the Group. Based on past experience, the directors of the Company are of the opinion that no provision for impairment is necessary in respect of these balances as there has not been a significant change in credit quality and the balances are still considered fully recoverable. The Group does not hold any collateral or other credit enhancements over these balances.

At 31 December 2012, certain of the Group's bill receivables of approximately RMB191,050,000 (2011: approximately RMB184,920,000 (restated)) were pledged for the issuance of bill payables. The Company has not pledged its bill receivables for the year ended 31 December 2012 (2011: Nil).

At 31 December 2012, none of the Group's bill receivables (2011: RMB16,000,000), were pledged to secure borrowings granted to the Group.(Note 33(ii))

Included in the trade and bill receivables of the Group are unsecured trade receivables due from the Holding Company of approximately RMB131,000 (2011: approximately RMB78,000). These balances are interest-free and are repayable on demand. There were no unsecured trade receivables due from the Holding Company as included in trade and bill receivables of the Company (2011: approximately RMB 62,000)

No amount were included in the trade and bill receivables of the Group and the Company are unsecured trade receivables due from associates (2011: approximately RMB84,000) and (2011: approximately RMB84,000), respectively. These balances were interest-free and were repayable on demand.

24. TRADE AND BILL RECEIVABLES (CONTINUED)

Included in the trade and bill receivables of the Group and the Company are unsecured trade receivables due from related companies (fellow subsidiaries and associates of the Holding Company) of approximately RMB14,749,000 (2011: approximately RMB8,494,000) and approximately RMB11,140,000 (2011: approximately RMB4,033,000), respectively. These balances are interest-free and are repayable on demand.

Included in the trade and bill receivables of the Company are unsecured trade receivables due from subsidiaries of approximately RMB1,179,830,000 (2011: approximately RMB802,568,000). These balances are interest-free and are repayable on demand.

25. PREPAYMENTS, DEPOSITS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

	Group)	Compar	ıy
	2012	2011	2012	2011
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		(Restated)		
Prepayments, deposits and				
other debtors	754,691	624,448	525,989	370,987
Less: Impairment	(18,060)	(12,040)	(8,015)	(6,552)
	736,631	612,408	517,974	364,435

25. PREPAYMENTS, DEPOSITS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (CONTINUED)

The above balances are net of impairment allowance and the majority are denominated in Renminbi. The movements in provision for impairment of other receivables are as follows:

	Grou	р	Comp	any
	2012	2011	2012	2011
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		(Restated)		
At 1 January				
— As previously reported	12,025	10,938	6,552	8,392
— Business combination under				
common control	15	12		
— As restated	12,040	10,950	6,552	8,392
Impairment during the year				
(Note 8)	6,020	1,433	1,463	8
Amounts written off				
as uncollectible		(343)		(1,848)
At 31 December	18,060	12,040	8,015	6,552

Included in other debtors of the Group and the Company are other unsecured receivables due from the Holding Company of approximately RMB41,574,000 (2011: approximately RMB17,764,000 (restated)) and approximately RMB32,606,000 (2011: approximately RMB1,327,000), respectively. These balances are interest-free and are repayable in accordance with terms agreed.

Included in other debtors of the Group and the Company are other unsecured receivables due from related companies (fellow subsidiaries and associates of the Holding Company) of approximately RMB56,398,000 (2011: approximately RMB7,479,000 (restated)) and approximately RMB2,006,000 (2011: approximately RMB2,405,000), respectively. These balances are interest-free and are repayable in accordance with terms agreed.

Included in prepayments, deposits and other debtors of the Company are unsecured amounts due from subsidiaries of approximately RMB78,927,000 (2011: approximately RMB33,668,000). These balances are interest-free and are repayable in accordance with terms agreed.

Other balances are unsecured and interest-free, and repayable in accordance with terms agreed.

26. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS

	Grou	р
	2012	2011
	RMB'000	RMB'000
		(Restated)
inancial access hold for trading nurnesses:		
inancial assets held for trading purposes: — Debt securities		
— Listed in the PRC		
— Government	76,000	
 — Banks and other financial institutions 	70,000	12,944
— Others	_	42,136
		12,130
	76,000	55,080
— Equity securities		
— Listed in Hong Kong	4,575	3,304
— Listed in the PRC	6,226	7,544
	10,801	10,848
	10,001	10,848
inancial assets designated at fair value		
through profit or loss		
- Investments in funds and trusts		
— Listed in the PRC	_	11,470
— Unlisted in the PRC	220,000	
	220,000	11,470
	306,801	77,398

The above financial assets at 31 December 2012 and 2011 were without any restriction on sale.

The debt securities bear interest at rates 3.7% (2011: 0.5% to 5.7%) per annum, with maturity periods within 1 year (2011: 4 and 8 years).

27. HELD-TO-MATURITY FINANCIAL ASSETS

	Group		
	2012	2011	
	RMB'000	RMB'000	
		(Restated)	
At amortised cost: Unlisted bonds in the PRC	52.000		
Unlisted bonds in the PRC	52,090		

Unlisted bonds bear interest ranging from 5.2% to 8.5% per annum and will mature between 7 March 2013 and 18 July 2013. Held-to-maturity financial assets are stated at amortised cost discounted by the effective interest method and net of any impairment.

28. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND PLEDGED BANK DEPOSITS

		Grou	p	Compan	ıy
	Note	2012 <i>RMB'000</i>	2011 <i>RMB'000</i> (Restated)	2012 RMB′000	2011 <i>RMB'000</i>
Cash and bank balances— (Note (i)) Mandatory reserve deposits with		1,410,573	1,130,590	411,815	50,081
the PBOC — (Note (ii))		166,543	165,605	_	_
Time deposits — (Note (iv))		380,916	244,248	87,256	97,100
Less: Pledged bank deposits for		1,958,032	1,540,443	499,071	147,181
bill payables Less: Pledged bank deposits for other	29	(132,693)	(122,880)	(87,256)	(75,000)
banking facilities			(22,868)		(22,100)
Cash and cash equivalents in statement of financial position		1,825,339	1,394,695	411,815	50,081
Less: Mandatory reserve deposits with the PBOC — (Note (ii)) Add: Pledged bank deposits for the		(166,543)	(165,605)		
issuance of bill payables — (Note (iii))		132,693	122,880		
Add: Pledged bank deposits for other banking facilities —(Note (iii))			22,868		
Cash and cash equivalents in the consolidated cash flow statement		1,791,489	1,374,838		

28. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND PLEDGED BANK DEPOSITS (CONTINUED)

Notes:

- The balance included YTO Finance's deposits placed with the PBOC and other banks of approximately RMB544,858,000 (2011: approximately RMB218,139,000) and approximately RMB476,773,000 (2011: approximately RMB777,269,000), respectively.
- (ii) The balance represents mandatory reserve deposits placed with the PBOC. In accordance with the regulations of the PBOC, the balance should be no less than a specific percentage of the amounts of customer deposits placed with YTO Finance's. The mandatory reserve deposits are not available for use in the Group's day-to-day operations.
- (iii) As the bank balances were pledged for the Group's trade facilities for issuing bill payables and other banking facilities, they are included in cash and cash equivalents in the consolidated statement of cash flows.

	Group	
	2012	2011
	RMB'000	RMB'000
		(Restated)
Maturity within three months when acquired	356,916	244,178
Maturity within one year but over three months		
when acquired	24,000	70
	380,916	244,248

(iv) The maturity profile of the Group's time deposits at the end of the reporting period is analysed as follows:

At the end of the reporting period, the cash and bank balances of the Group denominated in HK dollars, US dollars and Euro amounted to approximately RMB28,697,000 (2011: approximately RMB27,938,000 (restated)), approximately RMB49,699,000 (2011: approximately RMB28,913,000 (restated)) and approximately RMB51,839,000 (2011: approximately RMB11,955,000 (restated)), respectively. The RMB is not freely convertible into other currencies, however, under the PRC's Foreign Exchange Control Regulations and Administration of Settlement, Sale and Payment of Foreign Exchange Regulations, the Group is permitted to exchange RMB for other currencies through authorised banks to conduct foreign exchange business.

Cash at banks earns interest at floating rates based on daily bank deposit rates. Short term time deposits are made for varying periods of between one day and three months depending on the immediate cash requirements of the Group, and earn interest at the respective short term time deposit rates. The bank balances and pledged bank deposits are deposited with creditworthy banks with no recent history of default.

29. TRADE AND BILL PAYABLES

An aged analysis of the trade and bill payables as at the end of the reporting period, based on the invoice date, is as follows:

	Group		Compa	iny
	2012	2011	2012	2011
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		(Restated)		
Within 90 days	1,876,720	1,004,863	1,261,622	1,060,188
91 days to 180 days	447,757	855,985	278,030	564,050
181 days to 365 days	110,844	409,424	64,000	21,417
1 to 2 years	60,029	38,832	15,694	12,399
Over 2 years	53,015	35,749	28,204	22,456
	2,548,365	2,344,853	1,647,550	1,680,510

The Group's bill payables amounting to approximately RMB518,133,000 (2011: approximately RMB651,392,000 (restated)) are secured by the pledge of certain of the Group's bank deposits amounting to approximately RMB132,693,000 (2011: approximately RMB122,880,000 (restated)) (Note 28) and Group's bill receivables approximately RMB191,050,000 (2011: approximately 184,920,000 (restated)) (Note 24).

Included in the trade and bill payables of the Group and the Company are unsecured trade payables due to the Holding Company of approximately RMB14,649,000 (2011: approximately RMB22,354,000 (restated)) and approximately RMB1,009,000 (2011: nil), respectively. The balances are interest-free and repayable on demand.

Included in the trade and bill payables of the Group and the Company are unsecured trade payables due to the related companies (fellow subsidiaries and associates of the Holding Company) of approximately RMB15,125,000 (2011: approximately RMB13,943,000 (restated)) and approximately RMB1,530,000 (2011: approximately RMB705,000), respectively. The balances are interest-free and repayable on demand.

Included in the trade and bill payables of the Company are unsecured trade payables due to subsidiaries of approximately RMB139,731,000 (2011: approximately RMB11,128,000).

The carrying amounts of the Group's trade and bill payables approximate to their fair values and the majority are denominated in Renminbi.

30. OTHER PAYABLES AND ACCRUALS

		Gro	up	Company		
		2012	2011	2012	2011	
	Note	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	
			(Restated)			
Accruals and other liabilities Current portion of		817,398	806,353	192,140	362,809	
deferred income	35	3,786	3,786	2,768	2,768	
		821,184	810,139	194,908	365,577	

Included in other liabilities of the Group and the Company are amounts due to the Holding Company of approximately RMB193,590,000 (2011: approximately RMB287,466,000) and approximately RMB37,127,000 (2011: approximately RMB194,915,000), respectively. These balances are unsecured, interest-free, denominated in Renminbi, and repayable on demand.

Included in other liabilities of the Group and the Company are amounts due to related companies (fellow subsidiaries and associates of the Holding Company) of approximately RMB44,873,000 (2011: approximately RMB133,000 (restated)) and approximately RMB44,747,000 (2011: approximately RMB122,000), respectively. These balances are unsecured, interest-free, denominated in Renminbi, and repayable on demand.

No amounts were included in other liabilities of the Group relating to non-controlling interests of subsidiaries of the Group (2011: approximately RMB3,063,000). These balances were unsecured, interest-free, denominated in Renminbi, and repayable on demand.

Included in other liabilities of the Company are amounts due to subsidiaries of approximately RMB41,000,000 (2011: approximately RMB80,510,000). These balances are unsecured, interest-free, denominated in Renminbi, and repayable on demand.

31. CUSTOMER DEPOSITS

	Group		
	2012	2011	
	RMB'000	RMB'000	
		(Restated)	
Deposits from the Holding Company	582,721	737,730	
Deposits from associates	73	4,204	
Deposits from fellow subsidiaries and			
associates of the Holding Company	316,305	230,425	
Deposits from customers	211,188	86,061	
	1,110,287	1,058,420	

All of these balances are unsecured and bear interest at rates ranging from 0.39% to 3.5% (2011: 0.5% to 3.31%) per annum. The carrying amount of customer deposits approximate to their fair values and are denominated in Renminbi.

The maturity profile of the Group's customer deposits at the end of the reporting period is analysed by the remaining periods to their contractual maturity dates as follows:

	Grou	0
	2012	2011
	RMB'000	RMB'000
		(Restated)
Repayable:		
On demand	892,423	905,990
Within three months	72,454	111,997
Within one year but over three months	145,410	40,433
	1,110,287	1,058,420

32. PLACEMENTS FROM BANKS AND NON-BANK FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS

As at 31 December 2012 and 2011, all placement counterparties of the Group are banks located in the PRC.

33. BORROWINGS

Group

		2012			2011	
	Effective			Effective		
	interest			interest		
	rate	Maturity	RMB'000	rate	Maturity	RMB'000
	(%)			(%)		(Restated)
Current:						
Bank borrowings						
— Secured			-	4.84%-6.71%	2012	14,400
— Unsecured	2.5%-7.91%	2013	451,241	1.88%-7.35%	2012	955,068
			451,241			969,468
Non-current:						
Other borrowings						
— Unsecured	4.1%-5.75%	2014–2017	617,500	5.13%-6.90%	2013–2015	186,000
			1,068,741			1,155,468
Analysed into:						
Borrowings repayable:						
Within one year and on demand			451,241			969,468
Between one to two years			413,000			44,000
Between two to three years			167,000			44,000
Between three to five years			37,500			98,000
			1,068,741			1,155,468

33. BORROWINGS (CONTINUED)

Company

		2012			2011	
	Effective			Effective		
	interest			interest		
	rate	Maturity	RMB'000	rate	Maturity	RMB'000
	(%)			(%)		(Restated)
Current:						
Bank borrowings						
— Unsecured	3.85%-5.32%	2013	886,041	1.88%-7.35%	2012	1,278,467
Non-current:						
Other borrowings						
— Unsecured	4.1%-5.75%	2014–2017	617,500	5.13%-6.90%	2013–2015	186,000
			1,503,541			1,464,467
Analysed into:						
Borrowings repayable:						
Within one year and on demand			886,041			1,278,467
Between one to two years			413,000			44,000
Between two to three years			167,000			44,000
Between three to five years			37,500			98,000
			1,503,541			1,464,467

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33. BORROWINGS (*CONTINUED***)**

The borrowings of the Group and the Company as at 31 December 2012 and 2011 are denominated in the following currencies:

	Grou	р	Compa	any
	2012	2011	2012	2011
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	<i>RMB'000</i>
		(Restated)		
RMB	939,505	1,077,794	1,493,484	1,412,800
US dollar	51,541	66,631	10,057	51,667
Euro	66,541	—	—	—
West African CFA franc	11,154	11,043		
	1,068,741	1,155,468	1,503,541	1,464,467

Other interest rate information:

	Gro	up	Comp	bany
	2012	2011	2012	2011
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		(Restated)		
Fired interest and	760 744	711 705	4 202 544	
Fixed interest rate	768,741	711,705	1,203,541	1,035,667
Floating interest rate	300,000	443,763	300,000	428,800
	1,068,741	1,155,468	1,503,541	1,464,467

The borrowings of the Group and the Company are secured by:

- (i) at 31 December 2011, a subsidiary's land use rights with an aggregate net carrying value of approximately RMB6,162,000 (Note 17).
- (ii) at 31 December 2011, a subsidiary's bill receivables with an aggregate carrying value of approximately RMB16,000,000 (Note 24).
- (iii) at 31 December 2011, a subsidiary's pledged bank deposits with an aggregate carrying value of approximately RMB22,868,000 (Note 28).

The carrying amounts of the Group's and the Company's borrowings approximate to their fair values, which are calculated by discounting the expected future cash flows at the prevailing interest rates.

34. PROVISIONS

Group

	Early retirement benefits <i>RMB'000</i> (Restated)	Product warranties <i>RMB'000</i> (Restated)	Total <i>RMB'000</i> (Restated)
2011			
At 1 January 2011 — As previously reported — Business combination under common control	99,862	46,891	146,753
— As restated (Reversal of)/provision	99,862	46,891	146,753
for the year (Note 8)	(10,871)	113,141	102,270
Amounts utilised during the year	(24,271)	(137,909)	(162,180)
At 31 December 2011	64,720	22,123	86,843
Portion classified as current liabilities	(21,716)	(22,123)	(43,839)
Non-current portion	43,004		43,004

34. PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)

Group

	Early retirement benefits RMB'000	Product warranties RMB'000	Total <i>RMB'000</i>
2012			
At 1 January 2012 — As previously reported — Business combination under	64,720	22,123	86,843
common control			
— As restated Provision for the year <i>(Note 8)</i> Amounts utilised during the year	64,720 12,155 (26,246)	22,123 102,465 (103,222)	86,843 114,620 (129,468)
At 31 December 2012	50,629	21,366	71,995
Portion classified as current liabilities	(19,169)	(21,366)	(40,535)
Non-current portion	31,460		31,460

34. PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)

Company

	Early		
	retirement	Product warranties	Tatal
	benefits <i>RMB'000</i>	<i>RMB'000</i>	Total <i>RMB'000</i>
2011			
At 1 January 2011	84,960	10,120	95,080
(Reversal of)/provision for the year	(9,862)	219	(9,643)
Amounts utilised during the year	(19,970)	(10,339)	(30,309)
At 31 December 2011	55,128	_	55,128
Portion classified as current liabilities	(18,413)		(18,413)
Non-current portion	36,715		36,715
	Early		
	retirement	Product	
	benefits	warranties	Total
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
2012			
At 1 January 2012	55,128	_	55,128
Provision for the year	2,367	11,509	13,876
Amounts utilised during the year	(18,657)	(6,009)	(24,666)
At 31 December 2012	38,838	5,500	44,338
Portion classified as current liabilities	(14,758)	(5,500)	(20,258)

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34. PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)

A provision for early retirement benefits was recorded during the year in connection with the early retirement plans for the Group's employees. Further details of the early retirement plans are included in Note 42 to the consolidated financial statements.

The Group provides warranties for certain of its products sold, under which faulty products are repaired or replaced. The estimation basis is reviewed regularly and is revised where appropriate.

35. DEFERRED INCOME

The movements of deferred income in relation to government grants as stated under current and noncurrent liabilities are as follows:

	Group		Company		
	2012	2011	2012	2011	
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	
		(Restated)			
At 1 January					
— As previously reported	115,514	110,534	93,784	93,802	
- Business combination under					
common control					
— As restated	115,514	110,534	93,784	93,802	
Received during the year	83,864	15,669	56,780	2,750	
Recognised as other income and					
gains during the year (Note 6)	(34,152)	(10,689)	(6,864)	(2,768)	
At 31 December	165,226	115,514	143,700	93,784	
Current portion - included in other payables and accruals (Note 30)	(3,786)	(3,786)	(2,768)	(2,768)	
Non-current portion	161,440	111,728	140,932	91,016	

36. DEFERRED INCOME TAX

The movements in deferred income tax liabilities and assets during the year are as follows:

Deferred income tax liabilities

			Group			Company
	Fair value	Fair value	Fair value	Fair value		Fair value
	adjustment	adjustment	adjustment	changes of		changes of
	on	on property,	on prepaid	available-for-		available- for-
	investment	plant and	operating	sale financial		sale financial
	properties	equipment	leases	assets	Total	assets
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
	(Restated)	(Restated)	(Restated)	(Restated)	(Restated)	(Restated)
At 1 January 2011						
— As previously reported	4,952	19	6,299	15,792	27,062	8,937
- Business combination under						
common control						
— As restated Deferred income tax credited to income	4,952	19	6,299	15,792	27,062	8,937
statement during the year (Note 11)	(185)	(5)	(180)	(332)	(702)	_
Deferred income tax credited to other comprehensive income during the						
year (Note 11)				(11,230)	(11,230)	(5,375)
Gross deferred income tax liabilities at						
31 December 2011	4,767	14	6,119	4,230	15,130	3,562

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36. DEFERRED INCOME TAX (CONTINUED)

The movements in deferred income tax liabilities and assets during the year are as follows: (Continued)

Deferred income tax liabilities (Continued)

	Fair value adjustment on investment properties	Fair value adjustment on property, plant and equipment	Group Fair value adjustment on prepaid operating leases	Fair value changes of available-for- sale financial assets	Total	Company Fair value changes of available- for- sale financial assets
	<i>RMB'000</i> (Restated)	RMB'000 (Restated)	RMB'000 (Restated)	RMB'000 (Restated)	<i>RMB'000</i> (Restated)	RMB'000 (Restated)
At 1 January 2012 — As previously reported — Business combination under common control	4,767	14	6,119	4,230	15,130	3,562
 As restated Deferred income tax credited to income statement during the year (Note 11) 	4,767	14	6,119	4,230	15,130	3,562
statement during the year (Note 11) Deferred income tax charged to other comprehensive income during the year (Note 11)	(206)	(14)	(230)	529	(450)	607
Gross deferred income tax liabilities at 31 December 2012	4,561		5,889	4,759	15,209	4,169

No deferred income tax liabilities have been recognised in respect of the temporary differences associated with undistributed profits of subsidiaries, because the Group is in a position to control the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences and it is probable that such differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

36. DEFERRED INCOME TAX (CONTINUED)

The movements in deferred income tax liabilities and assets during the year are as follows: (Continued)

Deferred income tax assets

Group		
Fair value		
changes of		
available-	Other	
for-sale	deductible	
financial	temporary	
assets	differences	Total
RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
(Restated)	(Restated)	(Restated)
_	25,038	38,825
_		_
_	25,038	38,825
1,221	(16,739)	1,867
5,975	_	5,975
7,196	8,299	46,667

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36. DEFERRED INCOME TAX (CONTINUED)

The movements in deferred income tax liabilities and assets during the year are as follows: (Continued)

Deferred income tax assets (Continued)

			Group		
	Loss available for offset against future taxable profit <i>RMB'000</i>	Early retirement benefits RMB'000	Fair value changes of available- for-sale financial assets <i>RMB'000</i>	Other deductible temporary differences RMB'000	Total <i>RMB'000</i>
		NIVID 000			
At 1 January 2012 — As previously reported — Business combination under common control	22,282	8,890	7,196	8,299	46,667
— As restated Deferred income tax credited/(charged)	22,282	8,890	7,196	8,299	46,667
to the income statement during the year (Note 11) Deferred income tax credited to the	19,230	(2,257)	(405)	1,135	17,703
other comprehensive income during the year (<i>Note 11</i>)			215		215
Gross deferred income tax assets at 31 December 2012	41,512	6,633	7,006	9,434	64,585

36. DEFERRED INCOME TAX (CONTINUED)

The movements in deferred income tax liabilities and assets during the year are as follows: (Continued)

Deferred income tax assets (Continued)

	Company					
		Other				
	Early	deductible				
	retirement	temporary				
	benefits	differences	Total			
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000			
At 1 January 2011	12,555	15,340	27,895			
Deferred income tax charged to the						
income statement during the year	(4,429)	(14,433)	(18,862)			
Deferred income tax assets						
at 31 December 2011	8,126	907	9,033			

	Company Other				
	Early retirement	deductible temporary			
	benefits RMB'000	differences RMB'000	Total RMB'000		
At 1 January 2012 Deferred income tax (charged)/credited to	8,126	907	9,033		
the income statement during the year	(2,300)	57	(2,243)		
Deferred income tax assets at 31 December 2012	5,826	964	6,790		

36. DEFERRED INCOME TAX (CONTINUED)

Deferred income tax assets (Continued)

The principal components of the Group's deductible temporary differences and unused tax losses for which no deferred income tax assets were recognised in the consolidated financial statements are as follows:

			Group		
			2012	2011	
			RMB'000	<i>RMB'000</i>	
				(Restated)	
Tax losses — PRC			175,270	239,663	
Assets provision			202,712	187,757	
Other deductible temporary differences		-	939	6,068	
		-	378,921	433,488	
	Group)	Compa	ny	
	2012	2011	2012	2011	
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	
		(Restated)			
For purpose of disclosure:					
Deferred income tax assets	64,585	46,667	6,790	9,033	
Deferred income tax liabilities	(15,209)	(15,130)	(4,169)	(3,562)	
Net book amount at 31 December	49,376	31,537	2,621	5,471	

Deferred income tax assets have not been recognised in respect of these unused tax losses and other deductible temporary differences, as they have arisen in companies that have been loss-making for some time and their future profit streams are unpredictable, rendering the underlying recoverability of the deferred income tax assets uncertain. The unused tax losses will be available within five years for offsetting against future taxable profits of the companies in which the losses arose.

There were no income tax consequences in relation to the payment of dividends by the Company to its shareholders.

37. SHARE CAPITAL

	2012		2011	1	
	Number	Nominal	Number	Nominal	
	of shares	value	of shares	value	
	(thousand)	RMB'000	(thousand)	<i>RMB'000</i>	
Registered, issued and fully paid: Domestic shares of RMB1.00 each — held by Holding Company — held by other A share shareholders H shares of RMB1.00 each	443,910 150,000 401,990 995,900	443,910 150,000 401,990 995,900	443,910 	443,910 401,990 845,900	

A summary of the movement in the Company's issued share capital is as follows:

	Domestic shares held by Holding Company	Domestic shares held by other A share shareholders	H shares	Total
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
As at 1 January and 31 December 2011 Issue of new A shares <i>(note 37(b))</i>	443,910 	150,000	401,990	845,900 150,000
As at 31 December 2012	443,910	150,000	401,990	995,900

(a) The Domestic shares rank pari passu, in all material respects, with the H shares. However, the transfer of Domestic shares is subject to certain restrictions imposed by the PRC law from time to time.

⁽b) On 8 August 2012, the Company issued 150,000,000 new A shares at RMB5.4 per share. Net proceeds resulting from the share issuance amounted to approximately RMB773,733,000 after deducting the share issuance costs of approximately RMB36,267,000, out of which RMB150,000,000 was recorded in share capital and RMB623,733,000 was credited to share premium. The listing and trading of the A shares on the Shanghai Stock Exchange commenced on 8 August 2012.

38. RESERVES

(a) Group

Group reserves and the movements therein for the current and prior years are presented in the consolidated statement of changes in equity.

Capital reserve mainly comprised: (i) the excess/deficiency of the carrying amount of net assets over the purchase consideration for subsidiaries acquired under common control, (ii) deferred income recognised in equity pursuant to relevant regulations and guidance issued by the Ministry of Finance in the PRC, and (iii) the excess/deficiency of the considerations paid for/received from over the changes in the carrying amounts of non-controlling interests in the acquisitions of further interests in subsidiaries or disposal of part interests in subsidiaries, respectively.

In accordance with PRC Company Law and the Company's articles of association, the Company is required to appropriate 10% of its annual statutory profit after tax, as determined in accordance with PRC accounting standards and regulations to a statutory surplus reserve (the "SSR"). No allocation to the SSR is required after the balance of the Company's SSR reaches 50% of its registered capital.

Moreover, upon a resolution made by the shareholders, a certain percentage of its annual statutory profit after tax is transferred to the general surplus reserve (the "GSR"). During the year, no GSR (2011: Nil), as dealt with in the Group's consolidated financial statements, were appropriated by the Company and its subsidiaries.

The SSR and GSR may only be used to offset accumulated losses, expand the production operations of the Company, or to increase its paid-up capital.

Pursuant to the relevant laws and regulations, certain subsidiaries of the Group which are Sinoforeign joint ventures registered in the PRC, certain profits of these subsidiaries are required to be and have been transferred to the reserve fund and enterprise expansion fund, which are restricted as to use.

During the year, the Company and its subsidiaries' aggregate appropriations to the SSR, the reserve fund and the enterprise expansion fund, as dealt with in the Group's consolidated financial statements, were approximately RMB43,096,000 (2011: approximately RMB27,472,000).

During the year, no reserve fund (2011: Nil) and no enterprise expansion fund (2011: Nil), as dealt with in the Group's consolidated financial statements, were appropriated by the Company and its subsidiaries.

38. RESERVES (CONTINUED)

(a) Group (Continued)

The associate did not make any appropriation to the SSR in the current and prior years.

Pursuant to the relevant PRC regulations, YTO Finance, being a non-bank subsidiary financial institution of the Group, is required to transfer a certain amount of its profit, based on 1% of realised net profit for the year (2011: determined based on 1% of realised net profit for the year), to the general and statutory fund through its profit appropriation.

Pursuant to the CaiQi [2012] No.16 "Measures for the Extraction and Management of the Production Safety fund for the enterprises" issued by the Ministry of Finance and the Safety Production General Bureau, the Group is required to accrue production safety fund to improve the production safety.

						Available- for-sale		
		Share		Statutory	General	financial		
		premium	Capital	surplus	surplus	assets	Retained	
		account	reserve	reserve	reserve	reserve	earnings	Total
	Note	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
At 1 January 2011		1,539,938	7,990	109,429	48,388	50,643	141,734	1,898,122
Profit for the year	12	_	_	_	_	_	274,423	274,423
Changes in fair values of available-								
for-sale financial assets		_	_	_	_	(30,461)	_	(30,461)
Transfer to/(from) reserves		_	_	27,472	_	_	(27,472)	_
At 31 December 2011		1,539,938	7,990	136,901	48,388	20,182	388,685	2,142,084

(b) Company

38. RESERVES (CONTINUED)

(b) Company (Continued)

						Available- for-sale		
		Share		Statutory	General	financial		
		premium	Capital	surplus	surplus	assets	Retained	
		account	reserve	reserve	reserve	reserve	earnings	Total
	Note	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
At 1 January 2012		1,539,938	7,990	136,901	48,388	20,182	388,685	2,142,084
Profit for the year	12	_	_	_	_	_	431,952	431,952
Changes in fair values of available	<u>-</u>							
for-sale financial assets		_	_	_	_	3,441	_	3,441
Issue of new A shares	37	623,733	_	_	_	_	_	623,733
Proposed final 2012 dividend	13	_	_	_	_	_	(99,590)	(99,590)
Transfer to/(from) reserves				43,096			(43,096)	
At 31 December 2012		2,163,671	7,990	179,997	48,388	23,623	677,951	3,101,620

During the year, the Company appropriations to the SSR amounted to approximately RMB43,096,000 (2011: approximately RMB27,472,000).

At the end of the reporting period, the Company did not utilise any of the SSR.

As at 31 December 2012, the Company has retained earnings of approximately RMB677,951,000 (2011: approximately RMB388,685,000) available for distribution by way of cash or cash in kind.

As at 31 December 2012, in accordance with PRC Company Law, an amount of approximately RMB2,163,671,000 (2011: approximately RMB1,539,938,000) standing to the credit of the Company's share premium account was available for distribution by way of future capitalisation issues.

39. ACQUISITION OF ADDITIONAL INTERESTS IN SUBSIDIARIES

(a) Acquisition of additional interests in subsidiaries in the current year

In 2012, the Group acquired additional equity interest of two subsidiaries from the Holding Company and independent third parties. These two subsidiaries' principal activities are manufacture and sale of construction machinery and provision of financial services.

(i) On 31 May 2012, the Company acquired an additional 24% equity interest in Yituo (Luoyang) Shentong Construction Machinery Company Limited ("YLST") at a consideration of approximately RMB1. The carrying amount of the non-controlling interests in YLST on the date of acquisition was a deficit balance of approximately RMB2,982,000. The Group recognised a decrease in non-controlling interests of approximately RMB2,982,000 and a decrease in equity attributable to owners of the Company of approximately RMB2,982,000. The effect of changes in the ownership interest of YLST on the equity attributable to owners of the Company of approximately attributable to owners of the Company during the year is summarised as follows:

	2012 <i>RMB'000</i>
Carrying amount of non-controlling interests acquired (net liabilities) Consideration paid to non-controlling interests	(2,982)
Excess of consideration paid recognised in capital reserve within equity	(2,982)

(ii) On 30 June 2012, the Company acquired an additional 0.8% equity interest in YTO Finance at a consideration of approximately RMB4,624,000. The carrying amount of the non-controlling interests in YTO Finance on the date of acquisition was a surplus balance of approximately RMB4,917,000. The Group recognised a decrease in non-controlling interests of approximately RMB4,917,000 and a increase in equity attributable to owners of the Company of approximately RMB293,000. The effect of changes in the ownership interest of YTO Finance on the equity attributable to owners of the Company during the year is summarised as follows:

	2012
	RMB'000
Carrying amount of non-controlling interests acquired	4,917
Consideration paid to non-controlling interests	(4,624)
Difference of consideration paid recognised in	
capital reserve within equity	293

39. ACQUISITION OF ADDITIONAL INTERESTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (CONTINUED)

(a) Acquisition of additional interests in subsidiaries in the current year *(Continued)*

(iii) On 14 November 2012, the Group entered into a Sale and Purchase Agreement with the Holding Company to acquire a 100% equity interest in YTO (Luoyang) Flag Auto-Body Co., Ltd ("YTO Flag") at a consideration of approximately RMB158,555,000. YTO Flag was engaged in the production and sale of covering parts, driving cabins, auto parts and other components of automobiles, agricultural and construction machinery.

As at 31 December 2011, the Holding Company held 51.39% of equity interest and subsequently acquired an additional equity interest on 31 July 2012 in YTO Flag from YTO (Luoyang) Kintra Equipment Science & Technology Company Limited and independent third parties for a consideration of approximately RMB 112,840,000. Upon the completion of this further acquisition, YTO Flag became a wholly owned subsidiary of the Holding Company. As both the Company and YTO Flag are under the common control of the Holding Company immediately before and after the acquisition, the Group has applied merger accounting as prescribed in Accounting Guideline 5 "Merger Accounting for Common Control Combinations" to account for business combinations under common control. Accordingly, the financial statements of YTO Flag have been consolidated since the date of the earliest financial period presented, as if the acquisition of 51.39% equity interest had occurred at that time and 100% equity interest had occurred after 31 July 2012, pursuant to the acquisition stages of the Holding Company.

The carrying amount of the non-controlling interests in YTO Flag on the date of acquisition was a surplus balance of approximately RMB88,832,000. The Group recognised a decrease in non-controlling interests of approximately RMB88,832,000 and an increase in equity attributable to equity holders of the Company of approximately RMB88,832,000. The effect of changes in the ownership interest of YTO Flag on the equity attributable to owners of the Company during the year is summarised as follows:

	2012 <i>RMB'000</i>
Carrying amount of non-controlling interests acquired Consideration paid to non-controlling interests	
Difference of consideration paid recognised in capital reserve within equity	88,832

39. ACQUISITION OF ADDITIONAL INTERESTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (CONTINUED)

(b) Acquisition of additional interests in subsidiaries in previous year

(i) On 30 September 2011, the Company acquired an additional 26% equity interest in YLST at a consideration of approximately RMB45. The carrying amount of the non-controlling interests in YLST on the date of acquisition was a deficit balance of approximately RMB3,420,000. The Group recognised a decrease in non-controlling interests of approximately RMB3,420,000 and a decrease in equity attributable to owners of the Company of approximately RMB3,420,000. The effect of changes in the ownership interest of YLST on the equity attributable to owners of the Company during the year 2011 is summarised as follows:

	2011 <i>RMB'000</i>
Carrying amount of non-controlling interests acquired (net liabilities) Consideration paid to non-controlling interests	(3,420)
Excess of consideration paid recognised in capital reserve within equity	(3,420)

(ii) On 31 May 2011, the Company acquired an additional 13.18% equity interest in YTO (Luoyang) Forklift Co., Limited ("YTO Forklift") at a consideration of approximately RMB1,047,000.The carrying amount of the non-controlling interests in YTO Forklift on the date of acquisition was a deficit balance of approximately RMB917,000. The Group recognised a decrease in non-controlling interests of approximately RMB917,000 and a decrease in equity attributable to owners of the Company of approximately RMB1,964,000. The effect of changes in the ownership interest of YTO Forklift on the equity attributable to owners of the Company during the year 2011 is summarised as follows:

	2011 <i>RMB'000</i>
Carrying amount of non-controlling interests acquired (net liabilities) Consideration paid to non-controlling interests	(917) (1,047)
Excess of consideration paid recognised in capital reserve within equity	(1,964)

40. ACQUISITION OF SUBSIDIARIES

(a) Acquisition of a subsidiary in the current year

On 31 May 2012, the Group acquired a further 60% equity interest in YTO Shunxing (Luoyang) Spare Parts Co., Ltd. ("YTO Shunxing") at a consideration of approximately RMB20,765,000 from independent third parties. Prior to the acquisition, the Group held a 40% equity interest in YTO Shunxing. YTO Shunxing is principally engaged in the manufacture, sale and service of forged steel crankshafts.

The acquisition was accounted for using the purchase method.

Net assets acquired in the transactions are as follows:

	Note	2012 Fair value RMB'000
Net assets acquired:		
Property, plant and equipment	15	22,673
Inventories	15	4,402
Trade and bill receivables		7,243
Prepayments, deposits and other receivables		1,341
Cash and cash equivalents		5,242
Trade and bill payables		(5,623)
Other payables and accruals		(670)
Net assets acquired		34,608
Interest transferred from associates		(13,843)
Total consideration		20,765
Satisfied by:		
Cash		20,765
Net cash outflow in respect of the net assets acquired:		
Cash consideration paid		(20,765)
Cash and cash equivalents acquired		5,242
Net cash outflow		(15,523)

40. ACQUISITION OF SUBSIDIARIES (CONTINUED)

(a) Acquisition of a subsidiary in the current year (Continued)

Included in the revenue and loss for the year 2012 are approximately RMB4,839,000 and RMB484,000 attributable to the additional business generated by this new acquired subsidiary.

Had the business combination been effected on 1 January 2012, the revenue of the Group would be approximately RMB11,322,782,000, and profit for the year of the Group would be approximately RMB485,168,000. The directors of the Group consider these 'pro-formas' an approximate measure of the performance of the combined group on an annualised basis and a reference point for comparison in future periods.

(b) Acquisition of a subsidiary in previous year

On 1 October 2011, a 51% owned subsidiary of the Group, Luoyang Tractors Research Institute Co., Ltd ("LTRI") acquired a further 70% equity interest in Luoyang Tuoqi Engineering Company Limited ("Touqi Engineering") for a consideration of approximately RMB2,800,000 from independent third parties. Prior to the acquisition, LTRI held a 30% equity interest in Tuoqi Engineering. Tuoqi Engineering is principally engaged in the provision of technology development, transfer and consultancy services.

The acquisition was accounted for using the purchase method.

40. ACQUISITION OF SUBSIDIARIES (CONTINUED)

(b) Acquisition of a subsidiary in previous year (*Continued*)

Net assets acquired in the transaction are as follows:

		2011
		Fair value
	Note	RMB'000
Net assets acquired:		
Property, plant and equipment	15	374
Inventories		7,825
Trade and bill receivables		4,584
Prepayments, deposits and other receivables		285
Cash and cash equivalents		1,074
Trade and bill payables		(5,278)
Other payables and accruals		(983)
Current income tax liabilities		(34)
Net assets acquired		7,847
Interest transferred from associates		(2,354)
Gain on bargain purchase	6,8	(2,693)
Total consideration		2,800
Satisfied by:		
Cash		2,800
Net cash outflow in respect of the net assets acquired:		
Cash consideration paid		(2,800)
Cash and bank balances acquired		1,074
Net cash outflow		(1,726)

40. ACQUISITION OF SUBSIDIARIES (CONTINUED)

(b) Acquisition of a subsidiary in previous year (Continued)

Included in the revenue and profit for the year 2011 are approximately RMB7,748,000 and RMB429,000 attributable to the additional business generated by these newly acquired subsidiaries.

Had the business combination been effected on 1 January 2011, the revenue of the Group would be approximately RMB11,354,405,000, and profit for the year of the Group would be approximately RMB457,733,000. The directors of the Group consider these 'pro-formas' an approximate measure of the performance of the combined group on an annualised basis and a reference point for comparison in future periods.

41. BUSINESS COMBINATION UNDER COMMON CONTROL

(a) Acquisition of interests in subsidiaries in the current year

As at 31 December 2012, the Group acquired a 100% equity interest in YTO Flag and YTO Axle from the Holding Company at considerations of approximately RMB158,789,000 and RMB224,618,000, respectively. The principally activities of YTO Flag are manufacture and sale of covering parts, driving cabins, auto parts and other components and the principally activities of YTO Axle are manufacture and sale of offroad machinery drive axles. The financial statements of YTO Flag and YTO Axle are consolidated by the Group as the Group has control over operating and financial policies of these entities.

As mentioned in Note 2.1(a) to the consolidated financial statements, the Group has applied merger accounting as prescribed in Accounting Guideline 5 "Merger Accounting for Common Control Combinations" to account for business combinations under common control. Accordingly, the above subsidiaries have been consolidated since 1 January 2011, the earliest financial period presented, as if the acquisition had been occurred at that time.

41. BUSINESS COMBINATION UNDER COMMON CONTROL (CONTINUED)

(a) Acquisition of interests in subsidiaries in the current year (*Continued*)

The reconciliation of the effect arising from the common control combination on the consolidated statements of financial position as at 31 December 2012, 2011 and 2010 is as follows:

2012

	The Group excluding YTO			
	Flag and	YTO Flag		
	YTO Axle	and YTO Axle	Adjustments	Consolidated
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
Assets and liabilities				
Investments in subsidiaries	383,407	_	(383,407)	_
Other non-current assets	3,199,408	346,123	_	3,545,531
Cash and cash equivalents	1,813,034	43,088	(30,783)	1,825,339
Other current assets	5,420,495	303,149	(15,112)	5,708,532
Customer deposits	(1,141,070)	_	30,783	(1,110,287)
Other current liabilities	(3,896,128)	(370,606)	15,112	(4,251,622)
Other non-current liabilities	(825,609)			(825,609)
Net assets	4,953,537	321,754	(383,407)	4,891,884
Equity				
Attributable to owners of				
the Company				
Issued/paid up capital	995,900	100,000	(100,000)	995,900
Reserves	3,332,559	221,754	(283,407)	3,270,906
Proposed final dividend	99,590			99,590
	4,428,049	321,754	(383,407)	4,366,396
Non-controlling interests	525,488			525,488
Total equity	4,953,537	321,754	(383,407)	4,891,884

41. BUSINESS COMBINATION UNDER COMMON CONTROL (CONTINUED)

(a) Acquisition of interests in subsidiaries in the current year (*Continued*)

2011

	The Group excluding YTO			
	Flag and	YTO Flag		
	YTO Axle	and YTO Axle	Adjustments	Consolidated
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
				(Restated)
Assets and liabilities				
Other non-current assets	3,117,922	121,959	—	3,239,881
Cash and cash equivalents	1,389,091	59,957	(54,353)	1,394,695
Other current assets	4,979,709	208,013	(49,364)	5,138,358
Customer deposits	(1,112,774)	—	54,354	(1,058,420)
Other current liabilities	(4,242,498)	(213,399)	49,713	(4,406,184)
Other non-current liabilities	(355,862)			(355,862)
Nets assets	3,775,588	176,530	350	3,952,468
Equity				
Attributable to owners of				
the Company				
Issued/paid up capital	845,900	30,000	(30,000)	845,900
Reserves	2,477,600	146,530	(55,461)	2,568,669
Proposed final dividend			·	
	3,323,500	176,530	(85,461)	3,414,569
Non-controlling interests	452,088		85,811	537,899
Total equity	3,775,588	176,530	350	3,952,468

41. BUSINESS COMBINATION UNDER COMMON CONTROL (CONTINUED)

(a) Acquisition of interests in subsidiaries in the current year (Continued)

2010

	The Group excluding YTO Flag and	YTO Flag		
	YTO Axle	and YTO Axle	Adjustments	Consolidated
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
				(Restated)
Assets and liabilities				
Other non-current assets	2,462,507	95,666	_	2,558,173
Cash and cash equivalents	1,182,835	68,977	(68,253)	1,183,559
Other current assets	4,972,288	157,112	(31,472)	5,097,928
Customer deposits	(540,420)	_	68,253	(472,167)
Other current liabilities	(3,722,024)	(169,813)	31,722	(3,860,115)
Other non-current liabilities	(811,158)			(811,158)
Nets assets	3,544,028	151,942	250	3,696,220
Equity				
Attributable to owners of				
the Company				
Issued/paid up capital	845,900	30,000	(30,000)	845,900
Reserves	2,238,208	121,942	(43,609)	2,316,541
Proposed final dividend	67,672			67,672
	3,151,780	151,942	(73,609)	3,230,113
Non-controlling interests	392,248		73,859	466,107
Total equity	3,544,028	151,942	250	3,696,220

The above adjustments represent adjustments to eliminate the paid-up capital of YTO Flag and YTO Axle against the Group's investment costs in YTO Flag and YTO Axle, the cash deposit in YTO Finance by YTO Flag and YTO Axle, and current accounts between the Group and YTO Flag and YTO Axle as at 31 December 2012, 2011 and 2010, respectively.

41. BUSINESS COMBINATION UNDER COMMON CONTROL (CONTINUED)

(a) Acquisition of interests in subsidiaries in the current year (Continued)

The effect of the business combination of entities under common control, described above, on the Group's basic and diluted earnings per share for the year ended 31 December 2011 is as follows:

	Impact on basic earnings per share RMB	Impact on diluted earnings per share RMB
Reported figures before restatement Restatement arising from business combinations of	48.57 cents	48.57 cents
entities under common control	3.45 cents	3.45 cents
Restated	52.02 cents	52.02 cents

The effect of business combinations of entities under common control described above on the Group's net profit for the year ended 31 December 2011 is as follows:

	Group Net profit <i>RMB'000</i>
Reported figures before restatement	457,505
Restatement arising from business combination of entities under common control	56,787
Restated	514,292

41. BUSINESS COMBINATION UNDER COMMON CONTROL (CONTINUED)

(b) Acquisition of interests in subsidiaries in the previous year

In 2011, the Group acquired a 86.82% equity interest in YTO Forklift, which is principally engaged in manufacturing and sale of forklift from the Holding Company at a consideration of approximately RMB6,896,000. In addition, the Group and its subsidiary CAMACO acquired, 100% and 93.58% equity interests in YTO International and YITWO Agro-Industrial, respectively, from the Holding Company and its subsidiaries at a considerations of approximately RMB81,393,000 and RMB5,002,000, respectively. The principal activities of YTO International and YITWO Agro-Industrial are sale of agricultural and construction machinery.

As both the Company, YTO Forklift, YTO International and YITWO Agro-Industrial are under the common control of the Holding Company immediately before and after the acquisition, these transactions were accounted for as common control business combinations, using merger accounting for all periods presented herein as if merger had been consummated since the inception of common control. In accordance with the requirements under merger accounting, the consolidated statement of comprehensive income for the year ended 31 December 2011 has been restated on an "as if" combined basis. As a consequence, total revenue and loss during the year ended 31 December 2011 has been increased by approximately RMB559,252,000 and approximately RMB9,792,000, respectively.

42. RETIREMENT BENEFITS

- (a) The Group participates in various defined contribution retirement benefits schemes operated by the local municipal governments and is required to contribute 20% (2011: 20%) of the payroll costs to the schemes, out of which the pensions of the Group's retired employees are paid.
- (b) In addition, the Group implemented early retirement plans for certain employees in addition to the benefits under the government-regulated defined contribution schemes as disclosed in (a) above. The benefits of the early retirement plans are estimated based on various factors, including the remaining number of years of service from the date of early retirement to the normal retirement date and with reference to historical salaries of these early retirees. The costs of early retirement benefits are recognised in the period in which employees opt for early retirement.

43. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The contingent liabilities not provided for in the Group's and the Company's financial statements are as follows:

	Group		Company	
	2012	2011	2012	2011
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	<i>RMB'000</i>
		(Restated)		
 Financial guarantees to the facilities utilized by: subsidiaries (note a) related companies (note b) third parties (note c) 	 6,000 751,500	 351,720	87,541 751,500	56,000 351,720
	757,500	351,720	839,041	407,720

- (a) At 31 December 2012, the Company has provided guarantees of approximately RMB16,000,000 (2011: approximately RMB10,000,000) and approximately RMB71,541,000 (2011: approximately RMB46,000,000) to YTO Finance and certain banks, respectively, as security for credit facilities granted to certain subsidiaries. The facilities were utilised in aggregate to the extent of approximately RMB87,541,000 (2011: approximately RMB56,000,000).
- (b) At 31 December 2012, the Group has provided guarantees of approximately RMB14,000,000 to YTO Finance as security for credit facilities granted to related companies (fellow subsidiaries and associates of the Holding Company) (2011: Nil). The facilities were utilised in aggregate to the extent of approximately RMB6,000,000 (2011: Nil).
- (c) At 31 December 2012, the Group has provided guarantees of approximately RMB1,384,100,000 (2011: approximately RMB1,160,300,000) to certain banks in the PRC as security for credit facilities granted to certain customers. The facilities were utilised in aggregate to the extent of approximately RMB751,500,000 (2011: approximately RMB351,720,000).

44. PLEDGE OF ASSETS

Details of the Group's bill payables and borrowings, which are secured by certain assets of the Group, are included in Notes 29 and 33 to the consolidated financial statements, respectively.

45. COMMITMENTS

(a) Capital commitments

The Group and the Company had the following capital commitments as at the end of reporting period:

	Group		Company	
	2012	2011	2012	2011
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		(Restated)		
Contracted, but not provided for: Purchase of plant and machinery	130,922	132,149	130,922	120,892
Authorised, but not contracted for: Purchase of plant and machinery	1,676,270	1,415,200	931,370	852,829
	1,807,192	1,547,349	1,062,292	973,721

(b) Operating lease commitments — as lessor

The Group leases out certain of its buildings (Note 15) under operating lease arrangements. Leases for buildings are negotiated for terms ranging from one to three years. The terms of the leases generally also require the tenants to pay security deposits and provide for periodic rent adjustments according to the prevailing market conditions.

At the end of the reporting period, the Group and the Company had total future minimum lease receivables under non-cancellable operating leases with their tenants falling due as follows:

	Grou	qr	Compa	any
	2012	2011	2012	2011
	RMB'000	<i>RMB'000</i>	RMB'000	RMB'000
		(Restated)		
Within one year	400	1,206	400	1,037
In the second to fifth years, inclusive	400	1,059	400	930
	800	2,265	800	1,967
-				

None of the leases includes contingent rentals for the years ended 31 December 2012 and 2011.

45. COMMITMENTS (CONTINUED)

(c) Operating lease commitment — as lessee

The Group leases certain land, buildings, plant and machinery under operating lease arrangements. Leases for land and buildings are negotiated for terms ranging from one to two years with renewal options, and those for plant and machinery are for terms of one year with renewal options.

At the end of the reporting period, the Group and the Company had total future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases falling due as follows:

	Grou	qr	Comp	any
	2012	2011	2012	2011
	RMB'000	<i>RMB'000</i>	RMB'000	RMB'000
		(Restated)		
Within one year	5,374	9,881	4,295	3,579
In the second to fifth years, inclusive	485			
	5,859	9,881	4,295	3,579

None of the leases includes contingent rentals for the years ended 31 December 2012 and 2011.

46. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Company is ultimately controlled by the Parent, which is a state-owned enterprise established in the PRC. The Parent itself is controlled by the PRC government, which also owns a significant portion of the productive assets in the PRC. In accordance with HKAS 24 (revised), "Related Party Disclosure", government-related entities and their subsidiaries, directly or indirectly controlled, jointly controlled or significantly influenced by the PRC government are defined as related parties of the Group. On that basis, related parties include the Parent and its subsidiaries (other than the Group), other government-related entities and subsidiaries ("other stated-owned enterprises"), other entities and corporations in which the Company is able to control or exercise significant influence and key management personnel of the Company and the Parent as well as their close family members. For the purposes of the related party transaction disclosures, the directors of the Company believe that meaningful information in respect of related party transactions has been adequately disclosed.

46. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (CONTINUED)

In addition to the transactions and balances detailed elsewhere in these consolidated financial statements, the Group had the following material transactions with related parties during the year.

(a) The material transactions carried out between the Group and the Holding Company and its subsidiaries and related companies (fellow subsidiaries and associates of the Holding Company), during the year are summarised as follows:

		2012	2011
	Note	RMB'000	RMB'000
			(Restated)
Sale of raw materials, finished goods			
and components	(i)	252,122	300,295
Purchases of raw materials and components	(ii)	1,188,751	1,219,706
Purchases of utilities	(iii)	91,416	127,395
Fees paid for welfare and support services	(iv)	55,620	41,530
Fees paid for transportation services	(iv)	68,470	69,685
Research and development expenses paid	(v)	2,275	213
Fees paid for the use of land	(vi)	6,135	11,614
Fees paid for the use of a trademark	(vii)	_	15,548
Rentals paid	(viii), (ix)	5,161	9,299
Rental income received in respect of buildings	(x)	4,475	4,927
Purchases of plant and machinery	(xi)	12,450	47,048
Purchases of land use rights	(xii)	_	418,450
Purchases of trademark	(xii)	_	59,527
Acquisition of subsidiaries	(xiii)	383,407	93,291
Interest income and discounted bill charges	(xiv)	34,148	30,020
Interest paid for customer deposits	(xv)	8,072	3,489
Research and development income received	(xvi)	6,310	9,850

46. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (*CONTINUED***)**

(a) The material transactions carried out between the Group and the Holding Company and its subsidiaries and related companies (fellow subsidiaries and associates of the Holding Company), during the year are summarised as follows: (*Continued*)

Notes:

- (i) Pursuant to relevant agreements, the pricing in respect of the sale of raw materials, finished goods and components is determined by reference to the state price (i.e., the mandatory price set in accordance with the relevant PRC regulations, where applicable); or, if there is no applicable state price for any such raw materials or components, the market price or cost plus a percentage mark-up in the range of 10% to 30%, whichever is lower.
- (ii) Pursuant to the relevant agreements, the pricing in respect of purchases of raw materials and components is determined by reference to the state price (i.e., the mandatory price set in accordance with the relevant PRC regulations, where applicable); or, if there is no applicable state price for any such raw materials or components, the market price or cost plus a percentage mark-up in the range of 10% to 30%, whichever is lower.
- (iii) Pursuant to relevant agreements, the pricing in respect of purchases of utilities is determined by reference to the state price (i.e., the mandatory price set in accordance with the relevant PRC regulations, where applicable); or, if there is no applicable state price for any such services, the market price or cost plus a percentage mark-up in the range of 10% to 30%, whichever is lower.
- (iv) Pursuant to relevant agreements, the pricing in respect of each of the welfare and support services and transportation services is determined by reference to the state price (i.e., the mandatory price set in accordance with the relevant PRC regulations, where applicable); or, if there is no applicable state price for any such services, the market price or cost plus a percentage mark-up in the range of 10% to 30%, whichever is lower.
- (v) Pursuant to relevant agreements, the pricing in respect of routine research and development services is calculated at a rate of 0.2% (2011: 0.2%) of the Company's net annual turnover, and non-routine research and development service fees are determined separately under mutually agreed terms.
- (vi) Pursuant to the relevant agreements, the annual rental for the use of land is approximately RMB6,135,000 (2011: approximately RMB11,614,000) subject to a further land rental adjustment announced by the relevant state land administration authorities.
- (vii) Pursuant to relevant agreements, the pricing for the use of a trademark was charged at a rate ranging from 0.15% to 0.2% of the Company's net annual turnover and 0.4% of YLDC's net annual turnover for the year 2011.

46. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (*CONTINUED***)**

(a) The material transactions carried out between the Group and the Holding Company and its subsidiaries and related companies (fellow subsidiaries and associates of the Holding Company), during the year are summarised as follows: (*Continued*)

Notes: (Continued)

- (viii) Pursuant to the relevant agreements, the rentals of buildings were charged with reference to the market rental, or, if there is no applicable market rental, annual depreciation expenses plus management fees (management fees should not be more than 5% of the net book value of the facilities). The lessee will also bear the related sales tax, currently at 5.5% (subject to the tax rate imposed by the government of the PRC from time to time), on the rental charge and management fees.
- (ix) Pursuant to the relevant agreements, the rentals of plant and machinery were charged with reference to the market rental, or, if there is no applicable market rental, annual depreciation expenses plus management fees (management fees should not be more than 10% of the net book value of the facilities). The lessee will also bear the related sales tax, currently at 5.6% (subject to the tax rate imposed by the government of the PRC from time to time), on the rental charge and management fees.
- (x) Pursuant to the relevant agreements, the rental income of buildings received is determined with reference to the market rental, or, if there is no applicable market rental, annual depreciation expenses plus management fees (management fees should not be more than 5% of the net book value of the relevant premises). The lessee will also bear the related sales tax, currently at 5.6% (subject to the tax rate imposed by the government of the PRC from time to time), on the rental charge and management fees.
- (xi) The purchases and sale of plant and machinery were conducted under mutually agreed terms.
- (xii) The purchases and sale of land use rights and trademark were conducted under mutually agreed terms. The land use rights and trademark transferred had been valued by independent professional valuers on market basis.
- (xiii) The acquisition of subsidiaries conducted under mutually agreed terms. Please refer to Note 41 respectively for more details.
- (xiv) The interest income related to the bills discounting service rendered by and the loans granted by YTO Finance to members of the Holding Group. Pursuant to the relevant agreements, the transactions were conducted with reference to the terms and rates stipulated by the PBOC.
- (xv) The interest paid for customer deposits relates to the customer deposits placed in YTO Finance by the Holding Company and its subsidiaries and associates. Pursuant to the relevant agreements, the transactions were conducted with reference to the terms and rates stipulated by the PBOC.

46. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (CONTINUED)

(a) The material transactions carried out between the Group and the Holding Company and its subsidiaries and related companies (fellow subsidiaries and associates of the Holding Company), during the year are summarised as follows: (*Continued*)

Notes: (Continued)

(xvi) Pursuant to relevant agreements, the pricing in respect of routine research and development services rendered is determined by reference to the state price (i.e., the mandatory price set in accordance with the relevant PRC regulations, where applicable); or, if there is no applicable state price for any such services, the market price or cost plus a percentage mark-up in the range of 10% to 30%, whichever is lower.

(b) Other transactions with related parties

(i) Designated deposits and designated loans

As at the end of the reporting period, the Holding Company has placed an aggregate amount of approximately RMB47,000,000 (2011: approximately RMB50,000,000) with YTO Finance to provide designated loans to the fellow subsidiaries and an associate of the Holding Company.

Since the credit risk is borne by the depositors, the related assets and liabilities of these lending transactions by the depositors are not included in the consolidated financial statements.

(ii) Material transactions carried out between the Group and the Parent and its subsidiaries during the year

During the year, the Group sold raw materials, finished goods and components of approximately RMB31,847,000 (2011: approximately RMB44,591,000 (restated)) and purchased raw materials and components of approximately RMB6,955,000 (2011: approximately RMB2,693,000 (restated)) from the Parent and its subsidiaries.

The terms of transactions are equivalent to similar transactions carried out between the Group and the Holding Company and its subsidiaries and related companies (disclosed in Note 46(a)).

46. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (CONTINUED)

(c) Outstanding balances with related parties:

- Details of the Group's amounts due from/to the Holding Company, and the Group's loan to and deposits from the Holding Company as at the end of reporting period are disclosed in Notes 22, 24, 25, 29, 30 and 31 to the consolidated financial statements.
- (ii) Details of the Group's amounts due from and deposits from its associates as at the end of the reporting period are included in Notes 24 and 31 to the consolidated financial statements, respectively.
- (iii) Details of the Group's amounts due from/to with its related companies (fellow subsidiaries and associates of the Holding Company) as at the end of the reporting period are disclosed in Notes 22, 24, 25, 29, 30 and 31 to the consolidated financial statements.
- (iv) Details of the Group's amounts due to the non-controlling interests as at the end of the reporting period are disclosed in Note 30 to the consolidated financial statements.

(d) Significant transactions with other government-related entities

During the years ended 31 December 2012 and 2011, the Group's significant transactions with other state-owned enterprises (excluding the Parent and its subsidiaries) are a large portion of its sales of goods and purchases of raw materials, electricity, property, plant and equipment and services. In addition, substantially all restricted deposits, time deposits, cash and cash equivalents and borrowings as of 31 December 2012 and 2011 and the relevant interest earned or paid during the year are transacted with banks and other financial institutions controlled by the PRC government.

(e) Compensation of key management personnel of the Group

	2012 <i>RMB'000</i>	2011 <i>RMB'000</i>
Short term employee benefits Post-employment benefits	1,510 240	1,844 238
Total compensation paid to key management personnel	1,750	2,082

Further details of directors' emoluments are included in Note 9 to the consolidated financial statements.

47. COMPARATIVE AMOUNTS

Comparative figures have been adjusted to apply merger accounting for the business combination under common control, as explained in note 2.1 and 41 to the financial statements. Accordingly, certain comparative amounts have been restated to conform with the current year's presentation.

48. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

- On 15 November 2012, the Company and the Holding Company entered into an equity transfer agreement to acquire a 100% equity interest in YTO (Luoyang) Foundry Company Limited ("YTO Foundry") at consideration of approximately RMB104,478,000. This transaction was completed on 22 January 2013.
- 2) Following the approval by the shareholders during the extraordinary general meeting held on 9 November 2012 and by the China Securities Regulatory Commission ("CSRC") issued on 5 February 2013, the Company was allowed to issue corporate bonds to the public with an aggregate principal amount of not more than RMB1,500,000,000 ("the Corporate Bonds") in the PRC. The Corporate Bonds shall be issued in multiple tranches. The issuance amount of the first tranche shall not less than 50% of the total issuance amount and shall be completed within 6 months from the date on which the approval of the CSRC is obtained. Other tranches of the Corporate Bonds shall be issued and completed within 24 months from the date on which the approval of CSRC is obtained. The funds raised (less issuing expenses) were used to supplement the Company's capital.
- 3) On 8 February 2013, the Company, the Parent, Changchun State-owned Capital Investment and Operation Co., Ltd ("Changchun Investment") and Changtuo Agricultural Machinery Equipment Group Company Limited ("Changtuo Company") entered into the an agreement, pursuant to which the Company agreed to make a capital contribution of RMB94,250,000 in cash. Upon completion of the transaction, the registered capital of Changtuo Company will increase from RMB188,000,000 to RMB282,000,000 and the equity interest in Changtuo Company will be owned one-third by each of the Parent, Changchun Investment and the Company.