

(Incorporated in the Cayman Islands and continued in Bermuda with limited liability) (於開曼群島註冊成立並於百慕獎存續之有限公司)

> ANNUAL REPORT 2021年報

Contents 日 綠

- 2 Corporate Information 公司資料
- 4 Chairman's Statement 主席報告

- 6 Management Discussion and Analysis 管理層討論及分析
- 22 Management Profile 管理層履歷
- 25 External Consultant Profile 外聘顧問履歷
- 26 Corporate Governance Report 企業管治報告
- 38 Report of the Directors 董事會報告
- 50 Independent Auditors' Report 獨立核數師報告
- Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income 綜合損益及其他全面收益表
- 56 Consolidated Statement of Financial Position 綜合財務狀況表
- 58 Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity 綜合權益變動表
- 60 Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows 綜合現金流量表
- Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 综合財務報表附註
- 151 Financial Summary 財務概要

Corporate Information

公司資料

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Executive Directors

Gao Yuan Xing
Tang Rong
Huang He (retired on 31 August 2020)

Non-executive Directors

Jiang Nian *(Chairman)* Xiao Yan Wu Yanmin

Independent Non-executive Directors

Chen Weijun
Wang Rongliang
Chen Jinzhong (appointed on 1 February 2021)
Zhang Zhihong (resigned on 11 November 2020)

Audit Committee

Chen Weijun (Chairman)
Wang Rongliang
Chen Jinzhong (appointed on 1 February 2021)
Zhang Zhihong (resigned on 11 November 2020)

Remuneration Committee

Wang Rongliang (Chairman)
(designated as chairman on 1 February 2021)
Chen Jinzhong (appointed on 1 February 2021)
Zhang Zhihong (resigned on 11 November 2020)

Nomination Committee

Jiang Nian (Chairman)
(designated as chairman on 1 February 2021)
Wang Rongliang
Chen Jinzhong (appointed on 1 February 2021)
Zhang Zhihong (resigned on 11 November 2020)

HONORARY CHAIRMAN

Mao Yumin

COMPANY SECRETARY

Poon Hon Yin

董事會

執行董事

高源興 唐榕 黃鶴(於二零二零年八月三十一日退任)

非執行董事

蔣年(主席) 肖焱 鄔燕敏

獨立非執行董事

陳偉君 王榮樑 陳金中(於二零二一年二月一日獲委任) 張志鴻(於二零二零年十一月十一日辭任)

審核委員會

陳偉君(主席) 王榮樑 陳金中(於二零二一年二月一日獲委任) 張志鴻(於二零二零年十一月十一日辭任)

薪酬委員會

王榮樑(主席)

(於二零二一年二月一日獲調任為主席) 陳金中(於二零二一年二月一日獲委任) 張志鴻(於二零二零年十一月十一日辭任)

提名委員會

蔣年(主席)

(於二零二一年二月一日獲調任為主席) 王榮樑 陳金中(於二零二一年二月一日獲委任) 張志鴻(於二零二零年十一月十一日辭任)

名譽主席

毛裕民

公司秘書

潘漢彥

REGISTERED OFFICE

Clarendon House 2 Church Street Hamilton HM 11, Bermuda

PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IN HONG KONG

Unit No. 2111, 21/F. West Tower Shun Tak Centre 168–200 Connaught Road Central Sheung Wan, Hong Kong

PRINCIPAL SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER AGENT

Conyers Corporate Services (Bermuda) Limited Clarendon House 2 Church Street Hamilton HM 11, Bermuda

BRANCH SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER AGENT IN HONG KONG

Tricor Tengis Limited Level 54, Hopewell Centre 183 Queen's Road East Hong Kong

AUDITOR

Elite Partners CPA Limited 10/F, 8 Observatory Road Tsim Sha Tsui, Kowloon Hong Kong

PRINCIPAL BANKER

Bank of Communications Co., Ltd.

STOCK CODE

399

COMPANY WEBSITE

www.ipb.asia www.irasia.com/listco/hk/ipb

註冊辦事處

Clarendon House 2 Church Street Hamilton HM 11, Bermuda

香港主要營業地點

香港上環 干諾道中168-200號 信德中心西座 21樓2111室

股份登記總處及過戶代理處

Conyers Corporate Services (Bermuda) Limited Clarendon House 2 Church Street Hamilton HM 11, Bermuda

香港股份登記分處及 過戶代理處

卓佳登捷時有限公司 香港 皇后大道東183號 合和中心54樓

核數師

開元信德會計師事務所有限公司 香港 九龍尖沙咀 天文台道8號10樓

主要往來銀行

交通銀行股份有限公司

股份代號

399

公司網站

www.ipb.asia www.irasia.com/listco/hk/ipb

Chairman's Statement 主席報告

Dear Shareholders,

On behalf of the board (the "Board") of directors (the "directors") of Innovative Pharmaceutical Biotech Limited, (the "Company", together with its subsidiaries, the "Group"), I hereby present to all shareholders of the Company (the "Shareholders") the audited consolidated financial results of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2021 (the "Financial Year") with comparative figures for the year ended 31 March 2020 (the "Previous Financial Year").

The business environment has been particularly challenging during the year. The outbreak of COVID-19 in early of the year 2020 has blown the economy in the first half of the Financial Year. Fortunately, the epidemic was soon contained by the government through certain measures, including strict controls of social activities. This has resulted in an increase in revenue of approximately 4.18% from HK\$14,580,000 in the Previous Financial Year to HK\$15,189,000 in the Financial Year.

Loss attributable to the owners of the Company decrease to HK\$204,939,000 for the Financial Year, a decrease of HK\$6,178,000 from the loss of HK\$211,117,000 that was recorded in the Previous Financial Year. The decrease in loss was due to no loss was incurred on modification of convertible bonds and loss on change in fair value of investments in convertible bonds in the Financial Year. However, such reduction in loss was partly eliminated by the increase in effective interest expense on convertible bonds.

各位股東:

本人謹代表領航醫藥及生物科技有限公司 (「本公司」,連同其附屬公司統稱「本集團」) 之董事(「董事」)會(「董事會」)向本公司所 有股東(「股東」)提呈本集團截至二零二一 年三月三十一日止年度(「本財政年度」)之 經審核綜合財務業績與截至二零二零年三 月三十一日止年度(「上一財政年度」)之比 較數字。

年內的商業環境特具挑戰性。二零二零年初COVID-19疫症爆發,打擊本財政年度上半年之經濟。幸好,在政府採取嚴控社交活動等多項措施下,疫情很快受控。因此,收益由上一財政年度14,580,000港元增加約4.18%至本財政年度15,189,000港元。

於本財政年度,本公司擁有人應佔虧損減少至204,939,000港元,較上一財政年度虧損211,117,000港元減少6,178,000港元。虧損減少乃由於本財政年度內並無產生修訂可換股債券之虧損及可換股債券投資之公平值變動虧損。然而,該虧損減少被可換股債券之實際利息開支增加部份抵銷。

OUTLOOK

Against the current situation of COVID-19 which leads to economic uncertainties in the global environment and the trade conflicts between China and US, we foresee that it will take longer time before the trading of beauty equipment and products business can fully recover.

The Group also engages in development a technology that would allow insulin to be administered orally. Although the timetable of the clinical trial was disrupted and temporarily suspended by the outbreak of COVID-19, the first batch of patients for the part B, phase III of the clinical trial has commenced in the year of 2020. Based on the current information available, the timetable to commercialise the product will be adjusted to the mid of 2023.

The Company continues to actively pursue and review cooperation, joint ventures, and investments with suitable partners and will continue to focus on improving the Group's attractiveness and profitability as necessary to enhance shareholder returns and the sustainable long-term development of the Group as a whole.

APPRECIATION

On behalf of all the members of the Board, I would like to take this opportunity to express my gratitude to the Shareholders and business partners of the Group for their continued support and trust during the past year, and my most sincere appreciation to the directors, management, and staff at all levels for their dedication, hard work, and contributions to the Group.

Jiang Nian

Chairman Shanghai, 29 June 2021

展望

針對COVID-19導致全球環境經濟不穩的 現況,以及中美貿易衝突,我們預視美容 設備及美容產品業務須更長時間方可全面 復甦。

本集團亦從事開發技術,使胰島素可予口服。儘管由於COVID-19疫症爆發,臨床試驗時間表受到影響,並暫時停止,但就臨床試驗第三期B段招募第一批患者已於二零二零年開始。按現時可得資料,產品商品化的時間表已調整至二零二三年年中。

本公司繼續積極物色及檢討合作、合營企業及投資合適之夥伴並將繼續致力提高本集團之吸引力及盈利能力(於必要時),以增加股東回報及本集團整體之可持續長期發展。

致謝

本人謹藉此機會代表全體董事會成員,對 股東及本集團業務夥伴過去一年的恆久支 持及信任表達謝意,本人亦謹此對董事、 管理層與各級員工專心致志、勤勉工作及 為本集團作出的貢獻,致以最真誠的謝 意。

蔣年

丰席

上海,二零二一年六月二十九日

Management Discussion and Analysis

管理層討論及分析

BUSINESS REVIEW

Group Results

Revenue of the Group for the Financial Year amounted to approximately HK\$15,189,000, representing an increase of approximately 4.18% as compared with the total revenue of approximately HK\$14,580,000 that was recorded in the Previous Financial Year. The increase was mainly attributable to an increase in business of the trading of beauty equipment and products segment during the Financial Year. Loss attributable to the owners of the Company decrease to HK\$204,939,000 for the Financial Year, a decrease of HK\$6,178,000 from the loss of HK\$211,117,000 that was recorded in the Previous Financial Year. The decrease in loss was due to no loss was incurred on modification of convertible bonds and loss on change in fair value of investments in convertible bonds in the Financial Year. However, such reduction in loss was partly eliminated by the increase in effective interest expense on convertible bonds.

Trading of beauty equipment and products

During the Financial Year, revenue arising from the trading of beauty equipment and products amounted to approximately HK\$15,189,000, representing an increase of approximately 4.18% from the revenue in the amount of approximately HK\$14,580,000 that was recorded in the Previous Financial Year. The trading revenue was improved gradually as the effect of the surge of the COVID-19 pandemic in Previous Financial Year has ebbed away.

Research and development

The in-process research and development project (the "In-process R&D") represented an in-process research and development project involving an oral insulin product (the "Product").

Thus far, the Group has financed the research and development segment with the Group's internal resources but remains active and open to other fund-raising and partnership activities to further develop the Group's portfolio and development.

The in-process R&D was recorded as intangible asset in Group's consolidated statement of financial position with carrying value of HK\$1,373,224,000. The management performs the impairment assessment at the end of each reporting period.

業務回顧

集團業績

於本財政年度,本集團之收益約為 15,189,000港元,較上一財政年度錄得之總收益約14,580,000港元增加約4.18%。 有關增加主要由於本財政年度美容設備 及美容產品貿易分部之業務增加。於 財政年度,本公司擁有人應佔虧損減虧本至 204,939,000港元,較上一財政年度虧損 211,117,000港元減少6,178,000港元。虧 11,117,000港元減少6,178,000港元。虧 11,117,000港元減少6,178,000港元。虧 11,117,000港元減少6,178,000港元。虧 11,117,000港元減少6,178,000港元。 11,117,000港元減少6,178,000港元。 11,117,000港元減少6,178,000港元。 11,117,000港元減少6,178,000港元。 11,117,000港元減少6,178,000港元。 11,117,000港元減少6,178,000港元。 11,117,000港元減少6,178,000港元。 11,117,000港元減少6,178,000港元。 11,117,000港元,較上一財政年度 11,117,000港元減少6,178,000港元。 11,117,000港元減少6,178,000港元。 11,117,000港元,較上一財政年度 11,117,000港元減少6,178,000港元。 11,117,000港元,較上一財政年度 11,117,000港元減少6,178,000港元。 11,117,000港元,較上一財政年度 11,117,000港元,較上一財政年度 11,117,000港元,較上一財政年度 11,117,000港元,較上一財政年度 11,117,000港元,較上一財政年度 11,117,000港元,較上一財政年度 11,117,000港元,較上一財政年度 11,117,000港元, 11,117,0

美容設備及美容產品貿易

於本財政年度,美容設備及美容產品貿易所得收益為約15,189,000港元,較上一財政年度錄得之收益約14,580,000港元增加約4.18%。貿易收益隨著上一財政年度的COVID-19大流行的影響減退而逐步改善。

研發

現正進行之研發項目(「研發過程」)指涉及 口服胰島素產品(「產品」)正在進行的研發 項目。

目前為止,本集團已使用本集團內部資源 為研發分部提供資金,但仍積極接受其他 集資及合夥活動,以進一步推動本集團之 資產組合及促進本集團之發展。

研發過程於本集團綜合財務狀況表入賬列作無形資產,賬面值為1,373,224,000港元。管理層於各報告期末進行減值評估。

Research and development (Continued)

The recoverable amount of the intangible asset is determined based on fair value calculations which used cash flow projections prepared by the management of the Group using certain key assumptions. Key assumptions for the fair value calculations were based on estimated cash inflows derived from budgeted sales and gross margin which estimated based on the expectations for the market development.

At the end of the Financial Year, the Directors of the Company have performed impairment assessments on the intangible asset by reference to the valuation conducted by Roma Appraisals Limited, an independent qualified valuer. The recoverable amount of the intangible asset is determined based on the estimated fair value of the In-process R&D. Based on the assessment, the recoverable amount of the Group's intangible asset is estimated to be higher than the carrying amount and therefore the Directors of the Company considered that no impairment is necessary as at 31 March 2021.

Prior to the commercialisation of the Product, the Group will need to go through, among others, the following key development stages: (i) execution of clinical trial testing; (ii) data and outcome analysis; (iii) preparation of the outcome report; (iv) entering into of production arrangement; (v) sourcing of raw materials; (vi) possible marketing activities or pre-sales preparation work; (vii) submission of the clinical trial report to National Medical Products Administration; (viii) applying for the new medicine certificate and the manufacturing permit.

The management of the Company is closely working with the contract research organization (the "CRO"). The Part B of phase III clinical trials (the "Clinical Trial") had registered in the Center for Drug Evaluation, National Medical Products Administration ("NMPA") in October 2019.

The enrolment of the first batch of patients for the Clinical Trial testing has commenced in July 2020. Currently, over 200 patients have been enrolled in selected participating hospitals to take place in the Clinical Trial. The enrolment of patients will be an ongoing process.

業務回顧(續)

研發(續)

無形資產之可收回款項基於公平值計算法 釐定,公平值計算法是採用本集團管理層 使用若干主要假設編製的現金流量預測。 公平值計算法的主要假設乃基於根據市場 預期發展估計的銷售預算及毛利率產生的 估計現金流入。

於本財政年度末,本公司董事已參考獨立合資格估值師羅馬國際評估有限公司進行的評估對無形資產作出減值評估。無形資產的可收回款項基於研發過程的估計公平值釐定。根據該評估,本集團無形資產的可收回款項估計將高於其賬面值,因此,本公司董事認為無需於二零二一年上月三十一日作出減值。

在產品商品化前,本集團將需通過(其中包括)下列主要開發階段:(i)進行臨床試驗:(ii)數據及結果分析:(iii)編製結果報告;(iv)訂立生產安排:(v)採購原材料:(vi)潛在營銷活動或預售準備工作:(vii)向國家藥品監督管理局提交臨床試驗報告:(viii)申請新藥證書及生產許可證。

本公司管理層與合約研究組織(「合約研究組織」)密切合作。臨床試驗第三期B段(「臨床試驗」)已於二零一九年十月於國家藥品監督管理局(「國家藥監局」)藥品審評中心註冊。

就臨床試驗招募第一批患者已於二零二零年七月開始。現時已於指定參與醫院招募逾200名患者參與臨床試驗。患者招募過程將持續進行。

Management Discussion and Analysis 管理層討論及分析

BUSINESS REVIEW (Continued)

Research and development (Continued)

As at the date of this report, The Group has invited 23 hospitals to participate in the Clinical Trial, of which 19 hospitals have already accepted the invitation.

Due to the outbreak of the coronavirus pandemic since early 2020, the normal operations of the participating hospitals for the Clinical Trial had been severely disrupted. In order to ensure the safety of patients and clinical researchers, research projects such as the Clinical Trial had been temporarily suspended and as result there had been a delay in the selection and enrolment of patients for the Clinical Trial. Based on the latest information available to the Company, the Product is expected to be launched in the market and available for sale at selected hospitals by mid of 2023. The Group is expected to generate a stable source of revenue and profit after the launch of the Product taking into account that (i) there is massive demand in the PRC for innovative insulin products in light of the growing diabetic population; (ii) once the Product is launched, it is expected to become the first oral insulin drug available in the market: (iii) the Product is expected to be sold at a reasonable price range and will provide a superior and effective treatment method for diabetes patients; and (iv) once the Product is launched, it will be protected for a period of 5 years under the current regulations in the PRC which prohibits other companies from manufacturing and/or undergoing clinical trial for similar products.

The Group will make further announcements depending on situation and in accordance with the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Listing Rules") if there is any material development.

業務回顧(續)

研發(續)

於本報告日期,本集團已邀請23間醫院參與臨床試驗,其中19間醫院已接受邀請。

冠狀病毒疫情白二零二零年年初爆發,嚴 重阻礙參與臨床試驗的醫院的日常運作。 為確保患者及臨床研究人員的安全,研究 項目(如臨床試驗)已經暫停,導致臨床試 驗的患者篩選及招募程序出現延誤。根據 本公司最近可得之資料,預計產品將於二 零二三年年中前於市場上推出並於指定醫 院銷售。經考慮下列各項,本集團預期產 品推出後將產生穩定的收入及盈利來源: (i) 鑒於糖尿病患者人數日增,中國對創新 胰島素產品需求強勁;(ii)產品推出後,預 期將為市場上首款口服胰島素藥物;(iii)產 品預期將於合理價格範圍出售,並將為糖 尿病患者提供更佳及更有效的治療方式; 及(iv)產品一經推出,將根據中國的現有法 規得到五年保障期,期間禁止其他公司生 產及/或進行類似產品的臨床試驗。

倘出現任何重大進展,本集團將根據情況 按照香港聯合交易所有限公司證券上市規 則(「上市規則」)作出進一步公告。

Convertible bonds issued by the Company

The Company acquired 51% interest in the share capital of Smart Ascent in the year of 2014. As part of the consideration of the acquisition of Smart Ascent, on 28 July 2014, the Company issued to Extrawell (the "Bondholder") the convertible bonds with 3.5% interest per annum for a conversion period of 7 years from the date of issue in the principal amount of HK\$715,000,000 (the "Convertible Bond"). The interest was originally paid annually.

On 26 July 2019, the Company and the Bondholder entered into the amendment deed (the "Amendment Deed") in which the Company and the Bondholder have conditionally agreed to amend the interest payment terms of the Convertible Bond to the effect that i) the interest payment due dates would be amended from payment of interest in arrears annually to payment of interest for the period from 28 July 2018 to 27 July 2019, interest for the period form 28 July 2019 to 27 July 2020 and interest for the period 28 July 2020 to 27 July 2021 on or before 28 July 2021; and ii) the Company shall pay to the Bondholder a sum of additional interest in the amount of HK\$11,261,250 on 28 July 2021 (representing 15% per annum on the annual interest payment under the Convertible Bond multiplied by three), being the additional interest for 2-year extension for the payment of interest for the period 28 July 2018 to 27 July 2019 and 1 year extension for payment of interest for the period 28 July 2019 to 27 July 2020.

The Amendment Deed was approved in special general meeting held on 8 October 2019 and all conditions precedent under the Amendment Deed have been fulfilled and those amendments took effect from 28 October 2019.

業務回顧(續)

本公司發行之可換股債券

本公司於二零一四年收購進生股本的51%權益。作為收購進生代價的部分,於二零一四年七月二十八日,本公司向精優(「債券持有人」)發行可換股債券,本金總額為715,000,000港元,按年息3.5%計息,轉換期為發行日期起計七年(「可換股債券」)。利息原應按年支付。

於二零一九年七月二十六日,本公司與債券 持有人簽訂修訂契據(「修訂契據」),據此, 本公司及債券持有人有條件同意修訂可換 股債券的利息支付條款,即i)利息支付到 期日從每年結束時支付當年利息改為於二 零二一年七月二十八日或之前支付二零一八 年七月二十八日至二零一九年七月二十七 日期間的利息、二零一九年七月二十八日 至二零二零年七月二十七日期間的利息及 二零二零年七月二十八日至二零二一年七 月二十七日期間的利息;及ii)本公司應於二 零二一年七月二十八日向債券持有人支付 一筆額外利息,金額為11.261.250港元(相 等於可換股債券按年息15%計息的年度利 息乘以三),作為延期兩年支付二零一八年 七月二十八日至二零一九年七月二十七日 期間利息及延期一年支付二零一九年七月 二十八日至二零二零年七月二十七日期間 利息之額外利息。

修訂契據已於二零一九年十月八日舉行之 股東特別大會上獲得批准,而修訂契據之 所有先決條件已達成,該等修訂已於二零 一九年十月二十八日起生效。

Convertible bonds issued by the Company (Continued) On 12 May 2021, the Company and the Bondholder entered into a second deed of amendment (the "Second Deed Amendment") pursuant to which the Company and the Bondholder have conditionally agreed to amend the terms of the Convertible Bonds (as amended by the Amendment Deed) (the "Second Amendment") to the effect that:

- (a) the Maturity Date shall be extended from 28 July 2021 to 28 July 2023;
- (b) the interest payment date of the Convertible Bond shall be further amended and superseded as follows:
 - (i) the Convertible Bond shall bear interest on the principal amount thereof in accordance with the following interest rate and payment schedule:

業務回顧(續)

本公司發行之可換股債券(續)

於二零二一年五月十二日,本公司及債券 持有人訂立第二份修訂契據(「第二份修訂 契據」),據此本公司及債券持有人已有條 件同意修訂可換股債券之條款(經修訂契 據修訂)(「第二次修訂」),即:

- (a) 到期日應由二零二一年七月二十八日 延後至二零二三年七月二十八日;
- (b) 可換股債券之付息日期應予進一步修 訂及取代如下:
 - (i) 可換股債券將按其本金額,根據下列利率及付款時間表計息:

Interest Period 付息期間	Interest Rate 利率	Payment due dates 到期付款日
28 July 2014 to 27 July 2015	3.5% per annum on the principal amount of the Convertible Bonds	On or before 28 July 2015
二零一四年七月二十八日至 二零一五年七月二十七日	按可換股債券本金額計算每年3.5%	二零一五年 七月二十八日或之前
28 July 2015 to 27 July 2016	3.5% per annum on the principal amount of the Convertible Bonds	On or before 28 July 2016
二零一五年七月二十八日至 二零一六年七月二十七日	按可換股債券本金額計算每年3.5%	二零一六年 七月二十八日或之前
28 July 2016 to 27 July 2017	3.5% per annum on the principal amount of the Convertible Bonds	On or before 28 July 2017
二零一六年七月二十八日至 二零一七年七月二十七日	按可換股債券本金額計算每年3.5%	二零一七年 七月二十八日或之前
28 July 2017 to 27 July 2018	3.5% per annum on the principal amount of the Convertible Bonds	On or before 28 July 2018
二零一七年七月二十八日至 二零一八年七月二十七日	按可換股債券本金額計算每年3.5%	二零一八年 七月二十八日或之前

業務回顧(續)

Convertible bonds issued by the Company (Continued)

本公司發行之可換股債券(續)

Interest Period 付息期間	Interest Rate 利率	Payment due dates 到期付款日
28 July 2018 to 27 July 2019	3.5% per annum on the principal amount of the Convertible Bonds	28 July 2023
二零一八年七月二十八日至 二零一九年七月二十七日	按可換股債券本金額計算每年3.5%	二零二三年 七月二十八日
28 July 2019 to 27 July 2020	3.5% per annum on the principal amount of the Convertible Bonds	28 July 2023
二零一九年七月二十八日至 二零二零年七月二十七日	按可換股債券本金額計算每年3.5%	二零二三年 七月二十八日
28 July 2020 to 27 July 2021	3.5% per annum on the principal amount of the Convertible Bonds	28 July 2023
二零二零年七月二十八日至 二零二一年七月二十七日	按可換股債券本金額計算每年3.5%	二零二三年 七月二十八日
28 July 2021 to 27 July 2022	3.5% per annum on the principal amount of the Convertible Bonds	28 July 2023
二零二一年七月二十八日至 二零二二年七月二十七日	按可換股債券本金額計算每年3.5%	二零二三年 七月二十八日
28 July 2022 to 27 July 2023	3.5% per annum on the principal amount of the Convertible Bonds	28 July 2023
二零二二年七月二十八日至 二零二三年七月二十七日	按可換股債券本金額計算每年3.5%	二零二三年 七月二十八日

- (ii) the Company shall pay the Bondholder a sum of additional interest in the amount of HK\$3,753,750 on 28 July 2023 (representing 15% per annum on the annual interest payment under the Convertible Bond), being the additional interest for one-year extension for payment of interest for the period from 28 July 2021 to 27 July 2022; and
- (ii) 本公司須於二零二三年七月 二十八日向債券持有人支付額外 利息金額3,753,750港元(相當於 就可換股債券之每年利息付款 按年利率15%計算之金額),作 為二零二一年七月二十八日至二 零二二年七月二十七日之利息延 期一年支付之額外利息:及

Convertible bonds issued by the Company (Continued)

- (b) (Continued)
 - (iii) in addition to (ii) above, the Company shall pay the Bondholder a sum of additional interest in the amount of HK\$25,900,875 on 28 July 2023 (representing 15% per annum on the aggregate amount of interest and the Additional Interest of HK\$86,336,250 multiplied by two). The Company and the Bondholder agreed that the said amount of HK\$25,900,875 is the additional interest for two-year further extension for payment of (a) the interest in the aggregate amount of HK\$75,075,000 for the periods from 28 July 2019, 2020 and 2021; and (b) the Additional Interest mentioned in the Amendment Deed in the amount of HK\$11,261,250.

Save for the Second Amendment, the terms and conditions of the Convertible Bond remain intact and unchanged.

The Second Amendment shall be conditional upon and subject to:

- (a) the approval having been obtained from the Stock Exchange in respect of the Second Amendment;
- (b) all necessary consents and approvals required to be obtained on the part of the Company and the Bondholder in respect of the Second Amendment having been obtained and remained in full force and effect;
- (c) the passing of the necessary resolution(s) by the shareholders of each of the Company and the Bondholder at a special general meeting of each of the Company and the Bondholder to be convened and held to approve the Second Deed of Amendment and the transactions contemplated thereunder; and
- (d) the Bondholder having passed a written resolution of the bondholder meeting to approve the Second Deed of Amendment and the transactions contemplated thereunder.

The special general meeting (the "SGM") will be held and convened for the purpose of considering and, if though fit, approving the Second Deed of Amendment and the transactions contemplated thereunder.

業務回顧(續) 本公司發行之可換股債券(續)

- (b) *(續)*
 - (iii) 除上文(ii)外,本公司須於二零 二三年七月二十八日向債券持有 人支付額外利息金額25,900,875 港元(相當於每年利息總額及 額外利息86,336,250港元銀按 利率15%之兩倍計算之金額按 和公司與債券持有人同意上 25,900,875港元金額零年入財 25,900,875港元金額零年及期間 二零一九年、二零二零年及期間 之利息總額合共75,075,000港元:及(b)修訂契據所述額外利息 11,261,250港元進一步延期兩年 支付之額外利息。

除第二次修訂外,可換股債券之所有條款 及條件維持完整及不變。

第二次修訂乃以下列各項為條件:

- (a) 已獲聯交所批准第二次修訂;
- (b) 本公司及債券持有人已取得有關第二次修訂之所有必要同意及批准,且仍然具全面效果及效力;
- (c) 本公司及債券持有人各自已召開及舉行股東特別大會,而於大會上本公司及債券持有人各自之股東已正式通過必要決議案以批准第二份修訂契據及其項下擬進行之交易;及
- (d) 債券持有人已通過債券持有人大會之 書面決議案以批准第二份修訂契據 及其項下擬進行之交易。

本公司將舉行及召開股東特別大會(「股東特別大會」),以考慮及酌情批准第二份修訂契據及其項下擬進行之交易。

Convertible bonds issued by the Company (Continued) A circular containing, amongst other things, (i) further details of the Second Deed of Amendment and the transactions contemplated thereunder; and (ii) a notice of the SGM is expected to be dispatched to the shareholders of the Company on or before 3 July 2021 in accordance with the Listing Rules.

PROSPECTS

Trading of beauty equipment and products

The major trading products of the Group are beauty equipment and beauty products, and sales of these beauty equipment and beauty products represent the major component that contributes to the Group's revenue.

Revenues and profit margins of the Group from the trading segment have been relatively stable in the past and trading volume is the key determiner of the profitability of the segment. However, the recent political issues in Hong Kong and the trade conflicts between China and US will have an unpredictable impact on the economy in Hong Kong and China. Furthermore, the COVID-19 global pandemic has affected the flow of goods and services of our trading activities and have negative effect on the Group's trading business turnover and projects. The Group anticipates that the trading business will pick up gradually when the effect of the COVID-19 becomes new normal. The Group will cautiously explore the trading business in Hong Kong and China. The Group will reinforce our risk management policy and will proactive in adopting timely measures to balance its risk and return in the long run. The Group competes by offering trading terms that are more favourable to its suppliers and vendors compared to the Group's competitors.

Research and development

The Clinical Trial testing of the Product for the first group has commenced in July 2020. Due to the outbreak of the coronavirus pandemic, the timetable for obtaining the Certificate of New Medicine and the Pharmaceutical Manufacturing Permit, subject to the approval of NMPA and generating revenue of the Product has been adjusted from the late second quarter of 2022 and fourth quarter of 2022 to late fourth quarter of 2022 and mid of 2023, respectively.

To further ensure that the Product will be able to commercialise by mid of 2023, the Group will work closely with the CRO and strengthen the project team so that relevant personnel of the project team will regularly monitor the progress and make regular reports to the management of the Company so as to ensure the In-process R&D can be completed according to the Group's schedule.

業務回顧(續)

本公司發行之可換股債券(續)

一份載有(其中包括)(i)第二份修訂契據及 其項下擬進行交易之進一步詳情:及(ii)股 東特別大會通告之通函,預期將遵照上市 規則於二零二一年七月三日或之前寄發予 本公司股東。

前景

美容設備及美容產品貿易

本集團的主要貿易產品為美容設備及美容 產品,及銷售該等美容設備及美容產品為 本集團貢獻大部分收益。

研發

第一組受試者的產品測試臨床試驗已於二零二零年七月開始。由於冠狀病毒疫情爆發,取得新藥證書及藥品生產許可證(待取得國家藥監局批准後方可作實)及產品產生收益的時間表已予調整,分別從二零二二年第二季末及二零二二年第四季度調整至二零二二年第四季末及二零二三年年中。

為進一步確保產品能在二零二三年年中前 商業化,本集團亦將與合約研究組織密切 合作及加強其項目團隊,以便項目團隊的 相關人員定期監控進度及定期向本公司管 理層報告,以確保研發過程能按照本集團 的時間表完成。

FINANCIAL REVIEW Capital structure

財務回顧 資本架構

31 March 2021 二零二一年 三月三十一日 HK\$'000 31 March 2020 二零二零年 三月三十一日 HK\$'000 千港元

Authorised:

法定:

50,000,000,000 ordinary shares of HK\$0.01 each (the "Shares")

50,000,000,000股每股面值0.01

港元之普通股(「股份」)

500,000

500,000

Issued and fully paid: 1,464,193,024 Shares

已發行及已繳足: 1,464,193,024股股份

14,642

14,642

Liquidity and financial resources

As at 31 March 2021, the Group had bank and cash balances of approximately HK\$9.0 million (31 March 2020: approximately HK\$22.9 million).

As at 31 March 2021, total borrowings of the Group were approximately HK\$1,037.3 million (31 March 2020: approximately HK\$835.7 million) which reflected the debt value of the Company's unconverted convertible bonds, lease liabilities, amounts due to non-controlling interests, amounts due to former non-controlling interest, loans from a substantial shareholder, amount due to a former associate, loan from a former associate and loan from a non-controlling interest.

The ratio of current assets to current liabilities of the Group was 0.04 as at 31 March 2021 as compared to the 0.60 as at 31 March 2020. The Group's gearing ratio as at 31 March 2021 was 0.75 (31 March 2020: 0.60) which is calculated based on the Group's total liabilities of approximately HK\$1,044.5 million (31 March 2020: approximately HK\$851.1 million) and the Group's total assets of approximately HK\$1,403.2 million (31 March 2020: approximately HK\$1,418.9 million).

The Group places importance on security, short-term commitment, and availability of the surplus cash and cash equivalents.

流動資金及財務資源

於二零二一年三月三十一日,本集團之銀行及現金結餘約為9,000,000港元(二零二零年三月三十一日:約22,900,000港元)。

於二零二一年三月三十一日,本集團之總借貸約為1,037,300,000港元(二零二零年三月三十一日:約835,700,000港元),反映本公司之未轉換可換股債券之債務價值、租賃負債、應付非控股權益款項、來自一位主要股東貸款、應付前聯營公司之款項、來自前聯營公司貸款及來自非控股權益貸款。

本集團於二零二一年三月三十一日之流動資產對流動負債之比率為0.04,而於二零二零年三月三十一日則為0.60。本集團於二零二一年三月三十一日之資本負債比率為0.75(二零二零年三月三十一日:0.60),乃根據本集團之負債總額約1,044,500,000港元(二零二零年三月三十一日:約851,100,000港元)及本集團之資產總額約1,403,200,000港元(二零二零年三月三十一日:約1,418,900,000港元)計算。

本集團重視盈餘現金及現金等價物之安 全、短期承諾和可用性。

FINANCIAL REVIEW (Continued)

Significant acquisition and investments

The Group had no significant investments, nor had it made any material acquisition or disposal of the Group's subsidiaries or associated companies during the Financial Period.

Charges on the Group's assets

As at 31 March 2021, the Group and the Company did not have any charges on their assets (31 March 2020: nil).

Foreign exchange exposure

The monetary assets and liabilities and businesses of the Group are mainly conducted in Hong Kong Dollars, Renminbi, and United States Dollars. The Group maintains a prudent strategy in its foreign exchange risk management, with the foreign exchange risk being minimised through balancing the foreign currency monetary assets against foreign currency monetary liabilities, and foreign currency revenue against foreign currency expenditure. The Group did not use any financial instruments to hedge against foreign currency risk during the Financial Year. The Group will continue to monitor its foreign currency exposure closely and consider hedging foreign currency exposure should the need arise.

Number and numeration of employees

As at 31 March 2021, the Group had 27 full time employees (31 March 2020: 29), most of whom work in the Company's subsidiaries in the PRC. It is the Group's policy that the remuneration of employees and Directors are in line with the market and commensurate with their responsibilities. Discretionary year- end bonuses are payable to the employees based on individual performance. Other employee benefits include medical insurance, retirement schemes, training programmes, and education subsidies.

Total staff costs including the Directors' remuneration for the Financial Year amounts to approximately HK\$8.1 million (Previous Financial Year: approximately HK\$7.9 million).

Segment information

Details of the segment information are set out in note 7 to the consolidated financial statements.

PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF THE COMPANY'S LISTED SECURITIES

During the Financial Year, neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's listed securities.

財務回顧(續) 重大收購及投資

本集團於本財政期間並無任何重大投資, 亦無作出任何重大收購或出售本集團附屬 公司或聯營公司之行為。

本集團資產抵押

於二零二一年三月三十一日,本集團及本公司並無任何資產抵押(二零二零年三月三十一日:無)。

外匯風險

本集團之貨幣資產及負債以及業務主要以港元、人民幣及美元進行。本集團對其外匯風險管理維持審慎策略,並透過對沖外幣資產與外幣負債以及外幣收益與外幣開支減低外匯風險。於本財政年度,本集團並無使用任何金融工具對沖外幣風險。本集團將繼續密切監察外幣風險,並將於有需要時考慮對沖外幣風險。

僱員人數及薪酬

於二零二一年三月三十一日,本集團有27名(二零二零年三月三十一日:29名)全職僱員,大部分均任職本公司於中國之附屬公司。本集團之政策乃僱員及董事之薪酬須與市場一致,並與彼等職責相符。酌情年末花紅乃根據個人表現而向僱員支付。其他僱員福利包括醫療保險、退休計劃、培訓課程及教育資助。

於本財政年度之員工總成本(包括董事酬金)約為8,100,000港元(上一財政年度:約7,900,000港元)。

分部資料

分部資料之詳情載於綜合財務報表附註 7。

購買、出售或贖回本公司之上 市證券

於本財政年度,本公司或其任何附屬公司 概無購買、出售或贖回本公司任何上市證 券。

VIEWS OF THE BOARD AND THE AUDIT COMMITTEE ON THE AUDITOR'S OPINION

The auditor expressed a disclaimer of opinion in the independent auditors' report on the consolidated financial statements of the Group for the ended 31 March 2021 (the "2021 Disclaimer Opinion"). Please refer to section headed "Extract from Independent Auditor's Report" in this annual report for more details.

The management of the Company and the board of the Company (the "Board") had discussed with the auditor in respect of the 2021 Disclaimer Opinion and understood that the 2021 Disclaimer Opinion relates solely to going concern.

Due to the Group had net current liabilities of approximately HK\$771,873,000 as at 31 March 2021. The management of the Company has been pursuing the following measures and arrangement to meet the Group's financial obligations as and when they fall due within the next year form the date of consolidated financial statements.

- 1. The Company had obtained a confirmation from the Group's former associate that shall not demand for repayment of the amount of approximately HK\$41,947,000 as at 31 March 2021 for a period of at least 12 months form 29 June 2021.
- The Company had obtained the financial support of the substantial shareholder and confirm in written that agreed to provide the Company with sufficient financial support to enable the Company to meet to obligations to third parties as and when they fall due and to continue as going concern.
- 3. The Company and Extrawell Pharmaceutical Holdings Limited ("Extrawell" or the "Bondholder"), the former associate of the Company, entered into the Second Deed of Amendment on 12 May 2021. Pursuant to the Second Deed of amendment, the Company and Extrawell have conditionally agreed to amend the terms of the convertible bond to effect that: (i) the Maturity Date shall be extended from the original maturity date to 28 July 2023; and (ii) the interest payment date of the convertible bonds shall be further amended.

董事會及審核委員會對核數師 意見之見解

核數師於獨立核數師報告中表示其就本集 團截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度之 綜合財務報表不發表意見(「二零二一年不 發表意見」)。詳情請參閱本年報「獨立核 數師報告之摘錄」一節。

本公司管理層及本公司董事會(「董事會」)曾就二零二一年不發表意見與核數師討論,並得悉二零二一年不發表意見純粹與持續經營有關。

由於本集團於二零二一年三月三十一日之流動負債淨額約為771,873,000港元。本公司管理層一直採取以下措施及安排,以履行本集團由綜合財務報表日期起計下一年度內到期的財務責任。

- 本公司已取得本集團前聯營公司之確認,於二零二一年六月二十九日起計至少十二個月內,不會要求本公司償還於二零二一年三月三十一日之金額約41.947,000港元。
- 2. 本公司獲得主要股東之財政支持,以 書面形式確認同意向本公司提供充裕 財政支持,使本公司得以向第三方應 付到期責任,並繼續按持續經營基 準經營。
- 3. 本公司與精優藥業控股有限公司(「精優」或「債券持有人」)(本公司之前聯營公司)於二零二一年五月十二日訂立第二份修訂契據。根據第二份修訂契據,本公司及精優已有條件同意修訂可換股債券之條款,即:(i)到期日應由原到期日延後至二零二三年七月二十八日:及(ii)可換股債券之付息日期將予進一步修訂。

The Second Amendment shall be conditional upon and subject to:

第二次修訂乃以下列各項為條件:

- (a) the approval having been obtained from the Stock Exchange in respect of the Second Amendment;
- (a) 已獲聯交所批准第二次修訂;
- (b) all necessary consents and approvals required to be obtained on the part of the Company and the Bondholder in respect of the Second Amendment having been obtained and remained in full force and effect:
- (b) 本公司及債券持有人已取得有關第二次修訂之所有必要同意及批准,且仍然具全面效果及效力;
- (c) the passing of the necessary resolution(s) by the shareholders of each of the Company and the Bondholder at a special general meeting of each of the Company and the Bondholder to be convened and held to approve the Second Deed of Amendment and the transactions contemplated thereunder; and
- (c) 本公司及債券持有人各自已召開及舉行股東特別大會,而於大會上本公司及債券持有人各自之股東已正式通過必要決議案以批准第二份修訂契據及其項下擬進行之交易;及
- (d) the Bondholder having passed a written resolution of the Bondholder's meeting to approve the Second Deed of Amendment and the transactions contemplated thereunder.
- (d) 債券持有人已通過債券持有人大會之 書面決議案以批准第二份修訂契據 及其項下擬進行之交易。

On the basis of the foregoing, and after assessing the Group's current and forecasted cash positions, the Directors are satisfied that the Group will be able to meet in full the Group's financial obligations as they fall due for the period of twelve months from the date of consolidated financial statements.

基於上文所述及經評估本集團的目前及預計現金狀況後,董事信納本集團將可繼續於其財務責任於綜合財務報表日期起計十二個月期間到期時全面履行有關責任。

The Company and Extrawell are preparing the circular and are arranging the shareholders' meeting to approval the Second Deed of Amendment. The Board considered if the conditions precedent of the Second Deed of Amendment, including the shareholders' approval of the Company and Extrawell in the special general meeting, are fulfilled, the Group will be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due for the period of 12 months from the date of consolidated financial statements. Hence, the consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis.

本公司及精優正在編製通函,並正安排股東大會,以批准第二份修訂契據。董事會認為,若第二份修訂契據之先決條件(包括本公司及精優之股東在股東特別大會上批准)獲達成,本集團將可履行其由綜合財務報表日期起計十二個月期間到期的財務責任。故此,綜合財務報表乃以持續經營基準編製。

The audit committee of the Company has reviewed the management and the Board's position and concurred with the position of the management to the 2021 Disclaimer Opinion and the basis thereof.

本公司審核委員會曾審視管理層及董事會 之立場,並認同管理層對二零二一年不發 表意見之立場及其基準。

Management Discussion and Analysis 管理層討論及分析

The auditors considered that the conditions precedent of the Second Deed of Amendment including the shareholders' approval of the Company and Extrawell in the special general meeting are not yet fulfilled at the date of the consolidated financial statements. The outcome for the completion of the Second Amendment have uncertainty which may cast significant doubt about the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. Hence, the auditors expressed a disclaimer of opinion on the material uncertainty related to going concern in the auditor's report.

核數師認為,於綜合財務報表日期,第二份修訂契據之先決條件(包括本公司司表精優之股東在股東特別大會上批准)尚未達成。完成第二次修訂之結果存在不確定性,可能引致對本集團持續經營之能力產生重大懷疑。因此,核數師在核數師報告中就與持續經營有關的重大不確定性作出不發表意見。

Based on the discussion with our auditor, we understand that in order to resolve the audit modification, the conditions precedent of Second Deed of Amendment, including the shareholders' approval of the Company and Extrawell, should be fulfilled, and the transaction is completed.

根據與核數師之討論,我們知悉,為解決審核修訂,有關第二份修訂契據之先決條件(包括本公司及精優之股東批准)須獲達成,並已完成交易。

The Company and Extrawell are preparing the circular and are arranging the shareholders' special general meeting to approval the Second Deed of Amendment. The Company and Extrawell expect the special general meeting of the shareholders to approve the Second Deed of Amendment will be held in July 2021 and all the conditions precedent can be fulfilled by the end of July 2021.

本公司及精優正在編製通函,並正安排股東大會,以批准第二份修訂契據。本公司及精優預期,就批准第二份修訂契據之股東特別大會將於二零二一年七月舉行,而所有先決條件可於二零二一年七月底前獲達成。

The Company had discussed with the auditor about the removal of the 2021 Disclaimer Opinion in respect of the consolidated financial statements in the coming year. The Company is of the view that if all the conditions precedent of the Second Deed of Amendment are fulfilled, the Company will be able to meet in full the Group's financial obligations as they fall due for the period of twelve months from the date of the consolidated financial statements. Then the going concern issue will be removed. The 2021 Disclaimer Opinion do not affect the consolidated financial statements in the coming year. Hence, there will no longer be any disclaimer of opinion or qualified opinion in this regard in the next year's auditors' report.

The Company has adopted and complied with all the code provisions as set out in Appendix 14 to the Listing Rules (the "Code") during the Financial Year, except for the deviations discussed below.

於本財政年度內,本公司已採納及遵守上 市規則附錄十四所載之一切守則條文(「守 則」),惟下文所述之偏離情況除外。

Code provision A.2.1

Ms. Jiang Nian is the chairman of the Group. As at the date of this report, no suitable candidate has been identified and the role of chief executive officer remains vacant. The Company is continually looking for a suitable person to assume this role.

Code provision A.4.1

Code provision A.4.1 stipulates that non-executive Directors should be appointed for a specific term and should be subject to re-election.

The Company has deviated from the Code provision A.4.1. Except for one of the independent non-executive Director has been appointed for a specific term and is subject to re-election, other non-executive Directors and independent non-executive Directors were not appointed for specific term but are subject to retirement by rotation and re-election at least once every three years in accordance with the provision of the Company's Byelaws. As such, the Company considers that sufficient measures have been taken to serve the purpose of this Code provision.

The Directors believe that, despite the absence of specified terms for non-executive Directors, the Directors are committed to representing the long-term interests of the Company and its shareholders as a whole.

守則條文第A.2.1條

蔣年女士為本集團之主席。於本報告日期,由於並未有合適人選故行政總裁一職 維持懸空。本公司正持續物色合適人選擔 任此職位。

守則條文第A.4.1條

守則條文第A.4.1條規定,非執行董事之委任應有特定任期,並須接受重選。

本公司已偏離守則條文第A.4.1條。除其中 一名獨立非執行董事已按特定任期獲委任 並須膺選連任外,其餘非執行董事及獨連 非執行董事之委任並無特定任期,惟 據本公司之公司細則之條文,至此,每 報值告退一次並膺選連任。因此, 報為已採取足夠措施以符合是項守則條 目的。

董事相信,儘管非執行董事並無指定任 期,董事承諾致力代表本公司及其股東之 整體長遠利益。

Code provision E.1.5

Code provision E.1.5 stipulates that the Company should have a policy on payment of dividends. The Company has not established a dividend policy as the Company considers it more appropriate to determine a dividend payment after taking into account those factors including the Company's then financial performance, operating and capital requirements and market conditions, to enable the Company be in a better position to cope with its future development, which is to the best interest of the Company and its shareholders as a whole.

Code Provision A.5.1, Listing Rule 3.10(1), 3.10A, 3.21 and 3.25

Following the resignation of Dr. Zhang Zhihong, an independent non-executive director, on 11 November 2020, the Company has (i) two independent non-executive Directors, which is below the minimum requirements under Rule 3.10(1) and Rule 3.10A of the Listing Rules; (ii) two members of audit committee of Company (the "Audit Committee"), which is below the minimum requirement under Rule 3.21 of the Listing Rules; (iii) two members of remuneration committee of the Company (the "Remuneration Committee") but the position of chairman is vacant and the Remuneration Committee does not comprise a majority of independent non-executive directors, which do not comply with the requirements under Rule 3.25 of the Listing Rules; and (iv) two members of nomination committee of the Company (the "Nomination Committee") but the position of chairman is vacant, which does not comply with Code Provision A.5.1.

With effect from 1 February 2021:

- Mr. Chen Jinzhong has been appointed as an independent non-executive Director and a member of each of the Audit Committee, the Remuneration Committee and the Nomination Committee;
- (ii) Mr. Wang Rongliang, an independent non-executive Director, has been appointed as the chairman of the Remuneration Committee; and
- (iii) Ms. Jiang Nian, the chairman of the Board and a nonexecutive Director, has been appointed as the chairman of the Nomination Committee.

守則條文第E.1.5條

守則條文第E.1.5條規定,本公司應設有分 紅政策,本公司尚未設立股息分紅政策,本公司尚未設立股息分紅政策 為了本公司尚財惠分紅政策需要結 司認為更合適的財務狀況、經營狀況 處公司當時的財務狀況、經營狀況好地 要求和市場條件,使素後確定股息支付政 數未來的發展這些因素後確定股息支 策。

守則條文第A.5.1條、上市規則第 3.10(1)條、第3.10A條、第3.21條及 第3.25條

下列各項自二零二一年二月一日起生效:

- (i) 陳金中先生已獲委任為獨立非執行 董事及審核委員會、薪酬委員會及提 名委員會各自之成員;
- (ii) 王榮樑先生(獨立非執行董事)已獲委 任為薪酬委員會主席;及
- (iii) 蔣年女士(董事會主席兼非執行董事) 已獲委任為提名委員會主席。

Following the appointments of Mr. Chen Jinzhong, Mr. Wang Rongliang and Ms. Jiang Nian with effect from 1 February 2021, the Company will have (i) three independent non-executive Directors, representing at least one-third of the Board, which will be in compliance with Rule 3.10(1) and Rule 3.10A of the Listing Rules; (ii) three members of the Audit Committee, which will be in compliance with Rule 3.21 of the Listing Rules; (iii) a Remuneration Committee which will be chaired by an independent non-executive Director and will comprise a majority of independent non-executive Directors, which will be in compliance with Rule 3.25 of the Listing Rules; and (iv) a Nomination Committee which will be chaired by the chairman of the Board and will comprise a majority of independent nonexecutive Directors, which will be in compliance with Code Provision A.5.1 of the Corporate Governance Code as set out in Appendix 14 of Listing Rules.

DIRECTORS' SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS

The Company has adopted the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model Code") as set out in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules as the code of conduct regarding Directors' securities transactions. All Directors have confirmed that they have fully complied with the Model Code throughout the Financial Year. No incident of noncompliance was noted by the Company in the Financial Year.

董事進行之證券交易

本公司已採納上市規則附錄十所載之上市發行人董事進行證券交易之標準守則([標準守則])作為董事進行證券交易之行為守則。全體董事已確認,彼等於整個本財政年度已完全遵守標準守則。於本財政年度,本公司沒有注意到有任何不遵守此守則之情況。

Tang Rong *Executive Director*

Hong Kong, 29 June 2021

唐榕 執*行董事*

香港,二零二一年六月二十九日

Management Profile

管理層履歷

EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. Gao Yuan Xing, aged 66, has been appointed as an executive director with effect from 4 January 2016. From 15 March 2011 to 4 January 2016, Mr. Gao was the chairman and executive director of North Mining Shares Company Limited, a company listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange. Mr. Gao previously worked in the foreign affairs office of the Shanghai Municipal Government, and has had senior management roles in numerous international, PRC investment, and commercial companies.

Mr. Tang Rong, aged 54, has been appointed as an executive director with effect from 29 September 2014. Mr. Tang graduated from Fudan University in the People's Republic of China in July 1989 with a bachelor's degree in science, majoring in genetics and genetic engineering. He has been an engineer of The Institute of Genetics of Fudan University from November 1989 and has extensive experience in genetics related technology development, commercialization and market development. Mr. Tang successfully filed several patents in China and published papers in many science magazines in genetics related subjects. He was invited as the member of the Committee of Experts of 上海聯眾基因科技研究院 (Shanghai Lianzhong Institute of Gene Technology) in 2000. Starting from November 2010, Mr. Tang was appointed as the director of Gene Testing Research and Development Department of Longmark (Shanghai) Healthcare Limited and he has professional expertise in gene testing and research and development.

NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Ms. Jiang Nian, aged 67, has been appointed as a non-executive director and chairman of the Company with effect from 21 December 2010 and 10 June 2011 respectively. Ms. Jiang is a member of the remuneration committee and the chairman of nomination committee of the Company. Ms. Jiang graduated from 安徽廣播電視大學省直分校專科 (Junior College, Provincial Campus of Anhui Radio and Television University) in August 1986, majoring in Chinese Language and Literature. Ms. Jiang was the Associate Dean of the School of Life Sciences of Fudan University from June 2003 to April 2010. She also serves as an authorised representative of 聯合基因生物醫葯有限公司 (United Gene Biomedical Limited). She has extensive experience in general administrative management particularly in the field of genomic research.

執行董事

高源興先生,66歲,自二零一六年一月四日起獲委任為執行董事。自二零一一年一月十五日至二零一六年一月四日先十五日至二零一六公司北方高先生市之公司擔任主席兼執行董事外事部門及曾先後擔任多家國際及國內的投資任多家國際及司的高層管理人員。

非執行董事

蔣年女士,67歲,67歲,分屬一零年十日。 零年女士,67歲,分別自二零年十日。 零年十日之務,分別自二零年十日, 不可以有了。 不可以有, 不可以有, 不可以有, 不可以有, 不可以有, 不可以为, 不可以为, 不可以为, 不可以为, 不可以为, 不可以为, 不可以为。 不可以为, 不可以为。 不可以为, 不可以为。 不可以为, 不可以为。 不可以, 一可以, Ms. Xiao Yan, aged 41, has been appointed as a non-executive director with effect from 22 May 2012. Ms. Xiao graduated from the Shanghai University of Finance and Economics with a bachelor's degree in Accounting in 2007. Ms. Xiao has served as an administrative manager of the chief executive, Dr. Xie, in 聯合基因科技有限公司 (United Gene Technology Holdings Limited) since 2002. Ms. Xiao has extensive experience in medical services and general administration. From December 2011 to November 2012, she served as the finance manager of CNL (Pinghu), which is an indirectly owned subsidiary of the Company.

Ms. Wu Yanmin, aged 44, has been appointed as a non-executive director with effect from 8 June 2011. Ms. Wu graduated from the School of Life Sciences, Shanghai University in 1999 with a bachelor's degree in biochemistry. Ms. Wu joined 聯合基因科技有限公司 (United Gene Technology Holdings Limited), a genetic engineering company substantially owned by Dr. Mao Yumin ("Dr. Mao") indirectly, in 2001 and was responsible for general administrative duties. Since 2006, Ms. Wu has served as an assistant to the chairman of United Gene Holdings Limited, and is responsible for assisting the chairman in handling various investment projects. Ms. Wu has extensive experience in general administrative and investment management. Starting from December 2012, she was appointed as the finance manager of CNL (Pinghu).

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Ms. Chen Weijun, aged 63, has been appointed as an independent non-executive director with effect from 6 November 2009 and is the chairman of the audit committee of the Company. Ms. Chen is currently the manager in the business department of Shanghai Ruihe Certified Public Accountants Co., Ltd.. She was formerly the finance supervisor of the companies indirectly owned by Dr. Mao from April 2001 to June 2003. She graduated from the Chinese Communist Party Central Party College and has been a registered accountant in the PRC since 2005. She has more than 30 years of experience in accounting, finance and audit services.

Mr. Wang Rongliang, aged 72, has been appointed as an independent non-executive director with effect from 8 June 2011 and is a member of the audit committee, the remuneration committee and the nomination committee of the Company. Mr. Wang graduated from 上海市商業一局職工大學 (Shanghai First Commercial Bureau Staff College) majoring in business and economics. He acted as a deputy manager of 上海七百集團廣告有限公司 (Shanghai 700 Group Advertising Company Limited) from 1996 to 2005. Mr. Wang has extensive experience

in operation and administrative management.

獨立非執行董事

王樂樑先生,72歲,自二零一年六月八日 日起門獲委任為獨立非執行董事及一 一本公司審核委員會、薪酬委員會及提高 員會之成員。王先生畢業於上海市。 是一局職工大學,主修商業及經濟。 一九九六年至二零五年曾為上海 一九九六年至二之常務副經理。王先生 團廣告有限公司之常務副經理。 營運及行政管理方面擁有廣泛經驗。 Mr. Chen Jinzhong, aged 56, has been appointed as an independent non-executive director with effect from 1 February 2021 and is a member of the audit committle, the remuneration committee and nomination committee of the Company, Mr. Chen holds a bachelor's degree in clinical medicine from the Central South University and a master's degree in genetics from the Huazhong University of Science and Technology. He obtained his Doctor of Philosophy degree in genetics from Fudan University. He was an assistant professor at Changjiang University from 1991 to 1998 and an assistant professor at Fudan University from 2004 to 2006. He has been an associate professor at Fudan University from 2006 and up to the present. Mr. Chen has over 25 years of experience in the genetics field and in research and development.

Save as otherwise disclosed, there is no relationship between any members of the Board, and no information relating to the directors which is required to be disclosed pursuant to Rules 13.51(2) and 13.51(B)(1) of the Listing Rules.

MANAGEMENT

Mr. Poon Hon Yin, aged 55, has been appointed as the company secretary, financial controller and an authorised representative of the Company with effect from 14 May 2013. Mr. Poon is qualified as a Certified Public Accountant registered with the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and is also a fellow member of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants. Mr. Poon has been a managing director of Probiz CPA Limited since 2006.

除上文所披露以外,根據上市規則第 13.51(2)及13.51(B)(1)條,並無任何董事會 成員之關係及有關董事之資料需要被披 露。

管理層

潘漢彥先生,55歲,自二零一三年五月 十四日起已獲委任為本公司之公司秘書 財務總監及授權代表。潘先生為香港會計 師公會註冊執業會計師,亦為英國特許公 認會計師公會之資深會員。潘先生自二零 零六年起為溥思執業會計師有限公司之董 事總經理。

External Consultant Profile

外聘顧問履歷

RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT

Dr. Mao Yumin, aged 69, has been engaged as the chief scientific adviser and honorary chairman of the Company since 1 September 2010, responsible for providing advisory and consultancy services to the Group in relation to the research and development of its genetic testing products and other scientific technologies. Dr. Mao is a substantial shareholder of the Company. He was a member of the Consultant Committee of Fudan University, the dean of the School of Life Sciences and Institute of Genetics of Fudan University, and the director of State Key Laboratory of Genetic Engineering in Fudan University. Dr. Mao's main area of research focuses on biological and genetic engineering. Dr. Mao has accumulated extensive experiences in operations in the genomic research based industry.

研發

Corporate Governance Report

企業管治報告

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES

During the Financial Year, the Company adopted and has complied with all the code provisions as set out in the Corporate Governance Code as set out in Appendix 14 to the Listing Rules (the "Code") except for the deviations discussed below.

DIRECTORS' SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS

The Company has adopted the Model Code as set out in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules as the code of conduct regarding directors' securities transactions. All directors have confirmed that they have fully complied with the Model Code throughout the Financial Year. No incident of non-compliance was noted by the Company in the Financial Year. Relevant employees who are likely to be in possession of unpublished inside information of the Group are also subject to compliance with written guidance on no less exacting terms than the Model Code throughout the Financial Year.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

The composition of the Board during the Financial Year are set out below:

Executive directors

Mr. Gao Yuan Xing

Mr. Tang Rong

Ms. Huang He (retired on 31 August 2020)

Non-executive directors

Ms. Jiang Nian (Chairman)

Ms. Xiao Yan

Ms. Wu Yanmin

Independent non-executive directors

Ms. Chen Weijun

Mr. Wang Rongliang

Mr. Chen Jinzhong (appointed on 1 February 2021)

Dr. Zhang Zhihong (resigned on 11 November 2020)

Further details of the composition of the Board are set out in the section headed "Management Profile" on pages 22 to 24.

The Board considers the balance between executive directors and non-executive directors is adequate to safeguard the Shareholders' interests. Independent non-executive directors can also provide the Group with diversified expertise and valuable experience. Their independent advice can bring independent judgment to the decision making of the Board and bring new ideas to the formulation of corporate strategy.

企業管治常規

於本財政年度,本公司已採納及遵守上市規則附錄十四所載之企業管治守則(「守則」)所載之一切守則條文,惟下文所述之偏離情況除外。

董事進行之證券交易

本公司已採納上市規則附錄十所載之標準 守則作為其董事進行證券交易之行為守則。 全體董事已確認,彼等於整個本財政年度 已完全遵守標準守則。於本財政年度,本 公司沒有注意到有任何不遵守此守則之事 件。有關可能持有本集團未公佈之內幕資 料之僱員亦必須於本財政年度內遵守不低 於標準守則所訂之書面標準。

董事會

於本財政年度,董事會組成載列如下:

執行董事

高源興先生

唐榕先生

黄鶴女士(於二零二零年八月三十一日退任)

非執行董事

蔣年女士(主席)

肖焱女士

鄔燕敏女士

獨立非執行董事

陳偉君女士

王榮樑先生

陳金中先生(於二零二一年二月一日獲委任)

張志鴻博士(於二零二零年十一月十一日辭任)

董事會組成之更多詳情載於第22頁至第24頁「管理層履歷 | 一節。

董事會認為執行董事及非執行董事之平衡足以保障股東之利益。獨立非執行董事亦可為本集團提供多樣化之專業知識及寶貴經驗。彼等之獨立建議有助於董事會決策時作出獨立判斷,為企業策略之制定帶來新思路。

The directors oversee the financial performance and formulate business strategies and determine the corporate governance policy of the Group, as well as discuss any significant matters relating to the Group at the Board meetings. Daily operational matters are delegated to the management of the Group. The Board meets regularly to review the financial and operating performance of the Company and considers and approves the overall strategies and policies of the Group. During the Financial Year, the Board held 6 meetings. The attendance of each member at the Board meeting is set out as follows:

董事負責監察本集團之財務業績及制定業務策略及釐訂企業管治政策,並重重會會議上商討任何有關本集團之門經營事務則委與實際,與實際與於重數學之數數。於本財政年度,會議以內會議。各成員於董事會會出銀數別如下:

		Meetings att Total meetings a 出席會議次 作為董事之會 Board meeting 董事會會議	s directors 數/
Executive directors Mr. Gao Yuan Xing Mr. Tang Rong Ms. Huang He	執行董事 高源興先生 唐榕先生 黃鶴女士	6/6 5/6 1/6	1/1 0/1 0/1
Non-executive directors Ms. Jiang Nian (Chairman) Ms. Xiao Yan Ms. Wu Yanmin	非執行董事 蔣年女士 <i>(主席)</i> 肖焱女士 鄔燕敏女士	6/6 6/6 6/6	0/1 0/1 0/1
Independent non-executive directors Ms. Chen Weijun Dr. Zhang Zhihong Mr. Wang Rongliang Mr. Chen Jinzhong	獨立非執行董事 陳偉君女士 張志鴻博士 王榮樑先生 陳金中先生	6/6 2/6 6/6 1/6	0/1 0/1 0/1 0/1

All directors, including independent non-executive directors, have given sufficient time and effort to the affairs of the Group.

所有董事,包括獨立非執行董事,已就本 集團之事務付出足夠之時間及進行足夠之 工作。

Code provision A.2.1

Code provision A.2.1 stipulate that the roles of chairman and chief executive should be separate and should not be performed by the same individual.

Ms. Jiang Nian is the chairman of the Group. As at the date of this annual report, no suitable candidate for the role of chief executive officer has been identified and the role remains vacant. The Company is continually looking for a suitable person to assume this role.

守則條文第A.2.1條

守則條文第A.2.1條訂明,主席及行政總裁之職責應有所區分,及不應由同一人兼任。

蔣年女士為本集團主席。於本年報日期, 行政總裁之職位因未有適合人選而保持空 置。本公司正繼續物色合適人選擔任此職 位。

INDUCTION AND PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT

Directors' training

All directors must keep abreast of their collective responsibilities as directors and of the business and activities of the Group. As such, briefings are provided and organised to ensure that newly appointed directors are familiar with the role of the Board, their legal and other duties and responsibilities as director as well as the business and corporate governance practices of the Group.

Pursuant to Code A.6.5 of the Code, directors should participate in continuous professional development to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills. This is to ensure that their contribution to the Board remains informed and relevant. For the period from 1 April 2020 to 31 March 2021, all directors have participated in appropriate continuous professional development activities by ways of attending training or reading material relevant to the Company's business or to the directors' duties and responsibilities.

For the year ended 31 March 2021, trainings received by each director are summarised as follows:

入職培訓及專業發展

董事培訓

全體董事須不時了解彼等作為董事之集體 責任,以及本集團之業務及活動。因此, 本公司提供及安排簡介,以確保新委任董 事了解董事會之角色、彼等作為董事之法 律及其他職務及責任以及本集團之業務及 企業管治常規。

根據守則第A.6.5條,董事應參與持續專 業發展,發展並更新彼等的知識及技能關 以確保彼等繼續向董事會作出知情及 之貢獻。自二零二四月一日起體 三二一年三月三十一日止期間內,全體 已參與合適之持續專或與董事職務 及 話出席與本公司業務或與董事職務 相關之培訓或閱讀相關之材料。

於截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度, 各董事已接受之培訓綜合如下:

		Attending training relevant to the Company's business or to the directors' duties and responsibilities 參與有關公司 業務或董事義務 及責任之培訓	Reading material relevant to the Company's business or to the directors' duties and responsibilities 閱讀有關公司業務或董事義務及責任之材料
Mr. Gao Yuan Xing Mr. Tang Rong Ms. Huang He Ms. Jiang Nian Ms. Xiao Yan Ms. Wu Yanmin Ms. Chen Weijun Dr. Zhang Zhihong Mr. Wang Rongliang Mr. Chen Jinzhong	高唐黃蔣肖鄔陳張王陳先生士士士士女女女对其先生士士士女女女女对君鴻樑中大生士士士士生生生		

NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Code provision A.4.1

Code provision A.4.1 of the CG Code stipulates that non-executive directors should be appointed for specific term and should be subject to re-election.

The Company has deviated from the code provision A.4.1. Except for one of the independent non-executive directors has been appointed for specific term and is subject to re-election, other non-executive directors and independent non-executive directors were not appointed for specific term but are subject to retirement by rotation and re-election at least once every three years in accordance with the provision of the Company's bye-laws. As such, the Company considers that sufficient measures have been taken to serve the purpose and objective of this Code provision.

The directors believe that, despite the absence of specified term of non-executive directors, the directors are committed to representing the long-term interests of the Company and its shareholders as a whole.

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

The Company formulated written terms of reference for the remuneration committee of the Company (the "Remuneration Committee") in accordance with the requirements of the Listing Rules. The Remuneration Committee was set up on 30 June 2008. The majority of the members of the Remuneration Committee shall be independent non-executive directors.

The primary functions of the Remuneration Committee are as follows:

- (a) to advise the Shareholders on whether the terms of service contracts that require the Shareholder's approval are fair and reasonable;
- (b) to make recommendation to the Board on the Group's remuneration policy and structure;
- (c) to establish guidelines for recruitment of members of the senior management;
- (d) to determine the remuneration of members of the senior management; and
- (e) to formulate remuneration policy and make recommendations to the Board on annual remuneration review.

Remuneration of the directors and senior management is reviewed and fixed by the Remuneration Committee, with reference to the market benchmarks and industry norms, and their duties and responsibilities in the Group, having regard to the expertise, performance and experience possessed by individual directors.

非執行董事 守則條文第A.4.1條

企業管治守則之守則條文第A.4.1條規定, 非執行董事之委任應有特定任期,並須接 受重選。

董事相信,儘管非執行董事之委任並無指 定任期,董事承諾致力代表本公司及其股 東之整體長遠利益。

薪酬委員會

本公司根據上市規則之規定以書面方式 擬定本公司薪酬委員會(「薪酬委員會」)之 職權範圍。薪酬委員會於二零零八年六月 三十日成立,薪酬委員會之大部分成員應 為獨立非執行董事。

薪酬委員會之主要職能如下:

- (a) 就須獲股東批准之服務合約條款是 否屬公平合理向股東提供意見:
- (b) 就本集團之薪酬政策及架構向董事 會提供推薦建議:
- (c) 就聘請高級管理層成員制訂指引;
- (d) 釐定高級管理層成員之薪酬;及
- (e) 制定薪酬政策及就年度薪酬檢討向 董事會提供推薦建議。

董事及高級管理層之薪酬由薪酬委員會進行檢討,並經參考市場基準及業內標準,及彼等於本集團之職務及職責以及各董事之專業知識、表現及經驗後釐定。

During the Financial Year, the Remuneration Committee held 1 meeting. The attendance of each member at the committee meeting is set out as follows:

於本財政年度,薪酬委員會已舉行1次會議。各成員於委員會會議之出席記錄載列如下:

Meetings attended/Total meetings held during the Financial Year 本財政年度 出席會議次數/ 舉行之會議總數

Non-executive director Ms. Jiang Nian	非執行董事 蔣年女士	1/1
Independent non-executive directors	獨立非執行董事	
Mr. Wang Rongliang	王榮樑先生	1/1
(Chairman of the Remuneration Committee)	(薪酬委員會主席)	
Mr. Chen Jinzhong (appointed on 1 February	陳金中先生	0/1
2021)	(於二零二一年二月一日獲委任)	
Dr. Zhang Zhihong (resigned on 11 November	張志鴻博士	0/1
2020)	(於二零二零年十一月十一日辭任)	

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

The Company has established a nomination committee of the Company (the "Nomination Committee") on 16 March 2012. During the Financial Year, the Nomination Committee held 1 meeting. The attendance of each member at the committee meeting is set out as follows:

提名委員會

本公司已於二零一二年三月十六日成立本公司之提名委員會(「提名委員會」)。於本財政年度,提名委員會曾舉行1次會議,各成員於委員會會議之出席記錄載列如下:

Meetings attended/Total meetings held during the Financial Year 本財政年度 出席會議次數/ 舉行之會議總數

Non-executive director Ms. Jiang Nian (Chairman of the Nomination Committee)	非執行董事 蔣年女士 <i>(提名委員會主席)</i>	1/1
Independent non-executive directors	獨立非執行董事	
Mr. Wang Rongliang	王榮樑先生	1/1
Mr. Chen Jinzhong	陳金中先生	0/1
(appointed on 1 February 2021)	(於二零二一年二月一日獲委任)	
Dr. Zhang Zhihong	張志鴻博士	0/1
(resigned on 11 November 2020)	(於二零二零年十一月十一日辭任)	

The major role and function of the Nomination Committee are to formulate and implement the policy for nominating candidates for consideration by the Board and election by shareholders, review the structure, size and composition of the Board with due regard to Board diversity, and to assess the independence of non-executive directors.

提名委員會的主要角色及功能是制定及實施有關提名人選之政策,以供董事參考及股東選任,及適當考慮董事會的多元化以檢討董事會的架構、人數、組成,以及評核非執行董事之獨立性。

The Nomination Committee adopted a board diversity policy that set out the Group's approach to diversify members of the Board and the Group holds the view that this board diversity policy will lead to a Board with diverse perspectives. Factors that will be considered in the assessment of the diversity of a director's perspective include, but are not limited to, gender, age, culture, skill, knowledge, educational background and professional experience. Presently, the Board comprises of nine directors, of which three are independent non-executive directors, with significant diversity in gender, age, professional experience, educational and cultural background, skills, knowledge and length of service.

The Nomination Committee has adopted a nomination policy guiding the nomination criteria and procedures to identify, select and recommend candidates for directorship.

提名委員會已採納提名政策,作為提名標 準及程序的指引,以識別、挑選及建議董 事人選。

The Nomination Committee shall consider a number of nomination criteria in assessing the suitability of a proposed candidate for directorship or proposed re-appointment of a retiring director, including but not limited to: the skills, knowledge and experience possessed by the candidate or retiring director which are relevant to the Group's business, corporate development and strategy; the diversity perspectives set out in the Board Diversity Policy and the balance of skills and experience in board composition; the level of independence from the Company and compliance of the relevant requirements under the Listing Rules; and such other factors the Nomination Committee may consider relevant to enhancement of the effectiveness of the Board.

Subject to the provisions in the Company's bye-laws, where the Nomination Committee determines that an additional director or a replacement director is required, it may take appropriate steps in connection with the identification and evaluation of a suitable candidate for directorship. The Nomination Committee may deploy channels including referral from directors, advisers of the Company and external executive search firms in the identification process, evaluate a candidate based on the nomination criteria stated above, and make recommendation for the Board's consideration and approval.

根據本公司之公司細則,倘提名委員會決定需要一名新增或替補董事出門施。提有關物色及評估合適人選採取適當署渠道是會可在物色人選過程中部獨頭公司之推議,根據上述提名標準評估人選,並建議人選供董事會考慮及批准。

Corporate Governance Report 企業管治報告

For re-appointment of a retiring director, the Nomination Committee reviews his/her service to the Company, the level of participation on the Board during his/her term, and after taking into account the nomination criteria, recommends to the Board for proposed re-appointment of the retiring director who wishes to stand for re-election at the Company's general meeting.

The Nomination Committee may also propose to the Board a candidate recommended or offered for nomination by a shareholder of the Company as a nominee for election to the Board, if it evaluates that the candidate meets the nomination criteria. The procedures for shareholders to propose a person for election as a director are published in the Company's website.

The Board has the ultimate responsibility for selection and appointment of directors. On accepting the recommendation made by the Nomination Committee, the Board may (as the case may be) appoint the candidate as director to fill a casual vacancy or as an addition to the Board and recommend the candidate to shareholders for election or re-election (for a retiring director) at the general meeting.

DIRECTORS' AND AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors acknowledge their responsibility for preparing the consolidated financial statements of the Group.

The directors confirm that the preparation of the consolidated financial statements of the Group is in accordance with statutory requirements and applicable accounting standards. The directors also confirm that the consolidated financial statements of the Group have been published in a timely manner.

The directors confirm that, to the best of their knowledge, information and belief, having made all reasonable enquiries, they are not aware of any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that may cast significant doubts upon the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

A statement by the auditor of the Company about their reporting responsibilities is set out in the "Independent Auditors' Report" on pages 50 to 53 of this annual report.

就重新委任退任董事而言,提名委員會會審閱彼對本公司之服務、彼於任期內在董事會之參與程度,並經計及提名標準後,向董事會建議有意於本公司股東大會上重 選連任的退任董事。

若提名委員會評估由本公司股東所推薦或提名之人選符合提名標準,則可將該人選向董事會建議,作為被提名人供董事會選任。股東提名人選參選董事的程序刊登於本公司網站。

甄選及委任董事的最終責任由董事會承擔。在接納提名委員會作出之建議時,董事會可(視情況而定)委任該人選擔任董事以填補臨時空缺或作為增補董事,並向股東推薦該人選以於股東大會上進行選任或重選(就退任董事而言)。

董事及核數師對財務報表負有 之責任

董事深知彼等有責任編製本集團之綜合財 務報表。

董事確認本集團之綜合財務報表乃按照 法定規定及適用會計準則編製。董事亦確 認本集團已按時刊發綜合財務報表。

董事確認,於作出一切合理查詢後,就彼等所深知、盡悉及確信,彼等並不知悉任何存在重大不確定因素之事件或情況或會對本公司之持續經營能力造成重大疑慮。

本公司核數師作出有關其報告責任的聲明 載於本年報第50頁至第53頁的「獨立核數 師報告」。

AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION

The Group's external auditor is Elite Partners CPA Limited. For the Financial Year, the auditor of the Company had performed audit services and their remuneration in respect of audit services was HK\$1,100,000.

There was no non-audit services provided by the auditor of the Company.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE FUNCTIONS

The Board is responsible for performing the following corporate governance duties as required under the Code:

- (a) to develop and review the Company's policies and practices on corporate governance and make recommendations to the board:
- (b) to review and monitor the training and continuous professional development of directors and senior management;
- (c) to review and monitor the Company's policies and practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements;
- (d) to develop, review and monitor the code of conduct and compliance manual (if any) applicable to employees and directors; and
- (e) to review the Company's compliance with the code and disclosure in the corporate governance report (the "Corporate Governance Report").

AUDIT COMMITTEE

The Company formulated written terms of reference for the audit committee of the Company (the "Audit Committee") in accordance with the requirements of the Listing Rules. The Audit Committee is composed of three independent non-executive directors. At least one of the members of the Audit Committee has appropriate professional qualifications or accounting or related financial management expertise as required under the Listing Rules.

The primary functions of the Audit Committee are as follows:

(a) to serve as a focal point for communication between the directors and external auditors;

核數師酬金

本集團之外聘核數師為開元信德會計師事務所有限公司。於本財政年度,本公司之核數師已進行審核服務,彼等就審核服務之酬金為1,100,000港元。

本公司之核數師並無提供非審核服務。

企業管治職能

董事會負責根據守則之規定履行下列企業 管治職務:

- (a) 制訂及檢討本公司之企業管治政策及 常規,並向董事會提供推薦建議;
- (b) 檢討及監察董事及高級管理層之培訓 及持續專業發展;
- (c) 檢討及監察本公司在遵守法律及監管 規定方面之政策及常規;
- (d) 制訂、檢討及監察適用於僱員及董事 之行為守則及合規手冊(如有);及
- (e) 檢討本公司遵守守則之情況及審閱企業管治報告(「企業管治報告」)內之披露事項。

審核委員會

本公司根據上市規則之規定以書面方式擬定本公司審核委員會(「審核委員會」)之職權範圍。審核委員會由三名獨立非執行董事組成。審核委員會中至少一名成員具備上市規則所規定之合適專業資格或會計或相關財務管理專業知識。

審核委員會之主要職能如下:

(a) 擔當董事與外聘核數師之間之重要 溝通橋樑;

- (b) to assist the Board in fulfilling its responsibility by providing an independent review with the management of the accounting policies and practices adopted by the Group, and supervision of financial reporting, and monitoring and reviewing the effectiveness of the Group's internal control and the adequacy of the external audit;
- (c) to review the appointment of external auditors on an annual basis as well as to ensure continuing auditors independence;
- (d) to develop and monitor the applications of the policies on the engagement of the external auditors to perform other professional services (other than tax-related services); and
- (e) to oversee the Company's financial reporting system, risk management and internal control procedures.

The Group's consolidated financial statements for the Financial Year have been reviewed by the Audit Committee.

The Audit Committee held 6 meetings during the Financial Year.

- (b) 與管理層一起就本集團採納之會計 政策及常規提供獨立審閱、監督財務 匯報,並監察及檢討本集團之內部監 控成效以及外聘審核是否足夠,從 而協助董事會履行其職責;
- (c) 每年審閱外聘核數師之委任,並確保 核數師保持一貫獨立立場;
- (d) 倘聘用外聘核數師提供其他專業服務(稅務相關服務除外),制訂及監察政策之應用;及
- (e) 監察本公司之財務報告系統、風險管 理及內部監控程序。

本集團本財政年度之綜合財務報表已由審核委員會審閱。

審核委員會於本財政年度舉行6次會議。

Meetings attended/Total meetings held during the Financial Year 本財政年度 出席會議次數/ 舉行之會議總數

Ms. Chen Weijun	陳偉君女士	6/6
(Chairman of the Audit Committee)	(審核委員會主席)	
Mr. Wang Rongliang	王榮樑先生	6/6
Mr. Chen Jinzhong (appointed on 1 February	陳金中先生	1/6
2021)	(於二零二一年二月一日獲委任)	
Dr. Zhang Zhihong (resigned on 11 November	張志鴻博士	3/6
2020)	(於二零二零年十一月十一日辭仟)	

RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL

The Board has the overall responsibility for maintaining a sound and effective risk management and internal control systems to safeguard the Shareholders' interests, and to review the effectiveness of such systems regularly. The risk management and internal control systems include defined management structure with limits of authority set at various levels, which is designed to safeguard assets, ensure the maintenance of proper records, provide reliable financial information for internal use or publication, and ensure compliance with regulations. During the Financial Year, the Board has reviewed the internal control procedures of the Group and consider the risk management and internal control systems to be adequate and effective.

風險管理及內部監控

 The Group's internal audit function is performed by an outsourced internal audit team, which reports directly to the Audit Committee.

本集團內部審計職能由外包內部審計小組 執行,直接向審核委員會報告。

The report provided internal audit findings and any action to be taken by management as a result. These findings and recommendations for improvement will be communicated to the respective management for their responses and corrective actions. The Group's management team monitors the implementation of its recommendations and reports the outcome to the Audit Committee.

報告提供了內部審計結果及管理層採取之 任何行動。各自管理層對該等結果及改進 建議作出回應及改正。本集團管理團隊監 督建議之執行,並將結果報告給審核委員 會。

COMMUNICATION WITH SHAREHOLDERS

(i) Procedures for convening of a special general meeting and putting forward proposals at shareholders' meeting

Shareholders are encouraged to attend all general meetings. Pursuant to the bye-laws of the Company, any one or more shareholders holding at the date of deposit of the requisition not less than one-tenth of the paid up capital of the Company carrying the right of voting at general meetings of the Company shall at all times have the right, by written requisition (the "Written Requisition") to the Board or the Secretary of the Company at the principal place of business in Hong Kong of the Company (at Unit No. 2111, 21/F, West Tower Shun Tak Centre, 168-200 Connaught Road Central, Sheung Wan, Hong Kong), to require a special general meeting to be called by the Board for the transaction of any business specified in such requisition; and such meeting shall be held within two (2) months after the deposit of such requisition.

Pursuant to the bye-laws of the Company, an annual general meeting shall be called by a written notice of not less than twenty-one (21) clear days and not less than twenty (20) clear business days and any special general meeting at which the passing of a special resolution is to be considered shall be called by a written notice of not less than twenty one (21) clear days and not less than ten (10) clear business days. Business day under the Listing Rules means any day on which the Stock Exchange is open for business of dealing in securities.

If within twenty-one (21) days of such deposit the Board fails to proceed to convene such meeting the requisitionist(s) himself (themselves) may do so in accordance with the provision of Section 74(3) of the Companies Act 1981 of Bermuda.

股東通訊

(i) 召開股東特別大會及於股東大 會上提呈建議之程序

根據本公司之公司細則,股東週年大會須以不少於二十一(21)個完整日及不少於二十(20)個完整營業日之書通知召開,而任何考慮通過特別決一(21)個完整日及不少於十(10)個完整日及不少於十(10)個完整日之書面通知召開。根據上市之則,營業日為聯交所開放進行證券交易業務之任何日子。

倘董事會未能於提交請求起計二十一 (21)日內著手召開有關大會,該(該等) 請求人本身可根據百慕達一九八一年 公司法第74(3)條召開大會。

(ii) Procedures for directing enquiries to the Company

To direct enquiries to the Board, Shareholders should submit his/her/its enquiries in writing with contact details (including, registered name, address and telephone number, etc.) to the Company Secretary at the following:

By post to the head office and principal place of business in Hong Kong at Unit No. 2111, 21/F, West Tower Shun Tak Centre, 168-200 Connaught Road Central, Sheung Wan, Hong Kong.

Tel: (852) 2598 6818 Fax: (852) 2598 6628

(iii) Matters relating to share registration

For share registration related matters, such as share transfer and registration, change of name and address of Shareholders, loss of share certificates or dividend warrants, Shareholders can contact the Hong Kong branch share registrar and transfer office at the following:

Tricor Tengis Limited Level 54, Hopewell Centre 183 Queen's Road East Hong Kong

Tel: (852) 2810 8185 Fax: (852) 2980 1333

(iv) Procedures for a shareholder to propose a person for election as a director

Subject to the provisions of the Company's bye-laws, the Shareholders may from time to time in general meeting by Ordinary Resolution elect any person to be a director either to fill a casual vacancy or as an additional director.

Shareholder(s) may propose a person other than an existing director of the Company for election as a director at a general meeting. The Shareholder(s) must deposit a written notice (the "Notice") to the principal office of the Company in Hong Kong for the attention of the Company Secretary.

The Shareholder(s) must prove his/her/their shareholding in the Company.

(ii) 向本公司作出查詢之程序

如欲向董事會作出查詢,股東應以書面方式向公司秘書提交查詢,並註明聯絡資料(包括登記姓名、地址及電話號碼等),提交查詢之方法如下:

郵寄至本公司之香港總辦事處及主要營業地點,地址為香港上環干諾道中168-200號信德中心西座21樓2111室。

電話: (852) 2598 6818 傳真: (852) 2598 6628

(iii) 有關股份登記之事宜

就股份過戶及登記、更改股東名稱及 地址、遺失股票或股息單等股份登 記之相關事宜而言,股東可聯絡香港 股份登記及過戶分處,地址如下:

卓佳登捷時有限公司 香港 皇后大道東183號 合和中心54樓

電話: (852) 2810 8185 傳真: (852) 2980 1333

(iv) 股東提名人士參選董事之程序

根據本公司之公司細則之條文,股東 可不時於股東大會上以普通決議案 推選任何人士成為董事,以填補臨時 空缺或作為新增董事。

股東可於股東大會上提名本公司現有 董事以外之人士參選董事。股東必須 將書面通知(「通知」)送交本公司之香 港總辦事處,註明由公司秘書接收。

股東必須證明其於本公司之持股量。

The Notice must be signed by the Shareholder(s) (other than a person to be proposed) and shall be accompanied by the following information and documents:

- the full name and the contact information of the Shareholder(s);
- the contact details, age and the full name of the person proposed for election as a director of the Company;
- biographical details of the person proposed for election as required by Rule 13.51(2) of the Listing Rules:
- letter of consent signed by the person proposed to be elected that he or she consents to be director of the Company, if elected.

The Notice and the abovementioned information and documents must be lodged with the Company commencing from the day after despatch of the notice of the general meeting and ending no later than seven (7) days prior to the date of such general meeting.

INVESTOR RELATIONS

The Company endeavours to uphold a high level of corporate transparency. Keeping Shareholders, investors, analysts, bankers and other stakeholders informed of its corporate strategies and business operations has been one of the key objectives of its investor relations team.

通知必須由股東(獲提名之人士除外) 簽署,並須附上以下資料及文件:

- 股東之全名及聯絡資料;
- 獲提名參選本公司董事人士之聯絡資料、年齡及全名;
- 上市規則第13.51(2)條所規定獲提名參選人士之履歷詳情;
- 獲提名參選人士所簽署之同意書,同意出任本公司董事(倘獲選)。

通知及上述資料及文件須於寄發股東大會通告當日起直至召開有關股東大會日期前不少於七(7)日止期間內送交本公司。

投資者關係

本公司致力維持高企業透明度。讓股東、 投資者、分析師、銀行家及其他持份者了 解其企業策略及商業運作一直是其投資者 關係小組的主要目的。

Report of the Directors 董事會報告

The directors hereby submit their report with the audited consolidated financial statements for the Financial Year.

PLACE OF INCORPORATION

The Company was incorporated in the Cayman Islands as an exempted company with limited liability under the Companies Law (as revised) of the Cayman Islands and continued in Bermuda as an exempted company with limited liability in accordance with the Companies Act 1981 (as amended) of Bermuda. The address of its registered office is at Clarendon House, 2 Church Street, Hamilton HM 11, Bermuda and its principal place of business in Hong Kong is Unit No. 2111, 21/F, West Tower Shun Tak Centre, 168–200 Connaught Road Central, Sheung Wan, Hong Kong.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The Company is an investment holding company. The principal activities of its subsidiaries are set out in note 31 to the consolidated financial statements.

BUSINESS REVIEW

A review of the businesses of the Group during the year and a discussion on the Group's future business development is provided in the section headed "Management Discussion and Analysis" in this annual report.

An analysis of the Group's performance during the year ended 31 March 2021 using financial performance indicators is provided in the section headed "Management Discussion and Analysis" on pages 6 to 21 of this annual report.

Principal Risks and Uncertainties

The Group's financial condition, results of operations, businesses and prospects may be affected by a number of risks and uncertainties. The followings are the key risks and uncertainties identified by the Group. There may be other risks and uncertainties in addition to those shown below which are not known to the Group or which may not be material now but could turn out to be material in the future.

註冊成立地點

綜合財務報表。

本公司根據開曼群島公司法(經修訂)於開曼群島註冊成立為獲豁免有限公司,並根據百慕達一九八一年公司法(經修訂)於百慕達作為獲豁免有限公司存續。其註冊辦事處之地址為Clarendon House, 2 Church Street, Hamilton HM 11, Bermuda,而其香港主要營業地點為香港上環干諾道中168-200號信德中心西座21樓2111室。

董事謹此提呈本財政年度之報告及經審核

主要業務

本公司為一間投資控股公司。其附屬公司 之主要業務載於綜合財務報表附註31。

業務回顧

本集團於本年度之業務回顧及有關本集團 未來業務發展的討論,載於本年報「管理 層討論及分析」一節。

有關採用財務表現指標對本集團於截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度之表現所作的分析,載於本年報第6頁至第21頁「管理層討論及分析」一節。

主要風險及不確定因素

本集團之財務狀況、營運業績、業務及前 景可能受到若干風險及不確定因素的影響。以下為本集團知悉的主要風險及不確 定因素。除下文所列者外,或會存在本集 團並不知悉或目前可能並不重大但日後可 能重大的其他風險及不確定因素。

Business Risk

Certain of the business segments in which the Group operates are subject to the overall economic growth of the PRC, which is subject to ever-changing economic policy changes of the PRC government. Any adverse changes in economic policies of the PRC government could materially and adversely affect the Group's business.

The valuation of the intangible asset of the Group is tied to the Group's ability to successfully complete the development and commercialisation of the Product and the policy of medical examination and the medical policy. As at the date of this report, the Product is still in the research and development stage, uncertainty as to when the product can be launched exits. In addition, commercialisation is subject to uncertainty and risks arising from the results of the clinical trial of the Product and the assessment of the National Medical Products Administration. These factors may be beyond the control of the Group. Any delay or failure in the Group's ability to do so may adversely affect the Group's business and financial performance.

Operational Risk

Operational risk is the risk of loss resulting from inadequate or failed internal processes, people and systems or from external events. Responsibility for managing operational risks basically rests with every function at divisional and departmental levels. The Group recognises that operational risks cannot be eliminated completely and that it may not always be cost effective to do so.

Key functions in the Group are guided by their operating procedures, limits of authority and reporting framework. The Group will identify and assess key operational exposures from time to time and report such risk issues to senior management as early as possible so that appropriate risk response can be taken.

Financial Risk

The financial risk management of the Group are set out in note 33 to the consolidated financial statements.

業務風險

本集團營運之若干業務分部須受中國整體 經濟增長限制,而整體經濟增長受限於中 國政府不斷變化的經濟政策變動。中國 政府經濟政策的任何不利變動可能對本集 團業務造成重大不利影響。

營運風險

營運風險指因內部程序、人員或制度不足 或缺失,或因外部事件導致之損失風險。 管理營運風險之責任基本上由各個功能之 分部及部門肩負。本集團確認,營運風險 不能完全消除,且消除風險的工作未必會 達致成本效益。

本集團之主要功能均以本身之營運程序、 權限及匯報框架為指引。本集團將不時識 別及評估主要營運風險,並盡早向高級管 理層匯報該等風險問題,以便採取適當風 險應對措施。

財務風險

本集團財務風險管理載於綜合財務報表附 註33。

RESULTS AND FINANCIAL POSITION

The results of the Group for the Financial Year are set out in the consolidated statement of profit and loss and other comprehensive income on pages 54 to 55. The directors do not recommend the payment of a final dividend for the Financial Year. There is no arrangement that a shareholder of the Company has waived or agreed to waive any dividend.

The state of affairs of the Group as at 31 March 2021 are set out in the consolidated statement of financial position on pages 56 to 57.

PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Details of the movements during the Financial Year in the property, plant and equipment of the Group are set out in note 16 to the consolidated financial statements.

PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF THE COMPANY'S LISTED SECURITIES

During the Financial Year, neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's listed securities.

SHARE CAPITAL

Details of the share capital of the Company are set out in note 28 to the consolidated financial statements.

RESERVES

Details of the movements in the reserves of the Group during the Financial Year are set out in the consolidated statement of changes in equity on pages 58 to 59. There were no distributable reserves of the Company at 31 March 2021 (31 March 2020: Nil).

CONVERTIBLE BONDS

Details of the convertible bonds issued by the Group are set out in note 27 to consolidated financial statements.

業績及財務狀況

本集團於本財政年度之業績載於第54頁至第55頁之綜合損益及其他全面收益表。董事不建議派付於本財政年度之末期股息。現無就本公司之股東已豁免或已同意豁免任何股息之安排。

本集團於二零二一年三月三十一日之財務 狀況載於第56頁至第57頁之綜合財務狀況 表。

物業、廠房及設備

本集團之物業、廠房及設備於本財政年度 內之變動詳情載於綜合財務報表附註16。

購買、出售或贖回本公司之上 市證券

於本財政年度,本公司或其任何附屬公司 概無購買、出售或贖回本公司任何上市證 券。

股本

本公司股本之詳情載於綜合財務報表附註 28。

儲備

本集團於本財政年度之儲備變動詳情載於 第58頁至第59頁之綜合權益變動表。於二 零二一年三月三十一日,本公司概無可分 派儲備(二零二零年三月三十一日:無)。

可換股債券

本集團已發行之可換股債券之詳情載於綜合財務報表附註27。

DIRECTORS

The Directors who held office during the Financial Year and up to the date of this annual report were:

Executive Directors

Mr. Gao Yuan Xing

Mr. Tang Rong

Ms. Huang He (retired on 31 August 2020)

Non-executive Directors

Ms. Jiang Nian (Chairman)

Ms. Xiao Yan

Ms. Wu Yanmin

Mr. Gao Yuan Xing, Mr. Tang Rong and Ms. Jiang Nian are also directors in certain subsidiaries of the Company.

Independent non-executive Directors

Ms. Chen Weijun

Mr. Wang Rongliang

Mr. Chen Jinzhong (appointed on 1 February 2021)

Dr. Zhang Zhihong (resigned on 11 November 2020)

In accordance with the bye-laws of the Company, Mr. Chen Jinzhong who was appointed subsequent to the annual general meeting of the Company held on 1 February 2021, shall hold office only until the forthcoming annual general meeting ("2021 AGM") and, being eligible, will offer herself for re-election at the 2021 AGM.

In accordance with the bye-laws of the Company, one third of the directors for the time being shall be subject to retirement by rotation at least once every three years. Accordingly, Ms. Xiao Yan, Ms. Wu Yanmin and Mr. Wang Rongliang shall retire and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-election at the 2021 AGM.

DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS

No director proposed for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting had a service contract that was not determinable by the Group within one year without payment of compensation (other than statutory compensation).

BIOGRAPHICAL DETAILS OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Brief biographical details of the directors and senior management are set out on pages 22 to 24 of this annual report.

董事

於本財政年度及截至本年報日期之在任董 事如下:

執行董事

高源興先生

唐榕先生

黄鶴女士(於二零二零年八月三十一日退任)

非執行董事

蔣年女士(主席)

肖焱女士

鄔燕敏女士

高源興先生、唐榕先生及蔣年女士亦為本公司若干附屬公司之董事。

獨立非執行董事

陳偉君女士

王榮樑先生

陳金中先生(於二零二一年二月一日獲委任) 張志鴻博士(於二零二零年十一月十一日辭任)

根據本公司之公司細則,於二零二一年二月一日舉行之本公司股東週年大會後獲委任之陳金中先生之任期僅直至應屆股東週年大會(「二零二一年股東週年大會」)為止,彼符合資格且願意於二零二一年股東週年大會上膺選連任。

根據本公司之公司細則,三分之一之董事 須輪值退任,每名董事須最少每三年輪值 告退一次。據此,肖焱女士、鄔燕敏女士 及王榮樑先生將於二零二一年股東週年大 會上退任,惟彼等符合資格,故將提呈膺 選連任。

董事服務合約

於應屆股東週年大會建議重選連任之董 事概無訂有本集團不可於一年內不作賠償 (法定賠償除外)而終止之服務合約。

董事及高級管理層之履歷詳情

董事及高級管理層之簡要履歷詳情載於本 年報第22頁至第24頁。

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN SHARES

As at 31 March 2021, the interests or short positions of the directors, chief executive of the Company or their associates in any Shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance ("SFO")) which were required to be recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under Section 352 of the SFO, or which is otherwise required to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code were as follows:

董事於股份之權益

於二零二一年三月三十一日,本公司董事、高級行政人員或彼等聯繫人士於本公司或 其任何相聯法團(定義見證券及期貨條例 (「證券及期貨條例」)第XV部)之任何股份、 相關股份或債券中擁有須根據證券及期貨 條例第352條記錄於本公司存置之登記冊 或須根據標準守則以其他方式知會本公司 及聯交所之權益及或淡倉如下:

Name of director 董事姓名	Capacity 身份	Number of shares/ underlying shares held 持有之股份/ 相關股份數目	Percentage of the issued share capital of the Company 佔本公司已發行 股本百分比
Tang Rong 唐榕	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	396,200	0.03%

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 March 2021, none of the directors, chief executive of the Company nor their associates had any interests or short positions in any Shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO), which were required to be recorded in the register by the Company required to be kept under Section 352 of the SFO or which is otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code.

除上文所披露者外,於二零二一年三月三十一日,概無本公司董事、高級行政人員或彼等之聯繫人士於本公司或其任何相聯法團(定義見證券及期貨條例第XV部)之任何股份、相關股份或債券中擁有須根據證券及期貨條例第352條記錄於本公司存置之登記冊或根據標準守則以其他方式知會本公司及聯交所之任何權益或淡倉。

DIRECTORS' AND CONTROLLING SHAREHOLDERS' INTERESTS IN CONTRACTS OF SIGNIFICANCE

Save as disclosed in note 30 to the consolidated financial statements, no other contract of significance, to which the Company or any of its subsidiaries was a party and in which a director had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the Financial Year or at any time during the Financial Year, nor was there any other contract of significance in relation to the Group's business between the Company or any of the Company's subsidiaries and a controlling Shareholder or any of its subsidiaries.

董事及控股股東於重大合約之 權 益

除綜合財務報表附註30所披露者外,本公司或其任何附屬公司均並非在本財政年度任何時間生效且董事於當中直接或間接擁有重大權益之其他便大合約之訂約方,本公司或本公司之任屬公司亦無與控股股東或其任何附屬公司立與本集團業務有關之任何其他重大合約。

MANAGEMENT CONTRACT

No contracts concerning the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of the business of the Company were entered into or in existence during the Financial Year.

管理合約

於本財政年度,並無訂立或存續有關本公司之整體或任何主要部分業務之管理及行政之合約。

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' AND OTHER PERSONS' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES

As at 31 March 2021, the register of interests and short positions in the shares and underlying shares of the Company kept under Section 336 of the SFO showed that, the following entities had an interest or deemed interest of 5% or more in the issued share capital of the Company:

Long positions in the issued share capital of the Company

主要股東及其他人士於股份及相關股份之權益及淡倉

於二零二一年三月三十一日,根據證券及 期貨條例第336條存置之本公司股份及相 關股份之權益及淡倉登記冊所載,下列實 體於本公司已發行股本中擁有或被視為擁 有5%或以上權益:

於本公司已發行股本之好倉

Name of shareholders	Capacity	Number of shares/ underlying shares held	Long (L) or Short (S) position	Percentage of the issued share capital of the Company 佔本公司
股東名稱	身份	持有之股份/ 相關股份數目	好倉(L)或 淡倉(S)	已發行 股本百分比
Dr. Mao Yumin (note 1) 毛裕民博士(附註1)	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	1,187,200,000	L	81.08%
EMMAT(WITT)	Interest of a controlled corporation 受控制法團之權益	82,770,810	L	5.65%
United Gene Holdings Limited (note 1) 聯合基因控股有限公司(附註1)	Interest of a controlled corporation 受控制法團之權益	82,770,810	L	5.65%
Dr. Xie Yi (note 2) 謝毅博士(附註2)	Interest of a controlled corporation 受控制法團之權益	82,770,810	L	5.65%
Ease Gold Investments Limited (note 2) (附註2)	Interest of a controlled corporation 受控制法團之權益	82,770,810	L	5.65%
Good Links Limited (note 3) (附註3)	Interest of a controlled corporation 受控制法團之權益	7,770,810	L	0.53%
Victory Trend Limited (note 3) (附註3)	Interest of a controlled corporation 受控制法團之權益	7,770,810	L	0.53%
Best Champion Holdings Limited (note 4) 凱佳控股有限公司(附註4)	Interest of a controlled corporation 受控制法團之權益	7,770,810	L	0.53%
China United Gene Investment Holdings Limited (note 5) (附註5)	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	7,770,810	L	0.53%
Chau Yiu Ting 周耀庭	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	328,600,000	L	22.44%

Report of the Directors 董事會報告

Notes:

- These include (i) 363.200.000 ordinary shares held by Dr. Mao directly: (ii) 824,000,000, 55,000,000 and 20,000,000 derivative shares held by Dr. Mao, JNJ Investments Limited ("JNJ") and United Gene International Holdings Group Limited respectively, which shall be issued by the Company upon exercise of the conversion rights attached to the convertible bonds in an aggregate principal amount of HK\$359,600,000 issued by the Company. JNJ is an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of United Gene Group Limited, which is in turn owned as to 33% by United Gene Holdings Limited. United Gene International Holdings Group Limited is wholly-owned by JNJ; (iii) 7,770,810 ordinary shares held through China United Gene Investment Holdings Limited, which is held as to 60% by Best Champion Holdings Limited, and which is in turn held as to 33.5% and 33% by United Gene Holdings Limited and Victory Trend Limited respectively. Victory Trend Limited is wholly owned by Good Links Limited. United Gene Holdings Limited and Good Links Limited are 100% and 50% held by Dr. Mao respectively.
- Ease Gold Investments Limited, is wholly-owned by Dr. Xie Yi ("Dr. Xie"), which owns 33.50% and 33% equity interests of Best Champion Holdings Limited and United Gene Group Limited respectively.
- Victory Trend Limited is wholly-owned by Good Links Limited, which is in turn owned as to 50% by Dr. Mao and as to 50% by Dr. Xie. Victory Trend Limited owns 33.00% equity interests of Best Champion Holdings Limited.
- 4. The equity interest of Best Champion Holdings Limited is owned as to 33.50%, 33.50% and 33.00% by United Gene Holdings Limited, Ease Gold Investments Limited and Victory Trend Limited, respectively.
- China United Gene Investment Holdings Limited is owned as to 60% by Best Champion Holdings Limited.

Save as disclosed above, the directors were not aware of any other relevant interests or short positions of 5% or more in the issued share capital of the Company as at 31 March 2021.

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

The Company has received an annual confirmation from each independent non-executive director confirming his/her independence pursuant to rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. The Company considers all of the independent non-executive directors to be independent.

附註:

- 彼等包括(i)由毛博士直接持有的363,200,000 股普通股;(ii)於行使可換股債券附帶之轉換 權後,由本公司發行之衍生股份 - 本金總 額為359,600,000港元之可換股債券,乃分別 由毛博士持有824,000,000股、JNJ投資有限 公司(「JNJ」)持有55,000,000股及聯合基因國 際有限公司持有20.000.000股。JNJ為一間 United Gene Group Limited間接全資擁有的 附屬公司,而United Gene Group Limited由聯 合基因控股有限公司擁有33%。聯合基因國 際有限公司由JNJ全資擁有;(iii)由凱佳控股 有限公司擁有60%股權的China United Gene Investment Holdings Limited持有之7,770,810 股普通股,聯合基因控股有限公司及Victory Trend Limited分別持有33.5%及33%凱佳控股 有限公司股份。Victory Trend Limited由Good Links Limited全資擁有。毛博士分別持有聯合 基因控股有限公司的100%權益及Good Links Limited的50%權益。
- 2. Ease Gold Investments Limited (由謝毅博士 (「謝博士」)全資擁有)分別擁有凱佳控股有限公司之33.50%股權及United Gene Group Limited 之33%股權。
- 3. Victory Trend Limited由Good Links Limited全 資擁有,而Good Links Limited由毛博士及謝 博士分別擁有50%及50%,而Victory Trend Limited擁有凱佳控股有限公司之33.00%股 權。
- 4. 凱佳控股有限公司分別由聯合基因控股有限公司、Ease Gold Investments Limited及Victory Trend Limited擁有33.50%、33.50%及33.00%股權。
- 5. China United Gene Investment Holdings Limited由凱佳控股有限公司擁有60%股權。

除上文所披露者外,於二零二一年三月三十一日,董事並不知悉佔本公司已發行股本5%或以上之任何其他相關權益或淡倉。

獨立非執行董事

本公司已接獲各獨立非執行董事根據上市規則第3.13條作出之年度確認書,確認其獨立性。本公司認為全體獨立非執行董事均為獨立人士。

CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS

A summary of the related parties transactions entered into by the Group during the Financial Year is contained in note 30 to the consolidated financial statements.

The following transactions between certain connected persons (as defined in the Listing Rules) and the Group have been entered into during the Financial Year and/or are ongoing for which relevant announcements, if necessary, had been made by the Company in accordance with Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

Continuing connected transactions

Since 31 August 2010, the Company has engaged Dr. Mao to provide advisory and consultancy services to the Group in relation to research and development of the Group's genetic testing products, and other scientific technologies. In this role, Dr. Mao is the Company's chief scientific adviser and currently receives a monthly service fee of HK\$56,000. The previous agreement with Dr. Mao commenced on 1 September 2016, for a period of three years, and was renewed on 31 August 2019 for an additional period of three years, unless terminated earlier in accordance with the agreement.

To the best knowledge of the directors, there were no other connected transactions or continuing connected transactions subsisting during the Financial Year.

INTERESTS IN COMPETITORS

During the Financial Year and up to the date of this report, other than those businesses of which the directors were appointed as directors to represent the interests of such businesses, no director is considered to have had an interest in a business which competes or is likely to compete, either directly or indirectly, with the businesses of the Group, pursuant to the Listing Rules.

EMOLUMENT POLICY

The emolument policy for the employees of the Group is set up by the management on the basis of their merit, qualifications and competence.

The emoluments of the directors for the Financial Year are decided by the Board, having regard to the Group's operating results, their duties and responsibilities in the Group, individual performance and comparable market statistics, and have been reviewed by the Remuneration Committee during the Financial Year.

閣 連 交 易

本財政年度,本集團簽訂之關連人士交易 摘要載於綜合財務報表附註30。

以下為若干關連人士(定義見上市規則)於本財政年度與本集團已訂立及/或正在進行的交易,如有需要,本公司已根據上市規則第14A章作出相關公告。

持續關連交易

就董事所深知,於本財政年度,概無存在 其他關連交易或持續關連交易。

於競爭業務之權益

本財政年度及截至本報告日期,根據上市規則,除董事獲委任為董事以代表業務權益之業務外,概無董事被視為於與本集團業務直接或間接構成競爭或可能構成競爭之業務中擁有權益。

薪酬政策

管理層會按本集團僱員之表現、資歷及能 力制訂彼等之薪酬政策。

董事會經考慮本集團之經營業績、董事於本集團之職務及職責、彼等之個人表現及可資比較市場數據後釐定本財政年度之董事薪酬,並已由薪酬委員會於本財政年度審閱。

PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS

There are no provisions for pre-emptive rights under the Company's bye-laws, or the laws of Bermuda, which would oblige the Company to offer new shares on a pro-rata basis to the existing Shareholders.

EQUITY-LINKED AGREEMENTS

Other than the Convertible bonds issued as disclosed in this annual report, no equity-linked agreements that will or may result in the Company issuing Shares, or that require the Company to enter into any agreements that will or may result in the Company issuing Shares, were entered into by the Company during the year or subsisted at the end of the year.

PERMITTED INDEMNITY PROVISION

Pursuant to the Company's bye-laws, every director or other officers of the Company acting in relation to any of the affairs of the Company shall be indemnified and secured harmless out of the assets and profits of the Company from and against all actions, costs, charges, losses, damages and expenses which they or any of them, their or any of their heirs, executors or administrators, shall or may incur or sustain by or by reason of any act done, concurred in or omitted in or about the execution of their duty, or supposed duty, in their respective offices, or trusts. The Company has arranged appropriate insurance coverage for the directors and officers of the Group.

CHARITABLE DONATIONS

During the Financial Year, the Group did not make any charitable donation (2020: Nil).

MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

The information in respect of the Group's total purchases and sales attributable to the Group's major suppliers and customers respectively during the Financial Year is as follows:

優先購買權

本公司之公司細則或百慕達法例均無優先 購買權條文,致使本公司有責任向現有股 東按比例基準發售新股份。

股票掛鈎協議

除本年報所披露之已發行可換股債券外, 本公司於年內並無訂立或於年結時仍然存 續之將會或可能導致本公司發行股份之股 票掛鈎協議,或要求本公司訂立任何將會 或可能導致本公司發行股份之協議。

獲准許之彌償條文

根據本公司之公司細則,就本公司任何事 務行事之本公司各董事或其他行政人員, 將可就由於彼等或彼等各自之繼承人、遺 囑執行人或遺產管理人因彼等於各自職位 職責或建議職責或信託而作出、應允或遺 漏的行為而將或可能引致或蒙受的所有訴 訟、成本、費用、損失、損害及開支從本 公司資產及溢利當中獲得彌償保證及不受 傷害。本公司已為本集團董事及行政人員 安排合嫡的保險保障。

慈善捐款

於本財政年度,本集團並無作出任何慈善 捐款(二零二零年:無)。

主要客戶及供應商

本財政年度,本集團主要供應商及客戶分 別應佔本集團之採購總額及銷售總額之資 料如下:

> Percentage of the Group's total 應佔本集團總額之 百分比

Purchases

- The largest supplier
- Five largest suppliers combined

Sales

- The largest customer
- Five largest customers combined

- 最大供應商
- 五大供應商合計

- 最大客戶
- 五大客戶合計

100% 100% At no time during the Financial Year had any of the directors, their close associates or any Shareholder (which to the knowledge of the directors owned more than 5% of the Company's issued share capital) held an interest in any of the Group's five largest suppliers or customers.

RELATIONSHIPS WITH EMPLOYEES, SUPPLIERS AND CUSTOMERS

The Group understands that employees are valuable assets. The Group provides competitive remuneration package to attract and motivate the employees. The Group regularly reviews the remuneration package of employees and makes necessary adjustments to conform to the market standard.

The Group's business is built on a customer-oriented culture. The Group also understands that it is important to maintain good relationship with its suppliers and customers to fulfil its immediate and long-term goals. To maintain its market competitiveness within the industry, the Group aims at delivering constantly high standards and high quality products to its customers. During the year under review, there was no material and significant dispute between the Group and its suppliers and/ or customers.

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE

Environmental Protection

Environmental conservation remains a key focus for the Group. The conscientious use of resources and adoption of best practices across the Group's businesses underlie its commitment to safeguarding the environment. The Group encourages environmental protection and complies with environmental legislation and promotes awareness towards environmental protection to the employees.

The Group puts great emphasis on environmental protection and sustainable development. Through the establishment of an everimproving management system, enhancement on procedure monitoring, energy conservation and environment protection were strongly promoted, leading to the remarkable achievement of environmental management. Several measures have been implemented by the Group in order to promote environmental protection.

The Company will publish a separate Environmental, Social and Governance Report as close as possible to, and in any event no later than three months after, the publication of this annual report.

本財政年度任何時間,任何董事、彼等之緊密聯繫人士或任何股東(據董事所知,擁有本公司已發行股本5%以上之權益者)概無於本集團任何五大供應商或客戶中擁有權益。

與僱員、供應商及客戶之關係

本集團深明僱員乃寶貴資產。本集團提供具有競爭力之薪酬待遇以吸引及激勵僱員。本集團定期檢討僱員之薪酬待遇並作出必要調整以符合市場標準。

本集團業務植根於以客為本之文化。本集 團亦深信與其供應商及客戶維持良。。 對實現其當前及長遠目標至關重要。為保 持於行業內之市場競爭力,本集團致力於 不斷為客戶提供高標準優質產品。於回顧 年度內,本集團與其供應商及/或客戶並 無重大及嚴重分歧。

環境、社會及管治

環境保護

環境保護仍然為本集團之一大工作重點。 本集團在業務營運中審慎利用資源,並採納最佳常規,以達到其保護環境之承諾。 本集團鼓勵環保、遵守環保規例並致力提 升僱員之環保意識。

本集團注重環境保護及可持續發展,通過 建立並不斷優化環境管理體系,持續加強 過程監控,大力推進節能及環保使得環境 管理工作卓有成效。本集團已實施多項措 施以促進環境保護。

本公司將盡快刊發單獨的環境、社會及管 治報告,無論如何不遲於本年報刊發後三 個月。

Compliance with Laws and Regulations

Compliance procedures are in place to ensure adherence to applicable laws, rules and regulations, in particular, those that have significant impact on the Group. The audit committee of the Company is delegated by the Board to monitor the Group's practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements. Any changes in the applicable laws, rules and regulations are brought to the attention of relevant employees and relevant operation units from time to time.

As far as the Company is aware, it has complied in material respects with the relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the business and operation of the Company.

SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

Based on the information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the directors as at the date of this report, the directors believe that the number of securities of the Company which are in the hands of the public is above the relevant prescribed minimum percentage under the Listing Rules.

EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

Saved as disclosed elsewhere in this annual report, there is no other significant event occurring after the reporting period.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

Details of the Corporate Governance Report of the Company are set out on pages 26 to 37 of this report.

FINANCIAL SUMMARY

A summary of the results and of the assets and liabilities of the Group for the five years ended 31 March 2021 is set out on pages 151 to 152 of this report.

遵守法律及法規

已制定合規程序,以確保本集團遵守(尤其是)對其產生重大影響之該等適用法律、規則及法規。本公司審核委員會由董事會委派監察有關本集團遵守法律及監管規定之常規。相關僱員及相關經營單位會不時獲知悉適用法律、規則及法規之任何變動。

據本公司所知,其已於重大方面遵守對本公司之業務及營運有重大影響之相關法律及法規。

充足公眾持股量

根據本公司可公開獲得之資料及據董事所知,於本報告日期,董事相信由公眾人士 持有之本公司證券數目高於上市規則相關 規定之最低百分比。

報告期後事項

除於本年報其他地方所披露者外,本報告 期後概無其他重大事項。

企業管治

本公司之企業管治報告詳情載於本報告第 26頁至第37頁。

財務概要

本集團截至二零二一年三月三十一日止五個年度之業績及資產與負債概要載於本報告第151頁至第152頁。

AUDITOR

The consolidated financial statements for the year were audited by Elite Partners CPA Limited, who will retire and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-appointment at the forthcoming annual general meeting.

On behalf of the Board

Jiang Nian

Chairman Shanghai, 29 June 2021

核數師

本年度之綜合財務報表已由開元信德會計師事務所有限公司審核,該行將退任,並符合資格及願意於應屆股東週年大會上接受續聘為本集團之核數師。

代表董事會

蔣年

主席

上海,二零二一年六月二十九日

Independent Auditors' Report

獨立核數師報告



TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF INNOVATIVE PHARMACEUTICAL BIOTECH LIMITED

(incorporated in Cayman Islands and continued in Bermuda with limited liability)

DISCLAIMER OF OPINION

We were engaged to audit the consolidated financial statements of Innovative Pharmaceutical Biotech Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (together the "Group") set out on pages 54 to 150, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 March 2021, and the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

We do not express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements of the Group. Because of the significance of the matter described in the Basis for Disclaimer of Opinion section of our report, we have not been able to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence to provide a basis for an audit opinion on these consolidated financial statements. In all other respects, in our opinion the consolidated financial statements have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

致領航醫藥及生物科技有限公司 全體股東

(於開曼群島註冊成立及於百慕達存續之 有限公司)

不發表意見

本行已獲委聘已審核第54頁至第150頁所載領航醫藥及生物科技有限公司(「貴公司」)及其附屬公司(統稱「貴集團」)之綜合財務報表,其內容涵蓋於二零二一年三月三十一日之綜合財務狀況表、截至百上年度之綜合損益及其他全面收益表、綜合權益變動表及綜合現金流量表及綜合財務報表附註,包括重大會計政策概要。

本行並未就 貴集團綜合財務報表發表意見。由於本報告「不發表意見之基準」一節中所述事件極為重要,本行未能取得足夠適當的審核證據以就該等綜合財務報表作審核意見基礎。就所有其他方面而言,本行認為,該等綜合財務報表已遵照香港公司條例之披露規定妥為編製。

BASIS FOR DISCLAIMER OF OPINION

Material uncertainty related to going concern

As discussed in note 3 to the consolidated financial statements, which indicates that the Group incurred a loss for the year of HK\$212,155,000 during the year ended 31 March 2021 and, at of that date, the Group had net current liabilities of HK\$771,873,000. These conditions indicate the existence of a material uncertainty that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern.

The validity of the going concern assumption is dependent on the successful and favourable outcomes of the measures being taken by the management of the Company and the development of the events as described in note 3 to the consolidated financial statements. The management of the Company is of the opinion that the Group would be able to continue as a going concern. Therefore, the consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, and do not include any adjustments relating to the recognition of provisions or the realisation and reclassification of non-current assets and non-current liabilities that may be necessary if the Group is unable to continue as a going concern.

We were unable to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the use of going concern assumption in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements. Should the going concern assumption be inappropriate, adjustments may have to be made to reflect the situation that assets may need to be realised at the amounts other than which they are currently recorded in the consolidated statement of financial position at 31 March 2021.

In addition, the Group may have to recognise further liabilities that might arise, and to reclassify non-current assets and non-current liabilities as current assets and current liabilities, respectively.

不發表意見之基準

有關持續經營之重大不明朗因素

誠如綜合財務報表附註3所述,截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度, 貴集團的年度虧損為212,155,000港元,而於該日, 貴集團的流動負債淨值為771,873,000港元。此等狀況顯示有重大不確定因素存在,這可能令 貴集團持續經營能力構成重大疑問。

本行無法就於編製綜合財務報表時使用 持續經營假設取得足夠適當的審核證據。 如持續經營假設不適當,可能須作出調 整,以反映資產可能需要按二零二一年三 月三十一日綜合財務狀況表目前列賬的不 同金額變現的情況。

此外, 貴集團可能須確認可能產生的其他負債,並將非流動資產及非流動負債分別重新分類為流動資產及流動負債。

INFORMATION OTHER THAN THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND AUDITOR'S REPORT THEREON

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report but does not include the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTORS AND THOSE CHARGED WITH GOVERNANCE FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

綜合財務報表以外的資料及吾 等的核數師報告

董事須對其他資料承擔責任。其他資料包括載於年報的資料,惟不包括綜合財務報表及吾等的核數師報告。吾等對綜合財務報表作出的意見並無涵蓋其他資料,而吾等不會對其他資料發表任何形式的核證結論。

就吾等審核綜合財務報表而言,吾等的責任為閱讀其他資料,從而考慮其他資料,從而考慮其他過程中發悉的資料存在重大不符,或似乎存在重大 悉的資料存在重大不符,或但行的工作 錯誤陳述。倘若吾等基於已進行的百等報 為其他資料出現重大錯誤陳述,吾等毋須作出報告。

董事及治理層就綜合財務報表 須承擔的責任

董事須負責根據香港會計師公會頒佈的香港財務報告準則及香港公司條例的披露要求,編製真實而公平地反映情況的綜合財務報表,及董事釐定對編製綜合財務報表屬必要的有關內部監控,以使該等綜合財務報表不會存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述。

在編製綜合財務報表時,董事須負責評估 貴集團持續經營的能力,並披露與持續經營有關的事項(如適用)。除非董事擬將 貴集團清盤或停止營運,或除此之外並無其他實際可行的辦法,否則須採用以持續經營為基礎的會計法。

治理層負責監督 貴集團的財務報告流程。

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. This report is made solely to you, as a body, in accordance with Section 90 of Bermuda Companies Act 1981, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report. However, because of the matter described in the Basic for Disclaimer of opinion section of our report, we were not able to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence to provide a basis for an opinion on these consolidated financial statements.

We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA's Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (the "Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in the independent auditor's report is Mr. Leung Man Kin with Practising Certificate number P07174.

Elite Partners CPA Limited

Certified Public Accountants

10th Floor 8 Observatory Road Tsim Sha Tsui Kowloon, Hong Kong

29 June 2021

核數師就審核綜合財務報表須 承擔的責任

根據香港會計師公會的專業會計師道德守則(「守則」),本行獨立於 貴集團,且本行已根據守則履行其他道德責任。

出具本獨立核數師報告之審計項目合夥人為 梁文健先生,其執業證書編號為P07174。

開元信德會計師事務所有限公司 執*業會計師*

香港九龍 尖沙咀 天文台道8號 10樓

二零二一年六月二十九日

Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income 綜合損益及其他全面收益表

For the year ended 31 March 2021 截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度

			0004	0000
			2021 二零二一年	2020 二零二零年
		Notes	— ▼ —	一零一零十 HK\$'000
		附註	千港元	千港元
December	11h 24	0	45 400	4.4.500
Revenue	收益	6	15,189	14,580
Cost of sales	銷售成本		(13,784)	(12,960)
Gross profit	毛利		1,405	1,620
Other income	其他收入	8	255	30
Other gains and losses, net	其他收益及虧損淨額	8	219	(49,406)
Administrative expenses	行政開支	O	(16,910)	(22,643)
Research and development	研發開支		(10,010)	(22,040)
expenses	W1 32 FG 2		(6,092)	(11,336)
Share of results of associates	分佔聯營公司業績		_	6,312
Finance costs	財務費用	9	(191,032)	(147,039)
Loss before income tax	所得税前虧損		(212,155)	(222,462)
Income tax expense	所得税開支	10	_	
Loss for the year	年內虧損	11	(212,155)	(222,462)
	+ /u, a = ub >/ // RR +/)			
Other comprehensive income/ (expenses):	其他全面收益/(開支):			
Items that may be reclassified	其後可能重新分類至損益			
subsequently	之項目:			
to profit or loss:	Z-7, [
Share of other comprehensive	應佔聯營公司其他全面			
income of associates	收益		_	(1,388)
Exchange differences on	換算海外業務之匯率差			(, ,
translation of foreign operations	額		(40)	1,601
Release of share of other	出售聯營公司時解除分			
comprehensive income of	佔聯營公司之			
associates upon disposal of an	其他全面收益			
associate			_	13,319
	← 3 H /I = - / /85 I > / '' > /			
Other comprehensive (expense)/	年內其他全面(開支)/收益		(40)	10 500
income for the year			(40)	13,532
Total comprehensive expense for the	年入全面閏支總額			
year			(212,195)	(208,930)
, our			(=:=,:00)	(=30,000)

Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income 綜合損益及其他全面收益表 For the year ended 31 March 2021 截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度

			2021 二零二一年	2020 二零二零年
		Notes 附註	一令二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	—◆—◆午 HK\$'000 千港元
Loss for the year attributable to:	以下人士應佔年內虧損:			
Owners of the Company Non-controlling interests	本公司擁有人非控股權益		(204,939) (7,216)	(211,117) (11,345)
			(212,155)	(222,462)
Total comprehensive expense for the year attributable to:	以下人士應佔年內全面開支總額:			
Owners of the Company Non-controlling interests	本公司擁有人 非控股權益		(204,979) (7,216)	(197,585) (11,345)
			(212,195)	(208,930)
			HK cents 港仙	HK cents 港仙
Loss per share Basic	每股虧損 基本	15	(14.00)	(14.42)
Diluted	攤薄		(14.00)	(14.42)

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

綜合財務狀況表

As at 31 March 2021 於二零二一年三月三十一日

		Notes 附註	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Non-current assets	非流動資產			
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	16	_	35
Right-of-use assets	使用權資產	17	1,186	3,433
Intangible asset	無形資產	18	1,373,224	1,373,224
			1,374,410	1,376,692
Current assets	流動資產			
Trade receivables	貿易應收賬款	19	15,323	15,608
Prepayments, deposits and other	預付款項、按金及其他應			
receivables	收款項	20	4,485	3,642
Bank balances and cash	銀行結餘及現金	21	8,992	22,936
			28,800	42,186
Current liabilities	流動負債			
Trade payables	貿易應付賬款	22	5,479	10,253
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	23	1,118	2,285
Accruals and other payables	應計費用及其他應付款項	Ţ	1,686	5,140
Amounts due to non-controlling	應付非控股權益款項			
interests		25	3,092	3,092
Amounts due to former non-	應付前非控股權益款項			
controlling interest		25	823	823
Loan from a substantial	來自一位主要股東貸款			
shareholder		25	20,000	7,000
Amount due to a former associate	應付前聯營公司款項	25	41,947	41,947
Convertible bond	可換股債券	27	726,528	
			800,673	70,540
Net current liabilities	流動負債淨額		(771,873)	(28,354)
Total assets less current liabilities	總資產減流動負債		602,537	1,348,338

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position 綜合財務狀況表 As at 31 March 2021 於二零二一年三月三十一日

			2021 二零二一年	2020 二零二零年
		Notes 附註	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
Nice comment Patricks	北流到名唐			
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債	0.7	000 704	740 440
Convertible bonds	可換股債券	27	206,784	743,142
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	23	_	1,111
Loan from a non-controlling	來自非控股權益貸款	25		
interest			20,929	20,929
Loan from a former associate	來自前聯營公司之貸款	25	16,118	15,383
			243,831	780,565
NET ASSETS	資產淨額		358,706	567,773
Capital and reserves	資本及儲備			
Share capital	股本	28	14,642	14,642
Reserves	儲備	20	(609,994)	(405,015)
116361763	IRE THE		(009,994)	(400,010)
Equity attributable to owners of the	本公司擁有人應佔權益			
Company			(595,352)	(390,373)
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益	31	954,058	958,146
TOTAL FOURTY	排 兴 纳 宛		250.706	EC7 770
TOTAL EQUITY	權益總額		358,706	567,773

The consolidated financial statements on pages 54 to 150 were approved by the Board of Directors on 29 June 2021 and are signed on its behalf by:

載於第54頁至第150頁之綜合財務報表已由董事會於二零二一年六月二十九日批准,並由以下董事代表簽署:

Jiang Nian 蔣年 DIRECTOR 董事 Tang Rong 唐榕 DIRECTOR 董事

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity

綜合權益變動表

For the year ended 31 March 2021 截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度

				Attri	butable to owne 本公司擁有		ny				
		Share capital	Share premium account	Convertible bonds equity reserve 可換股	Others reserve	Statutory reserve	Foreign currency translation reserve	Accumulated losses	Total	Non- controlling interests	Total equity
		股本 HK\$'000 千港元	股份 溢價賬 HK\$'000 千港元 (Note a) (附註a)	债券權益 儲備 HK\$'000 千港元 (Note b) (附註b)	其他儲備 HK\$'000 千港元 (Note e) (附註e)	法定儲備 HK\$'000 千港元 (Note c) (附註c)	外幣兑換 儲備 HK\$*000 千港元 (Note d) (附註d)	累計虧損 HK\$'000 千港元 (Note f) (附註f)	總計 HK\$'000 千港元	非控股 權益 HK\$*000 千港元	權益總額 HK\$'000 千港元
As at 1 April 2019	於二零一九年 四月一日	14,642	1,119,294	1,152,862	(7,791)	347	(1,599)	(2,352,712)	(74.057)	869,769	794,812
	дл-п	14,042	1,119,294	1,102,002	(7,791)	347	(1,099)	(2,352,712)	(74,957)	009,709	794,012
Loss for the year	年内虧損	-	-	-	-	-	-	(211,117)	(211,117)	(11,345)	(222,462)
Other comprehensive income for the year	年內其他全面收益	-	_		11,931	-	1,601	_	13,532	-	13,532
Total comprehensive income	年內全面收益總額										
for the year		_	_	-	11,931	_	1,601	(211,117)	(197,585)	(11,345)	(208,930)
Deemed early redemption of	視作提早贖回 可換股債券			(440.004)				400.745	(40.400)		(40,400)
convertible bonds Modification of convertible bonds		_	_	(440,824) (136,646)	_	_	_	422,715 136,646	(18,109)	_	(18,109)
Change in ownership interest in subsidiaries upon disposal of	出售聯營公司時於附屬公司之擁有者權			(100,040)				100,040			
associate	益變動	_	_	_	_	_	_	(99,722)	(99,722)	99,722	_
As at 31 March 2020	於二零二零年										
	三月三十一日	14,642	1,119,294	575,392	4,140	347	2	(2,104,190)	(390,373)	958,146	567,773
Loss for the year	年內虧損 年內其他全面收益	_	_	_	_	_	_	(204,939)	(204,939)	(7.216)	(212,155)
Other comprehensive income for the year	十四共他王即收益	_	_	_	_	_	(40)	_	(40)	_	(40)
Total asmarshansive inco	年內全面收益總額										
Total comprehensive income for the year	十四王山収益總額	_	_	_	_	_	(40)	(204,939)	(204,979)	(7.216)	(212,195)
Deregistration of subsidiaries	撤銷附屬公司註冊	_	_	_	_	(347)	(40)	347	(204,010)	3,128	3,128
As at 31 March 2021	於二零二一年 三月三十一日	14,642	1,119,294	575,392	4,140		(38)		(595,352)		

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity 綜合權益變動表 For the year ended 31 March 2021 截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度

Notes:

- (a) The share premium account represents the amount subscribed for share capital in excess of nominal value.
- (b) Convertible bonds equity reserve represents the amount allocated to the equity component of convertible bonds issued by the Company recognised in accordance with the accounting policy adopted for convertible bonds in note 4(h)(iii) to the consolidated financial statements.
- (c) As stipulated by the relevant laws and regulations of the People's Republic of China ("PRC") before distribution of the net profit each year, the Group's subsidiaries established in the PRC shall set aside 10% of its net profit after taxation to the statutory reserve. The reserve can only be used, upon approval by the board of directors of these PRC established subsidiaries and by the relevant authority, to offset accumulated losses or increase capital. During the years ended 31 March 2021 and 2020, there was no transfer from retained profits to the statutory reserve since the Group's PRC subsidiaries incurred net loss in those years.
- (d) Foreign currency translation reserve represents gains/losses arising on retranslating the net assets/liabilities of foreign operations into presentation currency.
- (e) Other reserve represents:
 - (i) the difference of HK\$3,607,000 between the amount by which the non-controlling interests of Longmark (Shanghai) HealthCare Limited ("Longmark (Shanghai)") were adjusted and the cash consideration of RMB2.5 million received arising from deemed disposal of 20% of the registered capital of Longmark (Shanghai) that do not result in the losing control by the way of capital injection in 2012:
 - (ii) the difference of HK\$7,940,000 between the amount by which the non-controlling interests of Longmark (Shanghai) were adjusted and the cash consideration of RMB7.49 million received arising from deemed disposal of 37.47% of the registered capital of Longmark (Shanghai) that do not result in the losing control by the way of capital injection in 2013; and
 - (iii) amount of HK\$7,407,000 transferred to non-controlling interests arising from waiver of loans to a non-wholly owned subsidiary during the nine-months ended 31 March 2014.
- (f) Remittance outside the PRC of retained profits of the subsidiaries established in the PRC is subject to approval of the local authorities and the availability of foreign currencies generated and retained by these subsidiaries.

附註:

- (a) 股份溢價賬指認購股本金額超出面值之款項。
- (b) 可換股債券權益儲備指金額分配予本公司發 行的可換股債券之權益部份,根據在綜合財務 報表附註4(h)(iii)中可換股債券採用的會計政策 確認。
- (d) 外幣兑換儲備指因海外業務之資產/負債淨額 重新換算為呈列貨幣而產生之收益/虧損。
- (e) 其他儲備指:
 - (i) 於龍脈(上海)健康管理服務有限公司 (「龍脈(上海)」)的非控股權益的調整 金額與二零一二年被視作出售龍脈(上 海)註冊資本20%(通過注資方式而無導 致失去控制權)而產生的現金代價人民 幣2,500,000元之間的差額3,607,000港 元:
 - (ii) 於龍脈(上海)的非控股權益的調整金額 與二零一三年被視作出售龍脈(上海)註 冊資本37.47%(通過注資方式而無導致 失去控制權)而產生的現金代價人民幣 7,490,000元之間的差額7,940,000港元: 及
 - (iii) 於截至二零一四年三月三十一日止九個月,因放棄對一家非全資附属公司的貸款而轉撥予非控股權益的金額7,407,000港元。
- (f) 於中國成立之附屬公司之保留溢利之境外股款須經當地政府批准及視乎此等附屬公司能否產生及保留之外幣可能性。

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

綜合現金流量表

As at 31 March 2021 於二零二一年三月三十一日

		Notes 附註	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
OPERATING ACTIVITIES Loss before tax	經營活動 税前虧損		(212,155)	(222,462)
Adjustments for:	調整:			
Depreciation of property, plant and	物業、廠房及設備折舊			
equipment			35	60
Depreciation of right-of-use assets Gain on modification of convertible	使用權資產折舊 修改可換股債券之收益		2,274	1,184
bonds			_	27,749
Deemed early redemption of convertible bonds	視作提早贖回可換股債券		_	(5,973)
Change in fair value of investments in				
convertible bonds	公平值變動		_	22,132
Share of results of associates	分佔聯營公司業績		_	(6,312)
Gain on disposal of property, plant	出售物業、廠房及設備之			
and equipment	收益		(13)	_
Interest income from banks	銀行利息收入		_	6
Interest income from rental deposit	租賃按金之利息收入		29	15
Effective interest expense on	可換股債券之實際利息			
convertible bonds	開支	27	190,170	146,367
Gain on deregistration of subsidiaries			(280)	_
Imputed interest expense on	應收聯營公司之附屬			
loan from the subsidiary	公司貸款之估算利息			
of an associate	開支	9	735	556
Interest on lease liabilities	租賃負債利息		127	116
Allowance of doubtful debts	呆賬撥備		496	232
Reversal of allowance for doubtful	撥回呆賬撥備		(400)	
debts			(422)	_
Loss on disposal of an associate	出售一間聯營公司之虧損		_	5,266

			2021	2020
			二零二一年	二零二零年
		Notes	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		附註	千港元 ————————————————————————————————————	千港元
	数 军 次 <u>众</u> 戀 乱 益 之			
Operating cash out flows before	營運資金變動前之		(40.004)	(01,004)
changes in working capital	經營現金流出		(19,004)	(31,064)
Decrease in trade receivables	貿易應收賬款減少		211	5,336
(Increase)/decrease in prepayments,	預付款項、按金及		(4.004)	0.004
deposits and other receivables	其他應收款項(增加)/減少		(1,321)	2,604
Decrease in trade payables	貿易應付賬款減少		(4,774)	(10,961)
Decrease in accruals and	應計費用及其他應付		(4.40)	(0.10.1)
other payables	款項減少		(118)	(2,134)
Decrease in amount due to the	應付聯營公司之附屬公司			(5)
subsidiary of an associate	款項減少			(5)
NET CASH USED IN	經營活動所用之現金淨額			
OPERATING ACTIVITIES			(25,006)	(36,224)
INVESTING ACTIVITIES	投資活動			
Interest received from banks	已收銀行利息		_	(21)
Proceed from disposal of an	出售聯營公司之			(21)
associate	所得款項		_	50,000
Proceed from disposal of	出售物業、廠房及設備所			00,000
property, plant and equipment	得款項		13	_
proporty,piant and oquipmont	13 007 7			
NET CASH GENERATED FROM	投資活動所得之現金淨額			
INVESTING ACTIVITIES			13	49,979

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows 綜合現金流量表 As at 31 March 2021 於二零二一年三月三十一日

		Notes 附註	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
FINANCING ACTIVITIES	融資活動			
Repayment of loan from a	償還主要股東貸款			
substantial shareholder	数人再叫去然卦以归卦 。	_	_	(25,000)
Proceeds from loans from a substantial shareholder	獲主要股東貸款所得款工		13,000	7 000
Proceeds from loan from a former	獲前聯營公司貸款		13,000	7,000
associate	所得款項		_	9,800
Interest paid on lease liabilities	租賃負債之已付利息		(127)	(116)
Repayment of lease liabilities	償還租賃負債		(2,300)	(1,162)
NET CASH GENERATED FROM/ (USED IN) FINANCING ACTIVITIES	融資活動所得/(所用)之現金淨額		10,573	(9,478)
NET (DECREASE)/INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	現金及現金等價物 (減少)/增加淨額		(14,420)	4,277
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE BEGINNING OF THE YEAR	年初現金及現金等價物		22,936	17,058
EFFECT OF FOREIGN EXCHANGE RATE CHANGES	外幣匯率變動影響		476	1,601
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE YEAR,	年末現金及現金等價物,			
represented by bank balances and cash	指銀行結餘及現金		8,992	22,936

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

綜合財務報表附註

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

Innovative Pharmaceutical Biotech Limited (the "Company") was incorporated in the Cayman Islands as an exempted company with limited liability under the Companies Law of the Cayman Islands. On 1 March 2013, the Company has been deregistered in the Cayman Islands and continued in Bermuda as an exempted company with limited liability under the laws of Bermuda. The Company's shares are listed on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange"). The address of its registered office is Clarendon House, 2 Church Street, Hamilton HM 11, Bermuda. The principal place of business in Hong Kong is situated at Unit No. 2111, 21/F, West Tower Shun Tak Centre, 168–200 Connaught Road Central, Sheung Wan, Hong Kong.

The Company is an investment holding company. The principal activities of its subsidiaries (together with the Company referred to as the "Group") are set out in note 31 to the consolidated financial statements.

2. APPLICATION OF HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs")

Amendments to HKFRSs that are mandatorily effective for the current year

In the current year, the Group has applied the Amendments to References to the Conceptual Framework in HKFRS Standards and the following amendments to HKFRSs issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") for the first time, which are mandatorily effective for the annual period beginning on or after 1 April 2020 for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements:

Amendments to HKAS 1 and HKAS 8 香港會計準則第1號及香港會計準則第8號之修訂本 Amendments to HKFRS 3 香港財務報告準則第3號之修訂本 Amendments to HKFRS 9, HKAS 39 and HKFRS 7 香港財務報告準則第9號、香港會計準則第39號及 香港財務報告準則第7號之修訂本

1. 一般資料

本公司為一間投資控股公司。其附屬公司(連同本公司稱為「本集團」)之主要業務載於綜合財務報表附註31。

2. 應用香港財務報告準則 (「香港財務報告準則」)

於本年度強制生效的香港財務 報告準則之修訂本

於本年度,本集團於編製綜合財務報表時已首次應用由香港會計師公會(「香港會計師公會」)頒佈且於二零二零年四月一日或之後開始的年度期間強制生效的香港財務報告準則概念框架引用之修訂本及下列經修訂香港財務報告準則:

Definition of Material 重大的定義 Definition of a Business 業務的定義 Interest Rate Benchmark Reform 利率基準改革

2. APPLICATION OF HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (Continued)

Amendments to HKFRSs that are mandatorily effective for the current year (Continued)

Except as described below, the application of the Amendments to References to the Conceptual Framework in HKFRS Standards and the amendments to HKFRSs in the current year had no material impact on the Group's financial positions and performance for the current and prior years and/or on the disclosures set out in these consolidated financial statements.

(i) Impacts on application of Amendments to HKAS 1 and HKAS 8 Definition of Material

The Group has applied the Amendments to HKAS 1 and HKAS 8 for the first time in the current year. The amendments provide a new definition of material that states "information is material if omitting, misstating or obscuring it could reasonably be expected to influence decisions that the primary users of general purpose financial statements make on the basis of those financial statements, which provide financial information about a specific reporting entity." The amendments also clarify that materiality depends on the nature or magnitude of information, either individually or in combination with other information, in the context of the financial statements taken as a whole.

The application of the amendments in the current year had no impact on the consolidated financial statements.

2. 應用香港財務報告準則 (「香港財務報告準則」)(續)

於本年度強制生效的香港財務 報告準則之修訂本(續)

除下文所述者外,於本年度應用香港 財務報告準則概念框架引用之修訂本 及經修訂香港財務報告準則並無對 本集團的本年度及過往年度之財務 狀況及表現及/或該等綜合財務報 表所載披露造成重大影響。

(i) 應用香港會計準則第1號及香港會計準則第8號之修訂本重大的定義的影響

本年度應用該等修訂本並無對綜合財務報表造成影響。

2. APPLICATION OF HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (Continued)

Amendments to HKFRSs that are mandatorily effective for the current year (Continued)

(ii) Impacts on application of Amendments to HKFRS 3 Definition of a Business

The Group has applied the amendments for the first time in the current year. The amendments clarify that while businesses usually have outputs, outputs are not required for an integrated set of activities and assets to qualify as a business. To be considered a business, an acquired set of activities and assets must include, at a minimum, an input and a substantive process that together significantly contribute to the ability to create outputs.

The amendments remove the assessment of whether market participants are capable of replacing any missing inputs or processes and continuing to produce outputs. The amendments also introduce additional guidance that helps to determine whether a substantive process has been acquired.

In addition, the amendments introduce an optional concentration test that permits a simplified assessment of whether an acquired set of activities and assets is not a business. Under the optional concentration test, the acquired set of activities and assets is not a business if substantially all of the fair value of the gross assets acquired is concentrated in a single identifiable asset or group of similar assets. The gross assets under assessment exclude cash and cash equivalents, deferred tax assets, and goodwill resulting from the effects of deferred tax liabilities. The election on whether to apply the optional concentration test is available on transaction-bytransaction basis.

The application of the amendments in the current year had no impact on the consolidated financial statements, but may impact future periods should the Group make any acquisition.

2. 應用香港財務報告準則 (「香港財務報告準則」)(續)

於本年度強制生效的香港財務 報告準則之修訂本(續)

> 該等修訂本取消了對市場參與 者是否有能力替代任何缺失的 投入或過程並繼續產生產出的 評估。該等修訂本亦引入了額 外指導有助於確定是否已收購 實質過程。

> 本年度應用該等修訂本並無對 綜合財務報表造成影響,惟倘 本集團進行任何收購,則可能 影響未來期間。

2. APPLICATION OF HONG KONG 2. 應用香港財務報告準則 FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (Continued)

Amendments to HKFRSs that are mandatorily effective for the current year (Continued)

(iii) Impacts on application of Amendments to HKFRS 9, HKAS 39 and HKFRS 7 Interest Rate **Benchmark Reform**

The Group has applied the amendments for the first time in the current year. The amendments modify specific hedge accounting requirements to allow hedge accounting to continue for affected hedges during the period of uncertainty before the hedged items or hedging instruments affected by the current interest rate benchmarks are amended as a result of the on-going interest rate benchmark reform. The amendments are relevant to the Group given that it applies hedge accounting to its benchmark interest rate exposures.

The application of the amendments in the current year had no impact on the consolidated financial statements.

(「香港財務報告準則 |)(續)

於本年度強制生效的香港財務 報告準則之修訂本(續)

(iii) 應用香港財務報告準則第9 號、香港會計準則第39號及香 港財務報告準則第7號之修訂 本利率基準改革的影響

> 本集團於本年度首次應用該等 修訂。該等修訂修改了特定之對 沖會計要求,以允許在不確定期 間繼續對受影響之對沖進行對 沖會計,然後由於正在進行的 利率基準改革而修改了受當前利 率基準影響的被對沖項目或對 沖工具。鑑於本集團將對沖會 計應用於其基準利率風險敞口, 故該等修訂與本集團有關。

> 本年度應用該等修訂本並無對 綜合財務報表造成影響。

2. APPLICATION OF HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (Continued)

New and amendments to HKFRSs in issue but not yet effective

The Group has not early applied the following new and revised HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective:

2. 應用香港財務報告準則 (「香港財務報告準則」)(續)

已頒佈但尚未生效的新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則

本集團並無提早應用以下已頒佈但尚 未生效的新訂及經修訂香港財務報 告準則:

Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 於以下日期或之後開始的年度期間生效

LIVEDO 17	lessons and the contact of	4 1 0000
HKFRS 17	Insurance Contracts and the related Amendments	1 January 2023
香港財務報告準則第17號	保險合約及相關修訂本	二零二三年一月一日
Amendments to HKFRS 3	Reference to the Conceptual Framework	1 January 2022
香港財務報告準則第3號之 修訂本	對概念框架的提述	二零二二年一月一日
Amendments to HKFRS 10 and HKAS 28	Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture	A date to be determined
香港財務報告準則第10號及 香港會計準則第28號之修 訂本	投資者與其聯營公司或合營企業之間的資產 銷售或出資	待釐定日期
Amendments to HKAS 1	Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current and related amendments to Hong Kong Interpretation 5 (2020)	1 January 2023
香港會計準則第1號之修訂本	將負債分類為流動或非流動及香港詮釋第5號 的相關修訂(二零二零年)	二零二三年一月一日
Amendments to HKAS 16	Property, Plant and Equipment – Proceeds before Intended Use	1 January 2022
香港會計準則第16號之修訂 本	物業、廠房及設備 — 擬定用途前之所得款項	二零二二年一月一日
Amendments to HKAS 37	Onerous Contracts — Cost of Fulfilling a Contract	1 January 2022
香港會計準則第37號之修訂 本	虧損性合約 — 履行合約之成本	二零二二年一月一日
Amendments to HKFRSs 香港財務報告準則之修訂本	Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2018–2020 二零一八年至二零二零年之香港財務報告準則 的年度改進	1 January 2022 二零二二年一月一日

2. APPLICATION OF HONG KONG 2. 應用香港財務報告準則 FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS

("HKFRSs") (Continued)

New and amendments to HKFRSs in issue but not vet effective (Continued)

(「香港財務報告準則 |)(續)

已頒佈但尚未生效的新訂及經 修訂香港財務報告準則(續)

> **Effective for** annual periods beginning on or after 於以下日期或 之後開始的 年度期間生效

Amendments to HKFRS 9, HKAS 39, HKFRS 7, HKFRS 4, and HKFRS 16 香港財務報告準則第9號、 香港會計準則第39號、 香港財務報告準則第7號、 香港財務報告準則第4號及

之修訂本 Amendment to HKAS 8 香港會計準則第8號之修訂本 Amendment to HKAS 12

香港財務報告準則第16號

香港會計準則第12號之修訂本 Amendment to HKFRS 16 香港財務報告準則第16號之 修訂本

Amendment to HKFRS 16

香港財務報告準則第16號之 修訂本

Amendment to HKAS 1 and HKFRS Practice Statement 2

香港會計準則第1號及香港財 務報告準則實務報告第2號 之修訂本

Interest Rate Benchmark Reform — Phase 2

利率基準改革 — 第二階段

Definition of Accounting Estimates 會計估計的定義

Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a Single Transaction

與單一交易產生的資產及負債相關的遞延税項 Covid-19-Related Rent Concessions

新冠肺炎相關租金寬免

Covid-19 related Rent Concessions beyond 30 June 2021

二零二一年六月三十日後的新冠肺炎相關租金

Disclosure of Accounting Policies

會計政策披露

1 January 2021

二零二一年一月一日

1 January 2023 二零二三年一月一日

1 January 2023

二零二三年一月一日

1 June 2020 二零二零年六月一日

1 April 2021

二零二一年四月一日

1 January 2023

二零二三年一月一日

2. APPLICATION OF HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (Continued)

New and amendments to HKFRSs in issue but not yet effective (Continued)

Except for the new and amendments to HKFRSs mentioned below, the directors anticipate that the application of all other new and amendments to HKFRSs will have no material impact on the consolidated financial statements in the foreseeable future.

(i) Amendments to HKFRS 3 Reference to the Conceptual Framework

The amendments:

- update a reference in HKFRS 3 Business Combinations so that it refers to the Conceptual Framework for Financial Reporting 2018 issued in June 2018 (the "Conceptual Framework") instead of Framework for the Preparation and Presentation of Financial Statements (replaced by the Conceptual Framework for Financial Reporting 2010 issued in October 2010);
- add a requirement that, for transactions and other events within the scope of HKAS 37 Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets or HK(IFRIC)-Int 21 Levies, an acquirer applies HKAS 37 or HK(IFRIC)-Int 21 instead of the Conceptual Framework to identify the liabilities it has assumed in a business combination; and
- add an explicit statement that an acquirer does not recognise contingent assets acquired in a business combination.

The Group will apply the amendments prospectively to business combinations for which the date of acquisition is on or after the beginning of the first annual period beginning on or after 1 January 2022.

2. 應用香港財務報告準則 (「香港財務報告準則」)(續)

已頒佈但尚未生效的新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則(續)

除下述新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準 則外,董事預期,應用所有其他新訂 及經修訂香港財務報告準則於可見將 來將不會對綜合財務報表造成重大 影響。

- (i) 香港財務報告準則第3號之修 訂本對概念框架的提述 該修訂本:

 - 添加一項明確的聲明,即 收購方不確認在業務合併 中收購的或然資產。

對於收購日期為二零二二年一月 一日或之後開始的第一個年度期 間開始或之後之業務合併,本 集團將前瞻性應用修訂本。

2. APPLICATION OF HONG KONG 2. 應用香港財務報告準則 FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (Continued)

New and amendments to HKFRSs in issue but not vet effective (Continued)

(ii) Amendments to HKFRS 9. HKAS 39. HKFRS 7, HKFRS 4 and HKFRS 16 Interest Rate Benchmark Reform - Phase 2

Amendments to HKFRS 9, HKAS 39, HKFRS 7, HKFRS 4 and HKFRS 16 Interest Rate Benchmark Reform — Phase 2 relate to the modification of financial assets, financial liabilities and lease liabilities, specific hedge accounting requirements and disclosure requirements applying HKFRS 7 Financial Instruments: Disclosures to accompany the amendments regarding modifications and hedge accounting.

- Modification of financial assets, financial liabilities and lease liabilities. A practical expedient is introduced for modifications required by the reform (modifications required as a direct consequence of the interest rate benchmark reform and made on an economically equivalent basis). These modifications are accounted for by updating the effective interest rate. All other modifications are accounted for using the current HKFRSs requirements. A similar practical expedient is proposed for lessee accounting applying HKFRS 16;
- Hedge accounting requirements. Under the amendments, hedge accounting is not discontinued solely because of the interest rate benchmark reform. Hedging relationships (and related documentation) are required to be amended to reflect modifications to the hedged item, hedging instrument and hedged risk. Amended hedging relationships should meet all qualifying criteria to apply hedge accounting, including effectiveness requirements; and

(「香港財務報告準則 |)(續)

已頒佈但尚未生效的新訂及經 修訂香港財務報告準則(續)

(ii) 香港財務報告準則第9號、香 港會計準則第39號、香港財務 報告準則第7號、香港財務報 告準則第4號及香港財務報告 準則第16號之修訂本利率基準 改革 - 第二階段

> 香港財務報告準則第9號、香港 會計準則第39號、香港財務報 告準則第7號、香港財務報告準 則第4號及香港財務報告準則第 16號之修訂本利率基準改革 -第二階段涉及金融資產、金融 負債及租賃負債的修改,運用 香港財務報告準則第7號金融工 具:披露特定的對沖會計要求及 披露要求,附帶有關修改及對 沖會計處理的修訂。

- 金融資產、金融負債及租 **賃負債的修改。**為改革所 需的修改引入了一種實用 方法(由於利率基準改革 而直接作出的修改, 並且 是在經濟上等同的基礎上 進行)。此等修改是通過採 用更新實際利率。所有其 他修改均採用當前的香港 財務報告準則進行會計處 理。對於採用香港財務報 告準則第16號的承租人會 計建議類似之實用方法;
- **對沖會計要求。**根據該等 修訂,對沖會計並非僅因 利率基準改革而終止。必 須修改對沖關係(及相關 文件)以反映對對沖項目、 對沖工具及對沖風險的修 改。修改後之對沖關係應 符合所有適用標準以應用 對沖會計,包括有效性要 求;及

2. APPLICATION OF HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS

("HKFRSs") (Continued)

New and amendments to HKFRSs in issue but not vet effective (Continued)

- (ii) Amendments to HKFRS 9, HKAS 39, HKFRS 7, HKFRS 4 and HKFRS 16 Interest Rate Benchmark Reform — Phase 2 (Continued)
 - Disclosures. The amendments require disclosures in order to allow users to understand the nature and extent of risks arising from the interest rate benchmark reform to which the Group is exposed to and how the entity manages those risks as well as the entity's progress in transitioning from interbank offered rates to alternative benchmark rates, and how the entity is managing this transition.

The application of the amendments is not expected to have significant impact on the financial position and performance of the Group.

(iii) Amendments to HKFRS 10 and HKAS 28 Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture

The amendments to HKFRS 10 Consolidated Financial Statements and HKAS 28 Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures deal with situations where there is a sale or contribution of assets between an investor and its associate or joint venture. Specifically, the amendments state that gains or losses resulting from the loss of control of a subsidiary that does not contain a business in a transaction with an associate or a joint venture that is accounted for using the equity method, are recognised in the parent's profit or loss only to the extent of the unrelated investors' interests in that associate or joint venture. Similarly, gains and losses resulting from the remeasurement of investments retained in any former subsidiary (that has become an associate or a joint venture that is accounted for using the equity method) to fair value are recognised in the former parent's profit or loss only to the extent of the unrelated investors' interests in the new associate or joint venture.

The application of the amendments is not expected to have significant impact on the financial position and performance of the Group.

2. 應用香港財務報告準則 (「香港財務報告準則 |)(續)

已頒佈但尚未生效的新訂及經 修訂香港財務報告準則(續)

- (ii) 香港財務報告準則第9號、香 港會計準則第39號、香港財務 報告準則第7號、香港財務報 告準則第4號及香港財務報告 準則第16號之修訂本利率基準 改革 - 第二階段(續)
 - 披露事項。該等修訂需要 披露,以使用戶能夠理解 本集團所面臨的利率基準 改革所產生的風險的性質 和程度,以及該實體如何 管理該等風險及該實體從 銀行間同業拆放利率轉換 為替代基準利率的過程, 以及該實體如何管理此過

預期應用該等修訂本不會對本 集團的財務狀況及表現造成重 大影響。

(iii) 香港財務報告準則第10號及香 港會計準則第28號之修訂本投 資者與其聯營公司或合營企業 之間的資產銷售或出資

香港財務報告準則第10號綜合 財務報表及香港會計準則第28 號於聯營公司及合營企業之投 資之修訂本處理投資者與其聯 營公司或合營企業之間資產出 售或注資的情況。具體而言,該 等修訂指出,與附屬公司或合營 企業之交易中採用權益法核算, 不包含業務之附屬公司失去控 制權而產生的損益,僅在不相 關投資者在該聯營公司或合營 企業中的權益範圍內,才在母公 司之損益中確認。同樣,將任 何前附屬公司(已成為聯營公司 或合營企業,採用權益法入賬) 中保留的投資進行重新計量所 產生之損益以公平值計量,僅 在不相關投資者在新聯營公司 或合營企業中的權益的範圍內, 才在前母公司之損益中確認。

預期應用該等修訂本不會對本 集團的財務狀況及表現造成重 大影響。

2. APPLICATION OF HONG KONG 2. 應用香港財務報告準則 FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (Continued)

New and amendments to HKFRSs in issue but not vet effective (Continued)

(iv) Amendments to HKAS 1 Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current and related amendments to Hong Kong Interpretation 5 (2020)

The amendments provide clarification and additional guidance on the assessment of right to defer settlement for at least twelve months from reporting date for classification of liabilities as current or noncurrent, which:

- specify that the classification of liabilities as current or non-current should be based on rights that are in existence at the end of the reporting period. Specifically, the amendments clarify that:
 - the classification should not be affected by management intentions or expectations to settle the liability within 12 months; and
 - if the right is conditional on the compliance with covenants, the right exists if the conditions are met at the end of the reporting period, even if the lender does not test compliance until a later date; and
- clarify that if a liability has terms that could, at the option of the counterparty, result in its settlement by the transfer of the entity's own equity instruments, these terms do not affect its classification as current or non-current only if the entity recognises the option separately as an equity instrument applying HKAS 32 Financial *Instruments: Presentation.*

In addition, Hong Kong Interpretation 5 was revised as a consequence of the Amendments to HKAS 1 to align the corresponding wordings with no change in conclusion.

Based on the Group's outstanding liabilities as at 31 March 2021, the application of the amendments will not result in reclassification of the Group's liabilities.

(「香港財務報告準則 |)(續)

已頒佈但尚未生效的新訂及經 修訂香港財務報告準則(續)

(iv) 香港會計準則第1號之修訂本 將負債分類為流動或非流動及 香港詮釋第5號的相關修訂(二 零二零年)

> 該等修訂為延期結算權利評估 提供了澄清和補充指導,從報 告日期起至少十二個月內將負債 分類為流動負債或非流動負債, 其中:

- 指定將負債分類為流動負 債或非流動負債應基於報 告期末已存在的權利。具 體而言,該等修訂澄清:
 - 分類不應受到管理層 意圖或期望在12個月 內清償債務的影響; 及
 - 如果權利以遵守公約 (ii) 為條件,如果在報告 期末滿足條件,則該 權利存在,即使貸款 人直到日後才測試合 規性;及
- 澄清如果負債之條款可以 由交易方選擇,則可以通 過轉讓實體自身之權益工 具來結算,僅常該實體將 選擇權單獨確認為適用於 香港會計準則第32號財務 工具:呈報之權益工具時, 該等條款才不會影響其分 類為流動資產或非流動資 產。

此外,由於香港會計準則第1號 之修訂,對香港詮釋第5號進行 了修訂,以使相應的措詞保持一 致且結論不變。

根據本集團於二零二一年三月 三十一日之未償還債務,採用 該等修訂本不會導致本集團之 負債重新分類。

2. APPLICATION OF HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (Continued)

New and amendments to HKFRSs in issue but not yet effective (Continued)

(v) Amendments to HKFRSs Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2018–2020

The annual improvements make amendments to the following standards.

HKFRS 9 Financial Instruments

The amendment clarifies that for the purpose of assessing whether modification of terms of original financial liability constitutes substantial modification under the "10 per cent" test, a borrower includes only fees paid or received between the borrower and the lender, including fees paid or received by either the borrower or the lender on the other's behalf.

HKFRS 16 Leases

The amendment to Illustrative Example 13 accompanying HKFRS 16 removes from the example the illustration of reimbursement relating to leasehold improvements by the lessor in order to remove any potential confusion.

HKAS 41 Agriculture

The amendment ensures consistency with the requirements in HKFRS 13 Fair Value Measurement by removing the requirement in paragraph 22 of HKAS 41 to exclude taxation cash flows when measuring the fair value of a biological asset using a present value technique.

The application of the amendments is not expected to have significant impact on the financial position and performance of the Group.

2. 應用香港財務報告準則 (「香港財務報告準則」)(續)

已頒佈但尚未生效的新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則(續)

(v) 香港財務報告準則之修訂本二 零一八年至二零二零年之香港 財務報告準則的年度改進 年度改進對以下準則進行了修 訂。

香港財務報告準則第9號財務工 且

該修訂澄清,為評估在[10%]標準下對原始金融負債條款的修改是否構成實質性修改,借款人僅包括在借款人與貸款人之間已支付或收取的費用,包括由借款人或貸款人代表對方支付或接收的費用。

香港財務報告準則第16號租賃 隨附香港財務報告準則第16號 對示例第13號之修訂從示例中 刪除了出租人為租賃物業裝修 而作出補償説明,以消除任何 潛在之混淆。

香港會計準則第41號農業

該修訂刪除了香港會計準則第41 號第22段中關於使用現值技術 計量生物資產的公平值時不包 括税收現金流量之要求,從而 確保與香港財務報告準則第13 號公平值計量之要求相一致。

預期應用該等修訂本不會對本 集團之財務狀況及表現造成重 大影響。

2. APPLICATION OF HONG KONG 2. 應用香港財務報告準則 FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (Continued)

New and amendments to HKFRSs in issue but not vet effective (Continued)

(vi) Amendment to HKFRS 16 Covid-19-Related **Rent Concessions**

The amendment is effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 June 2020.

The amendment introduces a new practical expedient for lessees to elect not to assess whether a Covid-19related rent concession is a lease modification. The practical expedient only applies to rent concessions occurring as a direct consequence of the Covid-19 that meets all of the following conditions:

- the change in lease payments results in revised consideration for the lease that is substantially the same as, or less than, the consideration for the lease immediately preceding the change;
- any reduction in lease payments affects only payments originally due on or before 30 June 2021: and
- there is no substantive change to other terms and conditions of the lease.

A lessee applying the practical expedient accounts for changes in lease payments resulting from rent concessions the same way it would account for the changes applying HKFRS 16 Leases if the changes are not a lease modification. Forgiveness or waiver of lease payments are accounted for as variable lease payments. The related lease liabilities are adjusted to reflect the amounts forgiven or waived with a corresponding adjustment recognised in the profit or loss in the period in which the event occurs.

The application is not expected to have impact on the Group's financial position and performance as the Group does not intend to apply the practical expedient.

(「香港財務報告準則 |)(續)

已頒佈但尚未生效的新訂及經 修訂香港財務報告準則(續)

(vi) 香港財務報告準則第16號之修 訂本新冠肺炎疫情相關的租金 減免

> 該修訂本於二零二零年六月一日 或之後開始的年度報告期間生 效。

> 該修訂本為承租人引入一項新的 可行權宜方法,其可選擇不評 估新冠肺炎疫情相關的租金減 免是否為租賃修改。該可行權 宜方法僅適用於直接因新冠肺 炎疫情而產生且符合以下所有 條件的租金減免:

- 和賃付款變動導致的和賃 的經修訂代價與緊接變動 前的租賃代價基本相同或 低於該代價;
- 租賃付款的減少僅影響原 定二零二一年六月三十日或 之前到期的付款;及
- 租賃的其他條款及條件並 無實質性變動。

應用可行權宜方法將租金減免 導致的租賃付款變動列賬的承 租人將以同一方式將應用香港 財務報告準則第16號租賃的變 動入賬(倘變動並非租賃修改)。 租賃付款的寬免或豁免入賬列 作可變租賃付款。相關租賃負 債獲調整以反映寬免或豁免的 金額,並於該事件發生的期間 內在損益中確認相應調整。

由於本集團不擬應用可行權宜 方法,預期應用該修訂本不會 對本集團之財務狀況及表現造 成影響。

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION

(a) Statement of compliance

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with all applicable Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs"), which collective term includes all applicable individual HKFRSs, Hong Kong Accounting Standards ("HKASs") and Interpretations issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (the "HKICPA"), accounting principle generally accepted in Hong Kong and the applicable disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance. These consolidated financial statements also comply with the applicable disclosure provisions of the Rule Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange ("Listing Rule").

In preparing these consolidated financial statements, the Directors have considered the future liquidity of the Group. As at 31 March 2021, the Group has net current liabilities of approximately HK\$771,873,000. These conditions indicate the existence of a material uncertainty which may cast significant doubt about the Group's ability to continue as a going concern and therefore the Group may be unable to realise its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business.

Notwithstanding the aforesaid conditions, these consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis on the assumption that the Group will be able to operate as a going concern for the foreseeable future. In the opinion of the Directors, the Group can meet its financial obligations as and when they fall due within the next year from the date of the consolidated financial statements, after taking into consideration of the following measures and arrangements made subsequent to the reporting date:

- (i) The Company obtained a confirmation from the Group's former associate confirm that shall not demand for repayment of the amount of approximately HK\$41,947,000 as at 31 March 2021 for a period of at least 12 months from 29 June 2021.
- (ii) The Company obtained the financial support of the substantial shareholder and confirm in written that agreed to provide the Company with sufficient financial support to enable the Company to meet its obligations to third parties as and when they fall due and to continue as a going concern.

3. 編製基準

(a) 合規聲明

該等綜合財務報表乃根據香港會計師公會(「香港會計師公會」)頒佈之會」)頒佈之前 有適用香港財務報告準則(「香港財務報告準則」,包括所有適用之個別香港財務報告準則、香港會計準則」)及詮釋)、香港公認露門及香港公司條例之適用披露將交前證券上市規則(「上市規則」)之適用披露條文。

於編製綜合財務報表時,董事已考慮本集團的未來流動資金狀況之流。本集團的未來流動資金狀況之流。為771,873,000港元。流該會景況顯示存在重大不確定性,或會生在大型,因此,本集團可能無法在軍大疑問,因此,本集團可能無法在日常業務過程中變現其資產及償還其負債。

儘管出現上述狀況,該等綜合財務報表乃按持續經營基準編製,並假設本集團能於可見未來持續經營。董事經考慮下列於報告日之後作出的措施及安排之後,認為本集團可應付由綜合財務報表日期起計下一年度內到期的財務責任。有關措施及安排如下:

- (i) 本公司已取得本集團前聯營公司之確認,於二零二一年六月二十九日起計至少十二個月內,不會要求本公司償還於二零二一年三月三十一日之金額約41,947,000港元。
- (ii) 本公司獲得主要股東之財政支持,以書面形式確認同意向本公司提供充裕財政支持,使本公司得以向第三方應付到期責任,並繼續按持續經營基準經營。

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION (Continued)

(a) Statement of compliance (Continued)

(iii) On 12 May 2021, the Company and Extrawell Pharmaceutical Holdings Limited ("Extrawell"), the former associate of the Company, entered into the second deed of amendment pursuant to which the Company and Extrawell have conditionally agreed to amend the terms of the convertible bonds to the effect that: (i) the Maturity Date shall be extended from the original maturity date to 28 July 2023; and (ii) the interest payment date of the convertible bonds shall be further amended.

The Second Amendment shall be conditional upon and subject to:

- (a) the approval having been obtained from the Stock Exchange in respect of the Second Amendment:
- (b) all necessary consents and approvals required to be obtained on the part of the Company and the Bondholder in respect of the Second Amendment having been obtained and remained in full force and effect:
- (c) the passing of the necessary resolution(s) by the shareholders of each of the Company and the Bondholder at a special general meeting of each of the Company and the Bondholder to be convened and held to approve the Second Deed of Amendment and the transactions contemplated thereunder; and
- (d) the Bondholder having passed a written resolution of the bondholder meeting to approve the Second Deed of Amendment and the transactions contemplated thereunder.

On the basis of the foregoing, and after assessing the Group's current and forecasted cash positions, the Directors are satisfied that the Group will be able to meet in full the Group's financial obligations as they fall due for the period of twelve months from the date of consolidated financial statements. Accordingly, the consolidated financial statements of the Group have been prepared on the going concern basis.

3. 編製基準(續)

(a) 合規聲明(續)

(iii) 於二零二一年五月十二日,本公司與精優藥業控股有限公司(「精優」)(本公司之前聯營公司)訂立第二份修訂契據,據此,本可司及精優已有條件同意修訂可換股債券之條款,即:(i)到期日應由原到期日延後至二零二三年七月二十八日;及(ii)可換股債券之付息日期將予進一步修訂。

第二次修訂乃以下列各項為條 件:

- (a) 已獲聯交所批准第二次修 訂;
- (b) 本公司及債券持有人已取 得有關第二次修訂之所有 必要同意及批准,且仍然 具全面效果及效力;
- (c) 本公司及債券持有人各自 已召開及舉行股東特別大會,而於大會上本公司及 等持有人各自之股東已正 式通過必要決議案以批准 第二份修訂契據及其項下 擬進行之交易;及
- (d) 債券持有人已通過債券持有人大會之書面決議案以批准第二份修訂契據及其項下擬進行之交易。

基於上文所述及經評估本集團的目前及預計現金狀況後,董事信納本集團將可繼續於其財務責任於綜合財務報表日期起計十二個月期間到期時全面履行有關責任。據此,本集團的綜合財務報表已按持續基準編製。

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION (Continued)

(b) Basis of measurement

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost basis except for financial instruments, which are measured at fair values as explained in the accounting policies set out below.

Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of consideration given in exchange for goods and services.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date, regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. In estimating the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Group takes into account the characteristics of the asset or liability if market participants would take those characteristics into account when pricing the asset or liability at the measurement date. Fair value for measurement and/or disclosure purposes in these consolidated financial statements is determined on such a basis, except for share-based payment transactions that are within the scope of HKFRS 2 "Share-based payment", leasing transactions that are amounted for in accordance with HKFRS 16 and measurements that have some similarities to fair value but are not fair value, such as net realisable value in HKAS 2 "Inventories" or value in use in HKAS 36 "Impairment of assets".

In addition, for financial reporting purpose, fair value measurements are categorised into Level 1, 2 or 3 based on the degree to which the inputs to the fair value measurements are observable and the significance of the inputs to the fair value measurement in its entirety, which are described as follows:

- Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date;
- Level 2 inputs are inputs, other than quoted prices included within Level 1, that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly; and
- Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

3. 編製基準*(續)*

(b) 計量基準

誠如下文會計政策所述,除金融工具 按公平值計量外,財務報表乃根據 歷史成本法編製。

歷史成本一般基於用作交換貨品或 服務之代價之公平值計算。

公平值為於計量日期在市場參與者 之間在有序交易中出售一項資產而將 收取或轉讓一項負債而將支付之價格 (無論該價格為直接可觀察或採用另 一估值法估計而得出)。在估計一項 資產或負債之公平值時,本集團考慮 資產或負債之特徵(倘市場參與者會 於計量日期在為資產或負債定價時考 慮該等特徵)。於該等綜合財務報表 中就計量及/或披露而言之公平值 乃按此基準釐定,惟香港財務報告 準則第2號「股份付款 | 範圍內之股份 付款交易、根據香港財務報告準則第 16號入賬之租賃交易及與公平值有 部分類似但並非公平值之計量,如 香港會計準則第2號「存貨」之可變現 淨值或香港會計準則第36號「資產減 值」之使用價值除外。

此外,就財務報告而言,公平值計量 乃根據公平值計量之輸入數據之可觀 察程度及輸入數據對公平值計量整 體之重要性而分為第一、二或三級, 詳情如下:

- 第一級輸入數據是於計量日期 實體可獲之活躍市場上相同資 產或負債之報價(未作調整);
- 第二級輸入數據是第一級所包括報價以外,就資產或負債可直接或間接觀察之輸入數據;及
- 第三級輸入數據是就資產或負債之不可觀察輸入數據。

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION (Continued)

(b) Basis of measurement (Continued)

The significant accounting policies applied in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with HKFRS requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the consolidated financial statements are disclosed in note 5.

(c) Functional and presentation currency

The functional currency of the Company is Hong Kong dollar ("HK\$"), which is the same as the presentation currency of the consolidated financial statements.

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The significant accounting policies applied in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

(a) Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements comprise the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries. Inter-company transactions and balances between group companies together with unrealised profits are eliminated in full in preparing the consolidated financial statements. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of impairment on the asset transferred, in which case the loss is recognised in profit or loss.

(b) Subsidiaries

Subsidiaries are all entities (including a structured entity) over which the Group is able to exercise control. The Group controls an entity when the Group is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. Subsidiaries are consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group. They are deconsolidated from the date that control ceases.

3. 編製基準(續)

(b) 計量基準(續)

編製此等綜合財務報表所應用之重 大會計政策載列如下。除非另有説 明,否則此等政策已於所有呈報年度 一致應用。

編製符合香港財務報告準則之綜合財務報表須運用若干重要會計估計,亦需要管理層在採用本集團會計政策之過程中作出判斷。綜合財務報表中涉及高度判斷或比較複雜,或有重要假設及估計之範疇將於附註5披露。

(c) 功能及呈列貨幣

本公司之功能貨幣為港元(「港元」),與綜合財務報表之呈列貨幣相同。

4. 重大會計政策

編製此等綜合財務報表所應用之重 大會計政策載列如下。除非另有説 明,否則此等政策已於所有呈報年度 一致應用。

(a) 綜合基準

綜合財務報表包括本公司及其附屬公司之財務報表。集團公司間交易及集團公司間交易及集團公司間之結餘連同未變現溢利於編製綜合財務報表時悉數對銷。除非交易提供被轉讓資產已減值之證據,否則未變現之虧損亦會對36分。 此情況下虧損於損益內確認。

(b) 附屬公司

附屬公司指本集團可行使控制權之所有實體(包括結構實體)。當本集團不受或享有參與實體所得之可變回報,且有能力透過其對實體之權力影響的對方數。則本集團控制該實體。附屬公司自控制權轉移至本集團之已起終止綜合入賬。附屬公司自控制權終止之日起終止綜合入賬。

(Continued)

(b) Subsidiaries (Continued)

The Group applies the acquisition method of accounting to account for business combinations. The consideration transferred for the acquisition of a subsidiary is the fair values of the assets transferred, the liabilities incurred and the equity interests issued by the Group. The consideration transferred includes the fair value of any asset or liability resulting from a contingent consideration arrangement. Acquisition-related costs are expensed as incurred. Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination are measured initially at their fair values at the acquisition date. On an acquisition-by-acquisition basis, the Group recognises any non-controlling interest in the acquiree either at fair value or at the non-controlling interest's proportionate share of the acquiree's net assets.

Acquisition-related costs are expensed as incurred unless they are incurred on issuing equity instruments, in which case the costs are deducted from equity.

If the business combination is achieved in stages, the acquisition date fair value of the acquirer's previously held equity interest in the acquiree is remeasured to fair value at the acquisition date through profit or loss.

Any contingent consideration to be transferred by the Group is recognised at fair value at the acquisition date. Subsequent changes to the fair value of the contingent consideration that is deemed to be an asset or liability is recognised in accordance with HKFRS 9 either in profit or loss or as a change to other comprehensive income. Contingent consideration that is classified as equity is not remeasured, and its subsequent settlement is accounted for within equity.

Inter-company transactions, balances, and unrealised gains or losses on transactions between group companies are eliminated. Profits and losses resulting from intercompany transactions that are recognised in assets are also eliminated. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

4. 重大會計政策(續)

(b) 附屬公司(續)

收購相關成本於產生時支銷,惟其於 發行股本工具時產生,於此情況下, 相關成本乃從股本中扣除。

倘業務合併為分階段實現,收購人先 前持有的被收購人的股本權益於收 購日的公平值,應按收購日的公平值 重新計算,並計入損益。

本集團所轉讓的任何或有對價將在 購買當日按公平值確認。被視為一項 資產或負債的或有對價公平值後續變 動,將按照香港財務報告準則第9號 的規定,確認為損益或其他全面收益 變動。分類為權益的或有對價毋須重 新計量,而其後結算於權益入賬。

集團內公司間之交易、結餘及集團內公司間交易之未變現收益或虧損將予以抵銷。於資產確認之集團內公司間之交易所產生之盈虧亦將予以抵銷。附屬公司之會計政策已於必要時作出變更,以確保與本集團所採納之政策一致。

(Continued)

(b) Subsidiaries (Continued)

In the Company's statement of financial position disclosed in the note 32 to these consolidated financial statements, the investments in subsidiaries are stated at cost less provision for impairment losses. Cost includes direct attributable costs of investment. The results of subsidiaries are accounted for by the company on the basis of dividend received and receivable.

Impairment testing of the investments in subsidiaries is required upon receiving a dividend from these investments if the dividend exceeds the total comprehensive income of the subsidiary in the period the dividend is declared or if the carrying amount of the investment in the separate financial statements exceeds the carrying amount in the consolidated financial statements of the investee's net assets including goodwill.

Changes in ownership interests in subsidiaries without change of control

Transactions with non-controlling interests that do not result in loss of control are accounted for as equity transactions — that is, as transactions with the owners in their capacity as owners. The difference between fair value of any consideration paid and the relevant share acquired of the carrying value of net assets of the subsidiary is recorded in equity. Gains or losses on disposals to non-controlling interests are also recorded in equity.

Disposal of subsidiaries

When the Group ceases to have control or significant influence, any retained interest in the entity is remeasured to its fair value, with the change in carrying amount recognised in profit or loss. The fair value is the initial carrying amount for the purposes of subsequently accounting for the retained interest as an associate, joint venture or financial asset. In addition, any amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in respect of that entity are accounted for as if the Group had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities. This may mean that amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income are reclassified to profit or loss.

4. 重大會計政策(續)

(b) 附屬公司(續)

在該等綜合財務報表附註32所披露 之本公司之財務狀況表內,於附屬公 司之投資按成本扣除減值虧損撥備 列賬。成本包括投資的直接歸屬成 本。附屬公司之業績由本公司按已收 及應收股息入賬。

就於附屬公司之投資而言,當自該等投資收取股息而其股息高於附屬公司宣派股息期間之全面收益總額,或倘獨立財務報表之投資之賬面值高於被投資公司於綜合財務報表之資產淨值(包括商譽)之賬面值時,則需進行減值測試。

控制權並無變動之附屬公司擁有權權 益變動

如非控股權益的交易不會導致失去控制權,則作為權益交易入賬,即作為與擁有人以其作為擁有人之身份交易。任何已付代價之公平值與附屬公司資產淨值相關已收購部分之賬面值之差額已計入權益。向非控股權益出售的收益或虧損亦計入權益。

出售附屬公司

(Continued)

(c) Segment reporting

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision-maker. The chief operating decision-maker, who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments, has been identified as the board of directors that makes strategic decisions.

(d) Foreign currency translation

(i) Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the consolidated financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the "functional currency"). The consolidated financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars, which is the Company's functional and presentation currency.

(ii) Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at year-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

4. 重大會計政策(續)

(c) 分部報告

營運分部按照向首席營運決策者提 供之內部報告貫徹一致之方式報告。 負責分配資源及評估營運分部表現 的首席營運決策者已被識別為作出戰 略決策的董事會。

(d) 外幣換算

(i) 功能和呈列貨幣

本集團每個實體之綜合財務報表所 列項目均以實體經營所在之主要經濟 環境之貨幣(「功能貨幣」)計量。綜合 財務報表以本公司之功能及呈列貨幣 港元呈列。

(ii) 交易及結餘

外幣交易採用交易當日通行匯率換算 為功能貨幣。結算此等交易產生之匯 兑收益和虧損以及將外幣計值之貨 幣資產和負債以年終匯率折算產生之 匯兑收益和虧損於綜合損益及其他 全面收益表確認。

(Continued)

(d) Foreign currency translation (Continued)

(ii) Transactions and balances (Continued)

Changes in the fair value of monetary securities denominated in foreign currency classified as financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVOCI") are analysed between translation differences resulting from changes in the amortised cost of the financial asset and other changes in the carrying amount of the financial asset. Translation differences related to changes in amortised cost are recognised in profit or loss, and other changes in carrying amount are recognised in equity.

Translation differences on non-monetary financial assets and liabilities such as equity investments held at fair value through profit or loss are recognised in profit on loss as part of the fair value gains or losses. Translation differences on non-monetary financial assets such as equities investments classified as financial asset at FVTOCI are included in other comprehensive income.

(iii) Group entities

The results and financial position of all the group entities (none of which has the currency of a hyperinflationary economy) that have a functional currency different from the presentation currency are translated into the presentation currency as follows:

- assets and liabilities for each reporting period presented are translated at the closing rate at the end of the reporting period;
- income and expenses for each consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income presented are translated at average exchange rates (unless this average is not a reasonable approximation of the cumulative effect of the rates prevailing on the transaction dates, in which case income and expenses are translated at the dates of the transactions); and
- all resulting exchange differences are recognised as a separate component of equity.

Goodwill and fair value adjustments arising on the acquisition of a foreign entity are treated as assets and liabilities of the foreign entity and translated at the closing rate at the date of that transaction.

4. 重大會計政策(續)

(d) 外幣換算(續)

(ii) 交易及結餘(續)

以外幣計值且分類為按公平值計入其他全面收益(「按公平值計入其他全面收益」)的金融資產之貨幣證券之貨幣證券本值變動在金融資產已攤銷成本轉產生之匯兑差額與金融資產與強強。與數計數學,而幾個人之其他變動則於權益確認。

非貨幣金融資產及負債(如按公平值 持有並透過損益記賬之權益)之匯兑 差額,乃於損益確認為公平值損益之 一部份。非貨幣金融資產(如分類為 按公平值計入其他全面收益的金融 資產之股權投資)之匯兑差額,乃於 其他全面收益內列賬。

(iii) 集團實體

其功能貨幣與呈列貨幣不同之所有 集團內之實體(當中並無惡性通脹經 濟之貨幣)之業績和財務狀況按如下 方法換算為呈列貨幣:

- 於各申報期間呈列之資產和負債按該報告期末之收市匯率換算;
- 於各綜合損益及其他全面收益 表內呈列之收入和開支按平均 匯率換算(除非此平均匯率並非 交易當日通行匯率之累計影響之 合理約數;在此情況下,收支項 目按交易當日之匯率換算);及
- 所有由此產生之匯兑差額確認 為權益之單獨組成部分。

購買境外實體產生之商譽及公平值調整視為該境外實體之資產和負債,並 按交易日期之收市匯率換算。

(Continued)

(e) Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items. Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance are charged in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income during the period in which they are incurred.

Depreciation of property, plant and equipment is calculated at rates sufficient to write off their cost or revalued amounts less their residual values over the estimated useful lives on a straight-line basis at the following rates per annum:

Plant and machinery Motor vehicles 3–10 years 3–8 years

The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period.

An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount.

Gains and losses on disposal are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised within other income and gains in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

4. 重大會計政策(續)

(e) 物業、廠房及設備

物業、廠房及設備乃以歷史成本減累 計折舊及減值虧損列賬。歷史成本減累本 包括收購該等項目直接產生之開支 僅在與項目相關之日後經濟項目直接 能流入本集團及能可靠計 可 之情況下,其後成本方會計 直或確認為獨立資產(如適用)。 有其他維修及保養於其產生期間。 綜合損益及其他全面收益表扣除。

折舊乃就物業、廠房及設備之估計可使用年期,使用直線法按足以撇銷其成本或重新估值之金額減其殘餘價值之比率計算,主要折舊年率如下:

廠房及機器 汽車 三至十年 三至八年

於各報告期末就資產的剩餘價值和可使用年期檢討,並作出適當的調整。

倘資產的賬面值高於其估計可收回金額,則即時將資產的賬面值撇減至 其可收回金額。

出售收益及虧損乃按所得款項與賬 面值的差額釐定,並於綜合損益及其 他全面收益表內其他收入及收益確 認。

(Continued)

(f) Intangible assets

Intangible assets acquired separately

Intangible assets acquired separately are initially recognised at cost. The cost of intangible assets acquired in a business combination is the fair value at the date of acquisition. Subsequently, intangible assets with finite useful lives that are acquired separately are carried at costs less accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses.

Amortisation for intangible assets with finite useful lives is recognised on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives. The estimated useful life and amortisation method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate being accounted for on a prospective basis.

Intangible asset which represents an in-process research and development project ("In-process R&D") involving an oral insulin product (the "Product"). The In-process R&D is not amortised as it is not yet available for use.

Internally generated intangible assets (research and development costs)

Expenditure on internally developed products is capitalised if it can be demonstrated that:

- it is technically feasible to develop the product for it to be sold:
- adequate resources are available to complete the development;
- there is an intention to complete and sell the product;
- the Group is able to sell the product;
- sale of the product will generate future economic benefits; and expenditure on the project can be measured reliably.

Capitalised development costs are amortised over the periods the Group expects to benefit from selling the products developed. The amortisation expense is recognised in profit or loss and included in cost of sales.

4. 重大會計政策(續)

(f) 無形資產

個別收購的無形資產

單獨收購之無形資產初步按成本確認。於業務合併中所收購的無形資產的成本乃按收購日期的公平值確認。 其後,個別收購且具有限可使用年期的無形資產乃按成本減累計攤銷及任何累計減值虧損列賬。

具有限可使用年期的無形資產之攤銷乃按直線法於其估計可使用年期內確認。估計可使用年期及攤銷方法於各報告期末檢討,而估計之任何變動影響按預期基準入賬。

無形資產指涉及口服胰島素產品(「產品」)的正在進行之研發項目(「研發過程」)。由於尚未可供使用,研發過程不會予以攤銷。

內部產生的無形資產(研發成本)

內部開發產品的開支於以下情況下可 予資本化:

- 為銷售而開發該產品於技術上 可行;
- 有充足資源完成開發;
- 有意完成及銷售該產品;
- 本集團有能力銷售該產品;
- 銷售該產品將產生未來經濟效益;及有關項目之開支能可靠估計。

撥充資本的開發成本乃於本集團預期 從銷售所開發的產品中受益的期間 攤銷。攤銷開支於損益內確認,並計 入銷售成本。

(Continued)

(f) Intangible assets (Continued)

Development expenditure not satisfying the above criteria and expenditure on the research phase of internal projects are recognised in profit or loss as incurred.

Impairment

Intangible assets with finite lives are tested for impairment when there is an indication that an asset may be impaired. Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives and intangible assets not yet available for use are tested for impairment annually, irrespective of whether there is any indication that they may be impaired. Intangible assets are tested for impairment by comparing their carrying amounts with their recoverable amounts (see note 4(i)).

If the recoverable amount of an asset is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset is reduced to its recoverable amount.

An impairment loss is recognised as an expense immediately.

(g) Financial instruments

(i) Financial assets

A financial asset (unless it is a trade receivables without a significant financing component) is initially measured at fair value plus, for an item not at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL"), transaction costs that are directly attributable to its acquisition or issue. Trade receivables without a significant financing component is initially measured at the transaction price.

All regular way purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on the trade date, that is, the date that the Group commits to purchase or sell the asset. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the period generally established by regulation or convention in the market place.

Financial assets with embedded derivatives are considered in their entirely when determining whether their cash flows are solely payment of principal and interest.

4. 重大會計政策(續)

(f) 無形資產(續)

未符合上述標準的開發開支以及內部 項目研發階段的開支乃於產生時在損 益內確認。

減值

擁有有限年期的無形資產在有跡象顯示資產可能出現減值時進行減值時期的無形資產可能出現減值時進行減值 測試。具有無限使用年期的無形資產及尚未可供使用的無形資產須每年的 及尚未可供使用的無形資產類每年該 行減值測試,無論是否有跡資產方 對比其賬面值與可收宣金額之方式 進行減值測試(見附註4(j))。

倘估計資產的可收回金額低於其賬 面值,則資產的賬面值須減至其可收 回金額。

減值虧損乃即時按開支確認。

(g) 金融工具

(i) 金融資產

金融資產(除非其為並無重大融資成份之貿易應收賬款)初始按公平值(就並非按公平值計入損益(「按公平值計入損益」)之項目而言)加取得或發行直接應佔之交易成本計量。並無重大融資成份之貿易應收賬款初始按交易價計量。

所有常規買賣之金融資產均於交易日 (即本集團承諾買賣該資產之日期)予 以確認。常規買賣指當買賣金融資產 時需要按規則或市場摜例一般設定 之時間內交付資產。

對於包含嵌入式衍生工具之金融資 產,會整體考慮其現金流量是否僅代 表本金和利息付款。

(Continued)

- (g) Financial instruments (Continued)
- (i) Financial assets (Continued)

Debt instruments

Subsequent measurement of debt instruments depends on the Group's business model for managing the asset and the cash flow characteristics of the asset. There are three measurement categories into which the Group classifies its debt instruments:

Amortised cost: Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows where those cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest are measured at amortised cost. Financial assets at amortised cost are subsequently measured using the effective interest rate method. Interest income, foreign exchange gains and losses and impairment are recognised in profit or loss. Any gain on derecognition is recognised in profit or loss.

FVOCI: Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows and for selling the financial assets, where the assets' cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest, are measured at FVOCI. Debt investments at FVOCI are subsequently measured at fair value. Interest income calculated using the effective interest rate method, foreign exchange gains and losses and impairment are recognised in profit or loss. Other net gains and losses are recognised in other comprehensive income. On derecognition, gains and losses accumulated in other comprehensive income are reclassified to profit or loss.

FVTPL: Financial assets at FVTPL include financial assets held for trading, financial assets designated upon initial recognition at FVTPL, or financial assets mandatorily required to be measured at fair value. Financial assets are classified as held for trading if they are acquired for the purpose of selling or repurchasing in the near term. Derivatives, including separated embedded derivatives, are also classified as held for trading unless they are designated as effective hedging instruments. Financial assets with cash flows that are not solely payments of principal and interest are classified and measured at FVTPL, irrespective of the business model. Notwithstanding the criteria for debt instruments to be classified at amortised cost or at FVOCI, as described above, debt instruments may be designated at FVTPL on initial recognition if doing so eliminates, or significantly reduces, an accounting mismatch.

4. 重大會計政策(續)

- (g) 金融工具(續)
- (i) 金融資產(續)

債務工具

債務工具之後續計量取決於本集團 管理該資產的業務模式以及該資產 的現金流量特徵。本集團將債務工具 投資分為以下三個計量類別:

攤銷成本:對於持有以收取合約現金流量之資產,倘若合約現金流量僅代表本金和利息付款,則該資產按攤銷成本計量。按攤銷成本計量之金融資產其後使用實際利率法計量。利息收入、外匯收益及虧損及減值於損益確認。終止確認之任何收益於損益確認。

按公平值計入損益:按公平值計入損 益的金融資產包括持作買賣的金融 資產、於初始確認時指定按公平值計 入損益的金融資產,或強制要求按公 平值計量的金融資產。倘為於近期 出售或購回而收購金融資產,則該等 金融資產分類為持作買賣。衍生工具 (包括獨立嵌入式衍生工具)亦分類為 持作買賣,惟該等衍生工具被指定為 有效對沖工具則除外。現金流量並 非純粹支付本金及利息的金融資產, 不論其業務模式如何,均按公平值計 入損益分類及計量。儘管如上文所 述債務工具可按攤銷成本或按公平 值計入其他全面收益分類,但於初始 確認時,倘能夠消除或顯著減少會 計錯配,則債務工具可指定為按公平 值計入損益。

(Continued)

(g) Financial instruments (Continued)

(i) Financial assets (Continued)

Equity instruments

On initial recognition of an equity investment that is not held for trading, the Group could irrevocably elect to present subsequent changes in the investment's fair value in other comprehensive income. This election is made on an investment-by-investment basis. Equity investments at FVOCI are measured at fair value. Dividend income are recognised in profit or loss unless the dividend income clearly represents a recovery of part of the cost of the investments. Other net gains and losses are recognised in other comprehensive income and are not reclassified to profit or loss. All other equity instruments are classified as FVTPL, whereby changes in fair value, dividends and interest income are recognised in profit or loss.

(ii) Impairment loss on financial assets

The Group recognises loss allowances for expected credit losses ("ECLs") on trade receivables, prepayment, deposits and other receivables. The ECLs are measured on either of the following bases: (1) 12-month ECLs: these are the ECLs that result from possible default events within the 12 months after the reporting date; and (2) lifetime ECLs: these are ECLs that result from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument. The maximum period considered when estimating ECLs is the maximum contractual period over which the Group is exposed to credit risk.

ECLs are a probability-weighted estimate of credit losses. Credit losses are measured as the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Group in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Group expects to receive. The shortfall is then discounted at an approximation to the assets' original effective interest rate.

4. 重大會計政策(續)

(g) 金融工具(續)

(i) 金融資產(續)

權益工具

於初始確認並非持作買賣的股本的資時,本集團可選擇不可撤到值集不可撤到值集不可撤到值集投資投資投資投資投資投資投資投資投資的。該選擇投資項人資量。沒有工學的人工的企業,但是不可能的人工,但是不可能的人工,但是不可能的人工,但是不可能的人工,但是不可能的人工,但是不可能的人工,但是不可能的人工,但是不可能的人工,但是不可能的人工,可能是不可能的人工,可能是不可能的人工,可能是不可能的,不可能是不可能的人工,可能是不可能的人工,可能是不可能的人工,可能是不可能的人工,可能可能可能。

(ii) 金融資產減值虧損

本集團就貿易應收賬款、預付款項 類付款項 損(「預期信貸虧損」)之虧損 期信貸虧損按以下任一基準計量 12個月內的可能違約事件導致 12個月內的可能違約事件導質 信貸虧損:及(2)全期預期信 的最上 員預期年期內所損。 由金融工具預期年期內所損。 事件導致之預期信 期信貸虧損時考慮的最長年期期 期信資虧損時考慮的最長年期期 無團面臨信用風險之最長合約期。

預期信貸虧損是信貸虧損的概率加權估計。信貸虧損按本集團根據合約應收之所有合約現金流量與本集團預期收取之所有現金流量之差額計量。之後差額按相關資產原實際利率之近似值貼現。

(Continued)

(g) Financial instruments (Continued)

(ii) Impairment loss on financial assets (Continued)

The Group has elected to measure loss allowances for loans and accounts receivables using HKFRS 9 simplified approach and has calculated ECLs based on lifetime ECLs. The Group has established a provision matrix that is based on the Group's historical credit loss experience, adjusted for forward-looking factors specific to the debtors and the economic environment.

For other debt financial assets, the ECLs are based on the 12-month ECLs. However, when there has been a significant increase in credit risk since origination, the allowance will be based on the lifetime ECLs.

When determining whether the credit risk of a financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition and when estimating ECLs, the Group considers reasonable and supportable information that is relevant and available without undue cost or effort. This includes both quantitative and qualitative information analysis, based on the Group's historical experience and informed credit assessment and including forward-looking information.

The Group assumes that the credit risk on a financial asset has increased significantly if it is more than 90 days past due.

The Group considers a financial asset to be creditimpaired when: (1) the borrower is unlikely to pay its credit obligations to the Group in full, without recourse by the Group to actions such as realising security (if any is held); or (2) the financial asset is more than 90 days past due.

Interest income on credit-impaired financial assets is calculated based on the amortised cost (i.e. the gross carrying amount less loss allowance) of the financial asset. For non-credit-impaired financial assets interest income is calculated based on the gross carrying amount.

4. 重大會計政策(續)

(g) 金融工具(續)

(ii) 金融資產減值虧損(續)

本集團已選擇應用香港財務報告準則第9號之簡化方法計量貸款及應收 賬款之虧損撥備,並基於全期預期 信貸虧損計算預期信貸虧損。本集 團已設立根據其過往信貸虧損經驗 計算之撥備矩陣,並按債務人之特定 前瞻性因素及經濟環境作出調整。

對於其他債務金融資產,預期信貸虧損乃基於12個月預期信貸虧損。然而,倘自源頭處信貸風險大幅增加,則撥備將基於全期預期信貸虧損。

於釐定金融資產之信貸風險自初始 確認以來是否大幅增加時及在估計預 期信貸虧損時,本集團考慮在毋須投 入過多成本或精力下可獲得之相關合 理及有依據資料。這包括基於本集團 歷史經驗的定量和定性資料分析、知 情的信貸評估並包括前瞻性資料。

倘逾期超過90天,本集團假設相關 金融資產之信貸風險大幅增加。

本集團認為金融資產將發生信貸減值,倘若:(1)本集團不採取變現抵押物(如持有)等追索行動,借款人不可能悉數履行於本集團之信貸責任;或(2)金融資產逾期超過90天。

信貸減值金融資產之利息收入乃基 於相關金融資產之攤銷成本(即賬面 總值減虧損撥備)計算。非信貸減值 金融資產之利息收入乃基於賬面總 值計算。

(Continued)

(g) Financial instruments (Continued)

(iii) Financial liabilities and equity instruments

The Group classifies its financial liabilities, depending on the purpose for which the liabilities were incurred. Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are initially measured at fair value and financial liabilities at amortised costs are initially measured at fair value, net of directly attributable costs incurred.

Financial liabilities at amortised cost

Financial liabilities at amortised cost including trade and other payables, borrowings, and the liability component of convertible bonds issued by the Group are subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest method. The related interest expense is recognised in profit or loss.

Gains or losses are recognised in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the amortisation process.

Convertible bonds containing liability and equity components, and early redemption option, if applicable Convertible bonds issued by the Group that contain both liability (together with the early redemption option which is closely related to the host liability component, if applicable) and conversion option components are classified separately into respective items on initial recognition in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument. Conversion option that will be settled by the exchange of a fixed amount of cash or another financial asset for a fixed number of the Company's own equity instruments is an equity instrument.

On initial recognition of convertible bonds issued by the Company, the fair value of the liability component is determined using the prevailing market interest of similar non-convertible debts. The difference between the gross proceeds of the issue of the convertible bonds and the fair value assigned to the liability component, representing the conversion option for the holder to convert the convertible bonds into equity, is included in equity (convertible bonds equity reserve).

4. 重大會計政策(續)

(g) 金融工具(續)

(iii) 金融負債及權益工具

本集團按負債產生的目的分類其金融 負債。按公平值計入損益之金融負債 初步按公平值計量,而按攤銷成本 計量之金融負債初步按公平值計量, 扣除已產生之直接應佔成本。

按攤銷成本列賬之金融負債

按攤銷成本列賬之金融負債包括貿易 及其他應付款項、借貸、以及本集團 發行之可換股債券之負債部分,乃使 用實際利率法計量。相關利息開支於 損益內確認。

倘負債終止確認時,在整個攤銷過程 中,收益或虧損於損益內確認。

可換股債券包括負債及權益部分及提前贖回權(倘適用)

本集團所發行包含負債(連同與主負債部分關係緊密之提早贖回期權券的可換股權部分的可換股債券的可換股債券的可換股債務的對於初步確認時根據所訂立合的投資。 排內容以及金融負債及股本工具的固定 義,獨立分類為相關項目。將以固定金額現金或另一項金融資產交換本公司本身固定數目的股本工具方式結清的換股權乃股本工具。

初步確認本公司發行之可換股債券, 負債部分的公平值乃按類似不可轉換 債務的現行市場利率釐定。發行可換 股債券的所得款項總額與撥往負債部 分的公平值的差額(代表讓持有人將 可換股債券轉換為權益的換股權)應 列入權益(可換股債券權益儲備)內。

(Continued)

(g) Financial instruments (Continued)

(iii) Financial liabilities and equity instruments (Continued)
Convertible bonds containing liability and equity components,
and early redemption option, if applicable (Continued)

In subsequent periods, the liability component of the convertible bonds is carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method. The equity component, representing the option to convert the liability component into ordinary shares of the Company, will remain in convertible bonds equity reserve until the embedded option is exercised (in which case the balance stated in convertible bonds equity reserve will be transferred to share premium). Where the option remains unexercised at the expiry date, the balance stated in convertible bonds equity reserve will be released to the accumulated losses. No gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss upon conversion or expiration of the option.

Transaction costs that relate to the issue of the convertible bonds are allocated to the liability and equity components in proportion to the allocation of the gross proceeds. Transaction costs relating to the equity component are charged directly to equity. Transaction costs relating to the liability component are included in the carrying amount of the liability portion and amortised over the period of the convertible bonds using the effective interest method.

(iv) Derecognition

The Group derecognises a financial asset when the contractual rights to the future cash flows in relation to the financial asset expire or when the financial asset has been transferred and the transfer meets the criteria for derecognition in accordance with HKFRS 9.

Financial liabilities are derecognised when the obligation specified in the relevant contract is discharged, cancelled or expires.

Where the Group issues its own equity instruments to a creditor to settle a financial liability in whole or in part as a result of renegotiating the terms of that liability, the equity instruments issued are the consideration paid and are recognised initially and measured at their fair value on the date the financial liability or part thereof is extinguished. If the fair value of the equity instruments issued cannot be reliably measured, the equity instruments are measured to reflect the fair value of the financial liability extinguished. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability or part thereof extinguished and the consideration paid is recognised in profit or loss for the year.

4. 重大會計政策(續)

(g) 金融工具(續)

(iii) 金融負債及權益工具(續)

可換股債券包括負債及權益部分及提前贖回權(倘適用)(續)

發行可換股債券的交易成本,按所得款項總額分配比例撥往負債及權益部分。權益部分的交易成本於權益中直接扣除。與負債部分有關的交易成本計入負債部分的賬面值,並以實際利率法於可換股債券期限內攤銷。

(iv) 終止確認

本集團於金融資產的未來現金流量的合約權利屆滿或金融資產已轉讓及轉讓符合香港財務報告準則第9號之終止確認標準時,本集團終止確認金融資產。

金融負債於有關合約之特定責任獲解 除、取消或到期時終止確認。

(Continued)

(g) Financial instruments (Continued)

(iv) Derecognition (Continued)

When the contractual terms of financial liability are modified such that the revised terms would result in a substantial modification from the original terms after considering qualitative factors (e.g. modifications of convertible instruments). When the contractual terms of a convertible instrument are modified, the revised terms would result in a substantial modification from the original terms, after taking into account all relevant facts and circumstances including qualitative factors, such modification is accounted for as derecognition of the original financial liability and the recognition of new financial liability. The difference between the carrying amount of financial liability derecognised and the fair value of consideration paid or payable, including any liabilities assumed and derivative components recognised, is recognised in profit or loss.

(v) Effective interest method

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial asset or financial liability and of allocating interest income or interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts or payments through the expected life of the financial asset or liability, or where appropriate, a shorter period.

(vi) Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the Company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

(h) Impairment of assets (other than financial assets)

At the end of each reporting period, the Group reviews the carrying amounts of the following assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss or an impairment loss previously recognised no longer exists or may have decreased:

- property, plant and equipment;
- intangible assets; and
- investments in subsidiaries

4. 重大會計政策(續)

(g) 金融工具(續)

(iv) 終止確認(續)

倘對金融負債的合約條款作出調整導 致原有條款出現重大修改,經考。 量因素(如可換股工具之修改)。 可換股工具的合約條款作出調整導 致原有條款出現重大修改調整處 ,經濟 有關修改入賬列作終止確認 ,量原在確認 , 是 員債的賬面值與已付 , 融 負債及衍生工具) 於損益中確認 。

(v) 實際利率法

實際利率法是計算金融資產或金融負債的攤銷成本,以及攤分相關期內利息收入或利息支出的方法。實際利率是將估計未來現金收入或付款透過金融資產或負債之預期年期或(倘適用)更短期間準確貼現之利率。

(vi) 權益工具

本公司發行之權益工具以所收款項減 直接發行成本列賬。

(h) 資產(金融資產除外)之減值

本集團於各報告期末審閱以下資產之 賬面值,以確定是否有跡象顯示該等 資產出現減值虧損或先前確認之減 值虧損不再存在或可能有所減少:

- 物業、廠房及設備;
- 無形資產;及
- 於附屬公司之投資

(Continued)

(h) Impairment of assets (other than financial assets) (Continued)

If the recoverable amount (i.e. the greater of the fair value less costs of disposal and value in use) of an asset is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised as an expense immediately, unless the relevant asset is carried at a revalued amount under another HKFRS, in which case the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation decrease under that HKFRS.

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, to the extent that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised as income immediately, unless the relevant asset is carried at a revalued amount under another HKFRS, in which case the reversal of the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation increase under that HKFRS.

Value in use is based on the estimated future cash flows expected to be derived from the asset, discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset or cash generating unit.

(i) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents includes cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks and other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or loss.

(j) Provisions and contingent liabilities

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that the Group will be required to settle that obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. Provisions are measured at the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period, taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation. When a provision is measured using the cash flows estimated to settle the present obligation, its carrying amount is the present value of those cash flows (where the effect of the time value of money is material).

4. 重大會計政策(續)

(h) 資產(金融資產除外)之減值(續)

倘資產之可收回金額(即其公平值減 出售成本及使用價值兩者的較高者) 估計少於其賬面值,則資產之賬面值 將減至其可收回金額。減值虧損隨 即確認為開支,除非相關資產根據另 一香港財務報告準則按重估值列賬香 於此情況下,減值虧損視作根據香 財務報告準則之重估金額減少。

使用價值乃根據預期將自資產獲得 的估計未來現金流量釐定,並採用 反映目前對金錢時間價值的市場評估 及該資產或現金產生單位特定風險 的除税前貼現率貼現至其現值。

(i) 現金及現金等價物

現金及現金等價物包括手頭現金、銀行活期存款以及原到期日為三個月或 以下之其他短期高度流動投資。

(i) 撥備及或然負債

(Continued)

(j) Provisions and contingent liabilities (Continued)

Where it is not probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required, or the amount cannot be estimated reliably, the obligation is disclosed as a contingent liability, unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote. Possible obligations, the existence of which will only be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more future events, are also disclosed as contingent liabilities unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote.

(k) Borrowings

Borrowings are recognised initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently stated at amortised cost; any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption value is recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method.

Fee paid on the establishment of loan facilities are recognised as transaction costs of the loan to the extent that it is probable that some or all of the facility will be drawn down. In this case, the fee is deferred until the drawdown occurs. To the extent there is capitalised as a prepayment for liquidity services and amortised over the period of the facility to which it relates.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the Group has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the end of reporting period.

(I) Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are added to the cost of those assets until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale. Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation.

All other borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

4. 重大會計政策(續)

(j) 撥備及或然負債(續)

當不大可能需要經濟利益流出或不能可靠地估計金額時,責任會作為或然負債予以披露,除非經濟利益流出的可能性甚微。可能責任的存在將僅由發生或不發生一件或以上未來事件確認,其亦作為或然負債予以披露,除非經濟利益流出的可能性甚微。

(k) 借款

借款初步按公平值扣除所產生交易成本確認。借款其後按攤銷成本列示;所得款項(扣除交易成本)與贖回價值兩者間之任何差額,乃以實際利率法於借貸期間在綜合損益及其他全面收益表予以確認。

在貸款融資很有可能部分或全部提取的情況下,就設立貸款融資支付的費用乃確認為貸款交易成本。在此情況下,該費用將遞延至提取貸款發生時。倘有撥充資本作為流動資金服務的預付款項,並於其相關融資期間內予以攤銷。

除非本集團具有無條件權利將負債的 結算遞延至報告期末後最少12個月, 否則借貸歸類為流動負債。

(1) 借貸成本

收購、建造或生產合資格資產(需大量時間方能達致可供擬定使用或出售用途的資產)直接應佔的借貸成本,乃加入該等資產的成本,直至該等資產大致可供擬定使用或出售用途等產大致可供擬定使用或出售用於有關合資格資產的費用而作短暫投資而賺取之投資收入,乃於可作資本化之借貸成本內扣除。

所有其他借貸成本乃於其產生期間於 損益中確認。

(Continued)

(m) Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from "loss before tax" as reported in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income because of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are never taxable or deductible. The Group's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the consolidated financial statements and the corresponding tax base used in the computation of taxable loss. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary difference to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilised. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition (other than in a business combination) of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries and associates, except where the Group is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred tax assets arising from deductible temporary differences associated with such investments are only recognised to the extent that it is probable that there will be sufficient taxable profits against which to utilise the benefits of the temporary differences and they are expected to reverse in the foreseeable future.

The carrying amount of a deferred tax asset is reviewed at the end of the reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

4. 重大會計政策(續)

(m) 税項

所得税支出指即期應付税項及遞延 税項總額。

即期應付税項乃按本年度應課税溢利計算。應課税溢利與綜合損益不限稅益利與綜合損益不同稅的「稅前虧損」不包括在其他年度應課稅政可扣稅收入或開支,亦不包括不明稅或可扣稅之項目。本集會之實稅或負債乃按報告期末已實行之稅率計算。

遞延税項資產之賬面值乃於各報告期末進行檢討,並於不再可能有足夠 應課税溢利可供收回全部或部分資產 時作調減。

(Continued)

(m) Taxation (Continued)

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset is realised, based on tax rate (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Group expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Current and deferred tax are recognised in profit or loss, except when they relate to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case the current and deferred tax are also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

(n) Retirement benefit costs and termination benefits

Short term employee benefits are employee benefits (other than termination benefits) that are expected to be settled wholly before twelve months after the end of the annual reporting period in which the employees render the related service. Short term employee benefits are recognised in the year when the employees render the related service.

Payments to state-managed retirement benefit schemes in the People's Republic of China (the "PRC") and Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme are recognised as an expense when employees have rendered service entitling them to the contributions.

Termination benefits are recognised when, and only when, the Group demonstrably commits itself to terminate employment or to provide benefits as a result of voluntary redundancy by having a detailed formal plan which is without realistic possibility of withdrawal.

4. 重大會計政策(續)

(m) 税項(續)

遞延税項資產及負債根據於報告期 末已頒佈或實質已頒佈之税率(及税 法)按預期適用於清償負債或變現資 產期間之税率計算。

遞延税項負債及資產之計量反映本 集團預期於報告期末收回或清償其 資產及負債賬面值之方式會產生之 税務後果。

即期及遞延税項於損益確認,惟與於其他全面收益內或直接於權益中確認的項目有關者除外,在此情況下,即期及遞延税項亦分別於其他全面收益或直接於權益內確認。

(n) 退休福利成本及離職福利

短期僱員福利為預期於僱員提供相關服務的年度報告期末後十二個月前將悉數結算的僱員福利(離職福利除外)。短期僱員福利於僱員提供相關服務的年度內確認。

中華人民共和國(「中國」)國家管理退休福利計劃及強制性公積金計劃之供款,於僱員提供服務而有權獲得有關供款時確認為開支。

離職福利於及僅於本集團明確承諾終止僱用或因具詳細正式計劃之自願 遺散作出補償,且無撤回的實際可能性時方予確認。

(Continued)

(o) Revenue recognition Revenue from contracts with customers

Under HKFRS 15, the Group recognises revenue when (or as) a performance obligation is satisfied, i.e. when "control" of the goods or services underlying the particular performance obligation is transferred to the customer.

A performance obligation represents a good or service (or a bundle of goods or services) that is distinct or a series of distinct goods or services that are substantially the same.

Control is transferred over time and revenue is recognised over time by reference to the progress towards complete satisfaction of the relevant performance obligation if one of the following criteria is met:

- the customer simultaneously receives and consumes the benefits provided by the Group's performance as the Group performs;
- the Group's performance creates and enhances an asset that the customer controls as the Group performs; or
- the Group's performance does not create an asset with an alternative use to the Group and the Group has an enforceable right to payment for performance completed to date.

Otherwise, revenue is recognised at a point in time when the customer obtains control of the distinct good or service.

A contract asset represents the Group's right to consideration in exchange for goods or services that the Group has transferred to a customer that is not yet unconditional. It is assessed for impairment in accordance with HKFRS 9. In contrast, a receivable represents the Group's unconditional right to consideration, i.e. only the passage of time is required before payment of that consideration is due.

A contract liability represents the Group's obligation to transfer goods or services to a customer for which the Group has received consideration (or an amount of consideration is due) from the customer.

4. 重大會計政策(續)

(o) 收益確認

來自客戶合約之收益

根據香港財務報告準則第15號,本集團於完成履約責任時(或就此)確認收益,即於特定履約責任相關的商品或服務的[控制權]轉讓予客戶時。

履約責任指可區分的單一貨品及服務 (或一批貨品或服務)或一系列大致相 同的可區分貨品或服務。

倘符合下列其中一項標準,控制權隨時間轉移,而收益確認會按隨時間 已完成相關履約責任的進度進行:

- 於本集團履約時,客戶同時取得 並耗用本集團履約所提供的利 益;
- 本集團的履約產生及提升一項 資產,而該項資產於本集團履 約時由客戶控制;或
- 本集團的履約並未產生對本集 團有替代用途的資產,且本集 團對迄今已完成履約的付款具 有可強制執行的權利。

否則,收益會在客戶獲得可區分的貨 品或服務的控制權時在某一時點確 認。

合約資產指本集團就本集團已向客戶轉讓的貨品或服務而收取代價的權利,有關權利並非無條件,並須根據香港財務報告準則第9號評估減值。相反,應收賬款指本集團收取代價的無條件權利,即只需待時間過去代價即需到期支付。

合約負債指本集團因已向客戶收取代價(或已到期收取代價),而須向客戶轉讓貨品或服務的責任。

(Continued)

(p) Leases

All leases (irrespective of they are operating leases or finance leases) are required to be capitalised in the statement of financial position as right-of-use assets and lease liabilities, but accounting policy choices exist for an entity to choose not to capitalise (i) leases which are short-term leases and/or (ii) leases for which the underlying asset is of low-value. The Group has elected not to recognise right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for low-value assets and leases for which at the commencement date have a lease term less than 12 months. The lease payments associated with those leases have been expensed on straightline basis over the lease term.

Right-of-use asset

The right-of-use asset is recognised at cost and would comprise: (i) the amount of the initial measurement of the lease liability (see below for the accounting policy to account for lease liability); (ii) any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, less any lease incentives received; (iii) any initial direct costs incurred by the lessee; and (iv) an estimate of costs to be incurred by the lessee in dismantling and removing the underlying asset to the condition required by the terms and conditions of the lease, unless those costs are incurred to produce inventories. Except for right-of-use asset that meets the definition of an investment property or a class of property, plant and equipment to which the Group applies the revaluation model, the Group measures the right-of-use assets applying a cost model. Under the cost model, the Group measures the right-to-use at cost, less any accumulated depreciation and any impairment losses, and adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liability.

4. 重大會計政策(續)

(p) 租賃

所有租賃(不論為經營租賃或融資租賃或融資租賃)須於財務狀況表資本化為使用策資產及租賃負債,惟現有會計政實體選擇不將(i)屬短期租賃及/或(ii)相關資產為低價值資產以及於開始日期租值不開始,與於12個月的租賃確認使用權資產與投於12個月的租賃申期,與該等租賃相關的租赁自債。與該等租賃相關的租赁付款已於租賃期內按直線法支銷。

使用權資產

使用權資產乃按成本確認並將包括: (i)租賃負債之初步計量金額(見下文 有關租賃負債入賬之會計政策);(ii) 於開始日期或之前作出之任何租賃付 款減任何已收取之租賃優惠;(iii)承租 人產生之任何初步直接成本;及(iv)承 租人在租賃條款及條件規定之情況 下拆除及移除相關資產時將產生之估 計成本,惟該等成本乃因生產存貨而 產生者除外。除符合投資物業或某 類物業、廠房及設備(本集團就此應 用重估模型)定義之使用權資產外, 本集團應用成本模型計量使用權資 產。根據成本模型,本集團按成本減 去任何累計折舊及任何減值虧損計 量使用權資產,並就租賃負債之任何 重新計量作出調整。

(Continued)

(p) Leases (Continued)

Lease liability

The lease liability is recognised at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the date of commencement of the lease. The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease, if that rate can be readily determined. If that rate cannot be readily determined, the Group uses the Group's incremental borrowing rate.

The following payments for the right of use the underlying asset during the lease term that are not paid at the commencement date of the lease are considered to be lease payments: (i) fixed payments less any lease incentives receivable; (ii) variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, initially measured using the index or rate as at the commencement date; (iii) amounts expected to be payable by the lessee under residual value guarantees; (iv) the exercise price of a purchase option if the lessee is reasonably certain to exercise that option; and (v) payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the lessee exercising an option to terminate the lease.

Subsequent to the commencement date, the Group measures the lease liability by: (i) increasing the carrying amount to reflect interest on the lease liability; (ii) reducing the carrying amount to reflect the lease payments made; and (iii) remeasuring the carrying amount to reflect any reassessment or lease modifications, e.g., a change in future lease payments arising from change in an index or rate, a change in the lease term, a change in the in substance fixed lease payments or a change in assessment to purchase the underlying asset.

4. 重大會計政策(續)

(p) 租賃(續)

租賃負債

租賃負債乃按於租賃開始日期尚未支付之租賃付款現值確認。倘租賃隱含之利率可輕易釐定,則租賃付款使用該利率貼現。倘該利率無法輕易釐定,本集團將使用本集團之增量借貸利率貼現。

於租賃期內,以下在租賃開始日期尚未支付之相關資產使用權之付款的人力。 根為租賃付款:(i)固定付款減何應收租賃優惠:(ii)基於指數或利率計量);(iii)承租人(iv)期份價值擔保預期應付之金額;(iv)期份。 選擇權之行使價(倘承租人行理之類, 近付款(倘租賃期反映承租人行使終 上租賃之選擇權)。

於開始日期後,本集團將按以下方式 計量租賃負債:(i)增加賬面值以反映 租賃負債利息;(ii)減少賬面值以反映 已作出之租賃付款:及(iii)重新計量 面值以反映任何重新評估或租量 整(例如指數或利率變動產生之實 程賃付款變動或購買相關資產之 評估變動)。

(Continued)

(q) Dividend distribution

Dividend distribution to the Company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the Group's and the Company's financial statements in the year in which the dividends are approved by the Company's shareholders or directors, where appropriate.

(r) Related parties

A related party is a person or entity that is related to the Group if:

- (a) A person or a close member of that person's family is related to the Group if that person:
 - (i) has control or joint control over the Group;
 - (ii) has significant influence over the Group; or
 - (iii) is a member of the key management personnel of the Group or of the parent of the Group.
- (b) An entity is related to the Group if any of the following conditions applies:
 - (i) The entity and the Group are members of the same group (which means that each parent, subsidiary and fellow subsidiary is related to the others).
 - (ii) One entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or an associate or joint venture of a member of a group of which the other entity is a member).
 - (iii) Both entities are joint ventures of the same third party.
 - (iv) One entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity.

4. 重大會計政策(續)

(q) 股息分派

向本公司股東之股息分派於本集團 及本公司之年內財務報表中被確認為 負債。其中股息由本公司股東或董事 (倘合適)批准。

(r) 關連方

關連方為與本集團有關連之人士或實體:

- (a) 倘屬以下人士,即該人士或該人士的近親為本集團的關連方:
 - (i) 控制或共同控制本集團;
 - (ii) 對本集團有重大影響力;或
 - (iii) 為本集團或本集團母公司 主要管理人員的其中一名 成員。
- (b) 倘符合下列任何條件,即該實 體與本集團有關連:
 - (i) 該實體與本集團屬同一集 團的成員公司(即各母公司、附屬公司及同系附屬 公司彼此間有關連)。
 - (ii) 一間實體為另一實體的聯營公司或合營企業(或另一實體為成員公司的集團旗下成員公司的聯營公司或合營企業)。
 - (iii) 兩間實體均為同一第三方 的合營企業。
 - (iv) 一間實體為第三方實體 的合營企業,而另一實體 為該第三方實體的聯營公 司。

(Continued)

(r) Related parties (Continued)

- (b) (Continued)
 - (v) The entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of either the reporting entity or an entity related to the reporting entity. If the reporting entity is itself such a plan, the sponsoring employers are also related to the reporting entity.
 - (vi) The entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (a).
 - (vii) A person identified in (a)(i) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of the key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity).
 - (viii) The entity or any member of a group of which it is a part, provides key management personnel services to the Group or to the parent of the Group.

Close members of the family of a person are those family members who may be expected to influence, or be influenced by, that person in their dealings with the entity and include:

- (i) that person's children and spouse or domestic partner:
- (ii) children of that person's spouse or domestic partner; and
- (iii) dependents of that person or that person's spouse or domestic partner.

4. 重大會計政策(續)

(r) 關連方(續)

- (b) *(續)*
 - (v) 實體為報告實體或與報告 實體有關連的實體就僱員 利益設立的離職福利計 劃。倘該報告實體自設有 關計劃,提供資助的僱主 亦與該報告實體有關連。
 - (vi) 實體受(a)所識別人士控制 或受共同控制。
 - (vii) 上文(a)(i)所識別人士對實體有重大影響力或屬該實體(或該實體的母公司)主要管理成員。
 - (viii) 該實體或其所屬集團之任 何成員公司,向本集團或 本集團之母公司提供主要 管理人員服務。

該名人士之緊密家庭成員是指 該人士在與實體交易時,預期 可影響或受該人士影響的家庭 成員,其中包括:

- (i) 該人士之子女及配偶或家 庭成員;
- (ii) 該名人士配偶或家庭成員 之子女;及
- (iii) 該人士或該人士配偶或家 庭成員之家屬。

5. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

In the application of the Group's accounting policies, which are described in note 4 to the consolidated financial statements, the directors of the Company are required to make judgments, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

Critical judgements in applying accounting policies

The following are the critical judgements, apart from those involving estimations (see below), that the directors have made in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies and that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the consolidated financial statements.

Key sources of estimation uncertainty

The following are key assumptions concerning the future, and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year.

Loss allowance for trade and other receivables

The Group estimates the loss allowances for trade and other receivables by assessing the ECLs. This requires the use of estimates and judgements. ECLs are based on the Group's historical credit loss experience, adjusted for factors that are specific to the debtors and an assessment of both the current and forecast general economic conditions at the end of reporting period. Where the estimation is different from the original estimate, such difference will affect the carrying amounts of trade receivables and thus the impairment loss in the period in which such estimate is changed. The Group keeps assessing the expected credit loss of trade and other receivables during their expected lives.

5. 重大會計判斷及估計不確 定因素的主要來源

在應用載述於綜合財務報表附註4的本集團會計政策時,當其依據無法從其他渠道獲得時,即本公司董事、估計及假設。該等估計及相關假設乃基於過往經驗及其他被視為相關的因素作出,因此,實際結果或會有別於該等估計。

有關估計及相關假設須持續予以檢討。倘會計估計的修訂僅影響作出修訂的期間,則有關修訂會在該期間確認,而倘修訂對現時及未來期間均有影響,則須在作出修訂的期間及未來期間確認。

應用會計政策時之重大判斷

以下為董事於應用本集團會計政策過程中所作出並對綜合財務報表所確認金額有最大影響的關鍵判斷,涉及估計的判斷(見下文)除外。

估計不確定因素之主要來源

下文載列於報告期末所作出有關未來 之主要假設及估計不確定因素之其他 主要來源,該等假設及因素具有相當 風險導致須於下個財政年度之內就資 產及負債之賬面值作出重大調整。

貿易應收賬款及其他應收款項的虧 損撥備

5. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY (Continued)

Key sources of estimation uncertainty (Continued) **Impairment of intangible asset**

The Group performs annual tests of impairment on intangible asset in relation to an in-process research and development project involving an oral insulin product (the "Product") (the "In-process R&D") involving the Product which are not yet available for use. Accordingly, the intangible assets relating to the Product with the carrying amount of approximately HK\$1.373.224.000 as at 31 March 2021 (2020: HK\$1.373.224.000) was tested for impairment. The recoverable amounts of cash-generating units are determined based on fair value calculations, which is highly dependent upon further research and development work required to be carried out, results of the clinical trials, the successful launching of the Product and the appropriate key assumptions to be applied in preparing cash flow projections. Details of the calculation of fair value are disclosed in note 18 to the consolidated financial statements. These calculations require the use of estimates and assumptions made by management on the future operation of the business, pre-tax discount rates, and other assumptions underlying the fair value calculations. In addition, the management is of the opinion that the Group would be successful in obtaining the regulatory approvals from the relevant government bodies and launching the Product in mid of 2023 in the absence of unforeseeable circumstance. The management also based on the assumption that the Group would continue to have the exclusive right for commercialisation of the Product.

Should the actual outcome of the clinical trials and the launching of the Product be unsuccessful, the likelihood and timing in obtaining the regulatory approvals from the relevant government bodies to launch the product to be unrealised, or the key assumptions applied in preparing the cash flow projections from the Product in assessing impairment, including the discount rates or growth rate assumptions applied in the cash flow projections on the Inprocess R&D is different from the original estimates, such difference could materially affect the carrying value of the intangible assets. It will consequently have an adverse effect on the net assets and the results of the Group.

5. 重大會計判斷及估計不確 定因素的主要來源(續)

估計不確定因素之主要來源(續) 無形資產減值

本集團就有關涉及口服胰島素產品 (「產品」)的正在進行之研發項目(「研 發過程」)之無形資產進行減值測試。 據此,於二零二一年三月三十一日賬 面值約為1,373,224,000港元(二零二 零年:1,373,224,000港元)與產品相 關之無形資產已就減值進行測試。現 金產生單位之可收回款額按公平值 計算釐定,其高度視乎須進行之進一 步研發工作、臨床試驗結果、產品 成功推出及編製現金流量預測時將 應用之主要假設。有關公平值計量 方法之詳情於綜合財務報表附許18 披露。該等計算須採用管理層就日後 業務營運所作之估計及假設、除税前 貼現率以及其他計算公平值時所作出 之相關假設。此外,管理層認為,在 無不可預見的情況下,本集團將能於 二零二三年年中取得有關政府部門的 監管批准並推出產品。管理層就仍 可繼續擁有獨家經營產品之權利作出 相關假設。

5. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY (Continued)

Key sources of estimation uncertainty (Continued) **Going concern consideration**

In the process of applying the Group's accounting policies, apart from those involving estimations, management has prepared the consolidated financial statements on the assumption that the Group will be able to operate as a going concern in the coming year, which is a critical judgement that has the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the consolidated financial statements.

Leases – Estimating the incremental borrowing rate

The Group cannot readily determine the interest rate implicit in the lease, and therefore, uses its incremental borrowing rate ("IBR") to measure lease liabilities. The IBR is the rate of interest that the Group would have to pay to borrow over a similar term, and with a similar security, the funds necessary to obtain an asset of a similar value to the right-of-use asset in a similar economic environment. The IBR, therefore, reflects what the Group "would have to pay", which requires estimation when no observable rates are available (such as for subsidiaries that do not enter into financing transactions) or when they need to be adjusted to reflect the terms and conditions of the lease (for example, when leases are not in the subsidiary's functional currency). The Group estimates the IBR using observable inputs (such as market interest rates) when available and is required to make certain entity-specific estimates.

5. 重大會計判斷及估計不確 定因素的主要來源(續)

估計不確定因素之主要來源(續) 持續經營考慮

於應用本集團的會計政策時,除涉及 作出估計外,管理層已按本集團將能 夠於來年持續經營之假設編製綜合 財務報表,此乃對綜合財務報表所 確認金額會產生最重大影響的重大 判斷。

租賃 _ 估計增量借貸利率

本集團無法輕易釐定租賃內所隱含的 利率,因此,使用增量借貸利率(「增 量借貸利率1)計量租賃負債。增量借 貸利率為本集團在類似期限、類似 抵押條件、及在類似經濟環境下,就 獲得與使用權資產類似價值的資產, 借入所需資金而必須支付的利率。因 此,增量借貸利率反映了本集團「應 支付」的利率,當無可觀察的利率時 (如就並無訂立融資交易之附屬公司 而言)或當須對利率進行調整以反映 租賃之條款及條件時(如當租賃並非 以附屬公司之功能貨幣訂立時),則 須作出利率估計。當可觀察輸入數據 可用時,本集團使用可觀察輸入數據 (如市場利率)估算增量借貸利率並須 作出若干實體特定的估計。

6. REVENUE

Revenue for the year represents the fair value of amounts received and receivable for goods sold or services rendered by the Group to outside customers, less discounts and related taxes for the year, is analysed as follows:

6. 收益

年內收益指就本集團向外界客戶售 出貨品或提供服務之已收及應收款 項之公平值,已扣除年內之折扣及相 關稅項,分析如下:

2021	2020
二零二一年	二零二零年
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元

Sales of beauty products in Hong Kong 於香港銷售美容產品 and recognised at a point in time 並於某一時間點確認

15.189

14,580

For sales of beauty products revenue is recognised when control of goods has transferred to the customer, being at the point the goods are delivered to the customer. The normal credit term is 90 days upon delivery.

7. SEGMENT REPORTING

The Group has two (2020: two) reportable and operating segments as follows:

- (a) trading of beauty products in Hong Kong ("Trading of beauty products")
- (b) research, development and commercialisation of the oral insulin product ("Research and development")

The Group's reportable and operating segments are strategic business units that offer different products and services. They are managed separately because each business requires different technology and marketing strategies.

就銷售美容產品而言,收益於商品的控制權轉讓至客戶(即商品交付予客戶時)的時間點確認。一般信貸期為交付後90日。

7. 分部報告

本集團有以下兩個(二零二零年:兩個)呈報及營運分部:

- (a) 於香港之美容產品貿易(「美容產品貿易)
- (b) 研發及商品化口服胰島素產品 (「研發」)

本集團的呈報及營運分部是提供不同產品及服務的策略性業務單位。該 等分部受個別管理,因各業務所需的 技術及市場策略不同。

7. SEGMENT REPORTING (Continued)

Segment revenues and results

The accounting policies of the operating segments are the same as those described in the consolidated financial statements. Segment (loss)/profit represents the loss incurred by or profit earned from each segment without allocation of corporate and other expenses and other income, gains and losses, net. All assets are allocated to segments other than corporate assets, and bank balances and cash. All liabilities are allocated to segments other than corporate liabilities, lease liabilities, amounts due to a former associate, a non-controlling interest and former non-controlling interests, loan from a substantial shareholder, a former associate and a non-controlling interest and convertible bonds.

7. 分部報告(續)

分部收益及業績

		Trading of beauty products 美容產品貿易		Research and development 研發		Total 總計	
		2021 二零二一年	2020 二零二零年	2021 二零二一年	2020 二零二零年	2021 二零二一年	2020 二零二零年
		令 + HK\$'000 千港元	ー令ー令サ HK\$'000 千港元	ー令ー + HK\$'000 千港元	—◆—◆+ HK\$'000 千港元	ー令ー + HK\$'000 千港元	ー令ー令年 HK\$'000 千港元
Revenue from external customers	來自外部客戶之收益	15,189	14,580	_	_	15,189	14,580
Segment profit/(loss)	分部溢利/(虧損)	1,330	1,385	(10,068)	(14,375)	(8,738)	(12,990)
Additional disclosures for operating segments:	營運分部之額外披露事項:						
Unallocated other income, gains and losses, net	未分配其他收入、 收益及虧損淨額					280	(27,042)
Interest expenses on convertible bonds Corporate and other expenses	可換股債券的利息 開支 企業與其他開支					(190,170) (13,527)	(146,367) (20,243)
Change in fair value of investment in convertible bonds Share of results of associates	可換股債券投資之 公平值變動 分佔聯營公司業績				-	=	(22,132) 6,312
Loss before income tax Income tax expense	除所得税前虧損 所得税開支				-	(212,155) —	(222,462)
Loss for the year	年內虧損					(212,155)	(222,462)

7. SEGMENT REPORTING (Continued) Segment assets and liabilities

7. 分部報告(續) 分部資產及負債

		Trading of beauty products 美容產品貿易		Research and development 研發		Total 總計	
		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Assets Segment assets Corporate and other assets	資產 分部資產 企業與其他資產	15,397	24,536	1,378,492	1,380,876	1,393,889 9,321	1,405,412 13,466
Total assets	資產總額					1,403,210	1,418,878
Liabilities Segment liabilities Convertible bonds Corporate and other liabilities	負債 分部負債 可換股債券 企業與其他負債	5,479	10,245	16,568	15,840	22,047 206,784 815,673	26,085 743,142 81,878
Total liabilities	負債總額					1,044,504	851,105

Geographical information

The principal place of the Group's operation is in Hong Kong. For the purpose of segment information disclosures under HKFRS 8, the Group regards Hong Kong as its country of domicile. Over 90% of the Group's external customers and non-current assets are located in Hong Kong.

Information about major customers

Revenue from customers of the corresponding year contributing over 10% of the total revenue are as follows:

地理資料

本集團之業務主要位於香港。就根據香港財務報告準則第8號作出的分部資料披露而言,本集團視香港為居駐地。本集團超過90%的外部客戶及非流動資產位於香港。

有關主要客戶資料

相關年度貢獻超過總收益10%客戶之收益如下:

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Customer A	客戶甲	15,189	14,580

Revenue from the above customer in the respective reporting period is derived from the segment of trading of beauty products.

上述客戶於各報告期間所得收益乃來自美容產品貿易分部。

8. OTHER INCOME/OTHER GAINS AND LOSSES, NET

8. 其他收入/其他收益及虧損淨額

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Other income	其他收入		
Interest income from banks	銀行利息收入	_	6
Interest income from rental deposit	租賃按金利息收入	29	15
Sundry income	雜項收入	14	9
Government grants (note)	政府補助金(附註)	212	
		255	30
Other gains and leaves not	其他收益及虧損淨額		
Other gains and losses, net Impairment loss on trade receivables Gain on disposal of property, plant	異他收益及 <i>圍損淨額</i> 貿易應收賬款之減值虧損 出售物業、廠房及設備之收	(74)	(232)
and equipment	益	13	_
Change in fair value of investments in	可換股債券投資之公平值 變動		(00.100)
convertible bonds		_	(22,132)
Loss on disposals of an associate Loss on modification of convertible	出售聯營公司之虧損 修改可換股債券之虧損	_	(5,266)
bonds	沙 岛	_	(27,749)
Gain on deemed early redemption of convertible bonds	視作提早贖回可換股債券 收益		F 070
	撤銷附屬公司註冊之收益	280	5,973
Gain on deregistration of subsidiaries		280	
		219	(49,406)

Note: During the year ended 31 March 2021, the Group recognised government grants of approximately HK\$212,000 in respect of Covid-19-related subsidies, which related to Employment Support Scheme provided by the Hong Kong Government. There were no unfulfilled conditions or contingencies relating to these government grants.

附註: 於截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度,本集團就COVID-19相關津貼確認約212,000港元政府補助金,乃與香港政府保就業計劃有關。就該等政府補助金並無尚未達成的條件或者或然事項。

9. FINANCE COSTS

9. 財務費用

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Effective interest expense on convertible bonds	可換股債券之實際利息開支	190,170	146,367
Imputed interest expense on loan from a	來自前聯營公司貸款之估算	130,170	140,007
former associate	利息開支	735	556
Interest on lease liability	租賃負債之利息	127	116
		191,032	147,039

10. INCOME TAX EXPENSE

Under the two-tiered profits tax rates regime, the first HK\$2,000,000 of profits of qualifying group entity will be taxed at 8.25%, and profits above HK\$2,000,000 will be taxed at 16.5%. The profits of corporations not qualifying for the two-tiered profits tax rates regime will continue to be taxed at a flat rate of 16.5%.

Under the Law of the PRC on Enterprise Income Tax (the "EIT Law") and the Implementation Regulation of the EIT Law, the tax rate of the PRC subsidiaries is 25% (2020: 25%).

No Hong Kong Profits Tax and PRC income tax have been made for the year as the group companies operating in Hong Kong and the PRC did not generate any assessable profits for the year (2020: Nil).

10. 所得税開支

根據利得稅兩級制,合資格集團實體的首筆2,000,000港元溢利將以8.25%的稅率徵稅,而超過2,000,000港元的溢利將以16.5%的稅率徵稅。不符合利得稅兩級制資格的法團的溢利將繼續按16.5%的統一稅率徵稅。

根據中國企業所得税法(「企業所得税法」)及企業所得税法實施條例,中國附屬公司之税率為25%(二零二零年:25%)。

由於在香港及中國營運之集團公司於本年度並無產生任何應課稅溢利,因此本年度並無繳納香港利得稅及中國所得稅(二零二零年:無)。

10. INCOME TAX EXPENSE (Continued)

The income tax expense for the year can be reconciled to the loss before income tax per the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income as follows:

10. 所得税開支(續)

年內所得稅開支與綜合損益及其他 全面收益表之除所得稅前虧損對賬 如下:

		2021 二零二一年	2020 二零二零年
		HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
Loss before income tax	除所得税前虧損	(212,155)	(222,462)
Tax at the domestic income tax rate of 16.5% (2020: 16.5%)	按本地所得税税率16.5% (二零二零年:16.5%)		
,	計算之税項	(35,006)	(36,706)
Effect of different tax rates of subsidiaries operating in other jurisdictions	於其他司法管轄區經營之 附屬公司之不同税率之影響	3,653	(427)
Tax effect of expense not deductible	就税務不可扣減之開支之		
for tax purpose Tax effect of income not taxable	税務影響 就税務不應課税之收入之	82	14,614
for tax purpose	税務影響	(3,895)	(991)
Tax effect of tax loss not recognised	未確認税務虧損之税務影響	35,160	24,541
Tax effect of share of results of associates	分佔聯營公司業績之税務影響	_	(1,041)
Tax effect of deductible temporary differences	不予確認可扣減暫時差額之税務		
not recognised	影響 ————————————————————————————————————	6	10
Income tax expense	所得税開支	_	_

11. LOSS FOR THE YEAR

11. 年內虧損

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Loss for the year has been arrived at after charging the following:	年內虧損乃扣除下列各項 後達致:		
Auditors' remuneration	核數師酬金	1,020	1,100
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備折舊	35	60
Depreciation of right-of-use assets Expenses relating to short-term lease	使用權資產折舊 有關短期租賃款項之開支	2,274	1,184
payment		_	1,029
Cost of inventories recognised as an expense	確認為開支之存貨成本	13,784	12,960
Staff costs, exclusive of directors' emoluments	不包括董事酬金在內之員工 成本		
Salaries, bonus and other benefits	薪金、花紅及其他福利	5,401	4,504
Retirement benefits scheme contributions	退休福利計劃供款	107	109
		5,508	4,613

12. DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS

The board of directors represents the senior management of the Group.

The emoluments paid or payable to each of the ten (2020: nine) directors were as follows:

12. 董事酬金

董事會代表本集團高級管理層。

已付或應付十名(二零二零年:九名)董事之酬金如下:

Name of Directors 董事姓名		Directors' fee 董事袍金 HK\$'000 千港元	Salaries and other benefits 薪金及 其他福利 HK\$'000 千港元	Retirement benefit scheme contributions 退休福利 計劃供款 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總額 HK\$'000 千港元
Tang Rong Chen Weijun Xiao Yan Jiang Nian Zhang Zhihong (note (a)) Wang Rongliang Wu Yanmin Gao Yuan Xing Huang He (note (b)) Chen Jinzhong (note (c))	唐榕 陳偉君 肖焱 蔣年 張志鴻(附註(a)) 王榮樑 鄔燕縣 高顏鶴(附註(b)) 陳金中(附註(c))	60 80 60 60 60 60 60 —	488 1,300 250	- - - - - - - 8	548 80 60 60 60 60 1,360 258
Total for the year ended 31 March 2021	截至二零二一年 三月三十一日 止年度之總額	500	2,038	8	2,546
Tang Rong Chen Weijun (note (c)) Xiao Yan Jiang Nian Zhang Zhihong (note (a)) Wang Rongliang Wu Yanmin Gao Yuan Xing Huang He (note (b))	唐榕 陳偉君(附註(c)) 肖焱 蔣年 張志鴻(附註(a)) 王榮樑 鄔燕敏 高源興 黃鶴(附註(b))	60 80 60 60 60 60 60	488 - 202 - 106 1,300 650	- - - - - - 10 18	548 80 60 262 60 60 166 1,370 668
Total for the year ended 31 March 2020	截至二零二零年 三月三十一日 止年度之總額	500	2,746	28	3,274

Notes:

- (a) Dr. Zhang Zhihong was resigned as an independent non-executive director on 11 November 2020.
- (b) Ms. Huang He was retired as an executive director on 31 August 2020.
- (c) Mr. Chen Jinzhong was appointed as an independent non-executive director 1 February 2021.

附註:

- (a) 張志鴻博士於二零二零年十一月十一日 辭任獨立非執行董事。
- (b) 黃鶴女士於二零二零年八月三十一日退 任執行董事。
- (c) 陳金中先生於二零二一年二月一日獲委 任為獨立非執行董事。

12. DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS (Continued)

No directors waived any emoluments in current and prior year.

During current year and prior year, no emoluments were paid by the Group to the directors as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group.

13. EMPLOYEES' EMOLUMENTS

The five highest paid individuals in the Group during the year included three (2020: three) directors whose emoluments are reflected in the analysis presented above. The emoluments of the remaining two (2020: two) individuals are set out below:

12. 董事酬金(續)

於本年度及先前年度,概無董事放棄 酬金。

於本年度及先前年度,本集團並無向 任何董事支付酬金,作為彼等加入或 於加入本集團時之獎勵。

13. 僱員酬金

年內,本集團五名最高薪人士包括 三名(二零二零年:三名)董事,彼等 之酬金於上表分析中反映。其餘兩名 (二零二零年:兩名)人士之酬金載列 如下:

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Basic salaries and other benefits Retirement benefit scheme contributions	基本薪金及其他福利 退休福利計劃供款	1,000 36	1,000 36
		1,036	1,036

The emoluments fell within the following band:

酬金介乎以下範圍:

		Number of individuals 人數	
		2021 20 二零二一年 二零二零	
HK\$Nil to HK\$1,000,000	零港元至1,000,000港元	2	2

14. DIVIDEND

The directors do not recommend the payment of dividend for the year ended 31 March 2021 (2020: Nil).

14. 股息

董事並不建議派發截至二零二一年三 月三十一日止年度之股息(二零二零 年:無)。

15. LOSS PER SHARE

The calculation of the basic and diluted loss per share attributable to the owners of the Company is based on the following data:

15. 每股虧損

本公司擁有人應佔每股基本及攤薄虧 損乃按以下數據為基準計算:

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Loss for the purposes of basic and diluted loss per share (Loss for the year attributable to owners of the Company)	就計算每股基本及攤薄虧 損之虧損(本公司 擁有人應佔年內虧損)	(204,939)	(211,117)

Number of shares 股份數目

2021	2020
二零二一年	二零二零年
'000	'000
千股	千股

Weighted average number of ordinary 就計算每股基本及攤薄虧損 shares for the purpose of basic and diluted loss per share 就計算每股基本及攤薄虧損 之普通股加權平均數

1,464,193 1,464,193

For the year ended 31 March 2021, basic and diluted loss per share was HK\$0.1400 (2020: HK\$0.1442), which is based on the loss for the year of approximately HK\$204,939,000 (2020: HK\$211,117,000) and the denominators detailed above for both basic and diluted loss per share.

No diluted loss per share has been presented as the exercise of the outstanding convertible bonds issued by the Company would result in a decrease in loss per share (i.e. anti-dilutive).

根據年內虧損約204,939,000港元(二零二零年:211,117,000港元)及上文詳述之用作每股基本及攤薄虧損之分母,截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度,每股基本及攤薄虧損為0.1400港元(二零二零年:0.1442港元)。

由於行使本公司發行之尚未行使可換 股債券將導致每股虧損減少(即反攤 薄),故並無呈列每股攤薄虧損。

16. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT 16. 物業、廠房及設備

		Plant and machinery 廠房及機器 HK\$'000 千港元	Motor vehicles 汽車 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總額 HK\$'000 千港元
COST As at 1 April 2019, 31 March 2020 and 1 April 2020	成本 於二零一九年四月一日、 二零二零年三月三十一日及 二零二零年四月一日	516	313	829
Disposal Deregistration of subsidiaries	出售 撤銷附屬公司註冊	 (36)	(284)	(284) (36)
As at 31 March 2021	於二零二一年三月三十一日	480	29	509
ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION AND IMPAIRMENT	累計折舊及減值			
As at 1 April 2019 Charge for the year	於二零一九年四月一日 年內支出	421 60	313 —	734 60
As at 31 March 2020 and 1 April 2020 Disposal Deregistration of subsidiaries Charge for the year	於二零二零年三月三十一日 及二零二零年四月一日 出售 撤銷附屬公司註冊 年內支出	481 — (36) 35	313 (284) — —	794 (284) (36) 35
As at 31 March 2021	於二零二一年三月三十一日	480	29	509
CARRYING AMOUNTS As at 31 March 2021	賬面值 於二零二一年三月三十一日	_		_
As at 31 March 2020	於二零二零年三月三十一日	35	_	35

17. RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS

17. 使用權資產

		Leasehold properties 租賃物業 HK\$'000 千港元
Cost	成本	
As at 1 April 2019	於二零一九年四月一日	418
Additions	添置	4,227
Exchange realignment	匯兑調整	(32)
As at 31 March 2020 and 1 April 2020	於二零二零年三月三十一日及	
	二零二零年四月一日	4,613
Exchange realignment	匯兑調整	51
As at 31 March 2021	於二零二一年三月三十一日	4,664
<u> </u>	21-2-1-2-1-2	.,,,,
Accumulated depreciation	累計折舊	
As at 1 April 2019	於二零一九年四月一日	_
Depreciation for the year	年內折舊	1,184
Exchange realignment	匯 兑 調 整	(4)
As at 31 March 2020 and 1 April 2020	於二零二零年三月三十一日及	
	二零二零年四月一日	1,180
Depreciation for the year	年內折舊	2,274
Exchange realignment	匯兑調整	24
As at 31 March 2021	於二零二一年三月三十一日	3,478
Net carrying value	賬 面 淨 值	
As at 31 March 2021	於二零二一年三月三十一日	1,186
As at 31 March 2020	於二零二零年三月三十一日	3,433

18. INTANGIBLE ASSET

18. 無形資產

In-process R & D 研發過程 HK\$'000 千港元

COST AND CARRYING VALUES

As at 1 April 2019, 31 March 2020, 1 April 2020 and 31 March 2021

成本及賬面值

於二零一九年四月一日、

二零二零年三月三十一日、

二零二零年四月一日及

二零二一年三月三十一日

1,373,224

The In-process R&D represented an in-process research and development project involving the Product. The patents of an invention "a method of production of oil-phase preparation of oral insulin (一種製備口服胰島素油相製 劑的方法)" in relation to the Product are registered under the joint names of Fosse Bio-Engineering Development Limited ("Fosse Bio") and Tsinghua University, Beijing ("THU") granted by State Intellectual Property Office of the PRC and United States Patent and Trademark Office of the United States of America granted on 4 August 2004 and 28 March 2006 respectively and will be expired on 20 April 2021 and 12 April 2022 respectively. Fosse Bio is a subsidiary of Smart Ascent, which became a subsidiary of the Company upon completion of the acquisition on 28 July 2014. In addition, Fosse Bio and THU have entered into the agreements in 1998 in connection with the research and development of the Product. Pursuant to the THU Collaboration Arrangement, which is originally expired in October 2018. During the year ended 31 March 2019, the Group has entered into a supplemental agreement with THU to renew the terms of the collaboration for another five years to October 2023. (the "Renewed THU Collaboration Agreement"). Under the Renewed THU Collaboration Agreement, Fosse Bio would be entitled to commercialise the relevant technologies of the Product and to manufacture and sell the Product on an exclusive basis, and THU is entitled to 1.5% of Fosse Bio's annual sales upon commercialisation of the Product. Accordingly, Fosse Bio has the exclusive right for the commercialisation of the Product for the duration of the unexpired term of the Renewed THU Collaboration Agreement.

研發過程指涉及產品正在進行的研 發項目。一項有關產品之[一種製備 口服胰島素油相製劑的方法」之專利 以福仕生物工程有限公司(「福仕」)及 北京清華大學(「清華大學」)共同名義 登記,並由中國國家知識產權局及美 國國家專利及商標局分別於二零零四 年八月四日及二零零六年三月二十八 日授出, 並將分別於二零二一年四月 二十日及二零二二年四月十二日到期。 福仕是進生之附屬公司, 進生於本公 司在二零一四年七月二十八日完成收 購後成為本公司之附屬公司。此外, 福仕及清華大學於一九九八年簽訂多 項有關研發產品之協議。根據該原 來於二零一八年十月到期之合作研發 協議。截至二零一九年三月三十一日 止年度,本集團與清華大學訂立補充 協議,以將合作年期另外重續五年 至二零二三年十月(「重續合作研發協 議一)。根據重續合作研發協議,福仕 有權商品化產品之有關技術及獨家 生產及銷售產品,而清華大學有權於 產品商品化完成後享有福仕1.5%之年 銷售額。據此,福仕在重續合作研 發協議未屆滿年期內擁有商品化產 品之專有權。

18. INTANGIBLE ASSETS (Continued)

Legal advisors of the Company have informed that if the Renewed THU collaboration agreement is early terminated or expired, Fosse Bio will no longer have the exclusive right of the commercialisation of the Product. Any of Fosse Bio or THU will have the rights to independently commercialise the patented product, without the consent from each other. However, given that THU is an educational unit and does not engage in commercialisation of the Product, the directors of the Company have prepared the cash flow projections for the 10-year period using the assumption that the product will be launched in the mid of 2023.

The recoverable amount of the In-process R&D is determined based on fair value calculations using the income approach, with reference to the valuation performed by Roma Appraisal Limited, an independent firm of professional qualified valuers. The fair value calculation used the cash flow projections prepared by the management based on certain key assumptions, in which the estimated cash inflows derived from budgeted sales and expected gross margin were based on the expectations for the market development. In addition, the fundamental assumptions included the regulatory approvals from the relevant government bodies (in particular, the granting of the certificate of new medicine and pharmaceutical manufacturing permit for the Product by China Food and Drug Administration of the PRC) to launch the Product in the mid of 2023.

The expected future economic benefits attributable to the Inprocess R&D approved by the management cover a 10-year period. The calculation used in the cash flow projections with certain key parameters are as below:

18. 無形資產(續)

管理層審批的研發過程應佔預期未來經濟利益涵蓋10年期間。現金流量預測所用計算及若干關鍵參數如下所示:

		2021 二零二一年	2020 二零二零年
Discount rate (post-tax)	貼現率(税後)	24.67%	24.64%
Growth rate	增長率	2%	3%
Gross profit ratio	總利潤率	64.66%	64.44%

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 綜合財務報表附註

18. INTANGIBLE ASSETS (Continued)

Based on the impairment review assessment, the recoverable amount of the Group's intangible asset is estimated to be higher than the carrying amount. Therefore, the directors of the Company are of the opinion that no impairment on the carrying amount of the In-process R&D has to be recognised for the year (2020: Nil).

18. 無形資產(續)

根據減值檢討評估,本集團估計無形資產的可收回款項將高於其賬面值。 因此,本公司董事認為,毋須就年內研發過程之賬面值確認減值(二零二零年:無)。

19. TRADE RECEIVABLES

19. 貿易應收賬款

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Trade receivables Less: Loss allowance for expected	貿易應收賬款 減:預期信貸虧損之	15,819	15,840
credit loss	M. 原知 日 頁 間 頁 是 虧損 撥 備	(496)	(232)
		15,323	15,608

The Group's trading terms with its customers are mainly based on credit. The credit terms of 90 days (2020: 90 days). All sales made to the major customer have short credit terms. These credit evaluations focus on the customers' past history of making payments when due and current ability to pay, and take into account information specific to the customer as well as pertaining to the economic environment in which the customer operates. The Group seeks to maintain strict control over its outstanding receivables. Overdue balances are reviewed regularly by senior management.

The following is an aged analysis of trade receivables presented based on the invoice date at the end of the reporting period:

於報告期末,根據發票日期呈列之貿 易應收賬款之賬齡分析如下:

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
30 days or less	30日或以下	2,234	_
31 to 60 days	31至60日	869	_
61 to 90 days	61至90日	1,640	725
Over 90 days	超過90日	10,580	14,883
		15,323	15,608

The Group did not hold any collateral over these balances.

本集團概無就該等結餘持有任何抵 押品。

Details of impairment assessment of trade receivables are set out in note 33.

貿易應收賬款減值評估之詳情載於 附註33。

20. PREPAYMENTS, DEPOSITS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

20. 預付款項、按金及其他應收款項

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Prepaid rental, management fee and other prepaid project operating fund Deposits paid Others	預付租金、管理費及其他 預付項目營運經費 已付按金 其他	59 595 3,831	_ 549 3,093
Total	總計	4,485	3,642

Details of impairment of other receivables and deposits are set out in note 33.

其他應收款項及按金減值評估之詳 情載於附註33。

21. BANK BALANCES AND CASH

Bank balances and cash comprise cash and bank balances held by the Group with original maturity of three months or less and carry interest at prevailing deposit rates which range from 0.016% to 0.027% (2020: 0.016% to 0.027%) per annum.

22. TRADE PAYABLES

The following is an aged analysis of trade payables presented based on the invoice date at the end of the reporting period:

21. 銀行結餘及現金

銀行結餘及現金包括本集團持有之現金及銀行結餘,原到期日為三個月或更短時間,按現行存款利率計息,利率介乎每年0.016%至0.027%(二零二零年:0.016%至0.027%)。

22.貿易應付賬款

於報告期末,根據發票日期呈列之貿 易應付賬款之賬齡分析如下:

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
30 days or less	30日或以下	2,070	_
31 to 60 days	31至60日	810	_
Over 60 days	超過60日	2,599	10,253
		5,479	10,253

The average credit period on purchase of goods normally range from 60 days to 90 days.

購買貨品之平均信貸期通常介乎60日 至90日。

23. LEASE LIABILITIES

23. 租賃負債

	=	2021 □零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Current 即 即 期 Non-current 非 即	期即期	1,118 —	2,285 1,111
		1,118	3,396
上 一 Within one year	下列期間內到期之 最低租賃款項 - 一年內 - 超過一年 但不多於兩年	1,136 —	2,411
Future finance charges 未交	 來融資開支	1,136 (18)	3,539 (143)
Present value of lease liabilities 租1	責負債現值	1,118	3,396
payments — Within one year —	氐租賃款項現值 - 一年內 - 超過一年 但不多於兩年	1,118	2,285 1,111
		1,118	3,396
Amounts due for settlement within one 於- year Amounts due for settlement after one 於- year		1,118	2,285 1,111
		1,118	3,396

23. LEASE LIABILITIES (Continued)

23. 租賃負債(續)

The exposure of the Group's lease liabilities are as follow:

本集團所面臨之租賃負債如下:

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
A I of A		0.000	444
As at 1 April	於四月一日	3,396	411
Additions	添置	-	4,174
Interest expense	利息開支	127	116
Repayment	還款	(2,426)	(1,278)
Exchange realignment	匯 兑 調 整	21	(27)
As at 31 March	於三月三十一日	1,118	3,396

24. LOAN TO A NON-CONTROLLING INTEREST

24. 非控股權益貸款

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Loan to a non-controlling interest Fordnew (Note a) Carrying value Less: Impairment loss	非控股權益貸款 福聯(附註a) 賬面值 減:減值虧損	6,067 (6,067)	6,067 (6,067)

Notes:

(a) This represents a loan made by Smart Ascent to Fordnew Industrial Limited ("Fordnew") pursuant to the loan agreement dated 25 May 2011. The loan is unsecured and non-interest bearing and repayment term was eight years after drawdown dates.

On 7 April 2014, Fordnew made a drawdown notice amounting to about HK\$2,789,000, and prior to the completion of acquisition on 28 July 2014, the aggregate utilised and unutilised balances were HK\$10,579,000 and HK\$19,421,000 respectively.

As at 31 March 2015, principal amounts of HK\$4,807,000, HK\$1,190,000 and HK\$4,582,000 are required to be repaid after 8 years from April 2011, April 2012 and April 2014 respectively. Accordingly, the balance is classified as non-current. Such noncurrent interest-free loan to a non-controlling interest is recognised at its fair value of HK\$2,977,000 upon the acquisition of Smart Ascent with an effective interest rate of 26.99% per annum.

During the year ended 31 March 2021, no further imputed interest income has been credited to profit or loss since the amounts was fully impaired (2020: Nil).

附註:

(a) 該款項指進生根據日期為二零一一年五 月二十五日之貸款協議向福聯實業有限 公司(「福聯」)授出之貸款。該貸款為無 抵押及無利息,且其還款期為支款日後 八年期。

於二零一四年四月七日,福聯發出一份金額約為2,789,000港元之提款通知書,而於二零一四年七月二十八日之收購完成前,已使用及未使用之結餘總額分別為10,579,000港元及19,421,000港元。

於二零一五年三月三十一日,本金額4,807,000港元、1,190,000港元及4,582,000港元分別需於二零一一年四月、二零一二年四月及二零一四年四月起計八年後償還。據此,該結餘會被分類為非即期。在6,99%收購進之非即期無利息貸款2,977,000港元之公平值已被確認。

截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度,由 於該等款項已悉數減值,故不再有估算 利息收入已計入損益(二零二零年:無)。

- 25. AMOUNTS DUE TO NON-CONTROLLING INTERESTS AND FORMER NON-CONTROLLING INTERESTS, AMOUNT DUE TO FORMER ASSOCIATE, LOAN FROM A NON-CONTROLLING INTEREST, LOAN FROM A FORMER ASSOCIATE AND LOAN FROM A SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDER
- 25. 應付非控股權益及前非控股權益款項、應付前聯營公司款項、來自非控股權益貸款、來自前聯營公司貸款及一位主要股東貸款

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Amounts due to non-controlling	應付非控股權益款項		
interests Fordnew (Notes a and b)	福聯(附註a及b)	3,092	3,092
Amounts due to former	應付前非控股權益款項		
non-controlling interests Zheng Chang Xue (Notes a and b)	鄭昌學(附註a及b)	559	559
Hou Shi Chang (Notes a and b) Feel So Good Limited	侯世昌(附註a及b) Feel So Good Limited	165	165
(Notes a and b)	(附註a及b)	99	99
		823	823
Amount due to former associate Extrawell (BVI) (Note d)	應付前聯營公司款項 Extrawell (BVI) (附註d)	41,947	41,947
Loan from a non-controlling interest Fordnew (Note c)	來自非控股權益貸款 福聯(附註c)	20,929	20,929
Loan from a former associate Extrawell (BVI) (Note e)	來自前聯營公司貸款 Extrawell (BVI) (附註e)	16,118	15,383
Loan from a substantial shareholder Dr. Mao (Note f)	來自一位主要股東貸款 毛博士(附註f)	20,000	7,000

- 25. AMOUNTS DUE TO NON-CONTROLLING INTERESTS AND FORMER NON-CONTROLLING INTERESTS, AMOUNT DUE TO FORMER ASSOCIATE, LOAN FROM A NON-CONTROLLING INTEREST, LOAN FROM A FORMER ASSOCIATE AND LOAN FROM A SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDER (Continued)
- 25. 應付非控股權益及前非控股權益款項、應付前聯營款項、來自非控股權益貸款、來自前聯營公司貸款及一位主要股東貸款(續)

Notes:

- (a) The amounts are unsecured, interest-free and have no fixed terms of repayment.
- (b) The amounts represent contributions made by non-controlling interests of Fosse Bio in respect of working capital and operation funds for the further clinical trials of the oral insulin project. The amounts due to non-controlling interests and former non-controlling interests were respectively HK\$22,671,000 and HK\$823,000 at the date of acquisition on 28 July 2014.
- (c) This represents a loan made by Fordnew to Fosse Bio pursuant to the loan agreement entered into between Smart Ascent and Fordnew on 25 May 2011. The loan is unsecured and non-interest bearing. Details of the loan are disclosed in note 24(a) to these consolidated financial statements.
- (d) The amount is unsecured, interest-free and is not repayable within one year.
- (e) On 27 July 2018, the Company and Extrawell (BVI) entered into a shareholders' loan agreement for a loan to Smart Ascent amounting to HK\$30 million in total (the "Loan"), to be contributed as to 51% i.e. HK\$15.3 million by the Company and as to 49% i.e. HK\$14.7 million by Extrawell (BVI). The Loan is unsecured, interest bearing at 5% per annum.

Smart Ascent has been fully drawn down the loan. As at 31 March 2021, interest expenses of HK\$1,104,000 (2020: HK\$556,000) is recognised to profit or loss.

(f) For the year ended 31 March 2021 and 2020. The loan from a substantial shareholder is unsecured, non-interest bearing and repayment on demand.

26. DEFERRED TAX

At 31 March 2021, the Group had estimated unused tax losses of HK\$48,803,000 (2020: HK\$48,803,000) available for offset against future profits. No deferred tax asset has been recognised in respect of the tax losses due to the unpredictability of future profit streams. The tax losses have not been agreed by the relevant authorities.

附註:

- (a) 該款項為無抵押、免息及無固定償還 期。
- (b) 該款項指福仕的非控股權益就該營運資金及口服胰島素項目的進一步臨床試驗的經營資金之供款。於收購日期二零一四年七月二十八日,該應付非控股權益款項及前非控股權益款項分別為22,671,000港元及823,000港元。
- (c) 這表示福聯根據於二零一一年五月二十五 日進生與福聯簽訂貸款協議借予福仕之 貸款。該貸款為無抵押及無利息。貸款 內容詳見綜合財務報表附註24(a)。
- (d) 該款項為無抵押、免息及無需在一年內 償還。
- (e) 於二零一八年七月二十七日,本公司及 Extrawell (BVI)訂立一份股東貸款協議, 向進生提供總額為30,000,000港元之貸 款(「該貸款」),由本公司提供51%款項 (即15,300,000港元)及由Extrawell (BVI) 提供49%款項(即14,700,000港元)。該 貸款為無抵押、年利率為5%。

進生已悉數提取該貸款。於二零二一年 三月三十一日,利息支出1,104,000港元 (二零二零年:556,000港元)已於損益內 確認。

(f) 截至二零二一年及二零二零年三月三十一 日止年度,來自一位主要股東貸款為無 抵押、無利息及按要求償還。

26. 遞延税項

於二零二一年三月三十一日,本集團估計有未動用税項虧損48,803,000港元(二零二零年:48,803,000港元),可用作抵銷日後溢利。由於未能預測日後溢利流量,故並無就有關稅項虧損確認遞延税項資產。有關當局尚未議定税項虧損。

27. CONVERTIBLE BONDS

The movement of liability component of Convertible Bonds issued by the Company for the year is set out below:

27. 可換股債券

年內本公司發行之可換股債券負債部 分之變動載列如下:

		Convertible Bonds I 可換股 債券一 HK\$'000 千港元	Convertible Bonds II 可換股 債券二 HK\$'000 千港元	Convertible Bonds III 可換股 債券三 HK\$'000 千港元	Convertible Bonds IV 可換股 債券四 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總 計 HK\$'000 千港元
As at 1 April 2019	於二零一九年四月一日	120,978	58,195	461,684	17,775	658,632
Effective interest expenses	實際利息開支	27,247	8,526	106,418	4,176	146,367
Deemed early redemption of	視作提早贖回可換股債券					
convertible bonds		(37,248)	(52,358)	_	_	(89,606)
Modification of convertible bonds	修改可換股債券	_		27,749	_	27,749
As at 31 March 2020 and	於二零二零年三月三十一日					
1 April 2020	及二零二零年四月一日	110,977	14,363	595,851	21,951	743,142
Effective interest expenses	實際利息開支	28,986	3,413	130,677	27,094	190,170
As at 31 March 2021	於二零二一年三月三十一日	139,963	17,776	726,528	49,045	933,312

The effective interest rates of all the liability component of all the convertible bonds ranged from: 23.44% to 26.24% per annum (2020: 23.44% to 26.24% per annum).

Convertible Bonds I

The Company issued convertible bonds in an aggregate principal amount of HK\$436,800,000 and HK\$51,200,000 respectively on 25 October 2013 and 27 December 2013 (collectively referred to as "Convertible Bonds I") for the acquisition of Sale CB-I and 450,000,000 ordinary shares of Extrawell. The Convertible Bonds I with a zero coupon rate mature on the tenth anniversary of the date of issue.

The Convertible Bonds I entitle the bond holders to convert them into shares of the Company at any time within 10 years from the date of issue of the Convertible Bonds I, at the conversion price per share of HK\$0.40, subject to anti-dilution clauses.

If the Convertible Bonds I have not been converted, they will be redeemed at par on the tenth anniversary of the date of issue.

所有可換股債券的所有負債部分的實際利率介乎:每年23.44%至26.24%(二零二零年:每年23.44%至26.24%)。

可換股債券一

本公司於二零一三年十月二十五日及二零一三年十二月二十七日發行可換股債券,合計本金分別為436,800,000港元及51,200,000港元(合稱「可換股債券一」),旨在收購待售可換股債券一以及精優的450,000,000股普通股。零息票率的可換股債券一在發行日期起計第十週年當日到期。

可換股債券一賦予債券持有人權利, 於發行可換股債券一日期後十年內隨 時將可換股債券一轉換為本公司股份,轉換價為每股股份0.40港元,須 受反攤薄條款限制。

倘可換股債券一未獲轉換,其將於發 行日期後第十週年日按面值贖回。

Convertible Bonds I (Continued)

The Convertible Bonds I are issued in HK\$. The fair values of the liability component were HK\$42,886,000 and HK\$4,981,000 for the Convertible Bonds I issued by the Company on 25 October 2013 and 27 December 2013 respectively, which has been determined by the discounted cash flow approach using the prevailing market interest rate of similar non-convertible bonds and taking into account the credit risk of the Company. The fair values of the conversion option of HK\$671,267,000 and HK\$82,161,000 classified as equity component for the Convertible Bonds I issued by the Company on 25 October 2013 and 27 December 2013 respectively were calculated using the Binomial Model. The inputs into the model were as follows:

27. 可換股債券(續)

可換股債券一(續)

		25 October 2013 二零一三年 十月二十五日 Principal amount of HK\$436,800,000 本金額 436,800,000港元	27 December 2013 二零一三年 十二月二十七日 Principal amount of HK\$51,200,000 本金額 51,200,000港元
Stock price	股價	HK\$0.91	HK\$0.99
Glock price		0.91港元	0.99港元
Exercise price	行使價	HK\$0.40	HK\$0.40
		0.40港元	0.40港元
Discount rate	貼現率	26.12%	26.24%
Risk-free rate (note a)	無風險利率(附註a)	1.83%	2.32%
Expected volatility (note b)	預期波幅(附註b)	86.71%	85.53%
Expected dividend yield (note c)	預期股息收益率(附註c)	0.00%	0.00%

Any changes in the major inputs used in the model will result in changes in the fair value of the liability component. The variables and assumptions used in calculating the fair value of the liability component are based on the directors' best estimate.

Notes:

- (a) The rate was determined with reference to the yields of Hong Kong government bonds and treasury bills as at the date of valuation.
- (b) Based on the historical price volatility of the Company over the past bond period.
- (c) Estimated by reference to the historical dividend payout of the Company.

模式所用之主要輸入數據發生任何 變動,將導致債務部分公平值發生 變化。計算負債部分公平值所用變量 及假設乃基於董事的最佳估計。

附註:

- (a) 該利率乃參考於估值日期香港政府債券 及國庫券的收益率釐定。
- (b) 基於債券期間本公司的過往價格波幅。
- (c) 根據本公司的過往股息派付估計得出。

Convertible Bonds I (Continued)

During the year ended 31 March 2021 and 2020, none of the Convertible Bonds I was converted into ordinary shares of the Company.

The movement of liability component of Convertible Bonds I for the year is set out below:

27. 可換股債券(續)

可換股債券一(續)

於截至二零二一及二零二零年三月 三十一日止年度,並無可換股債券一 被轉換為本公司普通股。

年內可換股債券一之負債部分變動情 況如下:

		Principal amount 本金額 HK\$'000 千港元	Carrying amount 賬面值 HK\$'000 千港元
As at 1 April 2019 Effective interest expense Deemed early redemption of	於二零一九年四月一日 實際利息開支 視作提早贖回可換股債券	351,600 —	120,978 27,247
convertible bonds		(95,600)	(37,248)
As at 31 March 2020 and 1 April 2020		050.000	110.077
Effective interest expense	及二零二零年四月一日 實際利息開支	256,000 —	110,977 28,986
As at 31 March 2021	於二零二一年三月三十一日	256,000	139,963

Convertible Bonds II

The Company issued convertible bonds in an aggregate principal amount of HK\$64,000,000, HK\$64,000,000 and HK\$64,000,000 respectively on 24 April 2014, 30 August 2014 and 31 December 2014 (collectively referred to as "Convertible Bonds II") for the acquisition of Sale CB-II first batch, second batch and third batch respectively. The Convertible Bonds II with zero coupon rate will mature on the tenth anniversary of the date of issue.

The Convertible Bonds II entitle the bond holders to convert them into shares of the Company at any time within 10 years from the date of issue of the Convertible Bonds II, at the initial conversion price per share of HK\$0.40, subject to anti-dilution clauses.

If the Convertible Bonds II have not been converted, they will be redeemed at par on the tenth anniversary of the date of issue.

可換股債券二

本公司於二零一四年四月二十四日、二零一四年八月三十日及二零一四年十二月三十一日分別以本金總64,000,000港元、64,000,000港元以及64,000,000港元發行可換股債券二二分,旨在分別以購待售可換股債券二第一批、第三批。零息票率的可換股債券二在發行日期起計第十週年當日期。

可換股債券二賦予債券持有人權利, 於發行可換股債券二日期後十年內 隨時將可換股債券二轉換為本公司 股份,初始轉換價為每股股份0.40港 元,惟須受反攤薄條款限制。

倘可換股債券二未經轉換,將於發行 日期起計第十週年當日按面值予以贖 回。

Convertible Bonds II (Continued)

The Convertible Bonds II are issued in HK\$. The fair values of the liability component were HK\$6,622,000, HK\$6,916,000 and HK\$7,577,000 for the Convertible Bonds II issued by the Company on 24 April 2014, 30 August 2014 and 31 December 2014 respectively, which has been determined by the discounted cash flow approach using the prevailing market interest rate of similar non-convertible bonds and taking into account the credit risk of the Company. The fair values of the conversion option of HK\$131,454,000, HK\$118,983,000 and HK\$112,597,000 classified as equity component for the Convertible Bonds II issued by the Company on 24 April 2014, 30 August 2014 and 31 December 2014 respectively were calculated using Binomial Model. The inputs into the model were as follows:

27. 可換股債券(續) 可換股債券二(續)

可換股債券二以港元發行。本公司於二零一四年四月二十四日、二零一四年八月三十日及二零一四年十二月三十一日所發行的可換股債券二的負債部分公港元及7,577,000港元,乃透過貼現現負債分別為6,622,000港元,乃透過貼現明度,並計及本公司於二零一四年,一日發行之可換股債分別為131,454,000港元,乃透過二項共工分類為權益部分換股權之公平值券二分類為權益部分換股權之公可換股值分別為131,454,000港元,乃透過二項共式計算。該模式的輸入如下:

		24 April 2014 二零一四年 四月二十四日 Principal amount of HK\$64,000,000 本金額 64,000,000港元	30 August 2014 二零一四年 八月三十日 Principal amount of HK\$64,000,000 本金額 64,000,000港元	31 December 2014 二零一四年 十二月三十一日 Principal amount of HK\$64,000,000 本金額 64,000,000港元
Stock price	股價	HK\$1.42	HK\$1.19	HK\$1.16
Otook price	IX 慎	1.42港元	1.19港元	1.16港元
Exercise price	行使價	HK\$0.40	HK\$0.40	HK\$0.40
		0.40港元	0.40港元	0.40港元
Discount rate	貼現率	25.46%	24.92%	23.78%
Risk-free rate (note a)	無風險利率(附註a)	2.20%	1.84%	1.85%
Expected volatility (note b)	預期波幅(附註b)	84.57%	82.53%	80.79%
Expected dividend yield (note c)	預期股息收益率(附註c)	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

Any changes in the major inputs used in the model will result in changes in the fair value of the liability component. The variables and assumptions used in calculating the fair value of the liability component are based on the directors' best estimate.

模式所用之主要輸入數據發生任何 變動,將導致債務部分公平值發生 變化。計算負債部分公平值所用變量 及假設乃基於董事的最佳估計。

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 綜合財務報表附註

27. CONVERTIBLE BONDS (Continued)

Convertible Bonds II (Continued)

Notes:

- (a) The rate was determined with reference to the yields of Hong Kong government bonds and treasury bills as at the date of valuation.
- (b) Based on the historical price volatility of the Company over the past bond period.
- (c) Estimated by reference to the historical dividend payout of the Company.

During the years ended 31 March 2021 and 2020, none of the Convertible Bonds II was converted into ordinary shares of the Company.

The movement of liability component of Convertible Bond II for the year is set out below:

27. 可換股債券(續) 可換股債券二(續)

附註:

- (a) 該利率乃參考於估值日期香港政府債券 及庫券的收益率釐定。
- (b) 基於債券期間本公司的過往價格波幅。
- (c) 根據本公司的過往股息派付估計得出。

截至二零二一年及二零二零年三月 三十一日止年度,並無可換股債券二 轉換成本公司普通股。

年內可換股債券二之負債部分之變動 列載如下:

		Principal amount 本金額 HK\$'000 千港元	Carrying amount 賬面值 HK\$'000 千港元
As at 1 April 2019	於二零一九年四月一日	192,000	58,195
Effective interest expenses	實際利息支出	-	8,526
Deemed early redemption of	視作提早贖回可換股債券		2,5_5
convertible bonds		(152,400)	(52,358)
As at 31 March 2020 and 1 April 2020	於二零二零年三月三十一日		
·	及二零二零年四月一日	39,600	14,363
Effective interest expenses	實際利息支出	_	3,413
As at 31 March 2021	於二零二一年三月三十一日	39,600	17,776

Convertible Bonds III

The Company issued convertible bonds to its associate, Extrawell, in an aggregate principal amount of HK\$715,000,000 on 28 July 2014 (collectively referred to as "Convertible Bonds III") as part of the consideration paid to acquire of 51% equity interest in Smart Ascent. The Convertible Bonds III with coupon rate of 3.5% per annum will mature on the seventh anniversary of the date of issue.

The Convertible Bonds III entitle the bond holders to convert them into shares of the Company at any time within 7 years from the date of issue of the Convertible Bonds III, at the initial conversion price per share of HK\$2.50, subject to anti-dilution clauses.

可換股債券三

本公司已於二零一四年七月二十八日發行本金總額為715,000,000港元之可換股債券(合稱「可換股債券三」)予其聯營公司精優,作為部分支付收購進生51%股權之代價。可換股債券三之票面年息率為3.5%,並將於發行日期起計第七週年當日到期。

可換股債券三賦予債券持有人權利, 於發行可換股債券三日期後七年內 隨時將可換股債券三轉換為本公司 股份,初始轉換價為每股股份2.50港 元,須受反攤薄條款限制。

Convertible Bonds III (Continued)

If the Convertible Bonds III has not been converted, they will be redeemed at par on the seventh anniversary of the date of issue.

The Convertible Bonds III are issued in HK\$. The fair value of the liability component was HK\$233,547,000 for the Convertible Bonds III issued by the Company on 28 July 2014, which has been determined by the discounted cash flow approach using the prevailing market interest rate of similar non-convertible bonds and taking into account the credit risk of the Company. The fair value of the conversion option of HK\$136,646,000 classified as equity component for the Convertible Bonds III issued by the Company on 28 July 2014 was calculated using Binomial Model. The inputs into the model were as follows:

27. 可換股債券(續)

可換股債券三(續)

倘可換股債券三未獲轉換,則將於 發行日期起計第七週年當日按面值予 以贖回。

> 28 July 2014 二零一四年 七月二十八日 Principal amount of HK\$715,000,000 本金額 715,000,000港元

Stock price	股價	HK\$1.27
		1.27港元
Exercise price	行使價	HK\$2.50
		2.50港元
Discount rate	貼現率	24.67%
Risk-free rate (note a)	無風險利率(附註a)	1.63%
Expected volatility (note b)	預期波幅(附註b)	80.04%
Expected dividend yield (note c)	預期股息收益率(附註c)	0.00%

Any changes in the major inputs used in the model will result in changes in the fair value of the liability component. The variables and assumptions used in calculating the fair value of the liability component are based on the directors' best estimate.

Notes:

- (a) The rate was determined with reference to the yields of Hong Kong government bonds and treasury bills as at the date of valuation.
- (b) Based on the historical price volatility of the Company over the past bond period.
- (c) Estimated by reference to the historical dividend payout of the Company.

模式所用之主要輸入數據發生任何 變動,將導致負債部分公平值發生變 化。計算負債部分公平值所用變量及 假設乃基於董事的最佳估計。

附註:

- (a) 該利率乃參考於估值日期香港政府債券 及庫券的收益率釐定。
- (b) 基於債券期間本公司的過往價格波幅。
- (c) 根據本公司的過往股息派付估計得出。

Convertible Bonds III (Continued)

On 28 October 2019, the Company completed the amendment of the term and condition of the Convertible Bond III with Extrawell. Under the amendment, Extrawell agreed the due date for annual interest payment of HK\$25,025,000 due on 27 July 2019, 2020 and 2021 amended to on or before 28 July 2021; and additional interest of HK\$11,261,250 shall be paid by the Company on 28 July 2021. Detail of the amendments of the term and condition of the Convertible Bond III are set out in the Company's circular dated 13 September 2019.

During the years ended 31 March 2020 and 2021, none of the Convertible Bonds III was converted into ordinary shares of the Company.

The movement of liability component of Convertible Bond III for the year is set out below:

27. 可換股債券(續)

可換股債券三(續)

截至二零二零年及二零二一年三月 三十一日止年度,並無可換股債券三 被轉換為本公司普通股。

年內可換股債券三之負債部分之變動 列載如下:

		Principal amount 本金額 HK\$'000 千港元	Carrying amount 賬面值 HK\$'000 千港元
As at 1 April 2019 Interest expense paid Modification of convertible bonds	於二零一九年四月一日 已支付利息開支 修改可換股債券	715,000 — —	461,684 106,418 27,749
As at 31 March 2020 and 1 April 2020 Interest expense paid	於二零二零年三月三十一日 及二零二零年四月一日 已支付利息開支	715,000 —	595,851 130,677
As at 31 March 2021	於二零二一年三月三十一日	715,000	726,528

Convertible Bonds IV

The Company issued convertible bonds in an aggregate principal amount of HK\$64,000,000 on 30 April 2015 (collectively referred to as "Convertible Bonds IV") for the acquisition of Sale CB-II fourth batch. The Convertible Bonds IV with zero coupon rate will mature on the tenth anniversary of the date of issue.

The Convertible Bonds IV entitle the bond holders to convert them into shares of the Company at any time within 10 years from the date of issue of the Convertible Bonds IV, at the initial conversion price per share of HK\$0.40, subject to anti-dilution clauses.

可換股債券四

本公司已於二零一五年四月三十日發行本金總額為64,000,000港元之可換股債券(合稱「可換股債券四」),以收購第四批待售可換股債券二。零息票率的可換股債券四將於發行日期起計第十週年當日到期。

可換股債券四賦予債券持有人權利, 於發行可換股債券四日期後十年內 隨時將可換股債券四轉換為本公司 股份,初始轉換價為每股股份0.40港 元,須受反攤薄條款限制。

Convertible Bonds IV (Continued)

If the Convertible Bonds IV have not been converted, they will be redeemed at par on the tenth anniversary of the date of issue.

The Convertible Bonds IV are issued in HK\$. The fair value of the liability component was HK\$7,790,000 for the Convertible Bonds IV issued by the Company on 30 April 2015, which has been determined by the discounted cash flow approach using the prevailing market interest rate of similar non-convertible bonds and taking into account the credit risk of the Company. The fair value of the conversion option of HK\$109,371,000 classified as equity component for the Convertible Bonds IV issued by the Company on 30 April 2015 was calculated using Binomial Model.

The inputs into the model were as follows:

27. 可換股債券(續)

可換股債券四(續)

倘可換股債券四未獲轉換,則將於發 行日期起計第十週年當日按票面值予 以贖回。

可換股債券四以港元發行。本公司於二零一五年四月三十日發行之可換股債券四的負債部分的公平值為7,790,000港元,乃採用類似非可換股債券的現行市場利率按貼現現金流量と會上數分之一。 並已計及本公司的信貸風險行之。 並已計及本公司的信貸風險行之可 於二零一五年四月三十日發行之可 股債券四分類為權益部分換股權之項 平值為109,371,000港元,乃採用二項 式模式計算。

該模式的輸入如下:

30 April 2015
二零一五年
四月三十日
Principal
amount of
HK\$64,000,000
本金額
64,000,000港元

股價	HK\$1.16
	1.16港元
行使價	HK\$0.40
	0.40港元
貼現率	23.44%
無風險利率(附註a)	1.48%
預期波幅(附註b)	79.49%
預期股息收益率(附註c)	0.00%
	行使價 貼現率 無風險利率(附註a) 預期波幅(附註b)

Any changes in the major inputs used in the model will result in changes in the fair value of the liability component. The variables and assumptions used in calculating the fair value of the liability component are based on the directors' best estimate.

模式所用之主要輸入數據發生任何 變動,將導致負債部分公平值發生變 化。計算負債部分公平值所用變量及 假設乃基於董事的最佳估計。

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 綜合財務報表附註

27. CONVERTIBLE BONDS (Continued)

Convertible Bonds IV (Continued)

Notes:

- (a) The rate was determined with reference to the yields of Hong Kong government bonds and treasury bills as at the date of valuation.
- (b) Based on the historical price volatility of the Company over the past bond period.
- (c) Estimated by reference to the historical dividend payout of the Company.

During the years ended 31 March 2020 and 2021, none of the Convertible Bonds IV was converted into ordinary shares of the Company.

The movement of liability component of Convertible Bond IV for the year is set out below:

27. 可換股債券(續) 可換股債券四(續)

附註:

- (a) 該利率乃參考於估值日期香港政府債券 及庫券的收益率釐定。
- (b) 基於債券期間本公司的過往價格波幅。
- (c) 根據本公司的過往股息派付估計得出。

截至二零二零年及二零二一年三月 三十一日止年度,並無可換股債券四 被轉換為本公司普通股。

年內可換股債券四之負債部分之變動 列載如下:

		Principal amount 本金額 HK\$'000 千港元	Carrying amount 賬面值 HK\$'000 千港元
As at 1 April 2019 Effective interest expense	於二零一九年四月一日 實際利息開支	64,000 —	17,775 4,176
As at 31 March 2020 and 1 April 2020			
Effective interest expense	及二零二零年四月一日 實際利息開支	64,000 —	21,951 27,094
As at 31 March 2021	於二零二一年三月三十一日	64,000	49,045

28. SHARE CAPITAL

28. 股本

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Authorised: 50,000,000,000 ordinary shares of HK\$0.01 each	法定: 50,000,000,000股每股面值 0.01港元之普通股	500,000	500,000
Issued and fully paid: 1,464,193,024 ordinary shares of HK\$0.01 each	已發行及已繳足: 1,464,193,024股每股面值 0.01港元之普通股	14,642	14,642

As at 31 March 2021, the maximum number of shares issuable upon conversion of all outstanding convertible bonds issued by the Company is 1,805,000,000 (2020: 1,805,000,000).

於二零二一年三月三十一日,在轉換所有由本公司已發行之未行使之可換股債券後之可予發行最高股份數目為1,805,000,000股(二零二零年:1,805,000,000股)。

29. RETIREMENT BENEFIT SCHEMES

The Group operates a Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme for all qualifying employees in Hong Kong. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the Group, in funds under the control of trustees. The Group and each employee employed in Hong Kong are required to make a contribution of 5% on the employees' monthly relevant income with a maximum monthly contribution of HK\$1,500 per person.

The PRC employees of the Group are members of a state-managed retirement benefit scheme operated by the local government. The Group is required to contribute a specific percentage of their payroll costs to the retirement benefit scheme to fund the benefits. The only obligation of the Group with respect to the retirement benefit scheme is to make the specified contributions.

29. 退休福利計劃

本集團為全體香港合資格僱員設立強制性公積金計劃。該計劃之資產透過受信託人控制之基金與本集團之資產分開持有。本集團及每名香港合資格僱員均須按僱員每月有關收入之5%供款,每月供款上限為每人1,500港元。

本集團中國僱員為當地政府營運之 國營退休福利計劃之成員。本集團須 按僱員之薪金成本的指定百分比比率 向該退休福利計劃供款,作該等福 利之資金。本集團於該退休福利計 劃下之唯一責任為作出特定供款。

30. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Dr. Mao and Dr. Xie have beneficial non-controlling interest in the shares of the Company. In addition, they have joint control of a company which has shareholding of the Company giving it significant influence over the Company. Save as those disclosed elsewhere in the consolidated financial statements, the Group has entered into the following related party transactions:

30. 關連人士交易

毛博士及謝博士於本公司股份中擁有 實益非控股權益。此外,彼等共同控制一間擁有本公司股權並對本公司擁 有重大影響力之公司。除綜合財務報 表其他章節所披露者外,本集團已進 行以下關連人士交易:

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	已付及應付予本公司		
payable to Dr. Mao, a shareholder of the Company (Note i)	股東毛博士之 服務費開支(附註i)	672	672
	來自本公司一位主要股東		
shareholder of the Company (Note ii)	毛博士之貸款(附註ii)	20,000	7,000
		20,672	7,672
Key management compensation:	主要管理層之報酬:		
Short-term employee benefits	短期僱員之福利	2,538	3,246
Post-employment benefits	離職後福利	8	28
		2,546	3,274

Notes:

- (i) This transaction constitutes continuing connected transaction under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules and is exempted from the reporting and disclosure requirement pursuant to Rule 14A.76(1) of the Listing Rules.
- (ii) The loan from a shareholder is unsecured, non-interest bearing and repayment on demand (2020: unsecured, non-interest bearing and repayment on demand).

附註:

- (i) 此項交易構成上市規則第14A章項下的 持續關聯交易且豁免遵守上市規則第 14A.76(1)條項下的報告及披露規定。
- (ii) 來自一位股東之貸款為無抵押、無利息及按要求償還(二零二零年:無抵押、無利息及按要求償還)。

31. PARTICULARS OF THE SUBSIDIARIES 31. 本公司附屬公司詳情 OF THE COMPANY

Name	Place of incorporation/registration	Place of operation	Registered/issued paid-up capital	Percentag	e of owners	ship interest/v	oting power	Principal activities
名稱	註冊地點	營運地點	註冊/已發行繳足股本	2	確有權權益 _/ 1 021 :二一年		比 20 二零年	主要業務
				Directly 直接	Indirectly 間接		Indirectly 間接	
Lucky Full Holdings Limited	British Virgin Islands	British Virgin	US\$1 ordinary share	100%	-	100%	-	Investment holding
福滿控股有限公司	英屬維爾京群島	英屬維爾京群島	1美元普通股					投資控股
Clear Rich International Limited	British Virgin	British Virgin	US\$1 ordinary share	-	100%	_	100%	Investment holding
晴富國際有限公司	英屬維爾京群島	英屬維爾京群島	1美元普通股					投資控股
China United Gene Health Limited	Hong Kong	Hong Kong	HK\$1 ordinary share	-	100%	-	100%	Trading of beauty equipment and products
華夏聯合基因健康產業有限公司	香港	香港	1港元普通股					美容設備及美容產品 貿易
Mega Fortune Corporation Limited	Hong Kong 香港	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$1 ordinary share 1港元普通股	-	100%	-	100%	Investment holding 投資控股
First Team Limited	Hong Kong 香港	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$1 ordinary share 1港元普通股	-	100%	-	100%	Investment holding 投資控股
Multi-Wealth Investment Limited	Hong Kong 香港	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$1 ordinary share 1港元普通股	-	100%	-	100%	Investment holding 投資控股
Able Earn Investment Limited 盛得投資有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$1 ordinary share 1港元普通股	-	100%	-	100%	Investment holding 投資控股
Top Nice Holdings Limited	Hong Kong	Hong Kong	HK\$1 ordinary share	-	100%	-	100%	Securities investment
麗高集團有限公司	香港	香港	1港元普通股					證券投資
Mega Cedar Group Limited	British Virgin Islands	British Virgin Islands	US\$1 ordinary share	-	100%	_	100%	Investment holding and securities
	英屬維爾京群島	英屬維爾京群島	1美元普通股					investment 投資控股及證券 投資

Name	Place of incorporation/registration	Place of operation	Registered/issued paid-up capital	Percentag	e of owners	ship interest/v	oting power	Principal activities																
名稱	註冊地點	營運地點	註冊/已發行繳足股本	2	確有權權益/ 021 二一年		比 20 二零年	主要業務																
					Indirectly 間接	Directly	Indirectly 間接																	
Perfect Net Limited	British Virgin Islands	British Virgin Islands	US\$1 ordinary share	-	100%	-	100%	Investment holding																
	英屬維爾京群島	英屬維爾京群島	1美元普通股					投資控股																
New Wonder Limited	British Virgin Islands	British Virgin Islands	US\$1 ordinary share	-	100%	-	100%	Investment holding																
	英屬維爾京群島	英屬維爾京群島	1美元普通股					投資控股																
Rankup Holdings Limited	British Virgin Islands	British Virgin Islands	US\$1 ordinary share	-	100%	-	100%	Investment holding																
	英屬維爾京群島	英屬維爾京群島	1美元普通股																					投資控股
Marvel Wonder Global Limited	British Virgin Islands	British Virgin Islands	US\$1 ordinary share	-	100%	-	100%	Investment holding																
	英屬維爾京群島	英屬維爾京群島	1美元普通股					投資控股																
East Longmark (Note a)	PRC	PRC	HK\$28 million registered capital	-	100%	-	100%	Provision of genetic testing																
東龍脈(附註a)	中國	中國	28,000,000港元 註冊資本					services 提供基因測試服																
Shanghai Honglian Investment Advisory Limited (Note b)	PRC	PRC	HK\$3.5 million registered capital	_	100%	_	100%	Inactive																
上海弘連投資諮詢有限公司 (附註b)	中國	中國	3,500,000港元 註冊資本					非活躍																
Smart Ascent (Note c)	Hong Kong	Hong Kong	HK\$10,000 ordinary shares	-	51%	_	51%	Investment holding																
進生(附註c)	香港	香港	10,000港元普通股					投資控股																
Fosse Bio (Note c)	Hong Kong	PRC	HK\$100,000 ordinary shares	-	26.01%	-	26.01%	Development an commercialisa of oral insulin																
福仕(附註c)	香港	中國	100,000港元普通股					products 研發及商品化口 胰島素產品																

Name	Place of incorporation/ registration 註冊成立/	Place of operation	Registered/issued paid-up capital	Percentago	e of ownershi	p interest/v	oting power	Principal activities
名稱	註冊地點	營運地點	註冊/已發行繳足股本	2 二零	種有權權益/打 0 21 ニー年	20 二零二	20 二零年	主要業務
				Directly 直接	Indirectly 間接	Directly 直接	Indirectly 間接	
Welly Surplus (Note c)	Hong Kong	PRC	HK\$100 ordinary shares	-	26.01%	_	26.01%	Inactive
瑞盈(附註c)	香港	中國	100港元普通股					非活躍
Nation Joy Industries Limited (Note c)	British Virgin Islands	British Virgin Islands	US\$10,000 ordinary	-	51%	_	51%	Inactive
國悅實業有限公司(附註c)	英屬維爾京群島	英屬維爾京群島	10,000美元普通股					非活躍

Notes:

- (a) East Longmark is a wholly foreign-owned enterprise established in the PRC on 24 November 2011 for a period of thirty years.
- (b) Shanghai Honglian Investment Advisory Limited is a wholly foreignowned enterprise established in the PRC on 26 January 2015 for a period of thirty years.
- (c) These companies became subsidiaries of the Company upon completion of Acquisition on 28 July 2014.

The above table lists the subsidiaries of the Company which, in the opinion of the directors of the Company, principally affect the financial results of the year or formed a substantial portion of the net assets of the Group. To give details of other subsidiaries would, in the opinion of the directors, result in particulars of excessive length.

附註:

- (a) 東龍脈為於二零一一年十一月二十四日 在中國成立之外商全資企業,為期三十 年。
- (b) 上海弘連投資諮詢有限公司為於二零 一五年一月二十六日在中國成立之外商 全資企業,為期三十年。
- (c) 此等公司已於二零一四年七月二十八日 之收購完成後成為本公司之附屬公司。

本公司董事認為,上表已包括對本集 團本年度之財務業績有重大影響或 構成資產淨值主要部分之附屬公司。 而倘提供其他附屬公司之詳情,董事 則認為會使篇幅過於冗長。

None of the subsidiaries had any debt securities outstanding at the end of the year or any time during the year.

The table below shows details of non-wholly owned subsidiaries of the Group that have material non-controlling interests:

於本年度完結時或年內任何時間上述 附屬公司概無任何未償還之債務證 券。

下表詳列本集團擁有重大非控股權 益之非全資附屬公司:

Name of subsidiary 附屬公司名稱	Proportion of ownership Place of incorporation interests held by non-controlling business interests 注冊成立及 非控股權益所持有之主要經營地點 權益擁有權之比例		Loss an comprehe alloca non-con inter 分配予非 之虧損及其	nsive loss ted to trolling ests 空股權益	Accumulated non-controlling interests 累計非控股權益		
		2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020
		二零二一年	_令_令牛	−♥− −年 HK\$'000 千港元	—◆—◆牛 HK\$'000 千港元	二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	—◆—◆牛 HK\$'000 千港元
Smart Ascent (Note) 進生(附註)	Hong Kong 香港	49%	49%	(735)	(267)	(6,964)	(6,229)
Fosse Bio (Note) 福仕(附註)	Hong Kong/PRC 香港/中國	73.99%	73.99%	(3,782)	(9,757)	960,254	964,036
CNL (Pinghu) 中荷(平湖)	PRC 中國	-	30%	(144)	(914)	-	(2,984)
Individually immaterial subsidiaries with non-cont interests 擁有非控股權益之 個別非重大附屬公司	rolling			(2,555)	(407)	768	3,323
				(7,216)	(11,345)	954,058	958,146

Summarised financial information in respect of each of the Group's subsidiaries that has material non-controlling interests is set out below. The summarised financial information below represents amounts before intragroup eliminations.

有關本集團具有重大非控股權益的 附屬公司的財務資料概要載於下文。 下文所載財務資料概要呈列集團內 公司間對銷前的金額。

SAL Group

進生集團

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Current assets	流動資產	5,082	7,220
Non-current assets	非流動資產	1,373,409	1,373,657
Current liabilities	流動負債	(46,312)	(46,319)
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債	(47,575)	(39,298)
Equity attributable to owners of the Company	本公司擁有人 應佔權益	336,906	340,490
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益	947,698	954,770
Revenue	收益	_	
Expenses	開支	(10,095)	(14,386)
Loss and total comprehensive expense for the year	年內虧損及全面 開支總額	(10,069)	(14,375)
Loss and total comprehensive expense attributable to Owners of the Company Non-controlling interests	虧損及全面開支 總額歸屬 本公司擁有人 非控股權益	2,998 7,071	3,943 10,432
		10,069	14,375
Net cash outflow from operating activities	於經營活動之 現金流出淨額	(10,020)	(12,957)
Net cash inflow from financing activities	於融資活動之 現金流入淨額	7,284	17,593

There are no net cash flows from investing and financing activities.

投資及融資活動並無產生現金流量 淨額。

31. PARTICULARS OF THE SUBSIDIARIES 31. 本公司附屬公司詳情(續) OF THE COMPANY (Continued) CNL (Pinghu) 中荷(平湖)

		2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Current assets	流動資產	1,073
Non-current assets	非流動資產	
Current liabilities	流動負債	(2,337)
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債	
Equity attributable to owners of the Company	本公司擁有人應佔權益	(3,048)
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益	3,376
Other income	其他收入	3
Expenses	開支	(3,048)
Loss and total comprehensive expense for the year	e 年內虧損及 全面開支總額	(3,045)
Loss and total comprehensive expense attributable to	e 虧損及全面開支 總額歸屬	
Owners of the Company Non-controlling interests	本公司擁有人 非控股權益	(2,131) (914)
		(3,045)
Net cash outflow from operating activities	於經營活動之 現金流出淨額	
Net cash inflow from investing activities	於投資活動之 現金流入淨額	

There are no cash flows from investing and financing activities.

投資及融資活動並無產生現金流量。



32. FINANCIAL INFORMATION OF THE COMPANY

32. 本公司之財務資料

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Non-current assets Property, plant and equipment Investment in subsidiary	非流動資產 物業、廠房及設備 於四屬公司 於2000 2000 200 2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 200 2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 200 2000 200 200 200 200 2000 2000 2000 200 2000 200 200 200 200 2000 2000 20		35
Right-of-use assets	使用權資產	1,000	3,000
Current assets Prepayments, deposits and other receivables Amounts due from group companies Bank balances and cash	流動資產 預付款項、按金及 其他應收款項 應收集團公司之款項 銀行結餘及現金	1,000 585 377,852 6,665	3,035 560 367,992 11,891
Dariit Balariooo aria basii	20 1 1 10 10 10 70 JE	385,102	380,443
Current liabilities Lease liabilities Accruals and other payables Loan from shareholder Convertible bond	流動負債 租賃負債 應計費用及其他應付款項 來自股東貸款 可換股債券	1,026 1,260 20,000 726,528	1,974 1,225 7,000
		748,814	10,199
Net current (liabilities)/assets	流動(負債)/資產淨額	(363,712)	370,244
Total asset less current liabilities	總資產減流動負債	(362,712)	373,279
Non-current liabilities Convertible bonds Lease liabilities	非流動負債 可換股債券 租賃負債	206,784 —	743,142 1,026
Total non-current liabilities	非流動負債總額	206,784	744,168
Net liabilities	負債淨額	(569,496)	(370,889)
Capital and reserves Share capital Reserves	資本及儲備 股本 儲備	14,642 (584,138)	14,642 (385,531)
Total equity	權益總額	(569,496)	(370,889)

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 29 June 2021 and are signed on its behalf by:

財務報表已由董事會於二零二一年六月二十九日批准,並由以下董事代表簽署:

Jiang Nian 蔣年 DIRECTOR 董事

Tang Rong 唐榕 DIRECTOR 董事

32. FINANCIAL INFORMATION OF THE COMPANY (Continued)

32. 本公司之財務資料(續)

Reserve of the Company

本公司之儲備

		Share premium 股份溢價 HK\$'000	reserve 可換股 權益儲備 HK\$'000	Accumulated losses 累計虧損 HK\$'000	Total 總計 HK\$'000
		千港元 ——	千港元	千港元 	千港元
As at 1 April 2019	於二零一九年 四月一日	1,119,294	1,152,862	(2,446,568)	(174,412)
Loss and total comprehensive expense for the year	年內虧損及全面開支 總額 視作提早贖回	_	_	(204,942)	(204,942)
Deemed early redemption of convertible bonds	可換股債券	_	(440,824)	434,647	(6,177)
Modification of convertible bonds	修改可換股債券	_	(136,646)	136,646	_
As at 31 March 2020 and 1 April 2020	於二零二零年 三月三十一日及 二零二零年 四月一日	1,119,294	575,392	(2,080,217)	(385,531)
Loss and total comprehensive expense for the year	年內虧損及全面開支 總額	_	_	(198,606)	(198,606)
As at 31 March 2021	於二零二一年 三月三十一日	1,119,294	575,392	(2,278,823)	(584,137)

33. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS Categories of financial instruments

33. 金融工具 金融工具類別

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Financial assets	金融資產		
Financial assets at FVTPL	按公平值計入損益之 金融資產		
Trade receivables	貿易應收賬款	15,323	15,608
Deposits and other receivables	按金及其他應收款項	4,485	3,642
Bank balances and cash	銀行結餘及現金	8,992	22,936
Total	總計	28,800	42,186
Financial liabilities at amortised cost	按攤銷成本列賬之金融負債		
Convertible bonds	可換股債券	933,312	743,142
Trade payables	貿易應付賬款	5,479	10,253
Accruals and other payables	應計費用及其他應付款項	1,686	5,140
Amounts due to non-controlling interests	應付非控股權益款項	3,092	3,092
Loans from a non-controlling interest	來自非控股權益貸款	20,929	20,929
Amounts due to former	應付前非控股權益款項	20,929	20,929
non-controlling interests		823	823
Amount due to a former associate	應付前聯營公司款項	41,947	41,947
Loan from a substantial shareholder	來自一位主要股東貸款	20,000	7,000
Loan from a former associate	來自一家前聯營公司貸款	16,118	15,383
Total	總計	1,043,386	847,709

33. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Group's major financial instruments include trade receivables, other receivables, bank balances, loans from non-controlling interests, trade payables, other payables, amounts due to non-controlling interests, amounts due to former non-controlling interests, loan from a substantial shareholder, loan from a former associate and convertible bonds. Details of these financial instruments are disclosed in respective notes. The risks associated with these financial instruments include interest rate risk, credit risk and liquidity risk and the policies on how to mitigate these risks are set out below. The management manages and monitors these exposures to ensure appropriate measures are implemented on a timely and effective manner.

Credit risk

The Group's credit risk is primarily attributable trade and other receivables and bank balances for current period and prior year.

As at 31 March 2021, the Group's maximum exposure to credit risk which will cause a financial loss to the Group due to failure to discharge an obligation by the counterparties is the carrying amounts of the respective recognised financial assets as stated in the consolidated statement of financial position.

The credit risk on the Group's bank balances is limited because the counterparties are banks with high credit ratings assigned by international credit-rating agencies.

In order to minimise the credit risk, the management of the Group has delegated a team responsible for the determination of credit limits, credit approvals and other monitoring procedures. In addition, management reviews the recoverable amount of each individual trade debt regularly to ensure that adequate impairment losses are recognised for irrecoverable debts.

33. 金融工具(續) 財務風險管理目標及政策

信貸風險

本集團之信貸風險主要來自本期間及 先前年度之貿易應收賬款及其他應收 款項及銀行結餘。

於二零二一年三月三十一日,本集團 所面臨之最大信貸風險(會因交易對 方未能履行責任而令本集團承擔財政 損失)為綜合財務狀況表列載之各項 已確認之金融資產之賬面值。

由於交易對方為國際信貸評級機構 評定為高信貸評級之銀行,故本集 團銀行結餘之信貸風險有限。

為盡量減低信貸風險,本集團管理層 已委任專責釐定信貸限額、信貸批核 及其他監察程序之團隊。此外,管理 層會定期審閱各個別貿易債務之可收 回金額,以確保就不可收回債務確認 足夠減值虧損。

33. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

Credit risk (Continued)

In respect of trade receivables, all sales made to major customer who have been given short credit terms. These credit evaluations focus on the customers' past history of making payments when due and current ability to pay, and take into account information specific to the customer as well as pertaining to the economic environment in which the customer operates. The average credit period granted to the customers was 90 days (2020: 90 days). As at 31 March 2021, the carrying amount of trade receivables was concentrated on one (2020: one) customer. The Group will make specific provision for those balances which cannot be recovered. Normally, the Group does not obtain collateral from customers. In the opinion of the directors, the default risk faced by the Group is considered to be low.

The maximum exposure to credit risk is represented by the carrying amount of each financial asset in the consolidated statement of financial position after deducting any impairment allowance. The Group does not provide financial guarantee which would expose the Group to credit risk.

The Group applied the HKFRS 9 simplified approach to measuring expected credit losses which uses a lifetime expected credit loss allowance for all accounts receivables. To measure the expected credit losses, accounts receivables have been grouped based on shared credit risk characteristics and the days past due.

33. 金融工具(續) 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

信貸風險(續)

面臨的最高信貸風險指扣除任何減 值撥備後綜合財務狀況表內各項金 融資產的賬面值。本集團並無提供 將使本集團面臨信貸風險的財務擔 保。

本集團應用香港財務報告準則第9號 之簡化方法計量預期信貸虧損,其 就所有應收賬款使用全期預期信貸 虧損撥備。為計量預期信貸虧損,應 收賬款已根據共享信貸風險特徵及 逾期天數分類。

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 綜合財務報表附註

33. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

Financial risk management objectives and

policies (Continued)

Credit risk (Continued)

Expected loss rates are based on actual loss experience over the past year. The historical loss rates are adjusted to reflect current and forward-looking information on macroeconomic factors affecting the ability of the customers to settle the receivables.

The credit quality of other receivables excluding prepayments has been assessed with reference to historical information about the counterparties default rates and financial position of the counterparties. The directors are of the opinion that the credit risk of other receivables is low due to the sound collection history of the receivables due from them. Therefore, expected credit loss rate of the other receivables excluding prepayments is assessed to be close to zero and no provision was made as of 31 March 2021 and 2020.

Liquidity risk

In the management of the liquidity risk, the Group monitors and maintains a level of cash and cash equivalents deemed adequate by the management to finance the Group's operations and mitigate the effects of fluctuations in cash flows. In addition to issuance of new shares, the Group also relies on convertible bonds as a significant source of liquidity for the years ended 31 March 2021 and 2020.

The Group's current liabilities exceeded its current assets by approximately HK\$771,873,000 as at 31 March 2021 (2020: HK\$28,354,000).

33. 金融工具(續)

財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

信貸風險(續)

預期虧損率基於過去一年之實際虧損經驗計算。過往虧損率予以調整以反映影響客戶結算應收款項能力的有關宏觀經濟因素的當前及前瞻性資料。

其他應收款項(不包括預付款項)的信貸質素乃經參考有關交易方違約。 交易方財務狀況的歷史資料評估。 事認為其他應收款項的信貸風融記 意好。因此,其他應收款項(包括 預付款項)的預期信貸虧損率評估 接近於零,且截至二零二一年及二零 二零年三月三十一日並無計提撥備。

流動資金風險

於管理流動資金風險時,本集團監察及維持一定水平之現金及現金全人現金人。而管理層視該水平足以為本金人業務提供資金,以及減少現一場。於截至二零二一年度,於大量之。等年三月三十一日止年度,於發行新股份外,本集團亦倚賴的人。

本集團於二零二一年三月三十一日之流動負債超出流動資產約771,873,000港元(二零二零年:28,354,000港元)。

33. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

Financial risk management objectives and

policies (Continued)

Liquidity risk (Continued)

The following table details the Group's contractual maturity for its non-derivative financial liabilities based on the agreed repayment dates. The table includes both interest and principal cash flows.

Liquidity risk tables

33. 金融工具(續) 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

流動資金風險(續)

下表詳述本集團之非衍生金融負債之合約到期日(以協定還款日期為依據)。該表包括利息及本金現金流量。

流動資金風險表

		Weighted average interest rate	On demand or less than 1 month	1–3 months	3 months to 1 year	1 year to 5 years	Over 5 years	Total undiscounted cash flows	Carrying amount at 31 March 2021 於二零二一年
		加權平均利率 % %	按要求或 少於一個月 HK\$ '000 千港元	一至三個月 HK\$ '000 千港元	三個月至一年 HK\$'000 千港元	一年至五年 HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 HK\$'000	未貼現 現金流量總計 HK\$'000 千港元	三月三十一日 之賬面值 HK\$'000 千港元
31 March 2021	二零二一年三月三十一日								
Non-derivative financial liabilities	非衍生金融負債								
Trade payables	貿易應付賬款	_	5,479	_	_	_	_	5,479	5,479
Other payables	其他應付款項	_	1,686	_	_	_	_	1,686	1,686
Amount due to non- controlling interests	應付非控股權益款項	_	3,092	_	_	_	_	3,092	3,092
Amounts due to former non-controlling	應付前非控股權益款項								
interests		_	823	_	_	_	_	823	823
Amount due to a former associate	應付前聯營公司款項	_	41,947	_	_	_	_	41,947	41,947
Loan from a non- controlling interest	來自非控股權益貸款	_	20,929	_	_	_	_	20,929	20,929
Loan from a substantial shareholder	來自一位主要股東貸款	_	20,000	_	_	_	_	20,000	20,000
Loan from a former	來自前聯營公司貸款							_0,500	_5,000
associate		5.00	_	_	_	18,375	_	18,375	16,118
Convertible bonds	可換股債券	20.57	_	_	801,405	359,600	_	1,161,005	933,312
	租賃負債	5.37	184	368	584	_	_	1,136	1,118

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 綜合財務報表附註

33. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

Financial risk management objectives and

policies (Continued)
Liquidity risk (Continued)

Liquidity risk tables (Continued)

33. 金融工具(續) 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

流動資金風險(續) 流動資金風險表(續)

		Weighted	On demand or					Total	Carrying
		average	less than		3 months to	1 year to	Over	undiscounted	amount a
		interest rate	1 month	1–3 months	1 year	5 years	5 years	cash flows	31 March 2020
			스스포스					+ 11.10	於二零二零年
		加權平均利率	按要求或 少於一個月	一至三個月	三個月至一年	一年至五年	超過五年	未貼現 現金流量總計	三月三十一日 之賬面值
		加惟十均利举	シボー回月 HK\$'000	一至二個月 HK\$'000	二個月至一年 HK\$'000	—+±д+ НК\$'000	<u>ы</u> шшт+	况並加里總司 HK\$'000	之版画值 HK\$'00(
			千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
31 March 2020	二零二零年三月三十一日								
Von-derivative financial	非衍生金融負債								
liabilities	77771工业版采读								
Trade payables	貿易應付賬款	-	10,253	-	-	-	-	10,253	10,253
Other payables	其他應付款項	-	5,140	-	-	-	-	5,140	5,140
Amount due to non-	應付非控股權益款項								
controlling interests		-	3,092	-	-	-	-	3,092	3,092
Amounts due to former	應付前非控股權益款項								
non-controlling			000					000	000
interests	库 (4 形 数 A 曰 > 14 展	_	823	_	_	_	_	823	823
Amount due to the	應付聯營公司之附屬								
subsidiary of an	公司款項		44.047					44.047	44.04
associate	本方非檢明標至代表	_	41,947	_	_	_	_	41,947	41,947
Loan from a non-	來自非控股權益貸款		00.000					00.000	00.000
controlling interest Loan from a shareholder	來自一位股東貸款	_	20,929	_	_	_	_	20,929	20,92
Loan from a shareholder	來自一世版來貝派 來自前聯營公司貸款	_	7,000	_	_	_	_	7,000	7,00
associate	木目削辦宮公司具	5.00				10 075		10 075	15,38
associate Convertible bonds	可換股債券	20.57	_	_	_	18,375 1,097,005	64,000	18,375 1,161,005	743,14
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	5.37	_	_ 511	1,900	1,128	04,000	3,539	3,39
LOGGE HADHINES	"山县界限	0.01		UII	1,000	1,120		0,008	0,090
			89,184	511	1,900	1,116,508	64,000	1,272,103	851,108

Fair value of the Group's financial assets that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis

All financial assets and liabilities are carried at amounts not materially different from their fair values as at 31 March 2021 and 2020.

根據經常性基準按公平值計量之本集團金融資產之公平值

所有金融資產及負債之列賬金額與其 於二零二一年及二零二零年三月三十一 日之公平值並無重大差異。

34. NOTES SUPPORTING THE CONSOLIDATED 34. 綜合現金流量表附註 STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

Reconciliation of liabilities arising from financing activities:

融資活動產生的負債對賬:

		Lease liabilities (Note 23) 租賃負債 (附註23) HK\$'000 千港元	Loan from a non- controlling interest (Note 25) 來自非控股 權益貸款 (附註25) HK\$'000 千港元	Loans from a substantial shareholder (Note 25) 來自一名主要 股東貸款 (附註25) HK\$'000 千港元	Loans from a former associate (Note 25) 來自前聯貸 公司貸款 (附註25) HK\$'000 千港元	Convertible bonds (Note 27) 可換股債券 (附註27) HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
As at 31 March 2019	於二零一九年三月三十一日	_	20,929	25,000	5,027	658,632	709,588
Adjustment upon application of HKFRS 16	於應用香港財務 報告準則第16號 時調整	411	_	_	_	_	411
As at 1 April 2019	於二零一九年 四月一日	411	20,929	25,000	5,027	658,632	709,999
Financing cash flows Early redemption of convertible bonds	融資現金流量 提早贖回可換股債券	(1,306)	_	(18,000)	9,800	(89,606)	(9,506) (89,606)
Modification of convertible bonds New lease entered	修改可換股債券 訂立新租賃	- 4,175	_	_	_	27,749 —	27,749 4,175
Finance cost	財務費用	116	_	_	556	146,367	147,039
As at 31 March 2020 and 1 April 2020	於二零二零年 三月三十一日及 二零二零年						
	四月一日	3,396	20,929	7,000	15,383	743,142	789,850
Financing cash flows Finance cost	融資現金流量 財務費用	(2,405) 127	_ _	13,000 —	– 735	- 190,170	10,595 191,032
As at 31 March 2021	於二零二一年 三月三十一日	1,118	20,929	20,000	16,118	933,312	991,477

35. CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Group manages its capital to ensure that entities in the Group will be able to continue as a going concern while maximising the return to shareholders through the optimisation of the debt and equity balance. The Group's overall strategy remains unchanged from prior year.

The capital structure of the Group consists of amounts due to the subsidiary of an associate, non-controlling interests and former non-controlling interests, loan from a non-controlling interest, loan from a shareholder and convertible bonds, net of cash and cash equivalents and equity attributable to owners of the Company, comprising share capital and reserves. The directors of the Company review the capital structure on an annual basis. As part of this review, the directors consider the cost of capital and the risks associated with each class of capital. Based on recommendations of the directors, the Group will balance its overall capital structure through new share issues and share buy-backs as well as the issue of new debt or the redemption of existing debt.

The Group monitors its capital structure using net debt to equity ratio; whereby net debt comprises convertible bonds less bank balances and cash whilst equity means the total equity of the Group. During the year, the Group's strategy to maintain a healthy net debt to equity ratio has remained unchanged, and the debt to equity ratio is 2.58 as at 31 March 2021 (2020: 1.27).

35. 資本風險管理

本集團管理資本之目標為保證本集團 之實體能夠持續以最佳化債務和股 權平衡為股東提供最大回報。本集團 之整體策略與過往年度維持不變。

本集團使用淨負債權益比率監管其資本結構:其中淨負債指可換股債券減銀行結餘及現金,權益則指本集團之權益總額。於本年度,本集團維持穩健之淨負債權益比率之策略仍然不變。於二零二一年三月三十一日,債務對權益比率為2.58(二零二零年:1.27)。

Financial Summary 財務概要

RESULTS

業績

			For	the year ended		
		31 March	31 March	31 March	31 March	31 March
		2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
				三月三十一日止年月	芰	
		二零二一年	二零二零年	二零一九年	二零一八年	二零一七年
		HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
		1 /8 /0	17670	1/6/6	17676	1/6/0
Revenue	收益	15,189	14,580	18,589	15,811	9,187
Loss for the year	年內虧損	(212,155)	(222,462)	(260,911)	(230,991)	(178,342)
Attributable to:	歸屬:					
Owners of the Company	本公司擁有人	(204,939)	(211,117)	(260,272)	(231,048)	(169,788)
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益	(7,216)	(11,345)	(639)	57	(8,554)
		(212,155)	(222,462)	(260,911)	(230,991)	(178,342)

ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

資產及負債

		As at 31 March 於三月三十一日						
		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元	2018 二零一八年 HK\$'000 千港元	2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元		
		I Æ M	1 /B /L	I /E /L	I /E /L	17876		
Non-current assets	非流動資產	1,374,410	1,376,692	1,534,215	1,631,880	1,774,942		
Current assets Current liabilities	流動資產 流動負債	28,800	42,186 (70,540)	44,539	82,283	76,024		
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債	(800,673) (243,831)	(780,565)	(32,402) (751,540)	(42,953) (604,385)	(73,741) (478,900)		
Net assets	資產淨額	358,706	567,773	794,812	1,066,825	1,298,325		
Attributable to:	歸屬:							
Owners of the Company	本公司擁有人	(595,352)	(390,373)	(74,957)	196,417	427,974		
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益	954,058	958,146	869,769	870,408	870,351		
Total equity	權益總額	358,706	567,773	794,812	1,066,825	1,298,325		



INNOVATIVE PHARMACEUTICAL BIOTECH LIMITED

領航醫藥及生物科技有限公司

(Incorporated in the Cayman Islands and continued in Bermuda with limited liability) (於開曼群島註冊成立並於百慕達存續之有限公司) (Stock Code 股份代號: 399)