

Li Bao Ge Group Limited 利寶閣集團有限公司

(Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability) Stock code: 1869





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CORPORATE INFORMATION 公司資料

Directors

Executive Directors:

Mr. Chan Chun Kit (*Chairman of the Board and Chief Executive Officer*) Ms. Chan Josephine Wai Sze Ms. Zhu Xueqin

Non-executive Director:

Mr. Chow Yiu Pong David

Independent Non-executive Directors:

Prof. Wong Lung Tak Patrick (resigned on 1 January 2022) Mr. Yuen Ching Bor Stephen (resigned on 1 May 2022) Mr. Kan Sze King Kenneth Mr. Lee Cheung Yuet Horace (appointed on 1 January 2022) Mr. Chan Ming Kei (appointed on 1 May 2022)

Audit Committee

Mr. Lee Cheung Yuet Horace (*Chairman*) (appointed on 1 January 2022) Prof. Wong Lung Tak Patrick (*Chairman*) (resigned on 1 January 2022) Mr. Yuen Ching Bor Stephen (resigned on 1 May 2022) Mr. Kan Sze King Kenneth Mr. Chan Ming Kei (appointed on 1 May 2022)

Remuneration Committee

Mr. Yuen Ching Bor Stephen *(Chairman) (resigned on 1 May 2022)* Mr. Chan Chun Kit Mr. Kan Sze King Kenneth Mr. Chan Ming Kei *(Chairman) (appointed on 1 May 2022)*

董事

<mark>執行董事</mark>: 陳振傑先生 *(董事會主席兼行政總裁)* 陳瑋詩女士 朱雪琴女士

非執行董事:

周耀邦先生

獨立非執行董事:

黃龍德教授 (於二零二二年一月一日辭任) 袁靖波先生 (於二零二二年五月一日辭任) 簡士勁先生 李暢悦先生 (於二零二二年一月一日獲委任) 陳銘基先生 (於二零二二年五月一日獲委任)

審核委員會

 李暢悦先生(主席)

 (於二零二二年一月一日獲委任)

 黃龍德教授(主席)

 (於二零二二年一月一日辭任)

 袁靖波先生

 (於二零二二年五月一日辭任)

 簡士勁先生

 陳銘基先生

 (於二零二二年五月一日獲委任)

薪酬委員會

袁靖波先生(主席)
 (於二零二二年五月一日辭任)
 陳振傑先生
 簡士勁先生
 陳銘基先生(主席)
 (於二零二二年五月一日獲委任)

CORPORATE INFORMATION (Continued)

公司資料 (續)

Nomination Committee

Mr. Chan Chun Kit *(Chairman)* Mr. Yuen Ching Bor Stephen *(resigned on 1 May 2022)* Mr. Kan Sze King Kenneth Mr. Chan Ming Kei *(appointed on 1 May 2022)*

Legal Compliance Committee

Mr. Lee Cheung Yuet Horace (Chairman) (appointed on 1 January 2022) Prof. Wong Lung Tak Patrick (Chairman) (resigned on 1 January 2022) Mr. Yuen Ching Bor Stephen (resigned on 1 May 2022) Mr. Kan Sze King Kenneth Mr. Chan Ming Kei (appointed on 1 May 2022)

Company Secretary

Ms. Leung Ho Yee

Authorised Representatives

Mr. Chan Chun Kit Ms. Leung Ho Yee

Registered Office

Windward 3, Regatta Office Park PO Box 1350 Grand Cayman KY1-1108 Cayman Islands

Head Office And Principal Place of Business in Hong Kong

Room B, 5/F On Fat Industrial Building 12–18 Kwai Wing Road Kwai Chung, New Territories Hong Kong

提名委員會

陳振傑先生(*主席*) 袁靖波先生 *(於二零二二年五月一日辭任)* 簡士勁先生 陳銘基先生 *(於二零二二年五月一日獲委任)*

法律合規委員會

 李暢悦先生(主席)

 (於二零二二年一月一日獲委任)

 黃龍德教授(主席)

 (於二零二二年一月一日辭任)

 袁靖波先生

 (於二零二二年五月一日辭任)

 簡士勁先生

 陳銘基先生

 (於二零二二年五月一日獲委任)

公司秘書

梁可怡女士

授權代表

陳振傑先生 梁可怡女士

註冊辦事處

Windward 3, Regatta Office Park PO Box 1350 Grand Cayman KY1-1108 Cayman Islands

總辦事處及香港主要營業地點

香港 新界葵涌 葵榮路12--18號 安發工業大廈 5樓B室

CORPORATE INFORMATION (Continued)

公司資料 (續)

Principal Share Registrar and Transfer 開曼群島主要股份過戶登記處 **Office in the Cayman Islands**

Windward 3, Regatta Office Park PO Box 1350 Grand Cavman KY1-1108 Cayman Islands

Branch Share Registrar and Transfer Office in Hong Kong

Boardroom Share Registrars (HK) Limited Room 2103B, 21/F. 148 Electric Road North Point Hong Kong (with effect from 4 May 2021)

Legal Adviser to the Company as to Hong Kong Law

Loong & Yeung

Principal Bankers

Hang Seng Bank Bank of China (Hong Kong)

Auditor

Ting Ho Kwan & Chan CPA Limited Public Interest Entity Auditor registered in accordance with the Financial Reporting Council Ordinance

Stock Code

1869

Company's Website

http://www.starofcanton.com.hk

Windward 3, Regatta Office Park PO Box 1350 Grand Cayman KY1-1108 Cayman Islands

香港股份過戶登記分處

寶德隆證券登記有限公司 香港 北角 電氣道148號 21樓2103B室 (自二零二一年五月四日起生效)

本公司的香港法律顧問

龍炳坤、楊永安律師行

主要往來銀行

恒生銀行 中國銀行(香港)

核數師

丁何關陳會計師事務所有限公司 於《財務匯報局條例》下的 註冊公眾利益實體核數師

股份代號 1869

公司網站 http://www.starofcanton.com.hk

CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT 主席報告

On behalf of the board (the "Board") of directors (the "Directors") of Li Bao Ge Group Limited (the "Company", together with its subsidiaries, collectively known as the "Group"), I hereby present to the shareholders of the Company (the "Shareholders") the audited consolidated results of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2021 together with the comparative figures for the corresponding period in 2020 as set out below for their consideration. Unless otherwise specified, terms used herein shall have the same meanings as those defined in the Company's prospectus dated 24 June 2016 (the "Prospectus").

Business Review

The operating environment of the catering industry was continued to remain a depression in 2021 with the recent widely spread of the coronavirus disease 2019 ("COVID-19" or "Pandemic"). Despite of the slightly improvement in China as compared to 2020, the Group's restaurants in Hong Kong were still under pressure due to the subsisting COVID-19 and the compulsory social distancing measure. Such severe measures in Hong Kong resulted in suspension of operation of the Group's restaurants in Hong Kong from time to time or significant shortening of their operating hours. During the year under review, the Group's total revenue amounted to approximately HK\$274.6 million (2020: approximately HK\$236.4 million), representing a year-on-year increase of approximately 16.2%. Loss attributable to owner of the Company amounted to approximately HK\$92.5 million (2020: approximately HK\$39.8 million) during the year. For financial review, please refer to the section "Management Discussion and Analysis" in this annual report.

本人謹代表利寶閣集團有限公司(「本公司」, 連同其附屬公司統稱「本集團」)董事(「董 事」)會(「董事會」),向本公司股東(「股東」) 提呈本集團截至二零二一年十二月三十一 日止年度的經審核綜合業績連同二零二零 年同期比較數字載列如下以供考慮。除非 另有訂明,否則本報告所使用的詞彙與本 公司日期為二零一六年六月二十四日的招 股章程(「招股章程」)所定義的詞彙具有相 同涵義。

業務回顧

二零二一年,隨著最近二零一九年冠狀病 毒病(「COVID-19」或「疫情」)的廣泛傳播, 餐飲行業的經營環境繼續保持低迷狀態。 儘管中國的情況較二零二零年略有改善, 但由於持續的COVID-19及強制性社交距離 措施,本集團在香港的酒樓仍然承壓。香 港的該等嚴厲措施導致本集團在香港的酒 樓不時暫停營業或大幅縮短營業時間。回 顧年內,本集團的總收入約274.6百萬港元 (二零二零年:約236.4百萬港元),按年增 加約16.2%,年內本公司擁有人應佔虧損約 92.5百萬港元(二零二零年:約39.8百萬港 元)。有關財務回顧詳見本年報「管理層討 論及分析」一節。

CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT (Continued)

主席報告 (續)

Future Outlook

The economic environment remains challenging in short term due the widely spread of the COVID-19 in China and Hong Kong since January 2020 producing a particularly severe impact on the catering and retail industries. Though the external uncertainties about the COVID-19 has become the new normal, being a Chinese restaurant operator, the Group will take all necessary steps by leveraging its ongoing innovation and reform programmes to cope with the possible waves of further outbreak in the future.

The management is optimistic that Hong Kong economy will be gradually recovered in the second half of 2022 which may also improve the consumer confidence level in Hong Kong. The reopening of the borders between Hong Kong and China will help to accelerate the recovery rate of economic activities in Hong Kong to pre-pandemic levels.

When external uncertainties are eliminated, the Group's business is expected to recover quickly. With the expected resumption of full operation of the Group's restaurants and gradual reopening of economy in Hong Kong and China, the Group expects its financial performance in the second half of 2022 would be improved as compared to the same period in 2021.

未來展望

短期內經濟環境仍然充滿挑戰,自二零二 零年一月起,中港兩地COVID-19廣泛傳播, 對餐飲零售業的影響尤為嚴峻。儘管外圍 有關COVID-19的不明朗因素已經成為新常 態,作為一個中式酒樓的經營者,本集團將 採取一切必要措施,利用其正在進行的創 新及改革計劃來應對日後可能再次爆發的 疫情。

管理層有信心香港經濟將於二零二二年下 半年逐步復甦,這亦可能改善香港的消費 者信心水平。香港與中國邊境重開將有助 香港經濟活動加速恢復至疫情前水平。

待外圍不明朗因素消除後,本集團的業務 可望加快復原。隨著本集團旗下酒樓有望 全面恢復運營,並且香港和中國經濟逐步 重開,本集團預計二零二二年下半年的財 務表現將較二零二一年同期有所改善。

CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT (Continued)

主席報告 (續)

Appreciation

I would like to express my heartfelt gratitude to all of our business partners, staff, investors and customers for their support. The Group will continue to work tirelessly to boost the sustainable development of the overall business.

致謝

在此,本人衷心感謝所有業務夥伴、員工、 投資者和顧客的支持。本集團會繼續努力 不懈,推動整體業務的可持續發展。

Chan Chun Kit Chairman and Executive Director **陳振傑** *主席兼執行董事*

Hong Kong, 13 May 2022

香港,二零二二年五月十三日

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

管理層討論及分析

Business and Operational Review

The Group is a Chinese restaurant group recognised for delivering Cantonese cuisine and Chinese banquet and dining services.

For the year ended 31 December 2021, the Group operated four full-service restaurants in Hong Kong under the brand name of "Star of Canton (利寶閣) (including the Kwun Tong Restaurant which was closed in November 2021), a Thai cuisine restaurant in Hong Kong, under the brand name of "La Maison D' Elephant (象屋)" (the "Thai (Mongkok) Restaurant") in a shopping mall in Mongkok district, three full-service restaurants in Shenzhen, the PRC, under the brand name of "Star of Canton (利寶閣)" and five food counters in Shenzhen and Shanghai under the brand name of "Star of Canton (利寶閣)" of which four food counters were closed during 2021. The Group had also operated twenty food counters in Shanghai, the PRC, under the brand name of "Sun Kau Kee (新玖記)" which were all closed during 2021 due to their unsatisfactory performance.

Due to continued unsatisfactory customer visit, and the unfavourable market conditions, the Group did not renew the lease (which expired on 30 November 2021) for the Kwun Tong Restaurant and ceased the operation of the Kwun Tong Restaurant in November 2021 to avoid further loss and make available the occupied working capital for other operation needs of the Group.

All of the Group's restaurants are strategically situated in landmark shopping arcades or commercial complexes at prime locations. The Group maintains a business philosophy of offering quality food and services at reasonable prices in an elegant and comfortable dining setting. All of the Group's restaurants target at mid-to-high end spending customers.

業務及營運回顧

本集團為一家以提供粵菜佳餚、中式筵席 及餐飲服務而為客戶津津樂道的中式餐飲 集團。

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度, 本集團以「利寶閣」品牌名稱於香港經營四 間提供全套服務的酒樓(包括於二零二一年 十一月結業的觀塘酒樓)、以「象屋」品牌名 稱於香港旺角區商場經營一間泰式料理餐 廳(「泰式(旺角)餐廳」)、以「利寶閣」品牌 名稱於中國深圳經營三間提供全套服務的 酒樓及以「利寶閣」品牌名稱於深圳及上海 經營五間食品店舖,其中四間食品店舖於 二零二一年關閉。本集團亦以「新玖記」品 牌名稱於中國上海經營二十間食品店舖, 由於業績不盡人意,該等食品店舖均已於 二零二一年結業。

由於客流到訪人次未如理想,且市況欠佳, 本集團並未重續觀塘酒樓的租賃(已於二零 二一年十一月三十日到期)且於二零二一年 十一月暫停觀塘酒樓的營運,以免再度蒙 受損失,並將現有所用的營運資金用於本 集團其他營運需要。

本集團所有酒樓均經策略性選址而座落於 地標購物商場或黃金地段的商業綜合大廈 內。本集團秉承於優雅舒適的用餐環境,以 合理價格提供優質食品及服務的經營理念。 本集團所有酒樓均以中高檔消費客戶為目 標客戶。

管理層討論及分析 (續)

As at 31 December 2021, the Group had,

in Hong Kong:

- three Chinese restaurants, which were located in Tsim Sha Tsui (i.e. The One Restaurant), Causeway Bay (i.e. the CWB Restaurant) and Olympian City (i.e. the Olympian Restaurant), respectively;
- (ii) one Thai cuisine restaurant (i.e. the Thai (Mongkok) Restaurant) located in Mongkok;

in Shenzhen, the PRC:

 (iii) three Chinese restaurants, which were located in Futian District (i.e. the Shenzhen Restaurant and the Shenzhen One Avenue Restaurant) and Baoan District (i.e. the Shenzhen Uniwalk Restaurant), respectively; and

in Shanghai, the PRC:

(iv) one food counter inside Shanghai Freshippo stores.

Due to the impact of the Pandemic, the expansion plan of the Group has been delayed.

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日,本集團

於香港擁有:

- (i) 三間中式酒樓,分別位於尖沙咀(即 The One酒樓)、銅鑼灣(即銅鑼灣酒樓) 及奧海城(即奧海城酒樓);
- (ii) 一間位於旺角的泰式料理餐廳(即泰式 (旺角)餐廳);

於中國深圳擁有:

(iii) 三間中式酒樓,分別位於福田區(即深 圳酒樓及深圳卓悦中心酒樓)及寶安區 (即深圳壹方城酒樓);及

於中國上海擁有:

- (iv) 上海盒馬店關聯內的一間食品店鋪。
- 由於疫情的影響,本集團的擴張計劃已被 推遲。

管理層討論及分析 (續)

FINANCIAL REVIEW

Revenue

For the year ended 31 December 2021, the Group recorded a total revenue of approximately HK\$274.6 million, representing an increase of approximately 16.2% as compared to approximately HK\$236.4 million for the year ended 31 December 2020.

The Group's total revenue for the year ended 31 December 2021 mainly comprised the aggregate revenue of the four Chinese restaurants in Hong Kong of approximately HK\$66.7 million (2020: six Chinese restaurants in Hong Kong of approximately HK\$71.7 million), the revenue from the sales of food ingredients of approximately HK\$0.6 million (2020: approximately HK\$0.2 million), the revenue of the Thai (Mongkok) Restaurant of approximately HK\$10.2 million (2020: approximately HK\$7.6 million), the aggregate revenue from the three Chinese restaurants in Shenzhen, the PRC, of approximately HK\$178.2 million (2020: approximately HK\$136.6 million), and the aggregate revenue from Freshippo operation inside Shenzhen and Shanghai Freshippo stores of approximately HK\$18.8 million (2020: approximately HK\$19.6 million).

Excluding the revenue contributed by the Kwun Tong Restaurant which ceased operation in November 2021, the aggregate revenue of the Group's three Chinese restaurants in Hong Kong for the year ended 31 December 2021 increased by approximately 8.6% as compared to the year ended 31 December 2020. The aggregate revenue of the Group's three Chinese restaurants in Shenzhen increased by approximately 30.4% over the same period. The Directors consider such increases in revenue for Hong Kong was mainly due to slight improvement in consumer confidence level for dine in especially in the second half of 2021 and for Shenzhen was mainly due to recovery of economic activities after stabilisation of the Pandemic in PRC.

財務回顧

收益

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度, 本集團錄得總收益約274.6百萬港元,較截 至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度的約 236.4百萬港元增加約16.2%。

本集團截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止 年度的總收益主要包括香港四間中式酒樓 的總收益約66.7百萬港元(二零二零年:香 港六間中式酒樓約71.7百萬港元)、銷售食 材的收益約0.6百萬港元(二零二零年:約0.2 百萬港元)、泰式(旺角)餐廳的收益約10.2 百萬港元(二零二零年:約7.6百萬港元)、 中國深圳三間中式酒樓的總收益約178.2百 萬港元(二零二零年:約136.6百萬港元)以 及來自深圳及上海盒馬店關聯的總收益約 18.8百萬港元(二零二零年:約19.6百萬港 元)。

倘剔除於二零二一年十一月停業之觀塘酒 樓所貢獻的收益,則本集團於香港的三間 中式酒樓於截至二零二一年十二月三十一 日止年度的總收益較截至二零二零年十二 月三十一日止年度增加約8.6%。本集團於 深圳的三間中式酒樓的總收益較同期增加 約30.4%。董事認為,在香港的收益有所增 加,乃主要由於消費者對就餐的信心水平 略有改善(尤其是二零二一年下半年),而 深圳的收益增加主要是由於中國疫情穩定 後經濟活動復甦。

管理層討論及分析 (續)

Gross profit

The Group's gross profit (i.e. revenue minus cost of materials consumed) amounted to approximately HK\$168.2 million for the year ended 31 December 2021, representing an increase of approximately 22.5% from approximately HK\$137.3 million for the year ended 31 December 2020, which was in line with the increase in revenue in PRC during the year.

Employee benefits expense

Employee benefits expense was approximately HK\$78.2 million for the year ended 31 December 2021 (2020: approximately HK\$66.2 million), representing an increase of approximately 18.3% as compared to 2020 which was mainly due to the increase in staff cost in PRC during the year ended 31 December 2021. Thanks to the Group's staff cost control measures, the employee benefits expense of its restaurant staff maintained at a stable level in terms of percentage of revenue as compared to the corresponding period of the year ended 31 December 2020. Going forward, the Group will continue to closely monitor the cost control in respect of staff salaries, and at the same time regularly review the work allocation of the staff in order to improve the work efficiency and maintain a quality standard of service.

Depreciation

Depreciation for the year ended 31 December 2021 was approximately HK\$39.3 million (2020: HK\$43.8 million) in respect of right-of-use assets in relation to the Group's leased properties.

毛利

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度, 本集團的毛利(即收益減所耗材料成本)約 168.2百萬港元,較截至二零二零年十二月 三十一日止年度約137.3百萬港元增加約 22.5%,與年內中國收益增加一致。

僱員福利開支

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度的 僱員福利開支約78.2百萬港元(二零二零 年:約66.2百萬港元),較二零二零年增加 約18.3%,主要由於截至二零二一年十二月 三十一日止年度中國員工成本增加所致。 得益於本集團的僱員成本控制措施,與截 至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度同期 相比,其餐廳僱員的僱員福利開支佔收益 的百分比保持穩定水平。展望未來,本集團 將繼續密切關注僱員薪資的成本控制,同 時定期審查僱員的工作分配,以提高工作 效率,並保持優質的服務水準。

折舊

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度的 折舊為與本集團租賃物業使用權資產相關 的折舊約39.3百萬港元(二零二零年:43.8 百萬港元)。

管理層討論及分析 (續)

Other expenses

Other expenses mainly include but not limited to expenses incurred for the Group's restaurant operation, consisting of operating lease expenses, building management fee and air conditioning charges, cleaning and laundry expenses, utility expenses, service fees to temporary workers, advertising and promotion. For the year ended 31 December 2021, other expenses amounted to approximately HK\$74.7 million (2020: HK\$61.5 million), representing an increase of approximately HK\$13.2 million or 21.5% which was mainly due to the combined effects of (i) the trade and other receivables writtenoff by approximately HK\$2.1 million; (ii) VAT recoverable written-off by approximately HK\$2.5 million mainly derived from the dormant subsidiaries; (iii) the increase of property, plant and equipment written off by appropriately HK\$1.1 million compare to 31 December 2020; (iv) the decrease of COVID-19 rent concessions by approximately HK\$5.1 million compare to 31 December 2020; and (v) the increase of temporary staff costs by approximately HK\$0.8 million compare to 31 December 2020, which was in line with the increase of revenue of approximately 16.2% compare to 31 December 2020.

Impairment losses on intangible assets, amount due from a non-controlling shareholder and rightof-use assets

The Company decided to use the brand name "Star of Canton (利寶閣)" in PRC instead of "Sun Kau Kee (新玖記)" in future and closed all food counters during 2021. In view of above reasons, the Company considered that the intangible assets of approximately HK\$28.7 million were impaired. The Company considered one of the non-controlling shareholders defaulted his undertaking for repayment of the balance due from him of approximately HK\$9.9 million. The net impairment loss on right-of-use assets amounting to approximately HK\$14.3 million recognised in 2021 was due to the Chinese restaurants in Hong Kong continued to incur losses.

其他開支

其他開支主要包括但不限於本集團酒樓營 運產生的開支,包括經營租賃開支、大廈管 理費及空調費用、清潔及洗濯開支、公用設 施開支、支付予臨時工人的服務費以及廣 告及宣傳費等等。截至二零二一年十二月 三十一日止年度,其他開支約74.7百萬港 元(二零二零年:61.5百萬港元),增加約 13.2百萬港元或21.5%,此乃主要由於下列 各項的綜合影響所致:(1)貿易及其他應收款 項撇銷約2.1百萬港元;(ii)主要來自不活躍 附屬公司的可抵扣增值税撇銷約2.5百萬港 元;(iii)與二零二零年十二月三十一日相比, 物業、廠房及設備撇銷增加約1.1百萬港 元; (iv)與二零二零年十二月三十一日相比, 新型冠狀病毒的租金優惠減少約5.1百萬港 元;及(v)與二零二零年十二月三十一日相 比,臨時員工成本增加約0.8百萬港元,其 與收益較二零二零年十二月三十一日增加 約16.2%一致。

無形資產、應收一名非控股股東款項 及使用權資產減值虧損

本公司決定日後於中國使用品牌名稱「利寶 閣」而非「新玖記」並於二零二一年關閉所有 食品店舖。鑑於上述原因,本公司認為約 28.7百萬港元無形資產已減值。本公司認 為一名非控股股東未能兑現承諾償還彼應 付之結餘約9.9百萬港元。於二零二一年確 認之使用權資產之減值虧損淨額約14.3百 萬港元乃由於香港之中式酒樓繼續產生虧損。

管理層討論及分析 (續)

Finance costs

Finance costs for the year ended 31 December 2021 were approximately HK\$10.9 million (2020: HK\$12.9 million) in respect of interest expense on lease liabilities in relation to the Group's leased property, plant and equipment.

Loss attributable to owners of the Company

For the year ended 31 December 2021, the Group recorded a loss attributable to owners of the Company of approximately HK\$92.5 million, whereas the Group recorded a loss attributable to owners of the Company of approximately HK\$39.8 million for the year ended 31 December 2020. Such loss-making position for the year ended 31 December 2021, representing a decline of financial performance by approximately HK\$52.6 million as compared to the last year, was mainly due to the combined effects of (i) the increase in aggregate operating losses of the Group's restaurant operations by approximately HK\$6.4 million; (ii) the record of impairment losses on intangible assets of approximately HK\$28.7 million; and (iii) the record of impairment losses on amount due from a non-controlling shareholder of approximately HK\$9.9 million.

財務成本

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度的 財務成本為與本集團租賃物業、廠房及設 備的租賃負債利息開支相關的約10.9百萬 港元(二零二零年:12.9百萬港元)。

本公司擁有人應佔虧損

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度,本 集團錄得本公司擁有人應佔虧損約92.5百 萬港元,而截至二零二零年十二月三十一 日止年度本集團則錄得本公司擁有人應 佔虧損約39.8百萬港元。截至二零二一年 十二月三十一日止年度出現虧損狀況(即財 務業績較去年減少約52.6百萬港元)乃主要 由於下列各項的綜合影響所致:(1)本集團酒 樓營運的經營虧損總額增加約6.4百萬港元; (ii)無形資產的減值虧損錄得約28.7百萬港 元;及(iii)應收一名非控股股東款項的減值 虧損錄得約9.9百萬港元。

管理層討論及分析 (續)

Liquidity, financial resources and capital structure Capital Structure

The Group's objectives in managing capital are to safeguard its ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for its Shareholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital.

In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the amount of dividends paid to its Shareholders, return capital to its Shareholders, issue new Shares or sell assets to reduce debt.

The Group monitors its capital on the basis of the gearing ratio. The Group's strategy, which was unchanged during the year ended 31 December 2021, was to maintain the gearing ratio at an acceptable level.

As at 31 December 2021, the Group's cash and cash equivalents were approximately HK\$26.8 million, representing a decrease of approximately HK\$2.1 million as compared with approximately HK\$28.9 million as at 31 December 2020. The decrease was mainly due to increase in cash used in operations during the year.

As at 31 December 2021, cash and cash equivalents and restricted bank deposits amounted to approximately HK\$30.9 million, of which approximately HK\$10.2 million and HK\$20.7 million were denominated in Hong Kong dollars ("HK\$") and Renminbi ("RMB"), respectively.

流動資金、財務資源及資本架構 資本架構

本集團資本管理目標是確保本集團能持續 經營,以為股東帶來回報並維持最佳資本 架構以減少資金成本。

為維持或調整資本架構,本集團可能會調 整向其股東派付的股息金額、向其股東退 還資本、發行新股份或出售資產以減少債務。

本集團以資產負債比率為基準監察其資本。 本集團於截至二零二一年十二月三十一日 止年度保持不變的策略是將資產負債比率 維持在可接納的水平。

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,本集團的 現金及現金等價物約為26.8百萬港元,較 二零二零年十二月三十一日的約28.9百萬 港元減少約2.1百萬港元。該減少乃主要由 於年內業務運營所用之現金增加所致。

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,現金及現 金等價物以及受限制銀行存款約30.9百萬 港元,其中約10.2百萬港元及20.7百萬港 元分別以港元(「港元」)及人民幣(「人民幣」) 計值。

管理層討論及分析 (續)

Indebtedness and Banking Facilities

As at 31 December 2021, the Group had bank borrowings of approximately HK\$23.6 million, bearing interest rates at 2.75% per annum and were guaranteed by The Hong Kong Special Administrative Region (the "HKSAR"), and bank overdraft of approximately HK\$1.1 million bearing interest rates at 6.5% per annum was guaranteed by the Company.

As at 31 December 2021, the Group's gearing ratio, which is calculated based on the interest-bearing debts (excluding lease liabilities) divided by total equity attributable to owners of the Company (the "Shareholders' Equity"), was irrelevant as the Company has recorded a deficit in its Shareholders' Equity as at 31 December 2021. The Directors, taking into account the nature and scale of operations and capital structure of the Group, will closely monitor the gearing ratio and will adjust its business strategies to improve it to a reasonable level.

Foreign Exchange Exposure

Most of the income and expenditures of the Group are denominated in HK\$ and RMB, which are the functional currencies of the respective group entities. Although HK\$ is not pegged to RMB, the historical exchange rate fluctuation on RMB was not significant during the year under review. Thus, no significant exposure is expected on RMB transactions and balances. Accordingly, the Group does not have any material foreign exchange exposure. During the year ended 31 December 2021, the Group had not used any financial instruments for hedging purposes.

Securities in Issue

As at 31 December 2021, there were 1,000,000,000 ordinary shares in issue. There was no movement in the issued share capital of the Company during the year ended 31 December 2021.

債務及銀行融資

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,本集團銀 行借款約23.6百萬港元,並按2.75%的年利 率計息,並由香港特別行政區(「香港特別 行政區」)作擔保,及銀行透支約1.1百萬港 元(年利率為6.5%)由本公司作擔保。

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,本集團資 產負債比率(按計息債務(不包括租賃負債) 除以本公司擁有人應佔權益總額(「股東權 益」)計算)並不相關,原因為本公司於二零 二一年十二月三十一日錄得股東權益虧絀。 董事經考慮本集團性質及營運規模以及資 本架構後,將密切監控資產負債比率,並將 調整其業務戰略從而將其提高至合理水平。

外匯風險

由於本集團的大部分收入及開支以港元及 人民幣(為各集團實體的功能貨幣)列值, 即使港元並非與人民幣掛鈎,人民幣歷史 匯率波動於回顧年度亦不重大,故預期人 民幣交易及結餘概無重大風險。因此,本集 團並無任何重大外匯風險。截至二零二一 年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團並無使 用任何金融工具作對沖用途。

已發行債券

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,已發行 1,000,000,000股普通股。截至二零二一年 十二月三十一日止年度,本公司已發行股 本並無變動。

管理層討論及分析 (續)

Significant Investment Held, Material Acquisition or Disposal of Subsidiaries and Affiliated Companies and Plans for Material Investment or Capital Assets

There was no significant investment held, material acquisition or disposal of subsidiaries and affiliated companies during the year ended 31 December 2021. There was no plan for material investment or capital assets as at 31 December 2021.

Charge on Assets

As at 31 December 2021, the Group did not have any charge over its assets except for pledged bank deposit of approximately HK\$4.1 million disclosed below (2020: Nil).

As at 31 December 2021, the balance of approximately HK\$4.1 million (which was carried at the prevailing market interest rate at 0.1% per annum) represents deposit pledged at a bank to secure general banking facilities granted to the Group, and therefore classified as current assets. All this pledged bank deposits were denominated in HK\$.

Save as disclosed above, the Group did not have any charge over its assets as at 31 December 2021.

Contingent Liabilities

On 31 December 2019, Excel Linker (Hong Kong) Limited, an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company received a Writ of Summons together with an indorsement of claim dated 31 December 2019 issued in the High Court of the HKSAR (the "Court Action") by Foxhill Investments Limited as plaintiff against Excel Linker (Hong Kong) Limited as defendant. For details, please refer to the announcement tilted "Inside Information – Litigation" dated 6 January 2020. A provision of HK\$6.0 million has been made in the audited consolidated financial statements as at 31 December 2021 (2020: HK\$3.5 million). The Company is currently seeking legal advice in respect of the foregoing. The Company is of the view that the Court Action did not and will not have any material adverse impact on the ordinary operation and financial positions of the Group. To the best knowledge of the Directors, no trial in relation to the Court Action has been scheduled yet.

Saved as disclosed above, as at 31 December 2021, the Group did not have any material contingent liabilities.

所持有的重大投資、附屬公司及聯屬 公司的重大收購或出售及於重大投資 或資本資產的計劃

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度, 概無持有重大投資、附屬公司及聯屬公司 的重大收購或出售。於二零二一年十二月 三十一日,並無有關重大投資或資本資產 的計劃。

抵押資產

除下文所披露已抵押銀行存款約4.1百萬 港元(二零二零年:無)外,於二零二一年 十二月三十一日,本集團資產並無加以任 何押記。

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,按現行市 場年利率0.1%列賬的結餘約4.1百萬港元 為於銀行抵押的存款,以取得授予本集團 的一般銀行融資,因此分類為流動資產。所 有已抵押銀行存款均以港元計值。

除上文所披露者外,於二零二一年十二月 三十一日,本集團資產並無加以任何押記。

或然負債

於二零一九年十二月三十一日,本公司間 接全資附屬公司俊聯(香港)有限公司接獲 一份由惠晉投資有限公司(作為原告人)經 香港特別行政區高等法院向俊聯(香港)有 限公司(作為被告人)發出日期為二零一九 年十二月三十一日之傳訊令狀連同申索背 書(「法院訴訟」)。詳情請參閱二零二零年 一月六日標題為「內幕消息-訴訟」的公告。 6.0百萬港元的撥備已於二零二一年十二月 三十一日的經審核綜合財務報表中計提(二 零二零年:3.5百萬港元)。本公司目前正就 上述事項尋求法律意見。本公司認為,法院 訴訟並無亦不會對本集團的日常經營和財 務狀況產生任何重大不利影響。據董事所知, 尚未安排相關法院訴訟的審理時間。

除上文所披露者外,於二零二一年十二月 三十一日,本集團並無任何重大或然負債。

管理層討論及分析 (續)

Employees and Remuneration Policies

The Group had approximately 537 employees as at 31 December 2021 (2020: 683). The employee benefits expense, including Directors' emoluments, of the Group were approximately HK\$78.2 million (2020: HK\$66.2 million) increased by approximately 18.3% compared to 31 December 2020. The increase was due to the Chinese restaurants in China had a whole year operations for the year ended 31 December 2021, however, these restaurants only had approximately 10 months operations for the year ended 31 December 2020 as affected by the Pandemic.

The Directors and the senior management of the Company (the "Senior Management") receive compensation in the form of salaries and discretionary bonuses with reference to salaries paid by comparable companies, time commitment and the performance of the Group. The Group regularly reviews and determines the remuneration and compensation package of the Directors and the Senior Management with reference to, among other things, the market level of salaries paid by comparable companies, the respective responsibilities of the Directors and the Senior Management and the performance of the Group.

The remuneration committee of the Board (the "Remuneration Committee") reviews and determines the remuneration and compensation packages of the Directors with reference to their responsibilities, workload, the time devoted to the Group and the performance of the Group. The Directors may also receive options to be granted under the share option scheme adopted by the Company on 16 June 2016. During the year ended 31 December 2021, no share option was granted to the relevant participants pursuant to such scheme.

Dividend

The Board has resolved not to recommend the payment of any final dividend for the year ended 31 December 2021 (2020: Nil).

僱員及薪酬政策

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,本集團約 有537名(二零二零年:683名)僱員。本 集團的僱員福利開支(包括董事酬金)約為 78.2百萬港元(二零二零年:66.2百萬港 元),較二零二零年十二月三十一日增加約 18.3%。增加乃由於中國的中式酒樓於截至 二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度全年營 運,然而,該等酒樓於截至二零二零年十二 月三十一日止年度因受疫情影響僅營運約 10個月。

董事及本公司高級管理層(「高級管理層」) 按薪金及酌情花紅的形式獲得報酬,其款 額乃參照可比較公司薪金、投入時間及本 集團業績而釐定。本集團定期檢討及釐定 董事及高級管理層薪酬與補償待遇,其款 額乃參照(其中包括)可比較公司所支付薪 酬的市場水平、各董事及高級管理層的職 責及本集團的業績而釐定。

董事會薪酬委員會(「薪酬委員會」)將參照 董事職責、工作量、投入本集團的時間及 本集團業績檢討及釐定董事薪酬與補償待 遇。董事亦可根據本公司於二零一六年六 月十六日採納的購股權計劃獲授股權。於 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度, 概無購股權根據該計劃授予有關參與者。

股息

董事會已議決不建議派付截至二零二一年 十二月三十一日止年度的任何末期股息(二 零二零年:零)。

管理層討論及分析 (續)

Prospects

Due to the uncertainties of the Hong Kong and China economies and the widely spread of the Pandemic in Hong Kong and China since January 2020 which seriously affected the catering industry and is expected to continue throughout 2022, the Directors anticipate that the Group's business will face various challenges in the foreseeable future. The Group's key risk exposures and uncertainties are summarised as follows:

- (i) the Group's future success relies heavily on its ability to constantly offer menu items, creatively-designed banquet and dining services based on changing market trends and changing tastes, dietary habits, expectations and other preferences of the Group's target customers. As such, significant costs to survey and research customer trends and preferences and to develop and market new menu items, banquet and dining services may be required, this may place substantial burden on the Group's managerial and financial resources;
- the operation of the Group may be affected by the price of the food ingredients, including the price of the imported food ingredients which will be affected by the fluctuating exchange rate;
- there may be labour shortage in the future and competition for qualified individuals in the food and beverage industry may be intense;
- (iv) the Hong Kong and China economies may be further worsened as a result of the unfavourable development of the China-US trade war which would negatively affect the consumption sentiments of the general public and consequently the retail and catering sectors; and
- (v) the widely spread of the Pandemic in Hong Kong and China since January 2020, which may become serious and adversely affect the Group's restaurant operations in the year to come.

For other risks and uncertainties facing the Group, please refer to the section headed "Risk Factors" in the Prospectus.

前景

由於香港及中國經濟出現不明朗因素,以 及自二零二零年一月起疫情於香港及中國 廣泛傳播嚴重影響餐飲行業,並預期於二 零二二年持續,董事預計,本集團業務於可 見未來將面對各種挑戰。本集團主要風險 及不明朗因素概述如下:

- (i) 本集團未來的成功倚重其基於不斷變 化的市場趨勢及本集團目標客戶不斷 轉變的口味、飲食習慣、期望及其他 喜好而不斷提供菜單項目、創新設計 的筵席及用餐服務的能力。因此,進 行客戶趨勢及喜好調查及研究,以及 開發和推銷新菜單項目、筵席及用餐 服務或須支付巨額成本,因而可能為 本集團的管理及財務資源帶來沉重壓 力;
- (ii) 本集團營運或會受食材價格影響,包括受匯率浮動影響的進口食材價格;
- (iii) 未來可能出現勞動力短缺以及飲食行 業的合資格人員競爭可能激烈;
- (iv) 中美貿易戰局勢並無好轉,導致香港 及中國經濟進一步惡化,因而對公眾 的消費意欲造成負面影響,從而影響 了零售及餐飲行業;及
- (v) 自二零二零年一月起,疫情於香港及 中國廣泛傳播,對本集團酒樓業務於 來年的營運造成重大不利影響。

有關本集團面對的其他風險及不明朗因素, 請參閱招股章程「風險因素」一節。

管理層討論及分析 (續)

Nonetheless, the management is optimistic that (i) the Pandemic will be stabilized in the second half of 2022 and created conditions for reopening the borders between Hong Kong and China; and (ii) the Group can succeed and enhance the Shareholders' value in the medium to long run, based on the years of experience of the Senior Management in managing Chinese restaurant business in Hong Kong and China and its business strategies as detailed below.

The Group is confidence that Hong Kong economy will be gradually recover in the second half of 2022 which may also improve the consumer confidence level in Hong Kong. The reopening of the borders between Hong Kong and China will help to accelerate the recovery rate of economic activities in Hong Kong to pre-pandemic levels.

Going forward, the Group will continue to utilise available resources to implement its business strategies, namely, steady growth and prudent expansion in Hong Kong with its multi-brand strategy, progressive expansion in the PRC market, continuing promotion of brand image and recognition through marketing initiatives, enhancement of existing restaurant facilities and strengthening of staff training aiming to attract more new customers. In addition, the Group will continue to develop the online shopping platform for Star Of Canton by putting more effort on promotion and marketing to serve its customers.

The Group will also consider the expansion of its catering business into other types of cuisines and operation modes when opportunities arise, taking into account the Group's available resources, with the aim to maximize the return to its Shareholders. 儘管如此,根據下文詳述的高級管理層在 香港及中國管理中式酒樓業務的多年經驗 及其業務策略,管理層對(i)二零二二年下半 年疫情將趨於穩定,為香港與中國內地重 新開放邊界創造條件;及(ii)本集團在中長 期繼續鑄就成功及提升股東價值的能力表 示樂觀。

本集團有信心香港經濟將於二零二二年下 半年逐步復甦,這亦可能改善香港的消費 者信心水平。香港與中國內地邊境重開將 有助香港經濟活動加速恢復至疫情前水平。

展望未來,本集團將繼續動用其可用資源 實施其業務策略,即以多品牌策略於香港 穩步發展及審慎擴張、逐步拓展中國市場、 繼續透過營銷活動推廣品牌形象及認知度、 提升現有酒樓設施及加強員工培訓,旨在 吸引更多新客戶。此外,本集團將繼續發展 利寶閣線上購物平台,加大宣傳推廣力度, 為其客戶服務。

考慮到本集團的可用資源,倘有機會,本集 團亦將考慮為其餐飲業務擴充菜系及經營 模式,以為其股東帶來最大回報。

管理層討論及分析 (續)

Effect of COVID-19

In view of the widely spread of the Pandemic in China and Hong Kong, the Group has been paying close attention to the development of the Pandemic and making efforts to prevent and control the spread of the virus. As part of the Group's efforts to facilitate better prevention and control of the virus and ensure the health and safety of its employees and customers, the Group has been shortening the operation hours of its restaurants in Hong Kong. Besides, the Hong Kong Government order for restaurants to increase spacing between tables and limit the number of customers further hit consumer sentiment and escalated business pressure on the Group. During the year ended 31 December 2021, the Group's restaurants in Hong Kong have resumed limited operation in evening hours because of the partial relaxation of the Hong Kong Government order since late February 2021. Subsequent to the year end, the Hong Kong Government has implemented the vaccine pass initiative in three stages. From 30 April 2022 and up to the date of this report, people aged 18 or above who enter catering premises are required to have received at least two doses of COVID-19 vaccine. In addition, the Hong Kong Government has relaxed its social distancing measures on catering business which include, among others, starting from 5 May 2022 and up the date of this annual report, restaurants are allowed to accommodate eight persons at most per table.

The Group will closely monitor the market situation and the development of the Pandemic, and will adjust its business strategies to cater for the market trend and customer demand in order to improve its financial performance going forward.

COVID-19影響

鑑於疫情於中國及香港廣泛傳播,本集團 密切關注疫情的發展,竭力防控病毒擴散。 為更有效地防控病毒,確保僱員及客戶的 健康與安全,本集團採取的措施包括縮減 其香港餐館的營業時間。此外,香港政府 頒令餐館須增加餐桌之間的距離並限制用 餐人數,進一步打擊消費者情緒,加劇本集 團的業務壓力。於截至二零二一年十二月 三十一日止年度,本集團香港的酒樓恢復 晚市時段有限度營業,乃因香港政府在二 零二一年二月下旬頒令局部放寬措施所致。 於年末後,香港政府分三個階段實施疫苗 通行計劃。自二零二二年四月三十日起及 直至本報告日期,進入餐飲場所的18歲或 以上人士須接種至少兩劑COVID-19疫苗。 此外,香港政府已經放寬對餐飲業的社交 隔離措施,其中包括從二零二二年五月五 日起直至本年報日期,餐廳每桌最多可容 納八人。

本集團將密切關注市場行情及疫情的發展, 並將調整其業務策略,以順應市場走勢及 滿足客戶需求,以改善其未來的財務表現。

管理層討論及分析 (續)

Use of proceeds from the Rights Issue

The Company's rights issue (the "Rights Issue") was completed on 17 December 2019 with net proceeds received by the Company in the amount of approximately HK\$45.8 million after deducting underwriting commissions and related expenses. For details, please refer to the announcement titled "Results of the Rights Issue on the Basis of One Rights Share for Every Four Existing Shares Held on the Record Date" dated 16 December 2019.

As at 31 December 2021, the net proceeds from the Rights Issue were applied as follows:

供股所得款項用途

本公司供股(「供股」)於二零一九年十二月 十七日完成,經扣除包銷佣金及相關開支後, 本公司收取的所得款項淨額約45.8百萬港 元。詳情請參閱日期為二零一九年十二月 十六日題為「按於記錄日期每持有四股現有 股份獲發一股供股股份之基準進行供股之 結果」的公告。

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,供股所得 款項淨額用於下述用途:

		Planned use of	
		net proceeds	
		as stated in	Actual use of
		the listing	net proceeds
		documents dated	up to
		22 November	31 December
		2019	2021
		日期為	
		二零一九年	截至
		十一月二十二日	二零二一年
		上市文件所述	十二月三十一日
		所得款項	所得款項
		淨額計劃	淨額實際
		用途	用途
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Repayment of the Group's indebtedness and interest	償還本集團債務及 利息開支		
expenses		7,500	7,500
Payment of renovation and refurbishment costs of	支付本集團餐廳產生的 翻新及裝修成本		
the Group's restaurants		20,500	20,500
General working capital	一般營運資金	17,800	17,800

As at 31 December 2021, approximately HK\$45.8 million out of the net proceeds from the Rights Issue had been used in accordance with the planned usage as detailed above. As a result, all the net proceeds from the Rights Issue has been utilized as planned as at 31 December 2021. 於二零二一年十二月三十一日,供股所得 款項淨額中約45.8百萬港元已按照上文所 詳述的計劃用途動用。因此,於二零二一年 十二月三十一日,所有供股所得款項淨額 已按計劃使用。

管理層討論及分析 (續)

EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING DATE OF 31 DECEMBER 2021

The Company has provided an update on the inside information for a potential litigation. For details, please refer to the Company's announcement titled "Supplemental Announcement – Inside Information- Potential Litigation" dated 5 January 2022.

On 17 January 2022, the People's Court of Pudong New District of Shanghai* (上海市浦東新區人民法院) has accepted a civil action filed by two non-controlling shareholders (one of them is a legal representative) of a non-wholly owned subsidiary in the PRC, 上海志捷食品有 限公司, regarding the request to liquidate the non-wholly owned subsidiary. The court hearing of the above legal action has been scheduled to begin on 23 May 2022. Based on the legal advice from the PRC legal advisor, the directors of the Company are of the view that the Group has valid grounds to oppose the liquidation of the subsidiary as requested by the non-controlling shareholders and expected that the above legal action will not have any material adverse impact on the business and/or operations of the Group.

Saved as disclosed above, the Board is not aware of any important event requiring disclosure that has taken place subsequent to 31 December 2021 and up to the date of this report.

* For identification purpose only

二零二一年十二月三十一日報告 日後事項

本公司已就潛在訴訟提供有關內幕消息的 最新資料。詳情請參閱本公司日期為二零 二二年一月五日的題為「補充公告-內幕消 息—潛在訴訟」的公告。

於二零二二年一月十七日,上海市浦東新 區人民法院受理由一間中國非全資附屬公 司上海志捷食品有限公司之兩名非控股股 東(其中一名為法人代表)提出之民事訴訟, 其要求將非全資附屬公司進行清算。上述 法律訴訟之法院聆訊已定於二零二二年五 月二十三日開始。根據中國法律顧問之法 律意見,本公司董事認為,本集團有正當理 由反對該等非控股股東有關清算該附屬對本 集團之業務及/或營運產生任何重大不利 影響。

除上文所披露者外,於二零二一年十二月 三十一日之後及直至本報告日期,董事會 概不知悉任何須作出披露的重大事項。

* 僅供識別

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT 環境、社會及管治報告

Introduction, Environmental, Social and Governance Policies

Li Bao Ge Group Limited (the "Company", together with its subsidiaries, "the Group" or "we") is a Chinese restaurant group recognised for delivering Cantonese cuisine, Chinese banquet and dining services. For the year ended 31 December 2021 (the "Reporting Period" or "2021"), the Group operated four full-service restaurants in Hong Kong under the brand name of "Star of Canton (利寶閣) (including the Kwun Tong Restaurant which was closed in November 2021), a Thai cuisine restaurant in Hong Kong, under the brand name of "La Maison D' Elephant (象屋)" (the "Thai (Mongkok) Restaurant") in a shopping mall in Mongkok district, three fullservice restaurants in Shenzhen, the PRC, under the brand name of "Star of Canton (利寶閣)" and five food counters in Shenzhen and Shanghai under the brand name of "Star of Canton (利寶閣)" of which four food counters were closed during 2021. The Group had also operated twenty food counters in Shanghai, the PRC, under the brand name of "Sun Kau Kee (新玖記)" which were all closed during 2021 due to their unsatisfactory performance. This Environmental, Social and Governance Report (the "ESG Report") summarises the environmental, social and governance ("ESG") initiatives, plans and performances of the Group and demonstrates its commitment towards sustainable development. The Group attributes the growth and success to its dedication by offering quality food and services to customers.

Board Statement

While striving for performance, we also pursue business sustainability by being a responsible corporate citizen. We are committed to maintaining high standards of business practices in relation to environmental protection, social responsibility and corporate governance, as we believe this is the key to our continuous success in the future.

The board of directors of the Company (the "Board") has an ultimate responsibility for overseeing and making decision for the Group's ESG governance. The ESG governance mainly related to environmental, climate and social aspects. The Board is responsible to set up a general direction for the Group's ESG strategies, identify the risks and opportunities impacting the Group, formulate ESG Policy and targets of the Group, and review the Group's performance. The Board also ensures the effectiveness in the control of ESG risks and internal control mechanisms.

簡介,環境、社會及管治政策

利寶閣集團有限公司(「本公司」,連同其附 屬公司統稱「本集團」或「我們」)為以提供 優質粵菜佳餚、中式筵席及餐飲服務馳名 的中式酒樓集團。截至二零二一年十二月 三十一日止年度(「報告期間」或「二零二一 年」),本集團以「利寶閣」品牌名稱(包括於 二零二一年十一月結業的觀塘酒樓)於香港 經營四間提供全套服務的酒樓、以「象屋」 品牌名稱於香港旺角區商場經營一間泰式 料理餐廳(「泰式(旺角)餐廳」)、以「利寶閣」 品牌名稱於中國深圳經營三間提供全套服 務的酒樓及以「利寶閣」品牌名稱於深圳及 上海經營五間食品店舖,其中四間食品店 舖於二零二一年關閉。本集團亦以「新玖記」 品牌名稱於中國上海經營二十間食品店舖, 由於業績不盡人意,該等食品店舖均已於 二零二一年結業。本環境、社會及管治報告 (「本報告」) 概述本集團的環境、社會及管 治(「環境、社會及管治」)舉措、計劃及績效, 矢志實現可持續發展。本集團的成長與成功, 有賴於一直以來竭盡所能向客戶提供優質 食品及服務。

董事會聲明

於追求業務表現的同時,我們亦履行作為 負責任企業公民的義務,從而加強業務的 可持續性,並致力在環境保護、社會責任及 企業管治方面維持高標準的商業常規。我 們堅信此乃我們日後取得一個又一個成功 的關鍵。

本公司董事會(「董事會」)承擔本集團ESG 管治的監督及決策的最終責任。ESG管治 主要涉及環境、氣候及社會方面。董事會負 責為本集團的ESG戰略制定總體方向、識 別影響本集團的風險及機遇、制定本集團 的ESG政策及目標以及檢討本集團的表現。 董事會亦確保控制ESG風險及內部控制機 制的效用。

環境、社會及管治報告 (續)

The Group has established the ESG taskforce (the "Taskforce"). The Taskforce comprises core members from different departments and is responsible for collecting relevant information on our ESG aspects for preparing the ESG Report. The Taskforce reports to the Board, assists in identifying and evaluating the Group's ESG risks and the effectiveness of the internal control mechanisms. The Taskforce also examines and evaluates our performances in different aspects such as environment, health and safety, labour standards and product responsibilities in the ESG aspects.

The Board would review the updates in regulatory requirement, set goals and target with Taskforce regularly to ensure the strategies is on the right track and appropriate.

Reporting Scope

Unless specified otherwise, the ESG Report covers the Group's ESG performance of the headquarter office, and the eight restaurant operations in Hong Kong and the PRC. We collect the Group's key performance indicators ("KPI") in environmental and social areas through the Group's operation control mechanism.

Reporting Framework

The ESG Report has been prepared in accordance with the Environmental, Social and Governance Reporting Guide (the "ESG Reporting Guide") as set out in the Appendix 27 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited ("HKEX"). Information relating to the Group's corporate governance practices has been set out in the Corporate Governance Report on pages 76 to 101 of this annual report.

Reporting Period and Principles

The ESG Report describes the ESG activities, challenges and measures taken by the Group during the financial year ended 31 December 2021. We adhered to the reporting principles of the ESG Guide that are described below in preparation of this ESG report.

Materiality: Key ESG issues are identified through materiality assessment, the processes and results of which are disclosed in the part of "Stakeholder Engagement and Materiality Assessment" in this ESG Report. 本集團已成立環境、社會及管治專責小組 (「專責小組」)。專責小組的核心成員來自 各個不同的部門,負責收集有關環境、社會 及管治方面的資料,以供編撰本報告。專責 小組向董事會報告,協助識別及評估本集 團的環境、社會及管治風險及內部控制機 制的效率。專責小組亦檢測及評估我們在 環境、社會及管治方面中諸如環境、健康與 安全、勞工準則及產品責任等不同方面的 表現。

董事會將定期審閲監管要求之更新、與專 責小組設定目的及目標,以確保戰略方向 屬正確及適當。

報告範圍

除另行訂明者外,本報告涵蓋本集團位於 香港及中國的總部及八家酒樓、餐廳在環 境、社會及管治方面的表現。我們透過本集 團的經營控制機制收集本集團在環境及社 會方面的關鍵績效指標(「關鍵績效指標」)。

報告框架

本報告乃根據香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯 交所」)主板證券上市規則附錄二十七所載 的《環境、社會及管治報告指引》(「環境、 社會及管治報告指引」)而編撰。與本集團 企業管治常規有關的資料已載列於此年報 第76至101頁的企業管治報告。

報告期間及原則

本報告描述本集團於截至二零二一年十二 月三十一日止財政年度作出的環境、社會 及管治活動、遇到的相關挑戰及採取的相 關措施。於編製本報告時,我們遵守下文所 述環境、社會及管治指引的報告原則。

重要性:通過重要性評估識別主要環境、社 會及管治議題,其評估過程及結果於本報 告「持份者的參與及重要性評估」部分披露。

環境、社會及管治報告 (續)

Quantitative: Quantitative data in the ESG Report has been explained its purpose and impacts, and been applicable for comparisons.

Consistency: Consistent methodologies adopted to allow meaningful comparisons of ESG data over time over the years.

Stakeholder Engagement

The Group values its stakeholders and their views related to its business and ESG issues. In order to understand and address stakeholders' concerns, we communicate with our key stakeholders by ways of interviews and survey, including but not limited to investors and shareholders, customers, suppliers, employees, government and regulatory bodies, and the community, non-government organisations ("NGOs") and media through different channels.

In formulating operational strategies and ESG measures, we take into account stakeholders' expectation and strive to improve our performance through mutual cooperation to create greater value for society. The Group's major stakeholders' communication channels and their corresponding expectations are as follows: 定量:本報告之定量數據已説明其目的及 影響並適合進行比較。

一致性:採用一致方法對數年之環境、社會 及管治數據進行有意義之比較。

持份者參與

本集團重視其持份者及彼等對其業務以及 環境、社會及管治事宜的意見。為了解並解 決持份者關心的事情,我們透過面談及調 查與主要持份者進行溝通,包括但不限於 投資者及股東、客戶、供應商、僱員、政府 及監管機構以及社區、非政府組織(「非政 府組織」)及媒體。

在制定營運策略以及環境,社會及管治措施時,我們會考慮持份者的期望,並透過相互合作努力提升集團績效,為社會創造更大價值。本集團與主要持份者的溝通渠道及彼等的期望如下:

Stakeholders 持份者	Communication channels 溝通渠道	Expectations 期望
Investors and shareholders 投資者及股東	 Annual general meeting and other shareholder meetings 股東週年大會及其他股東會議 Financial reports 財務報告 Announcements and circulars 公告及通函 Corporate website 公司網站 	 Complying with relevant laws and regulations 遵守相關法律法規 Disclosing latest information of the corporate in due course 適時披露公司最新資訊 Financial results 財務業績 Corporate sustainability 企業可持續發展
Customers 客戶	 Customer satisfaction surveys and feedback forms 客戶滿意度調查及反饋表 Customer service manager 客服經理 Direct communication 直接溝通 	 Product and service responsibility 承擔產品及服務責任 Customer information and privacy protection 客戶信息及私隱保護 Food safety 食品安全

環境、社會及管治報告 (續)

Stakeholders 持份者	Communication channels 溝通渠道	Expectations 期望
Suppliers 供應商	 Supplier management meetings and events 供應商管理會議及活動 Supplier audit management system 供應商審計管理制度 Site visits 實地參觀 	 Fair competition 公平競爭 Business ethics and reputation 商業道德及聲譽 Cooperation with mutual benefits 合作共贏
Employees 僱員	 Employee opinion surveys 僱員意見調査 Channels for employees' feedback (forms, suggestion box, etc.) 僱員反饋渠道 (意見表、意見箱等) Notice boards 告示板 	 Health and safety 健康與安全 Equal opportunities 平等機會 Remuneration and benefits 薪酬及福利 Career development 職業發展
Government and regulatory bodies 政府及監管機構	 Performance reports 績效報告 Written response to public consultation 書面答覆公眾諮詢 Site visits 實地參觀 	 Tax payment as required by law 依法納税 Business ethics 商業道德 Complying with relevant laws and regulations 遵守相關法律法規
Community, NGOs and media 社區、非政府組織及 媒體	 Community investment programs 社區投資計劃 ESG reports 環境、社會及管治報告 	 Giving back to society 回饋社會 Environmental protection 環境保護 Compliant operations 合規經營
		們的目標是與持份者合作,改善我們在 這、社会及管治方面的表現,並持續為社

區創造更大價值。

ESG performance and create greater value for the wider 環境、社會及管治方面的表現,並持續為社 community on a continuous basis.

環境、社會及管治報告 (續)

Materiality Assessment

To assist the Group in reviewing its operations, identifying relevant ESG issues, and assessing the importance of those relevant matters to our business and stakeholders, the Group's management, ESG Taskforce and staff in major functions are involved in the preparation of the ESG Report. We have compiled a survey in accordance with the identified material ESG issues to collect information from relevant departments, business units and stakeholders of the Group. The following matrix is a summary of the Group's material ESG issues.

重要性評估

為協助本集團審查其業務營運,識別相關 環境、社會及管治事宜,並評估該等相關事 宜對我們業務及持份者的重要性,本集團 管理層、環境、社會及管治專責小組及主要 職能部門的員工均參與編撰本報告。我們 根據已識別的重大環境、社會及管治事宜 編製資料問卷,向本集團的相關部門、業務 單位及持份者收集資料。下列矩陣概述本 集團的重大環境、社會及管治事宜。



ever of significance of Economic, Environmental and Social Impacts 對經濟、環境及社會影響的重要性程度

During the Reporting Period, the Group confirmed that it has established appropriate and effective management policies and internal control systems for ESG issues, and confirmed that the disclosed contents in the ESG Report are in compliance with the requirements of the ESG Reporting Guide.

Contact Us

We welcome stakeholders to provide their opinions and suggestions. You can provide valuable advices in respect of the ESG Report or our performances in sustainable development by email at enquiry@starofcanton.com.hk. 於報告期間,本集團確認已就環境、社會及 管治事宜制定適當且有效的管理政策及內 部監控制度,並確認本報告所披露的內容 符合環境、社會及管治報告指引的要求。

聯絡我們

我們歡迎持份者提供意見及建議。 閣下可來函就本報告或我們在可持續發展方面的表現提供寶貴意見,郵址為enquiry@starofcanton.com.hk。

環境、社會及管治報告 (續)

A. Environmental

A1. Emissions

The Group recognises that the long-term viability of the Group's business is closely linked with the wellbeing of society. We are committed to promoting green environment by introducing environmentally friendly business practices, educating our employees to enhance their awareness on environmental protection, and complying with relevant environmental laws and regulations. We strive to minimise the potential impacts of our business on the environment and society in which we operate so to fulfil our commitment on social responsibility.

In order to mitigate the environmental impacts brought by the Group's operations, we have adopted and implemented relevant environmental policies. These policies apply the emission mitigation principles as well as the waste management principles of "Reduce, Reuse, Recycle and Replace", with the objectives of minimising the adverse environmental impacts, and ensuring the emissions or wastes being generated are managed in an environmentally responsible manner.

We have also embraced our responsibility to create an environmentally sustainable business by implementing measures that promote energy conservation, waste reduction and any other green initiatives across the life cycle of our services. We are committed to educating our employees to raise their awareness on environmental protection and compliance with the relevant environmental laws and regulations.

During the Reporting Period, the Group has not identified any material non-compliance of environmental laws and regulations in relation to air and greenhouse gas ("GHG") emissions, water and land discharge, and the generation of hazardous and non-hazardous wastes that have a significant impact to the Group. Such environmental laws and regulations include but are not limited to the Hong Kong Air Pollution Control Ordinance (Cap. 311), the Hong Kong Waste Disposal Ordinance (Cap. 354), the Environmental Protection Law of the People's Republic of China, the Water Pollution Prevention and Control Law of the People's Republic of China, and the Law of the People's Republic of China on Prevention and Control of Atmospheric Pollution.

A. 環境

A1. 排放物

本集團了解本集團業務能否長期 營運的可行性與社會福祉息息相 關。我們透過施行環境友好型營 業實務,教導員工提高環保意識 及遵守相關的環境法律法規,矢 志促進綠色環境。我們努力降低 業務對營運所在環境及社會的潛 在影響,從而履行對社會責任的 承諾。

為緩解本集團營運活動對環境的 影響,我們已採用並實施相關的 環境政策。該等政策採用減排原 則以及「減少、重用、回收、替代」 的廢物管理原則,旨在最大程度 地減少對環境的不利影響,確保 以對環境負責的方式排放或產生 廢物。

我們以創建環保型可持續發展的 企業為己任,採取在服務週期內 促進節能、減少廢物及任何其他 綠色舉措等各項措施。我們亦教 導員工提高環保意識,並遵守相 關的環境法律法規。

於報告期間,本集團並無發現任 何嚴重違反有關空氣及溫室氣體 (「溫室氣體」)排放、向水及全體 排放、產生有危害及無危害及無危害 環境法律法規從而對本集團造 成重大影響。該等環境法律法制 使例》(第351章)、香港《廢物處置 條例》(第351章)、《中華人民共和 國環境保護法》、《中華人民共和 國水污染防治法》及《中華人民共 和國大氣污染防治法》。

環境、社會及管治報告 (續)

Exhaust Gas Emissions

The major source of exhaust gas generated by the Group's business operations were mainly fuel consumed by vehicles for transportation and towngas for cooking.

The Group strictly controls the emissions of oil fumes in accordance with the legislation requirements of Hong Kong and the PRC. To control the emissions of oil fumes and other exhaust gas, all restaurants of the Group have installed exhaust emission systems and air pollution control equipment, including mechanical ventilation systems and oil fume exhaust filters. In addition, the Group has formulated policies and implemented various emission reduction measures to reduce emissions from sources, such measures include but are not limited to:

- Encourage the use of public transportation for business commuting purposes;
- Reduce the number of business trips through utilising electronic communication means such as video conferences;
- Operate vehicles that meet the emission standards of the government; and
- Conduct regular vehicle maintenance to maintain engine functions and reduce fuel consumption, thereby reducing carbon and exhaust gas emissions.

廢氣排放

本集團經營活動產生廢氣的主要 來源主要是車輛運輸燃料及烹飪 用煤氣。

本集團根據香港及中國的法律規 定嚴格控製油煙的排放。為控制 油煙及其他廢氣的排放,本集團 的所有酒樓均安裝廢氣排放系統 及空氣污染控制設備,包括機械 通風系統及油煙排氣過濾器。此外, 本集團已制定政策並實施各種減 排措施以減少源頭排放,相關措 施包括但不限於:

- 鼓勵以公共交通工具作商務 通勤;
- 透過視頻會議等電子通訊手 段減少差旅次數;
- 採用符合政府排放標準的運輸工具;及
- 定期進行一次車輛維護,以 保持引擎功能及減少油耗, 降低碳排放及廢氣排放。

環境、社會及管治報告 (續)

In year 2020, we experienced several months for providing limited dine-in services under social distancing measures imposed by the Government of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region. Due to the relax social distancing measures such as resumption of dinnertime dine-in services and relax of maximum number of persons allowed per banquet, the overall exhaust gas emissions has slightly increased during the Reporting Period. The Group's exhaust gas emissions performances were as follows: 於二零二零年,根據香港特別行 政區政府實施的社交隔離措施, 我們於數月內提供有限堂食服務。 由於放寬社交隔離措施,如恢復 晚餐堂食服務及放寬每場宴會允 許之最多人數,報告期間之整體 廢氣排放量略微增加。本集團的 廢氣排放績效如下:

Types of exhaust gas 廢氣類別	Unit 單位	Emissions 排放量	Emissions 排放量	
•		2021 二零二一年 二	2020 二零二零年	
Nitrogen Oxides (NOx) 氮氧化物(NOx)	kg 公斤	1,905.33	1,859.69	
Sulphur Oxides (SOx) 二氧化硫(SOx)	kg 公斤	8.90	8.65	
Particulate Matter (PM) 懸浮微粒 (PM)	kg 公斤	15.36	19.73	

GHG Emissions

The major sources of the Group's GHG emissions are direct emissions from towngas cooking, diesel and petrol consumed by vehicles (Scope 1), and indirect emissions from towngas cooking and purchased electricity (Scope 2). The Group actively adopts electricity conservation and energy saving measures to reduce GHG emissions, such measures include but are not limited to:

- Actively adopt vehicular emission reduction measures. Relevant measures are described in the section headed "Exhaust Gas Emissions" in this aspect; and
- Actively adopt measures for environmental protection, energy conservation, and watersaving. Relevant measures are described in the section headed "Energy Management" in aspect A2.

溫室氣體排放

本集團溫室氣體排放的主要來源 是煤氣烹飪、運輸消耗的柴油及 汽油所產生的直接排放(範圍1)以 及煤氣烹飪及外購電力產生的間 接排放(範圍2)。本集團積極採取 節電節能措施以減少溫室氣體排 放,相關措施包括但不限於:

- 積極採取車輛減排措施。相 關措施在本層面「廢氣排放」
 一節闡述;及
- 積極採取環保、節能、節水措施。相關措施在層面A2「能源管理」一節闡述。

環境、社會及管治報告 (續)

The Group's total GHG emissions has slightly increased during the year mainly due to increased usage of towngas from relax social distancing measures. The Group's GHG emissions performances were as follows: 本集團之溫室氣體排放總量於年 內略微增加,乃主要由於放寬社 交隔離措施令煤氣使用量增加。 本集團的溫室氣體排放績效如下:

	dicator ² វ標 ²	Unit 單位	Emissions 排放量	
			2021 二零二一年	2020 二零二零年
	rect GHG emissions (Scope 1) 接溫室氣體排放(範圍1)	tCO₂e 噸二氧化碳當量	23,170.59	21,986.63
	direct GHG emissions (Scope 2) 接溫室氣體排放(範圍2)	tCO ₂ e 噸二氧化碳當量	7,980.38	8,297.35
	otal GHG emissions (Scope 1 and 2) 國室氣體排放總量(範圍1及2)	tCO₂e 噸二氧化碳當量	31,150.97	30,283.98
	otal GHG emissions intensity 室氣體排放總量密度	tCO ₂ e/thousand revenue 噸二氧化碳當量/ 千元收入	0.11	0.13
Note	36:	Pf	1註:	
(1)	GHG emissions data is presented in terms of equivalent and are based on, but not lim Sustainability Report" published by CLP Por Limited, "Sustainability Report 2020" published Investments, "ESG Report 2020" published by and China Gas Company Limited, "How to p Report – Appendix II: Reporting Guidance of	ited to, "2020 wer Hong Kong d by HK Electric the Hong Kong prepare an ESG	, 列,並参照包括低 公司發佈的《二零 告》、港燈發佈的 展報告》、香港中 的《二零二零年環:	♣乃按二氧化碳當量呈 量不限於中華電力有限 第二零年可持續發展報 《二零二零年可持續發 華煤氣有限公司發佈 境、社會及管治報告》、 的《如何準備環境、社

(2) During the Reporting Period, the Group's total revenue was approximately HK\$274.6 million. The data will also be used for calculating other intensity data.

KPIs" issued by the HKEX.

With the current size of business operation, we target to have 5% total GHG emissions intensity reduction target over three years compared with the Reporting Period by the ways of maintaining indoor temperature at an optimal level for comfort and timely switching off the unuse e electrical appliance and equipment at restaurants.

(2) 於報告期間,本集團的總收入約為274.6 百萬港元,此數據亦會用於計算其他密 度數據。

按當前業務營運規模,透過將室 內溫度保持於最佳舒適水平並及 時關閉酒樓未使用的電器及設備, 實現三年內溫室氣體排放總量密 度較報告期間減少5%的目標。

的《二零二零年環境、社會及管治報告》、 香港聯交所發佈的《如何準備環境、社 會及管治報告一附錄二:環境關鍵績效 指標彙報指引》。

環境、社會及管治報告 (續)

Sewage Discharge

During daily operation, the Group generates domestic sewage mainly in the course of food preparation and cleaning. The sewage generated will first be purified in the subsurface sewage treatment system, then discharged to the urban sewage pipe network. The Group has rigorously monitored the usage and disposal of the sewage, and comply with relevant laws and regulations to meet local government sewage discharge standards. Since the Group's sewage are discharged through the municipal sewage pipe network to the regional water purification plant, our sewage discharged is considered as the water consumed. Hence, the performance of sewage discharged will be disclosed in the section headed "Water Management" in aspect A2.

Wastes Management

The Group adheres to the waste management principles and strives to properly manage and dispose all wastes produced in our business activities. Our waste management practices comply with related environmental protection laws and regulations. The Group maintains a high standard in wastes reduction, educates employees about the importance of sustainable development, and provides relevant supports in order to enhance their skills and knowledge in sustainability.

Hazardous Wastes

Due to the Group's business nature, the Group did not generate significant amount of hazardous wastes during the Reporting Period. Despite the Group did not generate hazardous wastes, the Group has established guidelines in governing the management and disposal of hazardous wastes. In case there are any hazardous wastes produced, the Group is required to engage a qualified chemical wastes collector to handle such wastes, and complied with relevant environmental rules and regulations. The reduction target was not applicable to the Group.

污水排放

於日常營運中,本集團主要在食品 製作及清潔過程中產生生活污水。 產生的污水首先於地下污水處理 系統中淨化,然後排放至城市污 水管網。本集團嚴格監控污水的 使用及處置,並遵守相關法律法規, 以符合當地政府的污水排放標準。 本集團的污水經過市政污水管網 排放至當地淨水廠,故我們的污 水排放動績效將在層面A2「用水管 理」一節披露。

廢物管理

本集團恪守廢物管理原則,努力 妥善管理及處置業務活動產生的 所有廢物。我們的廢物管理實務 符合相關的環保法律法規。本集 團在減少廢物方面秉持高標準, 教導員工可持續發展的重要性, 並提供相關支持以增強員工在可 持續發展方面的技能及知識。

有害廢物

基於本集團的業務性質,本集團 於報告期間概無產生大量的有害 廢物。本集團雖未產生有害廢物, 但仍設立有害廢物管理及處置指 引。倘產生任何有害廢物,本集團 須委聘合資格的化學廢物收集者 處理此類廢物,並遵守相關的環 境規則及規例。本集團並無減排 目標。

環境、社會及管治報告 (續)

Non-hazardous Wastes

Food Wastes

Food wastes is considered as a major nonhazardous waste type generated during the course of our business operation as being a corporation that is engaged in providing and delivering catering and dining services. The Group has developed stringent policies and procedures in managing food wastes, and has appointed qualified professional third parties in collecting and handling the food waste generated. The Group has also placed a number of designated garbage bins in different areas in kitchens for staff to centralise food wastes. The qualified wastes collector will collect these garbage bins on a daily basis to ensure the environmental hygiene of kitchens and restaurants.

In addition, the Group has appointed a waste oil company to collect and recycle the waste oil generated during the cooking process into biodiesel so to ensure proper disposal of the waste cooking oil generated from our restaurant operations. Apart from appointing qualified third parties in handling food wastes, the Group has also implemented various measures in minimising food waste, such as making better use of food ingredients. During the Reporting Period, all food wastes generated by the Group were collected and handled by qualified third party wastes collector.

Other Wastes

Other wastes that are generated by the Group are mainly office papers and dim sum papers. The Group has adopted various initiatives and measures to minimise the generation of such wastes. Such initiatives and measures include but are not limited to:

- Promote double-sided printing to utilise the use of paper efficiently;
- Use recycled paper for printing and copying;
- Utilise electronic communication where applicable; and
- Distribute office memos to remind staff to only print necessary materials to avoid wastage.

無害廢物 廚餘

由於作為從事提供餐飲服務業務 的公司,廚餘為我們業務運營過。 程中產生的主要無害廢物類型。 本集團制定嚴格的廚餘管理政策 三方收集及處理所產生的廚餘第 三方收集及處理所產生的廚餘。 本集團亦在廚房的各個區員工集 的放置廚餘。合資格的廢物收集 商每天收集該等垃圾箱,確保廚 房及酒樓的衛生。

此外,本集團亦委聘一家廢油回 收公司,收集烹飪過程中產生的 廢油並將其回收再利用為生物柴 油,以確保妥善處置酒樓運營中 產生的廢油。除委聘合資格的第 三方處理食品廢物外,本集團亦 採取各種措施減少食品浪費,閒 如將食材物盡其用。於報告期間, 本集團產生的所有廚餘由合資格 的第三方廢物收集商收集及處理。

其他廢物

本集團產生的其他廢物主要包括 辦公用紙及點心紙。本集團已採 取各種舉措及措施盡量減少此等 廢物,包括但不限於:

- 提倡雙面打印,以提高紙張 使用率;
- 使用再生紙進行打印及復印;
- 在適當情況下使用電子通訊;
 及
- 分發辦公備忘錄,提醒員工 僅打印必要的材料,以免浪費。

環境、社會及管治報告 (續)

With the above waste reduction initiatives, employees' waste reduction awareness has been raised. The Group's reduction target is to achieve 10% reduction of total non-hazardous wastes intensity by year 2031 from a base year of 2021 by studying to adopt electronic ordering system to replace filling in the dim sum paper. The Group's non-hazardous wastes disposal performances were as follows: 透過採取上述減少廢物措施,僱 員的減少廢物意識不斷提高。本 集團之減排目標為透過研究採納 電子點餐系統代替填裝點心紙, 於二零三一年實現無害廢物總量 密度減少10%(以二零二一年為基 準年度)。本集團的無害廢物棄置 績效如下:

Non-hazardous wastes type 無害廢物類別	Unit 單位	Disposal 棄置量	
		2021 二零二一年	2020 二零二零年
Office paper 辦公紙	tonnes 噸	1.60	0.44
Dim sum paper 點心紙	tonnes 噸	1.86	2.01
Total non-hazardous wastes 無害廢物總量	tonnes 噸	3.46	2.45
Total non-hazardous wastes intensity 無害廢物總量密度	tonnes/million revenue 噸/百萬元收入	0.01	0.01

A2. Use of Resources

The Group upholds and promotes the principle of effective use of resources, and is committed to optimising the use of resources in all of its business operations. We promote green working environment, and continue with initiatives to introduce resource efficiency and eco-friendly measures to the Group's operations. The Group has established relevant policies and procedures in governing the use of energy, water and packaging material with reference to the objective of achieving higher efficiency and reducing the unnecessary use of materials.

A2. 資源使用

環境、社會及管治報告 (續)

Energy Management

The Group has developed related energy policy to outline the framework on the efficient use of energy. Employees are required to adopt the related measures and initiatives, and assume responsibility for the Group's overall energy efficiency. By establishing an energy management system, we develop and regularly review our energy objectives and targets to continuously enhance the Group's energy performance. Unexpected high consumption of energy will be investigated to find out the root causes, and corresponding preventive measures will be taken where deemed necessary. The energy consumption of the Group was mainly contributed by electricity consumption for operation, gasoline and diesel consumption for vehicles, and towngas for cooking. The Group has introduced various measures and initiatives to achieve the goal of electricity saving and efficient consumption. Such measures and initiatives include but are not limited to:

- Turn off all unnecessary electronic appliances and devices when they are not in use to avoid wastage of electricity;
- Utilise natural ventilation where possible to minimise the use of electricity in lightings;
- Use LED lightings instead of traditional lamps;
- Enhance the maintenance and overhaul of equipment so as to maintain the best condition of all electronic equipment for effective use of electricity;
- Regulate the use of air conditioners to prevent wastage of electricity; and
- Conduct regular maintenance for cooking facilities to ensure optimal efficiency.

能源管理

- 不使用時關閉所有不必要的 電子設備,以免浪費電力;
- 盡可能利用自然光照,以盡 量減少照明用電;
- 使用LED照明代替傳統燈具;
- 加強設備的維護及檢修,使 所有電子設備保持最佳狀態, 以提高用電效率;
- 規範使用空調,防止浪費電力;及
- 定期維護烹飪設施,確保最 佳效率。

環境、社會及管治報告 (續)

The Group's total energy consumption has slightly increased by approximately 5.4% from 119,188.69 MWh in 2020 to 125,638.08 MWh in 2021. The increase in energy consumed was due to the relax of anti-infection measures in operation of restaurant in Hong Kong. Also, the decrease in usage of diesel and unleaded petrol was resulted from the encouragement of the use of public transportation for business commuting purposes. We target to have reduction of total energy consumption intensity in coming three years when compared to the Reporting Period by reduction in electricity consumption. We would achieve it by giving priority to the purchase of energy-saving and environmental protection equipment when replacing the broken equipment. The Group's energy consumption performances were as follows:

本集團的總能源消耗由二零二 零年的119,188.69兆瓦時增加約 5.4%至二零二一年的125,638.08 兆瓦時。能源消耗增加乃由於放寬 香港食肆經營防疫措施所致。此外, 柴油及無鉛汽油使用量減少乃由 於鼓勵使用公共交通工具進行商 務通勤所致。我們的目標為透過 文度較報告期間有所下降。我 們將透過於更換損壞說現該目標。 本集團的能源消耗表現如下:

Energy type 能源類別	Unit 單位	Consumption 消耗量	
		2021 二零二一年	2020 二零二零年
Total energy consumption 能耗總量	MWh 兆瓦時	125,638.08	119,188.69
Total energy consumption intensity 能耗總量密度	MWh/thousand revenue 兆瓦時/千元收入	0.46	0.50
	MWh/m ^{2 (note 3)} 兆瓦時/平方米 ^(附註3)	8.61	8.09
Direct energy consumption 直接能耗			
Diesel 柴油	MWh 兆瓦時	0.66	19.15
Unleaded petrol 無鉛汽油 <i>Indirect energy consumption</i> 間接能耗	MWh 兆瓦時	130.00	253.07
Purchased electricity 購電量	MWh 兆瓦時	4,668.22	4,484.44
Towngas 煤氣	MWh 兆瓦時	120,839.20	114,432.03
Note:	附	註:	

(3) As at 31 December 2021, the Group's total floor area was approximately 14,584.31 m2. The data will also be used for calculating other intensity data. (3) 於二零二一年十二月三十一日,本集團 的總面積為約14,584.31平方米。此數據 亦會用於計算其他密度數據。

環境、社會及管治報告 (續)

Water Management

The use of water is inevitable to maintain business operation as being a high-quality catering service provider. In order to reduce and minimise water consumption, we encourage our employees and customers to develop the habit of conscious water use in order to reduce water consumption.

The Group has been strengthening its watersaving promotion in various ways, such as posting water-saving slogans near to water outlets in kitchens, washrooms and sink areas, and guiding employees to use water reasonably. Water pipes and water taps are also checked regularly to prevent water leakage. If abnormal conditions are detected, employees are required to report to the departmental managers and related department.

The decrease in water consumed was due to effectiveness of the water-saving measures. The Group's water consumption performances were as follows:

用水管理

由於作為一個優質餐飲服務提供 商用水乃維持業務運營不可或缺 的資源。為減少用水並盡可能降 低用水量,我們鼓勵僱員及客戶 養成節約用水的習慣,以減少用 水量。

本集團一直以各種方式加大節水 宣傳力度,例如在廚房、洗手間及 水槽區域的出水口附近張貼節水 標語,以及指導僱員合理用水。本 集團亦定期檢查水管及水龍頭, 防止漏水。倘發現異常情況,僱員 須向部門經理及相關部門報告。

耗水量減少乃由於節水措施之效 用所致。本集團之耗水情況如下:

Indicator 指標	Unit 單位	Consum 消耗	
		2021 二零二一年	2020 二零二零年
Water	m ³	150,099.00	142,985.00
用水	立方米		
Water consumption intensity 用水密度	m³/thousand revenue 立方米/千元收入	0.55	0.60
Water consumption intensity	m ³ /m ²	10.29	9.70
用水密度	立方米/平方米		

Considering the location of our office and restaurants, we do not have any issue in sourcing water that is fit for purpose. As the water consumption is essential for cleaning and sanitization purpose, we would consider a conservative target to have a reduction of 3% in water consumption intensity per square meters in five years by studying to install water aerator to reduce water flow. 鑑於本集團辦公室及酒樓所在位 置,我們在求取合適水源上並無 遇到任何問題。由於耗水量對於 清潔及消毒目的至關重要,我們 將考慮一個保守目標,即透過研 究安裝省水閥減少水流,於五年 內將每平方米之耗水密度減少3%。

環境、社會及管治報告 (續)

Use of Packaging Materials

The packaging materials used by the Group are mainly plastic containers and bags for take-away orders. We have utilised every type of packaging material by utilising the space of each in order to avoid excessive packaging. During the Reporting Period, the Group has consumed approximately 1.02 tonnes plastic packaging materials, which approximates to 0.004 kg per thousand revenue.

A3. The Environment and Natural Resources

The Group pursues the best practices for environment protection and focuses on the Group's business impacts on the environment and natural resources. In addition to complying with relevant environmental laws and international standards for protecting the natural environment, we have integrated the concepts of environmental protection and natural resource conservation into our internal management and daily operations in order to achieve environmental sustainability.

Indoor Air Quality Management

The Group heavily emphasises on indoor air quality, and the Group has strict control over air quality management. We prohibit anyone from smoking in kitchen and dining areas. Any person who is found to have violated such rule will be subjected to disciplinary action, up to and including termination of employment. Besides, the Group has installed exhaust emission systems and air pollution control equipment, including mechanical ventilation systems and oil fume exhaust filters in all restaurants. This helps to minimise the oil fume emissions and odour nuisance arising from our restaurant operations. Apart from these measures, the Group will also conduct regular cleaning of the air conditioning systems to ensure a high level of indoor air quality is provided for both employees and customers.

Being under the threat of COVID-19, to ensure the employees are working and the customers are enjoying cuisine under a safe environment, the Group has purchased and installed more air purifiers in restaurant and office area.

包裝材料使用

本集團使用的包裝材料主要為用 於外賣訂單的塑料容器及袋子。 我們透過利用每種包裝材料的空 間來使用該包裝材料,以避免過 度包裝。於報告期間,本集團消耗 約1.02噸塑料包裝材料,即每千 元收入約0.004公斤。

A3. 環境及天然資源

本集團追求最佳環保實務,且十 分關注本集團業務對環境及天然 資源的影響。除遵守相關環保法 律及國際標準以保護自然環境外, 我們亦將環境保護與自然資源保 護的理念融入本集團內部管理及 日常運營中,以實現我們的環保 型可持續發展。

室內空氣質量管理

本集團高度重視室內空氣質量, 並嚴格控制空氣質量管理事宜。 我們禁止在廚房及就餐區吸煙。 違反該規定者,一經發現,將受紀 律處分,情節嚴重者甚至會被解僱。 此外,本集團在所有酒樓安裝偏, 包括機械通風系統及油煙排設備, 過器,此舉有助於最大程度地 放及異味,為在的油葉的油集團 亦會定期清潔空調系統,以確 為僱員及客戶提供優質的室內空氣。

受COVID-19威脅,為確保僱員於 安全的環境下工作及顧客於安全 的環境下享用美食,本集團已於 酒樓、餐廳及辦公區購買及安裝 更多空氣淨化器。

環境、社會及管治報告 (續)

A4. Climate change

In recent decades, climate changes raise more concerns around the world. Risk from extreme weather caused by climate change may cause pose risk to the Group's stakeholders such as the Group's employees, suppliers and customers. To address this, the Group continued to reduce GHG emissions and energy consumption from our operations through various environmental protection measures as mentioned above during the Reporting Period.

For acute physical risks such as storms, floods, heatwaves may cause disruption to the supply chain network. We continue to maintain a large supplier base to ensure that there was alternative choice for goods in the event of our suppliers being affected by extreme weather conditions.

For transition risks such as change in laws and regulations and change in customers preference, as the Group is not producing significant amount of GHG emission and maintaining the minimum level of energy consumption, we believe that the risk is relatively low. ESG Taskforce would continue to identify the risks and opportunities faced by the Group regarding climate change, monitor the updates in new laws and regulations and regularly report to the Board to ensure the Group meet the regulatory requirement and reduce the impacts towards the business operation.

A4. 氣候變化

於近數十年,氣候變化於世界範 圍引起更多關注。氣候變化引起 的極端天氣風險可能令本集團的 持份者(如本集團的僱員、供應商 及客戶)面臨風險。為解決此問題, 本集團於報告期間透過上述各項 環保措施,持續減少營運的溫室 氣體排放及能源消耗。

嚴重物理風險(如暴風雨、洪水、 熱浪)可能會導致供應鏈網絡中斷。 我們繼續維持龐大的供應商基礎, 以確保在我們供應商受極端天氣 狀況影響的情況下,可選擇其他 商品。

就過渡風險(如法律及法規變化以 及顧客偏好變化)而言,由於本集 團產生的溫室氣體排放並不重大 且能源消耗保持於最低水平,我 們認為該風險相對較低。環境、社 會及管治專責小組將繼續別加 會及管治專債化方面所面臨的風 險及機遇、監控新法律及法規的 更新並定期向董事會報告,以確 業務運營的影響。

環境、社會及管治報告 (續)

B. Social

B1. Employment

Human resources are the foundation in supporting the Group's development, and we regard our employees as the valuable asset of the Group. We believe that success in hiring, training and retaining talents is critical in providing reliable and quality services.

We have established relevant employment policies to fulfil our vision on people-oriented management strategy and realising the full potential of employees. Relevant employment policies are formally documented as the Employee Handbook, covering aspects including recruitment, promotion and dismissal, remuneration and benefits, working hours and rest periods, diversity and equal opportunities, etc. The Group will review these policies and the employment practices periodically to ensure the continuous improvements of our employment standards.

During the Reporting Period, the Group did not aware of any material non-compliance with laws and regulations relating to compensation and dismissal, recruitment and promotion, working hours, rest periods, equal opportunity, diversity, anti-discrimination and other benefits and welfare, including but not limited to the Hong Kong Employment Ordinance (Cap. 57), the Hong Kong Minimum Wage Ordinance (Cap. 608), the Labour Law of the People's Republic of China, and the Labour Contract Law of the People's Republic of China that would have a significant impact on the Group.

B. 社會 B1. 僱傭

人力資源乃支持本集團發展的根基,我們將員工視作集團的寶貴 資產。我們認為,成功招聘、培訓 及挽留人才對提供可靠及優質的 服務至關重要。

我們制定相關的僱傭政策,以期 實現以人為本的管理策略的願景, 並使僱員充分發揮潛能。相關的 僱傭政策已正式載錄於《員工手冊》 中,涵蓋招聘、晉升及解僱、薪酬 及福利、工時及假期、多元化發展 及平等機會等主題。本集團將定 期審查該等政策及僱傭實務,確 保不斷改進我們的僱傭標準。

於報告期間,本集團並無嚴重違 反賠償及解僱、招聘及晋升、工時、 假期、平等機會、多元化發展、反 歧視及其他福利及待遇相關法律 法規從而對本集團造成重大影響, 包括但不限於香港《僱傭條例》(第 57章)及香港《最低工資條例》(第 608章)、《中華人民共和國勞動法》 及《中華人民共和國勞動合同法》。

環境、社會及管治報告 (續)

Recruitment, Promotion and Dismissal

We adopt a robust, transparent and fair recruitment processes based on merit selection against the job criteria, and recruit individuals based on their suitability for the position and their potential to fulfil the Group's current and future needs. The Group attracts talents through open recruitment, and candidates are subjected to assessments (both written and technical depending on position's requirement) prior to employment. Employment decision will be made based on results of the assessment, work experience and overall ability of the candidate.

The Group specifies the basis and process for employees' transfer and promotion. We offer transfer and internal promotion opportunities for employees who have outstanding work performance so to optimise the allocation of human resources within the Group. Transfer of job positions can either be recommended by department supervisors or through self-application; while promotions are required to be recommended by department heads.

As at 31 December 2021, the Group has 537 full time employees in the reporting scope with 72% of male employee and 28% of female employee. The breakdowns of our workforce by age group and geographical regions are as follows:

招聘、晉升及解僱

我們會根據工作標準按擇優錄取 基準,採用健全、透明及公平的招 聘流程,並根據其是否適合有關 職位及是否具備滿足本集團當前 及未來需求的潛力招聘人員。本 集團透過公開招聘吸引人才,應 聘者在受僱前須經過評估(根據職 位的要求進行書面及技術評估)。 本集團將根據評估結果、工作經 驗及應聘者的整體能力做出僱傭 決定。

本集團訂明僱員調動及晉升的基 準及流程。我們為表現出色的僱 員提供調動及內部晉升機會,以 優化集團內部人力資源的調配。 職位調動可由部門主管推薦,亦 可毛遂自薦;而晉升則必須由部 門主管推薦。

於二零二一年十二月三十一日, 本集團擁有537名屬報告範圍之全 職僱員(72%為男性僱員及28%為 女性僱員)。我們按年齡組別及地 理區域劃分之勞工明細如下:

By age group 按年齡組別劃分		By geographic region 按地理區域劃分	
Under 30 years old 30歲以下	40%	Hong Kong 香港	16%
31–50 years old 31–50 歲	34%	The People's Republic of China 中華人民共和國	84%
Over 50 years old 50歲以上	26%		

環境、社會及管治報告 (續)

The Group has formulated standardised procedures for dismissal. Dismissal process will only be proceeded with a reasonable basis, and the Group forbids unreasonable dismissal under any circumstances. The Group will ensure sufficient communication has been conducted on the problems prior to official dismissal. Employees are required to return all company property to the Human Resource Department upon leaving the Company.

During the Reporting Period, the turnover rate of total employees is 73%. The relatively high in turnover rate during the Reporting Period attributed from the closure of Chinese restaurants. The turnover rate by gender, age group and geographical regions are as follows: 本集團已制定標準的解僱程序。 解僱程序僅會依據合理基準進行, 本集團禁止任何不合理的解僱。 本集團將確保在正式解僱前就有 關問題進行充分溝通。僱員於本 公司離職後,須將所有公司財產 歸還人力資源部。

於報告期間,僱員總數之流失率 為73%。報告期間之流失率相對 較高乃由於關閉中式酒樓所致。 按性別、年齡組別及地理區域劃 分之流失率如下:

By gender 按性別劃分		By geographic region 按地理區域劃分	
Male 男性	76%	Hong Kong 香港	67%
Female 女性	65%	The People's Republic of China 中華人民共和國	74%
By age group 按年齡組別劃分			

Under 30 years old	100%	
30歲以下		
31–50 years old	55%	
31-50歲		
Over 50 years old	34%	
50歲以上		

環境、社會及管治報告 (續)

Remuneration and Benefits

The Group's basis for remuneration is job-related skills, qualifications, work performances, and market conditions. Remuneration package includes holidays and different leave types such as annual leave, maternity leave, and sick leave. Due to the Group's business nature, the Group will run business as usual on public holidays. Employees who are working on public holidays are therefore granted with compensatory leave. Besides, free meals will also be provided during shift and staff quarter for employees in the PRC. Discretionary bonus may also be awarded based on individual work performance.

In addition, the Group participates in the pension scheme registered under the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance of Hong Kong (the "MPF Ordinance") for the employees in Hong Kong. It is funded by contributions from employer and employees pursuant to the provisions of the MPF Ordinance. The Group also pays "five social insurance and one housing fund" for its employees in the PRC, namely, endowment insurance, medical insurance, unemployment insurance, employment injury insurance, maternity insurance and housing provident fund, to ensure employees are covered by social insurance. Moreover, employees of the Group in the PRC are members of respective statemanaged defined contribution retirement benefits schemes operated by the local governments. The employers and employees are obliged to make contributions at a certain percentage of the payroll under rules of the schemes.

Working Hours and Rest Periods

The Group has formulated policies in determining the working hours and rest periods for employees in accordance to local employment laws. Each employee should only work for a maximum of 10 hours for a full-day shift, and 5 hours for a half-day shift, excluding meal time and breaks in between. Work schedules are arranged by department heads, and employees can request the change in work schedules by applying to department heads.

薪酬及福利

本集團的薪酬乃以工作相關技能、 資歷、工作表現及市場條件為基 準釐定。薪酬待遇包括假期以及 年假、產假及病假等各類事假。由 於本集團的業務性質,本集團的 業務性質,本集團的 定假期照常營業。因此,在公 眾假期工作的僱員可享受帶薪休 假。此外,本集團亦會為在中國的 員工提供免費餐點及員工宿舍。 本集團亦會根據個人工作表現發 放酌情花紅。

此外,本集團參加根據香港《強制 性公積金計劃條例》(「強積金條例」) 為香港僱員註冊的退休金計劃。 根據《強積金條例》的規定,該書 款項由僱主及僱員提供。本集 亦為其中國僱員支付「五險一金」, 即養老保險、生育保險及住房公積金, 以確保僱員享有社會保險。此外 運的相關國家管理定額供款退床, 僱主及僱員有義務按工資的一定 比例進行供款。

工時及假期

本集團已制定政策,根據當地僱 傭法釐定員工的工時及假期。每 位僱員全天輪班最多只能工作10 個小時,半天輪班最多只能工作5 個小時,不包括用餐時間及中場 休息時間。工作時間表由部門主 管安排,僱員可向部門主管申請 更改工作時間表。

環境、社會及管治報告 (續)

Diversity and Equal Opportunities

The Group is committed to creating and maintaining an inclusive and collaborative workplace culture. We are dedicated to providing equal opportunities in all aspects of employment, and maintaining workplace that are free from discrimination, physical or verbal harassment against any individual on the basis of race, religion, colour, gender, physical or mental disability, age, place of origin, marital status and sexual orientation. With the aim of ensuring fair and equal protection for all employees, we have zero tolerance on sexual harassment or abuse in the workplace in any form.

B2. Health and Safety

The Group highly recognises the importance of health and safety of our employees. We are committed to providing employees a safe working environment and strive to eliminate potential health and safety health hazards at workplace. The Group has implemented relevant policies to ensure the health and safety of working environment. We follow the occupational health and safety guidelines recommended by the Hong Kong's Occupational Safety and Health Council and the Drug Administration of Shenzhen Municipality.

During the Reporting Period, the Group was not aware of other material non-compliance with laws and regulations relating to providing a safe working environmental and protecting employees from occupational hazards, including but not limited to the Hong Kong Occupational Safety and Health Ordinance (Cap.509), the Hong Kong Employees' Compensation Ordinance (Cap.282), Work Safety Law of the People's Republic of China, Fire Protection Law of the People's Republic of China that would have a significant impact on the Group.

多元化發展及平等機會

本集團致力於打造及維持包容協 作的工作場所文化。我們矢志在 僱傭各方面提供平等機會,保護 僱員在工作場所不會因種族、宗教、 膚色、性別、身體或精神殘疾、年 齡、出身地、婚姻狀況及性取向等 而遭受歧視、肢體或言語侵犯。為 確保為所有僱員提供公平及平等 的保護,我們對工作場所中任何 形式的性騷擾或性虐待零容忍。

B2.健康與安全

本集團深知僱員健康與安全的重 要性。我們致力於為僱員提供安 全的工作環境,並努力消除工作 場所潛在的健康與安全隱患。本 集團已採取相關政策確保工作環 境的健康與安全。我們遵守香港 職業安全與健康委員會及深圳市 藥品監督管理局推薦的職業健康 與安全指引。

於報告期間,本集團並不知悉其 他嚴重違反有關提供安全工作環 境及保護僱員免受職業危害的法 律法規從而對本集團造成重大影 響的行為,包括但不限於香港《職 業安全及健康條例》(第509章)、 香港《僱員補償條例》(第282章)、 《中華人民共和國安全生產法》及 《中華人民共和國消防法》。

環境、社會及管治報告 (續)

Health and Safety Management

Each of the Group's restaurants in Hong Kong satisfies the requirements of the Hong Kong Public Health and Municipal Services Ordinance (Cap.132) in respect of means of ventilation, sanitary fitments, facilities for cleansing equipment and utensils, means of exit and entry, and fire safety. To maintain a safe working environment and ensure employees' health and safety, the Group has formulated and implemented the Kitchen Safety Manual. The Kitchen Safety Manual sets out clear guidance on different occupational safety matters; instructions on the use of kitchen equipment are also provided in the manual. In addition, the Group provides employees with appropriate safety equipment to protect their bodies from injuries at work.

There were no reported cases of work-related fatalities for the past three years, including the Reporting Period. There are 21 employees who are injured during work which caused 141 work days lost during the Reporting Period. Corresponding work safety training has been delivered to employees after the accidents happened to remind employees of good safety practices.

Fire Safety

The Group strictly follows the fire safety related laws and regulations. Fire equipment such as fire extinguishers and fire blankets are placed in accordance with the law requirement. Fire safety trainings are also arranged for employees across all departments on a regular basis to raise the awareness of the threat posed by fire to people, property and our business community. Regular fire and emergency drills will also be arranged by the property management office and regional governmental department for employees to ensure employees are aware of the emergency procedures and routes. In addition, the Group will conduct regular safety inspections to minimise the safety risks of employees and ensure safety standards are met.

健康與安全管理

本集團位於香港的每間酒樓在通 風設備、衛生設備、清潔設備及餐 具等設施以及出入通道及消防安 全等方面均符合香港《公共衛生及 市政條例》(第132章)的規定。為 維持安全的工作環境並確保員重。 約健康與安全,本集團制定並為 施《廚房安全手冊》。《廚房安全明》就各項職業安全事宜制廚房安全手冊》就各項職業安全事宜制廚房安 冊》就各項職業安全事宜制廚房房 時期。此外,本集團為僱 員免受工作傷害。

於過往三年(包括報告期間),並 無報告因工死亡個案。於報告期 間,21名僱員因工受傷,導致損 失141個工作日。事故發生後,已 對僱員進行相應工作安全培訓, 以提醒僱員良好安全常規。

消防安全

本集團嚴格遵守消防安全相關法 律法規。本集團依法放置滅火毯等消防設備。本集團依法放置減火毯等消防設備。本集團依法放置 反期為所有部門的僱員安排消防 安全身、財產及企業超人身、財產及企業超大調 。物業管理公司及當地政防 部門,確保僱員了解應急程序及路徑。 此人程度降低僱員的安全風險 並確保符合安全標準。

環境、社會及管治報告 (續)

B3. Development and Training

The Group regards our employees as the most important asset and resource, and we recognise the valuable contribution of our talents to the continued success of the Group. We have developed training strategies that focus on creating value and serving the needs of our customers, employees and society. In light of this, the Group focuses on the establishment of internal management training and development system which provides comprehensive on-the-job training and clear career paths to employees.

Development and Training

The Group offers a variety of training programmes to employees based on their job duties. Such trainings include induction trainings, vocational training on food ingredients, food preparation and preservation, flow of food production, hygiene conditions of the kitchen and quality control in different aspects of the restaurant operation. The Group also provides trainings to all front-line employees on customer services; posters on appropriate customer service manners are also posted in kitchen areas to remind employees the importance of good customer service. The Group has always encouraged our directors to attend relevant training courses in receiving the latest news and knowledge regarding corporate governance.

B3. 發展及培訓

本集團將僱員視作最重要的資產 及資源,我們深知人才對本集團 持續成功作出的寶貴貢獻。我們 制定培訓策略,著重於創造價值 並滿足客戶、僱員及社會的需求。 為此,本集團致力於建立內部管 理培訓及發展體制,為僱員提供 全面的在職培訓及明確的職業發 展道路。

發展及培訓

本集團根據僱員的工作職責為其 提供各種培訓計劃,包括酒樓營 運各方面的入職培訓、有關食品 配料、食品製作及保存的職業保 訓、食品生產流程、廚房衛生條 以及食品質量控制等方面的培訓。 本集副亦為所有一線僱員開等。 服培訓:亦在廚房區域張貼有關 適當的客服態度的海報,以提個 員良好客服的重要性。本集團 一直鼓勵董事參加相關培訓課程, 以掌握有關企業管治的最新消息 及知識。

環境、社會及管治報告 (續)

During the Reporting Period, 44% of total employees took part in training with following breakdown by gender and employment categories: 於報告期間,僱員總數的44%已 參加培訓,按性別及僱傭類別劃 分之明細如下:

By gender 按性別劃分		By employment categories 按僱傭類別劃分	
Male 男性	60%	Senior level personnel 高級人員	28%
Female 女性	40%	Middle level personnel 中級人員	35%
		Entry level personnel 初級人員	37%
The average training hours per emp hours with following breakdown employment categories:	-		
Average training hours by gender: 按性別劃分之平均受訓時數 :		Average training hours by employment categories: 按僱傭類別劃分之平均受訓時數:	
Male 男性	4.69	Senior level personnel 高級人員	11.11
Female 女性	6.65	Middle level personnel 中級人員	5.31
		Entry level personnel 初級人員	3.17

During the Reporting Period, all directors had
attended at least one training course on the updates
of the Main Board Listing Rules of HKEX concerning
good corporate governance practices.於報告期間,全體董事均已參加
至少一期有關聯交所主板上市規
則最新情況的培訓課程,內容涉
及良好的企業管治常規。

環境、社會及管治報告 (續)

B4. Labour Standards

Prevention of Child and Forced Labour

The Group strictly complies with national and local employment laws and regulations, and prohibits the employment of child and forced labour in both the PRC and Hong Kong operations. During the Reporting Period, the Group was not aware of any material non-compliance with child and forced labour related laws and regulations, including but not limited to the Hong Kong Employment Ordinance (Cap.57), the Labour Law of the People's Republic of China, and the Regulations on the Prohibition of Using Child Labour in the People's Republic of China that would have a significant impact on the Group. The Group's employment relationship with the concerned employee will be immediately terminated in case there is any irregularities noted in ages or identities.

Our recruitment post stipulates that only employees over the age of 18 will be recruited and we require all new employees to provide true and accurate personal information when they join the Group. Upon employment, recruiters will stringently review employees' personal information including medical certificate, academic certificate, ID card, household registration and other information. The Group has a well-established recruitment process to check the background of candidates and a formal reporting procedure to deal with any exceptions. We also conduct regular reviews and inspections to prevent any child labour or forced labour in its operation.

Furthermore, employees of the Group only work overtime if necessary and on a voluntary basis. We also prohibit any punishments, management methods and behaviours involving verbal abuse, physical punishment, physical abuse, oppression, sexual harassment, etc. against our employees for any reason. In case any child or forced labour noted, the Group would immediately prohibit the arrangement and perform investigation for the cause and rectify the job arrangement.

B4. 勞工準則

防止童工及強制勞工

本集團嚴格遵守國家及地方僱傭 法律法規,禁止在中國及香港業 務營運中僱傭童工及強制勞工。 於報告期間,本集團並不知悉嚴 重違反童工及強制勞工相關法 重違反童工及強制勞工相關法律 的行為,包括但不限於香港《僱和 國勞動法》及《中華人民共和國禁 止使用童工規定》。倘發現任何年 齡或身份違規,將立即終止本集 團與有關僱員之僱傭關係。

我們的崗位招聘規定只招聘18歲 以上的僱員,我們要求所有新入 職僱員在加入本集團時須提供真 實而準確的個人資訊。招聘時,招 實加進確的個人資訊。招聘時,招 時人員將嚴格審查僱員的個人資 訊,包括醫療證明、學歷證明、身 份證、戶籍及其他信息。本集團者 方完善的招聘流程檢查應聘者的 背景,並具有正式的報告程序 進 行審查及檢查,防止其營運中出 現任何童工或強制勞工。

此外,本集團的僱員僅在必要時 自願加班。我們亦禁止以任何理 由對僱員進行口頭虐待、身體懲罰、 身體虐待、壓迫及性騷擾等處罰、 管理方法及行為。倘發現童工或 強迫勞工,本集團將立即禁止安排、 調查原因並整改工作安排。

環境、社會及管治報告 (續)

B5. Supply Chain Management

Sourcing capability plays an important role in the management of a restaurant operation, and an effective supplier selection procedure is considered as an essential element for our business operation. The Group sets up a supplier management system to closely evaluate and monitor suppliers regularly, and puts forward requirements for suppliers on environmental and social risk control.

Supply Chain Management

During the Reporting Period, the Group has 289 suppliers in total with 49% of suppliers from Hong Kong and 51% suppliers from PRC. Hong Kong and PRC suppliers are served to corresponding operation area to save transportation cost and reduce carbon footprint by limiting products that require long shipping time. The Group has established a rigorous supplier selection system based on a set of selection criteria including but not limited to price, quality of ingredients, reputation, service quality, past performance, and delivery efficiency. Background search will also be performed to ensure that the Group has proper understanding on the supplier selected. The Group will also consider suppliers' environmental and social risks during the supplier selection process. Priority will be given to supplier which holds certificates or accreditations related to environmental or social issues as part of our selection criteria. The procedure is applicable to all suppliers for the Group.

To ensure a steady supply of food ingredients and minimise the risks of non-delivery, substandard products and suppliers' delinquencies, the Group sources major raw materials from a number of approved suppliers. The Group places great importance to the quality of raw materials and closely monitors if the suppliers have met the aforementioned criteria.

B5. 供應鏈管理

採購能力在酒樓業務的管理中發 揮著舉足輕重的作用,高效的供 應商甄選程序為集團業務營運的 基本要素。本集團設立供應商管 理制度,定期對供應商進行嚴密 評估及監督,並在環境及社會風 險控制方面對供應商提出要求。

供應鏈管理

於報告期間,本集團共有289名供 應商,49%的供應商來自香港及 51%的供應商來自中國。香港及 中國供應商獲派往相應運營區域 提供服務,以透過限制需要較長運 輸時間的產品節省運輸成本並減 少碳足跡。本集團依據一套甄選 標準建立嚴格的供應商甄選制度, 標準包括但不限於價格、原料質量、 聲譽、服務質量、過往表現及交貨 效率。我們亦會進行背景調查,以 確保適當了解本集團所選擇的供 應商。本集團亦將於供應商選擇 過程考慮供應商的環境及社會風 險。作為我們選擇標準的一部分, 我們將優先考慮持有與環境或社 會問題相關的證書或認證的供應 商。該程序適用於本集團的所有 供應商。

為確保食品原料的穩定供應,並 盡量降低不按時交貨、產品不合 格及供應商違約的風險,本集團 向眾多核准供應商採購主要原材 料。本集團非常重視原材料的質量, 並密切監控供應商是否符合上述 標準。

環境、社會及管治報告 (續)

In hopes of maintaining the product quality and safety, our Purchasing Department conducts supplier reviews regularly including evaluation of. All suppliers are required to hold valid licences issued by the government, while all imported goods shall obtain proper clearance from respective authorities. Goods received from suppliers have to be in compliance with the food labelling requirements and relevant hygiene and sanitary regulations. To safeguard the quality and condition of goods, suppliers with past records of material environmental or social accidents will be exempted from the list of suppliers.

Open and Fair Procurement

The Group has formulated respective measures to ensure suppliers could engage in fair competition during the procurement process. Employees or personnel having any interest relationship with suppliers will not be allowed to participate in relevant procurement activities. We have zero tolerance towards bribery and corruption, and the practice of partners or suppliers obtaining partnerships or procurement contracts through any forms of benefits transfer are strictly prohibited.

B6. Product Responsibility

The Group attaches great importance to food and service quality as well as corporate reputation, and actively monitors the food and service quality through internal controls. We also maintain communication with our customers to ensure understanding and meeting customer needs and expectations, and continuously improve our products and services by understanding customer satisfaction level.

公開及公平採購

本集團已制定相應措施,確保供 應商在採購過程中能夠公平競爭。 與供應商有任何利益關係的僱員 或人員不得參與相關採購活動。 我們對賄賂及腐敗行為零容忍, 並嚴禁合夥人或供應商透過任何 形式的利益轉換獲得合夥人或採 購合約的做法。

B6. 產品責任

本集團高度重視食品及服務質量 以及企業聲譽,並透過內部控制 積極監控食品及服務質量。我們 亦與客戶保持溝通,確保了解並 滿足客戶的需求及期望,並透過 了解客戶滿意度不斷改進產品及 服務。

環境、社會及管治報告 (續)

During the Reporting Period, fine was paid for the violation of sections in Prevention and Control of Disease (Requirements and Directions) (Business and Premises) Regulation (Cap.599F) regarding not providing a distance of at least 1.5 metres tables among restaurant tables. No further prosecution was noted regarding the above-mentioned issues. Regarding the violation, the Group has immediately delivered a talk to employee to refresh and remind all employee regarding the Government's requirement. We adhere to comply all needed requirement issued by Food and Environmental Hygiene Department.

Apart from above described, during the Reporting Period, the Group was not aware of any material non-compliance with laws and regulations relating to health and safety, advertising, labelling and privacy matters for products and services provided, including but not limited to the Hong Kong Trade Descriptions Ordinance (Cap.362), Food Safety Law of the People's Republic of China, Law of the People's Republic of China on Protection of the Rights and Interests of the Consumers, and the Advertising Law of the People's Republic of China that would have a significant impact on the Group. 於報告期間,我們因違反《預防及 控制疾病(規定及指示)(業務及處 所)規例》(第599F章)關於未於酒 樓餐桌之間提供至少1.5米距離的 規定而被罰款。我們並無注意到 與上述事宜有關的進一步起訴。 就違規行為而言,本集團已立即 與僱員進行談話,以更新並提醒 所有僱員有關政府的要求。我們 遵守食物環境衛生署發出的所有 必要規定。

除上文所述者外,於報告期間,本 集團並不知悉嚴重違反提供產品 及服務的相關健康與安全、廣告、 標簽及私隱事宜的法律法規從而 對本集團造成重大影響的行為, 包括但不限於香港《商品説明條例》 (第362章)、《中華人民共和國食 品安全法》、《中華人民共和國消 費者權益保護法》及《中華人民共 和國廣告法》。

環境、社會及管治報告 (續)

Food Quality and Safety

The Group has placed great effort in ensuring and maintaining the quality of food and ingredients for restaurants' daily operations. We have implemented a Quality Control System that emphasises food hygiene and safety as well as the sanitation and cleanliness of restaurant premises. The Quality Control System covers every aspect from food preparation and cooking to the dining environment of restaurants. We have also developed a series of food safety policies to employees according to the standards as required by governmental authorities. Restaurant managers are responsible to monitor the operations and performances of the restaurants so to ensure the restaurant operations are in consistent with the Group's established guidelines and policies. All employees, in particular kitchen staff are required to strictly obey the policies on daily food preservation and preparation, dress code and food processing instructions.

To ensure and maintain food quality from source, raw materials and food ingredients are sourced primarily from the list of suppliers approved by the Group's senior management. Our standards for selecting food ingredients are mainly based on the place of origin, freshness, nutritional value, and consumption safety. Freshness and quality of the raw materials and food ingredients are examined on a regular basis. The Group would cease sourcing from those suppliers who fail to provide quality food ingredients as specified.

食品質量與安全

為從源頭上確保及保持食品質量, 原材料及食材主要來自經由本集 團高級管理層批准的供應商清單。 我們選擇食材的標準主要依據產 地、新鮮度、營養價值及食用安全 性。我們會定期檢查原材料及食 材的新鮮度及質量。本集團將停 止向無法提供指定優質食材的供 應商進行採購。

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT (Continued) 理培、社会及答公報生 (病)

環境、社會及管治報告 (續)

We also place great emphasis on the food ingredients preservation process by developing different standards and guidelines on the storage of food ingredients. The Group has developed a Warehouse Management System to specify different instructions and measures to standardise the daily logistics of the warehouse. Such measures include storing food ingredients separately, tagging food with exclusive labels, and marking opening dates for each package of food to prevent consumption after expiry date. It is believed that such measures can better maintain food safety while ensuring food quality. In addition, the hygiene of cutlery and utensils are cleaned and sanitised routinely to ensure food safety. Instructions in cleaning and sanitising utensils are posted on kitchen walls to ensure employees are aware of the procedures in cleaning cutlery and utensils.

There are about eight staffs from different restaurants involved in implementing various quality control measures on food production, including, among others, checking the quality upon purchase of raw materials, receipt of food ingredients, cooking and serving of foods.

To improve the Group's reputation and to increase customers' confidence to our restaurants, we had also participated in the Hong Kong Cooking Oil Registration Scheme held by Hong Kong Quality Assurance Agency of the Hong Kong Government as a scheme companion.

During the Reporting Period, no products sold was needed to be recalled for safety and health reasons and no material complaints was received regarding the products and services provided to customers. 我們亦高度重視食材的保存程序, 並就食材的存儲制定不同標準及 指引。本集團建立倉庫管理系統, 訂明不同的指示及措施以規範介 開存放放及在每份食物上標 開存放成及在每份食物上標 開存,以及在每份食物上標相信, 該時更好地保持食品安全。此外, 餐具及炊具會定。此外, 個 餐具清潔及消毒説明,確保 員 了解餐具及炊具的清潔程序。

約有八名來自不同酒樓的僱員參 與執行對食品生產的各種質量控 制措施,其中包括檢查購買原材 料、接收食材、烹飪及提供食品時 的質量。

為提高本集團的聲譽並增強顧客 對我們酒樓的信心,我們亦參加 香港政府轄下香港質量保證局舉 辦的香港食用油註冊計劃。

於報告期間,並無已售產品因安 全及健康原因而需召回且並未收 到有關向顧客獲提供產品及服務 之重大投訴。

環境、社會及管治報告 (續)

Customer Service

The Group is dedicated in providing excellent customer experience through developing standardised service management and delivering quality catering service. We always welcome customers in providing comments and feedback to the Group and our restaurants.

In order to provide high-quality and customer centric service, the Group has set up comprehensive and concrete instructions to guide employees in providing quality customer service manners. Such guidelines include the correct positioning of dishes and the handling method of food trays, etc. All instructions are illustrated with pictures and posted in kitchen areas so to provide employees a clear image of the appropriate and standardised method of delivering when serving customers. We believe these instructions and guidelines can help to improve employees' customer service manner while building the Group's image of a high-quality catering service provider.

During the Reporting Period, the Group's Hong Kong restaurants were accredited with The Quality Tourism Services (QTS) Scheme administered by The Hong Kong Tourism Board. Under the scheme, QTS Scheme accredited establishments must pass stringent annual assessments showing that we met high standards of product quality and service. To maintain high quality hygiene standard of restaurants, the Group has regularly engaged external supplier to perform work of pest control and cleaning of fish tanks and carpets.

客戶服務

本集團致力於透過發展標準化的 服務管理及提供優質的餐飲服務 打造卓越的客戶體驗。我們歡迎 客戶對本集團和我們的酒樓作出 評論及反饋。

為提供優質的以客戶為中心的服 務,本集團制定全面而具體的説明, 以指導僱員提供優質客服的方式。 該等指引包括正確擺放碗碟及處 理食盤的方法等。所有説明な及處 一,並張點在廚房區域,以 電員參照適當且標準化的送務。 我們相信該等説明及指引可幫助 改善僱員的客服方式,同時樹立。 本集團的優質餐飲服務提供商形象。

於報告期間,本集團的香港酒樓 獲香港旅遊發展局管理的優質旅 遊服務計劃認證。根據該計劃,優 質旅遊服務計劃認可的機構必須 通過嚴格的年度評估,顯示我們 已達到高標準的產品及服務品質。 為維持酒樓的優質衛生標準,本 集團定期委聘外部供應商進行蟲 害防治及魚缸及地毯清潔工作。

環境、社會及管治報告 (續)

The Group also values the feedback from customers. Customers are encouraged to provide feedback by filling in questionnaires on online platforms or raising to staff or managers in the restaurant, customer satisfaction surveys are also conducted annually for collecting customer feedbacks. All reviews and comments received from customers will be submitted to restaurant managers on a daily basis. We also provide regular trainings to employees in handing enquiries and complaints in a decent and professional manner. Restaurant managers are responsible to settle complaints and carry out further actions and follow-ups to improve the quality of catering service provided by the restaurant.

Advertising and Labelling

The Group prohibits the advertisements to disclose descriptions, claims or illustrations that are not true. The Group advertises our restaurants through a variety of platforms, such platforms include restaurant apps, billboards, and floor directories, etc. By complying relevant legislations and code of practices, the Group organises promotion campaigns and creates advertising materials to ensure they are reliable, reasonable, and not containing any deceitful details or elements when generating advertisements in order to protect consumers' interests, rights and benefits.

Intellectual Property Rights

The Group strives to protect its intellectual property rights and respect intellectual property rights for other parties. The Group's employees are prohibited from infringement of the intellectual property of the Group or third parties. Only licenced software was allowed to be used in restaurants and back office. We closely monitor the status of all existing licence and trademarks to ensure the validity of the Company's intellectual property rights.

廣告及標籤

本集團禁止廣告披露不真實的描述、聲明或説明。本集團透過各種 平台為酒樓做廣告宣傳,包括酒 樓應用程序、廣告牌及樓層目錄等。 本集團遵循相關法規及守則組織 促銷活動並製作廣告材料,確保 其在生成廣告時屬可靠、合理且 不包含任何欺詐性的細節或元素, 以保護消費者的利益、權利及福利。

知識產權

本集團竭力保護其知識產權並尊 重其他人士的知識產權。本集團 僱員禁止侵犯本集團或第三方的 知識產權。僅獲得許可的軟件方 允許於酒樓及後台使用。我們密 切監控所有現有許可及商標的狀 態,以確保本公司知識產權的有 效性。

環境、社會及管治報告 (續)

Customer data privacy

The Group emphasises the importance to the protection of confidential data of our customers. To ensure data privacy, all documents containing sensitive commercial data are only allowed to be used within the operation area. The data are restricted to be used by the authorised employee who are required to fully comply with the Personal Data (Privacy) Ordinance (Cap.486) at all times when handling customers' personal data.

B7. Anti-corruption

The Group believes that a corporate culture with integrity is the key to the Group's continued success. We value the importance of anti-corruption work and does not tolerate any corruptions, frauds and all other behaviours violating work ethics. During the Reporting Period, the Group was not aware of any material non-compliance with relevant laws and regulations of bribery, extortion, fraud and money laundering, including but not limited to the Hong Kong Prevention of Bribery Ordinance (Cap.201), Company Law of the People's Republic of China, and Bidding Law of the People's Republic of China that would have a significant impact on the Group. Also, there was no concluded legal cases regarding corrupt practices brought against us or our employees during the Reporting Period.

The Group does not allow any forms of corruption, punishment measures will be taken once corruption is identified and confirmed. The Group has established the Code of Business Conducts, and has put in place internal control mechanism to prevent the occurrence of fraud, theft, bribery, corruption and other misconducts involving employees, customers and other third parties.

顧客資料私隱

本集團強調保護顧客機密資料的 重要性。為確保資料私隱,所有包 含敏感商業資料的文件僅允許於 運營區域使用。該資料僅限於處 理顧客個人資料時須始終完全遵 守《個人資料(私隱)條例》(第486 章)之獲授權僱員使用。

B7.反貪污

本集團認為, 誠信的企業文化是 本集團持續成功的關鍵。我們深 知反腐敗工作的重要性, 絕不容 忍任何腐敗、欺詐及所有其他違 反職業邁並不知悉嚴重違反賄者期間, 勒索、欺詐及洗黑錢相關法律間, 勒索, 欺詐及洗黑錢相關法 親從而對本集團造成重大影響的 行為, 包括但不限於香港《防止賄 路條例》(第201章)、《中華人民共和國 招標投標法》。此外, 於報告期間, 並無對我們或我們僱員提起有關 腐敗行的已結案法律個案。

本集團絕不允許任何形式的貪污, 一旦發現並確認貪污行為,將採 取懲罰措施。本集團制定《商業行 為準則》,並建立內部控制機制, 以防止發生涉及僱員、客戶及其 他第三方的欺詐、盜竊、賄賂、貪 污及其他不當行為。

環境、社會及管治報告 (續)

The Group has formulated and documented policies in the Employee Handbook that prohibits employees from performing acts which will result to any forms of corruption, such policies include prohibiting employees from receiving gifts and tips from customers, and prohibiting employees to obtain or provide benefits to customers, contractors, suppliers or those who have business relationships with the Group.

During the Reporting Period, anti-corruption training was delivered by mean of providing related materials to all employees, including Directors to raise their awareness towards anti-corruption and keep updates on the latest requirement.

Whistle-blowing Mechanism

The Group has established a whistle-blowing system and implemented the Whistle-blowing Policy. This allows stakeholders to report negligence, corruption, bribery and other misconduct to the Group anonymously. The Group's whistle-blowing system was handled by senior management directly who will investigate and process the reports and complaints in a prompt, fair and confidential manner when cases received.

B8. Community Investment

Corporate Social Responsibility

The Group committed to strike balance between society contribution and economic development. As a responsible corporate citizen, we are committed to embolden and support the public by means of social participation and contribution as part of its strategic development. We hope to foster employees' sense of social responsibility by encouraging them to participate in all kind of charitable activities during their work and spare time to make greater contributions to the community.

During the Reporting Period, the Group donated approximately HK\$18,000 to Liaison Office of the Central People's Government for supporting of 2021 Henan Floods. 本集團已在《員工手冊》中制定並 記錄相關政策,禁止僱員作出可 能導致任何形式的貪污的行為。 該等政策包括禁止僱員向客戶收 取禮物及小費,以及禁止僱員自 客戶、承包商、供應商或與本集團 有業務關係的人員獲取利益或向 彼等提供利益。

於報告期間,我們透過向所有僱員(包括董事)提供相關資料的方 式開展反腐敗培訓,以提高其反 腐敗意識並及時了解最新要求。

舉報機制

本集團已建立舉報制度,並實施 舉報政策,使得持份者可以向本 集團匿名舉報玩忽職守、貪污、賄 賂及其他不當行為。本集團的舉 報制度由高級管理層直接處理, 高級管理層將於接獲個案時以及 時、公平及保密的方式調查及處 理舉報及投訴。

B8. 社區投資

企業社會責任

本集團致力於在社會做貢獻與發 展經濟之間取得平衡。作為負責 任的企業公民,我們致力於透勵 及支持公眾,此乃集團策略發勵 的一部分。我們希望透過鼓勵 員在工作中參加各類慈善活動並 抽出時間為社區做出更大貢獻來 培養員工的社會責任感。

於報告期間,本集團向中央人民 政府聯絡辦公室捐款約18,000港 元,用於支援二零二一年河南洪災。

環境、社會及管治報告 (續)

Subject Areas, Aspects, General Disclosures and KPIs 主要範疇、層面、一般披露及	Description	Section/Declaration
關鍵績效指標 ————————————————————	描述	章節/聲明
Part A. Environmental A 部. 環境		
Aspect A1: Emissions 層面A1:排放物		
General Disclosure 一般披露	 Information on: (a) the policies; and (b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer relating to air and greenhouse gas emissions, discharges into water and land, and generation of hazardous and non-hazardous waste. 有關廢氣及溫室氣體排放、向水及土地的排污、有危害及無危害廢物的產 	Emissions 排放物
	生等的: (a) 政策;及 (b) 遵守對發行人有重大影響的相關 法律法規的資料。	
KPI A1.1	The types of emissions and respective emissions data.	Emissions - Exhaust Gas Emissions
關鍵績效指標A1.1	排放物種類及相關排放資料。	排放物一廢氣排放

Subject Areas, Aspects, General Disclosures and KPIs 主要範疇 [、] 層面、一般披露及	Description	Section/Declaration
關鍵績效指標	描述	章節/聲明
KPI A1.2	Direct (Scope 1) and energy indirect (Scope 2) greenhouse gas emissions (in tonnes) and, where appropriate, intensity (e.g. per unit of production volume, per facility).	Emissions – GHG Emissions
關鍵績效指標A1.2	直接(範圍1)及能源間接(範圍2)溫 室氣體排放量(以噸計算)及(如適用) 密度(如以每產量單位、每項設施計 算)。	排放物一溫室氣體排放
KPI A1.3	Total hazardous waste produced (in tonnes) and, where appropriate, intensity (e.g. per unit of production volume, per facility).	Emissions - Wastes Management
關鍵績效指標A1.3	所產生有害廢棄物總量(以噸計算) 及(如適用)密度(如以每產量單位、 每項設施計算)。	排放物一廢物管理
KPI A1.4	Total non-hazardous waste produced (in tonnes) and, where appropriate, intensity (e.g. per unit of production volume, per facility).	Emissions - Wastes Management
關鍵績效指標A1.4	所產生無害廢棄物總量(以噸計算) 及(如適用)密度(如以每產量單位、 每項設施計算)。	排放物一廢物管理
KPI A1.5	Description of emissions target(s) set and steps taken to achieve them.	Emissions – GHG Emissions
關鍵績效指標A1.5	描述所訂立的排放量目標及為達到這 些目標所採取的步驟。	排放物一溫室氣體排放
KPI A1.6	Description of how hazardous and non-hazardous wastes are handled, and a description of reduction target(s) set and steps taken to achieve them.	Emissions - Wastes Management, Other Wastes
關鍵績效指標A1.6	描述處理有害及無害廢棄物的方法, 及描述所訂立的減廢目標及為達到這 些目標所採取的步驟。	排放物一廢物管理、其他廢物

Subject Areas, Aspects,		
General Disclosures and KPIs 主要範疇、層面、一般披露及	Description	Section/Declaration
關鍵績效指標	描述	章節/聲明
Aspect A2: Use of Resources 層面A2:資源使用		
General Disclosure	Policies on the efficient use of resources, including energy, water and other raw materials.	Use of Resources
一般披露	有效使用資源(包括能源、水及其他 原材料)的政策。	資源使用
KPI A2.1	Direct and/or indirect energy consumption by type (e.g. electricity, gas or oil) in total (kWh in '000s) and intensity (e.g. per unit of production volume, per facility).	Use of Resources – Energy Management
關鍵績效指標A2.1	按類型劃分的直接及/或間接能源(如 電、氣或油)總耗量(以千個千瓦時計 算)及密度(如以每產量單位、每項設 施計算)。	資源使用-能源管理
KPI A2.2	Water consumption in total and intensity (e.g. per unit of production volume, per facility).	Use of Resources - Water Management
關鍵績效指標A2.2	總耗水量及密度(如以每產量單位、 每項設施計算)。	資源使用-用水管理
KPI A2.3	Description of energy use efficiency target(s) set and steps taken to achieve them.	Use of Resources – Energy Management
關鍵績效指標A2.3	描述所訂立的能源使用效益目標及為 達到這些目標所採取的步驟。	資源使用-能源管理
KPI A2.4	Description of whether there is any issue in sourcing water that is fit for purpose, water efficiency target(s) set and steps taken to achieve them.	Use of Resources - Water Management
關鍵績效指標A2.4	描述求取適用水源上可有任何問題, 以及所訂立的用水效益目標及為達到 這些目標所採取的步驟。	資源使用-用水管理
KPI A2.5	Total packaging material used for finished products (in tonnes) and, if applicable, with reference to per unit produced.	Use of Resources – Use of Packaging Materials
關鍵績效指標A2.5	製成品所用包裝材料的總量(以噸計 算)及倘適用,每生產單位佔量。	資源使用-包裝材料使用

Subject Areas, Aspects,		
General Disclosures and KPIs 主要範疇、層面、一般披露及	Description	Section/Declaration
關鍵績效指標	描述	章節/聲明
Aspect A3: The Environment ar	nd Natural Resources	
層面A3:環境及天然資源		
General Disclosure	Policies on minimising the issuer's	The Environment and Natural
	significant impacts on the environment and natural resources.	Resources
一般披露	減低發行人對環境及天然資源造成重 大影響的政策。	環境及天然資源
KPI A3.1	Description of the significant impacts	The Environment and Natural
	of activities on the environment and natural resources and the actions	Resources – Indoor Air Quality Management
	taken to manage them.	
關鍵績效指標A3.1	描述業務活動對環境及天然資源的重 大影響及已採取管理有關影響的行動。	環境及天然資源-室內空氣質 量管理
Aspect A4: Climate Change 層面A4:氣候變化		
General Disclosure	Policies on identification and mitigation	Climate change
	of significant climate-related issues	
	which have impacted, and those which	
	may impact, the issuer.	
一般披露	識別及應對已經及可能會對發行人產 生影響的重大氣候相關事宜的政策。	氣候變化
KPI A4.1	Description of the significant climate-	Climate change
	related issues which have impacted,	
	and those which may impact, the	
	issuer, and the actions taken to	
關鍵績效指標A4.1	manage them. 描述已經及可能會對發行人產生影響	氣候變化
明明 败亡 派兵 入入 1日 1 示 八 4 . 1	相远已經及可能會到發行八座主影響 的重大氣候相關事宜,及應對行動。	

Subject Areas, Aspects,		
General Disclosures and KPIs 主要範疇、層面、一般披露及	Description	Section/Declaration
异 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	描述	章節/聲明
Part B. Social B部.社會		
Employment and Labour Practi 僱傭及勞工常規	ices	
Aspect B1: Employment 層面 B1:僱傭		
General Disclosure	 Information on: (a) the policies; and (b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer relating to compensation and dismissal, recruitment and promotion, working hours, rest periods, equal opportunity, diversity, anti-discrimination, and other benefits and welfare. 	Employment
一般披露	有關薪酬及解僱、招聘及晉升、工作時數、假期、平等機會、多元化、反歧視以及其他待遇及福利的: (a)政策;及 (b)遵守對發行人有重大影響的相關法律及規例的資料。	僱傭
KPI B1.1	Total workforce by gender, employment type (for example, full- or part-time), age group and geographical region.	Employment - Recruitment, Promotion and Dismissal
關鍵績效指標B1.1	按性別、僱傭類型(如全職或兼職)、 年齡組別及地區劃分的僱員總數。	僱傭-招聘、晉升及解僱
KPI B1.2	Employee turnover rate by gender, age group and geographical region.	Employment - Recruitment, Promotion and Dismissal
關鍵績效指標B1.2	按性别、年齡組別及地區劃分的僱員 流失比率。	僱傭-招聘、晉升及解僱

Subject Areas, Aspects, General Disclosures and KPIs	Description	Section/Declaration
主要範疇、層面、一般披露及 關鍵績效指標	描述	章節/聲明
Aspect B2: Health and Safety 層面 B2:健康與安全		
General Disclosure	 Information on: (a) the policies; and (b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer relating to providing a safe working environment and protecting employees from occupational hazards. 	Health and Safety
一般披露	有關提供安全工作環境及保障僱員避 免職業性危害的: (a) 政策;及 (b) 遵守對發行人有重大影響的相關 法律及規例的資料。	健康與安全
KPI B2.1	Number and rate of work-related fatalities occurred in each of the past three years including the reporting year.	Health and Safety - Health and Safety Management
關鍵績效指標B2.1	過去三年(包括匯報年度)每年因工 亡故的人數及比率。	健康與安全-健康與安全管理
KPI B2.2	Lost days due to work injury.	Health and Safety – Health and Safety Management
關鍵績效指標B2.2 KPI B2.3	因工傷損失工作日數。 Description of occupational health and safety measures adopted, and how they are implemented and monitored.	健康與安全一健康與安全管理 Health and Safety – Health and Safety Management
關鍵績效指標B2.3	描述所採納的職業健康與安全措施, 以及相關執行及監察方法。	健康與安全-健康與安全管理

Subject Areas, Aspects,				
General Disclosures and KPIs 主要範疇、層面、一般披露及	Description	Section/Declaration		
關鍵績效指標	描述	章節/聲明		
Aspect B3: Development and T	raining			
層面B3:發展及培訓				
General Disclosure	Policies on improving employees' knowledge and skills for discharging duties at work. Description of training activities.	Development and Training		
一般披露	有關提升僱員履行工作職責的知識及 技能的政策。描述培訓活動。	發展及培訓		
KPI B3.1	The percentage of employees trained by gender and employee category (e.g. senior management, middle management).	Development and Training		
關鍵績效指標B3.1	按性別及僱員類別(如高級管理層、 中級管理層)劃分的受訓僱員百分比。	發展及培訓		
KPI B3.2	The average training hours completed per employee by gender and employee category.	Development and Training		
關鍵績效指標B3.2	按性別及僱員類別劃分,每名僱員完 成受訓的平均時數。	發展及培訓		
Aspect B4: Labour Standards 層面 B4:勞工準則				
General Disclosure	 Information on: (a) the policies; and (b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer relating to preventing child and forced labour. 	Labour Standards		
一般披露	有關防止童工及強制勞工的: (a) 政策;及 (b) 遵守對發行人有重大影響的相關 法律及規例的資料。	勞工準則		
KPI B4.1	Description of measures to review employment practices to avoid child and forced labour.	Labour Standards		
關鍵績效指標B4.1	描述檢討招聘慣例的措施以避免童工 及強制勞工。	勞工準則		
KPI B4.2	Description of steps taken to eliminate such practices when discovered.	Labour Standards		
關鍵績效指標B4.2	描述在發現違規情況時消除有關情況 所採取的步驟。	勞工準則		

Subject Areas, Aspects,		
General Disclosures and KPIs 主要範疇、層面、一般披露及	Description	Section/Declaration
關鍵績效指標	描述	章節/聲明
Operating Practices 營運慣例		
Aspect B5: Supply Chain Mana 層面B5:供應鏈管理	igement	
General Disclosure	Policies on managing environmental and social risks of the supply chain.	Supply Chain Management
一般披露	管理供應鏈的環境及社會風險政策。	供應鏈管理
KPI B5.1	Number of suppliers by geographical region.	Supply Chain Management
關鍵績效指標B5.1	按地區劃分的供應商數目。	供應鏈管理
KPI B5.2	Description of practices relating	Supply Chain Management -
	to engaging suppliers, number of suppliers where the practices are being implemented, and how they are	Supply Chain Management, Open and Fair Procurement
關鍵績效指標B5.2	implemented and monitored. 描述有關聘用供應商的慣例,向其執 行有關慣例的供應商數目,以及相關 執行及監察方法。	供應鏈管理-供應鏈管理、公 開及公平採購
KPI B5.3	Description of practices used to identify environmental and social risks along the supply chain, and how they are implemented and monitored.	Supply Chain Management
關鍵績效指標B5.3	描述有關識別供應鏈每個環節的環境 及社會風險的慣例,以及相關執行及 監察方法。	供應鏈管理
KPI B5.4	Description of practices used to promote environmentally preferable products and services when selecting suppliers, and how they are	Supply Chain Management
關鍵績效指標B5.4	implemented and monitored. 描述在揀選供應商時促使多用環保產 品及服務的慣例,以及相關執行及監 察方法。	供應鏈管理

Subject Areas, Aspects, General Disclosures and KPIs	Description	Section/Declaration
主要範疇、層面、一般披露及	Description	Section/Declaration
關鍵績效指標	描述	章節/聲明
Aspect B6: Product Responsib	ility	
層面B6:產品責任		
General Disclosure	Information on: (a) the policies; and	Product Responsibility
	 (a) the policies, and (b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer relating to health and safety, advertising, labelling and privacy 	
	matters relating to products and	
	services provided and methods of	
一般披露	redress. 有關所提供產品及服務的健康與安 全、廣告、標簽及私隱事宜以及補救 方法的:	產品責任
	(a) 政策;及	
	(b) 遵守對發行人有重大影響的相關 法律及規例的資料。	
KPI B6.1	Percentage of total products sold or shipped subject to recalls for safety and health reasons.	Product Responsibility – Food Quality and Safety
關鍵績效指標B6.1	已售或已運送產品總數中因安全與健 康理由而須回收的百分比。	產品責任-食品質量與安全
KPI B6.2	Number of products and service related complaints received and how they are dealt with.	Product Responsibility – Food Quality and Safety
關鍵績效指標B6.2	接獲關於產品及服務的投訴數目以及 應對方法。	產品責任一食品質量與安全
KPI B6.3	Description of practices relating to observing and protecting intellectual property rights.	Product Responsibility - Intellectual Property Rights
關鍵績效指標B6.3	描述與維護及保障知識產權有關的慣 例。	產品責任-知識產權
KPI B6.4	Description of quality assurance process and recall procedures.	Product Responsibility - Food Quality and Safety, Customer Service
關鍵績效指標B6.4	描述質量檢定過程及產品回收程序。	產品責任一食品質量與安全、 客戶服務
KPI B6.5	Description of consumer data protection and privacy policies, and how they are implemented and	Product Responsibility - Customer data privacy
關鍵績效指標B6.5	monitored. 描述消費者資料保障及私隱政策,以 及相關執行及監察方法。	產品責任-客戶數據私隱

環境、社會及管治報告 (續)

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Subject Areas, Aspects, General Disclosures and KPIs	Description	Section/Declaration
主要範疇、層面、一般披露及	Description	Section/Declaration
關鍵績效指標	描述	章節/聲明
Aspect B7: Anti-corruption 層面 B7:反貪污		
General Disclosure	 Information on: (a) the policies; and (b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer relating to bribery, extortion, fraud and money laundering. 	Anti-corruption
一般披露	有關防止賄賂、勒索、欺詐及洗黑錢的: (a) 政策;及 (b) 遵守對發行人有重大影響的相關 法律及規例的資料。	反貪污
KPI B7.1	Number of concluded legal cases regarding corrupt practices brought against the issuer or its employees during the reporting period and the outcomes of the cases.	Anti-corruption
關鍵績效指標B7.1	於匯報期內對發行人或其僱員提出並 已審結的貪污訴訟案件的數目及訴訟 結果。	反貪污
KPI B7.2	Description of preventive measures and whistle-blowing procedures, and how they are implemented and monitored.	Anti-corruption – Whistle-blowing Mechanism
關鍵績效指標B7.2	描述防範措施及舉報程序,以及相關 執行及監察方法。	反貪污-舉報機制
KPI B7.3	Description of anti-corruption training provided to directors and staff.	Anti-corruption
關鍵績效指標B7.3	描述向董事及員工提供的反貪污培訓。	反貪污

Subject Areas, Aspects,				
General Disclosures and KPIs 主要範疇、層面、一般披露及	Description	Section/Declaration		
關鍵績效指標	描述	章節/聲明		
Community 社區				
Aspect B8: Community Investment 層面 B8:社區投資				
General Disclosure	Policies on community engagement to understand the needs of the communities where the issuer operates and to ensure its activities take into consideration the communities' interests.	Community Investment		
一般披露	有關以社區參與來了解發行人營運所 在社區需要及確保其業務活動會考慮 社區利益的政策。	社區投資		
KPI B8.1	Focus areas of contribution (e.g. education, environmental concerns, labour needs, health, culture, sport).	Community Investment		
關鍵績效指標B8.1	專注貢獻範疇(如教育、環境事宜、 勞工需求、健康、文化、體育)。	社區投資		
KPI B8.2	Resources contributed (e.g. money or time) to the focus area.	Community Investment		
關鍵績效指標B8.2	在專注範疇所動用資源(如金錢或時 間)。	社區投資		

BIOGRAPHICAL DETAILS OF DIRECTORS 董事履歷詳情

Executive Directors

Mr. Chan Chun Kit (陳振傑) ("Mr. Chan"), aged 66, is the chairman of the Board, the chief executive officer of the Company, an executive Director and one of the controlling shareholders of the Company (the "Controlling Shareholders"). He is also the chairman of the nomination committee of the Company (the "Nomination Committee") and a member of the Remuneration Committee. Mr. Chan was appointed as a Director on 1 September 2015 and redesignated as an executive Director on 23 September 2015. Mr. Chan is responsible for the Group's overall management, strategic development, financial management and major decision-making of the Group. He is also a director of various subsidiaries of the Group. He is the father of Ms. Chan Wai Sze Josephine, an executive Director.

From December 2012 to May 2014, Mr. Chan completed 13 courses including construction and operation management of catering corporations of chain-store franchise system* (餐飲 企業連鎖體系建設與運營管理) held by the Graduate School in Shenzhen, Tsinghua University in order to enhance the brand management of the Group.

Mr. Chan has over 20 years of experience in the restaurant business. He is currently the vice chairman of the Association of Restaurant Managers. Mr. Chan is also the committee member of the training committee of Chinese Cuisine Training Institute.

執行董事

陳振傑先生(「陳先生」),66歲,為董事會 主席、本公司行政總裁、執行董事及本公 司控股股東(「控股股東」)之一。彼亦為本 公司提名委員會(「提名委員會」)主席及薪 酬委員會成員。陳先生於二零一五年九月 一日獲委任為董事,並於二零一五年九月 二十三日獲調任為執行董事。陳先生負責 本集團整體管理、策略規劃、財務管理及重 大決策。彼亦同時擔任本集團多家附屬公 司的董事。彼為執行董事陳瑋詩女士之父。

於二零一二年十二月至二零一四年五月, 陳先生於清華大學深圳研究生院完成包括 餐飲企業連鎖體系建設與運營管理等13個 課程,以加強本集團品牌管理。

陳先生擁有逾20年的酒樓業務經驗。彼現 為現代管理(飲食)專業協會副主席。陳先 生另為中華廚藝學院訓練委員會委員。

BIOGRAPHICAL DETAILS OF DIRECTORS (Continued) 董事履歷詳情 (續)

Ms. Chan Josephine Wai Sze (陳瑋詩) ("Ms. Chan"), aged 36, was appointed as an executive Director on 7 January 2020. She joined the Group in December 2019 and is also the business development director of the Company. Ms. Chan is the daughter of Mr. Chan Chun Kit, the Chairman of the Board, an executive Director and a Controlling Shareholder.

Ms. Chan holds a degree of Bachelor of Commerce from Ryerson University in Canada and a degree of Master of Business Administration from the Chinese University of Hong Kong. Prior to joining the Group, Ms. Chan worked at Yahoo! Asia Pacific Pte. Ltd from April 2008 to September 2014 and was subsequently promoted to senior operations engineer in 2013. Ms. Chan also worked at Kering Asia Pacific Limited from September 2014 to September 2017 as a IT service manager, and has then been engaged in the food and beverage industry till November 2019.

Ms. Zhu Xuegin (朱雪琴) ("Ms. Zhu"), aged 44, was appointed as an executive Director on 7 January 2020. She is the general manager of a restaurant of the Group located at Kerry Plaza, Futian District, Shenzhen, the PRC (the "Shenzhen Restaurant") and is responsible for the management and administration of the Shenzhen Restaurant. She joined the Group in May 2013.

Prior to joining the Group, Ms. Zhu worked at 深圳市王 子廚房餐飲有限公司 (Shenzhen Prince Kitchen Catering Company Limited*) from 2003 to 2009 with her last position as deputy manager. From 2009 to 2012, she worked at 江蘇王 子飯店有限公司 (Jiangsu Prince Catering and Management Limited*) with her last position as general manager.

陳瑋詩女士(「陳女士」),36歲,於二零二 零年一月七日獲委任為執行董事。彼於二 零一九年十二月加入本集團,亦擔任本公 司的業務發展部總監。陳女士為陳振傑先 生之女兒,陳振傑先生為董事會主席、執行 董事及控股股東。

陳女士持有加拿大瑞爾森大學(Ryerson University)的商業學士學位和香港中文大學 的工商管理碩士學位。於加入本集團前,陳 女士曾於二零零八年四月至二零一四年九 月任職於Yahoo!Asia Pacific Pte. Ltd,随後 於二零一三年晉升為高級運營工程師。陳 女士亦於二零一四年九月至二零一七年九 月在Kering Asia Pacific Limited 擔任IT服務 經理,其後一直任職於食品及飲料行業,直 至二零一九年十一月。

朱雪琴女士(「朱女士」),44歲,於二零二 零年一月十日獲委任為執行董事。彼為本 集團位於中國深圳福田區嘉里建設廣場的 酒樓(「深圳酒樓」)總經理,負責深圳酒樓 管理及行政事務。彼於二零一三年五月加 入本集團。

於加入本集團前,朱女士自二零零三年至 二零零九年就任於深圳市王子廚房餐飲有 限公司,離職前擔任副經理。自二零零九年 至二零一二年,彼就任於江蘇王子飯店有 限公司,離職前擔任總經理。

* For identification purpose only

BIOGRAPHICAL DETAILS OF DIRECTORS (Continued)

董事履歷詳情 (續)

Non-Executive Director

Mr. Chow Yiu Pong David (周耀邦) ("Mr. Chow"), aged 36, was appointed as an executive Director on 23 September 2015 and re-designated as a non-executive Director on 7 January 2020.

Mr. Chow obtained a Higher Diploma in Web-based Technology for Business from Hong Kong Institute of Vocational Education (Sha Tin) in July 2005. He further holds a degree of Bachelor of Science (Information Technology) from the Swinburne University of Technology in Melbourne, Australia by way of distance learning in March 2007.

From July 2005 to March 2012, Mr. Chow worked at Compass Business Solutions Limited as a programmer, and was subsequently promoted to a technical consultant since October 2008. Since July 2012, Mr. Chow has been working at Tectura Hong Kong Limited as a client services consultant.

Independent Non-Executive Directors

Prof. Wong Lung Tak Patrick (黃龍德) ("Prof. Wong"), aged 74, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director during the period from 16 June 2016 to 31 December 2021. He was mainly responsible for overseeing the management independently and providing independent judgment on the issues of strategy, performance, resources and standard of conduct of the Company. He was also the chairman of each of the Company's audit committee (the "Audit Committee") and legal compliance committee (the "Legal Compliance Committee").

Prof. Wong is a Practising Certified Public Accountant. He has been the managing practising director of Patrick Wong C.P.A Limited since November 2010 and has over 40 years of experience in the accountancy profession. Prof. Wong was awarded a Badge of Honour in January 1993 by the Queen of England. He has been appointed as a Justice of the Peace since July 1998 and was awarded a Bronze Bauhinia Star (B.B.S.) in July 2010 by the Government of Hong Kong.

非執行董事

周耀邦先生(「周先生」),36歲,於二零 一五年九月二十三日獲委任為執行董事, 並於二零二零年一月七日調任為非執行董事。

周先生於二零零五年七月於香港專業教育 學院(沙田分校)獲得電子商貿技術高級文 憑。彼另於二零零七年三月透過遙距學習 於澳大利亞墨爾本斯威本科技大學獲得信 息技術理學學士學位。

自二零零五年七月至二零一二年三月,周 先生於Compass Business Solutions Limited 任職程式設計員,其後於二零零八年十月 獲升為技術顧問。自二零一二年七月起,周 先生於Tectura Hong Kong Limited任職客戶 服務顧問。

獨立非執行董事

黃龍德教授(「黃教授」),74歲,於二零 一六年六月十六日至二零二一年十二月 三十一日期間獲委任為獨立非執行董事。 彼主要負責獨立監管管理層及就本公司策 略、表現、資源及行為準則問題提供獨立判 斷。彼亦分別為本公司審核委員會(「審核 委員會」)及法律合規委員會(「法律合規委 員會」)主席。

黃教授為資深執業會計師,自二零一零年 十一月起為黃龍德會計師事務所有限公司 首席執業董事,擁有逾40年會計專業經驗。 黃教授於一九九三年一月獲英女皇頒授榮 譽獎章,自一九九八年七月起獲委任為太 平紳士,並於二零一零年七月獲香港特別 行政區政府頒授銅紫荊星章。

董事履歷詳情 (續)

Prof. Wong is currently an independent non-executive director of C C Land Holdings Limited (Stock Code: 1224), Galaxy Entertainment Group Limited (Stock Code: 27), Sino Oil and Gas Holdings Limited (Stock Code: 702), Winox Holdings Limited (Stock Code: 6838) and Water Oasis Group Limited (Stock Code: 1161).

Prof. Wong was an independent non-executive director of Guangzhou Baiyunshan Pharmaceutical Holdings Company Limited (formerly known as Guangzhou Pharmaceutical Company Limited) (Stock Code: 874) from June 2010 to May 2017, and Real Nutriceutical Group Limited (Stock Code: 2010, delisted on 26 January 2021) from March 2008 to October 2017, and National Arts Entertainment and Culture Group Limited (formerly known as National Arts Holdings Limited) (Stock Code: 8228) from February 2010 to December 2018, and BAIC Motor Corporation Limited (Stock Code: 1958) from December 2014 to March 2021.

Prof. Wong has resigned as an independent non-executive Director on 1 January 2022.

Mr. Lee Cheung Yuet Horace (李暢悦先生), aged 40, was appointed by the Board as an independent non-executive Director on 1 January 2022, and is mainly responsible for overseeing the management independently and providing independent judgment on the issues of strategy, performance, resources and standard of conduct of the Company. He is also the chairman of the Audit Committee and Legal Compliance Committee. 黃教授現為中渝置地控股有限公司(股份代號:1224)、銀河娛樂集團有限公司(股份代號:27)、中國油氣控股有限公司(股份代號:702)、盈利時控股有限公司(股份代號:6838)及奧思集團有限公司(股份代號:1161)獨立非執行董事。

黃教授於二零一零年六月至二零一七年五 月擔任廣州白雲山醫藥集團股份有限公司 (前稱廣州藥業股份有限公司)(股份代號: 874)獨立非執行董事,並於二零零八年三 月至二零一七年十月擔任瑞年國際有限公 司(股份代號:2010,於二零二一年一月 二十六日除牌)獨立非執行董事,及於二零 一零年二月至二零一八年十二月擔任國藝 娛樂文化集團有限公司(前稱國藝控股有限 公司)(股份代號:8228)獨立非執行董事, 及於二零一四年十二月至二零二一年三月 擔任北京汽車股份有限公司(股份代號: 1958)獨立非執行董事。

黃教授於二零二二年一月一日辭任獨立非 執行董事。

李暢悦先生,40歲,於二零二二年一月一日獲董事會委任為獨立非執行董事,及主要負責獨立監管管理層及就本公司策略、表現、資源及行為準則問題提供獨立判斷。 彼亦為審核委員會及法律合規委員會主席。

董事履歷詳情 (續)

Mr. Lee obtained a Bachelor's Degree of Commerce (Accounting) from The University of Queensland, Australia in 2004. He has been a member of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants since 2009 and became a fellow member since 2014. Mr. Lee has over 17 years of experience in financial reporting, investment analysis, merge & acquisition exercises and business development. Mr. Lee has been taking up various senior positions in the financial and business sectors for over 11 years and he also has extensive experience in terms of Hong Kong listed companies. Mr. Lee is currently an independent non-executive director of Hybrid Kinetic Group Limited (Stock Code: 1188), Asia Television Holdings Limited (Stock Code: 707), Diwang Industrial Holdings Limited (formerly, Sunlight Technology Holdings Limited) (Stock Code: 1950) and Kirin Group Holdings Limited (Stock Code: 8109). Mr. Lee had been an independent nonexecutive director of Chuan Holdings Limited (Stock Code: 1420) and an executive director of Aurum Pacific (China) Group Limited (Stock Code: 8148).

Mr. Yuen Ching Bor Stephen (袁靖波) ("Mr. Yuen"), aged 74, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director during the period from 7 January 2020 to 30 April 2022, and was mainly responsible for overseeing the management independently and providing independent judgment on the issues of strategy, performance, resources and standard of conduct of the Company. He was also the chairman of the Remuneration Committee and a member of each of the Audit Committee, the Nomination Committee and the Legal Compliance Committee.

李先生於二零零四年自澳洲昆士蘭大學取 得商學士(會計)學位。彼自二零零九年起 為英國特許公認會計師公會會員,並自二 零一四年起成為資深會員。李先生於財務 申報、投資分析、併購活動及業務發展方面 擁有逾17年經驗。李先生在金融界及商界 擔任多個高級職位超過11年,彼亦擁有豐 富的香港上市公司經驗。李先生目前擔任 正道集團有限公司(股份代號:1188)、亞 洲電視控股有限公司(股份代號:707)、帝 王實業控股有限公司(前稱為深藍科技控股 有限公司)(股份代號:1950)以及麒麟集團 控股有限公司(股份代號:8109)之獨立非 執行董事。李先生曾擔任川控股有限公司(股 份代號:1420)之獨立非執行董事及奧栢中 國集團有限公司(股份代號:8148)之執行 董事。

袁靖波先生(「袁先生」),74歲,於二零二 零年一月七日至二零二二年四月三十日期 間獲委任為獨立非執行董事,主要負責獨 立監管管理層及就本公司策略、表現、資源 及行為準則問題提供獨立判斷。彼亦曾為 薪酬委員會主席以及審核委員會、提名委 員會及法律合規委員會成員。

董事履歷詳情 (續)

Mr. Yuen graduated with a Master of Science in Interdisciplinary Design and Management from The University of Hong Kong. He is an Eminent Fellow Member of the Royal Institution of Chartered Surveyors, a Fellow Member of the Chartered Institute of Housing, a Fellow Member of the Hong Kong Institute of Housing and a Member of the Chartered Institute of Arbitrators. He has approximately 50 years of real estate experience in both public and private sectors. He is currently a non-executive chairman of InfraredNF Investment Advisers Limited and an independent non-executive director of Autotoll Limited. Mr. Yuen was ex-chairman of the Industry Training Advisory Committee (Property Management) of the Education Bureau, past chairman of the Real Estate Service Training Board, ex-committee member of the Employee Retraining Board, ex-member of the Land and Building Advisory Committee, past chairman of the Chartered Institute of Housing (Hong Kong Branch), past president of the Hong Kong Association of Property Management Companies and past president of the Hong Kong Institute of Real Estate Administrators. Mr. Yuen is currently an independent nonexecutive director of Winson Holdings Hong Kong Limited (Stock Code: 6812).

Mr. Yuen has resigned as an independent non-executive Director on 1 May 2022.

Mr. Kan Sze King Kenneth (簡士勁) ("Mr. Kan"), aged 56, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director on 1 September 2020, and is mainly responsible for overseeing the management independently and providing independent judgment on the issues of strategy, performance, resources and standard of conduct of the Company. He is also a member of each of the Audit Committee, the Nomination Committee, the Remuneration Committee and the Legal Compliance Committee.

Mr. Kan was awarded a diploma by the Architectural Association School of Architecture in the United Kingdom in August 1989. He was then received a MA in property valuation and law from the department of property valuation and management, Business School, City University, the United Kingdom in August 1993.

袁先生畢業於香港大學,獲跨學科設計及 管理理學碩士學位。彼為英國皇家特許測 量師學會傑出資深會員、英國特許房屋經 理學會資深會員、香港房屋經理學會資深 會員及英國特許仲裁學會會員。彼於公私 營房地產界別擁有約50年經驗。彼現為匯 貫南豐投資管理有限公司的非執行主席及 快易通有限公司的獨立非執行董事。袁先 生為教育局行業培訓諮詢委員會(物業管理 業)前主席、房地產服務業訓練委員會前主 席、僱員再培訓局委員會前成員、土地及建 設諮詢委員會前成員、英國特許房屋經理 學會香港分會前主席、香港物業管理公司 協會前會長及香港地產行政師學會前會長。 袁先生現為永順控股香港有限公司(股份代 號:6812)的獨立非執行董事。

袁先生已於二零二二年五月一日辭任獨立 非執行董事。

簡士勁先生(「簡先生」),56歲,於二零二 零年九月一日獲委任為獨立非執行董事, 主要負責獨立監管管理層及就本公司策略、 表現、資源及行為準則問題提供獨立判斷。 彼亦為審核委員會、提名委員會、薪酬委員 會以及法律合規委員會成員。

簡先生於一九八九年八月獲英國建築聯盟 學院頒授文憑。其後,彼於一九九三年八月 獲英國城市大學商學院物業估值及管理系 頒授物業估值及法學碩士學位。

董事履歷詳情 (續)

Currently, Mr. Kan is the director of CHK Partnership Limited, an architecture and interior design company that was found and directed by Mr. Kan in 1996 until he left the company in 2015. Mr. Kan rejoined the company in 2018 and has been responsible for overseeing the design projects undertaken by the company. Previously, Mr. Kan was a project director for Kerry Properties (China) Limited from January 2017 to August 2017.

Mr. Kan has been a member of the Hong Kong Institute of Architects since 2016 and has been registered with the Architects Registration Board of Hong Kong since 2017. Mr. Kan has also been a certified interior designer of the Hong Kong Interior Design Association since 2018. Mr. Kan became a member of Royal Institute of British Architects in 1992, and is currently registered with the Architects Registration Board of the United Kingdom.

Mr. Chan Ming Kei (陳銘基), aged 39, was appointed by the Board as an independent non-executive Director on 1 May 2022, and is mainly responsible for overseeing the management independently and providing independent judgment on the issues of strategy, performance, resources and standard of conduct of the Company. He is also the chairman of the remuneration committee and a member of each of the Audit Committee, Nomination Committee and Legal Compliance Committee.

Mr. Chan holds a Bachelor of Business Administration (Hons) majoring in Accounting from The Hong Kong University of Science and Technology. He is a member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and has over 16 years experiences in accounting, financial management and company secretarial works.

Mr. Chan is currently a joint company secretary and the financial controller of Diwang Industrial Holdings Limited (formerly, Sunlight Technology Holdings Limited) (Stock Code: 1950). From January 2018 to April 2021, he acted as company secretary and assistant financial controller of Fullsun International Holdings Group Co., Limited (Stock Code: 627). Mr. Chan was an independent non-executive director of Elegance Optical International Holdings Limited (Stock Code: 907) from April 2017 to June 2019.

目前,簡先生擔任CHK Partnership Limited 的董事,該公司為一家建築及室內設計公 司,由簡先生於一九九六年創辦及管理,直 至彼於二零一五年從該公司離職。簡先生 於二零一八年重新加入該公司,一直負責 監管該公司所承擔的設計項目。此前,簡先 生曾於二零一七年一月至二零一七年八月 擔任嘉里置業(中國)有限公司的項目總監。

簡先生自二零一六年起擔任香港建築師學 會會員,並自二零一七年起在香港建築師 註冊管理局註冊。此外,簡先生自二零一八 年起一直擔任香港室內設計協會認證室內 設計師。簡先生於一九九二年成為英國皇 家建築師協會的會員,目前在英國建築師 註冊管理局註冊。

陳銘基先生,39歲,於二零二二年五月一 日獲董事會委任為獨立非執行董事,主要 負責獨立監管管理層及就本公司策略、表 現、資源及行為準則問題提供獨立判斷。彼 亦為薪酬委員會主席及審核委員會、提名 委員會及法律合規委員會成員。

陳先生持有香港科技大學工商管理榮譽學 士(主修會計學)學位。彼為香港會計師公 會會員,於會計、財務管理以及公司秘書工 作擁有逾16年經驗。

陳先生現為帝王實業控股有限公司(前稱深 藍科技控股有限公司)(股份代號:1950)的 聯席公司秘書及財務總監。自二零一八年 一月至二零二一年四月,彼擔任福晟國際 控股集團有限公司(股份代號:627)的公司 秘書兼助理財務總監。陳先生於二零一七 年四月至二零一九年六月期間曾為高雅光 學國際集團有限公司(股份代號:907)的獨 立非執行董事。

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT 企業管治報告

The Board is pleased to present herein the corporate governance report of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2021.

The Directors and the management of the Group recognise the importance of sound corporate governance to the longterm success and continuing development of the Group. Therefore, the Board is committed to upholding good corporate standards and procedures, so as to improve the accountability system and transparency of the Group, protect the interests and create value for the Shareholders.

Compliance with the Corporate Governance Code

The Company's corporate governance practices are based on the principles and code provisions as set out in the Corporate Governance Code and Corporate Governance Report (the "CG Code") in Appendix 14 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange (the "Listing Rules"). For the year ended 31 December 2021 (the "Reporting Period"), to the best knowledge of the Board, the Company has complied with all the applicable code provisions set out in the CG Code, except for certain deviations as specified with considered reasons for such deviations as explained below.

Under Code Provision A.2.1 (which has changed to C.2.1 since 1 January 2022) of the CG Code, the roles of the chairman and chief executive officer should be separated and should not be performed by the same individual.

董事會欣然提交截至二零二一年十二月 三十一日止年度的本公司企業管治報告。

本集團董事及管理層意識到,卓越的企業 管治對本集團的長期成功及持續發展很重 要。因此,董事會承諾堅持良好的企業標準 及程序,以完善本集團的問責制度及提高 其透明度,維護股東的利益並為其創造價值。

遵守企業管治守則

本公司根據聯交所證券上市規則(「上市規 則」) 附錄十四之企業管治守則及企業管治 報告(「企業管治守則」) 中的原則及守則 條文進行企業管治工作。截至二零二一年 十二月三十一日止年度(「報告期」),董事 會深知,本公司已遵守企業管治守則所載 所有適用守則條文,惟下述若干偏離除外(有 關偏離所考慮的因素於下文闡述)。

根據企業管治守則的守則條文A.2.1(自二零二二年一月一日起已更改為C.2.1),主席及行政總裁的角色應有所區分及不應由同一人同時兼任。

企業管治報告 (續)

During the Reporting Period, the Company has not separated the roles of chairman and chief executive officer of the Company (the "CEO"). Mr. Chan was the chairman and also CEO and is responsible for overseeing the operations of the Group during such period. In view of the fact that Mr. Chan has been operating and managing the Group since 1998, the Board believes that it is in the best interests of the Group to have Mr. Chan taking up both roles for effective management and business development. The Board also believes that vesting the roles of both chairman and CEO in the same person has the benefit of ensuring the consistent leadership within the Group and enables more effective and efficient overall strategic planning for the Group. Although Mr. Chan performs both roles of chairman and CEO, the division of responsibilities between the two roles is clearly established. While the chairman is responsible for supervising the functions and performance of the Board, the CEO is responsible for the management of the Group's business. The Board considers that the balance of power and authority for the present arrangement will not be impaired given the appropriate delegation of the power of the Board to the Senior Management for the day-to-day management of the Group. and the effective functions of the independent non-executive Directors representing at least one-third of the Board such that no one individual has unfettered power of decisions. This structure will also enable the Company to make and implement decisions promptly and effectively. The Board will continue to review and consider splitting the roles of chairman of the Board and CEO at a time when it is appropriate and suitable by taking into account the circumstances of the Group as a whole.

The Board will periodically review on the Company's corporate governance functions and will continuously improve the Company's corporate governance practices by assessing their effectiveness with evolving standards to meet changing circumstances and needs.

於報告期,本公司並無區分主席及行政總裁 (「行政總裁」)的角色。於有關期間,陳先生 兼任本公司主席及行政總裁,負責監管本 集團的業務運營。鑒於陳先生自一九九八 年起一直經營及管理本集團,董事會認為, 由陳先生擔任主席及行政總裁職務以進行 有效管理及業務發展,乃符合本集團最佳 利益。董事會亦相信,由同一人兼任主席及 行政總裁的角色,有利於確保本集團內部 領導貫徹一致,使本集團的整體策略規劃 更有效及更具效率。儘管陳先生同時履行 主席及行政總裁職務,主席及行政總裁的 職責分工已清楚確立。主席負責監督董事 會職能及表現,而行政總裁則負責管理本 集團業務。董事會認為,鑒於董事會就本集 團的日常管理適當分配權力予高級管理層, 現行安排不會削弱權力和權限制衡,加上 獨立非執行董事佔董事會成員最少三分之 一,以致並無個別人士有絕對的決定權,能 有效發揮職能,此架構亦可讓本公司迅速 及有效地作出及落實決策。董事會將繼續 進行檢討,並會在計及本集團整體情況後 考慮於適當時候將董事會主席與本公司行 政總裁的角色分開。

董事會將定期檢討本公司的企業管治職能, 並將不斷改善本公司的企業管治常規,按 照不斷發展的標準評估其成效,以配合不 斷轉變的情況及需要。

企業管治報告 (續)

Board of Directors

The key responsibilities of the Board include formulation of the Group's overall strategies, the setting of management targets and supervision of management performance. The management is delegated with the authority and responsibility by the Board for the management and administration of the Group. In addition, the Board has also delegated various responsibilities to the board committees of the Company (the "Board Committees"). Further details of the Board Committees are set out in this annual report. Under the terms of reference, the duties of the Board in respect of corporate governance are as follows:

- to develop and review the policies and practices on corporate governance of the Group and make recommendations;
- to review and monitor the training and continuous professional development of Directors and Senior Management;
- 3. to review and monitor the Group's policies and practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements;
- 4. to develop, review and monitor the code of conduct and compliance manual (if any) applicable to Directors and employees; and
- 5. to review the Company's compliance with the CG Code and disclosure in the corporate governance report of the Company.

董事會

董事會的主要責任包括制定本集團的整體 戰略、建立管理目標及監督管理表現。管理 層就本集團的管理及行政工作獲董事會轉 授權力及責任。此外,董事會亦轉授多項責 任予本公司的董事委員會(「董事委員會」)。 董事委員會的進一步詳情載列於本年報中。 根據職權範圍,董事會關於企業管治之責 任載列如下:

- 制定及檢討本集團的企業管治政策及 實務,並提出建議;
- 審閱及監察董事及高級管理層的培訓 及持續專業發展;
- 審閱及監察本集團關於遵守法律及監 管規定的政策及實務;
- 制定、審閱及監察適用於董事及僱員 的操守守則及合規手冊(如有);及
- 審閱本公司對企業管治守則的遵守情 況及在本公司企業管治報告內的披露。

企業管治報告 (續)

Composition of the Board

During the Reporting Period and up to the date of this annual report, there have been changes in the composition of the Board. As at the date of this annual report, the Board comprises seven Directors, including three executive Directors, one non-executive Director and three independent non-executive Directors. The composition of the Board and the aforesaid changes are set out as follow:

Executive Directors

Mr. Chan Chun Kit *(Chairman and Chief Executive Officer)* Ms. Chan Wai Sze Josephine Ms. Zhu Xueqin

Non-executive Director

Mr. Chow Yiu Pong David

Independent Non-executive Directors

Prof. Wong Lung Tak Patrick *(resigned on 1 January 2022)*Mr. Yuen Ching Bor Stephen *(resigned on 1 May 2022)*Mr. Kan Sze King KennethMr. Lee Cheung Yuet Horace *(appointed on 1 January 2022)*

Mr. Chan Ming Kei (appointed on 1 May 2022)

In compliance with Rules 3.10(1) and 3.10A of the Listing Rules, the Board was consisted of three independent nonexecutive Directors during the Reporting Period. During the Reporting Period and as of the date of this annual report, the number of independent non-executive Directors represents more than one-third of the Board. As such, there is a strong independent element in the Board to provide independent judgement. Amongst the independent non-executive Directors, Prof. Wong Lung Tak Patrick (resigned on 1 January 2022), Mr. Lee Cheung Yuet Horace (appointed on 1 May 2022) have the appropriate professional qualifications and accounting and related financial management expertise required under Rule 3.10(2) of the Listing Rules.

The Company has entered into a service agreement with each of the independent non-executive Directors for a term of one year, which may be terminated earlier by no less than three months written notice served by either party on the other.

董事會組成

於報告期間及直至本年報日期,董事會組 成發生變動。於本年報日期,董事會由七名 董事組成,包括三名執行董事、一名非執行 董事及三名獨立非執行董事。董事會組成 及所述變動載列如下:

執行董事

陳振傑先生*(主席兼行政總裁)* 陳瑋詩女士 朱雪琴女士

非執行董事

周耀邦先生

獨立非執行董事

黃龍德教授(*於二零二二年一月一日辭任)* 袁靖波先生(*於二零二二年五月一日辭任)* 簡士勁先生 李暢悦先生(*於二零二二年一月一日獲委任)* 陳銘基先生(*於二零二二年五月一日獲委任)*

根據上市規則第3.10(1)及3.10A條,於報告 期間,董事會包括三名獨立非執行董事。於 報告期間及截至本年報日期,獨立非執行 董事人數佔董事會人數三分之一以上。因 此,董事會具備強大的獨立元素,可提供獨 立判斷。獨立非執行董事中,黃龍德教授(於 二零二二年一月一日辭任)、李暢悦先生(於 二零二二年一月一日獲委任)及陳銘基先生 (於二零二二年五月一日獲委任)具有上市 規則第3.10(2)條所規定的適當專業資格及 會計與相關財務管理專長。

本公司已與各獨立非執行董事訂立為期一 年的服務協議,其可由任何一方向另一方 發出不少於三個月的書面通知而提前終止。

企業管治報告 (續)

The Company will use its best efforts to achieve the board diversity policy and ensure that the Board has a balance of skills, experience and diversity which is appropriate to the needs of the Company's business. The selection of candidates will be based on a range of criteria, including but not limited to, gender, age, cultural and educational background, experience (professional or otherwise), skills and knowledge. The appointment of Directors will continue to be made based on merit and potential contribution by the candidate to the Board and the Company. Each of Directors' respective biographical details is set out in the section "Biographical Details of Directors" of this annual report. The Directors have the necessary skills and experience appropriate for discharging their duties as Directors in the best interest of the Company.

Pursuant to Article 112 of the articles of association of the Company (the "Articles"), any Director appointed by the Board to fill a casual vacancy shall hold office only until the next following annual general meeting of the Company and shall then be eligible for re-election. Accordingly, Mr. Lee Cheung Yuet Horace and Mr. Chan Ming Kei being eligible will offer themselves for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company (the "AGM").

Pursuant to Article 108 of the Articles, one-third of the Directors for the time being (or if their number is not a multiple of three (3), the number nearest to but not less than one-third), not including those Directors who are subject to reelection pursuant to Article 112 as described above, shall retire from office by rotation provided that every Director shall be subject to retirement at an annual general meeting at least once every three years. Ms. Chan Josephine Wai Sze, Ms. Zhu Xueqin and Mr. Kan Sze King Kenneth will retire from office as Directors and, being eligible, will offer themselves for re-election at the forthcoming AGM.

Specific enquiry has been made by the Company to each of the independent non-executive Directors to confirm their independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. In this connection, the Company has received the positive annual confirmations from all of the three independent nonexecutive Directors. Based on the confirmations received, the Company considers all independent non-executive Directors to be independent under the Listing Rules. 本公司將盡其所能實現董事會多元化政策 及確保董事會於技能、經驗及多元化方面 保持適當的平衡以適應本公司業務需要。 甄選候選人將以一系列標準為基準,包括 但不限於性別、年齡、文化及教育背景、經 驗(專業或其他)、技能及知識。委任董事 將繼續取決於候選人的優點及候選人對電 事會及本公司之潛在貢獻。各董事相關履 歷詳情載於本年報「董事履歷詳情」一節。 董事具有在符合本公司最佳利益情況下履 行彼等的董事職務的必要技能及專業經驗。

根據本公司組織章程細則(「章程細則」)第 112條,董事會所委任加入現有董事會的任何董事僅須任職至本公司緊接的下一屆股 東週年大會為止,並合資格膺選連任。故此, 李暢悦先生及陳銘基先生將合資格於本公 司應屆股東週年大會(「股東週年大會」)上 膺選連任。

根據章程細則第108條,於股東週年大會上, 為數三分之一(或倘其數目並非三(3)的倍數, 則取最接近但不少於三分之一者(不包括上 文所述根據章程細則第112條膺選連任的董 事))的現任董事須輪流退任,惟所有董事須 最少每三年輪流退任一次。陳瑋詩女士、朱 雪琴女士及簡士勁先生將於應屆股東週年 大會上退任董事職位,並合資格膺選連任。

根據上市規則第3.13條,本公司已向各獨 立非執行董事作出具體查詢,以確認彼等 的獨立性。就此而言,本公司已獲得全部三 名獨立非執行董事的正面年度確認。根據 所獲確認,本公司認為,根據上市規則,全 體獨立非執行董事均屬獨立人士。

企業管治報告 (續)

Board and General Meetings

During the Reporting Period, six board meetings were held to approve, among others, the annual results for the year ended 31 December 2020, the interim results in respect of the year ended 31 December 2021. The AGM which was held on 24 June 2021 was the general meeting of the Company during the Reporting Period.

The attendance of the respective Directors at the Board meetings are set out below:

董事會及股東大會

於報告期內,董事會舉行了六次會議以批准 (其中包括)截至二零二零年十二月三十一 日止年度的全年業績、截至二零二一年 十二月三十一日止年度的中期業績。於二 零二一年六月二十四日舉行的股東週年大 會乃本公司於報告期內的股東大會。

各董事出席董事會會議的記錄載列如下:

		Attendance/ Number of Board meetings during the Reporting Period 報告期間 董事會會議 出席次數/會議次數	Attendance/ Number of general meeting during the Reporting Period 報告期間 股東大會 出席次數/會議次數
Executive Directors	執行董事		
Mr. Chan Chun Kit <i>(Chairman and</i>	陳振傑先生 <i>(主席兼行政總裁)</i>		
Chief Executive Officer)		6/6	1/1
Ms. Chan Wai Sze Josephine	陳瑋詩女士	5/6	1/1
Ms. Zhu Xueqin	朱雪琴女士	3/6	1/1
Non-executive Director	非執行董事		
Mr. Chow Yiu Pong David	周耀邦先生	6/6	1/1
Independent Non-executive Directors	獨立非執行董事		
Prof. Wong Lung Tak Patrick	黃龍德教授 <i>(於二零二二年</i>		
(resigned on 1 January 2022)	一月一日辭任)	5/6	1/1
Mr. Yuen Ching Bor Stephen	袁靖波先生 <i>(於二零二二年</i>		
(resigned on 1 May 2022)	五月一日辭任)	5/6	1/1
Mr. Kan Sze King Kenneth	簡士勁先生	5/6	1/1
Mr. Lee Cheung Yuet Horace	李暢悦先生 <i>(於二零二二年</i>	Not applicable (Note)	Not applicable (Note)
(appointed on 1 January 2022)	一月一日獲委任)	不適用(附註)	不適用(附註)
Mr. Chan Ming Kei	陳銘基先生 <i>(於二零二二年</i>	Not applicable (Note)	Not applicable (Note)
(appointed on 1 May 2022)	五月一日獲委任)	不適用(附註)	不適用(附註)
	7/+ >-	2. 补却件 如眼丝 难无 //	

Note: Appointed after the Reporting Period.

附註:於報告期間後獲委任。

企業管治報告 (續)

The Directors can attend meetings in person or through other means of electronic communication in accordance with the Articles. All minutes of the Board meetings were recorded in sufficient detail the matters considered by the Board and the decisions reached.

To facilitate the decision-making process, the Directors are free to have access to the management for enquiries and to obtain further information when required. The Directors can also seek independent professional advice in appropriate circumstances, at the Company's expense, in discharging their duties to the Company. All Directors have unrestricted access to the company secretary of the Company (the "Company Secretary") who is responsible for ensuring that the Board/committee procedures are complied with, and for advising the Board/committee(s) on compliance matters.

The Company has arranged appropriate insurance cover in respect of possible legal action against its Directors and senior officers.

Relationships among Board Members and Senior Management

Saved as disclosed in the section headed "Biographical Details of Directors" of this annual report, there is no financial, business, family or other material or relevant relationship among members of the Board and the Senior Management.

Code of Conduct for Securities Transactions by Directors

The Company has adopted the required standard of dealings set out in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules as the code of conduct regarding securities transactions by Directors in respect of the Shares (the "Code of Conduct"). The Company has made specific enquiry to all Directors, and all Directors have confirmed that they have fully complied with the required standard of dealings set out in the Code of Conduct during the year ended 31 December 2021. 董事可親身出席會議,或依據章程細則,利 用其它電子通訊方式參與會議。所有董事 會會議記錄詳細記錄董事會考慮的事宜及 已達成的決定。

為加快決策過程,董事可隨時向管理層查詢, 並獲取其它資料(如有需要)。董事亦可就 履行其於本公司職責而在適當情況下尋求 獨立專業意見,費用概由本公司支付。全體 董事均可無限制地聯絡本公司的公司秘書 (「公司秘書」),公司秘書乃負責確保董事 會/委員會程序遵守該遵從的事項,以及就 該遵從的事項向董事會/委員會提出建議。

本公司已就其董事及高級職員可能面臨的 法律訴訟作出適當投保安排。

董事會成員與高級管理層之間的 關係

除本年報「董事履歷詳情」一節所披露者外, 董事會及高級管理層成員之間並無財政、 業務、家庭或其他重大或相關關係。

董事進行證券交易的操守守則

本公司已採納上市規則附錄十所載的規定 準則作為董事就股份進行證券交易的操守 守則(「操守守則」)。本公司已向全體董事 作出具體查詢,而全體董事已確認,彼等於 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度一 直全面遵守操守守則所載的規定買賣準則。

企業管治報告 (續)

Directors' Continuing Professional Development Programme

The Group acknowledges the importance of adequate and ample continuing professional development for the Directors for a sound and effective internal control system and corporate governance. In this regard, the Group has always encouraged its Directors to attend relevant training courses to receive the latest news and knowledge regarding corporate governance.

During the Reporting Period, the Company has provided the Directors at least one training course on the updates of the Listing Rules concerning good corporate governance practices. The Company will, if necessary, provide timely and regular trainings to the Directors to ensure that they keep abreast with the current requirements under the Listing Rules.

According to the training records maintained by the Company, the continuous professional development programmes received by each of the Directors during the Reporting Period is summarised as follows:

董事的持續專業發展計劃

本集團肯定董事獲得足夠及充分持續專業 發展對健全而行之有效的內部監控系統及 企業管治的重要性。為此,本集團一直鼓勵 其董事出席有關培訓課程,以獲取有關企 業管治的最新消息及知識。

於報告期內,本公司已向董事提供最少一次培訓課程,內容有關上市規則中涉及良好企業管治常規的最新資料。本公司將按 需要為董事提供適時及正規培訓,以確保 彼等緊跟上市規則的現行規定。

根據本公司存置的培訓記錄,各董事於報 告期間接受的持續專業培訓概述如下:

		Type of Training 培訓類別
Executive Directors	執行董事:	
Mr. Chan Chun Kit (Chairman and	陳振傑先生	
Chief Executive Officer)	(主席兼行政總裁)	A&B
Ms. Chan Wai Sze Josephine	陳瑋詩女士	A&B
Ms. Zhu Xueqin	朱雪琴女士	A&B
Non-executive Director	非執行董事:	
Mr. Chow Yiu Pong David	周耀邦先生	A&B
Independent non-executive Directors	獨立非執行董事:	
Prof. Wong Lung Tak Patrick	黃龍德教授 <i>(於二零二二年</i>	
(resigned on 1 January 2022)	一月一日辭任)	A&B
Mr. Yuen Ching Bor Stephen	袁靖波先生 <i>(於二零二二年</i>	
(resigned on 1 May 2022)	五月一日辭任)	A&B
Mr. Kan Sze King Kenneth	簡士勁先生	A&B
Mr. Lee Cheung Yuet Horace	李暢悦先生 <i>(於二零二二年</i>	Not applicable
(appointed on 1 January 2022)	一月一日獲委任)	不適用
Mr. Chan Ming Kei	陳銘基先生 <i>(於二零二二年</i>	Not applicable
(appointed on 1 May 2022)	五月一日獲委任)	不適用

企業管治報告 (續)

- A: attending training sessions, including but not limited to, seminars, briefings, conferences, forums and workshops.
- B: reading newspapers, journals and updates relating to the economy, general business, corporate governance and directors' duties and responsibilities.

Corporate Governance Function

The Board recognises that corporate governance should be the collective responsibility of the Directors which includes:

- (a) to review and monitor the Company's policies and practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements;
- (b) to review and monitor the training and continuous professional development of the Directors and Senior Management;
- (c) to develop, review and monitor the code of conduct and compliance manual applicable to employees and Directors;
- (d) to develop and review the Company's policies and practices on corporate governance and make recommendations to the Board and report to the Board on such matters; and
- (e) to review the Company's compliance with the CG Code and disclosure in the annual report.

Board Committees

The Board has established a number of functional committees in compliance with the relevant Listing Rules and to assist the Board to discharge its duties. Currently, four committees have been established:

- The Audit Committee was established on 16 June 2016 with its terms of reference in compliance with Rules 3.21 to 3.23 of the Listing Rules, and paragraphs C.3.3 and C.3.7 (which have changed to D.3.3 and D.3.7 respectively since 1 January 2022) of the CG Code;
- 2. The Remuneration Committee was established on 16 June 2016 with its terms of reference in compliance with paragraph B.1.2 (which has changed to E.1.2 since 1 January 2022) of the CG Code;

- A: 參加培訓課程,包括但不限於研討會、簡報會、會議、 論壇和工作坊。
- B: 閱讀報章、期刊和最新資訊,內容關於經濟、一般業務、企業管治及董事職責和責任。

企業管治職能

董事會認為,企業管治應是董事的集體責任, 其中包括:

- (a) 檢討及監察本公司在遵守法律及監管 規定方面的政策及常規;
- (b) 檢討及監察董事及高級管理人員的培 訓及持續專業發展;
- (c) 制定、檢討及監察適用於僱員及董事 的行為守則及合規手冊;
- (d) 制定及檢討本公司的企業管治政策及 常規,並向董事會提出建議及就有關 事宜向董事會匯報;及
- (e) 檢討本公司在企業管治守則的遵守情 況及年報的披露情況。

董事委員會

董事會已根據相關上市規則成立若干功能 性委員會,以協助董事會履行職務,現時已 成立四個委員會:

- 本公司已於二零一六年六月十六日設 立審核委員會並遵照上市規則第3.21 至3.23條及企業管治守則第C.3.3及 C.3.7(自二零二二年一月一日起已分別 更改為D.3.3及D.3.7)段的規定訂明其 職權範圍;
- 本公司已於二零一六年六月十六日設 立薪酬委員會並遵照企業管治守則第
 B.1.2(自二零二二年一月一日起已更改 為E.1.2)段訂明其職權範圍;

企業管治報告 (續)

- 3. The Nomination Committee was established on 16 June 2016 with terms of reference in compliance with paragraph A.5.2 (which has changed to B.3.1 since 1 January 2022) of the CG Code; and
- 4. The Legal Compliance Committee was established on 16 June 2016.

The functions and responsibilities of these committees have been set out in the relevant terms of reference which are of no less stringent than that stated in the CG Code. The relevant terms of reference of each of the Audit Committee, Remuneration Committee and Nomination Committee can be found on the Group's website (http://www.starofcanton.com.hk/) and the website of the Stock Exchange in accordance with the CG Code. All committees have been provided with sufficient resources and support from the Group to discharge their duties.

Audit Committee

During the Reporting Period and up to the date of this annual report, the Audit Committee comprised three members, namely Prof. Wong Lung Tak Patrick (Chairman) (resigned on 1 January 2022), Mr. Yuen Ching Bor Stephen (resigned on 1 May 2022), Mr. Lee Cheung Yuet, Horace (appointed on 1 January 2022), Mr. Chan Ming Kei (appointed on 1 May 2022) and Mr. Kan Sze King Kenneth, all of whom are independent non-executive Directors. Pursuant to the terms of reference of the Audit Committee, the members of the Audit Committee shall comprise three non-executive Directors and shall be appointed or removed by the Board. If any member of the Audit Committee ceases to be a Director, he/she will cease to be a member of the Audit Committee automatically.

The Audit Committee must comprise a minimum of three members, at least one of whom is an independent non-executive Director with appropriate professional qualifications or accounting or related financial management expertise as required under Rule 3.10(2) of the Listing Rules.

Upon the resignation of Prof. Wong Lung Tak Patrick as the chairman of the Audit Committee on 1 January 2022, Mr. Lee Cheung Yuet Horace has been appointed as the chairman of the Audit Committee with effect from 1 January 2022. Upon the resignation of Mr. Yuen Ching Bor Stephen as a member of the Audit Committee on 1 May 2022, Mr. Chan Ming Kei has been appointed as a member of the Audit Committee with effect from 1 May 2022.

- 本公司已於二零一六年六月十六日設 立提名委員會並遵照企業管治守則第 A.5.2(自二零二二年一月一日起已更改 為B.3.1)段訂明其職權範圍;及
- 本公司已於二零一六年六月十六日設 立法律合規委員會。

該等委員會的職能及職責載於相關職權 範圍,該等職權範圍的嚴格程度不遜於 企業管治守則所列者。根據企業管治守 則,審核委員會、薪酬委員會及提名委員 會各自的相關職權範圍可於本集團網站 (http://www.starofcanton.com.hk/)及聯交所 網站查閱。本集團已向所有委員會提供充 足資源及支援,以令其履行職責。

審核委員會

於報告期內及截至本年報日期止,審核委員會包括三名成員,即黃龍德教授(主席)(於 二零二二年一月一日辭任)、袁靖波先生(於 二零二二年五月一日辭任)、李暢悦先生(於 二零二二年五月一日獲委任)、陳銘基先生 (於二零二二年五月一日獲委任)及簡士勁 先生均為獨立非執行董事。根據審核委員 會的職權范圍,審核委員會成員包括三名 非執行董事及須由董事會委任或罷免。倘 若審核委員會任何成員不再為董事,其將 自動不再為審核委員會的成員。

審核委員會須包括最少三名成員,其中至 少一名獨立非執行董事具有上市規則第 3.10(2)條所規定的適當專業資格或會計或 相關財務管理專長。

於黃龍德教授於二零二二年一月一日辭 任審核委員會主席後,李暢悦先生已獲委 任為審核委員會主席,自二零二二年一月 一日起生效。於袁靖波先生於二零二二年 五月一日辭任審核委員會成員後,陳銘基 先生已獲委任為審核委員會成員,自二零 二二年五月一日起生效。

企業管治報告 (續)

With reference to the terms of reference, the primary responsibilities of the Audit Committee are, among others (for the complete terms of reference please refer to the Group's website (http://www.starofcanton.com.hk/) or the website of the Stock Exchange):

- to make recommendations to the Board on the appointment, re-appointment and removal of the Company's external auditors, and approve the remuneration and terms of engagement of the Company's external auditors;
- to review and monitor the Company's external auditors' independence and objectivity and the effectiveness of the audit process in accordance with applicable standards;
- 3. to monitor the integrity of the Company's financial statements and annual report and accounts and half-year report and review significant financial reporting judgments contained in them;
- 4. to discuss with the Company's external auditors questions and doubts arising in the audit of annual accounts;
- 5. to review the statement about the Company's internal control system (if any) as included in the Company's annual report prior to submission for the Board's approval;
- 6. to review the Company's financial reporting, financial controls, internal control and risk management systems;
- 7. to discuss the internal control system with the Company's management to ensure that management has performed its duty to have an effective internal control system;
- to consider major investigation findings on internal control matters as delegated by the Board or on its own initiative and management's response to these findings;
- 9. to review the financial and accounting policies and practices of the Group;

根據職權範圍,審核委員會之主要職責為(其中包括)(有關完整的職權範圍,請參閱本集團的網站(http://www.starofcanton.com.hk/) 或聯交所網站):

- 就本公司外聘核數師的委任、重新委 任及罷免向董事會提供建議、批准本 公司外聘核數師的薪酬及聘用條款;
- 按適用的標準檢討及監察本公司外聘 核數師是否獨立客觀及核數程序是否 有效;
- 監察本公司的財務報表、年報、賬目及 半年報的完整性,並審閱報表及報告 所載有關財務申報的重大判斷;
- 與本公司外聘核數師討論在全年賬目 審核中出現的問題及存疑之處;
- 於提交董事會批准前,審閱本公司年 報所列有關本公司內部控制系統的報 表(如有);
- 檢討本公司的財務申報、財務監控、內 部監控及風險管理制度;
- 與本公司管理層討論內部監控系統, 確保管理層已履行職責建立有效的內 部監控系統;
- 主動或應董事會的委派,就有關內部 監控事宜的重要調查結果及管理層對 調查結果的回應進行研究;
- 9. 檢討本集團的財務及會計政策及實務;

企業管治報告 (續)

- 10. to review the external auditor's management letter, any material queries raised by the auditor to the management in respect of accounting records, financial accounts or systems of control and management's response;
- 11. to ensure that the Board will provide a timely response to the issues raised in the external auditor's management letter; and
- 12. to review the adequacy of resources, staff qualifications and experience, training programmes and budget of the Company's accounting and financial reporting function.

During the Reporting Period, the Audit Committee had reviewed the Group's annual results and annual report for the year ended 31 December 2020, and interim results and interim report for the six months ended 30 June 2021, and discussed internal controls, risk management and financial reporting matters. The Audit Committee had also reviewed audited annual results for the year ended 31 December 2021, this annual report, and confirmed that this annual report complies with the applicable standard, the Listing Rules. and other applicable legal requirements and that adequate disclosures have been made. There is no disagreement between the Directors and the Audit Committee regarding the selection and appointment of the external auditors. The Audit Committee has recommended to the Board that Ting Ho Kwan & Chan CPA Limited ("THKC") be nominated for reappointment as the Company's auditor at the forthcoming AGM.

The Board is of the view that the Audit Committee has properly discharged its duties and responsibilities during the Reporting Period and up to the date of this annual report.

- 10. 審閱外聘核數師給予管理層的管理函件、核數師就會計紀錄、財務賬目或監控系統向管理層提出的任何重大疑問及管理層作出的回應;
- 確保董事會及時回應於外聘核數師給
 予管理層的管理函件中提出的事宜;
 及
- 檢討本公司在會計及財務報告職能方 面的資源、員工資歷及經驗、培訓計劃 及預算是否充足。

於報告期內,審核委員會已審閲本集團截 至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度的全 年業績及年報及截至二零二一年六月三十 日止六個月的中期業績及中期報告以及計 論內部監控、風險管理及財務申報事宜。審 核委員會亦已審閲截至二零二一年十二月 三十一日止年度的經審核全年業績及本年 報,並確認本年報符合適用準則、上市規露。 其他適用法律規定,且已作出足夠披露。 動方面並無意見分歧。審核委員會已有規 動方面並無意見分歧。審核委員會已有 以前方。 動方面並無意見分歧。審核委員會已有限 公司(「丁何關陳」)於應屆股東週年大會上 連任本公司的核數師。

董事會認為,於報告期內及截至本年報日 期止,審核委員會已妥善履行其職務及職責。

企業管治報告 (續)

The Audit Committee meets at least four times a year. During the Reporting Period, the Audit Committee had held four meetings together with the management of the Group and/ or the Company's auditors. The attendance records of the members of the Audit Committee are summarised below: 審核委員會每年至少舉行四次會議。於報告期內,審核委員會與本集團管理層及/或本公司核數師一起舉行了四次會議。審核委員會成員之出席記錄概述如下:

		Attendance/Number of meetings during the Reporting Period 報告期間出席 次數/會議次數
Prof. Wong Lung Tak Patrick (Chairman)	黃龍德教授 <i>(主席)(於二零二二年</i>	
(resigned on 1 January 2022)	一月一日辭任)	4/4
Mr. Yuen Ching Bor Stephen	袁靖波先生 <i>(於二零二二年</i>	
(resigned on 1 May 2022)	五月一日辭任)	4/4
Mr. Kan Sze King Kenneth	簡士勁先生	4/4
Mr. Lee Cheung Yuet Horace	李暢悦先生(於二零二二年	Not applicable (Note)
(appointed on 1 January 2022)	一月一日獲委任)	不適用(附註)
Mr. Chan Ming Kei	陳銘基先生(於二零二二年	Not applicable (Note)
(appointed on 1 May 2022)	五月一日獲委任)	不適用(附註)

Note: Appointed after the Reporting Period.

Remuneration Committee

During the Reporting Period and up to the date of this annual report, the Remuneration Committee comprised three members, namely Mr. Yuen Ching Bor Stephen (Chairman) (resigned on 1 May 2022), Mr. Chan Ming Kei (Chairman) (appointed on 1 May 2022), Mr. Chan Chun Kit and Mr. Kan Sze King Kenneth. Mr. Yuen Ching Bor Stephen, Mr. Chan Ming Kei and Mr. Kan Sze King Kenneth are independent non-executive Directors. 附註:於報告期間後獲委任。

薪酬委員會

於報告期內及截至本年報日期止,薪酬委員會包括三名成員,即袁靖波先生(主席)(於 二零二二年五月一日辭任)、陳銘基先生(主 席)(於二零二二年五月一日獲委任)、陳振 傑先生及簡士勁先生。袁靖波先生、陳銘基 先生及簡士勁先生均為獨立非執行董事。

企業管治報告 (續)

With reference to the terms of reference of the Remuneration Committee, the primary responsibilities of the Remuneration Committee include (for the complete terms of reference please refer to the Group's website (http://www.starofcanton.com.hk/) or the website of the Stock Exchange):

- to consult the chairman of the Board and/or chief executive about their remuneration proposals for other executive Directors;
- to make recommendations to the Board on the Company's policy and structure for all Directors' and Senior Management remuneration and on the establishment of a formal and transparent procedure for developing remuneration policy;
- to review and approve the management's remuneration proposals with reference to the Board's corporate goals and objectives;
- to make recommendations to the Board on the remuneration packages of individual executive Directors and Senior Management;
- 5. to make recommendations to the Board on the remuneration of non-executive Directors;
- to consider salaries paid by comparable companies, time commitment and responsibilities and employment conditions elsewhere in the Company and its subsidiaries;
- 7. to review and approve compensation payable to executive Directors and Senior Management for any loss or termination of office or appointment to ensure that it is consistent with contractual terms and is otherwise fair and not excessive;
- 8. to review and approve compensation arrangements relating to dismissal or removal of Directors for misconduct to ensure that they are consistent with contractual terms and are otherwise reasonable and appropriate; and
- 9. to ensure that no Directors or any of his close associates is involved in deciding his own remuneration.

根據薪酬委員會的職權範圍,薪酬委員會的 主要職責包括(有關完整職權範圍,請參閱本 集團的網站(http://www.starofcanton.com.hk/) 或聯交所網站):

- 就其他執行董事的薪酬建議諮詢董事 會主席及/或行政總裁;
- 就本公司全體董事及高級管理人員的 薪酬政策及架構,及就設立正規而具 透明度的程序制訂薪酬政策,向董事 會提出建議;
- 因應董事會所訂企業方針及目標而檢 討及批准管理層的薪酬建議;
- 向董事會建議個別執行董事及高級管 理人員的薪酬待遇;
- 5. 就非執行董事的薪酬向董事會提出建議;
- 考慮同類公司支付的薪酬、須付出的 時間及職責,以及本公司及其附屬公 司的其他職位的僱用條件;
- 檢討及批准向執行董事及高級管理人員就其喪失或終止職務或委任而須支付的賠償,以確保該等賠償與合約條款一致;若未能與合約條款一致,賠償亦須公平,不致過多;
- 檢討及批准因董事行為失當而解僱或 罷免有關董事所涉及的賠償安排,以 確保該等安排與合約條款一致;若未 能與合約條款一致,有關賠償亦須合 理適當;及
- 確保概無董事或其任何緊密聯繫人參 與釐定其自身的薪酬。

企業管治報告 (續)

The Remuneration Committee meets at least once a year. During the Reporting Period, the Remuneration Committee had held two meetings. The attendance records of the members of the Remuneration Committee are summarised below: 薪酬委員會會議至少每年舉行一次。於報告期內,薪酬委員會舉行了兩次會議。薪酬 委員會成員之出席記錄概述如下:

> Attendance/Number of meetings during the Reporting Period 報告期間出席 次數/會議次數

Mr. Yuen Ching Bor Stephen (Chairman)	袁靖波先生 <i>(主席)(於二零二二年</i>	
(resigned on 1 May 2022)	五月一日辭任)	2/2
Mr. Chan Chun Kit	陳振傑先生	2/2
Mr. Kan Sze King Kenneth	簡士勁先生	2/2
Mr. Chan Ming Kei <i>(Chairman)</i>	陳銘基先生 <i>(主席)(於二零二二年</i>	Not applicable (Note)
(appointed on 1 May 2022)	五月一日獲委任)	不適用(附註)

Note: Appointed after the Reporting Period.

During the Reporting Period, the Remuneration Committee reviewed and made recommendations on the remuneration package of the Directors and Senior Management. The Board is of the view that the Remuneration Committee had properly discharged its duties and responsibilities during the Reporting Period and up to the date of this annual report. 附註:於報告期間後獲委任。

於報告期內,薪酬委員會已就董事及高級 管理層的薪酬待遇進行檢討及建議。董事 會認為,於報告期及截至本年報日期止,薪 酬委員會已妥善履行其職責及職務。

Nomination Committee

During the Reporting Period and up to the date of this annual report, the Nomination Committee comprised three members, namely Mr. Chan Chun Kit (Chairman), Mr. Yuen Ching Bor Stephen (resigned on 1 May 2022), Mr. Chan Ming Kei (appointed on 1 May 2022) and Mr. Kan Sze King Kenneth. Mr. Yuen Ching Bor Stephen, Mr. Chan Ming Kei and Mr. Kan Sze King Kenneth are independent non-executive Directors. 提名委員會

於報告期內及截至本年報日期止,提名委員會包括三名成員,即陳振傑先生(主席)、 袁靖波先生(於二零二二年五月一日辭任)、 陳銘基先生(於二零二二年五月一日獲委任) 及簡士勁先生。袁靖波先生、陳銘基先生及 簡士勁先生乃獨立非執行董事。

企業管治報告 (續)

According to the terms of reference the Nomination Committee, the Nomination Committee shall convene meeting at least once a year and the primary responsibilities of the Nomination Committee include (for the complete terms of reference, please refer to the Group's website (http://www.starofcanton.com.hk/) or the website of the Stock Exchange):

- to review the structure, size, composition and diversity (including the skills, knowledge and experience) of the Board and make recommendations on proposed changes, if any, to the Board to complement the Company's corporate strategy;
- to review the Company's board diversity policy and the progress on achieving the objectives set for implementing the said policy;
- to identify individuals suitably qualified to become Board members and select or make recommendations to the Board on the selection of individuals nominated for directorships;
- 4. to assess the independence of independent nonexecutive Directors; and
- 5. to make recommendations to the Board on the appointment or re-appointment of Directors and succession planning for Directors, in particular the chairman and the chief executive.

Nomination Policy

The Board has adopted the nomination policy which sets out the nomination criteria and procedures for the Company to appoint or re-elect Directors. The nomination policy aims to:

- set out the criteria and process in the nomination and appointment of Directors;
- ensure that the Board has a balance of skills, experience and diversity of perspectives appropriate to the Company; and
- ensure the Board continuity and appropriate leadership at Board level.

根據提名委員會的職權範圍,提名委員會 須至少每年舉行一次會議,其主要職責包 括(有關完整的職權範圍,請參閱本集團的 網站(http://www.starofcanton.com.hk/)或聯 交所網站):

- 檢討董事會的架構、人數、組成及多元 化(包括技能、知識及經驗方面),並 就為配合本公司的公司策略而擬對董 事會作出的變動(如有)提出建議;
- 檢討本公司的董事會成員多元化政策
 及就該政策制定的目標的執行進度;
- 物色具備合適資格可擔任董事的人士, 並挑選提名有關人士出任董事或就此 向董事會提供意見;
- 4. 評核獨立非執行董事的獨立性;及
- 就董事委任或重新委任以及董事(尤其 是主席及行政總裁)繼任計劃向董事會 提出建議。

提名政策

董事會已採納提名政策,載列本公司委任 或重選董事的提名準則及程序。提名政策 旨在:

- 載列提名及委任董事的準則及程序;
- 確保董事會具備切合本公司業務所需 的技巧、經驗及多元觀點;及
 - 確保董事會的持續性及維持其領導角色。

企業管治報告 (續)

The nomination policy applies to the Directors and, where applicable, Senior Management prepared for Board positions under the succession planning of the Company.

In evaluating and selecting any candidate for directorship, the following criteria should be considered:

- Character and integrity
- Qualifications including professional qualifications, skills, knowledge and experience and diversity aspects under the board diversity policy that are relevant to the Company's business and corporate strategy
- Any measurable objectives adopted for achieving diversity on the Board
- Willingness to devote adequate time to discharge duties as a member of the Board and/or Board Committee(s)
- Requirement for the Board to have independent Directors in accordance with the Listing Rules and whether the candidate would be considered independent with reference to the independence guidelines set out in the Listing Rules
- Any potential contributions the candidate can bring to the Board in terms of qualifications, skills, experience, independence and gender diversity
- Such other perspectives that are appropriate to the Company's business and succession plan and where applicable, may be adopted and/or amended by the Board and/or the Nomination Committee from time to time for nomination of directors and succession planning

The Nomination Committee will recommend to the Board for the selection, appointment and re-appointment of a Director, including an independent non-executive Director, in accordance with the procedures and process as set out in the nomination policy. Nomination Committee will shortlist candidates for consideration by the Board based on the selection criteria and such other factors that it considers appropriate. 提名政策適用於董事,以及(如有需要)按 本公司的董事繼任計劃聘任相關的將可獲 委任為董事的高級管理人。

在評估及挑選候選人擔任董事時,應考慮 下列準則:

- 品格與誠實
 - 資格,包括專業資格、技巧、知識及與 本公司業務及策略相關的經驗,以及 董事會成員多元化政策所提述的多元 化因素
- 為達致董事會成員多元化而採納的任何可計量目標
- 是否願意投放足夠時間履行身為董事 會成員及/或擔任董事會轄下委員會 的委員的職責
- 根據上市規則,董事會需包括獨立董
 事的規定,以及參考《上市規則》內列
 明候選人是否被視為獨立的指引
- 候選人的專業資格、技能、經驗、獨立 性及性別多元化方面可為董事會帶來 的任何潛在貢獻
- 適用於本公司業務及繼任計劃的其他 觀點及(倘適用)董事會及/或提名委員會可不時就提名董事及繼任計劃採納及/或修訂有關觀點

提名委員會將根據提名政策所載的程序及 流程,就董事(包括獨立非執行董事)的甄 選、委任及續聘向董事會提出建議。提名委 員會根據甄選標準及其認為適當的有關其 他因素,將候選人列入最終候選人名單,供 董事會考慮。

企業管治報告 (續)

The Nomination Committee is responsible for monitoring and reviewing the nomination policy and recommend any changes thereto to the Board for its adoption as and when necessary.

During the Reporting Period, the Nomination Committee had held two meetings. The attendance of the members of the Nomination Committee at the committee meetings is as follows: 提名委員會負責監督和審查提名政策,並 在必要時向董事會建議任何修改,以供採用。

於報告期內,提名委員會已舉行兩次會議。 提名委員會成員於委員會會議之出席次數 如下:

> Attendance/Number of meetings during the Reporting Period

> > 報告期間出席 次數/會議次數

Not applicable (Note)

不適用(附註)

2/2

2/2

2/2

Mr. Chan Chun Kit <i>(Chairman)</i>	
Mr. Yuen Ching Bor Stephen	
(resigned on 1 May 2022)	
Mr. Kan Sze King Kenneth	
Mr. Chan Ming Kei	
(appointed on 1 May 2022)	
	Mr. Yuen Ching Bor Stephen <i>(resigned on 1 May 2022)</i> Mr. Kan Sze King Kenneth Mr. Chan Ming Kei

五月一日辭任) 簡士勁先生 陳銘基先生(於二零二二年 五月一日獲委任)

陳振傑先生(主席)

袁靖波先生*(於二零二二年*

Note: Appointed after the Reporting Period.

During the Reporting Period, the Nomination Committee reviewed and assessed (i) the structure, size and composition (including the skills, knowledge and experience) of the Board, (ii) the performance of each of the Directors, (iii) the independence of independent non-executive Directors, and proposed the appointment or re-appointment or succession (if applicable) of Directors.

Legal Compliance Committee

During the Reporting Period and up to the date of this annual report, the Legal Compliance Committee comprised three members, namely Prof. Wong Lung Tak Patrick (Chairman) (resigned on 1 January 2022), Mr. Yuen Ching Bor Stephen (resigned on 1 May 2022), Mr. Lee Cheung Yuet Horace (Chairman) (appointed on 1 January 2022), Mr. Chan Ming Kei (appointed on 1 May 2022) and Mr. Kan Sze King Kenneth. Prof. Wong Lung Tak Patrick, Mr. Yuen Ching Bor Stephen, Mr. Lee Cheung Yuet Horace, Mr. Chan Ming Kei and Mr. Kan Sze King Kenneth are independent non-executive Directors. 附註:於報告期間後獲委任。

於報告期內,提名委員會已檢討及評核(i)董 事會的架構、人數及組成(包括技能、知識 及經驗方面)、(ii)各董事的表現、(iii)獨立非 執行董事的獨立性及建議董事的委任、重 新委任或繼任(如有)。

法律合規委員會

於報告期內及截至本年報日期止,法律合 規委員會包括三名成員,即黃龍德教授(主 席)(於二零二二年一月一日辭任)、袁靖波 先生(於二零二二年五月一日辭任)、李暢 悦先生(主席)(於二零二二年一月一日獲委 任)、陳銘基先生(於二零二二年五月一日 獲委任)及簡士勁先生。黃龍德教授、袁靖 波先生、李暢悦先生、陳銘基先生及簡士勁 先生乃獨立非執行董事。

企業管治報告 (續)

Upon the resignation of Prof. Wong Lung Tak Patrick as the chairman of the Legal Compliance Committee on 1 January 2022, Mr. Lee Cheung Yuet Horace has been appointed as the chairman of the Legal Compliance Committee with effect from 1 January 2022. Upon the resignation of Mr. Yuen Ching Bor Stephen as a member of the Legal Compliance Committee on 1 May 2022, Mr. Chan Ming Kei has been appointed as a member of the Legal Compliance Committee with effect from 1 May 2022.

According to the terms of reference of the Legal Compliance Committee, the primary duties of the Legal Compliance Committee are to assist in overseeing the Group's compliance with laws and regulations relevant to its business operations and to review the effectiveness of its regulatory compliance procedures and system, and the Legal Compliance Committee shall hold meeting at least once a year.

During the Reporting Period, the Legal Compliance Committee had held one meeting. The attendance of the members of the Legal Compliance Committee at the committee meetings is as follows: 於黃龍德教授於二零二二年一月一日辭任 法律合規委員會主席後,李暢悦先生已獲 委任為法律合規委員會主席,自二零二二 年一月一日起生效。於袁靖波先生於二零 二二年五月一日辭任法律合規委員會成員 後,陳銘基先生獲委任為法律合規委員會 成員,自二零二二年五月一日起生效。

根據法律合規委員會的職權範圍,法律合 規委員會的主要職責為協助監督與本集團 業務營運有關的法律及法規的遵守情況, 並審閲其監管合規程序及制度是否有效, 而法律合規委員會須至少每年舉行一次會議。

於報告期內,法律合規委員會已舉行一次 會議。法律合規委員會成員於委員會會議 之出席次數如下:

> Attendance/Number of meetings during the Reporting Period 報告期間出席 次數/會議次數

Prof. Wong Lung Tak Patrick <i>(resigned on 1 January 2022)</i>	黃龍德教授 <i>(於二零二二年</i> 一月一日辭任)	1/1
Mr. Yuen Ching Bor Stephen	袁靖波先生 <i>(於二零二二年</i>	., .
(resigned on 1 May 2022)	五月一日辭任)	1/1
Mr. Kan Sze King Kenneth	簡士勁先生	1/1
Mr. Lee Cheung Yuet Horace	李暢悦先生(於二零二二年	Not applicable (Note)
(appointed on 1 January 2022)	一月一日獲委任)	不適用(附註)
Mr. Chan Ming Kei	陳銘基先生 <i>(於二零二二年五月一日</i>	Not applicable (Note)
(appointed on 1 May 2022)	獲委任)	不適用(附註)
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Note: Appointed after the Reporting Period

附註:於報告期間後獲委任。

企業管治報告 (續)

During the Reporting Period, the Legal Compliance Committee reviewed (i) the compliance policies of the Company against the applicable laws and regulations, and (ii) the training and continuing professional development of the Directors and Senior Management. 於報告期內,法律合規委員會已檢討(i)本公司對適用法律及法規的合規政策及(ii)董事 及高級管理層的培訓及持續專業發展。

Auditor's Remuneration

During the Reporting Period, the Group engaged THKC as the Group's external auditor and to hold office until the conclusion of the forthcoming AGM. The Company's consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2021 have been audited by THKC. The remuneration paid or payable to THKC is set out as follows:

核數師薪酬

於報告期內,本集團委聘丁何關陳為本集 團的外聘核數師,其任期將直至應屆股東 週年大會結束止。本公司截至二零二一年 十二月三十一日止年度的綜合財務報表已 經丁何關陳審核。已付或應付丁何關陳的 薪酬載列如下:

Services rendered	所提供服務	Fees paid/payable 已付/應付費用 for the year ended 31 December 截至十二月三十一日止年度
		20212020二零二一年二零二零年
		HK\$'000 HK\$'000 千港元 千港元
Statutory audit services Non-audit services	法定審核服務 非審核服務	1,000 814 282 209

Company Secretary

Ms. Leung Ho Yee ("Ms. Leung") was appointed as the Company Secretary on 1 October 2020. Ms. Leung has been nominated by Boardroom Corporate Services (HK) Limited ("Boardroom"), an external service provider, under an engagement letter made between the Company and Boardroom to be the Company Secretary.

公司秘書

於二零二零年十月一日,梁可怡女士(「梁 女士」)已獲委任公司秘書一職。梁女士乃 由寶德隆企業服務(香港)有限公司(「寶德 隆」)(外部服務供應商)根據本公司與寶德 隆訂立的委聘函提名為公司秘書。

企業管治報告 (續)

During the Reporting Period, Ms. Leung undertook not less than 15 hours of relevant professional training in accordance with Rule 3.29 of the Listing Rules. The primary person at the Company with whom Ms. Leung has been contacting in respect of company secretarial matters is Ms. Chan Wai Sze Josephine, an executive Director of the Group.

Risk Management and Internal Control Systems

The Board is responsible for reviewing the effectiveness of the risk management and internal control systems of the Group. The scope of the review is determined and recommended by the Audit Committee and approved by the Board annually. The review covers:

- 1. all material controls, including but not limited to financial, operational and compliance controls;
- 2. risks management functions; and
- the adequacy of resources, qualifications and experience of staff in connection with the accounting and financial reporting function of the Group and their training programmes and relevant budget.

During the Reporting Period, the Audit Committee assessed the risk management and internal control environment of the Group and reviewed the internal control procedural manual of the Group and is satisfied with the Group's risk management and internal control systems. The systems are designed in consideration of the nature of business and the organisation structure. Further, the systems are designed to manage rather than eliminate the risk of failure in operational system and to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance against material misstatement or loss. The system is designed further to safeguard the Group's assets, maintain appropriate accounting records and financial reporting, achieve efficiency of operations and ensure compliance with the Listing Rules and all other applicable laws and regulations. 於報告期內,梁女士已根據上市規則第3.29 條的規定進行不少於15小時的相關專業培 訓。就本公司的公司秘書事務與梁女士保 持聯繫的本公司主要人士,為本集團執行 董事陳瑋詩女士。

風險管理及內部監控制度

董事會負責檢討本集團風險管理及內部監 控制度的成效。檢討範圍每年均須經審核 委員會釐定及建議後提呈董事會批准。檢 討包括:

- 所有重大監控,包括(但不限於)財務、 經營及合規監控;
- 2. 風險控制職能;及
- 於本集團會計及財務匯報職能方面的 資源、員工資歷及經驗是否足夠以及 該等員工所接受的培訓課程及相關預 算是否充足。

於報告期內,審核委員會評估本集團風險 管理及內部監控環境並檢討本集團內部監 控程序手冊及信納本集團風險管理及內部 監控制度。該制度乃經考慮業務性質及組 織結構後制定。此外,該制度乃旨在管理而 非消除與經營制度相關的風險,並合理(而 非絕對)保證能夠避免出現嚴重誤報或損失 的情況。該制度乃用於進一步保障本集團 資產、備存適當的會計記錄及財務報告、維 持經營效率及確保遵守上市規則及其他所 有適用法律法規。

企業管治報告 (續)

The Group has engaged external independent professionals to review its risk management and internal control systems and further enhance its risk management and internal control systems as appropriate.

There is currently no internal audit function within the Group. The Board has reviewed the need for an internal audit function and is of the view that in light of the size, nature and complexity of the business of the Group, it would be more cost effective to appoint external independent professionals to perform internal audit functions for the Group as the need arises. Nevertheless, the Board will continue to review the need for an internal audit function annually.

Directors' and Auditor's Responsibility for Consolidated Financial Statements

The Directors acknowledge and understand their responsibility for preparing the consolidated financial statements and to ensure that the consolidated financial statements of the Group are prepared in a manner which reflects the true and fair view of the state of affairs, results and cash flows of the Group and are in compliance with the relevant accounting standards and principles, applicable laws and disclosure provisions required of the Listing Rules. The Directors are of the view that the consolidated financial statements of the Group for each financial year have been prepared on this basis. The Directors continue to adopt the going concern approach in preparing the consolidated financial statements.

Statement of the Company's external auditor's responsibilities in respect of the consolidated financial statements is set out in the Independent Auditor's Report of this annual report. 本集團已聘請外部獨立專業人員檢討其風 險管理及內部監控制度並進一步加強其風 險管理及內部監控制度(倘適用)。

本集團現時並無內部審核部門。董事已檢 討內部審核部門的需要,就本集團的規模、 業務性質及複雜性而言,彼等認為,於需要 時聘請外部獨立專業人員為本集團進行內 部審核工作,更具成本效益。然而,董事會 每年均將持續檢討內部審核部門的需要。

董事及核數師就綜合財務報表須 承擔的責任

董事確認及了解彼等須負責編製綜合財務 報表,確保本集團編製的綜合財務報表真 實而公平地反映本集團的狀況、業績及現 金流量,且符合相關會計準則及原則、適用 法律以及上市規則規定的披露條文。董事 認為,本集團各財政年度的綜合財務報表 均已按有關基準編製。董事於編製綜合財 務報表時繼續採納持續經營的基準。

有關本公司外聘核數師就綜合財務報表須 承擔的責任的聲明載於本年報中的獨立核 數師報告。

企業管治報告 (續)

Disclosure of Inside Information

The Group acknowledges its responsibilities under the Securities and Futures Ordinance, Chapter 571 of the Laws of Hong Kong and the Listing Rules and the overriding principle that inside information should be announced promptly when it is the subject of a decision. The procedures and internal controls for the handling and dissemination of inside information are as follows:

- the Group conducts its affairs with close regard to the disclosure requirement under the Listing Rules as well as the "Guidelines on Disclosure of Inside Information" published by the Securities and Futures Commission of Hong Kong;
- the Group has implemented and disclosed its policy on fair disclosure by pursuing broad, non-exclusive distribution of information to the public through channels such as financial reporting, public announcements and the Company's website; and
- the Group has strictly prohibited unauthorised use of confidential or inside information

General Meetings with Shareholders

The AGM is a forum in which the Board and the Shareholders communicate directly and exchange views concerning the affairs and overall performance of the Group, and its future developments, etc. At the AGM, the Directors (including independent non-executive Directors) are available to attend to questions raised by the Shareholders. The external auditors of the Company is also invited to be present at the AGM to address to queries of the shareholders concerning the audit procedures and the auditors' report.

The forthcoming AGM will be held on Friday, 24 June 2022, the notice of which shall be sent to the Shareholders at least 20 clear business days prior to the meeting.

披露內幕消息

本集團知悉其根據香港法例第571章證券及 期貨條例及上市規則所應履行的責任,整 體原則是內幕消息必須在有所決定後即時 公佈。處理及發佈內幕消息的程序及內部 監控措施如下:

- 本集團處理事務時會充分考慮上市規 則項下的披露規定以及香港證券及期 貨事務監察委員會頒佈的「內幕消息披 露指引」;
- 本集團透過財務報告、公告及本公司 公司網站等途徑向公眾廣泛及非獨家 披露資料,以實施及公平披露其政策; 及
- 本集團已嚴格禁止未經授權使用機密 或內幕消息

股東大會

股東週年大會為董事會與股東可就本集團 事務、整體表現及未來發展等直接溝通及 交換意見的平台。董事(包括獨立非執行董 事)會出席股東週年大會回答股東提問。本 公司外聘核數師亦獲邀出席股東週年大會, 以回答股東有關審核程序及核數師報告的 提問。

本公司應屆股東週年大會將於二零二二年 六月二十四日(星期五)舉行,大會通告將 於大會前最少20個完整營業日寄發予股東。

企業管治報告 (續)

Shareholders' Rights

Convening of Extraordinary General Meeting on Requisition by Shareholders

Pursuant to Article 64 of the Articles, the Board may, whenever it thinks fit, convene an extraordinary general meeting ("EGM"). EGMs shall also be convened on the requisition of one or more Shareholders holding, at the date of deposit of the requisition, not less than one tenth of the paid up capital of the Company having the right of voting at general meetings. Such requisition shall be made in writing to the Board or the Company Secretary for the purpose of requiring an EGM to be called by the Board for the transaction of any business specified in such requisition. If, within 21 days of such deposit, the Board fails to proceed to convene such meeting, all reasonable expenses incurred by the requisition(s) as a result of the failure of the Board shall be reimbursed to the requisition(s) by the Company.

Putting Forward Proposals at General Meetings and Procedures for Shareholders' Nomination of Directors

To put forward proposals at a general meeting, Shareholders should submit a written notice of those proposals with detailed contact information to the Company Secretary at the Company's principal place of business in Hong Kong at Room B, 5/F, On Fat Industrial Building,12–18 Kwai Wing Road, Kwai Chung, New Territories, Hong Kong. The request will be verified by the Company's branch share registrar and transfer office in Hong Kong and upon their confirmation that the request is proper and in order, the Company Secretary will ask the Board to include the resolution in the agenda for the general meeting.

Pursuant to Article 113 of the Articles, no person, other than a retiring Director, shall, unless recommended by the Board for election, be eligible for election to the office of Director at any general meeting, unless notice in writing of the intention to propose that person for election as a Director and notice in writing by that person of his willingness to be elected shall have been lodged at the head office or at the registration office of the Company. The period for lodgment of the notices required under the Article will commence no earlier than the day after the dispatch of the notice of the general meeting appointed for such election and end no later than 7 days prior to the date of such general meeting and the minimum length of the period during which such notices to the Company may be given will be at least 7 days.

股東權利 在股東要求下召開股東特別大會

根據章程細則第64條,董事會可酌情召開 股東特別大會(「股東特別大會」)。股東特別大會亦須應一名或多名於要求日期持有 不少於本公司有權於股東支會上投票的 不少於本公司有權於股東求而予以召開。 繳股本十分之一的股東要求而予以召開。 以要求道事會召開股東的局量。 呈任何該書會於提出該項要求後21日內未能 開該大會,本公司須向提出要求人士償 由提出要求人士因董事會未能召開大會而 產生的所有合理開支。

將建議提呈予股東大會及股東提名候 選董事的程序

如於股東大會上提呈議案,股東須向公司 秘書呈交該等議案之書面通知連同詳細聯 絡資料,地址為本公司於香港之主要營業 地點(地址為香港新界葵涌葵榮路12-18號 安發工業大廈5樓B室)。有關要求將由本 公司之香港股份過戶登記分處核實,並待 彼等確認該要求為恰當後,公司秘書將向 董事會提出將有關決議案納入股東大會議 程內。

根據章程細則第113條,除退任董事外,任 何未經董事會推薦的人士均不具資格於任 何股東大會獲選為董事,除非有關提名該 人士參選為董事的書面通知及該被提名人 士表明有意參選的書面通知送達本公司總 辦事處或註冊辦事處。章程細則規定提容 辦事處可註冊辦事處。章程細則規定提較 艱舉所召開股東大會通告翌日起至不遲於 舉行有關股東大會日期前七日為止,而向 本公司提交該通知的最短時限為七日。

企業管治報告 (續)

Procedures for directing shareholders' enquiries to the Board

Shareholders may direct their enquiries concerning their shareholdings to the Company's share registrars. Shareholders may also make a request for the Company's information to the extent that such information has been made publicly available by the Company. All written enquiries or requests may be forwarded to the Company's head office or by fax to (852) 2525 2081, or by email to ir@starofcanton.com.hk.

The addresses of the Company's head office and the Company's share registrars can be found in the section "Corporate Information" of this annual report.

Dividend Policy

It is the policy of the Company to pay annual dividends to the Shareholders if the Group is profitable, operations environment is stable and there is no significant investment or commitment made by the Group.

In proposing any dividend payout, the Board shall also take into account, inter alia: (a) the Group's actual and expected financial performance; (b) the Group's expected working capital requirements and future expansion plans; (c) the Group's debt to equity ratios and the debt level; (d) any restrictions on payment of dividends that may be imposed by the Group's lenders; (e) general economic conditions, business cycle of the Group's business and other internal and external factors that may have an impact on the business or financial performance and position of the Company; (f) dividends received from the Company's subsidiaries and associates; (g) the Shareholders' and investors' expectation and industry's norm; and (h) any other conditions or factors that the Board deems relevant.

The Board may update, amend, modify and/or cancel the dividend policy upon review from time to time.

股東向董事會提出查詢的程序

股東如對名下持股有任何問題,可向本公司的股份過戶登記處提出。股東亦可要求 索取本公司的公開資料。所有書面查詢或 要求可送交本公司的總辦事處或傳真至(852) 2525 2081或電郵至ir@starofcanton.com.hk。

本公司的總辦事處及股份過戶登記處地址 請參閱本年報「公司資料」一節。

股息政策

倘本集團錄得溢利、營運環境穩定且並無 重大投資或承擔,本公司的政策須向股東 派付年度股息。

董事會在建議派付任何股息時,亦須考慮 到(其中包括):(a)本集團的實際及預期財 務表現;(b)本集團的預期營運資金要求及 未來擴展計劃;(c)本集團的債務權益比率 及債務水平:(d)本集團放貸人就派付股息 可能施加的任何限制;(e)整體經濟狀況、 本集團業務的商業週期,以及可能影響本 公司業務或財務表現及定位的內外因素;(f) 自本公司附屬公司及聯營公司收取的股息; (g)股東及投資人士的預期及行業規範;及(h) 董事會視為相關的任何其他情況或因素。

董事會經審視後可隨時更新、修訂、修改及/ 或取消股息政策。

企業管治報告 (續)

Investor Relations

To ensure transparent and comprehensive disclosures to investors, the Group delivers information of the Group to the public through various channels, including general meeting, public announcement and financial reports. The investors are also able to access the latest news and information of the Group via our website (http://www.starofcanton.com.hk).

In order to maintain good and effective communication, the Company together with the Board extend their invitation to all Shareholders and encourage them to attend the AGM and all future general meetings.

The Shareholders may also forward their enquiries and suggestions in writing to the Company to the followings:

Address: Room B, 5/F On Fat Industrial Building 12–18 Kwai Wing Road Kwai Chung, New Territories Hong Kong

Email: ir@starofcanton.com.hk

Significant Changes in Constitutional Documents

During the year ended 31 December 2021, there had been no significant changes in the constitutional documents of the Company.

投資者關係

為確保透明及全面向投資者披露資訊,本集 團循多個渠道向公眾人士傳達資料,包括股 東大會、公告及財務報告。投資者亦可於本 公司網站(http://www.starofcanton.com.hk) 查閱本集團最新消息及資料。

為維持良好有效溝通,本公司與董事會誠 邀並鼓勵全體股東出席應屆股東週年大會 以及日後所有股東大會。

股東亦可循以下渠道向本公司提出書面查 詢及意見:

- 地址: 香港 新界葵涌 葵榮路12-18號 安發工業大廈 5樓B室
- 電郵: ir@starofcanton.com.hk

章程文件之重大更改

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度, 本公司章程文件並無重大更改。

DIRECTORS' REPORT 董事會報告

The Board is pleased to present the annual report together with the audited consolidated financial statements (the "Financial Statements") of the Company for the Reporting Period.

Principal Activities

The principal activity of the Company is investment holding. The principal activities of its principal subsidiaries are set out in Note 41 to the Financial Statements of this annual report. During the Reporting Period, the Group is principally engaged in the operation of a chain of Chinese restaurants in Hong Kong and the PRC.

An analysis of the Group's results for the Reporting Period by segments is set out in Note 7 to the Financial Statements of this annual report.

Business Review

The business review of the Group for the Reporting Period, including a discussion of the principal risks and uncertainties facing the Group and an indication of likely future developments in the business of the Group, is set out in the section headed "Management Discussion and Analysis" on pages 8 to 22 of this annual report. These discussions form part of this Directors' report.

Results and Appropriations

The Group's results for the Reporting Period are set out in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income on pages 130 to 131 of this annual report.

Dividend

The Directors has resolved not to recommend the payment of a final dividend for the Reporting Period (2020: Nil).

Summary of Financial Information

The summary of the results, assets and liabilities of the Group for the last five financial years is set out on pages 251 to 252 of this annual report. 董事會欣然提呈本公司報告期的年報及經 審核綜合財務報表(「財務報表」)。

主要業務

本公司的主要業務為投資控股。其主要附 屬公司的主要業務載於本年報財務報表附 註41。於報告期,本集團主要在香港及中 國從事中式酒樓連鎖店業務。

按部門劃分的就本集團報告期的業績分析 載於本年報財務報表附註7。

業務回顧

本集團報告期的業務回顧(包括就本集團面 對的主要風險及不明朗因素以及本集團業 務可能有的未來發展揭示的討論)載於本年 報第8至22頁「管理層討論及分析」一節。 該等討論構成董事會報告的一部分。

業績及分派

本集團報告期的業績載於本年報第130至 131頁的綜合損益及其他全面收益表。

股息

董事已議決不建議宣派報告期間的末期股 息(二零二零年:無)。

財務資料概要

本集團於過去五個財政年度的業績、資產 及負債概要載於本年報第251至252頁。

DIRECTORS' REPORT (Continued) 董事會報告 (續)

Property, Plant and Equipment

Details of the movements in the property, plant and equipment of the Group are set out in Note 15 to the Financial Statements of this annual report.

Share Capital

The Company's issued share capital as at 31 December 2021 was 1,000,000,000 ordinary shares of HK\$0.01 each.

Details of movements of the share capital of the Company during the Reporting Period are set out in Note 27 to the Financial Statements of this annual report.

Pre-Emptive Rights

There are no provisions for pre-emptive rights under the Articles or the laws of the Cayman Islands which would oblige the Company to offer new Shares on a pro-rata basis to existing Shareholders.

Reserves

Details of the movements in the reserves of the Company and the Group during the year ended 31 December 2021 are set out in Note 37 to the Financial Statements and the consolidated statement of changes in equity of this annual report, respectively.

Distributable Reserves

As at 31 December 2021, the Company's reserves available for distribution as calculated in accordance with the Articles and the Companies Act Cap. 22 of Cayman Islands, was approximately HK\$11.5 million inclusive of share premium and accumulated losses.

物業、廠房及設備

本集團物業、廠房及設備的變動詳情載於 本年報財務報表附註15。

股本

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,本公司已 發行股本為1,000,000,000股每股面值0.01 港元的普通股。

本公司股本於報告期內的變動詳情載於本 年報財務報表附註27。

優先購買權

章程細則或開曼群島法律均無規定本公司 須按比例向現有股東提呈發售新股份的優 先購買權條文。

儲備

本公司及本集團截至二零二一年十二月 三十一日止年度的儲備變動詳情分別載於 本年報財務報表附註37以及綜合權益變動表。

可分派儲備

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,根據章程 細則及開曼群島公司法第22章計算,本公 司可分派儲備約為11.5百萬港元(計入股份 溢價及累計損失)。

DIRECTORS' REPORT (Continued)

董事會報告 (續)

Major Customers and Suppliers

For the year ended 31 December 2021:

- due to the nature of the Group's business, its customers mainly represented walk-in customers from the general public. As such, the Directors consider that it is not practicable to identify the five largest customers of the Group, and the Group did not rely on any single customer; and
- (ii) the aggregate amount of purchases attributable to the Group's five largest suppliers accounted for approximately 34.4% (2020: approximately 45.5%) of the Group's total purchases, and the largest supplier accounted for approximately 18.4% (2020: approximately 16.2%) of the Group's total purchases. To the best of the knowledge of the Directors, none of the Directors, their close associates or any shareholder which to the knowledge of the Directors owns more than 5% of the Company's share capital had an interest in these major suppliers.

Directors

The Directors during the Reporting Period and up to the date of this annual report were as follows:

Executive Directors

Mr. Chan Chun Kit *(Chairman and Chief Executive Officer)* Ms. Chan Wai Sze Josephine Ms. Zhu Xueqin

Non-executive Director

Mr. Chow Yiu Pong David

Independent Non-executive Directors

Prof. Wong Lung Tak Patrick (resigned on 1 January 2022)
Mr. Yuen Ching Bor Stephen (resigned on 1 May 2022)
Mr. Kan Sze King Kenneth
Mr. Lee Cheung Yuet Horace (appointed on 1 January 2022)
Mr. Chan Ming Kei (appointed on 1 May 2022)

主要客戶及供應商

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度:

- (i) 鑑於本集團的業務性質,其顧客主要 為散客。因此,董事認為確定本集團五 大客戶並不切實可行。本集團並無依 賴任何單一客戶;及
- (ii) 對本集團五大供應商的採購總額佔本 集團採購總額的約34.4%(二零二零年: 約45.5%),而對最大供應商的採購額 佔本集團採購總額的約18.4%(二零二 零年:約16.2%)。就董事所深知,概 無董事、其緊密聯繫人或任何股東(據 董事所知擁有本公司5%以上的股本) 於該等主要供應商中擁有任何權益。

董事

於報告期內及截至本年報日期,本公司董 事如下:

執行董事

陳振傑先生*(主席兼行政總裁)* 陳瑋詩女士 朱雪琴女士

非執行董事

周耀邦先生

獨立非執行董事

黃龍德教授(於二零二二年一月一日辭任) 袁靖波先生(於二零二二年五月一日辭任) 簡士勁先生 李暢悦先生(於二零二二年一月一日獲委任) 陳銘基先生(於二零二二年五月一日獲委任)

DIRECTORS' REPORT (Continued)

董事會報告 (續)

In accordance with Article 112 of the Articles, any Director appointed by the Board to fill a casual vacancy shall hold office until the first general meeting after his/her appointment and any Director appointed by the Board as an additional Director shall hold office only until the next following AGM. Accordingly, Mr. Lee Cheung Yuet Horace and Mr. Chan Ming Kei will retire from office as Directors at the forthcoming AGM, and being eligible, offer themselves for re-election. Pursuant to Article 108(a) of the Articles, at each AGM, onethird of the Directors for the time being (not including those Directors who are subject to re-election pursuant to Article 112 as described above) shall retire from office by rotation, whereby Ms. Chan Josephine Wai Sze, Ms. Zhu Xuegin and Mr. Kan Sze King Kenneth will retire from office as Directors at the forthcoming AGM, and being eligible, offer themselves for re-election.

Biographical Details of Directors

The biographical details of the Directors are disclosed in the section headed "Biographical Details of Directors" on pages 69 to 75 in this annual report.

Directors' Service Contracts

No Director proposed for re-election at the forthcoming AGM has entered into a service contract with the Company which is not determinable by the Company within one year without payment of compensation (other than statutory compensation).

Directors' Interests in Contracts

Save for the related party transactions disclosed in Note 40 to the Financial statements of this annual report, no contract of significance to which the Company or any of its subsidiaries, holding company or fellow subsidiaries was a party and in which a Director had a material interests directly or indirectly subsisted at the end of the Reporting Period or at any time during the Reporting Period.

Management Contracts

No management contracts concerning the whole or any substantial part of the business of the Company were entered into or existed during the Reporting Period. 根據章程細則第112條,董事會所委任的填 補空缺之任何董事須任職至其獲任命後第 一屆股東大會為止,及董事會所委任作為 候補董事之任何董事僅須任職至本公司緊 接的下一屆股東週年大會為止。故此,李暢 悦先生及陳銘基先生將於應屆股東週年大 會上退任董事職位,並合資格膺選連任。根 據章程細則第108(a)條,於每一屆股東週年 大會上,當時為數三分之一的現任董事(不 包括上文所述根據章程細則第112條膺選連 任的董事)須輪流退任,陳瑋詩女士、朱雪 琴女士及簡士勁先生將於應屆股東週年大 會上退任董事職位,並合資格應膺選連任。

董事履歷詳情

董事的履歷詳情披露於本年報第69至75頁 「董事履歷詳情」一節。

董事服務合約

擬於應屆股東週年大會上膺選連任的董事 概無與本公司訂立不得由本公司於一年內 未支付賠償(法定賠償除外)而終止的服務 合約。

董事於合約的權益

除本年報財務報表附註40所披露的關聯方 交易外,於報告期末或報告期間的任何時間, 概無存在本公司或其任何附屬公司、控股 公司或同系附屬公司為其中一方及董事在 其中直接或間接擁有重大權益的重大合約。

管理合約

於報告期間,概無訂立或存在涉及本公司 業務全部或任何重大部分的管理合約。

DIRECTORS' REPORT (Continued) 董事會報告(續)

Contract of Significance

There was no contract of significance between the Company or any of its subsidiaries, and a Controlling Shareholder or any of its subsidiaries for the year ended 31 December 2021.

Remuneration of the Directors, Senior Management and the Five Highest Paid Individuals

Details of the remuneration of the Directors and the five highest paid individuals in the Group are set out in Note 9 to the Financial Statements of this annual report.

The emoluments paid or payable to the Senior Management of the Group who are not Directors were within the following bands:

重大合約

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度, 本公司或其任何附屬公司概無與控股股東 或其任何附屬公司訂立重大合約。

董事、高級管理層及五位最高薪人 士酬金

董事及本集團五位最高薪人士酬金詳情載 於本年報財務報表附註9。

本集團高級管理層(非董事)已付或應付薪 酬範圍如下:

		Year ended 31 December 截至十二月三十一日止年度	
		2021 二零二一年	2020 二零二零年
		Number of individuals 人數	Number of individuals 人數
Nil to HK\$1,000,000	零至1,000,000港元	2	3

Permitted Indemnity Provision

Pursuant to the Articles, the Directors, managing Directors, alternate Directors, auditors, secretary and other officers of the Company for the time being shall be indemnified and secured harmless out of the Company from and against all actions, costs, charges, losses, damages and expenses which they or any of them shall or may incur or sustain by or about the execution of their duty in their offices or in relation thereto.

The Company has taken out and maintained directors' liability insurance which provides appropriate cover for the directors of the Company and directors of the subsidiaries of the Group.

獲准許彌償撥備

根據章程細則,本公司董事、董事總經理、 替任董事、核數師、秘書及本公司當時之其 他高級職員因執行彼等各自職務或有關之 職責而將會或可能承擔或蒙受之所有行動、 成本、押記、虧損、損害及開支獲得本公司 作出之彌償保證及免受損害。

本公司已投購董事責任保險,為本公司董 事及本集團之附屬公司董事提供適當保障。

DIRECTORS' REPORT (Continued) 茎声合却生 ((c)

董事會報告 (續)

Emolument Policy

The Remuneration Committee is set up for reviewing the Group's emolument policy and structure for all remuneration of the Directors and the Senior Management, having regard to the Group's operating results, individual performance and comparable market practices. The remuneration of the Directors is determined with reference to the economic situation, the market conditions, the responsibilities and duties assumed by each Director as well as their individual performance.

The Company has adopted a share option scheme as incentive to Directors and eligible employees, details of which are set out in the section headed "Share Option Scheme" below.

Pension Schemes

Details of the Group's pension schemes for the Reporting Period are set out in Note 3.22 to the Financial Statements of this annual report.

Directors' Interests in Competing Businesses

Set out below are details of certain catering businesses of the Directors which were not included into the Group as at the date of this report. As disclosed in the Prospectus, Mr. Chan was engaged in such businesses as at the date of Listing. For further details, please refer to the section headed "Relationship with Controlling Shareholders – Excluded Catering Businesses" in the Prospectus.

Excluded Catering Businesses

Li Jia Cha Chaan Teng (麗嘉茶餐廳)

As at the date of this report, Mr. Chan, one of the Controlling Shareholders, an executive Director, the chairman of the Board and the CEO, held 100% of the interest in a cha chaan teng named Li Jia Cha Chaan Teng (灑嘉茶餐廳) located at the same building where the Shenzhen Restaurant is located (the "Li Jia Cha Chaan Teng"). The Li Jia Cha Chaan Teng is a Hong Kong-style cafe that serves Asian and Western foods in a casual environment which commenced business in November 2014 and ceased the operation in September 2019.

薪酬政策

薪酬委員會的設立,旨在根據本集團的經 營業績、個人表現及可比較的市場慣例,對 本集團的薪酬政策及所有董事與高級管理 層的薪酬政策及結構進行審核。董事酬金 參考經濟形勢、市場條件、每位董事所擔任 的責任與職責及其個人表現而釐定。

本公司已採納購股權計劃,作為對董事及 合資格僱員的激勵,購股權計劃詳情載於 下文「購股權計劃」一節。

退休金計劃

本集團報告期退休金計劃詳情載於本年報 所載財務報表附註3.22。

董事於競爭業務中的權益

以下載列於本報告日期無納入本集團之董 事的若干餐飲業務之細節。誠如招股章程 中所披露,陳先生於上市之時已從事該等 業務。有關詳情請參閱招股章程「與控股股 東的關係-除外餐飲業務」一節。

除外餐飲業務

麗嘉茶餐廳

於本報告日期,陳先生(控股股東之一、執 行董事、董事會主席兼行政總裁)持有位於 深圳酒樓同一幢物業內的一間茶餐廳,名為 麗嘉茶餐廳(「麗嘉茶餐廳」)的100%權益。 麗嘉茶餐廳為一家於休閒環境供應亞洲及 西式美食的港式茶餐廳,其於二零一四年 十一月開業並於二零一九年九月停止營運。

DIRECTORS' REPORT (Continued) 董事會報告(續)

As disclosed in the Prospectus, the Directors were of the view that there is a clear delineation between the business of the Li Jia Cha Chaan Teng and the Group's business and any competition between the two businesses is remote due to difference in terms of (i) operation model, (ii) target customers, (iii) management, (iv) staff and (v) location and variety of selections for customers.

Taking into account the above and the fact that: (i) the Group's restaurants aim at providing exquisite cuisine to customers with medium to high average spending and has no intention to step in the business of cha chaan teng in near future; and (ii) the Group intends to utilise its funding to expand its current business, the Directors confirm that the Group has no present intention to acquire the Li Jia Cha Chaan Teng. Mr. Chan has undertaken to the Group that (i) in case of disposal of any interest in the Li Jia Cha Chaan Teng, he shall promptly notify the Group in writing and the Group shall have the first right of refusal to acquire the interest in the Li Jia Cha Chaan Teng to be disposed of by Mr. Chan within 30 days (or such longer period the Group is required to complete the approval procedures required under the Listing Rules from time to time) after receipt of the notice from Mr. Chan; and (ii) that so long as he holds any beneficially interest in the Li Jia Cha Chaan Teng, he will procure that the Li Jia Cha Chaan Teng will not engage in any business that will or will likely compete with the Group's business.

The Group shall only exercise the right of first refusal upon approval of all the independent non-executive Directors (who do not have any interest in such transaction). Mr. Chan and the other conflicting Director (if any) shall abstain from participating in and voting at and shall not be counted as quorum at the meeting of the Directors for considering whether the Group will exercise the first right of refusal. 誠如招股章程所披露,董事認為麗嘉茶餐 廳業務與本集團業務之間有明確區分,兩 項業務之間出現任何競爭的機會極微,原 因乃以下方面的差異:(i)業務模式、(ii)目標 顧客、(iii)管理層、(iv)員工及(v)地點和為客 戶提供多元化選擇。

經考慮上述及基於以下事實:(i)本集團旗下 酒樓旨在提供中至高平均消費的精緻菜餚 及無意於短期內涉足茶餐廳業務;及(ii)本 集團擬利用資金擴充現有業務,董事確認 本集團現時無意收購麗嘉茶餐廳。陳先集 已向本集團承諾,(i)倘若其出售麗嘉茶餐廳 任何權益,彼將即時以書面通知本集團,而 本集團享有優先購買權,可於收到陳先生 通知後起計30日內(或本集團根據上市規則 不時規定須完成辦理所需審批手續的較長 期間)收購陳先生將予出售的麗嘉茶餐廳權 益;及(ii)只要彼於麗嘉茶餐廳持有任何實 益權益,彼將促使麗嘉茶餐廳不會從事任 何將會或可能與本集團業務競爭的業務。

本集團將僅在獲全體獨立非執行董事(彼等 於有關交易並無擁有任何權益)批准後方會 行使優先購買權。陳先生及其他出現利益 衝突的董事(如有)須於董事召開以考慮本 集團是否行使優先購買權的會議上放棄參 與投票且不計入會議法定人數內。

DIRECTORS' REPORT (Continued) 董事會報告(續)

Non-Competition Undertaking

On 16 June 2016, Zhao Tian, Mr. Chan, Ms. Liu Siu Kuen ("Mrs. Chan"), Bright Creator Limited ("Bright Creator"), Hong Cui Developments Limited, Mr. Wong Ka Wai ("Mr. Wong"), Sun Foo Sing Development Limited ("Sun Foo Sing"), Sky Gain Investments Limited ("Sky Gain"). Mr. Ho Wood Yam ("Mr. Ho"), Mr. Tsui King Foo ("Mr. Tsui K. F.), Mr. Chow Yiu Pong David ("Mr. David Chow"), Mr. Chow Chor Ting Anthony, Mr. Lam Kwok Leung Peter ("Mr. Lam"), Ms. Tsui Yuk Yi ("Ms. Tsui"), Mr. Tsui Chi Kit (Mr. Tsui C. K.) and Mr. Tam Chie Sang (each a "Covenantor" and collectively the "Covenantors") have entered into a deed of noncompetition (the "Deed of Non-competition") in favour of the Company and its subsidiaries. Pursuant to the Deed of Non-competition, each of the Covenantors has irrevocably and unconditionally undertaken to the Company (for itself and for the benefit of its subsidiaries) that, save and except as disclosed in the Prospectus, during the period that the Deed of Non-competition remains effective, she/he/it shall not, and shall procure that her/his/its close associates (other than any member of the Group) not to develop, acquire, invest in, participate in, carry on or be engaged, concerned or interested, or otherwise be involved, directly or indirectly, in any business in competition with or likely to be in competition with the existing business activity of any member of the Group within Hong Kong and such other parts of the world where any member of the Group may operate from time to time, save for the holding of not more than 5% shareholding interests (individually or with her/his/its close associates) in any company listed on a recognised stock exchange and at any time the relevant listed company shall have at least one shareholder (individually or with her/his/its close associates, if applicable) whose shareholding interests in the relevant listed company is higher than that of the relevant Covenantor (individually or with her/his/its close associates).

Each of the Covenantors further undertakes that if she/he/ it or her/his/its close associates other than any member of the Group is offered or becomes aware of any business opportunity which may compete with any business opportunity of the Group, she/he/it shall procure that her/ his/its close associates to promptly notify the Group in writing with such required information to enable the Group to evaluate the merits of the relevant business opportunity and the Group shall have a right of first refusal to take up such opportunity and jointly pursue the same with the relevant Covenantor. The parties shall then negotiate in good faith with respect to a collaboration for such new business.

不競爭承諾

於二零一六年六月十六日,兆添、陳先生、 廖少娟女士(「陳太」)、暉緯有限公司(「暉 緯」)、弘翠發展有限公司、王家惠先生(「王 先生」)、新富星發展有限公司(「新富星」)、 天盈投資有限公司(「天盈」)、何活欽先生 (「何先生」)、徐競富先生(「徐競富先生」)、 周耀邦先生(「周耀邦先生」)、周佐庭先生、 林國良先生(「林先生」)、徐玉儀女士(「徐 女士」)、徐志傑先生(「徐志傑先生」)及譚 次生先生(各稱為「契諾人」及統稱「該等契 諾人」)以本公司及其附屬公司為受益人訂 立不競爭契據(「不競爭契據」)。根據不競 爭契據,各契諾人向本公司(為其本身及為 其附屬公司利益)不可撤回及無條件地承諾, 除招股章程所披露者外,於不競爭契據有 效期間,彼不會並促使其緊密聯繫人(本集 團任何成員公司除外)不會直接或間接發展、 收購、投資、參與、進行或從事、與其有關 或於其中持有權益,或以其他方式涉及與 本集團任何成員公司於香港及本集團任何 成員公司可能不時經營於世界各地的現時 的業務構成競爭或有可能構成競爭的業務, 惟於在認可證券交易所上市的任何公司中 持有不多於5%的股權(個別或連同其緊密 聯繫人)除外,及有關上市公司於任何時間 須擁有至少一名於該有關上市公司所持有 的股權高於相關契諾人(個別或連同其緊密 聯繫人)所持有者的股東(個別或連同其緊 密聯繫人,如適用)。

各位契諾人進一步承諾,除任何本集團成 員公司外,倘若彼或其緊密聯繫人獲提供 或知悉可能與本集團任何業務機會構成競 爭的任何業務機會,彼會促使其緊密聯繫 人立即書面知會本集團有關所有資訊,以 讓本集團分析有關商機的可取之處,且本 集團擁有取得該機會的優先選擇權,並與 相關契諾人共同爭取該機會。其後訂約各 方將就有關新業務的合作真誠磋商。

DIRECTORS' REPORT (Continued)

董事會報告 (續)

The Group shall, within 30 days after receipt of the written notice (or such longer period if the Group is required to complete any approval procedures as set out under the Listing Rules from time to time), notify the Covenantor(s) whether the Group will exercise the right of first refusal. The Group shall only exercise the right of first refusal upon the approval of all independent non-executive Directors who do not have any interest in such opportunity. The relevant Covenantor(s) and the other conflicting Directors (if any) shall abstain from participating in and voting at and shall not be counted as quorum at all meetings of the Board where there is a conflict of interest or potential conflict of interest including but not limited to the relevant meeting of the independent non-executive Directors for considering whether or not to exercise the right of first refusal.

Details of the Deed of Non-Competition have been set out in the section headed "Relationship with Controlling Shareholders" of the Prospectus.

Pursuant to the announcements "AMENDMENT OF CONCERT PARTY DEED AND CHANGE IN CONTROLLING SHAREHOLDERS" dated 8 October 2019 and 9 April 2021, the Outgoing Parties are no longer bound to comply with the Concert Party Deed to cast unanimous vote collectively for or against all resolutions in the shareholders' meetings of the Company and discussions of the Group together with the Remaining Concert Parties. As a result, the Outgoing Parties are no longer part of a group of shareholders of the Company acting in concert with the Remaining Concert Parties; and the Outgoing Parties and the Remaining Concert Parties are no longer deemed to be interested in the Shares held by each other.

As a result of the aforesaid, (i) the Outgoing Parties ceased to be the Controlling Shareholders of the Company; and (ii) Mr. Chan, Mrs. Chan and Bright Creator became the only Controlling Shareholders of the Company. 本集團須於收到書面通知後三十日內(或本 集團根據上市規則不時規定須完成辦理所 需審批手續較長期間)通知契諾人本集團是 否行使優先選擇權。本集團僅會在獲全體 獨立非執行董事(彼等於有關商機中並無擁 有任何權益)批准後方會行使優先選擇權。 有關契諾人及其他有利益衝突的董事(如有) 不得於參與涉及利益衝突或潛在利益衝突 的所有相關董事會會議(包括但不限於考慮 是否行使優先選擇權的有關獨立非執行董 事會議)且不得於會上投票,亦不得計入法 定人數。

不競爭契據詳情載於招股章程「與控股股東 的關係」一節。

根據日期為二零一九年十月八日及二零 二一年四月九日之「修訂一致行動人士契約 及控股股東變動」,退出方不再受一致行動 人士契約約束,不須與其餘一致行動人士 共同投票一致贊成或反對本公司股東大會 的所有決議案及本集團的所有討論。因此, 退出方不再是與其餘一致行動人士行動一 致的本公司股東;及退出方與其餘一致行 動人士不再被視為於各自持有的股份中擁 有權益。

由於上述原因,()退出方不再為本公司的控股股東;及(i)陳先生、陳太及暉緯成為本公司唯一控股股東。

DIRECTORS' REPORT (Continued)

董事會報告 (續)

Since the Outgoing Parties ceased to be the Controlling Shareholders of the Company, each of them will no longer be bounded by the Deed of Non-competition. The Remaining Concert Parties, on the other hand, will continue to be bounded by the Deed of Non-competition. The terms used herein shall have the same meanings as those defined in the announcements dated 8 October 2019 and 9 April 2021.

The Directors confirmed that the undertakings contained in the Deed of Non-competition have been fully complied with by the Group and the Remaining Concert Parties during the Reporting Period and up to the date of this report.

Save as disclosed above and as of the date of this report, none of the Directors or Controlling Shareholders or their respective close associates had any interests in a business which competes or is likely to compete, either directly or indirectly, with the business of the Group, nor any other conflict of interest which any such person has or may have with the Group.

All the independent non-executive Directors are delegated with the authority to review the Deed of Non-Competition. The independent non-executive Directors were not aware of any non-compliance of the Deed of Non-Competition given by the Controlling Shareholders from the date of the Deed of Non-Competition and up to the date of this annual report.

Purchase, Sale or Redemption of the Company's Listed Securities

Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries had purchased or sold any of the listed securities of the Company during the year ended 31 December 2021. The Company did not redeem any of its listed securities during the year ended 31 December 2021. 由於退出方不再為本公司控股股東,彼等 各自不再受不競爭契據約束。另一方面,其 餘一致行動人士將繼續受不競爭契據約束。 本節使用之詞彙應具有日期為二零一九年 十月八日及二零二一年四月九日之公告界 定之相同意義。

董事確認,不競爭契據所載的承諾自報告 期及直至本報告日期,已獲本集團及其餘 一致行動人士全面遵守。

除上文所披露者外及截至本報告日期,概 無董事或控股股東或彼等各自緊密聯繫人 於直接或間接會或可能會與本集團競爭的 業務擁有任何權益,且概無任何該等人士 與本集團產生或有可能產生任何其他利益 衝突。

全體獨立非執行董事均獲授權審核不競爭 契據。自不競爭契據日期至本年報日期,獨 立非執行董事並未獲悉違反與控股股東所 訂立的不競爭契據的任何行為。

購回、出售或贖回本公司上市證券

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度, 本公司及其任何附屬公司概無購買或出 售本公司任何上市證券。截至二零二一年 十二月三十一日止年度,本公司概無贖回 其任何上市證券。

DIRECTORS' REPORT (Continued) 董事會報告 (續)

Arrangements to Purchase Shares or Debentures

Apart from the sections headed "Directors' and Chief Executive's Interests and Short Positions in Shares, Underlying Shares and Debentures", "Substantial Shareholders" and Other Persons' Interests and Short Positions in Shares, Underlying Shares and Debentures" and "Share Option Scheme" below, at no time during the Reporting Period were rights to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of Shares in or debentures of the Company granted to any Director or their respective associates nor was the Company and any of its subsidiaries a party to any arrangement to enable the Directors, or their respective associates to acquire such rights in any other body corporate.

Equity-Linked Agreement

Save as disclosed in the section headed "Share Option Scheme" below, no equity-linked agreements were entered into during Reporting Period or subsisted at the end of the year ended 31 December 2021.

Environmental Policies and Performance

The Group is devoted to promoting and maintaining the environmental and social sustainable development of the regions where it operates. As a responsible enterprise, the Group strives to comply with all the relevant laws and regulations in terms of the environmentally friendliness, health and safety, adopts effective measures, conserves energy and reduces waste.

A report on environmental, social and governance matters is set out in the section headed "Environmental, Social and Governance Report" on pages 23 to 68 of this annual report.

購買股份或債權證安排

除下文「董事及最高行政人員於股份、相關 股份及債權證的權益及淡倉」、「主要股東 及其他人士於股份、相關股份及債權證的 權益及淡倉」及「購股權計劃」章節外,概無 於報告期內任何時間向任何董事或彼等各 自的聯繫人授出可透過購入本公司及其任何附 屬公司亦無參與任何安排,以致董事或彼 等各自的聯繫人可於任何其他法人團體獲 得該等權利。

股權掛鈎協議

除下文「購股權計劃」一節所披露者外, 於報告期內概無訂立或於截至二零二一年 十二月三十一日止年度末亦不存在股權掛 鈎協議。

環境政策及績效

本集團致力於促進及維持經營所在地區的 環境及社會可持續發展。作為一間負責任 的企業,本集團努力遵守有關環保、健康及 安全的所有相關法律法規,並採取有效措施, 節約能源及減少廢物。

有關環境、社會及管治事宜的報告載於本 年報第23至68頁「環境、社會及管治報告」 一節。

DIRECTORS' REPORT (Continued) 董事會報告(續)

Compliance with Relevant Laws and Regulations

The Group recognises the importance of compliance with legal and regulatory requirements and the risk of noncompliance with such requirements. The Group conducts ongoing reviews of newly enacted/revised laws and regulations affecting its operations. The Company is not aware of any non-compliance in any material respect with the relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the business and operation of the Group during the Reporting Period.

Relationship with Employees, Suppliers, Customers and other Stakeholders

The Group understands that the success of the Group's business depends on the support from its key stakeholders, including employees, customers, suppliers, banks, regulators and shareholders. The Group will continue to ensure effective communication and maintain good relationship with each of its key stakeholders.

Audit Committee

The Audit Committee together with the management have reviewed the accounting standards and practices adopted by the Group and discussed auditing, internal controls and financial reporting matters in connection with the preparation of the audited consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2021.

Sufficiency of Public Float

Based on the information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the Directors, the Directors confirmed that, the Company has maintained the amount of public float as required under the Listing Rules as at the latest practicable date prior to the issue of this annual report.

Auditor

Ting Ho Kwan & Chan CPA Limited ("THKC") has been appointed by the Directors as the first auditor of the Company since the Listing date. THKC will retire, and being eligible, offer themselves for re-appointment at the forthcoming AGM. A resolution for its re-appointment as auditor of the Company will be proposed at the forthcoming AGM. The Financial Statements have been audited by THKC.

遵守相關法律法規

本集團確認遵守法律及監管規定的重要性 以及不遵守有關規定的風險。本集團持續 審閲影響其營運的新頒佈/修訂的法例法 規。於報告期內,本公司並不知悉在任何重 大方面不遵守對本集團業務及營運造成重 大影響的相關法律法規的任何情況。

與僱員、供應商、客戶及其他持份 者的關係

本集團明白本集團業務的成功有賴於其主 要持份者(包括僱員、客戶、供應商、銀行、 監管機構及股東)的支持。本集團將繼續確 保與各主要持份者維持有效溝通及保持良 好關係。

審核委員會

審核委員會連同管理層已審閱本集團所採納的會計標準及慣例,並已就與編製本集 團截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度 的經審核綜合財務報表有關的核數、內部 控制及財務申報事宜進行討論。

充足的公眾持股量

根據本公司可獲得的公開資料及就董事所 知,董事確認,於最後可行日期(先於本年 報發行),本公司維持符合上市規則所規定 的公眾持股量。

核數師

丁何關陳會計師事務所有限公司(「丁何關 陳」)自上市日期起已獲董事委任為本公司 首席核數師,且將於本公司即將召開的股 東週年大會退任,並願意受聘連任。即將召 開的股東週年大會上將會提呈續聘其為本 公司核數師的決議案。財務報表由丁何關 陳審核。

DIRECTORS' REPORT (Continued) 董事會報告 (續)

Share Option Scheme

The Company has conditionally adopted a share option scheme on 16 June 2016. The terms of the share option scheme are in accordance with the provisions of Chapter 17 of the Listing Rules. Particulars of the share option scheme which was adopted on 16 June 2016 are set out in Note 42 to the Financial Statements of this annual report. No share options were granted since the adoption of the share option scheme and there were no share option outstanding as at 31 December 2021.

Disclosure of Interests

A. Directors' and Chief Executives' Interests and Short Positions in Shares, Underlying Shares and Debentures

As at 31 December 2021, the interests and short positions of the Directors and chief executives of the Company in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meanings of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (Chapter 571 of the laws of Hong Kong) (the "SFO")) which were notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests or short positions which any such director or chief executive is taken or deemed to have under such provision of the SFO) or which were required pursuant to section 352 of the SFO, to be entered in the register of members of the Company, or which were required, pursuant to standard of dealings by Directors as referred to the Listing Rules, to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange were as follows:

購股權計劃

本公司已於二零一六年六月十六日有條件 採納一項購股權計劃。該計劃的條款符合 上市規則第十七章的條文。於二零一六年 六月十六日獲採納的購股權計劃詳情載於 本年報財務報表附註42。自購股權計劃獲 採納後,概無授出任何購股權,且於二零 二一年十二月三十一日亦無任何購股權尚 未獲行使。

權益披露

A. 董事及最高行政人員於股份、相 關股份及債權證的權益及淡倉

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,董事 及本公司最高行政人員於本公司或其 任何相聯法團(定義見香港法例第571 章證券及期貨條例(「證券及期貨條例」) 第XV部)的股份、相關股份及債權證中 擁有根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第7 及第8分部須知會本公司及聯交所的權 益及淡倉(包括根據證券及期貨條例有 關條文任何相關董事或最高行政人員 被當作或被視為擁有的權益及淡倉), 或根據證券及期貨條例第352條須登記 於本公司股東名冊內的權益或淡倉, 或根據上市規則所述董事進行交易的 準則知會本公司及聯交所的權益或淡 倉如下:

(i) Long Position in the Shares

(i) 於股份的好倉

Name of Directors	Capacity/Nature	Number of Shares held/ interested in	Approximate percentage of shareholding
		持有/擁有權益	Ū.
董事姓名	身份/性質	的股份數目	股權概約百分比
Mr. Chan Chun Kit ("Mr. Chan") 陳振傑先生(「陳先生」)	Interest in a controlled corporation (Notes 1 and 2) 受控制法團權益(附註1及2)	376,531,400	37.65%
	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	18,630,000	1.86%
Ms. Chan Josephine Wai Sze ("Ms. Chan")	Beneficial owner	3,275,000	0.33%
陳瑋詩女士(「陳女士」)	實益擁有人		
Mr. David Chow 周耀邦先生	Interest in a controlled corporation (Note 3) 受控制法團權益(附註3)	34,156,200	3.42%
Prof. Wong Lung Tak Patrick (resigned on 1 January 2022) 黃龍德教授 (於二零二二年一月一日辭任)	Beneficial owner (including interest of his spouse) 實益擁有人(包括配偶權益)	5,412,500	0.54%

Notes:

附註:

- (1) Mr. Chan owns 50% of Bright Creator, which in turn owns approximately 37.65% of the entire issued share capital of the Company. As such, Mr. Chan is deemed, or taken to be, interested in all the Shares held by Bright Creator for the purposes of the SFO. Mr. Chan is a director of Bright Creator.
- (2) Mr. Chan (together with Mrs. Chan, Bright Creator) are parties acting in concert (having the meaning ascribed to it under The Codes on Takeovers and Mergers and Share Buy-backs) (the "Takeovers Code") pursuant to the concert party deed, the supplemental deed, the first amendment deed and the second amendment deed dated 25 September 2015, 6 June 2016, 8 October 2019 and 9 April 2021, respectively. As such, Mr. Chan (together with Mrs. Chan, Bright Creator) together control approximately 39.52% of the entire issued share capital of the Company.
- (3) Mr. David Chow owns 37.5% issued shares of Sky Gain, which in turn owns approximately 3.42% of the entire issued share capital of the Company.

- (1) 陳先生擁有暉緯50%權益,而暉緯則擁有本公司全部已發行股本約37.65%。因此,就證券及期貨條例而言,陳先生被視為或當作於暉緯持有的全部股份中擁有權益。陳先生為暉緯的董事。
- (2) 根據日期分別為二零一五年九月二十五日、二 零一六年六月六日、二零一九年十月八日及二 零二一年四月九日的一致行動人士契約、補充 契約、第一份修訂契約及第二份修訂契約,陳 先生(連同陳太、暉緯)為一致行動人士(具《公 司收購、合併及股份回購守則》(「收購守則」) 所賦予的涵義)。因此,陳先生(連同陳太、暉緯) 共同控制本公司全部已發行股本的約39.52%。
- (3) 周耀邦先生擁有天盈37.5%已發行股份,而天盈則擁有本公司全部已發行股本約3.42%。

DIRECTORS' REPORT (Continued) 董事會報告 (續)

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 December 2021, none of the Directors and the chief executive of the Company had any interest or short position in the shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO), which were: (a) notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO to (including interests and short positions in which they were taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO); (b) pursuant to Section 352 of the SFO, entered in the register as referred to therein; or (c) notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code.

B. Substantial Shareholders' and Other Persons' Interests and Short Positions in Shares, **Underlying Shares and Debentures**

As at 31 December 2021, the interest and short positions of the persons/entities (other than the Directors or chief executive of the Company) in the shares and underlying shares of the Company which were notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO or required to be recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under section 336 of the SFO were as follows:

除上文所披露外,於二零二一年十二 月三十一日,概無本公司董事及主要 行政人員於本公司或其任何相聯法團 (定義見證券及期貨條例第XV部)的任 何股份、相關股份或債權證內,擁有(a) 根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第7及8分 部知會本公司及聯交所的權益及淡倉 (包括根據證券及期貨條例的該等條文 彼等被視為或視作擁有的權益及淡倉); (b)根據證券及期貨條例第352條記入 該條所指的登記冊的權益及淡倉;或(c) 根據標準守則將知會本公司及聯交所 的權益及淡倉。

B. 主要股東及其他人士於股份、相 關股份及債權證的權益及淡倉

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,相關 人士/實體(董事或本公司最高行政人 員除外)於本公司股份或相關股份中擁 有根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第2及 第3分部條文通知本公司及聯交所或須 記入根據證券及期貨條例第336條本公 司須存置的登記冊中須記錄的權益或 淡倉如下:

於股份的好倉

Name of Shareholders	Capacity/Nature	Number of shares held/ interested in 持有/擁有權益	Approximate percentage of shareholding	
姓名	身份/性質	之股份數目	股權概約百分比	
Bright Creator 暉緯	Interests held jointly with other persons (Note 1) 與其他各方人士共同持有的權益(附註1)	18,630,000	1.86%	
	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	376,531,400	37.65%	
Mrs. Chan 陳太	Interest in a controlled corporation (Note 2) 受控制法團權益(附註2)	376,531,400	37.65%	
	Interests held jointly with other persons (Note 1) 與其他各方人士共同持有的權益(附註1)	18,630,000	1.86%	
Sincere Expand Limited 誠開有限公司	Beneficial owner (Note 3) 實益擁有人(附註3)	66,912,500	6.69%	

Long Position in the Shares

DIRECTORS' REPORT (Continued)

董事會報告 (續)

Name of Shareholders	Capacity/Nature	Number of shares held/ interested in 持有/擁有權益	Approximate percentage of shareholding
姓名	身份/性質	之股份數目	股權概約百分比
Richmax Investment (H.K.) Limited	Interest in a controlled corporation (Note 3) 受控制法團權益(附註3)	66,912,500	6.69%
富盈投資(香港)有限公司	Beneficial Owner 實益擁有人	16,750,000	1.68%
Mr. Cheung Yuen Chau 張元秋先生	Interest in a controlled corporation (Note 3) 受控制法團權益(附註3)	83,662,500	8.37%
Mr. David Chu 朱偉東先生	Interest in a controlled corporation (Note 3) 受控制法團權益(附註3)	83,662,500	8.37%
Ms. Tsang Siu Lan 曾笑籣女士	Interest of spouse (Note 4) 配偶權益(附註4)	83,662,500	8.37%
Ms. Phyllis Woon Kink Cheng 鄭焕瓊女士	Interest of spouse (Note 5) 配偶權益(附註5)	83,662,500	8.37%
Ms. Cho Sin Sum Fion 曹倩心女士	Interest of spouse (Note 6) 配偶權益(附註6)	34,156,200	3.42%
Ms. Yuen Wan Yee Betty Yuen Wan Yee Betty女士	Interest of spouse (Note 7) 配偶權益 (附註7)	5,412,500	0.54%

Notes:

- Mrs. Chan, Bright Creator, together with Mr. Chan, are parties acting in concert (having the meaning ascribed to it under the Takeovers Code) pursuant to the concert party deed, the supplemental deed, the first amendment deed and second amendment deed dated 25 September 2015, 6 June 2016, 8 October 2019 and 9 April 2021, respectively. As such, Mrs. Chan, Bright Creator and Mr. Chan, together control approximately 39.52% of the entire issued share capital of the Company.
- 2. Mrs. Chan owns 50% issued shares of Bright Creator. As such, Mrs. Chan is deemed, or taken to be, interested in all the Shares held by Bright Creator for the purposes of the SFO. Mrs. Chan is the spouse of Mr. Chan and is deemed or taken to be interested in all the Shares in which Mr. Chan has, or is deemed to have, an interest for the purpose of the SFO.
- 3. Sincere Expand Limited is an investment-holding company incorporated in the British Virgin Islands and wholly-owned by Richmax Investment (H.K.) Limited. Each of Mr. David Chu and Mr. Cheung Yuen Chau owns approximately 46.67% and 40% issued shares of Richmax Investment (H.K.) Limited respectively. As such, each of Richmax Investment (H.K.) Limited, Mr. David Chu and Mr. Cheung Yuen Chau is deemed, or taken to be, interested in all the Shares held by Sincere Expand Limited for the purposes of the SFO.

附註:

- 根據日期分別為二零一五年九月二十五日、二 零一六年六月六日、二零一九年十月八日及二 零二一年四月九日的一致行動人士契約、補充 契約、第一份修訂契約及第二份修訂契約,陳 太、暉緯連同陳先生為一致行動人士(具收購 守則所賦予的涵義)。因此,陳太、暉緯連同 陳先生共同控制本公司全部已發行股本的約 39.52%。
- 陳太擁有暉緯已發行股份的50%。因此,就證券及期貨條例而言,陳太被視為或當作於暉緯 持有的全部股份中擁有權益。陳太為陳先生的 配偶,因此,就證券及期貨條例而言被視作或 當作於陳先生擁有或視作擁有權益的所有股份 中擁有權益。
- 3. 誠開有限公司為一間於英屬處女群島註冊成立 的投資控股公司,由富盈投資(香港)有限公 司全資擁有。朱偉東先生及張元秋先生各自分 別擁有富盈投資(香港)有限公司約46.67%及 40%已發行股份。因此,就證券及期貨條例而 言,富盈投資(香港)有限公司、朱偉東先生及 張元秋先生被視作或被當作於誠開有限公司持 有的所有股份中擁有權益。

董事會報告 (續)

- 4. Ms. Tsang Siu Lan is the spouse of Mr. David Chu and is deemed or taken to be interested in all the Shares in which Mr. David Chu has, or is deemed to have, an interest for the purpose of the SFO.
- Ms. Phyllis Woon Kink Cheng is the spouse of Mr. Cheung Yuen Chau and is deemed or taken to be interested in all the Shares in which Mr. Cheung Yuen Chau has, or is deemed to have, an interest for the purpose of the SFO.
- Ms. Cho Sin Sum Fion is the spouse of Mr. David Chow and is deemed or taken to be interested in all the Shares in which Mr. David Chow has, or is deemed to have, an interest for the purpose of the SFO.
- 7. Ms. Yuen Wan Yee Betty is the spouse of Prof. Wong Lung Tak Patrick and is deemed or taken to be interested in all the Shares in which Prof. Wong Lung Tak Patrick has, or is deemed to have, an interest for the purpose of the SFO. Prof. Wong Lung Tak Patrick has resigned as an independent non-executive Director on 1 January 2022.

Reference is made to the announcement tilted "Amendment of Concert Party Deed and Change in Controlling Shareholders" dated 9 April 2021 (the "Announcement") in relation to the amendment of concert party deed. Unless otherwise specified, terms used herein shall have the same meanings as these defined in the Announcement.

The supplemental amendment of concert party deed entered into by the Concert Parties on 9 April 2021, pursuant to which (i) only Bright Creator, Mr. Chan and Mrs. Chan remain as the Remaining Concert Parties, and (ii) the Outgoing Parties, namely Sun Foo Sing, Mr. Ho, Mr. Tsui K. F., Mr. Lam, Ms. Tsui, and Mr. Tsui C. K., ceased to be members of the Concert Parties and the Controlling Shareholders of the Company. For details, please refer to the Announcement.

Save as disclosed above, as of 31 December 2021, no other persons/entities (other than the Directors or chief executives of the Company) had any interest or a short position in the Shares and underlying Shares of the Company which were notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO or required to be recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under section 336 of the SFO.

- 曾笑籣女士為朱偉東先生的配偶,因此,就證券及期貨條例而言被視作或當作於朱偉東先生 擁有或視作擁有權益的所有股份中擁有權益。
- 鄭焕瓊女士為張元秋先生的配偶,因此,就證 券及期貨條例而言被視作或當作於張元秋先生 擁有或視作擁有權益的所有股份中擁有權益。
- fi 而公女士為周耀邦先生的配偶,因此,就證 券及期貨條例而言被視作或當作於周耀邦先生 擁有或視作擁有權益的所有股份中擁有權益。
- 7. Yuen Wan Yee Betty 女士為黃龍德教授的配偶, 就證券及期貨條例而言,彼被視為或當作於黃 龍德教授擁有或被視為擁有權益的所有股份中 擁有權益。黃龍德教授已於二零二二年一月一 日辭任獨立非執行董事。

茲提述日期為二零二一年四月九日標 題為「修訂一致行動人士契約及控股股 東變動」之公告(「該公告」),內容關於 修訂一致行動人士契約。除另有指明 外,本節所用詞彙與該公告界定者具 有相同涵義。

於二零二一年四月九日,一致行動人 士訂立一致行動人士契約之補充修訂, 據此,(I)只有暉緯、陳先生及陳太留任 為其餘一致行動人士,及(II)退出方(即 新富星、何先生、徐競富先生、林先生、 徐女士及徐志傑先生)不再為一致行動 人士的一員及本公司的控股股東。詳 情請參閱該公告。

除上文披露者外,於二零二一年十二 月三十一日,概無其他人士/實體(除 本公司董事及最高行政人員外)於本公 司的股份或相關股份中擁有根據證券 及期貨條例第XV部第2及第3分部條 文通知本公司及聯交所或須記入根據 證券及期貨條例第336條本公司須存 置的登記冊中須記錄的任何權益或淡倉。

DIRECTORS' REPORT (Continued) 董事會報告(續)

Connected Transactions and Related Party Transactions

The Company had not entered into any connected transaction during the Reporting Period which is required to be disclosed under the Listing Rules. Related party transactions entered into by the Group during the Reporting Period are disclosed in Note 40 to the Financial Statements.

Other than the related party transaction disclosed in Note 40 to the Financial Statements, no transactions, arrangements, contracts of significance in relation to the Group's business to which the Company or any of its subsidiaries was a party, and in which a Director or his connected entity had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, were entered into or subsisted at the end of the Reporting Period or at any time during the Reporting Period.

2022 Annual General Meeting and Closure of Register of Members

The forthcoming annual general meeting (the "AGM") is scheduled to be held at Room B, 5/F, On Fat Industrial Building, 12–18 Kwai Wing Road, Kwai Chung, New Territories, Hong Kong on Friday, 24 June 2022 at 10:00 a.m.

The register of members of the Company will be closed from Tuesday, 21 June 2022 to Friday, 24 June 2022, both days inclusive, during which period no transfer of the Shares will be registered. In order to attend and vote at the AGM, all share transfer documents accompanied by the relevant share certificates must be lodged with the Share Registrar, Boardroom Share Registrars (HK) Limited, at 2103B, 21st Floor, 148 Electric Road, North Point, Hong Kong, for registration not later than 4:30 p.m. on Monday, 20 June 2022.

Due to the recent development of the COVID-19, the Company will implement special arrangements for the AGM. Shareholder (whether individual or corporate) wishes to exercise his/her/its voting rights at the AGM, he/she/it is strongly recommended to appoint the chairman of the AGM as his/her/its proxy to attend, speak and vote on his/her/its behalf at the AGM. For details, please refer to the Notice of AGM published on 13 May 2022.

關連交易及關聯方交易

本公司於報告期內概無訂立任何關連交易 而須根據上市規則須予披露。本集團於報 告期內訂立的關聯方交易披露於財務報表 附註40。

除披露於財務報表附註40中的關聯方交易 外,本公司或其任何附屬公司於報告期末 或報告期內任何時間,並無簽訂或仍存續 與本集團業務有關而董事或其關連實體在 其中直接或間接擁有重大權益的重要交易、 安排及合約。

二零二二年股東週年大會及暫停 辦理股份過戶登記手續

應屆股東週年大會(「股東週年大會」)將於 二零二二年六月二十四日(星期五)上午十 時正於香港新界葵涌葵榮路12-18號安發工 業大廈5樓B室舉行。

本公司將於二零二二年六月二十一日(星期 二)至二零二二年六月二十四日(星期五)(包 括首尾兩日)暫停辦理股份過戶登記手續, 期間將不會進行股份過戶登記。為符合資 格出席股東週年大會並於會上投票,所有 股份過戶文件連同有關股票最遲須於二零 二二年六月二十日(星期一)下午四時三十 分前交回股份過戶登記處寶德隆證券登記 有限公司,地址為香港北角電氣道148號 21樓2103B室。

鑑於COVID-19的近期發展,本公司將對股 東週年大會上作出特別安排。強烈建議擬 於股東週年大會上行使其投票權的股東(不 論個人或公司)委任股東週年大會主席為其 受委代表,代其出席股東週年大會並於會 上發言及投票。有關詳情,請參閱於二零 二二年五月十三日刊發的股東週年大會通告。

DIRECTORS' REPORT (Continued) 董事會報告 (續)

Events after the Reporting Date of 31 December 2021

Details of the events after the reporting date of 31 December 2021 has been disclosed in Management Discussion and Analysis section of this annual report. Save as disclosed therein and elsewhere in this annual report, the Board is not aware of any significant event requiring disclosure that has taken place subsequent to 31 December 2021 and up to the date of this report.

二零二一年十二月三十一日報告 日後事項

二零二一年十二月三十一日報告日後事項 詳情已披露於本年報「管理層討論及分析」 一節。除上文及本年報其他地方所披露者 外,據董事會所知,於二零二一年十二月 三十一日之後及直至本報告日期並無發生 任何須予披露的重大事項。

On behalf of the Board Chan Chun Kit Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

Hong Kong, 13 May 2022

代表董事會 *主席兼行政總裁* **陳振傑**

香港,二零二二年五月十三日

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

獨立核數師報告



丁何關陳會計師事務所有限公司 TING HO KWAN & CHAN CPA LIMITED

9th Floor, Tung Ning Building, 249–253 Des Voeux Road Central, Hong Kong 香港德輔道中249–253號東寧大廈九樓

To the Members of Li Bao Ge Group Limited

(Incorporated in Cayman Islands with limited liability)

致利寶閣集團有限公司成員

(於開曼群島註冊成立之有限公司)

Opinion

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Li Bao Ge Group Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") set out on pages 130 to 250, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2021, the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 December 2021, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") and have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing ("HKSAs") issued by the HKICPA. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA's Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants ("the Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

意見

我們已審核載於第130頁至第250頁利寶閣 集團有限公司(「貴公司」)及其附屬公司(統 稱「貴集團」)的綜合財務報表,此綜合財務 報表包括於二零二一年十二月三十一日的 綜合財務狀況表,及截至該日止年度的綜 合損益及其他全面收益表、綜合權益變動 表和綜合現金流量表,以及綜合財務報表 附註,當中包括主要會計政策概要。

我們認為,此等綜合財務報表已根據香港 會計師公會(「香港會計師公會」)頒佈的《香 港財務報告準則》(「《香港財務報告準則》」) 真實而公允地反映 貴集團於二零二一年 十二月三十一日的綜合財務狀況及 貴集 團於截至該日止年度的綜合財務表現及綜 合現金流量,並已遵照香港《公司條例》的 披露要求妥為編製。

意見的基礎

我們已根據香港會計師公會頒佈的《香港 審計準則》(「香港審計準則」)進行審核。我 們於該等準則項下的責任在本報告「核數師 就審核綜合財務報表須承擔的責任」一節中 有詳述。根據香港會計師公會的《專業會計 師道德守則》(以下簡稱「守則」),我們獨立 於 貴集團,並已遵循守則履行其他道德責 任。我們相信,我們所獲得的審計憑證能充 足及適當地為我們的審計意見提供基礎。

獨立核數師報告 (續)

Material Uncertainty Related to Going Concern

We draw attention to note 3.1 to the consolidated financial statements which indicates that the Group incurred a net loss of approximately HK\$99,054,000 during the year ended 31 December 2021. As of that date, the Group had net liabilities of approximately HK\$39,000,000 and its current liabilities exceeded its current assets by approximately HK\$77,307,000. As stated in note 3.1, these conditions, along with other matters as set forth in note 3.1 to the consolidated financial statements, indicate that a material uncertainty exists that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Key Audit Matters

Key Audit Matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current year. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

有關持續經營的重大不確定因素

我們提請 閣下注意綜合財務報表附註3.1, 其表明於截至二零二一年十二月三十一日 止年度, 貴集團產生淨虧損約99,054,000 港元。截至該日期, 貴集團的淨負債為約 39,000,000港元及其流動負債超過其流動 資產約77,307,000港元。誠如附註3.1所述, 該等條件連同綜合財務報表附註3.1所載的 其他事項表明,存在重大不確定因素可能 對 貴集團的持續經營能力構成重大疑慮。 我們並無就此事項修改意見。

關鍵審計事項

根據我們的專業判斷,關鍵審計事項為我 們認為對審核本年度綜合財務報表工作中 最重要的事項。此等事項是我們在審核整 體綜合財務報表及就此形成意見時進行處 理的事項,我們不會就該等事項提供單獨 的意見。

獨立核數師報告 (續)

Carrying value of property, plant and 酒樓物業、廠房及設備及使用權資 equipment and right-of-use assets of 產的賬面值 restaurants

Key audit matter	How the matter was addressed in our audit
關鍵審計事項	我們的審計如何處理該事項

Refer to notes 15 and 16 to the consolidated financial statements 請參閱綜合財務報表附註15及16

The carrying value of the Group's property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets as at 31 December 2021 was approximately HK\$44,629,000 and HK\$85,769,000 respectively. The total depreciation charge and net impairment loss for the year ended 31 December 2021 were approximately HK\$58,684,000 and HK\$14,715,000 respectively.

於二零二一年十二月三十一日, 貴集團的物 業、廠房及設備及使用權資產之賬面值分別約為 44,629,000港元及85,769,000港元;截至二零二一 年十二月三十一日止年度,總計折舊開支及減值 虧損淨額分別約為58,684,000港元及14,715,000 港元。

Depreciation rates, useful lives and the carrying value of property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets are reviewed annually by the management. The Group carries these assets at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment. Such review takes into account any unexpected adverse changes in circumstances or events, current and forecast market values, including declines in projected operating results, negative industry or economic trends. The Group extends or shortens the useful lives and/or makes impairment provisions according to the results of the review. 管理層每年對物業、廠房及設備及使用權資產的 折舊率、可使用年期及賬面值進行審查。 貴集團 將上述資產按成本減累計折舊及任何累計減值入 賬。該等審查會考慮任何難以預料的不利環境變 化或事件、當前及預測市值,包括預測經營業績 下滑、負面業界或經濟趨勢。 貴集團會依照檢討 結果延長或縮短可使用年期及/或作減值撥備。

We identified the above assessment of property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets as a key audit matter due to its significance in amount and a high degree of management judgement involved in the assessment.

由於上述物業、廠房及設備及使用權資產的估算 數值甚為重要,且管理層在估算中需作高度判斷, 因此我們將該等估算歸作關鍵審計事項。 We have reviewed the management's estimates and assertions regarding, estimated useful lives and residual values of the property, plant and equipment. 我們已審閱管理層對物業、廠房及設備的估計可使 用年期及剩餘價值的估計及聲明。

We have reviewed the management's estimates and assertions regarding, the appropriate lease term and incremental borrowing rate that used for recognising the right-of-use assets.

我們已審閱管理層就確認使用權資產所採用的適 當租賃年期及遞增借款利率所作出的估計及聲明。

We have discussed the current status of leasehold improvements and right-of-use assets of each restaurant with the management team regarding any indicator of possible impairment identified.

我們已就任何可能出現減值的指標與管理層討論 每間酒樓的租賃裝修及使用權資產的現況。

獨立核數師報告 (續)

Carrying value of property, plant and 酒樓物業、廠房及設備及使用權資 equipment and right-of-use assets of 產的賬面值(續) restaurants (Continued)

Key audit matter 關鍵審計事項	How the matter was addressed in our audit 我們的審計如何處理該事項
	We have assessed the reasonableness of the projected revenue, growth rate and operating margin of the relevant restaurants used in the cash flow projections with reference to past results of operations of the restaurants and management's development plans. 我們參考酒樓過往的經營業績及管理層的發展計 劃評估現金流量預測使用的相關酒樓的預測收入、 增長率及經營利潤率的合理性。
	We have reviewed the discount rate used in the cash flow projections by comparing to relevant external source of market data and tested mathematical accuracy of the cash flow projections. 我們已透過與相關外部市場數據來源進行比較審 查現金流量預測使用的貼現率並測試現金流量預 測的數學準確性。
	We have assessed the reasonableness of management's assumptions and critical judgements by using the past restaurant operation experiences within the Group. 我們已根據本集團內過往酒樓的營運經驗,評估管 理層的假設及關鍵判斷是否合理。
	We concluded that management's conclusion and estimates on assessing the carrying value of property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets to be consistent with the available evidence. 我們的結論是,管理層就評估物業、廠房及設備及 使用權資產的賬面值所作出的結論及估計與現有 證據一致。

獨立核數師報告 (續)

Impairment assessment of intangible assets 無形資產的減值評估

Key audit matter 關鍵審計事項

How the matter was addressed in our audit 我們的審計如何處理該事項

Refer to note 17 to the consolidated financial statements 請參閲綜合財務報表附註17

The Group's intangible assets included goodwill, trademarks and cooperation contracts were allocated to a single cash generating unit (the "CGU"), namely, Yaoliang (Shanghai) Food Co. Ltd). As described in note 3.10 to the consolidated financial statements, the Group is required to, at least annually, perform impairment assessments of goodwill and for other intangible assets, the Group is required to test for impairment when there are impairment indicators. Management performed the impairment testing by comparing the recoverable amount of the CGU and the carrying amount of the CGU.

貴集團之無形資產包括分配予單一現金產生單位(即 耀良(上海)食品有限公司)之商譽、商標及合作合 約。誠如綜合財務報表附註3.10所述, 貴集團須 至少每年對商譽進行一次減值評估,而就其他無 形資產而言, 貴集團須於存在減值跡象時進行減 值測試。管理層透過比較現金產生單位之可收回 金額與現金產生單位之賬面值進行減值測試。

During the year ended 31 December 2021, the management of the Group estimated the recoverable amounts of the goodwill, trademarks and cooperation contracts to be zero. As a result, the Group recognised a full impairment loss of approximately HK\$28,695,000 for the year ended 31 December 2021. The impairment testing of the goodwill and other intangible assets required the management to make certain assumptions and estimates that would affect the reported amount of the goodwill and other intangible assets and related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. 於截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度, 貴集 團管理層估計商譽、商標及合作合約之可收回金 額為零。因此, 貴集團於截至二零二一年十二月 十一日止年度確認悉數減值虧損約28.695.000 港元。商譽及其他無形資產的減值測試需管理層 作部分假設和估計,有關假設和估計或會影響綜 合財務報表中該商譽及其他無形資產的呈報金額 及相關披露。

We focused on this area due to the amount of impairment losses recognised during the year was significant and the management's impairment assessments involved significant judgements and estimates.

我們關注此領域的原因是年內確認之減值虧損金 額屬重大及管理層之減值評估涉及重大判斷和估計。 We obtained the understanding of the current and expected future developments of the CGU and impairment triggering events through discussions with the management.

我們透過與管理層進行討論知悉現金產生單位之 當前及預期未來發展以及減值觸發事件。

We reviewed the relevant documents involved in the management's assessment and judgement, including management meeting minutes and documents related to termination of cooperation contracts. 我們已審閱管理層評估及判斷所涉及之有關文件,包括管理層會議記錄及與終止合作合約有關之文件。

We assessed the adequacy of the disclosures related to the impairment of intangible assets in the context of the applicable financial reporting framework. 我們已根據適用的財務報告框架評估無形資產減 值相關披露是否充分。

We concluded that the management's conclusion and estimates on the impairment assessment of intangible assets to be consistent with the available evidences.

我們認為管理層對評估無形資產減值的結論和估 計與現有憑證一致。

獨立核數師報告 (續)

Other Information

The directors of the Company are responsible for the Other Information. The Other Information comprises all information in the annual report, but does not include the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon ("the Other Information").

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the Other Information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the Other Information and, in doing so, consider whether the Other Information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of the Other Information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of the Directors for the Consolidated Financial Statements

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The directors are assisted by the Audit Committee in discharging their responsibilities for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

其他信息

貴公司董事須對其他信息承擔責任。其他 信息包括年報中所包含的所有信息,但不 包括綜合財務報表及我們的核數師報告(「其 他信息」)。

我們對綜合財務報表的意見並不涵蓋其他 信息。我們亦不對其他信息發表任何形式 的核證結論。

就審核綜合財務報表而言,我們的責任是 閱讀其他信息,在此過程中,考慮其他信息 是否與綜合財務報表或我們在審計過程中 獲悉的資料存在重大不符,或似乎存在重 大錯誤陳述。

基於我們已完成的工作,倘若我們認為其 他信息出現重大錯誤陳述,我們須報告該 事實。我們就此並無須報告事項。

董事就綜合財務報表須承擔的責 任

貴公司董事須負責根據香港會計師公會頒 佈的《香港財務報告準則》及香港《公司條例》 的披露規定,編製真實而公允的綜合財務 報表,並負責董事認為就編製綜合財務報 表所必需的內部控制,以確保綜合財務報 表的編製不存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的 重大錯誤陳述。

在編製綜合財務報表時,董事須評估 貴集 團持續經營的能力,並披露與持續經營有 關的事項(如適用)。除非董事有意將 貴 集團清盤,或停止營運,或除此之外並無其 他實際可行的辦法,否則董事須採用以持 續經營為基礎的會計法。

審核委員會協助董事履行彼等監督 貴集 團財務報告流程的責任。

獨立核數師報告 (續)

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Our report is made solely to you, as a body, in accordance with our agreed terms of engagement, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with HKSAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risk, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.

核數師就審核綜合財務報表須承 擔的責任

我們的目標是合理保證此等綜合財務報表 整體而言是否不存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導 致的重大錯誤陳述,並發出包含審核意見 的核數師報告。本報告僅為 閣下(作為整 體)而編製(按照雙方所協定的應聘條款), 並無其他用途。我們並不就本報告之內容 對任何其他人士承擔任何義務或負上任何 責任。

合理保證是高層次的保證,但不能擔保根 據《香港審計準則》進行的審核工作總能發 現所存在的重大錯誤陳述。錯誤陳述可源 於欺詐或錯誤。倘該等錯誤陳述個別或整 體在合理預期情況下可影響使用者根據綜 合財務報表作出的經濟決定時,則被視為 重大錯誤陳述。

我們根據《香港審計準則》進行審核時的職 責之一,是運用專業判斷,在整個審核過程 中抱持職業懷疑態度。我們亦:

- 識別及評估綜合財務報表由於欺詐或 錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述風險、因 應此等風險設計及執行審核程序,以 及獲得充足及適當的審計憑證為我們 的意見提供基礎。由於欺詐涉及合謀 串通、偽造、故意遺漏、誤導性陳述或 凌駕內部控制,因此未能發現由欺詐 造成的重大錯誤陳述風險比未能發現 由於錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述風險 更高。
- 了解與審計有關的內部控制,以設計 恰當的審計程序,但並非旨在對 貴集 團之內部控制是否有效發表意見。
- 評估所用會計政策是否恰當,以及董 事所作出的會計估算和相關披露是否 合理。

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (Continued) 四合物曲位性(法)

獨立核數師報告 (續)

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with Audit Committee regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide Audit Committee with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

核數師就審核綜合財務報表須承 擔的責任(續)

- 總結董事所採用、以持續經營為基礎的會計法是否恰當,並根據已獲取的審計憑證,總結是否存在可能對 貴集團持續經營能力構成重大疑問的事件或情況等重大不確定因素。倘若我們總結認為有重大不確定因素,我們須在核數師報告中提請注意綜合財務報表內的相關資料披露,或在相關披露不足時修訂我們的意見。我們的結論是基於截至核數師報告日期所獲得的審計憑證。然而,未來事件或情況可能導致 貴集團不再具有持續經營的能力。
- 評估綜合財務報表(包括資料披露)的 整體列報、架構、內容,以及綜合財務 報表是否已公允地反映相關交易及事項。
- 就 貴集團內各實體或業務活動的財 務資料獲得充足的審計憑證,以就綜 合財務報表發表意見。我們須負責指 導、監督及執行集團的審核工作。我們 僅須為所提出的審核意見承擔責任。

我們就(其中包括)審計工作的計劃範圍和 時間以及重大審計發現(包括我們在審計過 程中發現的任何內部控制的重大缺失)與審 核委員會溝通。

我們亦向審核委員會作出聲明,確認我們 已遵守與獨立性有關的道德要求,並就所 有被合理認為可能影響我們獨立性的關係 和其他事宜以及為消除威脅而採取的行動 或應用的保障措施(如適用),與審核委員 會溝通。

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (Continued) 獨立核數師報告 (續)

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

From the matters communicated with Audit Committee, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current year and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement director on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Mr. Wong Kam Chuen.

核數師就審核綜合財務報表須承 擔的責任(續)

我們通過與審核委員會溝通,我們確定對 本年度綜合財務報表審計工作中最重要的 事項,即關鍵審計事項。除非法律或法規不 容許公開披露此等事項,或在極罕有的情 況下,我們認為披露此等事項可合理預期 的不良後果將超過公眾知悉此等事項的利 益而不應在報告中予以披露,否則我們會 在核數師報告中描述此等事項。

自責此審計工作與簽發獨立核數師報告的 項目董事為黃錦全先生。

TING HO KWAN & CHAN CPA LIMITED

Certified Public Accountants Wong Kam Chuen Practising Certificate Number: P06175

9th Floor, Tung Ning Building 249–253 Des Voeux Road Central Hong Kong 13 May 2022

丁何關陳會計師事務所有限公司 執業會計師行 黃錦全 執業證書編號: P06175

香港 德輔道中249-253號 東寧大廈9樓 二零二二年五月十三日

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

综合損益及其他全面收益表

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

			2021	2020
		Notes	二零二一年 HK\$'000	二零二零年 HK\$'000
		附註	千港元	千港元
Revenue		8	274,566	236,397
Other income	其他收入	8	6,656	230,397
Other gain	其他收益	U	5	
Cost of materials consumed	所耗材料成本		(106,399)	(99,108)
Employee benefits expense	僱員福利開支	9	(78,238)	(66,158)
Depreciation	折舊	10	(58,432)	(61,544)
Other expenses	其他開支	10	(74,678)	(61,474)
Operating loss	經營虧損		(36,520)	(30,159)
Gain on early termination of	提早終止租賃收益淨額		(00,020)	(00,100)
leases, net			13	21,059
Impairment loss on amount	應收一名非控股股東款項			
due from a non-controlling	減值虧損			
shareholder			(9,858)	-
Impairment loss on property,	物業、廠房及設備減值 虧損淨額	15	(406)	(5.015)
plant and equipment, net Impairment loss on right-of-use	面俱/序段 使用權資產減值虧損淨額	10	(406)	(5,015)
assets, net	区川·雁貝/兰/帆 雁 只/于 帜	16	(14,309)	(13,534)
Impairment loss on intangible	無形資產減值虧損		((,
assets		17	(28,695)	-
Finance costs	財務成本	11	(11,533)	(13,201)
Loss before income tax	除所得税前虧損		(101,308)	(40,850)
Income tax	所得税	12	1,150	(40,000) 74
Loss for the year	年內虧損		(100,158)	(40,776)
Other comprehensive income	其他全面收入			
Item that may be reclassified	可能於其後重新列入損益 的項目:			
subsequently to profit or loss: Exchange difference arising	的 項 日 · 換算海外業務財務報表			
from translation of financial	的匯兑差額			
statements of foreign operations			1,104	3,214
Total comprehensive loss for	年內全面虧損總額			
the year			(99,054)	(37,562)
Loss attributable to:	以下人士應佔虧損:			
Owners of the Company	本公司擁有人		(92,450)	(39,817)
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益		(7,708)	(959)
			(100,158)	(40,776)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (Continued)

綜合損益及其他全面收益表 (續)

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

		Notes 附註	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Total comprehensive loss attributable to:	以下人士應佔全面虧損 總額:			
Owners of the Company	本公司擁有人		(91,267)	(36,850)
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益		(7,787)	(712)
			(99,054)	(37,562)
Basic loss per share	每股基本虧損	14	HK cent (9.25)	HK cent (3.98)
			港仙	港仙

The notes on pages 137 to 250 form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

第137頁至第250頁的附註屬此等綜合財務 報表的組成部分。

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

綜合財務狀況表

As at 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

			2021	2020
		Notes	二零二一年 HK\$'000	二零二零年 HK\$'000
		附註	千港元	千港元
ASSETS	資產			
Non-current assets	非流動資產			
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	15	44,629	63,216
Right-of-use assets	使用權資產	16	85,769	131,654
Intangible assets	無形資產	17	-	30,516
Rental deposits	租金按金	22	12,773	14,871
Deposits placed for life insurance policies	投購壽險保單保費	18	2,247	2,176
Deposit paid for property,	物業、廠房及設備已付			
plant and equipment	按金		_	1,873
Deferred tax assets	遞延税項資產	34	-	852
			145,418	245,158
			140,410	240,100
Current assets	流動資產			
Inventories	存貨	20	13,893	12,375
Trade receivables	貿易應收款項	21	2,302	5,462
Deposits, prepayments and	按金、預付款項及			
other receivables	其他應收款項	22	10,250	18,006
Loan receivable	貸款應收款項	23	3,706	10,000
Current tax recoverable	可收回即期税項		42	855
Amount due from a	應收一名非控股股東			
non-controlling shareholder	款項	24	-	9,825
Amounts due from related	應收關聯公司款項			
companies		40	9	70
Pledged bank deposit	已抵押銀行存款	25	4,076	-
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物	26	26,817	28,949
			61,095	85,542
Total assets	資產總額		206,513	330,700
EQUITY	權益			
Equity attributable to owners of the Company	本公司擁有人應佔權益			
Share capital	股本	27	10,000	10,000
Reserves	儲備		(45,318)	45,949
			(35,318)	55,949
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益		(3,682)	4,105
Total (deficit)/equity	(虧絀)/權益總額		(39,000)	60,054
rotal (denotifieduity			(00,000)	00,034

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (Continued)

綜合財務狀況表 (續) As at 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

			2021	2020
		Notes	二零二一年 HK\$'000	二零二零年 HK\$'000
		附註	千港元	千港元
	夕 库	111 11	17870	1/6/6
LIABILITIES Non-current liabilities	負債 非流動負債			
Lease liabilities	升加到員員 租賃負債	32	102,999	128,209
Provision for reinstatement costs	修復成本撥備	33	3,833	4,573
Deferred tax liabilities	遞延税項負債	34	279	2,902
	巡连仇汉莫谟	04	215	2,002
			107,111	135,684
Current liabilities	流動負債			
Trade payables	貿易應付款項	28	16,646	19,418
Accruals and other payables	應計費用及其他應付款項	29	32,443	29,329
Amount due to a	應付一名非控股股東	20	02,110	20,020
non-controlling shareholder	款項	24	723	241
Amount due to a related	應付一間關聯公司款項	2 1	120	211
company		40	307	_
Contract liabilities	合約負債	30	23,451	21,823
Bank borrowings	銀行借款	31	24,724	22,408
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	32	38,168	40,431
Current tax payable	應付即期税項		28	· _
Provision for reinstatement costs	修復成本撥備	33	1,912	1,312
			138,402	134,962
Total liabilities	負債總額		245,513	270,646
			2-10,010	210,040
Total (deficit)/equity and liabilities	(虧絀)/權益及負債總額		206,513	330,700
Net current liabilities	流動負債淨值		(77,307)	(49,420)

These consolidated financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 13 May 2022 and are signed on its behalf by:

CHAN Chun Kit 陳振傑 Director 董事 於二零二二年五月十三日董事會批准及授 權發行此等綜合財務報表,並由以下人士 代表簽署:

CHAN Josephine Wai Sze 陳瑋詩 *Director* 董事

The notes on pages 137 to 250 form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

第137頁至第250頁的附註屬此等綜合財務 報表的組成部分。

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

綜合權益變動表

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

		Attributable to owners of the Company 本公司擁有人應佔							
		Share capital	Share premium	Other reserves	Exchange translation reserve	Accumulated losses	Total	Non- controlling interests	Total equity/ (deficit) 權益/
		股本 HK\$'000 千港元	股份溢價 HK\$'000 千港元	其他儲備 HK\$'000 千港元 (note 37) (附註37)	匯兑儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	累計虧損 HK\$'000 千港元	總計 HK\$'000 千港元	非控股權益 HK\$'000 千港元	/#····/ (虧絀)總額 HK\$'000 千港元
Balance as at 1 January 2020 Acquisition of subsidiaries (note 36) Capital contribution from	於二零二零年一月一日的結餘 收購附屬公司(附註36) 來自非控股權益的注資	10,000 -	98,884 -	42,396 -	(4,491) –	(53,990) -	92,799 -	- 4,054	92,799 4,054
non-controlling interests		-	-	-	-	-	-	763	763
Transactions with owners	與擁有人的交易	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,817	4,817
Loss for the year Currency translation differences	年內虧損 貨幣換算差額	-	-	-	- 2,967	(39,817) -	(39,817) 2,967	(959) 247	(40,776) 3,214
Total comprehensive loss for the year	年內全面虧損總額	<u> </u>	-	-	2,967	(39,817)	(36,850)	(712)	(37,562)
Balance as at 31 December 2020	於二零二零年十二月三十一日的結餘	10,000	98,884	42,396	(1,524)	(93,807)	55,949	4,105	60,054
Balance as at 1 January 2021 Loss for the year Currency translation differences	於二零二一年一月一日的結餘 年內虧損 貨幣換算差額	10,000 - -	98,884 - -	42,396 - -	(1,524) - 1,183	(93,807) (92,450) –	55,949 (92,450) 1,183	4,105 (7,708) (79)	60,054 (100,158) 1,104
Total comprehensive loss for the year	年內全面虧損總額	-	_	-	1,183	(92,450)	(91,267)	(7,787)	(99,054
Balance as at 31 December 2021	於二零二一年十二月三十一日的結餘	10,000	98,884	42,396	(341)	(186,257)	(35,318)	(3,682)	(39,000

The notes on pages 137 to 250 form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

第137頁至第250頁的附註屬此等綜合財務 報表的組成部分。

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

綜合現金流量表

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

			2021 二零二一年	2020 二零二零年
		Notes 附註	_奏∓ HK\$'000 千港元	_◆_◆牛 HK\$'000 千港元
Operating activities Cash generated from operations Income tax refunded/(paid), net	經營活動 經營所得現金 已退/(已付)所得税淨額	26(b)	41,810 195	28,352 (101)
Net cash generated from operating activities	經營活動所得之現金 淨額		42,005	28,251
Investing activities	投資活動			
Interest received	已收利息		304	60
Purchases of property, plant and equipment Consideration paid for	購買物業、廠房及設備 收購附屬公司已付代價		(4,132)	(11,108)
acquisition of subsidiaries	出售物業、廠房及		-	(22,338)
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment	設備所得款項		10	-
Net cash used in investing activities	於投資活動所用之現金 淨額		(3,818)	(33,386)
				(00,000)
Financing activities	融資活動 已付借款成本		(624)	(00.4)
Borrowing costs paid Repayment of bank borrowings	<u></u> [] 還銀行借款	26(c) 26(c)	(634) (2,791)	(304) (7,444)
Repayment of other borrowing Proceeds from new bank	償還其他借款 新銀行借款所得款項	26(c)	-	(1,363)
borrowings Capital contribution from non-	來自非控股權益的注資	26(c)	4,000	20,000
controlling interests	术日并往放催金时注具		_	763
Capital element of lease rentals paid	已付租金資本部分	26(c)	(32,069)	(38,074)
Interest element of lease	已付租金利息部分	20(0)	(02,003)	(00,07 4)
rentals paid		26(c)	(10,659)	(12,302)
Net cash used in financing activities	融資活動所用之現金淨額		(42,153)	(38,724)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (Continued)

綜合現金流量表(續) For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

		Notes 附註	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物 減少淨額		(3,966)	(43,859)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year Effect of foreign exchange	年初現金及現金等價物 匯率變動的影響	26(a)	28,949	71,151
rate changes			732	1,657
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year	年終現金及現金等價物	26(a)	25,715	28,949

The notes on pages 137 to 250 form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

第137頁至第250頁的附註屬此等綜合財務 報表的組成部分。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

综合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

1 General Information

Li Bao Ge Group Limited (the "Company") was incorporated in the Cayman Islands on 1 September 2015 as an exempted company with limited liability under the Companies Law (2013 Revision) of the Cayman Islands. The address of the Company's registered office and principle place of business are Windward 3, Regatta Office Park, PO Box 1350, Grand Cayman KY1-1108, Cayman Islands and Room B, 5/F, On Fat Industrial Building, 12–18 Kwai Wing Road, Kwai Chung, New Territories, Hong Kong, respectively. The Company's shares (the "Shares") are listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange.

The Company is an investment holding company and its subsidiaries (collectively, the "Group") are principally engaged in the operation of a chain of Chinese restaurants in Hong Kong and the People's Republic of China (the "PRC").

2 Statement of Compliance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards

The consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2021 have been prepared in accordance with all applicable Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs"), which collective term includes all applicable individual HKFRSs, Hong Kong Accounting Standards ("HKASs") and Interpretations issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (the "HKICPA"), accounting principles generally accepted in Hong Kong and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance. These consolidated financial statements also comply with the applicable disclosure provisions of the Listing Rules.

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

1 一般資料

利寶閣集團有限公司(「本公司」)於二 零一五年九月一日根據開曼群島公司 法(二零一三年修訂版)在開曼群島註 冊成立為獲豁免有限公司。本公司註 冊辦事處地址為Windward 3, Regatta Office Park, PO Box 1350, Grand Cayman KY1-1108, Cayman Islands; 主要營業地點為香港新界葵涌葵榮路 12-18號安發工業大廈5樓B室。本公 司股份(「股份」)於聯交所主板上市。

本公司為一間投資控股公司,連同其 附屬公司(統稱「本集團」)主要在香港 及中華人民共和國(「中國」)從事中式 酒樓連鎖店業務。

2 《香港財務報告準則》合規聲明

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年 度的綜合財務報表乃遵照所有適用《香 港財務報告準則》(「《香港財務報告準 則》」)而編製,該統稱包括由香港會計 師公會(「香港會計師公會」)頒佈之所 有適用個別《香港財務報告準則》、《香 港會計準則》(「《香港會計準則》」)及詮 釋、香港普遍採納之會計準則及香港 公司條例之披露規定。此等綜合財務 報表亦符合上市規則的適用披露規定。

综合財務報表以歷史成本法編製。

综合財務報表附註 (續) For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

Summary of Significant Accounting 3 主要會計政策概要 3 **Policies**

3.1 Basis of preparation

The consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2021 comprise the Company and its subsidiaries (together referred to as the "Group").

The consolidated financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars ("HK\$") which is the same as the functional currency of the Company and all values are rounded to the nearest thousand except where otherwise indicated.

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with HKFRSs requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the consolidated financial statements, are disclosed in note 6.

3.1 編製基準

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日 止年度的綜合財務報表涵蓋本公 司及其附屬公司(統稱「本集團」)。

綜合財務報表以港元(「港元」)(亦 為本公司的功能貨幣)呈列。除另 有指明者外,所有數值乃四捨五 入至最接近千位數。

综合財務報表以歷史成本法編製。

按照《香港財務報告準則》編製綜 合財務報表時,需採用若干重大 的會計估算。管理層亦需於採用 本集團的會計政策時作出有關判 斷。當中,涉及高度判斷、複雜之 範疇,或對綜合財務報表而言屬 重大影響的假設及估算,乃於附 註6披露。

综合財務報表附註 (續)

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

Summary of Significant Accounting 3 主要會計政策概要(續) 3 **Policies** (Continued)

3.1 Basis of preparation (Continued)

During the year ended 31 December 2021, the Group recorded a consolidated net loss of approximately HK\$99,054,000 and, as of that date, the Group had net liabilities of approximately HK\$39,000,000 and its current liabilities exceeded its current assets by approximately HK\$77,307,000. Notwithstanding the above results, the consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, the validity of which is dependent upon the success of the Group's future operations, its ability to generate adequate cash flows in order to meet its obligations as and when fall due and its ability to refinance or restructure its borrowings such that the Group can meet its future working capital and financing requirements.

The Group has taken a number of measures to improve its liquidity position, including, but not limited to, the following:

- the Group had interest-bearing bank (i) borrowings of approximately HK\$24,724,000 as at 31 December 2021, of which approximately HK\$3,957,000 is repayable within one year. The remaining interest-bearing bank borrowings, amounting to approximately HK\$20,767,000 were classified as current liabilities due to the existence of a repayment on demand clause in the loan agreements. The Group will actively negotiate with the bank for the renewal of the Group's bank borrowings when they fall due in order to secure necessary funds to meet the Group's working capital and financial requirements in the foreseeable future. In the opinion of the Directors, the Group will be able to roll over or refinance the bank borrowings upon their maturity;
- at 31 December 2021, the Group obtained (ii) banking facilities of approximately HK\$33,830,000 with an unutilised amount of approximately HK\$7,128,000;

3.1 編製基準(續)

於截至二零二一年十二月三十一 日止年度,本集團錄得綜合淨 虧損約99,054,000港元,及截至 該日期,本集團的淨負債約為 39,000,000港元及其流動負債超 過其流動資產約77,307,000港元。 儘管存在上述業績,綜合財務報 表乃按持續經營基準編製,其有 效性取決於本集團未來業務的成 功、產生充足現金流量以應付到 期債務的能力以及再融資或重組 其借款以令本集團可滿足其未來 營運資金及融資需要的能力。

本集團已採取若干措施改善其流 動資金狀況,包括但不限於以下 方面:

- 於二零二一年十二月三十一 (i) 日,本集團的計息銀行借貸 為約24.724.000港元,其中約 3.957.000港元須於一年內償 還。其餘約20,767,000港元的 計息銀行借款由於貸款協議 訂有按要求償還條款而被歸 類為流動負債。本集團將積 極與銀行協商,在本集團銀 行借款到期時進行續期,以 確保獲得必要的資金,滿足 本集團在可見未來的營運資 金及財務需求。董事認為,本 集團將可於銀行借款到期時 展期或再融資;
- (ii) 於二零二一年十二月三十一 日,本集團獲得銀行融資約 33.830.000港元,未使用金額 約為7,128,000港元;

综合財務報表附註 (續) For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

Summary of Significant Accounting 3 主要會計政策概要(續) 3 **Policies** (Continued)

3.1 Basis of preparation (Continued)

- (iii) the Group is actively negotiating with banks to obtain additional funds to finance the Group's working capital and improve the liquidity positions;
- (iv) the Group will continue to take active measures to control expenses through various channels including human resources optimisation and management remuneration adjustments; and
- (v) a substantial shareholder of the Company has agreed to continuously provide financial support for the continuing operations of the Company so as to enable it to meet its liabilities when they fall due and carry on its business without a significant curtailment of operations.

After taking into consideration of the above factors and funds expected to be generated internally from operations based on the Directors' estimation on the future cash flows of the Group, the Directors are of the opinion that there will be sufficient financial resources available to the Group to enable it to meet its liabilities as and when they fall due and to continue as a going concern. Accordingly, the Directors have prepared the consolidated financial statements on a going concern basis.

Should the Group be unable to continue its business as a going concern, adjustments would have to be made to write down the value of assets to their recoverable amount, to provide for future liabilities which might arise and to reclassify noncurrent assets and liabilities to current assets and liabilities respectively. The effects of these potential adjustments have not been reflected in these consolidated financial statements.

3.1 編製基準(續)

- (iii) 本集團正積極與銀行磋商, 以取得新資金,為本集團的 營運資金撥資及改善流動資 金狀況;
- (iv) 本集團將繼續採取積極措施, 通過各種渠道控制開支,包 括優化人力資源及調整管理 層薪酬;及
- (v) 本公司一名主要股東已同意 持續為本公司之持續營運提 供財務支援,從而令其可償 還其到期負債及開展其業務, 而無需大幅縮減業務。

經考慮上述因素及基於董事對本 集團未來現金流量的估計的預期 來自業務內部資金後,董事認為 本集團將有足夠財務資源償付其 到期的債務,並持續經營。因此, 董事已按持續經營基準編製綜合 財務報表。

萬一本集團無法按持續基準繼續 業務,則需要作出調整,將資產價 值 撇減至其可回收金額,以為日 後可能出現的負債計提撥備,並 分別將非流動資產及負債重新分 類為流動資產及負債。上述潛在 調整的影響未有於綜合財務報表 中反映。

综合財務報表附註 (續) For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

Summary of Significant Accounting 3 主要會計政策概要(續) 3 **Policies** (Continued)

3.1 Basis of preparation (Continued)

The significant accounting policies applied in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

3.2 Subsidiaries and non-controlling interests

Subsidiaries are entities controlled by the Group. The Group controls an entity when it is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. When assessing whether the Group has power, only substantive rights (held by the Group and other parties) are considered.

Investments in subsidiaries are consolidated into the consolidated financial statements from the date that control commences until the date that control ceases. Intra-group balances, transactions and cash flows and any unrealised profits arising from intragroup transactions are eliminated in full in preparing the consolidated financial statements. Unrealised losses resulting from intra-group transactions are eliminated in the same way as unrealised gains but only to the extent that there is no evidence of impairment.

Non-controlling interests represent the equity in a subsidiary not attributable directly or indirectly to the company, and in respect of which the Group has not agreed any additional terms with the holders of those interests which would result in the Group as a whole having a contractual obligation in respect of those interests that meets the definition of a financial liability. For each business combination, the Group can elect to measure any non-controlling interests either at fair value or at the non-controlling interests' proportionate share of the subsidiary's net identifiable assets.

3.1 編製基準(續)

編製此等綜合財務報表時所採用 的主要會計政策載列如下。除另 有説明外,此等政策已貫徹應用 於所有呈報年度。

3.2 附屬公司及非控股權益

附屬公司乃由本集團控制的實體。 當本集團享有或有權享有其參與 實體所得的可變回報並有能力透 過其對實體的權力影響該等回報 時,則本集團控制該實體。於評估 本集團是否擁有權力時,僅會考 慮實際權利(由本集團及其他人士 持有)。

於附屬公司的投資乃自控制開始 當日綜合列入綜合財務資料,直 至控制結束當日為止。集團內公 司間結餘、交易及現金流量與集 團內公司間交易所產生的任何未 變現溢利於編製綜合財務報表時 悉數對銷。集團內公司間交易所 產生的未變現虧損的抵銷方法與 未變現收益相同,惟僅以無減值 證據者為限。

倘某項附屬公司股權並非直接或 間接歸屬於本公司,而本集團亦 無與有關權益持有人協定任何額 外條款,從而令本集團整體就該 權益負有符合金融負債定義的合 約責任,該項股權即屬非控股權 益。於每次合併業務時,本集團可 於公允值及非控股權益股份於附 屬公司可識別淨資產的佔比之間, 二擇其一用以計量每項非控股權益。

综合財務報表附註 (續) For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

Summary of Significant Accounting 3 主要會計政策概要(續) 3 **Policies** (Continued)

3.2 Subsidiaries and non-controlling interests (Continued)

Non-controlling interests are presented in the consolidated statement of financial position within equity, separately from equity attributable to the owners of the Company. Non-controlling interests in the results of the Group are presented on the face of the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income as an allocation of the total profit or loss and total comprehensive income for the year between non-controlling interests and the owners of the Company. Loans from holders of non-controlling interests and other contractual obligations towards these holders are presented as financial liabilities in the consolidated statement of financial position in accordance with notes 3.18.

Changes in the Group's interests in subsidiaries that do not result in a loss of control are accounted for as equity transactions, whereby adjustments are made to the amounts of controlling and non-controlling interests within consolidated equity to reflect the change in relative interests, but no adjustments are made to goodwill and no gain or loss is recognised.

When the Group loses control of a subsidiary, it is accounted for as a disposal of the entire interest in that subsidiary, with a resulting gain or loss being recognised in profit or loss. Any interest retained in that former subsidiary at the date when control is lost is recognised at fair value and this amount is regarded as the fair value on initial recognition of a financial asset or, when appropriate, the cost on initial recognition of an investment in an associate or joint venture.

In the Company's statement of financial position, investments in subsidiaries are stated at cost less impairment losses (see note 3.10), unless the investment is classified as held for sale (or included in a disposal group that is classified as held for sale).

3.2 附屬公司及非控股權益(續)

非控股權益在綜合財務狀況表內 呈列於權益之下,與本公司擁有 人應佔權益分開呈列。在本集團 業績之中,會將年內損益總額及 其他全面收益總額,在非控股權 益及本公司擁有人之間進行分配, 並將此視為非控股權益,呈列於 综合損益及其他全面收益表之上。 來自非控股權益持有人的貸款, 以及對該等持有人負有的其他合 約責任,會根據附註3.18視作金 融負債,在綜合財務狀況表呈列。

本集團於附屬公司的權益變動(未 導致喪失控制權)入賬列作權益交 易,於綜合權益內對控制及非控 制權益金額作出調整以反映相關 權益變動,但並未對商譽作出調 整及並無確認收益或虧損。

當本集團喪失對附屬公司之控制 權時,會入賬列作出售於該附屬 公司的全部權益,而所產生之收 益或虧損乃於損益內確認。前附 屬公司於喪失控制權當日保留之 任何利益乃按公允值確認,且該 款項於初步確認金融資產時會被 視為公允值,或(倘適用)於初步 確認於聯營公司或合營企業投資 時被視為成本。

於本公司財務狀況表內,於附屬 公司的投資乃按成本減減值虧損 列賬(請參閱附註3.10),除非該 投資被分類列作持作出售(或被列 入分類列作持作出售的出售集團) 則另作別論。

综合財務報表附註 (續)

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

Summary of Significant Accounting 3 主要會計政策概要(續) 3 Policies (Continued)

3.3 Business combinations

Acquisitions of businesses are accounted for using the acquisition method. The consideration transferred in a business combination is measured at fair value, which is calculated as the sum of the acquisition-date fair values of the assets transferred by the Group, liabilities incurred by the Group to the former owners of the acquiree and the equity interests issued by the Group in exchange for control of the acquiree. Acquisition related costs are generally recognised in profit or loss as incurred.

At the acquisition date, the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed are recognised at their fair value, except that:

- deferred tax assets or liabilities, and assets or liabilities related to employee benefit arrangements are recognised and measured in accordance with HKAS 12 Income Taxes and HKAS 19 Employee Benefits respectively;
- liabilities or equity instruments related to sharebased payment arrangements of the acquiree or share based payment arrangements of the Group entered into to replace share-based payment arrangements of the acquiree are measured in accordance with HKFRS 2 Sharebased Payment at the acquisition date (see the accounting policy below);
- assets (or disposal groups) that are classified as held for sale in accordance with HKFRS 5 Noncurrent Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations are measured in accordance with that standard; and

3.3 業務合併

收購業務以收購法入賬。業務合 併所轉讓代價以公允值計量,而 公允值按本集團所轉讓資產、本 集團對被收購方前擁有人所產生 負債以及本集團就交換被收購方 控制權所發行股本權益於收購日 期之公允值總和計算。收購相關 成本一般於產生時於損益內確認。

於收購日期,所購入可識別資產 及所承擔負債按其公允值確認, 但以下各項除外:

- 遞延税項資產或負債及有關 僱員福利安排之資產或負債 分別根據香港會計準則第12 號所得税及香港會計準則第 19號僱員福利確認及計量;
- 與被收購方以股份為基礎支 • 付安排或為替代被收購方以 股份為基礎支付安排而訂立 之本集團以股份為基礎支付 安排有關之負債或股本工具, 於收購日期根據香港財務報 告準則第2號以股份為基礎之 支付計量(見下文會計政策);
- 根據香港財務報告準則第5號 持作出售非流動資產及已終 止經營業務分類為持作出售 之資產(或出售組合)按該準 則計量;及

综合財務報表附註(續)
For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

3 Summary of Significant Accounting 3 主要會 Policies (Continued)

3.3 Business combinations (Continued)

lease liabilities are recognised and measured at the present value of the remaining lease payments (as defined in HKFRS 16) as if the acquired leases were new leases at the acquisition date except for leases for which (a) the lease term ends within 12 months of the acquisition date; or (b) the underlying asset is of low-value. Right-of-use assets are recognised and measured at the same amount as the relevant lease liabilities, adjusted to reflect favourable or unfavourable terms of the lease when compared with market terms.

Goodwill is measured as the excess of the sum of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interests in the acquiree, and the fair value of the acquirer's previously held equity interest in the acquiree (if any) over the net amount of the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed as at acquisition date. If, after re-assessment, the net amount of the identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed exceeds the sum of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interests in the acquiree and the fair value of the acquirer's previously held interest in the acquiree (if any), the excess is recognised immediately in profit or loss as a bargain purchase gain.

When the consideration transferred by the Group in a business combination includes a contingent consideration arrangement, the contingent consideration is measured at its acquisition-date fair value and included as part of the consideration transferred in a business combination. Changes in the fair value of the contingent consideration that qualify as measurement period adjustments are adjusted retrospectively.

主要會計政策概要(續)

3.3 業務合併(續)

租賃負債按剩餘租賃付款(定 義見香港財務報告準則第16 號)之現值確認及計量,猶如 收購之租賃於收購日期為新 租賃,惟(a)租期於收購日期為 12個月內結束;或(b)相關資 產為低價值的租賃除外。使 用權資產按與相關租賃負債 相同之金額確認及計量,並 進行調整以反映與市場條件 相比租賃之有利或不利條款。

商譽按所轉讓代價、於被收購方 任何非控股權益之金額及收購方 過往所持被收購方股本權益(如有) 公允值總和超出所收購可識別資產及所承擔負債於收購日期之 資產計量。倘於重新評估後,所收購 可識別轉讓估人價、於被收購方 個非控股權 益之金額及收購方過 值之總和,差額即時於損益確認 為按折價收購收益。

當本集團於一項業務合併轉移之 代價包括或然代價安排,則或然 代價乃按其收購日期之公允值計 量,並計入作為於一項業務合併 轉移之代價一部分。合資格作計 量期間調整之或然代價之公允值 變動乃追溯調整。

综合財務報表附註 (續) For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

Summary of Significant Accounting 3 主要會計政策概要(續) 3 **Policies** (Continued)

3.3 Business combinations (Continued)

Measurement period adjustments are adjustments that arise from additional information obtained during the "measurement period" (which cannot exceed one year from the acquisition date) about facts and circumstances that existed at the acquisition date.

If the initial accounting for a business combination is incomplete by the end of the reporting period in which the combination occurs, the Group reports provisional amounts for the items for which the accounting is incomplete. Those provisional amounts are adjusted retrospectively during the measurement period (see above), and additional assets or liabilities are recognised, to reflect new information obtained about facts and circumstances that existed at the acquisition date that, if known, would have affected the amounts recognised at that date.

3.4 Goodwill

Goodwill arising on an acquisition of a business is carried at cost as established at the date of acquisition of the business (see the accounting policy above) less accumulated impairment losses, if any.

Determining whether goodwill is impaired requires an estimation of the value in use of the CGUs to which goodwill has been allocated. The value-in-use calculation requires the Directors to estimate the future cash flows expected to arise from the CGU and a suitable discount rate in order to calculate the present value.

3.3 業務合併(續)

計量期間調整為於「計量期間」(不 得超過收購日期起計一年)因獲得 於收購日期已存在事實及情況之 額外資料而作出之調整。

倘業務合併之初步會計處理於合 併發生之報告期末仍未完成,則 本集團會就仍未完成會計處理之 項目呈報暫定金額。該等暫定金 額於計量期間(見上文)內作出追 溯調整, 並確認額外資產或負債, 以反映獲得有關於收購日期已存 在事實及情況之新資料,而倘知 悉該等資料,將會影響於當日確 認之金額。

3.4 商譽

收購業務所產生的商譽乃按於收 購業務日期成立之成本(見上文會 計政策)減累計減值虧損(如有)列 賬。

釐定商譽是否減值時須估計已獲 分配商譽之現金產生單位之使用 價值。計量使用價值時,董事須估 計現金產生單位預期所產生之未 來現金流量以及適當貼現率,以 計量現值。

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Summary of Significant Accounting 3 主要會計政策概要(續) 3 **Policies** (Continued)

3.4 Goodwill (Continued)

A cash-generating unit (or group of cash-generating units) to which goodwill has been allocated is tested for impairment annually or more frequently when there is indication that the unit may be impaired. For goodwill arising on an acquisition in a reporting period, the cash-generating unit (or group of cashgenerating units) to which goodwill has been allocated is tested for impairment before the end of that reporting period. If the recoverable amount is less than its carrying amount, the impairment loss is allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill and then to the other assets on a pro-rata basis based on the carrying amount of each asset in the unit (or group of cash-generating units).

On disposal of the relevant cash-generating unit or any of the cash-generating unit within the group of cash generating units, the attributable amount of goodwill is included in the determination of the amount of profit or loss on disposal. When the Group disposes of an operation within the cashgenerating unit (or a cash generating unit within a group of cash-generating units), the amount of goodwill disposed of is measured on the basis of the relative values of the operation (or the cashgenerating unit) disposed of and the portion of the cash-generating unit (or the group of cashgenerating units) retained.

3.5 Intangible assets (other than goodwill)

Intangible assets acquired in a business combination

Intangible assets acquired in a business combination are recognised separately from goodwill and are initially recognised at their fair value at the acquisition date (which is regarded as their cost).

3.4 商譽(續)

獲分配商譽的現金產生單位(或現 金產生單位組別)會每年或於單位 出現減值跡象時更頻繁地進行減 值測試。就於報告期間進行收購 產生之商譽而言,獲分配商譽之 現金產生單位(或現金產生單位組 別)會於報告期末前進行減值測試。 倘可收回金額少於其賬面值,則 減值虧損會首先分配以削減任何 商譽的賬面值,並於其後按單位(或 現金產生單位組別)內各資產的賬 面值按比例分配至其他資產。

於出售相關現金產生單位或現金 產生單位組別內的任何現金產生 單位時,會於釐定出售溢利或虧 損金額時計及商譽的應佔金額。 當本集團出售現金產生單位(或現 金產生單位組別內的一個現金產 生單位)內的業務時,所出售商譽 金額按所出售業務(或現金產生單 位)與所保留現金產生單位(或現 金產生單位組別)部分的相對價值 計量。

3.5 無形資產(商譽除外) 業務合併所收購之無形資產

業務合併所收購之無形資產乃與 商譽分開確認並初步按收購日期 之公允值(被視為其成本)確認。

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Summary of Significant Accounting 3 主要會計政策概要(續) 3 **Policies** (Continued)

3.5 Intangible assets (other than goodwill) (Continued)

Intangible assets acquired in a business combination (Continued)

Subsequent to initial recognition, intangible assets acquired in a business combination with finite useful lives are recognised at costs less accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses, on the same basis as intangible assets that are acquired separately. Intangible assets acquired in a business combination with indefinite useful lives are carried at cost less any subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

Amortisation of intangible assets with finite useful lives is charged to profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the assets' estimated useful lives. The following intangible assets with finite useful lives are amortised from the date they are available for use and their estimated useful lives are as follows:

- Trademarks 8 years
- Cooperation contracts 8 years

Both the period and method of amortisation are reviewed annually.

An intangible asset is derecognised on disposal, or when no future economic benefits are expected from use or disposal. Gains and losses arising from derecognition of an intangible asset, measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset, are recognised in profit or loss when the asset is derecognised.

3.5 無形資產(商譽除外)(續)

業務合併所收購之無形資產 (續)

於初步確認後,於業務合併所收 購之有限定可使用年期之無形資 產按成本減累計攤銷及任何累計 減值虧損確認,基準與單獨收購 之無形資產相同。於業務合併所 收購無限定可使用年期之無形資 產按成本減任何其後累計減值虧 損列賬。

有限使用年期的無形資產的攤銷 是在資產的估計使用年期內以直 線方式計入損益。以下具有有限 使用年期的無形資產從其可使用 之日起進行攤銷,其估計使用年 期如下:

- 商標 8年
- 合作合約 8年

攤銷期限及方法均會每年審閱。

無形資產於出售或預期使用或出 售不會帶來未來經濟利益時終止 確認。終止確認無形資產產生之 收益及虧損按出售所得款項淨額 與資產賬面值之差額計算,並於 終止確認資產時在損益內確認。

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Summary of Significant Accounting 3 主要會計政策概要(續) 3 **Policies** (Continued)

3.6 Segment reporting

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision-maker (the "CODM"). The CODM, who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments, has been identified as the Chief Executive Officer ("CEO") of the Group who makes strategic decisions.

3.7 Foreign currency transactions

- (a) Functional and presentation currency
 - Items included in the consolidated financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the "functional currency"). The consolidated financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars ("HK\$"), which is also the Company's functional and presentation currency.

(b) Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions or valuation where items are re-measured. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at year-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income. Foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income within 'other gains and losses'.

3.6 分部呈報

經營分部的呈報方式與向主要營 運決策人(「主要營運決策人」)提 供的內部呈報一致。主要營運決 策人負責分配資源及評估經營分 部的表現,並已被識別為本集團 進行策略性決策的行政總裁(「行 政總裁])。

3.7 外幣交易

- (a) 功能及呈列貨幣
 - 本集團各實體的綜合財務報 表所包括的項目,乃按有關 實體經營所在主要經濟環境 的貨幣(「功能貨幣」)計量。 综合財務報表以本公司的功 能貨幣及呈列貨幣港元(「港 元])呈列。
- (b) 交易及結餘 外幣交易乃按交易日或項目 重新計量估值日期的通行匯 率換算為功能貨幣。該等交 易結算以及以外幣計值的貨 幣資產及負債按年末匯率換 算產生的匯兑損益,於綜合 損益及其他全面收益表確認。 匯兑損益於綜合損益及其他 全面收益表的 其他收益及虧 損|呈列。

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Summary of Significant Accounting 3 主要會計政策概要(續) 3 **Policies** (Continued)

3.7 Foreign currency transactions (Continued)

(c) Group companies

The results and financial position of all the Group entities (none of which has the currency of a hyperinflationary economy) that have a functional currency different from the presentation currency are translated into the presentation currency as follows:

- assets and liabilities for each statement (i) of financial position presented are translated at the closing rate at the date of this consolidated statement of financial position;
- income and expenses for each profit and (ii) loss account are translated at average exchange rates (unless this average is not a reasonable approximation of the cumulative effect of the rates prevailing on the transaction dates, in which case income and expenses are translated at the dates of the transactions); and
- (iii) all resulting exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income.

Goodwill and fair value adjustments arising on the acquisition of a foreign entity are treated as assets and liabilities of the foreign entity and translated at the closing rate. Currency translation differences arising are recognised in other comprehensive income.

3.7 外幣交易(續)

(c) 集團公司 本集團所有實體如持有與呈

報貨幣不同的功能貨幣(其中 並無任何實體持有通脹嚴重 的經濟體系的貨幣),其業績 和財務狀況均按以下方法兑 換為呈報貨幣:

- 每項財務狀況表的資產 (i) 及負債均按照本綜合財 務狀況表當日收市時的 匯率折算為呈報貨幣;
- 每項損益表的收入和支 (ii) 出均按照平均匯率折算 為呈報貨幣(惟倘此平均 匯率未能合理地反映各 交易日之匯率所帶來的 概約累積影響,則收支 項目按照交易日期之匯 率折算);及
- (iii) 所有由此產生之匯兑差 額於其他全面收入內確認。

因收購海外實體而產生之商 譽及公允值 調整,均視作該 海外實體之資產及負債處理, 並以收市時的匯率折算。產 生的貨幣換算差額於其他全 面收入確認。

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Summary of Significant Accounting 3 主要會計政策概要(續) 3 **Policies** (Continued)

3.7 Foreign currency transactions (Continued)

(c) Group companies (Continued)

On the disposal of a foreign operation (that is, a disposal of the Group's entire interest in a foreign operation, or a disposal involving loss of control over a subsidiary that includes a foreign operation, a disposal involving loss of joint control over a jointly controlled entity that includes a foreign operation, or a disposal involving loss of significant influence over an associate that includes a foreign operation), all of the exchange differences accumulated in equity in respect of that operation attributable to the equity holders of the Company are reclassified to profit or loss.

In the case of a partial disposal that does not result in the Group losing control over a subsidiary that includes a foreign operation, the proportionate share of accumulated exchange differences are re-attributed to non-controlling interests and are not recognised in profit or loss. For all other partial disposals (that is, reductions in the Group's ownership interest in associates or jointly controlled entities that do not result in the Group losing significant influence or joint control) the proportionate share of the accumulated exchange differences is reclassified to profit or loss.

3.8 Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment other than crockery, utensils and linen are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items. Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income during the financial period in which they are incurred.

3.7 外幣交易(續)

(c) 集團公司(續)

對於出售海外業務(即出售本 集團於海外業務中的全部權 益,或者出售涉及喪失對擁 有海外業務的附屬公司的控 制權,或涉及喪失對擁有海 外業務的共同控制實體的共 同控制權,或涉及喪失對擁 有海外業務的聯營公司的重 大影響力),就該項業務累計 計入權益而歸屬於本公司權 益持有人的所有匯兑差額均 重新分類至損益。

對於並不導致本集團喪失對 擁有海外業務的附屬公司的 控制權的部分出售,累計匯 兑差額中的比例份額重新歸 屬於非控股權益而不在損益 中確認。對於所有其他部分 出售(即本集團在聯營公司或 共同控制實體中的所有權權 益的減少並不導致本集團喪 失重大影響或共同控制權), 累計匯兑差額中的比例份額 重新分類至損益。

3.8 物業、廠房及設備

物業、廠房及設備(除器具、餐具 及布單外)乃按過往成本減累計折 舊列賬。過往成本包括購買該等 項目直接產生的開支。倘個別項 目的相關未來經濟利益可能流入 本集團,而項目成本可準確計量, 該項目之其後成本方會計入資產 賬面值,或在適當情況下認列為 獨立資產。更換部分之賬面金額 不會被確認。所有其他維修及保 養費用自其產生的財政期間的綜 合損益及其他全面收益表扣除。

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Summary of Significant Accounting 3 主要會計政策概要(續) 3 **Policies** (Continued)

3.8 Property, plant and equipment (Continued)

Depreciation on property, plant and equipment is calculated using the straight-line method to allocate their cost to their residual values, if any, over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Leasehold	Shorter of 5 to 8 years and
improvements	the unexpired lease term
Furniture, fixtures and	3 to 5 years
equipment	
Motor vehicles	4 to 5 years

The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period.

Initial expenditure incurred for crockery, utensils and linens is capitalised and no depreciation is provided thereon. The cost of subsequent replacement for these items is recognised in profit or loss when incurred.

Construction in progress represents property, plant and equipment under construction or pending installation and is stated at cost less impairment losses, if any. No provision for depreciation is made on assets under construction in progress until such time as the relevant assets are completed and available for their intended use. On completion, the relevant assets is reclassified to the appropriate categories of property, plant and equipment when completed and ready for use.

An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount (see note 15).

3.8 物業、廠房及設備(續)

物業、廠房及設備折舊乃按下列 方式以估計可使用年期將其成本 按直線法分攤至其殘值(如有)計 算:

租賃裝修	5至8年或未到期	
	租賃期限之較	
	短者	
家具、裝置及	3至5年	
設備		
汽車	4至5年	

資產的殘值及可使用年期在各報 告期末檢討,並在適當時調整。

器具、餐具及布單的初始開支予 以資本化而不計提折舊。該等項 目的其後更換成本於產生時在損 益確認。

在建工程指興建中或未安裝的物 業、廠房及設備,並按成本減減值 虧損(如有)列賬。在建工程之資 產截至相關資產建設完成且可作 擬定用途前不會計提折舊。就完 工而,有關資產於竣工時重新分 類至適當的物業、廠房及設備類 別及可供使用。

倘資產賬面值高於估計可收回令 額,則資產賬面值即時撇減至其 可收回金額(請參閱附註15)。

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3.8 Property, plant and equipment (Continued)

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised within 'other gains and losses' in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

3.9 Right-of-use assets

Right-of-use assets arising from leases over leasehold properties where the Group is not the registered owner of the property interest are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses (note 3.10).

Gains or losses arising from the retirement or disposal of an item of right-of-use assets are determined as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the item and are recognised in profit or loss on the date of retirement or disposal.

Depreciation is calculated to write off the cost of right-of-use assets, less their estimated residual value, if any, using the straight line method as follows:

- The Group's interests in buildings situated on leasehold land are depreciated over the shorter of the unexpired term of lease and the buildings' estimated useful lives, being no more than 50 years after the date of completion.
- Items of plant and equipment arising from leases of underlying plant and equipment are depreciated over the shorter of the unexpired term of the leases and their estimated useful lives.

Where parts of an item of right-of-use assets have different useful lives, the cost of the item is allocated on a reasonable basis between the parts and each part is depreciated separately. Both the useful life of an asset and its residual value, if any, are reviewed annually.

3.8 物業、廠房及設備(續)

出售收益及虧損乃以比較所得款 項及賬面值釐定,並於綜合損益 及其他全面收益表的「其他收益及 虧損|內確認。

3.9 使用權資產

因租賃物業的租賃而產生且本集 團並非物業權益的註冊擁有人的 使用權資產按成本減累計折舊及 減值虧損(附註3.10)列賬。

報廢或出售使用權資產項目所產 生的損益以該項目的出售所得款 項淨額與其賬面值之間的差額釐 定,並於報廢或出售當日在損益 內予以確認。

使用權資產折舊在扣除其估計剩 餘價值(如有)後,以直線法撇銷 其成本計算如下:

- 本集團於租賃土地上樓宇的 權益在未屆滿租期及樓宇估 計可使用年期(即於完成日期 後50年內)(以較短者為準)折 舊。
- 一 因租賃相關廠房及設備而產 生的廠房及設備項目在未屆 滿租期及其估計可使用年期 (以較短者為準)折舊。

倘某項使用權資產的各部分具有 不同可使用年期,則該項目的成 本按合理基準在各部分之間進行 分配,且各部分單獨計算折舊。資 產的可使用年期及其剩餘價值(如 有)每年均會進行檢討。

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Summary of Significant Accounting 3 主要會計政策概要(續) 3 **Policies** (Continued)

3.10 Impairment of non-financial assets

Goodwill and intangible assets that have an indefinite useful life are not subject to amortisation and are tested annually for impairment.

Other assets are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs of disposal and value-in-use. For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash flows (cash generating units). Non-financial assets other than goodwill that suffered an impairment are reviewed for possible reversal of the impairment at the end of each reporting period.

3.11 Financial assets

(a) Classification and measurement of financial assets

All recognised financial assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost or fair value.

Debt instruments that meet the following conditions are subsequently measured at amortised cost:

- the financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows; and
- the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

3.10 非金融資產減值

擁有不確定可使用年期的商譽及 無形資產毋須攤銷,惟須每年進 行減值測試。

其他資產乃於發生事件或情況變 動顯示其賬面值可能無法收回時 進行減值檢討。減值虧損按資產 賬面值超出其可收回金額的金額 確認入賬。可收回金額指資產公 允值減出售成本或使用價值的較 高者。就評估減值而言,資產按獨 立可識別現金流量(現金產生單位) 的最低水平歸類。已減值的非金 融資產(商譽除外)於各報告期末 檢討是否可能撥回減值。

3.11 金融資產

(a) 金融資產之分類及計量

所有已確認金融資產其後按 攤銷成本或公允值計量。

符合下列條件的債務工具其 後按攤銷成本計量:

- 以收取合約現金流量為 • 目標而持有金融資產的 業務模式下所持有的金 融資產;及
- 金融資產的合約條款於 指定日期產生的現金流 量僅為支付本金及未償 還的本金利息。

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Summary of Significant Accounting 3 主要會計政策概要(續) 3 **Policies** (Continued)

3.11 Financial assets (Continued)

(a) Classification and measurement of financial assets (Continued)

Financial assets that meet the following conditions are subsequently measured at fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVTOCI"):

- the financial asset is held within a business. model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling; and
- the contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

The Group's rental deposits, deposits placed for life insurance policies, trade receivables, deposits and other receivables, loan receivable, amount due from a non-controlling shareholder, amounts due from related companies, pledged bank deposits and cash and cash equivalents are subsequently measured at amortised cost.

Contingent consideration receivable is subsequently measured at fair value through profit or loss.

3.11 金融資產(續)

(a) 金融資產之分類及計量 (續)

> 符合下列條件的金融資產其 後按公允值計入其他全面收 入(「按公允值計入其他全面 收入1)計量:

- 以收取合約現金流量及 出售達致目標的業務模 式下所持有的金融資產; 及
- 合約條款於指定日期產 生的現金流量僅為支付 本金及未償還的本金利息。

本集團的租金按金、壽險保 單、貿易應收款項、按金及其 他應收款項、應收貸款、應收 非控股股東款項、應收關聯 公司款項、已抵押銀行存款 以及現金及現金等價物隨後 按攤銷成本計量。

應收或然代價其後按公允值 計入損益計量。

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Summary of Significant Accounting 3 主要會計政策概要(續) 3 **Policies** (Continued)

3.11 Financial assets (Continued)

(b) Amortised cost and interest income

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a debt instrument and of allocating interest income over the relevant period.

The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts (including all fees and points paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) excluding expected credit loss ("ECL"), through the expected life of the debt instrument, or, where appropriate, a shorter period, to the gross carrying amount of the debt instrument on initial recognition. The amortised cost of a financial asset is the amount at which the financial asset is measured at initial recognition minus the principal repayments, plus the cumulative amortisation using the effective interest method of any difference between that initial amount and the maturity amount, adjusted for any loss allowance.

On the other hand, the gross carrying amount of a financial asset is the amortised cost of a financial asset before adjusting for any loss allowance.

Interest income is recognised using the effective interest method for debt instruments measured subsequently at amortised cost. Interest income is calculated by applying the effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount of a financial asset, except for financial assets that have subsequently become creditimpaired.

3.11 金融資產(續)

(b) 攤銷成本及利息收入 實際利率法乃計算債務工具 攤銷成本及於有關期間分配 利息收入的方法。

> 實際利率指確切地在債務工 具的預計年期內或(如適用) 較短時期內,將估計未來現 金收入(包括所有屬於實際利 率一部份的已付或已收費用 及利率差價、交易成本及其 他溢價或折讓,不包括預期 信貸虧損(「預期信貸虧損」)) 折現至初步確認時債務工具 總賬面值的利率。金融資產 的攤銷成本指金融資產於初 步確認時計量的金額減去本 金還款,加上使用實際利率 法計算的初始金額與到期金 額之間任何差額的累計攤銷 (就任何虧損撥備作出調整)。

> 另一方面,金融資產的總賬 面值指金融資產就任何虧損 撥備作出調整前的攤銷成本。

> 對於隨後以攤銷成本計量的 **債務工具**,利息收入乃使用 實際利率法確認。利息收入 乃根據對金融資產的總賬面 值應用實際利率計算,惟隨 後出現信貸減值的金融資產 除外。

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Summary of Significant Accounting 3 主要會計政策概要(續) 3 **Policies** (Continued)

3.12 Offsetting financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the consolidated statement of financial position when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. The legally enforceable right must not be contingent on future events and must be enforceable in the normal course of business and in the event of default, insolvency or bankruptcy of the Company or the counterparty.

3.13 Credit losses and impairment of financial assets carried at amortised cost

The Group recognises a loss allowance for expected credit losses ("ECLs") on the following items:

financial assets measured at amortised cost (including rental deposits, deposits placed for life insurance policies, trade receivables, deposits and other receivables, loan receivable, amount due from a non-controlling shareholder, amounts due from related companies, cash and cash equivalents and pledged bank deposits).

Measurement of ECLs

ECLs are a probability-weighted estimate of credit losses. Credit losses are measured as the present value of all expected cash shortfalls (i.e. the difference between the cash flows due to the Group in accordance with the contract and the cash flows that the Group expects to receive).

For undrawn loan commitments, expected cash shortfalls are measured as the difference between (i) the contractual cash flows that would be due to the Group if the holder of the loan commitment draws down on the loan and (ii) the cash flows that the Group expects to receive if the loan is drawn down.

3.12 抵銷金融工具

倘有法律上可強制執行的權利抵 銷已確認金額以及有意按淨基準 進行結算,或同步變現資產及結 算負債,則將金融資產及負債抵銷, 並在綜合財務狀況表呈報淨金額。 法定可強制執行權利不得依賴未 來事件而定,且在一般業務過程 中以及在本公司或對手方出現違 約、無償債能力或破產時須可強 制執行。

3.13 按攤銷成本列賬的信貸虧損 及金融資產減值

本集團就下列項目確認預期信貸 虧損(「預期信貸虧損」)的虧損撥 備:

按攤銷成本計量的金融資產 (包括租賃按金、投購壽險保 單保費、貿易應收款項、按金 及其他應收款項、應收貸款、 應收一名非控股股東款項、 應收關聯公司款項、現金及 現金等價物以及已抵押銀行 存款)。

計量預期信貸虧損

預期信貸虧損乃信貸虧損的概率 加權估算。信貸虧損以所有預期 現金差額(即根據合約應付本集團 的現金流量與本集團預期將收取 的現金流量之間的差額)的現值計 量。

就未提取之貸款承擔而言,預期 現金差額乃按(i)在貸款承擔持有人 提取貸款的情況下應付本集團的 合約現金流與(ii)在貸款被提取的 情況下本集團預期將收取的現金 流量之間的差額計量。

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Summary of Significant Accounting 3 主要會計政策概要(續) 3 Policies (Continued)

3.13 Credit losses and impairment of financial assets carried at amortised cost (Continued)

Measurement of ECLs (Continued)

The expected cash shortfalls are discounted using the following discount rates where the effect of discounting is material:

- fixed-rate financial assets, trade and other receivables and contract assets: effective interest rate determined at initial recognition or an approximation thereof;
- variable-rate financial assets: current effective interest rate:
- lease receivables: discount rate used in the measurement of the lease receivable;
- loan commitments: current risk-free rate adjusted for risks specific to the cash flows.

The maximum period considered when estimating ECLs is the maximum contractual period over which the Group is exposed to credit risk.

In measuring ECLs, the Group takes into account reasonable and supportable information that is available without undue cost or effort. This includes information about past events, current conditions and forecasts of future economic conditions.

3.13 按攤銷成本列賬的信貸虧損 及金融資產減值(續)

計量預期信貸虧損(續) 倘貼現影響重大,則預期現金差 額乃採用以下貼現率貼現:

- 定息金融資產、貿易及其他 應收款項以及合約資產:於 初始確認時釐定的實際利率 或其近似值;
- 浮息金融資產:即期實際利率;
- 應收租賃款項:計量應收租 賃款項時使用的貼現率;
- 貸款承擔:就現金流特定風 險調整的即期無風險利率。

估計預期信貸虧損時考慮的最長 期間為本集團承受信貸風險的最 長合約期間。

於計量預期信貸虧損時,本集團 會考慮在無需付出過多成本或努 力下即可獲得的合理而具理據支 持的資料,包括有關過往事件、現 時狀況及未來經濟狀況預測的資料。

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Summary of Significant Accounting 3 主要會計政策概要(續) 3 Policies (Continued)

3.13 Credit losses and impairment of financial assets carried at amortised cost (Continued)

Measurement of ECLs (Continued) ECLs are measured on either of the following bases:

- 12-month ECLs: these are losses that are expected to result from possible default events within the 12 months after the reporting date; and
- lifetime ECLs: these are losses that are expected to result from all possible default events over the expected lives of the items to which the ECL model applies.

Loss allowances for trade receivables, lease receivables and contract assets are always measured at an amount equal to lifetime ECLs. ECLs on these financial assets are estimated using a provision matrix based on the Group's historical credit loss experience, adjusted for factors that are specific to the debtors and an assessment of both the current and forecast general economic conditions at the reporting date.

For all other financial instruments (including loan commitments issued), the Group recognises a loss allowance equal to 12-month ECLs unless there has been a significant increase in credit risk of the financial instrument since initial recognition, in which case the loss allowance is measured at an amount equal to lifetime ECLs.

3.13 按攤銷成本列賬的信貸虧損 及金融資產減值(續) 計量預期信貸虧損(續)

預期信貸虧損乃按以下基準計量:

- 12個月預期信貸虧損:指預 期因報告日期後12個月內可 能發生的違約事件而導致的 虧損;及
- 一 存續期預期信貸虧損:指在 應用預期信貸虧損模型的項 目的預期年期內因所有可能 違約的事件而導致的虧損。

貿易應收款項、租賃應收款項及 合約資產的虧損撥備一般按等同 於整個有效期的預期信貸虧損的 金額計量。於報告日期,該等金融 資產的預期信貸虧損乃根據本集 團的歷史信貸虧損經驗使用提列 矩陣進行評估,根據債務人的特 定因素及對當前及預計一般經濟 狀況的評估進行調整。

就所有其他金融工具(包括已發放 的貸款承擔)而言,本集團會以相 等於12個月的預期信貸虧損確認 虧損撥備,除非自初步確認後該 金融工具的信貸風險顯著增加, 在此情況下,虧損撥備會以相等 於存續期預期信貸虧損的金額計量。

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Summary of Significant Accounting 3 主要會計政策概要(續) 3 Policies (Continued)

3.13 Credit losses and impairment of financial assets carried at amortised cost (Continued)

Significant increases in credit risk

In assessing whether the credit risk of a financial instrument has increased significantly since initial recognition, the Group compares the risk of default occurring on the financial instrument assessed at the reporting date with that assessed at the date of initial recognition. In making this reassessment, the Group considers that a default event occurs when (i) the borrower is unlikely to pay its credit obligations to the Group in full, without recourse by the Group to actions such as realising security (if any is held); or (ii) the financial asset is 90 days past due. The Group considers both quantitative and qualitative information that is reasonable and supportable, including historical experience and forward-looking information that is available without undue cost or effort.

In particular, the following information is taken into account when assessing whether credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition:

- failure to make payments of principal or interest on their contractually due dates;
- an actual or expected significant deterioration in a financial instrument's external or internal credit rating (if available);
- an actual or expected significant deterioration in the operating results of the debtor; and
- existing or forecast changes in the technological, market, economic or legal environment that have a significant adverse effect on the debtor's ability to meet its obligation to the Group.

3.13 按攤銷成本列賬的信貸虧損 及金融資產減值(續)

信貸風險大幅增加

評估金融工具的信貸風險自初步 確認以來有否大幅上升時,本集 團會比較於報告日期及於初步確 認日期評估的金融工具發生違約 的風險。於作出重新評估時,本集 團認為,倘(i)借款人不大可能在集 團無追索權採取變現抵押(如持有) 等行動的情況下向悉數支付其信 貸債務;或(ii)金融資產已逾期90 日,則構成違約事件。本集團會考 慮合理可靠的定量及定性資料, 包括過往經驗及在無需付出不必 要成本或努力下即可獲得的前瞻 性資料。

尤其是,於評估信貸風險自初步 確認以來有否大幅增加時,會考 慮下列資料:

- 未能按合約到期日期支付本 金或利息;
- 金融工具的外部或內部信貸 評級(如有)的實際或預期顯 著惡化;
- 債務人經營業績的實際或預 期重大惡化;及
- 科技、市場、經濟或法律環境 的目前或預期變動對債務人 履行其對本集團責任的能力 有重大不利影響。

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3 Summary of Significant Accounting 3 Policies (Continued)

3.13 Credit losses and impairment of financial assets carried at amortised cost (Continued)

Significant increases in credit risk (Continued)

For loan commitments, the date of initial recognition for the purpose of assessing ECLs is considered to be the date that the Group becomes a party to the irrevocable commitment. In assessing whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition of a loan commitment, the Group considers changes in the risk of default occurring on the loan to which the loan commitment relates.

Depending on the nature of the financial instruments, the assessment of a significant increase in credit risk is performed on either an individual basis or a collective basis. When the assessment is performed on a collective basis, the financial instruments are grouped based on shared credit risk characteristics, such as past due status and credit risk ratings.

ECLs are remeasured at each reporting date to reflect changes in the financial instrument's credit risk since initial recognition. Any change in the ECL amount is recognised as an impairment gain or loss in profit or loss. The Group recognises an impairment gain or loss for all financial instruments with a corresponding adjustment to their carrying amount through a loss allowance account, except for investments in debt securities that are measured at FVTOCI (recycling), for which the loss allowance is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the fair value reserve (recycling).

3 主要會計政策概要(續)

3.13 按攤銷成本列賬的信貸虧損 及金融資產減值(續)

信貸風險大幅增加(續)

就貸款承擔而言,評估預期信貸 虧損的初步確認日期被視為本集 團成為不可撤銷承擔訂約方的日 期。於評估貸款承擔初步確認起 信貸風險是否大幅增加時,本集 團會考慮與貸款承擔相關的貸款 發生的拖欠風險變動。

視乎金融工具的性質,信貸風險 大幅增加的評估乃按個別基準或 共同基準進行。倘評估為按共同 基準進行,金融工具則按共同的 信貸風險特徵(如逾期狀況及信貸 風險評級)進行分組。

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Summary of Significant Accounting 3 主要會計政策概要(續) 3 Policies (Continued)

3.13 Credit losses and impairment of financial assets carried at amortised cost (Continued)

Write-off policy

The gross carrying amount of a financial asset, lease receivable or contract asset is written off (either partially or in full) to the extent that there is no realistic prospect of recovery. This is generally the case when the Group determines that the debtor does not have assets or sources of income that could generate sufficient cash flows to repay the amounts subject to the write-off.

Subsequent recoveries of an asset that was previously written off are recognised as a reversal of impairment in profit or loss in the period in which the recovery occurs.

3.14 Contract assets and Contract liabilities

A contract asset is recognised when the Group recognises revenue (see note 3.26) before being unconditionally entitled to the consideration under the payment terms set out in the contract. Contract assets are assessed for expected credit losses ("ECLs") in accordance with the policy set out in note 3.13 and are reclassified to receivables when the right to the consideration has become unconditional (see note 3.15).

A contract liability is recognised when the customer pays consideration before the Group recognises the related revenue (see note 3.26). A contract liability would also be recognised if the Group has an unconditional right to receive consideration before the Group recognises the related revenue. In such cases, a corresponding receivable would also be recognised.

When the contract includes a significant financing component, the contract balance includes interest accrued under the effective interest method (see note 3.26).

3.13 按攤銷成本列賬的信貸虧損 及金融資產減值(續)

撇銷政策

倘日後實際上不可收回款項,則 本集團會撇銷(部分或全部)金融 資產、租賃應收款項或合約資產 的總賬面值。該情況通常出現在 本集團確定債務人並無資產或可 產生足夠現金流量的收入來源以 償還應撇銷的金額。

隨後收回先前撇銷的資產於收回 期間在損益內確認為減值撥回。

3.14 合約資產及合約負債

合約資產乃於本集團在無條件有 權根據合約所載的付款條款收取 代價之前確認收益(請參閱附註 3.26) 時確。合約資產乃根據附註 3.13所載政策就預期信貸虧損(「預 期信貸虧損1)作出評估,並於代 價權利成為無條件時重新分類至 應收款項(請參閱附註3.15)。

合約負債於客戶在本集團確認相 關收益前支付代價時確認(請參閱 附註3.26)。倘本集團於本集團確 認相關收益前擁有無條件接納代 價的權利,則會確認合約負債。在 此情況下,亦將確認相應的應收 賬款。

倘合約包含重大融資部分時,合 約餘額包括按實際利率法產生的 利息(請參閱附註3.26)。

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3 Summary of Significant Accounting 3 ₹

Policies (Continued)

Summary of Significant Accounting 3 主要會計政策概要(續)

3.15 Trade and other receivables

A receivable is recognised when the Group has an unconditional right to receive consideration. A right to receive consideration is unconditional if only the passage of time is required before payment of that consideration is due. If revenue has been recognised before the Group has an unconditional right to receive consideration, the amount is presented as a contract asset.

Receivables are stated at amortised cost using the effective interest method less allowance for credit losses. See note 3.11 for further information about the Group's accounting for trade and other receivables and note 3.13 for a description of the Group's impairment policies.

3.16 Cash and cash equivalents

In the consolidated statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents includes cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks and other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less. Cash and cash equivalents are assessed for expected credit losses ("ECLs") in accordance with the policy set out in note 3.13.

3.17 Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

3.15 貿易及其他應收款項

項當本集團具有無條件收取代價 的權利時,會確認應收款項。倘在 該代價到期支付之前僅需經過一 段時間,則具有無條件收取代價 的權利。倘收益已於本集團具有 無條件收取代價的權利之前確認, 則有關金額乃作為一項合約資產 呈列。

應收款項乃按採用實際利率法計 算的攤銷成本減去信貸損失撥備 列賬。有關本集團貿易及其他應 收款項的會計處理的進一步資料, 請參閱附註3.11,而有關本集團減 值政策的説明,則請參閱附註3.13。

3.16 現金及現金等價物

於綜合現金流量表內的現金及現 金等價物包括手頭現金、銀行通 知存款及其他原到期日為三個月 或以內的短期高流動性投資。現 金及現金等價物乃按照附註3.13 所載的政策評估預期信貸虧損(預 期信貸虧損)。

3.17 股本

普通股乃分類列作權益。發行新 股或期權直接應佔的增量成本, 乃於權益內列示為所得款項的一 項扣減(扣除税項後)。

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Summary of Significant Accounting 3 主要會計政策概要(續) 3 **Policies** (Continued)

3.18 Trade and other payables

Trade payables are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Trade and other payables are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less (or in the normal operating cycle of the business if longer). If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade and other payables are recognised initially at fair value. Subsequent to initial recognition, trade and other payables are stated at amortised cost, unless the effect of discounting would be immaterial, in which case they are stated at invoice amounts.

3.19 Borrowings

Borrowings are recognised initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently carried at amortised cost; any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption value is recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method.

Fees paid on the establishment of loan facilities are recognised as transaction costs of the loan to the extent that it is probable that some or all of the facilities will be drawn down. In this case, the fee is deferred until the draw-down occurs. To the extent there is no evidence that it is probable that some or all of the facilities will be drawn down, the fee is capitalised as a pre-payment for liquidity services and amortised over the period of the facilities to which it relates.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the Group has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date.

3.18 貿易及其他應付款項

貿易應付款項是在日常業務過程 中向供應商購買商品或服務的付 款責任。倘於一年或以內(或如屬 較長時間,則在業務的正常經營 週期內)到期,則分類為流動負債。 否則,貿易及其他應付款項呈列 為非流動負債。

貿易及其他應付款項初步按公允 值確認。於初步確認後,貿易及其 他應付款項按攤銷成本列賬,除 非貼現的影響並不重大,在該情 況下則按發票金額列賬。

3.19 借款

借款初步按公允值扣除所產生交 易成本確認。借款隨後按攤銷成 本入賬;所得款項(扣除交易成本) 與贖回價值之間的任何差額以實 際利率法於借款期間於綜合損益 及其他全面收益表中確認。

於設立貸款融資時支付的費用, 在可能提取部分或全部融資時確 認為貸款的交易成本。在此情況下, 該費用會遞延至提取融資為止。 倘並無證據顯示將有可能提取部 分或全部融資,則費用會資本化 為流動資 金服務的預付款項, 並 在融資相關期間攤銷。

除非本集團具有無條件權利將負 債的結算遞延至報告日期後最少 十二個月,否則借款歸類為流動 負債。

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Summary of Significant Accounting 3 主要會計政策概要(續) 3 **Policies** (Continued)

3.20 Borrowing costs

All borrowing costs are recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income in the period in which they are incurred since no borrowing costs are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualified assets.

3.21 Current and deferred tax

The tax expense for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, the tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

(a) Current tax

The current tax charge is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date in the countries where the Company's subsidiaries operate and generate taxable income. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulation is subject to interpretation. It establishes provisions where appropriate on the basis of amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities.

3.20 借款成本

所有借款成本於其產生期間在綜 合損益及其他全面收益表確認, 原因是借款成本並非直接因合資 格資產的收購、建設或製造而產生。

3.21 即期及遞延税項

年內税項開支包括即期及遞延税 項。除與在其他全面收入或直接 於權益中確認的項目有關的税項 外,其餘税項均在綜合損益及其 他全面收益表內確認。在此情況下, 税項分別在其他全面收入或直接 於權益中確認。

(a) 即期税項

即期税項支出按本公司附屬 公司經營及產生應課税收入 所在國家於報告日期已頒佈 或實際頒佈的税法計算。管 理層定期就適用税務法例詮 釋所規限的情況評估報税情 況, 並於適當時按預期向税 務機關繳付的金額作出撥備。

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3.21 Current and deferred tax (Continued)

(b) Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised, using the liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the consolidated statement of financial position. However, the deferred tax is not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss. Deferred tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and are expected to apply when the related deferred tax asset is realised or the deferred tax liability is settled.

Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

Deferred tax liabilities and assets are not recognised for temporary differences between the carrying amount and tax bases of investments in foreign operations where the Company is able to control the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences and it is probable that the differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

(c) Offsetting

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when the deferred tax assets and liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either the taxable entity or different taxable entities where there is an intention to settle the balances on a net basis.

3.21 即期及遞延税項(續)

- (b) 遞延税項
 - **褫延税項乃以負債法就資產** 及負債的税基與於綜合財務 狀況表的賬面值之間的暫時 差額確認。然而,倘遞延税項 源自業務合併以外交易初步 確認的資產或負債,而在交 易時並不影響會計或應課税 損益,則不予入賬處理。 遞延 税項以於報告日期已頒佈或 實際頒佈的税率(及法例)而 釐定,並預期於相關遞延所 得税資產變現或遞延所得税 負債清償後採用。

遞延税項資產僅於可能有未 來應課税利潤用以抵銷可動 用暫時差額的情況下確認。

倘本公司能夠控制撥回暫時 性差額的時間,且該等差額 可能不會於可見將來撥回, 則不會於海外業務的投資賬 面值與税基之間的暫時性差 額確認遞延税項負債及資產。

(c) 抵銷

倘有可依法強制執行權利將 即期税項資產與即期税項負 **債抵銷**,且遞延税項資產及 負債與同一税務機關就一個 或不同應課税實體徵收的所 得税有關,而有關實體有意 按淨額基準結算結餘時,遞 延税項資產與負債將會互相 抵銷。

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3 Summary of Significant Accounting 3 主要會計政策概要(續) Policies (Continued)

3.22 Employee benefits

(a) Pension obligation

The Group operates a defined contribution Mandatory Provident Fund retirement benefits scheme (the "MPF Scheme") in Hong Kong under the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance, for those employees who are eligible to participate in the MPF Scheme. Contributions are made based on a percentage of the employees' basic salaries and are charged to the profit or loss as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the MPF Scheme. The Group's employer contributions vest fully with the employees when contributed into the MPF Scheme.

The full-time employees of the Group in the PRC are covered by various governmentsponsored basic pension insurance under which the employees are entitled to a monthly pension based on certain formulas. The relevant government agencies are responsible for the pension liability to these retired employees. The Group contributes on a monthly basis to these pension plans. Under these plans, the Group has no obligation for post-retirement benefits beyond the contributions made. Contributions to these plans are expenses as incurred and contributions paid to the defined-contribution pension plans for a staff are not available to reduce the Group's future obligations to such defined-contribution pension plans even if the staff leaves the Group.

The Group's contributions are charged to the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income in the period they incurred.

3.22 僱員福利

(a) 退休金責任

本集團的中國全職僱員參與 多個政府資助的基本退休金 保險計劃,據此,僱員可享有 按若干公式計算的每月退休 金。相關政府部門負責支付 該等退休僱員的退休金責任。 本集團按月對該等退休金計 劃作出供款。根據該等計劃, 倘本集團已作出供款,則並 無進一步的退休福利責任。 向該等計劃作出的供款於產 生時列作開支,即使員工離 開本集團,為員工向定額供 款退休金計劃支付的供款不 可用作扣減本集團於未來向 該等定額退休金計劃供款的 責任。

本集團的供款於產生期間計入綜合損益及其他全面收益表。

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Summary of Significant Accounting 3 主要會計政策概要(續) 3 **Policies** (Continued)

3.22 Employee benefits (Continued)

(b) Housing funds, medical insurances and other social insurances

The PRC employees of the Group are entitled to participate in various government-supervised housing funds, medical insurance and other employee social insurance plan. The Group contributes on a monthly basis to these funds based on certain percentages of the salaries of the employees, subject to certain ceiling. The Group's liability in respect of these funds is limited to the contributions payable in each period, and recognised as employee benefit expense when they are due.

(c) Employee leave entitlements

Employee entitlements to annual leave are recognised when they accrue to employees. A provision is made for the estimated liability for annual leave as a result of services rendered by employees up to the reporting date.

Employee entitlements to sick leave and maternity leave are not recognised until the time of leave.

(d) Termination benefits

Termination benefits are payable when employment is terminated by the Group before the normal retirement date, or whenever an employee accepts voluntary redundancy in exchange for these benefits. The Group recognises termination benefits when it is demonstrably committed to a termination when the Group has a detailed formal plan to terminate the employment of current employees without possibility of withdrawal. In the case of an offer made to encourage voluntary redundancy, the termination benefits are measured based on the number of employees expected to accept the offer. Benefits falling due more than twelve months after the reporting date are discounted to their present value.

3.22 僱員福利(續)

(b) 住房公積金、醫療保險及 其他社保

> 本集團的中國僱員可參與多 個政府監管的住房供款、醫 療保險及其他僱員社保計劃。 本集團每月按僱員薪金的若 干百分比對該等基金作出供 款,以若干上限為限。本集團 就該等基金的責任限於各期 間應付的供款,並於供款到 期時認列為僱員福利開支。

(c) 僱員應享假期

僱員應享年假乃於計予僱員 時確認。僱員因提供服務而 產生的應享年假乃按截至報 告日期的年假估計負債作出 撥備。

僱員應享病假及分娩假期僅 於支取時確認。

(d) 離職福利

離職福利於僱用在正常退休 日期前被本集團終止,或當 僱員接受自願遣散以換取此 等福利時支付。倘本集團根 據詳細正式計劃終止現有僱 員的僱用(沒有撤回的可能), 則屬本集團在表明確定終止 時確認離職福利。因提出要 約以鼓勵自願遣散而提供的 離職福利乃按預期接受要約 的僱員人數釐定。在報告日 期後超過十二個月支付的福 利貼現為現值。

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Summary of Significant Accounting 3 主要會計政策概要(續) 3 **Policies** (Continued)

3.22 Employee benefits (Continued)

(e) Bonus plans

The Group recognises a liability and an expense for bonuses. The Group recognises a provision where contractually obliged or where there is a past practice that has created a constructive obligation.

(f) Long service payments

The Group's net obligation in respect of long service payments to its employees in Hong Kong upon cessation of their employment in certain circumstances under the Hong Kong Employment Ordinance is the amount of future benefits that the employees have earned in return for their services in the current and prior periods.

A provision is recognised in respect of the probable future long service payments expected to be made. The provision is based on the best estimate of the probable future payments which have been earned by the employees from their service to the Group to the end of the reporting period.

3.23 Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is calculated using the firstin-first out method. Net realisable value represents the estimated selling price for inventories less all estimated costs of completion and costs necessary to make the sale.

3.22 僱員福利(續)

- (e) 花紅計劃
 - 本集團就花紅確認負債及開 支。本集團就合約責任或過 往經驗已產生推定責任而確 認撥備。

(f) 長期服務金

根據香港僱傭條例,本集團 在若干情況下終止聘用香港 員工而須向其支付的長期服 務金負擔淨額,為僱員因本 期及過往年期提供服務而賺 取的未來利益金額回報。

本集團已就可見將來預期作 出的長期服務金確認撥備。 該撥備乃根據僱員截至報告 期末因其向本集團提供服務 而賺取於可見將來的款項所 作最佳估計而計算。

3.23 存貨

存貨乃以成本及可變現淨值之較 低者列賬。成本乃採用先入先出 法計算。可變現淨值指存貨的估 計售價減去所有估計完工成本及 進行銷售所需的成本。

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3 Summary of Significant Accounting 3 Policies (Continued)

3.24 Other provisions and contingent liabilities

Other provisions are recognised for other liabilities of uncertain timing or amount when the Group has a legal or constructive obligation arising as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made. Where the time value of money is material, provisions are stated at the present value of the expenditure expected to settle the obligation.

Where it is not probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required, or the amount cannot be estimated reliably, the obligation is disclosed as a contingent liability, unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote. Possible obligations, whose existence will only be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more future events are also disclosed as contingent liabilities unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote.

3.25 Provision for reinstatement costs

Provision for reinstatement costs represents the present value of the estimated cost for the restoration work of the Group's leased retail shops agreed to be carried out upon the expiry of the relevant leases using a risk-free pre-tax interest rate. The provision has been determined by the Directors based on their best estimates. The related reinstatement costs have been included as leasehold improvements in the consolidated statement of financial position.

3 主要會計政策概要(續)

3.24 其他撥備及或然負債

當本集團須就過往事件承擔法定 或推定責任,且履行責任可能須 流出經濟利益並可作出可靠估計 時,便會就尚未肯定時間或金額 之其他負債確認其他撥備。倘貨 幣的時間價值重大,則按預計履 行該責任所需支出之現值計提準備。

倘不大可能要求流出經濟利益, 或有關數額無法可靠估計,則該 責任披露為或然負債,惟流出經 濟利益之可能性極低則除外。須 視乎一宗或多宗未來事件是否發 生方可確定存在與否的可能責任 亦披露為或然負債,惟流出經濟 利益之可能性極低則除外。

3.25 修復成本撥備

修復成本撥備指協定將於相關租 約屆滿時,就本集團租賃零售店 舖進行修復工作而採用無風險税 前利率計算的估計成本的現值。 撥備已由董事按其最佳估計釐定。 有關修復成本已作為租賃裝修計 入綜合財務狀況表。

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Summary of Significant Accounting 3 主要會計政策概要(續) 3 **Policies** (Continued)

3.26 Revenue recognition

Revenue from contracts with customers

Revenues are recognised when or as the control of the good or service is transferred to the customer. Depending on the terms of the contract and the laws that apply to the contract, control of the good or service may be transferred over time or at a point in time. The Group can recognise revenue over time if the Group meets one of the following conditions:

- provides the benefits which are received and consumed simultaneously by the customer as the Group performs:
- creates or enhances an asset that the customer controls as the Group performs; or
- does not create an asset with an alternative use to the Group and the Group has an enforceable right to payment for performance completed to date.

If control of the asset transfers over time, revenue is recognised over the period of the contract by reference to the progress towards complete satisfaction of that performance obligation. Otherwise, revenue is recognised at a point in time when the customer obtains control of the goods and services.

Where the contract contains a financing component which provides a significant financing benefit to the customer for more than 12 months, revenue is measured at the present value of the amount receivable, discounted using the discount rate that would be reflected in a separate financing transaction with the customer, and interest income is accrued separately under the effective interest method. Where the contract contains a financing component which provides a significant financing benefit to the Group, revenue recognised under that contract includes the interest expense accreted on the contract liability under the effective interest method.

3.26 收益確認

客戶合約收入

收益於貨品或服務的控制權轉移 至客戶時確認。貨品或服務的控 制權是在一段時間內或某一時間 點轉移,取決於合約的條款與適 用於合約的法律規定。倘本集團 符合下列條件之一,則本集團能 夠在一段時間內確認收益:

- 一 於本集團履約時提供由客戶 同時收到及耗用的利益;
- 本集團履約時創建及優化由 客戶控制的資產;或
- 並無產生對本集團有替代用 途的資產,且本集團可強制 執行其權利以收取累計至今 已完成履約部分的款項。

倘資產的控制權在一段時間內轉 移,則收益乃於整個合約期間經 參考完成履行履約責任的進度確 認。否則,收益會於客戶獲得貨品 或服務控制權的時間點確認。

倘合約包含融資部分,為客戶提 供重大融資利益超過12個月,則 收益按以與客戶進行的個別融資 交易所反映貼現率貼現的應收款 項現值計量,而利息收入則按實 際利率法獨立累計。倘合約包含 融資部分,為本集團提供重大融 資利益,則根據該合約確認的收 益包括按實際利率法計算合約責 任產生的利息開支。

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3.26 Revenue recognition (Continued)

Revenue from contracts with customers (Continued)

Further details of the Group's revenue recognition policies are as follows:

(a) Revenue from restaurant operations

Revenue is recognised at a particular point in time when customers have control over the goods, which is generally the time when the related catering services are rendered to customers.

(b) Revenue from sale of food ingredients

Revenue from sale of food ingredients consists of sales of dried foods sold to third parties and is recognised at a particular point in time when customers have control over the goods, which generally coincides with the date of delivery.

(c) Revenue from cooperation with Freshippo

Revenue is recognised at a point in time when customers have control over the goods, which is generally the time when the goods is delivered to or consumed by the customers.

Other income

Interest income

Interest income is recognised as it accrues under the effective interest method using the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to the gross carrying amount of the financial asset. For financial assets measured at amortised cost or FVTOCI (recycling) that are not credit-impaired, the effective interest rate is applied to the gross carrying amount of the asset. For credit-impaired financial assets, the effective interest rate is applied to the amortised cost (i.e. gross carrying amount net of loss allowance) of the asset (see note 3.13).

3.26 收益確認(續) 客戶合約收入(續)

> 有關本集團收益確認政策的進一 步詳情如下:

(a) 酒樓業務收益

於客戶具有對貨品的控制權 的特定時間點(通常為向客戶 提供相關餐飲服務的時間)確 認收益。

(b) 銷售食材收益

銷售食材收益包括銷售予第 三方的乾製食品,並在客戶 對貨品具有控制權的特定時 間點(一般與交貨日期一致) 確認。

(c) 與盒馬合作收益

於客戶具有對貨品的控制權 的特定時間點(通常為向客戶 交付貨品或客戶消耗貨品的 時間)確認收益。

其他收入

利息收入

利息收入於產生時按實際利率法 以財務資產預期年限的估計未來 現金收入完全折現為財務資產的 賬面總額之利率确認。就按攤銷 成本或按公允值計入其他全面收 入(轉撥)計量且並無出現信貸減 值的財務資產而言,按資產的總 賬面值採用實際利率。就出現信 貸減值的財務資產而言,資產的 攤銷成本(即扣除虧損撥備的總賬 面值)採用實際利率(請參閱附註 3.13) •

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Summary of Significant Accounting 3 主要會計政策概要(續) 3 Policies (Continued)

3.27 Leases

At inception of a contract, the Group assesses whether the contract is, or contains, a lease. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. Control is conveyed where the customer has both the right to direct the use of the identified asset and to obtain substantially all of the economic benefits from that use.

As a lessee

Where the contract contains lease component(s) and non-lease component(s), the Group has elected not to separate non-lease components and accounts for each lease component and any associated non-lease components as a single lease component for all leases.

At the lease commencement date, the Group recognises a right-of-use asset and a lease liability. except for short-term leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less and leases of low-value assets which, for the Group are primarily laptops and office furniture. When the Group enters into a lease in respect of a low-value asset, the Group decides whether to capitalise the lease on a lease-by-lease basis. The lease payments associated with those leases which are not capitalised are recognised as an expense on a systematic basis over the lease term.

Where the lease is capitalised, the lease liability is initially recognised at the present value of the lease payments payable over the lease term, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if that rate cannot be readily determined, using a relevant incremental borrowing rate.

3.27 租賃

本集團會於合約初始生效時評估 該合約是否屬租賃或包含租賃。 倘合約為換取代價而給予在一段 時間內控制可識別資產使用的權 利,則該合約屬租賃或包含租賃。 倘客戶有權主導可識別資產的使 用及從該使用中獲取幾乎所有的 經濟收益,則表示控制權已轉讓。

作為承租人

倘合約包含租賃部分及非租賃部 分·本集團選擇不將非租賃部分 單獨處理,並就所有租賃將每項 租賃部分及相關的任何非租賃部 分按單一租賃部分入賬處理。

於租賃開始日期,本集團確認使 用權資產及租賃負債,惟租賃期 為12個月或更短的短期租賃及低 價值資產(就本集團而言主要為筆 記本電腦及辦公家具)的租賃除外。 當本集團就低價值資產訂立租賃 時,本集團按每項租賃情況決定 是否將租賃資本化。與該等不作 資本化租賃相關的租賃付款在租 賃期內按系統基準確認為開支。

當將租賃資本化時,租賃負債最 步按租賃期內應付租賃付款的現 值確認,並使用租賃中隱含的利 率或(倘該利率不可直接釐定)使 用相關的遞增借款利率貼現。

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Summary of Significant Accounting 3 主要會計政策概要(續) 3 **Policies** (Continued)

3.27 Leases (Continued)

As a lessee (Continued)

After initial recognition, the lease liability is measured at amortised cost and interest expense is calculated using the effective interest method. Variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or rate are not included in the measurement of the lease liability and hence are charged to profit or loss in the accounting period in which they are incurred.

The right-of-use asset recognised when a lease is capitalised is initially measured at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability plus any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, and any initial direct costs incurred. Where applicable, the cost of the rightof-use assets also includes an estimate of costs to dismantle and remove the underlying asset or to restore the underlying asset or the site on which it is located, discounted to their present value, less any lease incentives received. The right-of-use asset is subsequently stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses (see note 3.9).

The lease liability is remeasured when there is a change in future lease payments arising from a change in an index or rate, or there is a change in the Group's estimate of the amount expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee, or there is a change arising from the reassessment of whether the Group will be reasonably certain to exercise a purchase, extension or termination option. When the lease liability is remeasured in this way, a corresponding adjustment is made to the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset, or is recorded in profit or loss if the carrying amount of the right-ofuse asset has been reduced to zero.

The Group presents right-of-use assets and lease liabilities separately in the consolidated statement of financial position.

3.27 租賃(續)

作為承租人(續)

初步確認後,和賃負債按攤銷成 本計量,而利息開支則採用實際 利率法計算。不取決於某一指數 或比率的可變租賃付款不包括在 租賃負債的計量,因此於其產生 的會計期間於損益中支銷。

於租賃資本化時確認的使用權資 產初步按成本計量,包括租賃負 債的初始金額加上在開始日期或 之前支付的任何租賃付款,以及 產生的任何初步直接成本。在適 用情況下,使用權資產的成本亦 包括拆除及移除相關資產或還原 相關資產或該資產所在地而產生 的估計成本,該成本須折現至其 現值並扣除任何收取的租賃優惠。 使用權資產隨後按成本減去累計 折舊及減值虧損列賬(見附註3.9)。

當未來租賃付款因某一指數或比 率 變 動 而 變 更 , 或 當 本 集 團 預 期 根據殘值擔保估計預期應付的金 額有變,或因重新評估本集團是 否合理地確定將行使購買、續租 或終止選擇權而產生變動,則會 重新計量租賃負債。按此方式重 新計量租賃負債時,使用權資產 的賬面值將作相應調整,或倘使 用權資產的賬面值已減至零,則 於綜合損益內列賬。

本集團將使用權資產及租賃負債 分別呈列於綜合財務狀況表。

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Summary of Significant Accounting 3 主要會計政策概要(續) 3 **Policies** (Continued)

3.28 Dividend distribution

Dividend distribution to the members of the Company and its subsidiaries is recognised as a liability in the consolidated statement of financial position in the period in which the dividends are approved by the shareholders or director, where appropriate, of the respective companies.

3.29 Financial guarantee contracts

A financial guarantee contract is a contract that requires the issuer to make specified payments to reimburse the holder for a loss it incurs because a specified debtor fails to make payments when due in accordance with the terms of a debt instrument.

Financial guarantee contracts issued by a group entity are initially measured at their fair values and, if not designated as at FVTPL and do not arise from a transfer of a financial asset, are subsequently measured at the higher of:

- the amount of the loss allowance determined in accordance with HKFRS 9; and
- the amount initially recognised less, where appropriate, cumulative amortisation recognised in accordance with the revenue recognition policies.

The fair value of financial guarantees is determined based on the present value of the difference in cash flows between the contractual payments required under the debt instrument and the payments that would be acquired without the guarantee, or the estimated amount that would be payable to a third party for assuming the obligations.

3.28 股息分派

向本公司及其附屬公司股東作出 的股息分派在股息獲各公司股東 或董事(如適用)批准的期間於綜 合財務狀況表內確認為負債。

3.29 財務擔保合約

財務擔保合約規定,當特定債務 人未能根據債務工具內的條款於 到期日償還債務,發行人便須給 予特定款項以償還持有人的損失。

集團實體發行的財務擔保合約初 始按其公允值計量,而倘未指定 為以公允值計量並計入損益及並 非產生自金融資產的轉讓,則隨 後按以下較高者計量:

- 根據《香港財務報告準則》第 • 9號釐定的損失準備的金額; 及
- 根據收入確認政策,初始確 認的金額減(倘適用)確認的 累計攤銷。

財務擔保的公允值釐定為債務工 具所需合約付款與無擔保情況下 所須付款的現金流量差額現值, 或第三方承擔責任而應付第三方 的估計金額。

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3 Summary of Significant Accounting 3 主要會計政策概要(續) Policies (Continued)

3.30 Related parties

- (a) A person, or a close member of that person's family, is related to the Group if that person:
 - (i) has control or joint control over the Group;
 - (ii) has significant influence over the Group; or
 - (iii) is a member of the key management personnel of the Group or the Group's parent.
- (b) An entity is related to the Group if any of the following conditions applies:
 - (i) The entity and the Group are members of the same group (which means that each parent, subsidiary and fellow subsidiary is related to the others).
 - (ii) One entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or an associate or joint venture of a member of a group of which the other entity is a member).
 - (iii) Both entities are joint ventures of the same third party.
 - (iv) One entity is a joint venture of a third party and the other entity is an associate of third entity.
 - (v) The entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of either the Group or an entity related to the Group.
 - (vi) The entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (a).

3.30 關聯方

- (a) 倘屬以下人士,即該人士或 該人士的近親與本集團有關 連:
 - (i) 控制或共同控制本集團;
 - (ii) 對本集團有重大影響;或
 - (iii) 為本集團或本集團母公司的主要管理層成員。
 - (b) 倘符合下列任何條件,即實 體與本集團有關連:
 - (i) 該實體與本集團屬同一 集團的成員公司(即各母 公司、附屬公司及同系 附屬公司彼此間有關連)。
 - (ii) 一家實體為另一實體的 聯營公司或合營企業(或 另一實體為成員公司的 集團旗下成員公司的聯 營公司或合營企業)。
 - (iii) 兩家實體均為同一第三 方的合營企業。
 - (iv) 一家實體為第三方的合 營企業,而另一實體為 該第三方的聯營公司。
 - (v) 實體為本集團或與本集 團有關連的實體就僱員 利益設立的離職福利計劃。
 - (vi) 實體受(a)所識別人士控 制或共同控制。

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Summary of Significant Accounting 3 主要會計政策概要(續) 3 **Policies** (Continued)

3.30 Related parties (Continued)

- (b) An entity is related to the Group if any of the following conditions applies: (Continued)
 - (vii) A person identified in (a)(i) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of the key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity).
 - (viii) The entity, or any member of a group of which it is a part, provides key management personnel services to the Group or to the Group's parent.

Close members of the family of a person are those family members who may be expected to influence, or be influenced by, that person in their dealings with the entity.

4 Changes in Accounting Policies

In current year, the Group has applied the following amendments to HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA for the first time, which are effective for the accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2021 for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements:

Amendments to HKFRS 9, Hong Kong Accounting Standards ("HKAS") 39, HKFRS 7, HKFRS 4 and HKFRS 16	Interest Rate Benchmark Reform – Phase 2
Amendment to HKFRS 16	COVID-19 related rent concessions beyond 30 June 2021 (early adopted)

3.30 關聯方(續)

- (b) 倘符合下列任何條件,即實 體與本集團有關連:(續)
 - (vii) 於(a)(i)所識別人士對實體 有重大影響力或屬該實 體(或該實體母公司)主 要管理層成員。
 - (viii) 實體或任何其所屬集團 的任何成員向本集團或 本集團母公司提供主要 管理人員服務。

某人士的近親是指與該實體交易 時預期可影響該人士或受該人士 影響的家庭成員。

4 會計政策變動

於本年度,本集團已首次應用香港會 計師公會頒佈之以下《香港財務報告準 則》(修訂本)(於二零二一年一月一日 或之後開始之會計期間生效)以編製綜 合財務報表:

利率基準改革	
一第二階段	
16	
於二零二一年六	月三十日
後的COVID-19	相關租
金減免(提早採	〔納)
	书

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4 Changes in Accounting Policies (Continued) Amendments to HKFRS 9, HKAS 39, HKFRS 7, HKFRS 4 and HKFRS 16

The amendments provide targeted reliefs from (i) accounting for changes in the basis for determining contractual cash flows of financial assets, financial liabilities and lease liabilities as modifications, and (ii) discontinuing hedge accounting when an interest rate benchmark is replaced by an alternative benchmark rate as a result of the reform of interbank offered rates ("IBOR reform"). The amendments do not have an impact on these consolidated financial statements as the Group does not have contracts that are indexed to benchmark interest rates which are subject to the IBOR reform.

Amendment to HKFRS 16

The Group previously applied the practical expedient in HKFRS 16 such that as lessee it was not required to assess whether rent concessions occurring as a direct consequence of the COVID-19 pandemic were lease modifications, if the eligibility conditions are met. One of these conditions requires the reduction in lease payments affect only payments originally due on or before a specified time limit. The 2021 amendment extends this time limit from 30 June 2021 to 30 June 2022. The Group has early adopted the 2021 amendment in this financial year. There is no impact on the opening balance of equity at 1 January 2021.

The Group has not early applied any other new standard, amendment or interpretation that has been issued but is not yet effective for the current accounting period (see note 44). 4 會計政策變動(續)

《香港財務報告準則》第9號、《香 港會計準則》第39號、《香港財務 報告準則》第7號、《香港財務報 告準則》第4號及《香港財務報告 準則》第4號及《香港財務報告

修訂本提供有關下列方面的針對情況 豁免:(i)將釐定金融資產、金融負債及 租賃負債的合約現金流量的基準的變 動作為修訂進行會計處理;及(ii)由於 銀行同業拆息改革(「銀行同業拆息改革(」),當利率基準被替代基準利率取 代時,則終止對沖會計處理。該等修 立無對該等綜合財務報表造成影響, 因本集團並無與基準利率掛鈎且受銀 行同業拆息改革影響的合約。

《香港財務報告準則》第16號(修 訂本)

本集團先前應用香港財務報告準則第 16號中的可行權宜方法,故作為承租 人,倘符合資格條件,則毋須評估因 COVID-19疫情而直接導致的租金減免 是否屬於租賃修訂。其中一項條件要 求租賃付款的減少僅影響在指定時限 內或之前到期的原訂付款。二零二一 年修訂本將該時限由二零二一年六月 三十日延長至二零二二年六月三十日。 本集團於本財務年度已提早採納二零 二一年修訂本,對二零二一年一月一 日之期初權益結餘並無影響。

本集團於現時會計期間並未提早應用 任何其他已頒佈但尚未生效的新訂準 則、修訂或詮釋(請參閱附註44)。

綜合財務報表附註 (續)

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5 Financial Risk Management

5.1 Financial risk factors

The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including foreign exchange risk and cash flow and fair value interest rate risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The Group's overall risk management programme focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the Group's financial performance. The Group does not use derivative financial instruments to hedge its risk exposures to changes in foreign exchange rates and interest rates.

(a) Market risk

(i) Foreign exchange risk

Foreign exchange risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. Foreign exchange risk arises when recognised assets and liabilities are denominated in a currency that is not the Group entities' functional currency. Most of the income and expenditures of the Group are denominated in HK\$ and RMB, which are the functional currencies of the respective group entities. Even HK\$ is not pegged to RMB, the historical exchange rate fluctuation on RMB is insignificant. Thus there is no significant exposure expected on RMB transactions and balances. Hence, the Group does not have any material foreign exchange exposure. The Group has not implemented or entered into any type of instruments or arrangements to hedge against currency exchange fluctuations for the years under review. As at 31 December 2020 and 2021, the Group did not have any outstanding hedging instruments.

5 財務風險管理

5.1 財務風險因素

本集團業務活動面臨下列多項財 務風險:市場風險(包括外匯風險)、 信貸風險及流動性風險。本集團 的整體風險管理項目專注於金融 市場的不可預測性及致力於將本 集團財務表現的潛在不利影響減 至最低。本集團並未使用任何衍 生金融工具對沖其匯率及利率變 動風險。

(a) 市場風險

(i) 外匯風險

外匯風險是金融工具的 公允值或未來現金流會 因匯率變動而波動的風 險。當已確認資產及負 債以本集團實體功能貨 幣以外的貨幣列值,即 產生外匯風險。本集團 的大部分收入及開支以 港元及人民幣(為各集團 實體的功能貨幣)列值。 即使港元並非與人民幣 掛 鈎,人民幣歷史匯率 波動亦不重大,故預期 人民幣交易及結餘概無 重大風險。因此,本集團 並無任何重大外匯風險。 本集團並無實施或訂立 任何類型的工具或安排 以對沖回顧年度的匯率 波動。於二零二零年及二 零二一年十二月三十一 日,本集團並無任何發 行在外對沖工具。

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5 Financial Risk Management (Continued)

5 財務風險管理(續)

- 5.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)
 - (a) Market risk (Continued)
 - (ii) Cash flow and fair value interest rate risk

Cash flow interest rate risk is the risk that future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. Fair value interest rate risk is the risk that the value of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in market interest rates.

The Group's interest rate risk arises from bank deposits and borrowings. Borrowings issued at variable rates expose the Group to cash flow interest rate risk which is partially offset by bank deposits held at variable rates. The interest rate profile of borrowings is disclosed in note 31. The bank deposits generate interest at the prevailing market interest rates.

The Group is exposed to cash flow interest rate risk in relation to bank balances and bank borrowings. The Group's cash flow interest rate risk is mainly concentrated on the fluctuation of interest rates on bank balances and the Best Lending Rate arising from the bank borrowings.

The sensitivity analyses below have been determined based on the exposure to effective interest rates for the variablerate bank borrowings at the end of each reporting period.

5.1 財務風險因素(續)

- (a) 市場風險(續)
 - (ii) 現金流量及公允值利率風險

現金流利率風險是金融 工具的未來現金流會因 市場利率變動而波動的 風險。公允值利率風險是 金融工具的價值會因市 場利率變動而波動的風險。

本集團的利率風險來自 銀行存款及借款。按不同 利率計算的借款使本集 團承受現金流利率風險, 惟部分由按可變利率人 許 的銀行存款所抵消。 借款的利率概況於附現 31披露。銀行存款按現 行市場利率進行計息。

本集團就銀行結餘及銀 行借款面對現金流量利 率風險。本集團的現金 流量利率風險主要集中 於銀行結餘的利率及銀 行借款的最優惠貸款利 率波動。

以下敏感度分析乃根據 於各報告期末銀行浮息 借款轉換之實際利率釐定。

綜合財務報表附註 (續)

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

5 Financial Risk Management (Continued)

5 財務風險管理(續)

- 5.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)
 - (a) Market risk (Continued)
 - (ii) Cash flow and fair value interest rate risk (Continued)

As at 31 December 2021, if the effective interest rates of bank borrowings amounting to approximately HK\$24,724,000 had been 1%, 2%, 3% higher/lower with all other variables held constant, loss before tax for the year would have been approximately HK\$215,000, HK\$429,000, HK\$644,000 higher/lower respectively, mainly as a result of higher/lower finance costs on floating rate borrowings.

As at 31 December 2020, if the effective interest rates of bank borrowings amounting to approximately HK\$22,408,000 had been 1%, 2%, 3% higher/lower with all other variables held constant, loss before tax for the year would have been approximately HK\$89,000, HK\$178,000, HK\$267,000 higher/lower respectively, mainly as a result of higher/lower finance costs on floating rate borrowings.

5.1 財務風險因素(續)

- (a) 市場風險(續)
- (ii) 現金流量及公允值利率 風險(續)

於二零二一年十二月 三十一日,倘為數約 24,724,000港元銀行借款 的實際利率增加/減少 1%、2%、3%,而所有 其他變數維持不變,年內 除税前虧損將分別增加/ 減少約215,000港元、 429,000港元、644,000 港元,主要由於浮息借 款的融資成本增加/減 少所致。

於二零二零年十二月 三十一日,倘為數約 22,408,000港元銀行借款 的實際利率增加/減少 1%、2%、3%,而所有 其他變數維持不變,年 內除税前虧損將分別減 少/增加約89,000港元、 178,000港元、267,000 港元,主要由於浮息借 款的融資成本增加/減 少所致。

综合財務報表附註(續)
For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

5 Financial Risk Management (Continued)

5 財務風險管理(續)

5.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

(b) Credit risk

Credit risk refers to the risk that a counterparty will default on its contractual obligations resulting in a financial loss to the Group. The Group's credit risk is primarily attributable to trade receivables, loan receivable, other receivables, amounts due from related companies and amount due from a noncontrolling shareholder. The Group's exposure to credit risk arising from bank deposits is limited because the Group places their deposits to certain reputable banks with a minimum rating of "investment grade" ranked by an independent party. See note 26(a) for further disclosure on credit risk.

Trade receivables

The Group applied simplified approach to measuring expected credit losses which uses a lifetime expected credit loss allowance for all trade receivables. To measure the expected credit losses, trade receivables have been grouped based on shared credit risk characteristics and the days past due. 5.1 財務風險因素(續)

(b) 信貸風險

貿易應收款項

本集團採用簡化方法計量預 期信貸虧損,該方法就所有 貿易應收款項使用全期預期 信貸虧損撥備。為計量預期 信貸虧損,貿易應收款項已 根據攤佔信貸風險特徵及逾 期天數分組。

綜合財務報表附註 (續)

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

5 Financial Risk Management (Continued)

5 財務風險管理(續)

5.1 財務風險因素(續)

234

2,536

(b) 信貸風險(續)

5.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

- (b) Credit risk (Continued)
 - Trade receivables (Continued)

The following table provides information about the Group's exposure to credit risk and ECLs for trade receivables as at 31 December 2020 and 2021:

貿易應收款項(續)	
下表提供有關本集團於二等	- - - -
二零年及二零二一年十二,	月
三十一日所面臨的信貸風際	僉
及貿易應收款項的預期信1	資
虧損的資料:	

				20 二零二		20 二零二	
		2021	2020		Gross		Gross
		Expected	Expected	Loss	carrying	Loss	carrying
Status	狀況	loss rate	loss rate	allowance	amount	allowance	amount
		二零二一年	二零二零年				
		預期虧損率	預期虧損率	虧損撥備	賬面總額	虧損撥備	賬面總額
		%	%	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		%	%	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Current	即期	4%-6%	3%–5%	110	1,915	145	4,780
0 to 30 days past due	逾期0至30日	12%-16%	14%	35	242	30	214
31 to 60 days past due	逾期31至60日	14%-17%	15%-17%	11	63	32	206
Over 60 days past due	逾期60日以上	15%-21%	20%-22%	78	316	118	587

Expected loss rates are based on actual loss experience over the past 3 years. These rates are adjusted to reflect differences between economic conditions during the period over which the historic data has been collected, current conditions and the Group's view of economic conditions over the expected lives of the receivables. 預期虧損率乃按過往3年的實 際虧損經驗為準。該等比率 乃經調整,以反映收集歷史 數據期間的經濟狀況、目前 狀況以及本集團對應收款項 的預計年期內經濟狀況的看 法的差異。

325

5,787

綜合財務報表附註 (續)

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

5 Financial Risk Management (Continued)

5.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

(b) Credit risk (Continued)

Loan receivable, other receivables, amounts due from related companies and amount due from a non-controlling shareholder

The Group applied lifetime approach to measuring expected credit losses for loan receivable, other receivables, amounts due from related companies and amount due from a non-controlling shareholder. The Directors of the Company believe that there are no significant increase in credit risk of loan receivable, other receivables and amounts due from related companies since initial recognition and the Group provided impairment based on 12-month ECL.

In determining the 12-month ECL for loan receivable, other receivables and amounts due from related companies, the management of the Group has taken into account the historical default experience and forwardlooking information, as appropriate. The Group has considered the consistently low historical default rate in connection with payments, and concluded that credit risk inherent in these Group's outstanding balances is insignificant. Accordingly, no loss allowance based on 12-month ECL was provided for these assets.

The management of the Group are of opinion that the credit risk of the amount due from a non-controlling shareholder had become high. Full impairment of loss was recognised as at 31 December 2021. See note 24 for further credit losses provision.

The maximum exposure to credit risk is represented by the carrying amount of each financial asset in the consolidated statement of financial position.

5 財務風險管理(續)

5.1 財務風險因素(續)

- (b) 信貸風險(續)
 - 應收貸款、其他應收款項、 應收關聯公司款項及應收一 名非控股股東款項

本集團應用全期法計量應收 貸款、其他應收款項、應收關 聯公司款項及應收一名非控 股股東款項的預期信貸虧損。 本公司董事相信,自初步確 認以來,應收貸款、其他應收 款項及應收關聯公司款項的 信貸風險並無大幅增加,而 本集團按12個月預期信貸虧 損作出減值撥備。

本集團管理層認為,應收非控 股股東款項之信用風險較高。 於二零二一年十二月三十一 日確認悉數減值虧損。進一 步信貸虧損撥備見附註24。

最大信貸風險為綜合財務狀 況表內各項金融資產的賬面值。

綜合財務報表附註 (續)

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

5 Financial Risk Management (Continued)

5.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

(c) Liquidity risk

The Group's policy is to regularly monitor current and expected liquidity requirements and its compliance with debt covenants, to ensure that it maintains sufficient reserves of cash and adequate committed lines of funding from banks and other financial institutions to meet their liquidity requirements in the short and longer term. Management believes that there is no significant liquidity risk as the Group is able to generate net cash inflow from operating activities and has sufficient committed facilities to fund its operations and debt servicing requirements and to satisfy its future working capital and other financing requirements from its operation cash flows and available bank financing.

The following table details the Group's remaining contractual maturity for its nonderivative financial liabilities. The table has been drawn up based on the undiscounted cash flows of financial liabilities based on the earliest date on which the Group can be required to pay. Specially, bank borrowings with a repayment on demand clause are included in the earliest time band regardless of the probability of the banks choosing to exercise their rights.

5 財務風險管理(續)

5.1 財務風險因素(續)

(c) 流動性風險

本集團的政策為定期監管即 期及預期流動資金需要,其 遵守債項契據,確保其維持 充足現金儲備及獲銀行及其 他金融機構提供足夠承諾融 資信貸,以滿足長短期的流 動性需求。管理層認為並無 任何重大流動性風險,因為 本集團能夠自經營業務活動 中產生淨現金流入,並擁有 充足承諾融資信貸可為我們 的經營業務及償債需求作出 撥付,且可以其經營現金流 量及可供提取銀行融資滿足 其未來營運資金及其他融資 需求。

		Less than 1 year 一年內 HK\$'000 千港元	Between 1 and 2 years 一至兩年 HK\$'000 千港元	Between 2 and 5 years 二至五年 HK\$'000 千港元	Over 5 years 五年以上 HK\$'000 千港元
At 31 December 2021	於二零二一年 十二月三十一日				
Trade payables Accruals and	留易應付款項 應計費用及其他	16,646	-	-	-
other payables	應付款項	32,443	-	-	-
Amount due to a non- controlling shareholder Amount due to a related	應付一名非控股股東 的款項 應付一間關聯公司款項	723	-	-	-
company		307	-	-	-
Bank borrowings	銀行借款	26,965	-	-	-
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	47,257	43,731	59,398	17,499

綜合財務報表附註 (續)

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

5	Financial Risk Management (Continued)	5	財	務風險管理	里(續)
	5.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)		5.1	財務風險	因素(續)
	(c) Liquidity risk (Continued)			(c) 流動性	主風險(續)
		Less	than	Between 1	Between 2

		1 year 一年內 HK\$'000 千港元	and 2 years 一至兩年 HK\$'000 千港元	and 5 years 兩至五年 HK\$'000 千港元	5 years 五年以上 HK\$'000 千港元
At 31 December 2020	於二零二零年 十二月三十一日				
Trade payables	貿易應付款項	19,418	-	-	-
Accruals and	應計費用及其他				
other payables	應付款項	29,329	-	-	-
Amount due to a non-	應付一名非控股股東				
controlling shareholder	的款項	241	-	-	-
Bank borrowings	銀行借款	24,062	-	-	-
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	51,374	44,405	80,707	28,833

The following table summarises the maturity analysis of bank borrowings with a repayment on demand clause based on agreed scheduled repayments set out in the bank loan agreements. The amount includes interest payments computed using contractual rates. Taking into account the Group's net assets, the Directors do not consider that it is probable that the bank will exercise its discretion to immediate repayment. The Directors believe that such bank borrowings will be repaid in accordance with the scheduled repayment dates set out in the bank loan agreements.

下表概述附有按要求償還條 款的銀行借款根據銀行貸款 協議所載的協定還款條款作 出的到期日分析。有關金額 包括以合約利率計算的利息 款項。經考慮本集團的資產 淨額,董事認為銀行不會行 使要求即時還款的酌情權。 董事相信,有關銀行借款將 會根據銀行貸款協議所載的 計劃還款日期償還。

Over

综合財務報表附註(續)
For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

5 Financial Risk Management (Continued)

5 財務風險管理(續)

5.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

(c) Liquidity risk (Continued)

5.1 財務風險因素(續) (c) 流動性風險(續)

Maturity Analysis – term loans subject to a repayment on demand clause based on scheduled repayments 到期日分析一包含按要求償還條款的 定期貸款(按計劃還款日期)

		Within 1 year	Over 1 year but less than 2 years 超過一年	Over 2 years but less than 5 years 超過兩年	Over 5 years
		於一年內 HK\$'000 千港元	至兩年內 HK\$'000 千港元	至五年內 HK\$'000 千港元	超過五年 HK\$'000 千港元
At 31 December 2021	於二零二一年 十二月三十一日	4,574	3,773	11,319	7,299
At 31 December 2020	於二零二零年 十二月三十一日	3,690	5,286	15,086	_

5.2 Capital risk management

The Group's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital.

In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, return capital to shareholders, issue new shares or sell assets to reduce debt.

Consistent with others in the industry, the Group monitors capital on the basis of the gearing ratio. This ratio is calculated as interest-bearing debts divided by capital. Debts are calculated as total borrowings (including current and non-current borrowings as shown in the consolidated statement of financial position). Capital represents total equity of the Group.

5.2 資本風險管理

本集團資本管理目標是確保本集團能持續經營,以為股東帶來回報, 同時兼顧其他持份者的利益,並 維持最佳資本架構以減少資金成本。

為維持或調整資本架構,本集團 可調整支付予股東的股息金額、 退還資本予股東、發行新股份或 出售資產以減少負債。

與業內其他同行一樣,本集團以 負債股權比率為基準監察其資本。 該比率按計息債務除以資本計算。 債務為借款總額(包括綜合財務狀 況表列示的流動及非流動借款)。 資本指本集團總權益。

綜合財務報表附註 (續)

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

5 Financial Risk Management (Continued)

5 財務風險管理(續)

5.2 Capital risk management (Continued)

The Group's strategy, which was unchanged during the year, was to lower the gearing ratio to an acceptable level. The Group's gearing ratio at 31 December 2020 and 2021 were as follows:

5.2 資本風險管理(續)

本集團於本年度保持不變的策略 是將負債股權比率降低至可接納 的水平。本集團於二零二零年及 二零二一年十二月三十一日的資 產負債比率如下:

		31 December	31 December
		2021	2020
		二零二一年	二零二零年
		十二月三十一日	十二月三十一日
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Bank borrowings (note 31)	銀行借款(附註31)	24,724	22,408
Lease liabilities (note 32)	租賃負債(附註32)	141,167	168,640
Total borrowings	借款總額	165,891	191,048
Total (deficit)/equity of the Group	本集團總(虧絀)/權益	(39,000)	60,054
Gearing ratio	負債股權比率	(425.36%)	318.13%

5.3 Fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities that are not measured at fair value on a recurring basis

The Directors consider that the carrying amounts of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded at amortised cost in the consolidated statement of financial position approximate their fair values as at 31 December 2020 and 2021.

5.3 非經常性按公允值計量金融 資產及金融負債的公允值

董事認為於綜合財務狀況表內按 攤銷成本記錄的金融資產及金融 負債的賬面值與其於二零二零年 及二零二一年十二月三十一日的 公允值相若。

综合財務報表附註(續)
For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

6 Critical Accounting Estimates and 6 主要會計估計及判斷 Judgements

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

The Group makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal to the related actual results.

(a) Useful lives of property, plant and equipment

The Group has significant investments in property, plant and equipment. The Group is required to estimate the useful lives of property, plant and equipment in order to ascertain the amount of depreciation charges for each reporting date.

Useful lives are estimated at the time of purchase of these assets after considering future technology changes, business developments and the Group's strategies. The Group performs annual reviews to assess the appropriateness of the estimated useful lives. Such review takes into account any unexpected adverse changes in circumstances or events, including declines in projected operating results, negative industry or economic trends and rapid advancement in technology. The Group extends or shortens the useful lives and/or makes impairment provisions according to the results of the review. 本集團根據過往經驗及其他因素(包括 在相關情況下認為合理的未來事件預期) 持續評估該等估計及判斷。

本集團對未來作出估計及假設。顧名 思義,所得的會計估計甚少與相關實 際結果相同。

(a) 物業[、]廠房及設備的可使用 年期

本集團投放大量資金於物業、廠 房及設備。本集團須估計物業、廠 房及設備的可使用年期,以確定 各報告日期的折舊支出金額。

综合財務報表附註 (續) For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

Critical Accounting Estimates and 6 主要會計估計及判斷(續) 6 Judgements (Continued)

(b) Impairment of non-financial assets

Assets are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amounts may not be recoverable. The recoverable amounts have been determined based on fair value less costs of disposal or value-in-use valuations. These calculations require the use of judgements and estimates.

Management judgement is required in the area of asset impairment particularly in assessing:

- whether an event has occurred that may (i) indicate that the related asset values may not be recoverable;
- (ii) whether the carrying amount of an asset can be supported by the recoverable amount, being the higher of fair value less costs of disposal and net present value of future cash flows which are estimated based upon the continued use of the asset in the business; and
- (iii) the appropriate key assumptions to be applied in preparing cash flow projections including whether these cash flow projections are discounted using an appropriate rate. Changing the assumptions selected by management in assessing impairment, including the discount rates or the growth rate assumptions in the cash flow projections, could materially affect the net present value used in the impairment test and as a result affect the Group's financial position and results of its operations.

(b) 非金融資產的減值

資產於出現事件或情況改變顯示 賬面值可能無法收回時進行減值 檢討。可收回金額根據公允值減 出售成本或使用價值計算法釐定。 上述計算方法須運用判斷及估計。

在資產減值方面,尤其是評估以 下各項時,管理層須作出判斷:

- 是否已發生事件顯示有關資 (i) 產值可能無法收回;
- 可收回金額(即公允值減出售 (ii) 成本後的金額與根據在業務 中持續使用資產而估計的未 來現金流淨現值兩者的較高 者)是否與資產賬面值相若; 及
- (iii) 編製現金流預測時須應用的 適用主要假設,包括有關現 金流預測是否以適當貼現率 貼現。管理層評估減值時選 用的假設(包括現金流預測所 用貼現率或增長率假設)如有 變化,可能會對減值測試所 用淨現值產生重大影響,因 而影響本集團的財務狀況及 經營業績。

综合財務報表附註 (續) For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

Critical Accounting Estimates and 6 主要會計估計及判斷(續) 6 Judgements (Continued)

(c) Income tax

The Group is subject to current tax in Hong Kong and the PRC. Significant judgement is required in determining the provision for income taxes. There are many transactions and calculations for which the ultimate tax determination is uncertain. The Group recognises liabilities for anticipated tax audit issues based on estimates of whether additional taxes will be due. Where the final tax outcome of these matters is different from the amounts that were initially recorded, such differences will impact the current tax and deferred tax assets and liabilities in the period in which such determination is made.

Deferred tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date and are expected to apply when the related deferred tax asset is realised or the deferred tax liability is settled. Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

The Group's management determines the deferred tax assets based on the enacted or substantively enacted tax rates (and laws) and the best knowledge of profit projections of the Group for coming years during which the deferred tax assets are expected to be utilised. In assessing the amount of deferred tax assets that need to be recognised, the Group considers future taxable income and ongoing prudent and feasible tax planning strategies. In the event that the Group estimates of projected future taxable income and benefits from available tax strategies are changed, or changes in current tax regulations are enacted that would impact the timing or extent of the Group's ability to utilise the tax benefits of net operating loss carry forwards in the future, adjustments to the recorded amount of net deferred tax assets and income tax expense would need to be made. In addition, management will revisit the assumptions and profit projections at each reporting date.

(c) 所得税

本集團須於香港及中國繳納即期 税項。釐定所得税撥備時須作出 重大判斷。多項交易及計算方式 未能確定最終税項。本集團基於 估計有否額外税項到期確認預計 税務審計事項的負債。倘有關事 宜的最終得出税項與最初入賬的 金額不同,則差額會影響釐定税 項期間的即期税項及遞延税項資 產與負債。

遞延税項採用在報告日期已頒佈 或實質頒佈,及預期在變現有關 遞延税項資產或清償遞延税項負 債時會採用的税率(及法例)釐定。 僅於未來可能有應課税溢利可用 於抵銷暫時差額,方確認遞延税 項資產。

本集團管理層根據已頒佈或實質 頒佈的税率(及法例),以及本集 團就預期動用遞延税項資產的未 來年度的最佳溢利預測釐定遞延 税項資產。評估需予確認的遞延 税項資產金額時,本集團會考慮 未來應課税收入及現行審慎及可 行的税務規劃策略。倘本集團有 關預測未來應課税收入及現有税 務策略所帶來利益的估計出現任 何變動,或現行税務法規經修訂 後會影響本集團日後能夠動用結 轉經營虧損淨額的税務利益的時 間或程度,則會對錄得的遞延税 項資產淨額及税項開支作出調整。 此外,管理層會於各報告日期修 訂假設及溢利預測。

综合財務報表附註 (續)

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

Critical Accounting Estimates and 6 主要會計估計及判斷(續) 6 Judgements (Continued)

(d) Provision for reinstatement costs

Provision for reinstatement costs is estimated at the inception of leasing property with reinstatement clause and reassessed at each reporting date with reference to the latest available guotation from independent contractors. Estimation based on current market information may vary over time and could differ from the actual reinstatement cost upon closures or relocation of existing premises occupied by the Group.

(e) Estimated impairment of trade and loan receivables and amount due from a noncontrolling shareholder

The management of the Group estimates the amount of loss allowance for trade and loan receivables and amount due from a non-controlling shareholder based on the credit risk of trade and loan receivables and amount due from a noncontrolling shareholder. The loss allowance amount is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows with the consideration of expected future credit losses. The assessment of the credit risk of trade and loan receivables and amount due from a non-controlling shareholder involves high degree of estimation and uncertainty as the management of the Group estimates the loss rates for debtors by using forward-looking information. When the actual future cash flows are less than expected or more than expected, a material impairment loss or a material reversal of impairment loss may arise accordingly.

(d) 修復成本撥備

- 修復成本撥備於附有修復條款的 租賃物業開始時估計,於各報告 日期參考獨立承包商已有最新報 價重估。基於現有市場資料作出 的估計或會不時變動,而且可能 與本集團所佔用現有物業關閉或 搬遷時產生的實際修復成本有別。
- (e) 貿易應收款項及應收貸款以 及應收一名非控股股東款項 的估計減值

本集團管理層根據貿易應收款項 及應收貸款以及應收一名非控股 股東款項的信貸風險估計貿易應 收款項及應收貸款以及應收一名 非控股股東款項的虧損撥備金額。 虧損撥備金額在考慮到預期未來 信貸虧損按資產賬面值與估計未 來現金流量現值的差額計算。評 估貿易應收款項及應收貸款以及 應收一名非控股股東款項的信用 風險涉及大量估計與不確定性因 素,乃因本集團管理層利用前瞻 性資料估計債務人的虧損率。當 實際未來現金流量低於或高於預 期時,可能會因此產生重大減值 虧損或減值虧損重大撥回。

綜合財務報表附註 (續)

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

6 Critical Accounting Estimates and 6 主要會計估計及判斷(續) Judgements (Continued)

(f) Determining the lease term

As explained in policy note 3.27, the lease liability is initially recognised at the present value of the lease payments payable over the lease term. In determining the lease term at the commencement date for leases that include renewal options exercisable by the Group, the Group evaluates the likelihood of exercising the renewal options taking into account all relevant facts and circumstances that create an economic incentive for the Group to exercise the option, including favourable terms, leasehold improvements undertaken and the importance of that underlying asset to the Group's operation. The lease term is reassessed when there is a significant event or significant change in circumstance that is within the Group's control. Any increase or decrease in the lease term would affect the amount of lease liabilities and right-of-use assets recognised in future years.

(g) Contingent liabilities

The Group is exposed to the risk of litigation in the course of its normal operation. The Group will make provision and/or disclose information as appropriate. Changes in the assumptions around the likelihood of an outflow of economic resources or the estimation of any obligation would change the amount of provision recognised in the consolidated financial statements.

(f) 釐定租期

誠如附註3.27所載會計政策所述, 租賃負債以租期內應付租賃款項 的現值初始確認。在釐定包含本 集團可行使續租選擇權的租賃之包 個期開始日時,本集團將評估行 使該牽在人使選擇權的可能性,並 考慮有相關實及情況(其中包 時,有相關資產對本集團營運的重要 性)。當本集團控制權範圍內發生 重大事件或重大變動時,會重新 評估租期。租期的任何增加或減 少將影響未來年度已確認的租賃 負債和使用權資產金額。

(g) 或然負債

本集團在正常營運過程中會面臨 訴訟風險。本集團將於適當時計 提撥備及/或披露資料。倘評估經 濟利益流出的可能性或估算責任 時所採用的假設出現變化,可能 改變綜合財務報表中已確認的撥 備金額。

綜合財務報表附註 (續)

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

7 Segment Information

The chief operating decision maker ("CODM") has been identified as the chief executive officer of the Company (the "CEO") who reviews the Group's internal reporting in order to assess performance and allocate resources. The CODM has determined the operating segments based on these reports.

The CODM assesses the performance based on a measure of profit after income tax. The CODM considers all business is included in a single operating segment.

The Group is principally engaged in the operation of food catering services through a chain of Chinese restaurants. Information reported to the CODM for the purpose of resources allocation and performance assessment focuses on the operation results of the Group as a whole as the Group's resources are integrated and no discrete operating segment financial information is available. Accordingly, the Group has identified one operating segment – operation of restaurants and no operating segment information is presented.

For the years ended 31 December 2020 and 2021, there are no single external customers contributed more than 10% revenue of the Group.

7 分部資料

主要經營決策者(「主要經營決策者」) 指檢討本集團內部報告以評估表現及 分配資源的本公司行政總裁(「行政總 裁」)。主要經營決策者基於有關報告 釐定經營分部。

主要經營決策者根據除所得税後溢利 的計量評估表現,將所有業務納入一 個單獨的經營分部。

本集團主要通過中式酒樓連鎖店經營 餐飲服務。由於本集團已整合資源,並 無獨立的經營分部財務資料,故向主 要經營決策者報告用於分配資源及評 估表現的資料整體上主要為本集團的 經營業績。因此,本集團僅列示一個經 營分部一酒樓業務,而並無呈列經營分 部資料。

截至二零二零年及二零二一年十二月 三十一日止年度,並無單一外部客戶 對本集團收益的貢獻超過10%。

综合財務報表附註(續)
For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

7 Segment Information (Continued)

7 分部資料(續)

Geographical information

地區資料

The following table presents revenue from external customers for the years ended 31 December 2020 and 2021 by geographic area.

下表按地區載列截至二零二零年及二 零二一年十二月三十一日止年度來自 外部客戶的收益。

	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
來自外部客戶的收益		
香港	76,944	79,479
中國內地	197,622	156,918
	274,566	236,397
	香港	二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元 香港 76,944 197,622

The revenue information above is based on the locations of the customers.

以上收益資料乃按客戶地區呈列。

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Non-current assets	非流動資產		
Hong Kong	香港	12,542	45,177
Mainland China	中國內地	117,856	180,209
		130,398	225,386

The non-current assets information above is based on the locations of the assets and excludes financial assets and deferred tax assets. 上述非流動資產資料乃以資產地點為 基準,不包括金融資產及遞延税項資產。

综合財務報表附註(續)
For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

8 Revenue

8 收益

An analysis of revenue during the years ended 31截至二零二零年及二零二一年十二月December 2020 and 2021 are as follows:三十一日止年度的收益分析如下:

		2021	2020
		二零二一年	二零二零年
		HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
Revenue from customers and recognised at point in time	按時間點確認的客戶收益	,,,,,,,	1,0,0
Revenue from Chinese restaurant operations	中式酒樓業務收益	244,934	208,972
Revenue from Thai Cuisine restaurant operations	泰菜餐廳業務收益	10,210	7,553
Revenue from cooperation with Freshippo	與盒馬合作收益	18,826	19,646
Revenue from sale of food ingredients	銷售食材收益	596	226
		274,566	236,397
Other income Interest income on short-term bank	其他收入 短期銀行存款的利息收入		
deposits		54	60
Interest income on loan receivable Interest income from deposits	應收貸款的利息收入 投購壽險保單保費的	300	-
placed for life insurance policies Reversal of provision for	利息收入 撥回修復成本撥備	113	101
reinstatement cost		204	338
Reversal of impairment loss on trade receivables	撥回貿易應收款項減值虧損	98	
Government subsidies and incentive (i)	政府補貼及趨勵心	3,569	9,207
Government grants (ii)	政府資助(ii)	2,214	11,340
Miscellaneous income	雜項收入	104	682
		6,656	21,728
		0,000	21,720
Total revenue and other income	收益及其他收入總額	281,222	258,125
Total interest income on financial	按攤銷成本計量的金融資產		
assets measured at amortised cost	利息收入總額	467	161

綜合財務報表附註 (續)

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

8 **Revenue** (Continued)

Notes:

- (i) Government subsidies represent the refund of VAT in respect of COVID-19 from the PRC Government. The government incentive represented the amounts granted by the Economic Development Bureau of different districts in the PRC to support the Group's contribution to local economy with no unfulfilled conditions or contingencies and are recognised as other income upon receipts during the year (2020: same).
- Government grants represent subsidies from Catering Business Subsidy Scheme under the Anti-epidemic fund in respect of COVID-19 from the Hong Kong Government (2020: same).

Disaggregation of revenue from contracts with customers by geographic markets is disclosed in note 7.

(i) Contract liabilities

The Group has recognised the following revenuerelated contract liabilities:

8 收益(續)

附註:

- (i) 政府補貼為中國政府就COVID-19給予的增值 税退税。政府獎勵為中國不同地區的經濟促進 局為支持本集團對當地經濟作出貢獻而提供且 並無未達成條件或或然事項的款項,並於收訖 後於本年度確認為其他收入(二零二零年:相 同)。
 - (ii) 政府資助為香港政府就COVID-19在防疫抗疫 基金下設立的餐飲處所資助計劃給予的補貼(二 零二零年:相同)。

按地域市場劃分的來自客戶合約收益 之分拆披露於附註7。

(i) 合約負債

本集團已確認以下收益相關合約 負債:

		2021	2020
		二零二一年	二零二零年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Contract liabilities (note 30)	合約負債(附註30)	23,451	21,823

(ii) Revenue recognised in relation to contract liabilities

The following table shows how much of the revenue recognised in related to carried-forward contract liabilities.

(ii) 就合約負債確認的收益

下表列示所確認的與結轉合約負 債有關的收益金額。

	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Revenue recognised that was 計入年初合約負債結餘 included in the balance of 的已確認收益 contract liabilities at the beginning (附註30) of the year (note 30)	11,563	8,033

综合財務報表附註(續)
For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

9 Employee Benefits Expense

9 僱員福利開支

	2021	2020
	二零二一年	二零二零年
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	千港元	千港元
Wages, salaries and bonuses 工資、薪金及獎金	73,047	63,194
Directors' fees 董事袍金	452	474
Pension costs – defined contribution 退休金成本一界定供款計劃		
plans (note a) (附註a)	4,739	2,490
	78,238	66,158

(a) Pensions – defined contribution plans

The Group's net contributions to pension plans are mainly for employees in Hong Kong and Mainland China. Summary of the pension plans are as follows:

- (i) The Group contributes to an MPF Scheme for its employees in Hong Kong, under which the Group and each employee each makes monthly contribution to the scheme at 5% of the qualifying earnings of the employee, subject to a maximum of HK\$1,500 (2020: HK\$1,500) per month. Contribution totalling approximately HK\$60,000 and HK\$89,000 were payable to the MPF fund as at 31 December 2020 and 2021, respectively.
- (ii) The Group's subsidiaries in Mainland China also contribute to retirement plans for its employees in Mainland China at a percentage of their salaries in compliance with the requirements of the respective municipal governments in Mainland China. The municipal governments undertake to assume the retirement benefit obligation of all existing and future retired employees of the Group in Mainland China.

- (a) 退休金-界定供款計劃
 - 本集團之退休金計劃供款淨額主 要為香港及中國內他僱員而設。 退休金計劃概述如下:
 - (i) 本集團為其香港僱員設立強 制性公積金計劃,據此本集 團及各僱員均須按僱員之合 資格入息5%作每月供款,惟 每月供款額上限為1,500港元 (二零二零年:1,500港元)。 於二零二零年及二零二一年 十二月三十一日,分別向強制 性公積金作出合共約60,000 港元及89,000港元的供款。
 - (ii) 本集團於中國內地的附屬公司亦有遵守相關中國內地市政府的規定為其於中國內地市的僱員作出為其薪金一定百分比的退休計劃供款。市政府保證承擔所有現有及未來本集團於中國內地僱員的退休福利責任。

綜合財務報表附註 (續) For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

9 Employee Benefits Expense (Continued) 9 僱員福利開支(續)

(b) Directors' emoluments

(b) 董事薪酬

- The emoluments of directors for the year ended 31 December 2021 are set out below:
- 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日 止年度,董事的酬金載列如下:

		Fees 袍金 HK\$'000 千港元	Basic salaries, allowances and benefits 基本薪金、 津貼及福利 HK\$'000 千港元	Discretionary bonuses 酌情花紅 HK\$'000 千港元	Employer's contributions to pension scheme 退休金計劃 僱主供款 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總額 HK\$'000 千港元
Executive directors:	執行董事:					
CHAN Chun Kit	陳振傑	-	2,244	-		2,244
CHAN Josephine Wai Sze	陳瑋詩	-	844	-	22	866
ZHU Xueqin	朱雪琴	-	413	5	50	468
Non-Executive director:	非執行董事:					
CHOW Yiu Pong David	周耀邦	-	86	-	4	90
Independent non-executive directors:	獨立非執行董事:					
WONG Lung Tak, Patrick	黃龍德(於二零二二年					
(resigned on 1 January 2022)	一月一日辭任)	150			-	150
YUEN Ching Bor Stephen	袁靖波(於二零二二年					
(resigned on 1 May 2022)	五月一日辭任)	150	-	-	-	150
KAN Sze King Kenneth	簡士勁	152	-	-	-	152
		452	3,587	5	76	4,120

綜合財務報表附註 (續)

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

Employee Benefits Expense (Continued) 9 僱員福利開支(續) 9

(b) Directors' emoluments (Continued)

The emoluments of directors for the year ended 31 December 2020 is set out below:

(b) 董事薪酬(續) 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日 止年度,董事的酬金載列如下:

		Fees 袍金 HK\$'000 千港元	Basic salaries, allowances and benefits 基本薪金、 津貼及福利 HK\$'000 千港元	Discretionary bonuses 酌情花紅 HK\$'000 千港元	Employer's contributions to pension scheme 退休金計劃 僱主供款 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總額 HK\$'000 千港元
Executive directors:	執行董事:					
CHAN Chun Kit	陳振傑	-	2,226	-	6	2,232
WONG Ka Wai <i>(Resigned on</i>	王家惠 <i>(於二零二零年</i>					
24 June 2020)	六月二十四日辭任)	-	45	-	2	47
LAM Kwok Leung (Resigned on	林國良 <i>(於二零二零年</i>					
16 May 2020)	五月十六日辭任)	-	34	-	2	36
Chan Josephine Wai Sze	陳瑋詩 <i>(於二零二零年</i>					
(Appointed on 7 January 2020)	一月七日獲委任)	-	702	-	19	721
ZHU Xueqin (Appointed on	朱雪琴 <i>(於二零二零年</i>					
7 January 2020)	一月七日獲委任)	-	361	-	15	376
Non-Executive director:	非執行董事:					
CHOW Yiu Pong (re-designated	周耀邦 <i>(於二零二零年</i>					
from executive director on	一月七日由執行董事					
7 January 2020)	調任)	-	88	-	4	92
Independent non-executive directors:	獨立非執行董事:					
WONG Lung Tak, Patrick	黃龍德	153	-	-	-	153
TAM Tak Kei, Raymond	譚徳機 <i>(於二零二零年</i>					
(Resigned on 14 February 2020)	二月十四日辭任)	15	-	-	-	15
LIU Chi Keung (Resigned on	廖志強 <i>(於二零二零年</i>					
1 September 2020)	九月一日辭任)	103	-	-	-	103
Yuen Ching Bor Stephen	袁靖波 <i>(於二零二零年</i>					
(Appointed on 7 January 2020)	一月七日獲委任)	153	-	-	-	153
Kan Sze King Kenneth	簡士勁 <i>(於二零二零年</i>					
(Appointed on 1 September 2020)	九月一日獲委任)	50	-	-	-	50
		474	3,456	_	48	3,978

綜合財務報表附註 (續)

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

9 Employee Benefits Expense (Continued)

(b) Directors' emoluments (Continued)

No director waived or agreed to waive any emoluments during the year (2020: Nil). No incentive payment for joining the Group or compensation for loss of office was paid or payable to any directors during the year ended 31 December 2021 (2020: Nil).

(c) Directors' retirement benefits

No retirement benefits were paid to the directors of the Company during the year ended 31 December 2021 by a defined contribution plan operated by the Group in respect of their services as directors of the Company (2020: Nil). No other retirement benefits were paid to the directors in respect of their other services in connection with the management of the affairs of the Company or its subsidiary undertakings (2020: Nil).

(d) Directors' termination benefits

None of the directors received or will receive any termination benefits during the year ended 31 December 2021 (2020: Nil).

(e) Consideration provided to third parties for making available directors' services

During the year ended 31 December 2021, the Company did not pay any considerations to any third parties for making available the services of themselves as directors of the Company (2020: Nil).

(f) Information about loans, quasi-loans and other dealings in favour of directors, controlled bodies corporate by and connected entities with such directors

No loans, quasi-loans and other dealings were entered into by the Company or its subsidiary undertakings in favour of the directors of the Company, a controlled body corporate or a connected entity of such directors at any time during the year (2020: Nil).

9 僱員福利開支(續)

(b) 董事薪酬(續)

於本年度,概無董事放棄或同意 放棄任何薪酬(二零二零年:無)。 於截至二零二一年十二月三十一 日止年度,概無已付或應付任何 董事加入本集團的獎勵或離職補 償(二零二零年:無)。

(c) 董事退休福利

於截至二零二一年十二月三十一 日止年度,本集團營運的界定供 款計劃並無就本公司董事所提供 服務向其支付任何退休福利(二零 二零年:無)。概無就董事管理本 公司或其附屬公司事務而提供的 其他服務向其支付其他退休福利 (二零二零年:無)。

(d) 董事離職福利 於截至二零二一年十二月三十一 日止年度,概無董事已收取或將 收取任何離職福利(二零二零年: 無)。

(e) 就獲取董事服務而向第三方 支付之代價

於截至二零二一年十二月三十一 日止年度,本公司並無就獲取本 公司董事服務而向任何第三方支 付任何代價(二零二零年:無)。

(f) 有關以董事、董事之受控制 法團及關連實體為受益人之 貸款、準貸款及其他交易之 資料

> 於本年度任何時間內,本公司或 其附屬公司概無以本公司董事、 董事之受控制法團或關連實體為 受益人進行貸款、準貸款或其他 交易(二零二零年:無)。

綜合財務報表附註 (續)

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

9 Employee Benefits Expense (Continued)

(g) Directors' material interests in transactions, arrangements or contracts

Save for transactions disclosed elsewhere in the notes to these consolidated financial statements, no other significant transactions, arrangements and contracts in relation to the Group's business to which the Company was a party and in which a director of the Company had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the year (2020: Same).

(h) Five highest paid individuals

The five individuals whose emoluments were the highest in the Group for the years ended 31 December 2021 include three directors (2020: two directors) whose emoluments are reflected in the analysis presented above. The emoluments payable to the remaining two (2020: three) individuals during the years are as follows:

9 僱員福利開支(續)

(g) 董事於交易、安排或合約之 重大權益

除此等綜合財務報表其它附註所 披露之交易外,並無有關本集團 業務而本公司作為其中一方且本 公司董事於其中(不論直接或間接) 擁有重大權益(於本年年底或於年 內任何時間)的重大交易、安排及 合約(二零二零年:相同)。

(h) 五位最高薪人士

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日 止年度,本集團五位最高薪人士 包括三名董事(二零二零年:兩名 董事),彼等的薪酬已載於上列分 析。於本年度,應付餘下兩名(二 零二零年:三名)人士的薪酬如下:

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Basic salaries, allowances	基本薪金、津貼及福利		
and benefits		966	1,291
Discretionary bonuses	酌情花紅	-	-
Employer's contribution to	退休金計劃僱主供款		
pension scheme		36	43
		1,002	1,334

The emoluments of the above two (2020: three) individuals were within the following bands:

上述兩名(二零二零年:三名)人 士的薪酬介乎以下範圍:

		Number of 僱員	
		2021 二零二一年	2020 二零二零年
HK\$Nil – HK\$1,000,000	零港元-1,000,000港元	2	3

No incentive payment for joining the Group or compensation for loss of office was paid or payable to any of the five highest paid individuals during the year ended 31 December 2021 (2020: Nil). 於截至二零二一年十二月三十一 日止年度,並無加入本集團的獎 勵或離職補償已付或應付予五位 最高薪人士中任何一位(二零二零 年:無)。

綜合財務報表附註 (續) For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

10 Depreciation and Other Expenses 10 折舊及其他開支

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Depreciation – Property, plant and equipment – Right-of-use assets	折舊 一物業、廠房及設備 一使用權資產	19,119 39,313	17,739 43,805
		58,432	61,544
Other expenses include the following items:	其他開支包括以下各項:		
Auditor's remuneration	核數師薪酬		
- Audit services	一審核服務	1,000	814
- Non audit services	一非審核服務	282	209
Amortisation on intangible assets Operating lease payments of premises	無形資產攤銷 物業經營租賃付款	1,874	729
 Contingent rent for premises (i) Coronavirus disease 2019 ("COVID-19") rent concessions 	-物業或然租金(i) -二零一九冠狀病毒病 (「COVID-19」)	1,743	817
	租金減免	(3,224)	(8,276)
 Variable lease payment 	一浮動租賃付款	687	1,614
Lease payments not included in the measurement of	計量租賃負債時並無計入 的租賃付款		
lease liabilities		4,026	3,626
Impairment loss on trade receivables Property, plant and equipment	貿易應收款項減值虧損 撇銷物業、廠房及設備	-	209
written-off		5,831	4,770
Trade and other receivables	撇銷貿易及其他應收款項		
written-off		2,072	-
VAT recoverable written-off (ii)	撇銷可抵扣增值税(ii)	2,511	-
 The contingent rent refers to the operating determined percentage to the restaurant reven of the respective leases. 		或然租金指按酒樓收益預 最低租金計算的營運租金	
ii) The VAT recoverable written-off was mainly de subsidiaries. These dormant subsidiaries are		撤銷可抵扣增值税主要源 該等不活躍附屬公司仍有#	灌享有可抵扣增值税。

recoverable. Given that these dormant subsidiaries ceased their business, the management of the Company considered the probability of utilising such VAT recoverable to be remote.

鑑於該等不活躍附屬公司終止其業務,本公司 管理層認為,利用有關可抵扣增值税的可能性 極低。

综合財務報表附註(續)
For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

11 Finance Costs

11 財務成本

	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Interest expenses on bank borrowings 銀行借款利息開支 Interest expenses on lease liabilities 租賃負債利息開支 Interest expenses on other borrowing 其他借款利息開支	634 10,899 -	252 12,897 52
Total interest expenses on financial liabilities not at fair value非按公允值計入損益的金融 負債利息開支總額 through profit or loss	11,533	13,201

12 Income Tax

12 所得税

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Current tax	即期税項		
Current tax on profits for the year	年內溢利的即期税項		
– Hong Kong	一香港	-	-
– The PRC	一中國	556	84
Underprovided/(overprovided)	過往年度撥備不足/		
in prior year	(超額撥備)	75	(129)
		631	(45)
Deferred tax	遞延税項		
Origination and reversal of	產生及撥回暫時性差異		
temporary differences (note 34(a))	(附註34(a))	(1,781)	(29)
Income tax credit	所得税抵免	(1,150)	(74)

No provision for Hong Kong profits tax is made in the consolidated financial statements as the Group has no assessable profits derived in Hong Kong for the years ended 31 December 2020 and 2021.

截至二零二零年及二零二一年十二月 三十一日止年度,概無於綜合財務報 表計提香港利得税撥備,因為本集團 並無於香港取得應課税溢利。

綜合財務報表附註 (續) For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

12 Income Tax (Continued)

According to the PRC Enterprise Corporate Tax Law promulgated by the PRC government, the PRC's statutory income tax rate is 25%. Except for certain preferential tax treatment available to one of its subsidiaries of the Group, the other PRC subsidiaries are subject to income tax at the rate of 25% for the years ended 31 December 2020 and 2021.

The tax on the Group's loss before income tax differs from the theoretical amount that would arise using applicable statutory tax rates as follows:

12 所得税(續)

根據中國政府頒佈的中國企業税法,中 國的法定所得税率為25%。於截至二 零二零年及二零二一年十二月三十一 日止年度,本集團除一家附屬公司享 有若干優惠税務待遇外,其他中國附 屬公司須按税率25%繳納所得税。

本集團除所得税前虧損的税項與按適 用法定税率計算所得理論上金額之間 的差異如下:

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Loss before income tax	除所得税前虧損	(101,308)	(40,850)
Tax calculated at applicable statutory tax rates	按適用法定税率計算的税項	(19,156)	(8,027)
Income not subject to tax Expenses not deductible for tax	毋須課税之收入 不可扣税之開支	(13,130) (510)	(1,675)
purposes Current tax underprovided/	過往年度即期税項	4,886	535
(overprovided) in prior year Tax effect of deferred tax assets overprovided/(underprovided) in	撥備不足/(超額撥備) 遞延税項資產超額撥備/ (撥備不足)的税務影響	75	(129)
prior year Tax effect of temporary differences	未確認暫時差額的税務影響	647	(648)
not recognised Tax effect of tax losses not	未確認税項虧損的税務影響	5,394	(1,094)
recognised		7,514	10,964
Income tax credit	所得税抵免	(1,150)	(74)

綜合財務報表附註 (續)

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

13 Dividend

13 股息

The Board has resolved not to recommend the payment of any final dividend for the year ended 31 December 2021 (2020: Nil).

14 Loss Per Share

The calculation of basic loss per share attributable to the owners of the Company is based on the following data:

董事會已議決不建議派付截至二零 二一年十二月三十一日止年度的任何 末期股息(二零二零年:無)。

14 每股虧損

本公司擁有人應佔每股基本虧損乃根 據以下數據計算:

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Loss	虧損		
Loss for the year attributable to	本公司擁有人應佔年內虧損		
the owners of the Company		(92,450)	(39,817)
		2021	2020
		二零二一年	二零二零年
		'000	'000
		千股	千股
Number of Shares			
Weighted average number of shares	就計算每股基本虧損的加權		
for the purpose of calculating basic			
loss per share		1,000,000	1,000,000

Diluted loss per share was the same as basic loss per share as there were no potential dilutive ordinary shares outstanding for the years ended 31 December 2020 and 2021. 由於截至二零二零年及二零二一年 十二月三十一日止年度並無任何潛在 攤薄普通股股份,故每股攤薄虧損與 每股基本虧損相同。

綜合財務報表附註 (續) For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

15 Property, Plant and Equipment 15 物業、廠房及設備

		Leasehold improvements	Furniture, fixtures and equipment 家具、裝置	Utensils, liners and uniforms 餐具、布單	Motor vehicles	Construction in progress	Total
		租賃裝修	及設備	及制服	汽車	在建工程	總額
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Cost	成本						
At 1 January 2020	於二零二零年一月一日	112,833	31,944	6,825	518	-	152,120
Arising on acquisition of subsidiaries	收購附屬公司時產生						
(note 36)	(附註36)	3,201	6,370	-	78	-	9,649
Additions	添置	4,972	2,177	28	-	3,931	11,108
Transfer from right-of-use assets (note 16)	轉撥自使用權資產 (附註16)				919		919
Disposals/written-off	出售/撤銷	(25,687)	(5,162)	(1,269)	010		(32,118)
Exchange alignment	西日/ Jan 4月 匯兑調整	4,677	1,996	335	22	276	7,306
At 31 December 2020	於二零二零年十二月三十一日	99,996	37,325	5,919	1,537	4,207	148,984
Additions	添置	4,546	1,459	_	_	-	6,005
Disposals/written-off	出售/撇銷	(11,311)	(4,629)	(20)	(323)		(16,283)
Transfer	轉撥	3,065	1,149	_		(4,214)	-
Exchange alignment	匯兑調整	1,722	814	138	7	7	2,688
At 31 December 2021	於二零二一年十二月三十一日	98,018	36,118	6,037	1,221	-	141,394

綜合財務報表附註 (續) For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

15 Property, Plant and Equipment (Continued) 15 物業、廠房及設備(續)

		Leasehold improvements	Furniture, fixtures and equipment 家具、裝置	Utensils, liners and uniforms 餐具、布單	Motor vehicles	Construction in progress	Total
		租賃裝修	及設備	及制服	汽車	在建工程	總額
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	累計折舊及減值						
At 1 January 2020	於二零二零年一月一日	60,856	19,690	910	382	_	81,838
Arising on acquisition of subsidiaries	收購附屬公司時產生						
(note 36)	(附註36)	1,614	2,249	_	74	-	3,937
Charge for the year	年內計提	10,714	6,972	-	53	-	17,739
Impairment loss	減值虧損	5,015	_	-	-	-	5,015
Written back on disposal/written-off	出售時撇回/撇銷	(21,680)	(4,758)	(910)	-	-	(27,348)
Transfer from right-of-use assets	轉撥自使用權資產						
(note 16)	(附註16)	-	-	-	919	-	919
Exchange alignment	匯兑調整	2,332	1,319	-	17	-	3,668
At 31 December 2020	於二零二零年十二月三十一日	58,851	25,472	-	1,445	-	85,768
Charge for the year	年內計提	13,293	6,035		43		19,371
Reversal of impairment loss	撥回減值虧損	(293)	0,000		40		(293)
Impairment loss	減值虧損	(293) 699		-			(293) 699
Written back on disposal/written-off	減 區 ៣ 須 出售時 撇回 / 撇銷	(7,162)	- (2,966)	_	- (319)		(10,447)
Exchange alignment	山台时孤山/ 孤朝 匯兑調整	1,052	(2,900) 610		(319)		1,667
Excitatige alignment	些兄 问 罡	1,002	010		5	-	1,007
At 31 December 2021	於二零二一年十二月三十一日	66,440	29,151	-	1,174	-	96,765
Net book value	賬面淨值						
At 31 December 2021	於二零二一年十二月三十一日	31,578	6,967	6,037	47	-	44,629
At 31 December 2020	於二零二零年十二月三十一日	41,145	11,853	5,919	92	4,207	63,216

Depreciation expense of approximately HK\$252,000 (2020: Nil) has been expensed in cost of materials consumed.

折舊開支約252,000港元(二零二零年: 無)已計入消耗的材料成本。

綜合財務報表附註 (續)

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

15 Property, Plant and Equipment (Continued)

During the years ended 31 December 2021 and 2020, as certain restaurants in Hong Kong and the PRC underperformed and incurred losses due to the COVID-19 outbreak, the management of the Group concluded there was an indication for impairment and conducted impairment assessment on recoverable amounts of property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets of relevant restaurants. The Group estimated the recoverable amount of these restaurants, each represents an individual CGU, to which the asset belongs when it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount individually.

The recoverable amount of each CGU is determined based on value-in-use calculations by preparing cash flow projections of the relevant CGU derived from the most recent financial forecast approved by the management covering the remaining lease term. The cash flows are discounted using pre-tax discount rates in the range of 12.57% to 16.31% (2020: 7.3% to 11.53%).

As at 31 December 2021, the carrying amount of certain CGUs exceeds their recoverable amount, therefore, a net impairment loss of approximately HK\$14,309,000 (2020: HK\$13,534,000) and approximately HK\$406,000 (2020: HK\$5,015,000) which was allocated to the assets including right-of-use assets and leasehold improvements within the CGUs on a pro rata basis, was recognised in profit or loss in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

As at 31 December 2021, as a result of judgements made by a court in the PRC, property, plant and equipment of a subsidiary with carrying amount of approximately HK\$4,704,000 were frozen for outstanding salaries and construction cost payables. The Group had accounted for the outstanding amounts of approximately HK\$454,000 in the accrued expenses and other payables.

The Directors of the Company considered that the freeze of such property, plant equipment would not have any material impact on the Group's operations.

15 物業、廠房及設備(續)

截至二零二一年及二零二零年十二月 三十一日止年度,由於受COVID-19爆 發影響,香港及中國部分酒樓表現欠 佳和蒙受虧損,本集團管理層得出的 結論為有減值跡象,並對相關酒樓的 物業、廠房及設備和使用權資產的可 收回金額進行減值評估。在無法單 對 有關酒樓的可收回金額進行了估計, 各家酒樓資產所屬為單一個別現金產 生單位。

各現金產生單位的可收回金額乃按使 用價值計算,方法為編製相關現金產 生單位的現金流量預測,此乃由管理 層批准涵蓋剩餘租賃期的新近財務預 測得出。現金流使用税前貼現率介乎 12.57%至16.31%(二零二零年:7.3% 至11.53%)的範圍內進行貼現。

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,部分 現金產生單位之賬面值超出其可收回 金額,因此,約14,309,000港元(二零 二零年:13,534,000港元)及約406,000 港元(二零二零年:5,015,000港元)之 減值虧損淨額已按比例分配至現金產 生單位內之資產(包括使用權資產及租 賃裝修),並於綜合損益表及其他全面 收益中確認為損益。

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,由於 中國法院作出判決,一間附屬公司賬 面值約4,704,000港元之物業、廠房及 設備因尚未支付薪金及應付建築成本 而被凍結。本集團已將尚未支付金額 約454,000港元於應計開支及其他應付 款項入賬。

本公司董事認為,凍結有關物業、廠房 及設備將不會對本集團之營運產生任 何重大影響。

综合財務報表附註(續)
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16 Right-of-use Assets

16 使用權資產

		Motor Vehicle 汽車 HK\$'000 千港元	Premises 物業 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總額 HK\$'000 千港元
Cost	成本			
At 1 January 2020	於二零二零年一月一日	919	233,078	233,997
Exchange alignment	匯兑調整	_	7,154	7,154
Additions	添置	-	9,509	9,509
Arising on acquisition of	由收購附屬公司產生			
subsidiaries (note 36)	(附註36)	-	3,436	3,436
Adjustments upon modification	修訂租賃時調整			
of the leases		-	3,710	3,710
Transfer to property, plant	轉撥至物業、廠房及設備			
and equipment (note 15)	(附註15)	(919)	-	(919)
Written-off	撤銷	-	(45,124)	(45,124)
At 31 December 2020	於二零二零年十二月 三十一日	_	211,763	211,763
			0.004	0.004
Exchange alignment	匯兑調整	-	3,894	3,894
Additions	添置 修訂租賃時調整	-	2,259	2,259
Adjustments upon modification of the leases	修訂忸員时調整		2 751	3,751
Written-off	撤銷	_	3,751 (18,735)	(18,735)
WITTER-OIL	加入业月		(10,733)	(10,733)
At 31 December 2021	於二零二一年十二月			
	三十一日	-	202,932	202,932
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	累計折舊及減值			
At 1 January 2020	於二零二零年一月一日	919	65,117	66,036
Charge for the year	年內計提	-	43,805	43,805
Impairment loss	減值虧損	-	13,534	13,534
Transfer to property, plant	轉撥至物業、廠房及設備			
and equipment (note 15)	(附註15)	(919)	-	(919)
Written-off	撇銷	-	(44,430)	(44,430)
Exchange alignment	匯兑調整	-	2,083	2,083

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16 Right-of-use Assets (Continued)

16 使用權資產(續)

		Motor Vehicle 汽車 HK\$'000 千港元	Premises 物業 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總額 HK\$'000 千港元
At 31 December 2020	於二零二零年十二月 三十一日	_	80,109	80,109
Charge for the year Reversal of impairment loss Impairment loss Written-off Exchange alignment	年內計提 撥回減值虧損 減值虧損 撤銷 匯兑調整	- - -	39,313 (591) 14,900 (17,810) 1,242	39,313 (591) 14,900 (17,810) 1,242
At 31 December 2021	於二零二一年十二月 三十一日	_	117,163	117,163
Carrying amount At 31 December 2021	賬面值 於二零二一年十二月 三十一日	-	85,769	85,769
At 31 December 2020	於二零二零年十二月 三十一日	_	131,654	131,654

The Group has obtained the right to use properties as its office and restaurants through lease agreements. The lease agreements do not impose any covenants. Leased assets may not be used as security for borrowing purposes.

The leases typically run for an initial period of 2 to 10 years. Generally, the Group is restricted from assigning and subleasing the leased assets outside the Group. Total cash outflow for the leases for the years ended 31 December 2021 and 2020 was approximately HK\$42,728,000 and HK\$50,376,000 respectively.

本集團已透過租賃協議獲得將物業用 作其辦公室及酒樓的權益。租賃協議 並無規定任何契約。租賃資產不得作 為借款的擔保。

租賃通常的初步租期為2至10年。一般 而言,本集團被限制在本集團外轉讓及 轉租租賃資產。租賃於截至二零二一 年及二零二零年十二月三十一日止年 度的現金流出總額分別約為42,728,000 港元及50,376,000港元。

綜合財務報表附註 (續)

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16 Right-of-use Assets (Continued)

16 使用權資產(續)

During the year, lessors of the relevant leases provided rent concessions to the Group, these rent concessions occurred as a direct consequence of Covid-19 pandemic and met of all of the conditions in HKFRS 16.46(B), and the Group applied the practical expedient not to assess whether the changes constitute lease modifications. For the years ended 31 December 2021 and 2020, the effects on changes in lease payments due to forgiveness or waiver by the lessors for the relevant leases of approximately HK\$3,224,000 and HK\$8,276,000 respectively were recognised as negative variable lease payments.

The amounts recognised in profit or loss for the years ended 31 December 2021 and 2020 in relation to leases are as follows: 年內,相關租賃的出租人向 貴集團提供租金優惠,該等租金優惠乃Covid-19 大流行的直接後果,並符合香港財務 報告準則第16.46(b)條的所有條件, 而 貴集團採取實際權宜之策,不評估 該等變動是否構成租賃修訂。截至二 零二一年及二零二零年十二月三十一 日止年度,因出租人放棄或豁免相關 租賃而導致的租賃付款變動影響分別 約3,224,000港元及8,276,000港元,已 確認為負可變租賃付款。

截至二零二一年及二零二零年十二月 三十一日止年度,於損益內就租賃確 認的金額如下:

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Depreciation charge of	使用權資產的折舊開支		
right-of-use assets		39,313	43,805
Interest on lease liabilities	租賃負債利息	10,899	12,897
Expense relating to short-term leases	與短期租賃有關的開支	4,026	3,626
Total amount recognised in	於損益內確認的總金額	54.000	00.000
profit or loss		54,238	60,328

综合財務報表附註(續)
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17 Intangible Assets

17 無形資產

		Goodwill 商譽 HK\$'000 千港元	Trademarks 商標 HK\$'000 千港元	Cooperation Contracts 合作合約 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
Cost At 1 January 2020	成本 於二零二零年 一月一日	_		_	_
Arising on acquisition of a subsidiary (note 36) Exchange alignment	收購一間附屬公司時 產生(附註36) 匯兑調整	15,329 997	10,904 709	3,152 205	29,385 1,911
At 31 December 2020	於二零二零年 十二月三十一日	16,326	11,613	3,357	31,296
Exchange alignment	匯兑調整	426	302	88	816
At 31 December 2021	於二零二一年 十二月三十一日	16,752	11,915	3,445	32,112
Accumulated amortisation and impairment At 1 January 2020	累計攤銷及減值 於二零二零年				
Amortisation charge for	小二零二零十 一月一日 年內攤銷費用	-	-	-	-
the year Exchange alignment	匯兑調整	-	565 40	164 11	729 51
At 31 December 2020	於二零二零年 十二月三十一日	-	605	175	780
Amortisation charge for the year	年內攤銷費用	_	1,454	420	1,874
Impairment loss Exchange alignment	減值虧損 匯兑調整	16,355 397	9,573 283	2,767 83	28,695 763
At 31 December 2021	於二零二一年 十二月三十一日	16,752	11,915	3,445	32,112
Carrying amount At 31 December 2021	賬面金額 於二零二一年 十二月三十一日	_	_	_	_
At 31 December 2020	於二零二零年 十二月三十一日	16,326	11,008	3,182	30,516

综合財務報表附註(續)
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17 Intangible Assets (Continued)

During the year ended 31 December 2021 and 2020, amortisation of the Group's intangible assets has been charged to other expenses in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

Impairment test for intangible assets

During the years ended 31 December 2021 and 2020, amortisation of the Group's intangible assets (trademarks and cooperation contracts) has been charged to other expenses in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

Impairment test

For the purpose of impairment testing, intangible assets in respect of the goodwill, trademarks and cooperation contracts in the consolidated financial statements have been allocated to an individual CGU, namely Yaoliang (Shanghai) Food Co., Limited ("Yaoliang"), engaged in operating food counters in Shanghai, the PRC.

At 31 December 2020, the recoverable amount of the Yaoliang was determined based on the value-in-use calculations. That calculation used cash flow projections based on financial budgets approved by management covering a 5-year period and pre-tax discount rate of 16.15%. Assumed growth rate was used to extrapolate the cash flows in the following years. The financial budgets assumed an average growth rate ranging from -1.1% to 11% and a terminal growth rate of 2.6% taking into account of long term gross domestic product growth, inflation rate and other relevant economic factors. The Directors believed that any reasonably possible change in the key assumptions on which the recoverable amount was based would not cause the carrying amount of Yaoliang to exceed its recoverable amount. The management of the Group was of the view that the goodwill was not impaired as its recoverable amount exceeded its carrying amount.

17 無形資產(續)

截至二零二一年及二零二零年十二月 三十一日止年度,本集團的無形資產 攤銷已於綜合損益及其他全面收入表 的其他開支中扣除。

無形資產減值測試

於截至二零二一年及二零二零年十二 月三十一日止年度,本集團的無形資 產(商標及合作合約)攤銷已於綜合損 益及其他全面收入表的其他開支中扣除。

減值測試

就減值測試而言,與商譽、商標及綜合 財務報表合作合約有關的無形資產已 分配予個別現金產生單位,即耀良(上 海)食品有限公司(「耀良」),該公司於 中國從事經營食品專櫃。

綜合財務報表附註 (續)

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

17 Intangible Assets (Continued)

Impairment test (Continued)

During the year ended 31 December 2021, all food counters operated by Yaoliang under the brand name of "Sun Kau Kee (新玖記)" in Shanghai, the PRC, were closed down. All relevant cooperation contracts with Shanghai Freshippo were also terminated in September 2021. The management of the Group considered that Yaoliang's business performance was unsatisfactory and decided to cease its operations. The Directors of the Group expected that Yaoliang would not generate any economic benefit in the foreseeable future. The management determined the recoverable amounts of the goodwill, trademarks and cooperation contracts by reference to Yaoliang's fair value less costs of disposal to be zero as Yaoliang has ceased its operations and had net liabilities position. Having considered the above conditions, the Directors of the Group considered there were indications of impairment in Yaoliang and recognised full impairment loss of approximately HK\$28,695,000 for the year ended 31 December 2021 on the intangible assets including goodwill, trademarks and cooperation contracts.

17 無形資產(續)

減值測試(續)

於截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止 年度,耀良於中國上海以「新玖記」品 牌名稱經營之所有食品店舖均已關閉。 與上海盒馬之所有相關合作合約亦已 於二零二一年九月終止。本集團管理 層認為耀良之業務表現不盡人意並決 定停止營運。本集團董事預期耀良於 可預見未來將不會產生任何經濟利益。 管理層經參考耀良之公允值減出售成 本確定商譽、商標及合作合約之可收回 金額為零,原因為耀良已停止營運及 存在淨負債狀況。經計及上述情況,本 集團董事認為耀良存在減值跡象並於 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年 度就無形資產(包括商譽、商標及合作 合約)確認悉數減值虧損約28,695,000 港元。

综合財務報表附註 (續)
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18 Deposits Placed for Life Insurance 18 投購壽險保單保費 Policies

		2021 二零二一年	2020 二零二零年
		————————————————————————————————————	—————————————————————————————————————
Life insurance policy	壽險保單	2,247	2,176

Life Insurance Policy

In April 2009, the Group entered into a life insurance policy with an insurance company to insure an Executive Director, Mr. Chan Chun Kit. Under the policy, the beneficiary and policy holder is Orient Century Limited ("Orient Century"), a subsidiary of the Company and the total insured sum is USD750,000 (approximately HK\$5,850,000). Orient Century is required to pay ten annual instalments of USD26,055 up to 30 April 2019 (approximately HK\$203,229) including a premium charge at inception of the policy amounting to USD8,100 (approximately HK\$63,180). Orient Century can terminate the policy at any time and receive cash back based on the cash value of the policy at the date of withdrawal, which is determined by the accumulated deposit payments plus accumulated interest earned and minus the accumulated insurance charge and policy expense charge.

In addition, if withdrawal is made between the 1st to 15th policy year, there is a specified amount of surrender charge. The insurance company will pay Orient Century an guaranteed interest of 5.55% on annum basis for first 20 years. Commencing on the 21st year, the interest will become 3% per annum plus a premium determined by the insurance company on an annual basis.

壽險保單

於二零零九年四月,本集團與一間保險 公司簽訂一份壽險保單,以為執行董事 陳振傑先生投保。根據保單,受益人及 保單持有人為本公司附屬公司奧聯有 限公司(「奧聯」),而總保額為750,000 美元(約5,850,000港元)。奧聯須分十 年支付26,055美元(約203,229港元), 直至二零一九年四月三十日,包括於保 單訂立時的保費8,100美元(約63,180 港元)。奧聯可於任何時間終止保單, 並按於退保日期保單的現金價值收回 現金,而現金價值乃按累計按金加已 賺取累計利息並減累計保險收費與保 單開支收費釐定。

再者,倘於第一至第十五個保單年度 內退保,保險公司將收取定額退保費用。 保險公司將於首二十年按保證年利率 5.55厘向奧聯支付利息。自第二十一 年起,利息將按年利率3厘計算,並加 每年支付由保險公司釐定的保費。

綜合財務報表附註 (續) For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

19 Financial Instruments by Category 19 按類別劃分的金融工具

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Financial assets at amortised cost	按攤銷成本列賬的金融資產		
Rental deposits	租金按金	12,773	14,87
Deposits placed for life insurance	投購壽險保單保費	0.047	0.17
policies		2,247	2,170
Trade receivables	貿易應收款項	2,302	5,462
Deposits and other receivables	按金及其他應收款項	8,956	16,69
Loan receivable	應收貸款	3,706	10,000
Amount due from a non-controlling	應收一名非控股股東		0.00
shareholder	款項	-	9,82
Amounts due from related	應收關聯公司		
companies	款項	9	7
Pledged bank deposit	已抵押銀行存款	4,076	
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物	26,817	28,949
		60,886	88,04
Financial liabilities at amortised cost	按攤銷成本列賬的金融負債		
Trade payables	貿易應付款項	16,646	19,41
Accruals and other payables	應計費用及其他應付款項	32,443	29,32
Amount due to a non-controlling	應付一名非控股股東的款項		
shareholder		723	24
Amount due to a related company	應付一間關聯公司款項	307	
Bank borrowings	銀行借款	24,724	22,40
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	141,167	168,64
		216,010	240,03

20 Inventories

20 存貨

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Food and beverages	食品及飲品	13,893	12,375

As at 31 December 2020 and 2021, there were no inventories stated at net realisable value.

於二零二零年及二零二一年十二月 三十一日,概無存貨按可變現淨值列賬。

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For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

21 Trade Receivables

21 貿易應收款項

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Trade receivables Less: Allowance for	貿易應收款項 減:減值虧損撥備	2,536	5,787
impairment losses		(234)	(325)
		2,302	5,462

The Group's sales from its restaurant operations are mainly conducted in cash or by credit cards. The credit period granted by the Group to its customers ranges from 0 to 30 days.

The ageing analysis of trade receivables based on invoice date (net of allowance for impairment losses) is as follows:

本集團酒樓業務的營業額主要以現金 或信用卡結算。本集團向其客戶授出 的信貸期介乎0至30日。

按發票日期呈列的貿易應收款項(扣除 減值虧損撥備後)賬齡分析如下:

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
0 to 30 days	0至30日	1,805	4,635
31 to 60 days	31至60日	207	184
61 to 90 days	61至90日	52	174
Over 90 days	90日以上	238	469
		2,302	5,462

The Group applies simplified approach to measuring expected credit losses which uses a lifetime expected loss allowance for all trade receivables. 本集團採用簡化方法計量預期信貸虧 損,該方法就所有貿易應收款項使用 全期預期虧損撥備。

综合財務報表附註(續)
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21 Trade Receivables (Continued)

21 貿易應收款項(續)

Movements in loss allowance recognised in respect of trade receivables are as follows:

就貿易應收款項已確認的虧損撥備變 動如下:

		<mark>2021</mark> 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
As at 1 January	於一月一日	325	111
Loss allowance recognised for	年內確認的虧損撥備		
the year		-	209
Reversal of loss allowance for	年內虧損撥備撥回		
the year		(98)	-
Exchange alignment	匯兑調整	7	5
As at 31 December	於十二月三十一日	234	325

Due to the short-term nature of the trade receivables, their carrying amounts approximate to their fair values and are denominated in HK\$ or RMB, which are the functional currencies of the respective group entities. The maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date is the carrying value of trade receivables mentioned above. The Group does not hold any collateral as security. 因貿易應收款項的短期性質使然,其 賬面值與其公允值相若,以港元或人 民幣(為各集團實體的功能貨幣)計值。 於報告日期所面對的最大信貸風險為 上述貿易應收款項的賬面值。本集團 並無持有任何抵押品作為擔保。

22 Deposits, Prepayments and Other 22 按金、預付款項及其他應收款 項

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Rental deposits	租金按金	16,870	17,056
Utility deposits Other deposits, prepayments and	公用按金 其他按金、預付款項及其他	1,068	1,308
other receivables	應收款項	5,085	9,938
Government grant receivables	應收政府補貼	-	4,575
		23,023	32,877
Less: Non-current portion –	減:非即期部分-		
rental deposits	租金按金	(12,773)	(14,871)
Current portion	即期部分	10,250	18,006

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22 Deposits, Prepayments and Other 項(續) **Receivables** (Continued)

The carrying amounts of deposits, prepayments and other receivables approximate their fair values and are denominated in HK\$ or RMB, which are the functional currencies of the respective group entities.

23 Loan Receivable

22 按金、預付款項及其他應收款

按金、預付款項及其他應收款項的賬 面值與其公允值相若,以港元或人民 幣(即各集團實體的功能貨幣)計值。

23 應收貸款

		2021	2020
		二零二一年	二零二零年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Fixed-rate loan receivable	固定利率應收貸款	3,706	10,000

As at 31 December 2020, the Group's loan receivable represented unsecured loan receivable of HK\$10,000,000 due from an independent third party bearing interest at a fixed rate of 6% per annum and repayable in six months from the date of loan withdrawal.

The loan receivable was fully repaid during the year ended 31 December 2021.

As at 31 December 2021, the Group's loan receivable represented unsecured loan receivable of HK\$3,706,000 due from an independent third party bearing interest at a fixed rate of 3.85% per annum and repayable in six months from the date of loan withdrawal. The loan receivable was guaranteed by two independent third parties.

Details of impairment assessment are set out in note 5.

於二零二零年十二月三十一日,本集 團的應收貸款指應收一名獨立第三方 的無抵押貸款10,000,000港元,按每 年6厘的固定利率計息,應自貸款提取 計期起計六個月內償還。

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年 度,應收貸款已悉數償還。

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,本集 團的應收貸款指應收一名獨立第三方 的無抵押貸款3.706,000港元,按每年 3.85厘的固定利率計息,應自貸款提 取計期起計六個月內償還。應收貸款 由兩名獨立第三方擔保。

减值評估詳情載於附註5。

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24 Amounts Due from/(to) Non-Controlling 24 應收/(應付)非控股股東款項 Shareholders

			2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
A	mount due from a non-controlling 應收一名非控股股東 shareholder Interest-free (note i) 免息(附註i) Fixed rate of 3% per annum (note ii) 固定年利率3厘(2,487 7,610	3,805 6,020
L	ess: Allowance for impairment 減:減值虧損撥備(loss (note iv)	附註iv)	10,097 (10,097)	9,825
			_	9,825
A	mount due to a non-controlling 應付一名非控股股勇 shareholder (note iii) (附註iii)	東款項	723	241
Not	es:	附註	:	
(i)	Secured and has no fixed repayment term.	(i)	有抵押,無固定還款期。	5
(ii)	Secured and repayable in December 2021. No interest income was recognised for the year ended 31 December 2021.	(ii)	有抵押,須於二零二一: 零二一年十二月三十一 息收入。	
(iii)	Unsecured, interest free and has no fixed repayment term.	(iii)	無抵押、免息及無固定遂	

during the year ended 31 December 2021.

綜合財務報表附註 (續) For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

25 Pledged Bank Deposit

No pledged bank deposits as at 31 December 2020.

As at 31 December 2021, a short-term deposit carried at the prevailing market interest rate at 0.1% per annum was pledged to a bank to secure short-term general banking facilities granted to the Group, and therefore classified as current asset.

The pledged bank deposit was denominated in HK\$.

26 Cash and Cash Equivalents and Other 26 現金及現金等價物及其他現金 **Cash Flow Information**

(a) Cash and cash equivalents comprise:

25 已抵押銀行存款

於二零二零年十二月三十一日,並無 抵押銀行存款。

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,按現 行市場年利率0.1%列賬的短期存款已 抵押予銀行,以取得授予本集團的短 期一般銀行融資,因此分類為流動資產。

已抵押銀行存款均以港元計值。

流量資料

(a) 現金及現金等價物包含:

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Cash at banks	銀行現金	26,696	28,546
Cash on hand	手頭現金	121	403
Cash and cash equivalents in the consolidated statement of financial position Less: bank overdraft (note 31)	於綜合財務狀況表的 現金及現金等價物 減:銀行透支(附註31)	26,817 (1,102)	28,949 –
Cash and cash equivalents in the consolidated statement of cash flows	於綜合現金流量表的現金 及現金等價物	25,715	28,949
Maximum exposure to credit risk	最高信貸風險	26,696	28,546
Majority of the Group's cash and c	'	▶集團大部分現雲	

are denominated in HK\$ or RMB, which are the functional currencies of the respective group entities. Cash at banks earns interest at floating rates based on daily bank deposit rates.

以港元或人民幣(即各集團實體的 功能貨幣)計值。銀行現金以每日 銀行存款利率為基準的浮動利率 賺取利息。

綜合財務報表附註 (續)

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

26 Cash and Cash Equivalents and Other 26 現金及現金等價物及其他現金 Cash Flow Information (Continued)

流量資料(續)

- (b) Reconciliation of loss before income tax to cash generated from operations:
- (b) 除所得税前虧損與經營所得 現金的對賬:

			2021 二零二一年	2020 二零二零年
		Note	— <i></i> ◆—一+ HK\$'000	—令—令牛 HK\$'000
		附註	千港元	千港元
Loss before income tax Adjustments for:	除所得税前虧損 經調整:		(101,308)	(40,850)
Depreciation	折舊	15、16	58,684	61,544
Amortisation	攤銷	10	1,874	729
Finance costs	融資成本	11	11,533	13,201
Interest income	利息收入	8	(467)	(161)
Premium charged on life	壽險保單收取保費			
insurance policies			42	40
Impairment loss on property,	物業、廠房及設備			
plant and equipment, net	減值虧損淨額	15	406	5,015
Impairment loss on right-of-use	使用權資產減值			
assets, net	虧損淨額	16	14,309	13,534
Impairment loss on trade	貿易應收款項減值			
receivables	虧損	10	-	209
Impairment loss on intangible	無形資產減值虧損			
asset		17	28,695	-
Impairment loss on amount	應收一名非控股股			
due from a non-controlling	東款項減值虧損			
shareholder			9,858	-
Reversal of provision for	撥回修復成本撥備			
reinstatement cost		8	(204)	(338)
Reversal of impairment loss on	撥回貿易應收款項			
trade receivables	減值虧損	8	(98)	-
Gain on early termination of	提早終止租賃之收			
leases, net	益淨額		(13)	(21,059)
Rent concessions	租金減免	10	(3,224)	(8,276)
Property, plant and equipment	已撇銷物業、廠房			
written-off	及設備	10	5,831	4,770
Trade and other receivables	撇銷貿易及其他			
written-off	應收款項	10	2,072	-
VAT recoverable written-off	撇銷可抵扣增值税	10	2,511	-
Gain on disposal property, plant				
and equipment	設備收益		(5)	

綜合財務報表附註 (續)

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

26 Cash and Cash Equivalents and Other 26 現金及現金等價物及其他現金 Cash Flow Information (Continued)

流量資料(續)

- (b) Reconciliation of loss before income tax to cash generated from operations: (Continued)
- (b) 除所得税前虧損與經營所得 現金的對賬:(續)

			2021	2020
			二零二一年	二零二零年
		Note	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		附註	千港元	千港元
Operating cash flows before	營運資金變動前的			
changes in working capital	經營現金流量		30,496	28,358
Changes in working capital:	營運資金變動:			
(Increase)/decrease in inventorie	s存貨(增加)/減少		(1,334)	2,332
Decrease in trade receivables	貿易應收款項減少		2,345	1,079
Decrease in deposits,	按金、預付款項及			
prepayments and other	其他應收款項			
receivables	減少		6,774	1,017
Decrease/(increase) in loan	應收貸款減少/			
receivable	(增加)		6,294	(10,000)
Decrease in trade payables	貿易應付款項			
	減少		(3,154)	(2,600)
Decrease/(increase) in amounts	應收關聯公司款項			
due from related companies	減少/(增加)		61	(70)
Increase in contract liabilities	合約負債增加		1,079	4,158
(Increase)/decrease in pledged	已抵押銀行存款			
bank deposit	(增加)/減少		(4,076)	11,029
Increase/(decrease) in accruals	應計費用及			
and other payables	其他應付款項			
	增加/(減少)		2,542	(6,951)
Increase in amount due to a	應付一名非控股		(70)	
non-controlling shareholder	股東款項增加		476	-
Increase in amount due to a	應付一間關聯公司		007	
related company	款項增加		307	
Cash generated from	經營所得現金			00.050
operations			41,810	28,352

綜合財務報表附註 (續)

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

26 現金及現金等價物及其他現金 流量資料(續) 26 Cash and Cash Equivalents and Other Cash Flow Information (Continued)

(c) Reconciliation of liabilities arising from financing activities:

The table below details changes in the Group's liabilities from financing activities, including both cash and non-cash changes. Liabilities arising from financing activities are liabilities for which cash flow was, or future cash flow will be, classified in the Group's consolidated cash flow statement as cash flows from financing activities.

(c) 融資活動所產生負債的對賬:

下表載列本集團自融資活動所產 生負債之變動(包括現金及非現金 變動)詳情。自融資活動所產生的 負債為本集團於綜合現金流量表分類為融資活動所得現金流量的 現金流量或未來現金流量。

		Bank borrowings 銀行借款 HK\$'000 千港元	Lease liabilities 租賃負債 HK\$'000 千港元	Other borrowing 其他借款 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總額 HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 January 2020	於二零二零年一月一日	7,444	208,865	-	216,309
Changes from financing cash flows:	融資現金流量之變動:				
Repayment of bank borrowings Proceeds from new bank	償還銀行借款 新銀行借款所得款項	(7,444)	-	-	(7,444)
borrowings		20,000	-	-	20,000
Repayment of other borrowing Capital element of lease rentals	償還其他借款 已付租賃租金的資本	-	-	(1,363)	(1,363)
paid Interest element of lease rentals	部分 已付租賃租金的利息	-	(38,074)	-	(38,074)
paid	部分	-	(12,302)	-	(12,302)
Borrowing costs paid	已付借款成本	(252)	_	(52)	(304)
Total changes from financing	融資現金流量之變動				
cash flows	總額	12,304	(50,376)	(1,415)	(39,487)
Other changes	其他變動				
Increase in leases liabilities from entering into new leases	年內訂立新租賃而 產生的租賃負債				
during the year Arising on acquisition of	增加 來自收購附屬公司	-	9,509	-	9,509
subsidiaries (note 36) Adjustment on the modification	(附註36) 修訂租賃條款的調整	2,261	6,345	1,363	9,969
of the lease term Adjustment on early termination	提早終止租賃的調整	-	3,710	-	3,710
of leases		-	(21,754)	-	(21,754)
Rent concessions	租金減免	-	(8,276)	-	(8,276)
Interest expenses (note 11)	利息開支(附註11)	252	12,897	52	13,201
Exchange alignment	匯兑調整	147	7,720	-	7,867
Total other changes	其他變動總額	2,660	10,151	1,415	14,226

綜合財務報表附註 (續)

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

26 Cash and Cash Equivalents and Other 26 現金及現金等價物及其他現金 Cash Flow Information (Continued)

- (c) Reconciliation of liabilities arising from financing activities: (Continued)
- (c) 融資活動所產生負債的對賬: (續)

		Bank borrowings 銀行借款 HK\$'000 千港元	Lease liabilities 租賃負債 HK\$'000 千港元	Other borrowing 其他借款 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總額 HK\$'000 千港元
At 31 December 2020 and at 1 January 2021	於二零二零年十二月 三十一日及於 二零二一年一月一日	22,408	168,640	-	191,048
Changes from financing cash flows:	融資現金流量之變動:				
Repayment of bank borrowings Proceeds from new bank	償還銀行借款 新銀行借款所得款項	(2,791)	-	-	(2,791)
borrowings Capital element of lease	已付租賃租金的資本	4,000	-	-	4,000
rentals paid Interest element of lease rentals	部分 已付租賃租金的利息	-	(32,069)	-	(32,069)
paid	部分	-	(10,659)	-	(10,659)
Borrowing costs paid	已付借款成本	(634)	-	-	(634)
Total changes from financing cash flows	融資現金流量之變動 總額	575	(42,728)	_	(42,153)
Other changes Increase in leases liabilities from entering into new leases	其他變動 年內訂立新租賃而 產生的租賃負債				
during the year Adjustment on the modification	增加 修訂租賃條款的調整	-	2,259	-	2,259
of the lease term Adjustment on early termination	提早終止租賃的調整	-	3,751	-	3,751
of leases		-	(938)	-	(938)
Rent concessions	租金減免 利息開支(附註11)	-	(3,224)	-	(3,224)
Interest expenses (note 11) Exchange alignment	利息用又(附社11) 匯兑調整	634 5	10,899 2,508		11,533 2,513
Total other changes	其他變動總額	639	15,255	-	15,894
At 31 December 2021	於二零二一年 十二月三十一日	23,622	141,167	_	164,789

流量資料(續)

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27 Share Capital

27 股本

		Number of Ordinary shares 普通股數目	Nominal value of Ordinary share 普通股面值 HK\$'000 千港元
Authorised:	法定:		
Ordinary shares of HK\$0.01 each	於二零二零年一月一日、		
as at 1 January 2020,	二零二零年及		
31 December 2020 and 2021	二零二一年十二月		
	三十一日每股面值0.01		
	港元之普通股	2,000,000,000	20,000
Issued and fully paid:	己發行及繳足:		
As at 1 January 2020,	於二零二零年一月一日、		
31 December 2020 and 2021	二零二零年及		
	二零二一年十二月		
	三十一日	1,000,000,000	10,000

28 Trade Payables

28 貿易應付款項

The ageing analysis of trade payables based on invoice date is as follows:

按發票日期呈列的貿易應付款項賬齡 分析如下:

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
0 to 30 days	0至30日	6,943	8,708
31 to 60 days	31至60日	3,443	7,334
61 to 90 days	61至90日	1,256	906
Over 90 days	90日以上	5,004	2,470
		16,646	19,418

The carrying amounts of trade payables approximate their fair values and are denominated in HK\$ or RMB, which are the functional currencies of the respective group entities. 貿易應付款項的賬面值與其公允值相 若,並以港元或人民幣(為各集團實體 的功能貨幣)計值。

综合財務報表附註 (續)
For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

29 Accruals and Other payables

29 應計費用及其他應付款項

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Accrued expenses Other payables Temporary receipts	應計開支 其他應付款項 暫收款	26,096 5,510 837	20,513 8,027 789
Total accruals and other payables	應計費用及其他 應付款項總額	32,443	29,329

All of the accruals and other payables are expected to be settled or recognised as income within one year or are repayable on demand.

The carrying amounts of accruals and other payables approximate their fair values and are denominated in HK\$ or RMB, which are the functional currencies of the respective group entities.

30 Contract Liabilities

The Group has recognised the following revenue-related contract liabilities.

所有應計費用及其他應付款項預期將 在一年內結清或確認為收入,或按需 償還。

應計費用及其他應付款項的賬面值與 其公允值相若,並以港元或人民幣(即 各集團實體的功能貨幣)計值。

30 合約負債

本集團已確認以下收益相關合約負債。

		2021 二零二一年	2020 二零二零年
		HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
Current	流動	23,451	21,823

Contract liabilities represent the advance payments from customers, while the underlying services are not yet provided as at 31 December 2020 and 2021. The portion to be recognised within one year after the end of each reporting period is classified as current liabilities in the consolidated statement of financial position. 合約負債指客戶預付款項,而相關服 務於二零二零年及二零二一年十二月 三十一日尚未提供。於各報告期末後 一年內將予確認的部分乃於綜合財務 狀況表內分類為流動負債。

综合財務報表附註(續)
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30 Contract Liabilities (Continued)

30 合約負債(續)

Movement in the contract liabilities balances during the years ended 31 December 2020 and 2021 is as follows:

於截至二零二零年及二零二一年十二 月三十一日止年度的合約負債結餘的 變動如下:

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Carrying amount at 1 January Exchange alignment	於一月一日的賬面值 匯兑調整	21,823 549	16,590 1.075
Revenue recognised during the year	年內已確認收益(附註8(ii))	545	1,075
(note 8(ii)) Consideration received from customers, excluding amounts recognised as revenue during	已收客戶代價,不包括年內 已確認為收益的款項	(11,563)	(8,033)
the year		12,642	12,191
Carrying amount at 31 December	於十二月三十一日的賬面值	23,451	21,823

31 Bank Borrowings

31 銀行借款

		2021	2020
		二零二一年	二零二零年
		HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
Bank overdraft – unsecured Bank borrowings due for repayment	銀行透支──無抵押 於一年內到期償還銀行借款	1,102	-
within one year – unsecured Bank borrowings due for repayment after one year which contain a repayment on demand clause –	 一無抵押 於一年後到期償還銀行借款 (含有按要求償還條款) 一無抵押 	2,855	3,099
unsecured		20,767	19,309
		24,724	22,408

As at 31 December 2020, the bank borrowings of the Group amounting to HK\$20,000,000 were guaranteed by the Hong Kong Government, certain of the existing and former controlling shareholders and approximately HK\$2,408,000 was guaranteed by one of the non-controlling shareholders and third parties.

於二零二零年十二月三十一日,本集 團的銀行借款20,000,000港元由香港 特別行政區、若干現有及前控股股東 擔保,而約2,408,000港元由其中一名 非控股股東及第三方擔保。

综合財務報表附註 (續)

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

31 Bank Borrowings (Continued)

As at 31 December 2021, the bank borrowings of the Group amounting to approximately HK\$23,622,000 were guaranteed by the Hong Kong Government, certain of the existing and former controlling shareholders and approximately HK\$1,102,000 of the bank borrowings was guaranteed by the Company for a subsidiary. The Company has not recognised any deferred income in respect of the guarantee provided to a bank for the subsidiary as its fair value cannot be reliably measured and there is no transaction price.

No covenants relating to the Group or the subsidiary's financial ratios were required by the banks as at 31 December 2020 and 2021.

Repayments of bank borrowings based on the scheduled repayment dates set out in the loan agreements are as follows:

31 銀行借款(續)

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,本集 團銀行借款約23,622,000港元由香港 政府、若干現有及前控股股東擔保及 銀行借款約1,102,000港元由本公司就 一間附屬公司作出擔保。本公司並無 因就附屬公司向銀行提供之擔保確認 任何遞延收入,原因為其公允值無法 可靠計量且並無交易價格。

於二零二零年及二零二一年十二月 三十一日,銀行並無要求與本集團或 附屬公司的財務比率有關的契約。

按貸款協議所載的計劃還款日期劃分 的償還銀行借款的詳情如下:

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Within one year	一年內	3,957	3,099
Over one year but less than	超過一年但少於兩年		
two years		3,243	4,815
Over two years but less than	超過兩年但少於五年		
five years		10,279	14,494
Over five years	超過五年	7,245	-
		24,724	22,408

The weighted average effective interest rates at the respective reporting date were set out as follows:

於相關報告日期的加權平均實際利率 列載如下:

		2021 二零二一年	2020 二零二零年
Bank borrowings	銀行借款	2.92%	2.83%

The carrying amounts of current bank borrowings approximate their fair values, as the impact of discounting was not significant on the borrowings carried floating interest rate. 由於貼現對借款浮動利率影響不大, 故即期銀行借款的賬面值與其公允值 相若。

综合財務報表附註(續)
For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

32 Lease Liabilities

32 租賃負債

As at 31 December 2021, the lease liabilities were repayable as follows:

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,租賃 負債償還如下:

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Within 1 year	一年內	38,168	40,431
After 1 year but within 2 years After 2 years but within 5 years After 5 years	超過一年但兩年內 超過兩年但五年內 超過五年	36,879 49,815 16,305	35,731 66,693 25,785
•		102,999	128,209
		141,167	168,640

33 Provision for Reinstatement Costs

33 修復成本撥備

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 January	於一月一日	5,885	6,055
Reversal made during the year	年內作出之撥回	(204)	(338)
Exchange alignment	匯兑調整	64	168
At 31 December	於十二月三十一日	5,745	5,885
Less: Non-current portion	減:非即期部分	(3,833)	(4,573)
Current portion	即期部分	1,912	1,312

Provision for reinstatement costs is recognised for the costs to be incurred for the reinstatement of the properties used by the Group for its operations upon expiration of the relevant leases. The Group expected that the present value of the costs approximates their undiscounted costs. 修復成本撥備乃就本集團於相關租賃 到期後修復其經營所用物業所產生的 成本而確認。本集團預期該等成本的 現值與其未貼現成本相若。

綜合財務報表附註 (續)

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

34 Deferred Tax (Liabilities)/Assets

34 遞延税項(負債)/資產

遞延税項

- (a) The analysis of deferred tax (liabilities)/ assets is as follows:
- (a) 遞延税項 (負債) / 資產分析 如下:

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Deferred tax liabilities Deferred tax assets	遞延税項負債 遞延税項資產	(279) –	(2,902) 852
		(279)	(2,050)

The movements in deferred tax (liabilities)/assets during the current and prior years, without taking into consideration the offsetting of balances within the same tax jurisdiction, are as follows: 於本年度及過往年度的遞延税項 (負債)/資產變動(並無計及同一 税務司法權區的結餘抵銷)如下:

Deferred tax

	(Accelerated) Decelerated tax depreciation (加速)減速	Tax losses	Others	Total
	税項折舊 HK\$'000 _{壬港元}	税務虧損 HK\$'000 工进量	其他 HK\$'000 壬港元	總額 HK\$'000 千港元
		17876		
匯兑調整	1,126 51	40	(215)	1,144 (124)
(附註36) 計入/(扣除自)綜合損益及	-	415	(3,514)	(3,099)
其他全面 收益表(附註12)	(343)	190	182	29
於二零二零年十二月 三十一日	834	645	(3,529)	(2,050)
於二零二一年一月一日 匯兑調整 計入/(扣除自)綜合損益及	834 (5)	645 1	(3,529) (6)	(2,050) (10)
兵他至面 收益表(附註12)	(1,149)	(646)	3,576	1,781
於二零二一年十二月 三十一日				
	收購一間附屬公司時產生 (附註36) 計入/(扣除自)綜合損益及 其他全面 收益表(附註12) 於二零二零年十二月 三十一日 於二零二一年一月一日 歷兑調整 計入/(扣除自)綜合損益及 其他全面 收益表(附註12)	Decelerated tax depreciation (加速)減速 税項折舊 HK\$'000 干港元於二零二零年一月一日 匯兑調整 收購一間附屬公司時產生 (附註36) 計入/(扣除自)綜合損益及 其他全面 收益表(附註12)11於二零二零年十二月 三十一日834於二零二一年一月一日 匯兑調整 計入/(扣除自)綜合損益及 其他全面 收益表(附註12)834(5) 計入/(扣除自)綜合損益及 其他全面 收益表(附註12)(1,149)	Decelerated taxtaxtaxdepreciationTax losses(加速)減速税項折舊税務虧損 HK\$'000干港元芹港元た二零二零年一月一日1,126二施二零二零年一月一日1,126小1140收購一間附屬公司時產生 (附註36)111<	Decelerated taxTax lossesOtherstaxdepreciation (加速)減速Tax lossesOthers(加速)減速税項折舊税務虧損其他税項折舊税務虧損其他HK\$'000HK\$'000HK\$'000干港元千港元千港元於二零二零年一月一日1,126-修註36)-415(約註36)-415以協用182收益表(附註12)(343)190放二零二零年十二月 三十一日834645(3,529)第二零二年一月一日 (5)1成二零二一年一月一日 厘兑調整 計入/(扣除自)綜合損益及 其他全面 收益表(附註12)(1,149)(646)3,576

综合財務報表附註 (續)

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

34 Deferred Tax Assets (Continued)

- (b) Deferred tax assets have not been recognised in respect of the following items:
- (b) 並未就以下項目確認遞延税 項資產:

			2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Deductible temporary differences Tax losses	可扣減暫時差額 税項虧損		42,212 159,916	10,762 109,076
			202,128	119,838
Notes:		附註	:	
(i) The deductible temporary differences do current tax legislation.	not expire under the	(i)	根據現行税法,可 到期。	扣減暫時差額並不會

Tax losses of approximately HK\$46,312,000 (2020: HK\$18,186,000) arising from the Group's restaurant business in the PRC will expire in the fifth year commencing from the year the loss incurred whereas tax losses of approximately HK\$113,604,000 (2020: HK\$90,890,000) arising from the Group's subsidiaries in Hong Kong do not expire under the current tax legislation

35 Major Non-Cash Transactions

For the years ended 31 December 2021 and 2020, the Group entered into lease arrangements in respect of lease modification and the acquisition of right-ofuse assets with a total capital value of approximately HK\$6,010,000 and HK\$13,219,000, respectively.

During the year ended 31 December 2021, additions of property, plant and equipment included purchase of property, plant and equipment settled by deposit paid in 2020 amounting to approximately HK\$1,873,000, which do not involve any cash payment in 2021.

(ii) 根據現行税法,本集團於中國之酒樓 業務產生的税項虧損約46,312,000港 元(二零二零年:18,186,000港元)將自 產生虧損年度起計第五年到期,而本 集團於香港之附屬公司產生的税項虧 損約113,604,000港元(二零二零年: 90,890,000港元)並不會到期。

35 主要非現金交易

截至二零二一年及二零二零年十二月 三十一日止年度,本集團就租賃修訂 及收購使用權資產訂立租賃安排,其 資本價值分別約為6,010,000港元及 13,219,000港元。

於截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止 年度,添置物業、廠房及設備包括於二 零二零年以已付按金結付之購買物業、 廠房及設備約1,873,000港元,其於二 零二一年並無涉及任何現金付款。

* For identification purposes only

综合財務報表附註 (續)

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

36 Acquisition of Subsidiaries

36 收購附屬公司

(i) Accounted for as business combination

On 9 January 2020, the Group entered into an equity transfer agreement to acquire 70% equity interest in Yaoliang (Shanghai) Food Co. Ltd ("Yaoliang") (耀良(上海)食品有限公司) which operated more than 30 food counters selling roasted meat and delicatessen under the brand names of "Sun Kau Kee* (新玖記)" and "Chaojiangjun* (潮將軍)" through online and offline stores at Freshippo in Shanghai, the PRC at the consideration of RMB22,400,000.

Pursuant to the equity transfer agreement, there was a consideration adjustment mechanism, if the audited revenue for the financial year 2019 was less than RMB40,000,000, the consideration would be adjusted downwards by the adjustment amount, being calculated at 70% of the 80% of the excess of the RMB40,000,000 over the audited revenue. As a result, the consideration was adjusted to approximately to RMB21,387,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$24,178,000).

(i) 作為業務合併入賬 於二零二零年一月九日,本集團 訂立股權轉讓協議,以人民幣 22,400,000元的代價收購耀良(上海)食品有限公司(「耀良」)70%的 股權,該公司通過位於中國上海 的盒馬鮮生線上及線下門店經營 超過30個食品櫃檯,以「新玖記」 及「潮將軍」品牌銷售燒味及熟食。

> 根據股權轉讓協議,存在代價調 整機制,若二零一九財政年度經 審核收入低於人民幣40,000,000 元,則代價將按調整金額向下調整, 按人民幣40,000,000元超出經審 核收入的80%的70%計算。因此, 代價調整為約至人民幣21,387,000 元(相當於約24,178,000港元)。

綜合財務報表附註 (續)

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

36 Acquisition of Subsidiaries (Continued)

(i) Accounted for as business combination (Continued)

The acquisition of Yaoliang was completed on 22 July 2020 and has been accounted for using the acquisition method. Yaoliang is principally engaged in operating food counters in the PRC. The fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities of Yaoliang acquired as at its date of acquisition was as follows:

36 收購附屬公司(續)

(i) 作為業務合併入賬(續)

收購耀良已於二零二零年七月 二十二日完成,並採用收購法入賬。 耀良主要在中國從事經營食品櫃 檯。收購的耀良於收購日期的可 識別資產及負債的公允值如下:

HK\$'000

千港元 Property, plant and equipment 物業、廠房及設備 2,422 Right-of-use assets 使用權資產 887 無形資產(附註i) Intangible assets (note i) 14,056 租金按金 Rental deposits 196 Inventories 存貨 271 貿易應收款項 2,782 Trade receivables Deposits, prepayments and other receivables 按金、預付款項及其他應收款項 2,013 應收一名股東款項 Amount due from a shareholder 9,225 現金及現金等價物 Cash and cash equivalents 2,366 Trade payables 貿易應付款項 (5,078)Accruals and other payables 應計費用及其他應付款項 (5,726)應付一名股東款項 Amount due to a shareholder (254)Lease liabilities 租賃負債 (3,796)遞延税項負債 Deferred tax liabilities (3.099)Bank borrowing 銀行借款 (2, 261)其他借款 Other borrowings (1, 363)按公允值的可識別資產淨值總額 Total identifiable net assets at fair value 12,641 減:非控股權益(附註ii) Less: Non-controlling interests (note ii) (3,792)Identifiable net assets acquired 已收購可識別資產淨值 8,849 以現金代價結付 Satisfied by cash consideration 24,178 收購時產生的商譽: Goodwill arising on acquisition: Consideration transferred 已轉讓代價 24,178 減:已收購可識別資產淨值的已 Less: recognised amount of identifiable net assets acquired 確認金額 (8, 849)Goodwill arising on acquisition 收購時產生的商譽 15,329

綜合財務報表附註 (續)

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

36 Acquisition of Subsidiaries (Continued)

(i) Accounted for as business combination (Continued)

Notes:

(i) Fair values of acquired identifiable intangible assets

The fair values of the acquired trademarks and cooperation contracts amounting to approximately HK\$10,904,000 and HK\$3,152,000 respectively are recognised upon the acquisition based on valuation for these assets. Deferred tax liabilities of approximately HK\$3,514,000 has been provided in relation to these fair value adjustments.

(ii) Non-controlling interests

The Group has chosen to recognise the non-controlling interests at proportionate share of net assets for this acquisition.

(iii) The fair values of the identifiable intangible assets acquired were estimated by applying the income approach. This is a level 3 fair value measurement. The key assumptions are set out as follows:

Discount rate	11.97%
Terminal growth rate	2.6%
Revenue growth rate	11%

The Group recognised the excess of fair value of the consideration transferred over the fair value of the net identifiable assets acquired as the goodwill.

The goodwill will not be deductible for tax purpose. The goodwill arising on the acquisition of Yaoliang is attributable to the anticipated profitability of its operations in the new markets.

36 收購附屬公司(續)

(i) 作為業務合併入賬(續)

附註:

(i) 已收購可識別無形資產的公允值

所收購商標及合作合約之公允值分別為約10,904,000港元及3,152,000港元·乃於收購時根據該等資產之估值確認。已就該等公允值調整計提遞延税項負債約3,514,000港元。

(ii) 非控股權益

本集團已選擇按應佔資產淨值比例確認 該收購事項的非控股權益。

(iii) 已收購可識別無形資產之公允值採用收入法估算。這是第三級公允值計量。主要假設載列如下:

折現率	11.97%
終值增長率	2.6%
收益增長率	11%

本集團將已轉讓代價的公允值超 出已收購可識別資產淨值的公允 值的差額確認為商譽。

商譽將不會被扣税。收購耀良產 生的商譽乃由於其在新市場的預 期盈利能力所致。

綜合財務報表附註 (續)

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

36 Acquisition of Subsidiaries (Continued)

(i) Accounted for as business combination (Continued)

		HK\$'000 千港元
An analysis of the cash flow in respect of the acquisition of a subsidiary is as follows:	有關收購一間附屬公司的現金流 量分析如下:	
Cash consideration Less: Cash and cash equivalents	現金代價 減:現金及現金等價物	24,178 (2,366)
Cash outflow on acquisition of the subsidiary	收購附屬公司的現金流出	21,812

The Group incurred HK\$780,000 transaction costs for this acquisition and that amount was included in other expenses in profit or loss.

Impact of acquisition on the result of the Group

Included in the loss for the year ended 31 December 2020 was revenue of approximately HK\$13,621,000 and loss of approximately HK\$1,143,000 contributed by Yaoliang.

Had the acquisition occurred on 1 January 2020, the revenue and loss for the Group for the year ended 31 December 2020 would have been approximately HK\$256,275,000 and HK\$44,780,000 respectively.

The proforma information was for illustrative purposes only and was not necessarily an indication of total revenue and results of operations of the Group that actually would have been achieved had the acquisition been completed on 1 January 2020, nor is intended to be a projection of future results. 本集團就該收購事項產生交易成 本780,000港元,該金額計入損益 的其他開支。

收購事項對本集團業績的影 響

截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度的虧損包括收益約 13,621,000港元及耀良貢獻的虧 損約1,143,000港元。

倘收購發生在二零二零年一月一日,本集團截至二零二零年十二 月三十一日止年度的收益及虧 損分別約為256,275,000港元及 44,780,000港元。

備考資料僅供説明用途,並不一 定顯示倘收購事項於二零二零年 一月一日完成後本集團實際可達 致的總收益及經營業績,亦不擬 作為未來業績的預測。

36 收購附屬公司(續)

(i) 作為業務合併入賬(續)

綜合財務報表附註 (續)

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

36 Acquisition of Subsidiaries (Continued)

(ii) Accounted for as asset acquisition

Pursuant to the equity transfer agreement dated 31 July 2020, the Group has conditionally agreed to acquire 70% equity interest in a PRC entity, 上海志 捷食品有限公司, from independent third parties. The acquisition was completed on 12 August 2020. In the opinion of the Directors, the acquisition of 上 海志捷食品有限公司 has been accounted for as an asset acquisition as the acquired company did not have significant business prior to the acquisition by the Group except for holding property, plant and equipment for food processing. The identifiable assets and liabilities as at the date of acquisition are as follows:

36 收購附屬公司(續)

(ii) 作為資產收購入賬

根據日期為二零二零年七月 三十一日的股權轉讓協議,本集團 有條件同意向獨立第三方收購上 海志捷食品有限公司70%的股權。 收購已於二零二零年八月十二日 完成。董事認為,收購上海志捷食 品有限公司已作為資產收購入賬, 因為所收購公司於本集團收購前 並無主要業務(除持有食品加工的 物業、廠房及設備外)。於收購日 期,可識別資產及負債如下:

		HK\$'000 千港元
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	3,290
Right-of-use assets	使用權資產	2,549
Rental deposits	租金按金	349
Deposits, prepayments and other receivables	按金、預付款項及其他應收款項	483
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物	11
Other payables	其他應付款項	(2,910)
Amount due to a shareholder	應付一名股東款項	(349)
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	(2,549)
Total identifiable net assets	可識別資產淨值總額	874
Less: Non-controlling interests (note i)	減:非控股權益(附註i)	(262)
Net identifiable assets and liabilities	可識別資產及負債淨額	612
Satisfied by cash consideration	以現金代價結付	612
Note i: The Group has chosen to recognise the non-cont interests at proportionate share of net assets for acquisition.		
An analysis of the cash flow in respect of the acquisition of a subsidiary is as follows:	有關收購一間附屬公司的 現金流量分析如下:	
Cash consideration	現金代價	612
Less: Cash and cash equivalents	減:現金及現金等價物	(11)
Unpaid cash consideration included in	計入本集團其他應付款項的	
other payables of the Group	未付現金代價	(75)
Cash outflow on acquisition of the subsidiary	收購附屬公司的現金流出	526
The Group incurred no material transaction of for this acquisition.	costs 本集團就此次收購 交易成本。	並無產生重大

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37 Reserves

The amounts of the Group's reserves and the movements therein for the current and prior years are presented in the consolidated statement of changes in equity on page 134 of the consolidated financial statements.

Other reserves

Other reserves of the Group represent (i) the amount arising from a reorganisation of the Company in connection with the listing; (ii) wavier of amounts due to a non-controlling shareholder, related party, and ultimate controlling shareholders; (iii) the difference between the acquisition of additional equity interests from the then non-controlling shareholders and the nominal value of the shares of an existing subsidiary of the Group issued in exchange therefore prior to the listing of the Company's shares; and (iii) the difference between the consideration received on disposal of the entire equity interests of the subsidiaries and the carrying amounts of the net liabilities of the subsidiaries.

38 Litigation and Contingent Liabilities

Except for the case set out below, the Group did not have other significant contingent liabilities as at 31 December 2021 and up to the date of this report.

As announced by the Company on 6 January 2020, Excel Linker (Hong Kong) Limited, an indirect whollyowned subsidiary of the Company received a Write of Summons together with an indorsement of claim (the "Indorsement") dated 31 December 2019 and a statement of claim (the "Statement of Claim") dated 17 January 2020 issued in the High Court of The Hong Kong Special Administrative Region (the "Court Action") by Foxhill Investments Limited as plaintiff (the "Plaintiff") against Excel Linker (Hong Kong) Limited as defendant (the "Defendant").

37 儲備

本集團當前及過往年度儲備之金額及 變動呈列於綜合財務報表第134頁綜合 權益變動表內。

其他儲備

本集團其他儲備為(i)來自本公司與上市 相關之重組產生的金額:(ii)放棄應付非 控股股東、關聯方及最終控股股東的 金額:(iii)收購來自當時非控股股東的 其他股權與本集團一家現有附屬公司 的股份面值之間、於本公司股份上市 前發行於聯交所的差額;及(iii)出售附 屬公司全部股權所收代價與附屬公司 淨負債之賬面值的差額。

38 訴訟及或然負債

除下述案件外,於二零二一年十二月 三十一日及直至本報告日期,本集團 概無其他重大或然負債。

誠如本公司於二零二零年一月六日所 宣佈,本公司間接全資附屬公司俊聯(香 港)有限公司接獲一份由惠晉投資有限 公司(作為原告人,「原告人」)經香港 特別行政區高等法院向俊聯(香港)有 限公司(作為被告人,「被告人」)發出 日期為二零一九年十二月三十一日之 傳訊令狀連同申索背書(「背書」)以及 早期為二零二零年一月十七日之申索 陳述書(「申索陳述書」)(「法院訴訟」)。

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38 Litigation and Contingent Liabilities 38 訴訟及或然負債(續) (Continued)

It is stated in the Indorsement that the Plaintiff's claim against the Defendant is in relation to the breach of the Tenancy Agreement dated 18 April 2018 (the "Tenancy Agreement") for wrongfully failing and/or refusing to pay the rent and/or management fees and/or government rates in respect of the Premises located at Units 201-202 on the Second Floor of Infinitus Plaza, No.199 Des Voeux Road, Central, Hong Kong (the "Premises") since 1 October 2019. As at 31 December 2021, the Group had recognised a payable approximately HK\$6.037.000 (2020: HK\$3,525,000) as the rent, management fee, penalty and related interest in relation to the Premises in the consolidated financial statements.

Up to the date of this report, the case is still in proceedings. On the basis of currently available information, the Director's considered that the legal proceedings are unlikely to result in any other material outflow of economic benefits from the Group.

39 Capital Commitments

Capital commitment outstanding at 31 December 2021 not provided for in the consolidated financial statements were as follows:

背書中指出,原告人針對被告人提起 之申索乃有關違反日期為二零一八年 四月十八日之租賃協議(「租賃協議」), 因被告人自二零一九年十月一日起未 能及/或拒絕就位於香港中環德輔道 中199號無限極廣場二樓201至202室 之物業(「物業」)妥為支付租金及/或 管理費及/或政府差餉。於二零二一年 十二月三十一日,本集團就物業於綜 合財務報表內確認租金、管理費、罰金 及相關利息的應付款項約6.037.000港 元(二零二零年:3,525,000港元)。

截至本報告日期,訴訟尚未結案。根據 現時可獲取的資料,董事認為法律訴 訟不會導致本集團出現任何其他巨額 經濟利益流出。

39 資本承擔

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,未在 綜合財務報表中撥備的資本承擔如下:

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Contracted for:	已訂約:		
– property, plant and equipment	-物業、廠房及設備	-	1,496,000

综合財務報表附註 (續)

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40 Related Party Transactions

40 關聯方交易

(a) Transactions with a related party

Save as disclosed elsewhere in the consolidated financial statements, the Group had the following significant transactions with its related party during the years:

(a) 與一名關聯方的交易 除於綜合財務報表另有披露者外, 本集團於有關年度與關聯方訂有 以下重大交易:

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Rental expenses paid to Richfield Develop Limited (Note)	向富裕拓展有限公司支付 租金開支(附註)	886	214

Note: Richfield Develop Limited is a related company controlled by Mr. Chan Chun Kit, a director of the Company. Rental expenses paid to the related company were charged at term mutually agreed by both parties.

The above transactions constituted continuing connected transactions as defined in Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules but are exempted from the disclosure requirements in Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules, as they are below the de minimis threshold under Rule 14A.76(i).

(b) Balances with related parties

 Particulars of amounts due from related companies, disclosed pursuant to section 383(1)(d) of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance and Part 3 of the Companies (Disclosure of Information about Benefits of Directors) Regulation, are as follows: 附註:富裕拓展有限公司為本公司董事陳振傑 先生控制的關聯公司。支付予關聯公司 的租金開支按雙方相互協定的價格收取。

上述交易構成上市規則第14A章所 界定之持續關連交易,惟該等交 易獲豁免遵守上市規則第14A章之 披露規定,原因為該等交易低於 第14A.76()條項下之最低豁免水平。

(b) 與關聯方的結餘

(i) 根據《香港公司條例》第383(1)
 (d)及《公司(披露董事利益資料)規例》第3部,應收關聯公司款項的詳情如下:

		Maximum amount outstanding during the year 年內最高 未償還金額 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	Maximum amount outstanding during the year 年內最高 未償還金額 HK\$'000 干港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$ ⁰⁰⁰ 千港元
Long Run Investment Limited [®] Elite Linker Investment Limited [®] Richfield Develop Limited [®] Poly Wealth Limited [®] Star Catering Management Limited [®]	瑞祥投資有限公司 [®] 俟聯投資有限公司 [®] 富裕拓展有限公司 [®] 寶寶閣飲食管理有限公司 [®]	2 3 66 1 3	2 3 - 1 3	- 66 1 3	- - 66 1 3
Note:		75	9 附註:	70	70

(i) Controlled by Mr. Chan Chun Kit, a director of the (i) Company.

由本公司董事陳振傑先生控制。

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40 Related Party Transactions (Continued)

40 關聯方交易(續)

(b) Balances with related parties (Continued) (ii) Amount due to a related company (b) 與關聯方的結餘(續) (ii) 應付一間關聯公司款項

Richfield Develop Limited [®] 富裕拓展有限公司®	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元 307	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
High meld Develop Linited" — 再节扣成有限公司。	307	
Note:	附註:	
(i) Controlled by Mr. Chan Chun Kit, a director of the Company.	(i) 由本公司董	事陳振傑先生控制。
Amounts due from/(to) related parties are unsecured, interest free and repayable on demand.	應收/(付)履 抵押、免息及	褟聯方款項為無 按需償還。
(c) Key management compensation (c) The emoluments of executive directors and members of key management were as follows:	主要管理人員 執行董事及主要 酬如下:	
	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Basic salaries, allowances 基本薪金、津貼及福利		
and benefits Discretionary bonuses 酌情花紅	4,260 5	4,357 -
Employer's contribution to 退休金計劃僱主供款 pension scheme	105	80
	4,370	4,437
Total remuneration is included in "Employee benefits expenses" (see note 9).	薪酬總額載於「僱 附註9)。	員福利開支」(見

綜合財務報表附註 (續)

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41 Statement of Financial Position of the 41 本公司財務狀況表 Company

(a) Company-level statement of financial (a) 公司層面財務狀況表 position

		Notes 附註	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
ASSETS Non-current assets Interests in subsidiaries	資產 非流動資產 附屬公司權益	41(c)	19,784	34,946
Current assets Prepayments and other receivables Amounts due from related companies Pledged bank deposits	流動資產 預付款項及其他應收 款項 應收關聯公司款項 已抵押銀行存款		227 7 4,076	135 _ _
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物		126 4,436	4,641 4,776
Total assets	資產總額		24,220	39,722
EQUITY Share capital Share premium Other reserve Accumulated losses	權益 股本 股份溢價 其他儲備 累計虧損	27 41(b) 41(b) 41(b)	10,000 98,884 78 (87,433)	10,000 98,884 78 (70,575)
Total equity	權益總額		21,529	38,387
Current liabilities Other payables	流動負債 其他應付款項		2,691	1,335
Total liabilities	負債總額		2,691	1,335
Total equity and liabilities	權益及負債總額		24,220	39,722
Net current assets	流動資產淨值		1,745	3,441

These financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the Board of directors on 13 May 2022 and are signed on its behalf by:

CHAN Chun Kit 陳振傑 Director 董事

於二零二二年五月十三日,董事 會批准及授權刊發該等財務報表, 並由以下人士代表簽署:

CHAN Josephine Wai Sze 陳瑋詩 Director 董事

綜合財務報表附註 (續) For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

41 Statement of Financial Position of the 41 本公司財務狀況表(續) **Company** (Continued)

(b) Movements in components of reserve of (b) 本公司儲備組成的變動 the Company

		Share premium 股份溢價 HK\$'000 千港元	Other reserve 其他儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	Accumulated losses 累計虧損 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
Balance at 1 January 2020	於二零二零年 一月一日的結餘	98,884	78	(60,742)	38,220
Loss and total comprehensive expense for the year	年內虧損及全面開支 總額	_	_	(9,833)	(9,833)
Balance at 31 December 2020	於二零二零年十二月 三十一日的結餘	98,884	78	(70,575)	28,387
Loss and total comprehensive expense for the year	年內虧損及全面 開支總額	_	-	(16,858)	(16,858)
Balance at 31 December 2021	於二零二一年十二月 三十一日的結餘	98,884	78	(87,433)	11,529

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41 Statement of Financial Position of the 41 本公司財務狀況表(續) Company (Continued)

(c) Particulars of principal subsidiaries

Details of the principal subsidiaries at the end of the

reporting period are as follows:

(c) 主要附屬公司詳情

於報告期末的主要附屬公司詳情 如下:

	Place of		Effective	
	incorporation	Particulars of	interest held	
	and business and	issued share	by the	
Name	type of legal entity 註冊成立及經營地點	capital	Company 本公司所持	Principal activities
名稱	及法律實體類型	已發行股本詳情	實際權益	主要業務
Solarday Investment Limited	Hong Kong, limited liability company	HK\$20,000	100%	Restaurant operation
祥匯投資有限公司	香港,有限責任公司	20,000港元	100%	酒樓營運
Orient Century Limited	Hong Kong, limited liability company	HK\$20,000	100%	Restaurant and Thai cuisine restaurant operation
奧聯有限公司	香港,有限責任公司	20,000港元	100%	酒樓及泰式 料理餐廳營運
Great Virtue Investment Limited	Hong Kong, limited liability company	HK\$10,000	100%	Ceased business
俊品投資有限公司	香港,有限責任公司	10,000港元	100%	停止營運
Great Virtue (Hong Kong) Investment Limited	Hong Kong, limited liability company	HK\$10,000	100%	Restaurant operation
俊品(香港)投資有限公司	香港,有限責任公司	10,000港元	100%	酒樓營運
Excel Linker (Hong Kong) Limited	Hong Kong, limited liability company	HK\$1	100%	Ceased business
俊聯(香港)有限公司	香港,有限責任公司	1港元	100%	停止營運
Smart Best (Asia) Limited	Hong Kong, limited liability company	HK\$100	100%	Ordering of food ingredient for the Group
佳俊(亞洲)有限公司	香港,有限責任公司	100港元	100%	為本集團訂購食材
利寶閣(深圳)餐飲有限公司	People's Republic of China, limited liability company	RMB23,530,000	100%	Restaurant operation
利寶閣(深圳)餐飲有限公司	中華人民共和國, 有限責任公司	人民幣23,530,000元	100%	酒樓營運
利寶閣(深圳)宴會餐飲 有限公司	People's Republic of China, limited liability company	RMB13,000,000	100%	Restaurant operation
利寶閣(深圳)宴會餐飲 有限公司	中華人民共和國, 有限責任公司	人民幣13,000,000元	100%	酒樓營運

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41 Statement of Financial Position of the 41 本公司財務狀況表(續) Company (Continued)

(c) Particulars of principal subsidiaries (Continued)

(c) 主要附屬公司詳情(續)

Name 名稱	Place of incorporation and business and type of legal entity 註冊成立及經營地點 及法律實體類型	Particulars of issued share capital 已發行股本詳情	Effective interest held by the Company 本公司所持 實際權益	Principal activities 主要業務
利寶閣茶居(深圳)餐飲 有限公司	People's Republic of China, limited liability company	HK\$5,000,000	100%	Ceased business
利寶閣茶居(深圳)餐飲 有限公司	中華人民共和國, 有限責任公司	5,000,000港元	100%	停止營運
利寶茶居(深圳)餐飲 有限公司	People's Republic of China, limited liability company	HK\$500,000	100%	Food counters of selling cantonese dim sum
利寶茶居(深圳)餐飲 有限公司	中華人民共和國, 有限責任公司	500,000港元	100%	銷售粵式點心的食 品店舖
上海志捷食品有限公司	People's Republic of China, limited liability company	RMB3,750,000	100%	Food processing
上海志捷食品有限公司	中華人民共和國, 有限責任公司	人民幣3,750,000元	100%	食品加工
耀良(上海)食品有限公司	People's Republic of China, limited liability company	RMB5,500,000	70%	Ceased business
耀良(上海)食品有限公司	中華人民共和國, 有限責任公司	人民幣5,500,000元	70%	停止營運

The above table lists out the subsidiaries of the Group which, in the opinion of the Directors, principally affect the results of the Group for the year or form a substantial portion of the net assets of the Group at the end of the year.

To give details of other subsidiaries would, in the opinion of the Directors, result in particulars of excessive length.

None of the subsidiaries had any debt capital in issue at the end of the year or at any time during the year. 以上附屬公司乃基於董事會認為 其對本集團本年度業績有重要性 影響或佔本集團本年度末資產淨 值的重大部分而列表。

董事會認為併列其他附屬公司詳 情會引致篇幅冗長。

於本年度末或本年度任何時間內, 各附屬公司並無發行任何債務股本。

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41 Statement of Financial Position of the 41 本公司財務狀況表(續) **Company** (Continued)

(d) Non-controlling interest

The following table lists out the information relating to Yaoliang, the only subsidiary of the Group which has a material non-controlling interest (NCI). The summarised financial information presented below represents the amounts before any inter-company elimination.

(d) 非控股權益

下表列出有關耀良(本集團唯一擁 有重大非控股權益的附屬公司)的 資料。以下所呈列的概要財務資 料為任何公司間對銷前的金額。

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
NCI percentage	非控股權益百分比	30%	30%
Current assets Non-current assets Current liabilities Non-current liabilities Net (liabilities)/assets Carrying amount of NCI	流動資產 非流動資產 流動負債 非流動負債 (負債)/資產淨值 非控股權益賬面值	- (9,490) - (9,490) (2,847)	8,350 17,493 (10,555) (3,048) 12,240 3,672
Revenue Loss for the year Total comprehensive expenses Loss allocated to NCI Dividend paid to NCI	收益 年內虧損 全面開支總額 分配至非控股權益的虧損 已付非控股權益的股息	15,731 (21,528) (21,730) (6,519) –	13,621 (1,143) (401) (120)
Cash flows from operating activities Cash flows from investing activities	經營活動所得現金流量 投資活動所得現金流量	3,046	3,032 (166)
Cash flows from financing activities	融資活動所得現金流量	(2,708)	(5,216)

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42 Share-Based Payment Transactions

Pursuant to the Company's share option scheme (the "Scheme") adopted on 16 June 2016 for the primary purpose of providing incentives to Directors, employees, consultants, advisers, distributors, contractors, suppliers, agents, customers, business partners and services providers of the Group, the directors, employees, consultant or adviser of the Group or any substantial shareholder of the Group, or any distributors, contractors, suppliers, agents, customers, business partners and services providers may, at the discretion of the board, be aranted options (the "Options") to subscribe for shares in the Company at a price determined by its directors, but shall not be less than the highest of (i) the closing price of the Shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotation sheet on the date of the offer of grant, which must be a trading day, (ii) the average closing price of the Shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotation sheet for the five trading days immediately preceding the date of the offer of grant; and (iii) the nominal value of the Shares on the date of grant of the option.

Without prior approval from the Company's shareholders, the total number of shares in respect of which options may be granted under the Scheme is not permitted to exceed 10% of the shares of the Company in issue at any point in time, and the number of shares in respect of which options may be granted to any individual in any one year is not permitted to exceed 1% of the shares of the Company in issue at any point in time.

The Scheme will remain in force for a period of ten years from the date of its adoption. Options granted must be taken up not later than 7 days after the date of grant. A consideration of HK\$1 is payable on acceptance of the offer of grant of an option.

The exercisable period of an option, which shall not exceed 10 years from the date of grant, is determined by the Board of Directors of the Company at their discretion. No options have been granted since its adoption.

42 股份付款交易

根據本公司於二零一六年六月十六日 所採納的購股權計劃(「計劃」),主要 目的為向本集團董事、僱員、諮詢人、 顧問、分銷商、承建商、供應商、代理、 客戶、業務夥伴及服務供應商提供獎 勵,董事會酌情向本集團董事、僱員、 諮詢人或顧問或本集團任何主要股東, 或任何分銷商、承建商、供應商、代理、 客戶、業務夥伴及服務供應商授出購 股權(「購股權」)以按其董事釐定的價 格認購本公司股份,但價格不得低於 下列之最高者:(1)股份於有關提出要約 日期(須為交易日)在聯交所每日報價 表所列的收市價,(ii)股份於緊接提出要 約日期前五個交易日在聯交所每日報 價表所列的收市價平均數;及(iii)於授 出購股權日期本公司股份的面值。

未經本公司股東事先批准,根據計劃 可能授出購股權而發行的股份總數不 得超過本公司任何時間點已發行股份 的10%,且於任何一年可能向任何個 人授出的購股權相關的股份數目不得 超過本公司任何時間點已發行股份的 1%。

該計劃將自其採納日期起計十年內具 有效力。購股權自提出要約之日起計7 日內須獲接納。於接納購股權要約時, 須支付代價1港元。

購股權可行使期間為自授出之日起計 不超過十年,由本公司董事會酌情決定。 自採納以來,並無授出購股權。

綜合財務報表附註 (續)

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

43 Events after the reporting period

On 17 January 2022, the People's Court of Pudong New District of Shanghai* (上海市浦東新區人民法院) has accepted a civil action filed by two non-controlling shareholders (one of them is a legal representative) of a non-wholly owned subsidiary in the PRC, 上海志捷 食品有限公司, regarding the request to liquidate the non-wholly owned subsidiary. The court hearing of the above legal action has been scheduled to begin on 23 May 2022. Based on the legal advice from the PRC legal advisor, the directors of the Company are of the view that the Group has valid grounds to oppose the liquidation of the subsidiary as requested by the noncontrolling shareholders and expected that the above legal action will not have any material adverse impact on the business and/or operations of the Group.

44 Possible Impact of Amendments, New Standards and Interpretations Issued but not yet Effective for the year ended 31 December 2021

Up to the date of issue of these consolidated financial statements, the HKICPA has issued a number of amendments, new standards and interpretations which are not yet effective for the year ended 31 December 2021 and which have not been early adopted in these consolidated financial statements. These include the following which may be relevant to the Group.

43 報告期後事項

44 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度已頒佈但尚未生效之修訂、新訂準則及詮釋的潛在影響

直至此等綜合財務報表刊發日期止, 香港會計師公會已頒佈多項於截至二 零二一年十二月三十一日止年度尚未 生效且於此等綜合財務報表內並未提 早採納之修訂、新訂準則及詮釋。該等 或與本集團有關之準則包括以下各項。

		Effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 於以下日期或 之後開始的 會計期間生效
HKFRS 17 《香港財務報告準則》第17號	Insurance Contracts 保險合約	1 January 2023 二零二三年 一月一日
Accounting Guideline 5 (Revised)	Merger Accounting for Common Control Combinations	1 January 2022
《會計指引》第5號(經修訂)	共同控制合併的合併會計處理	二零二二年 一月一日

* For identification purpose only

* 僅供識別

綜合財務報表附註 (續) For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

44 Possible Impact of Amendments, New 44 截至二零二一年十二月三十一 Standards and Interpretations Issued but not yet Effective for the year ended 31 December 2021 (Continued)

日止年度已頒佈但尚未生效之 修訂、新訂準則及詮釋的潛在 影響(續)

		Effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 於以下日期或 之後開始的 會計期間生效
Amendments to HKAS 1	Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current	1 January 2023
《香港會計準則》第1號(修訂本)	負債分類為流動或非流動	二零二三年 一月一日
Amendments to HKAS 1 and HKFRS Practice Statement 2	Disclosure of Accounting Policies	1 January 2023
《香港會計準則》第1號及香港財務報告 準則實務報告第2號(修訂本)	會計政策披露	二零二三年 一月一日
Amendments to HKAS 8	Definition of Accounting Estimates	1 January 2023
《香港會計準則》第8號(修訂本)	會計估算的定義	二零二三年 一月一日
Amendments to HKAS 12	Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities Arising from a Single Transaction	1 January 2023
《香港會計準則》第12號(修訂本)	源自單一交易的資產及負債的相關 遞延税項	二零二三年 一月一日
Amendments to HKAS 16	Property, Plant and Equipment: Proceeds before Intended Use	1 January 2022
《香港會計準則》第16號(修訂本)	物業、廠房及設備:擬定用途的所得 款項	二零二二年 一月一日
Amendments to HKAS 37	Onerous Contracts – Cost of Fulfilling a Contract	1 January 2022
《香港會計準則》第37號(修訂本)	虧損性合約-履行合約的成本	二零二二年 一月一日
Amendments to HKFRS 3	Reference to the Conceptual Framework	1 January 2022
《香港財務報告準則》第3號(修訂本)	對概念框架的提述	二零二二年一月一日
Amendments to HKFRS 10 and HKAS 28	Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture	To be determined
《香港財務報告準則》第10號及 《香港會計準則》第28號(修訂本)	投資者與其聯營公司或合營公司 之間銷售或貢獻資產	待定

綜合財務報表附註(續) For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

44 Possible Impact of Amendments, New Standards and Interpretations Issued but not yet Effective for the year ended 31 December 2021 (Continued)

44 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度已頒佈但尚未生效之修訂、新訂準則及詮釋的潛在影響(續)

		Effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 於以下日期或 之後開始的 會計期間生效
Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2018– 2020 Cycle	Amendments to HKFRS 1, HKFRS 9, HKFRS 16 and HKAS 41	1 January 2022
二零一八年至二零二零年週期 《香港財務報告準則》的年度改進	《香港財務報告準則》第1號、《香港 財務報告準則》第9號、《香港財務 報告準則》第16號及《香港會計 準則》第41號(修訂本)	二零二二年一月一日
HK Interpretation 5 (2020)	Presentation of Financial Statements – Classification by the Borrower of a Term Loan that Contains a Repayment on Demand Clause	1 January 2023
《香港詮釋》第5號(二零二零年)	財務報表列報-借款人對具按要求 償還條款的定期貸款的分類	二零二三年一月一日

These standards are mandatorily effective for first annual period beginning on or after 1 January 2022. At this stage, the Group does not intend to adopt these standards before their effective date. The Group has not early applied the new and revised HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective.

The Group is in the process of making an assessment of what the impact of these developments is expected to be in the period of initial application. So far it has concluded that the adoption of them is unlikely to have a significant impact on the consolidated financial statements. 該等準則自二零二二年一月一日或之 後開始之首個年度期間強制生效。於 本階段,本集團不擬於其生效日期前 採納該等準則。本集團並無提前應用 該等已頒佈但尚未生效之新訂及經修 訂《香港財務報告準則》。

本集團現正評估該等發展預期對初次 應用期間帶來之影響。迄今,本集團已 得出結論採納該等準則不會對綜合財 務報表產生重大影響。

FINANCIAL SUMMARY

財務概要

RESULTS

業績

		Year ended 31 December 截至十二月三十一日止年度				
		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元	2018 二零一八年 HK\$'000 千港元	2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元
Revenue	收益	274,566	236,397	352,861	360,509	307,001
(Loss)/Profit before income tax Income tax	除所得税前(虧損)/溢利 所得税	(101,308) 1,150	(40,850) 74	(50,093) (9,248)	5,007 (2,745)	30,109 (6,921)
(Loss)/Profit for the year	年內(虧損)/溢利	(100,158)	(40,776)	(59,341)	2,262	23,188
Attributable to: Owners of the Company Non-controlling interests	以下人士應佔: 本公司擁有人 非控股權益	(92,450) (7,708)	(39,817) (959)	(59,341) –	2,262	23,188 -
		(100,158)	(40,776)	(59,341)	2,262	23,188

FINANCIAL SUMMARY (Continued) 財務概要(續)

Assets, Liabilities and Non-Controlling 資產、負債及非控股權益 Interests

		Year ended 31 December 截至十二月三十一日止年度				
		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元	2018 二零一八年 HK\$'000 千港元	2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元
	資產總額 負債總額	206,513 (245,513)	330,700 (270,646)	374,672 (281,873)	181,261 (57,978)	198,918 (62,520)
	淨(負債)/資產 非控股權益	(39,000) 3,682	60,054 (4,105)	92,799 -	123,283 -	136,398 -
(Deficit)/Equity attributable to the owners of the Company	本公司擁有人應佔 (虧絀)/權益	(35,318)	55,949	92,799	123,283	136,398

The financial information for the years ended 31 December 2017, 2018, 2019, 2020 and 2021 is extracted from the consolidated financial statements in the Company's annual reports.

截至二零一七年、二零一八年、二零一九年、 二零二零年及二零二一年十二月三十一日 止年度之財務資料乃摘自本公司年報中的 綜合財務報表。

The summary above does not form part of the audited consolidated financial statements.

上述概要並不構成經審核綜合財務報表的 一部分。

