Leeport 力豐(集團)有限公司



LEEPORT (HOLDINGS) LIMITED (Incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability) (Stock Code: 0387)

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MANAGEMENT COMMENTARY

The Board of Directors (the "Directors") of Leeport (Holdings) Limited (the "Company") would like to present the unaudited condensed consolidated interim results of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively "the Group") for the six months ended 30th June 2019, along with the unaudited comparative figures and selected explanatory notes, which are prepared in accordance with the Hong Kong Accounting Standard 34 "Interim Financial Reporting" issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants, and which have been reviewed by the Audit Committee of the Company.

FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE

Sales

Due to the uncertain global economy and the trade war between China and the U.S. since the middle of 2018, the Group's business in equipment and measuring instrument sales in the first half of 2019 was adversely affected.

In the first six months of 2019, the Group's sales amounted to HK\$379,751,000, compared with HK\$430,297,000 in the same period last year, representing a decrease of 11.7%. Our gross profit amounted to HK\$68,163,000, compared with HK\$68,275,000 in the same period last year, representing a slightly decrease of 0.2%. The gross profit percentage was 17.9%, compared with 15.9% in the same period last year – this increase was due mainly to changes in our product mix.

The total value of contracts signed in the first half of 2019 was HK\$312,289,000, compared with HK\$473,069,000 in the same period last year, representing a decrease of 34.0%.

Other Income and Gains

The total value of other income and gains was HK\$10,345,000, compared with HK\$8,472,000 in the same period last year, representing an increase of 22.1%. The main reason for the increase of other income and gains was due to the increase of service income.

Our service income was HK\$4,900,000 in the first half of 2019, compared with HK\$3,869,000 in the same period last year. Our investee, Prima Industrie S.p.A. declared a dividend, so the Group received a dividend of HK\$2,030,000, compared with HK\$1,844,000 last year.

Other income included rental income of HK\$1,064,000 and a management fee of HK\$773,000 charged against Mitutoyo Leeport Metrology Corporation.

Operating Expenses

Selling and distribution costs were HK\$16,900,000, compared with HK\$14,348,000 in the same period last year, representing an increase of 17.8%. The increase in selling and distribution costs was due mainly to the increase in exhibition costs and logistics costs.

Administrative expenses amounted to HK\$68,296,000, compared with HK\$50,479,000 in the same period last year, representing an increase of 35.3%. During the first half of 2019, the administrative expenses included an exchange loss of HK\$558,000, however in the same period last year there was an exchange gain of HK\$3,123,000. Staff costs and travelling costs were also higher in the first half of 2019 due to the expansion of the sales team and the acquisition of a company in the automation industry in Germany.

Finance Expenses – Net

Finance costs net of interest income were HK\$3,175,000, compared with HK\$2,057,000 in the same period last year.

Finance income in the first half of 2019 was HK\$798,000, compared with HK\$803,000 in the same period last year.

Finance costs in the first half of 2019 were HK\$3,973,000, compared with HK\$2,860,000 in the same period last year, representing an increase of 38.9%. This increase was due to the higher interest rate in the market and an increase in bank borrowings in the first half of 2019.

Share of Post-Tax Profits of Associates

The share of post-tax profits of associates in the first half of 2019 was HK\$4,884,000, compared with HK\$10,049,000 in the same period last year, representing a decrease of 51.4%. The business for Mitutoyo Leeport Metrology Corporation, OPS Ingersoll Funkenerosion GmbH and Prima Power Suzhou Company Limited was lower than in the same period of last year.

Income Tax Expenses

The income tax expenses in the first half of 2019 amounted to HK\$1,889,000, compared with HK\$2,037,000 in the same period last year, representing a decrease of 7.3%.

Loss Attributable to Owners of the Company and Loss Per Share

In the first half of 2019, the loss attributable to owners of the Company was HK\$6,241,000, compared with profit attributable to owners of the Company amounted to HK\$17,243,000 in the same period last year.

The operating loss for the trading business was HK\$6,688,000, compared with an operating profit of HK\$11,920,000 in the same period last year. The share of post-tax profits of associates was also lower than in the same period last year. The share of post-tax profits of associates was HK\$4,884,000, compared with HK\$10,049,000 in the same period last year, representing a decrease of 51.4%.

The basic loss per share was HK2.71 cents, compared with the basic earnings per share of HK7.49 cents in the same period in 2018.

INTERIM DIVIDEND

The Directors resolved not to declare any dividend for the six months ended 30th June 2019 (2018: HK3.0 cents).

BUSINESS REVIEW

Trading

Due to the trade war that has been going on between China and the U.S. since the middle of 2018, the economic situation in China has been worrying. Quite a number of economic indicators of the country have slowed down. The growth rate of China's GDP was 6.3% in the first half of 2019, compared with 6.8% in the same period last year. The monthly Purchase Manager Index (PMI) for China's manufacturing industry was between 50 and 49 in the first half of 2019, compared with a level of 50 every month in the same period last year. This indicates that the manufacturing industry in China in the first half of 2019 was relatively weaker.

The Group's business in China has faced significant challenges since the end of 2018. In the first half of 2019, the equipment sales of the Group fell by 19% compared with the same period last year, and the sales of measuring instruments fell by 45% compared with the same period last year. However, the sales of cutting tools and assembly tools increased by 5% compared with the same period last year. Both of the major customer segments of the Group's business, i.e., the automotive industry and mobile phone manufacturing, recorded a significant reduction in production volume in the first half of 2019. The production volume of the automotive industry in China was around 12 million units, a drop of 14.2% compared with the same period last year. The production volume for mobile phones also fell by 6.9% as compared with the same period last year. The Group's automation business in Germany also faced uncertain economic situation, and business was fairly poor in the first half of 2019.

The value of the Group's outstanding orders as at the end of July 2019 was HK\$217,408,000, compared with HK\$247,101,000 in the same period last year.

Investment

All of the associated companies of the Group faced the same challenges as the Group in the first half of 2019. Business fell to a certain extent as compared with the same period last year. The market in Europe was also weak. OPS Ingersoll Funkenerosion GmbH had to take measure to reduce operating cost.

LIQUIDITY AND FINANCIAL RESOURCES

The Group's balance of cash as at 30th June 2019 was HK\$54,216,000, compared with HK\$52,874,000 as at 31st December 2018. The Group maintained a reasonable cash position. The Group's inventory balance as at 30th June 2019 was HK\$108,422,000, compared with HK\$102,109,000 as at 31st December 2018. The turnover days of inventory was 63 at the end of June 2019, compared with 55 at the end of December 2018 - this was due to the fact that during the first half of 2019, the cutting tools and assembly tools business contributed a higher proportion of our total business revenue, compared with the other business types of our Group. The balance of trade receivable and bills receivable was HK\$139,771,000 as at 30th June 2019, compared with HK\$142,362,000 as at 31st December 2018. The turnover days of trade receivable was 67, compared with 64 at the end of December 2018 - this was due to the fact that during the first half of 2019, the cutting tools and assembly tools business contributed a higher proportion of our total business revenue, compared with the other business types of our Group. The balance of trade payable and bills payable was HK\$145,118,000 as at 30th June 2019, compared with HK\$145,819,000 as at 31st December 2018. The balance of short-term borrowings was HK\$218,745,000 as at 30th June 2019, compared with HK\$194,519,000 as at 31st December 2018. The balance of long-term borrowings was HK\$5,556,000 as at 30th June 2019, compared with HK\$8,889,000 as at 31st December 2018

The Group's net gearing ratio was approximately 40.4% as at 30th June 2019, compared with 33.8% as at 31st December 2018. Our net gearing ratio is calculated as net debt divided by total equity, and our net debt is calculated as total borrowings less cash and cash equivalent. The Group's net gearing ratio was higher because our borrowing level was higher and the equity value was lower compared with amount at the end of December 2018.

The Group generally finances its operations with internally generated resources and banking facilities provided by banks. As at 30th June 2019, the Group had aggregate banking facilities of approximately HK\$737,916,000, of which approximately HK\$262,297,000 was utilised, bearing interest at prevailing market rates and secured by certain land and buildings, investment properties and restricted bank deposits of the Group in Hong Kong, Shenzhen and Singapore, with an aggregate carrying amount of HK\$281,813,000, (31st December 2018: HK\$284,987,000). The Directors are confident that the Group is able to meet its operational and capital expenditure requirements.

FUTURE PLANS AND PROSPECTS

In the first half of 2019, most of the Group's business divisions faced a drop in the number of orders received. The weakening orders for equipment and measuring instruments were an indication of the reluctance by manufacturers in China to make capital investments. The business for the Group's cutting tools and assembly tools divisions recorded a slight increase in the first half of 2019, indicating that production is still active. The Group's sheetmetal machinery business recorded a significant increase in sales, which was attributable to some infrastructure projects in China.

The business situation in China relies on the trade negotiations between China and U.S., but the outcome of those negotiations is quite uncertain. Facing this difficulty, the Group must take action to control its operating expenses. Competition in the market is likely to be very keen. The Group's management will therefore enhance the productivity of the sales team and the quality of service to customers.

We foresee that some industries, such as electric cars, 5G equipment and hand phones, will be able to provide new business opportunities for the Group. Given the current unfavourable market situation, the Group must cut costs and develop sales strategies to win more orders. We expect that business will improve in the second half of 2019.

EMPLOYEES

As at 30th June 2019, the Group had 346 employees (31st December 2018: 328). Of these, 82 were based in Hong Kong, 219 were based in mainland China, and 45 were based in other offices around Asia and Germany. Competitive remuneration packages were structured to be commensurate with our employees' individual job duties, qualifications, performance and years of experience. In addition to basic salaries, pension scheme contribution in different countries, the Group offered staff benefits including medical schemes, education subsidies and discretionary performance bonuses.

SHARE OPTION SCHEME

On 15th May 2013, a share option scheme ("the Scheme") has been adopted in the annual general meeting held to replace the old Scheme. Details of the Scheme are set out in the circular dated 15th April 2013 which was sent to the shareholders.

No share options were granted, cancelled, exercised or lapsed during the period.

Other than as disclosed above, at no time during the period was the Company or any of its subsidiaries, a party to any arrangements to enable the directors and chief executives of the Company or their associates to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares or underlying shares and/or debt securities, including debentures of the Company or any other body corporate.

DETAILS OF THE CHARGES ON THE GROUP'S ASSETS

As at 30th June 2019, certain land and buildings, leasehold land and investment properties and restricted bank deposits in Hong Kong, Shenzhen and Singapore, with an aggregate carrying value of approximately HK\$281,813,000 (31st December 2018: HK\$284,987,000), were pledged to secure the banking facilities of the Group by way of a fixed charge.

CAPITAL EXPENDITURE AND CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

For the first six months of 2019, the Group spent a total of HK\$116,000 (30th June 2018: HK\$4,071,000) in capital expenditure, primarily consisting of property, plant and equipment. As at 30th June 2019 and 31st December 2018, the Group had no capital commitment. In the meantime, a total of HK\$5,706,000 (31st December 2018: HK\$4,631,000) in contingent liabilities in respect of letters of guarantee was given to customers.

EXPOSURE OF FLUCTUATIONS IN EXCHANGE RATES AND RELATED HEDGES

A substantial portion of the Group's sales and purchases were denominated in foreign currencies, which are subject to exchange rate risks. The Group will use the foreign exchange received from its customers to settle payment to overseas suppliers. In the event that any material payment cannot be fully matched, the Group will enter into foreign currency forward contracts with its bankers to minimize the Group's exposure to foreign exchange rate risks.

As at 30th June 2019, the Group had outstanding gross-settled foreign currency forward contracts to buy EUR2,868,000 for HKD25,574,000; GBP137,000 for HKD1,366,000; JPY141,591,000 for HKD10,205,000 and JPY25,800,000 for USD241,000 (2018: EUR2,680,000 for HKD24,280,000; GBP78,000 for HKD784,000; JPY546,357,000 for HKD38,553,000; USD57,000 for HKD446,000; and JPY11,100,000 for USD100,000).

Foreign exchange gains and losses are calculated on the settlement of monetary transactions and on the translation of monetary assets and liabilities at the exchange rates of the end of the period.

PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF SHARES

The Company has not redeemed any of its shares during the period. Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries has purchased or sold any of the Company's shares during the period under review.

DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVES' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN THE SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES OF THE COMPANY OR ANY ASSOCIATED CORPORATION

At 30th June 2019, the interests and short positions of each director and chief executive in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company and its associated corporations and their associates (within the meaning of the Securities and Futures Ordinance ("SFO")), as recorded in the register maintained by the Company under Section 352 of Part XV of the SFO or as notified to the Company, were as follows:

		Number of	ordinary sha				
Director		Personal interests	Family interests	Other interests	Share options	Total	Percentage
Mr. LEE Sou Leung, Joseph ("Mr. Lee")	Long position	23,668,000 shares	Nil	144,529,982 shares (Note (a))	Nil	168,197,982 shares	73.11%
Mr. CHU Weiman ("Mr. Chu")	Long position	1,000,000 shares	Nil	Nil	Nil	1,000,000 shares	0.43%
Mr. CHAN Ching Huen, Stanley ("Mr. Chan")	Long position	1,104,000 shares	Nil	Nil	Nil	1,104,000 shares	0.48%
Mr. WONG Man Shun, Michael ("Mr. Wong")	Long position	1,432,000 shares	Nil	Nil	Nil	1,432,000 shares	0.63%
Mr. ZAVATTI Samuel ("Mr. Zavatti")	Long position	110,000 shares	Nil	Nil	Nil	110,000 shares	0.05%

(a) The 144,529,982 shares are held by Peak Power Technology Limited in its capacity as the trustee of The Lee Family Unit Trust holding the same for the benefit of holders of units issued by The Lee Family Unit Trust. HSBC International Trustee Limited is the trustee of the LMT Trust whose discretionary objects are Ms. Tan Lisa Marie and Mr. Lee's family members. The aforesaid shares that Mr. Lee and Ms. Tan are deemed to be interested refer to the same parcel of shares. Ms. Tan is deemed to be interested in all the interests held by Mr. Lee, her husband.

Save as disclosed above, as at 30th June 2019, none of the Directors and chief executive of the Company had or were deemed to have any interest or short position in the shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company and its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO), which has been recorded in the register maintained by the Company pursuant to section 352 of the SFO or which has been notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code of the Listing Rules.

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN THE SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES OF THE COMPANY

At 30th June 2019, the register of substantial shareholders required to be kept under Section 336 of Part XV of the SFO shows that the Company had not been notified of any substantial shareholders' interests and short positions, being 5% or more of the Company's issued share capital, other than those of the directors as disclosed above.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

During the six months ended 30th June 2019, the Company has complied with the code provisions set out in the Corporate Governance Code as stated in Appendix 14 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited except the following:

Code Provision A.2.1

The Board is of the view that although Mr. Lee Sou Leung, Joseph is the Chairman and the Chief Executive Officer of the Group, the balance of power and authority is ensured by the operation of the Board, which comprises experienced individuals and meet from time to time to discuss issues affecting operation of the Company.

MODEL CODE FOR SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS

The Company has adopted the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model Code") as set out in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules.

Specific enquiry had been made to all the Directors and the Directors have confirmed that they have complied with the Model Code throughout the period ended 30th June 2019.

AUDIT COMMITTEE

The Audit Committee has reviewed the accounting principles and practices adopted by the Group with the management and has discussed internal controls and financial reporting matters, including a review of the unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial information for the six months ended 30th June 2019 with the directors.

As at the date of this report, the executive directors of the Company are Mr. LEE Sou Leung, Joseph, Mr. CHU Weiman, Mr. CHAN Ching Huen, Stanley, and Mr. WONG Man Shun, Michael and the independent non-executive directors are Mr. ZAVATTI Samuel, Mr. FUNG Wai Hing and Mr. WONG Tat Cheong, Frederick.

On behalf of the Board Leeport (Holdings) Limited LEE Sou Leung, Joseph Chairman

Hong Kong, 6th August 2019

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 30th JUNE 2019

ASSETS	
Non-current assets	
Property, plant and equipment 7 237,4	44 242,684
Right-of-use assets 19,3	54 –
Leasehold land 8	- 14,175
Investment properties 7 55,6	73 55,611
Investments in associates 9 153,2	35 155,300
Loan to an associate 20(d) 18,0	26 18,158
Financial assets at fair value through other	
comprehensive income 8,0	89 8,089
491,8	21 494,017
Current assets	
Inventories 108,4	22 102,109
Trade receivables and bills receivables 10 139,7	71 142,362
Other receivables, prepayments and deposits 14,1	58 33,047
Financial assets at fair value through other	
comprehensive income 69,8	
	82 316
	47 261
Restricted bank deposits 26,6	
Cash and cash equivalents 54,2	16 52,874
413,5	41 438,676
Total assets 905,3	62 932,693

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED)

AS AT 30th JUNE 2019

	Note	Unaudited 30th June 2019 HK\$'000	Audited 31st December 2018 HK\$'000
EQUITY			
Capital and reserves attributable to owners of the Company Share capital Other reserves Retained earnings	11	23,007 182,086 215,929	23,007 196,979 224,456
Non-controlling interests		421,022 312	444,442 976
Total equity		421,334	445,418
LIABILITIES Non-current liabilities Borrowings Lease liabilities Deferred income tax liabilities	13	5,556 3,516 32,258 41,330	8,889 32,326 41,215
Current liabilities Trade payables and bills payables Other payables, accruals and deposits	12	145,118	145,819
received Derivative financial instruments Amount due to an associate Amount due to a non-controlling shareholder Borrowings Lease liabilities Tax payable Dividend payable	13	59,039 71 1,478 9,595 218,745 1,931 969 5,752 442,698	90,030 275 1,750 9,595 194,519 - 4,072 - - 446,060
Total liabilities		484,028	487,275
Total equity and liabilities		905,362	932,693

The above condensed interim consolidated balance sheet should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM INCOME STATEMENT

FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED 30th JUNE 2019

		Unaudited Six months ended 30th June			
	Note	2019 HK\$'000	2018 HK\$'000		
Sales Cost of goods sold	6	379,751 (311,588)	430,297 (362,022)		
Gross profit		68,163	68,275		
Other income and gains – net		10,345	8,472		
Selling and distribution costs Administrative expenses		(16,900) (68,296)	(14,348) (50,479)		
Operating (loss)/profit	14	(6,688)	11,920		
Finance income Finance costs		798 (3,973)	803 (2,860)		
Finance costs – net		(3,175)	(2,057)		
Share of post-tax profits of associates	9	4,884	10,049		
(Loss)/profit before income tax Income tax expense	15	(4,979) (1,889)	19,912 (2,037)		
(Loss)/profit for the period		(6,868)	17,875		
(Loss)/profit attributable to owners of the Company		(6,241)	17,243		
(Loss)/profit attributable to non-controlling interests		(627)	632		
		(6,868)	17,875		

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM INCOME STATEMENT (CONTINUED)

FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED 30th JUNE 2019

		Unaudited Six months ended 30th Jun			
	Note	2019 HK cents	2018 HK cents		
		per share	per share		
(Loss)/earnings per share attributable to owners of the Company					
Basic (loss)/earnings per share	16	(2.71)	7.49		

The above condensed consolidated interim income statement should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED 30th JUNE 2019

	Unaudited Six months ended 30th June		
	2019 HK\$'000	2018 HK\$'000	
(Loss)/profit for the period	(6,868)	17,875	
Other comprehensive (loss)/income Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss			
, Movement of deferred tax	572	539	
Change in fair value of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income, net of tax	(11,266)	8,489	
	(10,694)	9,028	
Items that may be reclassified to profit or loss Currency translation differences Share of other comprehensive income of associates	(1,821) 1,051	(3,288) 907	
	(770)	(2,381)	
Other comprehensive (loss)/income, net of tax	(11,464)	6,647	
Total comprehensive (loss)/income for the period	(18,332)	24,522	
Total comprehensive (loss)/income attributable to owners of the Company	(17,668)	23,897	
Total comprehensive (loss)/income attributable to non-controlling interests	(664)	625	
	(18,332)	24,522	

The above condensed consolidated interim statement of comprehensive income should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM STATEMENT OF **CHANGES IN EQUITY**

FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED 30th JUNE 2019

		Unaudited								
		Attributable to owners of the Company								
	Share capital HK \$ ′000	Share premium HK\$'000	Land and building revaluation reserve HK\$'000	Exchange reserve HK\$'000	Other reserves HK\$'000	Merger reserve HK\$'000	Retained earnings HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000	Non- controlling interests HK\$'000	Total equity HK\$'000
Balance at 1st January 2019	23,007	37,510	208,780	(63,934)	3,313	11,310	224,456	444,442	976	445,418
Comprehensive income Loss for the period	-	-	-	-	-	-	(6,241)	(6,241)	(627)	(6,868)
Other comprehensive income/(loss) Movement of deferred tax Transfer of land and building revaluation reserve to retained earnings on	-		572	-	-	-	-	572	-	572
depreciation of buildings Change in fair value of financial assets at fair value through other	-	-	(3,466)		-	-	3,466	-	-	-
comprehensive income Currency translation differences Share of other comprehensive income	-	-	53	- (1,837)	(11,266) -	-	-	(11,266) (1,784)	(37)	(11,266) (1,821)
of associates				1,051				1,051		1,051
Total comprehensive (loss)/income for the period ended 30th June 2019			(2,841)	(786)	(11,266)		(2,775)	(17,668)	(664)	(18,332)
Transaction with owners, recognised directly in equity Dividend payable relating to 2018							(5,752)	(5,752)		(5,752)
Total transaction with owners, recognised directly in equity							(5,752)	(5,752)		(5,752)
Balance at 30th June 2019	23,007	37,510	205,939	(64,720)	(7,953)	11,310	215,929	421,022	312	421,334

Leeport (Holdings) Limited

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY (CONTINUED)

FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED 30th JUNE 2019

-				Unau	dited					
-			Attri	butable to own	ers of the Cor	npany				
	Share capital HK\$'000	Share premium HK\$'000	Land and building revaluation reserve HK\$'000	Exchange reserve HK\$'000	Other reserves HK\$'000	Merger reserve HK\$'000	Retained earnings HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000	Non- controlling interests HK\$'000	Total equity HK\$'000
Balance at 1st January 2018	23,007	37,510	196,308	(58,306)	95,512	11,310	213,670	519,011	-	519,011
Comprehensive income Profit for the period	-	-	-	-	-	-	17,243	17,243	632	17,875
Other comprehensive income/(loss) Movement of deferred tax Transfer of land and building revaluation reserve to retained	-	-	539	-	-	-	-	539	-	539
earnings on depreciation of buildings Change in fair value of financial assets at fair value through other	-	-	(3,268)	-	-	-	3,268	-	-	-
comprehensive income Currency translation differences	-	-	(156)	(3,125)	8,489 -	-	-	8,489 (3,281)	- (7)	8,489 (3,288)
Share of other comprehensive income of associates				907				907		907
Total comprehensive (loss)/income for the period ended 30th June 2018			(2,885)	(2,218)	8,489		20,511	23,897	625	24,522
Transaction with owners, recognised directly in equity Non-controlling interests arising from									438	438
acquisition of subsidiaries Dividend paid relating to 2017							(8,053)	(8,053)	430	(8,053)
Total transaction with owners, recognised directly in equity							(8,053)	(8,053)	438	(7,615)
Balance at 30th June 2018	23,007	37,510	193,423	(60,524)	104,001	11,310	226,128	534,855	1,063	535,918

The above condensed consolidated interim statement of changes in equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED 30th JUNE 2019

		Unaudited Six months ended 30th June			
	Note	2019 HK\$'000	2018 HK\$'000		
Cash flow from operating activities Cash (used in)/generated from operation Income tax paid		(27,154) (2,948)	50,208 (3,274)		
Net cash (used in)/generated from operating activities		(30,102)	46,934		
Cash flow from investing activities Purchase of property, plant and equipment Purchase of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income		(116) –	(4,071) (24,496)		
Net cash acquired from acquisition of subsidiaries Increase in restricted bank deposits Dividend received from an associate Dividend received from financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	9	(104) 8,000 2,030 798	8,382 (180) 8,311 1,844 803		
Other investing cash flow – net Net cash generated from/(used in) investing activities		10,608	(9,407)		
Cash flows from financing activities Dividends paid to the Company's shareholders Net proceeds from collateralised borrowings	17	-	(8,053)		
and bank loans Net cash generated from/(used in) financing activities	13	20,893	(6,268)		
Net increase in cash, cash equivalents and bank overdrafts Cash, cash equivalents and bank overdrafts		1,399	31,259		
at beginning of the period Effect of the exchange rate for the period		52,874 (57)	52,323 1,376		
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the period		54,216	84,958		

The above condensed consolidated interim statement of cash flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL INFORMATION

1 General information

Leeport (Holdings) Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (together the "Group") are principally engaged in the trading, installation and provision of aftersales service of metalworking machinery, measuring instruments, cutting tools and electronic equipment.

The Company is a limited liability company incorporated in Bermuda and domiciled in Hong Kong. The address of its registered office is Clarendon House, 2 Church Street, Hamilton HM 11, Bermuda.

The Company is listed on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited.

This condensed consolidated interim financial information is presented in Hong Kong dollars ("HK\$"), unless otherwise stated. This condensed consolidated interim financial information was approved for issue on 6th August 2019.

These condensed consolidated interim financial information have been reviewed, not audited.

2 Basis of preparation

These unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial information for the six months ended 30th June 2019 has been prepared in accordance with Hong Kong Accounting Standard ("HKAS") 34, "Interim financial reporting". The condensed consolidated interim financial information should be read in conjunction with the annual financial statements for the year ended 31st December 2018, which have been prepared in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs").

As at 30th June 2019, the Group had net current liabilities of HK\$29,157,000. The directors are of the opinion that, taking into account all information available, the Group has adequate financial resources to support the Group to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Based on the Group's proven abilities in obtaining new financing, its relationship with various financial institutions, new bank borrowings obtained subsequent to the balance sheet date and the cash flows expected to be generated from operations and investments, the directors of the Company consider that the Group will be able to obtain adequate financial resources to enable it to operate and fulfill its liabilities and commitments as and when they fall due within the twelve months from 30th June 2019. Accordingly, the directors have prepared these condensed consolidated interim financial information on a going concern basis.

3 Accounting policies

Except as described below, the accounting policies applied are consistent with those of the annual financial statements for the year ended 31st December 2018, as described in those annual financial statements. Taxes on income in the interim periods are accrued using the tax rate that would be applicable to expected total annual earnings.

(a) New and amended standards adopted by the Group

The following new standards, amendments to standards and interpretations are mandatory for the financial year beginning on or after 1st January 2019:

HKFRSs (Amendments)	Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2015-2017 Cycle
HKAS 19 (Amendments)	Plan Amendment, Curtailment or Settlement
HKAS 28 (Amendments)	Long-term Interests in Associates and Joint
	Ventures
HKFRS 9 (Amendments)	Prepayment Features with Negative
	Compensation
HKFRS 16	Leases
HK(IFRIC) – Int 23	Uncertainty over Income Tax Treatments

Of these, HKFRS 16 "Leases" is relevant to the Group's condensed consolidated interim financial information. The impact of the adoption of the standard and the new accounting policy is disclosed below.

The other standards, amendments and interpretation did not have material impact on the Group's accounting policies and did not require any adjustments.

(a) New and amended standards adopted by the Group (Continued)

HKFRS 16 Leases

(i) Adjustments recognised on adoption of HKFRS 16

Impact on segment disclosures and loss per share

On adoption of HKFRS 16, the Group recognised lease liabilities in relation to leases which had previously been classified as "operating leases" under the principles of HKAS 17 Leases. These liabilities were measured at the present value of the remaining lease payments, discounted using the lessee's incremental borrowing rate as of 1st January 2019. The discounting impact quantified is immaterial.

2019 HK\$'000
703
787
1,490
895
595
1,490

The recognised right-of-use assets were related to land and buildings and measured at the amount equal to the lease liabilities, adjusted by the amount of any prepaid or accrued lease payments relating to that lease recognised in the consolidated balance sheet as at 31st December 2018. There were no onerous lease contracts that would have required an adjustment to the rightof-use assets at the date of initial application.

As at 1st January 2019, the leasehold land of HK\$14,175,000 was reclassified to "Right-of-use assets".

(a) New and amended standards adopted by the Group (Continued)

HKFRS 16 Leases (Continued)

(i) Adjustments recognised on adoption of HKFRS 16 (Continued)

Impact on segment disclosures and loss per share (Continued)

Adjusted segment results, segment assets and segment liabilities for June 2019 all increased as a result of the change in accounting policy. Lease liabilities are now included in segment liabilities. The following segments were affected by the change in policy:

	Adjusted segment results HK\$'000	Segment assets HK\$'000	Segment liabilities HK\$'000
The PRC	_	943	943
Hong Kong	-	136	136
Others	(34)	4,334	4,368
	(34)	5,413	5,447

Loss per share decreased by HK0.01 cent per share for the six months to 30th June 2019 as a result of the adoption of HKFRS 16.

Practical expedients applied

In applying HKFRS 16 for the first time, the Group has used the following practical expedients permitted by the standard:

- the use of a single discount rate to a portfolio of leases with reasonably similar characteristics;
- the accounting for operating leases with a remaining lease term of less than 12 months as at 1st January 2019 as short-term leases; and
- the use of hindsight in determining the lease term where the contract contains options to extend or terminate the lease.

The Group has also elected not to reassess whether a contract is, or contains a lease at the date of initial application. Instead, for contracts entered into before the transition date the Group relied on its assessment made applying HKAS 17 and HKFRIC 4 Determining whether an Arrangement contains a Lease.

(a) New and amended standards adopted by the Group (Continued)

HKFRS 16 Leases (Continued)

(ii) The Group's leasing activities and how these are accounted for

The Group leases various offices, car park spaces and staff quarters. Rental contracts are typically made for fixed periods of 1 to 5 years but may have extension options as described below. Lease terms are negotiated on an individual basis and contain a wide range of different terms and conditions.

Until the 2018 financial year, leases of property, plant and equipment were classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases (net of any incentives received from the lessor) were charged to profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease.

From 1st January 2019, leases are recognised as a right-of-use asset and a corresponding liability at the date at which the leased asset is available for use by the Group. Each lease payment is allocated between the liability and finance cost. The finance cost is charged to profit or loss over the lease period so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability for each period. The right-of-use asset is depreciated over the shorter of the asset's useful life and the lease term on a straight-line basis.

Assets and liabilities arising from a lease are initially measured on a present value basis. Lease liabilities include the net present value of the following lease payments:

- fixed payments (including in-substance fixed payments), less any lease incentives receivable;
- variable lease payment that are based on an index or a rate;
- amounts expected to be payable by the lessee under residual value guarantees;
- the exercise price of a purchase option if the lessee is reasonably certain to exercise that option; and
- payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the lessee exercising that option.

(a) New and amended standards adopted by the Group (Continued)

HKFRS 16 Leases (Continued)

(ii) The Group's leasing activities and how these are accounted for (Continued)

The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease. If that rate cannot be determined, the lessee's incremental borrowing rate is used, being the rate that the lessee would have to pay to borrow the funds necessary to obtain an asset of similar value in a similar economic environment with similar terms and conditions.

Right-of-use assets are measured at cost comprising the following:

- the amount of the initial measurement of lease liability;
- any lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received;
- any initial direct costs; and
- restoration costs.

Payments associated with short-term leases and leases of low-value assets are recognised on a straight-line basis as an expense in profit or loss. Short-term leases are leases with a lease term of 12 months or less.

(b) New and amended standards issued but not yet applied by the Group

The following new standards and amendments to existing standards have been issued but are not yet effective for the financial period of the Group beginning on 1st January 2019 and have not been early adopted by the Group:

Conceptual Framework for	Revised Conceptual Framework for Financial
Financial Reporting 2018	Reporting ¹
HKAS 1 and 8 (Amendments)	Definition of Material ¹
HKFRS 3 (Amendments)	Definition of Business ¹
HKFRS 17	Insurance Contracts ²
HKFRS 10 and HKAS 28	Sale or Contribution of Assets between an
(Amendments)	Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture ³

¹ Effective for the accounting period beginning on or after 1st January 2020

² Effective for the accounting period beginning on or after 1st January 2021

³ Effective date to be determined

None of these HKFRSs is expected to have a significant effect on the financial statements of the Group.

4 Estimates

The preparation of condensed consolidated interim financial information requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, income and expense. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

In preparing these condensed consolidated interim financial information, the significant judgements made by management in applying the Group's accounting policies and the key sources of estimation uncertainty were the same as those that applied to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31st December 2018.

5 Financial risk management

5.1 Financial risk factors

The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including currency risk, fair value interest rate risk, cash flow interest rate risk and price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk.

The condensed consolidated interim financial information do not include all financial risk management information and disclosures required in the annual financial statements, and should be read in conjunction with the Group's annual financial statements as at 31st December 2018.

There have been no changes in the risk management department since year end or in any risk management policies.

5.2 Liquidity risk

Compared to year end, there was no material change in the contractual undiscounted cash out flows for financial liabilities.

5 Financial risk management (Continued)

5.3 Fair value estimation

The table below analyses financial instruments carried at fair value, by valuation method. The different levels have been defined as follows:

- (i) Level 1: quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- (ii) Level 2: inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (for example, as prices) or indirectly (for example, derived from prices).
- (iii) Level 3: inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data.

See Note 7 for disclosure of the property, plant and equipment and investment property that are measured at fair value.

The following table presents the Group's assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value at 30th June 2019.

	Level 1 HK\$'000	Level 2 HK\$'000	Level 3 HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
Assets Derivative financial instruments Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	-	182	-	182
 listed securities unlisted securities 	69,865 _		_ 8,089	69,865 8,089
	69,865	182	8,089	78,136
Liabilities Derivative financial instruments		71		71

5 Financial risk management (Continued)

5.3 Fair value estimation (Continued)

The following table presents the Group's assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value at 31st December 2018.

	Level 1 HK\$'000	Level 2 HK\$'000	Level 3 HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
Assets				
Derivative financial instruments Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	-	316	-	316
 listed securities unlisted securities 	81,131		8,089	81,131 8,089
	81,131	316	8,089	89,536
Liabilities Derivative financial instruments		275		275

There were no transfers between Levels 1, 2 and 3 during the period.

There were no changes in valuation techniques during the period.

5.4 Valuation techniques used to derive Level 2 fair values

Level 2 trading derivatives comprise forward foreign exchange contracts. These forward foreign exchange contracts have been fair valued using forward exchange rates that are quoted in active market. The effects of discounting are generally insignificant for Level 2 derivatives.

5 Financial risk management (Continued)

5.5 Fair value of financial assets and liabilities measured at amortised cost

The fair value of the following financial assets and liabilities approximate their carrying amount:

- Trade receivables and bills receivables
- Other receivables and deposits
- Amount due from an associate
- Restricted bank deposits
- Cash and cash equivalents
- Trade payables and bills payables
- Other payables and accruals
- Amount due to an associate
- Amount due to a non-controlling shareholder
- Borrowings

6 Segment information

Management has determined the operating segments based on the reports reviewed by the chief operating decision maker, represented by Board of Directors, that are used to make strategic decisions.

The Board considers the business from a geographic region perspective. Geographically, management considers the performance in the People's Republic of China (the "PRC"), Hong Kong and other countries.

The Group is principally engaged in the trading, installation and provision of aftersales service of metalworking machinery, measuring instruments, cutting tools and electronic equipment in three main geographical areas, namely the PRC, Hong Kong and other countries (principally Taiwan, Singapore, Germany, Macau, Malaysia and Indonesia). The PRC, for the purpose of this condensed consolidated interim financial information, excludes Hong Kong, Taiwan and Macau.

The Board assesses the performance of the operating segments based on a measure of segment result, total assets and total capital expenditure. The Group primarily operates in Hong Kong and the PRC. The Group's sales by geographical location are determined by the country in which the customer is located.

6 Segment information (Continued)

	Unaudited Six months ended 30th June 2019			
	The PRC HK\$'000	НК НК\$'000	Others HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
Sales	348,962	19,284	11,505	379,751
Segment results	1,060	(4,068)	(3,680)	(6,688)
Finance costs – net				(3,175)
Share of post-tax profits of associates				4,884
Loss before income tax				(4,979)
Income tax expense				(1,889)
Loss for the period				(6,868)

6 Segment information (Continued)

	Unaudited Six months ended 30th June 2018			
	The PRC HK\$'000	НК НК\$'000	Others HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
Sales	381,232	42,633	6,432	430,297
Segment results	11,305	796	(181)	11,920
Finance costs – net				(2,057)
Share of post-tax profits of associates				10,049
Profit before income tax				19,912
Income tax expense				(2,037)
Profit for the period				17,875

During the period ended 30th June 2019 and 2018, there is no revenue derived from a single customer amounted to 10% or more of the Group's revenue.

As at 30th June 2019, contract liabilities of HK\$36,596,000 (31st December 2018: HK\$58,496,000) were classified within "Other payables, accruals and deposits received" in the condensed consolidated interim balance sheet. It represents advanced payments received from customers for goods that have not been transferred to the customers.

6 Segment information (Continued)

	Unaudited 30th June 2019 HK\$'000	Audited 31st December 2018 HK\$'000
Total assets: The PRC Hong Kong Other countries (Note (a))	349,132 377,647 178,583	335,417 399,271 198,005
	905,362	932,693

Total assets are allocated based on where the assets are located.

Segment assets consist primarily of property, plant and equipment, leasehold land, investment properties, right-of-use assets, investment in associates, inventories, receivables, derivative financial instruments, financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income, cash and cash equivalents and restricted bank deposits.

	Unaudited 30th June 2019 HK\$'000	Audited 31st December 2018 HK\$'000
Capital expenditure: The PRC Hong Kong Other countries (Note (a))	50 56 10	298 87 4,784
	116	5,169

Capital expenditure is allocated based on where the assets are located.

Capital expenditure comprises mainly additions to property, plant and equipment.

Note:

(a) Other countries mainly include Italy, Germany, Finland, Taiwan, Singapore, Macau, Indonesia and Malaysia.

7 Property, plant and equipment and investment properties Unaudited Property, plant and Investment equipment property

	equipment HK\$'000	property HK\$'000
As at 1st January 2019	242,684	55,611
Additions	116	-
Depreciation (Note 14)	(5,335)	-
Exchange differences	(21)	62
As at 30th June 2019	237,444	55,673
As at 1st January 2019	224 154	E1 4E9
As at 1st January 2018 Additions	226,154 4,071	54,658
Depreciation (Note 14)	(4,986)	_
Acquisition of subsidiaries	90	_
Exchange differences	15	(162)
As at 30th June 2018	225,344	54,496

The Group's land and buildings and investment property were revalued at 31st December 2018 or acquired during the period which represents the latest market value of the assets. No valuation was performed during the period as there was no indication of significant changes in the values since previous annual reporting date.

Bank borrowings are secured on land and buildings and investment property with a carrying amount of HK\$255,133,000 (31st December 2018: HK\$258,411,000) (Note 13).

8 Leasehold land

The Group's interests in leasehold land represent prepaid operating lease payments and their net book values are analysed as follows:

	Unaudited HK\$'000
As at 1st January 2018 Exchange differences Amortisation (Note 14)	15,056 (5) (223)
As at 30th June 2018	14,828

The leasehold land of HK\$14,175,000 was classified within "Right-of-use assets" in the condensed consolidated interim balance sheet as at 1st January 2019.

No leasehold land was pledged as at 31st December 2018.

9 Investments in associates

Movements of investments in associates are as follows:

	Unaudited	
	30th June	30th June
	2019	2018
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Beginning of the period	155,300	126,525
Share of post-tax profits of associates	4,884	10,049
Share of other comprehensive income of associates	1,051	907
Dividend received from an associate	(8,000)	(8,311)
End of the period	153,235	129,170

The Group's share of the results in material associates and their aggregated assets and liabilities are shown below.

		Unaudited 30th June 2019	
	Prima Power Suzhou Co., Ltd. ("Prima") HK\$'000	Mitutoyo Leeport Metrology Corporation ("MLMC") HK\$'000	OPS-Ingersoll Funkenerosion GmbH ("OPS") HK\$'000
Assets Liabilities	109,702 77,838	113,539 34,656	90,931 51,895
Revenue Share of profit Share of other comprehensive (loss)/income	45,868 80 (149)	60,730 4,748 1,880	40,103 56 (680)
Percentage held	30.00%	49.00%	22.34%

9 Investments in associates (Continued)

		Unaudited 30th June 2018	
		Mitutoyo	
	Prima Power	Leeport	OPS-Ingersoll
	Suzhou	Metrology	Funkenerosion
	Co., Ltd.	Corporation	GmbH
	("Prima")	("MLMC")	("OPS")
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Assets	88,759	110,260	73,364
Liabilities	74,876	36,489	35,300
Revenue	23,762	72,459	59,240
Share of (loss)/profit	(231)	9,498	782
Share of other comprehensive	. ,		
(loss)/income	(5)	1,808	(896)
Percentage held	30.00%	49.00%	22.34%
Percentage held	30.00%	49.00%	22.34%

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10 Trade receivables and bills receivables

At 30th June 2019 and 31st December 2018, the ageing analysis of trade receivables and bills receivables by invoice date are as follows:

	Unaudited 30th June 2019 HK\$'000	Audited 31st December 2018 HK\$'000
Within 3 months 4 – 6 months 7 – 12 months Over 12 months	97,379 17,593 16,948 11,471	118,854 10,220 5,419 11,238
Less: impairment allowance of receivables	143,391 (3,620) 139,771	145,731 (3,369) 142,362

The Group generally grants credit terms of 30 days to its customers. Longer payment terms might be granted to those customers who have good payment history and long-term business relationship with the Group.

11 Share capital

	Unaudited 30th June 2019 HK\$'000	Audited 31st December 2018 HK\$'000
Authorised:		
1,000,000,000 ordinary shares of HK\$0.10 each	100,000	100,000

11 Share capital (Continued)

	Number of shares (in thousand)	Share capital HK\$'000
Issued and fully paid:		
At 30th June 2018, 1st January 2019, and 30th June 2019	230,076	23,007

12 Trade payables and bills payables

At 30th June 2019 and 31st December 2018, the ageing analysis of the trade payables and bills payables by due date are as follows:

	Unaudited 30th June 2019 HK\$'000	Audited 31st December 2018 HK\$'000
Current 1 – 3 months 4 – 6 months 7 – 12 months Over 12 months	136,052 2,391 - 379 6,296	134,021 3,874 1,393
	145,118	145,819

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13 Borrowings

	Unaudited 30th June 2019 HK\$'000	Audited 31st December 2018 HK\$'000
Non-current		
Portions of term loans from banks due for repayment after one year	5,556	8,889
Current	00 (57	/1 / / 1
Trust receipt loans Portions of term loans from banks due for repayment within one year or with repayment on	90,657	61,641
demand clause	128,088	132,878
	218,745	194,519
Total borrowings	224,301	203,408

Bank borrowings are secured by the property, plant and equipment and investment properties (Note 7) and restricted bank deposits of the Group.

13 Borrowings (Continued)

Movements in borrowings are analysed as follows:

	Unaudited HK\$'000
As at 1st January 2019 Repayments of borrowings Proceeds from borrowings Exchange difference	203,408 (70,569) 91,423 39
As at 30th June 2019	224,301
	Unaudited HK\$'000
As at 1st January 2018 Repayments of borrowings Proceeds from borrowings Exchange difference	142,810 (61,390) 63,175 258
As at 30th June 2018	144,853

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14 Operating (loss)/profit

The following items have been charged to the operating (loss)/profit during the period:

	Unaudited Six months ended 30th June	
	2019 HK\$'000	2018 HK\$'000
Cost of inventories sold	309,685	359,129
Depreciation on property, plant and equipment	5,335	4,986
Depreciation on right-of-use assets	918	-
Amortisation on leasehold land	-	223
Employee benefits expenses (including directors'		
remuneration)	41,183	31,973
Foreign exchange losses/(gains), net	558	(3,123)
Operating lease rentals	133	1,000
Provision for slow moving inventories	23	685
Provision for impairment of trade and bills receivables	251	110
Professional fee	3,228	2,246

15 Income tax expense

The amount of taxation charged to the condensed consolidated interim income statement represents:

		Unaudited Six months ended 30th June	
	2019 HK\$'000	2018 HK\$'000	
Current income tax: – Hong Kong profits tax	-	230	
– PRC and overseas taxation Deferred income tax	1,385 504	1,907 (100)	
	1,889	2,037	

15 Income tax expense (Continued)

Income tax expense is recognised based on management's best estimate of the projected annual effective income tax rate which is expected for the full financial year.

Hong Kong profits tax has been provided at the rate of 16.5% (2018: 16.5%) on the estimated assessable profit for the period.

Enterprise income tax ("EIT") in the PRC has been provided at the rate of 25% (2018: 25%) on the estimated assessable profit for the period with certain preferential provisions.

Corporate tax in Singapore has been provided at the rate of 17% (2018: 17%) on the estimated assessable profit for the period.

Taxation on other overseas profits has been calculated on the estimated assessable profit for the period at the rates of taxation prevailing in the countries in which the subsidiaries of the Group operate.

16 (Loss)/earnings per share

(a) Basic

Basic (loss)/earnings per share is calculated by dividing the (loss)/profit attributable to owners of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the period.

	Unaudited Six months ended 30th June	
	2019	2018
(Loss)/profit from continuing operations attributable to owners of the Company (HK\$'000)	(6,241)	17,243
Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue (in thousands)	230,076	230,076
Basic (loss)/earnings per share attributable to owners of the Company (HK cents per share)	(2.71)	7.49

16 (Loss)/earnings per share (Continued)

(b) Diluted

Diluted (loss)/earnings per share is calculated by adjusting the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding to assume conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares. The Company has one category of dilutive potential ordinary share: share options. For share options, the number of shares that would have been issued assuming the exercise of the share options less the number of shares that could have been issued at fair value (determined as the average market price per share for the year) for the same total proceeds is the number of shares issued for no consideration. The resulting number of shares issued for no consideration is included in the weighted average number of ordinary shares as the denominator for calculating diluted (loss)/earnings per share. There are no share options for the period ended 30th June 2019 and 2018, hence no diluted (loss)/earnings per share was presented.

17 Dividends

A dividend of HK\$5,752,000 that relates to the year ended 31st December 2018 is payable as at 30th June 2019. (2018: dividend of HK\$8,053,000 relating to the year ended 31st December 2017 was paid in June 2018).

No interim dividend is proposed for the period ended 30th June 2019 (2018: HK3.0 cents per share, amounting to HK\$6,902,000).

18 Contingent liabilities

	Unaudited	Audited
	30th June	31st December
	2019	2018
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Letters of guarantee given to customers	5,706	4,631

Certain subsidiaries have given undertakings to banks that they will perform certain contractual non-financial obligations to third parties. In return, the banks have provided letters of guarantee to third parties on behalf of these subsidiaries.

19 Business combination

On 1st January 2018, a subsidiary of the Group, Leeport Machine Tool Company Limited, has acquired 51% of the issued shares in Screw and Fastener (Hong Kong) Company Limited, a trader of screw and machine cutting tools, for consideration of HK\$455,000. The acquisition is expected to increase the Group's market share and reduce cost through economies of scale.

The following table summarises the consideration paid for the acquisition, the fair value of assets acquired and liabilities assumed at the acquisition date.

19 Business combination (Continued)

	HK\$'000
Cash consideration	455
	Fair value HK\$′000
Cash and cash equivalents	8,837
Property, plant and equipment	90
Trade receivables	4,432
Other receivables, prepayments and deposits	1,340
Inventories	2,875
Trade payables	(346)
Other payables, accruals and deposits received	(6,717)
Amount due to non-controlling interest	(9,618)
Net identifiable assets acquired	893
Less: non-controlling interest	(438)
	455

Acquisition-related costs of HK\$20,000 are included in administrative expenses in profit or loss for the period ended 30th June 2018.

The acquired business contributed revenues of HK\$13,421,000 and net profit of HK\$1,290,000 to the Group for the period from 1st January 2018 to 30th June 2018.

20 Related party transactions

The Group is controlled by Peak Power Technology Limited (incorporated in the British Virgin Islands), which owns 62.8% of the Company's shares. The remaining 37.2% of the shares are widely held.

Other than those as disclosed in other notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial information, the Group has entered into the following significant transactions with related parties during the period:

(a) Key management compensation

Key management includes directors (executive and non-executive), members of Executive Committee and the Company Secretary. The compensation paid or payable to key management for employee service is shown below:

	Unaudited Six months ended 30th June	
	2019 HK\$'000	2018 HK\$'000
Salaries and other short-term employee benefits Pension costs – defined contribution plans	4,337 138	4,161
	4,475	4,309

20 Related party transactions (Continued)

(b) Sales and purchase of goods and services

	Unaudited Six months ended 30th June	
	2019 HK\$'000	2018 HK\$'000
Purchase of goods from associates – MLMC – Prima	5,600 40,927 46,527	4,614 8,025 12,639
Management fee income from an associate – MLMC	773	782

The transaction price was determined by the directors and agreed with the related parties.

20 Related party transactions (Continued)

	Unaudited 30th June 2019 HK\$'000	Audited 31st December 2018 HK\$'000
Receivables from an associate – MLMC	247	261
Payable to an associate – MLMC	1,478	1,750

(c) Period/year-end balance arising from sales of goods/services

(d) Loan to an associate

The balance represents a loan effectively made to OPS. As at 30th June 2019, the carrying value of the loan to an associate was HK\$18,026,000 (31st December 2018: HK\$18,158,000). The loan is unsecured, interest bearing at HIBOR plus 4.5% per annum (2018: HIBOR plus 4.5% per annum). The Group does not expect to demand payment from OPS within the next twelve months. During the period, interest received from OPS amounted to HK\$586,000 (2018: HK\$544,000).

Based on the assessment on the recoverability of the balance, management considers no impairment provision is necessary.