NATIONAL ELECTRONICS HOLDINGS LIMITED

(INCORPORATED IN BERMUDA WITH LIMITED LIABILITY)

ANNUAL REPORT 2008

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Executive Directors

Jimmy Lee Yuen Ching Chairman James Lee Yuen Kui Managing Director Loewe Lee Bon Chi Edward Lee Yuen Cheor Ricky Wai Kwong Yuen

Non-Executive Director

Dorathy Lee Yuen Yu

Independent Non-Executive Directors

Dr. Samson Sun, M.B.E., J.P. William Chan Chak Cheung Chan Kwok Wai

Auditors

HLB Hodgson Impey Cheng Chartered Accountants Certified Public Accountants

Solicitors

Baker & Mckenzie JSM Richards Butler

Company Secretary

Yue Man Ying

Principal Bankers

The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking
Corporation Limited
Hang Seng Bank Limited
Industrial and Commercial Bank of China (Asia) Limited
Bank of China (Hong Kong) Limited
Chiyu Banking Corporation Limited
DBS Bank (Hong Kong) Limited
Standard Chartered Bank (Hong Kong) Ltd.
Fubon Bank (Hong Kong) Limited
The Bank of East Asia, Limited

Registered Office

Canon's Court 22 Victoria Street Hamilton HM12 Bermuda

Principal Office

Suite 3201, Gloucester Tower The Landmark, 11 Pedder Street Central Hong Kong

Registrars

Butterfield Corporate Services Limited Rosebank Centre 14 Bermudiana Road, Pembroke Bermuda

Branch Registrars and Transfer Office

Tricor Standard Limited 26th Floor, Tesbury Centre 28 Queen's Road East Hong Kong On behalf of the Board (the "Board") of Directors (the "Directors") of National Electronics Holdings Limited (the "Company"), I am pleased to report the results of the Company and its subsidiaries (together, the "Group") for the year ended 31st March, 2008.

RESULTS

The audited consolidated profit attributable to shareholders of the Group for the year ended 31st March, 2008 was HK\$211,648,779 (2007 - HK\$113,266,470). The earnings per share of the Company for the year ended 31st March, 2008 was 20.9 HK cents per share (2007 - 10.7 HK cents per share).

FINAL DIVIDEND

The Board recommends the payment of a final dividend of 2.0 HK cents per share for the year ended 31st March, 2008 (2007 - 2.0 HK cents).

BUSINESS REVIEW

WATCHES AND WATCH COMPONENTS

During the period under review, the performance of the Group's watch manufacturing division has improved. With the introduction of new consumer electronic products, the Group was able to improve its profit margin.

As for the Group's watch component trading division, the strong demand for complication movements allowed the Group to achieve higher turnover and profit margin as compared with the previous year.

PROPERTY DEVELOPMENT AND INVESTMENT

During the year under review, the Group disposed of the following properties:

- 1. 45th floor, Far East Finance Centre, 16 Harcourt Road, Hong Kong;
- 2. 6th floor, Citicorp Centre, No.18 Whitfield Road, Hong Kong;
- 3. No.59 Shouson Hill Road, Bay Villas, Hong Kong;
- 4. House No.8, Villa Rosa, No.88 Red Hill Road, Hong Kong;
- 5. Unit 3201, 32nd floor, Tower 2, Lippo Centre, No.89 Queensway, Hong Kong; and
- 6. Flat A, 20th floor, Tower 2, No.37 Repulse Bay Road, Hong Kong.

The Group enjoyed satisfactory capital gains for the above disposals.



The multi-function digital diving watch is capable of measuring a maximum depth of 200m. Other functions include a digital compass, yacht timer, temperature gauge, chronograph and alarm.

CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT

As of March 2008, the Group added the following properties to its property portfolio:-

- 1. No. 87 and 89, Jervois Street, Hong Kong for development purposes;
- 2. 22nd floor (including the roof thereof) and car parking space no. 9 on level 1, Century Tower II, Nos. 1 and 1A Tregunter Path, Hong Kong for investment purposes;
- 3. No. 99, 101 and 103 Bonham Strand and No. 127 Wing Lok Street, Hong Kong for development purposes;
- 4. 5, 7, and 9 Sultan Street, Toronto, Canada for investment and development purposes;
- 5. Ground, 1st, 2nd and 3rd floors and the roof, No. 459 and 461 Lockhart Road, Causeway Bay, Hong Kong for investment purposes;
- 6. House 6, Double Bay, No.46 Island Road, Hong Kong for investment purposes; and
- 7. House No.1, Abergeldie, 52 Plantation Road, Hong Kong for investment purposes.

PROSPECTS

WATCHES AND WATCH COMPONENTS

As set out in the interim report, the Group has started the first phase of the relocation scheme of its manufacturing facilities to Nanning, Capital of Guangxi Province, China.

The Group sees continued demand for its non-watch consumer electronic products and will remain focused on developing more of these products.

The Group expects that its watch component trading business will continue to provide stable profits.



PROPERTY DEVELOPMENT AND INVESTMENT

Overseas

The occupancy programme of the Group's "One St.Thomas" residential project in Toronto is expected to be completed by Autumn of 2008 as stated in the interim report.

Local

"The Putman", the Group's luxurious boutique hotel at 202 Queen's Road Central, Hong Kong which is a joint venture project with Citi Property Investors, has been fully occupied since the end of the last calendar year.

With regards to the Group's second joint venture project with Citi Property Investors at 137-138 Connaught Road West, Hong Kong, the superstructure work has topped out and the building is expected to be completed by the end of 2008.

The Group's third joint venture project with Citi Property Investors at Nos. 50 to 59 Connaught Road Central, Hong Kong for the development of an A-Grade office building is also on schedule. The demolition work of these buildings will be completed by the end of 2008.

The foundation work of the Group's project at No. 87 and 89 Jervois Street, Hong Kong will be completed by the end of 2008. The completion date of this new boutique hotel is targeted around the beginning of 2010.

At the same time, the Group expects the foundation work of its development project at 21 Whitfield Road, Causeway Bay, Hong Kong to be completed by the beginning of 2009. The Group aims to complete this new boutique hotel around the middle of 2010.

As for the Group's development site at No. 99, 101 & 103 Bonham Strand and No. 127 Wing Lok Street, Hong Kong, the Group intends to construct a new boutique hotel on this site and the demolition work of the existing old building has commenced. The target completion date is around the end of 2010.

The Group has also commenced the demolition work on No.194-196 Queen's Road Central, Hong Kong. The Group intends to complete this new one suite per floor boutique hotel by 2011.

The Group expects that demand for new-built designer boutique hotels will continue to grow as evidenced by the strong occupancy rate at The Putman. The Group's new developments in this sector will provide a unique set of designer hotels to the market.

Finally, on behalf of the Board of Directors, I would like to thank all the staff of the Group for their loyalty and dedication during the previous year.

Lee Yuen Ching Jimmy

Chairman

Hong Kong, 16th July, 2008



BUSINESS REVIEW

WATCHES AND WATCH COMPONENTS

The turnover of the Group's watch manufacturing division decreased by 14% to HK\$314 million due to weaker demand for the Group's sport watches. However, in spite of high raw material, labour and utility charges, the profit margin of the watch manufacturing segment has improved, thanks to the management's effort on cost and inventory management and the sales of other consumer electronic products.

The sales revenues generated from the watch component trading division increased by 21% to HK\$795 million as the demand for "complicated" analogue quartz movements and mechanical watch movements have increased.

PROPERTY DEVELOPMENT AND INVESTMENT

The result of the Group's property development and investment business was very satisfactory.

The increase in the profit, as compared with the previous period, was mainly due to the gain on disposal of several investment properties and the increase in the fair value of other development and investment properties within the Group's property investment portfolio.

ASSOCIATES

The Group shared a profit of HK\$1.6 million from its associates.

FINANCIAL REVIEW

LIQUIDITY AND FINANCIAL RESOURCES

As at 31st March, 2008, the Group's total borrowings were HK\$1,697 million, representing an increase of HK\$711 million from last year. The maturity profile spreads over a period of 30 years, with HK\$1,034 million (including the construction loan for the Group's St. Thomas residential development project in Toronto, Canada) repayable within one year, HK\$365 million within two to five years and HK\$298 million beyond five years.

As at 31st March, 2008, the Group's gearing ratio was 0.99 (2007: 0.64) which is calculated based on the Group's long-term borrowings of approximately HK\$663 million and shareholders' funds of approximately HK\$669 million.

As at 31st March, 2008, the Group's total bank balances and cash was approximately HK\$92 million (2007: HK\$189 million).



MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Similar to the past years, the Group has maintained a reasonable level of cash resources and stand-by credit facilities to provide adequate liquid funds to finance its commitments and working capital requirements.

TREASURY POLICIES

As at 31st March, 2008, 41% of the Group's borrowings was in HK\$, 11% in US\$, 12% in JPY and 36% in CAD.

As at 31st March, 2008, 65% of the Group's bank balances and cash was in HK\$, 26% in US\$, 6% in RMB, 2% in CAD and 1% in others.

All the Group's borrowings are variable-rate borrowings. The Group will carefully monitor its foreign exchange exposure and utilize hedging instruments such as forward contracts as necessary.

FUTURE PLANS FOR MATERIAL INVESTMENTS

Other than the acquisitions mentioned in the Chairman's Statement, the Group currently has no other plans for material investments. All the aforesaid acquisitions have been funded by bank borrowings and the internal resources of the Group.

CHARGES ON ASSETS

As at 31st March, 2008, certain properties of the Group of approximately HK\$2,425 million (2007: HK\$1,326 million) were pledged to secure banking facilities for the Group.

EMPLOYEES

As at 31st March, 2008, the Group employed approximately 2,400 employees in Hong Kong, the PRC and other overseas countries. The staff costs for the year including directors' emoluments amounted to HK\$110 million (2007: HK\$115 million). Remuneration is determined by reference to market terms as well as the qualifications and experiences of the staff concerned. Salaries are reviewed annually and discretionary bonuses may be paid depending on individual performance and the profitability of the Group.

DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT OF THE COMPANY

EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. Jimmy Lee Yuen Ching, aged 61, is the Chairman of the Group. He received his university education in the United States and Canada. His initial experience in the watch industry was gained in his family's watch business and he subsequently became a co-founder of the Group. He was responsible for the founding of the Group's property division sixteen years ago and has been responsible for the management of the property division since that time.

Mr. James Lee Yuen Kui, aged 54, is the Managing Director of the Group. He joined the Group in 1976 and is currently responsible for administration, trading of watch components and material procurement from foreign suppliers.

Mr. Loewe Lee Bon Chi, aged 28, graduated from Harvard University and obtained a bachelor of arts degree with honours in economics. He joined the Group in July 2005 and is responsible for overseeing the overall operations of the watch components trading division as well as the property development and investment division. Prior to joining the Group, he was an investment banker at JP Morgan in New York.

Mr. Edward Lee Yuen Cheor, aged 50, joined the Group in 1981 and is currently responsible for the supervision in the properties development in Hong Kong.

Mr. Ricky Wai Kwong Yuen, M.Sc., aged 61, is the President and an executive Director of National Electronics and Watch Company Limited. Mr. Wai joined the Group in 1976 and is responsible for its LCD and LCD hybrid watch business and other electronic products.

NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

Ms. Dorathy Lee Yuen Yu, aged 48, has not previously held any positions with the Company or its subsidiaries before joining the Group in September 2004. Ms. Lee is the sister of Mr. James Lee Yuen Kui and Mr. Edward Lee Yuen Cheor, who are also executive Directors of the Company. She is also a cousin of Mr. Jimmy Lee Yuen Ching, the Chairman of the Company and an aunt of Mr. Loewe Lee Bon Chi, an executive Director of the Company.

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Dr. Samson Sun, M.B.E., J.P., aged 83, is the Chairman of the Sun International Group of companies. He was the Deputy Chairman of Gilman & Co., Limited and later of Inchape Hong Kong in each case from 1967 to 1985. Dr. Sun is the Honorary Permanent President of The Federation of Hong Kong Watch Trades & Industries Limited. He has over 52 years' experience in the manufacturing, marketing and distribution of watches and 24 years' experience in the marketing and distribution of consumer and electronic products. Dr. Sun has chaired many voluntary community services and charitable organizations and is the former Vice-Chairman of Business and Professionals Federation of Hong Kong (BPF).

Mr. William Chan Chak Cheung, aged 60, graduated from the University of Toronto and the Schulich School of Business. He is also a member of the Canadian Institute of Chartered Accountants. Mr. Chan is an independent non-executive Director of King Fook Holdings Limited, a company listed on Main Board of the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited. Mr. Chan is a retired partner of PricewaterhouseCoopers ("PwC") after a career spanning 34 years in Canada, Hong Kong and Mainland China. He was partner in charge of China tax services at PwC and brings experience in solving complex business issues in many different industries.

Mr. Chan Kwok Wai, aged 49, has been an independent non-executive Director of the Company since April 2005. Mr. Chan is a member of the Hong Kong Securities Institute and an associate member of CPA Australia. Mr. Chan is currently a director of High Progress Consultants Limited. He is also an independent non-executive Director of Junefield Department Store Group Limited, China Investments Holdings Limited, Tern Properties Company Limited, Chinese Estates Holdings Limited and Far East Consortium International Limited, the shares of all of which are listed on the Stock Exchange.

SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Mr. Andrew Lo Kwong Yiu, B.Sc. (Econ.), B.Sc. (Building Surveying), FRICS, aged 54, is an executive Director of National Properties Holdings Limited. Mr. Lo joined the Group in 1992 and is responsible for property development projects.

Mr. Yuen Wai Keung, B.Sc. (Mech.), aged 52. Mr. Yuen joined the Group in 1983 and is the General Manager of National Electronics and Watch Company Limited.

The directors have pleasure in presenting to shareholders their annual report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2008.

Principal activities

The Company is an investment holding company and its subsidiaries are principally engaged in the manufacture, assembly and sale of electronic watches and watch parts, trading of watch movements and watch parts, property development and property investment.

Results and appropriations

The results of the Group for the year ended 31st March, 2008 are set out in the consolidated income statement on page 20.

The directors now recommend the payment of a dividend of 2.0 HK cents per share to the shareholders of the Company whose names appear on the register of members on 13th August, 2008, amounting to HK\$19,848,439.

Investment properties and property, plant and equipment

Details of movements during the year in the investment properties and property, plant and equipment of the Group are set out in notes 15 and 16 to the financial statements, respectively.

Major properties

Details of the major properties of the Group at 31st March, 2008 are set out on page 76.

Subsidiaries and associates

Details of the Company's subsidiaries and associates at 31st March, 2008 are set out in notes 43 and 19 to the financial statements, respectively.

Share capital

Details of movements during the year in the share capital of the Company are set out in note 32 to the financial statements.

Pre-emptive rights

There are no provisions for pre-emptive rights under the Company's Bye-laws, or the laws of Bermuda, which would oblige the Company to offer new shares on a pro-rata basis to existing shareholders.

Reserves

Details of movements in reserves of the Group and of the Company during the year are set out in the consolidated statement of changes in equity on page 24 and in note 33 to the financial statements, respectively.

Purchase, sale or redemption of shares

During the year, the Company repurchased certain of its own shares on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited, details of which are set out in note 32 to the financial statements.

None of the Company's subsidiaries purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's listed securities during the year.

Directors

The directors of the Company during the year and up to the date of this report were:

Executive Directors

Mr. Jimmy Lee Yuen Ching (Chairman)

Mr. James Lee Yuen Kui (Managing Director)

Mr. Loewe Lee Bon Chi (appointed on 22nd May, 2007)

Mr. Peter Lee Yuen Wong (resigned on 10th July, 2007)

Mr. Edward Lee Yuen Cheor

Mr. Ricky Wai Kwong Yuen

Non-Executive Director

Ms. Dorathy Lee Yuen Yu

Independent Non-Executive Directors

Dr. Samson Sun, M.B.E., J.P.

Mr. William Chan Chak Cheung

Mr. Chan Kwok Wai

In accordance with the Bye-laws 99 of the Company, Mr. Jimmy Lee Yuen Ching, Mr. Edward Lee Yuen Cheor and Mr. Chan Kwok Wai, shall retire by rotation and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-election.

Each non-executive and independent non-executive directors was appointed for a term of period up to his retirement and re-election by rotation under the bye-laws of the Company.

Appointment of independent non-executive directors

The Company has received, from each of the independent non-executive directors, an annual confirmation of his independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Rules Governing the Listing Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited. The Company considers all of the independent non-executive directors are independent.

Service contracts

None of the directors has entered into any service agreement with any member of the Group nor are there any other service agreements proposed which will not expire or be determinable by the Company within one year without payment of compensation (other than statutory compensation).

Directors' interests in contracts of significance

No contracts of significance to which the Company or any of its subsidiaries was a party and in which a director of the Company had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the year.

Arrangements to purchase shares or debentures

At no time during the year was the Company or any of its subsidiaries a party to any arrangements to enable the directors of the Company to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in, or debentures of, the Company or any other body corporate.

Directors' interests in shares, underlying shares and debentures

At 31st March, 2008, the interests of the directors, chief executives and their associates in the shares and debentures of the Company and its associated corporations, as recorded in the register maintained by the Company pursuant to Section 352 of the Securities and Futures Ordinance ("SFO"), or as otherwise notified to the Company and The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by the Directors of Listed Companies, were as follows:

		Shares of HK\$0.10 each					
Name of director	Capacity	Personal interests	Corporate interests	Other interests	Total interests	Percentage of the issued share capital of the Company	
Mr. Jimmy Lee Yuen Ching	Chairman	_	_	253,106,873 (note a)	253,106,873	25.348%	
Mr. Loewe Lee Bon Chi	Director	_	_	253,106,873 (note a)	253,106,873	25.348%	
Mr. James Lee Yuen Kui	Managing Director	5,940	_	252,102,979 (note b)	252,108,919	25.248%	
Mr. Edward Lee Yuen Cheor	Director	_	_	252,102,979 (note b)	252,102,979	25.248%	
Mr. Ricky Wai Kwong Yuen	Director	_	37,267,767 (note d)	_	37,267,767	3.732%	
Dr. Samson Sun, M.B.E., J.P.	Director	_	4,988,968	_	4,988,968	0.500%	

Notes:

(a) The 253,106,873 shares are part of the property of a discretionary trust of which Mr. Jimmy Lee Yuen Ching and his family members including Mr. Loewe Lee Bon Chi are named beneficiaries.

(note c)

- (b) The 252,102,979 shares are part of the property of a discretionary trust of which each of Messrs. James Lee Yuen Kui and Edward Lee Yuen Cheor are named beneficiaries.
- (c) The 4,988,968 shares are held by a company controlled by Dr. Samson Sun, M.B.E., J.P.
- (d) The 37,267,767 shares are held by two companies controlled by Mr. Ricky Wai Kwong Yuen.

Saved as disclosed above, at 31st March, 2008, none of the director or chief executive or any of their associates had any interests, or short positions in any shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company or its associated corporations as defined in the SFO.

Substantial shareholders

Other than the interests of certain directors disclosed under the heading "Directors' Interests in Shares, Underlying Shares and Debentures" above, the register of substantial shareholders maintained by the Company pursuant to Section 336 of the SFO discloses no other person as having a notifiable interest or short position in the issued share capital of the Company as at 31st March, 2008.

Major suppliers and customers

For the year ended 31st March, 2008, the Group's five largest suppliers accounted for approximately 87.15% of the Group's purchases of which 83.53% was attributable to the largest supplier. The Group's five largest customers accounted for approximately 55.31% of the Group's turnover of which 12.84% was attributable to the largest customer.

None of the directors, their associates or any shareholders (which to the knowledge of the directors owns more than 5% of the Company's share capital) has any interest in the Group's five largest suppliers or customers during the year.

Corporate governance

The Company has complied throughout the year ended 31st March, 2008 with the Code of Best Practice as set out in Appendix 14 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited.

Emolument policy

The emolument policy of the employees of the Group is set up by the Remuneration Committee on the basis of their merit, qualifications and competence.

The emoluments of the directors of the Company are decided by the Remuneration Committee, having regard to the Company's operating results, individual performance and comparable market statistics.

Public float

Based on the information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the Company, there is sufficient public float of not less than 25% of the Company's issued shares as required under the Listing Rules throughout the year ended 31st March, 2008.

Donations

During the year, the Group made charitable donations amounting to HK\$13,000.

Auditors

On 25th April, 2008, Messrs. Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu resigned as the auditors of the Company and Messrs. HLB Hodgson Impey Cheng were appointed on 25th April, 2008 by the Directors to fill the casual vacancy so arising. There have been no other changes of auditors in the past three years.

The accompanying financial statements have been audited by Messrs. HLB Hodgson Impey Cheng. A resolution will be submitted to the annual general meeting of the Company to re-appoint Messrs. HLB Hodgson Impey Cheng as auditors of the Company.

On behalf of the Board

LEE YUEN CHING JIMMY

Chairman

Hong Kong, 16th July, 2008

For the year ended 31st March, 2008 (the "Year"), in the opinion of the Board, the Group applied the principles in the Code on Corporate Governance Practices (the "CG Code") set out in Appendix 14 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Listing Rules") and complied with the code provisions in the CG Code.

Model Code

The Company has adopted the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model Code") as set out in Appendix 10 of the Listing Rules. The Company has made specific enquiries to all Directors who have confirmed that, during the Year, they have compiled with the required standard set out in the Model Code.

The Board

As at 31st March, 2008, the Board consisted of 9 directors including 5 executive directors, 1 non-executive director and 3 independent non-executive directors (the "INEDs").

During the Year, the Board held 4 meetings. Attendance of each director at the Board meetings held in the Year is set out below:

Directors	Meetings Attended/Held
Executive Directors:	
Mr. Jimmy Lee Yuen Ching (Chairman)	4/4
Mr. James Lee Yuen Kui (Managing Director)	4/4
Mr. Loewe Lee Bon Chi (appointed on 22nd May, 2007)	3/4
Mr. Edward Lee Yuen Cheor	4/4
Mr. Ricky Wai Kwong Yuen	3/4
Non-Executive Director:	
Ms. Dorathy Lee Yuen Yu	1/4
Independent Non-Executive Directors:	
Dr. Samson Sun	4/4
Mr.William Chan Chak Cheung	4/4
Mr. Chan Kwok Wai	4/4

The Board is responsible for leadership and control of the Group. The Board reviews and approves the objectives, strategies, directions and policies of the Group. The Board also reviews the Group's performance and monitored the activities of the Group. The Board has appointed several Board committees to oversee different areas of the Company's affairs. Details of these Board committees are given below.

The Board has delegated the responsibility of the day-to-day operations of the Group to the management of the Group.

Mr. James Lee Yuen Kui, Mr. Edward Lee Yuen Cheor and Ms. Dorathy Lee Yuen Yu are brothers and sister and they are cousins of Mr. Jimmy Lee Yuen Ching.

The Company has received annual confirmations of independence from each of the INEDs and considers all INEDs are independent in accordance with the guidelines set out in Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules.

In accordance with the Bye-laws of the Company, at each annual general meeting (the "AGM") one-third of the Directors shall retire from office by rotation save any Director holdings office as Chairman or Managing Director. The Directors to retire in every year shall be those who have been longest in office since their last election. The retiring Directors shall be eligible for re-election.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

Each non-executive and independent non-executive director was appointed for a term of period up to his retirement by rotation and reelection in accordance with the Bye-laws of the Company.

With the introduction of the CG Code and to comply with code provision A.4.2 of the CG Code, all Directors (including the Chairman and the Managing Director of the Group) voluntarily retire at the AGM at least once every three years.

Chairman and Managing Director

The Chairman of the Board is Mr. Jimmy Lee Yuen Ching and the Managing Director of the Group is Mr. James Lee Yuen Kui. The roles of the Chairman and the Managing Director were segregated. The Chairman is primarily responsible for the management and effective performance of the Board as well as the high-level strategies determination. The Managing Director is primarily responsible for the day-to-day management of the business of the Group.

Remuneration Committee

The Board has established a remuneration committee (the "RC") and its principle roles and functions are:

- (i) to make recommendations to the Board on the Company's policy and structure of remuneration of the Directors and senior management and on the establishment of a formal and transparent procedure for developing policy on such remuneration;
- (ii) to determine the remuneration packages of the directors and senior management; and
- (iii) to review and approve performance based remuneration by reference to corporate goals and objectives resolved by the Board from time to time.

The RC consists of 5 members. They are Dr. Samson Sun who is the Chairperson of the RC, Mr. Chan Kwok Wai, Mr. William Chan Chak Cheung, Mr. Jimmy Lee Yuen Ching and Mr. James Lee Yuen Kui.

During the Year, the RC held two meetings with full attendance. The RC reviewed the remuneration policy of the Group and the remuneration packages of the Directors and the senior management.

Nomination Committee

The Board has established a nomination committee (the "NC"). The NC is responsible for developing criteria to identify, assess the qualifications of and evaluate candidates for the Board. They identify individuals suitably qualified in terms of skill, knowledge and experience to become members of the Board, taking into account of the then existing composition of the Board in terms of skill, knowledge and experience and make recommendation to the Board for approval.

The NC consists of 5 members. They are Mr. William Chan Chak Cheung who is the Chairperson of the NC, Dr. Samson Sun, Mr. Chan Kwok Wai, Mr. Jimmy Lee Yuen Ching and Mr. James Lee Yuen Kui.

During the Year, the NC held one meeting with full attendance. The NC reviewed the policy on nomination and appointment of Directors and the structure, size and composition (including skill, knowledge and experience) of the Board. The NC also assessed the independence of the INEDs. In May 2007, the NC recommended Mr. Loewe Lee Bon Chi to the Board to be appointed as an Executive Director.

Audit Committee

The Board has established an audit committee (the "AC") and its principal roles and functions are:

- (i) to make recommendation to the Board on the appointment, reappointment and removal of the Company's auditors and to review and monitor their independence and objectivity and the effectiveness of the audit processing accordance with applicable standard;
- (ii) to oversee the Group's relation with the Company's auditors;
- (iii) to review the financial information of the Group including monitoring the integrity of the Group's financial statements, annual reports and accounts, and interim reports and reviewing significant accounting policies; and
- (iv) to oversee the Group's financial reporting system and internal control procedures.

The AC comprised 3 members and all of them are INEDs. Attendance of each member at the AC meetings held in the Year is set out below:

Meetings Attended/Held

Dr. Samson Sun (Chairman)

Mr. William Chan Chak Cheung

Mr. Chan Kwok Wai

4/4

The following is a summary of the work performed by the AC during the Year:

- Reviewed the audited annual results of the Group for the year ended 31st March, 2007;
- Reviewed the interim results of the Group for the six months ended 30th September, 2007;
- Reviewed the internal audit reports covering the evaluation of internal controls of the Group; and
- Reviewed the auditors' remuneration and their performance and confirmed their independence.

Auditors' Remuneration

During the Year, the remunerations payable to the Company's external auditors for non-audit services performed by Messrs. Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu and audit services performed by HLB Hodgson Impey Cheng are set out below:

Services rendered	Fees payable
	HK\$'000
Audit services	980
Non-audit services	452
Total	1,432

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

Accountability and Audit

The Directors acknowledge their responsibility for preparing the financial statements of the Group for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Group. The reporting responsibilities of the Company's auditors are set out in this annual report on page 19.

The Board has conducted a review of the effectiveness of the system of internal control of the Group. The Board considered the Group has effective internal control system. Nevertheless, the Board will continue to improve the Group's internal control system through periodic review and recommendation from external auditors identified during their audit.

The non-audit services are relating to taxation services and professional services rendered in connection with the issue of three major transaction circulars of the Company in accordance with the Listing Rules.



Chartered Accountants
Certified Public Accountants

TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF NATIONAL ELECTRONICS HOLDINGS LIMITED

(incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability)

31/F, Gloucester Tower The Landmark 11 Pedder Street Central Hong Kong

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of National Electronics Holdings Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") set out on pages 20 to 75, which comprise the consolidated and company balance sheets as at 31st March, 2008, and the consolidated income statement, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated cash flow statement for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes.

Directors' responsibility for the financial statements

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation and the true and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance. This responsibility includes designing, implementing and maintaining internal control relevant to the preparation and the true and fair presentation of the financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; selecting and applying appropriate accounting policies; and making accounting estimates that are reasonable in the circumstances.

Auditors' responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit and to report our opinion solely to you, as a body, in accordance with section 90 of the Bermuda Companies Act, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report. We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance as to whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditors consider internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and true and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Group and of the Company as at 31st March, 2008 and of the Group's profit and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards and have been properly prepared in accordance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

HLB Hodgson Impey Cheng

Chartered Accountants Certified Public Accountants Hong Kong, 16th July, 2008

CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT

For the year ended 31st March, 2008 (in HK Dollars)

	Notes	2008	2007
Revenue	7	1,256,702,994	1,066,224,323
Cost of sales		(1,062,107,895)	(949,730,533)
Gross profit		194,595,099	116,493,790
Other income	8	11,328,737	10,165,112
Increase in fair value of investment properties	15	111,796,048	35,508,189
Gain on disposal of investment properties	15	55,102,767	_
Distribution costs		(7,945,828)	(8,049,545)
Administrative expenses		(108,112,983)	(92,819,771)
Other expenses		_	(20,583,279)
Finance costs	9	(31,768,680)	(22,879,746)
Gain on disposal of subsidiaries	36	_	89,298,098
Loss on dissolution of an associate		_	(5,364)
Share of results of associates	19	1,609,582	13,427,803
Profit before taxation	10	226,604,742	120,555,287
Income tax expenses	12	(14,955,963)	(7,288,817)
Profit for the year		211,648,779	113,266,470
Dividend:	13		
2007 final dividend paid of 2.0 HK cents			
(2006: 1.5 HK cents) per ordinary share		28,709,627	21,200,734
Earnings per share – Basic and diluted	14	20.9 HK cents	10.7 HK cents

At 31st March, 2008 (in HK Dollars)

	Notes	2008	2007
Non-current assets			
Investment properties	15	880,020,039	345,000,000
Property, plant and equipment	16	100,549,321	72,073,736
Prepaid lease payments	17	262,321,527	42,457,834
Deposit paid for acquisition of a property		· · · · · ·	18,000,000
Interests in associates	19	18,050,773	13,427,803
Available-for-sale investments	20	23,180,000	17,820,000
		1,284,121,660	508,779,373
Current assets			
Inventories	21	153,537,569	155,891,724
Prepaid lease payments	17	4,443,812	639,204
Investment held for trading	22	4,099,115	3,936,786
Inventory of unsold properties		28,514,155	100,739,388
Properties under development for sale	23	1,241,831,573	830,940,024
Deposits held in trust for property under			
development for sale		43,435,147	5,703,533
Bills receivables	25	12,000,000	11,000,000
Trade receivables, deposits and prepayments	25	113,040,917	100,816,895
Amounts due from associates	19	140,079,370	17,464,354
Tax recoverable		558,225	1,272,990
Bank balances and cash	26	91,950,237	188,641,735
		1,833,490,120	1,417,046,633
Current liabilities			
Trade payables and accrued expenses	27	189,770,481	164,309,200
Bills payables	27	79,575,635	88,401,894
Amount due to a related party	28	_	2,216,099
Taxation payable		1,317,983	780
Derivative financial instruments	29	457,012	840,864
Obligations under finance leases	30	3,705,623	2,548,094
Deposits received from sale of properties			
under development		448,301,219	162,636,657
Bank loans	31	1,034,104,990	660,303,841
		1,757,232,943	1,081,257,429
Net current assets		76,257,177	335,789,204
Total assets less current liabilities		1,360,378,837	844,568,577

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET

At 31st March, 2008 (in HK Dollars)

	Notes	2008	2007
Capital and reserves			
Share capital	32	99,851,793	103,351,393
Reserves		568,744,841	402,264,366
		668,596,634	505,615,759
Non-current liabilities			
Provision for long service payments	34	3,687,257	3,779,297
Obligations under finance leases	30	4,351,759	3,040,796
Bank loans	31	662,884,770	325,655,517
Deferred tax liabilities	35	20,858,417	6,477,208
		691,782,203	338,952,818
		1,360,378,837	844,568,577

The consolidated financial statements on pages 20 to 75 were approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 16th July, 2008 and are signed on its behalf by:

JIMMY LEE YUEN CHING

JAMES LEE YUEN KUI

Director Director

At 31st March, 2008 (in HK Dollars)

	Notes	2008	2007
Non-current assets			
Interests in subsidiaries	18	318,411,597	268,829,195
Available-for-sale investments	20	2,000,000	2,000,000
		320,411,597	270,829,195
Current assets			
Deposits		_	8,500
Amount due from a subsidiary	24	_	34,625,630
Bank balances		2,248,303	2,035,665
		2,248,303	36,669,795
Current liabilities			
Accrued expenses		52,691,419	16,280,501
Amount due to a subsidiary	24	17,291,648	
		69,983,067	16,280,501
Net current (liabilities)/assets		(67,734,764)	20,389,294
Net assets		252,676,833	291,218,489
Capital and reserves			
Share capital	32	99,851,793	103,351,393
Reserves	33	152,825,040	187,867,096
Total equity		252,676,833	291,218,489

The financial statements on pages 20 to 75 were approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 16th July, 2008 and are signed on its behalf by:

JIMMY LEE YUEN CHING

JAMES LEE YUEN KUI

Director Director

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

For the year ended 31st March, 2008 (in HK Dollars)

	Share capital	Share premium	Exchange reserve	Investment revaluation reserve	Contributed surplus	Capital redemption reserve	Retained profits	Total
At 1st April, 2006	107,590,393	22,785,730	(4,095,855)	5,027,500	66,141,751	21,730,440	206,558,340	425,738,299
Exchange difference not recognised in the consolidated income statement	_	_	157,809	_	_	_	_	157,809
Gain on fair value changes of available-for-sale investments		_	_	1,650,000	_	_	_	1,650,000
Net income recognised directly in equity Profit for the year	_ _	_ _	157,809	1,650,000	_ _	_ _	— 113,266,470	1,807,809 113,266,470
Total recognised income for the year Dividend paid Repurchase of own shares	— — (4,239,000)	_ _ _	157,809 — —	1,650,000 — —	_ _ _	 4,239,000	113,266,470 (21,200,734) (13,996,085)	115,074,279 (21,200,734) (13,996,085)
At 31st March, 2007	103,351,393	22,785,730	(3,938,046)	6,677,500	66,141,751	25,969,440	284,627,991	505,615,759
Exchange difference not recognised in the consolidated income statement Gain on fair value changes of available-for-sale investments		- -	(5,791,268)		- -	- -	- -	(5,791,268) 5,360,000
Net income recognised directly in equity Profit for the year		_ _	(5,791,268)	5,360,000	_ _	_ _	<u> </u>	(431,268) 211,648,779
Total recognised income for the year Dividend paid Repurchase of own shares	— — (3,499,600)	_ _ _	(5,791,268) — —	5,360,000	_ _ _	3,499,600	211,648,779 (28,709,627) (19,527,009)	211,217,511 (28,709,627) (19,527,009)
At 31st March, 2008	99,851,793	22,785,730	(9,729,314)	12,037,500	66,141,751	29,469,040	448,040,134	668,596,634

The contributed surplus represents the difference between the nominal amount of the shares issued by the Company and the shareholders' funds of the subsidiaries acquired pursuant to the Group reorganisation undertaken prior to the listing of the Company's shares.

CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT

For the year ended 31st March, 2008 (in HK Dollars)

	2008	2007
Operating activities		
Profit before taxation	226,604,742	120,555,287
Adjustments for:	-77	-,,
Finance costs	31,768,680	22,879,746
Share of results of associates	(1,609,582)	(13,427,803)
Allowance for doubtful debts	273,943	_
Write-down of inventories	3,965,523	16,620,837
Provision for long service payments	393,274	497,457
Amortisation of prepaid lease payments	1,877,130	635,039
Depreciation	19,400,779	16,608,037
Interest income	(3,535,747)	(5,408,453)
Dividend income from unlisted investments	(591,388)	(271,544)
Reversal of allowance for amounts due from associates	(571,560)	(7,529,220)
Increase in fair value of investment properties	(111,796,048)	(35,508,189)
Gain on disposal of investment properties	(55,102,767)	(55,500,107)
Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment	(1,048,553)	(267,372)
Gain on disposal of subsidiaries	(1,040,555)	(89,298,098)
Loss on dissolution of an associate	_	5,364
Loss on fair value changes of investment held for trading	376,462	288,987
Loss on fair value changes of derivative financial	370,402	200,907
instruments	457,012	840,864
nisuuments	437,012	040,004
Operating cash flows before movements in working capital	111,433,460	27,220,939
(Increase) decrease in inventories	(1,611,368)	12,804,783
Decrease in inventory of unsold properties	73,468,427	25,785,959
Increase in properties under development for sale	(321,943,881)	(234,374,245)
Increase in bills receivables	(1,000,000)	(577,009)
(Increase) decrease in trade receivables, deposits		, , ,
and prepayments	(12,133,297)	21,802,220
Increase in trade payables and accrued expenses	26,014,700	16,493,312
Decrease in derivative financial instruments	(840,864)	(1,320,498)
(Decrease) increase in bills payables	(8,826,259)	12,497,137
(Increase) decrease in deposits held in trust for property	(-)/	, ,
under development for sale	(36,857,841)	64,931,007
Utilisation of provision for long service payments	(485,314)	(1,080,144)
Increase in deposit received from sale of properties under	(100,000)	(-,,,
development	285,904,368	29,668,687
Cook gapageted from (used in) appretions	112 122 121	(26 147 052)
Cash generated from (used in) operations	113,122,131	(26,147,852)
Hong Kong Profits Tax refund (paid)	1,457,214	(2,655,463)
Overseas tax paid		(54,583)
Net cash generated from (used in) operating activities	114,579,345	(28,857,898)

CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT

For the year ended 31st March, 2008 (in HK Dollars)

	Note	2008	2007
Investing activities			
Additions to interests in associates		(3,013,388)	_
Additions to investment properties		(692,777,302)	(143,491,811)
Deposit paid for acquisition of a property		_	(18,000,000)
Purchase of property, plant and equipment		(266,221,982)	(19,001,147)
Advance to associates		(122,615,016)	(8,790,735)
Additions to available-for-sale investments		_	(2,550,000)
Repayment from an associate		_	82,683,967
Net cash inflow arising from disposal of subsidiaries	36	_	30,605,119
Dividend received from an associate		_	26,200
Dividend received from unlisted investments		591,388	271,544
Proceeds from disposal of investment properties		347,318,576	_
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and			
equipment		1,795,994	419,000
Interest received		3,535,747	5,408,453
Net cash used in investing activities		(731,385,983)	(72,419,410)
Till and the second title			
Financing activities		(2.21(.000)	(5.240.026)
Repayment to a related party		(2,216,099)	(5,340,036)
New bank loans raised		1,004,294,796	319,582,421
Interest paid		(41,772,950)	(49,929,520)
Dividend paid		(28,709,627)	(21,200,734)
Repayment of bank loans		(388,697,636)	(55,350,584)
Repayment of obligations under finance leases		(4,230,920)	(2,822,418)
Repurchase of own shares		(19,527,009)	(13,996,085)
Repayment to an associate			(16,987)
Net cash generated from financing activities		519,140,555	170,926,057
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents		(97,666,083)	69,648,749
Cash and cash equivalents at 1st April		188,641,735	118,894,589
Effect of foreign exchange rate changes		974,585	98,397
Cash and cash equivalents at 31st March		91,950,237	188,641,735
Analysis of the balances of cash and cash equivalents:			
Bank balances and cash		91,950,237	188,641,735

For the year ended 31st March, 2008 (in HK Dollars)

1. GENERAL

The Company is incorporated in Bermuda as an exempted company with limited liability and its shares are listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange"). The addresses of the registered office and principal place of business of the Company are disclosed in the Corporate Information section to the annual report.

The principal activities of the Company and its subsidiaries (the "Group") are the manufacture, assembly and sale of electronic watches and watch parts, trading of watch movements and watch parts, property development and property investment.

The financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars, which is also the functional currency of the Company.

2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs")

In the current year, the Group has applied, for the first time, the following new standard, amendment and interpretations ("new HKFRSs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA"), which are either effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1st May, 2006, 1st June, 2006, 1st November, 2006, 1st January, 2007 or 1st March, 2007.

HKAS 1 (Amendment) Capital Disclosures

HKFRS 7 Financial Instruments: Disclosures

HK(IFRIC)-Int 8 Scope of HKFRS 2

HK(IFRIC)-Int 9 Reassessment of Embedded Derivatives

HK(IFRIC)-Int 10 Interim Financial Reporting and Impairment

HK(IFRIC)-Int 11 HKFRS 2 – Group and Treasury Share Transactions

The adoption of the new HKFRSs had no material effect on how the Group's results and financial position for the current or prior accounting periods have been prepared and presented. Accordingly, no prior period adjustment has been required.

The Group has applied the disclosure requirements under HKAS 1 (Amendment) and HKFRS 7 retrospectively. Certain information presented in prior year under the requirements of HKAS 32 has been removed and the relevant comparative information based on the requirements of HKAS 1 (Amendment) and HKFRS 7 has been presented for the first time in the current year.

The Group has not early applied the following new and revised standards, amendment or interpretations that have been issued but are not yet effective.

HKAS 1 (Revised) Presentation of Financial Statements¹

HKAS 23 (Revised) Borrowing Costs¹

HKAS 27 (Revised) Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements²

HKFRS 2 (Amendment) Share-based Payment – Vesting Conditions and Cancellations¹

HKFRS 3 (Revised) Business Combinations²
HKFRS 8 Operating Segments¹

HK(IFRIC)-Int 12 Service Concession Arrangements³ HK(IFRIC)-Int 13 Customer Loyalty Programmes⁴

HK(IFRIC)-Int 14 HKAS 19 – The Limit on a Defined Benefit Asset, Minimum Funding Requirements

and their Interaction³

- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1st January, 2009
- ² Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1st July, 2009
- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1st January, 2008
- ⁴ Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1st July, 2008

The directors of the Company anticipate that the application of these standards, amendment or interpretations will have no material impact on the results and the financial position of the Group.

For the year ended 31st March, 2008 (in HK Dollars)

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for investment properties and certain financial instruments, which are measured at fair values, as explained in the accounting policies set out below.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards issued by the HKICPA. In addition, the financial statements include applicable disclosures required by the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange and by the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

Basis of consolidation

The financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the Company and entities controlled by the Company (its subsidiaries). Control is achieved where the Company has the power to govern the financial and operating policies of an entity so as to obtain benefits from its activities.

The results of subsidiaries acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the consolidated income statement from the effective date of acquisition or up to the effective date of disposal, as appropriate.

Where necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring their accounting policies in line with those used by other members of the Group.

All intra-group transactions, balances, income and expenses are eliminated on consolidation.

Excess of an acquirer's interest in the net fair value of an acquiree's identifiable assets, liabilities, and contingent liabilities over cost ("discount on acquisitions")

A discount on acquisition arising on an acquisition of subsidiaries represents the excess of the net fair value of an acquiree's identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities over the cost of the business combination. Discount on acquisition is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Interests in subsidiaries

Interests in subsidiaries are included in the Company's balance sheet at cost less any identified impairment loss.

Interests in associates

An associate is an entity over which the investor has significant influence and that is neither a subsidiary nor an interest in a joint venture.

The results and assets and liabilities of associates are incorporated in these financial statements using the equity method of accounting. Under the equity method, interests in associates are carried in the consolidated balance sheet at cost as adjusted for post-acquisition changes in the Group's share of net assets of the associate, less any identified impairment loss. When the Group's share of losses of an associate equals or exceeds its interest in that associate (which includes any long-term interests that, in substance, form part of the Group's net interest in the associate), the Group discontinues recognising its share of further losses. An additional share of losses is provided for and a liability is recognised only to the extent that the Group has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of that associate.

Where a group entity transacts with an associate of the Group, profits and losses are eliminated to the extent of the Group's interest in the relevant associate.

For the year ended 31st March, 2008 (in HK Dollars)

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

Revenue recognition

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable and represents the amounts received and receivable for goods sold and services provided net of discounts during the year.

Sales of goods are recognised when goods are delivered and title has passed.

Revenue arising from the sale of completed properties are recognised upon the completion of the sale and purchase agreement.

When a development property is sold in advance of completion, revenue is only recognised upon the completion of the sale and purchase agreement. Deposits and installments received from purchasers prior to this stage are included in liabilities.

Rental income, including rentals invoiced in advance from properties let under operating leases, is recognised on a straight line basis over the terms of the relevant leases. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating and arranging an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset and recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Dividend income from investments is recognised when the shareholders' rights to receive payment has been established.

Interest income from a financial asset is accrued on a time basis, by reference to the principal outstanding and at the effective interest rate applicable, which is the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to that asset's net carrying amount.

Management fee income is recognised when services are rendered.

Investment properties

Investment properties are properties held to earn rentals and/or for capital appreciation. On initial recognition, investment properties are measured at cost, including any directly attributable expenditure. Subsequent to initial recognition, investment properties are measured at their fair value using the fair value model. Gains or losses arising from changes in the fair value of investment properties are included in profit or loss for the period in which they arise.

An investment property is derecognised upon disposal or when the investment property is permanently withdrawn from use or no future economic benefits are expected from its disposals. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the asset (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset) is included in the consolidated income statement in the year in which the item is derecognised.

Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment, other than construction in progress, are stated at cost less subsequent accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses.

Construction in progress represents property, plant and equipment in the course of construction for production or for its own use purposes. Construction in progress is stated at cost less accumulated impairment losses. Depreciation of these assets, on the same basis as other property, plant and equipment, commences when the assets are ready for their intended use.

Depreciation is provided to write off the cost of items of property, plant and equipment other than construction in progress and freehold land over their estimated useful lives and after taking into account of their estimated residual value, using the straight-line method.

For the year ended 31st March, 2008 (in HK Dollars)

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

Property, plant and equipment (Cont'd)

Assets held under finance leases are depreciated over their expected useful lives on the same basis as owned assets or, where shorter, the terms of the relevant lease.

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the asset (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the item) is included in the consolidated income statement in the year in which the item is derecognised.

Leasing

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

The Group as lessor

Rental income from operating leases is recognised in the consolidated income statement on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease.

The Group as lessee

Assets held under finance leases are recognised as assets of the Group at their fair value at the inception of the lease or, if lower, at the present value of the minimum lease payments. The corresponding liability to the lessor is included in the consolidated balance sheet as a finance lease obligation. Lease payments are apportioned between finance charges and reduction of the lease obligation so as to achieve a constant rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. Finance charges are charged directly to profit or loss, unless they are directly attributable to qualifying assets, in which case they are capitalised in accordance with the Group's general policy on borrowing costs (see below).

Rentals payable under operating leases are charged to profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease. Benefits received and receivable as an incentive to enter into an operating lease are recognised as a reduction of rental expense over the lease term on a straight-line basis.

Leasehold land and buildings

The land and buildings elements of a lease of land and buildings are considered separately for the purposes of lease classification. To the extent that the allocation of the lease payments between the land and buildings elements can be made reliably, the leasehold interests in land are classified as prepaid lease payments under operating leases, which are carried at cost and released to income statement over the lease term on a straight-line basis.

Properties under development for sale

Properties under development for sale are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Net realisable value represents the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

The cost of properties under development for sale includes land cost, construction cost, borrowing costs capitalised and other direct development expenditure.

For the year ended 31st March, 2008 (in HK Dollars)

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, are capitalised as part of the cost of those assets. Capitalisation of such borrowing costs ceases when the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale. Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation.

All other borrowing costs are recognised as an expense in the period in which they are incurred.

Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised on the balance sheet when a group entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Financial assets

The Group's financial assets are classified into one of the four categories, including financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, loans and receivables, available-for-sale financial assets and held-to-maturity investments. All regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are recognised and derecognised on a trade date basis. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the time frame established by regulation or convention in the marketplace. The Group's financial assets include investment held for trading, available-for-sale financial assets, and loans and receivables. The accounting policies adopted in respect of the Group's financial assets are set out below.

Effective interest method

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial asset and of allocating interest income over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts (including all fees on points paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the financial asset, or, where appropriate, a shorter period.

Income is recognised on an effective interest basis for debt instruments other than those financial assets designated as at financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, of which interest income is included in net gains or losses.

Investment held for trading

At each balance sheet date subsequent to initial recognition, investment held for trading are measured at fair value, with changes in fair value recognised directly in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.

Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. At each balance sheet date subsequent to initial recognition, loans and receivables (including bills receivables, trade receivables, amounts due from associates and bank balances) are carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any identified impairment losses (see accounting policy in respect of impairment loss on financial assets below).

For the year ended 31st March, 2008 (in HK Dollars)

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

Financial instruments (Cont'd)

Financial assets (Cont'd)

Available-for-sale financial assets

Available-for-sale financial assets are non-derivatives that are either designated or not classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, loans and receivables or held-to-maturity investments.

At each balance sheet date subsequent to initial recognition, available-for-sale financial assets are measured at fair value. Changes in fair value are recognised in equity, until the financial asset is disposed of or is determined to be impaired, at which time, the cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in equity is removed from equity and recognised in profit or loss (see accounting policy in respect of impairment loss on financial assets below).

For available-for-sale equity investments that do not have a quoted market price in an active market and whose fair value cannot be reliably measured are measured at cost less any identified impairment losses at each balance sheet date subsequent to initial recognition (see accounting policy in respect of impairment loss on financial assets below).

Impairment of financial assets

Financial assets, other than those at financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, are assessed for indicators of impairment at each balance sheet date. Financial assets are impaired where there is objective evidence that, as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the financial asset, the estimated future cash flows of the financial assets have been impacted.

For an available-for sale equity investment, a significant or prolonged decline in the fair value of that investment below its cost is considered to be objective evidence of impairment.

For all other financial assets, objective evidence of impairment could include:

- (a) significant financial difficulty of the issuer or counterparty; or
- (b) default or delinquency in interest or principal payments; or
- (c) it becoming probable that the borrower will enter bankruptcy or financial re-organisation.

For certain categories of financial asset, such as trade receivables, assets that are assessed not to be impaired individually are subsequently assessed for impairment on a collective basis. Objective evidence of impairment for a portfolio of receivables could include the Group's past experience of collecting payments, an increase in the number of delayed payments in the portfolio past the average credit period of 30 - 60 days, observable changes in national or local economic conditions that correlate with default on receivables.

For financial assets carried at amortised cost, an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss when there is objective evidence that the asset is impaired, and is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of the estimated future cash flows discounted at the original effective interest rate.

For financial assets carried at cost, the amount of the impairment loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of the estimated future cash flows discounted at the current market rate of return for a similar financial asset. Such impairment loss will not be reversed in subsequent periods.

For the year ended 31st March, 2008 (in HK Dollars)

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

Financial instruments (Cont'd)

Financial assets (Cont'd)

Impairment of financial assets (Cont'd)

The carrying amount of the financial asset is reduced by the impairment loss directly for all financial assets with the exception of trade receivables, where the carrying amount is reduced through the use of an allowance account. Changes in the carrying amount of the allowance account are recognised in profit or loss. When a trade receivable is considered uncollectible, it is written off against the allowance account. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off are credited to profit or loss.

For financial assets measured at amortised cost, if, in a subsequent period, the amount of impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment losses was recognised, the previously recognised impairment loss is reversed through profit or loss to the extent that the carrying amount of the asset at the date the impairment is reversed does not exceed what the amortised cost would have been had the impairment not been recognised.

Impairment losses on available-for-sale equity investments will not be reversed in profit or loss in subsequent periods. Any increase in fair value subsequent to impairment loss is recognised directly in equity. For available-for-sale debt investments, impairment losses are subsequently reversed if an increase in the fair value of the investment can be objectively related to an event occurring after the recognition of the impairment loss.

Financial liabilities and equity

Financial liabilities and equity instruments issued by a group entity are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the group after deducting all of its liabilities. The accounting policies adopted in respect of financial liabilities and equity instruments are set out below.

Effective interest method

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial liability and of allocating interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments through the expected life of the financial liability, or, where appropriate, a shorter period.

Interest expense is recognised on an effective interest basis other than those financial liabilities designated as at fair value through profit or loss, of which the interest expense is included in net gains or losses.

Financial liabilities

The Group's financial liabilities mainly include trade payables, bills payables, bank loans and amount due to a related party. These financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest method.

Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the Company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

Repurchase of the Company's own equity instruments is recognised and deducted directly in equity. No gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss on the purchase, sale, issue or cancellation of the Company's own equity instruments.

For the year ended 31st March, 2008 (in HK Dollars)

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

Financial instruments (Cont'd)

Derivative financial instruments

The Group's derivative financial instrument does not qualify for hedge accounting. Derivatives that do not qualify for hedge accounting are deemed as financial assets held for trading or financial liabilities held for trading. Changes in fair value of such derivatives are recognised directly in profit or loss.

Derecognition

Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the assets expire or, the financial assets are transferred and the Group has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial assets. On derecognition of a financial asset, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable and the cumulative gain or loss that had been recognised directly in equity is recognised in profit or loss.

If the Group retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of a transferred financial asset, the Group continues to recognise the financial asset and also recognises a collateralised borrowing for the proceeds received.

Financial liabilities are derecognised when the obligation specified in the relevant contract is discharged, cancelled or expires. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognised and the consideration paid and payable is recognised in profit or loss.

Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is calculated using the first-in, first-out method.

Unsold completed properties are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

Impairment of assets

At each balance sheet date, the Group reviews the carrying amounts of its assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If the recoverable amount of an asset is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset is reduced to its recoverable amount. Impairment loss is recognised in the profit or loss immediately.

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised in the profit or loss immediately.

For the year ended 31st March, 2008 (in HK Dollars)

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

Foreign currencies

In preparing the financial statements of each individual group entity, transactions in currencies other than the functional currency of that entity (foreign currencies) are recorded in the respective functional currency (i.e. the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates) at the rates of exchanges prevailing on the dates of the transactions. At each balance sheet date, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing on the balance sheet date. Non-monetary items carried at fair value that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing on the date when the fair value was determined. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated.

Exchange differences arising on the settlement of monetary items, and on the translation of monetary items, are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise. Exchange differences arising on the retranslation of non-monetary items carried at fair value are included in profit or loss for the period except for differences arising on the retranslation of non-monetary items in respect of which gains and losses are recognised directly in equity, in which cases, the exchange differences are also recognised directly in equity.

For the purposes of presenting the financial statements, the assets and liabilities of the Group's foreign operations are translated into the presentation currency of the Company (i.e. Hong Kong dollars) at the rate of exchange prevailing at the balance sheet date, and their income and expenses are translated at the average exchange rates for the year, unless exchange rates fluctuate significantly during the period, in which case, the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of transactions are used. Exchange differences arising, if any, are recognised as a separate component of equity (the exchange reserve). Such exchange differences are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which the foreign operation is disposed of.

Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present obligation as a result of a past event, and it is probable that the Group will be required to settle that obligation. Provisions are measured at the directors' best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the obligation at the balance sheet date, and are discounted to present value where the effect is material.

For the year ended 31st March, 2008 (in HK Dollars)

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit as reported in the consolidated income statement because it excludes items that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes income statement items that are never taxable or deductible. The Group's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax is recognised on differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit, and is accounted for using the balance sheet liability method. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which deductible temporary differences can be utilised. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from the initial recognition (other than in a business combination) of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each balance sheet date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the liability is settled or the asset is realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date. Deferred tax is charged or credited to profit or loss, except when it relates to items charged or credited directly to equity, in which case the deferred tax is also dealt with in equity.

Retirement benefit costs

The contributions payable to the retirement benefits schemes are charged as an expense when employees have rendered service entitling them to the contributions.

For provision for long service payments, the cost of providing benefits is determined using the projected unit credit method, with actuarial valuations carried out at each balance sheet date. Actuarial gains and losses are recognised by amortising the amount by which cumulative unrecognised gains and losses exceed 10% of the defined benefit obligation over the average future working life of the participating employees. The amount recognised in the consolidated balance sheet represents the present value of the defined benefit obligation as adjusted for unrecognised actuarial gains and losses and unrecognised past service cost.

For the year ended 31st March, 2008 (in HK Dollars)

4. KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

In the process of applying the entity's accounting policies, which are described in note 3, management has made the following estimations that have effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements.

The key assumption concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the balance sheet date, that have a significant risk of giving a rise to a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are discussed below:

Allowance of doubtful debts

In determining whether there is objective evidence of impairment loss, the Group takes into consideration the estimation of future cash flows. The amount of the impairment loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows (excluding future credit losses that have not been incurred) discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate (i.e. the effective interest rate computed at initial recognition). Where the actual future cash flows are less than expected, a material impairment loss may arise. At 31st March, 2008, the carrying amount of trade receivables is approximately HK\$53,692,000.

5. CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Group manages its capital to ensure that entities in the Group will be able to continue as a going concern while maximising the return to stakeholders through the optimisation of the debt and equity balance. The Group's overall strategy remains unchanged from prior year.

The capital structure of the Group consists of debt (which includes bank loans and obligations under finance leases), cash and cash equivalents and equity attributable to equity holders of the Company, comprising issued share capital, reserves and retained profits.

Debt to equity ratio

The Group's senior management reviews the capital structure on a semi-annual basis. As part of this review, the senior management considers the cost of capital and the risks associated with each class of capital.

The debt to equity ratio at the year end was as follows:

	2008	2007
Debt (i)	662,884,770	325,655,517
Equity (ii)	668,596,634	505,615,759
Debt to equity ratio	99%	64%

- (i) Debt comprises non-current bank loans as detailed in note 31.
- (ii) Equity includes all capital and reserves of the Group.

6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

a. Categories of financial instruments

2008

Financial assets

	Held for trading	Loans and receivables	Available for sale financial assets	Total
Available-for-sale investments	_	_	23,180,000	23,180,000
Investment held for trading	4,099,115	_	_	4,099,115
Deposits held in trust for property				
under development for sale	_	43,435,147	_	43,435,147
Bills receivables	_	12,000,000	_	12,000,000
Trade receivables, deposits and prepayments	_	113,040,917	_	113,040,917
Amounts due from associates	_	140,079,370	_	140,079,370
Bank balances and cash	_	91,950,237	_	91,950,237
	4,099,115	400,505,671	23,180,000	427,784,786

Financial liabilities

		Financial	
	Held for	liabilities at amortised	TD 4.1
	trading	cost	Total
Trade payables and accrued expenses	_	189,770,481	189,770,481
Bills payables	_	79,575,635	79,575,635
Derivative financial instruments	457,012	_	457,012
Obligations under finance leases	_	8,057,382	8,057,382
Deposits received from sale of properties			
under development	_	448,301,219	448,301,219
Bank loans		1,696,989,760	1,696,989,760
	457,012	2,422,694,477	2,423,151,489

6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Cont'd)

a. Categories of financial instruments (Cont'd)

2007

Financial assets

			Available	
			for sale	
	Held for	Loans and	financial	
	trading	receivables	assets	Total
Deposit paid for acquisition				
of a property	_	18,000,000	_	18,000,000
Available-for-sale investments	_	_	17,820,000	17,820,000
Investment held for trading	3,936,786	_	_	3,936,786
Deposits held in trust for property				
under development for sale	_	5,703,533	_	5,703,533
Bills receivables	_	11,000,000	_	11,000,000
Trade receivables, deposits and prepayments	_	100,816,895	_	100,816,895
Amounts due from associates	_	17,464,354	_	17,464,354
Bank balances and cash	_	188,641,735	_	188,641,735
	3,936,786	341,626,517	17,820,000	363,383,303

Financial liabilities

	Held for trading	Financial liabilities at amortised cost	Total
Trade payables and accrued expenses	_	164,309,200	164,309,200
Bills payables	_	88,401,894	88,401,894
Amount due to a related party	_	2,216,099	2,216,099
Derivative financial instruments	840,864	_	840,864
Obligations under finance leases	_	5,588,890	5,588,890
Deposits received from sale of properties			
under development	_	162,636,657	162,636,657
Bank loans		985,959,358	985,959,358
	840,864	1,409,112,098	1,409,952,962

For the year ended 31st March, 2008 (in HK Dollars)

6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Cont'd)

b. Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Group's senior management monitors and manages the financial risks relating to the operations of the Group through internal analyses which analyse exposures by degree and magnitude of risks. These risks include market risk (including currency risk, interest rate risk and other price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The Group does not enter into or trade derivative financial instruments for speculative purposes.

Market risk

(i) Foreign currency risk management

Several subsidiaries of the Group have foreign currency sales and purchases, which expose the Group to foreign currency risk. Approximately 25% of the Group's sales are denominated in currencies other than the functional currency of the group entity making the sale, whilst almost 31% of costs are denominated in the group entity's respective functional currencies.

The carrying amounts of the Group's foreign denominated monetary assets and monetary liabilities at the reporting date are as follows:

	L		Assets	
	2008	2007	2008	2007
CAD	1,135,662,000	681,256,000	1,381,114,000	896,945,000
JPY	287,387,000	236,142,000	42,000	22,000
USD	6,711,000	1,344,000	63,268,000	81,723,000
RMB	5,395,000	11,005,000	51,537,000	21,658,000

The Group uses currency derivatives to hedge significant future foreign currency transactions. The Group has entered into a variety of foreign currency forward contracts in the management of its exchange rate exposures.

For the year ended 31st March, 2008 (in HK Dollars)

6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Cont'd)

b. Financial risk management objectives and policies (Cont'd)

Market risk (Cont'd)

(i) Foreign currency risk management (Cont'd)

Sensitivity analysis

The Group is mainly exposed to the effects of fluctuation in JPY and CAD.

The following table details the Group's sensitivity to a 5% increase and decrease in the Hong Kong dollars against the relevant foreign currencies. 5% is the sensitivity rate used when reporting foreign currency risk internally to key management personnel and represents management's assessment of the reasonably possible change in foreign exchange rates. The sensitivity analysis includes outstanding foreign currency denominated monetary items and adjusts their translation at the period end for a 5% change in foreign currency rates. The sensitivity analysis includes external loans as well as loans to foreign operations within the Group where the denomination of the loan is in a currency other than the currency of the lender or the borrower. A positive number below indicates an increase in profit and other equity where the Hong Kong dollars strengthen 5% against the relevant currency. For a 5% weakening of the Hong Kong dollars against the relevant currency, there would be an equal and opposite impact on the profit and other equity, and the balances below would be negative.

	Impact of	JPY (i)	Impact of CAD (ii)		
	2008	2007	2008	2007	
Profit or loss	37,441,000	30,732,000	_	_	
Other equity	14,302,000	11,754,000	14,935,000	12,215,000	

⁽i) This is as a result of the increase of purchase of inventories in JPY.

⁽ii) This is mainly attributable to the exposure outstanding on loans to foreign operations within the Group denominated in CAD.

For the year ended 31st March, 2008 (in HK Dollars)

6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Cont'd)

b. Financial risk management objectives and policies (Cont'd)

Market risk (Cont'd)

(ii) Interest rate risk management

The Group's fair value interest rate risk relates primarily to fixed-rate short term bank deposits and fixed-rate debt securities, while the Group's cash flow interest rate risk relates primarily to variable-rate bank loans (see note 31 for details of these bank loans). It is the Group's policy to keep its bank loans primarily at floating rate of interests so as to minimise the fair value interest rate risk.

The Group's exposures to interest rates on financial assets and financial liabilities are detailed in the liquidity risk management section of this note. The Group's cash flow interest rate risk is mainly concentrated on the fluctuation of HIBOR or LIBOR arising from the Group's Hong Kong dollar denominated bank loans.

Sensitivity analysis

The sensitivity analyses below have been determined based on the exposure to interest rates for variable-rate bank loans at the balance sheet date. For variable-rate bank loans, the analysis is prepared assuming the amount of liability outstanding at the balance sheet date was outstanding for the whole year. A 50 basis point increase or decrease in HIBOR or LIBOR is used when reporting interest rate risk internally to key management personnel and represents management's assessment of the reasonably possible change in interest rates.

If interest rates had been 50 basis points higher/lower and all other variables were held constant, the Group's profit for the year ended 31st March, 2008 would decrease/increase by approximately HK\$2,400,000 (2007: decrease/increase by HK\$2,100,000).

(iii) Other price risks

The Group is exposed to price risk through its available-for-sale investments and investment held for trading. The management monitor the price risk and take appropriate actions should the need arise.

Sensitivity analysis

The sensitivity analyses below have been determined based on the exposure to price risk at the reporting date.

If prices had been 5% higher/lower, net profit for the year ended 31st March, 2008 would increase/decrease by HK\$204,956 (2007: increase/decrease by HK\$196,839). This is mainly due to the changes in fair value of investment held for trading.

If prices had been 5% higher/lower, other equity reserves would increase/decrease by HK\$1,159,000 (2007: increase/decrease by HK\$891,000) as a result of the changes in fair value of available-for-sale investments.

The Group's sensitivity to prices has not changed significantly from prior year.

6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Cont'd)

b. Financial risk management objectives and policies (Cont'd)

Credit risk

At 31st March, 2008, the Group's maximum exposure to credit risk which will cause a financial loss to the Group due to failure to discharge an obligation by the counterparties is arising from the carrying amount of the respective recognised financial assets as stated in the consolidated balance sheet.

In order to minimise the credit risk, the management of the Group has delegated a team responsible for determination of credit limits, credit approvals and other monitoring procedures to ensure that follow-up action is taken to recover overdue debts. In addition, the Group reviews the recoverable amount of each individual trade debt and debt investments at each balance sheet date to ensure that adequate impairment losses are made for irrecoverable amounts. In this regard, the directors of the Company consider that the Group's credit risk is significantly reduced.

The credit risk on liquid funds is limited because the counterparties are banks or corporations with high credit ratings assigned by international credit-rating agencies.

Other than concentration of credit risk on liquid funds which are deposited with several banks with high credit ratings, the Group does not have any other significant concentration of credit risk. Trade receivables consist of a large number of customers, spread across diverse industries and geographical areas.

The table below shows the credit limit and balance of 2 major counterparties (including liquid funds) at the balance sheet date using the Moody's credit rating symbols.

			2008	2007
			Carrying	Carrying
Counterparty	Location	Rating	amount	amount
The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited	Hong Kong	Aa2	28,617,000	41,556,000
Industrial and Commercial Bank of China (Asia) Limited	Hong Kong	A2	39,753,000	116,129,000

Liquidity risk management

The Group manages liquidity risk by maintaining adequate reserves, banking facilities and reserve borrowing facilities, by continuously monitoring cash flows and matching the maturity profiles of financial assets and liabilities.

At 31st March, 2008, the Group has available unutilised overdrafts and short, medium and long term bank loan facilities of approximately HK\$19 million (2007: HK\$19 million) and HK\$600 million (2007: HK\$436 million) respectively.

Liquidity tables

The following tables detail the Group's remaining contractual maturity for its financial liabilities as well as derivative which are included in the maturity analysis provided internally to the key management personnel for the purpose of managing liquidity risk. For non-derivative financial liabilities, the tables reflect the undiscounted cash flows of financial liabilities based on the earliest date on which the Group can be required to pay. The tables include both interest and principal cash flows.

For derivative instruments settle on a net basis, undiscounted net cash outflows are presented. Whereas they require gross settlement, the undiscounted gross outflows on these derivatives are shown in the table.

6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Cont'd)

b. Financial risk management objectives and policies (Cont'd)

Liquidity risk management (Cont'd)

Liquidity tables (Cont'd)

	Over 1 year		Over 2 years		Total	Total carrying amount
	Less than	to	to	Over	undiscounted	as at
2008	1 year	2 years	5 years	5 years	cash flows	31/03/2008
Non-derivative financial liabilities						
Trade payables and accrued expenses	159,345,401	4,314,261	_	_	163,659,662	163,659,662
Bills payables	79,575,635	_	_	_	79,575,635	79,575,635
Bank loans	1,080,876,070 *	39,724,414	391,388,776	383,906,825	1,895,896,085*	1,696,989,760*
Obligations under finance leases	4,013,863	3,105,940	1,637,451	_	8,757,254	8,057,382
Derivative financial liabilities						
Foreign exchange forward contracts	457,012	_	_	_	457,012	457,012

^{*} Including the construction loan for the Group's St. Thomas residential development project in Toronto, Canada.

2007	Less than 1 year	Over 1 year to 2 years	Over 2 years to 5 years	Over 5 years	Total undiscounted cash flows	Total carrying amount as at 31/03/2007
Non-derivative financial liabilities						
Trade payables and accrued expenses	156,435,431	5,310,721	631,921	_	162,378,073	162,378,073
Bills payables	88,401,894	_	_	_	88,401,894	88,401,894
Bank loans	715,840,771	39,978,602	189,408,927	202,106,692	1,147,334,992	985,959,358
Obligations under finance leases	3,067,396	2,246,018	1,032,408	· · · –	6,345,822	5,588,890
Derivative financial liabilities Foreign exchange forward contracts	840,864	_	_	_	840.864	840.864

For the year ended 31st March, 2008 (in HK Dollars)

6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Cont'd)

c. Fair value of financial instruments

The fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities are determined as follows:

- the fair values of financial assets with standard terms and conditions and traded on active liquid markets are determined with reference to quoted market bid prices; and
- the fair values of other financial assets and financial liabilities are determined in accordance with generally accepted pricing models based on discounted cash flow analysis using prices from observable current market transactions.

The directors consider that the carrying amounts of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded at amortised cost in the financial statements approximate their corresponding fair values.

7. SEGMENT INFORMATION

Business segments

For management purposes, the Group is currently organised into four operating divisions - manufacture of watches, trading of watch movements, property development and property investment. These divisions are the basis on which the Group reports its primary segment information.

Principal activities are as follows:

Manufacture of watches — manufacture, assembly and sale of electronic watches and watch parts.

Trading of watch movements — trading of watch movements and watch parts.

Property development — development and sale of properties.

Property investment — holding of properties for investment and leasing purposes.

7. SEGMENT INFORMATION (Cont'd)

Segment information about these businesses is presented below.

2008

	Manufacture of watches	Trading of watch movements	Property development	Property investment	Eliminations	Consolidated
REVENUE External sales Inter-segment sales	314,463,990	793,320,379 1,795,605	484,060 —	148,434,565	— (1,795,605)	1,256,702,994
Total revenue	314,463,990	795,115,984	484,060	148,434,565	(1,795,605)	1,256,702,994
Inter-segment sales are charged at cost						
RESULT Segment result	14,017,070	43,397,781	(5,020,187)	168,823,992		221,218,656
Interest income Unallocated net other income Unallocated other expenses Finance costs Gain on disposal of investment properties Share of results of associates				55,102,767 1,609,582		3,535,747 26,181,855 (49,275,185) (31,768,680) 55,102,767 1,609,582
Profit before taxation Income tax expenses						226,604,742 (14,955,963)
Profit for the year						211,648,779
BALANCE SHEET						
	Manufacture of watches	Trading of watch movements	Property development	Property investment	Eliminations	Consolidated
ASSETS Segment assets Interests in associates Amounts due from associates Unallocated corporate assets	130,292,764	154,340,628	1,311,002,538	893,392,753	_	2,489,028,683 18,050,773 140,079,370 470,452,954
Consolidated total assets						3,117,611,780
LIABILITIES Segment liabilities Unallocated corporate liabilities Consolidated total liabilities	68,097,627	84,386,016	528,572,540	20,020,137	-	701,076,320 1,747,938,826 2,449,015,146

7. SEGMENT INFORMATION (Cont'd)

OTHER INFORMATION

	Manufacture of watches	Trading of watch movements	Property development	Property investment	Unallocated	Consolidated
Capital additions	8,826,732	7,957,180	450,388	31,433,789	_	48,668,089
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	4,273,520	12,458,737	419,989	2,395,772	16,027	19,564,045
Amortisation of prepaid lease payments	629,118	_	_	1,248,012	_	1,877,130
Allowance for doubtful debts	273,943	_	_	_	_	273,943
Write-down of inventories	3,965,523	_	_	_	_	3,965,523
Increase in fair value of investment properties	_	_	_	111,796,048	_	111,796,048
Gain on disposal of investment properties	_	_	_	55,102,767	_	55,102,767
Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment	_	1,048,553	_	_	_	1,048,553

7. SEGMENT INFORMATION (Cont'd)

2007

	Manufacture of watches	Trading of watch movements	Property development	Property investment	Eliminations	Consolidated
REVENUE External sales Inter-segment sales	365,665,479	653,115,394 4,386,619	430,438	47,013,012 —	(4,386,619)	1,066,224,323
Total revenue	365,665,479	657,502,013	430,438	47,013,012	(4,386,619)	1,066,224,323
Inter-segment sales are charged at cost. RESULT						
Segment result	(8,378,871)	14,342,749	(2,565,102)	51,778,974		55,177,750
Interest income Unallocated net other income Unallocated other expenses Other expenses Finance costs Gain on disposal of subsidiaries Share of results of associates	_ _		89,298,098	13,427,803		5,408,453 4,872,405 (4,166,197) (20,583,279) (22,879,746) 89,298,098 13,427,803
Profit before taxation Income tax expenses						120,555,287 (7,288,817)
Profit for the year						113,266,470
BALANCE SHEET						
	Manufacture of watches	Trading of watch movements	Property development	Property investment	Eliminations	Consolidated
ASSETS Segment assets Interests in associates Amounts due from associates Unallocated corporate assets	171,199,739	126,119,023	863,374,120	450,668,471	_	1,611,361,353 13,427,803 17,464,354 283,572,496
Consolidated total assets						1,925,826,006
LIABILITIES Segment liabilities Amount due to a related party Unallocated corporate liabilities	61,622,017	90,428,197	252,004,290	6,330,853	_	410,385,357 2,216,099 1,007,608,791
Consolidated total liabilities						1,420,210,247

7. SEGMENT INFORMATION (Cont'd)

OTHER INFORMATION

	Manufacture of watches	Trading of watch movements	Property development	Property investment	Unallocated	Consolidated
Capital additions	13,418,036	4,986,700	634,472	699,939	_	19,739,147
Depreciation of property, plant						
and equipment	10,427,149	4,166,117	476,090	1,650,292	21,027	16,740,675
Amortisation of prepaid lease						
payments	323,638	_	_	311,401	_	635,039
Write-down of inventories	16,620,837	_	_	_	_	16,620,837
Increase in fair value of						
investment properties	_	_	_	35,508,189	_	35,508,189
Gain on disposal of property,						
plant and equipment		137,372	130,000	_	_	267,372

Geographical segments

The Group's operations are mainly located in Hong Kong and other regions in the People's Republic of China (the "PRC"), North America and Europe.

The following table provides an analysis of the Group's sales by geographical markets, irrespective of the origin of the goods/ services:

	2008	2007
Hong Kong and the PRC	953,627,883	712,362,173
North America	141,378,858	218,444,471
Europe	154,291,017	131,245,326
Others	7,405,236	4,172,353
	1,256,702,994	1,066,224,323

For the year ended 31st March, 2008 (in HK Dollars)

7. SEGMENT INFORMATION (Cont'd)

The following is an analysis of the carrying amount of segment assets, additions to investment properties and additions to property, plant and equipment, analysed by the geographical area in which the assets are located:

2008

	Carrying amount of segment assets	Additions to investment properties	Additions to property, plant and equipment
Hong Kong and the PRC North America	1,137,120,616 1,351,908,067	675,419,761 40,020,039	48,141,591 526,498
Total segment assets	2,489,028,683	715,439,800	48,668,089
2007			
	Carrying amount of segment assets	Additions to investment properties	Additions to property, plant and equipment
Hong Kong and the PRC North America	730,880,143 880,481,210	143,491,811	19,722,525 16,622
Total segment assets	1,611,361,353	143,491,811	19,739,147

For the year ended 31st March, 2008 (in HK Dollars)

2008

31,768,680

2007

22,879,746

8. OTHER INCOME

9.

Bank interest income	3,535,747	5,408,453
Dividend income from unlisted investments	591,388	271,544
Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment	1,048,553	267,372
Management fee income received from associates	2,177,909	1,272,960
Sundry income	3,975,140	2,944,783
	11,328,737	10,165,112
FINANCE COSTS		
	2008	2007
Interest on:		
Amount due to a related party	24,841	266,331
Bank loans and overdrafts		
- wholly repayable within five years	71,989,193	39,928,293
- not wholly repayable within five years	3,329,214	9,357,166
Obligations under finance leases	451,048	377,730
Total borrowing costs	75,794,296	49,929,520
Less: Amount capitalised to properties under		

Borrowing costs capitalised during the year are calculated by applying a capitalisation rate of 8% (2007: 6%) to expenditure on properties under development for sale.

For the year ended 31st March, 2008 (in HK Dollars)

10. PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION

	2008	2007
Profit before taxation has been arrived at after charging:		
Allowance for doubtful debts	273,943	_
Write-down of inventories	3,965,523	16,620,837
Auditors' remuneration	1,429,861	1,649,614
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	19,564,045	16,740,675
Less: Amount capitalised to properties under		
development for sale	(163,266)	(132,638)
	19,400,779	16,608,037
Amortisation of prepaid lease payments	1,877,130	635,039
Loss on fair value changes of investment held for trading	376,462	288,987
Loss on fair value changes of derivative financial instruments	457,012	840,864
Minimum lease payments for operating leases in		
respect of land and buildings	1,047,939	2,731,575
Share of taxation of an associate	_	3,828,263
Staff costs including directors' emoluments	110,166,238	114,786,782
Less: Amount capitalised to properties under development for sale	(216,914)	(578,655)
Less: Amount capitalised to investment properties	(15,804,500)	_
	94,144,824	114,208,127
Exchange loss, net	6,704,235	2,372,467
Cost of inventories recognised as an expense	1,058,142,372	933,109,696
and after crediting:		
Reversal of allowance for amounts due from associates	_	7,529,220
Gross rental income from properties	5,633,725	7,483,452
Less: Outgoings	(1,135,187)	(1,742,950)
Net rental income from properties	4,498,538	5,740,502

Minimum lease payments for operating leases in respect of staff quarters amounting to HK\$3,779,495 (2007: HK\$5,216,833) are included in staff costs.

11. DIRECTORS' AND EMPLOYEES' REMUNERATION

(a) Directors' remuneration

	Mr.	Mr.	Mr.	Mr.	Dr. Samson	Mr.	Ms.	Mr.	Mr.	Mr.	
	Jimmy Lee	James Lee	Peter Lee	Edward Lee		William Chan	Dorathy Lee	Chan	Ricky Wai	Loewe Lee	-
	Yuen Ching	Yuen Kui	Yuen Wong	Yuen Cheor	J.P.	Chak Cheung	Yuen Yu	Kwok Wai	Kwong Yuen	Bon Chi	Total
2008											
Fees	50,000	50,000	13,699	50,000	300,000	225,000	50,000	225,000	50,000	43,014	1,056,713
Other emoluments Salaries and other benefits Retirement benefit scheme	/ /	4,843,800	1,716,914	2,140,793	_	_	_	_	3,084,000	4,921,000	24,027,507
contributions	12,000	12,000	_	12,000	_	_	_	-	12,000	12,000	60,000
	7,383,000	4,905,800	1,730,613	2,202,793	300,000	225,000	50,000	225,000	3,146,000	4,976,014	25,144,220
2007											
Fees	50,000	50,000	50,000	50,000	200,000	150,000	50,000	150,000	50,000	_	800,000
Other emoluments											
Salaries and other benefits	- , - , - , - , - , - , - , - , - , - ,	2,700,000	578,655	1,097,486	_	_	_	_	3,060,000	_	13,056,141
Retirement benefit scheme contributions	12,000	12,000		12,000		_	_		12,000		48,000
	5,682,000	2,762,000	628,655	1,159,486	200,000	150,000	50,000	150,000	3,122,000	_	13,904,141

Note:

- Mr. Peter Lee Yuen Wong resigned as an executive director on 10th July, 2007 and Mr. Loewe Lee Bon Chi was appointed as an executive director on 22nd May, 2007.
- 2. The performance related incentive payment is determined as a percentage of the revenue of the Group for the two years ended 31st March, 2008.

Included in salaries and other benefits is an amount of HK\$2,923,853 (2007: HK\$2,937,486) in respect of accommodation provided to the directors of the Company.

Besides above remuneration, two of the Group's properties are provided to the directors as an accommodation. The rateable value of the property is amounting to HK\$598,740 (2007: HK\$583,740).

(b) Employees' emoluments

Of the five individuals with the highest emoluments in the Group, all (2007: three) are directors of the Company whose emoluments are included in the disclosures in note (a) above. The emoluments of the remaining two individuals for the year ended 31st March, 2007 are as follows:

	2008	2007
Salaries and other benefits		6,763,613
The emoluments were within the following band:		
	Number	of employees
	2008	2007
HK\$3,000,001 to HK\$3,500,000	_	2

For the year ended 31st March, 2008 (in HK Dollars)

12. INCOME TAX EXPENSES

	2008	2007
The charge comprises:		
Hong Kong Profits Tax		
Current year	903,607	2,347,643
Overprovision in prior years	(328,853)	(146,394)
	574,754	2,201,249
Other jurisdictions – current year		3,450
	574,754	2,204,699
Deferred tax liabilities (note 35)	14,381,209	5,084,118
Taxation attributable to the Company and its subsidiaries	14,955,963	7,288,817

Hong Kong Profits Tax is calculated at 17.5% (2007: 17.5%) on the estimated assessable profit for the year.

Taxation arising in other jurisdictions is calculated at the rates prevailing in the relevant jurisdictions.

The taxation charge for the year can be reconciled to profit before taxation per the consolidated income statement as follows:

	2008	2007
Profit before taxation	226,604,742	120,555,287
Tax at Hong Kong Profits Tax rate of 17.5%	39,655,830	21,097,175
Tax effect of share of results of associates	(281,650)	(2,349,866)
Tax effect of expenses not deductible for tax purpose	7,439,602	6,162,360
Tax effect of income not taxable for tax purpose	(12,900,825)	(19,146,046)
Tax effect of deductible temporary differences not		
recognised	(10,954,114)	(113,795)
Tax effect of tax losses not recognised	2,212,796	4,476,256
Tax effect on different tax rate of operations in other		
jurisdictions	(105,088)	(204,769)
Utilisation of tax losses previously not recognised	(11,238,231)	(2,675,649)
Overprovision in prior years	(328,853)	(146,394)
Effect of tax exemption (note)	(1,398,560)	(667,873)
Others	2,855,056	857,418
Taxation charge for the year	14,955,963	7,288,817

Note: The assessable profits of certain subsidiaries are subject to Hong Kong Profits Tax on a 50: 50 apportionment basis.

For the year ended 31st March, 2008 (in HK Dollars)

13. DIVIDEND

The final dividend of 2.0 HK cents for the year ended 31st March, 2008 (2007: 2.0 HK cents) per share has been proposed by the directors and is subject to approval by the shareholders in the forthcoming annual general meeting.

14. EARNINGS PER SHARE

The calculation of basic earnings per share is based on the following data:

	2008	2007
Earnings for the purpose of basic earnings per share	211,648,779	113,266,470
	Num 2008	aber of shares
Weighted average number of ordinary shares for the purpose of basic earnings per share	1,013,412,382	1,053,941,605

No diluted earnings per share has been presented as there were no potential ordinary shares in both years.

For the year ended 31st March, 2008 (in HK Dollars)

15. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

The Group

FAIR VALUE	
At 1st April, 2006	166,000,000
Additions	143,491,811
Increase in fair value recognised in the consolidated income statement	35,508,189
At 31st March, 2007 and 1st April, 2007	345,000,000
Additions	715,439,800
Increase in fair value recognised in the consolidated income statement	111,796,048
Gain on disposal of investment properties	55,102,767
Disposals	(347,318,576)
At 31st March, 2008	880,020,039

All of the Group's leasehold interests in land held under operating leases to earn rentals or for capital appreciation purposes are measured using the fair value model and are classified and accounted for as investment properties.

The fair value of the Group's investment properties at 31st March, 2008 and 2007 have been arrived at on the basis of a valuation carried out on that date by DTZ Debenham Tie Leung Limited, independent qualified professional valuers not connected with the Group. DTZ Debenham Tie Leung Limited is a member of the Hong Kong Institute of Surveyors, and has appropriate qualifications and recent experiences in the valuation of similar properties in the relevant locations. The valuation, which conforms to Valuation Standards on Properties of the Hong Kong Institute of Surveyors, was arrived at by reference to market evidence of transaction prices for similar properties.

The carrying amount of investment properties shown above comprises:

	2008	2007
Land in Hong Kong:		
Long-term lease	410,000,000	70,000,000
Medium-term lease	430,000,000	275,000,000
Land outside Hong Kong:		
Freehold	40,020,039	_
	880,020,039	345,000,000

16. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

The Group

	Buildings in Hong Kong	Freehold land and buildings outside Hong Kong	Buildings outside Hong Kong	Construction in progress in	Leasehold mprovements	Plant and machinery	Motor vehicles	Furniture, fixtures and office equipment	Antiques and pictures	Tools and moulds	Total
COST											
At 1st April, 2006	19,206,209	5,137,419	6,367,821	854,422	28,275,430	78,433,443	24,099,283	62,649,958	10,389,126	45,153,019	280,566,130
Exchange realignment	_	36,083	_	52,549	77,189	30,127	32,919	74,168	_	_	303,035
Additions	_	_	1,200,000	2,038	854,218	2,661,637	4,715,505	2,033,478	344,600	7,927,671	19,739,147
Transfer from other											
non-current assets	_	_	_	_	_	110,864	_	(110,864)	_	_	_
Disposals		_	_	_	_	_	(778,120)	(77,718)	_	_	(855,838)
At 31st March, 2007	19,206,209	5,173,502	7,567,821	909,009	29,206,837	81,236,071	28,069,587	64,569,022	10,733,726	53,080,690	299,752,474
Exchange realignment	_	(22,640)	_	100,900	236,424	100,410	71,873	525,561	_	_	1,012,528
Additions	23,538,916	_	31,968	_	820,999	851,572	6,033,247	9,305,095	1,351,540	6,734,752	48,668,089
Disposals	_	_	_	_	_	_	(8,745,557)	(6,356,696)	(120,000)	_	(15,222,253)
At 31st March, 2008	42,745,125	5,150,862	7,599,789	1,009,909	30,264,260	82,188,053	25,429,150	68,042,982	11,965,266	59,815,442	334,210,838
DEPRECIATION											
At 1st April, 2006	7,077,243	1,169,185	1,727,140	_	24,778,532	64,858,961	18,536,686	48,169,058	831,130	44,466,766	211,614,701
Exchange realignment	_	8,196	_	_	(1,813)	636	1,507	19,046	_	_	27,572
Provided for the year	458,807	132,654	186,746	_	2,057,389	4,870,943	1,937,681	4,073,090	836,866	2,186,499	16,740,675
Reclassification	_	_	_	_	_	20,137	_	(20,137)	_	_	_
Eliminated on disposals		_	_	_	_	_	(646,870)	(57,340)	_	_	(704,210)
At 31st March, 2007	7,536,050	1,310,035	1,913,886	_	26,834,108	69,750,677	19,829,004	52,183,717	1,667,996	46,653,265	227,678,738
Exchange realignment	_	(18,819)	_	_	121,141	55,753	48,898	686,573	_	_	893,546
Provided for the year	585,582	145,152	193,112	_	1,709,852	4,986,489	3,488,607	3,542,523	944,166	3,968,562	19,564,045
Eliminated on disposals		_	_	_	_	_	(8,745,557)	(5,702,834)	(26,421)	_	(14,474,812)
At 31st March, 2008	8,121,632	1,436,368	2,106,998	_	28,665,101	74,792,919	14,620,952	50,709,979	2,585,741	50,621,827	233,661,517
CARRYING VALUES At 31st March, 2008	34,623,493	3,714,494	5,492,791	1,009,909	1,599,159	7,395,134	10,808,198	17,333,003	9,379,525	9,193,615	100,549,321
At 31st March, 2007	11,670,159	3,863,467	5,653,935	909,009	2,372,729	11,485,394	8,240,583	12,385,305	9,065,730	6,427,425	72,073,736

16. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (Cont'd)

The above items of property, plant and equipment, other than construction in progress, are depreciated on a straight-line basis after taking into account of their estimated residual values at the following rates per annum:

Category of assets	Estimated useful lives
Freehold land	Nil
Buildings	Over the shorter of the terms of leases, or 50 years
Leasehold improvements	141/3% - 331/3%
Plant and machinery	25%
Motor vehicles	25%
Furniture, fixtures and office equipment	14 ¹ / ₃ % - 25%
Antiques and pictures	10%
Tools and moulds	15% - 331/3%

The carrying values of property, plant and equipment held under finance leases are as follows:

	2008	2007
Plant and machinery	1,997,876	2,543,709
Motor vehicles	6,678,994	1,974,089
	8,676,870	4,517,798

17. PREPAID LEASE PAYMENTS

The Group's prepaid lease payments comprise:

	2008	2007
Leasehold land in PRC held under:		
Medium-term lease	30,593,969	9,788,112
Leasehold land in Hong Kong held under:		
Long-term lease	227,174,435	24,082,770
Medium-term lease	8,996,935	9,226,156
	266,765,339	43,097,038
Analysed for reporting purposes as:		
Non-current assets	262,321,527	42,457,834
Current assets	4,443,812	639,204
	266,765,339	43,097,038

For the year ended 31st March, 2008 (in HK Dollars)

18. INTERESTS IN SUBSIDIARIES

The Company

	2008	2007
Unlisted, at cost	318,411,597	268,829,195

Particulars of the Company's principal subsidiaries at 31st March, 2008 are shown in note 43.

19. INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES

The Group

	2008	2007
Cost of investment in unlisted associates	3,013,700	312
Share of post-acquisition reserves	15,037,073	13,427,491
	18,050,773	13,427,803

The amounts due from associates are unsecured, interest-free and repayable on demand.

Particulars of the associates at 31st March, 2008 are as follows:

Name of associate	Form of business structure	Place of incorporation/operation	Proportion of nominal value of issued share capital held by the Group	Principal activity
Eden Bay Corporation	Incorporated	British Virgin Islands	20%	Investment holding
Roebuck Investments Limited	Incorporated	British Virgin Islands	20%	Investment holding
Roebuck II Investments Limited	Incorporated	British Virgin Islands	20%	Investment holding

19. INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES (Cont'd)

The summarised financial information in respect of the Group's associates is set out below:

	2008	2007
Total assets Total liabilities	2,048,528,062 (2,002,770,644)	335,510,199 (306,102,242)
Net assets	45,757,418	29,407,957
Group's share of net assets of associates	18,050,773	13,427,803
Revenue	26,346,623	_
Profit for the year	5,570,760	121,262,167
Group's share of results of associates for the year	1,609,582	13,427,803
AVAILABLE-FOR-SALE INVESTMENTS		
The Group		
	2008	2007
Club debentures, unlisted	23,180,000	17,820,000
Unlisted equity securities, at cost Less: impairment loss recognised	1,000,000 (1,000,000)	1,000,000 (1,000,000)
		_
Total	23,180,000	17,820,000
Analysed for reporting purposes as: Current assets	_	_
Non-current assets	23,180,000	17,820,000
	23,180,000	17,820,000
The Company		
	2008	2007

At the balance sheet date, all available-for-sale investments are stated at fair value, except for those unlisted equity investments of which their fair values cannot be measured reliably. Fair values of those investments have been determined by reference to market prices in secondary markets.

2,000,000

2,000,000

The unlisted equity securities issued by private entities are measured at cost less impairment at balance sheet date because the range of reasonable fair value estimates is so significant that the directors of the Company are of opinion that their fair values cannot be measured reliably.

Club debentures, unlisted

20.

For the year ended 31st March, 2008 (in HK Dollars)

21. INVENTORIES

The Group

	2008	2007
Raw materials and consumables	28,809,800	54,596,537
Work in progress	6,461,657	12,678,748
Finished goods	118,266,112	88,616,439
	153,537,569	155,891,724

22. INVESTMENT HELD FOR TRADING

The amount represents investment in the debt securities listed in Austria with fixed interest rate of 5% and maturity date on 19th May, 2014. The fair value of the held for trading investment is determined based on quoted market bid price available on the relevant stock exchange.

23. PROPERTIES UNDER DEVELOPMENT FOR SALE

Included in properties under development for sale an amount of HK\$120,253,800 (2007: HK\$106,932,820) will be realised after twelve months from the balance sheet date.

24. AMOUNT DUE FROM/TO A SUBSIDIARY

The amount due was unsecured, interest-free and have no fixed terms of repayment. In the opinion of the Directors of the Company, the carrying amount of the amount due from/to a subsidiary approximate to their fair value.

25. BILLS RECEIVABLES, TRADE RECEIVABLES, DEPOSITS AND PREPAYMENTS

Bills receivables with full recourse of HK\$12,000,000 (2007: HK\$11,000,000) are aged within 30 days.

The Group has a policy of allowing an average credit period of 30 - 60 days to its trade customers.

Included in trade receivables, deposits and prepayments are trade receivables net of allowance for doubtful debts of HK\$53,692,129 (2007: HK\$67,367,839) with an aged analysis as follows:

The Group

	2008	2007
Within 30 days	50,728,763	39,396,192
31 to 90 days	1,897,707	27,062,557
91 to 180 days	873,516	612,898
Over 180 days	192,143	296,192
	53,692,129	67,367,839

At 31st March, 2008, trade receivables included an amount of approximately HK\$16.8 million receivable from a major customer.

Included in the Group's trade receivable balance are debtors with a carrying amount of HK\$1,102,607 (2007: HK\$647,100) which are past due at the reporting date for which the Group has not provided for impairment loss. The Group does not hold any collateral over these balances. The average age of these receivables is 127 days (2007: 77 days).

Ageing of trade receivables which are past due but not impaired

The Group

	2008	2007
31 to 90 days	266,704	128,195
91 to 180 days	835,903	518,905
	1,102,607	647,100

Movement in the allowance for doubtful debts

The Group

	2008	2007
Balance at beginning of the year	2,226,113	2,226,113
Impairment losses recognised on receivables	273,943	_
Amounts written off as uncollectible	(305,105)	
Balance at end of the year	2,194,951	2,226,113

Included in the allowance for doubtful debts are individually impaired trade receivables with a balance of HK\$2,194,951 (2007: HK\$2,226,113) which were past due and not recoverable. The impairment recognised represents the carrying amount of these trade receivables. The Group does not hold any collateral over these balances.

25. BILLS RECEIVABLES, TRADE RECEIVABLES, DEPOSITS AND PREPAYMENTS (Cont'd)

Ageing of impaired trade receivables

The Group

	2008	2007
91 to 180 days Over 180 days	37,806 2,157,145	325,310 1,900,803
	2,194,951	2,226,113

26. BANK BALANCES AND CASH

Bank balances and cash comprise cash held by the Group and short-term bank deposits with an original maturity of three months or less. The bank balances carry interest rates ranging from 0.25% to 5.93% (2007: 2.75% to 4.99%).

27. BILLS PAYABLES, TRADE PAYABLES AND ACCRUED EXPENSES

Included in bills payables, trade payables and accrued expenses are trade payables of HK\$112,910,976 (2007: HK\$129,345,872) with an aged analysis as follows:

The Group

	2008	2007
Within 30 days	77,365,304	111,333,063
31 to 90 days	29,562,340	13,821,861
91 to 180 days	1,819,875	1,942,134
Over 180 days	4,163,457	2,248,814
	112,910,976	129,345,872

The average credit period on purchases is 3 months. The Group has financial risk management policies in place to ensure that all payables are paid within the credit timeframe.

28. AMOUNT DUE TO A RELATED PARTY

The Group

Name of Company	Term	2008	2007
CPI Asia National 2 Limited	Unsecured, interest bearing at HIBOR + 0.9% per annum and		
	repayable on demand	_	2,216,099

CPI Asia National 2 Limited is a major shareholder of the Group's associates including Roebuck II Investments Limited, Schofield Development Limited and Super Plus Limited.

29. DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

In the current year, the Group has used currency derivatives to hedge significant future foreign currency transactions. The Group has entered into a variety of foreign currency forward option contracts in the management of its exchange rate exposures. The instruments purchased are primarily purchasing Japanese Yen and selling United States dollar. The Group's derivative financial instrument does not quality for hedge accounting.

At 31st March, 2008, the fair value of the Group's foreign currency forward option contracts is estimated to be a financial liability of approximately HK\$457,000 (2007: HK\$841,000). These amounts are based on market prices quoted by banks at the balance sheet date.

30. OBLIGATIONS UNDER FINANCE LEASES

The Group

	Mi	nimum		ent value inimum
	lease	payments	lease	payments
	2008	2007	2008	2007
Amounts payable under finance leases:				
Within one year	4,013,348	2,874,391	3,705,623	2,548,094
In the second to fifth years inclusive	4,743,907	3,521,131	4,351,759	3,040,796
	8,757,255	6,395,522	8,057,382	5,588,890
Less: future finance charges	(699,873)	(806,632)	_	
Present value of lease obligations	8,057,382	5,588,890	8,057,382	5,588,890
Less: Amount due within one year				
shown under current liabilities		_	(3,705,623)	(2,548,094)
Amount due after one year			4,351,759	3,040,796

It is the Group's policy to lease certain of its plant and machinery, and motor vehicles under finance leases. The leases term are ranging from 3 to 4 years (2007: 3 to 4 years). Interest rates underlying all obligations under finance leases are fixed at respective contract dates ranging from 1.85% to 2.35% (2007: 2.25% to 2.35%) per annum. All leases were denominated in Hong Kong dollars. All leases are on a fixed repayment basis and no arrangements have been entered into for contingent rental payments.

The Group's obligations under finance leases are secured by the charge over the leased assets.

For the year ended 31st March, 2008 (in HK Dollars)

31. BANK LOANS

The Group

	2008	2007
Secured bank loans	1,374,682,740	837,045,699
Unsecured bank loans	322,307,020	148,913,659
	1,696,989,760	985,959,358

Bank loans denominated in currencies other than the functional currency of the relevant group companies analysed as:

	2008	2007
United States dollars		7,639,745
Japanese Yen	201,018,430	110,511,610
The maturity of the above bank loans is as follows:		
	2008	2007
On demand or within one year	1,034,104,990	660,303,841
More than one year, but not exceeding two years	21,080,259	23,599,327
More than two years, but not exceeding five years	344,111,795	153,898,459
More than five years	297,692,716	148,157,731
	1,696,989,760	985,959,358
Less: Amount due within one year shown		
under current liabilities	(1,034,104,990)	(660,303,841)
Amount due after one year	662,884,770	325,655,517

All the Group's borrowings are variable-rate borrowings which carry interest at HIBOR or LIBOR plus certain basis points and subject to cash flow interest rate risk. Interest is repricing every three months and the range of interest rates is at 1.53% to 9.25% (2007: 1.35% to 10.25%).

32. SHARE CAPITAL

	Number of ordinary shares		Nom	inal value
	2008	2007	2008	2007
Ordinary shares of				
HK\$0.1 each				
Authorised:				
At 1st April				
and 31st March	1,500,000,000	1,500,000,000	150,000,000	150,000,000
Issued and fully paid:				
At 1st April	1,033,513,928	1,075,903,928	103,351,393	107,590,393
Cancelled on repurchase of shares	(34,996,000)	(42,390,000)	(3,499,600)	(4,239,000)
At 31st March	998,517,928	1,033,513,928	99,851,793	103,351,393

32. SHARE CAPITAL (Cont'd)

During the year, the Company repurchased certain of its own shares through The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited.

These repurchased shares were cancelled upon repurchase and, accordingly, the issued share capital of the Company was reduced by the nominal value of these shares with a corresponding increase in the capital redemption reserve. The premium paid on repurchase was charged to retained profits.

Month of	Number of ordinary shares	Price pe	r share	Aggregate consideration
repurchase	of HK\$0.1 each	Highest	Lowest	paid
April 2007	400,000	0.405	0.390	160,495
May 2007	1,228,000	0.435	0.395	499,093
August 2007	5,466,000	0.485	0.455	2,572,852
October 2007	13,292,000	0.600	0.540	7,601,817
November 2007	1,140,000	0.640	0.620	721,487
December 2007	5,866,000	0.650	0.620	3,737,888
January 2008	4,602,000	0.630	0.490	2,737,159
February 2008	1,404,000	0.520	0.490	710,783
March 2008	1,598,000	0.510	0.460	785,435
	34,996,000			19,527,009

33. RESERVES

The Company

	Share premium	Contributed surplus	Capital redemption reserve	Retained profits	Total
At 1st April, 2006	22,785,730	90,854,039	21,730,440	21,946,589	157,316,798
Profit for the year	_	_	_	61,508,117	61,508,117
Dividend paid	_	_	_	(21,200,734)	(21,200,734)
Repurchase of own shares		_	4,239,000	(13,996,085)	(9,757,085)
At 31st March, 2007	22,785,730	90,854,039	25,969,440	48,257,887	187,867,096
Profit for the year	_		_	9,694,980	9,694,980
Dividend paid	_	_	_	(28,709,627)	(28,709,627)
Repurchase of own shares		_	3,499,600	(19,527,009)	(16,027,409)
At 31st March, 2008	22,785,730	90,854,039	29,469,040	9,716,231	152,825,040

Under the Companies Act 1981 of Bermuda (as amended), the contributed surplus account of a company is available for distribution. However, a company cannot declare or pay a dividend, or make a distribution out of contributed surplus if:

- (a) it is, or would after the payment be, unable to pay its liabilities as they become due; or
- (b) the realisable value of its assets would thereby be less than aggregate of its liabilities and its issued share capital and share premium accounts.

2000

34. PROVISION FOR LONG SERVICE PAYMENTS

Under the Hong Kong Employment Ordinance, the Group is obliged to make lump sum payments on cessation of employment in certain circumstances to certain employees who have completed at least five years of service with the Group. The amount payable is dependent on the employee's final salary and years of service, and is reduced by entitlements accrued under the Group's retirement plan that are attributable to contributions made by the Group. The Group does not set aside any assets to fund any remaining obligations.

The amount recognised in the consolidated balance sheet is as follows:

	2008	2007
At beginning of the year	3,779,297	4,361,984
Additional provision for the year	393,274	497,457
Utilisation of provision	(485,314)	(1,080,144)
At closing of the year	3,687,257	3,779,297

The most recent actuarial valuation of the present value of the obligations under long service payments was carried out at 31st March, 2008 by Mr. Aaron Wong of Watson Wyatt Hong Kong Limited, who is a Fellow of the Society of Actuaries. The present value of the obligations under long service payments and the related current service cost were measured using the projected unit credit method.

The principal actuarial assumptions as at the balance sheet date used are as follows:

	2008	2007
Discount rate	2.2%	4.25%
Expected rate of salary increase	3%	2.5%

Amounts recognised in the consolidated income statement for the year in respect of the obligations under long service payments are as follows:

	2008	2007
Current service cost	1,717	13,543
Interest cost	244,239	325,106
Net actuarial losses recognised in current year	147,318	158,808
Net amount charged to consolidated income statement as staff costs	393,274	497,457

The amounts included in the consolidated balance sheet arising from the Group's obligations under long service payments are as follows:

	2008	2007
Present value of the obligations under long service payments Unrecognised actuarial losses	7,703,307 (4,016,050)	6,490,833 (2,711,536)
Obligations under long service payments included in the consolidated balance sheet	3,687,257	3,779,297

34. PROVISION FOR LONG SERVICE PAYMENTS (Cont'd)

Movements in the present value of the defined benefit obligations in the current year were as follows:

	2008	2007
At 1st April	6,490,833	7,317,000
Current service cost	1,717	13,543
Interest cost	244,239	325,106
Actuarial losses (gains)	1,451,832	(84,672)
Benefits paid	(485,314)	(1,080,144)
At 31st March	7,703,307	6,490,833

The Group expects to make a contribution of HK\$1,031,787 (2007: HK\$1,488,073) to the defined benefit plans during the next financial year.

35. DEFERRED TAXATION

The Group

	Accelerated tax depreciation	Revaluation of investment properties	Tax losses	Total
At 1st April, 2006 Charge (credit) to consolidated	2,643,845	1,647,072	(2,897,827)	1,393,090
income statement for the year	1,607,088	4,988,933	(1,511,903)	5,084,118
At 1st April, 2007 Charge (credit) to consolidated	4,250,933	6,636,005	(4,409,730)	6,477,208
income statement for the year	(364,780)	17,567,237	(2,821,248)	14,381,209
At 31st March, 2008	3,886,153	24,203,242	(7,230,978)	20,858,417

At the balance sheet date, the Company has unused tax losses of HK\$341,472,000 (2007: HK\$317,243,000) available for offset against future profits. A deferred tax asset of approximately HK\$7,231,000 (2007: HK\$4,410,000) has been recognised in respect of approximately HK\$41,320,000 (2007: HK\$25,198,000) of such losses.

No deferred tax asset has been recognised in respect of the remaining HK\$300,152,000 (2007: HK\$292,045,000) of such losses due to the unpredictability of future profit streams. The losses may be carried forward indefinitely.

At the balance sheet date, the Group has deductible temporary differences of HK\$2,036,763 (2007: HK\$2,086,000). No deferred tax asset has been recognised in relation to such deductible temporary difference as it is not probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences can be utilised.

36. DISPOSAL OF SUBSIDIARIES

On 8th May, 2006, the Group had partially disposed 80% of equity interest in its subsidiaries including Roebuck Investments Limited, Forthright Investment Limited and Gilligan Developments Limited to an independent third party for a consideration of HK\$31,227,569. Following the disposal, the investment was reclassified to interests in associates.

The net assets of these companies at the date of disposal was as follows:

NET LIABILITIES DISPOSED OF:

Properties under development for sale	71,098,065
Deposits and prepayments	947,500
Bank balances and cash	622,450
Amount due from immediate holding company	772
Trade payables and accrued expenses	(763,482)
Amount due to a fellow subsidiary	(82,684,739)
Bank borrowings	(47,291,095)
	(58,070,529)
Gain on disposal of subsidiaries	89,298,098
Total consideration	31,227,569
Satisfied by:	
Cash consideration	31,732,883
Cost incurred in connection with the disposal	(505,314)
	31,227,569
Cash inflow arising on disposal:	
Cash consideration received (net of cost incurred in connection with the disposal)	31,227,569
Cash and cash equivalents disposed of	(622,450)
	30,605,119

The subsidiaries disposed of in prior year incurred a loss of HK\$1,500 to the Group's results during the period from 1st April, 2006 to 8th May, 2006.

The subsidiaries disposed of in prior year used HK\$563,453 in operating activities and used HK\$4,157,177 in investing activities and generated HK\$3,870,388 from financing activities during the period from 1st April, 2006 to 8th May, 2006.

37. MAJOR NON-CASH TRANSACTIONS

During the year, the Group entered into finance lease arrangements in respect of assets with a total capital value at the inception of the leases of HK\$6,699,412 (2007: HK\$738,000).

For the year ended 31st March, 2008 (in HK Dollars)

38. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND COMMITMENTS

The Group

	2008	2007
Contingent liabilities:		
Other guarantees	247,000	247,000
Capital commitments:		
Contracted for but not provided:		
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment	733,200	18,548
Acquisition of an investment property	_	1,130,000
Acquisition of a property	_	72,000,000
Construction of investment properties	38,057,156	_
	38,790,356	73,148,548

39. OPERATING LEASE ARRANGEMENTS

The Group as lessee:

At the balance sheet date, the Group had commitments for future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases which fall due as follows:

	2008	2007
Within one year	4,619,988	4,712,384
In the second to fifth year inclusive	8,947,582	5,451,159
Over five years	6,909,189	6,387,780
	20,476,759	16,551,323

Operating lease payments represent rental payable by the Group for certain of its office premises, staff quarters and factories. Leases for office premises and staff quarters are negotiated for terms of ranging from 2 to 6 years with fixed rentals.

The Group as lessor:

At the balance sheet date, the Group had contracted with tenants for the following future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases in respect of rented premises which fall due as follows:

2008	2007
3,149,694	4,305,879
3,661,000	2,200,000
6,810,694	6,505,879
	3,149,694 3,661,000

Leases are negotiated for terms ranging from 1 to 3 years.

40. RETIREMENT BENEFIT SCHEME

Commencing from 1st December, 2000, the Group's employees are required to join Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme (the "MPF Scheme"). Under the MPF Scheme, both the Group and the employees contribute 5% of the employee's monthly remunerations or HK\$1,000 per month whichever is the smaller to the scheme. The Group's total contribution to the scheme for the year ended 31st March, 2008 is HK\$1,001,735 (2007: HK\$1,300,555). There is no forfeiture of employer's contribution from leaving scheme members under the MPF Scheme.

The employees of the Group's subsidiary in the PRC are members of a state-managed retirement benefit plan operated by the government of the PRC. The subsidiary is required to contribute a specified percentage of payroll costs to the retirement benefit scheme to fund the benefits. The only obligation of the Group with respect to the retirement benefit plan is to make the specified contributions.

41. PLEDGE OF ASSETS

At 31st March, 2008, the Group has pledged the following assets and assigned rental income from letting of properties in favour of banks to secure the banking facilities:

	2008	2007
Investment properties	880,020,039	345,000,000
Buildings in Hong Kong	34,623,493	11,670,159
Freehold land and buildings outside Hong Kong	3,714,494	3,863,467
Properties under development for sale	1,241,831,573	830,940,024
Inventory of unsold properties	28,514,155	100,739,388
Prepaid lease payments	236,171,370	33,308,926

42. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

(1) Transactions with associates

	2008	2007
Nature of transaction		
Dividend income received by the Group	_	26,200
Management fee income received by the Group	2,177,909	1,272,960

- (2) The Group's balances with related parties are set out in notes 19 and 28.
- (3) Key management compensation is disclosed in note 11.

For the year ended 31st March, 2008 (in HK Dollars)

43. PARTICULARS OF PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES OF THE COMPANY

Particulars of the principal subsidiaries at 31st March, 2008 are as follows:

	Place/country of incorporation or registration/	Issued	Percentage of nominal value of issued share capital held directly /indirectly by	
Name of subsidiary	operations	share capital	the Company	Principal activities
Direct subsidiary				
National Electronics (Consolidated) Limited	Hong Kong	4,000 ordinary shares of HK\$0.25 each	100%	Investment holding and trading of electronic products
National Properties Holdings Limited	Hong Kong	100 ordinary shares of HK\$1 each	100%	Investment holding and property management
Indirect subsidiary				
Allwill Limited	British Virgin Islands	100 ordinary shares of US\$1 each	100%	Investment holding
Ambrose Limited	Hong Kong	1 ordinary share of HK\$1 each	100%	Property investment
Ambrose Investments Limited	British Virgin Islands	100 ordinary shares of US\$1 each	100%	Investment holding
Asiatic Limited	Hong Kong	100 ordinary shares of HK\$1 each	100%	Property investment and development
Baccaract Investments Limited	British Virgin Islands	1 ordinary share of US\$1 each	100%	Investment holding
Banyan Villas Holdings Limited	British Virgin Islands	2 ordinary shares of US\$1 each	100%	Investment holding
Batilone Limited	Hong Kong	100 ordinary shares of HK\$1 each	100%	Property investment and development
Brady Limited	Hong Kong	100 ordinary shares of HK\$1 each	100%	Property investment
Champian Limited	Hong Kong	100 ordinary shares of HK\$1 each	100%	Property investment
Charteray International Limited	Hong Kong	100 ordinary shares of HK\$1 each	100%	Property investment

For the year ended 31st March, 2008 (in HK Dollars)

43. PARTICULARS OF PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES OF THE COMPANY (Cont'd)

Name of subsidiary	Place/country of incorporation or registration/operations	Issued share capital	Percentage of nominal value of issued share capital held directly /indirectly by the Company	Principal activities
Indirect subsidiary (Cont'd)				
Cherish Limited	Hong Kong	100 ordinary shares of HK\$1 each	100%	Property investment
Chirac Limited	Hong Kong	10 ordinary shares of HK\$10 each	100%	Investment holding and development
Cinic Limited	Hong Kong	2 ordinary shares of HK\$1 each	100%	Property investment and development
Clare Limited	Hong Kong	1 ordinary share of HK\$1 each	100%	Property investment
Duprey Limited	Hong Kong	10 ordinary shares of HK\$10 each	100%	Trading of electronic products
Eastbond (Hong Kong) Limited	Hong Kong	10 ordinary shares of HK\$1 each	100%	Manufacture and sale of plastic products
Eastern Mount Limited	Hong Kong	2 ordinary shares of HK\$1 each	100%	Investment holding and subcontracting of electronic products in the PRC
Joyful Asia Group Limited	British Virgin Islands/Hong Kong	100 ordinary shares of US\$1 each	100%	Property investment and development
Lens Limited	Hong Kong	100 ordinary shares of HK\$1 each	100%	Property investment and development
Majorell Limited	Hong Kong	100 ordinary shares of HK\$10 each	100%	Property investment and investment holding
Miyota Trading Limited	Hong Kong	100 ordinary shares of HK\$1 each	of 100%	Trading of electronic products
National Commercial Developments Limited	Hong Kong	100 ordinary shares of HK\$1 each	100%	Investment holding
National Commercial Developments Limited	British Virgin Islands	100 ordinary shares of US\$1 each	100%	Investment holding

For the year ended 31st March, 2008 (in HK Dollars)

43. PARTICULARS OF PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES OF THE COMPANY (Cont'd)

Name of subsidiary	Place/country of incorporation or registration/operations	Issued share capital	Percentage of nominal value of issued share capital held directly /indirectly by the Company	Principal activities
Indirect subsidiary (Cont'd)				
National Electronics and Watch Company Limited	Hong Kong	100 ordinary shares of HK\$10 each and 200,000 non-voting deferred shares of HK\$10 each (note)	100%	Manufacture and sale of liquid crystal display and quartz analogue watches
National Hotel Holdings Limited	Hong Kong	100 ordinary shares of HK\$1 each	100%	Investment holding
National Hotel Holdings Limited	British Virgin Islands	100 ordinary shares of US\$1 each	100%	Investment holding
National Hotel Management Limited	British Virgin Islands	100 ordinary shares of US\$1 each	100%	Property Management
National Properties Holdings Limited	British Virgin Islands	1 ordinary share of US\$1 each	100%	Investment holding
National Telecommunication System Limited	Hong Kong	100 ordinary shares of HK\$10 each and 200,000 non-voting deferred shares of HK\$10 each (note)	100%	Provision of inspection service
National Time Limited	Hong Kong	100 ordinary shares of HK\$10 each and 55,000 non-voting deferred shares of HK\$10 each (note)	100%	Trading of electronic watches
Panteria International Limited	British Virgin Islands/Hong Kong	100 ordinary shares of US\$1 each	100%	Property investment and development
Phoenix Investment S.a.r.l.	Luxembourg	500 ordinary shares of EUR 25 each	100%	Investment holding
Rever Limited	Hong Kong	100 ordinary shares of HK\$1 each	100%	Property investment

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For the year ended 31st March, 2008 (in HK Dollars)

43. PARTICULARS OF PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES OF THE COMPANY (Cont'd)

Name of subsidiary	Place/country of incorporation or registration/operations	Issued share capital	Percentage of nominal value of issued share capital held directly /indirectly by the Company	Principal activities
Indirect subsidiary (Cont'd)				
Rexel Limited	Hong Kong	100 ordinary shares of HK\$1 each	100%	Property investment
Samford Limited	Hong Kong	100 ordinary shares of HK\$1 each	100%	Property investment
Sinoway Enterprises Limited	Hong Kong	100 ordinary shares of HK\$1 each	100%	Property investment
Smart Rise Investments Limited	British Virgin Islands	100 ordinary shares of US\$1 each	100%	Investment holding
St. Thomas Developments Incorporated	Ontario, Canada	10,000 common shares	s 100%	Property development
Sun Linkage Limited	British Virgin Islands	1,000 ordinary shares of US\$1 each	100%	Investment holding
Sun Shine Limited	Hong Kong	2 ordinary shares of HK\$1 each	100%	Investment holding
Unionville Development Limited Partnership	Ontario, Canada	Contributed capital of C\$10,864,938	100%	Property development
1061383 Ontario Limited	Ontario, Canada	100 common shares of C\$1 each	100%	Property holding
中霸鐘表電子(深圳) 有限公司*	PRC	Contributed capital of HK\$14,000,000	100%	Trading of electronic products

 ^{*} A wholly foreign owned enterprise.

Note: The deferred shares, which are not held by the Group, carry practically no rights to dividends nor to receive notice of nor to attend or vote at any general meeting of the relevant companies nor to participate in any distribution on winding up.

The above table lists the subsidiaries of the Group which, in the opinion of the directors, principally affect the results or assets of the Group. To give details of other subsidiaries would, in the opinion of the directors, results in particulars of excessive length. All these subsidiaries are wholly-owned and private limited companies.

None of the subsidiaries had any debt security outstanding at the end of the year or at any time during the year.

Details of the major properties held by the Group at 31st March, 2008 are as follows:

(i) Investment properties

Location	Lease term	Group's interest	Туре
Nos. 194-196 Queen's Road Central, Hong Kong	Long term	100%	Commercial
No. 21 Whitfield Road, North Point, Hong Kong	Medium term	100%	Commercial
No. 87 and No. 89 Jervois Street, Hong Kong	Long term	100%	Commercial
No. 101 and No. 103 Bonham Strand and No. 127 Wing Lok Street, Hong Kong	Long term	100%	Commercial
No. 99 Bonham Strand, Hong Kong	Long term	100%	Commercial
5, 7 and 9 Sultan Street, Toronto, Canada	Freehold	100%	Commercial
Ground, 1st, 2nd and 3rd Floors and the Roof, No. 459 Lockhart Road, Causeway Bay, Hong Kong	Medium term	100%	Commercial
No. 461 Lockhart Road, Causeway Bay, Hong Kong	Medium term	100%	Commercial
House No. 1 together with the garden, open terrace spaces, flat roof and carport attached therewith, Abergeldie, 52 Plantation Road, Hong Kong	Medium term	100%	Residential

(ii) Properties under development for sale

Location	Stage of completion	Category of lease	Group's interest	Approximate site area	Use	Estimated completion date
3952, 3972 and 3988 Highway, No. 7 Markham, Ontario L3R 1L3 Toronto, Canada	Planning is in progress	Freehold	100%	10.9 acres	Residential	Not yet determined
82 - 98 Charles Street West, ROW in Sultan Street Laneway, 76 - 80 Charles Street West, 1, 3 Sultan Street and 11 St. Thomas Street, Toronto, Canada	Development is in progress	Freehold	100%	34,793 sq.ft.	Residential	2008

Results:

	Year ended 31st March,						
	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004		
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000		
			(restated)				
Revenue	1,256,703	1,066,224	1,045,506	1,026,973	934,119		
Cost of sales	(1,062,108)	(949,730)	(950,112)	(919,974)	(846,059)		
Gross profit	194,595	116,494	95,394	106,999	88,060		
Other income	11,329	10,165	3,134	2,844	13,620		
Increase in fair value of							
investment properties	111,796	35,508	16,000	27,412	22,500		
Gain on disposal of investment							
properties	55,103	_	_	_	_		
Distribution costs	(7,946)	(8,049)	(8,446)	(8,562)	(15,373)		
Administrative expenses	(108,113)	(92,820)	(67,073)	(63,231)	(61,316)		
Other expenses	_	(20,583)	_	_	_		
Finance costs	(31,769)	(22,880)	(14,987)	(6,075)	(5,830)		
Gain on disposal of subsidiaries	_	89,298	37,913	_	_		
Loss on dissolution of an associates	_	(5)	_	_	_		
Share of results of associates	1,610	13,428	(8)	1,316	_		
Share of results of jointly							
controlled entities		_	(2)	(71)	10,100		
Profit before taxation	226,605	120,556	61,925	60,632	51,761		
Income tax expenses	(14,956)	(7,289)	(1,820)	(2,959)	(568)		
Net profit for the year	211,649	113,267	60,105	57,673	51,193		
Earnings per share	20.9 HK cents	10.7 HK cents	5.5 HK cents	5.2 HK cents	4.5 HK cents		

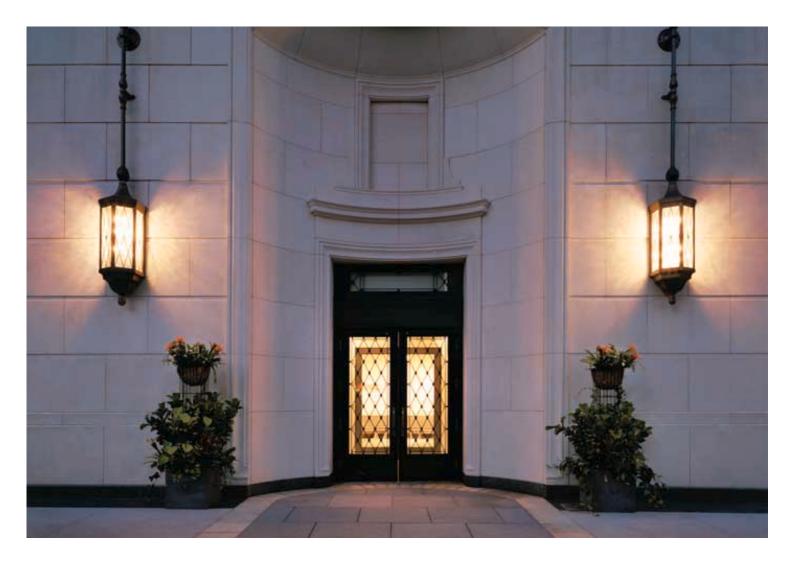
Assets and liabilities:

		At 31st March,					
	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004		
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000		
Total assets	3,117,612	1,925,826	1,566,661	1,178,983	908,894		
Total liabilities	2,449,015	1,420,210	1,140,923	806,463	576,265		
Total net assets	668,597	505,616	425,738	372,520	332,629		

Note: The above financial summary prior to 2005 has not been adjusted to take into account the effect on the adoption of certain HKFRSs that are effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1st April, 2005 and 1st April, 2006.



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