

#### THE COMPANIES ORDINANCE (CHAPTER 32)

## ORDINARY & SPECIAL RESOLUTIONS OF EC-FOUNDER (HOLDINGS) COMPANY LIMITED

Passed on 8 June 2009

At the Annual General Meeting of the shareholders of the Company duly convened and held at Unit 1408, 14th Floor, Cable TV Tower, 9 Hoi Shing Road, Tsuen Wan, New Territories, Hong Kong on Monday, 8 June 2009 at 10:30 a.m., the following resolutions were duly passed as ordinary and special resolutions of the Company:

#### **ORDINARY RESOLUTIONS**

#### 4. "THAT:

- (A) subject to paragraph (B) below, the exercise by the Board of Directors during the Relevant Period of all the powers of the Company to allot, issue, grant, distribute and otherwise deal with additional Shares and to make, issue or grant offers, agreements, options, warrants and other securities which will or might require Shares to be allotted, issued, granted, distributed or otherwise dealt with during or after the end of the Relevant Period, be and is hereby generally and unconditionally approved;
- (B) the aggregate nominal amount of share capital allotted, issued, granted, distributed or otherwise dealt with or agreed conditionally or unconditionally to be allotted, issued, granted, distributed or otherwise dealt with (whether pursuant to an option, conversion or otherwise) by the Board of Directors pursuant to the

approval in paragraph (A) above, otherwise than pursuant to:

- (i) a Rights Issue; or
- (ii) the grant of options under the share option scheme of the Company or the exercise of any of the subscription rights attaching to any options that have been or may be granted thereunder; or
- (iii) the exercise of rights of subscription or conversion under the terms of any warrant issued by the Company or any securities which are convertible into Shares; or
- (iv) any scrip dividend scheme or similar arrangement providing for allotment of Shares in lieu of the whole or part of any dividend on Shares in accordance with the Bye-laws of the Company

shall not exceed the aggregate of:

- (a) twenty per cent. of the aggregate nominal amount of the issued share capital of the Company in issue as at the date of passing of this Resolution; and
- (b) (if the Board of Directors are so authorised by a separate resolution of the shareholders of the Company) the aggregate nominal amount of the issued share capital of the Company purchased by the Company subsequent to the passing of this Resolution (up to a maximum equivalent to 10 per cent. of the aggregate nominal amount of the share capital of the Company in issue as at the date of passing of this Resolution),

and the said approval shall be limited accordingly; and

- (C) for the purposes of this Resolution:
  - (i) "Relevant Period" means the period from (and including) the date of passing of this Resolution until whichever is the earliest of:

- (a) the conclusion of the next annual general meeting of the Company;
- (b) the expiration of the period within which the next annual general meeting of the Company is required by the Bye-laws of the Company or any applicable law to be held; and
- (c) the revocation or variation of the authority given under this Resolution by an ordinary resolution of the shareholders of the Company in general meeting;
- (ii) "Rights Issue" means an offer of Shares open for a period fixed by the Board of Directors to holders of Shares on the register of members (and, if appropriate, to the holders of warrants and other securities which carry a right to subscribe or purchase shares in the Company on the relevant register) on a fixed record date in proportion to their then holdings of such Shares (and, if appropriate, such warrants and other securities) (subject to such exclusions or other arrangements as the Board of Directors may deem necessary or expedient in relation to fractional entitlements or having regard to any legal or practical restrictions or obligations under the laws of, or the requirements of any recognised regulatory body or any stock exchange in, any jurisdiction or territory applicable to the Company); and
- (iii) "Shares" means shares of all classes in the capital of the Company and warrants and other securities which carry a right to subscribe or purchase shares in the Company."

#### 5. "THAT:

(A) subject to paragraph (B) below, the exercise by the Board of Directors during the Relevant Period of all the powers of the Company to purchase Shares on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") or on any other stock exchange on which the Shares may be listed and which is recognised for this purpose by the Securities and Futures Commission of Hong Kong and the

Stock Exchange, subject to and in accordance with all applicable laws, including the Hong Kong Code on Share Repurchases and the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange or of any other stock exchange (as amended from time to time), be and is hereby generally and unconditionally approved;

- (B) the aggregate nominal amount of Shares which may be purchased or agreed conditionally or unconditionally to be purchased pursuant to the approval in paragraph (A) above shall not exceed ten per cent. of the aggregate nominal amount of the share capital of the Company in issue as at the date of passing of this Resolution, and the said approval be limited accordingly; and
- (C) for the purposes of this Resolution:
  - (i) "Relevant Period" means the period from (and including) the passing of this Resolution until whichever is the earliest of:
    - (a) the conclusion of the next annual general meeting of the Company;
    - (b) the expiration of the period within which the next annual general meeting of the Company is required by the Bye-laws of the Company or any applicable law to be held; or
    - (c) the revocation or variation of the authority given under this Resolution by an ordinary resolution of the shareholders of the Company in general meeting; and
  - (ii) "Shares" means shares of all classes in the capital of the Company and warrants and other securities which carry a right to subscribe or purchase shares in the Company."
- 6. "THAT, conditional on the passing of the resolutions set out in item 4 and 5 of the notice convening this meeting ("Resolutions 4 and 5, respectively"), the exercise by the Board of Directors of the powers referred to in paragraph (A) of Resolution 4 in respect of the share capital of the Company referred to in sub-paragraph (b) of paragraph (B) of Resolution 4, be and is hereby approved and authorised."

#### SPECIAL RESOLUTION

- 7. "THAT the bye-laws of the Company (the "Bye-laws") be amended as follows:—
  - 1. Bye-law 1
    - (a) By inserting the following new definitions of "business day(s)" and "corporate communication" in Bye-law 1 in the appropriate alphabetical sequence respectively:

"business day(s)" shall mean any day on which the Designated Stock Exchange is generally open for the business of dealing in securities."; and

"corporate communication" shall mean any document issued or to be issued by the Company for the information or action of the members of the Company, including but not limited to:

- (i) its annual accounts and other periodic accounts, accompanied by (where appropriate) directors and/or auditors' reports (including summary financial reports);
- (ii) a notice of meeting;
- (iii) a listing document;
- (iv) a circular; and
- (v) a proxy form.
- (b) the existing definition of "writing" or "printing" in Bye-law 1 reads:

""writing" or "printing" shall include writing, printing, lithography, photography, typewriting and every other mode of representing words or figures in a legible and non-transitory form."

be amended to:

"writing" or "printing" shall, unless the contrary intention appears, be construed as including writing, printing, lithography, photography and other modes of representing words or figures in a visible form, and including where the presentation takes the form of electronic display, provided that both the mode of service of the relevant document or notice and the member's election comply with all applicable statutes, rules and regulations.

Reference to a document being executed include references to it being executed under hand or under seal or by electronic signature or by any other method and references to a notice or document include a notice or document recorded or stored in any digital, electronic, electrical, magnetic or other retrievable form or medium and information in visible form whether having physical substance or not."

(c) the existing paragraph with its marginal note reading as "Special Resolution" and "Ordinary Resolution" of Bye-law 1 reads:

"A resolution shall be a Special Resolution when it has been passed by a majority of not less than three-fourths of the votes cast by such members as, being entitled so to do, vote in person or, as a duly authorised corporate representative or, where proxies are allowed, by proxy at a general meeting of which not less than 21 days' notice, specifying (without prejudice to the power contained in these presents to amend the same) the intention to propose the resolution as a special resolution, has been duly given. Provided that, if it is so agreed by a majority in number of the members having a right to attend and vote at any such meeting, being a majority together holding not less than 95 per cent. in nominal value of the shares giving that right, a resolution may be proposed and passed as a Special Resolution at a meeting of which less than 21 days' notice has been given."

"A resolution shall be an Ordinary Resolution when it has been passed by a simple majority of the votes cast by such members as, being entitled so to do, vote in person or, as a duly authorised representative or, where proxies are allowed, by proxy at a general meeting held in accordance with these presents and of which not less than 14 days notice has been duly given."

be amended to:

"A resolution shall be a Special Resolution when it has been passed by a majority of not less than three-fourths of the votes cast by such members as, being entitled so to do, vote in person or, by a duly authorised corporate representative or, where proxies are allowed, by proxy at a general meeting of which notice has been duly given in accordance with Bye-law 63."

"A resolution shall be an Ordinary Resolution when it has been passed by a simple majority of the votes cast by such members as, being entitled so to do, vote in person or by a duly authorised corporate representative or, where proxies are allowed, by proxy at a general meeting of which notice has been duly given in accordance with Bye-law 63."

(d) By inserting the following new Bye-law immediately below the paragraph with its marginal note reading as "Ordinary Resolution":

"Copies of those documents to be laid before the members of the Company at an annual general meeting shall not less than 21 days before the date of the meeting be sent or otherwise made available to every member of the Company and every holder of debentures of the Company in the form of printed copies or electronic copies as published on the Company's website, provided that where printed copies are sent, the Company shall not be required to send printed copies of those documents to any person of whose address the Company is not aware or to more than one of the jointholders of any shares or debentures."

#### 2. Bye-law 59(B)

the existing Bye-law 59(B) reads:

"The Company may by Special Resolution reduce its share capital, any capital

redemption reserve fund or any share premium account or other undistributable reserve in any manner authorised and subject to any conditions prescribed by law."

be amended to:

"The Company may from time to time by Special Resolution, <u>subject to any confirmation or consent required by law</u>, reduce its <u>authorised or issued</u> share capital <u>or</u>, <u>save for the use of share premium as expressly permitted by the Companies Act</u>, any share premium account or other undistributable reserve."

#### 3. Bye-law 63

the existing Bye-law 63 reads:

"An annual general meeting and a meeting called for the passing of a Special Resolution shall be called by at least twenty-one days' notice in writing, and a meeting of the Company other than an annual general meeting or a meeting for the passing of a Special Resolution shall be called by at least fourteen days' notice in writing. The notice shall be exclusive of the day on which it is served or deemed to be served and of the day for which it is given, and shall specify the place, the day and the hour of meeting and, in case of special business, the general nature of that business, and shall be given, in the manner hereinafter mentioned or in such other manner, if any, as may be prescribed by the Company in general meeting, to such persons as are, under these Bye-Laws, entitled to receive such notices from the Company, provided that, subject to the provisions of the Companies Act, a meeting of the Company shall notwithstanding that it is called by shorter notice than that specified in this Bye-Law be deemed to have been duly called if it is so agreed:—

- (i) in the case of a meeting called as the annual general meeting, by all the members entitled to attend and vote thereat; and
- (ii) in the case of any other meeting, by a majority in number of the members having a right to attend and vote at the meeting, being a majority together

holding not less than ninety-five per cent. in nominal value of the shares giving that right."

be amended to:

"An annual general meeting shall be called by notice in writing of a period which is not less than the longer of 21 days and 20 clear business days, any special general meeting called for the passing of a Special Resolution shall be called by notice in writing of a period which is not less than the longer of 21 days and 10 clear business days, and any other special general meeting shall be called by notice in writing of a period which is not less than the longer of 14 days and 10 clear business days. The notice shall be exclusive of the day on which it is served or deemed to be served and of the day for which it is given, and shall specify the place, the day and the hour of meeting and, in case of special business, the general nature of that business, and shall be given, in the manner hereinafter mentioned or in such other manner, if any, as may be prescribed by the Company in general meeting, to such persons as are, under these Bye-Laws, entitled to receive such notices from the Company, provided that, subject to the provisions of the Companies Act, a meeting of the Company shall notwithstanding that it is called by shorter notice than that specified in this Bye-Law be deemed to have been duly called if it is so agreed:—

- (i) in the case of a meeting called as the annual general meeting, by all the members entitled to attend and vote thereat; and
- (ii) in the case of any other meeting, by a majority in number of the members having a right to attend and vote at the meeting, being a majority together holding not less than 95 per cent. in nominal value of the shares giving that right."

#### 4. Bye-law 70

the existing Bye-law 70 reads:

"At any general meeting a resolution put to the vote of the meeting shall be

decided on a show of hands unless voting by way of a poll is required by the rules of the Designated Stock Exchange or a poll is (before or on the declaration of the result of the show of hands or on the withdrawal of any other demand for a poll) demanded:—

- (i) by the Chairman of the meeting; or
- (ii) by at least three members present in person or by a duly authorised corporate representative or by proxy for the time being entitled to vote at the meeting; or
- (iii) by any member or members present in person or by a duly authorised corporate representative or by proxy and representing not less than one-tenth of the total voting rights of all the members having the right to vote at the meeting; or
- (iv) by any member or members present in person or by a duly authorised corporate representative or by proxy and holding shares in the Company conferring a right to vote at the meeting being shares on which an aggregate sum has been paid up equal to not less than one-tenth of the total sum paid up on all the shares conferring that right; or
- (v) by any Director or Directors (including the chairman of a general meeting of the Company) who, individually or collectively, hold proxies in respect of shares representing 5 per cent. or more of the total voting rights at such meeting and if on a show of hands such meeting votes in the opposite manner to that instructed in those proxies.

Unless a poll be so demanded and the demand is not withdrawn, a declaration by the Chairman that a resolution has on a show of hands been carried or carried unanimously, or by a particular majority, or lost, and an entry to that effect in the book containing the minutes of the proceedings of the Company shall be conclusive evidence of the fact without proof of the number or proportion of the votes recorded in favour or against such resolution."

Be amended to:

"At any general meeting a resolution put to the vote of the meeting shall be decided by poll."

#### 5. Bye-law 71

By deleting Bye-law 71 in its entirety and replacing it with the following:

"Intentionally Deleted".

#### 6. Bye-law 72

By deleting Bye-law 72 in its entirety and replacing it with the following:

"Intentionally Deleted".

#### 7. Bye-law 73

the existing Bye-law 73 reads:

"In the case of an equality of votes, whether on a show of hands or on a poll, the Chairman of the meeting at which the show of hands takes place or at which the poll is demanded, shall be entitled to a second or casting vote. In the case of any dispute as to the admission or rejection of any vote, the Chairman shall determine the same, and such determination shall be final and conclusive."

be amended to:

"In the case of an equality of votes, the Chairman of the meeting shall be entitled to a second or casting vote. In the case of any dispute as to the admission or rejection of any vote, the Chairman shall determine the same, and such determination shall be final and conclusive."

#### 8. Bye-law 74

By deleting Bye-law 74 in its entirety and replacing it with the following:

"Intentionally Deleted".

#### 9. Bye-law 76

the existing Bye-law 76 reads:

"Subject to any special rights, privileges or restrictions as to voting for the time being attached to any class or classes of shares, at any general meeting on a show of hands every member who is present in person or by a duly authorised corporate representative or by proxy shall have one vote, and on a poll every member present in person or by a duly authorized corporate representative or by proxy, shall have one vote for each share of which he is the holder which is fully paid up or credited as fully paid (but so that no amount paid up or credited as paid up on a share in advance of calls or instalments shall be treated for the purposes of this Bye-Law as paid up on share). On a poll a member entitled to more than one vote need not use all his votes or cast his votes in the same way."

be amended to:

"Subject to any special rights, privileges or restrictions as to voting for the time being attached to any class or classes of shares, in respect of every resolution put to the vote of a meeting by poll at any general meeting, every member present in person or by a duly authorized corporate representative or by proxy shall have one vote for each share registered in his name in the register. A shareholder entitled to more than one vote is under no obligation to cast all his votes in the same way."

#### 10. Bye-law 79

the existing Bye-law 79 reads:

"A member of unsound mind or in respect of whom an order has been made by any court having jurisdiction in lunacy may vote, whether on a show of hands or on a poll, by his committee, receiver, curator bonis or other person in the nature of a committee, receiver or curator bonis appointed by that court, and any such committee, receiver, curator bonis or other person may on a poll vote by proxy. Evidence to the satisfaction of the Board of the authority of the person claiming to exercise the right to vote shall be delivered to such place or one of such places (if any) as is specified in accordance with these Bye-Laws for the deposit of instruments of proxy or, if no place is specified, at the Registration Office, not later than the latest time at which a valid instrument of proxy could be so delivered."

#### be amended to:

"A member of unsound mind or in respect of whom an order has been made by any court having jurisdiction in lunacy may vote, <u>by poll</u>, <u>by his committee</u>, receiver, curator bonis or other person in the nature of a committee, receiver or curator bonis appointed by that court, and any such committee, receiver, curator bonis or other person may on a poll vote by proxy. Evidence to the satisfaction of the Board of the authority of the person claiming to exercise the right to vote shall be delivered to such place or one of such places (if any) as is specified in accordance with these Bye-Laws for the deposit of instruments of proxy or, if no place is specified, at the Registration Office."

#### 11. Bye-law 83

the existing Bye-law 83 reads:

"The instrument appointing a proxy and the power of attorney or other authority, if any, under which it is signed or notarially certified copy of that power or authority shall be deposited at such place or one of such places (if any) as is specified in the notice of meeting or in the instrument of proxy issued by the Company (or, if no place is specified, at the Registration Office) not less than forty-eight hours before the time for holding the meeting or adjourned meeting or poll (as the case may be) at which the person named in such instrument

proposes to vote, and in default the instrument of proxy shall not be treated as valid. No instrument appointing a proxy shall be valid after the expiration of twelve months from the date of its execution, except at an adjourned meeting or on a poll demanded at a meeting or an adjourned meeting in a case where the meeting was originally held within twelve months from such date. Delivery of an instrument appointing a proxy shall not preclude a member from attending and voting in person at the meeting or upon the poll concerned and, in such event, the instrument appointing a proxy shall be deemed to be revoked."

#### be amended to:

"The instrument appointing a proxy and the power of attorney or other authority, if any, under which it is signed or notarially certified copy of that power or authority shall be deposited at such place or one of such places (if any) as is specified in the notice of meeting or in the instrument of proxy issued by the Company (or, if no place is specified, at the Registration Office) not less than forty-eight hours before the time for holding the meeting or adjourned meeting (as the case may be) at which the person named in such instrument proposes to vote, and in default the instrument of proxy shall not be treated as valid. No instrument appointing a proxy shall be valid after the expiration of twelve months from the date of its execution, except at an adjourned meeting or an adjourned meeting in a case where the meeting was originally held within twelve months from such date. Delivery of an instrument appointing a proxy shall not preclude a member from attending and voting in person at the meeting and, in such event, the instrument appointing a proxy shall be deemed to be revoked."

#### 12. Bye-law 85

the existing Bye-law 85 reads:

"The instrument appointing a proxy to vote at a general meeting shall: (i) be deemed to confer authority upon the proxy to demand or join in demanding a poll and to vote on any resolution (or amendment thereto) put to the meeting for which it is given as the proxy thinks fit. Provided that any form issued to a member for use by him for appointing a proxy to attend and vote at a special

general meeting or at an annual general meeting at which any business is to be transacted shall be such as to enable the member, according to his intentions, to instruct the proxy to vote in favour of or against (or, in default of instructions, to exercise his discretion in respect of) each resolution dealing with any such business; and (ii) unless the contrary is stated therein, be valid as well for any adjournment of the meeting as for the meeting to which it relates."

#### be amended to:

"The instrument appointing a proxy to vote at a general meeting shall: (i) be deemed to confer authority upon the proxy to vote on any resolution (or amendment thereto) put to the meeting for which it is given as the proxy thinks fit. Provided that any form issued to a member for use by him for appointing a proxy to attend and vote at a special general meeting or at an annual general meeting at which any business is to be transacted shall be such as to enable the member, according to his intentions, to instruct the proxy to vote in favour of or against (or, in default of instructions, to exercise his discretion in respect of) each resolution dealing with any such business; and (ii) unless the contrary is stated therein, be valid as well for any adjournment of the meeting as for the meeting to which it relates."

#### 13. Bye-law 87

the existing paragraph (B) of Bye-law 87 reads:

"(B) If a Clearing House (or its nominee) is a member of the Company, it may appoint such person or persons as it thinks fit to act as its proxy or proxies or as its corporate representative or representatives, to the extend permitted by the Companies Act, at any meeting of the Company or at any meeting of any class of members of the Company provided that, if more than one person is so appointed, the appointment shall specify the number and class of shares in respect of which each such person is so appointed. A person so appointed under the provisions of this Bye-Law shall be entitled to exercise the same powers on behalf of the Clearing House (or its nominee) which he represents as that Clearing House (or its nominee) could exercise

as if it were an individual member including the right to vote individually on a show of hands."

be amended to:

"(B) If a Clearing House or its nominees is a member of the Company, it may authorise such person or persons as it thinks fit to act as its representative or representatives or proxy or proxies, to the extend permitted by the Companies Act, at any meeting of the Company or at any meeting of any class of members of the Company provided that, if more than one person is so authorised, the authorisation shall specify the number and class of shares in respect of which each such person is so authorised. The person so authorised shall be deemed to have been duly authorised without the need of producing any documents of title, notarised authorisation and/or further evidence for substantiating the facts that it is duly authorised and shall be entitled to exercise the same rights and powers on behalf of the clearing house (or its nominees) which he represents in respect of the number and class or shares specified in the relevant authorisation including the right to vote individually by poll as that clearing house (or its nominees) could exercise if it were an individual shareholder."

#### 14. Bye-law 97(A)

the existing sub-paragraph (vi) of Bye-law 97(A) reads:

"(vi) if he shall be removed from office by a Special Resolution of the Company under Bye-Law 104."

be amended to:

"(vi) if he shall be removed from office by an <u>Ordinary</u> Resolution of the Company under Bye-law 104."

#### 15. Bye-law 104

the existing Bye-law 104 reads:

"The Company may by Special Resolution remove any Director (including a Managing Director or other Executive Director) before the expiration of his period of office notwithstanding anything in these Bye-Laws or in any agreement between the Company and such Director (but without prejudice to any claim which such Director may have for damages for any breach of any contract between him and the Company) and may elect another person in his stead. Any person so elected shall hold office only until the next following annual general meeting of the Company and shall then be eligible for re-election but shall not be taken into account in determining the Directors who are to retire by rotation at such meeting."

#### be amended to:

"The Company may by Ordinary Resolution remove any Director (including a Managing Director or other Executive Director) before the expiration of his period of office notwithstanding anything in these Bye-Laws or in any agreement between the Company and such Director (but without prejudice to any claim which such Director may have for damages for any breach of any contract between him and the Company) and may elect another person in his stead. Any person so elected shall hold office only until the next annual general meeting of the Company and shall then be eligible for re-election at such meeting, but shall not be taken into account in determining the Directors who to retire by rotation at such meeting."

#### 16. Bye-law 167

the existing Bye-law 167 reads:

"Any notice or other document to be given or issued under these Bye-Laws shall be in writing, and may be served by the Company on any member either personally or by sending it through the post in a prepaid letter, envelope or wrapper addressed to such member at his registered address as appearing in the register or by delivering or leaving it at such registered address as aforesaid or (in the case of a notice) by advertisement in the Newspapers. In the case of

joint holders of a share, all notices shall be given to that one of the joint holders whose name stands first in the register and notice so given shall be sufficient notice to all the joint holders."

be amended to:

"Any notice or other document (including any corporate communication), whether or not, to be given or issued under these Bye-Laws from the Company to a member shall be in writing or by cable, telex or facsimile transmission message or other form of electronic transmission or communication and any such notice and document may be served or delivered by the Company on or to any member either personally or by sending it through the post in a prepaid envelope addressed to such member at his registered address as appearing in the register or at any other address supplied by him to the Company for the purpose or, as the case may be, by transmitting it to any such address or transmitting it to any telex or facsimile transmission number or electronic number or address or website supplied by him to the Company for the giving of notice to him or which the person transmitting the notice reasonably and bona fide believes at the relevant time will result in the notice being duly received by the member or may also be served by advertisement published in the newspapers or by placing it on the Company's website and giving to the member a notice stating that the notice or other document is available there (a "notice of availability"). The notice of availability may be given to the member by any of the means set out above. In case of joint holders of a share, all notices shall be given to that holder for the time being one of the joint holders whose name stands first in the register and notice so given shall be deemed a sufficient notice to all the joint holders. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Company may deem consent on the part of a Member to a corporate communication being made available to him on the Company's website if such deemed consent is permitted by the rules of the Designated Stock Exchange and the Company complies with any procedure that the Designated Stock Exchange may require;"

#### 17. Bye-law 169

the existing Bye-law 169 reads:

"Any notice sent by post shall be deemed to have been served on the day following that on which the envelope or wrapper containing the same is put into a post office situated within the Relevant Territory and in proving such service it shall be sufficient to prove that the envelope or wrapper containing the notice was properly prepaid, addressed and put into such post office and a certificate in writing signed by the Secretary or other person appointed by the Board that the envelope or wrapper containing the notice was so addressed and put into such post office shall be conclusive evidence thereof."

be amended to:

#### "Any notice or other document:

- (i) if served or delivered by post, shall where appropriate be sent by airmail and shall be deemed to have been served or delivered on the day following that on which the envelope containing the same, properly prepaid and addressed, is put into a post office situated within the Relevant Territory and in proving such service or delivery it shall be sufficient to prove that the envelope or wrapper containing the notice or document was properly addressed and put into the post and a certificate in writing signed by the Secretary or other officer of the Company or other person appointed by the Board that the envelope or wrapper containing the written notice or other document was so addressed and put into the post shall be conclusive evidence thereof;
- (ii) if sent by electronic communication, shall be deemed to be given on the day on which it is transmitted from the server of the Company or its agent. A written notice placed on the Company's website or the website of the Designated Stock Exchange, is deemed given by the Company to a member on the day following that on which a notice of availability is deemed served on the member;
- (iii) if served by advertisement, shall be deemed to have been served on the day of issue of the official publication and/or newspaper(s) in which the

advertisement is published (or on the last day of issue if the publication and/or newspaper(s) are published on different dates);

- (iv) if served or delivered in any other manner contemplated by these Bye-Laws, shall be deemed to have been served or delivered at the time of personal service or delivery or, as the case may be, at the time of the relevant dispatch or transmission; and in proving such service or delivery a certificate in writing signed by the Secretary or other officer of the Company or other person appointed by the Board as to the act and time of such service, delivery, dispatch or transmission shall be conclusive evidence thereof; and
- (v) may be given to a member either in the English language or the Chinese language, subject to due compliance with all applicable Statutes, rules and regulations."

#### 18. Bye-law 172

the existing Bye-law 172 reads:

"Any notice or document delivered or sent by post to, or left at the registered address of any member in pursuance of these presents, shall notwithstanding that such member be then deceased or bankrupt and whether or not the Company has notice of his death or bankruptcy, be deemed to have been duly served in respect of any registered shares whether held solely or jointly with other persons by such member until some other person be registered in his stead as the holder or joint holder thereof, and such service shall for all purposes of these presents be deemed a sufficient service of such notice or document on his personal representatives and all persons (if any) jointly interested with him in any such shares."

be amended to:

"Any notice or document delivered or sent by post to, sent by <u>electronic</u> <u>communication</u> to, or left at the registered address of, any members in pursuance

of these presents, shall notwithstanding that such member be then deceased or bankrupt and whether or not the Company has notice of his death or bankruptcy, be deemed to have been duly served in respect of any registered shares whether held solely or jointly with other persons by such member until some other person be registered in his stead as the holder or joint holder thereof, and such service shall for all purposes of these presents be deemed a sufficient service of such notice or document on his personal representatives and all persons (if any) jointly interested with him in any such shares. Sufficient service is also deemed given by the Company to a member if a notice is placed on the Company's website."

#### 19. Bye-law 173

the existing Bye-law 173 reads:

"The signature to any notice to be given by the Company may be written or printed."

be amended to:

"The signature to any notice to be given by the Company may be written, printed or made electronically.""

(Sd. Zhang Zhao Dong)

**Zhang Zhao Dong**Chairman of the Meeting

#### THE COMPANIES ORDINANCE (CHAPTER 32)

## ORDINARY & SPECIAL RESOLUTIONS OF EC-FOUNDER (HOLDINGS) COMPANY LIMITED

Passed on 4 January 2006

At the special general meeting (the "SGM") of the Company duly convened and held at Unit 1408, 14th Floor, Cable TV Tower, 9 Hoi Shing Road, Tsuen Wan, New Territories, Hong Kong on Wednesday, 4 January 2006 at 9:.45 a.m., the following Ordinary and Special Resolutions of the Company was duly proposed and passed:—

#### **ORDINARY RESOLUTIONS**

- 1. "THAT the Master Agreement (as defined in the circular of the Company dated 12 December 2005 (the "Circular") of which the notice of this meeting forms part, a copy of which was marked "A" and has been produced to the meeting and signed by the chairman of the meeting for the purposes of identification) proposed to be entered into between the Company and Founder Holdings Limited be and is hereby approved; and the proposed annual caps in relation to the transactions contemplated under the Master Agreement for each of the three financial years ending 31 December 2006, 2007 and 2008 as set out in the Circular be and are hereby approved; and any one director of the Company be and is hereby authorised on behalf of the Company to execute all such documents, in such final form or with such amendments as that director may deem appropriate, and to do all such acts or things, as he/she may in his/her absolute discretion consider necessary or desirable, to give effect to the Master Agreement and the transactions contemplated therein."
- 2. "THAT the Peking Founder Master Agreement (as defined in the Circular of which the notice of this meeting forms part, a copy of which was marked "B" and has been produced to the meeting and signed by the chairman of the meeting for the purposes of identification) proposed to be entered into between the Company and Peking University Founder Group Company Limited be and is hereby approved; and the proposed annual caps in relation to the transactions contemplated under the Peking Founder Master Agreement for each of the three financial years ending 31 December 2006, 2007 and 2008 as set out in the Circular be and are hereby approved; and any one director of the Company be and is hereby authorised on behalf of the Company to execute all such documents, in such final form or with such amendments as that director may deem appropriate, and to do all such acts or things, as he/she may in his/her absolute discretion consider necessary or desirable, to give effect to the Peking Founder Master Agreement and the transactions contemplated therein."

#### SPECIAL RESOLUTION

- 3. "THAT the Bye-laws of the Company be amended in the following manner:
  - (A) Bye-law 70
    - (a) by inserting in the first paragraph after the words "decided on a show of hands, unless", the following words:
      - "voting by way of a poll is required by the rules of the Designated Stock Exchange or";
    - (b) by deleting the full-stop at the end of Bye-law 70(iv) and replacing therewith a semi-colon and the word "or" immediately thereafter and by inserting the following as new Bye-law 70(v):
      - "70.(v) by any Director or Directors (including the chairman of a general meeting of the Company) who, individually or collectively, hold proxies in respect of shares representing 5 per cent. or more of the total voting rights at such meeting and if on a show of hands such meeting votes in the opposite manner to that instructed in those proxies."
  - (B) By deleting the existing Bye-law 71 in its entirety and substituting therefor the following:
    - "71. If a poll is duly demanded, the result of a poll shall be deemed to be the resolution of the meeting at which the poll was demanded. The chairman of the meeting shall count and record all proxy votes properly, and announce the result of the poll, in accordance with the requirements of the Designated Stock Exchange."
  - (C) Bye-law 99
    - (a) by deleting Bye-law 99(A) in its entirety and substituting therefor the following:
      - "99. (A) Subject to the provisions of any Statute and notwithstanding any other provisions in the Bye-laws, at each annual general meeting, one-third of the Directors for the time being (or, if their number is not a multiple of three (3), the number nearest to but not less than one-third) shall retire from office by rotation provided that every Director (including those appointed for a specific term) shall be subject to retirement at least once every three years. The Directors

to retire in every year shall be those who have been longest in office since their last election but as between persons who became Directors on the same day shall (unless they otherwise agree between themselves) be determined by lot."

- (b) by inserting the words "and shall retain office until the close of the meeting at which he retires" after the words "re-election" at the end of the first sentence of Bye-law 99 (B).
- (D) By adding "the next following general meeting of the Company (in the case of filling a casual vacancy) or until" after the words "Any Director so appointed shall hold office only until" and adding "(in the case of an addition to their member)" after "the next following annual general meeting of the Company" in the existing Bye-law 102 (B)."

(Sd.) Cheung Shuen Lung

Cheung Shuen Lung
Chairman of the Meeting

#### THE COMPANIES ORDINANCE (CHAPTER 32)

## SPECIAL RESOLUTION OF EC-FOUNDER (HOLDINGS) COMPANY LIMITED

Passed on 24 May 2004

At the Special General Meeting of the shareholders of the Company duly convened and held at Unit 1408, 14th Floor, Cable TV Tower, 9 Hoi Shing Road, Tsuen Wan, New Territories, Hong Kong on 24 May 2004 at 10:45 a.m., the following resolution was duly passed as special resolution of the Company:

#### SPECIAL RESOLUTION

"THAT the bye-laws of the Company (the "Bye-laws") be amended as follows:-

- (A) By deleting the existing definition of "associates" in Bye-law 1 and substituting therefor the following new definition:—
  - ""associate(s)" shall have the meaning attributed to it in the rules of the Designated Stock Exchange."
- (B) By deleting the existing definition of "Clearing House" in Bye-law 1 and substituting therefor the following new definition:—
  - ""Clearing House" shall mean a recognised clearing house within the meaning of Schedule 1 to the Securities and Futures Ordinance (Chapter 571 of the Laws of Hong Kong) or, if the shares of the Company for the time being listed or quoted on a stock exchange, a clearing house or authorised share depository recognised by the laws of the jurisdiction in which such stock exchange is located."
- (C) By deleting the existing definition of "Substantial Shareholder" in Bye-law 1 and substituting therefor the following new definition:—
  - ""Substantial Shareholder" shall have the meaning attributed to it in the rules of the Designated Stock Exchange."

- (D) By inserting the following new definition of "Designated Stock Exchange" in Bye-law 1:-
  - ""Designated Stock Exchange" shall mean a stock exchange in respect of which the shares of the Company are listed or quoted and where such stock exchange deems such listing or quotation to be the primary listing or quotation of the shares of the Company."
- (E) By deleting the existing Bye-Iaw 76 in its entirety and replacing therewith the following new Bye-Iaw 76:
  - "76. Subject to any special rights, privileges or restrictions as to voting for the time being attached to any class or classes of shares, at any general meeting on a show of hands every member who is present in person or as a duly authorised corporate representative or by proxy shall have one vote, and on a poll every member present in person or as a duly authorised corporate representative or by proxy, shall have one vote for every share of which he is the holder which is fully paid up or credited as fully paid up (but so that no amount paid up or credited as paid up on a share in advance of calls or installments shall be treated for the purpose of this Bye-Law as paid up on the share). On a poll a member entitled to more than one vote need not use all his votes or cast all the votes he uses in the same way."
- (F) By inserting the following as new Bye-law 80(B):-
  - "80. (B) Where any member of the Company is, under the rules of the Designated Stock Exchange, required to abstain from voting on any particular resolution or restricted to voting only for or only against any particular resolution, any votes cast by or on behalf of such member in contravention of such requirement or restriction shall not be counted."
- (G) By re-numbering existing Bye-law 80(B) as Bye-law 80(C).
- (H) By deleting the existing Bye-law 81 in its entirety and replacing therewith the following new Bye-law 81:-
  - "81. Any member of the Company entitled to attend and vote at a meeting of the Company or a meeting of the holders of any class of shares in the Company shall be entitled to appoint another person as his proxy to attend and vote instead of him. A member who is the holder of two or more shares may appoint more than one proxy to attend on the same occasion. A proxy need not be a shareholder. In addition, a proxy or proxies representing either an individual member or a member which is a corporation, shall be entitled to exercise the same powers on behalf of the member which he or they represent as such member could exercise."

- (I) By deleting the existing Bye-laws 98(H), (1), (J) and (K) in their entirety and replacing therewith the following new Bye-laws 98(H), (1), (J) and (K):-
  - "98. (H) A Director shall not vote (nor shall he be counted in the quorum) on any resolution of the Board in respect of any contract or arrangement or any other proposal in which he or any of his associates, is to his knowledge, materially interested, and if he do so his vote shall not be counted (nor shall he be counted in the quorum for that resolution), but this prohibition shall not apply to any of the following matters namely:
    - (i) any contract or arrangement for the giving by the Company to such Director or his associate(s) any security or indemnity in respect of money lent by him or any of his associates or obligations incurred or undertaken by him or any of his associates at the request of or for the benefit of the Company or any of its subsidiaries;
    - (ii) any contract or arrangement for the giving by the Company of any security or indemnity to a third party in respect of a debt or obligation of the Company or any of its subsidiaries for which the Director or his associate(s) has himself/themselves assumed responsibility in whole or in part whether alone or jointly under a guarantee or indemnity or by the giving of security;
    - (iii) any contract or arrangement concerning an offer of shares or debentures or other securities of or by the Company or any other company which the Company may promote or be interested in for subscription or purchase, where the Director or his associate(s) is/are or is/are to be interested as a participant in the underwriting or sub-underwriting of the offer;
    - (iv) any contract or arrangement in which the Director or his associate(s) is/are interested in the same manner as other holders of shares or debentures or other securities of the Company or any of its subsidiaries by virtue only of his/their interest in shares or debentures or other securities of the Company;
    - (v) any contract or arrangement concerning any other company in which the. Director or his associate(s) is/are interested only, whether directly or indirectly, as an officer or executive or a shareholder other than a company in which the Director and/or his associate(s) is/ are beneficially interested in five (5) per cent. or more of the issued shares or of the voting rights of any class of shares of such company (or any third company through which his interest or that of any of his associates is derived); or

- (vi) any proposal or arrangement concerning the benefit of employees of the Company or its subsidiaries including:
  - (a) the adoption, modification or operation of any employees' share scheme or any share incentive or share option scheme involving the issue or grant of options over shares or other securities by the Company under which the Director or his associate(s) may benefit; or
  - (b) the adoption, modification or operation of a pension fund or retirement, death or disability benefits scheme which relates to Directors, his associates, and employees of the Company or any of its subsidiaries and does not provide in respect of any-Director or his associate(s), as such any privilege or advantage not generally accorded to the class of persons to which such scheme or fund relates.
- (I) A company shall be deemed to be a company in which a Director and/or his associate(s) owns five (5) per cent. or more if and so long as (but only if and so long as) he and/or his associates, (either directly or indirectly) are the holders of or beneficially interested in five (5) per cent. or more of any class of the equity share capital of such company or of the voting rights available to members of such company (or of any third company through which his/their interest or that of any of his associates is derived). For the purpose of this paragraph there shall be disregarded any shares held by a Director or his associate(s) as bare or custodian trustee and in which he or any of them has no beneficial interest, any shares comprised in a trust in which the interest of the Director or his associate(s) is/are in reversion or remainder if and so long as some other person is entitled to receive the income thereof, and any shares comprised in an authorised unit trust scheme in which the Director or his associate(s) is/are interested only as a unit holder and any shares which carry no voting right at general meetings and very restrictive dividend and return of capital right.
- (J) Where a company in which a Director and/or his associate(s) holds five (5) per cent. or more is/are materially interested in a transaction, then that Director and/or his associate(s) shall also be deemed materially interested in such transaction.
- (K) If any question shall arise at any meeting of the Board as to the materiality of the interest of a Director (other than the chairman of the meeting) or his associate(s) or as to the entitlement of any Director (other than such chairman) to vote and such question is not resolved by his voluntarily agreeing to abstain from voting, such question shall be referred to the chairman of the meeting and his ruling in relation to such other Director shall be final and conclusive except in a case where the nature or extent of the interest of the Director and/or his associate(s) concerned as known to such Director has not been fairly disclosed to the Board. If any question as aforesaid shall arise in

respect of the chairman of the meeting such question shall be decided by a resolution of the Board (for which purpose such chairman shall not vote thereon) and such resolution shall be final and conclusive except in a case where the nature or extent of the interest of such chairman as known to such chairman has not been fairly disclosed to the Board."

- (J) By deleting the existing Bye-law 103 in its entirety and replacing therewith the following new Bye-law 103:-
  - "103. No person, other than a retiring Director at the meeting shall, unless recommended by the Directors for election, be eligible for election as a Director at any general meeting, unless a notice in writing signed by a member (other than the person to be proposed) duly qualified to attend and vote at the meeting for which such notice is given of his intention to propose such person for election and also a notice in writing signed by the person to be proposed of his willingness to be elected shall have been lodged at the Head Office or at the Registration Office provided that the minimum length of the period, during which such notice(s) in writing are given, shall be at least seven days and that the period for lodgment of such notice(s) in writing shall commence no earlier than the day after the dispatch of the notice of the general meeting appointed for such election and end no later than seven days prior to the date of such general meeting."

(Sd.) Cheung Shuen Lung

Cheung Shuen Lung
Chairman of the Meeting

#### THE COMPANIES ORDINANCE (CHAPTER 32)

## ORDINARY & SPECIAL RESOLUTIONS OF EC-FOUNDER (HOLDINGS) COMPANY LIMITED

Passed on the 28th day of May, 2003

At the Annual General Meeting of the shareholders of the Company duly convened and held at Unit 1408, 14th Floor, Cable TV Tower, 9 Hoi Shing Road, Tsuen Wan, New Territories, Hong Kong on Wednesday, the 28th day of May, 2003 at 10:30 a.m., the following resolutions were duly passed as ordinary and special resolutions of the Company:

#### **ORDINARY RESOLUTIONS**

#### 4. "THAT:-

- (A) subject to paragraph (B) of this Resolution no. 4 below, the exercise by the directors of the Company during the Relevant Period (as defined in paragraph (C) of this Resolution no. 4 below) of all the powers of the Company to purchase Shares (as defined in paragraph (C) of this Resolution no. 4 below) on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited ("Stock Exchange") or on any other stock exchange on which the Shares may be listed and which is recognized for this purpose by the Securities and Futures Commission of Hong Kong and the Stock Exchange, subject to and in accordance with all applicable laws, including the Hong Kong Code on Share Repurchases and the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange or of any other stock exchange (as amended from time to time), be and is hereby generally and unconditionally approved;
- (B) the aggregate nominal amount of Shares which may be purchased or agreed conditionally or unconditionally to be purchased pursuant to the approval in paragraph (A) of this Resolution no. 4 above shall not exceed 10 per cent. of the aggregate nominal amount of the share capital of the Company in issue as at the date of passing of this Resolution no. 4, and the said approval be limited accordingly; and

- (C) for the purposes of this Resolution no. 4:-
  - (i) "Relevant Period" means the period from (and including) the passing of this Resolution no. 4 until whichever is the earliest of:-
    - (a) the conclusion of the next annual general meeting of the Company;
    - (b) the expiration of the period within which the next annual general meeting of the Company is required by the bye-laws of the Company or any applicable law to be held; or
    - (c) the revocation or variation of this Resolution no. 4 by an ordinary resolution of the shareholders of the Company in general meeting; and
  - (ii) "Shares" means shares of all classes in the capital of the Company and warrants and other securities which carry a right to subscribe or purchase shares in the Company."

#### 5. "THAT:-

- (A) subject to paragraph (B) of this Resolution no. 5 below, the exercise by the directors of the Company during the Relevant Period (as defined in paragraph (C) of this Resolution no. 5 below) of all the powers of the Company to allot, issue, grant, distribute and otherwise deal with additional Shares (as defined in paragraph (C) of this Resolution no. 5 below) and to make, issue or grant offers, agreements, options, warrants and other securities which might require Shares to be allotted, issued, granted, or distributed or otherwise dealt with during or after the end of the Relevant Period, be and is hereby generally and unconditionally approved;
- (B) the aggregate nominal amount of share capital allotted, issued, granted, distributed or otherwise dealt with or agreed conditionally or unconditionally to be allotted, issued, granted, distributed or otherwise dealt with (whether pursuant to an option, conversion or otherwise) by the directors of the Company pursuant to the approval in paragraph (A) of this Resolution no. 5 above, otherwise than pursuant to:
  - (i) a Rights Issue (as defined in paragraph (C) of this Resolution no. 5 below);
  - (ii) the grant of options under the share option scheme of the Company or the exercise of any of the subscription rights attaching to any options that have been or may be granted thereunder;

- (iii) the exercise of rights of subscription or conversion under the terms of any warrant issued by the Company or any securities which are convertible into Shares; or
- (iv) any scrip dividend scheme or similar arrangement providing for allotment of Shares in lieu of the whole or part of any dividend on Shares in accordance with the bye-laws of the Company,

shall not exceed the aggregate of:

- (a) 20 per cent. of the aggregate nominal amount of the share capital of the Company in issue as at the date of passing this Resolution no. 5; and
- (b) (if the directors of the Company are so authorised by a separate resolution of the shareholders of the Company) the aggregate nominal amount of the share capital of the Company purchased by the Company subsequent to the passing of this Resolution no. 5 (up to a maximum equivalent to 10 per cent. of the aggregate nominal amount of the share capital of the Company in issue as at the date of passing this Resolution no. 5),

and the said approval shall be limited accordingly; and

- (C) for the purposes of this Resolution no. 5:-
  - (i) "Relevant Period" means the period from the passing of this Resolution until whichever is the earliest of:—
    - (a) the conclusion of the next annual general meeting of the Company;
    - (b) the expiration of the period within which the next annual general meeting of the Company is required by the bye-laws of the Company or any applicable law to be held; and
    - (c) the revocation or variation of this Resolution no. 5 by an ordinary resolution of the shareholders of the Company in general meeting;
  - (ii) "Shares" means shares of all classes in the capital of the Company and warrants and other securities which carry a right to subscribe or purchase shares in the Company; and

- (iii) "Rights Issue" means an offer of Shares open for a period fixed by the directors of the Company to holders of Shares on the register of members (and, if appropriate, to the holders of warrants and other securities which carry a right to subscribe or purchase shares in the Company on the relevant register) on a fixed record date in proportion to their then holdings of such Shares (and, if appropriate, such warrants and other securities), (subject to such exclusions or other arrangements as the directors of the Company may deem necessary or expedient in relation to fractional entitlements or having regard to any legal or practical restrictions or obligations under the laws of or the requirements of any recognised regulatory body or any stock exchange in, any jurisdiction or territory applicable to the Company)."
- 6. "THAT subject to the passing of Resolutions nos. 4 and 5 set out in this Notice, the exercise by the-directors of the Company of the powers referred to in paragraph (A) of Resolution no. 5 in respect of the share capital of the Company referred to in subparagraph (b) of paragraph (B) of Resolution no. 5, be and is hereby approved and authorised."

#### SPECIAL RESOLUTION

7. "THAT "方正數碼(控股)有限公司" be and is hereby adopted as the Chinese name of the Company for the purpose of registration under Part XI of the Companies Ordinance (Cap. 32) of the Laws of Hong Kong.":

(Sd.) Cheung Shuen Lung

Cheung Shuen Lung
Chairman of the Meeting

### THE COMPANIES ORDINANCE (CHAPTER 32)

# SPECIAL RESOLUTION OF MANAGEMENT INVESTMENT & TECHNOLOGY (HOLDINGS) LIMITED

passed on the 16th day of November, 2000.

At the Special General Meeting of the shareholders of the Company duly convened and held at Unit 1408, 14th Floor, Cable TV Tower, 9 Hoi Shing Road, Tsuen Wan, New Territories, Hong Kong on Thursday, the 16th day of November, 2000 at 11:00 a.m., the following resolution were duly passed as Special Resolution:-

#### SPECIAL RESOLUTION

"THAT, subject to the approval of the Registrar of Companies in Bermuda, the name of the Company be and is hereby changed to "EC-Founder (Holdings) Company Limited" and that the directors of the Company be and are hereby authorised to do all such acts and things and execute all documents they consider necessary or expedient to give effect to the change of name."

(Sd.) Zou Wei

Zou Wei

Chairman of the Meeting

### ORDINARY AND SPECIAL RESOLUTIONS OF MANAGEMENT INVESTMENT & TECHNOLOGY (HOLDINGS) LIMITED

Passed on the 28th day of June, 1996	
•	

At the Special General Meeting of the shareholders of the Company duly convened and held at Meeting Room 603, Hong Kong Convention and Exhibition Centre, 1 Harbour Road, Wanchai, Hong Kong on Friday, June 28, 1996 at 3:10 p.m., the following resolutions was duly passed as Ordinary and Special Resolutions of the Company:—

#### ORDINARY RESOLUTION

#### 1. "THAT:-

- (a) subject to paragraph (c) below, the exercise by the Directors of the Company during the Relevant Period (as hereinafter defined) of all the powers of the Company to allot, issue and deal with additional shares in the capital of the Company and to make or grant offers, agreements and options which would or might require the exercise of such power be and is hereby generally and unconditionally approved;
- (b) the approval in paragraph (a) above shall authorise the Directors of the Company during the Relevant Period (as hereinafter defined) to make or grant offers, agreements and options which would or might require the exercise of such power after the end of the Relevant Period;
- (c) the aggregate nominal amount of share capital allotted or agreed conditionally or unconditionally to be allotted (whether pursuant to an option or otherwise) and issued by the Directors of the Company pursuant to the approval in paragraph (a) above, otherwise than (i) a Rights Issue; (ii) an issue of shares as scrip dividends pursuant to the Bye-Laws of the Company from time to time or (iii) an issue of shares under any option scheme or similar arrangement for the time being adopted for the grant or issue to employees of the Company and/or any of its subsidiaries of shares or rights of the Company, shall not exceed 20% of the aggregate nominal amount of the issued share capital of the Company at the date of passing this Resolution, and the said approval shall be limited accordingly; and

(d) for the purpose of this Resolution:-

"Relevant Period" means the period from the passing of this Resolution until whichever is the earlier of:—

- (i) the conclusion of the next annual general meeting of the Company;
- (ii) the expiration of the period within which the next annual general meeting of the Company is required by law to be held; and
- (iii) the date on which the authority set out in this Resolution is revoked or varied by an ordinary resolution of the shareholders of the Company in general meeting; and

"Rights Issue" means an offer of shares open for a period fixed by the Directors of the Company to the holders of shares of the Company on the register on a fixed record date in proportion to their then holdings of such shares as at that date (subject to such exclusions or other arrangements as the Directors of the Company may deem necessary or expedient in relation to fractional entitlements or having regard to any restrictions or obligations under the laws of, or the requirments of any recognised regulatory body or any stock exchange in, any territory outside Hong Kong applicable to the Company)."

#### SPECIAL RESOLUTION

- 2. "THAT the Bye-Laws of the Company be altered in the following manner:
  - (a) in Bye-Law 1 by inserting the following definitions:

"Clearing House" shall mean a recognised clearing house within the meaning of Section 2 of the securities and Futures (Clearing Houses) Ordinance (Chapter 420 of the Laws of Hong Kong) or a clearing house recognised by the laws of the jurisdiction in which the shares of the Company are listed or quoted on a stock exchange in such jurisdiction.

"corporate representative" shall mean any person appointed to act in that capacity pursuant to Bye-Laws 87(A) or 87(B).

(b) in Bye-Law 1 by deleting the words "in the cases of such members as are corporations, by their respective duly authorised representatives or," and "in the case of any member being a corporation, by its duly authorised representative or," before the words "where proxies are allowed," respectively and substituting thereof the words "as a duly authorised corporate representative or,";

- (c) in Bye-Law 15 by deleting the words "without payment to receive within two months after allotment or lodgement of a transfer (or within such other period as the conditions of issue shall provide) one certificate for all his shares" and "HK\$2" and substituting thereof the words "to receive one certificate for all his shares upon payment of such sum (not exceeding, in the case if any share capital listed on the stock exchange in Hong Kong, the maximum amount prescribed by applicable law or regulation of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited, and in the case of any other capital, such sum in such currency as the Board may from time to time determine to be reasonable in the territory in which the relevant register is situate) as the Board shall from time to time determine" and "the maximum amount as prescribed by applicable law or regulation of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited" respectively;
- (d) in Bye-Laws 19 and 40 by deleting the word "HK\$2" and substituting thereof the words "the maximum amount as prescribed by applicable law or regulation of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited";
- (e) in Bye-Law 36 by deleting the words "and may be under hand only";
- (f) in Bye-Law 37 by adding after the first sentence the words "The Board may also resolve, either generally or in any particular case and upon request by either the transferor or transferee, to accept machine imprinted signatures on the instrument of transfer."
- (g) in Bye-Law 66 by deleting the words "(or, in the case of a member being a corporation, by its duly authorised representative)" and substituting thereof the words "or as a duly authorised corporate representative";
- (h) in Bye-Law 70 (ii), (iii) and (iv) by deleting the words "(or, in the case of a member being a corporation, by its duly authorised representative)" and substituting thereof the words "or by a duly authorised corporate representative";
- (i) in Bye-Law 76 by deleting the words "(or, in the case of a member being a corporation, by its duly authorised representative)" in the fifth and eighth lines and substituting thereof the words "or as a duly authorised corporate representative";
- (j) by deleting the existing Bye-Law 81 and substituting thereof the following new Bye-Law 81:
  - "81. Any member of the Company entitled to attend and vote at a meeting of the Company or a meeting of the holders of any class of shares in the Company shall be entitled to appoint another person as his proxy to attend and vote instead of him. On a poll votes may be given either personally

or by a duly authorised corporate representative or by proxy. A member who is the holder of two or more shares may appoint more than one proxy to attend on the same occasion. A proxy need not be a shareholder. In addition, a proxy or proxies representing either an individual member or a member which is a corporation, shall be entitled to exercise the same powers on behalf of the member which he or they represent as such member could exercise, excluding the right to vote individually on a show of hands."

(k) by deleting existing Bye-Law 87(A) and renumbering existing Bye-Law 87 as Bye-Law 87(A), deleting the full stop at the end of its last sentence and adding the following words:

"or by one or more proxies. Nothing contained in this Bye-Law shall prevent a corporation which is a member of the Company from appointing one or more proxies to represent it pursuant to Bye-Law 81.";

- (1) by adopting the following new Bye-Law 87(B):
  - 87.(B) If a Clearing House (or its nominee) is a member of the Company, it may appoint such person or persons as it thinks fit to act as its proxy or proxies or as its corporate representative or representatives, to the extent permitted by the Companies Act, at any meeting of the Company or at any meeting of any class of members of the Company provided that, if more than one person is so appointed, the appointment shall specify the number and class of shares in respect of which each such person is so appointed. A person so appointed under the provisions of this Bye-Law shall be entitled to exercise the same powers on behalf of the Clearing House (or its nominee) which he represents as that Clearing House (or its nominee) could exercise as if it were an individual member including the right to vote individually on a show of hands.";
- (m) by deleting existing Bye-Law 182(iii)."

Dated the 28th day of June, 1996.

(Sd.) King Shing Lee
KING SHING LEE
(Chairman)

# ORDINARY AND SPECIAL RESOLUTIONS OF (MANAGEMENT INVESTMENT & TECHNOLOGY (HOLDINGS) LIMITED

Passed on June 26, 1995

At an Annual General Meeting of the shareholders of the Company duly convened and held at Meeting Room 604, Hong Kong Convention and Exhibition Centre, 1 Harbour Road, Wanchai, Hong Kong on Monday, June 26, 1995 at 10:30 a.m., the following resolutions was duly passed as Ordinary and Special Resolutions of the Company:—

#### **ORDINARY RESOLUTIONS**

#### A. "THAT:-

- (a) subject to paragraph (b) below, the exercise by the Directors of the Company during the Relevant Period of all the powers of the Company to repurchase shares of the Company in accordance with all applicable laws and the requirements of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited or of any other stock exchange as amended from time to time, be and is hereby generally and unconditionally approved;
- (b) the aggregate nominal amount of shares of the Company to be repurchased by the Company pursuant to the approval in paragraph (a) above shall not exceed 10% of the aggregate nominal amount of the share capital of the Company in issue on the date of this Resolution and the said approval shall be limited accordingly; and
- (c) for the purpose of this Resolution, "Relevant Period" means the period from the passing of this Resolution until whichever is the earlier of:—
  - (i) the conclusion of the next annual general meeting of the Company;
  - (ii) the expiration of the period within which the next annual general meeting of the Company is required by the Bye-Laws of the Company or any applicable law of Bermuda to be held; and
  - (iii) the date on which the authority set out in this Resolution is revoked or varied by an ordinary resolution of the shareholders in general meeting."

#### B. "THAT:-

- (a) Subject to paragraph (c) below, the exercise by the Directors of the Company during the Relevant Period of all the powers of the Company to allot, issue and deal with additional shares in the capital of the Company and to make or grant offers, agreements and options which might require the exercise of such power be and is hereby generally and unconditionally approved;
- (b) the approval in paragraph (a) above shall authorise the Directors of the Company during the Relevant Period to make or grant offers, agreements and options which might require the exercise of such power after the end of the Relevant Period;
- (c) the aggregate nominal amount of share capital allotted or agreed conditionally or unconditionally to be allotted (whether pursuant to an option or otherwise) and issued by the Directors of the Company pursuant to the approval given in paragraph (a) above, otherwise than pursuant to (i) a Rights Issue, (ii) an issue of shares as scrip dividends pursuant to the Bye-Laws of the Company from time to time or (iii) an issue of shares under any option scheme or similar arrangement for the time being adopted for the grant or issue to officers and/or employees of the Company and/or any of its subsidiaries of shares or rights to acquire shares of the Company, shall not exceed 20% of the aggregate nominal amount of the share capital of the Company in issue at the date of this Resolution and the said approval shall be limited accordingly; and
- (d) for the purpose of this Resolution:—

"Relevant Period" means the period from the passing of this Resolution until whichever is the earlier of:—

- (i) the conclusion of the next annual general meeting of the Company;
- (ii) the expiration of the period within which the next annual general meeting of the Company is required by the Bye-Laws of the Company or any applicable law of Bermuda to be held; and
- (iii) the revocation or variation of the authority given under this Resolution by an ordinary resolution of the shareholders in general meeting; and

"Rights Issue" means an offer of shares open for a period fixed by the Directors of the Company to holders of shares of the Company on the register on a fixed record date in proportion to their then holdings of such shares (subject to such exclusions or other arrangements as the Directors of the Company may deem necessary or expedient in relation to fractional entitlements or having regard

to any restrictions or obligations under the laws of, or the requirements of any recognised regulatory body or any stock exchange in any territory applicable to the Company)."

C. "THAT the general mandate granted to the Directors of the Company to allot, issue and deal with additional shares pursuant to Ordinary Resolution No. 4B set out in the notice convening this meeting be and is hereby extended by the addition thereto of an amount representing the aggregate nominal amount of shares in the capital of the Company repurchased by the Company under the authority granted pursuant to Ordinary Resolution No. 4A set out in the notice convening this meeting, provided that such amount of shares so repurchased shall not exceed 10% of the aggregate nominal amount of the issued share capital of the Company at the date of the said Resolution."

#### SPECIAL RESOLUTION

"THAT the Bye-Laws of the Company be and are hereby altered by adding the following new Bye-Law No. 87A after the existing Bye-Law No. 87:—

87A. If a recognised clearing house within the meaning of section 2 of the Securities (Clearing Houses) Ordinance of Hong Kong (or its nominee) is a member of the Company it may, by resolution of its directors or other governing body or by power of attorney, authorise such person or persons as it thinks fit to act as its representative or representatives at any meeting of the Company or at any meeting of any class of members of the Company provided that, if more than one person is so authorised, the authorisation shall specify the number and class of shares in respect of which each such person is so authorised. A person so authorised shall be entitled to exercise the same powers on behalf of the recognised clearing house (or its nominee) which he represents as that clearing house (or its nominee) could exercise if it were an individual shareholder of the Company."

Dated June 26, 1995

(Sd.) Richard Chih Shin Yung
RICHARD CHIH SHIN YUNG
(Chairman)

# ORDINARY AND SPECIAL RESOLUTIONS OF MANAGEMENT INVESTMENT & TECHNOLOGY (HOLDINGS) LIMITED

Passed on 28 June 1993

At a Special General Meeting of Shareholders of the Company duly convened and held at Queensway Room, 3/F., JW Marriott Hotel, Pacific Place, 88 Queensway, Hong Kong on 28 June 1993, the following resolutions was duly passed as Ordinary and Special Resolutions of the Company:-

#### **ORDINARY RESOLUTION**

#### 1. "THAT:-

- (a) subject to paragraph (b) below, the exercise by the Directors of the Company during the Relevant Period of all the powers of the Company to repurchase securities of the Company in accordance with all applicable laws and the requirements of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited or of any other stock exchange as amended from time to time, be and is hereby generally and unconditionally approved;
- (b) the aggregate nominal amount of shares of the Company to be repurchased by the Company pursuant to the approval in paragraph (a) above shall not exceed 10% of the aggregate nominal amount of the share capital of the Company in issue at the date of this Resolution and the aggregate number of units of warrants to be repurchased pursuant to paragraph (a) above shall not exceed 10% of the aggregate number of units of the outstanding warrants issued by the Company to subscribe for shares of the Company at the date of this Resolution, and the said approval shall be limited accordingly; and
- (c) for the purposes of this Resolution, "Relevant Period" means the period from the passing of this Resolution until whichever is the earlier of:—
  - (i) the conclusion of the next annual general meeting of the Company;
  - (ii) the expiration of the period within which the next annual general meeting of the Company is required by the Bye-Laws of the Company or any applicable law of Bermuda to be held; and
  - (iii) the date on which the authority set out in this Resolution is revoked or varied by an ordinary resolution of the shareholders in general meeting."

#### **ORDINARY RESOLUTION**

#### 2. "THAT:-

- (a) subject to paragraph (c) below, the exercise by the Directors of the Company during the Relevant Period of all the powers of the Company to allot, issue and deal with additional shares in the capital of the Company and to make or grant offers, agreements and options which might require the exercise of such power be and is hereby generally and unconditionally approved;
- (b) the approval in paragraph (a) above shall authorise the Directors of the Company during the Relevant Period to make or grant offers, agreements and options which might require the exercise of such power after the end of the Relevant Period;
- (c) the aggregate nominal amount of share capital allotted or agreed conditionally or unconditionally to be allotted (whether pursuant to an option or otherwise) and issued by the Directors of the Company pursuant to the approval given in paragraph (a) above, otherwise than pursuant to (i) a Rights Issue, (ii) the exercise of rights of subscription or conversion under the terms of any warrants issued by the Company or any securities which are convertible into shares of the Company, (iii) an issue of shares as scrip dividends pursuant to the Bye-Laws of the Company from time to time or (iv) an issue of shares under any option scheme or similar arrangement for the time being adopted for the grant or issue to employees of the Company and/or any of its subsidiaries of shares or rights to acquire shares of the Company, shall not exceed 20% of the aggregate nominal amount of the share capital of the Company in issue at the date of this Resolution and the said approval shall be limited accordingly; and
- (d) for the purpose of this Resolution:—

"Relevant Period" means the period from the passing of this Resolution until whichever is the earlier of:—

- (i) the conclusion of the next annual general meeting of the Company;
- (ii) the expiration of the period within which the next annual general meeting of the Company is required by the Bye-Laws of the Company or any applicable law of Bermuda to be held; and
- (iii) the revocation or variation of the authority given under this Resolution by an ordinary resolution of the shareholders in general meeting; and

"Rights Issue" means an offer of shares open for a period fixed by the Directors of the Company to holders of shares of the Company on the register on a fixed record date in proportion to their then holdings of such shares (subject to such exclusions or other arrangements as the Directors of the Company may deem necessary or expedient in relation to fractional entitlements or having regard to any restrictions or obligations under the laws of, or the requirements of any recognised regulatory body or any stock exchange in any territory applicable the Company)."

#### **ORDINARY RESOLUTION**

3. "THAT the general mandate granted to the Directors of the Company to issue and dispose of additional shares pursuant to Ordinary Resolution No. 2 set out in the notice convening this meeting be and is hereby extended by the addition thereto of an amount representing the aggregate nominal amount of the share capital of the Company repurchased by the Company under the authority granted pursuant to Ordinary Resolution No. 1 set out in the notice convening this meeting, provided that such amount shall not exceed 10% of the aggregate nominal amount of the issued share capital of the Company at the date of this Resolution."

#### SPECIAL RESOLUTION

- 4· "THAT the Bye-Laws of the Company be altered in the following manner:—
  - (1) Bye-Law No. 1:-

by inserting the words "the votes cast by" before the word "such" in the second line and by deleting the word "or" after the word "proxy" in the sixth line of the paragraph with its marginal note reading as "Ordinary Resolution".

- (2) Bye-Law No. 6(B):
  - by replacing the words "they think" in the Last line with the words "it thinks".
- (3) Bye-Law No. 15:-

by inserting the word "may" after the word "Board" in the nineteenth line.

- (4) Bye-Law No. 53:
  - by replacing the word "as" at the end of the eighth line with the word "at".

(5) Bye-Law No. 62:-

by inserting the word "meeting" at the end of its marginal note.

- (6) Bye-Law No. 63:-
  - (a) by inserting the word "the" before the word "manner" in the twelfth line;
  - (b) by inserting the punctuation "," immediately after the word "that" in the sixteenth line.
- (7) Bye-Law No. 70:-

by inserting the words "the demand is" before the word "not" in the first line of the last paragraph.

(8) Bye-Law No. 79:-

by replacing the word "last" at the beginning of the penultimate line with the word "latest".

- (9) Bye Law No. 80:-
  - (a) by inserting the words "(save as proxy for another member)" immediately after the word "quorum" in the penultimate line of paragraph (A);
  - (b) by inserting the words "Objections to votes" as its marginal note in paragraph (B).
- (10) Bye-Law No. 94:-

by replacing the word "on" in the seventh line with the word "in".

(11) Bye-Law No. 98(I):-

by replacing the word "is" in the fifth line with the word "are".

(12) Bye-Law No. 115(A):-

by inserting after the word "authorities" in the third line and deleting from the fourth line the words "expressly conferred upon it".

(13) Bye-Law No. 117:-

by replacing the word "they" in the last line with the word "it".

(14) Bye-Law No. 118:-

by replacing the word "their" in the fourth line with word "its".

- (15) Bye-Law No. 120~-
  - (a) by replacing the words "they think" in the third line with the words "it thinks";
  - (b) by replacing the word "any" in the twelfth line with the words "of any such".
- (16) Bye-Law No. 131:-

by inserting after the word "Anything" in the fourth line and deleting from the fifth and sixth lines the words "required or authorised".

(17) Bye-Law No. 136:-

by replacing the word "subdelegate" in the fourteenth line with the word "subdelegate".

(18) Bye-Law No. 138:-

by replacing the word "holding" in the thirteenth line with the words "who hold".

(19) Bye-Law No. 140(B):-

by replacing the words "they think" in the eleventh line with the words "it thinks".

(20) Bye-Law No. 142(B):-

by replacing the word "them" in the second line with the word "it".

(21) Bye-Law No. 156:-

by inserting the words "Record dates" as its marginal note.

(22) Bye-Law No. 163(B):-

by replacing the words "Annual General Meeting" in the seventeenth line with the words "annual general meeting".

(23) Bye-Law No. 169:-

by inserting the word "the" before the word "notice" in the seventh line.

(24) Bye-Law No. 170:-

by inserting the words "of a member" at the end of its marginal note.

**Dated 28 June 1993** 

(Sd.) Richard Chih Shin Yung
RICHARD CHIH SHIN YUNG
(Chairman)

### MANAGEMENT INVESTMENT & TECHNOLOGY (HOLDINGS) LIMITED

RESOLUTIONS
Passed on the 11th day of September, 1991.

At a Special General Meeting of the Shareholders of the Company duly convened and held at Room 2718, Jardine House, I Connaught Place, Central, Hong Kong on the 11th day of September, 1991 at 10:45 a.m., the following resolutions were duly passed:—

- 1. THAT conditionally on the Listing Committee of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited granting listings of and permission to deal in the shares of HK\$0.10 each of the Company in issue and the shares and Warrants (as hereinafter defined) to be issued as mentioned in the prospectus proposed to be issued by the Company and proposed to be dated 17th September, 1991 (the "Prospectus") and in any shares falling to be issued on the exercise of subscription rights attaching to the Warrants and on no objection to such listings being made by the Securities and Futures Commission pursuant to Rule 4 of the Securities (Stock Exchange Listing) Rules 1989 or, if such an objection is made, on such listings being allowed by the Securities and Futures Commission pursuant to Rule 10(3)(a) of those rules and on the obligations of Chase Manhattan Asia Limited, DKB Asia Limited and Sassoon Securities Limited (the "Underwriters") under the underwriting agreement, to be entered into between, inter alia, the Underwriters and the Company becoming unconditional (including, if relevant, waiver of any condition(s) by the Underwriters) not being terminated in accordance with the terms of that agreement or otherwise, in each case on or before 17th October, 1991:-
  - (A) the proposed issue of 37,000,000 shares of HK\$0.10 each of the Company for subscription at HK\$1.08 per share on the terms and subject to the conditions set out in the Prospectus (the "New Issue") be and is hereby approved and that the directors be and they are hereby authorised to effect the same and to allot and issue shares of the Company pursuant thereto;
  - (B) the creation of the warrants conferring rights to subscribe for up to HK\$34,928,000 in aggregate, for a total of 29,600,000 shares in the capital of the Company, on the basis of an initial subscription price of HK\$1.18 per share (subject to adjustment), between 7th October, 1991 and 6th October, 1994 (the "Warrants") subject to the terms and conditions as

set out in the instrument by way of deed poll (a copy of a draft of which marked "A", subject to further modifications as the directors may consider appropriate, has been produced to the meeting and for the purpose of identification signed by the Chairman thereof) be and is hereby approved and that the directors be and they are hereby authorised to execute the same under the seal of the Company and to issue the Warrants by way of bonus to holders of shares of HK\$0.10 each of the Company whose names appear on the register of members immediately following the allotment and issue of the 37,000,000 shares of HK\$0.10 each pursuant to the New Issue and the shares of the Company to be issued under the conditional capitalisation issue referred to in Resolution No.2 set out in the notice convening this meeting in the proportion of one Warrant for every five shares of HK\$0.10 each of the Company then held and the directors be and they are hereby authorised to allot and issue any shares in the capital of the Company which may fall to be allotted and issued on the exercise of the subscription rights attaching to the Warrants;

- (C) the share option scheme (the "Share Option Scheme") the rules of which are set out in the document marked "B" now produced to the meeting and for the purpose of identification signed by the Chairman thereof be and the same is hereby approved and adopted and that the directors be and they are hereby authorised to grant options to subscribe for shares of the Company thereunder and to allot, issue and deal with shares of the Company pursuant to the exercise of the options granted under the same and to take all such steps as may be necessary or desirable to implement the Share Option Scheme.
- 2. THAT conditionally on the share premium account of the Company being credited as a result of the issue of 37,000,000 new shares of HK\$0.10 each of the Company on the terms of the Prospectus (as defined in Resolution No.1 set out in the notice convening this meeting), the sum of HK\$2,900,000 be capitalised from the amount standing to the credit of the share premium account of the Company and the directors of the Company be and they are hereby authorised to appropriate the said sum of HK\$2,900,000 as capital for paying up in full at par 29,000,000 shares of HK\$0.10 each of the Company to be allotted and issued, credited as fully paid at par to and amongst the persons whose names appear on the register of members of the Company at the close of business on 10th September, 1991 (or as they may direct) as the holders of shares of HK\$0.10 each of the Company pro rata to their then shareholdings in the Company as closely as possible (such pro rata basis shall be conclusively determined by the directors) save that no shareholder shall be entitled to be allotted or issued any fraction of a share, and so that the shares to be allotted and issued pursuant to

this resolution shall rank pari passu in all respects with the then existing issued shares of HK\$0.10 each of the Company and the directors of the Company be and they are hereby authorised to give effect to such capitalisation.

#### 3. **THAT**:-

- (A) subject to paragraph (C) below, pursuant to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited the exercise by the directors of the Company during the Relevant Period (as hereinafter defined) of all the powers of the Company to allot, issue and deal with additional shares in the capital of the Company and to make or grant offers, agreements and options which might require the exercise of such power be and it is hereby generally and unconditionally approved;
- (B) the approval in paragraph (A) above shall authorise the directors of the Company during the Relevant Period to make or grant offers, agreements and options which might require the exercise of such power after the end of the Relevant Period;
- (C) the aggregate nominal amount of share capital allotted or agreed conditionally or unconditionally to be allotted (whether pursuant to an option or otherwise) by the directors of the Company pursuant to the approval in paragraph (A) above, otherwise than pursuant to (i) a Rights Issue (as hereinafter defined), or (ii) an issue of shares under any option scheme or similar arrangement for the time being adopted for the grant or issue to officers and/or employees of the Company and/or any of its subsidiaries of shares or rights to acquire shares of the Company, or (iii) any issue of shares upon the exercise of the subscription rights attaching to any warrants of the Company, shall not exceed 20 per cent of the aggregate nominal amount of the share capital of the Company in issue at the date of this Resolution and as enlarged by (i) the New Issue and (ii) the capitalisation issue mentioned in Resolutions No.1 and 2 set out in the notice convening this meeting respectively, and the said approval shall be limited accordingly; and

#### (D) for the purposes of this Resolution:—

"Relevant Period" means the period from the passing of this Resolution until whichever is the earlier of:—

(i) the conclusion of the next annual general meeting of the Company;

(ii) the expiration of the period within which the next annual general meeting of the Company is required by the bye-laws of the Company or The Companies Act 1981 of Bermuda (as amended) or any other applicable law of Bermuda to be held; and

"Rights Issue" means an offer of shares open for a period fixed by the directors of the Company to holders of shares on the register on a fixed record date in proportion to their then holdings of such shares (subject to such exclusion or other arrangements as the directors of the Company may deem necessary or expedient in relation to fractional entitlements or having regard to any restrictions or obligations under the laws of or the requirements of any recognised body or any stock exchange in any territory applicable to the Company).

#### 4. **THAT**:-

- (A) subject to paragraph (B) below and subject to the passing of Resolution No.6 set out in the notice convening this meeting, the exercise by the directors of the Company during the Relevant Period (as hereinafter defined) of all powers of the Company to purchase securities of the Company on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") or on any other exchange on which the securities of the Company may be listed and recognised by the Securities and Futures Commission and the Stock Exchange for this purpose, subject to and in accordance with all applicable laws and/or the requirements of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange or of any other stock exchange as amended from time to time, be and is hereby generally and unconditionally approved;
- (B) the aggregate nominal amount of securities of the Company purchased by the Company pursuant to paragraph (A) above during the Relevant Period shall be no more than 10 per cent of the aggregate nominal amount of the issued share capital of the Company as enlarged by the New Issue and the capitalisation issue referred to in Resolutions No. 1 and 2 set out in the notice convening this meeting respectively and 10 per cent of the Warrants (referred to in Resolution No. 1 set out in the notice of this meeting) outstanding and the authority pursuant to paragraph (A) above shall be limited accordingly; and
- (C) for the purposes of this Resolution, "Relevant Period" means the period from the passing of this Resolution until whichever is the earlier of:—

- (i) the conclusion of the next annual general meeting of the Company; or
- (ii) the expiration of the period within which the next annual general meeting of the Company is required by the bye-laws of the Company or The Companies Act 1981 of Bermuda (as amended) or any other applicable law of Bermuda to be held; and
- (iii) the passing of an ordinary resolution by shareholders of the Company in general meeting revoking or varying the authority given to the directors by this Resolution.
- 5. THAT conditionally upon the passing of Resolution No.4 set out in the notice convening this meeting, the general mandate granted to the directors and for the time being in force to exercise the powers of the Company to allot shares be and is hereby extended by the addition to the aggregate nominal amount of share capital which may be allotted or agreed conditionally or unconditionally to be allotted by the directors pursuant to such general mandate an amount representing the aggregate nominal amount of shares in the capital of the Company purchased by the Company since the granting of the said general mandate pursuant to the exercise by the directors of the powers of the Company to purchase such shares, provided that such amount shall not exceed 10 per cent of the aggregate nominal amount of the issued share capital of the Company in issue immediately after the New Issue and capitalisation issue mentioned in Resolutions No. 1 and 2 set out in the notice convening this meeting respectively.
- 6. **THAT** the regulations contained in the document marked "C" produced to this meeting and for the purpose of identification signed by the Chairman thereof be approved and adopted as the new Bye-Laws of the Company in substitution for and to the exclusion of all the existing Bye-Laws of the Company.

Dated the 11th day of September, 1991.

(Sd.) Richard Chih Shin Yung

Richard Chih Shin Yung

Chairman

### MANAGEMENT INVESTMENT & TECHNOLOGY (HOLDINGS) LIMITED

RESOLUTIONS
Passed on the 6th day of September, 1991.

At a Special General Meeting of the Shareholders of the Company duly convened and held at 2718, Jardine House, 1 Connaught Place, Central, Hong Kong on the 6th day of September, 1991 at 11:15 a.m., the following resolutions were duly passed:—

- 1. **THAT** each of the existing 100,000 issued shares of HK\$1.00 each in the share capital of the Company be and is hereby sub-divided into 10 shares of HK\$0.10 each.
- 2. **THAT** the Company's share capital be altered by increasing the authorised share capital from HK\$100,000 to HK\$50,000,000 by the creation of 499,000,000 shares of HK\$0.10 each.
- 3. **THAT** the directors of the Company be and they are hereby authorised to allot and issue credited as fully paid a total of 81,000,000 shares of HK\$0.10 each as consideration for the acquisition of 1,000 shares of US\$1 each of Management Investment & Technology International Inc. as to 60,000,000 shares to Ricwinco Investment Limited and 21,000,000 shares to Chinney Investments, Limited.

Dated the 6th day of September, 1991.

(Sd.) Richard Chih Shin Yung

Richard Chih Shin YUNG
Chairman



#### **BERMUDA**

## CERTIFICATE OF INCORPORATION ON CHANGE OF NAME

I HEREBY CERTIFY that in accordance with section 10 of *the Companies Act 1981* MANAGEMENT INVESTMENT & TECHNOLOGY (HOLDINGS) LIMITED by resolution and with the approval of the Registrar of Companies has changed its name and was registered as EC-Founder (Holdings) Company Limited on the 16th day of November, 2000.

Given under my hand and the Seal of the REGISTRAR OF COMPAN1ES this **16th** day of **November**, **2000**.

Seal of the Registrar of Companies Bermuda

(Sd.)
Acting Registrar of Companies



#### **CERTIFICATE OF INCORPORATION**

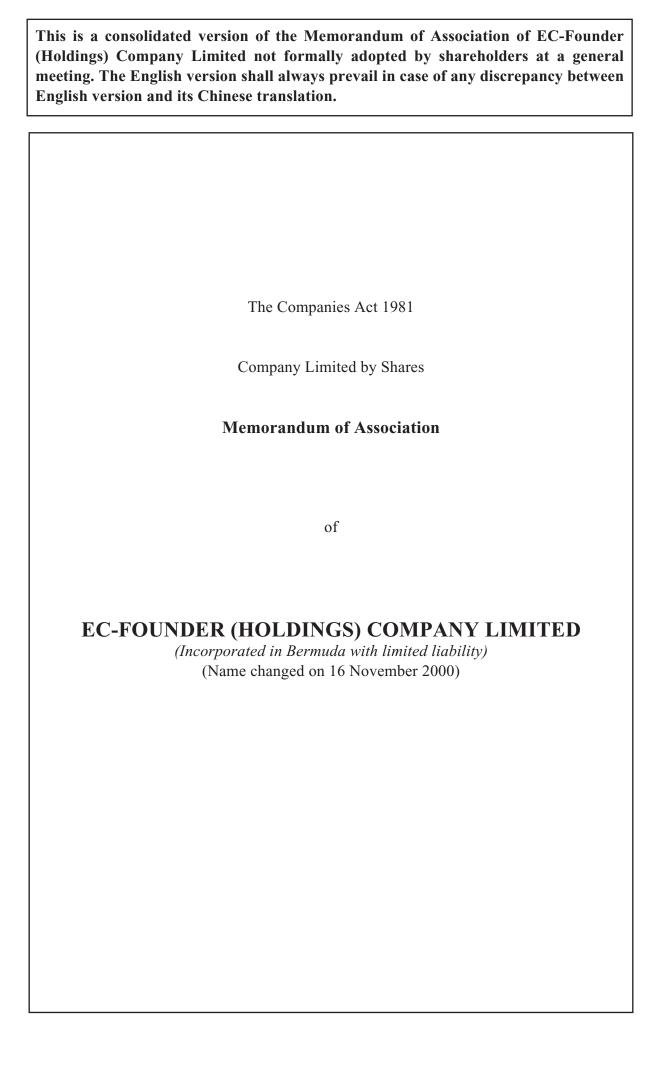
I hereby in accordance with the provisions of section 14 of the Companies Act, 1981, issue this Certificate of Incorporation and do certify that on the 19th day of July 1991

## MANAGEMENT INVESTMENT & TECHNOLOGY (HOLDINGS) LIMITED

was registered by me in the Register maintained by me under the provisions of the said section and that the status of the said company is that of an exempted company.

Given under my hand this 19th day of July 1991

Seal of the Registrar of Companies Bermuda (Sd.)
Acting Registrar of Companies





#### **BERMUDA**

#### THE COMPANIES ACT 1981

#### MEMORANDUM OF ASSOCIATION OF

#### **COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES**

(Section 7(1) and (2))

#### MEMORANDUM OF ASSOCIATION

**OF** 

#### EC-FOUNDER (HOLDINGS) COMPANY LIMITED

(Name changed on 16 November 2000) (hereinafter referred to as "the Company")

- 1. The liability of the members of the Company is limited to the amount (if any) for the time being unpaid on the shares respectively held by them.
- 2. We, the undersigned, namely,

NAME	ADDRESS	BERMUDIAN STATUS (YES/NO)	NATIONALITY	NUMBER OF SHARES SUBSCRIBED
Jeffrey P. Roy Cedar House, 41 Cedar Hamilton HM 12, Berm	,	No	Canadian	1
Ruby L. Rawlins Cedar House, 41 Cedar Hamilton HM 12, Berm	*	Yes	British	1
Marcia De Couto Cedar House, 41 Cedar Hamilton HM 12, Berm	*	Yes	British	1
Rosalind Johnson Cedar House, 41 Cedar Hamilton HM 12, Berm	*	Yes	British	1

do hereby respectively agree to take such number of shares of the Company as may be allotted to us respectively by the provisional directors of the Company, not exceeding the number of shares for which we have respectively subscribed, and to satisfy such calls as may be made by the directors, provisional directors or promoters of the Company in respect of the shares allotted to us respectively.

- 3. The Company is to be an exempted Company as defined by the Companies Act 1981.
- 4. The Company has power to hold land situated in Bermuda not exceeding in all, including the following parcels—

Not Applicable

- 5. The Company does not propose to carry on business in Bermuda.
- 6.\* The authorised share capital of the Company is HK\$300,000,000.00 divided into 3,000,000,000 shares of HK\$0.10 each. The minimum subscribed share capital of the Company is \$100,000.00 in Hong Kong currency.
- 7. The objects for which the Company is formed and incorporated are—
  - (i) To carry on the business of a holding company in all its branches and to coordinate the policy and administration of any subsidiary, company or companies or any group of companies of which the company or any subsidiary company is a member or which are in any manner controlled by the company;
  - To act and to perform all the functions of a holding company, and for that (ii) purpose to acquire and hold for investment shares, stocks, debentures, debenture stock, bonds, obligations and securities issued by or on behalf of any government or state or of any share or marketable security issued by or on behalf of any corporation, company or body of persons wherever incorporated and to acquire and hold for investment bonds, obligations and securities issued or guaranteed by any government, sovereign ruler, commissioners, public body or authority, supreme, municipal, local or otherwise; the said shares and securities shall be acquired by original subscriptions, tender, purchase exchange, underwriting, participation and syndicates or in any other manner and whether or not fully paid up, and to make payments thereon as called upon or in advance of calls or otherwise and to subscribe for the same, whether conditionally or absolutely, and to hold the same with a view to investment, both with the power to vary any investments, and to exercise and enforce all rights and powers conferred by or incident to the ownership thereof, and to invest and deal with the monies of the Company not immediately required upon such securities and in such manner as may be from time to time determined;

(iii) To enter into any guarantee, contract of indemnity or suretyship and to ensure, support or secure with or without consideration or benefit the performance of any obligation of any person or persons and to guarantee the fidelity of individuals filling or about to fill situations of trust or confidence;

Provided that this shall not be construed as authorising the Company to carry on the business of banking as defined in The Bank's Act 1969 or the business of wholesale banking or financial guarantee business or the business of promissory note operations; and

(iv) As set forth in paragraphs (b) to (n) and (p) to (t) inclusive of the Second Schedule to the Companies Act 1981.

#### STAMP DUTY (To be affixed)

8. The Company has the powers set out in the First Schedule to the Companies Act 1981 (excluding the power set out in paragraph 1 thereof) and the additional powers set out in the Schedule annexed hereto.

Signed by each subscriber in the presence of at least one witness attesting the signature thereof -

(Sd.) Jeffrey P. Roy	(Sd.) Lammy J. Robinson
(Sd.) Ruby L. Rawlins	(Sd.) Lammy J. Robinson
(Sd.) Marcia De Couto	(Sd.) Lammy J. Robinson
(Sd.) Rosalind Johnson	(Sd.) Lammy J. Robinson
(Subscribers)	(Witnesses)

#### SUBSCRIBED this 18th day of July 1991.

- (1) By a resolution passed on 6 September 1991, each of the existing 100,000 issued shares of HK\$1.00 each in the share capital of the Company was sub-divided into 10 shares of HK\$0.10 each.
- By a resolution passed on 6 September 1991, the authorised share capital of the Company was increased from HK\$100,000 to HK\$50,000,000 by the creation of 499,000,000 shares of HK\$0.10 each.
- (3) By an ordinary resolution passed on 25 September 2000, the authorised share capital of the Company was increased from HK\$50,000,000 to HK\$300,000,000 by the creation of 2,500,000,000 new shares of HK\$0.10 each.

<sup>\*</sup> Notes:-

#### The Schedule

(referred to in Clause 8 of the Memorandum of Association)

- (a) To borrow and raise money in any currency or currencies and to secure or discharge any debt or obligation in any matter and in particular (without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing) by mortgages of or charges upon all or any part of the undertaking, property and assets (present and future) and uncalled capital of the Company or by the creation and issue of securities.
- (b) To enter into any guarantee, contract of indemnity or suretyship and in particular (without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing) to guarantee, support or secure, with or without consideration, whether by personal obligation or by mortgaging or charging all or any part of the undertaking, property and assets (present and future) and uncalled capital of the Company or both such methods or in any other manner, the performance of any obligations or commitments, of, and the repayment or payment of the principal amounts of and any premiums, interest, dividends and other moneys payable on or in respect of any securities or liabilities of, any person including (without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing) any company which is for the time being a subsidiary or a holding company of the Company or another subsidiary or a holding company of the Company.
- (c) To accept, draw, make, create, issue, execute, discount, endorse, negotiate bills of exchange, promissory notes, and other instruments and securities, whether negotiable or otherwise.
- (d) To sell, exchange, mortgage, charge, let on rent, share of profit, royalty or otherwise, grant licences, easements, options, servitudes and other rights over, and in any other manner deal with or dispose of, all or any part of the undertaking, property and assets (present and future) of the Company for any consideration and in particular (without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing) for any securities.
- (e) To issue and allot securities of the Company for cash or in payment or part payment for any real or personal property purchased or otherwise acquired by the Company or any services rendered to the Company or as security for any obligation or amount (even if less than the nominal amount of such securities) or for any other purpose.

- To grant pensions, annuities or other allowances including allowances on death, to (f) any directors, officers or employees or former directors, officers or employees of the Company or any company which at any time is or was a subsidiary or a holding company or another subsidiary of a holding company of the Company or otherwise associated with the Company or of any predecessor in business of any of them, and to the relations, connections or dependants of any such persons, and to other persons whose service or services have directly or indirectly been of benefit to the Company or whom the Company considers have any moral claim on the Company or to their relations, connections or dependants, and to establish or support any associations, institutions, clubs, schools, building and housing schemes, funds and trusts, and to make payments toward insurance or another arrangements likely to benefit any such persons or otherwise advance the interests of the Company or of its Members, and to subscribe, guarantee or pay money for any purpose likely, directly or indirectly to further the interests of the Company or of its Members of for any national, charitable, benevolent, educational, social, public, general or useful object.
- (g) The Company shall have the power to purchase its own shares in accordance with the provisions of Section 42A of the Companies Act 1981.
- (h) To issue preference shares redeemable at the option of the holder, subject to the provisions of the Companies Act 1981.

#### **THE COMPANIES ACT 1981**

#### FIRST SCHEDULE

(Section 11 (1))

A company limited by shares may exercise all or any of the following powers subject to any provision of the law or its memorandum—

- 1. to carry on any other business capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with its business or likely to enhance the value of or making profitable any of its property or rights;
- 2. to acquire or undertake the whole or any part of the business, property and liabilities of any person carrying on any business that the company is authorized to carry on;
- 3. to apply for register, purchase, lease, acquire, hold, use, control, licence, sell, assign or dispose of patents, patent rights, copyrights, trade marks, formulae, licences, inventions, processes, distinctive marks and similar rights;
- 4. to enter into partnership or into any arrangement for sharing of profits, union of interests, co-operation, joint venture, reciprocal concession or otherwise with any person carrying on or engaged in or about to carry on or engage in any business or transaction that the company is authorized to carry on or engage in or any business or transaction capable of being conducted so as to benefit the company;
- 5. to take or otherwise acquire and hold securities in any other body corporate having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company or carrying on any business capable of being conducted so as to benefit the company;
- 6. subject to section 96 to lend money to any employee or to any person having dealings with the company or with whom the company proposes to have dealings or to any other body corporate any of whose shares are held by the company;
- 7. to apply for, secure or acquire by grant, legislative enactment, assignment, transfer, purchase or otherwise and to exercise, carry out and enjoy any charter, licence, power authority, franchise, concession, right or privilege, that any government or authority or any body corporate or other public body may be empowered to grant, and pay for, aid in and contribute toward carrying it into effect and to assume any liabilities or obligations incidental thereto;
- 8. to establish and support or aid in the establishment and support of associations, institutions, funds or trusts for the benefit of employees or former employees of the

company or its predecessors, or the dependents or connections of such employees or former employees, and grant pensions and allowances, and make payments towards insurance or for any object similar to those set forth in this paragraph, and to subscribe or guarantee money for charitable, benevolent, educational or religious objects or for any exhibition or for any public, general or useful objects;

- 9. to promote any company for the purpose of acquiring or taking over any of the property and liabilities of the company or for any other purpose that may benefit the company;
- 10. to purchase, lease, take in exchange, hire or otherwise acquire any personal property and any rights or privileges that the company considers necessary or convenient for the purposes of its business;
- 11. to construct, maintain, alter, renovate and demolish any buildings or works necessary or convenient for its objects;
- 12. to take land in Bermuda by way of lease or letting agreement for a term not exceeding twenty-one years, being land "bonafide" required for the purposes of the business of the company and with the consent of the Minister granted in his discretion to take land in Bermuda by way of lease or letting agreement for a similar period in order to provide accommodation or recreational facilities for its officers and employees and when no longer necessary for any of the above purposes to terminate or transfer the lease or letting agreement;
- 13. except to the extent, if any, as may be otherwise expressly provided in its incorporating Act or memorandum and subject to the provisions of this Act every company shall have power to invest the moneys of the Company by way of mortgage of real or personal property of every description in Bermuda or elsewhere and to sell, exchange, vary, or dispose of such mortgage as the company shall from time to time determine:
- 14. to construct, improve, maintain, work, manage, carry out or control any roads, ways, tramways, branches or sidings, bridges, reservoirs, watercourses, wharves, factories, warehouses, electric works, shops, stores and other works and conveniences that may advance the interests of the company and contribute to, subsidize or otherwise assist or take part in the construction, improvement, maintenance, working, management, carrying out or control thereof;
- 15. to raise and assist in raising money for, and aid by way of bonus, loan, promise, endorsement, guarantee or otherwise, any person and guarantee the performance or fulfilment of any contracts or obligations of any person, and in particular guarantee the payment of the principal of and interest on the debt obligations of any such person;

- 16. to borrow or raise or secure the payment of money in such manner as the company may think fit;
- 17. to draw, make, accept, endorse, discount, execute and issue bills of exchange, promissory notes, bills of lading, warrants and other negotiable or transferable instruments;
- 18. when properly authorized to do so, to sell, lease, exchange or otherwise dispose of the undertaking of the company or any part thereof as an entirety or substantially as an entirety for such consideration as the company thinks fit;
- 19. to sell, improve, manage, develop, exchange, lease, dispose of, turn to account or otherwise deal with the property of the company in the ordinary course of its business;
- 20. to adopt such means of making known the products of the company as may seem expedient, and in particular by advertising, by purchase and exhibition of works of art or interest, by publication of books and periodicals and by granting prizes and rewards and making donations;
- 21. to cause the company to be registered and recognized in any foreign jurisdiction, and designate persons therein according to the laws of that foreign jurisdiction or to represent the company and to accept service for and on behalf of the company of any process or suit;
- 22. to allot and issue fully-paid shares of the company in payment or part payment of any property purchased or otherwise acquired by the company or for any past services performed for the company;
- 23. to distribute among the members of the company in cash, kind, specie or otherwise as may be resolved, by way of dividend, bonus or any other manner considered advisable, any property of the company, but not so as to decrease the capital of the company unless the distribution is made for the purpose of enabling the company to be dissolved or the distribution, apart from this paragraph, would be otherwise lawful;
- 24. to establish agencies and branches;
- 25. to take or hold mortgages, hypothecs, liens and charges to secure payment of the purchase price, or of any unpaid balance of the purchase price, of any part of the property of the company of whatsoever kind sold by the company, or for any money due to the company from purchasers and others and to sell or otherwise dispose of any such mortgage, hypothec, lien or charge;

- 26. to pay all costs and expenses of or incidental to the incorporation and organization of the company;
- 27. to invest and deal with the moneys of the company not immediately required for the objects of the company in such manner as may be determined;
- 28. to do any of the things authorized by this subsection and all things authorized by its memorandum as principals, agents, contractors, trustees or otherwise, and either alone or in conjunction with others;
- 29. to do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the objects and the exercise of the powers of the company.

Every company may exercise its powers beyond the boundaries of Bermuda to the extent to which the laws in force where the powers are sought to be exercised permit.

#### **THE COMPANIES ACT 1981**

#### SECOND SCHEDULE

(Section 11(2))

A company may by reference include in its memorandum any of the following objects that is to say the business of—

- (a) insurance and re-insurance of all kinds;
- (b) packaging of goods of all kinds;
- (c) buying, selling and dealing in goods of all kinds;
- (d) designing and manufacturing of goods of all kinds;
- (e) mining and quarrying and exploration for metals, minerals, fossil fuels and precious stones of all kinds and their preparation for sale or use;
- (f) exploring for, the drilling for, the moving, transporting and refining petroleum and hydro carbon products including oil and oil products;
- (g) scientific research including the improvement, discovery and development of processes, inventions, patents and designs and the construction, maintenance and operation of laboratories and research centres;
- (h) land, sea and air undertakings including the land, ship and air carriage of passengers, mails and goods of all kinds;
- (i) ships and aircraft owners, managers, operators, agents, builders and repairers;
- (j) acquiring, owning, selling, chartering, repairing or dealing in ships and aircraft;
- (k) travel agents, freight contractors and forwarding agents;
- (l) dock owners, wharfingers, warehousemen;
- (m) ship chandlers and dealing in rope, canvas oil and ship stores of all kinds;
- (n) all forms of engineering;

- (o) developing, operating, advising or acting as technical consultants to any other enterprise or business;
- (p) farmers, livestock breeders and keepers, graziers, butchers, tanners and processors of and dealers in all kinds of live and dead stock, wool, hides, tallow, grain, vegetables and other produce;
- (q) acquiring by purchase or otherwise and holding as an investment inventions, patents, trade marks, trade names, trade secrets, designs and the like;
- (r) buying, selling, hiring, letting and dealing in conveyances of any sort;
- (s) employing, providing, hiring out and acting as agent for artists, actors, entertainers of all sorts, authors, composers, producers, directors, engineers and experts or specialists of any kind; and
- (t) to acquire by purchase or otherwise hold, sell, dispose of and deal in real property situated outside Bermuda and in personal property of all kinds wheresoever situated.

This is a consolidated version of the Bye-laws of EC-Founder (Holdings) Company Limited not formally adopted by shareholders at a general meeting. The English version shall always prevail in case of any discrepancy between English version and its Chinese translation.

The Companies Act 1981

Company Limited by Shares

#### **NEW BYE-LAWS**

(As adopted at a Special General Meeting of the Members of the Company held on 11 September 1991 and amended by Special Resolutions passed on 28 June 1993, 26 June 1995, 28 June 1996, 24 May 2004, 4 January 2006 and 8 June 2009)

of

#### **EC-FOUNDER (HOLDINGS) COMPANY LIMITED**

(Incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability) (Name changed on 16 November 2000)

#### INDEX TO BYE-LAWS

#### **OF**

#### EC-FOUNDER (HOLDINGS) COMPANY LIMITED

Bye-Law No.	Subject	Page
1-2	Preliminary	14-18
3-5	Shares and Modification of Rights	18-19
6-13	Shares and Increase of Capital	19-21
14-19	Register of Members and Share Certificates	21-22
20-22	Lien	23
23-35	Calls on Shares	23-25
36-44	Transfer of Shares	25-27
45-48	Transmission of Shares	27-28
49-58	Forfeiture of Shares	28-30
59	Alteration of Capital	30-31
60-64	General Meetings	31-32
65-75	Proceedings at General Meeting	32-33
76-87	Votes of Members	33-36
88	Registered Office	36
89-98	Board of Directors	36-42
99-104	Appointment and Retirement of Directors	42-43
105-110	Borrowing Powers	44
111-114	Managing Directors, etc.	44-45
115	Management	45
116-118	Managers	46
119	Chairman and other officers	46
120-129	Proceedings of the Directors	46-48
130	Minutes	48
131-133	Secretary	49
134-138	General Management and use of the Seal	49-51
139	Authentication of Documents	51
140	Capitalisation of Reserves	52
141-156	Dividends and Reserves	53-58
157	Distribution of Realised Capital Profits	59
158	Annual Returns	59
159-162	Accounts	59-60
163-166	Auditors	60-61
167-173	Notices	61-63
174	Information	63
175-177	Winding Up	64
178	Indemnity	64
179-180	Untraceable Members	65
181	Destruction of Documents	66
182	Changes in Applicable Law	67-69
183	Resident Representative	69
184	Maintenance of Records	69
185	Subscription Right Reserve	69-71
186	Record Dates	72

#### **NEW BYE-LAWS**

(As adopted at a Special General Meeting of the Members of the Company held on 11 September 1991 and amended by Special Resolutions passed on 28 June 1993, 26 June 1995, 28 June 1996, 24 May 2004, 4 January 2006 and 8 June 2009)

#### OF

#### EC-FOUNDER (HOLDINGS) COMPANY LIMITED

(Name changed on 16 November 2000)

#### **PRELIMINARY**

- 1. The marginal notes to these Bye-Laws shall not be deemed to be part of these Bye-Laws and shall not affect their interpretation and in the interpretation of these Bye-Laws, unless there be something in the subject or context inconsistent therewith:—
  - "appointed newspaper" shall have the meaning as defined in the Companies Act;
  - "associate(s)" shall have the meaning attributed to it in the rules of the Designated Stock Exchange.
  - "Auditors" shall mean the persons for the time being performing the duties of that office.
  - "Bermuda" shall mean the Islands of Bermuda.
  - "the Board" shall mean the Directors from time to time of the Company or (as the context may require) the majority of Directors present voting at a meeting of the Directors.
  - "business day(s)" shall mean any day on which the Designated Stock Exchange is generally open for the business of dealing in securities.
  - "these Bye-Laws" or "these presents" shall mean these Bye-Laws in their present form and all supplementary, amended or substituted Bye-Laws for the time being in force.
  - "call" shall include any instalment of a call.
  - "capital" shall mean the share capital from time to time of the Company.
  - "the Chairman" shall mean the Chairman presiding at any meeting of members or of the Board.
  - "Clearing House" shall mean a recognised clearing house within the meaning of Schedule 1 to the Securities and Futures Ordinance (Chapter 571 of the Laws of Hong Kong) or, if the shares of the Company for the time being listed or quoted on a stock exchange, a clearing house or authorised share depository recognised by the laws of the jurisdiction in which such stock exchange is located.

- "the Companies Act" shall mean the Companies Act 1981 of Bermuda as may from time to time be amended.
- "the Company" or "this Company" shall mean **MANAGEMENT INVESTMENT & TECHNOLOGY (HOLDINGS) LIMITED** incorporated in Bermuda on the 19th July, 1991.
- "corporate communication" shall mean any document issued or to be issued by the Company for the information or action of the members of the Company, including but not limited to:
  - (i) its annual accounts and other periodic accounts, accompanied by (where appropriate) directors and/or auditors' reports (including summary financial reports);
  - (ii) a notice of meeting;
  - (iii) a listing document;
  - (iv) a circular; and
  - (v) a proxy form.
- "corporate representative" shall mean any person appointed to act in that capacity pursuant to Bye-Laws 87(A) or 87(B).
- The expressions "debenture" and "debenture holder" shall respectively include "debenture stock" and "debenture stockholder".
- "Designated Stock Exchange" shall mean a stock exchange in respect of which the shares of the Company are listed or quoted and where such stock exchange deems such listing or quotation to be the primary listing or quotation of the shares of the Company.
- "dividend" shall include scrip dividends, distributions in specie or in kind, capital distributions and capitalisation issues, if not inconsistent with the subject or context;
- "Head Office" shall mean such office of the Company as the Directors may from time to time determine to be the principal office of the Company.
- "HK\$" shall mean Hong Kong dollars or other lawful currency of Hong Kong;
- The expressions "holding company" and "subsidiary" shall have the meanings ascribed to them by the Companies Act.

<sup>&</sup>quot;month" shall mean a calendar month;

- "Newspaper", in relation to any newspaper circulating in the Relevant Territory, shall mean in English one leading English language daily newspaper and in Chinese one leading Chinese language daily newspaper published and circulating generally in the Relevant Territory and specified for this purpose by the stock exchange in the Relevant Territory;
- "paid up" shall mean paid up or credited as paid up.
- "the Principal Register" shall mean the register of members of the Company maintained in Bermuda.
- "the register" shall mean the Principal Register and any branch register to be kept pursuant to the provisions of the Statutes.
- "Registered Office" shall mean the registered office of the Company for the time being.
- "Registration Office" shall mean in respect of any class of share capital, such place or places in the Relevant Territory or elsewhere where the Directors from time to time determine to keep a branch register of shareholders in respect of that class of share capital and where (except in cases where the Directors otherwise agree) transfers or other documents of title for such class of share capital are to be lodged for registration and are to be registered.
- "Relevant Territory" shall mean Hong Kong or such other territory as the Directors may from time to time decide if the issued ordinary share capital of the Company is listed on a stock exchange in such territory.
- "Seal" shall mean any one or more common seals from time to time of the Company for use in Bermuda or in any place outside Bermuda.
- "Secretary" shall mean the person or corporation for the time being performing the duties of that office.
- "Securities Seal" shall mean a seal for use for sealing certificates for shares or other securities issued by the Company which is a facsimile of the Seal of the Company with the addition on its face of the words "Securities Seal";
- "share" shall mean share in the capital of the Company.
- "shareholder" or "member" shall mean the duly registered holder from time to time of the shares in the capital of the Company.
- "Statutes" shall mean the Companies Act and every other act (as amended from time to time) for the time being in force of the Legislature of the Islands of Bermuda applying to or affecting the Company, the Memorandum of Association and/or these presents.
- "Substantial shareholder" shall have the meaning attributed to it in the rules of the Designated Stock Exchange.

"Transfer Office" shall mean the place where the Principal Register is situate for the time being.

"writing" or "printing" shall, unless the contrary intention appears, be construed as including writing, printing, lithography, photography and other modes of representing words or figures in a visible form, and including where the presentation takes the form of electronic display, provided that both the mode of service of the relevant document or notice and the member's election comply with all applicable statutes, rules and regulations.

Reference to a document being executed include references to it being executed under hand or under seal or by electronic signature or by any other method and references to a notice or document include a notice or document recorded or stored in any digital, electronic, electrical, magnetic or other retrievable form or medium and information in visible form whether having physical substance or not.

words denoting the singular shall include the plural and words denoting the plural shall include the singular;

words importing any gender shall include every gender

and

words importing persons shall include partnerships, firms, companies and corporations.

Subject as aforesaid, any words or expressions defined in the Companies Act (except any statutory modification thereof not in force when these Bye-Laws become binding on the Company) shall, if not inconsistent with the subject and/or context, bear the same meaning in these Bye-Laws, save that "company" shall where the context permits include any company incorporated in Bermuda or elsewhere.

References to any statute or statutory provision shall he construed as relating to any statutory modification or re-enactment thereof for the time being in force.

A resolution shall be a Special Resolution when it has been passed by a majority of not less than three-fourths of the votes cast by such members as, being entitled so to do, vote in person or, as a duly authorised corporate representative or, where proxies are allowed, by proxy at a general meeting of notice has been duly given in accordance with Bye-law 63.

Special Resolution

A resolution shall be an Ordinary Resolution when it has been passed by a simple majority of the votes cast by such members as, being entitled so to do, vote in person or, as a duly authorised corporate representative or, where proxies are allowed, by proxy at a general meeting of which notice has been duly given in accordance with Bye-law 63.

Ordinary Resolution Copies of those documents to be laid before the members of the Company at an annual general meeting shall not less than 21 days before the date of the meeting be sent or otherwise made available to every member of the Company and every holder of debentures of the Company in the form of printed copies or electronic copies as published on the Company's website, provided that where printed copies are sent, the Company shall not be required to send printed copies of those documents to any person of whose address the Company is not aware or to more than one of the jointholders of any shares or debentures.

A Special Resolution shall be effective for any purpose for which an Ordinary Resolution is expressed to be required under any provision of these Bye-Laws or the Statutes.

2. Without prejudice to any other requirements of the Statutes, a Special Resolution shall be required to alter the objects and powers contained in the Memorandum of Association, to approve any amendment of these presents or to change the name of the Company.

The purpose for which Special Resolution is required

## SHARES AND MODIFICATION OF RIGHTS

3. Without prejudice to any special rights or restrictions for the time being attaching to any share or any class of shares, any share may be issued upon such terms and conditions and with such preferred, deferred or other special rights, or such restrictions, whether in regard to dividend, voting, return of capital or otherwise, as the Company may from time to time by Ordinary Resolution determine (or, in the absence of any such determination or so far as the same may not make specific provision, as the Board may determine) and any preference share may, subject to the Companies Act and with the sanction of a Special Resolution, be issued on the terms that it is liable to be redeemed upon the happening of a specified event or upon a given date and either at the option of the Company or, if so authorised by the Memorandum of Association of the Company, at the option of the holder.

Issue of shares

4. The Board may issue warrants to subscribe for any class of shares or securities of the Company on such terms as it may from time to time determine. Where warrants are issued to bearer, no new warrant shall be issued to replace one that has been lost unless the Board is satisfied beyond reasonable doubt that the original has been destroyed and the Company has received an indemnity in such form as the Board shall think fit with regard to the issue of any such new warrant.

Warrants

5. (A) For the purposes of Section 47 of the Companies Act, if at any time the capital is divided into different classes of shares, all or any of the special rights attached to any class (unless otherwise provided for by the terms of issue of the shares of that class) may, subject to the provisions of the Companies Act, be varied or abrogated either with the consent in writing of the holders of not less than three-fourths in nominal value of the issued shares of that class or with the sanction of a Special Resolution passed at a separate general meeting of the holders of the shares of that class. To every such separate general meeting the provisions of these Bye-Laws relating to general meetings shall mutatis mutandis apply, but so that the necessary quorum shall be not less than two persons holding or representing by proxy one-third in nominal value of the issued shares of that class, and that any holder of shares of the class present in person or by proxy may demand a poll.

How rights of shares may be modified

- (B) The provisions of this Bye-Law shall apply to the variation or abrogation of the special rights attached to some only of the shares of any class as if each group of shares of the class differently treated formed a separate class the rights whereof are to be varied.
- (C) The special rights conferred upon the holders of any shares or class of shares shall not, unless otherwise expressly provided in the rights attaching to or the terms of issue of such shares be deemed to be altered by the creation or issue of further shares ranking pari passu therewith.

## SHARES AND INCREASE OF CAPITAL

6. (A) The authorised share capital of the Company at the date on which these Bye-Laws come into effect is HK\$50,000,000 divided into 500,000,000 shares of HK\$0.10 each.

Structure of Share Capital

(B) Subject to the Statutes, any rules, regulations and codes made by the regulatory authorities and the stock exchange in the Relevant Territory, the power contained in the Memorandum of Association for the Company to purchase or otherwise acquire its shares shall be exercisable by the Board upon such terms and subject to such conditions as it thinks fit.

Company to purchase or finance purchase of own shares

- (C) Subject to the Statutes, any rules, regulations and codes made by the regulatory authorities and the stock exchange in the Relevant Territory, the Company may give financial assistance on such terms as the Board thinks fit to its bona fide employees in order that they may buy shares in the Company, and such terms may include a provision stating that, when an employee ceases to be employed by the Company, shares bought with such financial assistance shall or may be sold to the Company on such terms as the Board thinks fit.
- 7. The Company in general meeting may from time to time, whether or not all the shares for the time being authorised shall have been issued and whether or not all the shares for the time being issued shall have been fully paid up, by Ordinary Resolution increase its share capital by the creation of new shares, such new capital to be of such amount and to be divided into shares of such class or classes and of such amounts in Hong Kong dollars or United States dollars or such other currency as the members may think fit and as the resolution shall prescribe.

Power to increase capital

8. Any new shares shall be issued upon such terms and conditions and with such rights and privileges annexed thereto as the general meeting resolving upon the creation thereof shall direct, and if no direction be given, subject to the provisions of the Statutes and of these Bye-Laws, as the Board shall determine; and in particular such shares may be issued with a preferential or qualified right to dividends and in the distribution of assets of the Company and with a special right or without any right of voting.

On what conditions new shares may be issued

9. The Company may by Ordinary Resolution, before the issue of any new shares, determine that the same, or any of them, shall be offered in the first instance, and either at par or at a premium, to all the existing holders of any class of shares in proportion as nearly as may be to the number of shares of such class held by them respectively, or make any other provisions as to the issue and allotment of such shares, but in default of any such determination or so far as the same shall not extend, such shares may be dealt with as if they formed part of the capital of the Company existing prior to the issue of the same.

When to be offered to existing members

10. Except so far as otherwise provided by the conditions of issue or by these Bye-Laws, any capital raised by the creation of new shares shall be treated as if it formed part of the original capital of the Company and such shares shall be subject to the provisions contained in these Bye-Laws with reference to the payment of calls and instalments, transfer and transmission, forfeiture, lien, cancellation, surrender, voting and otherwise.

New shares to form part of the original capital

11. All unissued shares shall be at the disposal of the Board and it may offer, allot (with or without conferring a right of renunciation), grant options over or otherwise dispose of them to such persons, at such times, for such consideration and generally on such terms as it in its absolute discretion thinks fit, but so that no shares shall be issued at a discount. The Directors shall, as regards any offer or allotment of shares, comply with the provisions of the Companies Act, if and so far as such provisions may be applicable thereto. Neither the Company nor the Board shall be obliged, when making or granting any allotment of, offer of, option over or disposal of shares, to make, or make available, any such offer,

Shares at the disposal of the Board

option or shares to shareholders or others with registered addresses in any particular territory or territories being a territory or territories where, in the absence of a registration statement or other special formalities, this would or might, in the opinion of the Board, be unlawful or impracticable. Shareholders affected as a result of the foregoing sentence shall not be, or be deemed to be, a separate class of shareholders for any purpose whatsoever.

12. The Company may at any time pay a commission to any person for subscribing or agreeing to subscribe (whether absolutely or conditionally) for any shares in the Company or procuring or agreeing to procure subscriptions (whether absolute or conditional) for any shares in the Company, but so that the conditions and requirements of the Companies Act shall be observed and complied with, and in each case the commission shall not exceed ten per cent. of the price at which the shares are issued.

Company may pay commission

13. Except as otherwise expressly provided by these Bye-Laws or as required by law or as ordered by a court of competent jurisdiction, no person shall be recognised by the Company as holding any share upon any trust and, except as aforesaid, the Company shall not be bound by or be compelled in any way to recognise (even when having notice thereof) any equitable, contingent, future or partial interest in any share or any interest in any fractional part of a share or any other right or claim to or in respect of any shares except an absolute right to the entirety thereof of the registered holder.

Company not to recognize trusts in respect of shares

## REGISTER OF MEMBERS AND SHARE CERTIFICATES

14. (A) The Board shall cause to be kept a register of the members and there shall be entered therein the particulars required under the Companies Act.

Share register

(B) Subject to the provisions of the Companies Act, if the Board considers it necessary or appropriate, the Company may establish and maintain a local or branch register at such location outside Bermuda as the Board thinks fit and, while the issued share capital of the Company is, with the consent of the Board, listed on any stock exchange in Hong Kong, the Company shall keep a branch register in Hong Kong.

Local or Branch Register

15. Every person whose name is entered as a member in the register shall be entitled to receive one certificate for all his shares upon payment of such sum (not exceeding, in the case if any share capital listed on the stock exchange in Hong Kong, the maximum amount prescribed by applicable law or regulation of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited, and in the case of any other capital, such sum in such currency as the Board may from time to time determine to be reasonable in the territory in which the relevant register is situate) as the Board shall from time to time determine, or, if he shall so request, in a case where the allotment or transfer is of a number of shares in excess of the number for the time being forming a stock exchange board lot for the purposes of the stock exchange on which the shares are listed, upon payment, in the case of a transfer, of such sum (not exceeding in the case of any share capital listed on a stock exchange in Hong Kong, the maximum amount as prescribed by applicable law or regulation of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited,

Share certificates

and in the case of any other shares, such sum in such currency as the Board may from time to time determine to be reasonable in the territory in which the relevant register is situate, or otherwise such other sum as the Company may by Ordinary Resolution determine) for every certificate after the first as the Board may from time to time determine, such number of certificates for shares in stock exchange board lots or multiples thereof as he shall request and one for the balance (if any) of the shares in question, provided that in respect of a share or shares held jointly by several persons the Company shall not be bound to issue a certificate or certificates to each such person, and the issue and delivery of a certificate or certificates to one of several joint holders shall be sufficient delivery to all such holders.

16. Every certificate for shares, warrants or debentures or representing any other form of securities of the Company shall be issued under the Seal of the Company, which for this purpose may be a Securities Seal.

Shares Certificates to be sealed

17. Every share certificate hereafter issued shall specify the number and class of shares in respect of which it is issued and the amount paid thereon and may otherwise be in such form as the Board may from time to time prescribe. A share certificate shall relate to only one class of shares.

Every certificate to specify number and class of shares

18. (A) The Company shall not be bound to register more than four persons as joint holders of any share.

Joint holders

- (B) If any share shall stand in the names of two or more persons, the person first named in the register shall be deemed the sole holder thereof as regards service of notice and, subject to the provisions of these Bye-Laws, all or any other matter connected with the Company, except the transfer of the share.
- 19. If a share certificate is defaced, lost or destroyed, it may be replaced on payment of such fee, if any, (not exceeding, in the case of any share capital listed on a stock exchange in Hong Kong, the maximum amount as prescribed by applicable law or regulation of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited, and in the case of any other capital, such sum in such currency as the Board may from time to time determine to be reasonable in the territory in which the relevant register is situate, or otherwise such other sum as the Company may by Ordinary Resolution determine) as the Board shall from time to time determine and on such terms and conditions, if any, as to publication of notices, evidence and indemnity as the Board thinks fit and in the case of wearing out or defacement, after delivery up of the old certificate. In the case of destruction or loss, the person to whom such replacement certificate is given shall also bear and pay to the Company any exceptional costs and the reasonable out-of-pocket expenses incidental to the investigation by the Company of the evidence of such destruction or loss and of such indemnity.

Replacement of share certificates

#### LIEN

20. The Company shall have a first and paramount lien on every share (not being a fully paid up share) for all moneys, whether presently payable or not, called or payable at a fixed time in respect of such share; and the Company shall also have a first and paramount lien and charge on all shares (other than fully paid up shares) standing registered in the name of a member, whether singly or jointly with any other person or persons, for all the debts and liabilities of such members or his estate to the Company and whether the same shall have been incurred before or after notice to the Company of any equitable or other interest of any person other than such member, and whether the period for the payment or discharge of the same shall have actually arrived or not, and notwithstanding that the same are joint debts or liabilities of such member or his estate and any other person, whether a member of the Company or not. The Company's lien (if any) on a share shall extend to all dividends and bonuses declared in respect thereof. The Board may at any time either generally or in any particular case waive any lien that has arisen, or declare any share to be exempt wholly or partially from the provisions of this Bye-Law.

Company's

21. The Company may sell, in such manner as the Board thinks fit, any shares on which the Company has a lien, but no sale shall be made unless some sum in respect of which the lien exists is presently payable or the liability or engagement in respect of which such lien exists is liable to be presently fulfilled or discharged, nor until the expiration of fourteen days after a notice in writing, stating and demanding payment of the sum presently payable or specifying the liability or engagement and demanding fulfilment or discharge thereof and giving notice of intention to sell in default, shall have been given to the registered holder for the time being of the shares or the person entitled by reason of such holder's death, bankruptcy or winding-up to the shares.

Sale of Shares Subject to lien

22. The net proceeds of such sale after the payment of the costs of such sale shall be applied in or towards payment or satisfaction of the debt or liability or engagement in respect whereof the lien exists, so far as the same is presently payable, and any residue shall (subject to a like lien for debts or liability not presently payable as existed upon the shares prior to the sale) be paid to the person entitled to the shares at the time of the sale. For giving effect to any such sale, the Board may authorise some person to transfer the shares sold to the purchaser thereof and may enter the purchaser's name in the register as holder of the shares, and the purchaser shall not be bound to see to the application of the purchase money, nor shall his title to the shares be affected by any irregularity or invalidity in the proceedings in reference to the sale.

Application of proceeds of such sale

#### **CALLS ON SHARES**

23. The Board may from time to time make such calls as it may think fit upon the members in respect of any moneys unpaid on the shares held by them respectively (whether on account of the nominal value of shares or by way of premiums) and not by the conditions of allotment thereof made payable at a fixed time. A call may be made payable either in one sum or by instalments.

Calls/instalments

24. Fourteen days' notice at least of any call shall be given specifying the time and place of payment and to whom such call shall be paid.

Notice of

25. A copy of the notice referred to in Bye-Law 24 shall be sent to members in the manner in which notices may be sent to members by the Company as herein provided.

Copy of notice to be sent to members

26. In addition to the giving of notice in accordance with Bye-Law 25, notice of the person appointed to receive payment of every call and of the times and places appointed for payment may be given to the members by notice to be inserted at least once in one or more newspapers circulating in the Relevant Territory.

Notice of call may be given

27. Every member upon whom a call is made shall pay the amount of every call so made on him to the person and at the time or times and place or places as the Board shall appoint.

Every member liable to pay call at appointed time and place.

28. A call shall be deemed to have been made at the time when the resolution of the Board authorising such call was passed.

When call deemed to have been made

29. The joint holders of a share shall be severally as well as jointly liable for the payment of all calls and instalments due in respect of such share or other moneys due in respect thereof.

Liability of joint holders

30. The Board may from time to time at its discretion extend the time fixed for any call, and may extend such time as regards all or any of the members, whom due to residence outside the Relevant Territory or other cause the Board may deem entitled to any such extension but no member shall be entitled to any such extension except as a matter of grace and favour.

Board may extend time fixed for call

31. If the sum payable in respect of any call or instalments is not paid on or before the day appointed for payment thereof, the person or persons from whom the sum is due shall pay interest on the same at such rate not exceeding twenty per cent. per annum as the Board shall fix from the day appointed for the payment thereof to the time of the actual payment, but the Board may waive payment of such interest wholly or in part.

Interest on unpaid calls

32. No member shall be entitled to receive any dividend or bonus or to be present and vote (save as proxy for another member) at any general meeting, either personally, or (save as proxy for another member) by proxy, or be reckoned in a quorum, or to exercise any other privilege as a member until all calls or instalments due from him to the Company, whether alone or jointly with any other person, together with interest and expenses (if any) shall have been paid.

Suspension of privileges while call unpaid 33. On the trial or hearing of any action or other proceedings for the recovery of any money due for any call, it shall be sufficient to prove that the name of the member sued is entered in the register as the holder, or one of the holders, of the shares in respect of which such debt accrued; that the resolution of the Board making the call is duly recorded in the minute book of the Board; and that notice of such call was duly given to the member sued, in pursuance of these Bye-Laws; and it shall not be necessary to prove the appointment of the Board who made such call, nor any other matters whatsoever, but the proof of the matters aforesaid shall be conclusive evidence of the debt.

Evidence in action for call

34. Any sum which by the terms of allotment of a share is made payable upon allotment or at any fixed date, whether on account of the nominal value of the share and/or by way of premium, shall for all purposes of these Bye-Laws be deemed to be a call duly made, notified, and payable on the date fixed for payment, and in case of non-payment all the relevant provisions of these Bye-Laws as to payment of interest and expenses, forfeiture and the like, shall apply as if such sums had become payable by virtue of a call duly made and notified. The Board may on the issue of shares differentiate between the allottees or holders as to the amount of calls to be paid and the time of payment.

Sums payable on allotment deemed a call

Shares may be issued subject to different conditions as to calls, etc.

35. The Board may, if it thinks fit, receive from any member willing to advance the same, and either in money or money's worth, all or any part of the money uncalled and unpaid or instalments payable upon any shares held by him, and upon all or any of the moneys so advanced the Company may pay interest at such rate (if any) not exceeding twenty per cent. per annum as the Board may decide but a payment in advance of a call shall not entitle the member to receive any dividend or to exercise any other rights or privileges as a member in respect of the share or the due portion of the shares upon which payment has been advanced by such member before it is called up. The Board may at any time repay the amount so advanced upon giving to such member not less than one month's notice in writing of their intention in that behalf, unless before the expiration of such notice the amount so advanced shall have been called up on the shares in respect of which it was advanced.

Payment of calls in advance

#### TRANSFER OF SHARES

36. Subject to the Companies Act, all transfers of shares may be effected by transfer in writing in the usual or common form or in such other form as the Board may accept.

Form of transfer

37. The instrument of transfer of any share shall be executed by or on behalf of the transferor and by or on behalf of the transferee provided that the Board may dispense with the execution of the instrument of transfer by the transferee in any case in which it thinks fit, in its absolute discretion, to do so. The Board may also resolve, either generally or in any particular case and upon request by either the transferor or transferee to accept machine imprinted signatures on the instrument of transfer. The transferor shall be deemed to remain the holder of the share until the name of the transferee is entered in the register in respect thereof. Nothing in these Bye-Laws shall preclude the Board from recognising a

Execution of transfer

renunciation of the allotment or provisional allotment of any share by the allottee in favour of some other person.

38. (A) The Board may, in its absolute discretion, at any time and from time to time transfer any share upon the Principal Register to any branch register or any share on any branch register to the Principal Register or any other branch register.

Shares registered on Principal Register, Branch register, etc.

- (B) Unless the Board otherwise agrees (which agreement may be on such terms and subject to such conditions as the Board in its absolute discretion may from time to time stipulate, and which agreement it shall, without giving any reason therefor, be entitled in its absolute discretion to give or withhold) no shares on the Principal Register shall be transferred to any branch register nor shall shares on any branch register be transferred to the Principal Register or any other branch register and all transfers and other documents of title shall be lodged for registration, and registered, in the case of any shares on a branch register, at the relevant Registration Office, and, in the case of any shares on the Principal Register, at the Transfer Office. Unless the Board otherwise agrees, all transfers and other documents of title shall be lodged for registration with, and registered at, the relevant Registration Office.
- (C) Notwithstanding anything contained in this Bye-Law, the Company shall as soon as practicable and on a regular basis record in the Principal Register all transfers of shares effected on any branch register and shall at all times maintain the Principal Register in all respects in accordance with the Companies Act.
- 39. The Board may, in its absolute discretion, and without assigning any reason, refuse to register a transfer of any share (not being a fully paid up share) to a person of whom it does not approve and it may also refuse to register any transfer of any share (whether fully paid or not) to more than four joint holders or any transfer of any share (not being a fully paid up share) on which the Company has a lien.

Board may refuse to register a transfer

40. The Board may also decline to recognise any instrument of transfer unless:—

Requirements as to transfer

- (i) such sum, if any, (not exceeding, in the case of any share capital listed on a stock exchange in Hong Kong, the maximum amount as prescribed by applicable law or regulation of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited, and, in the case of any other capital, such sum in such currency as the Board may from time to time determine to be reasonable in the territory in which the relevant register is situate, or otherwise such other sum as the Company may by Ordinary Resolution determine) as the Board shall from time to time determine is paid to the Company in respect thereof;
- (ii) the instrument of transfer is lodged at the relevant Registration Office or, as the case may be, the Transfer Office accompanied by the certificate of the shares to which it relates, and such other evidence as the Board may reasonably require to show the right of the transferor to make the transfer (and, if the instrument of transfer is executed by some other person on his behalf, the authority of that person so to do);

- (iii) the instrument of transfer is in respect of only one class of share;
- (iv) the shares concerned are free of any lien in favour of the Company;
- (v) if applicable, the instrument of transfer is properly stamped; and
- (vi) where applicable, the permission of the Bermuda Monetary Authority with respect thereto has been obtained.
- 41. No transfer of any shares (not being a fully paid up share) shall be made to an infant or to a person of unsound mind or under other legal disability.

No transfer to an infant

42. If the Board shall refuse to register a transfer of any share, it shall, within two months after the date on which the transfer was lodged with the Company, send to each of the transferor and the transferee notice of such refusal.

Notice of refusal

43. Upon every transfer of shares the certificate held by the transferor shall be given up to be cancelled, and shall forthwith be cancelled accordingly, and a new certificate shall be issued without charge to the transferee in respect of the shares transferred to him, and if any of the shares included in the certificate so given up shall be retained by the transferor a new certificate in respect thereof shall be issued to him without charge. The Company shall also retain the instrument of transfer.

Certificate to be given up on transfer

44. The registration of transfers may be suspended and the register closed, on giving notice by advertisement in an appointed newspaper and in the Newspapers, at such times and for such periods as the Board may from time to time determine and either generally or in respect of any class of shares. The register shall not be closed for more than thirty days in any year.

When transfer books and register may be closed

## TRANSMISSION OF SHARES

45. In the case of the death of a member, the survivor or survivors where the deceased was a joint holder, and the legal personal representatives of the deceased where he was a sole or only surviving holder, shall be the only persons recognised by the Company as having any title to his interest in the shares; but nothing herein contained shall release the estate of a deceased holder (whether sole or joint) from any liability in respect of any share solely or jointly held by him.

Deaths of registered holder or of joint holder or shares

46. Any person becoming entitled to a share in consequence of the death or bankruptcy or winding-up of a member may, upon such evidence as to his title being produced as may from time to time be required by the Board, and subject as hereinafter provided, elect either to be registered himself as holder of the share or to have some person nominated by him registered as the transferee thereof.

Registration of personal representatives and trustee in bankruptcy 47. If the person becoming entitled to a share pursuant to Bye-Law 46 shall elect to be registered himself, he shall deliver or send to the Company a notice in writing signed by him, at (unless the Board otherwise agrees) the Registration Office, stating that he so elects. If he shall elect to have his nominee registered, he shall testify his election by executing a transfer of such share to his nominee. All the limitations, restrictions and provisions of these presents relating to the right to transfer and the registration of transfers of shares shall be applicable to any such notice or transfer as aforesaid as if the death, bankruptcy or winding-up of the member had not occurred and the notice or transfer were a transfer executed by such member.

Notice of election to be registered

Registration of nominee

48. A person becoming entitled to a share by reason of the death, bankruptcy or winding-up of the holder shall be entitled to the same dividends and other advantages to which he would be entitled if he were the registered holder of the share. However, the Board may, if it thinks fit, withhold the payment of any dividend payable or other advantages in respect of such share until such person shall become the registered holder of the share or shall have effectually transferred such share, but, subject to the requirements of Bye-Law 77 being met, such a person may vote at meetings.

Retention of dividends, etc. until transfer or transmission of shares of a deceased or bankrupt member

### FORFEITURE OF SHARES

49. If a member fails to pay any call or instalment of a call on the day appointed for payment thereof, the Board may, at any time thereafter during such time as any part of the call or instalment remains unpaid, without prejudice to the provisions of Bye-Law 32, serve a notice on him requiring payment of so much of the call or instalment as is unpaid, together with any interest which may have accrued and which may still accrue up to the date of actual payment.

If call or instalment not paid notice may be given

50. The notice shall name a further day (not earlier than the expiration of fourteen days from the date of the notice) on or before which the payment required by the notice is to be made, and it shall also name the place where payment is to be made such place being either the Registered Office of the Company or such other place at which calls of the Company are usually made. The notice shall also state that, in the event of non-payment at or before the time appointed, the shares in respect of which the call was made will be liable to be forfeited

Form of Notice

51. If the requirements of any such notice as aforesaid are not complied with, any share in respect of which the notice has been given may at any time thereafter, before the payment required by the notice has been made, be forfeited by a resolution of the Board to that effect. Such forfeiture shall include all dividends and bonuses declared in respect of the forfeited share and not actually paid before the forfeiture. The Directors may accept the surrender of any shares liable to be forfeited hereunder and in such cases references in these Bye-Laws to forfeiture shall include surrender.

If notice not complied with shares may be forfeited

52. Any share so forfeited shall be deemed to be the property of the Company, and may be sold or otherwise disposed of on such terms and in such manner as the Board thinks fit and at any time before a sale or disposition the forfeiture may be cancelled on such terms as the Board thinks fit.

Forfeited shares to become property of Company 53. A person whose shares have been forfeited shall cease to be a member in respect of the forfeited shares, but shall, notwithstanding, remain liable to pay to the Company all moneys which, at the date of forfeiture, were payable by him to the Company in respect of the shares, together with (if the Board shall in its discretion so require) interest thereon from the date of forfeiture until the date of actual payment at such rate not exceeding twenty per cent. per annum as the Board may prescribe, and the Board may enforce the payment thereof if it thinks fit, and without any deduction or allowance for the value of the shares at the date of forfeiture, but his liability shall cease if and when the Company shall have received payment in full of all such moneys in respect of the shares. For the purposes of this Bye-Law any sum which by the terms of issue of a share, is payable thereon at a fixed time which is subsequent to the date of forfeiture, whether on account of the nominal value of the share or by way of premium, shall notwithstanding that that time has not yet arrived be deemed to be payable at the date of forfeiture, and the same shall become due and payable immediately upon the forfeiture, but interest thereon shall only be payable in respect of any period between the said fixed time and the date of actual payment.

Arrears to be paid notwith-standing forfeiture

54. A statutory declaration in writing that the declarant is a Director or the Secretary of the Company, and that a share in the Company has been duly forfeited or surrendered on a date stated in the declaration, shall be conclusive evidence of the facts therein stated as against all persons claiming to be entitled to the share. The Company may receive the consideration, if any, given for the share on any sale or disposition thereof and may execute a transfer of the share in favour of the person to whom the share is sold or disposed of and he shall thereupon be registered as the holder of the share, and shall not be bound to see to the application of the purchase money, if any, nor shall his title to the share be affected by any irregularity or invalidity in the proceedings in reference to the forfeiture, sale or disposal of the share.

Evidence of forfeiture and transfer of forfeited share

55. When any share shall have been forfeited, notice of the resolution shall be given to the member in whose name it stood immediately prior to the forfeiture, and an entry of the forfeiture, with the date thereof, shall forthwith be made in the register, but no forfeiture shall be in any manner invalidated by any omission or neglect to give such notice or make any such entry.

Notice after forfeiture

56. Notwithstanding any such forfeiture as aforesaid the Board may at any time, before any shares so forfeited shall have been sold, re-allotted or otherwise disposed of, cancel the forfeiture on such terms as the Board thinks fit or permit the shares so forfeited to be bought back or redeemed upon the terms of payment of all calls and interest due upon and expenses incurred in respect of the shares, and upon such further terms (if any) as it thinks fit.

Power to redeem forfeited shares

57. The forfeiture of a share shall not prejudice the right of the Company to any call already made or instalment payment thereon.

Forfeiture not to prejudice Company's right to call or instalment 58. (A) The provisions of these Bye-Laws as to forfeiture shall apply in the case of non-payment of any sum which, by terms of issue of a share, becomes payable at a fixed time, whether on account of the nominal value of the share or by way of premium, as if the same had been payable by virtue of a call duly made and notified.

Forfeiture for nonpayment of any sum due on shares

(B) In the event of a forfeiture of shares the member shall be bound to deliver and shall forthwith deliver to the Company the certificate or certificates held by him for the shares so forfeited and in any event the certificates representing shares so forfeited shall be void and of no further effect.

#### **ALTERATION OF CAPITAL**

- 59. (A) The Company may from time to time by Ordinary Resolution:-
- Consolidation and division of capital and sub-division and cancellation of shares
- consolidate or divide all or any of its share capital into shares of larger or (i) smaller amount than its existing shares; and on any consolidation of fully paid shares into shares of larger amount, the Board may settle any difficulty which may arise as it thinks expedient and in particular (but without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing) may as between the holders of shares to be consolidated determine which particular shares are to be consolidated into each consolidated share, and if it shall happen that any person shall become entitled to fractions of a consolidated share or shares, such fractions may be sold by some person appointed by the Board for that purpose and the person so appointed may transfer the shares so sold to the purchaser thereof and the validity of such transfer shall not be questioned, and so that the net proceeds of such sale (after deduction of the expenses of such sale) may either be distributed among the persons who would otherwise be entitled to a fraction or fractions of a consolidated share or shares rateably in accordance with their rights and interest or may be paid to the Company for the Company's benefit;
- (ii) divide its shares into several classes and attach thereto respectively any preferential, deferred, qualified or special rights, privileges or conditions;
- (iii) sub-divide its shares or any of them into shares of smaller amount than is fixed by the Memorandum of Association, subject nevertheless to the provisions of the Companies Act, and so that the resolution whereby any share is sub-divided may determine that, as between the holders of the shares resulting from such sub-division, one or more of the shares may have any such preferred or other special rights over, or may have such deferred rights or be subject to any such restrictions as compared with the others as the Company has power to attach to unissued or new shares;
- (iv) cancel any shares which at the date of the passing of the resolution have not been taken or agreed to be taken by any person, and diminish the amount of its share capital by the amount of the shares so cancelled; and
- (v) make provision for the issue and allotment of shares which do not carry any voting rights.

(B) The Company may from time to time by Special Resolution, subject to any confirmation or consent required by law, reduce its authorised or issued share capital or, save for the use of share premium as expressly permitted by the Companies Act, any share premium account or other undistributable reserve.

Reduction of

### **GENERAL MEETINGS**

60. The Company shall in each year hold a general meeting as its annual general meeting in addition to any other meeting in that year and shall specify the meeting as such in the notice calling it; and not more than fifteen months shall elapse between the date of one annual general meeting of the Company and that of the next. The annual general meeting shall be held in the Relevant Territory or elsewhere as may be determined by the Board and at such time and place as the Board shall appoint.

When annual general meeting to be held

61. All general meetings other than annual general meetings shall be called special general meetings.

Special general meeting

62. The Board may, whenever it thinks fit, convene a special general meeting, and special general meetings shall also be convened on requisition, as provided by the Companies Act, or, in default, may be convened by the requisitionists.

Convening of special general meeting

63. An annual general meeting shall be called by notice in writing of a period which is not less than the longer of 21 days and 20 clear business days, any special general meeting called for the passing of a Special Resolution shall be called by notice in writing of a period which is not less than the longer of 21 days and 10 clear business days, and any other special general meeting shall be called by notice in writing of a period which is not less than the longer of 14 days and 10 clear business days. The notice shall be exclusive of the day on which it is served or deemed to be served and of the day for which it is given, and shall specify the place, the day and the hour of meeting and, in case of special business, the general nature of that business, and shall be given, in the manner hereinafter mentioned or in such other manner, if any, as may be prescribed by the Company in general meeting, to such persons as are, under these Bye-Laws, entitled to receive such notices from the Company, provided that, subject to the provisions of the Companies Act, a meeting of the Company shall notwithstanding that it is called by shorter notice than that specified in this Bye-Law be deemed to have been duly called if it is so agreed:—

Notice of meetings

- (i) in the case of a meeting called as the annual general meeting, by all the members entitled to attend and vote thereat; and
- (ii) in the case of any other meeting, by a majority in number of the members having a right to attend and vote at the meeting, being a majority together holding not less than 95 per cent. in nominal value of the shares giving that right.
- 64. (A) The accidental omission to give any notice to, or the non-receipt of any notice by, any person entitled to receive notice shall not invalidate any resolution passed or any proceedings at any such meeting.

Omission to give notice

(B) In the case where instruments of proxy are sent out with any notice, the accidental omission to send such instrument of proxy to, or the non-receipt of such instrument of proxy by, any person entitled to receive notice shall not invalidate any resolution passed or any proceeding at any such meeting.

### PROCEEDINGS AT GENERAL MEETINGS

65. All business shall be deemed special that is transacted at a special general meeting, and also all business that is transacted at an annual general meeting with the exception of sanctioning dividends, the reading, considering and adopting of the accounts and balance sheet and the reports of the Directors and Auditors and other documents required to be annexed to the balance sheet, the election of Directors and appointment of Auditors and other officers in the place of those retiring, the fixing of the remuneration of the Auditors, and the voting of remuneration or extra remuneration to the Directors.

Special business

Business of annual general meeting

66. For all purposes the quorum for a general meetings shall be two members present in person or as a duly authorised corporate representative or by proxy and entitled to vote. No business shall be transacted at any general meeting unless the requisite quorum shall be present at the commencement of the meeting.

Ouorum

67. If within fifteen minutes from the time appointed for the meeting a quorum is not present, the meeting, if convened upon the requisition of members, shall be dissolved, but in any other case it shall stand adjourned to the same day in the next week and at such time and place as shall be decided by the Board.

When if quorum not present meeting to be dissolved and when to be adjourned Chairman of general meeting

- 68. The Chairman (if any) of the Board or, if he is absent or declines to take the chair at such meeting, the Deputy Chairman (if any) shall take the chair at every general meeting, or, if there be no such Chairman or Deputy Chairman, or, if at any general meeting neither of such Chairman or Deputy Chairman is present within fifteen minutes after the time appointed for holding such meeting, or both such persons decline to take the chair at such meeting, the Directors present shall choose one of their number as Chairman, and if no Director be present or if all the Directors present decline to take the chair or if the Chairman chosen shall retire from the chair, then the members present shall choose one of their own number to be Chairman.
- 69. The Chairman may, with the consent of any general meeting at which a quorum is present, and shall, if so directed by the meeting, adjourn any meeting from time to time and from place to place as the meeting shall determine. Whenever a meeting is adjourned for fourteen days or more, at least seven clear days' notice, specifying the place, the day and the hour of the adjourned meeting shall be given in the same manner as in the case of an original meeting but it shall not be necessary to specify in such notice the nature of the business to be transacted at the adjourned meeting. Save as aforesaid, no member shall be entitled to any notice of an adjournment or of the business to be transacted at any adjourned meeting. No business shall be transacted at any adjourned meeting other than the business which might have been transacted at the meeting from which the adjournment took place.

Power to adjourn general meeting, business of adjourned meeting

- 70. At any general meeting a resolution put to the vote of the meeting shall be decided by poll.
  - 71. Intentionally Deleted
  - 72. Intentionally Deleted
- 73. In the case of an equality of votes, the Chairman of the meeting shall be entitled to a second or casting vote. In the case of any dispute as to the admission or rejection of any vote, the Chairman shall determine the same, and such determination shall be final and conclusive.

Chairman to have casting

- 74. Intentionally Deleted
- 75. For the purposes of section 106 of the Companies Act, a Special Resolution of the Company, and of any relevant class of shareholders, shall be required to approve any amalgamation agreement as referred to in that section.

Approval of amalgamation agreement

### **VOTES OF MEMBERS**

76. Subject to any special rights, privileges or restrictions as to voting for the time being attached to any class or classes of shares, in respect of every resolution put to the vote of a meeting by poll at any general meeting, every member present in person or by a duly authorized corporate representative or by proxy shall have one vote for each share registered in his name in the register. A shareholder entitled to more than one vote is under no obligation to cast all his votes in the same way.

Votes of members

77. Any person entitled under Bye-Law 46 to be registered as the holder of any shares may vote at any general meeting in respect thereof in the same manner as if he were the registered holder of such shares, provided that at least 48 hours before the time of the holding of the meeting or adjourned meeting (as the case may be) at which he proposes to vote, he shall satisfy the Board of his right to be registered as the holder of such shares or the Board shall have previously admitted his right to vote at such meeting in respect thereof.

Votes in respect of deceased and bankrupt members 78. Where there are joint registered holders of any share, any one of such persons may vote at any meeting, either personally or by proxy, in respect of such share as if he were solely entitled thereto: but if more than one of such joint holders be present at any meeting personally or by proxy, that one of the said persons so present whose name stands first on the register in respect of such share shall alone be entitled to vote in respect of thereof. Several executors or administrators of a deceased member in whose name any share stands first shall for the purposes of this Bye-Law be deemed joint holders thereof.

Joint holders

79. A member of unsound mind or in respect of whom an order has been made by any court having jurisdiction in lunacy may vote, by poll, by his committee, receiver, curator bonis or other person in the nature of a committee, receiver or curator bonis appointed by that court, and any such committee, receiver, curator bonis or other person may on a poll vote by proxy. Evidence to the satisfaction of the Board of the authority of the person claiming to exercise the right to vote shall be delivered to such place or one of such places (if any) as is specified in accordance with these Bye-Laws for the deposit of instruments of proxy or, if no place is specified, at the Registration Office.

Votes of member of unsound mind

80. (A) Save as expressly provided in these Bye-Laws, no person other than a member duly registered and who shall have paid everything for the time being due from him payable to the Company in respect of his shares shall be entitled to be present or to vote (save as proxy for another member) either personally or by proxy or to be reckoned in a quorum (save as proxy for another member), at any general meeting.

Qualification for voting

- (B) Where any member of the Company is, under the rules of the Designated Stock Exchange, required to abstain from voting on any particular resolution or restricted to voting only for or only against any particular resolution, any votes cast by or on behalf of such member in contravention of such requirement or restriction shall not be counted.
- (C) No objection shall be raised to the qualification of any voter except at the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the vote objected to is given or tendered, and every vote not disallowed at such meeting shall be valid for all purposes. Any such objection made in due time shall be referred to the Chairman, whose decision shall be final and conclusive.

Objections to voter

81. Any member of the Company entitled to attend and vote at a meeting of the Company or a meeting of the holders of any class of shares in the Company shall be entitled to appoint another person as his proxy to attend and voted instead of him. A member who is the holder of two or more shares may appoint more than one proxy to attend on the same occasion. A proxy need not be a shareholder. In addition, a proxy or proxies representing either an individual member or a member which is a corporation, shall be entitled to exercise the same powers on behalf of the member which he or they represent as such member could exercise.

Proxies

82. The instrument appointing a proxy shall be in writing under the hand of the appointor or of his attorney duly authorised in writing, or if the appointor is a corporation, either under seal or under the hand of an officer or attorney duly authorised.

Instrument appointing proxy to be in writing

83. The instrument appointing a proxy and the power of attorney or other authority, if any, under which it is signed or a notarially certified copy of that power or authority shall be deposited at such place or one of such places (if any) as is specified in the notice of meeting or in the instrument of proxy issued by the Company (or, if no place is specified, at the Registration Office) not less than forty-eight hours before the time for holding the meeting or adjourned meeting (as the case may be) at which the person named in such instrument proposes to vote, and in default the instrument of proxy shall not be treated as valid. No instrument appointing a proxy shall be valid after the expiration of twelve months from the date of its execution, except at an adjourned meeting or an adjourned meeting in a case where the meeting was originally held within twelve months from such date. Delivery of an instrument appointing a proxy shall not preclude a member from attending and voting in person at the meeting and, in such event, the instrument appointing a proxy shall be deemed to be revoked.

Appointment of proxy must be deposited

84. Every instrument of proxy, whether for a specified meeting or otherwise, shall be in such form as the Board may from time to time approve.

Form of proxy

85. The instrument appointing a proxy to vote at a general meeting shall: (i) be deemed to confer authority upon the proxy to vote on any resolution (or amendment thereto) put to the meeting for which it is given as the proxy thinks fit. Provided that any form issued to a member for use by him for appointing a proxy to attend and vote at a special general meeting or at an annual general meeting at which any business is to be transacted shall be such as to enable the member, according to his intentions, to instruct the proxy to vote in favour of or against (or, in default of instructions, to exercise his discretion in respect of) each resolution dealing with any such business; and (ii) unless the contrary is stated therein, be valid as well for any adjournment of the meeting as for the meeting to which it relates.

Authority under instrument appointing proxy

86. A vote given in accordance with the terms of an instrument of proxy or power of attorney or by the duly authorised representative of a corporation shall be valid notwithstanding the previous death or insanity of the principal or revocation of the proxy or power of attorney or other authority under which the proxy was executed or the transfer of the share in respect of which the proxy is given, provided that no intimation in writing of such death, insanity, revocation or transfer as aforesaid shall have been received by the Company at its Registration Office, or at such other place as is referred to in Bye-Law 83, at least two hours before the commencement of the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the proxy is used.

When vote by proxy valid though authority revoked

87. (A) Any corporation which is a member of the Company may, by resolution of its directors or other governing body or by power of attorney, authorise such person as it thinks fit to act as its representative at any meeting of the Company or of any class of members of the Company, and the person so authorised shall be entitled to exercise the same powers on behalf of the corporation which he represents as that corporation could exercise if it were an individual member of the Company. References in these Bye-Laws to a member present in person at a meeting shall, unless the context otherwise requires, include a corporation which is a member represented at the meeting by such duly authorised representative or by one or more proxies. Nothing contained in this Bye-Law shall prevent a corporation which is a member of the Company form appointing one or more proxies to represent pursuant to Bye-Law 81.

Corporation acting by representatives at meetings

(B) If a Clearing House or its nominees is a member of the Company, it may authorise such person or persons as it thinks fit to act as its representative or representatives or proxy or proxies, to the extend permitted by the Companies Act, at any meeting of the Company or at any meeting of any class of members of the Company provided that, if more than one person is so authorised, the authorisation shall specify the number and class of shares in respect of which each such person is so authorised. The person so authorised shall be deemed to have been duly authorised without the need of producing any documents of title, notarised authorisation and/or further evidence for substantiating the facts that it is duly authorised and shall be entitled to exercise the same rights and powers on behalf of the clearing house (or its nominees) which he represents in respect of the number and class or shares specified in the relevant authorisation including the right to vote individually by poll as that clearing house (or its nominees) could exercise if it were an individual shareholder.

#### REGISTERED OFFICE

88. The Registered Office of the Company shall be at such place in Bermuda as the Board shall from time to time appoint.

Registered office

### **BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

89. The number of Directors shall not be less than two. The Board shall cause to be kept a register of the Directors and Secretaries.

Constitution of Board

- 90. The Company in general meeting may by ordinary resolution elect a person or persons qualified to be Directors to act as Directors in the alternative to any of the Directors of the Company or may authorise the Board to appoint such alternate Directors. Any alternate Director may be removed by the Company in general meeting by ordinary resolution and, if appointed by the Board, may be removed by the Board and, subject thereto, the office of alternate Director shall continue until the next annual election of Directors in accordance with Bye-Law 99 or, if earlier, the date on which the relevant Director ceases to be a Director. An alternate Director may also be a Director in his own right and may act as alternate to more than one Director.
- 91. (A) An alternate Director shall (except when absent from the territory in which the Head Office is for the time being situate) be entitled to receive notices of meetings of the Board and shall be entitled to attend and vote as a Director at any such meeting at which the Director appointing him is not personally present and generally at such meeting to perform all the functions of his appointor as a Director and for the purposes of the proceedings at such meeting the provisions of these presents shall apply as if he (instead of his appointor) were a Director. If he shall be himself a Director or shall attend any such meeting as an alternate for more than one Director his voting rights shall be cumulative. If his appointor is for the time being absent from the territory in which the Head Office is for the time being situate or otherwise not available or unable to act, his signature to any resolution in writing of the Directors shall be as effective as the signature of his appointor. To such extent as the Board may from time to time determine in relation to any committee of the Board, the

Alternate Directors foregoing provisions of this paragraph shall also apply mutatis mutandis to any meeting of any such committee of which his appointor is a member. An alternate Director shall not, save as aforesaid, have power to act as a Director nor shall he be deemed to be a Director for the purposes of these Bye-Laws.

- (B) An alternate Director shall be entitled to contract and be interested in and benefit from contracts or arrangements or transactions and to be repaid expenses and to be indemnified to the same extent mutatis mutandis as if he were a Director, but he shall not be entitled to receive from the Company in respect of his appointment as alternate Director any remuneration except only such part (if any) of the remuneration otherwise payable to his appointor as such appointor may by notice in writing to the Company from time to time direct.
- 92. A Director shall be required to hold at least one share of the Company by way of qualification.

Qualification shares for Directors

93. The Directors shall be entitled to receive by way of remuneration for their services as Directors such sum as shall from time to time be determined by the Company in general meeting, such sum (unless otherwise directed by the resolution by which it is voted) to be divided amongst the Directors in such proportions and in such manner as the Board may agree, or failing agreement, equally, except that in such event any Director holding office for less than the whole of the relevant period in respect of which the remuneration is paid shall only rank in such division in proportion to the time during such period for which he has held office. The foregoing provisions shall not apply to a Director who holds any salaried employment or office in the Company except in the case of sums paid in respect of Directors fees.

Directors'

ation

94. The Directors shall also be entitled to be repaid all travelling, hotel and other expenses reasonably incurred by them respectively in or about the performance of their duties as directors, including their expenses of travelling to and from board meetings, committee meetings or general meetings or otherwise incurred whilst engaged in the business of the Company or in the discharge of their duties as Directors.

Directors' expenses

95. The Board may grant special remuneration to any Director who, being called upon, shall perform any special or extra services to or at the request of the Company. Such special remuneration may be made payable to such Director in addition to or in substitution for his ordinary remuneration as a Director, and may be made payable by way of salary, commission or participation in profits or otherwise as may be arranged.

Special remuner-

96. (A) Notwithstanding Bye-Laws 93, 94 and 95, the remuneration of a Managing Director, Joint Managing Director, Deputy Managing Director or other Executive Director or a Director appointed to any other office in the management of the Company may from time to time be fixed by the Board and may be by way of salary, commission, or participation in profits or otherwise or by all or any of those modes and with such other benefits (including pension and/or gratuity and/or other benefits on retirement) and allowances as the Board may from time to time decide. Such remuneration shall be in addition to his remuneration as a Director.

Remuneration of Managing Directors, etc.

(B) Payments to any director or past director of the Company of any sum by way of compensation for loss of office or as consideration for or in connection with his retirement from office (not being a payment to which the director is contractually entitled) must be approved by the Company in general meeting.

Payments for compensation for loss of office

97. (A) A Director shall vacate his office:-

When office of Director to be

- (i) if he becomes bankrupt or has a receiving order made against him or suspends payment or compounds with his creditors generally;
- (ii) if he becomes a lunatic or of unsound mind;
- (iii) if he absents himself from the meetings of the Board during a continuous period of six months, without special leave of absence from the Board, and his alternate Director (if any) shall not during such period have attended in his stead, and the Board passes a resolution that he has by reason of such absence vacated his office;
- (iv) if he becomes prohibited by law from acting as a Director;
- (v) if by notice in writing delivered to the Company at its Registered Office or at the Head Office he resigns his office;
- (vi) if he shall be removed from office by a Ordinary Resolution of the Company under Bye-Law 104;
- (vii) if he shall be removed from office by notice in writing served upon him signed by 75 per cent. or more of his co-Directors.
- (B) No director shall be required to vacate office or be ineligible for reelection or re-appointment as a Director, and no person shall be ineligible for appointment as a Director by reason only of his having attained any particular age.
- 98. (A) A Director may hold any other office or place of profit with the Company (except that of Auditor) in conjunction with his office of Director for such period and upon such terms as the Board may determine, and may be paid such extra remuneration therefor (whether by way of salary, commission, participation in profits or otherwise) as the Board may determine, and such extra remuneration shall be in addition to any remuneration provided for, by or pursuant to any other Bye-Law.

Director' interests

(B) A Director may act by himself or his firm in a professional capacity for the Company (otherwise than as Auditor) and he or his firm shall be entitled to remuneration for professional services as if he were not a Director.

- (C) A Director of the Company may be or become a director or other officer of, or otherwise interested in, any company promoted by the Company or any other company in which the Company may be interested, and shall not be liable to account to the Company or the members for any remuneration, profit or other benefit received by him as a director or officer of or from his interest in such other company. The Board may also cause the voting power conferred by the shares in any other company held or owned by the Company to be exercised in such manner in all respects as it thinks fit, including the exercise thereof in favour of any resolution appointing the Directors or any of them to be directors or officers of such other company, or voting or providing for the payment of remuneration to the directors or officers of such other company.
- (D) A Director shall not vote nor be counted in the quorum on any resolution of the Board concerning his own appointment as the holder of any office or place of profit with the Company or any other company in which the Company is interested (including the arrangement or variation of the terms thereof, or the termination thereof).
- (E) Where arrangements are under consideration concerning the appointment (including the arrangement or variation of the terms thereof, or the termination thereof) of two or more Directors to offices or places of profit with the Company or any other company in which the Company is interested, a separate resolution may be put in relation to each Director and in such case each of the Directors concerned shall be entitled to vote (and be counted in the quorum) in respect of each resolution except that concerning his own appointment (or the arrangement or variation of the terms thereof, or the termination thereof) and except (in the case of an office or place of profit with any such other company as aforesaid) where the other company is a company in which the Director together with any of his associates own 5 per cent. or more.
- (F) Subject to the Companies Act and to the next paragraph of this Bye-Law, no Director or proposed or intended Director shall be disqualified from his office by contracting with the Company, either with regard to his tenure of any office or place of profit or as vendor, purchaser or in any other manner whatever, nor shall any such contract or any other contract or arrangement in which any Director is in any way interested be liable to be avoided, nor shall any Director so contracting or being so interested be liable to account to the Company or the members for any remuneration, profit or other benefits realised by any such contract or arrangement by reason of such Director holding that office or the fiduciary relationship thereby established.
- (G) A Director who to his knowledge is in any way, whether directly or indirectly, interested in a contract or arrangement or proposed contract or arrangement with the Company shall declare the nature of his interest at the meeting of the Board at which the question of entering into the contract or arrangement is first taken into consideration, if he knows his interest then exists, or in any other case at the first meeting of the Board after he knows that he is or has become so interested. For the purposes of this Bye-Law, a general notice to the Board by a Director to the effect that (a) he is a member of a specified company or firm and is to be regarded as interested in any contract or arrangement

which may after the date of the notice be made with that company or firm or (b) he is to be regarded as interested in any contract or arrangement which may after the date of the notice be made with a specified person who is connected with him, shall be deemed to be a sufficient declaration of interest under this Bye-Law in relation to any such contract or arrangement; provided that no such notice shall be effective unless either it is given at a meeting of the Board or the Director takes reasonable steps to secure that it is brought up and read at the next Board meeting after it is given.

- (H) A Director shall not vote (nor shall he be counted in the quorum) on any resolution of the Board in respect of any contract or arrangement or any other proposal in which he or any of his associates, is to his knowledge, materially interested, and if he do so his vote shall not be counted (nor shall he be counted in the quorum for that resolution), but this prohibition shall not apply to any of the following matters namely:
  - (i) any contract or arrangement for the giving by the Company to such Director or his associate(s) any security or indemnity in respect of money lent by him or any of his associates or obligations incurred or undertaken by him or any of his associates at the request of or for the benefit of the Company or any of its subsidiaries;
  - (ii) any contract or arrangement for the giving by the Company of any security or indemnity to a third party in respect of a debt or obligation of the Company or any of its subsidiaries for which the Director or his associate(s) has himself/ themselves assumed responsibility in whole or in part whether alone or jointly under a guarantee or indemnity or by the giving of security;
  - (iii) any contract or arrangement concerning an offer of shares or debentures or other securities of or by the Company or any other company which the Company may promote or be interested in for subscription or purchase, where the Director or his associate(s) is/are or is/are to be interested as a participant in the underwriting or sub-underwriting of the offer;
  - (iv) any contract or arrangement in which the Director or his associate(s) is/are interested in the same manner as other holders of shares or debentures or other securities of the Company or any of its subsidiaries by virtue only of his/their interest in shares or debentures or other securities of the Company;
  - (v) any contract or arrangement concerning any other company in which the. Director or his associate(s) is/are interested only, whether directly or indirectly, as an officer or executive or a shareholder other than a company in which the Director and/or his associate(s) is/are beneficially interested in five (5) per cent. or more of the issued shares or of the voting rights of any class of shares of such company (or any third company through which his interest or that of any of his associates is derived); or

- (vi) any proposal or arrangement concerning the benefit of employees of the Company or its subsidiaries including:
  - (a) the adoption, modification or operation of any employees' share scheme or any share incentive or share option scheme involving the issue or grant of options over shares or other securities by the Company under which the Director or his associate(s) may benefit; or
  - (b) the adoption, modification or operation of a pension fund or retirement, death or disability benefits scheme which relates to Directors, his associates, and employees of the Company or any of its subsidiaries and does not provide in respect of any-Director or his associate(s), as such any privilege or advantage not generally accorded to the class of persons to which such scheme or fund relates.
- (I) A company shall be deemed to be a company in which a Director and/or his associate(s) owns five (5) per cent. or more if and so long as (but only if and so long as) he and/or his associates, (either directly or indirectly) are the holders of or beneficially interested in five (5) per cent. or more of any class of the equity share capital of such company or of the voting rights available to members of such company (or of any third company through which his/their interest or that of any of his associates is derived). For the purpose of this paragraph there shall be disregarded any shares held by a Director or his associate(s) as bare or custodian trustee and in which he or any of them has no beneficial interest, any shares comprised in a trust in which the interest of the Director or his associate(s) is/are in reversion or remainder if and so long as some other person is entitled to receive the income thereof, and any shares comprised in an authorised unit trust scheme in which the Director or his associate(s) is/are interested only as a unit holder and any shares which carry no voting right at general meetings and very restrictive dividend and return of capital right.
- (J) Where a company in which a Director and/or his associate(s) holds five (5) per cent. or more is/are materially interested in a transaction, then that Director and/or his associate(s) shall also be deemed materially interested in such transaction.
- (K) If any question shall arise at any meeting of the Board as to the materiality of the interest of a Director (other than the chairman of the meeting) or his associate(s) or as to the entitlement of any Director (other than such chairman) to vote and such question is not resolved by his voluntarily agreeing to abstain from voting, such question shall be referred to the chairman of the meeting and his ruling in relation to such other Director shall be final and conclusive except in a case where the nature or extent of the interest of the Director and/or his associate(s) concerned as known to such Director has not been fairly disclosed to the Board. If any question as aforesaid shall arise in respect of the chairman of the meeting such question shall be decided by a resolution of the Board (for which purpose such chairman shall not vote thereon) and such resolution shall be final and conclusive except in a case where the nature or extent of the interest of such chairman as known to such chairman has not been fairly disclosed to the Board."

(L) The Company may by Ordinary Resolution ratify any transaction not duly authorized by reason of a contravention of this Bye-Law provided that no Director who is materially interested in such transaction together with any of his associates, shall vote upon such ordinary resolution in respect of any shares in the Company in which they are interested.

# APPOINTMENT AND RETIREMENT OF DIRECTORS

99. (A) Subject to the provisions of any Statute and notwithstanding any other provision in the Bye-laws, at each annual general meeting, one-third of the Directors for the time being (or, if their number is not a multiple of three (3), the number nearest to but not less than one-third) shall retire from office by rotation provided that every Director (including those appointed for a specific term) shall be subject to retirement at least once every three years. The Directors to retire in every year shall be those who have been longest in office since their last election but as between persons who became Directors on the same day shall (unless they otherwise agree between themselves) be determined by lot.

(B) A retiring Director shall be eligible for re-election and shall retain office until the close of the meeting at which he retires. The Company at any general meeting at which any Directors retire may fill the vacated office by electing a like member of persons to be Directors.

100. If at any general meeting at which an election of Directors ought to take place, the places of the retiring Directors are not filled, the retiring Directors or such of them as have not had their places filled shall be deemed to have been re-elected and shall, if willing, continue in office until the next annual general meeting and so on from year to year until their places are filled, unless:—

Retiring Directors to remain in office until successors appointed

Retirement of Directors

- (i) it shall be determined at such meeting to reduce the number of Directors; or
- (ii) it is expressly resolved at such meeting not to fill up such vacated offices; or
- (iii) in any such case the resolution for re-election of a Director is put to the Meeting and lost; or
- (iv) such Director has given notice in writing to the Company that he is not willing to be re-elected.
- 101. The Company in general meeting shall from time to time fix and may from time to time by Ordinary Resolution, increase or reduce the maximum and minimum number of Directors but so that the number of Directors shall never be less than two.

Power of general meeting to increase or reduce number of Directors 102. (A) The Company may from time to time in general meeting by Ordinary Resolution elect any person to be a Director either to fill a casual vacancy or as an addition to the Board. Any Director so appointed shall hold office only until the next following annual general meeting of the Company and shall then be eligible for re-election at the meeting but shall not be taken into account in determining the Directors who are to retire by rotation at such meeting.

Appointment of Directors

- (B) The Board shall have power from time to time and at any time to appoint any person as a Director either to fill a casual vacancy or as an addition to the Board but so that the number of directors so appointed shall not exceed the maximum number determined from time to time by the members in general meeting. Any Director so appointed shall hold office only until the next following general meeting of the Company (in the case of filling a casual vacancy) or until the next following annual general meeting of the Company (in the case of an addition to their member) and shall then be eligible for re-election at the meeting (in the case of an addition to their member).
- 103. No person, other than a retiring Director at the meeting shall, unless recommended by the Directors for election, be eligible for election as a Director at any general meeting, unless a notice in writing signed by a member (other than the person to be proposed) duly qualified to attend and vote at the meeting for which such notice is given of his intention to propose such person for election and also a notice in writing signed by the person to be proposed of his willingness to be elected shall have been lodged at the Head Office or at the Registration Office provided that the minimum length of the period, during which such notice(s) in writing are given, shall be at least seven days and that the period for lodgment of such notice(s) in writing shall commence no earlier than the day after the dispatch of the notice of the general meeting appointed for such election and end no later than seven days prior to the date of such general meeting.

Notice to be given which person proposed for election

104. The Company may by Ordinary Resolution remove any Director (including a Managing Director or other Executive Director) before the expiration of his period of office notwithstanding anything in these Bye-Laws or in any agreement between the Company and such Director (but without prejudice to any claim which such Director may have for damages for any breach of any contract between him and the Company) and may elect another person in his stead. Any person so elected shall hold office only until the next following annual general meeting of the Company and shall then be eligible for re-election, but shall not be taken into account in determining the Directors who are to retire by rotation at such meeting.

Power to remove Director by special resolution

### **BORROWING POWERS**

105. The Board may from time to time at its discretion exercise all the powers of the Company to raise or borrow or to secure the payment of any sum or sums of money for the purposes of the Company and to mortgage or charge its undertaking, property and uncalled capital or any part thereof.

Power to borrow

106. The Board may raise or secure the payment or repayment of such sum or sums in such manner and upon such terms and conditions in all respects as it thinks fit and in particular by the issue of debentures, debenture stock, bonds or other securities of the Company, whether outright or as collateral security for any debt, liability or obligation of the Company or of any third party.

Conditions on which money may be borrowed

107. Debentures, debenture stock, bonds and other securities may be made assignable free from any equities between the Company and the person to whom the same may be issued.

Assignment

108. Any debentures, debenture stock, bonds or other securities may be issued at a discount (other than shares), premium or otherwise and with any special privileges as to redemption, surrender, drawings, allotment of shares, attending and voting at general meetings of the Company, appointment of Directors and otherwise.

Special privileges

109. (A) The Board shall cause a proper register to be kept of all mortgages and charges specifically affecting the property of the Company and shall duly comply with such provisions of the Companies Act with regard to the registration of mortgages and charges as may be specified or required.

Register of charges to be kept

(B) If the Company issues a series of debentures or debenture stock not transferrable by delivery, the Board shall cause a proper register to be kept of the holders of such debentures.

Register of debentures or debenture stock

110. Where any uncalled capital of the Company is charged, all persons taking any subsequent charge thereon shall take the same subject to such prior charge, and shall not be entitled, by notice to the members or otherwise, to obtain priority over such prior charge.

Mortgage of uncalled capital

## MANAGING DIRECTORS, ETC.

111. The Board may from time to time appoint any one or more of its body to the office of Managing Director, Joint Managing Director, Deputy Managing Director or other Executive Director and/or such other office in the management of the business of the Company as it may decide for such period and upon such terms as it thinks fit and upon such terms as to remuneration as it may decide in accordance with Bye-Law 96.

Powers to appoint Managing Directors, etc 112. Every Director appointed to an office under Bye-Law 111 hereof shall, but without prejudice to any claim for damages for breach of any contract of service between himself and the Company, be liable to be dismissed or removed therefrom by the Board.

Removal of Managing Director, etc.

113. A Director appointed to an office under Bye-Law 111 shall be subject to the same provisions as to rotation except the Managing Director, resignation and removal as the other Directors of the Company, and he shall ipso facto and immediately cease to hold such office if he shall cease to hold the office of Director for any cause.

Cessation of appointment

114. The Board may from time to time entrust to and confer upon a Managing Director, Joint Managing Director, Deputy Managing Director or Executive Director all or any of the powers of the Board that it may think fit Provided that the exercise of all powers by such Director shall be subject to such regulations and restrictions as the Board may from time to time make and impose, and the said powers may at any time be withdrawn, revoked or varied, but no person dealing in good faith and without notice of such withdrawal, revocation or variation shall be affected thereby.

Powers may be delegated

#### **MANAGEMENT**

115. (A) The management of the business of the Company shall be vested in the Board which, in addition to the powers and authorities expressly conferred upon it by these Bye-Laws, may exercise all such powers and do all such acts and things as may be exercised or done or approved by the Company and are not hereby or by the Statutes expressly directed or required to be exercised or done by the Company in general meeting, but subject nevertheless to the provisions of the Statutes and of these Bye-Laws and to any regulations from time to time made by the Company in general meeting not being inconsistent with such provisions of these Bye-Laws, provided that no regulation so made shall invalidate any prior act of the Board which would have been valid if such regulation had not been made.

General powers of Company vested in Board

- (B) Without prejudice to the general powers conferred by these Bye-Laws, it is hereby expressly declared that the Board shall have the following powers:—
  - (i) to give to any person the right or option of requiring at a future date that an allotment shall be made to him of any share at par or at such premium as may be agreed; and
  - (ii) to give to any Directors, officers or servants of the Company an interest in any particular business or transaction or participation in the profits thereof or in the general profits of the Company either in addition to or in substitution for a salary or other remuneration.

### **MANAGERS**

116. The Board may from time to time appoint a general manager, manager or managers of the business of the Company and may fix his or their remuneration either by way of salary or commission or by conferring the right to participation in the profits of the Company or by a combination of two or more of these modes and pay the working expenses of any of the staff of the general manager, manager or managers who may be employed by him or them upon the business of the Company.

Appointment and remuneration of manager

117. The appointment of such general manager, manager or managers may be for such period as the Board may decide and the Board may confer upon him or them all or any of the powers of the Board and such title or titles as it may think fit.

Tenure of office and powers

118. The Board may enter into such agreement or agreements with any such general manager, manager or managers upon such terms and conditions in all respects as the Board may in its absolute discretion think fit, including a power for such general manager, manager or managers to appoint an assistant manager or managers or other employees whatsoever under them for the purpose of carrying on the business of the Company.

Terms and conditions of appointment

### CHAIRMAN AND OTHER OFFICERS

119. The Board shall as soon as practicable following each annual general meeting elect one of its body to the office of President of the Company and another to be the Vice-President of the Company, and may from time to time elect or otherwise appoint a Director to be Chairman or Deputy Chairman and determine the period for which each of them is to hold office. The Chairman or, in his absence, the Deputy Chairman shall preside at meetings of the Board, but if no such Chairman or Deputy Chairman be elected or appointed, or if at any meeting the Chairman or Deputy Chairman is not present within five minutes after the time appointed for holding the same, the Directors present shall choose one of their number to be Chairman of such meeting. All the provisions of Bye-Laws 112, 113 and 114 shall mutatis mutandis apply to any Directors elected or otherwise appointed to any office in accordance with the provisions of this Bye-Law.

Chairman

## PROCEEDINGS OF THE DIRECTORS

120. The Board may meet together for the despatch of business, adjourn and otherwise regulate their meetings and proceedings as it thinks fit and may determine the quorum necessary for the transaction of business. Unless otherwise determined two Directors shall be a quorum. For the purpose of this Bye-Law an alternate Director shall be counted in a quorum but, notwithstanding that an alternate Director is also a Director or is an alternate for more than one Director, he shall for quorum purposes count as only one Director. Any Director may participate in a meeting of the Board or of any such Committee of the Board by means of a conference telephone or similar communications equipment by means of which all persons participating in the meeting are capable of hearing each other.

Meeting of the Board, quorum, etc. 121. A Director may, and on the request of a Director the Secretary shall, at any time summon a meeting of the Board which may be held in any part of the world provided that no such meeting shall be summoned to be held outside the territory in which the Head Office is for the time being situate without the prior approval of the Directors. Notice thereof shall be given to each Director and alternate Director either in writing or by telephone or by telex or telegram at the address from time to time notified to the Company by such Director or in such other manner as the Board may from time to time determine. A Director absent or intended to be absent from the territory in which the Head Office is for the time being situate may request the Board that notices of Board meetings shall during his absence be sent in writing to him at his last known address or any other address given by him to the Company for this purpose, but such notices need not be given any earlier than notices given to Directors not so absent and in the absence of any such request it shall not be necessary to give notice of a Board meeting to any Director who is for the time being absent from such territory. A Director may waive notice of any meeting either prospectively or retrospectively.

Convening of Board meeting

122. Questions arising at any meeting of the Board shall be decided by a majority of votes, and in case of an equality of votes the Chairman shall have a second or casting vote.

How questions to be decided

123. A meeting of the Board for the time being at which a quorum is present shall be competent to exercise all or any of the authorities, powers and discretions by or under these Bye-Laws for the time being vested in or exercisable by the Board generally.

Powers of meeting

124. The Board may delegate any of its powers to committees consisting of such member or members of its body and such other persons as the Board thinks fit, and it may from time to time revoke such delegation or revoke the appointment of and discharge any such committees either wholly or in part, and either as to persons or purposes, but every committee so formed shall in the exercise of the powers so delegated conform to any regulations that may from time to time be imposed upon it by the Board.

Power to appoint committee and to delegate

125. All acts done by any such committee in conformity with such regulations and in fulfilment of the purposes for which it is appointed, but not otherwise, shall have the like force and effect as if done by the Board, and the Board shall have power, with the consent of the Company in general meeting, to remunerate the members of any special committee, and charge such remuneration to the current expenses of the Company.

Act of committee to be of same effect as acts of Board

126. The meetings and proceedings of any such committee consisting of two or more members shall be governed by the provisions herein contained for regulating the meetings and proceedings of the Board so far as the same are applicable thereto and are not replaced by any regulations imposed by the Board pursuant to Bye-Law 124.

Proceedings of committee

127. All acts bona fide done by any meeting of the Board or by any such committee or by any person acting as a Director shall, notwithstanding that it shall be afterwards discovered that there was some defect in the appointment of such Director or persons acting as aforesaid or that they or any of them were disqualified, be as valid as if every such person had been duly appointed and was qualified to be a director or member of such committee.

When acts of Board or committee to be valid notwithstanding defects 128. The continuing Directors may act notwithstanding any vacancy in their body, but, if and so long as their number is reduced below the number fixed by or pursuant to these Bye-Laws as the necessary quorum of directors, the continuing Director or Directors may act for the purpose of increasing the number of Directors to that number or of summoning a general meeting of the Company but for no other purpose.

Directors' powers when vacancies exists

129. A resolution in writing signed by all the Directors except such as are absent from the territory in which the Head Office is for the time being situate or temporarily unable to act through ill-health or disability (or their alternate Directors) shall (so long as such a resolution shall be signed by at least two Directors or their alternates and provided that a copy of such resolution has been given or the contents thereof communicated to all the Directors for the time being entitled to receive notices of Board meetings) be as valid and effectual as if it had been passed at a meeting of the Board duly convened and held. Any such resolutions in writing may consist of several documents in like form each signed by one or more of the Directors or alternate Directors.

Directors' resolutions

#### **MINUTES**

- 130. (A) The Board shall cause minutes to be made of:-
- (i) all appointments of officers made by the Board;

Minutes of proceedings of meetings and directors

- (ii) the names of the Directors present at each meeting of the Board and of committees appointed pursuant to Bye-Law 124; and
- (iii) all resolutions and proceedings at all meetings of the Company and of the Board and of such committees.
- (B) Any such minutes shall be conclusive evidence of any such proceedings if they purport to be signed by the Chairman of the meeting at which the proceedings were held or by the Chairman of the next succeeding meeting.
- (C) The Directors shall duly comply with the provisions of the Companies Act in regard to keeping a Register of Members and to the production and furnishing of copies of or extracts from such Register.
- (D) Any register, index, minute book, book of account or other book required by these presents or the Statutes to be kept by or on behalf of the Company may be kept either by making entries in bound books or by recording them in any other manner which shall include, without prejudice to the generality thereof, recording by means of magnetic tape, microfilm, computer or any other non-manual system of recording. In any case in which bound books are not used, the Directors shall take adequate precautions for guarding against falsification and for facilitating its discovery.

### **SECRETARY**

131. The Secretary shall be appointed by the Board for such term, at such remuneration and upon such conditions as it may think fit, and any Secretary so appointed may be removed by the Board. Anything required or authorised by the Statutes or these Bye-Laws to be done by or to the Secretary, if the office is vacant or there is for any other reason no Secretary capable of acting, may be done by or to any assistant or deputy Secretary, or if there is no assistant or deputy Secretary capable of acting, by or to any officer of the Company authorised generally or specially on behalf of the Board. If the Secretary appointed is a corporation or other body, it may act and sign by the hand of any one or more of its directors or officers duly authorised.

Appointment of secretary

132. The duties of the Secretary shall be those prescribed by the Companies Act and these Bye-Laws, together with such other duties as may from time to time be prescribed by the Board.

Duties of the secretary

133. A provision of the Statutes or of these Bye-Laws requiring or authorising a thing to be done by or to a Director and the Secretary shall not be satisfied by its being done by or to the same person acting both as Director and as, or in place of, the Secretary.

Same person not to act in two capacities at once

## GENERAL MANAGEMENT AND USE OF THE SEAL

134. (A) The Company shall have one or more Seals as the Directors may determine. The Directors shall provide for the safe custody of each Seal, and no Seal shall be used without the authority of the Directors or a committee authorised by the Directors in that behalf.

Custody of Seal

(B) Every instrument to which a Seal shall be affixed shall be signed autographically by one Director and the Secretary or by two Directors or some other person appointed by the Board for the purpose provided that as regards any certificates for shares or debentures or other securities of the Company the Directors may by resolution determine that such signatures or either of them shall be dispensed with or affixed by some method or system of mechanical signature other than autographic as specified in such resolution or that such certificates need not be signed by any person.

The Seal

(C) The Company may have a Securities Seal for use for sealing certificates for shares or other securities issued by the Company and no signature of any Director, officer or other person and no mechanical reproduction thereof shall be required on any such certificates or other document and any such certificates or other document to which such Securities Seal is affixed shall be valid and deemed to have been sealed and executed with the authority of the Board notwithstanding the absence of any such signature or mechanical reproduction as aforesaid.

Securities Seal 135. All cheques, promissory notes, drafts, bills of exchange and other negotiable instruments, and all receipts for moneys paid to the Company shall be signed, drawn, accepted, indorsed or otherwise executed, as the case may be, in such manner as the Board shall from time to time by resolution determine. The Company's banking accounts shall be kept with such banker or bankers as the Board shall from time to time determine.

Cheques and banking arrangements

136. (A) The Board may from time to time and at any time, by power of attorney under the Seal, appoint any company, firm or person or any fluctuating body of persons, whether nominated directly or indirectly by the Board, to be the attorney or attorneys of the Company for such purposes and with such powers, authorities and discretions (not exceeding those vested in or exercisable by the Board under these Bye-Laws) and for such period and subject to such conditions as it may think fit, and any such power of attorney may contain such provisions for the protection and convenience of persons dealing with any such attorney as the Board may think fit, and may also authorise any such attorney to subdelegate all or any of the powers, authorities and discretions vested in him.

Power to appoint attorney

(B) The Company may, by writing under its Seal, empower any person, either generally or in respect of any specified matter, as its attorney to execute deeds and instruments on its behalf and to enter into contracts and sign the same on its behalf and every deed signed by such attorney on behalf of the Company and under his seal shall bind the Company and have the same effect as if it were under the Seal of the Company.

Execution of deeds by

137. The Board may establish any committees, regional or local boards or agencies for managing any of the affairs of the Company, either in the Relevant Territory or elsewhere, and may appoint any persons to be members of such committees, regional or local boards or agencies and may fix their remuneration, and may delegate to any committee, regional or local board or agent any of the powers, authorities and discretions vested in the Board (other than its powers to make calls and forfeit shares), with power to sub-delegate, and may authorise the members of any regional or local board or any of them to fill any vacancies therein and to act notwithstanding vacancies, and any such appointment or delegation may be upon such terms and subject to such conditions as the Board may think fit, and the Board may remove any person so appointed and may annul or vary any such delegation, but no person dealing in good faith and without notice of any such annulment or variation shall be affected thereby.

Regional or local boards

138. The Board may establish and maintain or procure the establishment and maintenance of any contributory or non-contributory pension or superannuation funds for the benefit of, or give or procure the giving of donations, gratuities, pensions, allowances or emoluments to, any persons who are or were at any time in the employment or service of the Company, or of any company which is a subsidiary of the Company, or is allied or associated with the Company or with any such subsidiary company, or who are or were at any time directors or officers of the Company or of any such other company as aforesaid, and who hold or who have held any salaried employment or office in the Company or such other company, and the spouses, widows, widowers, families and dependants of any such persons. The Board may also establish and subsidise or subscribe to any institutions, associations, clubs or funds calculated to be for the benefit of or to advance the interests and well-being of the Company or of any such other company as aforesaid or of any such persons as aforesaid, and may make payments for or towards the insurance of any such persons as aforesaid, and subscribe or guarantee money for charitable or benevolent objects or for any exhibition or for any public, general or useful object. The Board may do any of the matters aforesaid, either alone or in conjunction with any such other company as aforesaid. Any Director holding any such employment or office shall be entitled to participate in and retain for his own benefit any such donation, gratuity, pension, allowance or emolument.

Power to establish pension

#### AUTHENTICATION OF DOCUMENTS

139. Any Director or the Secretary or other authorised officer of the Company shall have power to authenticate any documents affecting the constitution of the Company and any resolutions passed by the Company or the Directors or any committee, and any books, records, documents and accounts relating to the business of the Company, and to certify copies thereof or extracts therefrom as true copies of extracts; and where any books, records, documents or accounts are elsewhere than at the Registered Office or the Head Office, the local manager or such other officer of the Company having the custody thereof shall be deemed to be the authorised officer of the Company as aforesaid. A document purporting to be a copy of a resolution, or an extract from the minutes of a meeting, of the Company or of the Directors or any local board or committee which is certified as aforesaid shall be conclusive evidence in favour of all persons dealing with the Company upon the faith thereof that such resolution has been duly passed or, as the case may be, that any minute so extracted is a true and accurate record of proceedings at a duly constituted meeting.

Power to Authenticate

## **CAPITALISATION OF RESERVES**

140. (A) The Company in general meeting may, upon the recommendation of the Board, resolve to capitalise any part of the Company's reserves (including any contributed surplus account and also including any share premium account or other undistributable reserve, but subject to the provisions of the law with regard to unrealised profits) or undivided profits not required for the payment or provision of the dividend on any shares with a preferential right to dividend, and accordingly that such part be sub-divided amongst the members who would have been entitled thereto if distributed by way of dividend and in the same proportions, on condition that the same be not paid in cash but be applied either in or towards paying up any amounts for the time being unpaid on any shares held by such members respectively or paying up in full unissued shares or debentures or other securities of the Company to be allotted and distributed credited as fully paid up to and amongst such members in the proportion aforesaid, or partly in one way and partly in the other provided that for the purpose of this Bye-Law, any amount standing to the credit of share premium account may only be applied in the paying up of unissued shares to be issued to members of the Company as fully paid up shares.

Power to capitalise

(B) Whenever such a resolution as aforesaid shall have been passed the Board shall make all appropriations and applications of the reserves or profits and undivided profits resolved to be capitalised thereby, and all allotments and issues of fully paid shares, debentures, or other securities and generally shall do all acts and things required to give effect thereto. For the purpose of giving effect to any resolution under this Bye-Law, the Board may settle any difficulty which may arise in regard to a capitalisation issue as it thinks fit, and in particular may disregard fractional entitlements or round the same up or down and may determine that cash payments shall be made to any members in lieu of fractional entitlements or that fractions of such value as the Board may determine may be disregarded in order to adjust the rights of all parties or that fractional entitlements shall be aggregated and sold and the benefit shall accrue to the Company rather than to the members concerned. The Board may appoint any person to sign on behalf of the persons entitled to share in a capitalisation issue a contract for allotment and such appointment shall be effective and binding upon all concerned, and the contract may provide for the acceptance by such persons of the shares, debentures or other securities to be allotted and distributed to them respectively in satisfaction of their claims in respect of the sum so capitalised.

Effect of resolution to capitalise

## **DIVIDENDS AND RESERVES**

141. The Company in general meeting may declare dividends in any currency but no dividends shall exceed the amount recommended by the Board.

Power to declare dividends

142. (A) The Board may subject to Bye-Law 143 from time to time pay to the members such interim dividends as appear to the Board to be justified by the position of the Company and, in particular (but without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing), if at any time the share capital of the Company is divided into different classes, the Board may pay such interim dividends in respect of those shares in the capital of the Company which confer to the holders thereof deferred or non-preferential rights as well as in respect of those shares which confer on the holders thereof preferential rights with regard to dividend and provided that the Board acts bona fide the Board shall not incur any responsibility to the holders of shares conferring any preference for any damage that they may suffer by reason of the payment of an interim dividend on any shares having deferred or non-preferential rights.

Board's power to pay interim dividends

- (B) The Board may also pay half-yearly or at other suitable intervals to be settled by it any dividend which may be payable at a fixed rate if the Board is of the opinion that the profits justify the payment.
- 143. (A) No dividend shall be paid otherwise than out of profits available for distribution (such profits being ascertained in accordance with the Companies Act). Distribution may also be made out of contributed surplus.

Dividend not to be paid out of capital

- (B) Subject to the provisions of the Companies Act (but without prejudice to paragraph (A) of this Bye-Law), where any asset, business or property is bought by the Company as from a past date (whether such date be before or after the incorporation of the Company) the profits and losses thereof as from such date may at the discretion of the directors in whole or in part be carried to revenue account and treated for all purposes as profits or losses of the Company, and be available for dividend accordingly. Subject as aforesaid, if any shares or securities are purchased cum dividend or interest, such dividend or interest may at the discretion of the Board be treated as revenue, and it shall not be obligatory to capitalise the same or any part thereof.
- (C) Subject to Bye-Law 143 (D) all dividends and other distributions in respect of shares in the Company shall be stated and discharged, in the case of shares denominated in Hong Kong dollars, in Hong Kong dollars, and in the case of shares denominated in United States dollars, in United States dollars, provided that, in the case of shares denominated in Hong Kong dollars, the Board may determine in the case of any distribution that shareholders may elect to receive the same in United States dollars or any other currency selected by the Board, conversion to be effected at such rate of exchange as the Board may determine.

- (D) If, in the opinion of the Board, any dividend or other distribution in respect of shares or any other payment to be made by the Company to any shareholder is of such a small amount as to make payment to that shareholder in the relevant currency impracticable or unduly expensive either for the Company or the shareholder then such dividend or other distribution or other payment may, at the discretion of the Board, be paid or made in the currency of the country of the relevant shareholder (as indicated by the address of such shareholder on the register).
- 144. Notice of the declaration of an interim dividend shall be given by advertisement in the Relevant Territory and in such other territory or territories as the Board may determine and in such manner as the Board shall determine.
- 145. No dividend or other moneys payable on or in respect of a share shall bear interest as against the Company.
- 146. Whenever the Board or the Company in general meeting has resolved that a dividend be paid or declared, the Board may further resolve that such dividend be satisfied wholly or in part by the distribution of specific assets of any kind and in particular of paid up shares, debentures or warrants to subscribe securities of the Company or any other company, or in any one or more of such ways, with or without offering any rights to shareholders to elect to receive such dividend in cash, and where any difficulty arises in regard to the distribution the Board may settle the same as they think expedient, and in particular may disregard fractional entitlements or round the same up or down, and may fix the value for distribution of such specific assets, or any part thereof, and may determine that cash payments shall be made to any members upon the footing of the value so fixed in order to adjust the rights of all parties and may determine that fractional entitlements shall be aggregated and sold and the benefit shall accrue to the Company rather than to the members concerned, and may vest any such specific assets in trustees as may seem expedient to the Board and may appoint any person to sign any requisite instruments of transfer and other documents on behalf of the persons entitled to the dividend and such appointment shall be effective. Where requisite, the Board may appoint any person to sign a contract on behalf of the persons entitled to the dividend and such appointment shall be effective. The Board may resolve that no such assets shall be made available or made to shareholders with registered addresses in any particular territory or territories being a territory or territories where, in the absence of a registration statement or other special formalities, this would or might, in the opinion of the Board, be unlawful or impracticable and in such event the only entitlement of the shareholders aforesaid shall be to receive cash payments as aforesaid. Shareholders affected as a result of the foregoing sentence shall not be or be deemed to be, a separate class of shareholders for any purpose whatsoever.

147. (A) Whenever the Board or the Company in general meeting has resolved that a dividend be paid or declared on the share capital of the Company, the Board may further resolve:—

Scrip dividends

Dividend in specie

- either (i) that such dividend be satisfied wholly or in part in the form of an allotment of shares credited as fully paid up on the basis that the shares so allotted shall be of the same class or classes as the class or classes already held by the allottee, provided that the shareholders entitled thereto will be entitled to elect to receive such dividend (or part thereof) in cash in lieu of such allotment. In such case, the following provisions shall apply:—
  - (a) the basis of any such allotment shall be determined by the Board;
  - (b) the Board, after determining the basis of allotment, shall give not less than two weeks' notice in writing to the shareholders of the right of election accorded to them and shall send with such notice forms of election and specify the procedure to be followed and the place at which and the latest date and time by which duly completed forms of election must be lodged in order to be effective;
  - (c) the right of election may be exercised in respect of the whole or part of that portion of the dividend in respect of which the right of election has been accorded; and
  - (d) the dividend (or that part of the dividend to be satisfied by the allotment of shares as aforesaid) shall not be payable in cash on shares in respect whereof the cash election has not been duly exercised ("the non-elected shares") and in lieu and in satisfaction thereof shares shall be allotted credited as fully paid up to the holders of the non-elected shares on the basis of allotment determined as aforesaid and for such purpose the Board shall capitalise and apply out of any part of the undivided profits of the Company or any part of any of the Company's reserve accounts (including any special account, contributed surplus account, share premium account and capital redemption reserve fund (if there be any such reserve)) as the Board may determine, a sum equal to the aggregate nominal amount of the shares to be allotted on such basis and apply the same in paying up in full the appropriate number of shares for allotment and distribution to and amongst the holders of the non-elected shares on such basis.
- or (ii) that shareholders entitled to such dividend will be entitled to elect to receive an allotment of shares credited as fully paid up in lieu of the whole or such part of the dividend as the Directors may think fit on the basis that the shares so allotted shall be of the same class or classes as the class or classes of shares already held by the allottee. In such case, the following provisions shall apply:—
  - (a) the basis of any such allotment shall be determined by the Board;

- (b) the Board, after determining the basis of allotment, shall give not less than two weeks notice in writing to the shareholder of the right of election accorded to them and shall send with such notice forms of election and specify the procedure to be followed and the place at which and the latest date and time by which duly completed forms of election must be lodged in order to be effective;
- (c) the right of election may be exercised in respect of the whole or part of that portion of the dividend in respect of which the right of election has been accorded; and
- (d) the dividend (or that part of the dividend in respect of which a right of election has been accorded) shall not be payable on shares in respect whereof the share election has been duly exercised ("the elected shares") and in lieu thereof shares shall be allotted credited as fully paid up to the holders of the elected shares on the basis of allotment determined as aforesaid and for such purpose the Board shall capitalise and apply out of any part of the undivided profits of the Company or any part of any of the Company's reserve accounts (including any special account, contributed surplus account, share premium account and capital redemption reserve fund (if there be any such reserve)) as the Board may determine, a sum equal to the aggregate nominal amount of the shares to be allotted on such basis and apply the same in paying up in full the appropriate number of shares for allotment and distribution to and amongst the holders of the elected shares on such basis.
- (B) The shares allotted pursuant to the provisions of paragraph (A) of this Bye-Law shall rank pari passu in all respects with the shares then in issue save only as regards participation:—
  - (i) in the relevant dividend (or the right to receive or to elect to receive an allotment of shares in lieu thereof as aforesaid); or
  - (ii) in any other distributions, bonuses or rights paid, made, declared or announced prior to or contemporaneously with the payment or declaration of the relevant dividend

unless, contemporaneously with the announcement by the Board of their proposal to apply the provisions of sub-paragraph (i) or (ii) of paragraph (A) of this Bye-Law in relation to the relevant dividend or contemporaneously with their announcement of the distribution, bonus or rights in question, the Board shall specify that the shares to be allotted pursuant to the provisions of paragraph (A) of this Bye-Law shall rank for participation in such distribution, bonus or rights.

- (C) The Board may do all acts and things considered necessary or expedient to give effect to any capitalisation pursuant to the provisions of paragraph (A) of this Bye-Law with full power to the Board to make such provisions as they think fit in the case of shares becoming distributable in fractions (including provisions whereby, in whole or in part, fractional entitlements are aggregated and sold and the net proceeds distributed to those entitled, or are disregarded or rounded up or down or whereby the benefit of fractional entitlements accrues to the Company rather than to the members concerned). The Board may authorise any person to enter into on behalf of all members interested, an agreement with the Company providing for such capitalisation and matters incidental thereto and any agreement made pursuant to such authority shall be effective and binding on all concerned.
- (D) The Company may upon the recommendation of the Board by Special Resolution resolve in respect of any one particular dividend of the Company that notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (A) of this Bye-Law a dividend may be satisfied wholly in the form of an allotment of shares credited as fully paid up without offering any right to shareholders to elect to receive such dividend in cash in lieu of such allotment.
- (E) The Board may on any occasion determine that rights of election and the allotment of shares under paragraph (A) of this Bye-Law shall not be made available or made to any shareholders with registered addresses in any territory where in the absence of a registration statement or other special formalities the circulation of an offer of such rights of election or the allotment of shares would or might be unlawful, and in such event the provisions aforesaid shall be read and construed subject to such determination.
- 148. The Board may, before recommending any dividend, set aside out of the profits of the Company such sums as it thinks fit as a reserve or reserves which shall, at the discretion of the Board, be applicable for meeting claims on or liabilities of the Company or contingencies or for paying off any loan capital or for equalising dividends or for any other purpose to which the profits of the Company may be properly applied, and pending such application may, at the like discretion, either be employed in the business of the Company or be invested in such investments (other than shares of the Company) as the Board may from time to time think fit, and so that it shall not be necessary to keep any investments constituting the reserve or reserves separate or distinct from any other investments of the Company. The Board may also without placing the same to reserve carry forward any profits which it may think prudent not to distribute by way of dividend.
- 149. Unless and to the extent that the rights attached to any shares or the terms of issue thereof otherwise provide, all dividends shall (as regards any shares not fully paid throughout the period in respect of which the dividend is paid) be apportioned and paid pro rata according to the amounts paid or credited as paid up on the shares during any portion or portions of the period in respect of which the dividend is paid. For the purposes of this Bye-Law no amount paid up on a share in advance of calls shall be treated as paid up on the share.

Reserves

Dividends to be paid in proportion to paid up capital 150. (A) The Board may retain any dividends or other moneys payable on or in respect of a share upon which the Company has a lien, and may apply the same in or towards satisfaction of the debts, liabilities or engagements in respect of which the lien exists.

Retention of dividends etc

(B) The Board may deduct from any dividend or bonus payable to any member all sums of money (if any) presently payable by him to the Company on account of calls, instalments or otherwise.

Deduction of debts

151. Any general meeting sanctioning a dividend may make a call on the members of such amount as the meeting fixes, but so that the call on each member shall not exceed the dividend payable to him, and so that the call shall be made payable at the same time as the dividend, and the dividend may, if so arranged between the Company and the member, be set off against the call.

Dividend and call together

152. A transfer of shares shall not pass the right to any dividend or bonus declared thereon before the registration of the transfer.

Effect of transfer

153. If two or more persons are registered as joint holders of any share, any one of such persons may give effectual receipts for any dividends, interim dividends or bonuses and other moneys payable in respect of such shares.

Receipt for dividends by joint holders of share

154. Unless otherwise directed by the Board, any dividend or bonus may be paid by cheque or warrant sent through the post to the registered address of the member entitled, or, in case of joint holders, to the registered address of that one whose name stands first in the register in respect of the joint holding or to such person and to such address as the holder or joint holders may in writing direct. Every cheque or warrant so sent shall be made payable to the order of the person to whom it is sent, and the payment of any such cheque or warrant shall operate as a good discharge to the Company in respect of the dividend and/or bonus represented thereby, notwithstanding that it may subsequently appear that the same has been stolen or that any endorsement thereon has been forged.

Payment by post

155. All dividends or bonuses unclaimed for one year after having been declared may be invested or otherwise made use of by the Board for the benefit of the Company until claimed and the Company shall not be constituted a trustee in respect thereof. All dividends or bonuses unclaimed for six years after having been declared may be forfeited by the Board and shall revert to the Company.

Unclaimed dividend

156. Any resolution declaring a dividend on shares of any class, whether a resolution of the Company in general meeting or a resolution of the Directors, may specify that the same shall be payable or distributable to the persons registered as the holder of such shares at the close of business on a particular date, notwithstanding that it may be a date prior to that on which the resolution is passed, and thereupon the dividend shall be payable or distributable to them in accordance with their respective holdings so registered, but without prejudice to the rights inter se in respect of such dividend of transferors and transferees of any such shares. The provisions of this Bye-Law shall mutatis mutandis apply to bonuses, capitalisation issues, distributions of realised capital profits or offers or grants made by the Company to the members.

Record dates

# DISTRIBUTION OF REALISED CAPITAL PROFITS

157. The Company in general meeting may at any time and from time to time resolve that any surplus moneys in the hands of the Company representing capital profits arising from moneys received or recovered in respect of or arising from the realisation of any capital assets of the Company or any investments representing the same and not required for the payment or provision of any fixed preferential dividend instead of being applied in the purchase of any other capital assets or for other capital purposes be distributed amongst the ordinary shareholders on the footing that they receive the same as capital and in the shares and proportions in which they would have been entitled to receive the same if it had been distributed by way of dividend, provided that no such profits as aforesaid shall be so distributed unless there shall remain in the hands of the Company a sufficiency of other assets to answer in full the whole of the liabilities and paid-up share capital of the Company for the time being.

Distribution of realised capital profits

## **ANNUAL RETURNS**

158. The Board shall make or cause to be made such annual or other returns or filings as may be required to be made in accordance with the Statutes.

Annual Returns

#### **ACCOUNTS**

159. The Board shall cause true accounts to be kept of the sums of money received and expended by the Company, and the matters in respect of which such receipts and expenditure take place; and of the property, assets, credits and liabilities of the Company and of all other matters required by the Statutes or necessary to give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs and to show and explain its transactions.

Accounts to be kept

160. The books of account shall be kept at the Head Office or at such other place or places as the Board thinks fit and shall always be open to the inspection of the Directors provided that such records as are required by the Statutes shall also be kept at the Registered Office.

Where accounts to be kept

161. No member (not being a Director) or other person shall have any right of inspecting any account or book or document of the Company except as conferred by the Statutes or ordered by a court of competent jurisdiction or authorised by the Board or the Company in general meeting.

Inspection by members

162. (A) The Board shall from time to time cause to be prepared and laid before the Company at its annual general meeting such profit and loss accounts, balance sheets, group accounts (if any) and reports as are required by the Statutes.

Annual profit and loss account and balance sheet

(B) Every balance sheet of the Company shall be signed on behalf of the Board by two of the Directors and a copy of every balance sheet (including every document required by law to be comprised therein or annexed thereto) and profit and loss account which is to be laid before the Company at its annual general meeting, together with a copy of the Directors' report and a copy of the Auditors' report, shall not less than twentyone days before the date of the meeting be sent to every member of, and every holder of debentures of, the Company and every person registered under Bye-Law 46 and every other person entitled to receive notices of general meetings of the Company, provided that this Bye-Law shall not require a copy of those documents to be sent to any person of whose address the Company is not aware or to more than one of the joint holders of any shares or debentures, but any member or holder of debentures to whom a copy of those documents has not been sent shall be entitled to receive a copy free of charge on application at the Head Office or the Registration Office. If all or any of the shares or debentures of the Company shall for the time being be (with the consent of the Company) listed or dealt in on any stock exchange, there shall be forwarded to the appropriate officer of such stock exchange such number of copies of such documents as may for the time being be required under its regulations or practice.

Annual report of Directors and balance sheet to be sent to members

## **AUDITORS**

163. (A) Auditors shall be appointed and the terms and tenure of such appointment and their duties at all times regulated in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act.

Appointment of Auditors

(B) The Company shall at each annual general meeting appoint one or more auditors to hold office until the conclusion of the next annual general meeting, but if an appointment is not made, the Auditor or Auditors in office shall continue in office until a successor is appointed. A Director, officer or employee of the Company or of any of its subsidiaries or a partner, officer or employee of any such Directors, officer or employee shall not be capable of being appointed Auditor of the Company. The Board may fill any casual vacancy in the office of Auditor, but while any such vacancy continues the surviving or continuing Auditor or Auditors (if any) may act. Subject as otherwise provided by the Companies Act, the remuneration of the Auditor or Auditors shall be fixed by or on the authority of the Company in the annual general meeting except that in any particular year the Company in general meeting may delegate the fixing of such remuneration to the Board and the remuneration of any Auditor appointed to fill any casual vacancy may be fixed by the Directors.

164. The Auditor or Auditors of the Company shall have a right of access at all times to the books and accounts and vouchers of the Company and shall be entitled to require from the Directors and officers of the Company such information as may be necessary for the performance of his or their duties, and the Auditor or Auditors shall make a report to the members on the accounts examined by him or them and on every balance sheet, consolidated balance sheet and consolidated profit and loss account intended to be laid before the Company in the annual general meeting during his or their tenure of office as required by the Statutes.

Auditors to have right of access to books and accounts

Auditor at an annual general meeting unless notice of an intention to nominate that person to the office of Auditor has been given to the Company not less than fourteen days before the annual general meeting, and the Company shall send a copy of any such notice to the retiring Auditor and shall give notice thereof to the members not less than seven days before the annual general meeting provided that the above requirements may be waived by notice in writing by the retiring Auditor to the Secretary provided that if after a notice of the intention to nominate an Auditor has been so given an annual general meeting is called for a date fourteen days or less after that notice has been given, the notice, though not given within the time required by this provision, shall be deemed to have been properly given for the purposes thereof, and the notice to be sent or given by the Company may instead of being sent or given within the time required by this provision be sent or given at the same time as the notice of the annual general meeting.

Appointment of an auditor other than a retiring auditor

166. Subject to the provisions of the Companies Act, all acts done by any person acting as an Auditor shall, as regards all persons dealing in good faith with the Company, be valid, notwithstanding that there was some defect in his appointment or that he was at the time of his appointment not qualified for appointment or subsequently became disqualified.

#### **NOTICES**

167. Any notice or other document (including any corporate communication), whether or not, to be given or issued under these Bye-Laws from the Company to a member shall be in writing or by cable, telex or facsimile transmission message or other form of electronic transmission or communication and any such notice and document may be served or delivered by the Company on or to any member either personally or by sending it through the post in a prepaid envelope addressed to such member at his registered address as appearing in the register or at any other address supplied by him to the Company for the purpose or, as the case may be, by transmitting it to any such address or transmitting it to any telex or facsimile transmission number or electronic number or address or website supplied by him to the Company for the giving of notice to him or which the person transmitting the notice reasonably and bona fide believes at the relevant time will result in the notice being duly received by the member or may also be served by advertisement published in the newspapers or by placing it on the Company's website and giving to the member a notice stating that the notice or other document is available there (a "notice of availability"). The notice of availability may be given to the member by any of the means

Service of notices

set out above. In case of joint holders of a share, all notices shall be given to that holder for the time being one of the joint holders whose name stands first in the register and notice so given shall be deemed a sufficient notice to all the joint holders. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Company may deem consent on the part of a Member to a corporate communication being made available to him on the Company's website if such deemed consent is permitted by the rules of the Designated Stock Exchange and the Company complies with any procedure that the Designated Stock Exchange may require;

168. Any member whose registered address is outside the Relevant Territory may notify the Company in writing of an address in the Relevant Territory which for the purpose of service of notice shall be deemed to be his registered address. Where the registered address of the member is outside the Relevant Territory, notice, if given through the post, shall be sent by prepaid airmail letter.

Members out of the Relevant Territory

# 169. Any notice or other document:

When notice by post deemed to be served

- (i) if served or delivered by post, shall where appropriate be sent by airmail and shall be deemed to have been served or delivered on the day following that on which the envelope containing the same, properly prepaid and addressed, is put into a post office situated within the Relevant Territory and in proving such service or delivery it shall be sufficient to prove that the envelope or wrapper containing the notice or document was properly addressed and put into the post and a certificate in writing signed by the Secretary or other officer of the Company or other person appointed by the Board that the envelope or wrapper containing the written notice or other document was so addressed and put into the post shall be conclusive evidence thereof;
- (ii) if sent by electronic communication, shall be deemed to be given on the day on which it is transmitted from the server of the Company or its agent. A written notice placed on the Company's website or the website of the Designated Stock Exchange, is deemed given by the Company to a member on the day following that on which a notice of availability is deemed served on the member;
- (iii) if served by advertisement, shall be deemed to have been served on the day of issue of the official publication and/or newspaper(s) in which the advertisement is published (or on the last day of issue if the publication and/or newspaper(s) are published on different dates);
- (iv) if served or delivered in any other manner contemplated by these Bye-Laws, shall be deemed to have been served or delivered at the time of personal service or delivery or, as the case may be, at the time of the relevant dispatch or transmission; and in proving such service or delivery a certificate in writing signed by the Secretary or other officer of the

Company or other person appointed by the Board as to the act and time of such service, delivery, dispatch or transmission shall be conclusive evidence thereof; and

- (v) may be given to a member either in the English language or the Chinese language, subject to due compliance with all applicable Statutes, rules and regulations."
- 170. A notice may be given by the Company to the person entitled to a share in consequence of the death, mental disorder or bankruptcy of a member by sending it through the post in a prepaid letter, envelope or wrapper addressed to him by name, or by the title of representative of the deceased, or trustee of the bankrupt, or by any like description, at the address, if any, supplied for the purpose by the person claiming to be so entitled, or (until such an address has been so supplied) by giving the notice in any manner in which the same might have been given if the death, mental disorder or bankruptcy had not occurred.

Service of notice to persons entitled on death, mental disorder or bankruptcy of a member

171. Any person who by operation of law, transfer or other means whatsoever shall become entitled to any share shall be bound by every notice in respect of such share which prior to his name and address being entered on the register shall have been duly given to the person from whom he derives his title to such share.

Transferee to be bound by prior notices

172. Any notice or document delivered or sent by post to, sent by electronic communication to, or left at the registered address of, any members in pursuance of these presents, shall notwithstanding that such member be then deceased or bankrupt and whether or not the Company has notice of his death or bankruptcy, be deemed to have been duly served in respect of any registered shares whether held solely or jointly with other persons by such member until some other person be registered in his stead as the holder or joint holder thereof, and such service shall for all purposes of these presents be deemed a sufficient service of such notice or document on his personal representatives and all persons (if any) jointly interested with him in any such shares. Sufficient service is also deemed given by the Company to a member if a notice is placed on the Company's website.

Notice valid though member deceased, bankrupt

173. The signature to any notice to be given by the Company may be written or printed or made electronically.

How notice to be signed

#### **INFORMATION**

174. No member (not being a Director) shall be entitled to require discovery of or any information respecting any detail of the Company's trading or any matter which is or may be in the nature of a trade secret, mystery of trade or secret process which may relate to the conduct of the business of the Company which in the opinion of the Board it will be inexpedient in the interests of the members of the Company to communicate to the public.

Members not entitled to information

## WINDING UP

175. A resolution that the Company be wound up by the Court or be wound up voluntarily shall be a Special Resolution.

Modes of winding up

176. If the Company shall be wound up, the surplus assets remaining after payment to all creditors shall be divided among the members in proportion to the capital paid up on the shares held by them respectively, and if such surplus assets shall be insufficient to repay the whole of the paid up capital, they shall be distributed so that, as nearly as may be, the losses shall be borne by the members in proportion to the capital paid up on the shares held by them respectively, but all subject to the rights of any shares which may be issued on special terms and conditions.

Distribution of assets in winding up

177. If the Company shall be wound up (whether the liquidation is voluntary or by the Court) the liquidator may, with the sanction of a Special Resolution, divide among the members in specie or kind the whole or any part of the assets of the company whether the assets shall consist of property of one kind or shall consist of properties of different kinds and the liquidator may, for such purpose, set such value as he deems fair upon any one or more class or classes of property to be divided as aforesaid and may determine how such division shall be carried out as between the members or different classes of members and the members within each class. The liquidator may, with the like sanction, vest any part of the assets in trustees upon such trusts for the benefit of members as the liquidator, with the like sanction, shall think fit, but so that no member shall be compelled to accept any shares or other assets upon which there is a liability.

Assets may be distributed in specie

#### **INDEMNITY**

Indemnity

178. Save and except so far as the provisions of this Bye-Law shall be avoided by any provisions of the Statutes, the Directors, Managing Directors, alternate Directors, Auditors, Secretary and other officers for the time being of the Company and the trustees (if any) for the time being acting in relation to any of the affairs of the Company, and their respective executors or administrators, shall be indemnified and secured harmless out of the assets of the Company from and against all actions, costs, charges, losses, damages and expenses which they or any of them, their or any of their executors or administrators, shall or may incur or sustain by reason of any act done, concurred in or omitted in or about the execution of their duty or supposed duty in their respective offices or trusts, except such (if any) as they shall incur or sustain through their own wilful neglect or default, fraud and dishonesty respectively, and none of them shall be answerable for the acts, receipts, neglects or defaults of any other of them, or for joining in any receipt for the sake of conformity, or for any bankers or other persons with whom any moneys or effects of the Company shall be lodged or deposited for safe custody, or for the insufficiency or deficiency of any security upon which any moneys of the Company shall be placed out or invested, or for any other loss, misfortune or damage which may happen in the execution of their respective offices or trusts, or in relation thereto, except as the same shall happen by or through their own wilful neglect or default, fraud and dishonesty respectively.

## **UNTRACEABLE MEMBERS**

179. Without prejudice to the rights of the Company under Bye-Law 155 and the provisions of Bye-Law 180, the Company may cease sending such cheques for dividend entitlements or dividend warrants by post if such cheques or warrants have been left uncashed on two consecutive occasions. However, the Company may exercise the power to cease sending cheques for dividend entitlements or dividend warrants after the first occasion on which such a cheque or warrant is returned undelivered.

Company cease sending dividend warrants

180. The Company shall have the power to sell, in such manner as the Board thinks fit, any shares of a member who is untraceable, but no such sale shall be made unless:—

Company may sell shares of untraceable members

- (i) all cheques or warrants, being not less than three in total number, for any sum payable in cash to the holder of such shares in respect of them sent during the relevant period in the manner authorised by the Bye-Laws of the Company have remained uncashed:
- (ii) so far as it is aware at the end of the relevant period, the Company has not at any time during the relevant period received any indication of the existence of the member who is the holder of such shares or of a person entitled to such shares by death, bankruptcy or operation of law;
- (iii) the Company has caused an advertisement to be inserted in the Newspapers of its intention to sell such shares and a period of three months has elapsed since the date of such advertisement; and
- (iv) the Company has notified the stock exchange in the Relevant Territory of its intention of such sale.

For the purpose of the foregoing, "relevant period" means the period commencing twelve years before the date of publication of the advertisement referred to in paragraph (iii) of this Bye-Law and ending at the expiry of the period referred to in that paragraph.

To give effect to any such sale the Board may authorise any person to transfer the said shares and the instrument of transfer signed or otherwise executed by or on behalf of such person shall be as effective as if it had been executed by the registered holder or the person entitled by transmission to such shares, and the purchaser shall not be bound to see to the application of the purchase money nor shall his title to the shares be affected by any irregularity or invalidity in the proceedings relating to the sale. The net proceeds of the sale will belong to the Company and upon receipt by the Company of such proceeds it shall become indebted to the former member for an amount equal to such net proceeds. No trusts shall be created in respect of such debt and no interest shall be payable in respect of it and the Company shall not be required to account for any money earned from the net proceeds which may be employed in the business of the Company or as it thinks fit. Any sale under this Bye-Law shall be valid and effective notwithstanding that the member holding the shares sold is dead, bankrupt or otherwise under any legal disability or incapacity.

## **DESTRUCTION OF DOCUMENTS**

181. Subject to the Companies Act, the Company may destroy:—

Destruction of Documents

- (a) any share certificate which has been cancelled at any time after the expiry of one year from the date of such cancellation;
- (b) any dividend mandate or any variation or cancellation thereof or any notification of change of name or address at any time after the expiry of two years from the date on which such mandate, variation, cancellation or notification was recorded by the Company;
- (c) any instrument of transfer of shares which has been registered at any time after the expiry of six years from the date of registration; and
- (d) any other document, on the basis of which any entry in the register is made, at any time after the expiry of six years from the date on which an entry in the register was first made in respect of it;

and it shall conclusively be presumed in favour of the Company that every share certificate so destroyed was a valid certificate duly and properly cancelled and that every instrument of transfer so destroyed was a valid and effective instrument duly and properly registered and that every other document destroyed hereunder was a valid and effective document in accordance with the recorded particulars thereof in the books or records of the Company. Provided always that:—

- (i) the foregoing provisions of this Bye-Law shall apply only to the destruction of a document in good faith and without express notice to the Company that the preservation of such document was relevant to a claim;
- (ii) nothing contained in this Bye-Law shall be construed as imposing upon the Company any liability in respect of the destruction of any such document earlier than as aforesaid or in any case where the conditions of proviso (i) above are not fulfilled; and
- (iii) references in this Bye-Law to the destruction of any document include reference to its disposal in any manner.

## **CHANGES IN APPLICABLE LAW**

- 182. The following provisions, or any of them, shall have effect at any time and from time to time that they are not prohibited by or inconsistent with any provision of the Statutes:—
  - (i) Bye-Law 6(C) shall read as follows:-
    - "(C) Subject to the Statutes:-
    - (i) the Company may in accordance with any scheme for the time being in force and approved by the members in general meeting provide money or other financial assistance direct or indirect for the purpose of or in connection with the purchase of, or subscription for, fully or partly paid shares in the Company or any holding company of the Company, being a purchase or subscription by a trustee of or for shares to be held by or for the benefit of employees of the Company, any of its subsidiaries, any holding company of the Company or any subsidiary of any such holding company including any director holding a salaried employment or office with or in any such company and so that the residual beneficiary of any such trust may be or include a charitable object; and
    - (ii) the Company may give financial assistance on such terms as the Directors think fit to directors and bona fide employees of the Company, any of its subsidiaries, any holding company of the Company or any subsidiary of any such holding company in each such case whether incorporated in Bermuda or elsewhere and whether or not a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company in order that they may buy shares (fully or partly paid) in the Company or any holding company of the Company and such terms may include a reference that, when a director ceases to be a director of, or an employee ceases to be employed by, the Company or such other company, shares bought with such financial assistance shall or may be sold to the Company or such other company on such terms as the Directors think fit".
  - (ii) Bye-Law 76 shall be read as if the words "the holder of such proxy being himself a member" were omitted therefrom.
  - (iii) Bye-Law 81 shall be read as if the following were the third sentence thereof:—
    - "A proxy need not be a member of the Company."

- (iv) Bye-Law 91 shall be read as follows:-
  - 91. A Director may at any time, by notice in writing signed by him delivered to the Registered Office of the Company or at the Head Office or at a meeting of the Board, appoint any person (including another Director) to act as alternate Director in his place during his absence and may in like manner at any time determine such appointment. If such person is not another Director such appointment unless previously approved by the Board shall have effect only upon and subject to being so approved. The appointment of an alternate Director shall determine on the happening of any event which were he a Director, would cause him to vacate such office or if his appointor ceases to be a Director."

"Rights of alternate Directors

- (v) Bye-Law 92 shall be read as follows:-
  - 92. A Director or an alternate director shall not be required to hold any qualification shares but shall nevertheless be entitled to attend and speak at all general meetings of the Company and of any class of members of the Company."

"No Qualification shares for Director

- (vi) Bye-Law 99 shall be read as follows:-
  - 99. (A) At each annual general meeting one-third of the Directors for the time being, or, if their number is not three or a multiple of three, then the number nearest one-third, shall retire from office by rotation provided that no director holding office as Chairman or managing director shall be subject to retirement by rotation or be taken into account in determining the number of directors to retire. The Directors to retire in every year shall be those who have been longest in office since their last election but as between persons who became Directors on the same day those to retire shall (unless they otherwise agree between themselves) be determined by lot. The retiring Directors shall be eligible for reelection."

"Rotation and retirement of Directors

(vii) Bye-Law 119 shall be read as if the following were first sentence thereof:—

"The Board shall from time to time elect or otherwise appoint a director to be Chairman and may also, but shall not be required to, elect any Deputy Chairman (or two or more Deputy-Chairmen) or a President or Vice-President (or two or more Vice-Presidents) and determine the period for which each of them is to hold office."

(viii) The following shall constitute Bye-Laws 183, I84 and 185 (in so far as not prohibited or inconsistent with any provision of the Statutes):—

#### RESIDENT REPRESENTATIVE

183. Pursuant to the provisions of the Statutes, the Board shall, for so long as the Company does not have a quorum of directors ordinarily resident in Bermuda, appoint a Resident Representative as defined in the Statutes, to act on its behalf in Bermuda and to maintain all such records as may be required by the Statutes to be maintained in Bermuda and to make all necessary filings with the Ministry of Finance and Registrar of Companies in Bermuda as may be required by the Statutes and to fix his or their or its remuneration either by way of salary or fee for the period of the Resident Representative's service to the Company.

Resident Representative

#### MAINTENANCE OF RECORDS

184. The Company shall keep at the office of its Resident Representative, in accordance with the provisions of the Statutes, the following:—

Maintenance of Records

- (i) minutes of all proceedings of general meetings of the Company;
- (ii) all financial statements required to be prepared by the Company under the Companies Act together with the auditor's report thereon;
- (iii) all records of account required by Section 83 of the Companies Act to be kept in Bermuda;
- (iv) all such documents as may be required in order to provide evidence of the continued listing of the Company on an appointed stock exchange within the meaning of the Companies Act; and
- (v) a register containing the names and addresses and occupations of the Directors of the Company.

## SUBSCRIPTION RIGHT RESERVE

185. (A) Subject to the Companies Act if, so long as any of the rights attached to any warrants issued by the Company to subscribe for shares of the Company shall remain exercisable, the Company does any act or engages in any transaction which, as a result of any adjustments to the subscription price in accordance with the provisions applicable under the terms and conditions of the warrants, would reduce the subscription price to below the par value of a share, then the following provisions shall apply:—

Subscription Right Reserve

- (i) as from the date of such act or transaction the Company shall establish and thereafter (subject as provided in this Bye-Law) maintain in accordance with the provisions of this Bye-Law a reserve (the "Subscription Right Reserve") the amount of which shall at no time be less than the sum which for the time being would be required to be capitalised and applied in paying up in full the nominal amount of the additional shares required to be issued and allotted credited as fully paid pursuant to sub-paragraph (iii) below on the exercise in full of all the subscription rights outstanding and shall apply the Subscription Right Reserve in paying up in full such difference in respect of such additional shares as and when the same are allotted;
- (ii) the Subscription Right Reserve shall not be used for any purpose other than that specified above unless all other reserves of the Company (other than share premium account and capital redemption reserve fund) have been used and will only be used to make good losses of the Company if and so far as is required by law;
- (iii) upon the exercise of all or any of the subscription rights represented by any warrant, the relevant subscription rights shall be exercisable in respect of a nominal amount of shares equal to the amount in cash which the holder of such warrant is required to pay on exercise of the subscription rights represented thereby (or, as the case may be the relevant portion thereof in the event of a partial exercise of the subscription rights) and, in addition, there shall be allotted in respect of such subscription rights to the exercising warrantholder, credited as fully paid, such additional nominal amount of shares as is equal to the difference between:—
  - (aa) the said amount in cash which the holder of such warrant is required to pay on exercise of the subscription rights represented thereby (or, as the case may be, the relevant portion thereof in the event of a partial exercise of the subscription rights); and
  - (bb) the nominal amount of shares in respect of which such subscription rights would have been exercisable having regard to the provisions of the conditions of the warrants, had it been possible for such subscription rights to represent the right to subscribe for shares at less than par,

and immediately upon such exercise so much of the sum standing to the credit of the Subscription Right Reserve as is required to pay up in full such additional nominal amount of shares shall be capitalised and applied in paying up in full such additional nominal amount of shares which shall forthwith be allotted credited as fully paid to the exercising warrantholder; and

- (iv) if upon the exercise of the subscription rights represented by any warrant the amount standing to the credit of the Subscription Right Reserve is not sufficient to pay up in full such additional nominal amount of shares equal to such difference as aforesaid to which the exercising warrantholder is entitled, the Board shall apply any profits or reserves then or thereafter becoming available (including, to the extent permitted by law, contributed surplus account, share premium account and capital redemption reserve fund) for such purpose until such additional nominal amount of shares is paid up and allotted as aforesaid and until then no dividend or other distribution shall be paid or made on the fully paid shares of the Company then in issue. Pending such payment up and allotment, the exercising warrantholder shall be issued by the Company with a certificate evidencing his right to the allotment of such additional nominal amount of shares. The rights represented by any such certificate shall be in registered form and shall be transferable in whole or in part in units of one share in the like manner as the shares for the time being are transferable, and the Company shall make such arrangements in relation to the maintenance of a register therefor and other matters in relation thereto as the Board may think fit and adequate particulars thereof shall be made known to each relevant exercising warrantholder upon the issue of such certificate.
- (B) Shares allotted pursuant to the provisions of this Bye-Law shall rank pari passu in all respects with the other shares allotted on the relevant exercise of the subscription rights represented by the warrant concerned. Notwithstanding anything contained in paragraph (A) of this Bye-Law, no fraction of any share shall be allotted on exercise of the subscription rights.
- (C) The provisions of this Bye-Law as to the establishment and maintenance of the Subscription Right Reserve shall not be altered or added to in any way which would vary or abrogate, or which would have the effect of varying or abrogating, the provisions for the benefit of any warrantholder or class of warrantholders under this Bye-Law without the sanction of a special resolution of such warrantholders or class of warrantholders.
- (D) A certificate or report by the auditors for the time being of the Company as to whether or not the Subscription Right Reserve is required to be established and maintained and if so the amount thereof so required to be established and maintained, as to the purposes for which the Subscription Right Reserve has been used, as to the extent to which it has been used to make good losses of the Company, as to the additional nominal amount of shares required to be allotted to exercising warrantholders credited as fully paid, and as to any other matter concerning the Subscription Right Reserve shall (in the absence of manifest error) be conclusive and binding upon the Company and all warrantholders and shareholders.

## **RECORD DATES**

186. Notwithstanding any other provision of these Bye-laws the Company or the Board may fix any date as the record date for any dividend, distribution, allotment or issue and such record date may be on or at any time before or after any date on which such dividend, distribution, allotment or issue is declared, paid or made.