

MASCOTTE HOLDINGS LIMITED

馬斯葛集團有限公司

(Incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability) (於百慕達註冊成立之有限公司) (Stock Code 股份代號: 00136)

INTERIM REPORT 中期報告 | 2012

DIRECTORS

Executive Directors

Mr. Peter Temple Whitelam (Chairman)

Mr. Lo Yuen Wa Peter (Managing Director)

Mr. Eddie Woo

Mr. Suen Yick Lun Philip

Mr. Lau King Hang

Dr. Wu Yi-Shuen

Non-executive Director

Dr. Chuang, Henry Yueheng (Deputy-Chairman)*

Independent Non-executive Directors

Mr. Frank H. Miu **^+~

Dr. Agustin V. Que *^

Mr. Robert James Iaia II **^@

Dr. Chien, Yung Nelly ^

- # Members of Audit Committee and Remuneration Committee
- ^ Members of Nomination Committee
- + Chairman of Audit Committee and Remuneration Committee
- @ Chairman of Nomination Committee
- * Resigned on 14 November 2012
- Appointed on 14 November 2012 as the member of the Nomination Committee

COMPANY SECRETARY

Mr. Suen Yick Lun Philip

REGISTERED OFFICE

Clarendon House 2 Church Street Hamilton HM 11 Bermuda

HEAD OFFICE AND PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS

1st Floor, Po Chai Industrial Building 28 Wong Chuk Hang Road Aberdeen, Hong Kong

2511, 25th Floor, China United Centre, 28 Marble Road, North Point, Hong Kong

董事

執行董事

Peter Temple Whitelam 先生(主席)

老元華先生(董事總經理)

胡耀東先生

孫益麟先生

劉勁恒先生

吳以舜博士

非執行董事

莊友衡博士(副主席)*

獨立非執行董事

繆希先生^{#^+~} Agustin V. Que博士^{#^} Robert James Iaia II先生^{#^@} 錢容博十^{^*}

- # 審核委員會及薪酬委員會成員
- 人 提名委員會成員
- + 審核委員會及薪酬委員會主席
- @ 提名委員會主席
- * 於二零一二年十一月十四日辭任
- ~ 於二零一二年十一月十四日獲委任為提名委員會成員

公司秘書

孫益麟先生

註冊辦事處

Clarendon House 2 Church Street Hamilton HM 11 Bermuda

總辦事處兼主要營業地點

香港香港仔 黃竹坑道28號 保濟工業大廈1樓

香港 北角馬寶道28號 華匯中心25樓2511室

WEBSITE ADDRESS

http://www.irasia.com/listco/hk/mascotte/index.htm

PRINCIPAL BANKERS

The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited The Bank of East Asia, Limited

AUDITOR

Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu Certified Public Accountant

SHARE REGISTRARS

Bermuda

Butterfield Fulcrum Group (Bermuda) Limited 26 Burnaby Street, Hamilton HM 11, Bermuda

Hong Kong

Tricor Secretaries Limited 26th Floor, Tesbury Centre, 28 Queen's Road East, Wanchai, Hong Kong

網址

http://www.irasia.com/listco/hk/mascotte/index.htm

主要往來銀行

香港上海滙豐銀行有限公司

東亞銀行有限公司

核數師

德勤 ● 關黃陳方會計師行 *執業會計師*

股份過戶登記處

百慕達

Butterfield Fulcrum Group (Bermuda) Limited 26 Burnaby Street, Hamilton HM 11, Bermuda

香港

卓佳秘書商務有限公司香港灣仔皇后大道東28號金鐘匯中心26樓

The Board of Directors (the "Board") of Mascotte Holdings Limited (the "Company") would like to announce the unaudited interim financial information of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively the "Group") for the six months ended 30 September 2012 together with comparative figures. The interim financial information has not been audited, but has been reviewed by the Company's Audit Committee.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

For the six months ended 30 September 2012

馬斯葛集團有限公司(「本公司」)董事會(「董事會」)謹此公佈本公司及其附屬公司(統稱「本集團」)截至二零一二年九月三十日止六個月之未經審核中期財務資料與比較數字。中期財務資料並未經審核,惟已經本公司之審核委員會審閱。

簡明綜合全面收入報表

截至二零一二年九月三十日止六個月

Six months ended

			30 September 截至九月三十日止六個月			
		Notes 附註	2012 二零一二年 HK\$'000 千港元 (unaudited) (未經審核)	2011 二零一一年 HK\$'000 千港元 (unaudited) (未經審核)		
Turnover Sales of goods Cost of sales	營業額 銷售貨品 銷售成本	3	92,631 (67,511)	89,156 (63,555)		
			25,120	25,601		
Investment income Rental income Change in fair value of financial assets	投資收入 租金收入 按公平值計入損益之		596 1,500	17,196 684		
at fair value through profit or loss	財務資產之公平值變動		(22,188)	(295,661)		
			5,028	(252,180)		
Other income Other gains and losses Selling and distribution costs Administrative expenses Other expenses Finance costs	其他收入 其他收益及虧損 銷售及分銷成本 行政開支 其他開支 融資成本	4	2,238 (2,109,347) (4,637) (58,790) (19,105) (214,721)	8,719 1,345 (3,920) (51,386) (14,206) (37,033)		
Loss before tax Income tax credit (expense)	除税前虧損 所得税抵免(開支)	6	(2,399,334) 7,320	(348,661) (2,062)		
Loss for the period	期間虧損	7	(2,392,014)	(350,723)		

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (Cont'd)

For the six months ended 30 September 2012

簡明綜合全面收入報表(續)

截至二零一二年九月三十日止 六個月

Six months ended 30 September

截至九月三十日止六個月 2012

		Notes 附註	2012 二零一二年 HK\$'000 千港元 (unaudited) (未經審核)	2011 二零一一年 HK\$'000 千港元 (unaudited) (未經審核)
Other comprehensive income (expense): Exchange differences arising on translating foreign operations	其他全面收入(開支): 換算海外業務產生之 匯兑差額		31,646	(14,575)
Change in fair value of available-for- sale investment Impairment loss on available-for-sale investment reclassified to loss for	可供出售投資之 公平值變動 可供出售投資之 減值虧損重新分類		(3,877)	-
the period	至期間虧損		3,877	_
Other comprehensive income (expense) for the period	期間其他全面收入 (開支)		31,646	(14,575)
Total comprehensive expense for the period	期間全面開支 總額		(2,360,368)	(365,298)
Loss for the period attributable to: Owners of the Company Non-controlling interests	應佔期間虧損: 本公司擁有人 非控股權益		(2,392,171) 157	(345,763) (4,960)
			(2,392,014)	(350,723)
Total comprehensive (expense) income for the period attributable to:	應佔期間全面(開支)收入 總額:			
Owners of the Company Non-controlling interests	本公司擁有人 非控股權益		(2,360,525) 157	(352,589) (12,709)
			(2,360,368)	(365,298)
Basic and diluted loss per share	每股基本及攤薄虧損	9	HK \$7.59 港元	HK\$1.69港元

		Notes 附註	30 September 2012 二零一二年 九月三十日 HK\$'000 千港元 (unaudited) (未經審核)	31 March 2012 二零一二年 三月三十一日 HK\$'000 千港元 (audited) (經審核)
Non-current assets Property, plant and equipment Investment properties Intangible asset Prepaid lease payments Available-for-sale investments Restricted bank deposits Deposits paid for acquisition of property, plant and equipment Derivative financial instrument Rental deposits	非流動資產 物業、職員所有 物業 無所 對資 物業 無所 對資 的 資 ,	10 & 20 10 20 11	137,053 62,557 732,456 3,168 9,991 5,574 5,934 291,719 629	334,819 26,175 2,434,796 3,514 69,868 5,492 7,671 392,792 633
Current assets Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss Inventories Trade receivables Other receivables, deposits and prepayments Loans and interest receivables Prepaid lease payments Tax recoverable Bank balances and cash	流動資產 按公平值計入損益之 財務資產 存貨 應收應預別數數數數數數數數數數數數數數數數數數數數數數數數數數數數數數數數數數數	12	1,249,081 22,912 9,139 41,888 13,869 - 692 21 31,000 119,521	3,275,760 154,795 8,446 25,750 13,280 33,359 692 21 208,181 444,524

		Notes 附註	30 September 2012 二零一二年 九月三十日 HK\$'000 千港元 (unaudited) (未經審核)	31 March 2012 二零一二年 三月三十一日 HK\$'000 千港元 (audited) (經審核)
Current liabilities Trade payables Other payables and	流動負債 應付貿易款項 其他應付款項及	14	16,218	12,804
accrued charges Borrowings Tax payable	應計費用 借貸 應付税項	15	60,327 67,838 18,035	36,731 28,724 17,174
			162,418	95,433
Net current (liabilities) assets	流動(負債)資產淨值		(42,897)	349,091
Total assets less current liabilities	資產總值減流動負債		1,206,184	3,624,851
Non-current liabilities Convertible bonds Consideration bonds – debt compone Deferred tax liabilities Borrowings	非流動負債 可換股債券 ent 代價債券 – 債務部分 遞延税項負債 借貸	6 15	1,181,832 1,047,725 38,209 39,708	1,123,127 1,182,297 46,888 41,331
			2,307,474	2,393,643
NET (LIABILITIES) ASSETS	(負債)資產淨值		(1,101,290)	1,231,208
Capital and reserves Share capital Reserves	股本及儲備 股本 儲備	16	3,425 (1,109,797)	456,678 769,605
Equity attributable to owners of the Company Non-controlling interests	本公司擁有人應佔 權益 非控股權益		(1,106,372) 5,082	1,226,283 4,925
TOTAL (DEFICIT) EQUITY	總(虧絀)權益		(1,101,290)	1,231,208

Attributable to owners of the Company 本公司擁有人應佔

							本公司擁	有人應佔							
		Share capital 股本 HK\$'000	Share premium 股份溢價 HK\$'000	Convertible bonds equity reserve 可換股債券 權益儲備 HK\$'000	revaluation reserve 投資 重估儲備 HK\$'000	Contributed surplus reserve 實繳 盈餘儲備 HK\$'000	reserve 特別儲備 HK\$'000	Translation reserve 換算儲備 HK\$'000	Reserve Fund 儲備基金 HK\$'000	Enterprise expansion reserve 企業 擴展儲備 HK\$'000	reserve 購股權 儲備 HK\$'000	Accumulated losses 累計虧損 HK\$'000	Total 總計 HK\$'000	Non- controlling interests 非控股權益 HK\$'000	Total 總計 HK\$'000
At 1 April 2012 (audited)	於二零一二年四月一日	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
At 1 April 2012 (dudited)	(經審核)	456,678	1,538,191	276,608	-	-	13,901	(60,248)	1,084	1,083	6,400	(1,007,414)	1,226,283	4,925	1,231,208
Loss for the period Change in fair value of available-for-sale	期間虧損 可供出售投資之 公平值變動	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(2,392,171)	(2,392,171)	157	(2,392,014)
investment Impairment loss on available- for-sale investment reclassified to loss for the	減值虧損重新分類	-	-	-	(3,877)	-	-	-	-	-	-		(3,877)	-	(3,877)
period		-	-	-	3,877	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,877	-	3,877
Exchange difference arising on translation	換算產生之 匯兑差額	-	-	-	-	-	-	31,646	-	-	-	-	31,646	-	31,646
Total comprehensive expense for the period	期間全面開支總額	-	-	-	-	-	-	31,646	-	-	-	(2,392,171)	(2,360,525)	157	(2,360,368)
Issue of new shares under placement (note 16) Transaction costs attributable	根據配售發行新股份 (附註16) 發行股份應佔	571	13,129	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	13,700	-	13,700
to issue of shares Capital reorganisation	交易成本 股本重組	-	(343)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(343)	-	(343)
(note 16) Transferred to set off	(附註16) 轉撥以抵銷累計虧損	(453,824)	-	-	-	453,824	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
accumulated losses Recognition of equity-settled		-	-	-	-	(453,824)	-	-	-	-	-	453,824	-	-	-
share-based payments	股份付款	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	14,513	-	14,513	-	14,513
		(453,253)	12,786	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	14,513	453,824	27,870	-	27,870
At 30 September 2012 (unaudited)	於二零一二年九月三十日 (未經審核)	3,425	1,550,977	276,608	-	-	13,901	(28,602)	1,084	1,083	20,913	(2,945,761)	(1,106,372)	5,082	(1,101,290)
At 1 April 2011 (audited)	於二零一一年四月一日 (經審核)	230,478	889,857	-	-	-	13,901	2,356	1,084	1,083	55	(386,160)	752,654	4,316	756,970
Loss for the period Exchange difference arising	期間虧損 換算產生之	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(345,763)	(345,763)	(4,960)	(350,723)
on translation	進 兑差額	-	-	-	-	-	-	(6,826)	-	-	-	-	(6,826)	(7,749)	(14,575)
Total comprehensive expense for the period	總額	-	-	-	-	-	-	(6,826)	-	-	-	(345,763)	(352,589)	(12,709)	(365,298)
Acquisition of assets Issue of new shares under	收購資產 根據配售發行新股份	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,165,330	1,165,330
placement Transaction costs attributable	發行股份應佔	220,000	660,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	880,000	-	880,000
to issue of shares Recognition of equity component of convertible	交易成本 確認可換股債券之 權益部份	-	(35,839)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(35,839)	-	(35,839)
bonds Deferred tax liability on recognition of equity component of convertible	確認可換股債券 權益部份之 遞延稅項負債	-	-	341,447	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	341,447	-	341,447
bonds Conversion of convertible	轉換可換股債券	-	-	(60,322)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(60,322)	-	(60,322)
bonds	市沃り沃队 俱分	6,200	24,173	(7,581)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	22,792	-	22,792
		226,200	648,334	273,544	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,148,078	1,165,330	2,313,408
At 30 September 2011 (unaudited)	於二零一一年九月三十日 (未經審核)	456,678	1,538,191	273,544	-	-	13,901	(4,470)	1,084	1,083	55	(731,923)	1,548,143	1,156,937	2,705,080

			Six months ended 30 September 截至九月三十日止六個月 2012 2011		
			二零一二年 HK\$'000	二零一一年 HK\$'000	
		Notes 附註	千港元 (unaudited) (未經審核)	千港元 (unaudited) (未經審核)	
OPERATING ACTIVITIES	經營業務	113 H.		, , , , , , , , , ,	
Loss before tax Adjustments for:	除税前虧損 已作出以下調整:		(2,399,334)	(348,661)	
Finance costs Impairment loss on intangible asse			214,721 1,732,000	37,033 -	
Impairment loss on property, plant and equipment	之減值虧損		189,000	_	
Loss on early redemption of consideration bonds	提早贖回代價 債券之虧損		86,352	_	
Change in fair value of derivative financial instrument Other non-cash items	衍生財務工具之 公平值變動 其他非現金項目		101,073	_ (12.008)	
Operating cash flows before	營運資金變動前之		30,650	(12,098)	
movements in working capital Decrease in financial assets at fair	經營現金流量 按公平值計入損益之		(45,538)	(323,726)	
value through profit or loss Other working capital items	財務資產減少其他營運資金項目		131,883 19,010	59,223 (31,606)	
NET CASH FROM (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES	經營業務所得(所用) 之現金淨額		105,355	(296,109)	
INVESTING ACTIVITIES Proceeds from disposal of	投資業務 出售可供出售投資				
available-for-sale investment Acquisition of assets through	所得款項 透過收購附屬公司	11	58,000	_	
acquisition of a subsidiary Other investing cash flows	收購資產 其他投資現金流量		(13,849)	(1,078,522) (100,053)	
NET CASH FROM (USED IN) INVESTING ACTIVITIES	投資業務所得(所用) 現金淨額		44,151	(1,178,575)	
FINANCING ACTIVITIES Repayment of consideration bonds	融資活動 償還代價債券		(320,000)	_	
Interest paid on borrowings, convertible bonds and	借貸、可換股債券及 代價債券之				
consideration bonds New borrowings raised	已付利息 所籌得之新借貸 發行新股份	15	(56,939) 40,000	(444)	
Issue of new shares Issue of convertible bonds	發行新股份 發行可換股債券	16	13,700	880,000 1,450,000	
Other financing cash flows	其他融資現金流量		(3,343)	(169,139)	
NET CASH (USED IN) FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	融資業務(所用)所得 現金淨額		(326,582)	2,160,417	
NET (DECREASE) INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	現金及等同現金項目 的(減少)增加淨額		(177,076)	685,733	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT 1 APRIL	於四月一日之現金及 等同現金項目		208,181	16,805	
EFFECT OF FOREIGN EXCHANGE RATE CHANGES	外幣匯率變動影響		(105)	-	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT 30 SEPTEMBER,	於九月三十日之 現金及等同現金		(100)		
REPRESENTED BY BANK BALANCES AND CASH	項目,指 銀行結餘及現金		31,000	702,538	

1. BASIS OF PREPARATION

The unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements of the Group have been prepared in accordance with the applicable disclosure requirements of Appendix 16 to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities (the "Listing Rules") on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") and with Hong Kong Accounting Standard 34, "Interim Financial Reporting" issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (the "HKICPA").

As at 30 September 2012, the Group had net current liabilities and net liabilities of approximately HK\$42.9 million and HK\$1,101.3 million respectively. In spite of this, the condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis since the Company intends to proceed with some future funding plans, including but not limited to rights issue, shares placement, debts restructuring and arranging new long-term debt finance, to improve the financial position of the Group when the market circumstances are considered appropriate. As such, the directors of the Company consider that the Group should be able to continue as a going concern.

1. 編製基準

本集團之未經審核中期簡明綜合財務報表乃根據香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)證券上市規則(「上市規則」)附錄十六之適用披露規定及香港會計師公會(「香港會計師公會」)頒佈之香港會計準則第34號「中期財務報告」而編製。

For the six months ended 30 September 2012

2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for certain investment properties and financial instruments, which are measured at revalued amounts or fair values, as appropriate.

The accounting policies and methods of computation used in the unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements for the six months ended 30 September 2012 are the same as those followed in the preparation of the Group's annual financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2012. In addition, in the current interim period, the Group has applied, for the first time, the following amendments to Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") issued by the HKICPA.

Amendments to HKFRS 7 Financial instruments: Disclosures – Transfers of financial assets

Amendments to HKAS 12 Deferred tax: Recovery of underlying assets

The application of the above amendments to HKFRSs in the current interim period has had no material effect on the amounts reported in these unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements and/ or the disclosures set out in these unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

2. 主要會計政策

除若干投資物業及財務工具乃按重估金額或公平值(按適用情况而定)計量外,未經審核中期簡明綜合財務報表乃根據歷史成本基準編製。

香港財務報告 財務工具:披露 – 準則第7號 轉讓財務資產 (修訂本)

香港會計準則 遞延税項:收回相關 第12號 資產 (修訂本)

於本中期期間,應用上述香港財務報告準則修訂本對該等未經審核中期簡明綜合財務報表呈報之金額及/或該等未經審核中期簡明綜合財務報表所載之披露事項並無重大影響。

3. TURNOVER AND SEGMENT INFORMATION

Information reported to the executive directors of the Company, being the chief operating decision makers, for the purposes of resource allocation and assessment of segment performance focusing on types of goods or services delivered or provided.

Specifically, the Group's reportable and operating segments under HKFRS 8 are as follows:

- (i) Solar grade polycrystalline silicon: Manufacture of solar grade polycrystalline silicon
- (ii) Investments: Investment and trading of securities
- (iii) Loan financing: Provision of loan financing services
- (iv) Property investment: Holding properties for rental and capital appreciation
- (v) Manufacture and sale of accessories: Manufacture and sale of accessories for photographic products

3. 營業額及分類資料

向本公司執行董事(即首席營運 決策者)呈報以作出資源分配及 評估分類表現之資料集中於已 付運或提供之貨品或服務類型。

具體而言,根據香港財務報告 準則第8號,本集團之可呈報及 經營分類如下:

- (i) 太陽能級多晶硅:製造太 陽能級多晶硅
- (ii) 投資:證券投資及買賣
- (iii) 貸款融資:提供貸款融資 服務
- (iv) 物業投資:為賺取租金及 資本增值而持有物業
- (v) 製造及銷售配件:製造及 銷售照相產品配件

3. TURNOVER AND SEGMENT INFORMATION (Cont'd)

3. 營業額及分類資料(續)

Segment revenue and results

分類收益及業績

For the six months ended 30 September 2012 (unaudited)

截至二零一二年九月三十日止 六個月(未經審核)

		Solar grade polycrystalline silicon 太陽能級 多晶硅 HK\$'000 千港元	Investments 投資 HK\$'000 千港元	Loan financing 貸款融資 HK\$'000 千港元	Property investment 物業投資 HK\$'000 千港元	Manufacture and sales of accessories 製造及 銷售配件 HK\$'000 千港元	Consolidated 綜合 HK\$'000 千港元
Segment revenue	—————————————————————————————————————	1,273	1,273	1,273	1,273	1,272	1,27
Sales of goods Investment income	ガ ス 火血 銷售貨品 投資收入	-	-	-	-	92,631	92,631
Dividend income on held-fo trading investments Interest income on loans	or- 持作買賣投資之 股息收入 應收貸款之	-	41	-	-	-	41
receivable	利息收入	_	-	555	-	-	555
Rental income	租金收入	-	-	-	1,500	-	1,500
Change in fair value of financial assets at fair value through profit or	按公平值計入損益之 財務資產之公平值變動 (「按公平值計入損益」)						
loss ("FVTPL") (Note)	(附註)	-	(22,188)	-	-	-	(22,188)
Intra-group rental income	集團內租金收入	-	-	-	1,176	-	1,176
		-	(22,147)	555	2,676	92,631	73,715
Elimination	抵銷						(1,176)
							72,539
Segment (loss) profit	分類(虧損)溢利	(1,949,406)	(23,103)	555	1,466	4,665	(1,965,823)
Unallocated other income Unallocated corporate expense Unallocated finance costs Change in fair value of derivative financial instrume	未分配融資成本 衍生財務工具之						42 (33,522) (212,606) (101,073)
Loss on early redemption of consideration bonds	提早贖回代價債券之 虧損						(86,352)
Loss before tax	除税前虧損						(2,399,334)

3. TURNOVER AND SEGMENT INFORMATION (Cont'd)

Segment revenue and results (Cont'd)

3. 營業額及分類資料(續)

分類收益及業績(續)

For the six months ended 30 September 2011 (unaudited)

截至二零一一年九月三十日止 六個月(未經審核)

	Solar grade polycrystalline silicon 太陽能級 多晶硅 HK\$'000 千港元	Investments 投資 HK \$ '000 千港元	Loan financing 貸款融資 HK \$ '000 千港元	Property investment 物業投資 HK\$'000 千港元	Manufacture and sales of accessories 製造及 銷售配件 HK\$'000 千港元	Consolidated 綜合 HK\$'000 千港元
Segment revenue分類收益Sales of goods銷售貨品Investment income投資收入Dividend income on held-for-持作買賣投資之	-	-	-	-	89,156	89,156
trading investments 股息收入 Interest income on loans 應收貸款之	-	4,585	-	-	-	4,585
receivable 利息收入 Rental income 租金收入 Change in fair value of 按公平值計入損益之	-	-	12,611	- 684	-	12,611 684
financial assets at FVTPL 財務資產之公平值變動 (Note) (附註)	-	(295,661)	-	-	-	(295,661)
	-	(291,076)	12,611	684	89,156	(188,625)
Segment (loss) profit 分類(虧損)溢利	(9,881)	(289,988)	13,010	1,344	6,967	(278,548)
Unallocated other income 未分配其他收入 Unallocated corporate expenses 未分配公司開支 Other expenses – cost incurred 其他開支 – 收購一間附屬						2,144 (21,018)
for acquiring of a subsidiary 公司產生之成本 Unallocated finance costs 未分配融資成本						(14,206) (37,033)
Loss before tax 除稅前虧損						(348,661)

Segment (loss) profit represent the loss from/profit earned by each segment without allocation of certain other income, unallocated corporate expenses, change in fair value of derivative financial instrument, loss on early redemption of consideration bonds, cost incurred for acquiring a subsidiary and certain finance costs. This is the measure reported to chief operating decision makers for the purpose of resource allocation and performance assessment.

Note: The change in fair value of financial assets at FVTPL included realised loss of HK\$21,887,000 (six months ended 30 September 2011: HK\$49,908,000) and unrealised loss of HK\$301,000 (six months ended 30 September 2011: HK\$245,753,000).

附註:按公平值計入損益之財務資產之公平值變動 包括已變現虧損21,887,000港元(截至二零 一一年九月三十日止六個月:49,908,000 港元)及未變現虧損301,000港元(截至二零 一一年九月三十日止六個月:245,753,000 港元)。

3. 營業額及分類資料(續)

3. TURNOVER AND SEGMENT INFORMATION (Cont'd)

Segment assets

The following is an analysis of the Group's assets by reportable and operating segments:

As at 30 September 2012 (unaudited)

分類資產

以下為按可呈報及經營分類劃 分之本集團資產分析:

於二零一二年九月三十日(未經 審核)

		Solar grade polycrystalline silicon 太陽能級 多晶硅 HK\$'000 千港元	Investments 投資 HK \$ '000 千港元	Loan financing 貸款融資 HK\$'000 千港元	Property investment 物業投資 HK\$'000 千港元	Manufacture and sales of accessories 製造及 銷售配件 HK\$'000 千港元	Consolidated 綜合 HK\$'000 千港元
Segment assets	分類資產	830,439	32,903	-	112,479	67,190	1,043,011
Unallocated property, plant and equipment Unallocated other receivables, deposits and prepayments Derivative financial instrument	未分配物業、 廠房及設備 未分配其他應收款項、 訂金及預付款項 衍生財務工具						216 2,635 291,719
Tax recoverable Bank balances and cash	可收回税項 銀行結餘及現金						21 31,000
Consolidated total assets	綜合資產總值						1,368,602

As at 31 March 2012 (audited)

於二零一二年三月三十一日 (經審核)

		Solar grade polycrystalline silicon 太陽能級 多晶硅 HK\$'000 千港元	Investments 投資 HK\$'000 千港元	Loan financing 貸款融資 HK\$'000 千港元	Property investment 物業投資 HK\$'000 千港元	Manufacture and sales of accessories 製造及 銷售配件 HK\$'000 千港元	Consolidated 綜合 HK \$ '000 千港元
Segment assets	分類資產	2,694,637	226,656	33,359	112,707	48,911	3,116,270
Unallocated property, plant and equipment Unallocated other receivables,	未分配物業、 廠房及設備 未分配其他應收款項、						194
deposits and prepayments Derivative financial instrument Tax recoverable Bank balances and cash	訂金及預付款項 衍生財務工具 可收回税項 銀行結餘及現金						2,826 392,792 21 208,181
Consolidated total assets	綜合資產總值						3,720,284

3. TURNOVER AND SEGMENT INFORMATION (Cont'd)

Geographical information

The Group's operations are located in Hong Kong, the People's Republic of China (the "PRC") and Taiwan.

Information about the Group's revenue from external customers is presented based on the location at which the goods are delivered.

The Group's total revenue from sales of goods by geographical location are detailed below:

3. 營業額及分類資料(續)

地區資料

本集團之營運位於香港、中華 人民共和國(「中國」)及台灣。

有關本集團來自對外客戶之收 益資料乃按付運貨品之地點呈 列。

本集團按地區劃分之貨品銷售 總收益詳述如下:

		Six mont	Six months ended		
		30 Sep	30 September		
		截至九月三-	卜日止六個月		
		2012	2011		
		二零一二年	二零一一年		
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000		
		千港元	千港元		
		(unaudited)	(unaudited)		
		(未經審核)	(未經審核)		
Europe	歐洲	33,149	36,920		
United States of America	美利堅合眾國	13,732	9,763		
Hong Kong	香港	10,239	14,795		
PRC	中國	22,256	14,120		
Others	其他	13,255	13,558		
		92,631	89,156		

4. OTHER GAINS AND LOSSES

4. 其他收益及虧損

Six months ended 30 September

截至九月三十日止六個月

 2012
 2011

 二零一二年
 二零一一年

 HK\$'000
 HK\$'000

 千港元
 千港元

 (unaudited)
 (未經審核)

 (未經審核)
 (未經審核)

Change in fair value of derivative financial instrument	衍生財務工具之 公平值變動	(101,073)	
		(101,073)	_
Loss on early redemption of	提早贖回代價債券之	(
consideration bonds	虧損	(86,352)	_
Fair value gain on investment	投資物業之公平值		
properties	收益	622	660
Impairment loss on available-for-	可供出售投資之減值		
sale investment	虧損	(3,877)	_
Net (loss) gain on disposal of	出售物業、廠房及設備		
property, plant and equipment	之(虧損)收益淨額	(274)	7
Gain on disposal of available-for-	出售可供出售投資之		
sale investment	收益	2,000	_
Net foreign exchange gain	運兑收益淨額	607	678
Impairment loss on intangible asset	無形資產之減值虧損	(1,732,000)	_
Impairment loss on property,	物業、廠房及設備之	() -))	
plant and equipment	減值虧損	(189,000)	
piant and equipment	/	(189,000)	
		(2,109,347)	1,345

5. FINANCE COSTS

5. 融資成本

		Six months ended 30 September		
		截至九月三┤ 2012 二零一二年 HK\$′000 千港元 (unaudited)	1 日止六個月 2011 二零一一年 HK\$'000 千港元 (unaudited)	
		(未經審核)	(未經審核)	
Interests on: – Bank and other borrowings wholly repayable	以下各項之利息: - 須於五年內悉數 償還之銀行及			
within five years – Bank borrowings wholly	其他借貸 - 須於五年後悉數	1,738	209	
repayable after five years Effective interest expense on:	償還之銀行借貸 以下各項之利息開支:	377	234	
Convertible bondsConsideration bonds	- 可換股債券 - 代價債券	93,986	36,590	
debt component	- 債務部分	118,620	_	
		214,721	37,033	

6. INCOME TAX CREDIT (EXPENSE) AND DEFERRED TAX LIABILITIES

6. 所得税抵免(開支)及遞延 税項負債

Income tax credit (expense)

所得税抵免(開支)

Six months ended
(838) (1,020) 得税 (521) (878) - 1
(1,359) (1,897) 8,679 (165) 7,320 (2,062)

6. INCOME TAX CREDIT (EXPENSE) AND DEFERRED TAX LIABILITIES (Cont'd)

Hong Kong Profits Tax is calculated at 16.5% of the estimated assessable profit for both periods. Under the Law of the PRC on Enterprise Income Tax (the "EIT Law") and Implementation Regulation of the EIT Law, the tax rate of PRC subsidiaries is 25% for both periods. Taxation arising in Taiwan is calculated at 17% for both periods.

Deferred tax liabilities

The following are the major deferred tax liabilities recognised and movements thereon during the current period:

6. 所得税抵免(開支)及遞延 税項負債*(續)*

香港利得税乃就兩個期間之估計應課税溢利按16.5%計算。根據中國企業所得税法(「企業所得税法」)及企業所得税法實施條例,中國附屬公司於兩個期間之税率均為25%。兩個期間內,台灣產生之稅項按税率17%計算。

遞延税項負債

以下為於本期間內已確認之主 要遞延稅項負債及其變動:

		Revaluation of investment properties 投資物業重估 HK\$'000 千港元	Convertible bonds 可換股債券 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$′000 千港元
At 1 April 2012 (audited) (Charge) credit to profit	於二零一二年四月一日 (經審核) (扣除自)計入期間	(953)	(45,935)	(46,888)
or loss for the period	損益	(27)	8,706	8,679
At 30 September 2012 (unaudited)	於二零一二年九月三十日 (未經審核)	(980)	(37,229)	(38,209)
At 1 April 2011 (audited) Charge to profit or loss	於二零一一年四月一日 (經審核) 扣除自期間	(635)	-	(635)
for the period Charge to equity for the	損益 和除自期間	(165)	-	(165)
period period	權益	_	(60,322)	(60,322)
At 30 September 2011 (unaudited)	於二零一一年九月三十日 (未經審核)	(800)	(60,322)	(61,122)

7. LOSS FOR THE PERIOD

7. 期間虧損

Six months ended 30 September

截至九月三十日止六個月

2012 2011 二零一二年 二零一一年 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 千港元 千港元 (unaudited)

(未經審核)

(unaudited) (未經審核)

Loss for the period has been arrived at after charging (crediting):	期間虧損已扣除 (計入)以下 項目:		
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備之 折舊	15,365	6,635
Release of prepaid lease payments	預付租賃款項撥回	346	340
Government subsidy	政府補助金	-	(1,753)
Dividend income from listed	上市證券之股息		
securities	收入	(41)	(4,585)

8. **DIVIDENDS**

No dividend was paid, declared or proposed during both interim periods. The directors do not recommend

the payment of an interim dividend.

於兩個中期期間並無支付、宣 派或建議派發股息。董事不建 議派發中期股息。

8. 股息

For the six months ended 30 September 2012

LOSS PER SHARE 9.

The calculation of basic and diluted loss per share attributable to the owners of the Company is based on the following data:

每股虧損 9.

本公司擁有人應佔每股基本及 攤薄虧損乃根據以下數據計算:

> Six months ended 30 September 截至九月三十日止六個月 2012 2011 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 千港元 千港元 (unaudited) (未經審核)

(unaudited)

(未經審核)

虧損 Loss

Loss for the purpose of basic and diluted loss per share (loss for the period attributable to owners of the Company)

用作計算每股基本及 攤薄虧損之虧損 (本公司擁有人 應佔期間虧損)

2,392,171

345,763

Six months ended 30 September 截至九月三十日止六個月 2012 2011 二零一二年

Number of shares

Weighted average number of ordinary shares for the purpose of basic and diluted loss per share

股份數目

用作計算每股基本及 攤薄虧損之普通股

加權平均數

315,369,775

204,211,253

The computation of diluted loss per share does not assume the conversion of the Company's outstanding convertible bonds and the exercise of the Company's share options in both interim periods since their assumed conversion would result in a decrease in loss per share.

計算每股攤薄虧損並無假設於 兩個中期期間兑換本公司之未 行使可換股債券及行使本公司 之購股權,因為該等假設兑換 將導致每股虧損減少。

The weighted average number of ordinary shares adopted in the calculation of the basic and diluted loss per share for the six months ended 30 September 2011 have been adjusted to reflect the impact of share consolidation effected on 26 April 2012 as disclosed in note 16

計算截至二零一一年九月三十 日止六個月之每股基本及攤薄 虧損時採納之普通股加權平均 數已經調整,以反映於二零 一二年四月二十六日進行之 股份合併之影響(於附註16披 露)。

10. MOVEMENTS IN PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT AND INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

During the current interim period, the Group acquired plant and machinery of HK\$13,615,000 and incurred construction cost of HK\$23,676,000 for Taiwan operation.

In addition, during the current interim period, the Group transferred certain leasehold land and buildings of HK\$35,750,000 from property, plant and equipment to investment properties. The fair value of the Group's investment properties have been arrived at on the basis of a valuation carried out by Chung, Chan & Associates, Chartered Surveyors, independent qualified professional valuer not connected with the Group. Chung, Chan & Associates, Chartered Surveyors are members of the Institute of Valuers. The valuation was arrived at by reference to market evidence of transaction prices for similar properties in the similar locations and conditions.

11. AVAILABLE-FOR-SALE INVESTMENTS

During the current interim period, the Group disposed of its unlisted shares in Hong Kong at a consideration of HK\$58,000,000 and recognised a gain on disposal of HK\$2,000,000 (six months ended 30 September 2011: nil) included in other gains and losses.

In addition, during the current interim period, an impairment loss of HK\$3,877,000 (six months ended 30 September 2011: nil) has been recognised in respect of unlisted equity fund in Hong Kong since the presence of a significant or prolonged decline in its fair value.

10. 物業、廠房及設備以及 投資物業之變動

於本中期期間,本集團收購 13,615,000港元之廠房及 機器,並就台灣之營運產生 23,676,000港元之建設成本。

11. 可供出售投資

於本中期期間,本集團以代價 58,000,000港元出售其香港 非上市股份,並確認出售收益 2,000,000港元(截至二零一一 年九月三十日止六個月:無), 計入其他收益及虧損。

此外,於本中期期間,由於香港非上市股票基金之公平值出現大幅或長時間下跌,故已就該基金確認減值虧損3,877,000港元(截至二零一一年九月三十日止六個月:無)。

For the six months ended 30 September 2012

12. TRADE RECEIVABLES

The Group allows an average credit period ranged from 60 to 150 days to its trade customers. The following is an aged analysis of trade receivables net of allowances for doubtful debts presented based on the invoice date at the end of the reporting period:

12. 應收貿易款項

本集團向其貿易客戶提供介乎 60至150日之平均信貸期。以 下為根據報告期末之發票日期 呈列之應收貿易款項(扣除呆賬 撥備)之賬齡分析:

		30 September	31 March
		2012	2012
		二零一二年	二零一二年
		九月三十日	三月三十一日
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
		(unaudited)	(audited)
		(未經審核)	(經審核)
0 to 60 days	0至60日	28,937	23,937
61 to 150 days	61至150日	12,951	1,813
		41,888	25,750

13. LOANS AND INTEREST RECEIVABLES

At 31 March 2012, the fixed-rate loans receivable borne interest ranging from 5% to 24% per annum. The amount was fully settled during the current interim period.

13. 應收貸款及應收利息

於二零一二年三月三十一日, 應收定息貸款以年利率5%至 24%計息。該款項已於本中期 期間全數清償。

14. TRADE PAYABLES

The following is an aged analysis of trade payables presented based on the invoice date at the end of the reporting period:

14. 應付貿易款項

以下為根據報告期末之發票日期呈列之應付貿易款項之賬齡分析:

		30 September 2012 二零一二年 九月三十日 HK\$'000 千港元 (unaudited) (未經審核)	31 March 2012 二零一二年 三月三十一日 HK\$'000 千港元 (audited) (經審核)
0 to 60 days 61 to 150 days	0至60日 61至150日	14,125 2,093	12,298 138
Over 150 days	150日以上	-	368
		16,218	12,804

15. BORROWINGS

During the current interim period, the Group obtained a new loan from a financial institution amounting to HK\$40,000,000 (six months ended 30 September 2011: nil). The loan is unsecured, carrying fixed interest rate at 1% per month and repayable on or before 4 January 2013.

15. 借貸

於本中期期間,本集團向一間財務機構取得新貸款合共40,000,000港元(截至二零一一年九月三十日止六個月:無)。該貸款為無抵押,以每月1%之固定利率計息,並須於二零一三年一月四日或之前償還。

16. SHARE CAPITAL

16. 股本

		Notes 附註	Number of shares 股份數目	Share capital 股本 HK\$'000 千港元
	法定股本:			_
At 1 April 2012, ordinary shares of HK\$0.1 each Increased on 26 April 2012	於二零一二年四月一日, 每股 0.1 港元之普通股 於二零一二年		20,000,000,000	2,000,000
increased on 20 April 2012	四月二十六日增加	(a)	180,000,000,000	-
At 30 September 2012, ordinary shares of HK\$0.01 each	於二零一二年九月三十日, 每股 0.01 港元之普通股		200,000,000,000	2,000,000
Issued and fully paid:	已發行及繳足股本:			
At 1 April 2012	於二零一二年四月一日		4,566,778,952	456,678
Capital reorganisation Issue of new shares under placement	股本重組 根據配售發行新股份	(b)	(4,281,355,268) 57,084,736	(453,824) 571
At 30 September 2012	於二零一二年九月三十日		342,508,420	3,425

Notes:

- (a) Pursuant to a special general meeting passed on 25 April 2012, the number of authorised share capital of the Company was increased from 20,000,000,000 shares to 200,000,000,000 shares. The increased authorised shares rank pari passu with the existing ordinary shares of the Company.
- (b) The capital reorganisation effective on 26 April 2012 involved (i) every sixteen issued shares of par value of HK\$0.10 each be consolidated into one consolidated share of par value of HK\$1.60 each; (ii) the nominal value of each issued consolidated shares be reduced from par value of HK\$1.60 each to par value of HK\$0.01 each by cancellation of the paid-up capital of the Company to the extent of HK\$1.59 on each issued consolidated share; (iii) each of the authorised but unissued consolidated shares of HK\$1.60 each shall be subdivided into 160 adjusted shares of par value of HK\$0.01 each.
- (c) On 27 June 2012, the Company issued 57,084,736 ordinary shares at HK\$0.24 each for approximately HK\$13,700,000. Details of the placement is set out in the Company's announcement dated 19 June 2012.

附註:

- (a) 根據於二零一二年四月二十五日通過之股 東特別大會,本公司之法定股本數目由 20,000,000,000 股增加至200,000,000,000 股。該等增加之法定股份與本公司之現有普 通股享有同等地位。
- (b) 於二零一二年四月二十六日生效之股本重組涉及(i)每十六股每股面值0.10港元之已發行股份合併為一股每股面值1.60港元之合併股份:(ii)每股已發行合併股份之面值透過註銷本公司之繳足股本,削減每股已發行合併股份1.59港元,由每股面值1.60港元削減至每股面值0.01港元:(iii)每股面值1.60港元之法定但未發行合併股份須分拆為160股每股面值0.01港元之經調整股份。
- (c) 於二零一二年六月二十七日,本公司發行 57,084,736股每股0.24港元之普通股,以 換取約13,700,000港元。配售事項之詳情 載於本公司於二零一二年六月十九日刊發之 公佈。

17. CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

17. 資本承擔

30 September	31 March
2012	2012
二零一二年	二零一二年
九月三十日	三月三十一日
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元
(unaudited)	(audited)
(未經審核)	(經審核)

Capital expenditure in respect of acquisition of property, plant and equipment contracted for but not provided in the unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements

有關收購物業、廠房及 設備已訂約但未於 未經審核中期簡明 綜合財務報表中 撥備之資本 開支

73,338

18. SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS

18. 股份付款

The following table discloses movements of the Company's share options held by directors, employees and consultant during the period:

下表披露期內由董事、僱員及 顧問所持之本公司購股權之變 動:

2003 Option Scheme

二零零三年購股權計劃

		Number of share options 購股權數目			
Name of category of		Outstanding as at 1 April	Adjusted upon capital reorganisation at 26 April	Outstanding as at 30 September	
participant	Date of grant	2012	2012 於二零一二年	2012	Exercise price
		於二零一二年 四月一日	四月二十六日 之股本	於二零一二年 九月三十日	
參與者類別名稱	授出日期	尚未行使	重組後調整	尚未行使	行使價 HK\$ 港元
			(Note i) (附註i)		(Note i) (附註i)
Staff and consultants 僱員及顧問	3 March 2010 二零一零年三月三日	625,000	(585,938)	39,062	6.336

18. SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS (Cont'd)

18. 股份付款(續)

Option Deed

購股權契據

Number of share options 購股權數目

	_		期 放 催數日		_
Name of category of participant	Date of grant	Outstanding as at 1 April 2012	Adjusted upon capital reorganisation at 26 April 2012 於二零一二年	Outstanding as at 30 September 2012	Exercise price
		於二零一二年	四月二十六日	於二零一二年	
參與者類別名稱	授出日期	四月一日 尚未行使	之股本 重組後調整	九月三十日尚未行使	行使價 HK\$
			(Note ii) (附註ii)		港元 (Note ii) (附註ii)
Executive directors 執行董事					
Mr. Lo Yuen Wa Peter 老元華先生	11 January 2012 二零一二年一月十一日	10,000,000	(9,375,000)	625,000	6.400
Mr. Eddie Woo 胡耀東先生	11 January 2012 二零一二年一月十一日	115,000,000	(107,812,500)	7,187,500	6.400
Dr. Wu Yi-Shuen 吳以舜博士	11 January 2012 二零一二年一月十一日	450,000,000	(421,875,000)	28,125,000	6.400
Non-executive director					
非執行董事 Dr. Chuang, Henry Yueheng (Note iv) 莊友衡博士(附註iv)	11 January 2012 二零一二年一月十一日	75,000,000	(70,312,500)	4,687,500	6.400
A consultant (Note iii) 顧問(附註iii)	11 January 2012 二零一二年一月十一日	50,000,000	(46,875,000)	3,125,000	6.400
Staff 僱員	11 January 2012 二零一二年一月十一日	30,000,000	(28,125,000)	1,875,000	6.400
		730,000,000	(684,375,000)	45,625,000	

Notes:

- (i) Following the capital reorganisation passed in a special general meeting held on 25 April 2012, the exercise price of the share option under the 2003 Option Scheme adjusted from HK\$0.396 per share to HK\$6.336 per share, while every sixteen share options consolidated into one new share option.
- (ii) Following the capital reorganisation passed in a special general meeting held on 25 April 2012, the exercise price of the share option under the Option Deed adjusted from HK\$0.4 per share to HK\$6.4 per share, while every sixteen share options consolidated into one new share option.
- (iii) The consultant of the Company is responsible for development of the Group's solar grade polycrystalline silicon business with respect to structuring and legal matters, including diligent maintenance of documentation, structuring, future fund raising and other related matters.
- (iv) Dr. Chuang, Henry Yueheng resigned as non-executive director of the Company with effect from 14 November 2012.

附註:

- (i) 於二零一二年四月二十五日舉行之股東特別 大會上通過股本重組後,二零零三年購股權 計劃下之購股權行使價由每股0.396港元調 整至每股6.336港元,而每十六份購股權合 併為一份新購股權。
- (ii) 於二零一二年四月二十五日舉行之股東特別 大會上通過股本重組後,購股權契據項下 之購股權行使價由每股0.4港元調整至每股 6.4港元,而每十六份購股權合併為一份新 購股權。
- (iii) 本公司之顧問負責本集團太陽能級多晶硅業務發展所涉及之組織及法律事宜,包括盡職備存文檔、重組、未來募資及其他相關事官。
- (iv) 莊友衡博士於二零一二年十一月十四日起辭 任本公司非執行董事。

19. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

19. 關連人士交易

The Group entered into the following transactions with related parties:

本集團曾與關連人士進行以下交易:

Six months ended 30 September

		截至九月三十日止六個月	
		2012	2011
		二零一二年 HK\$'000 千港元 (unaudited) (未經審核)	HK\$'000
Rental expenses paid to the following related parties	支付予以下關連人士之 租金開支		
 (a) Non-controlling shareholder of a subsidiary with significant influence over the subsidiary (i) Dongguan City Qiao Guang Industrial Group Company (Note) (b) Companies in which a key management personnel of the Group has controlling interest (i) Techford Development Limited 	(a)對附屬公司有重大影響力之附屬公司 非控股股東 (i)東莞市橋光實業 集團公司 (附註) (b)本集團主要管理人員 有控股權益 之公司 (i) Techford Development	649	576
(ii) Mascotte Investments	Limited (ii)馬斯葛投資有限	60	60
Limited	公司	288	396
		997	1,032

Note: The rental arrangement ended on 31 August 2012 and was not extended afterwards.

附註: 租金安排於二零一二年八月三十一日結束 後並無延長。

20. IMPAIRMENT LOSS ON PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT AND INTANGIBLE ASSET

As a result of severe and challenging market conditions in the solar industry during the year 2012 which impacted the selling prices of the polysilicon in the industry, the Group carried out a review of the recoverable amount of related cash generating unit ("CGU") during this period, with the assistance from an independent valuation firm.

Hong Kong Accounting Standard 36 – Impairment of Assets ("HKAS 36") set out that the recoverable amount of the CGU is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss. Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted. If the recoverable amount of a CGU is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of a CGU is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

In preparing the impairment test of Sun Mass Energy Limited and its subsidiaries ("Sun Mass Group") as a CGU, the Group has observed HKAS 36 and has prepared recoverable amount analysis under both fair value less costs to sell and value in use premises. Since the results from the two premises are close, the management decided that it is reasonable to adopt the value in use premise, which was based on the discounted cashflow (the "DCF") analysis.

20. 物業、廠房及設備及無形資產減值虧損

二零一二年太陽能業之市況嚴峻及充滿挑戰影響業內多晶硅之售價,本集團因此於本期間內在獨立評估公司之協助下進行相關現金產生單位(「現金產生單位」)之可收回金額檢討。

香港會計準則第36號 - 資產 減值(「香港會計準則第36號」) 載列,現金產生單位之可收回 金額予以估計,以釐定減值虧 損之程度。可收回金額為公平 值減銷售成本及使用價值之較 高者。評估使用價值時,估計 未來現金流量乃使用稅前折現 率折現至其現值,該折現率反 映目前市場對資金時間值之評 估,以及估計未來現金流量未 經調整之資產之獨有風險。如 估計某項現金產生單位之可收 回金額低於其賬面值,該項現 金產生單位之賬面值則須減低 至其可收回金額。減值虧損即 時於損益確認。

The calculation was based on the future pre-tax cash flows expected to arise from the CGU for the next five years using a pre-tax discount rate of 22%. The pre-tax discount rate of 22% was derived by setting the same equity value results from a post-tax cashflow using a post-tax discount rate and a pre-tax cashflow using a pre-tax discount rate.

The post-tax discount rate was estimated based on the estimated weighted average cost of capital ("WACC"), which incorporated the cost of equity and debt, weighted by the proportionate amount of each source of capital in the capital structure. The cost of equity was developed through the application of the Capital Asset Pricing Model ("CAPM"), with reference to comparable companies' historical beta. In addition, small size risk premium and company-specific risk premium were also added to the cost of equity derived by CAPM. Another component of WACC was after-tax cost of debt, which was based on the latest borrowing rate of the subject and the standard tax rate. Taking the industry's capital structure as a proxy is the notion that the subject's operation will converge to the industry level in the long run. The cash flows beyond the next five years are extrapolated using a nominal growth rate of 3%. Other key assumptions adopted in the DCF analysis under the value in use premise are set out below:

- 1. production facility was expected to commence operation in the first half of 2013 based on the management's estimation;
- average selling price (ASP) was estimated at approximately US\$23.7/kg in 2013 and was estimated to change in line market analysts forecast; and

計算乃根據未來五年按除稅前 折現率22%,現金產生單位預 期產生之未來除稅前現金流量 計算。除稅前折現率22%乃透 過從採用除稅後折現率計算之 除稅後現金流量及採用除稅前 折現率計算之除稅前現金流量 設定相同權益價值而得出。

除税後折現率乃根據估計加權 平均資本成本(「加權平均資本 成本」)估計,加權平均資本成 本包括權益及債務成本, 並以 資本架構中各項資本來源之按 比例金額加權計算。權益成本 乃經參考可比公司之過往貝他 系數透過應用資本資產定價模 式(「資本資產定價模式」)而 得出。此外,小規模風險溢價 及公司特定風險溢價亦已計入 資本資產定價模式所得出之權 益成本。加權平均資本成本之 另一部分為除稅後債務成本, 乃按目標公司之最近借貸率及 標準税率計算。該行業之資本 架構,反映目標公司之營運將 於長遠而言達致業內水平之概 念。未來五年後之現金流量則 以名義增長率3%推斷。使用價 值假設項下之折現現金流量分 析所採用之其他主要假設載列 如下:

- 1. 根據管理層估計,生產設施預期將於二零一三年上 半年開始運作;
- 2. 於二零一三年,估計平均售價(平均售價)約為23.7 美元/公斤,並估計將隨著市場分析員之預測而改變;及

For the six months ended 30 September 2012

- 3. Cash manufacturing costs, comprising raw materials, electricity and manufacturing overhead, which were estimated to be approximately US\$14/kg by a technical consultant commissioned by the Company. In relying on the technical report, cash manufacturing costs were expected to remain constant throughout the projection period;
- 4. operating expenses ("OPEX") including selling, general and administrative expenses were estimated to be less than 10% of revenue throughout the projection period. Management estimated the OPEX based on the planned headcount, rental and miscellaneous expenses;
- 5. an estimated sales volume in the first full year of operation represents approximately 74% utilization of the designed production capacity of the existing plant and gradually increase to a long-run target of 86%. The planned utilization rate is in line with the industry practice; and
- 6. all polysilicon produced are sold.

Accordingly, impairment losses of HK\$189.0 million and HK\$1,732.0 million in respect of property, plant and equipment and intangible asset, respectively, have been recognized in the profit and loss. No impairment assessment was performed for the year ended 31 March 2012.

- 3. 本公司委託之技術顧問估計之現金製造成本(包括原料、電力及製造費用)約為14美元/公斤。於倚賴技術報告時,預期於整個預測期間之現金製造成本將維持不變;
- 4. 於整個預測期間內,營運開支(「營運開支」)(包括銷售、一般及行政開支)估計少於收益之10%。管理層根據計劃人手、租金及雜項開支估計營運開支;
- 5. 首個完整營運年度之估計 銷量相當於現有廠房設計 產能使用率約74%,並逐 漸提高至長遠目標86%。 計劃使用率符合行業慣 例;及
- 6. 所有生產之多晶硅均售出。

因此,於損益內分別就物業、廠房及設備及無形資產確認189,000,000港元及1,732,000,000港元減值虧損。截至二零一二年三月三十一日止年度並無進行減值評估。

FINANCIAL RESULTS AND BUSINESS REVIEW

For the six months ended 30 September 2012 (the "Period"), the loss attributable to shareholders for the Period recorded as approximately HK\$2,392.2 million, which increased by approximately HK\$2,046.4 million, as compared to a loss of approximately HK\$345.8 million at the same period last year. The loss was mainly attributable to:

- (i) As at 30 September 2012, an impairment of approximately HK\$1,921.0 million was made by the Company against the aggregated carrying value of the investment in Sun Mass Group. The basis of determination of the impairment is primarily based on the valuation report dated 28 November 2012 (the "Report") in respect of the Group's polycrystalline silicon business in Taiwan. The Report indicated that the value in use of business enterprise of the Group's polycrystalline silicon business (on the existing plant scenario) is reasonably stated as approximately HK\$780.0 million (USD100.0 million);
- (ii) an increase in finance costs by approximately HK\$177.7 million, from approximately HK\$37.0 million to approximately HK\$214.7 million in which approximately HK\$2.1 million arising from interest expenses paid for bank and other borrowings, approximately HK\$94.0 million arising from the amortisation of interest expenses for convertible bonds and approximately HK\$118.6 million arising from the amortisation of interest expenses for consideration bonds during the Period;
- (iii) a change of fair value on derivative financial instrument of the Company's consideration bonds which resulting of approximately HK\$101.1 million loss as at 30 September 2012 (As at 30 September 2011: Nil);

財務業績及業務回顧

於截至二零一二年九月三十日止 六個月(「本期間」)錄得本期間股東應佔虧損約2,392,200,000港元,較去年同期虧損約345,800,000港元增加約2,046,400,000港元。虧損乃主要由於下列事項所致:

- (ii) 融資成本增加約177,700,000港元,由約37,000,000港元增加至約214,700,000港元增加至約2,100,000港元來自本期間銀行及其他借貸支付之利息開支開對等24,000,000港元來自可與股債券之利息開支攤銷;
- (iii) 本公司代價債券之衍生財務 工具公平值變動於二零一二 年九月三十日產生之虧損約 101,100,000港元(於二零 一一年九月三十日:無);

- (iv) an aggregated loss on early redemptions of the Company's consideration bonds during the Period of approximately HK\$86.4 million (2011:Nil);
- (v) a decrease in investment income (investments in shares and provision of finance) by approximately HK\$16.6 million, from approximately HK\$17.2 million to approximately HK\$0.6 million during the Period;
- (vi) the fair value losses of approximately HK\$22.2 million in financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, which was decreased by approximately HK\$273.5 million from approximately HK\$295.7 million during the Period.

The basic and diluted loss per share was HK\$7.59 for the Period. The basic and diluted loss per share was adjusted to reflect the impact of the share consolidation effected on 26 April 2012.

Solar grade polycrystalline silicon

Result

No turnover was generated from solar grade polycrystalline silicon segment with no commercial production was commenced during the Period and the same period last year. With the completions of acquisition of 50.1% and 49.9% interest in Sun Mass Group, which is engaged in solar grade polycrystalline silicon's business, in July 2011 and in Jan 2012 respectively, the segment loss increased by 196.9 times, from approximately HK\$9.9 million in the same period last year to approximately HK\$1,949.4 million for the Period, in which approximately HK\$1,921.0 million was arising from the impairment loss on the Group's polycrystalline silicon's business, which amount of approximately HK\$1,732.0 million allocated to intangible asset and approximately HK\$189.0 million allocated to the property, plant and equipment.

- (iv) 於本期間提早贖回本公司 代價債券之虧損總額約 86,400,000港元(二零一一 年:無);
- (v) 於本期間,投資收入(股份投資及提供融資)減少約16,600,000港元,由約17,200,000港元減少至約600,000港元;
- (vi) 於本期間,按公平值計入 損益之財務資產之公平值 虧損約為22,200,000港元, 由約295,700,000港元減少 約273,500,000港元。

本期間,每股基本及攤薄虧損為7.59港元。每股基本及攤薄虧損已予調整,以反映於二零一二年四月二十六日生效之股份合併之影響。

太陽能級多晶硅

業績

於本期間及去年同期,由於尚 未開始商業生產,故太陽能級 多晶硅分類並無產生營業額。 由於收購Sun Mass集團(從事 太陽能級多晶硅業務)之50.1% 及49.9%權益分別於二零一一 年七月及二零一二年一月完 成,故分部虧損增加196.9倍, 由去年同期約9,900,000港元 增加至本期間約1,949,400,000 港元,當中約1,921,000,000 港元來自本集團之多晶硅業 務減值虧損產生,當中約 1,732,000,000港元分配至無形 資產,以及約189,000,000港 元乃分配至物業、廠房及設備。

Impairment

During the Period, as a result of severe and challenging market conditions in the solar industry in the year of 2012 which impacted the selling prices of the polysilicon in the industry, the Group carried out a review of the recoverable amount of related CGU, during the period with the assistance from an independent valuation firm.

HKAS 36 set out that the recoverable amount of the CGU is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss. Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted. If the recoverable amount of a CGU is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of a CGU is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

In preparing the impairment test of Sun Mass Group as a CGU, the Group has observed HKAS 36 and has prepared recoverable amount analysis under both fair value less costs to sell and value in use premises. Since the results from the two premises are close, the management decided that it is reasonable to adopt the value in use premise, which was based on the DCF analysis.

減值

於本期間,二零一二年太陽能 業之市況嚴峻及充滿挑戰影響 業內多晶硅之售價,本集團因 此於本期間內在獨立評估公司 之協助下進行相關現金產生單 位之可收回金額檢討。

香港會計準則第36號載列, 現金產生單位之可收回金額予 以估計,以釐定減值虧損之程 度。可收回金額為公平值減銷 售成本及使用價值之較高者。 評估使用價值時,估計未來現 金流量乃使用税前折現率折現 至其現值,該折現率反映目前 市場對資金時間值之評估,以 及估計未來現金流量未經調整 之資產之獨有風險。如估計某 項現金產生單位之可收回金額 低於其賬面值,該項現金產生 單位之賬面值則須減低至其可 收回金額。減值虧損即時於損 益確認。

於編製Sun Mass集團(作為現金產生單位)之減值測試時,本集團已遵守香港會計準則第36號,並於公平值減銷售成本收使用價值之假設上編製設設區,故管理所與設置。 以折現現金流量分析為基份,故管理所為基礎之使用價值假設屬合理。 The calculation was based on the future pre-tax cash flows expected to arise from the CGU for the next five years using a pre-tax discount rate of 22%. The pre-tax discount rate of 22% was derived by setting the same equity value results from a post-tax cashflow using a post-tax discount rate and a pre-tax cashflow using a pre-tax discount rate.

The post-tax discount rate was estimated based on the estimated WACC, which incorporated the cost of equity and debt, weighted by the proportionate amount of each source of capital in the capital structure. The cost of equity was developed through the application of the CAPM, with reference to comparable companies' historical beta. In addition, small size risk premium and company-specific risk premium were also added to the cost of equity derived by CAPM. Another component of WACC was after-tax cost of debt, which was based on the latest borrowing rate of the subject and the standard tax rate. Taking the industry's capital structure as a proxy is the notion that the subject's operation will converge to the industry level in the long run. The cash flows beyond the next five years are extrapolated using a nominal growth rate of 3%. Other key assumptions adopted in the DCF analysis under the value in use premise are set out below:

計算乃根據未來五年按除稅前折現率22%,現金產生單位預期產生之未來除稅前現金流量計算。除稅前折現率22%乃透過從採用除稅後折現率計算之除稅後現金流量及採用除稅前折現率計算之除稅前現金流量設定相同權益價值而得出。

除税後折現率乃根據估計加權平 均資本成本估計,加權平均資本 成本包括權益及債務成本,並以 資本架構中各項資本來源之按 比例金額加權計算。權益成本 乃經參考可比公司之過往貝他 系數透過應用資本資產定價模 式而得出。此外,小規模風險溢 價及公司特定風險溢價亦已計 入資本資產定價模式所得出之 權益成本。加權平均資本成本之 另一部分為除税後債務成本, 乃按目標公司之最近借貸率及 標準税率計算。該行業之資本 架構,反映目標公司之營運將 於長遠而言達致業內水平之概 念。未來五年後之現金流量則 以名義增長率3%推斷。使用價 值假設項下之折現現金流量分 析所採用之其他主要假設載列 如下:

- production facility was expected to commence operation in the first half of 2013 based on the management's estimation;
- 2. ASP was estimated at approximately US\$23.7/kg in 2013 and was estimated to change in line market analysts forecast; and
- 1. 根據管理層估計,生產設施預期將於二零一三年上 半年開始運作;
- 2. 於二零一三年,估計平均 售價約為23.7美元/公 斤,並估計將隨著市場分 析預測而改變;及

- 3. Cash manufacturing costs, comprising raw materials, electricity and manufacturing overhead, which were estimated to be approximately US\$14/kg by a technical consultant commissioned by the Company. In relying on the technical report, cash manufacturing costs were expected to remain constant throughout the projection period;
- 4. OPEX including selling, general and administrative expenses were estimated to be less than 10% of revenue throughout the projection period. Management estimated the OPEX based on the planned headcount, rental and miscellaneous expenses;
- 5. an estimated sales volume in the first full year of operation represents approximately 74% utilization of the designed production capacity of the existing plant and gradually increase to a long-run target of 86%. The planned utilization rate is in line with the industry practice; and
- 6. all polysilicon produced are sold.

Accordingly, an impairment loss of HK\$1,921.0 million is recognised in the profit and loss. No impairment assessment was performed for the year ended 31 March 2012.

In the circular of the Company dated 19 December 2011, a calculation report has been disclosed in relation to the calculated value of business enterprise of Sun Materials Technology Co., Ltd ("Sun Materials"), an indirectly wholly owned subsidiary of Sun Mass Energy Limited as of June 30, 2011, which was based on market approach – guideline company method. Certain key assumptions under the calculation report are different from the ones for impairment analysis and are stated below:

- production facility was expected to commence operation in late December 2011;
- 2. ASP was estimated at approximately US\$32.6/kg in the first full year production period; and
- 3. Cash manufacturing costs were estimated to be US\$12.8/kg.

- 3. 本公司委託之技術顧問估計之現金製造成本(包括原料、電力及製造費用)約為14美元/公斤。於倚賴技術報告時,預期於整個預測期間之現金製造成本將維持不變;
- 4. 於整個預測期間內,營運開支(包括銷售、一般及行政開支)估計少於收益之10%。管理層根據計劃人手、租金及雜項開支估計營運開支;
- 5. 首個完整營運年度之估計 銷量相當於現有廠房設計 產能使用率約74%,並逐 漸提高至長遠目標86%。 計劃使用率符合行業慣 例;及
- 6. 所有生產之多晶硅均售出。

因 此, 於 損 益 內 確 認 1,921,000,000港元減值虧損。 截至二零一二年三月三十一日 止年度並無進行減值評估。

- 1. 生產設施預期將於二零 ——年十二月底開始運作;
- 2. 於首個完整年度生產期, 估計平均售價約為32.6美 元/公斤;及
- 3. 估計現金製造成本約為 12.8美元/公斤。

Based on the progress of the development, the latest technical report and the valuation report prepared by American Appraisal China Limited in respect of the Group's polycrystalline silicon business, the Company discussed and concluded to adopt a one plant scenario for the impairment test. It is mainly due to (i) the change of the market conditions, especially the change of the spot price of the polycrystalline silicon; (ii) the delay in respect of the inflow of the expected economic benefits generated from Sun Materials; (iii) the prolonged delay in the process of a proposed fund arising activity which has a significant impact on the Group's short-term funding for its working capital; and (iv) an adoption of a prudent approach to estimate the impairment loss. Independent professional parties will continued be engaged to advise the Company in respect of the market conditions and the core technology. Furthermore, an impairment test will carry out at least on each future reporting date/period for the management to review and consider.

限公司編製有關本集團多晶硅 業務之最近期技術報告及估值 報告,本公司經討論後決定採 納一間廠房之情景進行減值測 試。此乃主要由於(i)市況改 變,特別是多晶硅之現貨價改 變;(ii)山陽科技所產生之預期 經濟利益延遲流入;(iii)建議集 資活動過程長時間延遲,對本 集團營運資金之短期融資造成 重大影響;及(iv)採取審慎方 式估計減值虧損所致。獨立專 業人士將繼續獲委聘,以就市 况及核心技術向本公司提供意 見。此外,各未來報告日期/ 期間將至少進行一次減值測試 以供管理層作審閱及考慮之用。

根據發展進度、由美國評值有

Investments

During the Period, the dividend income on investments in shares decreased by 99.1% from approximately HK\$4.6 million to approximately HK\$0.04 million as compared with the same period last year. The net loss from investment in shares was approximately HK\$22.2 million, 92.5% lower than approximately HK\$295.7 million as compared with the same period last year. The proceeds from disposal of investments were utilised for the working capital of the Group.

Loan financing

During the Period, interest income from provision of finance significantly decreased by 21 times from approximately HK\$12.6 million to approximately HK\$0.6 million as compared with the same period last year, mainly due to decrease in number of customers. All loans and interest receivables were duly settled as at 30 September 2012 and no provision for loan receivable was made during the Period. The amounts received from loan receivables were utilised for the working capital of the Group.

投資

於本期間,股份投資之股息收入較去年同期減少99.1%,由約4,600,000港元減少至約40,000港元。股份投資之虧損淨額約為22,200,000港元,較去年同期約295,700,000港元低92.5%。出售投資之所得款項乃用作本集團之營運資金。

貸款融資

Property investment

During the Period, with the utilisation of empty space and generating additional funding as working capital for the segment of property investment, the Group rent out a unit of 2501, China United Centre, 28 Marble Road, North Point, Hong Kong to an independent third party. With the utilisation of other investment properties remain unchanged, rental income from investment properties increased from approximately HK\$0.7 million to approximately HK\$1.5 million, representing an increase of 2.1 times as compared with the same period last year.

Manufacture and sale of accessories

The segment's turnover slightly increased by approximately HK\$3.4 million, from approximately HK\$89.2 million to approximately HK\$92.6 million, as compared with the same period last year. With the provision of the sales value added tax and the continuous increase in wages and salaries, gross profit margin slightly decreased from 28.7% to 27.1%. The segment's result decreased by approximately HK\$2.3 million, from approximately HK\$7.0 million to approximately HK\$4.7 million, as compared with the same period last year.

BUSINESS UPDATE ON THE GROUP'S POLYCRYSTALLINE SILICON BUSINESS

The recycling facilities

Before completion of the Group's acquisition of Sun Mass Group in 2011, the recycling facilities were planned to be constructed and implemented after the commencement of commercial production of polycrystalline silicon, and that the capital commitment for the recycling facilities would be financed by the cash flow generated from commercial production.

物業投資

於本期間,因利用空置空間及 籌集額外資金作為物業投資分 類之營運資金,本集團出租位 於香港北角馬寶道28號華匯中 心2501室之單位予獨立第三 方。由於其他投資物業之用途 不變,投資物業產生之租金收 入由約700,000港元增加至約 1,500,000港元,較去年同期增 加2.1倍。

製造及銷售配件

此分類之營業額較去年同期微升約3,400,000港元,由約89,200,000港元增加至約92,600,000港元。因作出銷售增值稅撥備,以及工資及薪金不斷上升,毛利率由28.7%微跌至27.1%。分類業績較去年同期減少約2,300,000港元,由約7,000,000港元減少至約4,700,000港元。

本集團多晶硅業務之業務最 新消息

回收設施

本集團於二零一一年完成收購 Sun Mass集團前,曾計劃於多 晶硅商業生產開始後興建及使 用回收設施,而回收設施之資 本承擔將以商業生產產生之現 金流量撥付。 During the week of 23 April 2012, after improving the thermal decomposition capabilities at the production plant, Sun Materials was able to produce samples of polycrystalline silicon using the commercial production line. The need to expedite the further enhancement of its production facilities before formal commercial production is prompted by the following reasons:

- (i) hydrofluoric acid, an industrial acid requiring special handling, is produced as a by-product of the silicon decomposition and production process.
- (ii) The Group is capable of commencing large-scale production now, but once it has commenced large-scale production, the amount of hydrofluoric acid produced will increase exponentially and cannot be safely handled under its current storage method and facilities, especially during the typhoon season in Taiwan from May to November (with the peak season from June to September).
- (iii) Originally, the enhancement of production plants was intended to be carried out after the Group's commencement of large-scale production in around the fourth quarter of 2011. That would avoid the accumulation of hydrofluoric acid during the peak typhoon season in Taiwan. However, since large-scale production was delayed, if the Company proceeded with commercial production without enhancing its production facilities, a high volume of hydrofluoric acid would be accumulated during the peak typhoon season. Therefore, the Group has to enhance its production facilities now before commencing formal large-scale production.

Customers

Subsequent to completion of the acquisition of Sun Mass Group by the Company in 2011 and during the fourth quarter of 2011, Sun Materials approached a number of potential contractors to obtain quotations on the construction and implementation of recycling facilities. Potential contractors submitted quotations which set out an estimate for civil work and general

於二零一二年四月二十三日之 星期內,改善生產廠房之熱分 解能力後,山陽科技能夠使 用商業生產線以生產多晶硅 樣本。在投入正式商業生產前 需要加快進一步提升其生產設 施,理由如下:

- (i) 在硅分解及生產過程中, 產生副產品氫氟酸(一種需要特別處理之工業酸)。
- (ii) 本集團現時能夠展開大規模生產,但大規模生產,假產生之氣無開,所產生之氣無出現幾何增長,設其現有儲存方法至大,五月至人為過過,五月至十期為之台灣颱風季節(高光光過數)之情況尤為嚴重。

客戶

本公司於二零一一年完成收購 Sun Mass集團後,於二零一一 年第四季,山陽科技與若干潛 在承建商接洽,以取得興建 及使用回收設施之報價。潛在 承建商提呈之報價列出土木工 程及一般水電/管道工程之預 utility/piping without detailed specifications. The current potential contractor is one of the potential contractors shortlisted before completion of the acquisition of Sun Mass Group in 2011. Further discussions in respect of the detailed specifications with shortlisted potential contractors were completed on 25 May 2012. On 25 May 2012, the Group completed the negotiation of detailed specifications with the shortlisted potential contractors for the facility building and is in the process of finalizing the facility piping vendors on the enhancement of the decomposition and recycling/ regeneration capabilities of its production facilities. Based on the detailed specifications, the Company eventually confirmed the engagement with a contractor in June 2012. It is expected that the enhancement work will be completed by early 2013, and commercial production will commence in the first half of 2013.

Currently, the Group expects that once the enhancement work on the decomposition and recycling/ regeneration capabilities of its production facilities is complete and that production will commence as planned, the same model will be applied to the construction of the additional five production plants.

The Group has discussed with its customers the Group's delay in commercial production and its inability to deliver products to them. All of them have agreed to postpone delivery of products by amending the relevant contractual terms, including delivery dates, volume and pricing, until the Group is in a position to generate polycrystalline silicon from its commercial production.

All of the Group's customers are aware of, and accept, the possibility of delivery delays, especially in relation to the products generated from new projects, as they have experience dealing with other more established manufacturers in the market who have encountered technical and capacity issues during the early stage of a new production project.

算,惟概無詳細規格。現時之 潛在承建商為一間於二零一一 年收購Sun Mass集團完成前候 選名單上之其中一名潛在承建 商。與候選潛在承建商就工程 詳細規格進行之進一步討論已 於二零一二年五月二十五日完 成。於二零一二年五月二十五 日,本集團已完成與潛在設施 建築物候選承建商就工程詳細 規格進行之協商,現正落實提 升其生產設施之分解及回收/ 再生能力之設施管道供應商。 本公司最終按詳細規格於二零 一二年六月確認聘任承建商。 預期提升工作將於二零一三年 初完成,而商業生產將於二零 一三年上半年展開。

本集團現時預期,完成提升其 生產設施之分解及回收/再生 能力及按計劃投產後,便會將 同一模式套用至其他五個生產 廠房之建設。

本集團已就本集團延遲商業生 產及未能交付產品與其客戶 行協商。各客戶均同意透過修 改相關合約條款,包括交付日 期、貨量及價格以延遲產品交 付,直至本集團得以自商業生 產生產多晶硅。

由於本集團所有客戶均曾與市場上更具規模之生產商合作,而該等生產商在新生產項目初期階段亦遇到技術及產能問題,故彼等均得悉並接納延遲交付之可能性(特別是有關新項目所生產之產品)。

The Group's key customer and strategic partner, Hareon Solar Technology, remains committed to the project and continues to offer its support and assistance to the Group.

本集團之主要客戶及策略夥伴 海潤光伏科技仍繼續參與項目 並繼續為本集團提供支援及協 助。

Save for the aforementioned postponement of delivery of products, the result of an additional sampling run has re-confirmed the achievement of the second run which was simulated under real production conditions. The prolonged delay is due to the implementation of the recycling facilities which is not directly related to the core production technology. The core value of the polycrystalline silicon business depends on the successful launch of the core production technology.

除上文所述延遲交付產品外,額外試產結果亦再次確認了第二次試產(模擬真實生產情況)之成功。再度延遲乃由於使用回收設施所致,與核心生產技術並無直接關係。多晶硅業務之核心價值取決於成功推出核心生產技術。

Set out below is a summary of the key events and developments leading to the delay in the commercial production of polycrystalline silicon by the Group:

以下載列導致本集團多晶硅商 業生產有所延誤之主要事件及 發展:

Date	Event/Development	日期	事件/發展
19 December 2011	Publication of the 2nd VSA circular very substantial acquisition's circular (the "2nd VSA Circular").	二零一一年 十二月 十九日	
January to April 2012	The fourth-generation reactor was designed and produced based on the knowledge obtained from the earlier designs. By early April 2012, the silicon tetrafluoride concentration levels generated by the Group's decomposition reactor reached Dr. Wu Yi-Shuen ("Dr. Wu") target concentration threshold of 80%.	二零一二年 一月至 四月	
April 2012	The Group devised and implemented a plan for full commercial operation as a result of the achievement of the 80% silicon tetrafluoride concentration.	二零一二年 四月	因應實現80%之四氟化硅濃度,本集團設計及落實計劃,全面進行商業生產。

Date Week

Event/Development

Week of 23 April 2012

Dr. Wu completed the first two critical sample production runs which confirmed the feasibility of operating every key component for commercial production.

Week of 30 April 2012

With critical testing of the full system operation completed, Dr. Wu advised that the original analysis of the hydrofluoric acid level produced in the process was too conservative, rendering the existing method of handling and storing of the discharge, in particular during the peak typhoon season starting in June of each year, inadequate.

Treatment of by-products and related environmental laws and regulations in Taiwan

The Group's polycrystalline silicon business utilizes a proprietary "hydrogen-assist-reductive-combustion" process for producing polycrystalline silicon in which the hydrofluoric acid and sodium fluoride generated would be processed in a closed-loop manner, and such substances would then be reconstituted into sodium fluorisilicate, a silicon feedstock, which is in turn used to produce silicon tetrafluoride for the "hydrogenassist reductive combustion" process. This is how the Group intended to treat the hydrofluoric acid generated for production of polycrystalline silicon. The current storage of hydrofluoric acid was intended merely to be a temporary measure to handle the hydrofluoric acid and such method was never intended for treating the hydrofluoric acid generated in commercial production. As such, the directors had not previously considered the hydrofluoric acid discharge to be a risk, but instead considered the new production process (a) to be a more environmentally-friendly process that is expected to fully consume the hydrofluoric acid discharge, as compared to other established production processes such the Siemens or Fluidized Bed Reactor process, and (b) a more cost-efficient way of producing

日期 事件/發展

二零一二年 四月 二十三日 之該星期 吳博士完成首兩項 主要樣本試產,確 定操作商業生產每 個主要部分之可行 性。

二零一二年 四月 三十日 之該星期

副產品之處理以及台灣相關環境法例及法規

本集團之多晶硅業務利用一項 專有「氫氣協助減少燃燒」工 序生產多晶硅,當中產生之氫 氟酸及氟化鈉將以閉環形式處 理,有關物質將重新組成為氟 硅酸鈉,氟硅酸鈉為硅原料, 用作生產「氫氣協助減少燃燒」 工序所需之四氟化硅, 此乃本 集團就處理生產多晶硅時所產 生氫氟酸所擬採用之方法。現 時氫氟酸之儲存僅擬作為處理 氫氟酸之暫時性措施,而本集 團從不打算以該方法處理商業 生產所產生之氫氟酸。因此, 董事先前認為釋出氫氟酸將不 會構成風險,並認為新生產工 序(a)預期可耗用所有釋出之氫 氟酸,較其他現有生產程序(例 如西門子或流化床反應器工序) 更為環保,及(b)預期可於回 收過程耗用所有副產品,能以 更有成本效益之方式生產多晶 硅。董事經過技術盡職審查及 polycrystalline silicon as our byproducts are expected to be fully consumed during the recycling process. The directors came to this view as a consequence of their technical due diligence and the representations made by the vendor as well as industry experts. The Group's technical consultants and other third-party experts did not identify the risk of having a relatively large volume of hydrofluoric acid discharged from the production process when assessing the production process before the Group's acquisition of Sun Mass Group.

考慮賣方及業界專家作出之陳 述後達致有關觀點。本集團之 技術顧問及其他第三方專家評 估本集團收購Sun Mass集團前 之生產過程時,並無發現生產 過程中產生較大量氫氟酸之風 險。

Upon completion of the review of production data generated during the week of 23 April 2012, the directors took proactive steps to accelerate the planning and construction of the recycling facility to treat the hydrochloric acid discharge, including other ways to mitigate the issues related to the Group's current method of storing hydrofluoric acid discharge.

完成審閱二零一二年四月 二十三日該星期產生之生產數 據後,董事主動加快回收設施 之規劃及建設步伐,以處理氫 氟酸廢料,包括以其他方法減 輕有關本集團現時儲存氫氟酸 廢料方法之問題。

As disclosed above, the risks associated with large volume of hydrofluoric acid discharge during production were not contemplated by the Group's technical consultants nor its legal advisers as to Taiwanese law as the "hydrogen-assist-reductive-combustion" process is a proprietary process which involves new technology. It was only after the conclusion of the enhancement of the decomposition process during the week of 23 April 2012 that the urgency of constructing and implementing the recycling facilities emerged and was recognized as an issue that must be resolved by prior to commencing commercial production.

The directors are of the view that the Group has taken all necessary steps to assess the competency of industry experts and business partners that the Group relied on. The directors have reviewed the profile and track record of various industry experts, interviewed the responsible consultants and rejected consultants who fall short of the standards required by the directors, including

董事認為本集團已採取所有必要措施以評估本集團信賴之專界專家及業務夥伴之專業資格。董事已審閱各業界專顧問介及往績記錄;與負責顧問進行面試,並剔除未達致間進行面試,並剔除未達可間等要求水平之顧問,包括一間德

GEC, a German technical consultancy company. After screening various candidates, the directors have engaged the following industry experts:

Industry experts

Remarks

Ove Arup

It is one of two technical consultants engaged for the Group's acquisition of Sun Mass Group in 2011, and is one of the top global engineering consulting firms referred to the Group by Deutsche Bank, the Group's placing agent and financial advisor in connection with the Group's acquisition. Prior to its engagement, the Group has reviewed the profile and track record of Ove Arup, and interviewed the team of responsible consultants.

Amocon

It is the technical consultant to Ove Arup. Dr. Albrecht Mozer, the founder of Amocon, who personally oversaw the project, was (a) former CEO of Centrotherm SiTec, a large German turnkey provider of polycrystalline silicon manufacturing equipment, and (b) former chief technical officer of Wacker, one of the largest global producers of polycrystalline silicon and is an owner of numerous patents in the photovoltaic field. The Group has reviewed the profile and track record of Amocon, and relied on the comments of Ove Arup and Deutsche Bank on the credentials of Dr. Albrecht Mozer, prior to engaging him as the Group's technical consultant.

國技術顧問公司GEC。經過篩 撰後,董事已聘任以下業界專 家:

業界專家

備註

Ove Arup

為本集團於二零 一一年收購Sun Mass集團時聘任兩 名技術顧問之其中 之一,由德意志銀 行向本集團推薦之 全球最佳工程顧問 公司之一,為有關 本集團收購事項之 本集團配售代理兼 財務顧問。在其聘 任前,本集團已審 閱Ove Arup之簡介 及往績記錄,並與 負責顧問團隊進行 面試。

Amocon

為Ove Arup之技術 顧問。Amocon之創 辦人 Albrecht Mozer 博士親自監督整個項 目,為(a) Centrotherm SiTec之前行政總裁, 而 Centrotherm SiTec為一間多晶硅製造設備之大型德國整線供應商,及 (b) Wacker 之前首席 技術官,而Wacker 為全球最大多晶硅 生產商之一,並為 生代業多項專利之 擁有人。本集團 已在聘任Albrecht Mozer博士為本集 團之技術顧問前審 閱Amocon之簡介 及往績記錄,並信 賴Ove Arup及德意 志銀行對Albrecht Mozer博士之資歷 方面之意見。

Industry experts

Remarks

業界專家 備註

Photon Consulting

It is a preeminent photovoltaic consultancy recently engaged by the Group to review its manufacturing plant. The Group has reviewed the profile and track record of Photon Consulting, and interviewed the responsible consultants prior to engaging Photon Consulting as the Group's technical consultant.

Photon 為卓越之光伏顧 Consulting問,最近獲本集團 聘任以檢討其生 產廠房。本集團 已在聘任Photon Consulting為本集團 之技術顧問前審閱

Photon Consulting 之簡介及往績記錄,並與負責顧問團隊進行面試。

With respect to the Group's business partners, Hareon Solar Technology has been the Group's strategic partner since the acquisition of Sun Mass Group by the Group in 2011 and is one of the Group's potential customers. It is the largest vertically integrated photovoltaic manufacturers in the world in terms of market capitalisation and net profits. It has provided the Group with technical advice during the evaluation of acquisition of Sun Mass Group. Given the industry reputation of Hareon Solar Technology, the directors generally trusted the advice from this business partner.

Since none of the Group's experts, consultants and business partners identified the potential development issues the Group encountered in connection with the efficiency of the decomposition reactor and the risk of having a relatively large volume of hydrofluoric acid discharge, no due diligence work had been completed by the directors in these respects for the acquisition of Sun Mass Group.

由於概無本集團之專家、顧問及業務夥伴發現本集團遇到有關分解爐效率之潛在發展問題,以及釋出較大量氫氟酸之風險,故董事概無為收購Sun Mass集團而完成此等方面之盡職審查。

The Board has always been aware of the fact that there is hydrofluoric acid discharge during production. In fact, the ability to recycle the hydrofluoric acid and related discharge is part of the value proposition of Dr. Wu's production processes. Once the recycling facility is constructed and commenced operation, the cost of sodium fluorosilicate is expected to be significantly reduced, which in turn will significantly reduce the Group's production cost of polycrystalline silicon.

Nonetheless, that potential risk was not specifically identified in the 2nd VSA Circular, as the Group relied on the assessment of the quality of the polycrystalline silicon business made by its business partners and industry experts which did not identify the production of excessive hydrofluoric acid discharge as one of the issues that the Group would need to resolve before the commencement of full scale commercial production.

The Board has considered alternatives, including (i) the sale of the hydrofluoric acid to potential end users or third-party recycling vendors, and (ii) paying waste treatment vendors to safely dispose of the hydrofluoric acid.

The sale of the acid to end users and recycling vendors poses a regulatory issue for the factory because the Group is not registered to sell and transport hydrofluoric acid. Further, the hydrofluoric acid concentration, after passing through the Group's scrubbers, is 10%, which is too low a concentration for direct use by end users without further processing, but sufficient to pose environmental and physical hazards during the peak typhoon season in Taiwan if no recycling facility is put in place to process it.

If the Group pays third-party recycling vendors to dispose of the hydrofluoric acid, the handling fee would significantly increase the cost structure of the Group's polycrystalline silicon business which will in turn lower its profitability or ability to reach profitability.

In light of the above, the Group ruled out other alternatives in handling the hydrofluoric acid discharge and opted for constructing a recycling facility to deal with such discharge.

As advised by the Group's legal advisers to Taiwanese law, the Group's polycrystalline silicon business is subject to certain environmental laws and regulations of Taiwan.

但第二份非常重大收購事項通 函並無具體地識別潛在風險, 此乃由於本集團倚賴由其業務 夥伴及行內專家進行之多晶硅 業務質素評估,而該評估並無 發現生產過多氫氟酸廢料屬本 集團須於開始全面商業生產前 解決。

董事會已考慮其他方案,當中包括(i)出售氫氟酸予潛在最終用戶或第三方回收賣方,及(ii)付費予廢料處理賣方,以安全地處理氫氟酸。

倘本集團向第三方回收賣方付 費以處理氫氟酸,則處理費用 會大大增加本集團多晶硅業務 之成本架構,從而令其盈利能 力或獲得盈利之能力有所下跌。

鑒於上述者,本集團決定不使 用其他方式處置氫氟酸廢料, 選擇以回收設施以處理有關廢 料。

本集團台灣法例之法律顧問表示,本集團之多晶硅業務受限 於若干台灣環境法例及法規。 Given the business nature of the Group's polycrystalline silicon business, the Group is subject to Articles 28, 31 and 36 of the Waste Disposal Act.

According to Article 28 of the Waste Disposal Act, cleaning of industrial wastes generated by an enterprise shall be managed either by (a) self-cleaning and disposal of the enterprise; or (b) commissioned cleaning and disposal of a waste management organization that duly owns a license issued by the relevant authority to handle cleaning and disposal of industrial wastes.

According to Article 31 of the Waste Disposal Act, an enterprise which produces chemical substances must submit an industrial waste cleaning plan to the local government for approval before it can start the cleaning and disposal of its industrial wastes. When there are changes in generation or disposal of industrial wastes, the same procedure applies. Further, such enterprise must submit periodical reports regarding conditions of generation, storage, cleaning, disposal, reuse, import, export, transit or trans-shipment of the waste to local governments via the internet, using the format prescribed by the Environmental Protection Administration Executive Yuan (the "EPA"). For reporting purposes, the enterprise must apply with the EPA for a control number.

According to Article 36 of the Waste Disposal Act, the methods and devices for storage, cleaning and disposal of industrial wastes shall meet the regulations prescribed by the EPA namely the Methods and Facilities Standards for the Storage, Clearance and Disposal of Industrial Waste (the "**Standards**").

鑒於本集團多晶硅業務之業務 性質,本集團須遵守廢棄物清 理法第28、31及36條。

根據廢棄物清理法第28條,企業所產生事業廢棄物之清理,應以下列方式為之:(a)企業自行清除、處理;或(b)委託正式擁有有關機關發出之許可以處理事業廢料清除、處理之廢棄物管理機構清除、處理。

根據廢棄物清理法第36條,事業廢棄物之貯存、清除或處理方法及設施,應符合環保署規定,即事業廢棄物貯存清除處理方法及設施標準(「標準」)。

Set forth below are the relevant requirements of the Standards with respect to the storage of industrial wastes:

以下載列事業廢棄物標準之有 關規定:

Article 5

Hazardous industrial waste shall be stored separately from general industrial waste.

第5條

有害事業廢棄物應 與一般事業廢棄物 分開貯存。

Article 6

Methods for the storage of general industrial waste shall comply with the following regulations:

第6條

一般事業廢棄物之 貯存方法,應符合 下列規定:

I. 應依事業廢棄物

主要成分特性分類

貯存。

- I. General industrial waste shall be stored separately in accordance with the characteristics of its major components.
- II. Storage locations, containers, and facilities shall be kept clean and intact, may not emit airborne, fugitive, or seeping waste, may not pollute the ground, and may not emit a noxious odor.
- III. Storage containers and facilities shall be compatible with the waste they contain; any incompatible waste shall be stored separately.
- IV. Storage locations, containers, and facilities shall be marked in Chinese in a prominent place with the name of the waste they contain.

Ⅱ. 貯存地點、容 器、設施應保持清 潔完整,不得有廢棄物飛揚、逸散、 滲出、污染地面或 散發惡臭情事。

Ⅲ. 貯存容器、設施 應與所存放之廢棄 物具有相容性,不 具相容性之廢棄物 應分別貯存。

IV. 貯存地點、容器 及設施,應於明顯 處以中文標示廢棄 物名稱。

Article 7

Apart from biomedical waste sharp implements and infectious waste the storage of hazardous waste shall comply with the following regulations:

I. Hazardous industrial waste shall be stored separately in accordance with hazardous industrial waste identification methods or hazardous characteristics.

第7條

有害事業廢棄物之貯 存方法,除生物醫療 廢棄物之廢尖鋭器具 及感染性廢棄物外, 應符合下列規定:

I. 應依有害事業廢 棄物認定方式或危 害特性分類貯存。

II. Waste shall be sealed in fixed packaging materials or containers, placed within storage facilities, assigned classification numbers, and marked with labels indicating the name of the waste-producing enterprise, the storage date, quantity, composition, and the characteristics of the hazardous industrial waste type.

III. Storage containers and facilities shall be compatible with the hazardous industrial waste they contain to lessen corrosion or attrition.

IV. Storage containers and packing materials shall be kept in good condition, and shall be replaced promptly if there is concern of serious rusting, damage or leakage.

Storage shall be limited to one year. Those who require an extension shall apply for extension to the local competent authority where the storage facilities are located two months prior to the deadline.

Extensions shall be limited to one time and may not exceed one year.

Article 10

Storage facilities shall be established for general industrial waste according to the characteristics of its major components. Apart from those items officially announced by the central competent authority, general industrial waste storage facilities shall also comply with the following regulations:

I. There shall be equipment or measures to prevent the inflow or infiltration of surface water, rainwater, or groundwater.

II. There shall be equipment or measures to collect waste liquids, waste gases or noxious odors, etc., produced by the facilities or to prevent them from polluting surface water bodies, groundwater bodies, air or soil.

IV. 貯存容器或包裝材料應保持良好情況,其壞或洩漏之 轉,應即更換。

延長以一次為限,且不得超過一年。

第10條

I. 應有防止地面水、雨水及地下水流入、滲透之設備或措施。

Article 11

Apart from biomedical waste sharp implements and infectious waste the storage of hazardous waste shall comply with the following regulations:

- I. The facilities shall contain dedicated storage locations with firm floors and surrounding corrosion resistant, waterimpermeable liners or structures.
- II. There shall be equipment or measures to prevent the inflow or infiltration of surface water, rainwater, or groundwater.
- III. There shall be equipment or measures to collect waste liquids, waste gases or noxious odors, etc., produced by the facilities or prevent them from polluting surface water bodies, groundwater bodies, air or soil.
- IV. There shall be accident prevention equipment and warning signs with white backgrounds, red characters, and black frames posted in prominent locations.
- V. Underground storage containers shall be equipped with fluid level inspection and anti-leak measures and leak detection systems.
- VI. The facilities shall contain necessary warning equipment, fire extinguishers, emergency lighting, or an emergency sprinkler system and safety equipment.

第11條

有害事業廢棄物之 貯存設施,除生物 醫療廢棄物之廢 發器具及感染性 致 致 類 別規定:

- I. 應設置專門貯存場所,其地面應堅固,四周採用抗蝕及不透水材料襯墊或構築。
- II. 應有防止地面水、雨水及地下水流入、滲透之設備或措施。
- IV. 應於明顯處,設置白底、紅字、黑框之警告標示,並有災害防止設備。
- V. 設於地下之貯存容器,應有液位檢查、防漏措施及偵漏系統。
- VI. 應配置所須之警報設備、滅火、照明設備或緊急沖淋安全設備。

VII. Facilities that hold flammable industrial waste, reactive industrial waste, or toxic chemical substances which are designated by the Standards for Defining Hazardous Waste shall contain necessary monitoring equipment to detect such waste types. This monitoring equipment shall use the standards for monitoring equipment stipulated in the Toxic Chemical Substances Control Act and the Labor Safety and Health Law.

If an enterprise violates any of Articles 28, 31 or 36 of the Waste Disposal Act, a fine between NTD60,000 to NTD300,000 shall be imposed. In addition, the violating enterprise shall cure such violation within a specified period of time prescribed by the governmental authority. Failure to do so will subject the violating enterprise to be imposed of continuous daily fines. Serious violators may be ordered to shut down its operation or business.

PROSPECTS

As the year 2012 is drawing to a close, the economic outlook for the year ahead remains to be uncertain. Sovereign debt problems in Europe, the fiscal cliff conundrum in the United States are amongst the main factors posing continual risks and uncertainties to the recovery and stability of major economies and financial markets around the world, despite the loose monetary measures taken by major central banks globally. At an industry specific level, the photovoltaic industry and particularly the polycrystalline silicon market continue to be under pressure from a combination of an oversupply issue from aggressive industry capacity expansion over the past few years and weakening feed-in-tariff support in Europe. The macro short term view is that the industry will continue its current shakeout of weaker players in the near term but with many polysilicon manufacturers without long-term contract support selling at a spot price below their cash costs, we should be nearing an inflection point and should see a capacity 倘若企業觸犯廢棄物清理法第 28、31或36條,將會徵收新臺 幣六萬元至三十萬元罰款。此 外,干犯之企業須於政府機關 所定之特定時間內糾正問題, 屆期仍未完成改善者,按日連 續處罰。嚴重干犯者可能會被 命令結束營運或業務。

前景

二零一二年已接近尾聲,來年 之經濟前景仍然不確定。儘管 全球各主要中央銀行採取寬鬆 貨幣措施,惟歐洲之主權債務 問題及美國之財政懸崖難題等 主要因素,對世界各地主要經 濟體及金融市場復甦及穩定性 造成持續風險及不確定性。在 個別行業層面上,光伏業,特 別是多晶硅市場持續受壓,主 要為由於過去數年行業產能大 幅擴展導致供應過剩,以及歐 洲電力收購制度支持減弱所 致。宏觀經濟短期認為,行 業將於短期內持續淘汰弱勢業 者,在眾多多晶硅製造商並 無長期合約支持按低於現金成 本之現貨價格進行銷售之情況 下,行業已步近轉折點,且由

reduction in the coming months as weaker players continue the quicken the pace of shut down or exit the industry.

In respect of the Group's polycrystalline silicon bussiness, the Group is conservatively optimistic about the future development of Sun Materials in the green energy industry, and will be substantially engaged in manufacturing and trading of polycrystalline silicon and potential future expansion into downstream segments of the photovoltaic industry.

The Group's future prospects would depend primarily on the commencement of commercial production of polycrystalline silicon by Sun Materials and the future success of this business operation in the light of prevailing market conditions in the solar energy and polysilicon industries. As earlier mentioned a recycling facility with additional enhanced production equipment is currently being constructed to enable cost effective and environmentally safe products can be produced upon the launch of commercial production. The progress of the construction of this facility is currently underway and is progressing in line with plan generally. The coming few months will be critical as far as completion of the construction of the recycling facility is concerned and the Group is continuously monitoring the ongoing progress closely such that commercial production can be successfully launched within our anticipated timing in the first half of 2013.

On the other hand, the Group's available financial resources have been stretched to a less than satisfactory level. The Company has been exploring various initiatives to seek new funding as demonstrated by the recent placement of new shares. Efforts to explore new financing including a planned rights issue as well as debt restructuring are ongoing with a view to restore the Group's financial position in due course.

於弱勢業者繼續加快倒閉或退 出行業之步伐,未來數月將出 現產能下降。

就本集團之多晶硅業務而言, 本集團對山陽科技於綠色能源 行業之未來發展審慎樂觀,並 將致力從事多晶硅生產及買 賣,且有可能於日後擴展至光 伏行業之下游分部。

另一方面,本集團可用之財務 資源被削減至低於滿意程度。 本公司正發掘不同渠道尋找新 資金,如最近配售新股。發掘 新資金之努力不斷持續,包括 計劃供股及債務重組,旨在重 拾本集團之財務狀況。

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

During the Period, the Group primarily financed its operations with internally generated cash flows, other borrowing and by its internal resources and shareholder's equity. As at 30 September 2012, net current liabilities of the Group amounted to approximately HK\$42.9 million (As at 31 March 2012: net current assets of approximately HK\$349.1 million) with bank balances and cash of approximately HK\$31.0 million (As at 31 March 2012: approximately HK\$208.2 million).

In April 2012, the Company completed a capital reorganisation which involved, among others, shares consolidation of every 16 issued shares into 1 consolidated share, capital reduction and share subdivision. Upon the said capital reorganisation became effective on 26 April 2012, par value of the shares of the Company has become HK\$0.01 each from HK\$0.1 each. A credit arising from the capital reduction of approximately HK\$453.8 million is set off against the accumulated loss of the Company. The authorised share capital of the Company has become HK\$2,000,000,000 divided into 200,000,000,000 shares of HK\$0.01 each. Details of the capital reorganisation are disclosed in the announcement and the circular dated 6 March 2012 and 2 April 2012 respectively.

On 27 June 2012, the Company completed a placing of 57,084,736 new ordinary shares with net proceeds of approximately HK\$12.7 million, of which approximately HK\$11.7 million was used for the down payment for the construction of the new facility building for polycrystalline silicon's business; and the remaining balance of the net proceeds of approximately HK\$1.0 million was utilised for the construction works of the recycling facility of polycrystalline silicon's business.

流動資金及資本資源

於二零一二年四月,本公司 完成股本重組,涉及(其中包 括)每16股已發行股份合併為 1股合併股份之股份合併、股 本削減及股份分拆。上述股本 重組於二零一二年四月二十六 日生效,本公司股份之面值由 每股0.1港元改為每股0.01港 元。股本削減產生之貸項約 453,800,000港元抵銷本公司 之累計虧損。本公司之法定股 本為2,000,000,000港元,分為 200,000,000,000股每股0.01 港元之股份。股本重組之詳情 分別於日期為二零一二年三月 六日及二零一二年四月二日之 公佈及通函內披露。

於二零一二年六月二十七日,本公司完成配售57,084,736股新普通股,所得款項淨額約為12,700,000港元,其中約11,700,000港元用作興建新多晶硅業務廠房大樓之首期訂金,及所得款項淨額之餘額約1,000,000港元用作多晶硅業務回收廠之興建工程。

As at 30 September 2012, the Group had secured bank borrowings of approximately HK\$67.0 million (As at 31 March 2012: approximately HK\$69.5 million), of which HK\$24.5 million is a five-year term loan and is denominated in Hong Kong Dollars and approximately HK\$42.5 million is a ten-year term loan and is denominated in new Taiwan Dollars (NT\$160 million). The bank borrowings carry variable interest at prime rate in Hong Kong or local bank's deposit rate in Taiwan plus a spread ranging from 1.8% to 5% per annum. In addition, the Group had utilised secured margin facilities of approximately HK\$0.5 million as at 30 September 2012 (As at 31 March 2012: approximately HK\$0.5 million). Furthermore, the Company entered a loan facility agreement with an independent financial institution in July 2012 with a loan facility of HK\$100 million obtained. The loan facility is unsecured, at monthly interest rate of 1% per month and repayable within six months from the date of the loan agreement. As at 30 September 2012, the Company utilised HK\$40 million for the working capital of the Group.

The Company issued convertible bonds with aggregate principal amount of HK\$1,450.0 million in connection with the acquisition of 50.1% interest in Sun Mass Group in July 2011. The convertible bonds due in July 2014, with 5% per annum coupon interest rate payable semi-annually, are convertible into ordinary shares of the Company at a conversion price of HK\$8 per share (adjusted upon capital reorganisation effected on 26 April 2012). With principal amount of HK\$31.0 million was converted into ordinary shares of the Company in August 2011, the aggregate principal amount of HK\$1,419.0 million was outstanding as at 30 September 2012 (As at 31 March 2012: HK\$1,419.0 million). During the Period, an aggregated interest paid was approximately HK\$35.3 million (2011: approximately HK\$35.9 million).

於二零一二年九月三十日,本 集團之有抵押銀行借貸約為 67,000,000港元(於二零一二年 三月三十一日:約69,500,000 港元),其中24.500.000港元 為五年期貸款,以港元列值, 及約42,500,000港元為十年期 貸款,以新台幣列值(新台幣 160,000,000元)。該銀行借貸 按香港最優惠利率或台灣當地 銀行存款利率加介乎每年1.8% 至5%之浮動利率計息。此外, 於二零一二年九月三十日,本 集團已動用有抵押孖展信貸約 500,000港元(於二零一二年 三月三十一日:約500,000港元)。另外,本公司於二零一二 年七月與獨立財務機構訂立貸 款融資協議,取得貸款融資 額 100,000,000港元。該貸款 融資為無抵押、按每月1%利 率計息,並須於貸款協議日期 後六個月內償還。於二零一二 年九月三十日,本公司動用 40,000,000港元作本集團之營 運資金。

本公司於二零一一年七月就收 購 Sun Mass 集團之 50.1% 權益 發行本金總額1,450,000,000 港元之可換股債券。可換股債 券於二零一四年七月到期, 按年票息率5%計息,須每半 年支付,可按兑換價每股8港 元(股本重組於二零一二年四 月二十六日生效後經調整)兑 換為本公司普通股。本金額 31,000,000港元於二零一一年 八月兑换為本公司普通股,於 二零一二年九月三十日未行使 之本金總額為1,419,000,000 港元(於二零一二年三月三十 一日:1,419,000,000港元)。 於本期間,已支付利息總額約 為35,300,000港元(二零一一 年:約35,900,000港元)。

The Company issued consideration bonds with aggregate principal amount of HK\$1,750.0 million as part of the consideration for the acquisition of the remaining 49.9% interest in Sun Mass Group in January 2012. The consideration bonds due in January 2014 with 2.5% per annum coupon interest rate payable quarterly. With aggregated principal amount of HK\$320.0 million was redeemed during the Period, the aggregate principal amount of HK\$1,330.0 million was outstanding as at 30 September 2012 (As at 31 March 2012: HK\$1,650.0 million). During the Period, an aggregated interest paid was approximately HK\$19.5 million. (2011: approximately HK\$0.4 million)

The total deficit of the Group as at 30 September 2012 was approximately HK\$1,101.3 million (As at 31 March 2012: total equity was approximately HK\$1,231.2 million). Gearing ratio calculated on the basis of the Group's total debts (interest-bearing bank and other borrowings plus convertible bonds and consideration bonds) over shareholders' funds was (211.2%) (As at 31 March 2012: 193.7%).

於二零一二年九月三十日,本集團之總虧絀約為1,101,300,000港元(於二零一二年三月三十一日:總權益約為1,231,200,000港元)。資本負債比率(按本集團之債務總額(計息銀行及其他借貸加可換股債券及代價債券)除以股東資金計算)為(211.2%)(於二零一二年三月三十一日:193.7%)。

INTERIM DIVIDEND

The Board does not recommend the payment of an interim dividend for the six months ended 30 September 2012 (2011: Nil).

PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF THE COMPANY'S LISTED SECURITIES

Save for the placing of new ordinary shares with par value of HK\$0.01 each on 27 June 2012, there was no purchase, sale or redemption by the Company or any of its subsidiaries of the Company's listed securities during the six months ended 30 September 2012.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN CONTRACTS OF SIGNIFICANCE

No contracts of significance to which the Company or any of its subsidiaries was a party and in which a director of the Company had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the period or during the Period.

中期股息

董事會不建議派發截至二零 一二年九月三十日止六個月之 中期股息(二零一一年:無)。

購買、出售或贖回本公司之 上市證券

除於二零一二年六月二十七日配售每股面值0.01港元之新普通股外,於截至二零一二年九月三十日止六個月,本公司或其任何附屬公司概無購買、出售或贖回本公司之上市證券。

董事於重大合約之權益

本公司或其任何附屬公司概無 訂立於報告期末或期內仍屬有 效,且本公司董事直接或間接 擁有重大權益之任何重大合約。

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES

As at 30 September 2012, the interests and short positions of the directors and chief executives of the Company in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (the "SFO")) as recorded in the register maintained by the Company pursuant to Section 352 of the SFO or otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code set out in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules as adopted by the Company, were as follows:

Interests in the Company

Name of director 董事姓名	Capacity 身份	Number of shares held 所持股份數目	Deemed interests in number of shares 視作擁有權益 之股份數目	Total 總計	Approximate percentage of Issued share capital of The Company 所佔發行內 概約百分比
Mr. Peter Temple Whitelam Peter Temple Whitelam先生	Beneficial Owner 實益擁有人	78,125	_	78,125	0.02%
Mr. Lo Yuen Wa Peter 老元華先生	Beneficial Owner 實益擁有人	156,250	625,000	781,250	0.23%
Dr. Chuang, Henry Yueheng* 莊友衡博士*	Beneficial Owner 實益擁有人	_	4,687,500	4,687,500	1.37%
Mr. Eddie Woo 胡耀東先生	Beneficial Owner 實益擁有人	_	7,187,500	7,187,500	2.10%
Dr. Wu Yi-Shuen 吳以舜博士	Beneficial Owner 實益擁有人	17,797,250	28,125,000	45,922,250	13.41%

Dr. Chuang, Henry Yueheng resigned as non-executive director of the Company with effect from 14 November 2012.

Save as disclosed above, as at 30 September 2012, none of the directors nor their associates had any interests or short positions in the shares and underlying shares of the Company or any of its associated corporations as recorded in the register required to be kept under Section 352 of the SFO or which were required to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Listing Rules.

董事於股份、相關股份及債 券中之權益及淡倉

於本公司之權益

除上文所披露者外,於二零 二年九月三十日,概無董司 被等之聯繫人士於本及 其任何相聯法團之股份及據 到股份中擁有任何記錄於根據 及期貨條例第352條須 到 登記冊或根據上市規 會本。 會。

莊友衡博士已於二零一二年十一月十四日起 辭任本公司非執行董事。

INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS OF SHAREHOLDERS DISCLOSEABLE UNDER THE SFO

As at 30 September 2012, other than the interests of the directors and chief executives of the Company as disclosed above, shareholders who had interests or short positions in the shares or underlying shares of the Company of 5% or more which fell to be disclosed to the Company under Part XV of the SFO, or which were recorded in the register to be kept by the Company under Section 336 of the SFO, were as follows:

Interest in the Shares and underlying Shares – long positions

須根據證券及期貨條例披露 之股東權益及淡倉

於 股 份 及 相 關 股 份 之 權 益 -好倉

Annroximate

Name of Shareholder 股東姓名	Number of ordinary Shares held 所持 普通股數目	Deemed interests in number of shares 視作 在權動 之股份數目	Total 總計	Capacity 身份	percentage of issued share capital of the Company 所佔本公司 已概約百分比
Mr. Andrew Liu 廖駿倫先生	_	62,500,000	62,500,000	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	18.25%
SPARX Asia Capital Management Limited	_	48,750,000	48,750,000	Investment manager 投資經理	14.23%
PMA Emerging Opportunities Fund SPC	_	48,750,000	48,750,000	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	14.23%
Mr. Tung Sun Tat Clement 董身達先生	_	48,750,000	48,750,000	Interest of a controlled corporation 受控制法團權益	14.23%
Ms. Mak Siu Hang Viola 麥少嫻女士	_	48,750,000	48,750,000	Trustee 受託人	14.23%
STI Wealth Management (Cayman) Limited	_	48,750,000	48,750,000	Interest of a controlled corporation 受控制法團權益	14.23%
VMS Private Investment Partners II Limited	_	48,750,000	48,750,000	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	14.23%
Mr. Chang Wen-Shan 張文山先生	32,481,250	_	32,481,250	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	9.48%
Mr. Yang Huai Jin 楊懷進先生	22,131,288	_	22,131,288	Interest of a controlled corporation 受控制法團權益	6.46%
Improve Forever Investments Limited (note 1)(附註1)	22,131,288	_	22,131,288	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	6.46%

Note 1: Improve Forever Investments Limited is wholly owned by Mr. Yang Huai Jin.

附註1: Improve Forever Investments Limited 由楊懷進先生全資擁有。

Save as disclosed above, as at 30 September 2012, the Company had not been notified by any person (other than the directors and chief executives of the Company) who had interests or short positions in the shares and underlying shares of the Company which fell to be disclosed to the Company under Part XV of the SFO or which were recorded in the register required to be kept by Company under Section 336 of the SFO.

CHARGE OF ASSETS

As at 30 September 2012, margin facilities of approximately HK\$10.1 million (As at 31 March 2012: approximately HK\$63.2 million) from one regulated securities broker (As at 31 March 2012: four regulated securities brokers) were granted to the Group under which financial assets at fair value through profit or loss of approximately HK\$22.5 million (As at 31 March 2012: approximately HK\$154.8 million) were treated as collateral for the facilities granted. Aggregate of approximately HK\$0.5 million (As at 31 March 2012: approximately HK\$0.5 million) facilities were utilised and the carrying amount of the financial assets at fair value through profit or loss charged under the utilised facilities to a securities broker is approximately HK\$22.5 million (As at 31 March 2012: approximately HK\$21.8 million).

除上文披露者外,於二零一二年九月三十日,概無任何人士(本公司董事及主要行政人員除外)知會本公司彼於本公司之股份及相關股份中擁有根據證券及期貨條例第XV部須向本公司披露或記錄於本公司根據證券及期貨條例第336條須存置之營記冊內之權益或淡倉。

資產抵押

於二零一二年九月三十日,本 集團獲一間受規管證券經紀行 (於二零一二年三月三十一日: 四間受規管證券經紀行)授予 孖展信貸約10,100,000港元 (於二零一二年三月三十一日: 約63,200,000港元),據此,按 公平值計入損益之財務資產約 22.500,000港元(於二零一二年 三月三十一日:約154,800,000 港元)已視作所獲授信貸之抵 押品處理。合共約500,000港 元(於二零一二年三月三十一 日:約500,000港元)之信貸已 被動用,而根據該已動用信貸 抵押予一間證券經紀行之按公 平值計入損益之財務資產之賬 面 值 約 為22,500,000港 元(於 二零一二年三月三十一日:約 21,800,000港元)。

As at 30 September 2012, buildings in Taiwan with carrying amount of approximately HK\$24.1 million (NT\$90.5 million) (As at 31 March 2012: approximately HK\$81.4 million (NT\$310.0 million)) and buildings in Hong Kong with carrying amount of approximately HK\$81.4 million (As at 31 March 2012: approximately HK\$77.7 million) were pledged to secure bank borrowings of approximately HK\$42.5 million (NT\$160 million) and HK\$24.5 million respectively (As at 31 March 2012: approximately HK\$42.0 million (NT\$160 million) and HK\$27.5 million).

Furthermore, the Group had a restricted bank deposit, approximately HK\$5.6 million (NT\$21.0 million) as at 30 September 2012 (As at 31 March 2012: approximately HK\$5.5 million (NT\$20.9 million)), placed to secure the lease agreement in relation to the land located in Taiwan.

CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The Company and the Group had not provided corporate guarantee to its subsidiaries or other parties and did not have other contingent liabilities as at 30 September 2012 (As at 31 March 2012: Nil).

於二零一二年九月三十日,賬面值約24,100,000港元(新台幣90,500,000元)(於二零一二年三月三十一日:約81,400,000港元(新台幣310,000,000元))之台灣建築物及賬面值約81,400,000港元(於二零一二年三月三十一日:約77,700,000港元)之香港建築物已分別質押,作為約42,500,000港元(新台幣160,000,000元)及24,500,000港元之銀行借貸之擔保(於二零一二年三月三十一日:約42,000,000港元(新台幣160,000,000元)及27,500,000港元)。

另外,本集團於二零一二年 九月三十日有受限制銀行存 款約5,600,000港元(新台幣 21,000,000元)(於二零一二年 三月三十一日:約5,500,000港元(新台幣20,900,000元)), 乃存入作為位於台灣之土地之 租賃協議之擔保。

或然負債

於二零一二年九月三十日,本公司及本集團並無向其附屬公司或其他方提供公司擔保,亦無其他或然負債(於二零一二年三月三十一日:無)。

SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS

2003 Option Scheme

The Company's share option scheme (the "2003 Option Scheme") was adopted pursuant to a resolution passed by the shareholders of the Company on 21 August 2003. The purpose is to providing incentives to eligible participants. During the Period, no options is granted and exercised under the 2003 Option Scheme. As at 30 September 2012, the outstanding option shares is 39,062 (As at 31 March 2012: 625,000 option shares outstanding) which has been adjusted upon the Company's capital reorganisation took effective on 26 April 2012.

Option Deed

As disclosed in the announcement dated 29 August 2011, the company entered into option deeds (the "Option Deed") with each of the grantees pursuant to which the Company conditionally agreed to grant share options, which are convertible into the Company's ordinary shares of HK\$0.1 each of up to 730,000,000, at a price of HK\$0.4 each share option (subject to adjustments). As disclosed in the announcement dated 25 April 2012, the price was adjusted to HK\$6.4 each share option upon the Company's capital reorganisation took effective on 26 April 2012. During the Period, no Option Deeds is vested.

Details of the movements of the 2003 Option Scheme and Option Deed during the Period are set out in note 18 to the condensed consolidated financial statements.

股份付款

二零零三年購股權計劃

購股權契據

二零零三年購股權計劃及購股權契據於期內之變動詳情載於 簡明綜合財務報表附註18。

CURRENCY RISK MANAGEMENT

The majority of the Group's assets are held in Hong Kong Dollars with no material foreign exchange exposure. The Group's manufacturing business has its overseas market, which alone accounts for around HK\$60.1 million of the Group's sales turnover. Furthermore, the Group also engaged in solar grade polycrystalline silicon business in Taiwan, United Stated Dollar ("US\$") will be expected to be the functional currency, no income is yet to be recorded during the Period. In safeguarding the volatile Euro Dollars currency risk, the management has chosen to adopt a more prudent sales policy by mainly accepting US\$ quoted sale orders, which in turn the management can maintain a stable currency exchange condition for normal trading business development. During the Period, the directors are of the view that the Group's exposure to exchange rate risk is not material, and will continue to monitor it.

EMPLOYEES AND REMUNERATION POLICY

As at 30 September 2012, the Group employed approximately 412 employees, around 72.6% and 14.3% of them were employed in the PRC for the manufacturing business and in Taiwan for the manufacturing of solar grade polycrystalline silicon business respectively. The remuneration policy of the Group is to reward its employees with reference to their qualifications, experience and work performance as well as to market benchmarks. Employee benefits include medical insurance coverage, mandatory provident fund and share option scheme. Total staff costs for the six months ended 30 September 2012, including director's emoluments, amount to approximately HK\$24.7 million.

貨幣風險管理

本集團所持大部份資產以港元 計值,故並無承受重大外匯風 險。本集團之製造業務有外銷 市場,單計該外銷市場已佔本 集團銷售營業額約60,100,000 港元。此外,本集團亦於台灣 從事太陽能級多晶硅業務,預 期以美元(「美元」) 為功能貨 幣,該業務於本期間尚未錄得 收入。為避免歐元貨幣波動之 風險,管理層選擇採取較審慎 之銷售政策,主要接受以美元 報價之銷售訂單,從而保持匯 兑穩定,以便進行正常貿易業 務發展。於本期間,董事認為 本集團所面對之匯率風險並不 重大,並會繼續監察有關風險。

僱員及酬金政策

EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

As disclosed in the announcement dated 5 October 2012, the Company offered to grant an aggregate of 28,540,000 share options to subscribe for the new ordinary shares of HK\$0.01 each in the share capital of the Company under the share option scheme of the Company to certain eligible participants, at an exercise price of HK\$0.204 each. 28,540,000 share options were fully exercised on 9 October 2012.

As disclosed in the announcement dated 8 November 2012, the Company entered into the placing agreement pursuant to which the placing agent has conditionally agreed to place a total of 68,501,684 new ordinary shares of HK\$0.01 each on a fully underwritten basis, to not less than six placees, at a price of HK\$0.17 per share, under the Company's general mandate. The gross proceeds from the placing was approximately HK\$11.6 million and the net proceeds from the placing was approximately HK\$11.1 million which was used for general working capital of the Group.

On 21 November 2012, the Group was granted a two-year revolving loan facility of HK\$500.0 million (the "Facility") from an independent third party. The Facility is secured by the shares of Sun Mass Energy Limited with a valuation of Sun Mass Group of not less than HK\$750.0 million (USD96.2 million) and bearing an interest of the prime rate as quoted by Chong Hing Bank Limited from time to time plus 5% per annum. Interest is payable on a monthly basis. An aggregated amount of HK\$415.0 million was utilised for repayment of various debts.

報告期後事項

誠如日期為二零一二年十月五日之公佈所披露,本公司根據本公司之購股權計劃按行使格與 0.204港元向若干合資格的 與者提呈授出合共28,540,000份可認購本公司股本中每股 0.01港元之新普通股之購股權。該28,540,000份購股權已 於二零一二年十月九日獲全面行使。

於二零一二年十一月二十一日,本集團獲獨立第三方授出一筆兩年期循環貸款融資500,000,000港元(「該項融資」)。該項融資以Sun Mass Energy Limited之股份作擔保,Sun Mass集團之估值不少於750,000,000港元(96,200,000美元),以創興銀行有限公司不時所報之最優惠利率加年利率5%計息。利息須每月支付。合共415,000,000港元之金額已用作償還多項債務。

As disclosed in the announcement dated 22 November 2012, a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company and an independent third party entered into a conditional sales and purchase agreement in respect of the sale of shares of Smart Style Investments Limited which is a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company. The consideration is HK\$88.0 million. The transaction is subject to shareholder's approval and the circular is expected to be dispatched in December 2012.

AUDIT COMMITTEE

The Audit Committee is principally responsible for reviewing and supervising the Group's financial reporting process and internal control system and providing advice and recommendations to the Board of the Company. The Audit Committee comprises three INEDs of the Company, namely Mr. Frank H. Miu (as the chairman of the Audit Committee), Dr. Agustin V. Que and Mr. Robert James Iaia II. The revised terms of reference of the Audit Committee are consistent with the terms set out in the relevant section of the Corporate Governance Code and Corporate Governance Report (the "Code") contained in Appendix 14 of the Listing Rules.

The interim financial information of the Company for the six months ended 30 September 2012 has not been audited, but has been reviewed by the Audit Committee. The Audit Committee has reviewed with the management the accounting principles and practices adopted by the Group, legal and compliance and discussed internal controls, risk management and financial reporting matters including the review of the unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements of the Group for the six months ended 30 September 2012.

誠如日期為二零一二年十一月二十二日之公佈所披露,本公司之全資附屬公司與獨立第三方訂立有條件買賣協議,內容有關銷售本公司之全資附屬公司Smart Style Investments Limited之股份。代價為88,000,000港元。交易須待股東批准,及通函預期將於二零一二年十二月寄發。

審核委員會

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The Board considers that good corporate governance practices of the Company are crucial to the smooth and effective operation of the Group and safeguarding the interests of the shareholders and other stakeholders. The Company has compiled with the code provisions which set out in the Code during the six months ended 30 September 2012 except for the following deviations from a code provision with considered reasons are given below:

Code Provision A.4.1 stipulates that non-executive directors should be appointed for a specific term, subject to re-election.

All of the non-executive directors of the Company are not appointed for specific terms but they are subject to retirement by rotation and re-election at the annual general meetings of the Company. Pursuant to the clause 87(1) of the Company's Bye-laws, each director shall be subject to retirement by rotation at least once every three years at the annual general meeting. This means that the terms of appointment of the directors, including INEDs, cannot exceed three years. As such, the Company considers that sufficient measures have been taken to ensure that the Company's corporate governance is no less exacting than those in the Code.

COMPLIANCE WITH THE MODEL CODE

The Company has adopted the Model Code set out in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules as the code of conduct regarding securities transactions by directors. Having made specific enquiries of all directors, all directors confirm that they have complied with the required standard as set out in the Model Code throughout the six months ended 30 September 2012.

By Order of the Board

MASCOTTE HOLDINGS LIMITED

Lo Yuen Wa Peter

Managing Director

Hong Kong, 29 November 2012

* For identification only

企業管治

守則條文A.4.1條規定,非執行董事之委任應有指定任期,並 須接受重選連任。

遵守標準守則

本公司已採納上市規則附錄十載列之標準守則,作為守則有關 事進行證券交易之行為守則。 經有全體董事作出具體查均 經有全體董事確認,彼等可 後,全體董事確認,彼等可 於截至二零一二年九月三則 於截至一數 上六個月一直遵守標準守 載之規定標準。

承董事會命 馬斯葛集團有限公司* 董事總經理 老元華

香港,二零一二年十一月二十九日

* 僅供識別

MASCOTTE HOLDINGS LIMITED

馬斯葛集團有限公司