THIS CIRCULAR IS IMPORTANT AND REQUIRES YOUR IMMEDIATE ATTENTION

If you are in any doubt as to any aspect of this circular or as to the action to be taken, you should consult your stockbroker or other registered dealer in securities, bank manager, solicitor, professional accountant or other professional adviser.

If you have sold or transferred all your shares in Shenzhen International Holdings Limited, you should at once hand this circular and the accompanying form of proxy to the purchaser or transferee or to the bank, stockbroker or other agent through whom the sale or transfer was effected for transmission to the purchaser or transferee.

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Shenzhen International Holdings Limited 深圳國際控股有限公司

(Incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability)
(Stock Code: 00152)

DISCLOSEABLE AND CONNECTED TRANSACTION ACQUISITION OF COASTAL COMPANY AND NOTICE OF SPECIAL GENERAL MEETING



Independent Financial Adviser to the Independent Board Committee and the Independent Shareholders

A letter from the Independent Board Committee is set out on pages 14 and a letter from the Independent Financial Adviser is set out on pages 15 to 29 of this circular.

A notice convening a special general meeting of Shenzhen International Holdings Limited to be held at the conference room of the Company at Rooms 2206–2208, 22nd Floor, Greenfield Tower, Concordia Plaza, No. 1 Science Museum Road, Tsimshatsui East, Kowloon, Hong Kong on Monday, 5 February 2018 at 11:00 a.m. or any adjournment thereof is set out on pages SGM-1 and SGM-2 of this circular. Whether or not you are able to attend and vote at the meeting, you are requested to complete the enclosed proxy form and return it to the branch share registrar of the Company, Tricor Tengis Limited, at Level 22, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Hong Kong as soon as possible and in any event not later than 48 hours before the time appointed for holding of the meeting or any adjournment thereof (as the case may be). Completion and return of the proxy form will not preclude you from attending and voting in person at the meeting or any adjourned meeting(s) should you so wish.

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DEFINITIONS

In this circular, the following expressions have the meanings set out below unless the context requires otherwise:

"Acquisition" the transfer of the 100% equity interest in Coastal Company from

SIHCL to SZ Expressway pursuant to the Acquisition Agreement

"Acquisition Agreement" the equity acquisition agreement entered into among SZ

Expressway, SIHCL and Coastal Company on 11 December 2017

in relation to the Acquisition

"associate(s)" has the meaning ascribed thereto under the Listing Rules

"Board" the board of Directors

"Coastal Company" 深圳市廣深沿江高速公路投資有限公司(Shenzhen Guangshen

Coastal Expressway Investment Company Limited), a limited liability company incorporated in the PRC which was owned as to 100% by SIHCL as at the date of the Acquisition Agreement

"Coastal Phase I" Phase I of Coastal Project, on the main line of Coastal Project, the

toll mileage is approximately 30.9 km and was opened to traffic on

28 December 2013

"Coastal Phase II" Phase II of Coastal Project, which includes the connection line on

the Shenzhen side of Shenzhen-Zhongshan Channel, Airport Interchange, International Convention and Exhibition Center Interchange, etc., with a total length of approximately 5.7 km

"Coastal Project" the Shenzhen section of Guangshen Coastal Expressway

(Guangzhou to Shenzhen), which comprises of Coastal Phase I

and Coastal Phase II

"Company" Shenzhen International Holdings Limited, a company incorporated

in Bermuda with limited liability, the shares of which are listed on

the Stock Exchange

"connected person(s)" has the meaning ascribed thereto under the Listing Rules

"controlling shareholder(s)" has the meaning ascribed thereto under the Listing Rules

"Director" the director(s) of the Company

"Enlarged Group" the Group as enlarged by the Acquisition

"Entrusted Construction Agreement" the entrusted construction management agreement in relation to the

Shenzhen section of Guangshen Coastal Expressway entered into between SZ Expressway and Coastal Company on 9 September

2011

DEFINITIONS

"Entrusted Operation Agreement" the entrusted operation management agreement in relation to Phase I of the Shenzhen section of Guangshen Coastal Expressway entered into between SZ Expressway and Coastal Company on 30 December 2016 "Entrusted Operation and the entrusted operation and management agreement and other Management Agreement" related agreements in relation to the entrustment management of Coastal Company entered into between SZ Expressway and SIHCL on 6 November 2009 "GPCP&D" Guangdong Province Communications Planning & Design Institute Co., Ltd. (廣東省交通規劃設計研究院股份有限公司), the independent traffic consultant "Group" the Company and its subsidiaries "HK\$" Hong Kong dollars, the lawful currency of Hong Kong "Hong Kong" the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region of the People's Republic of China "Independent Board Committee" an independent board committee, comprising Mr. Leung Ming Yuen, Simon, Mr. Ding Xun, Mr. Nip Yun Wing and Dr. Yim Fung, all being independent non-executive Directors, formed to consider and advise the Independent Shareholders in connection with the terms of the Acquisition Agreement and the transactions contemplated thereunder "Independent Financial Adviser" or TC Capital International Limited, a licensed corporation which is "TC Capital" licensed to carry out type 1 (dealing in securities) and type 6 (advising on corporate finance) regulated activities under the SFO "Independent Shareholder(s)" Shareholders other than SIHCL and its associates "KPMG" KPMG, Certified Public Accountants, Hong Kong "Latest Practicable Date" 15 January 2018, being the latest practicable date prior to the printing of this circular for ascertaining certain information contained herein "Listing Rules" the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange 深圳市鵬信資產評估土地房地產估價有限公司, (Shenzhen "Pengxin Appraisal" Pengxin Appraisal Limited), an independent institution established in PRC with the qualifications for assets valuation

Region and Taiwan

the People's Republic of China, and for the purposes of this circular, excluding Hong Kong, the Macau Special Administrative

"PRC"

DEFINITIONS

"RMB" Renminbi, the lawful currency of the PRC

"SFO" the Securities and Futures Ordinance (Chapter 571 of the Laws of

Hong Kong)

"SGM" the special general meeting of the Company to be convened and

held on 5 February 2018 to consider and, if thought fit, among other things, approve the Acquisition Agreement and the

transactions contemplated thereunder

"Shareholder(s)" holder(s) of the Shares

"SIHCL" 深圳市投資控股有限公司 (Shenzhen Investment Holdings

Company Limited*), a limited liability company incorporated in

the PRC

"Shares" ordinary share(s) in the capital of the Company with a par value of

HK\$1.00 each

"Stock Exchange" The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited

"Supplemental Entrusted the supplemental entrusted construction management agreement in Construction Agreement" relation to the Shenzhen section of Guangshen Coastal Expressway

relation to the Shenzhen section of Guangshen Coastal Expressway entered into between SZ Expressway and Coastal Company on 1

June 2016

"SZ Expressway" Shenzhen Expressway Company Limited, a joint stock limited

company incorporated in the PRC with limited liability, the H shares of which are listed on the Stock Exchange and the A shares of which are listed on the Shanghai Stock Exchange and a non

wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company

In this circular, amounts denominated in RMB have been converted into HK\$ at the rate of RMB0.86=HK\$1.00 for illustration purpose only. No representation is made to the effect that any amount in RMB or HK\$ have been, could have been or could be converted at the above rate or at any other rates or at all.

^{*} In this circular, the English names of the PRC entities are translations of their Chinese names and included herein for identification purpose only. In the event of any inconsistency, the Chinese names shall prevail.



Shenzhen International Holdings Limited 深圳國際控股有限公司

(Incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability)
(Stock Code: 00152)

Executive Directors:
Gao Lei (Chairman)
Li Hai Tao (Chief Executive Officer)

Zhong Shan Qun

Liu Jun Hu Wei

Non-executive Directors:

Xie Chu Dao Liu Xiao Dong

Yim Fung

Independent Non-executive Directors: Leung Ming Yuen, Simon Ding Xun Nip Yun Wing

To the Shareholders

Dear Sirs or Madams,

Registered Office: Clarendon House 2 Church Street Hamilton HM 11 Bermuda

Head Office and Principal Place of Business:

Rooms 2206-2208, 22nd Floor

Greenfield Tower Concordia Plaza

No. 1 Science Museum Road Tsimshatsui East, Kowloon

Hong Kong

19 January 2018

DISCLOSEABLE AND CONNECTED TRANSACTION ACQUISITION OF COASTAL COMPANY AND

NOTICE OF SPECIAL GENERAL MEETING

INTRODUCTION

The Board and the board of directors of SZ Expressway (a non wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company) jointly announced on 11 December 2017 that SZ Expressway (as purchaser), SIHCL (as vendor) and Coastal Company entered into the Acquisition Agreement, pursuant to which SZ Expressway agreed to acquire 100% equity interest in Coastal Company from SIHCL at a consideration of RMB1.472 billion (approximately HK\$1.712 billion).

The purpose of this circular is to provide you with, among other things, (i) details of the Acquisition Agreement and the transactions contemplated thereunder; (ii) the recommendation of the Independent Board Committee to the Independent Shareholders in relation to the Acquisition Agreement and the transactions contemplated thereunder; (iii) the advice of the Independent Financial Adviser on the Acquisition Agreement and the transactions contemplated thereunder; (iv) the valuation report; (v) other information as required under the Listing Rules; and (vi) the notice convening the SGM.

THE ACQUISITION AGREEMENT

The principal terms of the Acquisition Agreement are as follows:

Date:

11 December 2017

Parties:

- (1) SZ Expressway (as purchaser);
- (2) SIHCL (as vendor); and
- (3) Coastal Company.

Subject of the Acquisition:

Pursuant to the Acquisition Agreement, SZ Expressway agreed to acquire and SIHCL agreed to sell 100% equity interest in Coastal Company.

Consideration and payment arrangements:

The consideration for the acquisition of 100% equity interest in Coastal Company is RMB1.472 billion (approximately HK\$1.712 billion), which shall be paid by SZ Expressway to SIHCL in the following manner:

- (i) within 10 working days from the date of the Acquisition Agreement, SZ Expressway shall pay 50% of the consideration, being RMB736 million (approximately HK\$856 million) to SIHCL, and SZ Expressway and SIHCL shall enter into a joint account agreement with a commercial bank agreed by both parties and open a joint account in the name of SIHCL under the common control of the parties for depositing the remaining consideration;
- (ii) within 15 days upon the effective conditions of the Acquisition Agreement being fully satisfied or exempted/waived (and in any event not later than 31 December 2017), such effective conditions are namely, SIHCL having completed the statutory procedures for the transfer of state-owned assets in accordance with the law; the shareholder of Coastal Company having considered and approved the Acquisition; and having obtained letter(s) of consent from the financial institution creditors of Coastal Company, SZ Expressway, SIHCL and Coastal Company shall promptly handle the business registration in relation to the Acquisition. As at the Latest Practicable Date, the effective conditions of the Acquisition Agreement have been fully satisfied.

- (iii) SZ Expressway shall deposit the remaining 50% consideration of RMB736 million (approximately HK\$856 million) into the joint account as set out in (i) above within 10 working days after completion of the matters below (and in any event not later than 31 December 2017):
 - (a) the effective conditions to the Acquisition Agreement as set out in (ii) above have been fully satisfied or waived; and
 - (b) the Market and Quality Supervision Commission of Shenzhen Municipality having approved the business registration of the acquisition of equity interest in Coastal Company by SZ Expressway and issued a new business license or notice of change to Coastal Company.
- (iv) within 5 working days from the Acquisition having been approved by its shareholders in the general meeting, SZ Expressway shall release its control on the joint account and the fund in the joint account shall be owned by SIHCL.

As at the Latest Practicable Date, the consideration has been paid by SZ Expressway through its internal resources and borrowing and the business registration in relation to the Acquisition as referred to in item (ii) above has been approved.

Basis of the Consideration:

The consideration was determined after arm's length negotiations between SZ Expressway and SIHCL on normal commercial terms.

The principal business of Coastal Company is the construction, operation and management of Coastal Project. Based on the investment and operation experiences and the professional abilities towards the highway projects in the past, SZ Expressway comprehensively considered factors including the traffic flow, operation, policy environment and the maturity of the project for assessing the estimated value of Coastal Company; and took into account the valuation report prepared by Pengxin Appraisal as the major factors in negotiating the consideration of the Acquisition. The income approach was adopted in the valuation of the market value of the entire shareholder's interests in Coastal Company as at 31 October 2017 (constituting a profit forecast under Rule 14.61 of the Listing Rules) by Pengxin Appraisal. Further details of the assumptions used for the profit forecast are set out in the valuation report of Coastal Company prepared by Pengxin Appraisal, the text of which is set out in Appendix I to this circular.

Other terms:

- (i) The investment and financing plan of Coastal Phase II was determined by the relevant Shenzhen governmental authorities. Upon completion of the Acquisition, Coastal Company shall continue to follow the government approval to complete the investment and financing plan.
- (ii) During the previous years, SZ Expressway has been entrusted by SIHCL to manage Coastal Company, and also entrusted by Coastal Company to manage the construction of Coastal Project and the operation of Coastal Phase I. For details, please refer to the joint announcements of the Company and SZ Expressway dated 6 November 2009, 9 September 2011, 1 June 2016, 16 June 2016 and 30 December 2016, the circular of the Company dated 4 October 2011, and the announcement of SZ Expressway dated 19 August 2014. Among such

entrustment projects, the construction of Coastal Phase I was completed, and the settlement and payment of the relevant construction costs are now in progress. The construction management of Coastal Phase II and the operation management of Coastal Phase I are still ongoing. Pursuant to the Acquisition Agreement, the follow-up arrangements on the entrusted management of Coastal Company and Coastal Project are as follows: except for the settlement and payment of the relevant construction costs, the Entrusted Construction Agreement and the Supplemental Entrusted Construction Agreement in relation to Coastal Project shall be suspended, and SZ Expressway shall cease to charge for the construction management fees of Coastal Phase II. As for the Entrusted Operation Agreement in relation to Coastal Phase I, it shall also be suspended save for Coastal Company paying the operation management fee to SZ Expressway for the period up to the base date (31 October 2017). The Entrusted Operation and Management Agreement shall be suspended after the change of shareholding in Coastal Company.

If the Acquisition has not been approved by SZ Expressway's shareholders in the general meeting within 6 months after the date of the Acquisition Agreement, the abovementioned agreements shall resume. If the Acquisition is approved by SZ Expressway's shareholders in the general meeting within 6 months after the date of the Acquisition Agreement, the abovementioned agreements will be terminated except for the settlement and payment of the relevant construction costs under the Entrusted Construction Agreement.

Termination:

If any party commits a significant breach under the Acquisition Agreement and render the purpose of the Acquisition Agreement unachievable or from a commercial perspective severely unreasonable to achieve, the non-defaulting party may issue a written request to terminate the Acquisition Agreement. Further, if the transactions contemplated under the Acquisition Agreement is not approved by SZ Expressway's shareholders in the general meeting within 6 months from the date of the Acquisition Agreement, the Acquisition Agreement will be terminated as well.

If the effective conditions are not fully satisfied or waived within 6 months from the date of the Acquisition Agreement, or the Acquisition Agreement is terminated after becoming effective, SIHCL shall refund the consideration it has received and return the fund in the joint account to SZ Expressway and pay an interest to SZ Expressway in accordance with the bank deposit interest rate for the same period within 10 working days after the expiration of the six-month period from the date of the Acquisition Agreement. Within 10 days from the date on which SIHCL has returned the full amount of consideration it has received and the fund in the joint account (inclusive of interest), SZ Expressway shall return to SIHCL the 100% equity interest in Coastal Company. Should the return of equity interest delay by reasons not attributable to SZ Expressway such as delay in administrative approval or change of business procedures, the aforesaid period shall be postponed accordingly.

Completion:

Upon completion of the Acquisition, Coastal Company will become a wholly-owned subsidiary of SZ Expressway, and its financial statements will be included into the consolidated financial statements of SZ Expressway.

VALUATION

SZ Expressway has appointed Pengxin Appraisal to carry out the valuation of the market value of the entire shareholder's interests in Coastal Company as at 31 October 2017. The base date of the valuation is 31 October 2017. The 100% equity interest in Coastal Company is valued by adopting the income approach. As the valuation adopted income approach which involves the use of discounted cash flow methodology and constitutes a profit forecast under Rule 14.61 of the Listing Rules, this circular shall comply with the requirements under Rules 14.60A and 14.62 of the Listing Rules in relation to profit forecast.

Pursuant to Rule 14.62 of the Listing Rules, the key assumptions of this valuation mainly include:

- there will be no material changes in future economic, market or social environment (such as national macro-economic policies, market supply and demand conditions, fiscal and taxation policies, domestic and foreign trade policies, environmental protection policies, financial and currency policies, etc.);
- (ii) the enterprise under valuation will continue to operate after the valuation base date;
- (iii) there will be no material changes in the taxation and tax rate policies currently applicable to the enterprise under valuation;
- (iv) there will be no material adverse effect on the enterprise under valuation arising from any force majeure after the valuation base date;
- (v) all assets and liabilities of the enterprise under valuation have been presented and reported or a special explanation in respect thereof has been made to the valuer, and there does not exist any other liabilities/assets, contingent liabilities/assets, or other related rights/contingent rights and obligations/contingent obligations, etc.; and
- (vi) the accounting policy adopted by the enterprise under valuation is same as SZ Expressway in material aspects.

The valuation is based on operating results over previous years of the enterprise under valuation. Estimates on future operation and revenue of Coastal Company are conducted through analysis over revenue, costs, financial structures, business development trends and growth movements. The expected operating revenue and corporate free cash flow of Coastal Company in major years are set out as below:

Unit: RMB ten thousand

Duration (Year)	Operating Revenue	Corporate Free Cash Flow
November to December 2017	6,857.60	5,260.34
2018	44,195.75	4,082.03
2019	49,455.09	762.46
2020	64,570.39	24,545.01
2025	117,627.15	74,435.06
2030	123,680.83	93,385.02
2038 (up to 27 December)	140,580.63	95,278.28

Based on the above assumptions, the market value of the entire shareholder's interests in Coastal Company as at the valuation base date of 31 October 2017 was RMB1.472 billion (approximately HK\$1.712 billion).

The Board has reviewed the principal assumptions adopted in the valuation, and is of the view that the valuation has been made after due and careful enquiry. The Company has engaged KPMG as the auditor to report to the Directors on the calculation of the discounted future cash flows adopted by Pengxin Appraisal on which the valuation is based. The letter from KPMG is included in Appendix III to this circular.

INFORMATION ON COASTAL COMPANY

Coastal Company is a limited liability company established in the PRC and its principal business is the construction, operation and management of Coastal Project. Guangshen Coastal Expressway (Provincial Line S3) is an important channel connecting Guangzhou and Shenzhen, and Guangdong and Hong Kong. It has a total length of approximately 90 km connecting Huangpu District in Guangzhou and Nanshan District in Shenzhen. Coastal Project is the Shenzhen section of Guangshen Coastal Expressway, extending from Dongbao River, the boundary between Dongguan and Shenzhen, to Nanshan District, Shenzhen and connecting with Shenzhen Western Corridor in the south. Coastal Project is a dual eight-lane expressway with the total mileage of approximately 37 km. It is comprised of two phases. Coastal Phase I is on the main line of Guangshen Coastal Expressway. It has a toll mileage of approximately 30.9 km and was opened to traffic on 28 December 2013 with a toll collection period of 25 years. Coastal Phase II includes the connection line on the Shenzhen side of Shenzhen-Zhongshan Channel, Airport Interchange, International Convention and Exhibition Center Interchange, etc., with a total length of approximately 5.7 km. The construction of Coastal Phase II commenced in December 2015 and is scheduled to be opened to traffic by end of 2019.

According to the Coastal Project investment and financing plan approved by the Shenzhen government, the estimated total cost of Coastal Project is approximately RMB16.7 billion. The government shall contribute RMB10.3 billion and Coastal Company shall contribute RMB6.4 billion, which shall be financed by bank loan (of which Coastal Phase I and Coastal Phase II amounted to RMB5.4 billion and RMB1 billion respectively) after pledging its toll-collection right to such bank. As at the Latest Practicable Date, the government has contributed approximately RMB7.1 billion. The Coastal Company has pledged the toll-collection right of Coastal Project to a syndicate led by China Development Bank and has applied for a syndicated loan facility totaling RMB5.4 billion, of which a cumulated amount of RMB4.7 billion was utilized.

For the year ended 31 December 2016 and the ten months ended 31 October 2017, the average daily traffic flow of Coastal Phase I was approximately 73,600 vehicles and 77,200 vehicles, and the average daily toll revenue was approximately RMB1,065,800 and RMB1,113,800, respectively.

To ensure the consistency of accounting information, SZ Expressway has engaged Ernst & Young to audit and make retrospective adjustments to the financial statements of Coastal Company for the year ended 31 December 2016 and the ten months ended 31 October 2017 based on the accounting policy adopted by SZ Expressway. The table below sets out the financial information (after retrospective adjustment) of Coastal Company for the two years ended 31 December 2016 and the ten months ended 31 October 2017:

Unit: RMB'000

	For the year ended 31 December 2015 (unaudited)	For the year ended 31 December 2016 (audited)	For the ten months ended 31 October 2017 (audited)
Net loss (before tax) Net loss (after tax)	(145,944.08) (145,944.08)	(108,250.41) (108,250.41)	(57,345.53) (57,345.53)
	As at 31 December 2015 (unaudited)	As at 31 December 2016 (audited)	As at 31 October 2017 (audited)
Net asset	1,637,595.94	1,529,345.53	1,472,000.00

ESTIMATED FINANCIAL IMPACT OF THE ACQUISITION

As stated above, the estimated total cost of the Coastal Project is approximately RMB16.7 billion, of which the government shall contribute RMB10.3 billion and Coastal Company shall contribute RMB6.4 billion, which shall be financed by bank loan after pledging its toll-collection right to the bank. If the Coastal Project is completed in accordance with the budget plan, taking into account the consideration of the Acquisition, the existing liabilities of Coastal Company and the bank loans to be obtained by Coastal Company for construction of Coastal Phase II, the total investment amount made by the Group in the Coastal Project is estimated to be approximately RMB7.5-7.6 billion.

Assuming Coastal Company will be included in the consolidated financial statements of SZ Expressway from 1 March 2018 onwards, the Acquisition will increase the total assets and total liabilities of SZ Expressway by approximately RMB7.8 billion, respectively, and increase the revenue for 2018 by approximately RMB442 million and reduce the net profit attributable to shareholders of SZ Expressway for 2018 by approximately RMB60 million (or approximately RMB100 million if taking into account the capital cost of equity investments). It is expected that the Coastal Project will start to bring positive contribution to the operating performance the Group from 2020. The above information is based on the preliminary estimation, and the actual financial impact is subject to confirmation and audit by the auditors of the Group.

REASONS FOR AND BENEFITS OF ENTERING INTO THE ACQUISITION AGREEMENT

The investment, construction, operation and management of toll highways and roads are in the ordinary and usual course of business of SZ Expressway. The directors of SZ Expressway consider that Guangshen Coastal Expressway is an important core passage going through the north-south of the Pearl River Delta region, it is also an important corridor connecting Guangzhou, Shenzhen and Hong Kong within the Guangdong-Hong Kong-Macau Greater Bay Area. It enjoys an excellent geographical location and an economically viable neighbourhood region.

The Coastal Company has been incurring losses in the past few years since Coastal Phase I is in the preliminary stage of operation and Coastal Phase II is still under construction and has not commenced operation. Based on the experience of SZ Expressway in expressway operation and management, an expressway usually experiences losses in its early stage of operation and may turn from loss to profit after several years of operation. As shown in the section headed "Information on Coastal Company" in this circular, the loss incurred by the Coastal Company is diminishing gradually over time, which is in line with

the business development pattern of an expressway. It is expected that the Coastal Company will continue to reduce its loss and start to realise gain in near future. Further, as the surrounding road network of the Coastal Project is currently not comprehensive enough, the traffic diversion function of the Coastal Project has not been fully played and thus the operating performance of the Coastal Project is still at a relatively lower level in short term.

With the steady development of the regional economy along the Coastal Project and the expected commencement of operation of Coastal Phase II by the end of 2019, the operation of the Coastal Project having entered into a more mature stage, and the constant improvement of its surrounding road networks, it is expected that the operating performance of Coastal Project will have a rapid growth. In the long run, the acquisition of 100% interest in Coastal Company will help to enhance the business scale and profit base and contribute to steady growth of cash flow for SZ Expressway. The Acquisition will further strengthen the core strengths of SZ Expressway in the investment, management and operation of highways, and in line with the development strategy and overall interests of SZ Expressway as a whole. The Acquisition is the result of the negotiation between SZ Expressway and SIHCL during which SZ Expressway has seized the favourable market opportunity. It is a win-win proposal which fully demonstrated the positive attitude of SIHCL in supporting the Group's development and strengthened the positive image of SIHCL in keeping its commitment.

The Acquisition is also in line with the Group's strategy to consolidate premium infrastructure resources. As SZ Expressway is a subsidiary of the Company, the Acquisition enables the strengthening of core business of SZ Expressway which is beneficial to the Company as a whole.

INFORMATION ON SIHCL, THE COMPANY AND SZ EXPRESSWAY

SIHCL

SIHCL is principally engaged in property rights management, capital operation, investment and financing business. As at the Latest Practicable Date, it indirectly owns approximately 44.2% of the issued share capital of the Company.

The Company

The Company and its subsidiaries are principally engaged in the investment, construction, and operation of logistic infrastructure facilities, as well as providing various value-added logistic services to customers leveraging its infrastructure facilities and information services platform.

SZ Expressway

SZ Expressway and its subsidiaries are principally engaged in the investment, construction, operation and management of toll highways and roads, as well as other urban and transportation infrastructure facilities.

LISTING RULES IMPLICATIONS

As at the Latest Practicable Date, SZ Expressway is owned as to approximately 51% by the Company, and SIHCL is the controlling shareholder of the Company which indirectly holds approximately 44.2% of the issued share capital of the Company. As at the date of the Acquisition Agreement, SIHCL was the sole shareholder of Coastal Company. SIHCL and Coastal Company are therefore connected persons of

the Company pursuant to Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules. Accordingly, the Acquisition Agreement constitutes a connected transaction of the Company and is subject to reporting, announcement, circular and Independent Shareholders' approval requirements under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

As one or more of the applicable percentage ratio(s) (as defined in the Listing Rules) in respect of the transactions contemplated under the Acquisition Agreement are more than 5% but lower than 25%, the transactions contemplated under the Acquisition Agreement constitute a discloseable transaction of the Company and is subject to the reporting and announcement requirements under Chapter 14 of the Listing Rules.

INDEPENDENT BOARD COMMITTEE AND INDEPENDENT FINANCIAL ADVISER

The Independent Board Committee (comprising all independent non-executive Directors) has been established to advise the Independent Shareholders in relation to the Acquisition Agreement and the transactions contemplated thereunder. None of the members of the Independent Board Committees has any material interest in the Acquisition Agreement and the transactions contemplated thereunder. A letter from the Independent Board Committee is set out on page 14 of this circular.

TC Capital has been appointed as the independent financial adviser to advise the Independent Board Committee and the Independent Shareholders in respect of the Acquisition Agreement and the transactions contemplated thereunder. A letter from the Independent Financial Adviser is set out on pages 15 to 29 of this circular.

SGM

The Company will convene the SGM at 11:00 a.m. on 5 February 2018 at which resolution(s) will be proposed to consider and, if thought fit, among others, approve the Acquisition Agreement and the transactions contemplated thereunder.

As at the Latest Practicable Date, SIHCL is the controlling shareholder of the Company indirectly holding approximately 44.2% of the issued share capital of the Company. Accordingly, SIHCL and its associates will abstain from voting at the SGM in respect of the resolution(s) approving the Acquisition Agreement and the transactions contemplated thereunder. To the best of the knowledge, information and belief of the Directors having made all reasonable enquiries, no Shareholder is required to abstain from voting at the SGM in respect of the resolution(s) approving the Acquisition Agreement and the transactions contemplated thereunder other than SIHCL and its associates. None of the Directors has a material interest in the Acquisition Agreement and the transactions contemplated thereunder.

The notice of the SGM is set out on pages SGM-1 and SGM-2 of this circular.

A form of proxy for use at the SGM is enclosed. Whether or not Shareholders are able to attend the meeting, they are requested to complete and return the enclosed form of proxy to the branch share registrar of the Company, Tricor Tengis Limited, at Level 22, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Hong Kong as soon as possible and in any event not later than 48 hours before the time appointed for the holding of the meeting or any adjournment thereof (as the case may be). Completion and return of the form of proxy will not preclude Shareholders from attending and voting at the meeting or any adjournment thereof should they wish to do so.

CLOSURE OF REGISTER OF MEMBERS

Shareholders whose name appear on the Company's register of members on Monday, 5 February 2018, will be eligible for attending and voting at the SGM. The Company's register of members and books of transfer will be closed from Thursday, 1 February 2018 to Monday, 5 February 2018, both days inclusive, during which no transfer of Shares will be registered. In order to be eligible for attending and voting at the SGM, all transfer forms accompanied by the relevant Share certificates must be lodged with the Company's branch share registrar in Hong Kong, Tricor Tengis Limited at Level 22, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Hong Kong for registration not later than 4:30 p.m. on Wednesday, 31 January 2018.

RECOMMENDATION

The Directors (including all the independent non-executive Directors, whose views are set out in the letter from the Independent Board Committee) consider that the terms of the Acquisition Agreement and the transactions contemplated thereunder are on normal commercial terms and in the ordinary and usual course of business of the Group and are fair and reasonable so far as the Independent Shareholders are concerned, and the entering into the Acquisition Agreement and the transactions contemplated thereunder are in the interests of the Company and the Shareholders as a whole. Accordingly, the Board (including all the independent non-executive Directors, whose views are set out in the letter from the Independent Board Committee) recommends the Independent Shareholders to support and vote in favour of the resolution to be proposed at the SGM approving the Acquisition Agreement and the transactions contemplated thereunder.

FURTHER INFORMATION

Your attention is also drawn to the information set forth in the appendices to this circular and the notice of the SGM.

By Order of the Board

Shenzhen International Holdings Limited

Gao Lei

Chairman

LETTER FROM THE INDEPENDENT BOARD COMMITTEE

The following is the text of a letter from the Independent Board Committee, which has been prepared for the purpose of incorporation into this circular, setting out its recommendation to the Independent Shareholders in respect of the Acquisition Agreement and the transactions contemplated thereunder.



Shenzhen International Holdings Limited 深圳國際控股有限公司

(Incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability)
(Stock Code: 00152)

19 January 2018

DISCLOSEABLE AND CONNECTED TRANSACTION ACQUISITION OF COASTAL COMPANY

To the Independent Shareholders

Dear Sirs or Madams,

We have been appointed as members of the Independent Board Committee to advise you in respect of the terms of the Acquisition Agreement and the transactions contemplated thereunder, details of which are set out in the "Letter from the Board" contained in the circular of the Company dated 19 January 2018 (the "Circular"), of which this letter forms part. Unless the context otherwise requires, terms defined in the Circular shall have the same meanings when used in this letter.

Your attention is drawn to the "Letter from the Board" and "Letter from the Independent Financial Adviser" as set out in pages 4 to 13 and pages 15 to 29 to the Circular respectively.

RECOMMENDATION

Having taken into account the principal factors and reasons considered by the Independent Financial Adviser regarding the terms of the Acquisition Agreement and the transactions contemplated thereunder and its conclusion and advice, we concur with the view of the Independent Financial Adviser and consider that the terms of the Acquisition Agreement and the transactions contemplated thereunder are on normal commercial terms and are fair and reasonable so far as the Independent Shareholders are concerned, and the entering into the Acquisition Agreement and the transactions contemplated thereunder are in the interests of the Company and the Shareholders as a whole. We therefore recommend the Independent Shareholders to vote in favour of the resolutions to be proposed at the SGM approving the entering into of the Acquisition Agreement and the transactions contemplated thereunder.

Yours faithfully,
Leung Ming Yuen, Simon
Ding Xun
Nip Yun Wing
Yim Fung
Independent Board Committee

Set out below is the text of a letter received from TC Capital, the Independent Financial Adviser to the Independent Board Committee and the Independent Shareholders in respect of the Acquisition Agreement and the transactions contemplated thereunder, for the purpose of inclusion in this circular.



19 January 2018

The Independent Board Committee and the Independent Shareholders of Shenzhen International Holdings Limited

Dear Sirs,

DISCLOSEABLE AND CONNECTED TRANSACTION ACQUISITION OF COASTAL COMPANY

INTRODUCTION

We refer to our appointment as the Independent Financial Adviser to advise the Independent Board Committee and the Independent Shareholders in relation to the Acquisition Agreement and the transactions contemplated thereunder, details of which are set out in the letter from the Board (the "Letter from the Board") contained in the circular dated 19 January 2018 issued by the Company to the Shareholders (the "Circular"), of which this letter forms part. Terms used herein shall have the same meanings as defined in the Circular unless the context requires otherwise.

On 11 December 2017, SZ Expressway (as purchaser), SIHCL (as vendor) and Coastal Company entered into the Acquisition Agreement, pursuant to which SZ Expressway agreed to acquire 100% equity interest in Coastal Company from SIHCL at a consideration of RMB1.472 billion (approximately HK\$1.712 billion).

As at the Latest Practicable Date, SZ Expressway was owned as to approximately 51% by the Company. SIHCL is the controlling shareholder of the Company which indirectly holds approximately 44.2% of the issued share capital of the Company. As at the date of the Acquisition Agreement, SIHCL was the sole shareholder of Coastal Company. Accordingly, SIHCL and Coastal Company are connected persons of the Company pursuant to Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules, and the Acquisition Agreement constitutes a connected transaction of the Company and is subject to the reporting, announcement, circular and independent shareholders' approval requirements under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

As one or more of the applicable percentage ratio(s) (as defined in the Listing Rules) in respect of the transactions contemplated under the Acquisition Agreement are more than 5% but lower than 25%, the transactions contemplated under the Acquisition Agreement constitute a discloseable transaction of the Company and are subject to the reporting and announcement requirements under Chapter 14 of the Listing Rules.

An Independent Board Committee comprising all independent non-executive Directors, namely Mr. Leung Ming Yuen, Simon, Mr. Ding Xun, Mr. Nip Yun Wing and Dr. Yim Fung, has been established to advise the Independent Shareholders in relation to the Acquisition Agreement and the transactions

contemplated thereunder. Our role as the Independent Financial Adviser is to provide independent opinion and recommendation to the Independent Board Committee and the Independent Shareholders on whether the terms of the Acquisition Agreement are fair and reasonable so far as the Independent Shareholders are concerned and are on normal commercial terms, and whether the entering into of the Acquisition Agreement is in the interests of the Company and the Shareholders as a whole and in the ordinary and usual course of business of the Group.

As at the Latest Practicable Date, we did not have any relationships or interests with the Group or any other parties involved in the Acquisition that could reasonably be regarded as relevant to our independence. We have not acted as an independent financial adviser or financial adviser for other transactions of the Group in the last two years from the date of the Circular. In addition to acting as the Independent Financial Adviser, we also act as the independent financial adviser to the independent board committee and independent shareholders of SZ Expressway in respect of the Acquisition. Given (i) our independent role in the abovementioned engagements; and (ii) that our fees for the abovementioned engagements represent an insignificant percentage of our revenue, we consider that the abovementioned engagements would not affect our independence to form our opinion in respect of the Acquisition.

BASIS OF OUR OPINION

In formulating our opinion and recommendation, we have considered, among other things, (i) the Acquisition Agreement; (ii) the valuation report prepared by Pengxin Appraisal in respect of the market value of the entire shareholder's interests in Coastal Company (the "Valuation Report"); (iii) other information as set out in the Circular; (iv) the annual report of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2016 (the "2016 Annual Report") and the interim report of the Company for the six months ended 30 June 2017 (the "2017 Interim Report"); (v) the annual report of SZ Expressway for the year ended 31 December 2016 (the "2016 SZ Expressway Annual Report") and the interim report of SZ Expressway for the six months ended 30 June 2017 (the "2017 SZ Expressway Interim Report"); and (vi) the relevant market information and trends of the related industry. We have also relied on all relevant information, opinions and facts supplied and represented by the Company, the Directors and the management of the Company.

We have assumed that all such information, opinions, facts and representations, which have been provided by the Company, the Directors and the management of the Company and for which they are fully responsible, are true, accurate and complete in all respects as at the date hereof and may be relied upon. We have no reason to doubt the truth, accuracy and completeness of the information and representations provided to us by the Company, the Directors and the management of the Company, and the Company has confirmed that no material facts have been withheld or omitted from the information provided and/or referred to in the Circular, which would make any statement therein misleading.

We consider that we have reviewed sufficient information currently available to reach an informed view and to justify our reliance on the accuracy of the information contained in the Circular so as to provide a reasonable basis for our recommendation. We have not, however, carried out any independent verification of the information provided by the Company, the Directors and the management of the Company, nor have we conducted any independent investigation into the business affairs, operations, financial position or future prospects of the Group, SIHCL, SZ Expressway and Coastal Company and their respective subsidiaries and/ or associated companies.

PRINCIPAL FACTORS AND REASONS CONSIDERED

In arriving at our opinions and recommendations in respect of the Acquisition, we have taken into consideration the following principal factors and reasons:

I. Background of and reasons for entering into the Acquisition Agreement

1. Information of the Company, SIHCL, SZ Expressway and Coastal Company

a) The Company

As stated in the Letter from the Board, the Company and its subsidiaries are principally engaged in the investment, construction and operation of logistic infrastructure facilities, as well as providing various value-added logistic services to customers leveraging its infrastructure facilities and information services platform.

The table below summarises the financial information of the Group for the two years ended 31 December 2016 ("FY2015" and "FY2016", respectively) and the six months ended 30 June 2016 and 2017 ("1H2016" and "1H2017", respectively) as extracted from the 2016 Annual Report and the 2017 Interim Report:

	For	the year end	led 31 December		For	the six mont	hs ended 30 Jun	e
	2015		2016	Ó	2016		2017	7
	HK\$'000	%	HK\$'000	%	HK\$'000	%	HK\$'000	%
	(audited)		(audited)		(unaudited)		(unaudited)	
Revenue								
-Toll roads	4,807,652	71.35	6,056,504	77.78	2,801,650	78.30	2,939,105	69.89
-Logistic business	1,930,745	28.65	1,730,676	22.22	776,364	21.70	1,266,074	30.11
Total revenue	6,738,397	100	7,787,180	100	3,578,014	100	4,205,179	100
Profit for the year/ period	3,062,190		2,917,182		1,057,248		1,595,787	

We noted from the table above that the revenue of the Group is mainly contributed by revenue from toll roads, which accounted for approximately 71.35%, 77.78% and 69.89% for FY2015, FY2016 and 1H2017 respectively. The revenue of the Group increased by approximately 15.56% from approximately HK\$6,738.40 million for FY2015 to approximately HK\$7,787.18 million for FY2016. According to the 2016 Annual Report, such increase in revenue was mainly contributed by toll revenue contribution to the Group from a project company (i.e. Shenzhen Qinglong Expressway Company Limited) which had become a subsidiary of the Group since 30 October 2015, as well as the growth in toll revenue recorded by two expressways in Shenzhen region. The revenue of the Group increased by approximately 17.53% from approximately HK\$3,578.01 million for 1H2016 to approximately HK\$4,205.18 million for 1H2017. As stated in the 2017 Interim Report, the increase was mainly due to the growth in the business volume of the Group's port business and the successful expansion of its third-party logistics service business and the logistics financial service business.

b) SIHCL

As stated in the Letter from the Board, SIHCL is principally engaged in property rights management, capital operation, investment and financing business. It indirectly owned approximately 44.2% of the issued share capital of the Company as at the Latest Practicable Date.

c) SZ Expressway

As stated in the Letter from the Board, SZ Expressway and its subsidiaries (the "SZ Expressway Group") are principally engaged in the investment, construction, operation and management of toll highways and roads, as well as other urban and transportation infrastructure facilities. During the previous years, SZ Expressway has been entrusted by SIHCL to manage Coastal Company, and also entrusted by Coastal Company to manage the construction of Coastal Project and the operation of Coastal Phase I. For details, please refer to the joint announcements of the Company and SZ Expressway dated 6 November 2009, 9 September 2011, 1 June 2016, 16 June 2016 and 30 December 2016, the circular of the Company dated 4 October 2011, and the announcement of SZ Expressway dated 19 August 2014.

The table below summarises the financial information of the SZ Expressway Group for FY2015, FY2016, 1H2016 and 1H2017, respectively as extracted from the 2016 SZ Expressway Annual Report and the 2017 SZ Expressway Interim Report:

	For the year ended 31 December			For the six months ended 30 June			9		
	2015		2016	2016		2016		2017	
	RMB'000	%	RMB'000	%	RMB'000	%	RMB'000	%	
	(audited)		(audited)		(unaudited)		(unaudited)		
Revenue									
- Toll highways	3,014,057	88.12	3,679,988	81.20	1,765,702	85.58	1,956,878	92.81	
- Entrusted management									
services	94,617	2.77	121,417	2.68	97,827	4.74	34,929	1.66	
- Engineering consulting	191,396	5.60	333,918	7.37	135,404	6.56	-	_	
- Real estate development	_	_	253,685	5.60	_	_	55,783	2.65	
- Advertising and others	120,508	3.51	143,201	3.15	64,195	3.12	60,795	2.88	
Total revenue	3,420,578	100	4,532,209	100	2,063,128	100	2,108,385	100	

We noted from the table above that the revenue of the SZ Expressway Group is mainly contributed by revenue from toll highways, which accounted for approximately 88.12%, 81.20% and 92.81% for FY2015, FY2016 and 1H2017 respectively. The revenue of the SZ Expressway Group increased by approximately 32.50% from approximately RMB3,420.58 million for FY2015 to approximately RMB4,532.21 million for FY2016. According to the 2016 SZ Expressway Annual Report, such increase in revenue was mainly contributed by the acquisition of Shenzhen Qinglong Expressway Company Limited, which was included into the consolidated financial statements of the Group since 30 October 2015 and contributed revenue from toll highways of approximately RMB513.69 million for FY2016. The SZ Expressway Group also recognised real estate development revenue of approximately RMB253.69 million

for FY2016 due to a property development project in Longli. The revenue of the SZ Expressway Group slightly increased by approximately 2.19% from approximately RMB2,063.13 million for 1H2016 to approximately RMB2,108.39 million for 1H2017. As stated in the 2017 SZ Expressway Interim Report, the increase was mainly due to the increase in toll revenue of the existing ancillary toll highways mainly due to the growth of toll revenue of certain expressway projects benefitting from the organic growth of traffic volume, the improvement of neighbouring road networks and the induced growth of traffic volume after the implementation of the toll-free policy for three expressway projects but offset by the effect of de-consolidation of Shenzhen Expressway Engineering Consulting Company Limited from the financial statements of the SZ Expressway Group.

The directors of SZ Expressway advised us that the SZ Expressway Group will continue to focus on its toll highway business going forward. With reference to the 2017 SZ Expressway Interim Report, the SZ Expressway Group will carry out in-depth improvement for the standardised management of the platform of Shenzhen Expressway Operation Development Company Limited and strengthen management and control on costs, with a view to further consolidate and enhance the quality and level of integrated operational service. The SZ Expressway Group will also explore new growth points on toll by way of site inspections, route comparison and data analysis, while launching targeted marketing and promotion activities to increase the toll revenue. Meanwhile, it will continue to carry out research, selection and examination of both toll highway projects and projects relating to new industries, as well as ongoing risk monitoring and management in line with the development strategies of the SZ Expressway Group.

d) Coastal Company

As stated in the Letter from the Board, Coastal Company is a limited liability company established in the PRC and its principal business is the construction, operation and management of Coastal Project. Guangshen Coastal Expressway (Provincial Line S3) is an important channel connecting Guangzhou and Shenzhen, and Guangdong and Hong Kong. It has a total length of approximately 90 km connecting Huangpu District in Guangzhou and Nanshan District in Shenzhen. Coastal Project is the Shenzhen section of Guangshen Coastal Expressway, extending from Dongbao River, the boundary between Dongguan and Shenzhen, to Nanshan District, Shenzhen and connecting with Shenzhen Western Corridor in the south. Coastal Project is a dual eight-lane expressway with the total mileage of approximately 37 km. It comprises two phases. Coastal Phase I is on the main line of Guangshen Coastal Expressway. It has a toll mileage of approximately 30.9 km and was opened to traffic on 28 December 2013 with a toll collection period of 25 years. Coastal Phase II includes the connection line on the Shenzhen side of Shenzhen-Zhongshan Channel, Airport Interchange, International Convention and Exhibition Center Interchange, etc., with a total length of approximately 5.7 km. The construction of Coastal Phase II commenced in December 2015 and is scheduled to be opened to traffic by end of 2019.

According to the Coastal Project investment and financing plan approved by the Shenzhen government, the estimated total cost of Coastal Project is approximately RMB16.7 billion. The government shall contribute RMB10.3 billion and Coastal Company shall contribute RMB6.4 billion, which shall be financed by bank loan (of which Coastal Phase I and Coastal Phase II amounted to RMB5.4 billion and RMB1.0 billion respectively) after pledging its toll-collection right to such bank. As at the Latest Practicable Date, the government had contributed approximately RMB7.1 billion. Coastal Company has pledged the

toll-collection right of Coastal Project to a syndicate led by China Development Bank and has applied for a syndicated loan facility totaling RMB5.4 billion, of which a cumulated amount of RMB4.7 billion was utilised.

For FY2016 and the ten months ended 31 October 2017, the average daily traffic flow of Coastal Phase I was approximately 73,600 vehicles and 77,200 vehicles, and the average daily toll revenue was approximately RMB1,065,800 and RMB1,113,800, respectively.

The table below sets out the financial information (after retrospective adjustment) of Coastal Company for the two years ended 31 December 2016 and the ten months ended 31 October 2017:

			For the ten months
	For the ye	ar ended	ended
	31 Dece	ember	31 October
	2015	2016	2017
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
	(unaudited)	(audited)	(audited)
Net loss (before tax)	(145,944.08)	(108,250.41)	(57,345.53)
Net loss (after tax)	(145,944.08)	(108,250.41)	(57,345.53)
			As at
	As at 31 I	December	31 October
	2015	2016	2017
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
	(unaudited)	(audited)	(audited)
Net asset	1,637,595.94	1,529,345.53	1,472,000.00

As shown in the above table, Coastal Company recorded net losses of approximately RMB145.94 million, RMB108.25 million and RMB57.35 million for the two years ended 31 December 2016 and the ten months ended 31 October 2017, respectively. As advised by the directors of SZ Expressway, the net losses of Coastal Company were principally due to its operating costs and its finance costs for Coastal Project. The construction of Coastal Phase I has been completed while the construction of Coastal Phase II commenced in December 2015 and is scheduled to be opened to traffic by end of 2019.

2. Economic and industry development of Guangdong Province

In 2016, according to statistics issued by the National Bureau of Statistics of China, the economy in the PRC experienced a growth with 6.7% increase in gross domestic product ("GDP"), while GDP of Guangdong Province has led the PRC's GDP growth rate and grew 7.5% in the same year. Guangdong Province's economy benefited from the implementation of a series of new reform policies, such new reform policies included government promoting the coordinated development within the Guangdong Province and improving the economic structure by industrial technological innovation and high end oriented development of the service industry.

The table below sets out the annual growth rate of the real GDP and urbanisation rate of Guangdong Province and the PRC from 2012 to 2016:

	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
	%	%	%	%	%
Real GDP growth rate					
 Guangdong Province 	8.2	8.5	7.8	8.0	7.5
Real GDP growth rate					
– the PRC	7.7	7.7	7.4	6.9	6.7
Urbanisation rate (Note)					
 Guangdong Province 	67.40	67.76	68.00	68.71	69.20
Urbanisation rate (Note)					
– the PRC	52.57	53.73	54.77	56.10	57.36

Source: National Bureau of Statistics of China, Statistics Bureau of Guangdong Province

Note: Urbanisation rate represents the percentage of urban population to total population.

Due to the rural and urban integration development in Guangdong Province, Guangdong Province's urbanisation rate maintained at a level above the PRC urbanisation rate since 2012. Such development will benefit to the industry of infrastructure construction, traffic consolidation and logistics. According to the Guangdong Province Urban Public Transport Development Plan (2016-2020) (《廣東省城市公共交通發展規劃》(2016-2020年)) published by the Transport Department of Guangdong Province, the Guangdong provincial government expects that the urbanisation rate will reach 71.7% in 2020, the development of traffic and logistic supports have to be sped up in order to cater to the rising of demand for the transportation facilities.

3. Traffic volume and toll revenue of Coastal Project

As advised by the directors of SZ Expressway, the table below summarises the average daily traffic volume and annual toll revenue of Coastal Project (only including Coastal Phase I) and its growth rate for the two years ended 31 December 2016:

	For the year ended 31 December		
	2015	2016	
Average daily traffic volume (vehicles)	63,100	73,600	
Average daily traffic volume growth rate (%)	35.4	16.6	
Annual toll revenue (RMB millions)	324	390	
Annual toll revenue growth rate (%)	20.4	20.6	

The above table shows that the average daily traffic volume and annual toll revenue maintained a double digit growth rate for FY2015 and FY2016. Since Coastal Phase II is under construction, the traffic volume and toll revenue of Coastal Project is expected to increase when Coastal Phase II is opened to traffic. According to the traffic study report set out in appendix II to the Circular, based on the moderate scenario, the annual toll revenue of Coastal Project (including Coastal Phase I and Coastal Phase II) is expected to reach approximately RMB1,462.48 million in 2038.

4. Reasons for and benefits of entering into the Acquisition Agreement

As stated in the Letter from the Board, the investment, construction, operation and management of toll highways and roads are in the ordinary and usual course of business of SZ Expressway. The directors of SZ Expressway consider that Guangshen Coastal Expressway is an important core passage going through the north-south of the Pearl River Delta region. It is also an important corridor connecting Guangzhou, Shenzhen and Hong Kong within the Guangdong-Hong Kong-Macau Greater Bay Area (the "Bay Area"). It enjoys an excellent geographical location and an economically viable neighbourhood region. According to the State Council's Guiding Opinions on Deepening Pan-Pearl River Delta Regional Co-operation (《國務院關於深化泛珠三角區域合作的指 導意見》) published by the State Council on 3 March 2016, the PRC government advised to strengthen the cooperation between the PRC, Hong Kong and Macau. Such opinion highlighted to foster the major infrastructure projects, in particular, the transportation development to connect with Hong Kong, Macau and the PRC including but not limited to the construction of Hong Kong-Zhuhai-Macao Bridge and Liantang/Heung Yuen Wai Boundary Control Point. According to the article headed "Visit to Guangdong-Hong Kong-Macao Bay Area" from the website of the Office of the Chief Executive of Hong Kong, Hong Kong, Macau and Guangdong have been maintaining close liaison with the National Development and Reform Commission to actively take forward and launch a joint study to prepare a development plan for the Bay Area, which encompasses 11 cities with a total population of over 66 million and an economic size of more than US\$1.3 trillion. The development of Guangshen Coastal Expressway, which connects Guangzhou and Shenzhen, and Guangdong and Hong Kong, is in line with the general development plan of the PRC government.

As stated in the Letter from the Board, the Acquisition will further strengthen the core strengths of SZ Expressway in the investment, management and operation of highways, and is in line with the development strategy and overall interests of SZ Expressway as a whole. The principal business of Coastal Company is the construction, operation and management of Coastal Project, which involves the Shenzhen section of Guangshen Coastal Expressway. According to the 2016 Annual Report, the Group operates the toll road business mainly through SZ Expressway. According to the 2016 SZ Expressway Annual Report, SZ Expressway stated that it will closely monitor the investment prospect and opportunities of the projects in the main route of national highways which have commenced operation or will soon commence operation. During 1H2017, SZ Expressway has continuously invested in several expressway projects including but not limited to the investment in the project of Shenzhen section of Outer Ring Expressway in Shenzhen. As further mentioned in the above paragraph headed "1. Information of the Company, SIHCL, SZ Expressway and Coastal Company - c) SZ Expressway", the revenue of the SZ Expressway Group is mainly contributed by revenue from toll highways, which accounted for approximately 88.12%, 81.20% and 92.81% for FY2015, FY2016 and 1H2017 respectively. Furthermore, according to the 2017 SZ Expressway Interim Report, SZ Expressway wholly and/or non-wholly owned a total of 17 toll highway projects, in which 8, 5 and 4 are located in the Shenzhen region, other regions in Guangdong Province and other provinces in the PRC, as at 30 June 2017. SZ Expressway has managed to operate with a number of toll highways in its ordinary and usual course of business.

The Acquisition is also in line with the strategy of the Group to consolidate premium infrastructure resources. As SZ Expressway is a subsidiary of the Company, the Acquisition enables the strengthening of the core business of SZ Expressway which is beneficial to the Company as a whole.

We noted that Coastal Company has been in a loss making position in the past few years mainly due to its operating costs and its finance costs for Coastal Project. In this regard, the Directors advised us that Coastal Phase I is in the preliminary stage of operation and Coastal Phase II is still in the construction phase and is scheduled to be opened to traffic by the end of 2019. In addition, the surrounding road network of Coastal Project is not comprehensive enough currently and the traffic diversion function of Coastal Project has not been fully played. The Directors expected that the Acquisition will have a negative impact on the operating results of the Company in the short term. However, as stated in the Letter from the Board, based on the experience of SZ Expressway in expressway operation and management, an expressway usually experiences losses in its early stage of operation and may turn from loss to profit after several years of operation. Since the loss incurred by Coastal Company is diminishing gradually over time, which is in line with the business development pattern of an expressway, it is expected that Coastal Company will continue to reduce its loss and start to realise gain in the near future. Furthermore, with the steady development of the regional economy along Coastal Project, the expected commencement of operation of Coastal Phase II by the end of 2019, the operation of Coastal Project having entered into a more mature stage and the constant improvement of its surrounding road networks, the Directors expected that the operating performance of Coastal Project will have a rapid growth. As further advised by the directors of SZ Expressway, the expected improvement of the surrounding road network of Coastal Project in the foreseeable future includes (i) the construction of the route connecting Guangshen Coastal Expressway (Provincial Line S3) and Jihe Expressway; (ii) the improvement of Jihe Expressway; (iii) the construction of Outer Ring Expressway in Shenzhen, which will connect to Guangshen Coastal Expressway (Provincial Line S3); and (iv) the construction of Shenzhong Expressway, which will connect to Guangshen Coastal Expressway (Provincial Line S3). The abovementioned improvement of the surrounding road network are likely to stimulate the traffic volume of Guangshen Coastal Expressway (Provincial Line S3) in the foreseeable future. Therefore, the Acquisition would likely to help enhance the business scale and profit base and contribute to the steady growth of cash flow for the Group.

Having taken into account (i) the general development plan of the PRC government; (ii) the Acquisition is in line with the development strategy of SZ Expressway to further strengthen the core strengths of SZ Expressway in the investment, construction, management and operation of highways; (iii) the Acquisition is also in line with the strategy of the Group to consolidate premium infrastructure resources and strengthening the core business of SZ Expressway (as a subsidiary of the Company) is beneficial to the Company as a whole; and (iv) the prospects of Coastal Company as expected by the Directors, we concur with the Directors that the entering into of the Acquisition Agreement is in the interests of the Company and the Shareholders as a whole.

II. Principal terms of the Acquisition Agreement

On 11 December 2017, SZ Expressway (as purchaser), SIHCL (as vendor) and Coastal Company entered into the Acquisition Agreement, pursuant to which SZ Expressway agreed to acquire and SIHCL agreed to sell 100% equity interest in Coastal Company at a consideration of RMB1.472 billion (approximately HK\$1.712 billion).

Consideration and payment arrangements

As set out in the Letter from the Board, the consideration for the acquisition of 100% equity interest in Coastal Company is RMB1.472 billion (approximately HK\$1.712 billion), which shall be paid by SZ Expressway to SIHCL in the following manner:

- (i) within 10 working days from the date of the Acquisition Agreement, SZ Expressway shall pay 50% of the consideration, being RMB736 million (approximately HK\$856 million) to SIHCL, and SZ Expressway and SIHCL shall enter into a joint account agreement with a commercial bank agreed by both parties and open a joint account in the name of SIHCL under the common control of the parties for depositing the remaining consideration.
- (ii) within 15 days upon the effective conditions of the Acquisition Agreement being fully satisfied or exempted/waived (and in any event not later than 31 December 2017), such effective conditions are namely, SIHCL having completed the statutory procedures for the transfer of state-owned assets in accordance with the law; the shareholder of Coastal Company having considered and approved the Acquisition; and having obtained letter(s) of consent from the financial institution creditors of Coastal Company, SZ Expressway, SIHCL and Coastal Company shall promptly handle the business registration in relation to the Acquisition. As at the Latest Practicable Date, the effective conditions of the Acquisition Agreement had been fully satisfied.
- (iii) SZ Expressway shall deposit the remaining 50% consideration of RMB736 million (approximately HK\$856 million) into the joint account as set out in (i) above within 10 working days after completion of the matters below (and in any event not later than 31 December 2017):
 - (a) the effective conditions to the Acquisition Agreement as set out in (ii) above have been fully satisfied or waived; and
 - (b) the Market and Quality Supervision Commission of Shenzhen Municipality having approved the business registration of the acquisition of equity interest in Coastal Company by SZ Expressway and issued a new business license or notice of change to Coastal Company.
- (iv) within 5 working days from the Acquisition having been approved by its shareholders in the general meeting, SZ Expressway shall release its control on the joint account and the fund in the joint account shall be owned by SIHCL.

As at the Latest Practicable Date, the consideration has been paid by SZ Expressway through its internal resources and borrowing and the business registration in relation to the Acquisition as referred in item (ii) above has been approved.

Having taking into account that the above payment arrangements reflect each stage of the progress of the Acquisition, such as the fulfillment of the effective conditions under the Acquisition Agreement and the approval of business registration changes, we concur with the Directors that the above payment arrangements are on normal commercial terms and are fair and reasonable so far as the Independent Shareholders are concerned.

Other terms

- (i) The investment and financing plan of Coastal Phase II was determined by the relevant Shenzhen governmental authorities. Upon completion of the Acquisition, Coastal Company shall continue to follow the government approval to complete the investment and financing plan.
- During the previous years, SZ Expressway has been entrusted by SIHCL to manage Coastal (ii) Company, and also entrusted by Coastal Company to manage the construction of Coastal Project and the operation of Coastal Phase I. Among such entrustment projects, the construction of Coastal Phase I was completed, and the settlement and payment of the relevant construction costs are now in progress. The construction management of Coastal Phase II and the operation management of Coastal Phase I are still ongoing. Pursuant to the Acquisition Agreement, the follow-up arrangements on the entrusted management of Coastal Company and Coastal Project are as follows: except for the settlement and payment of the relevant construction costs, the Entrusted Construction Agreement and the Supplemental Entrusted Construction Agreement in relation to Coastal Project shall be suspended, and SZ Expressway shall cease to charge for the construction management fees of Coastal Phase II. As for the Entrusted Operation Agreement in relation to Coastal Phase I, it shall also be suspended save for Coastal Company paying the operation management fee to SZ Expressway for the period up to the base date (31 October 2017). The Entrusted Operation and Management Agreement shall be suspended after the change of shareholding in Coastal Company.

If the Acquisition has not been approved by the shareholders of SZ Expressway in the general meeting within 6 months after the date of the Acquisition Agreement, the abovementioned agreements shall resume. If the Acquisition is approved by the shareholders of SZ Expressway in the general meeting within 6 months after the date of the Acquisition Agreement, the abovementioned agreements will be terminated except for the settlement and payment of the relevant construction costs under the Entrusted Construction Agreement.

Further details of the Acquisition Agreement have been set out in the Letter from the Board.

III. Basis of consideration

As set out in the Letter from the Board, the consideration was determined after arm's length negotiations between SZ Expressway and SIHCL. The principal business of Coastal Company is the construction, operation and management of Coastal Project. Based on the investment and operation experiences and the professional abilities towards the highway projects in the past, SZ Expressway comprehensively considered factors including the traffic flow, operation, policy environment and the maturity of the project for assessing the estimated value of Coastal Company; and took into account the Valuation Report prepared by Pengxin Appraisal as the major factors in negotiating the consideration of the Acquisition. The income approach was adopted in the valuation of the market value of the entire shareholder's interests in Coastal Company as at 31 October 2017 by Pengxin Appraisal.

The Valuation Report

a) Methodologies

We understand that Pengxin Appraisal has considered three generally accepted valuation approaches, namely the market approach, asset-based approach and income approach, in arriving at the valuation of the market value of the entire shareholder's interests in Coastal Company as at 31 October 2017. Due to the failure to collect information of comparable listed companies or comparable transactions with comparable business structure, asset size, scale of operations, profitability and other factors, it is not suitable to use market approach in the evaluation. The asset-based approach may overlook the comprehensive profitability of each asset in the overall assets appraisal and therefore this assessment does not apply the asset-based approach. In respect of the income approach, Pengxin Appraisal considered that the main source of revenue for Coastal Company is toll income and its expected annual income is recurring and relatively stable in the future. The future expected return is predictable and can be measured in currency. The risk borne by the asset owner to obtain the expected return is also predictable and can be measured in currency. The expected profit period can be predicted by the enterprise. Therefore, it is appropriate to use the income approach for the evaluation. The income approach refers to the evaluation method of capitalising or discounting the expected benefits and determining the value of the appraised object. Pengxin Appraisal further advised us that income approach is the most appropriate method in valuing the market value of the entire shareholder's interests in Coastal Company based on the fact that income approach is the most commonly used valuation method in toll collection rights.

b) Discount rate

When applying the income approach to estimate the market value of the entire shareholder's interests in Coastal Company, it is necessary to determine an appropriate discount rate for the assets under review. We noted that Pengxin Appraisal has used the weighted average cost of capital model (the "WACC") as the discount rate in the Valuation Report. The WACC has been estimated based on a standard formula incorporating the cost of equity and cost of debt as well as a fixed capital structure. We noted that Pengxin Appraisal has used the capital asset pricing model (the "CAPM") to estimate the required rate of return on equity of Coastal Company. We understand that the CAPM technique is widely accepted in the investment and financial analysis communities for the purpose of estimating a company's required rate of return on equity. In arriving at the discount rate, Pengxin Appraisal has taken into account a number of factors including (i) risk free rate; (ii) market return; (iii) company specific risk; and (iv) beta, a measure of non-diversifiable risk, of a number of comparable companies. Such comparable companies are companies listed on the Shenzhen Stock Exchange and the Shanghai Stock Exchange and are engaged in similar business of Coastal Company. As such, we are of the view that it is fair and reasonable to derive beta from these peer companies.

c) Forecast of operating revenue and corporate free cash flow

The valuation is based on operating results over previous years of the enterprise under valuation. Estimates on future operation and revenue of Coastal Company are conducted through analysis over revenue, costs, financial structures, business development trends and growth movements. We noted that Pengxin Appraisal has considered and relied to a considerable extent on the traffic study report issued by GPCP&D as set out in appendix II to the Circular (the "Report") when preparing the valuation. According to its website, GPCP&D is principally engaged in design of highways, engineering surveying and provision of consultation on municipal public works. As advised by GPCP&D, it also has the relevant qualification and over 10 years of experience in performing

studies on traffic volume and toll revenue of expressways in Shenzhen, other regions in Guongdong and other provinces in the PRC. As discussed with Pengxin Appraisal, Pengxin Appraisal believed that the forecast of operating revenue and corporate free cash flow are reasonable after considering the historical performance of Coastal Company and the Report. We also noted that the Board has issued the letter confirming that the forecast underlying the valuation is made after due and careful enquiry. Based on the above, we consider that the assumptions used in the valuation are fair and reasonable.

d) Other relevant assumptions

The valuation has adopted several key assumptions, details of which are disclosed in the paragraph headed "XI. Evaluation assumptions" in the Valuation Report set out in appendix I to the Circular. In order to understand the relevant assumptions used in the valuation, we have discussed with Pengxin Appraisal and Pengxin Appraisal has confirmed that the relevant underlying assumptions adopted in the valuation are normally used and fair and reasonable. Based on the review and discussion with Pengxin Appraisal, we consider that the key assumptions used in the valuation are fair and reasonable.

Pursuant to Rule 13.80 of the Listing Rules, in order to assess the expertise and independence of Pengxin Appraisal, we have also performed the following steps:

- (i) obtained and reviewed the terms of engagement (having particular regard to the scope of work, whether the scope of work is appropriate to the opinion required to be given and any limitations on the scope of work which might adversely impact on the degree of assurance given by the Valuation Report);
- discussed with Pengxin Appraisal as to its current or prior relationships with the Company, SIHCL, SZ Expressway, Coastal Company and their respective connected persons; and
- (iii) reviewed and discussed with Pengxin Appraisal on its past experience on valuation in the similar industry.

Based on our work performed as set out above, we understand that (i) Pengxin Appraisal has more than ten years of experience in valuation and has experience in valuing companies engaged in the construction, operation and management of expressways in the PRC in the past; and (ii) except for its engagements in respect of independent valuation, it has no current or prior relationships with the Company, SIHCL, SZ Expressway, Coastal Company and their respective connected persons. As such, we are not aware of any matters that would cause us to question Pengxin Appraisal's expertise and independence in conducting the valuation.

Independent Shareholders are advised to refer to the Valuation Report contained in appendix I to the Circular for details of the bases and assumptions of the valuation. Given that the consideration for the Acquisition of RMB1.472 billion is equivalent to the valuation of the market value of the entire shareholder's interests in Coastal Company as at 31 October 2017 as appraised by Pengxin Appraisal, we concur with the Directors that the consideration for the Acquisition is fair and reasonable so far as the Independent Shareholders are concerned.

IV. Financial effects of the Acquisition on the Group

As a result of the Acquisition, Coastal Company would become a subsidiary of the Company, and its financial statements will be included into the consolidated financial statements of the Company.

1. Earnings

Coastal Company is currently in a loss making position. Coastal Phase II is still in the construction phase and is scheduled to be opened to traffic by the end of 2019. The Directors expected that the Group will experience a negative impact on the operating results due to the Acquisition in the short term. However, in light of the future prospects of Coastal Company as expected by the Directors, the Directors are of the view that the Acquisition would likely to have a positive impact on the future earnings of the Group in the long run.

2. Working capital

As set out in the Letter from the Board, the consideration for the Acquisition of RMB1.472 billion has been paid by SZ Expressway through its internal resources and borrowing. According to the 2017 Interim Report, the Group had cash and cash equivalents of approximately HK\$5,503.55 million as at 30 June 2017. It is expected that SZ Expressway's as well as the Group's cash and cash equivalents would be reduced as a result of the Acquisition. Furthermore, as confirmed by the Directors, SZ Expressway may be required to inject further capital into Coastal Company throughout the course of construction of Coastal Phase II, and SZ Expressway has not decided on the methods (e.g. equity and debt financing) to be used to finance such capital injection. For this reason, the Acquisition may affect the working capital position of SZ Expressway as well as the Group.

3. Net asset value

As extracted from the 2017 Interim Report, the unaudited consolidated net asset value of the Group was approximately HK\$30,707.07 million as at 30 June 2017. The Directors expected that the Group's net asset value would not be materially affected by the Acquisition.

It should be noted that the aforementioned analyses are for illustrative purposes only and do not purport to represent how the financial position of the Group will be upon completion of the Acquisition.

V. Recommendation

Having taken into account the above principal factors and reasons, we are of the opinion that (i) the terms of the Acquisition Agreement are fair and reasonable so far as the Independent Shareholders are concerned and are on normal commercial terms; and (ii) the entering into of the Acquisition Agreement is in the interests of the Company and the Shareholders as a whole and in the ordinary and usual course of business of the Group. Therefore, we advise the Independent Board Committee to recommend to the

Independent Shareholders that they vote in favour of the relevant resolution to approve the Acquisition Agreement and the transactions contemplated thereunder at the SGM and we recommend the Independent Shareholders to vote in favour of the resolution in this regard.

Yours faithfully,
For and on behalf of
TC Capital International Limited

Edward Wu

Chairman

Stanley Chung *Managing Director*

Note: Mr. Edward Wu has been a responsible officer of type 6 (advising on corporate finance) regulated activities under the Securities and Futures Ordinance since 2005. Mr. Stanley Chung has been a responsible officer of type 6 (advising on corporate finance) regulated activities under the Securities and Futures Ordinance since 2006. Both Mr. Wu and Mr. Chung have participated in and completed various advisory transactions in respect of connected transactions of listed companies in Hong Kong.

The following is the valuation report prepared by Pengxin Appraisal for the purpose of incorporation in this circular. This valuation report was prepared in Chinese only and set out below is an English translation of such report. In case of any discrepancies between the Chinese and the English versions of this report, the Chinese version shall prevail.

PENGXINZIPINGBAOZI [2017] No. S100

EVALUATION REPORT

on the Total Value of Shareholders' Equity in Shenzhen Guangshen Yanjiang Expressway Investment Co., Ltd. Involved in the Proposed Acquisition of Equity by Shenzhen Expressway Company Limited

SHENZHEN EXPRESSWAY COMPANY LIMITED,

Shenzhen Pengxin Appraisal Limited has conducted an evaluation of the market value of the entire shareholders' equity of Shenzhen Guangzhou-Shenzhen Yanjiang Expressway Co., Ltd. involved in the proposed stock acquisition by your Company as at 31 October 2017 upon your entrust, following the principles of independence, objectivity and fairness, in accordance with the relevant laws, regulations and asset appraisal standards, adopting the income approach and necessary appraisal procedures. The evaluation results are reported as follows:

I. OVERVIEW OF THE PRINCIPAL

Name of the Principal: Shenzhen Expressway Company Limited (hereinafter referred to as

"Shenzhen Expressway")

Unified Social Credit

Code:

91440300279302515E

Registered Address: Fumin Toll Station, Fucheng Community, Longhua District, Shenzhen

Legal Representative: Hu Wei

Registered Capital: RMB2,180,770,326

Economic Nature: Public Company Limited by Shares

Date of Establishment: December 30, 1996

Operating Period: 30 years (from December 30, 1996 to December 30, 2026)

Scope of Business: road investment, road construction management and operation; import and

export business (with certificate of competency).

II. OVERVIEW OF THE EVALUATED ENTERPRISE

A. Basic Information

1. Registration Information

Company Name: Shenzhen Guangshen Yanjiang Expressway Investment Co.,

Ltd. (hereinafter referred to as "Yanjiang Expressway")

Unified Social Credit

code:

91440300682010301B

Registered Address: Room 1303, 4/F, Podium, Jiangsu Building, Yitian Road,

Futian District, Shenzhen

Legal Representative: Liao Xiangwen

Registered Capital: RMB4,600,000,000

Economic Nature: limited liability company (legal sole proprietorship)

Date of Establishment: December 1, 2008

Operating Period: 30 years (from December 1, 2008 until December 1, 2038)

Business Scope: Investment in construction and operation of Shenzhen

section of Guangzhou-Shenzhen Expressway.

The enterprise was registered in Shenzhen Administration for Industry and Commerce on December 1, 2008.

2. Shareholders

As of the base date of evaluation, the contribution and shareholdings of each shareholder of Yanjiang Expressway are as follows:

Investor's Name	Contribution (10,000 yuan)	Shareholding Ratio
1 Shenzhen Investment Holding Co., Ltd.	460,000	100%
Total	460,000	100%

B. Enterprise History

"Yanjiang Expressway," a wholly state-owned limited liability company funded by Shenzhen Investment Holdings Co., Ltd. upon the approval of State-owned Assets Supervision and Administration Commission of Shenzhen Municipality, was established on December 1, 2008 and received the Business License with a unified social credit code 91440300682010301B issued by Shenzhen Administration for Industry and Commerce. Its existing registered capital is RMB4.6 billion.

C. Historical Financial Information of the Enterprise

The summary Balance Sheets of "Yanjiang Expressway" as of the base date of evaluation and for 2016 are as follows (Unit: RMB10,000):

2016-12-31	2017-10-31
44,781.79	208,352.98
666,646.74	654,045.75
22,240.04	20,472.25
_	38.88
644,406.70	633,534.62
711,428.53	862,398.73
97,033.33	258,560.46
461,460.65	456,638.27
558,493.98	715,198.73
152,934.55	147,200.00
	44,781.79 666,646.74 22,240.04 - 644,406.70 711,428.53 97,033.33 461,460.65 558,493.98

The Statements of Income of "Yanjiang Expressway" as of the evaluation date and for 2016 are as follows (Unit: RMB10,000):

		January-
Item	2016	October, 2017
1. Operating Income	38,573.67	33,134.47
Minus: Operating Cost	26,179.08	18,859.47
Business Tax and Surcharges	514.33	215.61
Administrative Expense	932.25	634.50
Finance Expense	21,668.83	19,170.31
2. Operating Profit	-10,720.82	-5,745.42
Plus: Non-operating Income	0.08	10.86
Minus: Non-operating Expense	104.31	
3. Total Profit	-10,825.04	-5,734.55
Minus: Income Tax Expense		
4. Net Profit	-10,825.04	-5,734.55

Note: The above financial data have been audited by Ernst & Young Hua Ming LLP (Special General Partnership), and an audit report [(2017) No. 61278656_H06] by Ernst & Young Hua Ming was issued.

D. Products and Services Introduction

The business scope of "Yanjiang Expressway" is to invest in the construction and operation of the Shenzhen section of Guangzhou-Shenzhen Expressway. The Shenzhen section of the Guangzhou-Shenzhen Yanjiang Expressway ("the Project") is the S3 section of the Expressway starting from Dongbao River at the border of Shenzhen and Dongguan and ending at Moon Bay of Nanshan District, Shenzhen. It connects with the western passage of Shenzhen and Hong Kong and has a total length of 37 kilometers. Adopting a two-way 8-lane highway standard, it is designed for vehicles speeds of 100 km/h.

The construction of the Project is divided into two phases. The first phase of the Project is located along the main highway with a toll mileage of 30.9 kilometers. In 2009 the construction began and on November 21, 2013 trial operations were conducted. On December 28, 2013, the first phase was incorporated into the operation of the Pearl River Delta road network. There are altogether four interchanges, 14 super-large bridges, and one bridge, 99.7% of which is bridge engineering. The two-way eight-lane expressway with a design speed of 100km/h has a main toll station at Qianhai, and four ramp toll stations at Xixiang South, Dachanwan, Xixiang North, and Fuyong, respectively.

The second phase of the Project includes the side-by-side connection of Shenzhen-Zhongshan Passage Expressway (including Hezhou Interchange and Airport Interchange) and the International Convention and Exhibition Center (Shajing) Interchange. The second phase started construction in 2015 and is scheduled to open to traffic by the end of 2019.

According to the reply from the provincial government on an adjustment of the toll-taking period of the Guangzhou-Shenzhen Yanjiang Expressway in 2008 (Yue Ban Han [2008] No. 578), the toll charging period of the Project is 25 years, calculated from the date of Project completion, inspection and acceptance. According to the actual situation of the Project, the charge period is from December 28, 2013 to December 27, 2038.

III. OTHER USERS OF THE EVALUATION REPORT

Other users of this evaluation report include: supervisors and supervisory and administrative departments that are responsible for the examination, approval and filing of assessment reports and their corresponding economic activities in accordance with relevant regulations.

IV. PURPOSE OF EVALUATION

This evaluation assesses the shareholders' equity value of "Yanjiang Expressway" as at 31 October 2017 and provides reference for Shenzhen Expressway of the value of the proposed acquisition.

The Company is not responsible for the objectivity and feasibility of using this report in whole or in part for any purposes other than the above purpose and therefore will not be liable for any consequences whatsoever.

V. OBJECT AND SCOPE OF EVALUATION

The assessment object is: the entire shareholders' equity value of Yanjiang Expressway.

The corresponding assessment range is the total assets and related liabilities of Yanjiang Expressway declared as of October 31, 2017, of which: the total carrying amount of the assets is RMB8,623,987,300, the carrying amount of the total liabilities is RMB7,151,987,300, the carrying amount of the net assets is

RMB1,472,000,000. The assets/liabilities were audited by Ernst & Young Hua Ming LLP (Special General Partnership) which issued an audit report [(2017) No. 61278656_H06]. The specific asset status is shown in the following table (Unit: RMB10,000):

Item	Carrying Amount	Item	Carrying Amount
Current Assets	208,352.98	Current Liabilities	258,560.46
Non-current Assets	654,045.75	Non-current Liabilities	456,638.27
Of which: Fixed Assets	20,472.25	Total Liabilities	715,198.73
Projects under Construction	38.88		
Intangible Assets	633,534.62		
Total Assets	862,398.73	Total Shareholders' Equity	147,200.00

The object of evaluation and the scope of appraisal are the same as that of the appraisal involved in the economic activities mentioned in the evaluation purposes above.

A. Conditions of Physical Assets

The physical assets within the scope of this assessment mainly include buildings, equipment assets and so on.

1. Buildings

The declared building is the Shenzhen Guangzhou-Shenzhen Yanjiang Expressway Operation Management Center, located at Baoyuan Road, Gushu, Bao'an District, Shenzhen, with a floor area of 21,989.56 m². However, since the land it occupies was transferred by the government for public infrastructure construction, which is owned by the government, the declared building does not apply for a property rights certificate.

2. Equipment-class assets

The declared equipment is divided and classified as transport, transportation, office and electronic equipment, etc., among which: transportation equipment includes the Yanjiang Expressway traffic facilities, network charging items, toll collection, uninterruptible power supplies, mobile generator sets, etc.; Office and electronic equipment refers to computers, air conditioners, printers, sound system in conference rooms, filing cabinets, office furniture, wardrobe, single beds, etc. Various types of equipment are under good maintenance and in normal use.

B. The Recorded or Unrecorded Intangible Assets Declared by the Enterprise

The declared intangible assets are the franchise rights of the project. The period of toll-collection operations is 25 years from December 28, 2013 to December 27, 2038.

C. The Off-balance Sheet Assets Declared by the Enterprise

Nil.

D. Assets Involved in Citing of the Conclusions of other Agencies

Nil.

VI. TYPE OF VALUE AND THE DEFINITION

The value type of this evaluation is the market value of the entire shareholders' equity of Yanjiang Expressway as of the evaluation date.

The so-called market value refers to the estimated transaction value of an asset on the base date of evaluation in an arm's-length transaction after the buyer and the seller voluntarily carry out normal marketing, where both parties are shrewd and cautious, without any coercion or suppression. It is the most probable price that is reasonably available on the open market for an asset to be traded on the following terms:

- 1. Traded in legal currency.
- 2. There is a voluntary seller and a willing buyer.
- 3. The transaction is completed with a one-off payment, no strings attached.
- 4. Buyers and sellers have a full understanding of the status of the assets, including market supply and demand, prices and other conditions. And there is a reasonable promotion, selection, negotiation as well as the economic environment and time to facilitate the transaction.
- 5. The market conditions, price levels and other conditions during the transaction are not significantly changed from the base date of assessment.
- 6. Regardless of the transaction arrangements with special interests, both parties to the transaction engage in a free trade with sufficient market information, rationality and non-compulsion.

VII. BASE DATE OF EVALUATION

The base date of project evaluation is October 31, 2017.

The base date of evaluation is determined by "Shenzhen Expressway". The main factors to be considered in determining the base date for assessment are as follows: 1) The accounting period close to the date of realization of economic activity; 2) The relevant assessment data are more complete.

VIII. BASIS FOR EVALUATION

A. Foundation of Conduct

The Entrusting Party and the Company signed the asset evaluation commission contract.

B. Legal Basis

- Assets Appraisal Law of the People's Republic of China (Adopted by the 21st Session
 of the Standing Committee of the Twelfth National People's Congress of the People's
 Republic of China);
- 2. The "State-owned Assets Assessment Management Measures" by No.91 Order of the State Council of the People's Republic of China, 1991;
- 3. The Detailed Rules Governing the Implementation of the Measures for the Appraisal of State-owned Assets promulgated by the original State-owned Assets Supervision and Administration Bureau (GUOZIBANFA [1992] No. 36);
- 4. "Notice of Forwarding the Opinions on Reforming the Administration of State-owned Assets Assessments and Strengthening the Supervision and Management of Assets Valuation by the Ministry of Finance" issued by the General Office of the State Council ([2001] No. 102) and "Opinions on Reforming the Administration of State-owned Assets Assessments and Strengthening the Supervision and Management of Assets Valuation" by the Ministry of Finance;
- 5. "Provisions on Issues Concerning the Administration of State-owned Assets Appraisal and Management", Ministerial Decree No. 14 of the Ministry of Finance;
- 6. "Interim Measures on Appraisal and Management of Enterprise State-owned Assets", No. 12 Decree of the State-owned Assets Supervision and Administration Commission;
- 7. "Highway Law of the People's Republic of China", No. 19 Order of President of the People's Republic of China, 2004;
- 8. "Management Measures on Paid Transfer of Highway Management Rights", No. 9 Decree of Ministry of Communications, 1996;
- 9. "Toll Road Management Regulations", No. 417 Decree of the Ministry of Communications, 2004;
- "Measures on the Transfer of Rights and Interests of Toll Roads", No.11 Order of the Ministry of Transport, the National Development and Reform Commission, and the Ministry of Finance of the People's Republic of China, 2008;
- 11. "Notice on Strengthening the Management of Equity Transfer of Toll Roads", Ministry of Transport (JIAOCAIFA [2008] No.315);
- 12. The current state tax laws and regulations.

C. Professional Norms

1. "Basic Standards of Assets Appraisal" by Ministry of Finance of the People's Republic of China (CAIZI [2017] NO. 43).

- 2. "Code of Ethics for Asset Appraisal" released by China Appraisal Society (CAS) (ZHONGPINGXIE [2017] No.30)
- 3. "Standards of Asset Appraisal Procedures" released by CAS (ZHONGPINGXIE [2017] No. 31)
- 4. "Standards of Asset Appraisal Asset Appraisal Report" released by CAS (ZHONGPINGXIE [2017] No. 32)
- 5. "Standards of Asset Appraisal Asset Appraisal Commission Contract" released by CAS (ZHONGPINGXIE [2017] No. 33)
- 6. "Standards of Asset Appraisal Asset Appraisal Filing" released by CAS (ZHONGPINGXIE [2017] No. 34)
- 7. "Standards of Asset Appraisal Use of Expert Work and Related Report" released by CAS (ZHONGPINGXIE [2017] No. 35)
- 8. "Standards of Asset Appraisal Enterprise Value" released by CAS (ZHONGPINGXIE [2017] No. 36)
- 9. "Guiding Opinions on Value Types in Asset Appraisal" released by CAS (ZHONGPINGXIE [2017] No. 47)
- 10. "Guiding Opinions on Ownership of Asset Appraisal Object" released by CAS (ZHONGPINGXIE [2017] No. 48)

D. Property Rights Basis

- Copies of the signed major asset approval and construction documents, charge approval documents and the purchase contract of the Shenzhen section of Guangzhou-Shenzhen Yanjiang Expressway;
- 2. Motor vehicle driving licenses, invoices, etc;
- 3. Other proof of property rights.

E. Pricing Basis and Reference Materials

- 1. Inventory declaration assessment schedule provided by Yanjiang Expressway
- 2. Reply of General Office of Guangdong Provincial People's Government on the Toll Collection Period of Guangzhou Shenzhen Expressway along the Pearl River (YCHF [2008] No. 578);
- 3. Report on Traffic Volume and Fee Revenue of Guangzhou-Shenzhen Expressway Shenzhen Section issued by Guangdong Provincial Traffic Planning and Design Institute Co., Ltd. in November 2017;

- 4. Conservation Planning Report, provided by the enterprise, for the Shenzhen Section of Guangzhou-Shenzhen Expressway along the Pearl River during the Operation Period;
- 5. Request by Shenzhen Development and Reform Commission for the Instruction on Financing and Investment of the Second Phase of the Shenzhen Section of Yanjiang Expressway (SDRC [2015] No. 879) and the Minutes of the Meeting on Investment and Financing of Shenzhen Section Phase II Project of Yanjiang Expressway (General Office of Shenzhen Municipal People's Government [2015] No. 274);
- 6. Financial statements and audit report provided by the enterprise;
- 7. Future annual profit forecast, capital expenditure plan provided by the enterprise;
- 8. RoyalFlush Information Network's (RoyalFlush) Financial Information Terminal (www.10jqka.com.cn);
- 9. Other relevant information.

IX. EVALUATION METHOD

According to "Standards of Assets Appraisal – Enterprise Value", an asset appraiser shall perform an enterprise value appraisal according to the relevant conditions such as appraisal object, value type and data collection, and analyze the applicability of basic assets appraisal methods, income appraisal methods and market appraisal methods to make a proper choice of one or more of the basic methods of asset valuation.

The asset-based approach in enterprise value assessment refers to the method of reasonably appraising and determining the value of various assets and liabilities on and off of the balance sheet of the assessed company as at the base date of the evaluation.

The income approach in the valuation of an enterprise refers to the evaluation method of capitalizing or discounting the expected benefits and determining the value of the appraised object.

The market method in the enterprise value assessment refers to the method of assessing the value of the appraisal object by comparing the evaluated enterprise with comparable listed companies or comparable transaction cases.

A. Applicability Analysis and Selection of the Evaluation Method

The asset-based approach sums up the appraised values of the assets that make up the enterprise minus the appraised value of the liabilities to derive the value of the entire shareholders' equity, which reflects the replacement cost of the appraised company on the base day of evaluation but may overlook the comprehensive profitability of each asset in the overall assets appraisal; therefore, this assessment does not apply the asset-based approach.

The principal business of Yanjiang Expressway is the construction and operation of the Shenzhen section of Guangzhou-Shenzhen Yanjiang Expressway. Since its operation, performance has steadily improved year by year. The main source of revenue for Yanjiang Expressway is toll income and its expected annual income is recurring and relatively stable in the future. The future expected return is predictable and can be measured in currency. The risk borne by the asset owner to

obtain the expected return is also predictable and can be measured in currency. The expected profit period can be predicted by the enterprise. Therefore, it is appropriate to use the income approach for the evaluation.

Due to the failure to collect information of comparable listed companies or comparable transactions with comparable business structure, asset size, scale of operations, profitability and other factors, it is not suitable to use market approach in the evaluation.

According to the assessment purpose, object, value type, data collection and other relevant conditions, this assessment uses the income approach to assess the value of the total shareholders' equity of Yanjiang Expressway.

B. Introduction to the Income Approach

According to the asset and business operation status of the enterprise, the free cash flow of firm (FCFF) discount method is used in the evaluation of all the shareholders' equity in the evaluated enterprise. The basic idea is to calculate the value of the operating assets of the business by estimating the operating FCFF created by the operating assets/resources of the firm and choosing an appropriate discount rate, adding the non-operating assets and excess of the enterprise asset value, and then subtracting the value of debt service, to get all the shareholders equity value of the assessed enterprise on the evaluation date.

The basic model for evaluation is: $V=P+\sum C_i-D$

Where: V: the value of the entire shareholders' equity in the enterprise being assessed

P: The value of the operating assets of the assessed enterprise

 $\Sigma C_i {:}$ The value of the non-operating assets and the excess assets of the evaluated enterprise

D: The value of the debt servicing of the assessed enterprise

In the above formula:

$$P = \sum_{t=1}^{n} FCFF_{t} (1+r)^{-t}$$

Where: FCFF_t: free cash flow created by operating assets in the tth year in the future

r: Discount Rate

t: The estimated going-concern duration of the assessed enterprise

In this assessment, FCFF (free cash flow of firm) created by operating assets is defined as:

FCFF=NI + DEPR + INT - CAPEX - NWC

Where: FCFF = Expected free cash flow attributable to all investors (including

shareholders and creditors)

NI = After-tax net profit

DEPR = Depreciation and amortization and other non-cash expenses

INT = Interest expenses after income tax deduction

CAPEX = Capital expenditure

NWC = Increase in net working capital

About the revenue period: The revenue period is determined according to the charging period in the government approval.

About the discount rate: In this evaluation, the discount rate is determined using the weighted average cost of capital (WACC) model based on the net cash flow calculation (FCFF). The rate of return on interest-bearing debt capital is calculated based on the actual borrowing rate. The rate of return on the equity capital is determined according to the Capital Asset Pricing Model (CAPM).

X. IMPLEMENTATION AND SITUATION OF THE EVALUATION PROCEDURES

A. Starting and Ending Time of the Evaluation

The evaluation starts on November 12, 2017 and lasts to the date of issuance of the assessment report. The field survey deadline is November 25, 2017.

B. Major Evaluation Procedures Implemented

- 1. From November 12, 2017 to November 13, 2017: The preliminary investigation of the project, including accepting the project entrustment on the basis of knowing about the purpose, object and scope of the assessment, and the base date of the assessment, etc., drawing up the assessment process and work plan.
- 2. From November 13, 2017 to November 25, 2017: On-site inspection of physical assets and related records, collection of relevant legal documents and other materials, and investigation and comparison of market prices, data collection and analysis on such basis, and determination of assessment method based on the results of the analysis to estimate and analyze the market value.
- 3. From November 25, 2017 to the date of issuing the appraisal report: preparing the assets appraisal report. After the Company's internal audit an assessment report is to be issued.

XI. EVALUATION ASSUMPTIONS

This evaluation is based on the following assessment assumptions, which will have a significant impact on the assessment results when there is a large change thereto.

- 1. It is assumed that there will be no major changes in the future economy, market, and social environment (such as national macroeconomic policies, market supply and demand, fiscal and taxation policies, domestic and foreign trade policies, environmental protection policies, financial and monetary policies, etc.)
- 2. It is assumed that the unit under assessment will be a going-concern after the assessment base date;
- 3. It is assumed that there is no significant change in the current taxes and tax rates of the assessed enterprises;
- 4. It is assumed that no force majeure will have a material adverse impact on the assessed entity after the assessment base date;
- 5. It is assumed that the management of the unit under assessment is responsible and due diligence after the assessment base date;
- 6. It is assumed that all the business activities of the unit being evaluated can and will be carried out in accordance with the relevant laws and regulations, industry standards, and the relevant provisions of safety in production and operation;
- 7. It is assumed that all the assets being assessed are obtained and used in accordance with the provisions of the national laws, regulations and regulatory documents;
- 8. It is assumed that all the assets and liabilities of the evaluated enterprise are as presented or specified to us and that there are no any other liabilities/assets, contingent liabilities/assets; or other related rights/contingent rights and obligations/contingent obligations, etc.;
- 9. It is assumed that the accounting policies adopted by the enterprise under assessment are consistent in important aspects;
- 10. It is assumed that the information provided by the entrusting party and the evaluated enterprise about this assessment is true, accurate and complete.
- 11. Unless otherwise stated in this report, the following conditions are assumed to be under normal conditions:
 - (1) All or part of assets that are invisible or inconvenient to observe (e.g. foundation and network of buildings buried underground, facilities and equipment placed near high-voltage electricity, assets not to be unpacked) and assets that are still operated off-site or temporarily suspended when we implement the on-site check are assumed to be normal.
 - (2) The internal structure, performance, quality, traits, functions, etc. of all physical assets are assumed to be normal.

(3) All assets under assessment are assumed to be recorded, kept and deposited in compliance with laws, professional codes and other requirements. Therefore, the assets are in a safe, economical and reliable environment, and their possible presence or absence of risk factors is not listed in the appraiser's scope of investigation, its adverse impact on the appraisal value or beneficial effects not being considered.

Although the review process we have conducted includes the review of the assets being evaluated, this review is limited to observations of the visible portion of the assets being evaluated, as well as the spot checks and limited understanding of management, usage, maintenance records, etc. The appraisers do not have the ability to understand any specific knowledge of the internal structure, material character, safety and reliability of any physical assets nor are they qualified to test, check or express opinions on such contents.

XII. FORECAST AND SELECTION OF IMPORTANT PARAMETERS IN THE ASSESSMENT PROCESS

A. Revenue Forecast

The forecast of toll revenue is based on the "Traffic and Toll Revenue Forecast Report of Guangzhou-Shenzhen Expressway along the Pearl River" issued by Guangdong Communications Planning and Design Institute Co., Ltd. After analyzing and comparing the data of under high, medium and low scenarios in the "Forecast Report" and combining the results with the historical data of expressway operation, we think the medium scenario data in the "Forecast Report" are most appropriate. Therefore, we use this data as the basis of forecasting future toll revenue. For non-annual car traffic and toll revenue, the corresponding number of days has been converted.

Other income is mainly forecast based on historical data.

The estimated future operating revenue is as follows (Unit: RMB10,000):

	November-					
Item/Year	December, 2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Total Revenue	6,857.60	44,195.75	49,455.09	64,570.39	71,364.64	79,493.35
Growth Rate	3.68%*	10.51%	11.90%	30.56%	10.52%	11.39%
Item/Year	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028
Total Revenue	86,340.61	108,152.96	117,627.15	113,669.71	116,364.96	115,129.13
Growth Rate	8.61%	25.26%	8.76%	-3.36%	2.37%	-1.06%
Item/Year	2029	2030	2031	2032	2033	2034
Total Revenue	119,158.24	123,680.83	126,344.01	129,437.17	131,863.83	134,724.07
Growth Rate	3.50%	3.80%	2.15%	2.45%	1.87%	2.17%
Item/Year	2035	2036	2037	January- December 27, 2038		
Total Revenue Growth Rate	137,653.67 2.17%	139,526.76 1.36%	140,626.91 0.79%	140,580.63 -0.03%		

Note: The 3.68% growth rate of November to December 2017 in the above table is the growth rate for the year 2017.

B. Forecast of Out-of-pocket Cost

Forecast of out-of-pocket cost is mainly based on historical data, combined with the situations of future operation, among which:

The cost of road maintenance is estimated according to the data in the "Conservation Planning Report on Guangzhou-Shenzhen Yanjiang Expressway (Shenzhen Section) in the Operation Period";

Electromechanical maintenance costs are determined with reference to the ratio of 2016 electromechanical maintenance costs to toll income;

The cost of labor and other disbursements will be increased by 3% in the future on the basis of historical occurrences, of which labor costs corresponding to the second phase of the operation of the Expressway will be taken into consideration from 2020.

C. Selection of Income Tax Rate

The income tax for each year is calculated according to the enterprise income tax rate of 25%. The intangible assets of Yanjiang Expressway are amortized using the traffic flow method and the taxation is amortized on a straight-line basis. Therefore, when we calculate the taxable income, we amortize the intangible assets on a straight-line basis and consider making up for losses and calculating the income tax.

D. Forecast of Depreciation, Amortization, and Capital Expenditure

1. Depreciation and Amortization of the Stock Assets

It is measured according to the original carrying amount of each asset of the company, purchase time, amortization or depreciation and residual value.

2. The updated capital expenditures of stock assets and the corresponding depreciation and amortization.

The future update of the capital expenditures of assets is calculated based on the original carrying amount and the economic durability of each asset of the company.

After the stock assets are updated, the measurement principle and method of their depreciation and amortization to be withdrawn is corresponding to the requirements for depreciation and amortization of the stock assets mentioned above.

3. Capital expenditure of incremental assets, future expense update, and corresponding depreciation and amortization

Capital expenditure of incremental assets (additional capital expenses): Pursuant to the Statement of Shenzhen Development and Reform Commission on the Investment and Financing Plan of Phase II of Guangzhou-Shenzhen Expressway along the Pearl River (SDRC [2015] No. 879), Meeting Minutes of the Second Phase of Shenzhen Section of Yanjiang Expressway (General Office of Shenzhen Municipal People's Government [2015] No. 274) and the capital expenditure plan of the second phase of project provided by the enterprise, the total capital expenditure of the second-phase project by the enterprise is RMB1 billion, with a planned expenditure of RMB300 million in 2018, RMB400 million in 2019 and RMB300 million in 2020.

The measurement principles and methods for the expected future updates of expenditures corresponding to incremental assets and the corresponding depreciation and amortization are the same with the previous ones.

E. Measurement and Selection of Discount Rate

The earnings caliber used in this assessment is FCFF, so the discount rate adopts the WACC (weighted average cost of capital) correspondingly. The formula is:

$$WACC = K_e \times \frac{E}{(E+D)} + K_d \times \frac{D}{(E+D)}$$

1. Capital Structure of D to E

The target capital structure ratio of 1.13 is used, with the specific measurement process shown in the following table:

		Interest-bearing Debt/
		Equity Value Trade Date
Stock Code	Paper Titles	30 September 2017
000900.SZ	Modern Investment	0.88
600020.SH	Henan Zhongyuan Expressway	2.52
601107.SH	Sichuan Chengyu Expressway	1.29
600035.SH	Hubei Chutian Expressway	0.37
600548.SH	Shenzhen Expressway	0.58
Mean Value		1.13

Source: 10JQKA iFinD

2. Equity Capital Cost Ke

Equity capital costs are estimated using the Capital Asset Pricing Model (CAPM). The formula is:

Equity Capital Cost Ke=Rf+[Rm-Rf]×β+Rc

Where: Rf: risk-free market return rate; Rm-Rf: market risk premium;

β: risk coefficient; Rc: enterprise-specific risk adjustment

coefficient;

(1) Risk-free market return rate: Rf

China's fixed-rate yield curve inquired on the China Bond Information Network shows that on the base date of evaluation, the medium and long-term bonds yield to maturity is 3.8917%, so this is estimated as the risk-free rate of return Rf.

(2) Market risk premium: Rm-Rf

According to Aswath Damodaran's statistics, the historical risk premium of the U.S. stock market is 6.40%, and that in China is 0.9% (based on the recent Moody's Investors Service's sovereign debt rating of China), and the integrated market risk premium is 7.3%.

(3) β value

Risk coefficient β : By looking up the non-financial leverage risk coefficient β u of listed companies in the same industry, the arithmetic average of the β u values of these companies is taken as the β u of the evaluated enterprise and then converted according to the capital structure of the evaluated enterprise into the financial-leverage risk factor as the beta value for this assessment.

βu and β conversion formula is: β = βu × [1 + D/E × (1-T)]; where T is the income tax rate.

Five comparable listed companies were selected this time through RoyalFlush's iFinD system query, whose βu values are shown in the following table:

Stock Abbreviation	βu	No.	Stock Abbreviation	βu
Modern Investment	0.6584	4	Chutian Expressway	0.6307
Zhongyuan Expressway	0.5417	5	Shenzhen Expressway	0.7608
Sichuan Chengyu	0.6985			
1 Value				0.6580
	Modern Investment Zhongyuan Expressway Sichuan Chengyu	Modern Investment 0.6584 Zhongyuan Expressway 0.5417 Sichuan Chengyu 0.6985	Modern Investment 0.6584 4 Zhongyuan Expressway 0.5417 5 Sichuan Chengyu 0.6985	Modern Investment 0.6584 4 Chutian Expressway Zhongyuan Expressway 0.5417 5 Shenzhen Expressway Sichuan Chengyu 0.6985

Source: 10JQKA iFinD

According to the capital structure of the evaluated enterprise, $\beta = \beta u \times [1 + D/E \times (1-T)] = 1.2156$

(4) Enterprise-specific Risk Adjustment Coefficient

Considering the specific risks of the assessed company in terms of operation scale and economic development in the region where it is located compared with the reference companies, the specific risk adjustment value of the project is determined as 0.3%.

3. After-tax capital cost of debt: Kd

After-tax capital cost of interest-bearing debt Kd = interest rate of debt \times (1-income tax rate T)

4. Determination of WACC

Substituting the above parameters into the WACC formula, the final WACC value is 8.08%.

F. Sensitivity Analysis

1. Sensitivity analysis of the income

Assuming that the income will be increased respectively by 5%, 10%, -5% and -10% on the existing basis, the assessment results and the variations thereof will be as follows (Unit: RMB10,000):

Income	Assumption 1	Assumption 2	Assumption 3	Assumption 4
Growth rate	5%	10%	-5%	-10%
Assessment results Assessment result	184,900.00	222,400.00	109,800.00	71,600.00
variation	25.61%	51.09%	-25.41%	-51.36%

2. Sensitivity analysis of the cost of road maintenance

Assuming that the cost of road maintenance will be increased respectively by 5%, 10%, -5% and -10% on the existing basis, the assessment results and the variations thereof will be as follows (Unit: RMB10,000):

Cost of road maintenance	Assumption 1	Assumption 2	Assumption 3	Assumption 4
Growth rate	5%	10%	-5%	-10%
Assessment results Assessment result	144,700.00	142,300.00	149,700.00	152,100.00
variation	-1.70%	-3.33%	1.70%	3.33%

3. Sensitivity analysis of the discount rate

Assuming that the discount rate will be increased respectively by 5%, 10%, -5% and -10% on the existing basis, the assessment results and the variations thereof will be as follows (Unit: RMB10,000):

Discount rate	Assumption 1	Assumption 2	Assumption 3	Assumption 4
Growth rate	5%	10%	-5%	-10%
Assessment results	122,300.00	98,700.00	173,400.00	201,000.00
Assessment result				
variation	-16.92%	-32.95%	17.80%	36.55%

4. Comprehensive analysis

Based on the above analyses, we can see that the income is the most sensitive factor for the assess results, followed by the discount rate and the least sensitive factor is the cost of road maintenance.

XIII. EVALUATION CONCLUSION

As at 31 October 2017, the carrying amount of the total assets of Yanjiang Expressway was RMB8,623,987,300, with a carrying amount of RMB7,151,987,300 and a carrying amount of net assets of RMB1,472,000,000. The appraisal value of the total shareholders' equity assessed by the income approach is: RMB1,472,000,000 (RMB One Billion Four Hundred Seventy-two Million).

XIV. SPECIAL REMARKS

The results of the assessment contained in this report only reflect the market value determined by the appraisers according to relevant economic principles under the purposes of the appraisal, value definition, valuation assumptions and limitations. In the opinion of the Company, the following matters may affect the conclusion of the assessment, but in the current circumstances, the Company cannot estimate its impact on the assessment result. The attention of the users and readers of this report is hereby drawn to this report.

 The assessment conclusion contained in this report has not considered the impact of liquidity on the assessment results.

- In this assessment, the Report on the Forecast of Traffic Volume and Fee Revenue of the Shenzhen Section of Guangzhou-Shenzhen Yanjiang Expressway issued by Guangdong Provincial Traffic Planning and Design Institute Co., Ltd. as well as The Conservation Planning Report of Guangzhou-Shenzhen Yanjiang Expressway (Shenzhen Section) in the Operation Period provided by Yanjiang Expressway was quoted. The Company was aware of the calculation and acquisition process of the quoted data and undertakes the related responsibility of data quotation.
- 3. As of the base date of appraisal, the buildings involved in the appraisal scope and the land occupied do not go through the proof of property rights. The appraisal did not consider the impact on the appraisal result of these matters without a property right certificate.
- 4. As of the valuation date, the mortgage set on the franchise rights of the intangible assets involved in the assessment scope has not been lifted. The impact of the mortgage guarantee on the assessment results has not been considered in this assessment.
- 5. According to Request of Shenzhen Development and Reform Commission for Instruction on the project of Investment and Financing of the second Phase Project of the Shenzhen Section of Yanjiang Expressway (Shenzhen Fa Gai [2015] No. 879), the Minutes of the Meeting on Investment and Financing of Shenzhen Section of Yanjiang Expressway (Shenzhen Municipal People's Government General Office [2015] No. 274) and the Phase II Capital Expenditure Plan of Yanjiang Expressway provided by the enterprise, the assessment takes the amount of capital expenditure (the part borne by the enterprise) of Phase II project of Yanjiang Expressway at a consideration of RMB1 billion. Due to the fact that Phase II of Yanjiang Expressway is still under construction, if the final capital expenditures assumed by the enterprise do not match the estimates, it will have an impact on the assessment results.

XV. INSTRUCTIONS ON EVALUATION REPORT USAGE & RESTRICTIONS

A. Instruction on the Usage of the Evaluation Report

- 1. The right to use this report is owned by the Principal. The Principal or other users of the Assets Evaluation Report with agreement by the Principal should carefully read and understand each and every part of this report. Any usage of this report on its own or in any other combined use that does not cover all of the report may result in misunderstanding of the assessment conclusion contained in this report. Any usage on its own or combined usage of the values listed in this evaluation report (including the assessment schedule) that is outside of the scope of the appraisal will invalidate the evaluation. Users should also pay special attention to the definition of value, assessment assumptions, basis of assessment, special remarks, and the commitment letter of the evaluated enterprise in this report.
- 2. Except for the examination and use of this report by the competent authorities of property appraisal or other authorities authorized by laws and regulations, the whole or part of the contents of this report shall not be provided or disclosed to others without the express written permission or consent of the Principal. The Company also does not have the obligation to explain the assessment report to any other third parties except when the property assessment authority requires such by law and regulations or the department authorized by other laws and regulations reviews the use of this report.

B. Instruction on Restrictions

- 1. The assessment results of state-owned assets are subject to the record of the department having the right to record before use.
- 2. This report can only be used for the evaluation purpose stated in the evaluation report.
- 3. The evaluation report can only be used by the evaluation report users specified in the evaluation report.
- 4. Except as otherwise stipulated by law and regulations and the relevant parties, the contents of the evaluation report shall not be extracted, quoted or disclosed in the public media without the consent of the Company.
- 5. This report is not a proof of value of the object of assessment but is based on value advice under certain assessment criteria and assumptions.

C. Validity Period of Using Evaluation Conclusion

The assessment conclusion is only established on the valuation date set out in the assessment report. The validity period of using the asset evaluation results is for one year from the base date of evaluation, i.e. from October 31, 2017 to October 30, 2018.

XVI. DATE OF EVALUATION REPORT

This report is mainly based on the information obtained by the Company between the commencement date of this asset appraisal and the fieldwork deadline. The asset evaluation fieldwork deadline was November 25, 2017, and the reporting date of this assessment was December 11, 2017.

Shenzhen Pengxin Appraisal Limited

Shenzhen, China Asset Appraiser: Wang Mingzhi

December 11, 2017 Asset Appraiser: Mao Yuan

The following is the traffic study report prepared by GPCP&D for the purpose of incorporation in this circular. This traffic study report was prepared in Chinese only and set out below is an English translation of such report. In case of any discrepancies between the Chinese and the English versions of this report, the Chinese version shall prevail.

FORECAST REPORT ON TRAFFIC FLOW AND TOLL REVENUE OF THE SHENZHEN SECTION OF GUANGSHEN COASTAL EXPRESSWAY

I. PROJECT OVERVIEW AND BACKGROUND

Guangshen Coastal Expressway (S3) is an important channel connecting Guangzhou and Shenzhen, and Guangdong and Hong Kong, and also an important component of the expressway network of Guangdong and Shenzhen. It starts from Huangpu District, Guangzhou, connects to the 107 National Highway, crosses Dongguan to Nanshan District, Shenzhen, and connects to Hong Kong through Hong Kong-Shenzhen Western Corridor. It has a total length of approximately 88 km, and is divided into Guangzhou, Dongguan and Shenzhen sections to set up projects. The Shenzhen section of Guangshen Coastal Expressway (the Project) extends from the Dongbao River in Changan Town, the boundary between Dongguan and Shenzhen, to Nanshan District, Shenzhen and connects with Hong Kong-Shenzhen Western Corridor.

Phase I of the Project is approximately 30.45 km long with four lanes in each direction and a designed speed of 100 km per hour. Phase I of the Project commenced construction in September 2007 and was open to traffic at the end of 2013, with an estimated investment amounting to RMB10 billion. The construction of Phase II of the Project, including the Airport Interchange, the connection line on Shenzhen side of Shenzhen-Zhongshan Channel and newly-added Shajing Interchange, is currently under preparation. The approved toll collection period of the Project is 25 years (2013-2038). One mainline toll station named Moon Bay (Qianhai) and four ramp toll stations named Fuyong, Xixiang South, Xixiang North and Dachan Bay have been set up for phase I of the Project.

In order to find out and make use of the future traffic flow per year of the Shenzhen section of Guangshen Coastal Expressway in a more comprehensive way to provide scientific bases for the strategic decisions of the Company, Guangdong Province Communications Planning & Design Institute Co., Ltd. (廣東省交通規劃設計研究院股份有限公司) was engaged by Shenzhen Expressway Company Limited to conduct forecast research on the traffic flow and toll revenue of the Project.

II. CONTENTS AND THOUGHTS OF THE RESEARCH

(I) Main Contents

The main contents of this report are:

- The current social and economic situation and planning in affected regions;
- The current traffic and transportation situation and planning in affected regions;
- Traffic study and OD synthesis;
- © The Traffic flow development forecast of the Project;
- O Toll revenue forecast.

(II) Forecasting Approach

"Four-stage" approach is adopted for the current traffic flow projection. Firstly, we conducted a analysis on the current social and economic situation in affected regions and a research on its development trend; secondly, we estimated the total traffic and transportation demand in affected region based on social and economic development trend and characteristics and their correlation with traffic and transportation, which means we estimated the occurance quantity and concentration; we then conducted a research on the specific distribution of the total occurance quantity and concentration among affected regions based on the characteristics of traffic. Finally, we distributed the traffic flow based on the current situation of the highway networks and the future highway network planning in regions which are affected by the Project, and on the basis of which, the toll revenue of the Project was estimated. For the overall thoughts of the Project's traffic flow forecast, please refer to Chart 1.

III. FORECAST PERIOD

Using 2017 as a base year, the traffic forecast covers a period from 2017 to 2038. Typical years are 2018, 2019, 2020, 2023, 2025, 2027, 2030, 2035 and 2038, after taking account of all effects of the relevant road networks.

IV. BASIS OF PREPARATION

Main basis of the research:

- 1. The Entrusting Contract of Forecast and Assessment on Traffic Volume and Toll Revenue of Shenzhen section of Guangshen Coastal Expressway;
- 2. The "Twelfth Five-Year Plan" for the National Economic and Social Development of Guangdong Province, Shenzhen City and Dongguan City;
- 3. "Pearl River Delta Reform and Development Outline (2008-2020)";
- 4. "Guangdong Province Expressway Network Plan" (2013-2030);
- 5. "Pearl River Delta Comprehensive Transportation Network Plan";
- 6. "Pearl River Delta Intercity Rail Transportation Plan" (2008~2030);
- 7. "Trunk Highway Network Development Planning of Shenzhen";
- 8. "Trunk Highway Network Planning of Dongguan" (2004~2030);
- 9. "Comprehensive City Master Plan of Shenzhen (2010-2020)";
- 10. "Guidelines on Feasibility Study of Investment Projects" promulgated by the National Development and Reform Commission;
- 11. "Technical Standard of Highway Engineering" (JTG B01 2014) and the relevant standards, regulations, and requirements, etc.;
- 12. Other relevant information provided by the property owners;

13. Other relevant plannings and requirements.

V. CONCLUSIONS OF THE RESEARCH

(I) The Forecast Results of the Traffic Flow

The traffic flow forecast of the Shenzhen section of Guangshen Coastal Expressway has been prepared based on the analysis of economic development and traffic development of areas affected by the Project. For the forecast results of the typical years and the traffic flow by vehicle type of each year, please refer to Table 1 to Table 3 and Table 4 to Table 6, respectively.

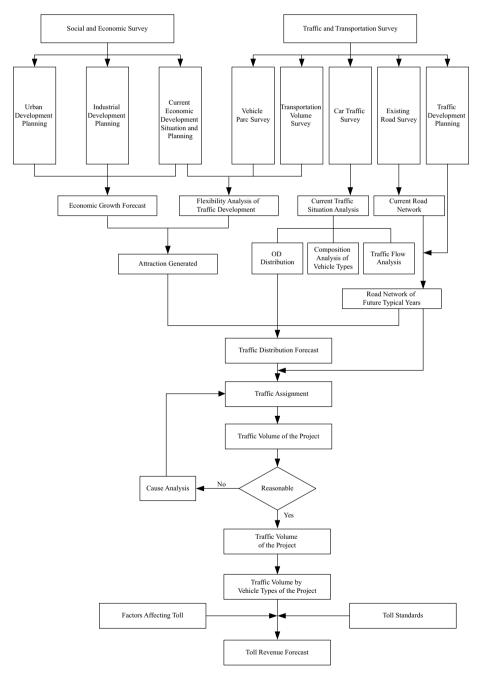


Chart 1 Mind map for the thougts of the research

Forecast Result of Traffic Volume of the Shenzhen Section of Guangshen Coastal Expressway (Moderate Scenario)

Unit: pcw/d								2003	2003						Ta	Table 1
				970	900	2020		(without Shenzhen-	(with Shenzhen-		200	č				
				without	2019 (with	(Without Outer Ring and the average of Tibe	(With Outer King and the	Zhongshan Channel and before	Zhongsnan Channel and after	without Heibin	(with	. Guangshen	Cuangshen			
Section	Mileage	2017	2018		line)	Expressway)	Expressway)	Jihe Expressway)	Jihe Expressway)	Avenue)	Avenue)		ou touritee basis)	2030	2035	2038
Origin ~ Qianhai Interchange Orianhai Interchanga Xiviana South	3.43	59105	66152	71592	74240	82006	84603	109311	118528	138103	109116	123860	117667	130830	143517	147911
Interchange	3.27	59105	66152	71592	74240	82006	84603	109311	118528	138103	109116	123860	117667	130830	143517	147911
Xixiang South Interchange ~ Dachan Bay Interchange	0.69	45663	51298	55536	57833	63857	66247	85565	93758	109411	92414	104926	08966	110866	121660	125414
Dachan bay Interchange ~ Atxiang Norm Interchange	2.22	41437	47068	51132	53602	59275	61832	80189	88968	105155	94440	107432	96744	107791	118485	122266
Xixiang North Interchange ~ Airport Hub	3.93	54694	62465	68040	62669	75948	79165	103076	115961	136575	121993	139228	115253	128763	141905	146666
Airport Hub ~ Fuyong Interchange	98.6	54694	62465	68040	76033	83215	88703	116381	132147	157099	143093	167368	153062	170451	187252	193152
Fuyong Interchange ~ Shajing Interchange	4.90	69717	77191	84507	90730	99074	106154	138390	155547	184267	174621	203935	175519	195262	214304	220929
Shajing Interchange ~ Tianyuan Hub	1.10	69717	80708	87054	93109	101782	109373	142952	159872	189544	183778	214714	181510	202010	221788	228688
Itanyuan Hub ~ Destination Average of Phase I	30.45	27967	80/08	8/024 71291	95109	101/82 83682	88582	6/6/6/1	129117	201060	194954 136500	158047	140923	210519 156921	172379	177807
Growth rate of Phase I			13.09%	8.75%	7.13%	9.57%	5.86%	9.24%	11.81%	8.66%	-10.46%	7.60%	-10.83%	3.65%	1.90%	1.04%
Airport Hub ~ Airport Interchange	0.92				27030	31096	31096	43276	66150	85063	77528	90751	88390	102321	124654	130275
Airport Interchange ~ Hezhou Hub	00.9				26804	30812	30812	42156	62792	80393	73368	85985	87043	100871	123360	128684
Average of Phase II	6.92				26834	30849	30849	42305	63238	81014	73921	86618	87222	101064	123532	128896
Growth rate of Phase II						14.96%	0.00%	11.10%	49.48%	13.19%	-8.75%	8.25%	0.70%	5.03%	4.10%	1.43%
Average of Phase I + Phase II	37.36	21967	92229	71291	61199	73899	77891	101931	116917	139212	124912	144820	130979	146577	163334	168749
Growth rate of Phase I + Phase II			13.09%	8.75%	-5.74%	9.97%	5.40%	9.38%	14.70%	9.12%	-10.27%	2.67%	.926 %	3.82 %	2.19%	1.09%

The Airport Interchange is the connection line interchange of Guangshen Coastal Expressway and the Shenzhen side of Shenzhen-Zhongshan Channel. The Shajing Interchange is the extension line interchange of Guangshen Coastal Expressway and Fengtang Avenue, and the Tianyuan Interchange is the interchange of Guangshen Coastal Expressway and Shenzhen Outer Ring Highway (the same applies hereinafter); Notes:

Growth rate in the table represents the growth rate of the amount in the column as compared with that in the previous column. For example, the growth rate of 2019 (without connection line) represents the average annual growth rate of the average traffic volume in that column as compared with the average traffic volume of 2019 (with connection 7

Forecast Result of Traffic Volume of the Shenzhen Section of Guangshen Coastal Expressway (Optimistic Scenario)

Unit: pcw/d															Ta	Table 2
			·		2019 (with	2020 (without Outer Ring and the	2020 (with Outer Ring and the	2023 (without Shenzhen-Zhongshan Channel and before	2023 (with Shenzhen- Zhongshan Channel and after	2025 (without	2025 (with ()		2027 (Guangshen			
Section	Mileage	2017	2018	ine)		Apansion of June Expressway)	expansion of juic Expressway)	the Expressway)	the Expressway)	Avenue)	Avenue)	on ton basis)	on con-n ee basis)	2030	2035	2038
Origin ~ Qianhai Interchange Ojanhai Interchange ~ Xixiang South	3.43	59105	66549	72165	74982	82990	85787	111060	120662	140865	111517	126833	120727	134493	147822	152644
Interchange Xixiane South Interchange ~ Dachan Bay	3.27	59105	66549	72165	74982	82990	85787	111060	120662	140865	111517	126833	120727	134493	147822	152644
Interchange Dachan Bav Interchange ~ Xixiang North	0.69	45663	51606	25980	58411	64624	67174	86934	95446	111599	94447	107445	102272	113970	125310	129428
Interchange	2.22	41437	47350	51541	54138	98669	62698	81472	91303	107258	96518	110010	99259	110809	122039	126179
Xixiang North Interchange ~ Airport Hub	3.93	54694	62840	68584	61901	76859	80273	104725	118049	139306	124676	142570	118249	132369	146163	151359
Airport Hub ~ Fuyong Interchange	98.6	54694	62840	68584	76793	84214	89945	118243	134525	160241	146241	171385	157042	175224	192870	199333
Fuyong Interchange ~ Shajing Interchange	4.90	69717	77654	85183	91638	100263	107640	140604	158347	187953	178463	208829	180083	200729	220733	227998
Shajing Interchange ~ Tianyuan Hub	1.10	69717	81253	87751	94040	103003	110904	145239	162749	193335	187821	219867	186229	207667	228442	236006
Tianyuan Hub ~ Destination	1.03	69717	81253	87751	94040	103003	117538	154406	172113	205087	199243	234039	193574	216414	238659	246943
Average of Phase I	30.45	21967	65950	71861	77136	84686	89822	117330	131441	155487	139503	161840	144587	161314	177550	183496
Growth rate of Phase I			13.77%	8.96%	7.34%	9.79%	%90'9	9.31%	12.03%	8.76%	-10.28%	7.71%	.10.66%	3.72%	1.94%	1.10%
Airport Hub ~ Airport Interchange	0.92				27138	31282	31345	43708	94699	86254	69181	92384	90158	104572	127645	133662
Airport Interchange ~ Hezhou Hub	00.9				26912	30996	31058	42577	63545	81518	74542	87532	88784	103090	126321	132030
Average of Phase II	6.92				26942	31034	31096	42728	63997	82148	75104	88178	29688	103287	126497	132247
Growth rate of Phase II						15.19%	0.20%	11.17%	49.78%	13.30%	-8.57%	8.35%	0.89%	5.10%	4.14%	1.49%
Average of Phase I + Phase II	37.36	21967	65950	71861	67842	74751	78947	103515	118952	141906	127578	148199	134287	150569	168096	174006
Growth rate of Phase I + Phase II			13.77%	8.96%	-5.59%	10.18%	5.61%	9.45%	14.91%	9.22%	-10.10%	7.78%	-939%	3.89%	2.23%	1.16%

Forecast Result of Traffic Volume of the Shenzhen Section of Guangshen Coastal Expressway (Basic Scenarios)

								;							Ta	Table 3
			3	2019 (without	2019 (with	2020 (without Outer Ring and the expansion of Jihe	2020 (with Outer Ring and the expansion of Jihe	2023 (without Shenzhen- Zhongshan Channel and before the expansion of	2023 (with Shenzhen-Zhongshan Channel and after the expansion of	2025 (without Hai bin	2025 (with	2027 (Guangshen on toll	2027 (Guangshen on toll-free			
	Mileage	2017	2018	line)	line)	Expressway)		Jihe Expressway)	Jihe Expressway)	Avenue)	Avenue)		basis)	2030	2035	2038
Origin ~ Qianhai Interchange Oianhai Interchance ~ Xiviano South	3.43	59105	64399	69587	72050	79464	81853	105594	114321	132993	104915	118906	112784	125204	137130	141107
	3.27	59105	64399	69587	72050	79464	81853	105594	114321	132993	104915	118906	112784	125204	137130	141107
Xixiang South Interchange ~ Dachan Bay Interchange	0.69	45663	49938	53981	56127	61878	64094	82656	90430	105362	88856	100729	95543	106099 116246	116246	119645
Dachan Bay Interchange ~ Xixiang North																
	2.22	41437	45821	49700	52021	57438	59822	77462	86504	101264	90804	103135	92729	103156	113212	116642
Xixiang North Interchange ~ Airport Hub	3.93	54694	60810	66135	67915	73593	76592	99571	111845	131521	117296	133659	110470	123227	135591	139919
Airport Hub ~ Fuyong Interchange	98.6	54694	01809	66135	73790	80636	85821	112424	127456	151286	137584	160673	146710	163122	178920	184267
Fuyong Interchange ~ Shajing Interchange	4.90	69717	75146	82141	88054	96003	102704	133685	150025	177449	167898	195777	168235	186866	204768	210766
Shajing Interchange ~ Tianyuan Hub	1.10	69717	78628	84617	90362	98627	105819	138092	154196	182531	176702	206126	173977	193324	211918	218168
Tianyuan Hub ~ Destination	1.03	69717	78628	84617	90362	98627	112148	146808	163067	193627	187448	219412	180839	201467	221397	228278
Average of Phase I	30.45	21967	63819	69295	74120	81088	85703	111556	124533	146798	131245	151725	135075	150173	164708	169628
Growth rate of Phase I			10.10%	8.58%	%96.9	9.40%	5.69%	9.19%	11.63%	8.57%	.10.60%	7.52%	-10.97%	3.60%	1.86%	0.99%
Airport Hub ~ Airport Interchange	0.92				26354	30272	30225	41999	64100	82299	74892	87529	85120	98382	119667	124869
Airport Interchange ~ Hezhou Hub	00.9				26134	29995	29949	40912	60845	77780	70874	82932	83823	28696	118426	123344
Average of Phase II	6.92				26164	30032	29986	41057	61278	78381	71408	83543	83995	97173	118591	123546
Growth rate of Phase II						14.78%	-0.15%	11.04%	49.25%	13.10%	-8.90%	8.16%	0.54%	4.98%	4.06%	1.37%
Average of Phase I + Phase II	37.36	21967	63819	69295	65239	71634	75385	98501	112819	134129	120164	139099	125616	140358	156168	161094
Growth rate of Phase I +																
			10.10%	8.58%	-5.85%	9.80%	5.24%	9.32%	14.54%	9.04%	.10.41%	7.59%	%69'6-	3.77%	2.16%	1.04%

Forecast Result of Traffic Volume by Vehicle Type of Phase I + Phase II of Shenzhen Section of Guangshen Coastal Expressway (Moderate Scenario)

Unit: vehicles/day, pcu/d

Table 4

	va						Total	Table 4
	Vehicle	Vehicle	Vehicle	Vehicle	Vehicle	Toll-free	Absolute	Converted
Year				Category 4		Vehicle	Number	Number
i cai	Category 1	Category 2	Category 3	Category 4	Category 5	VEHICLE	Nullibei	Nullibel
2017	40921	398	3107	426	2247	1934	49033	57967
2018	42148	418	3625	677	3575	1560	52003	65556
2019 (without connection								
line)	45849	450	3901	729	3906	1696	56530	71291
2019 (with connection line)	43218	424	3677	687	3682	1599	53286	67199
2020 (without Outer Ring)	47576	461	4003	748	4057	1758	58604	73899
2020 (with Outer Ring)	50146	486	4220	789	4276	1853	61770	77891
2021	54867	513	4449	831	4523	1959	67143	84184
2022	61152	570	4945	924	5042	2183	74817	93803
2023 (without Shenzhen-								
Zhongshan Channel)	65690	630	5467	1022	5608	2425	80842	101931
2023 (with Shenzhen-								
Zhongshan Channel)	75348	723	6271	1172	6432	2782	92727	116917
2024	82253	785	6809	1272	7025	3035	101179	127569
2025 (without Haibin								
Avenue)	89805	852	7393	1381	7675	3313	110419	139212
2025 (with Haibin Avenue)	78378	739	6857	1318	7322	2926	97540	124912
2026	84435	793	7347	1412	7892	3151	105030	134497
2027 (Guangshen on toll								
basis)	90962	850	7871	1513	8507	3393	113095	144820
2027 (Guangshen on toll-								
free basis)	82118	768	7143	1373	7720	3066	102188	130979
2028	85284	795	7392	1421	8020	3183	106094	135982
2029	88574	822	7649	1470	8332	3305	110152	141179
2030	91992	851	7915	1521	8657	3431	114367	146577
2031	94015	868	8071	1551	8849	3506	116859	149769
2032	96087	885	8230	1582	9046	3582	119413	153038
2033	98210	903	8394	1613	9248	3661	122028	156388
2034	100385	921	8561	1645	9454	3741	124707	159819
2035	102614	939	8731	1678	9666	3824	127452	163334
2036	103769	946	8798	1691	9779	3865	128848	165119
2037	104938	954	8864	1704	9892	3908	130260	166924
2038	106121	961	8931	1717	10007	3951	131687	168749

Note: As not all the period between the opening to traffic and the end of toll collection period for the roads related to the Project are on complete year basis, for the accuracy of the toll revenue calculation in below, the forecast has been conducted on vehicle type basis according to different periods between the opening to traffic and the end of toll collection period for related roads (the same applies below).

Forecast Result of Traffic Volume by Vehicle Type of Phase I + Phase II of Shenzhen Section of Guangshen Coastal Expressway (Optimistic Scenario)

Unit: vehicles/day, pcu/d

Table 5

	va						Total	Total
	Vehicle	Vehicle	Vehicle	Vehicle	Vehicle	Toll-free	Absolute	Converted
Year				Category 4		Vehicle	Number	Number
i cai	Category 1	Category 2	Category 3	Category 4	Category 5	VEHICLE	Nullibei	Nullibel
2017	40921	398	3107	426	2247	1934	49033	57967
2018	42401	420	3646	681	3596	1569	52315	65950
2019 (without connection								
line)	46216	453	3932	735	3937	1709	56983	71861
2019 (with connection line)	43631	428	3712	694	3717	1614	53795	67842
2020 (without Outer Ring)	48124	467	4050	757	4104	1778	59280	74751
2020 (with Outer Ring)	50826	493	4277	799	4334	1878	62607	78947
2021	55648	520	4508	842	4582	1985	68084	85349
2022	62110	578	5017	938	5116	2215	75973	95236
2023 (without Shenzhen-								
Zhongshan Channel)	66711	640	5552	1038	5695	2463	82098	103515
2023 (with Shenzhen-								
Zhongshan Channel)	76659	735	6380	1192	6544	2830	94341	118952
2024	83765	799	6934	1296	7155	3091	103039	129913
2025 (without Haibin								
Avenue)	91543	869	7536	1408	7823	3377	112556	141906
2025 (with Haibin Avenue)	80050	755	7004	1346	7478	2989	99622	127578
2026	86322	810	7511	1444	8068	3221	107376	137502
2027 (Guangshen on toll								
basis)	93084	869	8055	1548	8705	3472	115734	148199
2027 (Guangshen on toll-								
free basis)	84193	787	7324	1408	7915	3143	104769	134287
2028	87494	815	7583	1457	8228	3265	108844	139506
2029	90928	844	7852	1509	8554	3392	113079	144930
2030	94497	874	8130	1563	8893	3524	117482	150569
2031	96611	892	8294	1594	9094	3603	120087	153906
2032	98777	910	8461	1626	9299	3683	122757	157324
2033	100998	928	8632	1659	9510	3765	125492	160827
2034	103273	947	8807	1693	9726	3849	128295	164417
2035	105606	967	8986	1727	9948	3935	131169	168096
2036	106864	975	9060	1741	10070	3981	132691	170043
2037	108137	983	9134	1756	10194	4027	134231	172013
2038	109426	991	9209	1770	10319	4074	135789	174006

Forecast Result of Traffic Volume by Vehicle Type of Phase I + Phase II of Shenzhen Section of Guangshen Coastal Expressway (Basic Scenario)

Unit: vehicles/day, pcu/d

Table 6

Total

Total

, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,							Total	Total
	Vehicle	Vehicle	Vehicle	Vehicle	Vehicle	Toll-free	Absolute	Converted
Year	Category 1	Category 2	Category 3	Category 4	Category 5	Vehicle	Number	Number
2017	40921	398	3107	426	2247	1934	49033	57967
2017	41031	407	3529	659	3480	1519	50625	63819
2019 (without connection	41031	407	3329	039	3400	1319	30023	03019
line)	44566	437	3792	709	3796	1648	54947	69295
2019 (with connection line)	41957	411	3570	667	3574	1552	51732	65239
2020 (without Outer Ring)	46117	447	3881	725	3933	1704	56807	71634
2020 (with Outer Ring)	48533	471	4084	763	4139	1793	59783	75385
2021	53075	497	4308	805	4379	1897	64960	81458
2022	59089	551	4782	894	4876	2111	72303	90664
2023 (without Shenzhen-								
Zhongshan Channel)	63479	609	5283	987	5419	2344	78121	98501
2023 (with Shenzhen-								
Zhongshan Channel)	72707	697	6051	1131	6207	2684	89477	112819
2024	79310	757	6565	1227	6774	2927	97559	123004
2025 (without Haibin								
Avenue)	86526	821	7123	1331	7394	3192	106387	134129
2025 (with Haibin Avenue)	75399	711	6597	1268	7044	2815	93833	120164
2026	81163	762	7062	1357	7586	3029	100959	129285
2027 (Guangshen on toll								
basis)	87369	816	7560	1453	8171	3259	108628	139099
2027 (Guangshen on toll-								
free basis)	78756	737	6851	1317	7404	2940	98004	125616
2028	81750	762	7085	1362	7688	3051	101698	130347
2029	84860	788	7328	1408	7983	3166	105533	135259
2030	88089	815	7579	1457	8290	3285	109515	140358
2031	89999	831	7726	1485	8471	3356	111868	143372
2032	91955	847	7876	1514	8657	3428	114277	146457
2033	93958	864	8030	1543	8847	3502	116745	149617
2034	96010	881	8188	1574	9042	3578	119272	152853
2035	98112	898	8348	1605	9242	3656	121861	156168
2036	99165	904	8407	1616	9345	3694	123131	157793
2037	100230	911	8466	1627	9448	3732	124416	159435
2038	101307	917	8526	1639	9553	3771	125713	161094

(II) The Calculation Results of Toll Revenue

The forecast results of toll revenue are shown in Table 7 ~ Table 9, which were calculated based on the traffic flow forecast results and the toll standards.

Toll Revenue of the Shenzhen Section of Guangshen Coastal Expressway by Vehicle Type (Moderate Scenario)

Unit: RMB10 thousand/year Table 7

	Vehicle	Vehicle	Vehicle	Vehicle	Vehicle		Growth of Weight- Related Toll	Total Tall
Voor	Category 1	Category 2		Category 4		Sub-total	Revenue	Total Toll
Year	Category 1	Category 2	Category 3	Category 4	Category 5	Sub-total	Kevenue	Revenue
2017	27281	417	4311	897	5480	38386	2687	41073
2018	27292	425	4885	1387	8468	42457	2972	45429
2019	30566	471	5412	1536	9524	47510	3326	50836
2020	39952	609	7001	1985	12465	62012	4341	66353
2021	44708	657	7554	2142	13491	68552	4799	73351
2022	49830	730	8396	2381	15041	76377	5346	81724
2023	53520	807	9282	2632	16727	82969	5808	88776
2024	67109	1007	11578	3283	20989	103965	7278	111243
2025	73043	1090	12536	3554	22863	113085	7916	121001
2026	68666	1013	12457	3632	23507	109276	7649	116925
2027	70258	1033	12721	3709	24150	111870	7831	119701
2028	69501	1018	12560	3662	23940	110681	7748	118429
2029	71967	1051	12960	3778	24803	114559	8019	122578
2030	74739	1087	13410	3909	25767	118913	8324	127237
2031	76372	1109	13674	3986	26336	121476	8503	129980
2032	78271	1134	13981	4076	26993	124454	8712	133166
2033	79758	1153	14218	4145	27516	126790	8875	135665
2034	81513	1176	14499	4226	28128	129543	9068	138611
2035	83311	1199	14787	4310	28755	132363	9265	141629
2036	84492	1212	14940	4355	29169	134166	9392	143558
2037	85194	1218	15011	4375	29427	135225	9466	144691
2038	86152	1227	15125	4408	29768	136680	9568	146248
Total	1423495	20842	251298	72369	473308	2241313	156892	2398205

Toll Revenue of the Shenzhen Section of Guangshen Coastal Expressway by Vehicle Type (Optimistic Scenario)

Unit: RMB10 thousand/year Table 8

							Growth of Weight- Related	
	Vehicle	Vehicle	Vehicle	Vehicle	Vehicle		Toll	Total Toll
Year	Category 1	Category 2	Category 3	Category 4	Category 5	Sub-total	Revenue	Revenue
2017	27281	417	4311	897	5480	38386	2687	41073
2018	27402	427	4904	1392	8502	42627	2984	45611
2019	30811	475	5456	1549	9601	47890	3352	51242
2020	40456	616	7089	2010	12622	62794	4396	67190
2021	45345	665	7653	2170	13669	69502	4865	74368
2022	50611	741	8518	2416	15260	77546	5428	82974
2023	54352	820	9427	2673	16988	84260	5898	90158
2024	68344	1025	11791	3343	21376	105879	7412	113290
2025	74459	1111	12779	3623	23306	115277	8069	123347
2026	70203	1036	12735	3713	24033	111720	7820	119541
2027	71966	1059	13029	3799	24736	114589	8021	122610
2028	71305	1045	12886	3757	24561	113553	7949	121502
2029	73883	1079	13305	3879	25462	117608	8233	125840
2030	76777	1117	13776	4016	26469	122155	8551	130706
2031	78484	1139	14052	4096	27064	124836	8739	133574
2032	80466	1166	14373	4190	27750	127944	8956	136900
2033	82025	1186	14622	4262	28298	130394	9128	139522
2034	83862	1210	14917	4348	28939	133275	9329	142605
2035	85744	1234	15219	4436	29595	136228	9536	145764
2036	87015	1248	15386	4485	30040	138173	9672	147845
2037	87795	1255	15470	4509	30325	139353	9755	149108
2038	88839	1265	15596	4546	30697	140943	9866	150809
Total	1457422	21334	257294	74110	484772	2294932	160645	2455577

Toll Revenue of the Shenzhen Section of Guangshen Coastal Expressway by Vehicle Type (Basic Scenario)

Unit: RMB10 thousand/year Table 9

							Growth of Weight-	
							Related	
	Vehicle	Vehicle	Vehicle	Vehicle	Vehicle		Toll	Total Toll
Year	Category 1	Category 2	Category 3	Category 4	Category 5	Sub-total	Revenue	Revenue
2017	27281	417	4311	897	5480	38386	2687	41073
2018	26610	414	4763	1352	8256	41396	2898	44293
2019	29710	458	5261	1493	9258	46180	3233	49412
2020	38695	590	6781	1923	12073	60061	4204	64266
2021	43247	636	7313	2074	13062	66332	4643	70975
2022	48147	706	8119	2303	14546	73820	5167	78988
2023	51717	780	8970	2544	16164	80175	5612	85787
2024	64706	971	11164	3165	20238	100243	7017	107260
2025	70374	1050	12078	3424	22027	108954	7627	116580
2026	66004	974	11974	3491	22596	105039	7353	112391
2027	67431	992	12209	3560	23179	107371	7516	114887
2028	66619	976	12039	3510	22947	106092	7426	113518
2029	68948	1007	12417	3620	23762	109753	7683	117435
2030	71566	1041	12841	3743	24673	113865	7971	121835
2031	73108	1061	13089	3816	25210	116285	8140	124424
2032	74903	1085	13380	3900	25831	119099	8337	127436
2033	76303	1103	13602	3965	26324	121297	8491	129788
2034	77958	1125	13867	4042	26902	123894	8673	132567
2035	79654	1147	14138	4121	27493	126553	8859	135412
2036	80741	1158	14276	4161	27874	128210	8975	137185
2037	81370	1163	14338	4179	28106	129155	9041	138196
2038	82241	1171	14438	4208	28417	130476	9133	139610
Total	1367332	20024	241368	69491	454418	2152633	150684	2303318

Guangdong Province Communications Planning & Design Institute Co., Ltd. (廣東省交通規劃設計研究院股份有限公司)
November 2017

REPORT FROM KPMG RELATING TO DISCOUNTED FUTURE ESTIMATED CASH FLOWS

The following is the text of a report received from Shenzhen International Holdings Limited's auditor, KPMG, Certified Public Accountants, Hong Kong, for inclusion in this circular.



INDEPENDENT REPORTING ACCOUNTANTS' ASSURANCE REPORT ON THE CALCULATION OF DISCOUNTED FUTURE CASH FLOWS IN CONNECTION WITH THE VALUATION OF 100% EQUITY INTEREST OF SHENZHEN GUANGSHEN COASTAL EXPRESSWAY INVESTMENT COMPANY LIMITED

TO THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF SHENZHEN INTERNATIONAL HOLDINGS LIMITED

We refer to the discounted future cash flows on which the valuation dated 11 December 2017 prepared by Shenzhen Peng Xin Appraisal Limited in respect of the appraisal of 100% equity interest of Shenzhen Guangshen Coastal Expressway Investment Company Limited ("the Target Company") as at 31 October 2017 ("the Valuation") is based. The Valuation is prepared based on the discounted future cash flows and is regarded as a profit forecast under paragraph 14.61 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Listing Rules").

Directors' responsibilities for the discounted future cash flows

The directors of Shenzhen International Holdings Limited (the "**Directors**") are responsible for the preparation of the discounted future cash flows in accordance with the bases and assumptions determined by the Directors and as set out in the Valuation. This responsibility includes carrying out appropriate procedures relevant to the preparation of the discounted future cash flows for the Valuation and applying an appropriate basis of preparation; and making estimates that are reasonable in the circumstances.

Our independence and quality control

We have complied with the independence and other ethical requirements of the Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA"), which is founded on fundamental principles of integrity, objectivity, professional competence and due care, confidentiality and professional behaviour.

The firm applies Hong Kong Standard on Quality Control 1 "Quality Control for Firms That Perform Audits and Reviews of Financial Statements, and Other Assurance and Related Services Engagements" issued by the HKICPA and accordingly maintains a comprehensive system of quality control including documented policies and procedures regarding compliance with ethical requirements, professional standards and applicable legal and regulatory requirements.

Reporting accountants' responsibilities

Our responsibility is to report, as required by paragraph 14.62(2) of the Listing Rules, on the calculations of the discounted future cash flows used in the Valuation. The discounted future cash flows do not involve the adoption of accounting policies.

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Basis of opinion

We conducted our engagement in accordance with the Hong Kong Standard on Assurance Engagements 3000 (Revised) "Assurance Engagements Other Than Audits or Reviews of Historical Financial Information" issued by the HKICPA. This standard requires that we plan and perform our work to obtain reasonable assurance as to whether, so far as the calculations are concerned, the Directors have properly compiled the discounted future cash flows in accordance with the bases and assumptions adopted by the Directors as set out in the Valuation. We performed procedures on the arithmetical calculations and the compilations of the discounted future cash flows in accordance with the bases and assumptions adopted by the Directors. Our work is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing issued by the HKICPA. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, so far as the calculations are concerned, the discounted future cash flows have been properly compiled in all material respects in accordance with the bases and assumptions adopted by the Directors as set out in the Valuation.

Other matters

Without qualifying our opinion, we draw to your attention that we are not reporting on the appropriateness and validity of the bases and assumptions on which the discounted future cash flows are based and our work does not constitute any valuation of the Target Company or an expression of an audit or review opinion on the Valuation.

The discounted future cash flows depend on future events and on a number of assumptions which cannot be confirmed and verified in the same way as past results and not all of which may remain valid throughout the period. Our work has been undertaken for the purpose of reporting solely to you under paragraph 14.62(2) of the Listing Rules and for no other purpose. We accept no responsibility to any other person in respect of, arising out of or in connection with our work.

KPMG

Certified Public Accountants

Hong Kong 11 December 2017

1. RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT

This circular, for which the Directors collectively and individually accept full responsibility, includes particulars given in compliance with the Listing Rules for the purpose of giving information with regard to the Group. The Directors having made all reasonable enquiries, confirm that to the best of their knowledge and belief the information contained in this circular is accurate and complete in all material respects and not misleading or deceptive, and there are no other matters the omission of which would make any statement herein or this circular misleading.

2. DISCLOSURE OF INTERESTS BY DIRECTORS

(a) Directors and chief executive's interests and short positions in the securities of the Company and its associated corporations

Save as disclosed below, as at the Latest Practicable Date, so far as the Directors and chief executives of the Company are aware, none of the Directors and chief executives of the Company had any interests or short positions in the Shares, underlying Shares and debentures of the Company and any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) which were required to be (i) notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests or short positions which the Directors and the chief executives were taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO); or (ii) entered in the register kept by the Company pursuant to section 352 of the SFO; or (iii) notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers contained in the Listing Rules were as follows:

Long positions in the shares of the Company

				Approximate % of issued
Name of Directors	Number of shares held	Capacity	Nature of interest	share capital of the Company
Gao Lei	502,305	Beneficial owner	Personal	0.025%
Li Hai Tao	22,000	Beneficial owner	Personal	0.001%
Zhong Shan Qun	212,000	Beneficial owner	Personal	0.010%
Liu Jun	900,000	Beneficial owner	Personal	0.044%
Hu Wei	120,716	Beneficial owner	Personal	0.006%
Xie Chu Dao	310,763	Beneficial owner	Personal	0.015%

Long positions in the underlying shares of the Company

Name of Directors	Number of unlisted share options (physically settled equity derivative) held	Capacity	Nature of interest	Approximate % of issued share capital of the Company
Gao Lei	1,982,547	Beneficial owner	Personal	0.098%
Li Hai Tao	1,338,555	Beneficial owner	Personal	0.066%
Zhong Shan Qun	1,545,410	Beneficial owner	Personal	0.076%
Liu Jun	1,822,410	Beneficial owner	Personal	0.090%
Hu Wei	1,391,910	Beneficial owner	Personal	0.069%

(b) Directors who have an interest or short position which is discloseable under Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO

Save for Messrs. Gao Lei, Li Hai Tao and Liu Jun who are the directors of Ultrarich International Limited (a wholly-owned subsidiary of SIHCL and holds 897,563,937 Shares as at the Latest Practicable Date), as at the Latest Practicable Date, so far as the Directors and chief executives of the Company are aware, none of the Directors had, or were deemed to have, interests and/or short positions in the Shares or underlying Shares which would fall to be disclosed to the Company and the Stock Exchange under the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO, or which were recorded in the register required to be kept under Section 336 of the SFO.

3. COMPETING INTEREST

As at the Latest Practicable Date, none of the Directors and their respective close associates was interested in any business, apart from the Group's business, which competes or is likely to compete, either directly or indirectly, with the Group's business (as would be required to be disclosed under rule 8.10 of the Listing Rules as if each of them was a controlling shareholder of the Company).

4. DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN CONTRACT OR ARRANGEMENT

None of the Directors was materially interested in any contracts or arrangement which is subsisting at the Latest Practicable Date which is significant in relation to the business of the Enlarged Group.

5. DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN ASSETS

As at the Latest Practicable Date, none of the Directors has, or had, any direct or indirect interest in any assets which had been or are proposed to be, since 31 December 2016, being the date to which the latest published audited financial statements of the Group were made up, acquired or disposed of by, or leased to any members of the Enlarged Group.

6. MATERIAL ADVERSE CHANGE

The Directors are not aware of any material adverse change in the financial or trading position of the Group since 31 December 2016, being the date to which the latest published audited financial statements of the Group have been made up.

7. SERVICE CONTRACTS

As at the Latest Practicable Date, none of the Directors had any existing or proposed service contract with any member of the Enlarged Group (excluding contracts expiring or determinable by the employer within one year without payment of compensation (other than statutory compensation)).

8. EXPERT

The following is the qualification of the expert who has given its opinion or advice for the inclusion in this circular:

Name	Qualifications
TC Capital	a corporation licensed permitted to carry out type 1 (dealing in securities) and type 6 (advising on corporate finance) regulated activities under the SFO
KPMG	Certified Public Accountants, Hong Kong
Pengxin Appraisal	an independent qualified valuer in the PRC engaged in valuation
GPCP&D	traffic consultants

Each of TC Capital, KPMG, Pengxin Appraisal and GPCP&D has given and has not withdrawn its written consent to the issue of this circular with the inclusion herein of its letter and report and references to its name in the form and context in which it appears.

As at the Latest Practicable Date, none of TC Capital, KPMG, Pengxin Appraisal and GPCP&D had any shareholding interest in any member of the Group or the right (whether legally enforceable or not) to subscribe for or to nominate persons to subscribe for securities of any member of the Group.

As at the Latest Practicable Date, none of TC Capital, KPMG, Pengxin Appraisal and GPCP&D had any interest, directly or indirectly, in any assets which had been or proposed to be, since 31 December 2016, being the date to which the latest published audited financial statements of the Group were made up, acquired or disposed of by, or leased to any member of the Enlarged Group.

9. DOCUMENTS AVAILABLE FOR INSPECTION

Copies of the following documents are available for inspection during normal business hours of the Company at the principal place of business of the Company at Rooms 2206-2208, 22nd Floor, Greenfield Tower, Concordia Plaza, No. 1 Science Museum Road, Tsimshatsui East, Kowloon, Hong Kong up to and including the date of the SGM:

- (a) the Acquisition Agreement;
- (b) the Entrusted Construction Agreement;
- (c) the Entrusted Operation Agreement;
- (d) the Entrusted Operation and Management Agreement; and
- (e) the Supplemental Entrusted Construction Agreement.

10. MISCELLANEOUS

- (a) The company secretary of the Company is Ms. Tam Mei Mei and she is a Certified Public Accountant of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants.
- (b) The registered office of the Company is situated at Clarendon House, 2 Church Street, Hamilton HM 11, Bermuda. The principal place of business of the Company is at Rooms 2206–2208, 22nd Floor, Greenfield Tower, Concordia Plaza, No. 1 Science Museum Road, Tsimshatsui East, Kowloon, Hong Kong.
- (c) The Hong Kong branch share registrar and transfer office of the Company is Tricor Tengis Limited at Level 22, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Hong Kong.
- (d) In the event of inconsistency, the English text of this circular shall prevail over the Chinese text.

NOTICE OF SGM



Shenzhen International Holdings Limited 深圳國際控股有限公司

(Incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability)
(Stock Code: 00152)

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that a special general meeting (the "**SGM**") of Shenzhen International Holdings Limited (the "**Company**") will be held at the conference room of the Company at Rooms 2206-2208, 22nd Floor, Greenfield Tower, Concordia Plaza, No. 1 Science Museum Road, Tsimshatsui East, Kowloon, Hong Kong on Monday, 5 February 2018 at 11:00 a.m. for the purpose of considering and, if thought fit, passing (with or without modifications) the following resolution as an ordinary resolution of the Company:

ORDINARY RESOLUTION

"THAT

The acquisition agreement (the "Acquisition Agreement") dated 11 December 2017 (a copy of which has been produced to the SGM marked "A" and signed by the chairman of the SGM for the purpose of identification) entered into among (i) Shenzhen Expressway Company Limited ("SZ Expressway"); (ii) 深圳市投資控股有限公司 (Shenzhen Investment Holdings Company Limited) ("SIHCL"); and (iii) 深圳市廣深沿江高速公路投資有限公司 (Shenzhen Guangshen Coastal Expressway Investment Company Limited) ("Coastal Company") in relation to the transfer of 100% equity interest in Coastal Company from SIHCL to SZ Expressway, together with the transactions contemplated thereunder be and are hereby approved, confirmed and ratified.

The board of directors of the Company be and is hereby authorised to do all such acts and things and execute all such documents which it considers necessary, desirable or expedient for the purpose of, or in connection with, the implementation of and giving effect to the Acquisition Agreement and the transactions contemplated thereunder."

By Order of the Board
Shenzhen International Holdings Limited
Tam Mei Mei
Company Secretary

Hong Kong, 19 January 2018

NOTICE OF SGM

Notes:

- 1. A form of proxy for use at the meeting is enclosed herewith.
- Any member entitled to attend and vote at the meeting is entitled to appoint one or more proxies to attend and vote instead of
 him in accordance with the Company's bye-laws. A proxy need not be a member of the Company but must be present in
 person to represent the member.
- 3. To be valid, a form of proxy, together with the power of attorney (if any) or other authority (if any) under which it is signed or a notarially certified copy of such power of attorney or authority must be lodged with the branch share registrar of the Company in Hong Kong, Tricor Tengis Limited at Level 22, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Hong Kong, not less than 48 hours before the time appointed for holding the meeting or any adjournment thereof.
- 4. Completion and return of the form of proxy will not preclude members from attending and voting in person at the meeting or any adjournment thereof (as the case may be) should they so wish, and in such event, the instrument appointing a proxy shall be revoked.
- 5. The instrument appointing a proxy shall be in writing under the hand of the appointor or his attorney duly authorised in writing, or if the appointor is a corporation, either under seal or under the hand of an officer or attorney duly authorised.
- 6. Shareholders whose name appear on the Company's register of members on Monday, 5 February 2018, will be eligible for attending and voting at the SGM. The Company's register of members will be closed from Thursday, 1 February 2018 to Monday, 5 February 2018, both days inclusive, during which no transfer of shares will be registered. In order to be eligible for attending and voting at the SGM, all transfer forms accompanied by the relevant share certificates must be lodged with the Company's branch share registrar in Hong Kong, Tricor Tengis Limited at Level 22, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Hong Kong for registration not later than 4:30 p.m. on Wednesday, 31 January 2018.