

2015 Q1 Results Presentation
Unaudited results for the three months ended 31 March

## Agenda



TCL

## 1. Financial Highlights

## A Cinematic Experience Like Never Before <br> TCL TV+ Curved H8800 Series



## Financial Highlights



| (HK\$ million) | $\begin{array}{r} 2015 \\ \text { Q1 } \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 2014 \\ \text { Q1 } \end{array}$ | Change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| LCD TV sales volume |  |  |  |
| ('000 sets) | 4,164 | 3,826 | +8.8\% |
| LCD TV average selling price (HK\$) | 1,985 | 1,908 | +4.0\% |
| Turnover | 8,285 | 7,889 | +5.0\% |
| Gross profit | 1,189 | 1,026 | +15.9\% |
| Gross profit margin (\%) | 14.3\% | 13.0\% | +1.3 p.p. |
| Expense ratio (\%) | 13.1\% | 12.7\% | +0.4 p.p. |
| Net profit after tax | 40 | 12 | +242.2\% |
| Net profit after tax margin (\%) | 0.5\% | 0.1\% | +0.4 p.p. |
| Profit attributable to owners of the parent | 46 | 15 | +200.1\% |
| Basic earnings per share (HK cents) | 3.45 | 1.14 | +202.6\% |

## Segment Results



## LCD TV Sales Volume

## LCD TV Sales Volume (By quarter)



* Since 9 May 2014, Toshiba Visual Products (China) Co., Ltd ("Toshiba Visual") has become a subsidiary of the Group with equity interest of $70 \%$. Therefore, in the first quarter of 2015, the Group's total LCD TV sales volume in the PRC Market has included the sales volume of Toshiba Visual. If sales volume of Toshiba Visual was excluded, the total LCD TV sales volume in the PRC Market for the first quarter of 2015 would have increased by $17.2 \%$ year-on-year to 2.11 million sets


## LCD TV Average Selling Prices

## Average Selling Prices of LCD TVs (By quarter)



## Profit Margins and Expense Ratios

## Profit Margins and Expense Ratios (By quarter)


${ }^{\wedge}$ Restated

* Expense ratio $=($ Selling and distribution expenses + Administrative expenses $) /$ Turnover
@ Net profit / (loss) margin = Net profit / (loss) from continuing operations / Turnover


## Key Financial Indicators

|  | 31 Mar 2015 | 31 Dec 2014 | Change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Inventory turnover (days)* | 50 | 49 | +1 day |
| A/R turnover (days)* | 44 | 42 | +2 days |
| A/P turnover (days)* | 67 | 65 | +2 days |
| Cash conversion cycle (days) | 27 | 26 | +1 day |
| Current ratio (times) | 1.1 | 1.1 | Unchanged |
| Gearing ratio (total) (\%)** | 90.3 | 90.2 | +0.1 p.p. |
| Gearing ratio (net) (\%)*** | 32.5 | 10.0 | +22.5 p.p. |

[^0]** Gearing ration (total) = Total interest-bearing borrowings / Equity attributable to owners of the parent
$* *$ Gearing ratio (net) $=$ Net Borrowing / Equity attributable to owners of the parent. Net Borrowing = Total interest-bearing borrowings - Cash and bank balances Pledged deposits

## Balance Sheet Highlights

(HK\$ million)
Non-current assets
Current assets

- Inventory
- Cash and bank balance

Current liabilities
Net current assets
Non-current liabilities
Net assets

| 31 Mar 2015 | 31 Dec 2014 | Change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3,352 | 3,362 | (0.3\%) |
| 18,138 | 18,120 | +0.1\% |
| 3,984 | 4,055 | (1.7\%) |
| 2,437 | 3,379 | (27.9\%) |
| 15,936 | 15,916 | +0.1\% |
| 2,202 | 2,204 | (0.1\%) |
| 844 | 960 | (12.1\%) |
| 4,710 | 4,606 | +2.3\% |



## Global LCD TV Market Share

| Ranking | Brand | FY 2014 | FY 2013 |
| :---: | :--- | ---: | ---: |
| 1 | Samsung | $21.8 \%$ | $20.5 \%$ |
| 2 | LGE | $14.2 \%$ | $13.8 \%$ |
| 3 | Sony | $6.5 \%$ | $6.2 \%$ |
| 4 | TCL | $5.4 \%$ | $6.5 \%$ |
| 5 | Hisense | $5.2 \%$ | $4.7 \%$ |
| 6 | Skyworth | $4.1 \%$ | $4.4 \%$ |
| 7 | Panasonic | $3.7 \%$ | $3.9 \%$ |
| 8 | Toshiba | $3.4 \%$ | $4.2 \%$ |
| 9 | AOC/TP Vision | $3.4 \%$ | $4.1 \%$ |
| 10 | Vizio | $3.1 \%$ | $3.1 \%$ |
| PRC LCD TV Market Share |  |  |  |
| Ranking | Brand | FY 2014 |  |
| 1 | Skyworth | $16.4 \%$ | $\mathbf{F Y}$ |
| 2 | Hisense | $16.3 \%$ | $16.1 \%$ |
| 3 | TCL | $16.0 \%$ | $15.1 \%$ |
| 4 | Changhong | $10.8 \%$ | $18.1 \%$ |
| 5 | Konka | $10.2 \%$ | $11.9 \%$ |
| 6 | Haier | $5.4 \%$ | $11.3 \%$ |
| 7 | Samsung | $5.0 \%$ | $5.7 \%$ |
| 8 | Sharp | $3.5 \%$ | $4.1 \%$ |
| 9 | Sony | $3.2 \%$ | $3.5 \%$ |
| 10 | LGE | $1.8 \%$ | $3.4 \%$ |

## TV Sales Volume

| Total TV Sales Volume ('000 sets) | $\begin{array}{r} 2015 \\ \text { Q1 } \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 2014 \\ 01 \end{array}$ | Change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total | 4,182 | 3,870 | +8.1\% |
| - PRC | 2,171 | 1,801 | +20.5\%* |
| - Overseas | 2,011 | 2,069 | (2.8\%) |
| LCD TV Sales Volume ('000 sets) | $\begin{array}{r} 2015 \\ \text { Q1 } \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 2014 \\ \text { Q1 } \end{array}$ | Change |
| Total | 4,164 | 3,826 | +8.8\% |
| Of which: LED backlight LCD TVs | 4,159 | 3,825 | +8.7\% |
| Smart TVs | 1,173 | 720 | +63.0\% |
| - PRC | 2,171 | 1,801 | +20.5\%* |
| - Overseas | 1,993 | 2,025 | (1.6\%) |

* Since 9 May 2014, Toshiba Visual has become a subsidiary of the Group with equity interest of $70 \%$. Therefore, in the first quarter of 2015, the Group's total LCD TV sales volume in the PRC Market has included the sales volume of Toshiba Visual. If sales volume of Toshiba Visual was excluded, the total LCD TV sales volume in the PRC Market for the first quarter of 2015 would have increased by $17.2 \%$ year-on-year to 2.11 million sets


## TV Business in the PRC Market

> Turnover increased by $24.5 \%$ year-on-year, gross profit margin rose by 1.1 p.p. year-on-year; sales volume of LCD TVs was up by $20.5 \%{ }^{*}$ year-on-year, the average selling price increased by $3.3 \%$ year-on-year
> Proportion of sales volume of smart TVs rose from 41.0\% in 2014 to $47.2 \%$ while that of 4 K TVs increased from $9.7 \%$ to $12.9 \%$
> Proportion of online sales volume increased from $7.8 \%$ in 2014 to $11.0 \%$
> The accumulated number of TCL activated smart TV users totalled $7,769,780$, the daily average number of active users in March 2015 increased by $79.8 \%$ year-on-year to $2,899,924$

## Drawbacks

> The sales volume of mid-to-high-end products and product mix still require further improvements
> Market competitive pressures and the Group's channel expansions have resulted in an increase in the number of its account receivable turnover days

[^1] sets

## TV Business in the PRC Market

There is still a disparity in sales of high-end products among its key competitors

- Comparison for market share and average selling price for UHD products (2015 Q1)

| Brand | Market share for sales <br> volume | Average selling price <br> (RMB) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Hisense | $20.1 \%$ | 5,740 |
| Samsung | $14.3 \%$ | 8,792 |
| Skyworth | $14.4 \%$ | 5,367 |
| TCL | $13.1 \%$ | 4,999 |
| Changhong | $11.8 \%$ | 4,765 |

2015 Q1 4K UHD TV Market Penetration Rate of TCL, Skyworth and Hisense


## TV Business in the Overseas Markets

## Highlights

> Sales volume of LCD TVs in the Emerging Markets increased by $22.8 \%$ year-on-year to 1.17 million sets, average selling price increased by $6.7 \%$ year-on-year
> As the cooperation with TCL Roku TVs in the North American Market has gradually achieved improvements, sales volume of LCD TVs in the North American Market grew by $85.1 \%$ year-on-year
> Overall performance did not meet expectations, turnover decreased by $4.0 \%$ year-on-year while gross profit margin dropped by 3.0 p.p.; sales volume of LCD TVs down by $1.6 \%$ year-on-year; average selling price down by $1.9 \%$ year-on-year

## Drawbacks

> The European Market was impacted by the fluctuations of foreign exchange rates, leading to declines in revenue and gross profit margin
> Strategic ODM business was affected by major customers which led to a drop of 34.7\% year-on-year in sales volume of LCD TVs

## TCL Smart TV Operation Statistics in 2014 and 2015 Q1




电视定制版社交K歌

## Global LCD TV Market Forecasts - Growth Rate of Market Size

The size of global LCD TV market is expected to grow by $\mathbf{3 . 9} \%$ in 2015


[^2]
## Forecasts for UHD TVs in Global and the PRC Market - Total Volume and Penetration Rate

(unit: million sets)



Forecasts for Curved Screens and TVs in Global and the PRC Market - Total Volume and Penetration Rate


# Overall Strategies - Twin Drivers of Internationalisation and the "Double +" Strategy <br> <br> BUS strategy: <br> <br> BUS strategy: <br> <br> Internet business: <br> <br> Internet business: <br> $\checkmark$ Achieve "double +" strategic transformation supported by smart TVs <br> $\checkmark$ Establish a business model based on <br> Product strategy: <br> $\checkmark$ Continue to adjust product mix and implement "Big screen, Ultra-high-definition and Smart" - (BUS) strategy to enhance operational efficiency <br> $\checkmark$ Increase investments in brand building and marketing efforts to raise the sales proportion of TCL brand 

Continuously implement leading product strategy with TV+ as the featured product series; focus on mid-to-high-end products with curved, bigscreen, ultra-high-definition, priced at above RMB7,000 and high colour domain

## Electronic commerce

 business:Establish a competitive O2O business model

Improved operation:
$\checkmark$ Lower costs and enhance operational efficiency through deepening sales channels and organisational reforms by eliminating the middle layers and establishing an integrated operational system

Breakthroughs in key markets: $\checkmark$ Concentrate resources into key markets to seek breakthroughs in France, United States, Brazil and
$\checkmark$ Proactively exploit synergies with other businesses of TCL Corporation to raise the influence

## Vertical integration:

Strengthen industrial cooperation with Shenzhen China Star Optoelectronics Technology Co., Ltd., maximize effectiveness from vertical integration along the industrial chain

India, etc. of TCL brand
$\checkmark$ The PRC and overseas businesses are expected to be back on the growth track through improvement on competitiveness, thus enhancing profitability

## Strengthen the

 establishment of capabilities
## fundamental

Implement "double +" Continue to pursue strategic internationalisation transformation


## Operational Strategies



## TCL

## Internet Business Strategies

Implement "double +" strategic transformation and establish a business model based on Internet operation service through smart TVs

## Expand operable user base

2
Establish operable business model
3
Establish scaled operational service revenue

4
Innovate and incubate new Internet business

## Targets for 2015 and Progress of Implementation

|  | 2014 |  |  |  |  | 2015 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Overall actual | The PRC Market |  | Overseas Markets |  | Overall target | The PRC Market |  | Overseas Markets |  |
|  |  | FY actual | Q1 actual | FY actual | Q1 actual |  | FY target | Q1 actual | FY target | Q1 actual |
| LCD TVs sales volume ('0000 sets) | 1,657 | 851 | 180 | 806 | 203 | 1,750 | 870 | $\begin{gathered} 217 \\ (\uparrow 20.5 \%)^{4} \end{gathered}$ | 880 | $\begin{gathered} 199 \\ (\downarrow 1.6 \%) \end{gathered}$ |
| Turnover (HK\$ million) | 33,526 |  | 4,347 |  | 2,982 | 40,500 |  | $\begin{gathered} 5,413 \\ (\uparrow 24.5 \%) \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} 2,862 \\ (\downarrow 4.0 \%) \end{gathered}$ |


| The PRC Market | FY 2014 actual | FY 2015 target | 2015 Q1 actual |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Proportion of smart TVs sales volume (\%) | 41.0\% | 60\% | 47.2\% |
| Proportion of 4K TVs sales volume (\%) | 9.7\% | 20\% | 12.9\% |
| Proportion of online sales volume (\%) | 7.8\% | 15\% | 11.0\% |
|  | FY 2014 actual | FY 2015 target | 2015 Q1 actual |
| Number of TCL activated smart TV users (Accumulated number at period end) (year-end / quarter-end) ${ }^{1}$ | 6,746,610 | 10,000,000 | 7,769,780 |
| Daily average number of active users (year-end / month-end) ${ }^{2}$ | 2,268,959 | 4,200,000 | 2,899,924 ${ }^{3}$ |
| Service revenue (RMB) | N/A | 50,000,000 | 1,393,700 |

1. Number of TCL activated smart TV users (Accumulated number at period end) = Accumulated number of activated TV terminals
2. Daily average number of active users = Number of unrepeated individual users who visit within 7 days
3. March 2015 data
4. Since 9 May 2014, Toshiba Visual has become a subsidiary of the Group with equity interest of $70 \%$. Therefore, in the first quarter of 2015 , the Group's total LCD TV sales volume in the PRC Market has included the sales volume of Toshiba Visual. If sales volume of Toshiba Visual was excluded, the total LCD TV sales volume in the PRC Market for the first quarter of 2015 would have increased by $17.2 \%$ year-on-year to 2.11 million sets

## Disclaimer

- The information contained herein should not be utilised for any legal purposes with regards to any investor's investment decision or results. In particular, this document does not constitute any recommendation or invitation for subscribing for or sale and purchase of any securities in TCL Multimedia Technology Holdings Limited (the "Company"). The Company hereby expressly disclaims any liability for any loss or damage resulting from or in connection with any reliance by any investor on the information contained herein.
- A number of forward-looking statements may be made from this presentation. Forwardlooking statements are statements that are not historical facts. These forward-looking statements are based on the current expectations of the Company and there can be no assurance that such expectations will prove to be correct. Because forward-looking statements involve risks and uncertainties, the Company's actual results could differ materially from these statements.


## TCL




[^0]:    * The above turnover days are calculated based on the average balances for a 12-month period

[^1]:    * Since 9 May 2014, Toshiba Visual has become a subsidiary of the Group with equity interest of $70 \%$. Therefore, in the first quarter of 2015, the Group's total LCD TV sales volume in the PRC Market has included the sales volume of Toshiba Visual. If sales volume of Toshiba Visual was excluded, the total LCD TV sales volume in the PRC Market for the first quarter of 2015 would have increased by $17.2 \%$ year-on-year to 2.11 million

[^2]:    Source: DisplaySearch

