

# 天安中國投資有限公司

# TIAN AN CHINA INVESTMENTS COMPANY LIMITED

(Stock Code 股份代號: 28)



# 目 錄 CONTENTS

公司資料 **2** Corporate Information

董事總經理報告 4 Managing Director's Statement

管理層討論及分析 10 Management Discussion and Analysis

經營回顧 10 Operational Review

財務回顧 13 Financial Review

項目回顧 **15** Project Review

主要物業發展
 15
 Major Property Developments

主要物業投資21Major Property Investments

• 其他投資 22 • Other Investments

物業發展資料 23 Particulars of Property Development

發展中物業資料 **27** Particulars of Properties under Construction

物業及酒店投資資料 28 Particulars of Property and Hotel Investments

企業管治報告 33 Corporate Governance Report

環境、社會及管治報告 **55** Environmental, Social and Governance Report

董事會報告 **70** Directors' Report

獨立核數師報告 95 Independent Auditor's Report

綜合損益表 103 Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss

綜合財務狀況表 105 Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

綜合權益變動表 107 Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity

綜合現金流動表 109 Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

綜合財務報表附註 112 Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

財務概要 **272** Financial Summary

### 公司資料 CORPORATE INFORMATION

### 董事會

### 執行董事

宋增彬,*副主席* 李成偉,*董事總經理* 馬申,*副總裁* 勞景祐 杜燦生

### 非執行董事

李成輝*,主席* 鄭慕智

### 獨立非執行董事

鄭鑄輝 金惠志 魏華生 楊麗琛

### 執行委員會

李成偉,*主席* 馬申 勞景祐 杜燦生 鄒志忠

### 審核委員會

魏華生,*主席* 鄭鑄輝 鄭慕智 金惠志 楊麗琛

### 薪酬委員會

鄭鑄輝,*主席* 金惠志 魏華生 楊麗琛

### 提名委員會

楊麗琛,*主席* 鄭鑄輝 金惠志 魏華生 勞景祐

### **BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

### **Executive Directors**

Song Zengbin, Deputy Chairman
Patrick Lee Seng Wei, Managing Director
Ma Sun, Deputy Managing Director
Edwin Lo King Yau
Tao Tsan Sang

#### **Non-Executive Directors**

Lee Seng Hui, *Chairman* Moses Cheng Mo Chi

### **Independent Non-Executive Directors**

Francis J. Chang Chu Fai Jin Hui Zhi Ngai Wah Sang Lisa Yang Lai Sum

### **EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE**

Patrick Lee Seng Wei, Chairman Ma Sun Edwin Lo King Yau Tao Tsan Sang Chew Chee Choong

#### **AUDIT COMMITTEE**

Ngai Wah Sang, Chairman Francis J. Chang Chu Fai Moses Cheng Mo Chi Jin Hui Zhi Lisa Yang Lai Sum

### **REMUNERATION COMMITTEE**

Francis J. Chang Chu Fai, *Chairman* Jin Hui Zhi Ngai Wah Sang Lisa Yang Lai Sum

### NOMINATION COMMITTEE

Lisa Yang Lai Sum, Chairman Francis J. Chang Chu Fai Jin Hui Zhi Ngai Wah Sang Edwin Lo King Yau

### 公司資料

### CORPORATE INFORMATION

### 往來銀行

### 香港

中國銀行(香港)有限公司東亞銀行有限公司中信銀行(國際)有限公司香港上海滙豐銀行有限公司渣打銀行(香港)有限公司華僑永亨銀行有限公司

### 中國內地

中國銀行股份有限公司 交通銀行股份有限公司 東亞銀行(中國)有限公司 中國建設銀行股份有限公司 招商銀行股份有限公司 中國工商銀行股份有限公司 平安銀行股份有限公司 華僑永亨銀行(中國)有限公司

### 註冊辦事處

香港灣仔告士打道138號 聯合鹿島大廈22樓 電話: 2533 3233

電話: 2533 3233 傳真: 2845 3034

電郵:info@tiananchina.com

### 股份過戶登記處

卓佳秘書商務有限公司 香港 皇后大道東183號 合和中心22樓

### 公司秘書

容綺媚

### 核數師

德勤 • 關黃陳方會計師行

### 律師

胡百全律師事務所

### 股份代號

28

### 網站

http://www.tiananchina.com http://www.irasia.com/listco/hk/tiananchina/ index.htm

### **BANKERS**

### **Hong Kong**

Bank of China (Hong Kong) Limited
The Bank of East Asia, Limited
China CITIC Bank International Limited
The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited
Standard Chartered Bank (Hong Kong) Limited
OCBC Wing Hang Bank Limited

#### **Mainland China**

Bank of China Limited
Bank of Communications Co., Ltd.
The Bank of East Asia (China) Limited
China Construction Bank Corporation
China Merchants Bank Co., Ltd.
Industrial and Commercial Bank of China Limited
Ping An Bank Co., Ltd.
OCBC Wing Hang Bank (China) Limited

#### **REGISTERED OFFICE**

22nd Floor, Allied Kajima Building 138 Gloucester Road, Wanchai, Hong Kong

Tel. : 2533 3233 Fax : 2845 3034

E-mail: info@tiananchina.com

### **SHARE REGISTRAR**

Tricor Secretaries Limited Level 22, Hopewell Centre 183 Queen's Road East Hong Kong

### **COMPANY SECRETARY**

Cindy Yung Yee Mei

### **AUDITOR**

Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu

### **SOLICITOR**

P. C. Woo & Co.

### STOCK CODE

28

### **WEBSITES**

http://www.tiananchina.com http://www.irasia.com/listco/hk/tiananchina/ index.htm

### 董事總經理報告 MANAGING DIRECTOR'S STATEMENT

本人欣然宣佈二零一八年之全年業績。

I am pleased to present to you the annual results for 2018.

### 財務業績

本集團截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度之收入為3,291.7百萬港元(二零一七年:1,112.9百萬港元),較去年增加196%。本公司股東應佔溢利為1,251.2百萬港元(二零一七年:2,054.1百萬港元),較二零一七年減少39%。

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度的溢利下跌之主要原因為截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止年度出售一間附屬公司帶來約1,634.0百萬港元之收益,而截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度並無出售附屬公司。

每股盈利為0.83港元(二零一七年:1.36港元),於二零一八年年底,本公司股東應佔每股賬面資產淨值為15.85港元(二零一七年:15.55港元)。

### 股息

本公司之董事會(「董事會」)已宣佈派發載至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度之中期股息每股20港仙(代替末期股息)(二零一七年中期股息(代替末期股息):每股20港仙),並將於二零一九年四月十七日(星期三)或前後派付予於二零一九年四月二日(星期二)名列本公司股東名冊內之本公司股東(「股東」)。

### **FINANCIAL RESULTS**

The revenue of the Group for the year ended 31st December, 2018 was HK\$3,291.7 million (2017: HK\$1,112.9 million), an increase of 196% compared to the year before. The profit attributable to owners of the Company amounted to HK\$1,251.2 million (2017: HK\$2,054.1 million), representing a decrease of 39% from 2017.

The main reason for the decrease in profit for the year ended 31st December, 2018 was that there was gain on disposal of a subsidiary of approximately HK\$1,634.0 million for the year ended 31st December, 2017, whereas there was no disposal of subsidiary for the year ended 31st December, 2018.

Earnings per share amounted to HK\$0.83 (2017: HK\$1.36), while the net asset value per share attributable to owners of the Company was HK\$15.85 at the end of 2018 (2017: HK\$15.55).

### **DIVIDEND**

The board of directors of the Company ("Board") has declared an interim dividend of HK20 cents per share (in lieu of a final dividend) for the year ended 31st December, 2018 (2017 interim dividend) (in lieu of a final dividend): HK20 cents per share) payable on or around Wednesday, 17th April, 2019 to the shareholders of the Company ("Shareholders") whose names appear on the register of members of the Company on Tuesday, 2nd April, 2019.

### 董事總經理報告 MANAGING DIRECTOR'S STATEMENT

### 暫停辦理股份過戶登記

# (1) 釐定收取中期股息(代替末期股息)的 資格

為釐定收取截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度之中期股息(代替末期股息)的資格,本公司將於二零一九年四月一日(星期一)及二零一九年四月二日(星期二)暫理本公司股份過戶登記,在此期間本公司股份過戶登記,在此期間本公司股份之轉讓手續將不予辦理。股東為符司司政份之轉讓手續將不予辦理。股東為符為之轉享中期股息(代替末期股息)資格,須於二零一九年三月二十九日(星期五)下午四時三十分前將所有過戶文件連同有關股票送交本公司之股份過戶登記處卓佳秘書商務有限公司(地址為香港皇后大道東183號合和中心22樓)辦理股份過戶登記手續。

### (2) 釐定出席本公司即將舉行之股東週年 大會(「二零一九年股東週年大會」)並 於會上投票的資格

二零一九年股東週年大會預定於二零一九年五月二十二日(星期三)舉行。為釐會上限東出席二零一九年股東週年大會並於五月十七日(星期五)至二零一九年五月二日(星期五)(包括首尾兩天)暫停所五月二日(星期三)(包括首尾兩天)暫停前間本公司股份過戶登記,在此期間本公內會主事,須於二零一九年股東週年大會並於資上四下午四時三十分前將所有過戶登記有關股票送交本公司之股份過戶登記有關股票送交本公司之股份過戶登記有量,183號合和中心22樓)辦理股份過戶登記手續。

### **CLOSURE OF REGISTER OF MEMBERS**

# (1) For determining the entitlement to the interim dividend (in lieu of a final dividend)

For determining the entitlement to the interim dividend (in lieu of a final dividend) for the year ended 31st December, 2018, the register of members of the Company will be closed on Monday, 1st April, 2019 and Tuesday, 2nd April, 2019, during which period no transfer of shares of the Company will be registered. In order for a Shareholder to qualify for the interim dividend (in lieu of a final dividend), all transfer forms accompanied by the relevant share certificates must be lodged with the Company's share registrar, Tricor Secretaries Limited of Level 22, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Hong Kong for registration not later than 4:30 p.m. on Friday, 29th March, 2019.

# (2) For determining the entitlement to attend and vote at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company ("2019 AGM")

The 2019 AGM is scheduled to be held on Wednesday, 22nd May, 2019. For determining the entitlement to attend and vote at the 2019 AGM, the register of members of the Company will be closed from Friday, 17th May, 2019 to Wednesday, 22nd May, 2019 (both days inclusive), during which period no transfer of shares of the Company will be registered. In order for a Shareholder to be eligible to attend and vote at the 2019 AGM, all transfer forms accompanied by the relevant share certificates must be lodged with the Company's share registrar, Tricor Secretaries Limited of Level 22, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Hong Kong for registration not later than 4:30 p.m. on Thursday, 16th May, 2019.

### 董事總經理報告

### MANAGING DIRECTOR'S STATEMENT

### 業務回顧

本集團主要經營範圍包括:在中華人民共和國 內地開發住宅、別墅、辦公樓及商用物業,物 業投資及物業管理,以及在香港之物業投資及 物業管理。

### 以下為本集團於二零一八年之成績概述:

- (1) 雖然本集團並無出售附屬公司帶來之一次 性收益,惟持續進行中之發展項目仍錄得 重大銷售及貢獻。
- (2) 本集團二零一八年之總應佔已登記銷售 (包括來自合營企業的銷售及發展中物業 的預售)為218,200平方米(二零一七年: 203,300平方米),增加7%。已竣工總應佔 樓面面積(「樓面面積」)約為371,100平方 米(二零一七年:284,700平方米),較去 年增加30%。二零一八年,在建總應佔樓 面面積於年末約為1,036,100平方米(二零 一七年:902,700平方米),較去年同期上 升15%。
- (3) 租金收入較二零一七年上升9%,北京天安 豪園、長春天安第一城、南京天安數碼城 以及南京天安國際大廈帶來額外貢獻。於 二零一七年上半年收購倫敦南廣場酒店亦 增加本集團租金收入。
- (4) 數碼城:本集團於12個城市裡總共有15個數碼城。本集團數碼城部份的整體貢獻上升。位於珠江三角洲的數碼城作出大部份貢獻,本集團將在擁有充足的人力及營銷資源的區域集中發展新的數碼城及城市更新項目。
- (5) 天安位於深圳龍崗華為新城片區的城市更 新項目天安雲谷的第二期,樓面面積約為 599,400平方米,正在建設當中,並預期 於二零一九年竣工。
- (6) 截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度, 亞證地產有限公司錄得股東應佔溢利112.7 百萬港元(二零一七年:169.2百萬港元)。

### **BUSINESS REVIEW**

The Group is engaged principally in the development of apartments, villas, office buildings and commercial properties, property investment and property management on the mainland in the People's Republic of China, as well as property investment and property management in Hong Kong.

An outline of our achievements in 2018 is described below:

- (1) Although there was no one-off gain from disposal of a subsidiary, the Group booked substantial sales and contributions from its ongoing development projects.
- (2) Total attributable registered sales (including sales from joint ventures and pre-sales of properties under construction) of the Group amounted to 218,200 m² in 2018 (2017: 203,300 m²), an increase of 7%. A total attributable gross floor area ("GFA") of approximately 371,100 m² (2017: 284,700 m²) was completed, an increase of 30% from last year. For 2018, a total attributable GFA of approximately 1,036,100 m² (2017: 902,700 m²) was under construction at the year end, representing an 15% increase over the last year.
- (3) Rental income was up by 9% as compared with 2017, due to the additional contribution from Beijing Park Apartments, Changchun Tian An City One, Nanjing Tian An Cyber Park and Nanjing Tian An International Building. The acquisition of South Place Hotel London during the first half of 2017 has also improved the rental income of the Group.
- (4) Cyberpark: There are a total of 15 cyberparks over 12 cities. The overall contribution of our cyberpark unit has increased. Those on the Pearl River Delta have been contributing most and we will concentrate on developing new cyberparks and urban renewal projects in this region where we have ample manpower and marketing resources.
- (5) Phase 2 of Tian An's urban renewal project, Tian An Cloud Park, in Huawei New City Area in the Longgang District of Shenzhen, with GFA of approximately 599,400 m<sup>2</sup> is under construction and is expected to be completed in 2019.
- (6) For the year ended 31st December, 2018, Asiasec Properties Limited reported a profit of HK\$112.7 million (2017: HK\$169.2 million) attributable to its shareholders.

### 董事總經理報告

### MANAGING DIRECTOR'S STATEMENT

### 二零一九年之計劃

### 二零一九年目標如下:

- (1) 本集團將繼續透過收購和出售以調整土地 儲備質素及出售本集團的產品來平衡短期 回報的需求及長期資本增值。
- (2) 本集團將在必要時調整產品和價格及建設 的速度,以利於產品在適時的環境中出售。
- (3) 本集團希望適當地增加項目的貸款而不是 過度利用股本,從而提升股本回報。
- (4) 本集團將審視現行管理及成本結構,從而 改善效益及盡可能降低費用。

### 長遠的企業策略

- (1) 本集團將保留若干發展物業作投資,相信 該等物業投資將提供租金流入的增長及相 應的資本增值。
- (2) 本集團將集中力量發展數碼城及城市更新項目,並相信該等產品受政府及當地市場歡迎。

### 業務展望

本集團之主要業務市場為中國內地,當地監管機構實施不同的政策以控制高企的房屋需求。 在香港,土地供應短缺導致高企的土地價格。 在中國,中國人民銀行於二零一九年一月下 存款準備金率以刺激經濟。本集團預期環球市 場利率在二零一九年將會保持穩定,而中國和 美國之間的貿易戰可能於二零一九年得以緩 和。預計二零一九年房地產市場將保持穩定。 本集團對中國內地及香港房地產市場之長遠前 景仍具信心。

### **PLANS FOR 2019**

Objectives for 2019 are as follows:

- (1) We will continue to adjust the quality of our landbank through acquisitions and disposals and sale of our end products to balance the demands of short term returns and long term capital appreciation.
- (2) We will adjust our products and pricing as well as the speed of construction where necessary to assist the sale of our products in the current environment.
- (3) We hope to responsibly gear up our projects rather than overutilising equity in order to increase our return on equity.
- (4) We will review our management and cost structure so as to improve efficiency and reduce expenses where possible.

### LONG TERM CORPORATE STRATEGIES

- (1) The Group will retain certain development properties for investment where we believe these properties will provide increasing rental streams and corresponding increases in capital value.
- (2) We will concentrate our effort on developing our cyberpark and urban renewal units where we believe our products are welcomed by the government and the local market.

### **BUSINESS OUTLOOK**

The Group's main business market is mainland China, where there have been various measures by the authorities to regulate the high housing demand. In Hong Kong, there is a shortage in the supply of land resulting in high land prices. In China, the China's central bank had cut the reserve requirement ratio in January 2019 to stimulate the economy. We expect that global market interest rates will be stable and the trade war between China and the United States of America may abate in 2019. The property market is expected to be stable in 2019. We remain confident of the long term prospects of the property market in mainland China and Hong Kong.

### 董 事 總 經 理 報 告 MANAGING DIRECTOR'S STATEMENT

### 致謝

### 本人謹此衷心感謝各董事及員工於過去一年值 得表揚之努力及對本集團之貢獻,並感謝各股 東的諒解及支持,以及客戶之信任。

### **APPRECIATION**

I would like to take this opportunity to thank my fellow Directors and the staff for their diligence and contributions to the Group in the past year, to the Shareholders for their understanding and support, and to the customers for their trust.

*董事總經理* 李成偉

香港,二零一九年三月十五日

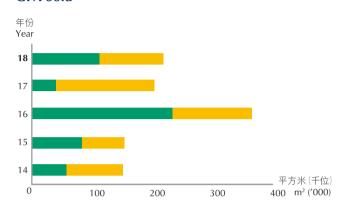
Patrick Lee Seng Wei

Managing Director

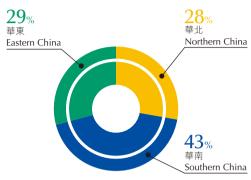
Hong Kong, 15th March, 2019

### 董事總經理報告 MANAGING DIRECTOR'S STATEMENT

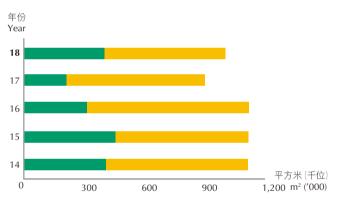
### 銷售樓面面積 GFA Sold



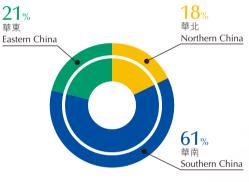
### 2018年銷售樓面面積之地區分佈 GFA Sold by Region in 2018



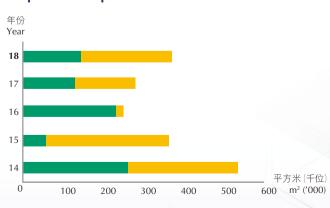
### 在建物業樓面面積 Properties Under Construction in terms of GFA



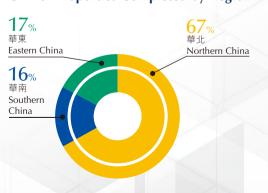
### 2018年在建物業樓面面積之地區分佈 GFA of Properties Under Construction by Region in 2018



### 建成樓面面積 Properties Completed in terms of GFA



### 2018年建成樓面面積之地區分佈 GFA of Properties Completed by Region in 2018



■ 住宅 Residential 商業 Commercial

### 經營回顧

### 1. 收益來源

在中華人民共和國(「中國」)的物業發展、物業 投資、聯營公司及合營企業投資之營運收益為 本集團收入之主要來源。其明細如下:

### (1) 物業發展

本集團物業發展收入(包括附屬公司,但不包括聯營公司及合營企業)由二零一七年495.6百萬港元增加至2,627.2百萬港元。年內銷售的項目主要有長春天安第一城(四期二批及三批)、惠州惠陽天安瓏城(二期)及上海天安豪園(一期)。

### (2) 物業投資

於本年度期間,主要因為來自北京天安豪園、 長春天安第一城、南京天安數碼城、南京天安 國際大廈及倫敦南廣場酒店的額外貢獻,令本 集團租金收入由463.2百萬港元增加至502.8百 萬港元,升幅約8.5%。

### (3) 聯營公司及合營企業投資

### **OPERATIONAL REVIEW**

#### 1. INCOME SOURCES

Income derived from operations in property development, property investment, associate and joint venture investments in the People's Republic of China ("PRC") constituted the most significant source of revenue to the Group. An analysis is as follows:

### (1) Property developments

Revenue derived from property development of the Group (including subsidiaries but excluding associates and joint ventures) increased from HK\$495.6 million to HK\$2,627.2 million compared with 2017. Projects offered for sale during the year mainly consisted of Changchun Tian An City One (Phase 4 Parts 2 and 3), Huizhou Huiyang Tian An Sun Life City (Phase 2) and Shanghai Tian An Place (Phase 1).

### (2) Property investments

During the year, mainly due to the additional contribution from Beijing Park Apartments, Changchun Tian An City One, Nanjing Tian An Cyber Park, Nanjing Tian An International Building and South Place Hotel London, the rental income of the Group increased from HK\$463.2 million to HK\$502.8 million, representing an increase of approximately 8.5%.

### (3) Associate and joint venture investments

		2018 千港元 HK\$′000	2017 千港元 HK\$′000
溢利貢獻:	Contribution to profit:		
應佔聯營公司溢利	Share of profit of associates	55,688	99,148
應佔合營企業溢利	Share of profit of joint ventures	378,774	253,219
		434,462	352,367

應佔

### 管理層討論及分析

### MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

### 2. 主要銷售

# 截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團的銷售活動(包括來自合營企業的銷售及發展中物業的預售)主要集中在以下項目:

### 2. MAJOR SALES

For the year ended 31st December, 2018, the Group's sales activities (including sales from joint ventures and pre-sales of properties under development) were concentrated principally on the following projects:

銷售樓面面積 Attributable **GFA** sold 項目 **Project** 用途 Use 平方米m<sup>2</sup> 深圳天安雲谷(一期及二期) Shenzhen Tian An Cloud Park (Phases 1 & 2) 商業 Commercial 14,300 深圳天安龍崗數碼城 Shenzhen Tian An Longgang Cyber Park 商業 Commercial 3,800 (四期二批) (Phase 4 Part 2) 惠州惠陽天安瓏城 Huizhou Huiyang Tian An Sun Life City 住宅 Residential 19,000 (Phases 1 & 2) (一期及二期) Commercial 東莞鳳崗天安數碼城 Dongguan Fenggang Tian An Cyber Park 商業 37,000 (一期及二期) (Phases 1 & 2) 東莞天安數碼城(五期) Dongguan Tian An Cyber Park (Phase 5) Commercial 商業 13,800 佛山天安南海數碼城 Foshan Tian An Nanhai Cyber Park 商業 Commercial 6,700 (六期至八期) (Phases 6 to 8) 上海天安豪園(一期) Shanghai Tian An Place (Phase 1) 住宅 Residential 24,400 無錫天安曼哈頓(一期及二期) Wuxi Tian An Manhattan (Phases 1 & 2) 住宅 Residential 6,100 常州天安別墅(二期) Changzhou Tian An Villa (Phase 2) 住宅 Residential 4,800 江陰天安數碼城(一期及二期) Jiangyin Tian An Cyber Park (Phases 1 & 2) 商業/ Commercial/ 7,700 住宅 Residential 常州天安數碼城(一期至三期) Changzhou Tian An Cyber Park 商業/ Commercial/ 10,500 (Phases 1 to 3) 住宅 Residential 南通天安花園(四期及五期) Nantong Tian An Garden (Phases 4 & 5) 住宅 Residential 2,800 重慶天安數碼城 Chongqing Tian An Cyber Park 商業/ Commercial/ 4,900 (一期及二期) (Phases 1 & 2) 住宅 Residential 長春天安第一城 Changchun Tian An City One 住宅 Residential 7,600 (四期二批及三批) (Phase 4 Parts 2 & 3) Commercial/ 天津天安智慧港(一期) Tianjin Tian An Intelligent Port (Phase 1) 商業/ 25,100 住宅 Residential 青島天安數碼城(一期) Qingdao Tian An Cyber Park (Phase 1) 商業/ Commercial/ 19,500 住宅 Residential 天津天安數碼城(一期及四期) Tianjin Tian An Cyber Park (Phases 1 & 4) 商業 Commercial 8,000 其他項目 Other projects 商業/ Commercial/ 2,200 住宅 Residential

218,200

### 管理層討論及分析

### MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

### 3. 土地組合

本集團擁有約9,123,100平方米總樓面面積的土地儲備(本集團應佔總樓面面積約為5,908,500平方米,包括已竣工投資物業約809,800平方米和發展中及待發展物業約5,098,700平方米),主要位於上海、深圳、廣州、惠州、東莞、佛山、重慶、南通、無錫、常州、江陰、南京、長春、大連、天津、青島、香港、澳洲及英國。

於二零一八年十二月三十一日,本集團主要土 地組合如下:

### (1) 發展中及待發展物業

#### 3. LAND PORTFOLIO

The Group currently has a landbank of total GFA of approximately 9,123,100 m² (total GFA attributable to the Group is approximately 5,908,500 m², consisting of approximately 809,800 m² of completed investment properties and approximately 5,098,700 m² of properties under development and for development), located mainly in Shanghai, Shenzhen, Guangzhou, Huizhou, Dongguan, Foshan, Chongqing, Nantong, Wuxi, Changzhou, Jiangyin, Nanjing, Changchun, Dalian, Tianjin, Qingdao, Hong Kong, Australia and United Kingdom.

As at 31st December, 2018, the Group's land portfolio principally consisted of the following:

本集團應佔

本集團應佔

### (1) Properties under development and for development

				樓面面積 GFA
		商業 Commercial	住宅 Residential	attributable to the Group
地區	Region	平方米 m²	平方米 m²	平方米 m²
華南	Southern China	746,700	663,400	1,410,100
華東	Eastern China	1,215,800	472,900	1,688,700
華北	Northern China	506,700	379,600	886,300
澳洲	Australia	53,700	1,059,900	1,113,600
總計	Total	2,522,900	2,575,800	5,098,700

### (2) 已竣工投資物業

### (2) Completed investment properties

		商業	住宅	樓面面積 GFA attributable
地區	Region	Commercial 平方米 m²	Residential 平方米 m <sup>2</sup>	to the Group 平方米 m²
	111-6-111	1 20 11 111	1 20 11 111	1 23 11 222
華南	Southern China	182,700	26,700	209,400
華東	Eastern China	336,400	73,900	410,300
華北	Northern China	119,100	24,000	143,100
香港	Hong Kong	38,000	2,900	40,900
英國	United Kingdom	6,100	_	6,100
總計	Total	682,300	127,500	809,800

### 財務回顧

### 資金流動狀況及融資

本集團一貫致力維持穩健且財政資源平衡分配之流動資金。於二零一八年十二月三十一日,本集團之總銀行結餘及現金儲備約2,846.0百萬港元(二零一七年:4,969.0百萬港元),為本集團之日常運作提供足夠營運資金。

於二零一八年十二月三十一日,本集團之總借款約5,681.0百萬港元(二零一七年:4,399.4百萬港元),包括流動負債2,278.8百萬港元(二零一七年:885.8百萬港元)及非流動負債3,402.2百萬港元(二零一七年:3,513.6百萬港元)。本集團之資產負債率(負債淨額除以權益總額)為11%(二零一七年:負2%)。借款主要為待發展物業及發展中物業提供所需資金。融資成本增加主要是借款增加所致。

本集團之未償還借款中約55%將於兩年內到期。由於本集團之大部份投資及營運乃在中國進行,故大部份銀行借款以人民幣計算及歸還。本集團借款中約91%為定息借款,餘下者則為浮息借款。

為了保持靈活及充足的現金流以收購具潛質的 土地儲備及加快發展項目的工程建設,本集團 打算取得價格條款合理的合適銀行貸款。管理 層會持續監察資產負債率及在有需要時借入新 的外部貸款。

### 外滙波動風險

本集團需要就經常性營運活動以及現有及潛在 投資活動而持有外匯結餘,此表示本集團會承 受合理的匯兑風險;然而,本集團將按需要密 切監控所承擔之風險。

### **FINANCIAL REVIEW**

### **Liquidity and Financing**

The Group always maintains its liquidity at a healthy level with a balanced portfolio of financial resources. As at 31st December, 2018, the total bank balances and cash reserves of the Group were approximately HK\$2,846.0 million (2017: HK\$4,969.0 million), providing sufficient working capital for the daily operations of the Group.

As at 31st December, 2018, the total borrowings of the Group amounted to approximately HK\$5,681.0 million (2017: HK\$4,399.4 million), including current liabilities of HK\$2,278.8 million (2017: HK\$885.8 million) and non-current liabilities of HK\$3,402.2 million (2017: HK\$3,513.6 million). The gearing ratio (net debt over total equity) of the Group was 11% (2017: negative of 2%). The borrowings were mainly used to finance the properties for development and properties under construction. Increase in finance costs is mainly due to the increase in borrowings.

Approximately 55% of the Group's outstanding borrowings will mature within 2 years. Since most of the investments and operation of the Group are carried out in the PRC, most of the bank borrowings are denominated in Renminbi which will be repaid in the same currency. Around 91% of the Group's borrowings bear interest at fixed rates while the remainders are at floating rates.

Due to maintaining flexible and sufficient cashflow for acquiring the potential quality landbank and accelerating construction works for our development projects, the Group intends to obtain proper bank borrowings with reasonable pricing terms. The management continuously monitors its gearing ratio and raises new external borrowings when necessary.

### **Risk of Foreign Exchange Fluctuation**

The Group is required to maintain foreign currency exposure to cater for its recurring operating activities and present and potential investment activities, meaning it will be subject to reasonable exchange rate exposure. However, the Group will closely monitor this risk exposure as required.

### 管理層討論及分析

### MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

### 資產抵押

於二零一八年十二月三十一日,約552.7百萬港元之銀行存款、賬面總值分別約132.1百萬港元、4,048.3百萬港元及9,408.4百萬港元之物業、廠房及設備、發展物業及投資物業已作抵押,以便為本集團取得銀行信貸,並為物業買家取得按揭貸款及發展項目的公用服務供應及政府機關提供之擔保。

### 或有負債

由本集團之合營企業持有而賬面值約為74.3百 萬港元的兩項待發展物業正被當地機關進行閒 置土地調查。該等由合營企業持有之土地擁有 若干張土地使用證,除了部份土地作為整個項 目餘下發展外,超過一半的土地發展已告完成 或正在開發。由本集團的一間附屬公司持有的 另一項賬面值約35.1百萬港元的待發展物業亦 正被當地機關進行閒置土地調查。由該附屬公 司持有的該塊土地分階段進行發展,除了最後 的部份正待取得當地機關的規劃許可外,超過 一半的土地發展已告完成。此外,由本集團之 另一間合營企業持有,賬面值約755.5百萬港 元之待發展物業已被當地機關分類為閒置土 地。一期發展之建造工程於本年度正在進行 中。本集團現正積極防止該等正進行閒置土地 調查的土地發展可能被分類為閒置土地,並採 取補救措施以防止該等土地被分類為閒置土地 的起訴,包括與當地機關商討發展方案之可行 性。根據法律意見,本集團已對有關問題作出 評估,並認為閒置土地被充公不會發生。根據 董事的意見,由以上的調查引起經濟損失的可 能性並不高。

於二零一八年十二月三十一日,本集團就物業買家獲授之按揭貸款及合營企業獲授或已使用之銀行信貸而向銀行及就物業發展項目而向公用服務供應及政府機關提供約1,272.0百萬港元之擔保。本集團提供之所有擔保乃應銀行要求,並根據一般商業條款而作出。本集團並無涉及重大索償之法律行動。

### **Pledge on Assets**

As at 31st December, 2018, bank deposits of approximately HK\$552.7 million, aggregate carrying values of property, plant and equipment, development properties and investment properties of approximately HK\$132.1 million, HK\$4,048.3 million and HK\$9,408.4 million respectively, were pledged for banking facilities granted to the Group, mortgage loans granted to property purchasers and guarantees in respect of utility supplies and government authorities for the development works.

### **Contingent Liabilities**

Two pieces of properties for development that are held by joint ventures of the Group with carrying value of approximately HK\$74.3 million are under idle land investigation by the local authorities. These pieces of lands owned by the joint ventures were held under several land use right certificates. The development of more than half of the pieces of lands were either completed or under development, except for the portions which are retained for the remaining development of the whole projects. Another property for development that is held by a subsidiary of the Group with carrying value of approximately HK\$35.1 million is also under idle land investigation by the local authority. This piece of land owned by the subsidiary has been developed by several phases and more than half was completed, except the last portion which is under the planning approval by the local authority. Further, property for development that is held by another joint venture of the Group with carrying value of approximately HK\$755.5 million had been identified as idle land by the local authority. The construction works for the first phase of development is continuing during the year. The Group is currently working diligently to prevent the possible classification as idle land for those under idle land investigation and taking remedy action to prevent from prosecution for those had been identified as idle land, including negotiating the feasibility of development plans with local authorities. Based on legal advices, the Group has assessed the issue and considers that the idle land confiscation can be reversed. In the opinion of the Directors, the economic outflows caused by above cases are not probable.

As at 31st December, 2018, guarantees given to banks in respect of mortgage loans granted to property purchasers and bank facilities granted to or utilised by the joint ventures as well as guarantees granted in respect of utility supplies and government authorities for the property development works amounted to approximately HK\$1,272.0 million. All the guarantees provided by the Group were requested by banks and under normal commercial terms. No legal action was taken against the Group for material claim.

### 項目回顧

### 1. 主要物業發展

### 華南區

### 深圳天安數碼城(50%)

數碼城位於深圳市中心區,毗鄰深圳高爾夫俱樂部,此大型項目佔地約273,500平方米,總樓面面積約787,700平方米,是一個集產業大廈、辦公及商業大樓、科技大廈、高尚住宅及多功能會所於一體的「城市產業綜合體」。

可供出租的商業樓面面積為49,230平方米,包括深圳數碼時代大廈、深圳天安創新科技廣場(一期及二期)及深圳福田天安科技創業園大廈等餘下樓面。

深圳天安數碼城已將其成功模式拓展至其他城市,包括廣州番禺、佛山南海、東莞、深圳龍崗、常州、江陰、天津、重慶及青島,並藉此發展成為集團公司。

為配合產業升級轉型和深圳城市更新,深圳天安數碼城計劃對園區進行升級及改造,改造後園區之總樓面面積將會增加。

### 深圳天安雲谷(50%)

該項目是位於深圳龍崗華為新城片區內的「城市更新示範項目」,深圳天安雲谷將佔地約760,000平方米,而規劃總樓面面積約2,800,000平方米。項目擬構建為集產業研發、商業、住宅及公寓的新興產業與現代都市綜合體小區。樓面面積約414,100平方米的第一期工程已經完工,第二期工程樓面面積約599,400平方米預計在二零一九年竣工。

### 深圳天安龍崗數碼城(50%)

位於深圳市龍崗區的核心區域,該項目佔地約118,856平方米,總樓面面積約454,400平方米,該項目採用深圳天安數碼城模式開發。第四期工程樓面面積約44,400平方米已於二零一八年竣工。

### **PROJECT REVIEW**

### 1. MAJOR PROPERTY DEVELOPMENTS

#### Southern China

### Shenzhen Tian An Cyber Park (50%)

Located at the heart of Shenzhen and adjacent to Shenzhen Golf Club, this large-scale project occupies a site area of approximately 273,500 m² with a total GFA of approximately 787,700 m². The Cyber Park consists of industrial buildings, office and commercial buildings, cyber technology buildings, deluxe residential apartments and multifunction clubhouse in an "Urban Industrial Complex".

The lettable commercial GFA is 49,230 m², including remaining areas of Shenzhen Cyber Times Building, Shenzhen Tian An Innovation Science and Technology Plaza (Phases 1 and 2) and Shenzhen Futian Tian An Hi-Tech Venture Park.

Shenzhen Tian An Cyber Park has expanded its successful pattern to other cities, including Guangzhou Panyu, Foshan Nanhai, Dongguan, Shenzhen Longgang, Changzhou, Jiangyin, Tianjin, Chongqing and Qingdao, so as to develop into a group company.

For accomplishing the upgrade industries transformation and urban renewal of Shenzhen, Shenzhen Tian An Cyber Park plans to have area upgrade and redevelopment. The total GFA of the Park will increase accordingly.

### Shenzhen Tian An Cloud Park (50%)

This project is a "Model project of urban renewal" and located in Huawei New City Area, Longgang District, Shenzhen. Shenzhen Tian An Cloud Park will have a site area of approximately 760,000 m² and plan to have a total GFA of approximately 2,800,000 m². The project is planned to be developed into a combination of new technology and a modern city complex, including industrial R&D, commercial, residential and apartments properties. Construction work for Phase 1 with a GFA of approximately 414,100 m² was completed, Phase 2 with a GFA of approximately 599,400 m² is under construction and expected to be completed in 2019.

### Shenzhen Tian An Longgang Cyber Park (50%)

Located in the core area of Longgang in Shenzhen, this project has a site area of approximately 118,856 m² and a total GFA of approximately 454,400 m². The model of Shenzhen Tian An Cyber Park is used to develop this project. Phase 4 with GFA of approximately 44,400 m² was completed in 2018.

### 東莞天安數碼城(39%)

該項目位於東莞新城市中心區-南城區,繼二零一二年購入旁邊地塊後,現佔地約278,987平方米,總樓面面積約823,100平方米。該項目擬建綜合商務園,內有科技產業大廈、商務及生活配套。第五期樓面面積約82,400平方米已於二零一八年竣工。

#### 東莞鳳崗天安數碼城(45.05%)

位於東莞鳳崗鎮,該項目佔地約172,796平方米,總樓面面積約518,400平方米。該項目擬建綜合商務/工業配套。第二期二批樓面面積約10,400平方米已於二零一八年竣工,第二期一批及三批工程總樓面面積約230,700平方米預計於二零一九年竣工。

#### 東莞酷派天安雲谷產業園(25%)

位於東莞松山湖,佔地約98,158平方米,總樓面面積約176,700平方米。該項目擬建綜合商業/工業配套。第一期工程樓面面積約84,800平方米預計於二零一九年竣工。

### 廣州天安番禺節能科技園(50%)

位於廣州市番禺中心城區,整個大型項目佔地約513,088平方米,總樓面面積約712,500平方米。節能科技園發展包括工業/辦公大樓、科技產業大廈、高級住宅及多功能會所。

### 佛山天安南海數碼城(45%)

位於南海桂城區,繼二零一二年購入旁邊地塊後、現佔地約165,252平方米,總樓面面積約479,200平方米。項目以深圳天安數碼城相近模式開發,計劃興建包括酒店/辦公大樓之商業區。佛山天安南海數碼城天安中心第三期工程樓面面積約93,300平方米預計於二零二零年竣工。

### Dongguan Tian An Cyber Park (39%)

Situated right at the new city central area – Nancheng District of Dongguan. Upon acquiring the land nearby the project in 2012, it covers land area of approximately 278,987 m² with a total GFA of approximately 823,100 m². The project is planned to be developed into an integrated business park with comprehensive science and technology buildings, commercial and residential composite. Phase 5 with a GFA of approximately 82,400 m² was completed in 2018.

### Dongguan Fenggang Tian An Cyber Park (45.05%)

Located in Fenggang Town of Dongguan, this project has a site area of approximately 172,796 m<sup>2</sup> and a total GFA of approximately 518,400 m<sup>2</sup>. The project is planned to be developed into a comprehensive commercial/industrial composite. Phase 2 Part 2 with a GFA of approximately 10,400 m<sup>2</sup> was completed in 2018 and construction works of Phase 2 Parts 1 and 3 with a total GFA of approximately 230,700 m<sup>2</sup> are expected to be completed in 2019.

### Dongguan Coolpad Tian An Cloud Park (25%)

Located in Songshan Lake of Dongguan, with a site area of approximately 98,158  $m^2$  and a total GFA of approximately 176,700  $m^2$ . The project is planned to be developed into a comprehensive commercial/Industrial composite. Construction work of Phase 1 with a GFA of approximately 84,800  $m^2$  is expected to be completed in 2019.

### Guangzhou Tian An Panyu Hi-Tech Ecological Park (50%)

Located in the central district of Panyu in Guangzhou, this large-scale project has a site area of approximately 513,088 m² and a total GFA of approximately 712,500 m². The park development consists of industrial/office buildings, science and technology buildings, high-class residential buildings and multi-function clubhouse.

### Foshan Tian An Nanhai Cyber Park (45%)

Located in Guicheng District of Nanhai. Upon acquiring the land nearby the project in 2012, it covers site area of approximately 165,252 m² and a total GFA of approximately 479,200 m². This project is developing with the similar pattern as Shenzhen Tian An Cyber Park and planned to be developed into a business district with hotel/office buildings. Construction work of Foshan Tian An Nanhai Cyber Park Tian An Centre Phase 3 with a GFA of approximately 93,300 m² is expected to be completed in 2020.

#### 惠州惠陽天安瓏城(100%)

位於惠州惠陽之淡水河兩岸,該項目佔地約393,574平方米,總樓面面積約783,000平方米,項目擬建商住綜合物業。由於當地政府已為地塊周邊作規劃調整,致令項目開發總體規劃亦需作相應調整。第三期工程樓面面積約165,600平方米預計於二零二零年竣工。

### 華東區

### 上海天安豪園(99.99%)

該項目位於東方及國際人士喜好聚居的金虹橋板塊,鄰近地鐵九號線中轉站入口。項目將發展為高尚住宅社區,佔地約338,113平方米,總樓面面積約494,400平方米,第一期工程樓面面積約159,400平方米已竣工。

#### 天安千樹(前稱上海天安陽光半島)(100%)

該項目位於上海普陀區,沿蘇州河邊長達 1,100米,佔地約58,930平方米。項目已重新 規劃為綜合性的商業和娛樂中心。設計方案已 審批。西塊工程樓面面積約62,700平方米預計 於二零一九年竣工。

#### 上海松江天安金谷(30%)

該項目位於上海松江工業區,佔地約185,590 平方米,總樓面面積約297,500平方米。該 項目擬建工業園區。第一期工程樓面面積約 93,000平方米,預計於二零一九年竣工。

### 無錫天安智慧城(100%)

該項目位於無錫市新區,佔地約118,330平方 米,總樓面面積約236,100平方米,項目擬建 綜合商務園,內有科技產業大廈,商務及生活 配套。第一期一批樓面面積約107,200平方米 已竣工並正進行租售。

### Huizhou Huiyang Tian An Sun Life City (100%)

Located in Huiyang of Huizhou and lying by both sides of Danshui River, this project has a site area of approximately 393,574 m<sup>2</sup> and a total GFA of approximately 783,000 m<sup>2</sup>. The project is planned to be developed into a comprehensive commercial/residential composite. Since the local government had modified the surrounding planning of the land, the master planning for property development had been modified accordingly. Construction work of Phase 3 with a GFA of approximately 165,600 m<sup>2</sup> is expected to be completed in 2020.

### Eastern China

#### Shanghai Tian An Place (99.99%)

This project is situated at the Golden Hongqiao District where the oriental and international residents like to reside and adjacent to the entrance of the transit station of Subway No. 9. The project will be developed to a deluxe residential district with a site area of approximately 338,113 m² and a total GFA of approximately 494,400 m². Construction work of Phase 1 with a GFA of approximately 159,400 m² was completed.

# Tian An 1000 Trees (Formerly known as Shanghai Tian An Sunshine Peninsula) (100%)

Located in the Putuo District of Shanghai, this project is to be built along the 1,100 m bank of Suzhou River with a site area of approximately 58,930 m<sup>2</sup>. This project has been re-planned as a commercial and entertainment complex. Design planning has been approved. Construction work of Western Phase with a GFA of approximately 62,700 m<sup>2</sup> is expected to be completed in 2019.

### Shanghai Songjiang Tian An Jingu (30%)

This project is located in Shanghai Songjiang Industrial Zone, with a site area of approximately  $185,590~\text{m}^2$ , and a total GFA of approximately  $297,500~\text{m}^2$ . The project is planned to be developed into an industrial district. Construction work of Phase 1 with a GFA of approximately  $93,000~\text{m}^2$  is expected to be completed in 2019.

### Wuxi Tian An Intelligent Park (100%)

This project is located in Wuxi New District with a site area of approximately 118,330 m² and a total GFA of approximately 236,100 m². The project is planned to be developed into integrated business park with comprehensive science and technology buildings, commercial and residential composite. Phase 1 Part 1 with a GFA of approximately 107,200 m² was completed and under leasing and sales.

### 管理層討論及分析

### MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

### 常州天安別墅(100%)

該項目位於常州政府重點規劃發展的武進區, 是常州最大的純獨幢別墅小區之一,地域優 越,佔地約473,335平方米。第二期三批工程 樓面面積約23,800平方米預計於二零一九年竣 工。

### 常州天安數碼城(50%)

該項目位於常州武進高新技術產業開發區,佔地約203,061平方米,總樓面面積約526,500平方米,項目擬建科技產業大廈,商務及生活配套。第二期二批住宅樓面面積約55,400平方米已於二零一八年竣工,第二期一批工程商業樓面面積約58,900平方米預計於二零一九年竣工。

### 江陰天安數碼城(50%)

該項目位於江蘇江陰市經濟開發區內,佔地約 173,204平方米,總樓面面積約363,700平方 米,項目擬建綜合商務園,內有科技產業大 廈,商務及生活配套。第二期工程住宅樓面面 積約31,900平方米預計於二零一九年竣工。

### 南京天安數碼城(100%)

該項目位於南京白下高新技術產業園內,佔地約92,766平方米,總樓面面積約210,100平方米,項目擬建綜合商務園,內有科技產業大廈、商務及生活配套。第三期工程樓面面積約25,000平方米預計於二零一九年竣工。

### 南京長江會(60%)

該項目位於南京市中心新街口,佔地約5,012 平方米,總樓面面積約19,200平方米,項目擬 建為商業大樓。

### Changzhou Tian An Villa (100%)

This project is located in the Wujin District, the planning and development focus of the Changzhou government. With a favorable location, it is one of the largest deluxe villa districts in Changzhou. The project occupies a site of approximately 473,335 m<sup>2</sup>. Construction work of Phase 2 Part 3 with a GFA of approximately 23,800 m<sup>2</sup> is expected to be completed in 2019.

### Changzhou Tian An Cyber Park (50%)

This project is located in Changzhou Wujin Hi-Tech Industrial Zone, with a site area of approximately 203,061 m² and a total GFA of approximately 526,500 m². The project is planned to be developed into comprehensive science and technology buildings, commercial and residential composite. Phase 2 Part 2 with a residential GFA of approximately 55,400 m² was completed in 2018 and construction work of Phase 2 Part 1 with a commercial GFA of approximately 58,900 m² is expected to be completed in 2019.

### Jiangyin Tian An Cyber Park (50%)

This project is located in Jiangyin Economic Development Zone, Jiangsu, with a site area of approximately 173,204 m² and a total GFA of approximately 363,700 m². The project is planned to be developed into integrated business park with comprehensive science and technology buildings, commercial and residential composite. Construction work of Phase 2 with a residential GFA of approximately 31,900 m² is expected to be completed in 2019.

### Nanjing Tian An Cyber Park (100%)

This project is located in Nanjing Baixia Hi-Technology Industrial Development Area, with a site area of approximately 92,766 m² and a total GFA of approximately 210,100 m². The project is planned to be developed into integrated business park with comprehensive science and technology buildings, commercial and residential composite. Construction work of Phase 3 with a GFA of approximately 25,000 m² is expected to be completed in 2019.

### Nanjing La Vita (60%)

This project is located at Xinjiekou of Nanjing central district, with a site area of approximately 5,012 m<sup>2</sup> and a total GFA of approximately 19,200 m<sup>2</sup>. The project is planned to be developed into a commercial building.

### 南通天安數碼城(100%)

該項目位於南通港閘經濟開發區,佔地約 160,367平方米,總樓面面積約398,200平方 米,項目擬建綜合商務園,內有科技產業大 厦及商務配套。第一期二批工程樓面面積約 23,800平方米預計於二零一九年竣工。

#### 重慶天安數碼城(50%)

重慶天安數碼城位於重慶市大渡口區商業中心 圈地帶,佔地約357,768平方米,總樓面面積 約894,900平方米,項目擬建綜合商務園,內 有科技產業大廈,商務及生活配套。第四期辦 公和商業大樓樓面面積約73,300平方米已於二 零一八年竣工。

### 華北區

### 大連天安海景花園(60%)

該高級住宅發展項目位於大連經濟及技術開發 區內。第一及二期總樓面面積約85,800平方米 已竣工。第三期總體規劃仍待審批。

### 長春天安第一城(100%)

該高級住宅項目位於長春市高新技術產業開發區內,佔地約414,192平方米,項目總樓面面積約408,400平方米,將分期開發。第四期二批及三批總樓面面積97,800平方米已於二零一八年竣工。

#### 天津天安智慧港(50%)

該項目位於天津市東麗區,佔地約582,907平方米,總樓面面積約1,319,400平方米,項目為包含甲級寫字樓、創新科技園、商務及生活配套於一體的城市新興產業綜合體。第一期辦公和商業大樓樓面面積約185,800平方米已於二零一八年竣工,第一期工程住宅樓面面積約60,800平方米預計於二零一九年竣工。

### Nantong Tian An Cyber Park (100%)

This project is located in Nantong Gangzha Economic Development Zone, with a site area of approximately 160,367 m² and a total GFA of approximately 398,200 m². The project is planned to be developed into integrated business park with comprehensive science and technology buildings and commercial composite. Construction work of Phase 1 Part 2 with a GFA of approximately 23,800 m² is expected to be completed in 2019.

### Chongqing Tian An Cyber Park (50%)

Chongqing Tian An Cyber Park is located in commercial centre area of Dadukou District, Chongqing, with a site area of approximately 357,768 m² and a total GFA of approximately 894,900 m². The project is planned to be developed into integrated business park with comprehensive science and technology buildings, commercial and residential composite. Phase 4 of office and commercial buildings with a GFA of approximately 73,300 m² was completed in 2018.

#### Northern China

### Dalian Tian An Seaview Garden (60%)

This project for high-class residential development is located in Dalian Economic & Technical Development Zone. Phases 1 and 2 with a total GFA of approximately 85,800 m<sup>2</sup> have been completed. Master plan for Phase 3 is waiting for approval.

### Changchun Tian An City One (100%)

This high-class residential project is situated within the Changchun High-Tech Industrial Development Zone. Erected on a site of approximately 414,192 m², the project with a total GFA of approximately 408,400 m² is being developed by stages. Phase 4 Parts 2 and 3 with a total GFA of 97,800 m² were completed in 2018.

### Tianjin Tian An Intelligent Port (50%)

This project is located in Dongli District, Tianjin, with a site area of approximately 582,907 m² and a total GFA of approximately 1,319,400 m². The project is planned to be developed into urban integrated business complex with Grade A office buildings, comprehensive science and technology park, commercial and residential composite. Phase 1 of office and commercial buildings with a GFA of approximately 185,800 m² was completed in 2018 and construction work for Phase 1 with a residential GFA of approximately 60,800 m² is expected to be completed in 2019.

### 天津天安數碼城(50%)

該項目位於天津市西青區張家窩工業區內,佔 地約312,280平方米,總樓面面積約513,000 平方米,項目擬建綜合商務園,內有科技產 業大廈,商務及生活配套。第四期樓面面積約 55,500平方米已於二零一八年竣工,第二期、 五期及六期工程總樓面面積約239,100平方米 預計於二零二零年及二零二一年竣工。

#### 青島天安數碼城(50%)

該項目位於青島市城陽區,佔地約313,466平方米,總樓面面積約522,900平方米,項目為包含甲級寫字樓、創新科技園、商務及生活配套於一體的城市新興產業綜合體。第一期於B及C地塊總樓面面積約78,800平方米已於二零一八年竣工,第一期於A地塊工程樓面面積約66,100平方米預計於二零二零年竣工。

### 澳洲

### 西澳洲Point Grey 地塊 (76.70%)

該地塊位於西澳洲 Point Grey,佔地約2,751,864平方米,總樓面面積約1,442,000平方米。第一階段的發展申請已獲審批。項目亦已取得聯邦/州政府就碼頭和陸地發展的雙邊批准,而目前正在尋求西澳洲州政府的批准擴大碼頭。

#### 新南威爾斯,恩菲爾德地塊 (76.70%)

該地塊位於新南威爾斯恩菲爾德,佔地約 12,619平方米,總樓面面積約10,000平方米。 項目擬轉化為住宅,規劃提案已提交監管機 構。

### Tianjin Tian An Cyber Park (50%)

This project is located in Zhangjiawo Industrial Zone, Xiqing District, Tianjin, with a site area of approximately 312,280 m² and a total GFA of approximately 513,000 m². The project is planned to be developed into integrated business park with comprehensive science and technology buildings, commercial and residential composite. Phase 4 with a GFA of approximately 55,500 m² was completed in 2018 and construction works of Phases 2, 5 and 6 with a total GFA of approximately 239,100 m² are expected to be completed in 2020 and 2021.

### Qingdao Tian An Cyber Park (50%)

This project is located in Chengyang District, Qingdao, with a site area of approximately 313,466 m² and a total GFA of approximately 522,900 m². The project is planned to be developed into urban integrated business complex with Grade A office buildings, comprehensive science and technology park, commercial and residential composite. Phase 1 at sites B and C with a total GFA of approximately 78,800 m² was completed in 2018 and construction work of Phase 1 at site A with a GFA of approximately 66,100 m² is expected to be completed in 2020.

### Australia

### Western Australia Point Grey Site (76.70%)

This site is located in Western Australia Point Grey, with a site area of approximately 2,751,864 m² and a total GFA of approximately 1,442,000 m². The development application for stage 1 has been approved. The project has also obtained the Commonwealth/ State Government bilateral approvals for the marina and terrestrial developments and is currently seeking to extend the marina approval with the Western Australia State Government.

#### **New South Wales Enfield Site (76.70%)**

This site is located in Enfield, New South Wales, with a site area of approximately 12,619 m² and a total GFA of approximately 10,000 m². The project is planned to be converted into residential dwellings. The planning proposal has been submitted to the regulatory bodies.

### 2. 主要物業投資

### 上海天安中心(98%/100%)

該辦公大樓坐落於上海市南京西路與人民廣場中心商務區,鄰近地鐵一、二號線中轉入口,為一座三十層高的甲級商業大樓,總樓面面積48,910平方米,已售出18,320平方米,自用樓面1,620平方米,餘下的28,970平方米已轉為投資物業,租戶多為跨國大企業。出租率逾75%。

#### 上海西庭網球俱樂部和公寓(100%)

該項目位於上海閔行區,毗鄰虹橋國際機場、 虹橋交通樞紐和六所國際學校。物業包括(1) 68,660平方米之262個住宅單位:(2)10,600 平方米之會所及附屬設施:(3)2,510平方米之 116個停車位;及(4)980平方米之218個貯物 室。項目以租賃為主,主要租戶為跨國公司外 籍高級管理人員。

#### 南京天安國際大廈(100%)

該項目位於南京市中心新街口,是南京市最繁華的購物區,與地鐵站相連,商場樓面面積66,400平方米已全部出租予一家百貨公司。辦公大樓樓面面積約10,700平方米已轉為投資物業。

### 北京天安豪園(100%)

該高尚住宅項目位於北京朝陽區朝陽公園西側,鄰近使館區,項目總樓面面積約42,100平方米,約一半總單位已出售,餘下單位作出租用途。

#### 大連天安國際大廈(100%)

該甲級辦公樓位於大連市中山路中心商務區,面對勝利廣場,總樓面面積為67,210平方米,樓高五十二層,為大連最高的標誌性建築物。已售出14,790平方米,餘下的已轉為投資物業。

### 2. MAJOR PROPERTY INVESTMENTS

### Shanghai Tian An Centre (98%/100%)

The office building is situated at the hub of Shanghai central business district of Nanjing Road West and People's Square, adjacent to the entrances to the transit platforms of Subway Nos. 1 and 2. It is a 30-storey Grade A commercial building with a total GFA of 48,910 m². 18,320 m² were sold, 1,620 m² were self-occupied and the remaining GFA of 28,970 m² have been transferred to property investment. Most of the tenants are multinational companies. The occupancy rate is more than 75%.

### Shanghai Racquet Club & Apartments (100%)

This project is located in the Minhang District, Shanghai, and adjacent to the Hongqiao International Airport, Hongqiao Transport Hub and 6 International Schools. The properties include (1) 262 apartments with 68,660 m²; (2) a clubhouse with 10,600 m² and ancillary facilities; (3) 116 car parking spaces with 2,510 m²; and (4) 218 storage rooms with 980 m². This project is a leased property. Most of the tenants are overseas top management from multinational companies.

### Nanjing Tian An International Building (100%)

The project is located at Xinjiekou of Nanjing central district, the most flourishing shopping district in Nanjing City. The building links up to the subway station. The shopping arcades with a GFA of 66,400 m² have been leased to a department store. The office building with a GFA of approximately 10,700 m² have been transferred to property investment.

### **Beijing Park Apartments (100%)**

This premium residential project is located at the Beijing Chaoyang District to the west of Chaoyang Park and adjacent to the Embassy area. The project has a total GFA of approximately 42,100 m<sup>2</sup>. Around half of the total number of units have been sold and the remaining units kept for leasing purpose.

### Dalian Tian An International Tower (100%)

This Grade A office building is situated in the Zhongshan Road central business district and faces the Victory Square in Dalian City. The total GFA is 67,210 m<sup>2</sup>. This 52-storey building is the tallest landmark building of Dalian. 14,790 m<sup>2</sup> were sold, the remaining GFA have been transferred to property investment.

### 管理層討論及分析

### MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

### 港晶中心(74.96%/59.97%/29.99%)

位於九龍尖沙咀東部,九龍核心位置,樓面面積約13,700平方米之購物商場及樓面面積約2,340平方米之車庫,平均出租率錄得99%之投資物業及其租賃收入理想。

### 港灣工貿中心及海灣工貿中心(24.99%)

兩幢工貿中心位於鴨脷洲,總工業及貨倉樓面面積約93,630平方米及133個停車位,平均出租率錄得58%。隨著港鐵之南港島線通車後,該區更為四通八達。

#### 帝后商業中心(37.49%)

位於香港島主要區域-灣仔,其總零售及辦公室面積約佔2,550平方米,平均出租率錄得92%。

#### 華順工業中心(37.49%)

位於油塘之工業中心,總工業樓面面積約 12,470平方米及10個停車位,平均出租率錄得 88%。

### 紅山半島(24.99%)

位於香港南區大潭灣及龜背灣之圓形半島,包含別墅及公寓。餘下41個洋房於二零一九年正在被分批推出市場出售及出租。

### 3. 其他投資

### 東莞長安高爾夫球鄉村俱樂部(75%)

該項目佔地約999,990平方米,擁有一個27洞高爾夫球場、練習場、會所、會員休息室及其他舒適設施。該高爾夫球場及會所現正在運作中。

### 倫敦南廣場酒店(100%)

位於英國倫敦3/4 南廣場區,該物業已出租予 South Place Hotel Limited,物業包括80間豪 華客房及設施分佈於地下室,地下及7個樓層 內,淨內部面積約6,050平方米。

### Harbour Crystal Centre (74.96%/59.97%/29.99%)

Located at Tsimshatsui East, the heart of Kowloon, the shopping arcade with a GFA of approximately 13,700 m<sup>2</sup> and car parking spaces with a GFA of approximately 2,340 m<sup>2</sup> as investment properties recorded an average occupancy of 99% and the performance of the rental income was satisfactory.

### Harbour Industrial Centre and Oceanic Industrial Centre (24.99%)

The two industrial buildings with a total industrial and godown GFA of approximately 93,630 m<sup>2</sup> and 133 car parking spaces located at Ap Lei Chau recorded an average occupancy of 58%. With the opening of South Island Line of MTR, the region becomes more accessible.

### Queen's Centre (37.49%)

Located at Wanchai, a prime district of Hong Kong Island, the total retail and office spaces of approximately 2,550 m<sup>2</sup> recorded an average occupancy of 92%.

#### Wah Shun Industrial Centre (37.49%)

An industrial building located at Yau Tong with a total industrial GFA of approximately 12,470 m<sup>2</sup> and 10 car parking spaces recorded an average occupancy of 88%.

### The Redhill Peninsula (24.99%)

It was built at a round-shaped peninsula situated in Southern District of Hong Kong towards Tai Tam Harbour and Turtle Cove comprising of townhouses and apartments. The remaining 41 houses are being launched for both sale and leasing in batches in the year of 2019.

### 3. OTHER INVESTMENTS

### Dongguan Long Island Golf & Country Club (75%)

It was built on a site area of approximately  $999,990 \text{ m}^2$  having a 27-hole golf, driving range, club houses, members' lodge and other amenity facilities. The golf course and club house are currently in operation.

### South Place Hotel London (100%)

Situated at 3/4 South Place, London, the United Kingdom. The property leased to South Place Hotel Limited comprises an 80 bedroom luxury boutique hotel with ancillary facilities arranged over basement, ground and seven upper floors with a total net internal area of approximately 6,050 m<sup>2</sup>.

# 物業發展資料 PARTICULARS OF PROPERTY DEVELOPMENT

項目名稱 Project Name	<b>地盤面積</b> Site Area 平方米m²	用途 Use	可建樓面面積 Buildable Gross Floor Area 平方米m²	項目進度 Project Progress	已完成 樓面面積 Completed Gross Floor Area 平方米m²	在建工程 樓面面積 Gross Floor Area under Construction 平方米m²	集團 所佔權益 Interest Held by the Group
深圳天安雲谷 深圳市,龍崗區,板田 Shenzhen Tian An Cloud Park	138,161	商業 Commercial 宿舍	883,100	分期施工階段 Phased Construction	414,100	469,000	50%
Bantian, Longgang District, Shenzhen		Dormitory	130,400	Stage		130,400	50%
			1,013,500		414,100	599,400	
深圳天安龍崗數碼城 深圳市,龍崗區,黃閣北路 Shenzhen Tian An Longgang Cyber Park Huangge Road North,	118,856	商業 Commercial	454,400	分期施工階段 Phased - Construction Stage	313,700	-	50%
Longgang District, Shenzhen 東莞天安數碼城 東莞市・南城區・黃金路1號 Dongguan Tian An	278,987	商業 Commercial 住宅	739,000	分期施工階段 Phased Construction	418,300	-	39%
Cyber Park No. 1, Huangjin Road,		Residential	84,100	Stage	84,100		39%
Nancheng District, Dongguan			823,100	•	502,400		
東莞鳳崗天安數碼城 東莞市・鳳崗鎮・雁田村 Dongguan Fenggang Tian An Cyber Park Yan Tian Village, Fenggang Town, Dongguan	172,796	商業 Commercial	518,400	分期施工階段 Phased Construction Stage	112,700	230,700	45.05%
東莞離派天安雲谷產業園 東莞市・松山湖北部工業城工業南路北側 Dongguan Coolpad Tian An Cloud Park North of South Industrial Road, Songshan Lake North Industrial City, Dongguan	98,158	商業 Commercial	176,700	分期施工階段 Phased - Construction Stage	<u>-</u>	84,800	25%
廣州天安番禺節能科技園 廣州市,番禺區,迎賓路730號 Guangzhou Tian An Panyu Hi-Tech Ecological Park	513,088	商業 Commercial 住宅 Residential	667,200 45,300	分期施工階段 Phased Construction Stage	571,500 45,300	-	50% 50%
No. 730, Yingbin Road, Panyu District, Guangzhou		Residential		- Stage	K		30 /0
Tanyu District, Guangzhou			712,500		616,800		
佛山天安南海數碼城 佛山市·南海區·簡平路1號 Foshan Tian An Nanhai Cyber Park No. 1, Jianping Road, Nanhai District, Foshan	165,252	商業 Commercial	479,200	分期施工階段 Phased Construction Stage	385,900	93,300	45%
惠州惠陽天安瓘城 惠州市,惠陽區,淡水鎮 <b>Huizhou Huiyang Tian An Sun Life City</b> Danshui Town, Huiyang District, Huizhou	393,574	商業及住宅 Commercial & Residential	783,000	分期施工階段 Phased - Construction Stage	184,800	165,600	100%

# 物業發展資料

### PARTICULARS OF PROPERTY DEVELOPMENT

項目名稱 Project Name	地盤面積 Site Area 平方米m²	用途 Use	可建樓面面積 Buildable Gross Floor Area 平方米m²	項目進度 Project Progress	已完成 樓面面積 Completed Gross Floor Area 平方米m²	在建工程 樓面面積 Gross Floor Area under Construction 平方米m²	集團 所佔權益 Interest Held by the Group
上海天安豪園 上海市,閔行區,漕寶路, 七寶鎮52號地塊 <b>Shanghai Tian An Place</b> Lot No. 52, Qibao Town,	338,113	住宅 Residential 附屬及商業 Ancillary & Commercial	421,800 72,600	分期施工階段 Phased Construction Stage	140,600	-	99.99% 99.99%
Caobao Road, Minhang District, Shanghai			494,400		159,400	-	
天安千樹(前稱上海天安陽光半島) 上海市・普陀區・昌化路 Tian An 1000 Trees (Formerly known as Shanghai Tian An Sunshine Peninsula)	58,930	商業 Commercial	176,900	分期施工階段 Phased Construction Stage	_	62,700	100%
Changhua Road, Putuo District, Shanghai 上海天安花園 上海市,錦綉路1028號 <b>Shanghai Central Garden</b> No. 1028, Jinxiu Road, Shanghai	3,600	附屬及商業 Ancillary & Commercial	500	施工階段 Construction : Stage		500	100%
上海松江天安金谷 上海市・松江區・松江工業區 <b>Shanghai Songjiang Tian An Jingu</b> Songjiang Industrial Zone, Songjiang District, Shanghai	185,590	商業 Commercial	297,500	規劃及 設計階段 • Planning & Design Stage		93,000	30%
無錫天安智慧城 無錫市·無錫新區 菱湖大道228號 Wuxi Tian An Intelligent Park No. 228, Linghu Road, Wuxi New District, Wuxi	118,330	商業 Commercial	236,100	分期施工階段 Phased · Construction Stage	107,200	_	100%
常州天安別墅 常州市,武進區,鳳苑路2號 <b>Changzhou Tian An Villa</b> No. 2, Fengyuan Road, Wujin District, Changzhou	473,335	住宅 Residential	137,900	分期施工階段 Phased Construction Stage	93,000	23,800	100%
常州天安數碼城 常州市,武進高新技術產業開發區, 武南路588號 Changzhou Tian An Cyber Park	203,061	商業 Commercial 住宅 Residential	338,800 187,700	分期施工階段 Phased Construction Stage	164,300 187,700	58,900	50% 50%
No. 588, Wunan Road, Wujin Hi-Tech Industrial Zone, Changzhou			526,500		352,000	58,900	

# 物業發展資料

### PARTICULARS OF PROPERTY DEVELOPMENT

項目名稱 Project Name	<b>地盤面積</b> Site Area 平方米m²	用途 Use	可建樓面面積 Buildable Gross Floor Area 平方米m²	項目進度 Project Progress	已完成 樓面面積 Completed Gross Floor Area 平方米m²	在建工程 樓面面積 Gross Floor Area under Construction 平方米m²	集團 所佔權益 Interest Held by the Group
江陰天安數碼城 江陰市,長山大道55號 Jiangyin Tian An Cyber Park	173,204	商業 Commercial 住宅	228,700	分期施工階段 Phased Construction	81,000	-	50%
No. 55, Changshan Road, Jiangyin		Residential	135,000	Stage	64,600	31,900	50%
			363,700	_	145,600	31,900	
<b>南京天安數碼城</b> 南京市,光華路 <b>Nanjing Tian An Cyber Park</b> Guanghua Road, Nanjing	92,766	商業 Commercial	210,100	分期施工階段 Phased - Construction Stage	86,600	25,000	100%
南京長江會 南京市玄武區長江路 Nanjing La Vita Changjiang Road, Xuanwu District, Nanjing	5,012	商業 Commercial	19,200	施工階段 Construction - Stage		19,200	60%
南通天安數碼城 南通市·永通路東側 長平路南側 Nantong Tian An Cyber Park South of Changping Road and East of Yongtong Road, Nantong	160,367	商業 Commercial	398,200	分期施工階段 Phased - Construction Stage	89,700	23,800	100%
重慶天安數碼城		商業		分期施工階段			
重慶市,大渡口區,春暉路 Chongqing Tian An Cyber Park	357,768	Commercial 住宅	586,100	Phased Construction	262,800	-	50%
Chunhui Road, Dadukou District, Chongqing		Residential	308,800	Stage	85,600	-	50%
5070			894,900		348,400	-	
大連天安海景花園 大連市·經濟及技術開發區 遼河西路 Dalian Tian An Seaview Garden Liaohe Road West, Economic & Technical Development Zone, Dalian	58,650	住宅 Residential	101,300	分期施工階段 Phased - Construction Stage	85,800		60%
<b>長春天安第一城</b> 長春市,硅谷大街661號 <b>Changchun Tian An City One</b> No. 661, Guigu Street, Changchun	414,192	商業及住宅 Commercial & Residential	408,400	分期施工階段 Phased - Construction Stage	350,900	-	100%

### 物業發展資料

### PARTICULARS OF PROPERTY DEVELOPMENT

項目名稱 Project Name	<b>地盤面積</b> Site Area 平方米m²	用途 Use	可建樓面面積 Buildable Gross Floor Area 平方米m²	項目進度 Project Progress	已完成 樓面面積 Completed Gross Floor Area 平方米m²	在建工程 樓面面積 Gross Floor Area under Construction 平方米m <sup>2</sup>	集團 所佔權益 Interest Held by the Group
天津天安智慧港 天津市,東麗區 <b>Tianjin Tian An Intelligent Port</b> Dongli District, Tianjin	582,907	商業 Commercial 住宅 Residential	934,100 385,300	分期施工階段 Phased Construction Stage	185,800	- 60,800	50% 50%
, ,			1,319,400	_ 0	185,800	60,800	
天津天安數碼城 天津市,西青區,天安路1號 Tianjin Tian An Cyber Park No. 1 Tianan Road, Xiqing District, Tianjin	312,280	商業 Commercial 住宅 Residential	215,900 297,100	分期施工階段 Phased Construction Stage	175,100 98,800	40,800 198,300	50% 50%
			513,000	_	273,900	239,100	
青島天安數碼城 青島市・城陽區・春陽路88號 <b>Qingdao Tian An Cyber Park</b> No. 88, Chunyang Road, Chengyang District, Qingdao	313,466	商業 Commercial 住宅 Residential	328,000 194,900 522,900	分期施工階段 Phased Construction Stage	103,600 152,800 256,400	5,700 60,400 66,100	50% 50%
西澳洲 Point Grey 地塊 西澳洲 · Point Grey · Carrabungup Road · 地段號138 · 139 · 672和1132 Western Australia Point Grey Site Lots 138, 139, 672 & 1132, Carrabungup Road, Point Grey,	2,751,864	住宅 Residential 附屬及商業 Ancillary & Commercial	1,372,000 70,000 1,442,000	規劃及 設計階段 Planning & Design Stage	-	-	76.70% 76.70%
Western Australia 新南威爾斯,思菲爾德地塊 新南威爾斯,思菲爾德, Mitchell Street 4號 New South Wales Enfield Site 4 Mitchell Street, Enfield, New South Wales	12,619	住宅 Residential	10,000	= 規劃及 設計階段 = Planning & Design Stage	_	-	76.70%

附註:上表根據二零一八年十二月三十一日之資料編製。 Note: The above table is based on information as of 31st December, 2018.

# 發展中物業資料 PARTICULARS OF PROPERTIES UNDER CONSTRUCTION

	日名稱 ject Name	<b>樓面面積</b> Gross Floor Area 平方米m <sup>2</sup>	集團所佔權益 Interest Held by the Group	集團應佔 樓面面積 Gross Floor Area Attributable to the Group 平方米m²	預計完工年份 Estimated Completion Year
1.	深圳天安雲谷(二期) Shenzhen Tian An Cloud Park (Phase 2)	599,400	50%	299,700	2019
2.	東莞鳳崗天安數碼城(二期一批及三批) Dongguan Fenggang Tian An Cyber Park (Phase 2 Parts 1 and 3)	230,700	45.05%	103,900	2019
3.	東莞酷派天安雲谷產業園(一期) Dongguan Coolpad Tian An Cloud Park (Phase 1)	84,800	25%	21,200	2019
4.	佛山天安南海數碼城天安中心(三期) Foshan Tian An Nanhai Cyber Park Tian An Centre (Phase 3)	93,300	45%	42,000	2020
5.	惠州惠陽天安瓏城(三期) Huizhou Huiyang Tian An Sun Life City (Phase 3)	165,600	100%	165,600	2020
6.	天安千樹(西塊)(前稱上海天安陽光半島) Tian An 1000 Trees (Western Phase)(Formerly known as Shanghai Tian An Sunshine Peninsula)	62,700	100%	62,700	2019
7.	上海天安花園(三期) Shanghai Central Garden (Phase 3)	500	100%	500	2019
8.	上海松江天安金谷(一期) Shanghai Songjiang Tian An Jingu (Phase 1)	93,000	30%	27,900	2019
9.	常州天安別墅(二期三批) Changzhou Tian An Villa (Phase 2 Part 3)	23,800	100%	23,800	2019
10.	常州天安數碼城(二期一批) Changzhou Tian An Cyber Park (Phase 2 Part 1)	58,900	50%	29,500	2019
11.	江陰天安數碼城(二期) Jiangyin Tian An Cyber Park (Phase 2)	31,900	50%	15,900	2019
12.	南京天安數碼城(三期) Nanjing Tian An Cyber Park (Phase 3)	25,000	100%	25,000	2019
13.	南京長江會 Nanjing La Vita	19,200	60%	11,500	2019
14.	南通天安數碼城(一期二批) Nantong Tian An Cyber Park (Phase 1 Part 2)	23,800	100%	23,800	2019
15.	天津天安智慧港(一期) Tianjin Tian An Intelligent Port (Phase 1)	60,800	50%	30,400	2019
16.	天津天安數碼城(二期、五期及六期) Tianjin Tian An Cyber Park (Phases 2, 5 and 6)	239,100	50%	119,600	2020 & 2021
17.	青島天安數碼城(一期) Qingdao Tian An Cyber Park (Phase 1)	66,100	50%	33,100	2020
總婁	枚:	1 070 (00		1 026 100	

附註:上表根據二零一八年十二月三十一日之資料編製。 Note: The above table is based on information as of 31st December, 2018

1,878,600

1,036,100

Total:

# 物業及酒店投資資料 PARTICULARS OF PROPERTY AND HOTEL INVESTMENTS

### 1. 物業 PROPERTY

物業名稱 Property Name	物業 樓面面積 Property GFA 平方米m²	車庫 樓面面積 Car Parking Space GFA 平方米m²	集團 所佔權益 Interest Held by the Group	集團應佔 樓面面積 GFA Attributable to the Group 平方米m²	用途 Use
深圳天安數碼城 Shenzhen Tian An Cyber Park -深圳天安創新科技廣場一期 Shenzhen Tian An Innovation Science and Technology Plaza, Phase 1	10,540	-	50%	5,270	商業及辦公樓 Commercial and office
-深圳天安創新科技廣場二期 Shenzhen Tian An Innovation Science and Technology Plaza, Phase 2	4,400	-	50%	2,200	商業及辦公樓 Commercial and office
-深圳數碼時代大廈 Shenzhen Cyber Times Building	20,530	-	50%	10,260	商業及辦公樓 Commercial and office
-深圳福田天安科技創業園大廈 Shenzhen Futian Tian An Hi-Tech Venture Park	13,760	-	50%	6,880	商業及辦公樓 Commercial and office
深圳數碼時代大廈 Shenzhen Cyber Times Building	890	-	100%	890	辦公樓 Office
深圳天安國際大廈 Shenzhen Tian An International Building	850	-	100%	850	辦公樓 Office
深圳俊安苑 Shenzhen Jun An Garden	2,190	-	100%	2,190	住宅 Residential
深圳天安瓏園 Shenzhen Tian An Park Place	22,210	=	100%	22,210	住宅 Residential
深圳天安雲谷 Shenzhen Tian An Cloud Park	95,040	-	50%	47,520	商業及辦公樓 Commercial and office
深圳天安龍崗數碼城 Shenzhen Tian An Longgang Cyber Park	3,300	-	100%	3,300	商業 Commercial
深圳天安龍崗數碼城 Shenzhen Tian An Longgang Cyber Park	28,900		50%	14,450	商業及辦公樓 Commercial and office
深圳西麗高爾夫球場內聚寧山莊(一) Shenzhen Juning Villa (1), Xili Golf Course	170		74.96%	130	住宅 Residential
東莞天安數碼城 Dongguan Tian An Cyber Park	10,510	-	39%	4,100	商業 Commercial

### PARTICULARS OF PROPERTY AND HOTEL INVESTMENTS

物業名稱 Property Name	物業 樓面面積 Property GFA 平方米m²	車庫 樓面面積 Car Parking Space GFA 平方米m²	集團 所佔權益 Interest Held by the Group	集團應佔 樓面面積 GFA Attributable to the Group 平方米m²	用途 Use
廣州天安番禺節能科技園 Guangzhou Tian An Panyu Hi-Tech Ecological Park	101,740	-	50%	50,870	商業 Commercial
佛山天安南海數碼城 Foshan Tian An Nanhai Cyber Park	27,100	-	45%	12,200	商業 Commercial
惠州惠陽天安瓏城 Huizhou Huiyang Tian An Sun Life City	26,080	-	100%	26,080	商業 Commercial
上海天安中心 Shanghai Tian An Centre	22,350	-	98%	21,900	商業及辦公樓 Commercial and office
上海天安中心 Shanghai Tian An Centre	6,620	-	100%	6,620	辦公樓 Office
上海西庭網球俱樂部和公寓 Shanghai Racquet Club & Apartments	68,660	-	100%	68,660	住宅 Residential
上海河濱豪園 Shanghai The Riverside	1,520	-	99%	1,500	商業 Commercial
上海明苑別墅 Shanghai Elegant Garden	2,800	-	100%	2,800	住宅 Residential
無錫天安大廈 Wuxi Tian An Building	1,420	-	95%	1,350	辦公樓 Office
無錫紅山半島 Wuxi Redhill Peninsula	2,830	-	95%	2,690	商業 Commercial
無錫天安智慧城 Wuxi Tian An Intelligent Park	59,790	-	100%	59,790	商業 Commercial
常州新城市花園 Changzhou New City Garden	9,090	-	100%	9,090	商業 Commercial
常州天安數碼城 Changzhou Tian An Cyber Park	41,840	-	50%	20,920	商業 Commercial
江陰天安數碼城 Jiangyin Tian An Cyber Park	25,950		50%	12,980	商業 Commercial
江陰天安數碼城 Jiangyin Tian An Cyber Park	3,800		50%	1,900	住宅 Residential

### PARTICULARS OF PROPERTY AND HOTEL INVESTMENTS

物業名稱 Property Name	物業 樓面面積 Property GFA 平方米m²	車庫 樓面面積 Car Parking Space GFA 平方米m²	集團 所佔權益 Interest Held by the Group	集團應佔 樓面面積 GFA Attributable to the Group 平方米m²	用途 Use
南京天安國際大廈 Nanjing Tian An International Building	77,100	-	100%	77,100	商業及辦公樓 Commercial and office
南京天安數碼城 Nanjing Tian An Cyber Park	67,800	-	100%	67,800	商業 Commercial
南通新海通大廈 Nantong Sun Hai Tung Building	1,450	-	100%	1,450	辦公樓 Office
南通錦綉苑 Nantong Jin Xiu Court	1,300	-	100%	1,300	商業 Commercial
南通天安花園 Nantong Tian An Garden	5,420	-	100%	5,420	商業 Commercial
南通天安數碼城 Nantong Tian An Cyber Park	38,050	-	100%	38,050	商業 Commercial
重慶天安數碼城 Chongqing Tian An Cyber Park	16,890	-	50%	8,440	商業 Commercial
重慶天安數碼城 Chongqing Tian An Cyber Park	1,050	-	50%	530	住宅 Residential
北京天安豪園 Beijing Park Apartments	22,170	-	100%	22,170	住宅 Residential
北京清境明湖 Beijing Lakeside Garden	560	-	100%	560	住宅 Residential
北京王府井世紀大厦 Beijing Wangfujing Century Square	260	-	74.96%	190	商業 Commercial
大連天安國際大廈 Dalian Tian An International Tower	52,420	-	100%	52,420	辦公樓 Office
大連天安海景花園 Dalian Tian An Seaview Garden	290	=	60%	170	住宅 Residential
長春天安第一城 Changchun Tian An City One	20,820	-	100%	20,820	商業 Commercial
天津天安智慧港 Tianjin Tian An Intelligent Port	23,340	<del>-</del>	50%	11,670	商業 Commercial
天津天安數碼城 Tianjin Tian An Cyber Park	40,090	-	50%	20,050	商業 Commercial

### PARTICULARS OF PROPERTY AND HOTEL INVESTMENTS

物業名稱 Property Name	物業 <b>樓面面積</b> Property GFA 平方米m²	車庫 樓面面積 Car Parking Space GFA 平方米m²	集團 所佔權益 Interest Held by the Group	集團應佔 樓面面積 GFA Attributable to the Group 平方米m²	用途 Use
青島天安數碼城 Qingdao Tian An Cyber Park	28,000	-	50%	14,000	商業 Commercial
青島天安數碼城 Qingdao Tian An Cyber Park	2,250	-	50%	1,120	住宅 Residential
香港港晶中心 Hong Kong Harbour Crystal Centre	12,880	-	59.97%	7,720	商業 Commercial
香港港晶中心 Hong Kong Harbour Crystal Centre	820	-	29.99%	250	商業 Commercial
香港港灣工貿中心 Hong Kong Harbour Industrial Centre	24,720	-	24.99%	6,180	工業 Industrial
香港海灣工貿中心 Hong Kong Oceanic Industrial Centre	68,910	-	24.99%	17,220	工業 Industrial
香港帝后商業中心 Hong Kong Queen's Centre	2,550	-	37.49%	960	商業 Commercial
香港華順工業中心 Hong Kong Wah Shun Industrial Centre	12,470	-	37.49%	4,670	工業 Industrial
香港紅山半島 Hong Kong Redhill Peninsula	10,100	-	24.99%	2,520	住宅 Residential
香港億京中心 Hong Kong Billion Centre	1,280	-	74.96%	970	商業 Commercial
香港天晉 Hong Kong The Wings	210	-	74.96%	160	住宅 Residential
香港懿薈 Hong Kong Fortar	220	-	74.96%	160	住宅 Residential
香港海怡半島 Hong Kong South Horizons	100	-	74.96%	80	住宅 Residential
倫敦南廣場酒店 South Place Hotel London	6,050	-	100%	6,050	酒店 Hotel
	1,154,450			809,800	

# PARTICULARS OF PROPERTY AND HOTEL INVESTMENTS

物業名稱 Property Name	物業 樓面面積 Property GFA 平方米m²	車庫 樓面面積 Car Parking Space GFA 平方米m²	集團 所佔權益 Interest Held by the Group	集團應佔 樓面面積 GFA Attributable to the Group 平方米m²	用途 Use
上海天安中心-車庫 Shanghai Tian An Centre, Car Parking Space	-	7,780	98%	7,620	車庫 Car Parking Space
上海天安中心-車庫 Shanghai Tian An Centre, Car Parking Space	-	330	100%	330	車庫 Car Parking Space
上海天安花園-車庫 Shanghai Central Garden, Car Parking Space	-	2,670	100%	2,670	車庫 Car Parking Space
上海西庭網球俱樂部和公寓-車庫 Shanghai Racquet Club & Apartments, Car Parking Space	-	2,510	100%	2,510	車庫 Car Parking Space
上海西庭網球俱樂部和公寓-會所 Shanghai Racquet Club & Apartments, Clubhouse	10,600	-	100%	10,600	會所 Clubhouse
無錫天安曼哈頓-會所 Wuxi Tian An Manhattan, Clubhouse	3,670	-	100%	3,670	會所 Clubhouse
香港港晶中心-車庫 Hong Kong Harbour Crystal Centre, Car Parking Space	_	2,340	74.96%	1,760	車庫 Car Parking Space
	14,270	15,630	=	29,160	

附註:上表根據二零一八年十二月三十一日之資料編製。

Note: The above table is based on information as of 31st December, 2018.

### 企業管治報告 CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

本公司致力於切合實際之範圍內維持高水平之企業管治,以強調高透明度、問責性及獨立性為原則。本公司董事會(「董事會」)相信優良之企業管治對本公司之成功及提升股東價值至為重要。

### 企業管治守則及企業管治報告

根據香港聯合交易所有限公司證券上市規則 (「上市規則」)附錄十四所載之企業管治守則及 企業管治報告(「企業管治守則」),董事會已審 閱本公司之企業管治常規,並已採納多項經改 進之程序,詳情載於本報告內。除下文解釋之 若干已闡明原因之偏離行為外,於截至二零 一八年十二月三十一日止年度,本公司已應用 企業管治守則之原則及遵守適用之守則條文。 董事會將至少每年檢討現行之常規一次,並在 其認為需要時作出適當更改。 The Company is committed to maintaining a high standard of corporate governance within a sensible framework with an emphasis on the principles of transparency, accountability and independence. The board of directors of the Company ("Board") believes that good corporate governance is essential to the success of the Company and to the enhancement of shareholders' value.

# CORPORATE GOVERNANCE CODE AND CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

In the light of the Corporate Governance Code and Corporate Governance Report ("CG Code") contained in Appendix 14 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited ("Listing Rules"), the Board has reviewed the corporate governance practices of the Company with the adoption of the various enhanced procedures which are detailed in this report. The Company has applied the principles of, and complied with, the applicable code provisions of the CG Code during the year ended 31st December, 2018, except for certain deviations as specified with considered reasons for such deviations as explained below. The Board will review the current practices at least annually, and make appropriate changes if considered necessary.

### 企業管治報告

### CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

### 董事會

董事會目前共由十一名董事(「董事」)組成,其 中五名為執行董事、兩名為非執行董事及四名 為獨立非執行董事(「獨立非執行董事」)。於年 內及截至本報告日期止,董事會成員載列如 下:

### 執行董事:

宋增彬(副主席) 李成偉(董事總經理) 馬申(副總裁) 勞景祐 杜燦生 李樹賢

(於二零一八年一月四日辭任)

### 非執行董事:

李成輝(主席) 鄭慕智

### 獨立非執行董事:

鄭鑄輝

金惠志

魏華生

楊麗琛

董事之履歷詳情載於董事會報告第75頁至第79頁之「董事及高級管理人員之個人資料」一節內。除董事會主席李成輝先生為本公司董事總經理李成偉先生之堂弟外,董事會成員之間並無存有家屬或其他重大關係。

### THE BOARD

The Board currently comprises eleven directors ("Directors") in total, with five Executive Directors, two Non-Executive Directors and four Independent Non-Executive Directors ("INEDs"). The composition of the Board during the year and up to the date of this report is set out as follows:

#### **Executive Directors:**

Song Zengbin (Deputy Chairman)
Patrick Lee Seng Wei (Managing Director)
Ma Sun (Deputy Managing Director)
Edwin Lo King Yau
Tao Tsan Sang
Lee Shu Yin
(resigned on 4th January, 2018)

#### **Non-Executive Directors:**

Lee Seng Hui (Chairman) Moses Cheng Mo Chi

### **INEDs:**

Francis J. Chang Chu Fai Jin Hui Zhi Ngai Wah Sang Lisa Yang Lai Sum

The brief biographical details of the Directors are set out in the "Biographical Details of Directors and Senior Management" section in the Directors' Report on pages 75 to 79. Other than that Mr. Lee Seng Hui, the Chairman of the Board, is a cousin of Mr. Patrick Lee Seng Wei, the Managing Director of the Company, there are no family or other material relationships among members of the Board.

### 企業管治報告 CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

### 董事會(續)

### 董事會程序

於年內,非執行董事(大部份為獨立非執行董事)為本公司及其附屬公司(統稱「本集團」)提供廣泛之專業知識及經驗。彼等積極參與董事會及委員會會議,對本集團之策略、表現及管理程序之事宜提供獨立判斷,並顧及本公司全體股東(「股東」)之利益。

於整年內及截至本報告日期止,本公司有四名獨立非執行董事,佔董事會人數不少於三分之一。根據上市規則第3.10條之規定,至少一名獨立非執行董事具備適當之專業資格或會計或相關財務管理專業知識。董事會已接獲每名獨立非執行董事有關其獨立性之年度確認書,並認為所有獨立非執行董事均具備上市規則第3.13條所載之指引下之獨立性。

董事會定期召開會議,討論本集團之整體策略 以及營運及財政表現,並審閱及批准本集團之 全年及中期業績及其他須處理之個別事項。於 年內,已舉行四次董事會會議,各董事於截至 二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度內於董事 會、薪酬委員會、審核委員會會議及股東大會 之個別出席記錄載列如下:

### THE BOARD (CONTINUED)

### **Board Process**

During the year, the Non-Executive Directors (a majority of whom are independent) provided the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively "Group") with a wide range of expertise and experience. Their active participation in the Board and committee meetings brought independent judgement on issues relating to the Group's strategy, performance and management process, taking into account the interests of all shareholders of the Company ("Shareholders").

Throughout the year and up to the date of this report, the Company has had four INEDs representing not less than one-third of the Board. At least one of the INEDs has the appropriate professional qualifications or accounting or related financial management expertise under Rule 3.10 of the Listing Rules. The Board has received from each INED an annual confirmation of his/her independence and considers that all the INEDs are independent under the guidelines set out in Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules.

The Board meets regularly to discuss the overall strategy as well as the operation and financial performance of the Group, and to review and approve the Group's annual and interim results and other ad hoc matters which need to be dealt with. During the year, four Board meetings were held and the individual attendance records of each Director at the meetings of the Board, Remuneration Committee, Audit Committee and general meetings during the year ended 31st December, 2018 are set out below:

# 董事會(續)

#### THE BOARD (CONTINUED)

#### 董事會程序(續)

**Board Process** (continued)

		1	出席 $\angle$ 舉行會議之次數 Number of meetings attended/held		
		董事會	薪酬委員會 Remuneration	審核委員會 Audit	股東大會 General
董事姓名	Name of Directors	Board	Committee	Committee	Meetings
執行董事:	Executive Directors:				
宋增彬 <i>(副主席)</i>	Song Zengbin (Deputy Chairman)	3/4			0/2
李成偉(董事總經理)	Patrick Lee Seng Wei (Managing Director)	4/4			0/2
馬申(副總裁)	Ma Sun (Deputy Managing Director)	3/4			0/2
勞景祐	Edwin Lo King Yau	4/4			2/2
杜燦生	Tao Tsan Sang	4/4			1/2
非執行董事:	Non-Executive Directors:				
李成輝(主席)	Lee Seng Hui (Chairman)	4/4			2/2
鄭慕智	Moses Cheng Mo Chi	3/4		1/2	0/2
獨立非執行董事:	INEDs:				
鄭鑄輝	Francis J. Chang Chu Fai	3/4	0/1	2/2	0/2
金惠志	Jin Hui Zhi	4/4	1/1	2/2	0/2
魏華生	Ngai Wah Sang	4/4	1/1	2/2	0/2
楊麗琛	Lisa Yang Lai Sum	4/4	1/1	2/2	2/2

經董事會決定或考慮之事宜主要包括本集團整體策略、全年營運預算、全年及中期業績、董事委任或重新委任之批准(按提名委員會之建議)、重大合約及交易、企業管治,以及其他重大政策及財務等事宜。董事會已將日常職責委派予行政管理人員,並由執行委員會(其具有特定書面職權範圍)指示/監督。董事會及有特定書面職權範圍)指示/監督。董事會及本公司管理層之職能已分別確立並以書面列載、並不時由董事會作出檢討及更新,以確保其職能與現行規則及規例一致。

The Board has reserved for its decision or consideration matters covering mainly the Group's overall strategy, annual operating budget, annual and interim results, approval of Directors' appointment or re-appointment (based on the recommendations made by the Nomination Committee), material contracts and transactions, corporate governance as well as other significant policy and financial matters. The Board has delegated the day-to-day responsibility to the executive management under the instruction/ supervision of the Executive Committee which has its specific written terms of reference. The respective functions of the Board and management of the Company have been formalised and set out in writing and will be reviewed and updated by the Board from time to time to ensure that they are consistent with the existing rules and regulations.

# 董事會(續)

## 董事會程序(續)

根據董事會現行慣例,倘主要股東或董事在董 事會將予考慮之事項中存有董事會認為屬重大 之利益衝突,則有關事項會於正式召開之董事 會會議上處理。本公司之組織章程細則(「組織 章程細則」)亦規定,除當中所述之例外情況 外,董事須就批准該名董事或其任何緊密聯繫 人擁有重大利益之任何合約或安排之會議上就 任何董事會決議案放棄投票,彼亦不會被計算 於該等會議之法定人數內。

每名董事有權查閱董事會文件及相關資料,及可向公司秘書尋求意見及服務。董事會及各董事亦可個別及獨立地接觸本公司之高級管理人員。董事將獲持續提供上市規則及其他適用監管規定之最新重大發展之資料,以確保彼等遵守及秉持優秀企業管治常規。此外,書面程序已於二零零五年六月制定,讓各董事在履行其職務時,可在適當之情況下尋求獨立專業意見,有關合理費用由本公司承擔。

#### THE BOARD (CONTINUED)

## **Board Process** (continued)

Regular Board meetings each year are scheduled in advance to facilitate maximum attendance of Directors. At least 14 days' notice of a Board meeting is normally given to all Directors who are given an opportunity to include matters for discussion in the agenda. The company secretary of the Company ("Company Secretary") assists the Chairman of the Board in preparing the agenda for meetings and ensures that all applicable rules and regulations are complied with. The agenda and the accompanying Board papers are normally sent to all Directors at least 3 days before the intended date of a regular Board meeting (and so far as practicable for such other Board meetings). Draft minutes of each Board meeting are circulated to all Directors for their comment before being tabled at the following Board meeting for approval. All minutes are kept by the Company Secretary and are open for inspection at any reasonable time on reasonable notice by any Director.

According to the current Board practice, if a substantial Shareholder or a Director has a conflict of interest in a matter to be considered by the Board which the Board has determined to be material, the matter will be dealt with by the Board at a duly convened Board meeting. The articles of association of the Company ("Articles of Association") also stipulate that save for the exceptions as provided therein, a Director shall abstain from voting on any Board resolution and not be counted in the quorum at meetings for approving any contract or arrangement in which such Director or any of his/her close associates has a material interest.

Every Director is entitled to have access to Board papers and related materials and has access to the advice and services of the Company Secretary. The Board and each Director also have separate and independent access to the Company's senior management. Directors will be continuously updated on the major development of the Listing Rules and other applicable regulatory requirements to ensure compliance and upkeep of good corporate governance practices. In addition, a written procedure has been established since June 2005 to enable the Directors, in discharge of their duties, to seek independent professional advice in appropriate circumstances at a reasonable cost to be borne by the Company.

# 企業管治報告

# **CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT**

# 董事會(續)

# 董事之持續專業發展

在持續專業發展方面,董事除出席會議及審閱 由本公司管理層發出之文件及通函外,董事參 與之活動包括如下:

# THE BOARD (CONTINUED)

# **Directors' Continuous Professional Development**

For continuous professional development, in addition to Directors' attendance at meetings and review of papers and circulars sent by the management of the Company, Directors participated in the activities including the following:

		參與持續專業發展活動 Participation in Continuous Professional Development Activities 出席與董事責任有關 之培訓/簡佈會/ 講座/會議 Attending trainings/ 閱讀法規更新 briefings/seminars/ Reading conference relevant		
董事姓名	Name of Directors	Regulatory Updates	to Directors' duties	
執行董事:	Executive Directors:			
宋增彬 <i>(副主席)</i>	Song Zengbin (Deputy Chairman)	ſ	ſ	
李成偉(董事總經理)	Patrick Lee Seng Wei (Managing Director)	, ,	,	
馬申(副總裁)	Ma Sun (Deputy Managing Director)	,	,	
勞景祐	Edwin Lo King Yau	, /	· /	
杜燦生	Tao Tsan Sang	✓	<b>✓</b>	
非執行董事:	Non-Executive Directors:			
李成輝 <i>(主席)</i>	Lee Seng Hui (Chairman)	✓	✓	
鄭慕智	Moses Cheng Mo Chi	✓	✓	
獨立非執行董事:	INEDs:			
鄭鑄輝	Francis J. Chang Chu Fai	✓	✓	
金惠志	Jin Hui Zhi	✓	✓	
魏華生	Ngai Wah Sang	✓	✓	
楊麗琛	Lisa Yang Lai Sum	/	✓	

# 董事會(續)

# 董事會成員多元化

本公司已於二零一三年十二月採納董事會成員 多元化政策,且已載列有關董事會成員多元化 之目標及原則,以在可行情況下達致本公司在 董事會成員多元化方面取得平衡之策略目標。 董事會所有委任將以用人唯才為原則,及按可 計量目標考慮人選,並衡量本公司之業務及需 要。

甄選人選將按一系列多元化標準為基準,包括 但不限於性別、年齡、文化及教育背景、知 識、專業經驗及技能。最終決定將按人選的長 處及可為董事會提供的貢獻而定。

## 主席及行政總裁之角色

企業管治守則之守則條文A.2.1規定,主席及行政總裁(「行政總裁」)之角色應有所區分,並不應由一人同時兼任。董事會主席李成輝先生主要負責領導董事會,確保(i)所有重大政策事會以即時及建設性方式討論;(ii)所有董事能妥善地獲得董事會會議上討論問題之時,行政總裁一職由本公司董事總經理專之日常業務管理。此等職位之職責已清晰區分且以書面形式其份。並於二零零五年六月經董事會批准及其於二零一二年四月及二零一九年一月更新。

#### THE BOARD (CONTINUED)

# **Board Diversity**

The Company has adopted the board diversity policy in December 2013 which sets out the objectives and principles regarding board diversity for the purpose of achieving the Company's strategic objectives of balanced diversity at the Board as far as practicable. Board appointments will be based on merit and candidates will be considered against measurable objectives, taking into account the Company's business and needs.

Selection of candidates will be based on a range of diversity criteria, including but not limited to gender, age, cultural and educational background, knowledge, professional experience and skills. The ultimate decision will be based on merit and the contribution that the selected candidates may bring to the Board.

#### **ROLES OF CHAIRMAN AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE**

Code provision A.2.1 of the CG Code stipulates that the roles of chairman and chief executive ("CE") should be separate and should not be performed by the same individual. Mr. Lee Seng Hui, being the Chairman of the Board, is primarily responsible for the leadership of the Board, ensuring that (i) all significant policy issues are discussed by the Board in a timely and constructive manner; (ii) all Directors are properly briefed on issues arising at Board meetings; and (iii) the Directors receive accurate, timely and clear information. The functions of the CE are performed by Mr. Patrick Lee Seng Wei, the Managing Director of the Company, who is responsible for the day-to-day management of the Group's business. Their responsibilities are clearly segregated and have been set out in writing and approved by the Board in June 2005, and subsequently updated in April 2012 and January 2019.

#### 董事之委任及重撰

提名委員會之職權範圍包括訂明遴選及推薦本公司董事候選人程序及準則之提名方法。

每名新獲委任之董事將於首次委任時獲公司秘書發給一套入職資料。該套入職資料乃根據公司條例、上市規則以及證券及期貨條例董事須遵守之職責及持續責任之全面、正式及按每名董事情況專門編製之指引。此外,該套入職資料亦包括簡述本公司運作及業務之資料,本公司最新公佈之財務報告及董事會採納之企業管治常規文件。董事將持續獲更新上市規則及其他適用之監管規定之任何重大發展,以確保彼等遵守及維持良好之企業管治常規。

所有本公司之非執行董事(包括獨立非執行董事)已按特定任期獲委任,惟須根據組織章程細則之有關條文或任何其他適用法例之規定離任或退任,但可膺選連任。非執行董事(包括獨立非執行董事)之任期已從二零一九年一月一日起再續兩年。

根據組織章程細則,於本公司每屆股東週年大會(「股東週年大會」)上,三分之一當時在任之董事(或倘人數並非三之倍數,則最接近但不少於三分之一之數目)須輪值退任。此外,任何填補臨時空缺而獲董事會委任之董事僅可任職至本公司下屆股東大會為止,而獲委任為董事會新增之成員可任職至下屆股東週年大會為上,在該兩種情況下,該等董事應可於相關會議上膺選連任。每名董事須至少每三年輪值退任一次。

#### APPOINTMENT AND RE-ELECTION OF DIRECTORS

The terms of reference of the Nomination Committee include the nomination procedure specifying the process and criteria for the selection and recommendation of candidates for directorship of the Company.

Every newly appointed Director will receive an induction package from the Company Secretary on the first occasion of his/her appointment. This induction package is a comprehensive, formal and tailored induction on the responsibilities and on-going obligations to be observed by a director pursuant to the Companies Ordinance, Listing Rules and Securities and Futures Ordinance. In addition, this induction package includes materials briefly describing the operations and business of the Company, the latest published financial reports of the Company and the documentation for the corporate governance practices adopted by the Board. Directors will be continuously updated on any major developments of the Listing Rules and other applicable regulatory requirements to ensure compliance and upkeep of good corporate governance practices.

All Non-Executive Directors (including INEDs) of the Company were appointed for a specific term, but subject to the relevant provisions of the Articles of Association or any other applicable laws whereby the Directors shall vacate or retire from their office but eligible for re-election. The term of appointment of the Non-Executive Directors (including INEDs) has been renewed for further two years commencing from 1st January, 2019.

According to the Articles of Association, at each annual general meeting of the Company ("AGM"), one-third of the Directors for the time being (or, if their number is not a multiple of three, the number nearest to but not less than one-third) shall retire from office by rotation. Further, any Director appointed by the Board to fill a casual vacancy shall hold office only until the next following general meeting of the Company whilst for those appointed as an addition to the Board shall hold office until the next following AGM and in both cases, those Directors shall then be eligible for re-election at the relevant meeting. Every Director shall be subject to retirement by rotation at least once every three years.

#### 企業管治職能

董事會在企業管治職能方面之責任包括:

- (i) 制定及檢討本公司之企業管治政策及常規;
- (ii) 檢討及監察董事及高級管理人員之培訓及 持續專業發展;
- (iii) 檢討及監察本公司在遵守法律及監管規定 方面之政策及常規;
- (iv) 制定、檢討及監察僱員及董事之操守準則 及合規手冊(如有);及
- (v) 檢討本公司在遵守企業管治守則之情況及 在企業管治報告內之披露。

於二零一八年及截至本報告日期止,董事會已 根據其職權範圍履行企業管治責任。

## 董事委員會

董事會已成立多個委員會,包括提名委員會、薪酬委員會、審核委員會及執行委員會,各委員會均以書面具體列明其職權範圍。委員會之所有會議記錄及決議案均由公司秘書保存,並提供副本予全體董事會成員傳閱,而各委員會須向董事會滙報其決定及建議(倘適用)。董事會會議之程序及安排(於本報告「董事會」一節內提述)按可行情況下亦已獲採納於委員會會議。

#### **CORPORATE GOVERNANCE FUNCTION**

The Board is responsible for performing corporate governance duties and has adopted the written terms of reference on its corporate governance functions in April 2012.

The duties of the Board in respect of the corporate governance functions include:

- (i) developing and reviewing the Company's policies and practices on corporate governance;
- (ii) reviewing and monitoring the training and continuous professional development of Directors and senior management;
- (iii) reviewing and monitoring the Company's policies and practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements;
- (iv) developing, reviewing and monitoring the code of conduct and compliance manual (if any) applicable to employees and Directors; and
- (v) reviewing the Company's compliance with the CG Code and disclosure in the Corporate Governance Report.

In 2018 and up to the date of this report, the Board has performed the corporate governance duties in accordance with its terms of reference.

#### **BOARD COMMITTEES**

The Board has established various committees, including a Nomination Committee, a Remuneration Committee, an Audit Committee and an Executive Committee, each of which has its specific written terms of reference. Copies of minutes of all meetings and resolutions of the committees, which are kept by the Company Secretary, are circulated to all Board members and the committees are required to report back to the Board on their decisions and recommendations where appropriate. The procedures and arrangements for a Board meeting, as mentioned in the section headed "The Board" of this report, have been adopted for the committee meetings so far as practicable.

## 董事委員會(續)

## 提名委員會

提名委員會已於二零一二年三月成立,並由一名獨立非執行董事擔任主席,且大部份成員為獨立非執行董事。目前,提名委員會由五名成員組成,包括獨立非執行董事楊麗琛女士(提名委員會主席)、鄭鑄輝先生、金惠志先生生,魏華生先生及執行董事勞景祐先生。提名委本生生及執行董事勞景祐先生。提名本公會獲提供充裕資源以履行其職務,並可按本有需要時尋求獨立專業意見。提配司之政策在有需要時尋求獨立專業意見。提配司之政策在有需要時尋求獨立專業意見。提配司之政策在有需要時尋求獨立專業意見。提配司人所該職權範圍已於香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)及本公司網站內登載。

提名委員會已於其職權範圍內制訂並載列提名政策(「提名政策」)。提名政策旨在確保董事會按照本公司業務而具備適當所需技能、經驗員多樣的觀點與角度。為確保董事會組成人設有不變動不會帶來不適當的干擾,本公司應設有有數學動不會帶來不適當的干擾,本公司應設有有數學動不會帶來不適當的干擾,並且應設定有秩序的董事繼任計。 是新委任程序,並設定有秩序的董事繼任計劃(如認為有需要),包括定期檢討此類計劃的區時空缺)或重新委任任何董事乃經提名委員會推薦候選人後由董事會作出決定。

用於考慮候選人是否符合資格的標準,應視乎候選人是否能投入足夠時間及精神以處理本公司事務,並促進董事會成員多元化,使董事會能有效履行其職責。更多甄選標準及程序的詳情載於提名委員會職權範圍,該職權範圍已於聯交所及本公司網站內登載。

# **BOARD COMMITTEES** (CONTINUED)

#### **Nomination Committee**

The Nomination Committee has been established since March 2012 and is chaired by an INED and comprises a majority of INEDs. Currently, the Nomination Committee consists of five members, including Ms. Lisa Yang Lai Sum (Chairman of the Nomination Committee), Mr. Francis J. Chang Chu Fai, Mr. Jin Hui Zhi and Mr. Ngai Wah Sang, all being the INEDs, and Mr. Edwin Lo King Yau, being an Executive Director. The Nomination Committee is provided with sufficient resources to discharge its duties and has access to independent professional advice according to the Company's policy if considered necessary. The major roles and functions of the Nomination Committee are included in its terms of reference, which are available on the websites of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited ("Stock Exchange") and the Company.

The Nomination Committee has formulated and set out the nomination policy ("Nomination Policy") in its terms of reference. The objective of the Nomination Policy is to ensure that the Board has a balance of skills, experience and diversity of perspectives appropriate to the requirements of the Company's business. To ensure changes to the Board composition can be managed without undue disruption, a formal, considered and transparent procedure is in place for selection, appointment and re-appointment of Directors, as well as plans in place for orderly succession (if considered necessary), including periodical review of such plans. The appointment of a new Director (to be an additional Director or fill a casual vacancy as and when it arises) or any re-appointment of Directors is a matter for decision by the Board upon the recommendation of the proposed candidate by the Nomination Committee.

The criteria to be applied in considering whether a candidate is qualified shall be his or her ability to devote sufficient time and attention to the affairs of the Company and contribute to the diversity of the Board as well as the effective carrying out by the Board of the responsibilities. Further details of the selection criteria and the procedure are set out in the terms of reference of the Nomination Committee which are available on the websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company.

# 董事委員會(續)

## 提名委員會(續)

根據其職權範圍,提名委員會應於有需要時召開會議,亦可透過傳閱文件方式處理事宜。於二零一八年,提名委員會並無召開會議,提名委員會乃透過傳閱文件方式處理事宜。於二零一八年及截至本報告日期止,提名委員會已履行之工作概述如下:

- (i) 檢討及建議董事會批准就重選退任董事提 呈於二零一八年股東週年大會及二零一九 年股東週年大會之決議案;
- (ii) 檢討及建議董事會批准非執行董事(包括獨立非執行董事)之任期自二零一九年一月一日起再續兩年;
- (iii) 檢討董事會的架構、人數、組成及多元 化,以及評核各獨立非執行董事的獨立 性;及
- (iv) 檢討及建議董事會批准就於二零一九年一 月一日起生效之經修訂企業管治守則之相 關修訂而制定之經修訂提名委員會職權範 圍。

#### **BOARD COMMITTEES** (CONTINUED)

#### **Nomination Committee** (continued)

The Nomination Committee will meet as and when necessary in accordance with its terms of reference and may also deal with matters by way of circulation. In 2018, no Nomination Committee meeting was held while the Nomination Committee dealt with matters by way of circulation. In 2018 and up to the date of this report, the Nomination Committee performed the works as summarised below:

- reviewed and recommended for the Board's approval the proposed resolutions for re-election of the retiring Directors at 2018 AGM and 2019 AGM;
- (ii) reviewed and recommended for the Board's approval the renewal of the terms of appointment of the Non-Executive Directors (including the INEDs) for two years commencing from 1st January, 2019;
- (iii) reviewed the structure, size, composition and diversity of the Board and assessed the independence of each INED; and
- (iv) reviewed and recommended for the Board's approval the revised terms of reference of the Nomination Committee for the relevant amendments to the revised CG Code effective on 1st January, 2019.

## 董事委員會(續)

#### 薪酬委員會

薪酬委員會已於二零零五年六月成立及目前由四名成員組成,包括獨立非執行董事鄭鑄輝先生(薪酬委員會主席)、金惠志先生、魏華生先生及楊麗琛女士。薪酬委員會獲提供充裕資源以履行其職務,並可按本公司之政策在有需要時尋求獨立專業意見。薪酬委員會之主要角色及職能已包含於其職權範圍內,該職權範圍已於聯交所及本公司網站內登載。

薪酬委員會之職權範圍乃遵照企業管治守則之 守則條文B.1.2之規定,惟就守則條文之偏離情 況而言,薪酬委員會僅會就執行董事(不包括 高級管理人員)(而非守則條文所述之執行董事 及高級管理人員)之薪酬待遇向董事會提出建 議。上述偏離情況之理由概述如下:

- (i) 董事會認為薪酬委員會並不適宜評估高級 管理人員之表現,而有關評估程序由執行 董事執行將更為有效;
- (ii) 執行董事必須負責監管高級管理人員,因 而須有權力操控彼等之薪酬;及
- (iii) 執行董事並無理由向高級管理人員支付高 於業界標準之薪酬,而按此方法釐定薪酬 待遇可減省支出,將有利於股東。

根據其職權範圍,薪酬委員會每年須至少召開 一次會議。於二零一八年已舉行一次薪酬委員 會會議,而各成員之出席情況載於本報告「董 事會」一節內。

# **BOARD COMMITTEES** (CONTINUED)

#### **Remuneration Committee**

The Remuneration Committee has been established since June 2005 and currently consists of four members, including Mr. Francis J. Chang Chu Fai (Chairman of the Remuneration Committee), Mr. Jin Hui Zhi, Mr. Ngai Wah Sang and Ms. Lisa Yang Lai Sum, all being the INEDs. The Remuneration Committee is provided with sufficient resources to discharge its duties and has access to independent professional advice according to the Company's policy if considered necessary. The major roles and functions of the Remuneration Committee are included in its terms of reference, which are available on the websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company.

The terms of reference of the Remuneration Committee are in compliance with the code provision B.1.2 of the CG Code, but with a deviation from the code provision that the Remuneration Committee shall make recommendations to the Board on the remuneration packages of the Executive Directors only and not senior management (as opposed to executive directors and senior management under the code provision). The reasons for the above deviation are summarised as below:

- (i) the Board believes that the Remuneration Committee is not properly in a position to evaluate the performance of senior management and that this evaluation process is more effectively carried out by the Executive Directors;
- (ii) the Executive Directors must be in a position to supervise and control senior management and thus must be able to control their compensation; and
- (iii) there is no reason for Executive Directors to pay senior management more than industry standards and thus Shareholders will benefit by reducing costs in the fixing of such compensation packages.

The Remuneration Committee shall meet at least once a year in accordance with its terms of reference. One Remuneration Committee meeting was held in 2018 and the attendance of each member is set out in the section headed "The Board" of this report.

# 董事委員會(續)

## 薪酬委員會(續)

除舉行薪酬委員會會議外,薪酬委員會亦於二零一八年內透過傳閱文件方式處理事宜。於二零一八年內及截至本報告日期止,薪酬委員會已履行之工作概述如下:

- (i) 檢討及建議董事會批准現有之董事薪酬政 策及架構;
- (ii) 檢討截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止年 度全體執行董事及非執行董事(包括獨立非 執行董事)之薪酬待遇;
- (iii) 檢討及建議董事會批准截至二零一七年 十二月三十一日止年度之花紅,於二零 一八年執行董事薪酬之增幅,及自二零 一九年起獨立非執行董事服務費之增幅;
- (iv) 檢討及建議董事會批准二零一八年之董事 袍金;
- (v) 檢討及建議董事會批准一名前任董事截至 二零一七年十二月三十一日止年度之花 紅;及
- (vi) 檢討及建議董事會批准重訂董事總經理之 勞動合同。

每名董事將有權獲取董事袍金。就董事之額外職責及服務而應付予彼等之額外薪酬(包括獨立非執行董事之服務費),將按彼等之僱傭合約或服務合約各自之合約條款而釐定,惟須經薪酬委員會建議及獲董事會批准。董事薪酬之詳情載於綜合財務報表附註13,而於中期期間及截至中期業績報告日期止之若干董事酬金之變更詳情亦已披露於本公司日期為二零一八年八月十七日之中期業績報告內。本集團薪酬政策之詳情亦已載於董事會報告第93頁之「僱員及培訓」一節內。

# **BOARD COMMITTEES** (CONTINUED)

#### **Remuneration Committee** (continued)

In addition to the Remuneration Committee meeting, the Remuneration Committee also dealt with matters by way of circulation during 2018. In 2018 and up to the date of this report, the Remuneration Committee performed the works as summarised below:

- (i) reviewed and recommended for the Board's approval the existing policy and structure for the remuneration of Directors;
- (ii) reviewed the remuneration packages of all the Executive and Non-Executive Directors (including the INEDs) for the year ended 31st December, 2017;
- (iii) reviewed and recommended for the Board's approval the bonus for the year ended 31st December, 2017, the increment in salary for the year 2018 of the Executive Directors and the increment in service fees of the INEDs from the year 2019 onwards;
- (iv) reviewed and recommended for the Board's approval the Directors' fee for the year 2018;
- (v) reviewed and recommended for the Board's approval the bonus for the year ended 31st December, 2017 of the former director; and
- (vi) reviewed and recommended for the Board's approval the renewal of the employment contract of the Managing Director.

Each Director will be entitled to a Director's fee. Further remuneration payable to Directors (including any service fees of the INEDs) for their additional responsibilities and services will depend on their respective contractual terms under their employment contracts or service contracts as approved by the Board on the recommendation of the Remuneration Committee. Details of the Directors' remuneration are set out in note 13 to the consolidated financial statements whereas detailed changes in the emoluments of certain Directors during the interim period and up to the date of the Interim Report were also disclosed in the Interim Report of the Company dated 17th August, 2018. Details of the remuneration policy of the Group are also set out in the "Employee and Training" section contained in the Directors' Report on page 93.

#### 董事委員會(續)

## 審核委員會

審核委員會自一九九九年十一月成立,目前由五名非執行董事組成,其中四名為獨立非執行董事。為保持獨立性及客觀性,審核委員會由一名具備合適專業資格或會計或相關財務管理專業知識之獨立非執行董事擔任主席。審核委員會之現任成員為魏華生先生(審核委員會之現任成員為魏華生先生(審核委員會之現任成員為魏華生先生(審核委員會之主要有人限行其職務,並可按本公司之政策在有需要時限行其職務,並可按本公司之政策在有需要時限行其職務,並可按本公司之政策在有需要時限。審核委員會之主要角色及職能已包含於其職權範圍內,該職權範圍已於聯交所及本公司網站內登載。

審核委員會之職權範圍不時作出修訂,以遵守 企業管治守則之守則條文C.3.3,惟就該守則條 文在審核委員會之職責方面有所偏離:

- (i) 執行委聘外聘核數師提供非核數服務之政策:
- (ii) 確保管理層已履行其職責建立有效之風險 管理及內部監控系統:及
- (iii) 確保內部與外聘核數師之工作得到協調, 也須確保內部審計功能獲得足夠資源運 作,並且在上市公司中具有適當之地位。

董事會認為審核委員會應就委聘外聘核數師提供非核數服務之政策作出建議(而非守則條文所述之執行),理由如下:

- (i) 由董事會及其下設置之委員會制定政策及 作出合適之建議乃屬恰當及合適;
- (ii) 由執行董事及管理層執行該政策及建議乃 屬恰當及合適之機制:及
- (iii) 獨立非執行董事並不適宜執行日常之政策 及跟進工作。

#### **BOARD COMMITTEES** (CONTINUED)

#### **Audit Committee**

The Audit Committee has been established since November 1999 and currently consists of five Non-Executive Directors, four of whom are INEDs. To retain independence and objectivity, the Audit Committee is chaired by an INED with appropriate professional qualifications or accounting or related financial management expertise. The current members of the Audit Committee are Mr. Ngai Wah Sang (Chairman of the Audit Committee), Mr. Francis J. Chang Chu Fai, Dr. Moses Cheng Mo Chi, Mr. Jin Hui Zhi and Ms. Lisa Yang Lai Sum. The Audit Committee is provided with sufficient resources to discharge its duties and has access to independent professional advice according to the Company's policy if considered necessary. The major roles and functions of the Audit Committee are included in its terms of reference, which are available on the websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company.

The terms of reference of the Audit Committee are revised from time to time to comply with the code provision C.3.3 of the CG Code, but with deviations from the code provision of the audit committee's responsibility to:

- (i) implement policy on the engagement of the external auditors to supply non-audit services;
- (ii) ensure the management has performed its duty to have effective risk management and internal control systems; and
- (iii) ensure co-ordination between the internal and external auditors, and ensure that the internal audit function is adequately resourced and has appropriate standing within the listed company.

The Board considers that the Audit Committee shall recommend (as opposed to implement under the code provision) the policy on the engagement of the external auditors to supply non-audit services for the following reasons:

- (i) it is proper and appropriate for the Board and its committees to develop policy and make appropriate recommendations;
- (ii) the proper and appropriate mechanism for implementation of such policy and recommendations is through the Executive Directors and management; and
- (iii) INEDs are not in an effective position to implement policy and follow up the same on a day-to-day basis.

## 董事委員會(續)

## 審核委員會(續)

此外,董事會認為審核委員會僅具備有效能力 監察(而非守則條文所述之確保)管理層已履行 其職責建立有效之風險管理及內部監控系統。 由於上述事宜涉及日常監控及僱用全職之專業 人員,因此審核委員會並無確保上述事宜得以 執行之能力。審核委員會雖無法確保,但可推 動內部和外聘核數師之工作得到協調。同樣, 審核委員會無法確保,但可檢查內部審計功能 是否獲得足夠資源運作。

根據其職權範圍,審核委員會每年須至少召開兩次會議。於二零一八年已舉行兩次審核委員會會議,而各成員之出席情況載於本報告「董事會」一節內。

除舉行審核委員會會議外,審核委員會亦於二零一八年內透過傳閱文件方式處理事宜。於二零一八年內及截至本報告日期止,審核委員會已履行之工作概述如下:

- (i) 審閱及批准外聘核數師建議之本集團截至 二零一七年十二月三十一日止年度之年終 審核(「二零一七年年終審核」)、截至二零 一八年六月三十日止六個月之中期業績審 閱(「二零一八年中期審閱」)及截至二零 一八年十二月三十一日止年度之年終審核 (「二零一八年年終審核」)之核數範圍及費 用:
- (ii) 審閱外聘核數師就有關二零一七年年終審核、二零一八年中期審閱及二零一八年年 終審核之獨立審閱報告/審核完成報告及 管理層之回應;
- (iii) 審閱及建議董事會批准截至二零一七年 十二月三十一日止年度、截至二零一八年 六月三十日止六個月及截至二零一八年 十二月三十一日止年度之財務報告及相關 之管理層聲明函件及公佈;

# **BOARD COMMITTEES** (CONTINUED)

#### Audit Committee (continued)

Further, the Board considers that the Audit Committee only possesses the effective ability to scrutinise (as opposed to ensure under the code provision) whether management has performed its duty to have effective risk management and internal control systems. The Audit Committee is not equipped to ensure that the same is in place as this would involve day-to-day supervision and the employment of permanent experts. The Audit Committee is not in a position either to ensure co-ordination between the internal and external auditors but it can promote the same. Similarly, the Audit Committee is not in a position to ensure that the internal audit function is adequately resourced but it can check whether it is adequately resourced.

The Audit Committee shall meet at least twice a year in accordance with its terms of reference. Two Audit Committee meetings were held in 2018 and the attendance of each member is set out in the section headed "The Board" of this report.

In addition to the Audit Committee meetings, the Audit Committee also dealt with matters by way of circulation during 2018. In 2018 and up to the date of this report, the Audit Committee performed the works as summarised below:

- (i) reviewed and approved the audit scope and fees proposed by the external auditor in respect of the final audit for the year ended 31st December, 2017 ("2017 Final Audit"), the interim results review for the six months ended 30th June, 2018 ("2018 Interim Review") and the final audit for the year ended 31st December, 2018 ("2018 Final Audit") of the Group;
- (ii) reviewed the independent review report/audit completion report from the external auditor and the management's response in relation to 2017 Final Audit, 2018 Interim Review and 2018 Final Audit;
- (iii) reviewed and recommended for the Board's approval the financial reports for the year ended 31st December, 2017, for the six months ended 30th June, 2018 and for the year ended 31st December, 2018 together with the relevant management representation letters and announcements;

# 企業管治報告

# CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

# 董事委員會(續)

## 審核委員會(續)

- (iv) 審閱由本集團內部審計功能(「內部審計功能)編製之內部審計計劃及內部審計審閱報告:
- (v) 審閱及建議董事會批准就本集團會計、 內部審計及財務匯報職能方面的資源、 員工資歷及經驗以及有關員工所接受的培訓課程及預算之更新報告;
- (vi) 審閱及建議董事會就舉報者政策、識別及 監察關連交易的程序、有關連人士交易之 政策及程序、內幕消息披露政策及風險管 理、合規及內部監控程序之政策作年度檢 討;
- (vii) 審閱及建議董事會就本集團之風險管理及 內部監控系統作年度檢討:及
- (viii) 審閱及建議董事會批准經修訂舉報者政策。

#### 執行委員會

執行委員會於二零零四年二月成立,目前由五名成員組成,包括執行董事李成偉先生(執行委員會主席)、馬申先生、勞景祐先生及杜燦生先生及於二零一九年一月獲委任為集團營運總監的鄒志忠先生。執行委員會獲授予董事會所獲授予之關於本集團業務之所有一般管理及控制權,惟根據執行委員會之書面職權範圍司領採納舉報者政策後,執行委員會之職權範圍已於二零零八年三月作出修訂,及其後於二零一八年十二月作出更新。

#### **BOARD COMMITTEES** (CONTINUED)

#### Audit Committee (continued)

- (iv) reviewed the internal audit plan and internal audit review reports prepared by the Internal Audit Function of the Group ("IA Function");
- (v) reviewed and recommended for the Board's approval the updated reports on substantiation of the resources, qualifications and experience of staff of the Group's accounting, internal audit and financial reporting functions, and their training programmes and budget;
- (vi) reviewed and recommended for the Board's annual review the Whistle Blower Policy, Procedures for the Identification and Monitoring of Connected Transactions, Related Party Transaction Policies and Procedures, Policy on the Disclosure of Inside Information and Policy on Risk Management, Compliance and Internal Control Procedures;
- (vii) reviewed and recommended for the Board's annual review the Group's risk management and internal control systems; and
- (viii) reviewed and recommended for the Board's approval the revised Whistle Blower Policy.

#### **Executive Committee**

The Executive Committee has been established since February 2004 and currently consists of five members, including Messrs. Patrick Lee Seng Wei (Chairman of the Executive Committee), Ma Sun, Edwin Lo King Yau and Tao Tsan Sang, all being Executive Directors, and Mr. Chew Chee Choong, being the Group Chief Operating Officer appointed in January 2019. The Executive Committee is vested with all the general powers of management and control of the activities of the Group as are vested in the Board, save for those matters which are reserved for the Board's decision and approval pursuant to the written terms of reference of the Executive Committee. The terms of reference of the Executive Committee were revised in March 2008 following the adoption of the Whistle Blower Policy by the Company, and subsequently updated in December 2018.

# 董事委員會(續)

## 執行委員會(續)

執行委員會於有需要時召開會議,以討論本集 團之營運事宜,亦可透過傳閱文件方式處理事 宜。執行委員會主要負責處理及監察日常管理 事宜,並獲授權:

- (i) 制定及執行有關本集團商業活動、內部監 控及行政之政策;及
- (ii) 在董事會確定之本集團整體策略範圍內, 規劃及決定就本集團商業活動將予採納之 策略。

#### 公司秘書

容綺媚女士為本公司之公司秘書。全體董事均 可要求公司秘書提供意見及服務。公司秘書就 董事會管治事宜向主席匯報,並負責確保遵守 董事會程序,及促進董事之間及與股東及管理 層之溝通。

容女士為英國特許秘書及行政人員公會及香港 特許秘書公會會員。於年內,容女士接受了超 過十五小時之相關專業培訓以更新其技能及知 識。

# 董事及相關僱員進行證券交易之守則

本公司已採納上市規則附錄十所載之《上市發行人董事進行證券交易的標準守則》(「標準守則」),作為董事進行證券交易之行為守則。經本公司作出特定查詢後,全體董事已確認彼等一直遵守標準守則所載之規定標準。

本公司亦已採納標準守則作為相關僱員進行證券交易之守則,藉此對本公司或其附屬公司之若干僱員(彼等被視為可能知悉有關本公司或其證券之內幕消息)就本公司之證券買賣作出規管。

#### **BOARD COMMITTEES** (CONTINUED)

#### **Executive Committee** (continued)

The Executive Committee will meet as and when necessary to discuss the operating affairs of the Group and may also deal with matters by way of circulation. The Executive Committee is mainly responsible for undertaking and supervising the day-to-day management and is empowered:

- (i) to formulate and implement policies for the business activities, internal control and administration of the Group; and
- (ii) to plan and decide on strategies to be adopted for the business activities of the Group within the overall strategy of the Group as determined by the Board.

#### **COMPANY SECRETARY**

Ms. Cindy Yung Yee Mei is the Company Secretary of the Company. All Directors have access to the advice and services of the Company Secretary. The Company Secretary reports to the Chairman on board governance matters, and is responsible for ensuring that Board procedures are followed and for facilitating communications among Directors as well as with the Shareholders and management.

Ms. Yung is an associate of The Institute of Chartered Secretaries and Administrators and The Hong Kong Institute of Chartered Secretaries. During the year, Ms. Yung undertook over 15 hours of relevant professional training to update her skills and knowledge.

# CODES FOR SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS BY DIRECTORS AND RELEVANT EMPLOYEES

The Company has adopted the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers ("Model Code") as set out in Appendix 10 of the Listing Rules as its code of conduct regarding securities transactions by the Directors. All Directors have confirmed, following a specific enquiry by the Company, that they have complied with the required standard as set out in the Model Code.

The Company has also adopted the Model Code as the Code for Securities Transactions by Relevant Employees to regulate dealings in the securities of the Company by certain employees of the Company or any of its subsidiaries who are considered to be likely in possession of inside information in relation to the Company or its securities.

# 問責及核數

## 財務報告

於財務部之協助下,董事確認彼等編製本集團 綜合財務報表之責任。於編製截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度之綜合財務報表時,本公司已採納香港公認會計原則,並遵守香港會計師公會頒佈之香港財務報告準則(當中亦包括香港會計準則及詮釋)之規定以及香港公司條例之披露規定。董事認為所選擇之會計政策適當並且貫徹應用,而所作判斷及估計審慎合理,亦確保按持續經營基準編製綜合財務報表。

本公司外聘核數師德勤 • 關黃陳方會計師行之 匯報責任載於獨立核數師報告第95頁至第102 頁。

#### 風險管理及內部監控

董事會負責每年檢討本集團風險管理及內部監控系統之效能,以涵蓋所有重要的監控層面,包括財務監控、運作監控及合規監控。於二零一八年,董事會已透過審核委員會就本公司在會計、內部審計及財務匯報職能方面的資源、員工資歷及經驗,以及有關員工所接受的培訓課程及預算是否足夠作出檢討。

本集團風險管理及內部監控系統旨在合理地 (而非絕對地)保證無重大失實陳述或損失,同 時管理(但並非完全消除)系統失誤之風險,並 協助本集團達致議定宗旨及目標。其對達致業 務目標至為重要之風險管理擔任重要角色。此 外,風險管理及內部監控亦為備存妥善之會計 記錄提供準則,有助遵守有關法律及規例。

#### **ACCOUNTABILITY AND AUDIT**

# **Financial Reporting**

The Directors acknowledge their responsibility for preparing, with the support from the Finance Department, the consolidated financial statements of the Group. In preparing the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31st December, 2018, the accounting principles generally accepted in Hong Kong have been adopted and the requirements of the Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards (which also include Hong Kong Accounting Standards and Interpretations) issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance were complied with. The Directors believe that they have selected suitable accounting policies and applied them consistently, and made judgements and estimates that are prudent and reasonable and have ensured that the consolidated financial statements are prepared on a going concern basis.

The reporting responsibilities of the Company's external auditor, Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu, are set out in the Independent Auditor's Report on pages 95 to 102.

#### **Risk Management and Internal Control**

The Board has the responsibility to review annually the effectiveness of the Group's risk management and internal control systems covering all material controls, including financial, operational and compliance controls. In 2018, the Board, through the Audit Committee, had reviewed the adequacy of resources, qualifications and experience of staff of the Company's accounting, internal audit and financial reporting functions, and their training programmes and budget.

The Group's risk management and internal control systems are designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance against material misstatement or loss; to manage rather than completely eliminate the risk of system failure; and to assist in the achievement of the Group's agreed objectives and goals. They have a key role in the management of risks that are significant to the fulfilment of business objectives. In addition, they should provide a basis for the maintenance of proper accounting records and assist in the compliance with relevant laws and regulations.

## 問責及核數(續)

#### 風險管理及內部監控(續)

本集團亦已建立系統及程序以識別、評估及管理不同業務活動之風險。年度評估工作由相關業務單位及部門主管透過填寫彼等各自之責任聲明書執行,並由內部審計功能協調。調查結果及發現匯報執行委員會主席並由其提呈審核委員會及董事會以檢討風險管理及內部監控系統之有效性,該系統屬有效及充份。

有關本集團面對各主要類別風險之管理政策及程序之論述,收錄於綜合財務報表附註49b及董事會報告第70頁及第71頁之「主要風險及不確定性一節內。

#### 內部審計

內部審計功能之代理主管向董事會主席及審核 委員會匯報。內部審計功能一般就本集團風險 管理及內部監控系統之充份性及有效性作出分 析及獨立評估。

由內部審計功能編製之內部審計計劃及內部審計審閱報告已提交審核委員會及董事會審閱。

#### 內幕消息披露政策

#### **ACCOUNTABILITY AND AUDIT (CONTINUED)**

#### **Risk Management and Internal Control** (continued)

Systems and procedures are put in place to identify, evaluate and manage the risks of different businesses and activities. The annual assessment is performed through the completion by the relevant business units and department heads of their respective responsibility statements as co-ordinated by the IA Function. The result and findings are reported to the Chairman of Executive Committee who puts forward the same to the Audit Committee and the Board for review on the effectiveness of the risk management and internal control systems, which have been considered effective and adequate.

A discussion of the policies and procedures on the management of each of the major types of risk which the Group is facing is included in note 49b to the consolidated financial statements and under the "Principal Risks and Uncertainties" section contained in the Directors' Report on pages 70 and 71.

#### **Internal Audit**

The Acting Head of IA Function reports to the Chairman of the Board and the Audit Committee. The IA Function generally carries out the analysis and independent appraisal of the adequacy and effectiveness of the Group's risk management and internal control systems.

The internal audit plan and internal audit review reports were prepared by the IA Function and issued to the Audit Committee and the Board for review.

## **Policy on Disclosure of Inside Information**

The Board has adopted the Policy on the Disclosure of Inside Information ("Policy") effective on 1st January, 2013 with respect to the procedures and internal controls for the handling and dissemination of inside information. The Policy sets out guidelines and procedures to the Directors and relevant officers of the Group to ensure inside information of the Group is to be disseminated to the public on an equal basis and in timely manner. Directors and relevant officers in possession of potential inside information and/or inside information are required to take reasonable measures to ensure that proper safeguards are in place to preserve strict confidentiality of inside information and to ensure that its recipients recognise their obligations to maintain the information confidential. The Policy shall be updated and revised as and when necessary in light of changes in circumstances and changes in the Listing Rules, Part XIVA of the Securities and Futures Ordinance and relevant statutory and regulatory requirements from time to time.

# 企業管治報告

# CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

## 問責及核數(續)

#### 外聘核數師之酬金

於年內,已支付予本集團外聘核數師之酬金載 列如下:

## **ACCOUNTABILITY AND AUDIT (CONTINUED)**

#### **External Auditor's Remuneration**

During the year, the remuneration paid to the Group's external auditor is set out as follows:

向本集團提供之服務	Services rendered for the Group	千港元 HK\$′000
核數服務	Audit services	4,893
非核數服務(包括審閱遵守職業退休計劃條例 及審閱中期業績、持續關連交易及營運 資金預測)	Non-audit services (including review of compliance of Occupational Retirement Scheme Ordinance and review of interim results, continuing connected transactions and working capital forecast)	1,407
總計	Total	6,300

#### 與股東之溝通

董事會深明與股東保持良好聯繫之重要性。有關本集團之資料乃按時透過多種正式途徑向股東傳達,包括中期業績報告及年報、公佈及通函。該等刊發文件連同最近期之公司資料及消息亦已於本公司網站內登載。

本公司股東週年大會乃董事會直接與股東聯繫之寶貴機會。主席積極參與並親自主持股東軍年大會以回應股東之任何查詢。審核委員會主席,或在該等主席,或在該等主席,或在該等主席,或在該等主席,則彼等適當委任的代表)於股東週年大會上回答提問。任何須予成立或根據山下規則成立之獨立董事委員會之主席(或明於上市規則成立之獨立董事委員會之主席(或明於上市規則成立之獨立董事委員會之主席(或明於上下規則成立之獨立董事委員會之主席(或明於上下會,則至少一名獨立董事委員會獨立股東批准之任何其他交易而召開之股東大會,以回答提問。

#### **COMMUNICATION WITH SHAREHOLDERS**

The Board recognises the importance of good communication with Shareholders. Information in relation to the Group is disseminated to Shareholders in a timely manner through a number of formal channels, which include interim and annual reports, announcements and circulars. Such published documents together with the latest corporate information and news are also made available on the website of the Company.

The Company's AGM is a valuable forum for the Board to communicate directly with Shareholders. The Chairman actively participates at the AGM and personally chairs the meeting to answer any questions from Shareholders. The chairmen of the Audit Committee, Remuneration Committee and Nomination Committee or in their absence, another member of the respective committees or failing that their respective duly appointed delegate, are also available to answer questions at the AGM. The chairman of any independent board committee formed as necessary or pursuant to the Listing Rules (or if no such chairman is appointed, at least a member of the independent board committee) should also be available to answer questions at any general meeting of Shareholders to approve a connected transaction or any other transaction that is subject to independent Shareholders' approval.

# 與股東之溝通(續)

於年內,二零一八年股東週年大會於二零一八年五月二十三日舉行。董事出席二零一八股東週年大會及於二零一八年九月十四日舉行之股東特別大會之出席記錄載於本報告「董事會」一節內。

每項重大事項(包括重選退任董事)均於股東大會提呈獨立決議案。

就股東週年大會而言,股東通告將於大會舉行 前至少足二十個營業日發送,而就所有其他股 東大會而言,股東通告將於大會舉行前至少足 十個營業日發送。以股數投票方式進行表決之 詳細程序乃於大會開始時向股東解釋。主席會 解答股東有關以股數投票方式表決之任何問 題。股數投票結果將根據上市規則規定之方式 刊發。

於遞交請求當日佔全體有權在股東大會上表決而總表決權最少百分之五之股東,可向本本,主冊辦事處(「註冊辦事處」)發送書面請求,要求董事召開股東特別大會(「股東特別大會上處之事項之一般性質,且必須經提出試要求之事項之一般性質,此外,股東可根據公司是人士核實。此外,股東可根據公司是股東大會提案(「提案」)並送達註冊內及組織章程細則(如適用)向董事會提交可,與及組織章程細則(如適用)的董事會提交可,與及組織章程細則(如適用)的董事會提交可,與及組織章程細則(如適用)的董事會提交可,與及組織章程細則(如適用)的董事會提交可,並送達註冊內面,提案須透過提呈決議案方法作出,內合本公司之業務範疇。

董事會已於二零一二年四月制定一套股東通訊 政策及其後於二零一五年十二月作出更新。股 東可將其向董事會提交之查詢以書面形式送達 註冊辦事處,內容須註明查詢之性質及提出查 詢之理由。此外,股東亦可就任何有關其股權 問題向本公司股份過戶登記處卓佳秘書商務有 限公司查詢。

## **COMMUNICATION WITH SHAREHOLDERS** (CONTINUED)

During the year, the 2018 AGM was held on 23rd May, 2018. The attendance record of the Directors at the 2018 AGM and the extraordinary general meeting held on 14th September, 2018 is set out in the section headed "The Board" of this report.

Separate resolutions are proposed at the general meetings for each substantial issue, including the re-election of retiring Directors.

The notice to Shareholders is to be sent in the case of AGM at least 20 clear business days before the meeting and to be sent at least 10 clear business days in case of all other general meetings. An explanation of the detailed procedures of conducting a poll is provided to the Shareholders at the commencement of the meeting. The Chairman answers questions from Shareholders regarding voting by way of a poll. The poll results are published in the manner prescribed under the requirements of the Listing Rules.

Shareholder(s) representing at least 5% of the total voting rights of all Shareholders having a right to vote at general meetings as at the date of deposit of the requisition can request the Directors to convene an extraordinary general meeting ("EGM") by sending a written request to the registered office of the Company ("Registered Office"). Such requisition must state the general nature of the business to be dealt with at the EGM and must be authenticated by the person or persons making it. Besides, Shareholders may make a proposal ("Proposal") at a Shareholders' meeting by submitting it in written form to the Board at the Registered Office in accordance with the Companies Ordinance and the Articles of Association where applicable. The Proposal shall be in the form of a proposed resolution, which shall clearly and concisely set out the Proposal for discussion and be relevant to the Company's business scope.

The Board has established a shareholders' communication policy in April 2012, and subsequently updated in December 2015. A Shareholder may serve an enquiry to the Board at the Registered Office for the attention of the Board in written form, which shall state the nature of the enquiry and the reason for making the enquiry. In addition, Shareholders can contact Tricor Secretaries Limited, the share registrar of the Company, for any questions about their shareholdings.

# 企業管治報告

# CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

#### 股息政策

董事會已採納於二零一九年一月一日起生效的股息政策。本公司股息政策旨在為其股東提供合理及可持續回報,同時維持財務狀況穩定,使本公司得以把握任何不時之投資及擴張機遇。

董事會可按年宣派或建議股息及/或宣派中期股息或特別股息。經考慮本公司及本集團營運業績、累計及未來盈利、資產負債、流動資金狀況、資本承諾要求及未來擴張計劃以及整體經濟狀況及可能影響本公司及本集團財務表宣經濟狀況的外在因素後,董事會方可建議或宣,股息。此外,由於本公司為一間控股公司及合營公司與內股息,原因是本公司派付股息的能力取決於自該等附屬公司、聯營公司及合營企業收取的股息。

董事會將定期檢討股息政策並在必要時修訂 及/或修改股息政策。

#### 提升企業管治水平

提升企業管治水平並非只為應用及遵守聯交所 之企業管治守則,亦為推動及建立道德與健全 之企業文化。吾等將持續檢討並按經驗、監管 變動及發展,於適當時候改善現行常規。本公 司亦歡迎股東提供任何意見及建議以提高及改 善本公司之透明度。

承董事會命

*主席* 李成輝

香港,二零一九年三月十五日

#### **DIVIDEND POLICY**

The Board has adopted the Dividend Policy effective on 1st January, 2019. The Company's Dividend Policy aims at providing reasonable and sustainable returns to its Shareholders whilst maintaining a position of financial stability which allows the Company to take advantage of any investment and expansion opportunities that may arise from time to time.

The Board may declare or propose dividends on an annual basis and/ or may declare interim dividends or special dividends. Proposal or declaration of dividends by the Board is subject to consideration of the Company's and the Group's operating results, accumulated and future earnings, gearing, liquidity position, capital commitment requirement and future expansion plan as well as general economic conditions and external factors that may have impact on the financial performance and position of the Company and the Group. In addition, as the Company is a holding company, the Board will also consider the dividends received from its subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures as the ability to pay dividends by the Company is dependent on the dividends received from those subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures.

The Board will regularly review the dividend policy and will amend and/or modify the dividend policy if necessary.

#### **CORPORATE GOVERNANCE ENHANCEMENT**

Enhancing corporate governance is not simply a matter of applying and complying with the CG Code of the Stock Exchange but also about promoting and developing an ethical and healthy corporate culture. We will continue to review and, where appropriate, improve our current practices on the basis of our experience, regulatory changes and developments. Any views and suggestions from our Shareholders to promote and improve our transparency are also welcome.

On behalf of the Board

Lee Seng Hui

Chairman

Hong Kong, 15th March, 2019

# 方針及策略

天安中國投資有限公司(「本公司」)秉承為股東提供長期、可持續之價值創造的信念。我們深明作出之選擇將對業務所在的社區帶來影響,及我們應該使有關影響屬正面的。本公司採納可持續發展政策,該政策涵蓋我們於僱傭及勞工措施、商業誠信、環境及社區等領域之原則。我們會致力將該等原則作為我們實踐及管治的一部份,致力為社會及環境之可持續性發展作出貢獻。

本公司之董事會(「董事會」)對本公司有關環境、社會及管治(「環境、社會及管治」)議題方面之策略及報告有全面責任,並已檢討本集團的風險管理及內部監控系統之效能,以識別、評估及管理各項業務及活動的風險,包括環境、社會及管治的相關風險。根據本公司高級管理層、附屬公司的相關管理層及外聘核數師的評估,董事會認為有關系統有效且足夠。

本報告概述截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度對本集團及其持份者重要之環境、社會及管治議題之可持續發展舉措及已選定的關鍵績效指標(「關鍵績效指標」)。本報告用作補充本年報內其他部份所披露之資料,並已於二零一九年三月十五日獲董事會批准。

#### 報告範圍

所涉範疇及層面乃根據香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)證券上市規則附錄二十七所載之 「環境、社會及管治報告指引」(「環境、社會及 管治指引」)而編製。

#### APPROACH AND STRATEGY

Tian An China Investments Company Limited ("Company") believes in delivering long term, sustainable value creation to our shareholders. In doing so, we recognise that the choices we make will have an impact on the communities in which we carry on our business and we should make such impact a positive one. The Company has adopted a Sustainability Policy which covers our principles in the area of employment and labour practices, business integrity, the environment and the community and we shall endeavour to embrace these principles as part of our practice and governance to contribute to the sustainable development of society and the environment.

The board of directors of the Company ("Board") has overall responsibility for the Company's strategy and reporting in respect of Environmental, Social and Governance ("ESG") issues and has reviewed the effectiveness of the Group's risk management and internal control systems, which are put in place to identify, evaluate and manage the risks of different businesses and activities, including the ESG-related risks. Based upon the assessments made by the Company's senior management, subsidiaries' respective management and the external auditors, the Board considered that such systems are effective and adequate.

This report outlines the Group's sustainability initiatives and selected Key Performance Indicators ("KPI") that are material to the Group and its stakeholders on ESG issues for the year ended 31st December, 2018. This report supplements information disclosed elsewhere in this annual report, and was approved by the Board on 15th March, 2019.

## **REPORTING SCOPE**

The subject areas and aspects are presented based on the "Environmental, Social and Governance Reporting Guide" ("ESG Guide") as set out in Appendix 27 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited ("Stock Exchange").

# 重要性評估及持份者參與

根據環境、社會及管治指引各項於可持續發展 範圍內之環境及社會議題中,以下為被認為對 本集團重大及相關之議題清單。優先次序乃根 據管理層意見及持份者參與之結論來設定。我 們定期透過會議、活動以及其他溝通及反饋渠 道讓主要持份者參與日常營運。經抽樣調查不 同部門員工及項目經理以了解他們對環境、社 會及管治各層面之相關性及重要性之具體觀 點。根據管理層評估及調查結果,本報告披露 之相關層面及關鍵績效指標載列如下:

#### 重大相關議題

供應鏈管理(層面B5)一般披露,關鍵績效指標 B5.2

產品責任(層面B6)一般披露,關鍵績效指標 B6.4、B6.5

反貪污(層面B7)一般披露,關鍵績效指標B7.2

#### 其他相關議題

排放物(層面A1)一般披露,關鍵績效指標 A1.1、A1.5、A1.6

資源使用(層面A2)一般披露,關鍵績效指標A2.1、A2.3

環境及天然資源(層面A3)一般披露,關鍵績效 指標A3.1

僱傭(層面B1)一般披露,關鍵績效指標B1.1 健康與安全(層面B2)一般披露

發展及培訓(層面B3)一般披露,關鍵績效指標B3.1、B3.2

勞工準則(層面B4)一般披露 社區投資(層面B8)一般披露,關鍵績效指標 B8.1、B8.2

上文未提及之所有其他關鍵績效指標層面被認 為無需披露。

以下環境、社會及管治議題乃根據聯交所環境、社會及管治指引之條文分類呈列。

# MATERIALITY ASSESSMENT AND STAKEHOLDER ENGAGEMENT

Amongst various environmental and social issues based on the ESG Guide within the scope of sustainability, the below are the list of issues that are considered to be material and relevant to the Group. The priorities are set based on management's view as well as conclusions from stakeholders' engagement. We regularly engage key stakeholders in daily operations through meetings, events, and other communications and feedback channels. A survey was conducted with a sampling of staff selected from various departments and project managers to understand their specific views on the relevance and materiality of various ESG aspects. Based on management's assessment as well as the survey results, the aspects and KPIs relevant for this report's disclosure are set out as follows:

#### Material and relevant issues

Supply chain management (Aspect B5) general disclosure, KPI B5.2

Product responsibility (Aspect B6) general disclosure, KPI B6.4, B6.5

Anti-corruption (Aspect B7) general disclosure, KPI B7.2

#### Other relevant issues

Emissions (Aspect A1) general disclosure, KPI A1.1, A1.5, A1.6

Use of resources (Aspect A2) general disclosure, KPI A2.1, A2.3

The environment and natural resources (Aspect A3) general disclosure, KPI A3.1

Employment (Aspect B1) general disclosure, KPI B1.1

Health and safety (Aspect B2) general disclosure

Development and training (Aspect B3) general disclosure, KPI B3.1, B3.2

Labour standards (Aspect B4) general disclosure

Community investment (Aspect B8) general disclosure, KPI B8.1, B8.2

All other aspects of KPI not mentioned above were concluded to be not relevant for disclosure.

The following ESG issues are presented based on the classification of provisions by the Stock Exchange's ESG Guide.

#### A. 環境議題

本集團之可持續發展政策包括我們針對環境議 題之一貫方針。我們致力於:

- 遵守相關法律及法規,並以超越最低要求 為目標;
- 阻止/減少廢氣及溫室氣體排放、水及土 地之排污,以及有害及無害廢棄物之產生;
- 有效使用資源,包括能源、水及其他原材料;
- 減低本集團之業務對環境及天然資源造成 之影響;及
- 讓我們的員工、客戶及合作夥伴參與以推 廣環境可持續發展之商業常規,並持續重 新評估我們的程序以減低對環境之影響。

本集團之主要業務活動為在中國內地開發住 宅、別墅、辦公樓及商用物業、物業投資及物 業管理,以及在香港之物業投資及物業管理。 我們物業發展項目之建築相關工程外判予獨立 規所規限,包括有關廢氣及溫室氣體排放、水 及土地之排污、有害及無害廢棄物之產生、, 效使用能源、水及其他原材料、噪音污染控 制、空氣污染控制、水污染控制、排污系統密 廢物處理之法律及法規。我們與承包商緊密 作,實現具創意、優雅及綠色設計,同時兼容 並對我們的環境及社會責任保持敏感度。

根據持份者參與之結論及管理層意見,本報告 並無包括所有環境的關鍵績效指標之披露,因 該等披露被認為非重大或非相關。相反,我們 已就一般做法及工作方面作出討論,以減少本 集團在不同範疇的環境足跡。

#### A. ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES

The Group's Sustainability Policy encompasses our general approach towards environmental issues. We endeavour to:

- observe relevant laws and regulations and aim to go beyond minimum requirements;
- prevent/minimise air and greenhouse gas emissions, discharges into water and land, and generation of hazardous and nonhazardous waste;
- make efficient use of resources, including energy, water and other raw materials;
- minimise the impact of the Group's activities on the environment and natural resources; and
- engage our staff, customers and partners to promote environmentally sustainable business practices and constantly re-assess our processes to minimise environmental impact.

The Group's principal business activities are the development of apartments, villas, office buildings and commercial properties, property investment and property management in Mainland China, as well as property investment and property management in Hong Kong. The construction-related works for our property development projects are outsourced to independent contractors who are subject to various relevant environmental laws and regulations, including those relating to air and greenhouse gas emissions, discharges into water and land, generation of hazardous and non-hazardous waste, efficient use of energy, water and other raw materials, noise pollution control, air pollution control, water pollution control, sewage drainage system and waste treatment. We work closely with our contractors to achieve creative, elegant and green designs while being compatible and sensitive to our environmental and social responsibilities.

This report does not include the disclosure of all the environmental KPIs as they are not considered material or relevant as a conclusion of our stakeholders' engagement as well as management's view. Instead, we have discussed our general approach and effort to reduce the Group's environmental footprint in various aspects.

## A. 環境議題(續)

#### 排放物(層面A1)

本集團並不涉及任何製造業活動及直接參與建築工程。本集團直接產生之排放物僅限於香港及中國內地之75(二零一七年:73)輛行政人員汽車。該等車輛僅供高級員工之本地差旅及招待所需。因此,相對於本集團之資產及員工規模,此排放量及使用量均微不足道。

除了聘請之承包商(彼等受其環境數據及管理所規管)產生之排放物、有害及無害廢棄物,由我們直接業務所產生之其他排放物大多屬「次級」基準,因差旅不頻繁,以及辦公室營運亦絕少產生有害及無害廢棄物。

就物業發展業務而言,我們遵守相關國家及地區法律和法規,如《中華人民共和國環境保護法》、《中華人民共和國環境影響評價法》、《中華人民共和國環境空氣質量標準》、《中華人民共和國聲環境質量標準》等。本集團嚴格監管及監督我們的承包商以超越相關法律及法規之最低要求,避免在我們的項目中產生違規行為。於二零一八年,本公司就上述環境層面並無重大違反相關法律及法規。

物業投資及物業管理業務主要於中國內地及香港之項目辦事處營運。為配合我們減少廢氣及溫室氣體排放之政策,大多數城市之辦事處均配備視像會議設施,以減少直接會面之需求,並盡可能減少業務差旅。僅有一少部份之僱員出差。概無有關此層面之相關法律及法規適用於我們之業務。

#### A. ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES (CONTINUED)

## **Emissions (Aspect A1)**

The Group is not involved in any manufacturing activities and direct participating in construction works. Emissions produced directly by the Group only related to the 75 (2017: 73) executive passenger vehicles in Hong Kong and Mainland China. These are used for senior staff's local travel only as well as for entertainment. It is therefore that the scale and usage are immaterial given the size of the Group's assets and staff.

Except for the emissions, hazardous and non-hazardous wastes generated by our engaged contractors, which will be subject to their own environmental statistics and management, the other emissions produced by our direct businesses are mostly on a "second degree" basis as incurred during occasional business travels which is infrequent and the hazardous and non-hazardous wastes are also very rarely produced by our office operations.

For the property development business, we keep track of the relevant national and regional laws and regulations, such as the Environmental Protection Law of the People's Republic of China, the Law of the People's Republic of China on Environmental Impact Assessment, the Ambient Air Quality Standards of the People's Republic of China, the Environmental Quality Standard for Noise of the People's Republic of China, etc. The Group strictly monitors and supervises our contractors to go beyond the minimum requirements of the relevant laws and regulations and avoid the violation made in our projects. During 2018, the Company has no material violation of the relevant laws and regulations in relation to above environmental aspects.

The activities of the property investment and property management businesses are mostly carried out locally in project offices in Mainland China and Hong Kong. In line with our policy to minimise air and greenhouse gas emissions, the offices in most cities are equipped with video conferencing facilities to minimise the need for face to face meetings and keep business travelling to a minimum. Only a small percentage of employees travel for business is noted. There are no relevant laws and regulations applicable to our business on this aspect.

## A. 環境議題(續)

# 資源使用(層面A2)及 環境及天然資源(層面A3)

我們已採取一系列的內部監控政策及程序以提高資源消耗(包括能源、水及紙張)的效益。由於本集團擁有1,429(二零一七年:1,980)名員工,我們消耗大量電力及紙張,為有效使用該等資源,我們期望發展業務時盡量減少對環境之影響。耗水量主要有關員工或其個人衛生之消耗,故於我們之業務並不重大。

有關節能及減少用紙之環境保護指引已在總辦事處及項目辦事處供全體員工傳閱。例如,提醒員工於下班、午膳或外出辦公時間及於任何可能之地方隨手關燈及關掉設備。於決定購置設備時,以節能辦公室設備為首選。於二零一八年,本集團之總用電量約為32.4(二零一七年:31.4)百萬千瓦時。

自二零一四年十二月起,本集團內部開始推廣 及實施董事會文件電子系統,於節約用紙之同 時,容許本公司董事隨時隨地使用便攜式電子 裝置從網上獲取會議文件,以提高董事會效 率。

本集團內已實施以下業務流程,以提升效率及 減少用紙:

- 電子銀行結單;
- 一 辦公室設備及用品之回收計劃;及
- 一 內部電子行政管理及溝通平台。

#### A. ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES (CONTINUED)

# Use of Resources (Aspect A2) and The Environment and Natural Resources (Aspect A3)

We have adopted a series of internal control policies and procedures to enhance the efficiency in consumption of resources including energy, water and paper. With 1,429 (2017: 1,980) staff across the Group, we consume considerable amounts of electricity and paper and with the efficient use of such, we hope to minimise our impact on the environment whilst we grow our businesses. Water consumption is not material to our business as it relates mainly to the personal consumption of our staff or for their personal hygiene.

Environmental protection guidelines in relation to energy savings and reduction in paper consumption are circulated to all staff at head office and project offices. For instance, staff are reminded to switch off lights and equipment after work, during lunch break or during the time working outside the office and wherever possible. Energy efficient office equipment is always preferred in making purchase decisions. During 2018, the Group's total electricity consumption was approximately 32.4 (2017: 31.4) million kWh.

Since December 2014, electronic board paper systems have been promoted and implemented throughout the Group, allowing our directors of the Company to access meeting papers online anytime, anywhere with the use of portable electronic devices, improving Board efficiency whilst saving papers.

Throughout the Group, the following business processes were implemented to improve efficiency and to reduce paper usage:

- electronic bank statements;
- recycling schemes of office equipments and supplies; and
- internal electronic administration and communication platform.

## A. 環境議題(續)

# 資源使用(層面A2)及 環境及天然資源(層面A3)

(續)

就物業發展業務而言,本集團通過嚴格控制承 包商實施多項環境保護管理措施,以鼓勵及實 施綠色設計。承包商須遵守有關法律及法規及 須:

- 定期對施工場地灑水,減少灰塵;
- 一 進出工地時清洗汽車及貨車;
- 一 安裝臨時噪音屏障及嚴格遵守營業時間;
- 建造廢水收集管道及水池以收集家居及建築廢水以確保有害廢水妥善排放;
- 分隔可回收及不可回收建築廢物,及確保 該等廢物得到妥善處理;及
- 要求使用節能系統及設施,如太陽能電池板、LED燈、電子感應器系統、雙層玻璃窗、具備隔熱材料及自然採光概念之外牆等,以符合我們綠色設計的理念。

# A. ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES (CONTINUED)

Use of Resources (Aspect A2) and The Environment and Natural Resources (Aspect A3)

(continued)

For the property development business, the Group encourages and implements the green design by strictly control the contractors to implement various environmental protection management measures. The contractors are requested to comply with the relevant laws and regulations and are required to:

- sprinkle the construction sites regularly to reduce the dust raising;
- wash the cars and trucks when entry in and out the sites;
- install temporary noise barriers and strictly follow operation hours;
- build waste water collection pipes and pools to collect household and construction waste water and ensure that hazardous waste water is properly discharged;
- separate recyclable and non-recyclable construction wastes and ensure they are properly treated; and
- request to use energy saving systems and facilities, such as solar panel, LED light, electric sensor system, double layer glass window, external wall with thermal insulating material and natural lighting concept, etc, in order to meet our green design idea.

#### A. 環境議題(續)

# 資源使用(層面A2)及 環境及天然資源(層面A3)

(續

就物業投資及物業管理業務而言,環保方案於 營運及維修工作中經常獲考慮及於可能/適當 時實施。

### 該等方案包括:

- 在屋頂使用太陽能電池板,以產生潔淨能源支援運作;
- 安裝感應器,在不使用時自動關掉照明及空調;
- 用LED燈代替耗能燈;
- 使用較佳隔熱效果之雙層玻璃窗,以減少 能源消耗;
- 一 視乎情況使用再生水進行廁所沖洗;
- 在當眼位置放置回收箱,以鼓勵我們的員工及客戶之廢物分類意識;及
- 定期檢查照明、空調及水管系統,防止天 然資源之流失。

除上述者外,本集團之業務對環境及天然資源 並無直接影響。

## A. ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES (CONTINUED)

# Use of Resources (Aspect A2) and The Environment and Natural Resources (Aspect A3)

(continued)

For the property investment and property management businesses, eco-friendly options are often considered and where possible/appropriate are implemented in operations and maintenance works.

#### These include:

- use of solar panels on the roof top to generate clean energy in supporting operation;
- install sensors to turn off lighting and air-conditioning automatically when not in use;
- replace energy wasting lights with LED lights;
- use of double layer glass window for better thermos-insulating effects to reduce energy consumption;
- use of reclaimed water for toilet flushing where appropriate;
- place the recycling bins in the prominent place to encourage waste separation awareness amongst our staff and customer; and
- check the lighting, air-conditioning and water pipe systems regularly to prevent the lost of natural resources.

Except for the abovementioned, the Group's business has no direct impact on the environment and natural resources.

# B. 社會議題

# 僱傭、健康與安全及勞工準則 (層面B1、B2、B4)

本公司主要為投資控股公司,其附屬公司經營 範圍涉及在中國內地開發住宅、別墅、辨公樓 及商用物業,物業投資及物業管理,以及在香 港之物業投資及物業管理。人才為我們最重要 資產,以推動本公司之長期發展及可持續發 展。本公司之僱傭政策如下:

- 遵守相關法律及法規;
- 一 作為平等機會僱主,在薪酬及解僱、招聘及晉升、工作時數、假期、平等機會、多元化、反歧視,以及其他員工待遇及福利方面實施公平措施;
- 為僱員提供安全、健康及優質的工作環境,保障彼等免受職業性危害;
- 提倡員工良好工作生活平衡;
- 投資於員工之培訓及專業發展,以提升彼等履行工作職責之知識及技能;
- 保持與員工公開對話,促進具透明度之雙向溝通;及
- 防止童工及強制勞工。

#### **B. SOCIAL ISSUES**

# Employment, Health and Safety and Labour Standards (Aspects B1, B2, B4)

The Company is substantially an investment holding company and with subsidiaries involve in the development of apartments, villas, office buildings and commercial properties, property investment and property management in Mainland China, as well as property investment and property management in Hong Kong. Our people are our most important assets that drive the long term development and sustainability of the Company. The Group's policy on employment is as follows:

- observing relevant laws and regulations;
- being an equal-opportunity employer, implementing fair practices relating to compensation and dismissal, recruitment and promotion, working hours, rest periods, equal opportunity, diversity, anti-discrimination, and other benefits and welfare for our staff;
- providing a safe, healthy and quality workplace and protecting employees from occupational hazards;
- promoting a good work-life balance for staff;
- investing in training and professional development of our staff for the purpose of improving their knowledge and skills for discharging duties at work;
- maintaining an open dialogue with our staff, facilitating a transparent two-way communication; and
- preventing child and forced labour.

#### B. 社會議題(續)

### 僱傭、健康與安全及勞工準則 (層面B1、B2、B4)(續)

本集團於中國內地之員工僱傭受《中華人民共和國勞動法》及《中華人民共和國勞動合同法》規限。而於香港之員工僱傭則受《僱傭條例》、《最低工資條例》及《僱員補償條例》規限。本集團並不知悉存在違反上述相關法規之情況。

我們之薪酬及福利(包括工作時數、假期及福利)需較業界之其他同業有競爭力,且普遍超過相關法規規定之最低要求。鑒於我們之業務性質、工傷、職業健康問題及發生僱用童工的情況並非重大風險因素。

有關本集團人力資源之進一步資料亦詳述於本年報第93頁「董事會報告」一節。

本集團致力為員工提供安全舒適之工作環境。 再者,我們亦定期向員工提供促進良好工作生 活平衡等福利計劃。

於二零一八年十二月三十一日,本集團於中國內地、香港及澳洲共聘用1,429(二零一七年:1,980)名員工。

#### 員工數目分類

# **B. SOCIAL ISSUES** (CONTINUED)

# Employment, Health and Safety and Labour Standards (Aspects B1, B2, B4) (continued)

In Mainland China, staff employment is subject to the Labour Law of the People's Republic of China and the Labour Contract Law of the People's Republic of China. In Hong Kong, the Group's employment of staff is subject to the Employment Ordinance, the Minimum Wage Ordinance, as well as the Employee's Compensation Ordinance. The Group has no known non-compliance with the above relevant regulations.

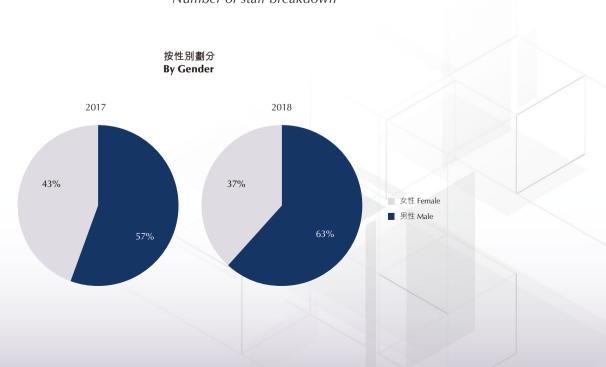
Our compensation and benefits (including working hours, rest periods, welfare) need to be competitive with other peers in the similar sectors and in general exceeds the minimum as required by the relevant regulations. Owing to the nature of our businesses, work related injuries, occupational health issues and the incurrence of child labour are not significant risk factors.

Further information on the Group's human resources is also detailed in the section headed "Directors' Report" on page 93 of this annual report.

The Group endeavours to provide a safe and pleasant working environment for our staff. On top of this, well-being programs such as those promoting a good work-life balance are regularly offered to staff.

As at 31st December, 2018, the Group employs a total of 1,429 (2017: 1,980) staff in Mainland China, Hong Kong and Australia.

## Number of staff breakdown



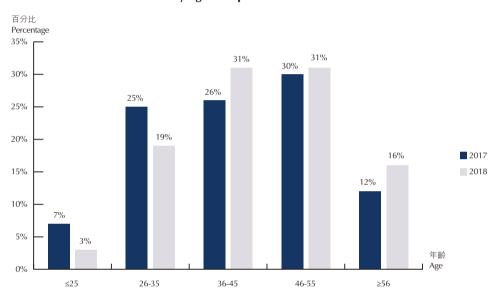
# B. 社會議題(續)

僱傭、健康與安全及勞工準則 (層面B1、B2、B4)(續)

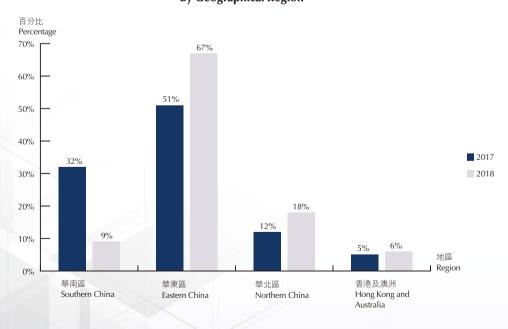
# **B. SOCIAL ISSUES** (CONTINUED)

Employment, Health and Safety and Labour Standards (Aspects B1, B2, B4) (continued)

按年齡組別劃分 By Age Group



按地區劃分 By Geographical Region



# B. 社會議題(續)

#### 發展及培訓(層面B3)

除內部培訓外,本集團亦為員工提供學習資助,供其於工餘時間增進知識。於二零一八年,本集團員工培訓總共達3,661(二零一七年:8,187)小時。

#### 培訓時數分類

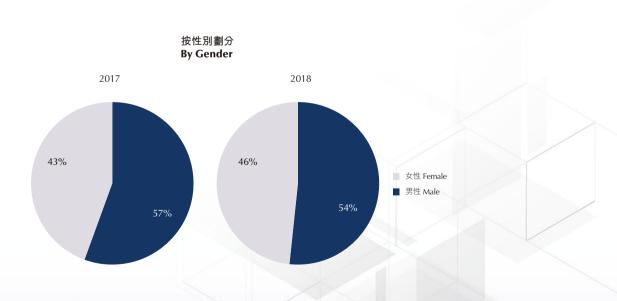
# B. SOCIAL ISSUES (CONTINUED)

## **Development and Training (Aspect B3)**

The Group is committed to fostering a culture of continuous learning in our organisation. Heavy emphasis is placed on staff training which is tailored to equip our workforce with the necessary knowledge and skills relevant for their work, as well as to build our talent pool. Management is involved, together with professional trainers, in designing training programmes to meet the demands of the workplace. Training content and topics are set to cover the key aspects of our operations. Management development initiatives currently include courses on the second language training, prevention of bribery, bankruptcy laws, data privacy, technical skills, debt collection skills, product knowledge, computer skills, customer service techniques, communication and complaints handling. Workshops for managerial and supervisory staff are provided and are intended to enhance our employees' career development. There are also workshops specifically for managerial staff on career development, team building and people management skills.

On top of internal training, the Group also provides a study subsidy for staff to advance their education outside of office works. During 2018, staff training across the Group amounted to 3,661 (2017: 8,187) hours in total.

## Training hours breakdown



# B. 社會議題(續)

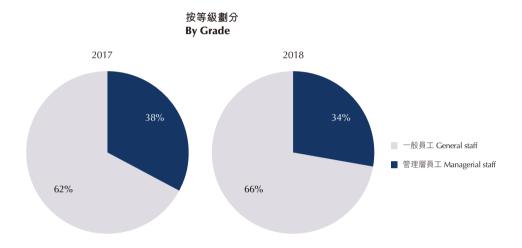
## 發展及培訓(層面B3)(續)

培訓時數分類(續)

#### B. SOCIAL ISSUES (CONTINUED)

## **Development and Training (Aspect B3)** (continued)

Training hours breakdown (continued)



#### 供應鏈管理(層面B5)

本集團之主要業務供應商包括設計師、承包商、建築商、建築材料供應商、銷售及租賃代理、服務供應商、資訊科技及通訊、法律及其他業務服務供應商以及辦公室用品供應商。彼等之價格、適用性及信譽乃聘請及採購決策之主要因素。

本集團僅聘請在相關範疇及建築工程水準方面 具備相關資格之本地承包商。至少三名潛在獨 立承包商及供應商會參與或被邀請進行建築工 地項目招標,而我們在招標過程中進行評估及 篩選。我們有明確界定選擇合適承包商及供應 商之政策,通過檢查其註冊許可證、資格水 平、相關經驗及我們的項目規模。該等承包商 及供應商乃基於良好往績記錄、信譽而被精心 挑選,並須進行基準測試、審核及輪換。

## **Supply Chain Management (Aspect B5)**

The Group's main business suppliers include designers, contractors, constructors, construction material suppliers, sales and leasing agents, services providers, providers of information technology and communication, legal and other business services as well as vendors for office supplies. Their prices, suitability and reputation are the main factors in engagement and procurement decision making.

The Group only engages local contractors with possession of relevant qualification in relevant aspect and level of the construction works. At least three independent potential contractors and suppliers would make or be invited to make the tender for site projects and we conduct tendering procedures on the assessment and selection. We have well defined policies on selecting of suitable contractors and suppliers by checking their registered licenses, qualification level, relevant experience and our project size. Those contractors and suppliers are selected carefully based on track record of good practices, reputation and are subject to benchmarking, audits and rotation.

# B. 社會議題(續)

#### 供應鏈管理(層面B5)(續)

為確保建築工程、產品及服務供應的質素,我們的施工以及產品及服務供應合約一般包含含量及完工時間的保證。承包商亦須負責嚴密監察及監督建築工程。我們的工程部門密切監管及監督施工過程中之成本控制及施工進度,。及定期進行現場檢查及嚴格質量控制程序。。 集團根據合同規定的產品及服務質素既定程序對供應商進行評估及篩選。我們亦就職業之主,以確保被等不違反中國內地之相關法律及法規。

#### 產品責任(層面B6)

就中國內地之物業發展業務而言,我們的項目 遵循省及中央政府公佈物業質量之相關指引、 法律及法規。我們的項目工程師定期檢查建築 材料及建築工程以確保建築商嚴格遵守相關國 家法律及法規,建設具合理質素及安全之建 築,並達到可接受之可靠水平。於二零一八 年,並未發現不符合上述法律或法規之情況。

就物業租賃及管理服務而言,本集團加強設施 及設備,以提高服務質素。我們致力與客戶保 持密切關係及使客戶滿意。

由於物業發展業務之性質涉及高價格產品,信譽風險監測及預防措施至為重要。我們已採取多項措施,盡量減低風險。對物業質量之結果及反應作及時的監控。本集團提供全面售後服務,包括處理客戶投訴及監督已發展物業之維修及持續保養。於保修責任期內,我們將缺漏事項轉交予我們的工程部門或承包商,以跟進買方報告之所有不合標準的工程,而獲聘之承包商亦誠如上文所述須受嚴格監督。

#### **B. SOCIAL ISSUES** (CONTINUED)

#### **Supply Chain Management (Aspect B5)** (continued)

In order to ensure the quality of the construction works, products and services supply, our construction as well as products and services supply contracts typically contain warranties for quality and completion time. The contractors are also responsible to supervise and monitor the construction works seriously. Our engineering department regulates and monitors the cost control and construction progress closely during construction with periodic on-site inspection and stringent quality control procedures. The suppliers are required to be evaluated and screened by the Group based on established procedures for the quality of products and services as prescribed by the contracts. We also set out provisions to the contractors and suppliers for occupational safety, good environmental practices and social responsibility and ensure they have no violation of the relevant laws and regulations of Mainland China.

# **Product Responsibility (Aspect B6)**

For the property development business in Mainland China, our projects follow the relevant guidelines, laws and regulations on property quality announced by the provincial and Central governments. Our project engineers regularly inspect the building materials and construction works so as to ensure the constructors strictly abide by the relevant national laws and regulations to construct reasonable quality and safety building and meet the acceptable reliability level. During 2018, there were no known cases of non-compliance with the above laws or regulations.

For the property rental and management services, the Group enhances our facilities and equipment to improve service quality. We endeavour to maintain a close relationship with our customer and pursue customer satisfaction.

Owing to the nature of the property development business where a high price product is involved, reputational risk monitoring and preventions are of utmost importance. We have various measures in place to minimise risks. Results and response to property quality are monitored on a timely basis. The Group provides comprehensive after-sale services including handling customer complaints and supervising the repair and ongoing maintenance of the properties developed. During the defect liability period, we forward the defect to our engineering department or contractors to follow up all the substandard works reported by the purchasers. Contractors engaged for construction are tightly monitored as discussed above.

# B. 社會議題(續)

#### 產品責任(層面B6)(續)

就物業租賃及管理服務業務而言,我們每個項目之物業管理處均設有接待處。我們密切關注客戶之不滿,並將投訴轉交相關部門跟進。於二零一八年,投訴率低且大部份投訴人接受或對我們的答覆表示滿意。本集團竭力及時回應租戶提出之問題及投訴。

就於中國內地及香港為物業買家及租戶提供服務而言,我們高度重視保護客戶資料私隱。我們已制定了措施和明確指引,以確保客戶的相關資料得到保障,防止他人未經授權或意外獲取、處理或刪除,並透過適當實體、電子及管理措施實施適當級別的安全保障以保護及保障客戶個人資料。此外,我們員工手冊要求員工將客戶資料保密及闡明處理客戶資料之適當程序。

#### 反貪污(層面B7)

本集團已設立舉報者政策,以便僱員直接向高級管理層報告任何不法行為、任何貪污事件、 逃避內部監控、不正確或不妥當之財務或其他 報告事宜。本集團定期向僱員傳達此政策及載 於本集團員工手冊內,方便僱員輕鬆查閱及提 醒員工舉報意識。於二零一八年,並未發現不 符合上述法律或法規之情況。

# **B. SOCIAL ISSUES** (CONTINUED)

# Product Responsibility (Aspect B6) (continued)

For the business of property rental and management services, we have a reception desk in property management office for each project. We pay close attention to the customer dissatisfaction and forward the complaint to relevant departments for follow-up. During 2018, the complaint rate is low and most of the complainants accepted or were satisfied with our replies. The Group put the best effort to response instantly to the problem and complaint submitted by the tenant.

Servicing the property purchaser and tenant in Mainland China and Hong Kong, we place a very high priority to uphold the customer data privacy. Measures and clear guidelines are in place to ensure customer's relevant data are protected against unauthorised or accidental access, processing or erasure. Appropriate levels of security protection were implemented by appropriate physical, electronic and managerial measures to safeguard and secure customer's personal data. In addition, our Employee Manual requires employees to keep confidential of the information which includes customer information and states the proper procedures of handling customer data.

#### **Anti-corruption (Aspect B7)**

A Whistle Blower Policy has been established to facilitate employees' direct reporting of any unlawful conduct, any incident of corruption, avoidance of internal controls, incorrect or improper financial or other reporting to senior management. This policy is either circulated to employees periodically or included in the Employee Manual of the Group to facilitate employees' easy access and refresh employees' awareness of reporting. During 2018, there were no known cases of non-compliance with the above laws or regulations.

# B. 社會議題(續)

## 社區投資(層面B8)

我們致力為客戶精益求精,並透過鼓勵員工參 與慈善及社會服務,承擔良好企業公民為社區 作出貢獻之責任。

在香港,我們於二零一八年六月參與了「饑饉一餐」以及於二零一八年九月參與了慈善月餅活動。該等志願活動錄得積極主動的參與。我們期望透過義工活動幫助社區內的弱勢社群,如低收入長者、獨居長者、兒童教育、環境保育等,向彼等獻出我們的關懷及關注。

我們於二零一八年合共捐出1,151,000港元(二零一七年:1,163,000港元)予慈善機構。

## **B. SOCIAL ISSUES (CONTINUED)**

## **Community Investment (Aspect B8)**

We strive to excel for our customers and undertake the responsibility of a good corporate citizen contributing to the community by encouraging our staff to enrol in charity and social services.

In Hong Kong, we participated in Skip-A-Meal in June 2018 and Mooncakes for Charity in September 2018. The volunteering activities were recorded proactive participation. We hope that through the volunteer activities, we can help the underprivileged in the community, like low-income senior citizens, senior citizens living alone, children education, environmental conservation, etc, by offering our care and concern.

Total donations of HK\$1,151,000 (2017: HK\$1,163,000) were paid to charitable institutions during 2018.

# 董事會報告 DIRECTORS' REPORT

本公司之董事會(「董事會」)同寅謹將本公司及 其附屬公司(統稱「本集團」)截至二零一八年 十二月三十一日止年度之年報及經審核綜合財 務報表呈覽。

## 主要業務

本公司乃一間投資控股公司,其主要附屬公司、聯營公司及合營企業於二零一八年十二月三十一日之主要業務及詳情分別列於綜合財務報表附註51、52及53。

本集團於年內之收入主要來自中華人民共和國 (「中國」)之業務。本集團截至二零一八年十二 月三十一日止年度之收入及除稅前之溢利貢獻 按主要業務列於綜合財務報表附註6。

### 業務審視

本集團業務的詳細回顧載列於董事總經理報告 (「董事總經理報告」)第6頁內。本公司業務的 未來發展載列於董事總經理報告第7頁。於年 內以財務關鍵表現指標對本集團表現作出的分 析於董事總經理報告及管理層討論及分析第4 頁至第14頁提供。

#### 主要風險及不確定性

本集團採納全面風險管理框架。風險管理政策 及程序會因應市況變動及本集團之業務策略而 作出定期檢討及更新。本公司之審核委員會 (「審核委員會」)審閱風險相關政策及詳細監察 管理層已履行其職責,以建立就監察及控制由 本集團業務活動、外部變動風險及監管環境所 產生之主要風險所需的有效風險管理及內部監 控系統,以及向董事會就以上的事項匯報。 The board of directors of the Company ("Board") presents its annual report and the audited consolidated financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively "Group") for the year ended 31st December, 2018.

#### PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The Company acts as an investment holding company. The principal activities and details of its principal subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures as at 31st December, 2018 are set out in notes 51, 52 and 53 to the consolidated financial statements respectively.

The Group's revenue for the year was derived mainly from activities carried out in the People's Republic of China ("PRC"). The breakdown by principal activities of the Group's revenue and the contribution to profit before taxation for the year ended 31st December, 2018 is set out in note 6 to the consolidated financial statements.

#### **BUSINESS REVIEW**

Detailed review of the Group's business is set out in the Managing Director's Statement ("MDS") on page 6. Future development of the Company's business is set out in the MDS on page 7. An analysis of the Group's performance during the year using financial key performance indicators is provided in the MDS and Management Discussion and Analysis on pages 4 to 14.

#### **Principal Risks and Uncertainties**

The Group adopts a comprehensive risk management framework. Risk management policies and procedures are regularly reviewed and updated to react to changes in market conditions and the Group's business strategy. The audit committee of the Company ("Audit Committee") reviews risk-related policies and scrutinises that management has performed its duty to have effective risk management and internal control systems necessary for monitoring and controlling major risks arising from the Group's business activities, changing external risks and the regulatory environment, and reports to the Board on the above.

# 董事會報告 DIRECTORS' REPORT

# 業務審視(續)

# 主要風險及不確定性(續)

#### 財務風險

財務風險包括市場風險、信貸風險及流動性風險。市場風險涉及投資價值因市場因素變動而改變,其可細分為利率風險、外幣風險及其他價格風險等。信貸風險乃客戶或交易方不遵守承諾支付款項而引致損失的風險。流動性風險則涉及指定抵押品或資產未能迅速在市場上買賣以防止損失或賺取所需溢利的風險。財務風險管理之詳細論述於綜合財務報表附註49b「財務風險管理目標及政策」內概述。

#### 營運風險

營運風險涉及因內部程序、人為、制度之不足或失當或外在事件導致之可能損失。本集團透過建立健全內部監控、清晰界定職權範圍、恰當之職務分工與有效內部匯報制度及應變計劃,減少及控制營運風險。本集團的企業文化乃各級業務及營運管理層均在日常工作中,對所屬業務單位的營運風險充分了解及負責。獨立監控及檢討由本集團內部審計功能執行,並定期向董事會主席及審核委員會匯報。

#### 不確定性

於回顧年度,本集團的業務及盈利能力的增長 受中國宏觀經濟狀況的波動性及不確定性影響。政策修改、利率改變、準備金率變動、供 求不平衡、房價指數及整體經濟狀況可能引致 本集團之業務、財務狀況及業績重大調整。

#### **BUSINESS REVIEW** (CONTINUED)

## **Principal Risks and Uncertainties** (continued)

#### Financial Risk

Financial risk includes market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. Market risk concerns that the value of an investment will change due to movements in market factors and which can be further divided into interest rate risk, foreign currency risk and other price risk. Credit risk is the risk of losses arising from clients or counterparties failing to make payments as contracted. Liquidity risk concerns that a given security or asset cannot be traded readily in the market to prevent a loss or make the required profit. Further discussion on financial risk management is outlined in note 49b "Financial Risk Management Objective and Policies" to the consolidated financial statements.

#### **Operational Risk**

Operational risk is concerned with possible losses caused by inadequate or failed internal processes, people, systems or external events. Operational risk is mitigated and controlled through establishing robust internal controls, setting out clear lines of responsibility, proper segregation of duties and effective internal reporting and contingency planning. It is our corporate culture that the business and operating line management are fully aware of, and responsible for, managing the operational risks of their business units on a day-to-day basis. Independent monitoring and reviews are conducted by the Internal Audit Function of the Group which reports regularly to the Chairman of the Board and the Audit Committee.

#### **Uncertainties**

The Group's business and profitability growth in the year under review are affected by the volatility and uncertainty of macroeconomic conditions in China. The policy change, interest rate change, reserve requirement ratio change, demand-supply imbalance, house price indexes and the overall economic conditions may induce a material adjustment on the Group's business, financial position and results.

### 業務審視(續)

### 環境政策及表現

本集團致力維持其經營所在環境及社區之長期可持續性。本集團以對環境負責之方式行事,盡力遵守由當地政府訂立有關開發及管理房地產之環境保護法律及法規。本集團符合建築方面的噪音污染控制、空氣污染控制、污水排放系統及建築廢料處理的準則及標準,以及鼓勵本集團項目進行綠化。

本集團亦致力締造成一間環保企業。本集團之 目標為減低其經營業務對環境之影響。本集團 之環保政策包括減少耗用紙張及電力、減少廢 物及鼓勵使用電子通訊及儲存方式。

有關本集團對環境議題之進一步資料亦詳述於「環境、社會及管治報告|第55頁至第69頁內。

### 遵守法律及法規

就董事會及管理層所知,本集團已於各重要方面遵守對本集團業務及經營產生重大影響之相關法律及法規。於年內,本集團概無嚴重違反或不遵守適用法律及法規。

### 業績及股息

本集團之業績列於綜合損益表第103頁及隨附 之綜合財務報表附註內。

董事會已宣佈派發截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度之中期股息每股20港仙(代替末期股息)(二零一七年中期股息(代替末期股息):每股20港仙),並將於二零一九年四月十七日(星期三)或前後派付予於二零一九年四月二日(星期二)名列本公司股東名冊內之本公司股東(「股東」)。有關詳情列於綜合財務報表附註16。

### **BUSINESS REVIEW** (CONTINUED)

#### **Environmental Policies and Performance**

The Group is committed to the long term sustainability of the environment and communities in which it operates. Acting in an environmentally responsible manner, the Group endeavours to comply with the laws and regulations regarding environmental protection legislated by the local government for developing and managing the properties. The Group meets the criteria and standard of noise pollution control, air pollution control, sewage drainage system and construction waste treatment for construction as well as encourages to make green in our projects.

The Group is also committed to building an eco-friendly corporation. It is the Group's aim to reduce the impacts of its operations on the environment. The environmental policies of the Group include minimising consumption of paper and electricity, reducing waste and promoting the use of electronic communication and storage.

Further information on the Group's environmental issues also detailed in the "Environmental, Social and Governance Report" on pages 55 to 69

### **Compliance with Laws and Regulations**

As far as the Board and management are aware, the Group has complied in material respects with the relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the business and operation of the Group. During the year, there was no material breach of or noncompliance with the applicable laws and regulations by the Group.

### **RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS**

The results of the Group are set out in the consolidated statement of profit or loss on page 103 and in the accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements.

The Board has declared an interim dividend of HK20 cents per share (in lieu of a final dividend) for the year ended 31st December, 2018 (2017 interim dividend (in lieu of a final dividend): HK20 cents per share) payable on or around Wednesday, 17th April, 2019 to the shareholders of the Company ("Shareholders") whose names appear on the register of members of the Company on Tuesday, 2nd April, 2019. Details are set out in note 16 to the consolidated financial statements.

### 投資物業

於年內,本集團收購投資物業總值約4,016,000港元,而若干已竣工物業存貨價值為432,920,000港元轉為投資物業。本集團重估其所有投資物業截至年結日之價值,因重新估價而引致之盈餘為430,420,000港元,並已於綜合損益表內確認。

上述事項及本集團投資物業於年內其他變動之 詳情列於綜合財務報表附註18。

### 物業、廠房及設備

於年內,本集團購入之物業、廠房及設備總值約5,073,000港元。

上述事項及本集團物業、廠房及設備於年內其 他變動之詳情列於綜合財務報表附註17。

### 物業

本集團於二零一八年十二月三十一日之主要物 業資料列於第23頁至第32頁。

### 股本及已發行股份

本公司之股本於年內之變動詳情列於綜合財務 報表附註39。

### 債權證

於年內,本集團並無發行任何債權證。

### 股票掛鈎協議

於年內或本年度結束時,本公司並無訂立股票 掛鈎協議而將或可能導致本公司發行股份或規 定本公司訂立任何將或可能導致本公司發行股 份之協議。

#### 借款

須於一年內償還或應要求下償還之銀行貸款及 其他借款歸納於流動負債內。有關附息及免息 借款之還款詳情分別列於綜合財務報表附註37 及38。

### **INVESTMENT PROPERTIES**

During the year, the Group acquired investment properties totalling approximately HK\$4,016,000 in value and certain inventories of completed properties to a value of HK\$432,920,000 were transferred to investment properties. The Group revalued all of its investment properties as at the year end date. The surplus arising on the revaluation amounted to HK\$430,420,000 and has been recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss.

Details of these and other movements in the investment properties of the Group during the year are set out in note 18 to the consolidated financial statements.

### PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

During the year, the Group acquired property, plant and equipment totalling approximately HK\$5,073,000.

Details of these and other movements in property, plant and equipment of the Group during the year are set out in note 17 to the consolidated financial statements.

### **PROPERTIES**

Particulars of major properties of the Group as at 31st December, 2018 are set out on pages 23 to 32.

### SHARE CAPITAL AND SHARES ISSUED

Details of movement in the share capital of the Company during the vear are set out in note 39 to the consolidated financial statements.

### **DEBENTURES**

The Group has not issued any debentures during the year.

### **EQUITY-LINKED AGREEMENTS**

No equity-linked agreements that will or may result in the Company issuing shares or that require the Company to enter into any agreements that will or may result in the Company issuing shares were entered into by the Company during the year or subsisted at the end of the year.

#### **BORROWINGS**

Bank loans and other borrowings which are repayable within one year or on demand are classified as current liabilities. Repayment analysis of interest-bearing and interest-free borrowings are set out in notes 37 and 38 to the consolidated financial statements respectively.

### 董事

於年內及截至本報告日期止之本公司之董事 (「董事」)如下:

執行董事:

宋增彬

李成偉

馬申

勞景祐

杜燦生

李樹賢

(於二零一八年一月四日辭任)

非執行董事:

李成輝

鄭慕智

獨立非執行董事:

鄭鑄輝

金惠志

魏華生

楊麗琛

根據本公司組織章程細則(「組織章程細則」)第 105(A)條,李成偉先生、馬申先生、杜燦生先生 及金惠志先生將輪值退任,惟有資格並願膺選 連任。

於年內出任本公司附屬公司董事會的全體董事 名單可於本公司網站「企業管治」一節瀏覽。

### **DIRECTORS**

The directors of the Company ("Directors") during the year and up to the date of this report were:

Executive Directors:

Song Zengbin

Patrick Lee Seng Wei

Ma Sun

Edwin Lo King Yau

Tao Tsan Sang

Lee Shu Yin

(resigned on 4th January, 2018)

Non-Executive Directors:

Lee Seng Hui

Moses Cheng Mo Chi

Independent Non-Executive Directors:

Francis J. Chang Chu Fai

Jin Hui Zhi Ngai Wah Sang

Lisa Yang Lai Sum

In accordance with Article 105(A) of the articles of association of the Company ("Articles of Association"), Messrs. Patrick Lee Seng Wei, Ma Sun, Tao Tsan Sang and Jin Hui Zhi shall retire from office by rotation and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-election.

A list of names of all the directors who have served on the boards of the Company's subsidiaries during the year are available on the website of the Company under the "Corporate Governance" section.

### 董事及高級管理人員之個人資料

### 執行董事

宋增彬,現年六十四歲,於二零零八年六月獲委任為本公司之副主席及非執行董事,並於二零一零年四月改任為本公司之執行董事。彼亦為本公司若干附屬公司之董事。宋先生畢業於大連理工大學土木工程系,持有工程學碩士學位,並為一名國家註冊建造師。彼具有超過三十年工程及管理經驗,曾於設計院、多間大型國營公司及政府部門擔任高級職位,宋先生並由二零零三年起獲大連理工大學邀請為兼職教授。

李成偉,現年六十七歲,於一九九六年六月獲委任為本公司之執行董事,並分別於二零零四年二月及二零零五年十二月出任為本公司之主席及代理董事總經理。彼於二零零七年四月不再出任主席,並由本公司之代理董事總經理軍。彼亦為本公司若干附屬獨門之董事。彼為一名建築師,曾任職於澳洲IBM,其後在馬來西亞及香港參與地產發展工作超過三十年,彼於物業發展具豐富經驗。李先生為本公司之非全資附屬公司亞證地產有限公司主席李成輝先生之堂兄。

馬申,現年七十八歲,於二零零三年四月獲委任為本公司之執行董事,並於二零零九年四月獲委任為本公司新增之副總裁,負責統籌本公司之數碼城項目之投資及開發。馬先生於一九八四年加入新鴻基證券有限公司(現稱光大新鴻基有限公司),一九八五年轉調本集團。彼亦為本公司若干附屬公司之董事。除持有機電工程學士學位外,彼擁有豐富機電工程經驗及超過三十年的中國商貿、金融投資及物業發展經驗。

# BIOGRAPHICAL DETAILS OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

#### **Executive Directors**

Song Zengbin, aged 64, was appointed the Deputy Chairman and a Non-Executive Director of the Company in June 2008 and was redesignated as an Executive Director of the Company in April 2010. He is also a director of certain subsidiaries of the Company. Mr. Song graduated from the Civil Engineering Department of Dalian University of Technology with a Master's Degree in Engineering and is a state registered construction engineer. He has more than thirty years of experience in the fields of engineering and management by serving in various senior roles in a design institute, several large state companies and municipal government. Mr. Song has also been invited as a guest professor for Dalian University of Technology since 2003.

Patrick Lee Seng Wei, aged 67, was appointed an Executive Director of the Company in June 1996 and became the Chairman and the Acting Managing Director of the Company in February 2004 and December 2005 respectively. He relinquished his role as the Chairman and was re-designated from the Acting Managing Director to the Managing Director of the Company in April 2007. He is also a director of certain subsidiaries of the Company. Being an architect, he worked for IBM Australia before becoming involved in property development in Malaysia and Hong Kong more than thirty years ago. He has extensive experience in the property field. Mr. Lee is the chairman and an executive director of Asiasec Properties Limited ("ASL"), a non wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company. He is a cousin of Mr. Lee Seng Hui (the Chairman of the Company).

Ma Sun, aged 78, was appointed an Executive Director of the Company in April 2003 and became an additional Deputy Managing Director of the Company responsible for organising the investment and development of the cyberpark projects of the Company in April 2009. Mr. Ma joined Sun Hung Kai Securities Limited (now known as Everbright Sun Hung Kai Company Limited) in 1984 and was then transferred to the Group in 1985. He is also a director of certain subsidiaries of the Company. Besides holding a Bachelor's Degree in Electrical Engineering, he has extensive experience in electrical engineering and over thirty years of experience in China commercial business, financial investment and property development.

### 董事及高級管理人員之個人資料(續)

### 執行董事(續)

勞景祐,現年五十八歲,於一九九九年八月獲委任為本公司之執行董事。彼亦為本公司若干附屬公司之董事。勞先生持有澳洲Macquarie University之應用財務碩士學位,亦為特許公司秘書。彼曾於香港多間公司履任多項行政職位,包括於上市公司出任公司秘書。勞先生亦為本公司之主要股東聯合集團有限公司(「聯合集團」)及本公司之非全資附屬公司亞證地產之執行董事。

杜燦生,現年五十四歲,於二零零九年十月獲委任為本公司之執行董事。彼亦為本公司之財務總監及若干附屬公司之董事。彼於一九九四年五月加入本公司。杜先生持有香港理工大學之工商管理碩士學位,亦為香港會計師公會會員及英國特許管理會計師公會會員。彼具有豐富之會計、財務管理及中國商業經驗。杜先生為本公司之非全資附屬公司亞證地產之執行董事。

### 非執行董事

李成輝,現年四十九歲,於二零零七年四月獲委任為本公司之主席及非執行董事。彼亦為本公司若干附屬公司之董事。李先生畢業於澳洲雪梨大學法律系,並取得榮譽學位。彼之前曾於麥堅時律師行及羅富齊父子(香港)有限公司工作。李先生亦為本公司之主要股東聯合集團及聯合地產(香港)有限公司之行政總裁及執行董事。彼為亞太資源有限公司(「亞太資源」)之非執行董事以及Mount Gibson Iron Limited (「Mount Gibson」)之非執行主席。Mount Gibson為澳洲證券交易所之上市公司。李先生曾為本公司之非全資附屬公司亞證地產之主席及非執行董事。被為本公司董事總經理李成偉先生之堂弟及本公司之集團營運總監鄒志忠先生之姐夫。

# BIOGRAPHICAL DETAILS OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

### **Executive Directors** (continued)

Edwin Lo King Yau, aged 58, was appointed an Executive Director of the Company in August 1999. He is also a director of certain subsidiaries of the Company. Mr. Lo holds a Master's Degree in Applied Finance from Macquarie University, Australia and is a chartered company secretary. He had served various executive roles in several companies in Hong Kong including as company secretary for public listed companies. Mr. Lo is also an executive director of each of Allied Group Limited ("AGL"), a substantial shareholder of the Company, and ASL, a non wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company.

**Tao Tsan Sang**, aged 54, was appointed an Executive Director of the Company in October 2009. He is also the Financial Controller and a director of certain subsidiaries of the Company. He joined the Company in May 1994. Mr. Tao holds a Master's Degree in Business Administration from The Hong Kong Polytechnic University and is an associate of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and The Chartered Institute of Management Accountants. He has extensive experience in accounting, financial management and China business field. Mr. Tao is an executive director of ASL, a non whollyowned subsidiary of the Company.

#### **Non-Executive Directors**

Lee Seng Hui, aged 49, was appointed the Chairman and a Non-Executive Director of the Company in April 2007. He is also a director of certain subsidiaries of the Company. Mr. Lee graduated from the Law School of the University of Sydney with Honours. Previously, he worked with Baker & McKenzie and N M Rothschild & Sons (Hong Kong) Limited. Mr. Lee is also the chief executive and an executive director of each of AGL and Allied Properties (H.K.) Limited, both are substantial shareholders of the Company. He is a non-executive director of APAC Resources Limited ("APAC Resources") and the nonexecutive chairman of Mount Gibson Iron Limited ("Mount Gibson"). Mount Gibson is a company listed on the Australian Securities Exchange. Mr. Lee was previously the chairman and non-executive director of ASL, a non wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company. He is a cousin of Mr. Patrick Lee Seng Wei (the Managing Director of the Company) and the brother-in-law of Mr. Chew Chee Choong (the Group Chief Operating Officer of the Company).

### 董事及高級管理人員之個人資料(續)

### 非執行董事(續)

鄭慕智,現年六十九歲,於一九九七年五月獲 委任為本公司之獨立非執行董事,並於二零零 四年九月改任為本公司之非執行董事。彼乃執 業事務律師及自一九九四年至二零一五年間出 任香港胡百全律師事務所之首席合夥人,現為 該所之顧問律師。鄭博士現為保險業監管局主 席。彼亦為金融領導委員會之委員以及航空發 展與機場三跑道系統諮詢委員會之成員。鄭博 士為香港董事學會之創會主席,現任該會榮譽 會長及榮譽主席。彼曾擔任香港立法局議員、 香港聯合交易所有限公司主板及GEM上市委 員會主席,以及香港財務匯報局薪酬委員會成 員。彼亦曾擔任教育統籌委員會、免費幼稚園 教育委員會、前任行政長官及政治委任官員離 職後工作諮詢委員會、離職公務員就業申請諮 詢委員會之主席。彼亦於多間於香港上市公司 出任獨立非執行董事及非執行董事,包括中國 移動有限公司、華潤啤酒(控股)有限公司、粵 海投資有限公司、嘉華國際集團有限公司、開 達集團有限公司、廖創興企業有限公司及港華 燃氣有限公司。鄭博士於二零一九年一月獲委 任為香港中華煤氣有限公司之獨立非執行董 事。彼曾為ARA Asset Management Limited(為 一間曾於新加坡上市之公司)之獨立非執行董 事。

### 獨立非執行董事

鄭鏞輝,現年六十四歲,於二零零四年九月獲委任為本公司之獨立非執行董事。彼於一九七六年取得加拿大蒙特利爾孔科爾迪亞大學之商學學士學位,並於一九七七年畢業於加拿大多倫多約克大學,取得工商管理碩士學位。彼擁有逾四十一年銀行、企業融資、投資及企業管理之經驗,曾出任金融機構多個行政職位,並於多間上市公司擔任董事。鄭先生現時為昱豐顧問有限公司之董事總經理及亞太資源之獨立非執行董事。

# BIOGRAPHICAL DETAILS OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

### **Non-Executive Directors** (continued)

Moses Cheng Mo Chi, aged 69, was appointed an Independent Non-Executive Director of the Company in May 1997 and was redesignated as a Non-Executive Director of the Company in September 2004. He is a practising solicitor and the consultant of P. C. Woo & Co., a Hong Kong firm of solicitors after serving as its Senior Partner from 1994 to 2015. Dr. Cheng is currently the chairman of the Insurance Authority. He is also a member of each of the Financial Leaders Forum and the Aviation Development and Three-runway System Advisory Committee. Dr. Cheng was the founding chairman of the Hong Kong Institute of Directors of which he is now the Honorary President and Chairman Emeritus. He was a member of the Legislative Council of Hong Kong and the chairman of the Main Board Listing Committee and the GEM Listing Committee of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited and a remuneration committee member of the Financial Reporting Council in Hong Kong. He was also the chairman of the Education Commission, the Free Kindergarten Education Committee, the Advisory Committee on Post-office Employment for former Chief Executives and Politically Appointment Officials, the Advisory Committee on Post-service Employment on Civil Servants. He also serves on the boards of various listed companies in Hong Kong as independent non-executive director and non-executive director, including China Mobile Limited, China Resources Beer (Holdings) Company Limited, Guangdong Investment Limited, K. Wah International Holdings Limited, Kader Holdings Company Limited, Liu Chong Hing Investment Limited and Towngas China Company Limited. Dr. Cheng was appointed an independent non-executive director of The Hong Kong and China Gas Company Limited in January 2019. He was previously an independent non-executive director of ARA Asset Management Limited (which was formerly listed in Singapore).

### **Independent Non-Executive Directors**

Francis Johnson Chang Chu Fai, aged 64, was appointed an Independent Non-Executive Director of the Company in September 2004. He holds a Bachelor's Degree in Commerce from Concordia University in Montreal, Canada since 1976 and a Master's Degree in Business Administration from York University in Toronto, Canada since 1977. He has over forty-one years of experience in banking, corporate finance, investment and management and has held various executive positions at financial institutions and directorships of listed companies. Mr. Chang is currently the managing director of Ceres Consultancy Limited and an independent non-executive director of APAC Resources.

### 董事及高級管理人員之個人資料(續)

### 獨立非執行董事(續)

金惠志,現年五十八歲,於二零一零年四月獲委任為本公司之獨立非執行董事。彼持有工商管理碩士學位。彼具有豐富營商經驗。金先生現為上海皓程投資有限公司(「上海皓程」)之董事長及上海青年企業家協會之副會長。上海皓程為一間主要投資在生物工程、環境節能保護和醫療衛生三大行業的公司。金先生亦曾任共青團上海市委青工部主任科員、研究室主任科員、副主任,常委及青工部部長。

**魏華生**,現年六十歲,於二零零四年九月獲委任為本公司之獨立非執行董事。彼持有英國倫敦大學之理學士學位,亦分別為澳洲特許會計師公會及香港會計師公會資深會員。彼在複數、會計、財務管理以及處理業務發展及投資方面擁有豐富經驗,並曾任職香港及海外多間國際會計師事務所及上市公司。魏先生於二零一九年一月獲委任為瑞年國際有限公司之獨立非執行董事。彼曾為安利時投資控股有限公司(現稱核心經濟投資集團有限公司)之副主席兼行政總裁。

楊麗琛,現年五十二歲,於一九九九年十一月獲委任為本公司之獨立非執行董事,並於二零零四年九月改任為本公司之非執行董事。彼於二零零七年七月由本公司之非執行董事。任為獨立非執行董事。彼畢業於澳洲雪梨大學,國法律及經濟學士學位,亦取得澳洲及英國之律師資格。彼現為香港執業律師,並為柯伍陳律師事務所之顧問。楊女士亦為本公司之主要保師事務所之顧問。楊女士亦為本公司之主要別東聯合集團及非全資附屬公司亞證地產之獨立非執行董事。彼於二零一八年十二月獲委任為中國醫療網絡有限公司之獨立非執行董事。

# BIOGRAPHICAL DETAILS OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

### **Independent Non-Executive Directors** (continued)

Jin Hui Zhi, aged 58, was appointed an Independent Non-Executive Director of the Company in April 2010. He holds a Master's Degree in Business Administration. He has extensive experience in the business market. Mr. Jin is currently the chairman of Shanghai Horizon Investment Co. Ltd. ("Shanghai Horizon") and the deputy president of the Youth Entrepreneur Association of Shanghai. Shanghai Horizon is a company principally engaged in the investment of three major industries, namely bio-engineering, environmental protection and energy-saving and medical. Mr. Jin was formerly chief member of Youth Work Ministry, chief member and deputy director of Research Department, member of Standing Committee and minister of Youth Work Ministry of China Communist Youth League Shanghai Committee.

Ngai Wah Sang, aged 60, was appointed an Independent Non-Executive Director of the Company in September 2004. He holds a Bachelor's Degree in Science from the University of London in United Kingdom and is a fellow of The Institute of Chartered Accountants in Australia and the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants in Hong Kong respectively. He has broad experience in auditing, accounting, financial management and dealing with business development and investments and previously worked for international accounting firms and listed companies in Hong Kong and overseas. Mr. Ngai was appointed an independent non-executive director of Real Nutriceutical Group Limited in January 2019. He was previously the deputy chairman and the chief executive officer of Earnest Investments Holdings Limited (now known as Core Economy Investment Group Limited).

Lisa Yang Lai Sum, aged 52, was appointed an Independent Non-Executive Director of the Company in November 1999 and was redesignated as a Non-Executive Director of the Company in September 2004. She was re-designated from a Non-Executive Director to an Independent Non-Executive Director of the Company in July 2007. She graduated from the University of Sydney with a Bachelor's Degree in Law and Economics and is also qualified as a solicitor in Australia and England. She is a practicing solicitor in Hong Kong and a consultant of ONC Lawyers. Ms. Yang is also an independent non-executive director of each of AGL, a substantial shareholder of the Company, and ASL, a non wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company. She was appointed an independent non-executive director of China Medical & HealthCare Group Limited in December 2018.

### 董事及高級管理人員之個人資料(續)

### 高級管理人員

**鄒志忠**,現年四十七歲,自二零一九年一月起出任集團營運總監及本公司執行委員會成員。 彼於二零零五年十月加入本集團並曾任本集團 總經理。鄒先生亦為本公司若干附屬公司之董 事。彼具有超過二十年房地產建築建設及發展 經驗。鄒先生為本公司主席李成輝先生之舅 並。

**胡愛民**,現年七十歲,本集團之特別項目董事。彼於二零一零年四月加入本集團,及於二零一零年四月至二零一二年九月曾任本公司之副主席及執行董事。彼亦為本公司若干附屬公司之董事。胡先生畢業於中國湖南大學,持有管理學碩士學位。彼於行政管理、企業管理及人力資源方面擁有超過四十年經驗。

陳賽芳,現年六十七歲,本集團華南地區總經理,於二零零四年四月加入本集團。彼亦為本公司若干附屬公司之董事。陳女士於財經金融專業畢業,一直在內地及香港省一級機構及上市公司工作四十多年。從事金融、投資、專案及公司管理工作,有豐富的工作經歷及經驗。

宋珠峰,現年五十八歲,本集團合約部總經理,於二零零三年十二月加入本集團。彼亦為本公司若干附屬公司之董事。宋先生畢業於北京清華大學土木工程系,持有工程學學士學位。彼具有超過二十年工程管理及房地產發展經驗。

周志敏,現年五十八歲,本集團物業管理部總經理,於一九九八年四月加入本集團,彼亦為本公司若干附屬公司之董事。周先生畢業於德國曼海姆大學,持有國際經濟關係碩士學位。彼具有超過二十年房地產發展及物業管理經驗。

# BIOGRAPHICAL DETAILS OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

### **Senior Management**

Chew Chee Choong, aged 47, is the Group Chief Operating Officer and a member of Executive Committee of the Company since January 2019. He joined the Group in October 2005 and was previously the General Manager of the Group. Mr. Chew is also a director of certain subsidiaries of the Company. He has over twenty years of experience in the fields of property construction and development. Mr. Chew is the brother-in-law of Mr. Lee Seng Hui (the Chairman of the Company).

**Hu Aimin**, aged 70, is the Director – Special Projects of the Group. He joined the Group in April 2010 and was previously Deputy Chairman and an Executive Director of the Company from April 2010 to September 2012. He is also a director of certain subsidiaries of the Company. Mr. Hu graduated from the Hunan University of China with a Master's Degree in Management. He has over forty years of experience in administrative management, corporate governance and human resources management.

Chen Saifang, aged 67, is the General Manager of the Southern China Region. She joined the Group in April 2004. She is also a director of certain subsidiaries of the Company. Ms. Chen was graduated with specialization in finance. She worked at the provincial level institutions and listed companies in the mainland and Hong Kong for more than forty years. She has extensive exposure and working experience in finance, investment, project and corporate management.

**Song Zhu Feng**, aged 58, is the General Manager of the Contracts Department of the Group. He joined the Group in December 2003. He is also a director of certain subsidiaries of the Company. Mr. Song graduated from The Civil Engineering Department of Tsing Hua University in Beijing with a Bachelor's Degree in Engineering. He has over twenty years of experience in the fields of engineering and property development.

**Zhou Zhimin**, aged 58, is the General Manager of the Property Management Department of the Group. He joined the Group in April 1998. He is also a director of certain subsidiaries of the Company. Mr. Zhou graduated from the University of Mannheim in Germany with a Licentiate's Degree in International Economic Relations. He has over twenty years of experience in the fields of real estate development and property management.

### 董事之服務合約

擬於應屆股東週年大會(「股東週年大會」)上鷹 選連任之董事概無與本集團訂立本集團不可於 一年內毋須賠償(法定賠償除外)而可予以終止 之未到期服務合約。

### 非執行董事之任期

所有非執行董事(包括獨立非執行董事(「獨立 非執行董事」))均獲為期兩年的指定任期,任 期將持續至二零二零年十二月三十一日,惟董 事之離任或退任須受組織章程細則之有關條文 或任何其他適用法例所規限。

### 董事之權益

於二零一八年十二月三十一日,根據證券及期 貨條例(「證券及期貨條例」)第352條規定所存 置之登記冊所載,董事李成輝先生及馬申先生 於本公司之股份及相關股份中擁有以下權益:

### **DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS**

None of the Directors proposed for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting ("AGM") has an unexpired service contract with the Group which is not determinable by the Group within one year without payment of compensation, other than statutory compensation.

### TERMS OF OFFICE FOR THE NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

All the Non-Executive Directors (including the Independent Non-Executive Directors ("INEDs")) were appointed for a specific term of two years which shall continue until 31st December, 2020 but subject to the relevant provisions of the Articles of Association or any other applicable laws whereby the Directors shall vacate or retire from their office.

### **DIRECTORS' INTERESTS**

As at 31st December, 2018, Messrs. Lee Seng Hui and Ma Sun, Directors, had the following interests in the shares and underlying shares of the Company as recorded in the register required to be kept under Section 352 of the Securities and Futures Ordinance ("SFO"):

董事姓名 Name of Directors	公司名稱 Name of companies	擁有股份及 相關股份之數目 Number of shares and underlying shares interested	佔有關已發行股份 總數之概約百分比 Approximate % of the relevant total number of issued shares	權益性質 Nature of interests
李成輝 Lee Seng Hui	本公司 the Company	733,269,096 <i>(附註1)</i> (Note 1)	48.66%	其他權益 Other interests
	亞證地產有限公司 (「亞證地產」) Asiasec Properties Limited ("ASL")	930,376,898 <i>(附註2)</i> (Note 2)	74.96%	其他權益 Other interests
馬申 Ma Sun	本公司 the Company	47,945	0.003%	個人權益 Personal interests (以實益擁有人身份持有) (held as beneficial owner)
	亞證地產 ASL	6,232	0.001%	個人權益 Personal interests (以實益擁有人身份持有) (held as beneficial owner)

### 董事之權益(續)

#### 附註:

- 1. 李成輝先生連同李淑慧女士及李成煌先生均為Lee and Lee Trust(全權信託)之信託人。Lee and Lee Trust控制聯合集團有限公司(「聯合集團」)已發行股份總數約74.95%(包括李成輝先生之個人權益),故被視作擁有聯合集團於本公司股份中之權益,而聯合集團則被視作透過其擁有74.99%權益之附屬公司聯合地產(香港)有限公司(「聯合地產」)於本公司股份中擁有權益。
- 基於李成輝先生於本公司之權益,彼被視作擁有 亞證地產(為本公司之非全資附屬公司而因此為本 公司之相聯法團(釋義見證券及期貨條例第XV部)) 之股份權益。
- 3. 上述所有權益均屬好倉。

除上文所披露者外,於二零一八年十二月三十一日,本公司之各董事及最高行政人員概無於本公司或其任何相聯法團(釋義見證券及期貨條例第XV部)之任何股份、相關股份或債權證中擁有須記錄於根據證券及期貨條例第352條規定所存置之登記冊,或根據香港聯合交易所有限公司證券上市規則(「上市規則」)附錄十所載之上市發行人董事進行證券交易的標準守則須另行知會本公司及香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)之任何權益或淡倉。

### **DIRECTORS' INTERESTS** (CONTINUED)

#### Notes:

- Mr. Lee Seng Hui together with Ms. Lee Su Hwei and Mr. Lee Seng Huang are
  the trustees of Lee and Lee Trust, being a discretionary trust. The Lee and Lee
  Trust controlled approximately 74.95% of the total number of issued shares
  of Allied Group Limited ("AGL") (inclusive of Mr. Lee Seng Hui's personal
  interests) and was therefore deemed to be interested in the shares of the
  Company in which AGL was interested through Allied Properties (H.K.) Limited
  ("APL"), its 74.99%-owned subsidiary.
- 2. Mr. Lee Seng Hui, by virtue of his interests in the Company, was deemed to be interested in the shares of ASL, a non wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company and therefore an associated corporation of the Company within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO.
- 3. All interests stated above represent long positions.

Save as disclosed above, as at 31st December, 2018, none of the Directors and chief executive of the Company had any interests or short positions in any shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations, within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO, as recorded in the register required to be kept under Section 352 of the SFO or as otherwise notified to the Company and The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited ("Stock Exchange") pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers as set out in Appendix 10 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited ("Listing Rules").



### 董事在構成競爭業務中之利益

於年內及截至本報告日期止,根據上市規則, 以下董事(獨立非執行董事除外)被視為於下列 與本集團業務競爭或有可能的競爭業務中持有 權益:

- 李成偉先生、勞景祐先生、杜燦生先生及 李成輝先生(於二零一八年一月四日辭任為 亞證地產之前任董事)為亞證地產之董事, 該公司透過其若干附屬公司部份從事物業 投資及物業管理之業務;
- 李成輝先生為聯合地產之董事,該公司透過其若干附屬公司部份從事借貸、物業發展與投資及物業管理之業務;
- 李成輝先生為新鴻基有限公司(「新鴻基」)
   之非全資附屬公司之董事,該公司從事借貸之業務;
- 李成輝先生為亞太資源之董事,該公司透過其附屬公司部份從事借貸之業務;
- 5. 李成輝先生及勞景祐先生為聯合集團之董事,該公司透過其若干附屬公司部份從事借貸、物業發展與投資及物業管理之業務。勞景祐先生為聯合集團之附屬公司聯合融資有限公司之董事,該公司部份從事借貸之業務;及
- 6. 李成輝先生為Lee and Lee Trust之信託人之一,Lee and Lee Trust被視為聯合集團、聯合地產、新鴻基、亞太資源及亞證地產各自之主要股東。聯合集團、聯合地產及新鴻基透過彼等之附屬公司部份從事借貸、物業發展與投資及物業管理之業務。亞太資源透過其附屬公司部份從事借貸之業務。亞證地產透過其若干附屬公司部份從事物業投資及物業管理之業務。

### **DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN COMPETING BUSINESSES**

During the year and up to the date of this report, the following Directors (not being the INEDs) are considered to have interests in the businesses listed below which compete or are likely to compete with the businesses of the Group pursuant to the Listing Rules as set out below:

- 1. Messrs. Patrick Lee Seng Wei, Edwin Lo King Yau and Tao Tsan Sang are, and Mr. Lee Seng Hui (a former director of ASL resigned on 4th January, 2018) was, director(s) of ASL which, through certain of its subsidiaries, is partly engaged in the businesses of property investment and property management;
- 2. Mr. Lee Seng Hui is a director of APL which, through certain of its subsidiaries, is partly engaged in the businesses of money lending, property development and investment and property management;
- 3. Mr. Lee Seng Hui is a director of a non wholly-owned subsidiary of Sun Hung Kai & Co. Limited ("SHK") which is engaged in the business of money lending;
- 4. Mr. Lee Seng Hui is a director of APAC Resources which, through its subsidiary, is partly engaged in the business of money lending;
- 5. Messrs. Lee Seng Hui and Edwin Lo King Yau are directors of AGL which, through certain of its subsidiaries, is partly engaged in the businesses of money lending, property development and investment and property management. Mr. Edwin Lo King Yau is a director of AG Capital Limited (a subsidiary of AGL) which is partly engaged in the business of money lending; and
- 6. Mr. Lee Seng Hui is one of the trustees of Lee and Lee Trust which is a deemed substantial shareholder of each of AGL, APL, SHK, APAC Resources and ASL. AGL, APL and SHK through their subsidiaries, are partly engaged in the businesses of money lending, property development and investment and property management. APAC Resources, through its subsidiary, is partly engaged in the businesses of money lending. ASL, through certain of its subsidiaries, is partly engaged in the businesses of property investment and property management.

### 董事在構成競爭業務中之利益(續)

上述董事雖因彼等各自同時於其他公司出任董事一職或持有股權而持有競爭性權益,彼等仍會履行其受信責任,以確保彼等於任何時間均以股東及本公司之整體最佳利益行事。故此,本集團得以按公平原則以獨立於該等公司業務之方式進行其本身之業務。

### 董事在交易、安排或合約中之權益

於本年度結束時或於年內任何時間,本公司或 其任何附屬公司並無訂立董事或與董事關連之 實體直接或間接擁有重大權益之任何重要交 易、安排或合約。

### 購買股份或債權證之安排

本公司或其任何附屬公司於年內概無參與任何 安排,使董事能透過購入本公司或其他任何法 人團體之股份或債權證而獲得利益。

### 管理合約

除僱傭合約及於「持續關連交易」一節第88頁至 第92頁詳細披露有關行政服務及管理服務分 攤之協議外,本公司於年內概無訂立或存在其 他有關本公司全部或任何重大部份業務之管理 及/或行政合約。

### 獲准許的彌償條文

組織章程細則規定,本公司各董事或其他高級職員有權就履行其職務或在其他有關方面蒙受或招致的所有虧損或責任自本公司資產中獲得彌償。此外,本公司已就董事可能面對之有關法律行動安排適當的董事及主要職員責任保險。

### **DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN COMPETING BUSINESSES**

(CONTINUED)

Although the above-mentioned Directors have competing interests in other companies by virtue of their respective common directorship or shareholding, they will fulfil their fiduciary duties in order to ensure that they will act in the best interests of the Shareholders and the Company as a whole at all times. Hence, the Group is capable of carrying on its businesses independently of, and at arm's length from, the businesses of such companies.

# DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN TRANSACTIONS, ARRANGEMENTS OR CONTRACTS

No transactions, arrangements or contracts of significance to which the Company or any of its subsidiaries was a party and in which the Directors or an entity connected with the Directors had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the year.

# ARRANGEMENTS TO PURCHASE SHARES OR DEBENTURES

At no time during the year was the Company or any of its subsidiaries a party to any arrangements to enable the Directors to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in, or debentures of, the Company or any other body corporate.

### **MANAGEMENT CONTRACTS**

Save for employment contracts and the agreements relating to the sharing of administrative services and management services as detailed in the section headed "Continuing Connected Transactions" on pages 88 to 92, no other contracts, relating to the management and/or administration of the whole or any substantial part of the business of the Company were entered into or subsisted during the year.

### PERMITTED INDEMNITY PROVISION

The Articles of Association provides that every Director or other officer of the Company shall be entitled to be indemnified out of the assets of the Company against all losses or liabilities which he/she may sustain or incur in or about the execution of the duties of his/her office or otherwise in relation thereto. In addition, the Company has maintained appropriate directors and officers liability insurance in respect of relevant legal actions against the Directors.

### 主要股東及其他人士之權益

# SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' AND OTHER PERSONS' INTERESTS

就董事所知,於二零一八年十二月三十一日, 根據證券及期貨條例第336條規定所存置之登 記冊所載,擁有本公司股份或相關股份權益之 股東如下: To the best of Directors' knowledge, as at 31st December, 2018, the following Shareholders had interests in the shares or underlying shares of the Company as recorded in the register required to be kept under Section 336 of the SFO:

	Number	擁有股份及相關股份之數目 Number of shares and underlying shares interested							
股東名稱 Name of Shareholders	個人權益 (以實益擁有人 身份持有) Personal Interests (held as beneficial owner)	法團權益 (受控法團 之權益) Corporate Interests (interest of controlled corporation)	其他權益 Other Interests	權益總額 Total Interests	佔有關已發行 股份總數之 概約百分比 Approximate% of the relevant total number of issued shares				
聯合地產(香港)有限公司(「聯合地產」) Allied Properties (H.K.) Limited ("APL")	-	733,269,096 <i>(附註1)</i> (Note 1)	-	733,269,096 <i>(附註2)</i> (Note 2)	48.66%				
聯合集團有限公司(「聯合集團」) Allied Group Limited ("AGL")	-	733,269,096 <i>(附註3)</i> (Note 3)	-	733,269,096 <i>(附註2)</i> (Note 2)	48.66%				
Lee and Lee Trust	-	733,269,096 <i>(附註4)</i> (Note 4)	-	733,269,096 <i>(附註2)</i> (Note 2)	48.66%				
Penta Investment Advisers Limited	-	-	301,109,570 (以投資管理人 身份持有) (held as investment manager)	301,109,570 <i>(附註5)</i> (Note 5)	19.98%				
Credit Suisse Group AG ("Credit Suisse")	-	169,510,000 (好倉) (long position)	-	169,510,000 (好倉) (long position)	11.25%				
		169,510,000 (淡倉) (short position)		169,510,000 (淡倉) (short position) <i>(附註6)</i> (Note 6)	11.25%				

### 主要股東及其他人士之權益(續)

# SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' AND OTHER PERSONS' INTERESTS (CONTINUED)

	Number		l關股份之數目 derlying shares int	erested	
股東名稱 Name of Shareholders	個人權益 (以實益擁有人 身份持有) Personal Interests (held as beneficial owner)	法團權益 (受控法團 之權益) Corporate Interests (interest of controlled corporation)	其他權益 Other Interests	權益總額 Total Interests	佔有關已發行 股份總數之 概約百分比 Approximate% of the relevant total number of issued shares
Vigor Online Offshore Limited ("Vigor Online")	108,920,000	-	-	108,920,000	7.23%
China Spirit Limited ("China Spirit")	-	108,920,000	-	108,920,000 <i>(附註7)</i> (Note 7)	7.23%
莊舜而 Chong Sok Un	-	110,920,000	-	110,920,000 <i>(附註8)</i> (Note 8)	7.36%
SKK Special Situation Fund ("SKK")	99,420,400	-	-	99,420,400	6.60%
Argyle Street Management Limited ("Argyle Street Management")	-	-	99,420,400 (以投資管理人 身份持有) (held as investment manager)	99,420,400 <i>(附註9)</i> (Note 9)	6.60%
Argyle Street Management Holdings Limited ("Argyle Street Holdings")	-	99,420,400	-	99,420,400 <i>(附註10)</i> (Note 10)	6.60%
陳健 Chan Kin	-	99,420,400	-	99,420,400 <i>(附註11)</i> (Note 11)	6.60%
Sun Hung Kai International Commodities Limited ("SHK Commodities")	_	-	82,441,000 (以抵押權益 持有人身份 持有) (held as holder of security interest)	82,441,000 <i>(附註12)</i> (Note 12)	5.47%

### 主要股東及其他人士之權益(續)

# SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' AND OTHER PERSONS' INTERESTS (CONTINUED)

	Number				
股東名稱 Name of Shareholders	個人權益 (以實益擁有人 身份持有) Personal Interests (held as beneficial owner)	法團權益 (受控法團 之權益) Corporate Interests (interest of controlled corporation)	其他權益 Other Interests	權益總額 Total Interests	佔有關已發行 股份總數之 概約百分比 Approximate% of the relevant total number of issued shares
新鴻基金融集團有限公司 (「新鴻基金融集團」) Sun Hung Kai Financial Group Limited ("SHK Financial Group")	-	82,441,000	-	82,441,000 <i>(附註13)</i> (Note 13)	5.47%
光大證券金融控股有限公司(「光大金融」) Everbright Securities Financial Holdings Limited ("Everbright Financial")	-	82,441,000	-	82,441,000 <i>(附註14)</i> (Note 14)	5.47%
光大證券股份有限公司(「光大證券」) Everbright Securities Company Limited ("Everbright Securities")	-	82,441,000	-	82,441,000 <i>(附註15)</i> (Note 15)	5.47%

### 附註:

- 有關權益由Fine Class Holdings Limited之全資附屬公司China Elite Holdings Limited (「China Elite」)持有,而前者則為聯合地產之全資附屬公司,故聯合地產被視作擁有China Elite所持有之股份之權益。
- 2. 此數字指聯合地產持有之同一批733,269,096股股份。
- 聯合集團擁有聯合地產已發行股份總數約 74.99%,故被視作擁有聯合地產所持有之股份之權益。
- 4. 董事李成輝先生連同李淑慧女士及李成煌先生均 為Lee and Lee Trust(全權信托)之信托人。Lee and Lee Trust控制聯合集團已發行股份總數約74.95% (包括李成輝先生之個人權益),故被視作擁有聯合 集團所持有之股份之權益。

#### Notes:

- The interest was held by China Elite Holdings Limited ("China Elite"), a whollyowned subsidiary of Fine Class Holdings Limited which in turn was a whollyowned subsidiary of APL. APL was therefore deemed to have an interest in the shares in which China Elite was interested.
- 2. The figure refers to the same interests of APL in 733,269,096 shares.
- AGL owned approximately 74.99% of the total number of issued shares of APL and was therefore deemed to have an interest in the shares in which APL was interested.
- 4. Mr. Lee Seng Hui, a Director, together with Ms. Lee Su Hwei and Mr. Lee Seng Huang are the trustees of Lee and Lee Trust, being a discretionary trust. The Lee and Lee Trust controlled approximately 74.95% of the total number of issued shares of AGL (inclusive of Mr. Lee Seng Hui's personal interests) and was therefore deemed to have an interest in the shares in which AGL was interested.

### 主要股東及其他人士之權益(續)

- 5. 該等權益包括(i) 282,554,570股股份之權益:及(ii) 相當於18,555,000股本公司相關股份之本公司非上 市以現金結算之衍生工具之權益。
- 6. 根據Credit Suisse提供之資料,於二零一八年十二 月三十一日,該等權益包括(i) 169,510,000股股份 之權益(好倉):及(ii) 169,510,000股股份之權益 (淡倉),當中包括本公司17,420,000股相關股份 (淡倉)之本公司非上市以現金結算之衍生工具之權 益。
- 7. China Spirit擁有Vigor Online全部已發行股本,故被視作擁有Vigor Online所持有之股份之權益。
- 8. 莊舜而女士擁有China Spirit全部已發行股本,故被 視作擁有China Spirit所持有之股份之權益。
- 9. 根據Argyle Street Management提供之資料,Argyle Street Management擁有SKK全部已發行之有投票權股本,故被視作擁有SKK所持有之股份之權益。
- 10. Argyle Street Holdings擁有Argyle Street Management 全部已發行股本,故被視作擁有Argyle Street Management所持有之股份之權益。
- 11. 陳健先生擁有Argyle Street Holdings已發行股本約50.94%權益,故被視作擁有Argyle Street Holdings 所持有之股份之權益。
- 12. 根據SHK Commodities提供之資料,於二零一八年十二月三十一日, SHK Commodities 擁有82,441,000股股份之權益。
- 13. 新鴻基金融集團透過其全資附屬公司光大新鴻基有限公司及新鴻基金業有限公司擁有SHK Commodities介設份,故新鴻基金融集團被視作擁有SHK Commodities所持有之股份之權益。
- 14. 光大金融擁有新鴻基金融集團已發行股份總數70% 權益,故被視作擁有新鴻基金融集團所持有之股份 之權益。
- 15. 光大證券擁有光大金融全部已發行股份,故被視作 擁有光大金融所持有之股份之權益。
- 16. 於二零一八年十二月三十一日,除Credit Suisse持 有之淡倉外,上述所有根據證券及期貨條例第336 條規定所存置之登記冊所載之權益皆屬好倉。

# SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' AND OTHER PERSONS' INTERESTS (CONTINUED)

- These include (i) an interest in 282,554,570 shares; and (ii) an interest in unlisted cash settled derivatives of the Company equivalent to 18,555,000 underlying shares of the Company.
- 6. Based on the information provided by Credit Suisse, the interests include the holding of (i) 169,510,000 shares (long position); and (ii) 169,510,000 shares (short position), of which included unlisted cash settled derivatives of the Company giving rise to the interest in 17,420,000 underlying shares (short position) of the Company as at 31st December, 2018.
- China Spirit owned the entire issued share capital of Vigor Online and was therefore deemed to have an interest in the shares in which Vigor Online was interested.
- Ms. Chong Sok Un owned the entire issued share capital of China Spirit and was therefore deemed to have an interest in the shares in which China Spirit was interested.
- Based on the information provided by Argyle Street Management, Argyle Street
  Management owned the entire issued voting share capital of SKK and was
  therefore deemed to have an interest in the shares in which SKK was interested.
- 10. Argyle Street Holdings owned the entire issued share capital of Argyle Street Management and was therefore deemed to have an interest in the shares in which Argyle Street Management was interested.
- 11. Mr. Chan Kin owned approximately 50.94% interests in the issued share capital of Argyle Street Holdings and was therefore deemed to have an interest in the shares in which Argyle Street Holdings was interested.
- 12. Based on the information provided by SHK Commodities, SHK Commodities was interested in 82,441,000 shares as at 31st December, 2018.
- 13. SHK Financial Group, through its wholly-owned subsidiaries Everbright Sun Hung Kai Company Limited and Sun Hung Kai Bullion Company Limited, owned the entire issued shares of SHK Commodities. SHK Financial Group was therefore deemed to have an interest in the shares in which SHK Commodities was interested.
- 14. Everbright Financial owned 70% interests of the total number of issued shares of SHK Financial Group and was therefore deemed to have an interest in the shares in which SHK Financial Group was interested.
- 15. Everbright Securities owned the entire issued shares of Everbright Financial and was therefore deemed to have an interest in the shares in which Everbright Financial was interested.
- 16. Save for the short positions of Credit Suisse, all interests stated above as at 31st December, 2018 represent long positions as recorded in the register required to be kept under Section 336 of the SFO.

### 持續關連交易

1. 誠如本公司於日期為二零一十年二月十日 之公佈及本公司二零一十年年報中所披 露,本公司與聯合集團於二零一七年二月 七日訂立重訂行政服務及管理服務分攤協 議(「服務協議」),據此,本公司同意支付 聯合集團向本集團提供之(i)行政服務(包括 公司秘書服務、提供註冊辦事處地址、水 電供應服務、電話(包括國際長途電話服 務)及互聯網、影印、郵遞、速遞、送遞及 有關本集團日常行政及營運之其他配套服 務)(「行政服務」)及(ii)管理服務(包括聯合 集團之高級管理層及選定的僱員向本集團 提供之管理、顧問、策略、內部審核、管 理資訊系統顧問及業務建議服務)(「管理服 務」)所產生之實際成本,由二零一七年一 月一日起至二零一九年十二月三十一日止 為期三年。

李成輝先生作為本公司之主席兼非執行董事、提供管理服務之管理人員及全權信託 Lee and Lee Trust (連同其個人權益,於二零一八年十二月三十一日合共間接擁有聯合集團已發行股份總數約74.95%權益)之信託人之一,被視作於服務協議中擁有利益。勞景祐先生作為本公司之執行董事及提供管理服務之管理人員,被視作於服務協議中擁有利益。

於截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團根據服務協議就聯合集團提供之管理服務已付之成本之總金額為57,340,000.00港元

### CONTINUING CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS

1. As disclosed in the announcement of the Company dated 7th February, 2017 and the 2017 Annual Report of the Company, the Company entered into a renewed sharing of administrative services and management services agreement ("Services Agreement") with AGL on 7th February, 2017, pursuant to which the Company agreed to reimburse AGL the actual costs incurred in respect of (i) the administrative services, including the corporate secretarial services, provision of registered office address, utilities services including water, electricity, telephone (including international telephone services) and internet, photocopying, postal, courier, delivery and other services ancillary to the day-to-day administration and operation of the Group provided by AGL ("Administrative Services") and (ii) the management services, including the management, consultancy, strategic, internal audit, management information system consultancy and business advice services provided by the senior management and the selected staff of AGL to the Group ("Management Services") for a period of three years commenced from 1st January, 2017 to 31st December, 2019.

Mr. Lee Seng Hui, by being the Chairman and a Non-Executive Director of the Company, a member of the management staff providing the Management Services and also one of the trustees of Lee and Lee Trust, being a discretionary trust which, together with his personal interests, indirectly owned approximately 74.95% interests in the total number of issued shares of AGL as at 31st December, 2018, is deemed to be interested in the Services Agreement. Mr. Edwin Lo King Yau, by being an Executive Director of the Company and a member of the management staff providing the Management Services, is deemed to be interested in the Services Agreement.

The aggregate amount of the costs paid by the Group in respect of the Management Services provided by AGL under the Services Agreement for the year ended 31st December, 2018 was HK\$57,340,000.00.

### 持續關連交易(續)

誠如本公司日期為二零一六年五月三十日 及二零一八年九月二十八日之公佈及本公 司二零一七年年報所披露(如適用),於 二零一六年五月三十日,大連天安國際 大廈有限公司(本公司之間接全資附屬公 司)(作為出租人)與大連保税區亞聯財小 額貸款有限公司(「大連亞聯財」)(新鴻基 之間接非全資附屬公司)(作為承租人), 就租賃位於中國遼寧省大連市中山區中山 路88號大連天安國際大廈之辦公室物業, 訂立四份租賃合同(「租賃合同」)、「租賃 合同II」、「租賃合同V」及「租賃合同VI」), 租期由二零一六年十月一日起至二零一八 年六月三十日止,每月代價分別為人民幣 24,003.12元、人民幣32,525.83元、人民 幣212,239.34元及人民幣15,977.17元。

於二零一八年九月二十八日,上述訂約方 訂立租賃合同(「二零一八年租賃合同V」) 以重訂租賃合同V,租期由二零一八年七 月一日起至二零一九年六月三十日止,每 月代價為人民幣212,239.34元。

租賃合同I、租賃合同II、租賃合同V、租賃合同VI及二零一八年租賃合同V(統稱「該等租賃合同」)於截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度已付之代價分別為人民幣144,018.72元、人民幣195,154.98元、人民幣1,273,436.04元、人民幣95,863.02元及人民幣1,273,436.04元。於截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度,根據該等租賃合同已付之代價總金額為人民幣2,981,908.80元。

該等租賃合同之代價包括租金及管理費。

### CONTINUING CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS

(CONTINUED)

2. As disclosed in the announcements of the Company dated 30th May, 2016 and 28th September, 2018 and the 2017 Annual Report of the Company (where applicable), four leasing agreements ("Leasing Agreement I", "Leasing Agreement II", "Leasing Agreement V" and "Leasing Agreement VI") were entered into between Dalian Tian An Tower Co., Ltd., an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, as lessor and United Asia Finance (Free Trade Zone Dalian) Limited ("Dalian UAF"), an indirect non wholly-owned subsidiary of SHK, as lessee on 30th May, 2016, in relation to the leasing of office premises in Dalian Tian An International Building, No. 88 Zhongshan Road, Zhongshan District, Dalian, Liaoning Province, PRC for a term commenced from 1st July, 2016 to 30th June, 2018 at the monthly considerations of RMB24,003.12, RMB32,525.83, RMB212,239.34 and RMB15,977.17 respectively.

On 28th September, 2018, the same parties entered into a leasing agreement ("2018 Leasing Agreement V") to renew Leasing Agreement V for a term commenced from 1st July, 2018 to 30th June, 2019 at the monthly consideration of RMB212,239.34.

The considerations paid under the Leasing Agreement I, Leasing Agreement V, Leasing Agreement VI and 2018 Leasing Agreement V (collectively "Leasing Agreements") for the year ended 31st December, 2018 were RMB144,018.72, RMB195,154.98, RMB1,273,436.04, RMB95,863.02 and RMB1,273,436.04 respectively. The aggregate consideration paid under the Leasing Agreements for the year ended 31st December, 2018 was RMB2,981,908.80.

Considerations of the Leasing Agreements include rental and management fee.

### 持續關連交易(續)

3. 誠如本公司於日期為二零一七年三 月三十一日之公佈及本公司二零 一十年年報中所披露,於二零一十 年三月三十一日,(i)本公司(作為 租戶)與AP Administration Limited(「AP Administration」)(為聯合地產之全資附 屬公司)(作為業主)訂立分租協議(「分 租協議I」);(ii)本公司(作為租戶)與聯合 集團(作為業主)訂立分租協議(「分租協 議II」);及(iii)亞證地產(作為租戶)與AP Administration(作為業主)訂立分租協議 (「分租協議Ⅲ」)(統稱(「該等分租協議」)。 根據分租協議I, AP Administration同意將 一所位於香港灣仔告士打道138號聯合鹿 島大廈之辦公室物業(「聯合鹿島大廈」)之 一部份分租予本公司,租期由二零一七年 四月一日起至二零一九年三月三十一日 止,每月代價分別為29,100.00港元(由二 零一七年四月一日起至二零一七年五月 三十一日止)及33,400.00港元(由二零一七 年六月一日起至二零一九年三月三十一日 止)。根據分租協議II,聯合集團同意將一 所位於聯合鹿島大廈之辦公室物業之若干 部份分租予本公司,租期由二零一七年四 月一日起至二零一九年三月三十一日止, 每月代價為215,400.00港元。根據分租協 議III, AP Administration同意將一所位於聯 合鹿島大廈之另一辦公室物業之一部份分 租予亞證地產,租期由二零一七年六月一 日起至二零一九年三月三十一日止,每月 代價為122,200.00港元。

分租協議I、分租協議II及分租協議III於 截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度 已付之代價分別為400,800.00港元、 2,584,800.00港元及1,466,400.00港元。 於截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年 度,根據該等分租協議已付之代價總金額 為4,452,000.00港元。

該等分租協議之代價包括租金、管理費及 空調費用。

### CONTINUING CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS

(CONTINUED)

3. As disclosed in the announcement of the Company dated 31st March, 2017 and the 2017 Annual Report of the Company, on 31st March, 2017, (i) the Company as tenant entered into a sub-tenancy agreement ("Sub-Tenancy Agreement I") with AP Administration Limited ("AP Administration"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of APL, as landlord; (ii) the Company as tenant entered into a sub-tenancy agreement ("Sub-Tenancy Agreement II") with AGL as landlord; and (iii) ASL as tenant entered into a subtenancy agreement ("Sub-Tenancy Agreement III") (collectively "Sub-Tenancy Agreements") with AP Administration as landlord. Pursuant to Sub-Tenancy Agreement I, AP Administration agreed to sublet to the Company a portion of office premises in Allied Kajima Building, 138 Gloucester Road, Wanchai, Hong Kong ("AKB") for a term commenced from 1st April, 2017 to 31st March, 2019 at the monthly consideration of HK\$29,100.00 (from 1st April, 2017 to 31st May, 2017) and HK\$33,400.00 (from 1st June, 2017 to 31st March, 2019) respectively. Pursuant to Sub-Tenancy Agreement II, AGL agreed to sublet to the Company certain portions of office premises in AKB for a term commenced from 1st April, 2017 to 31st March, 2019 at the monthly consideration of HK\$215,400.00. Pursuant to Sub-Tenancy Agreement III, AP Administration agreed to sublet to ASL a portion of another office premises in AKB for a term commenced from 1st June, 2017 to 31st March, 2019 at the monthly consideration of HK\$122,200.00.

The considerations paid under the Sub-Tenancy Agreement I, Sub-Tenancy Agreement II and Sub-Tenancy Agreement III for the year ended 31st December, 2018 were HK\$400,800.00, HK\$2,584,800.00 and HK\$1,466,400.00 respectively. The aggregate consideration paid under the Sub-Tenancy Agreements for the year ended 31st December, 2018 was HK\$4,452,000.00.

Considerations of the Sub-Tenancy Agreements include rent, management and air-conditioning charges.

### 持續關連交易(續)

聯合集團為聯合地產(本公司之主要股東(定義 見上市規則))之控股公司而因此為聯合地產之 聯繫人。大連亞聯財為新鴻基之附屬公司,而 新鴻基為聯合地產之附屬公司而因此為聯合地 產之聯繫人。AP Administration為聯合地產之 附屬公司而因此為聯合地產之聯繫人。因此, 聯合集團、聯合地產、新鴻基、大連亞聯財 及AP Administration皆被視為本公司之關連人 士。故此,根據上市規則第14A.31條,訂立服 務協議、該等租賃合同、該等分租協議及其項 下之交易構成本公司之持續關連交易。惟根據 上市規則第14A.73(8)及14A.98條分攤行政服務 之交易獲全面豁免。而該等租賃合同及該等分 租協議項下之交易,乃根據上市規則須遵守有 關申報、年度審核及公佈之規定,但獲豁免遵 守獨立股東批准之規定。至於有關分攤管理服 務之交易,根據上市規則須遵守有關申報、年 度審核、公佈及獨立股東批准之規定。

根據上市規則第14A.55條,獨立非執行董事已 審閱有關(i)分攤管理服務之持續關連交易;及 (ii)該等租賃合同及該等分租協議項下之持續關 連交易,並確認該等交易乃:

- (i) 於本集團之一般及日常業務範圍內訂立;
- (ii) 按照一般商務條款或更佳條款進行;及
- (iii) 各自根據有關交易的協議進行,條款公平 合理,並且符合股東的整體利益。

### CONTINUING CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS

(CONTINUED)

AGL is the holding company and hence an associate of APL (which is a substantial shareholder (as defined in the Listing Rules) of the Company). Dalian UAF is a subsidiary of SHK, which in turn is a subsidiary of APL, and hence an associate of APL. AP Administration is a subsidiary of APL and hence an associate of APL. Therefore, AGL, APL, SHK, Dalian UAF and AP Administration are regarded as connected persons of the Company. Accordingly, the entering into of the Services Agreement, the Leasing Agreements, the Sub-Tenancy Agreements and the transactions contemplated thereunder constituted continuing connected transactions for the Company under Rule 14A.31 of the Listing Rules. The transaction regarding the sharing of the Administrative Services is fully exempt under Rules 14A.73(8) and 14A.98 of the Listing Rules. The transactions contemplated under the Leasing Agreements and the Sub-Tenancy Agreements are subject to the reporting, annual review and announcement requirements but are exempt from the independent shareholders' approval requirements under the Listing Rules. Whereas, the transaction regarding the sharing of the Management Services are subject to the reporting, annual review, announcement and independent shareholders' approval requirements under the Listing Rules.

Pursuant to Rule 14A.55 of the Listing Rules, the INEDs have reviewed the continuing connected transactions regarding (i) the sharing of the Management Services; and (ii) the transactions contemplated under the Leasing Agreements and the Sub-Tenancy Agreements, and have confirmed that the transactions were entered into:

- (i) in the ordinary and usual course of business of the Group;
- (ii) on normal commercial terms or better; and
- (iii) according to the respective agreements governing the transactions on terms that were fair and reasonable and in the interests of the Shareholders as a whole.

### 持續關連交易(續)

本公司核數師已獲聘用根據香港鑒證業務準則第3000號(經修訂)「非審核或審閱過往財務資料之鑒證工作」及參考香港會計師公會發出的實務説明第740條「關於香港(上市規則)所述持續關連交易的核數師函件」及就有關分攤管理服務之持續關連交易、該等租賃合同及該等分租協議項下之持續關連交易作出報告。核數師已出具一份無保留函件,確認其並無察覺任何事項須根據上市規則第14A.56條提請董事會注意。該份核數師函件之副本已經本公司提交聯交所。

### 其他資料

### 提供予聯屬公司之財務資助

由於本集團於二零一八年十二月三十一日提供予聯屬公司之財務資助連同給予備用信貸之擔保合計總值超逾上市規則第14.07(1)條規定之資產率8%,本集團須要遵守上市規則第13.22條之規定。該等聯屬公司於二零一八年十二月三十一日之未經審核合併財務狀況表概述如下(如合適,已按本集團會計政策作出調整):

### CONTINUING CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS

(CONTINUED)

The Company's auditor was engaged to report on the continuing connected transaction regarding the sharing of the Management Services and the continuing connected transactions contemplated under the Leasing Agreements and the Sub-Tenancy Agreements in accordance with Hong Kong Standard on Assurance Engagements 3000 (Revised) "Assurance Engagements Other Than Audits or Reviews of Historical Financial Information" and with reference to Practice Note 740 "Auditor's Letter on Continuing Connected Transactions under the Hong Kong Listing Rules" issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The auditor has issued its unqualified letter confirming that nothing has come to its attention that cause it to bring to the attention of the Board pursuant to Rule 14A.56 of the Listing Rules. A copy of the auditor's letter has been provided by the Company to the Stock Exchange.

### **OTHER INFORMATION**

### Financial assistance to affiliated companies

Since that the financial assistance by the Group to affiliated companies and guarantees given by the Group for facilities granted to affiliated companies together in aggregate exceeded 8% under the assets ratio defined under Rule 14.07(1) of the Listing Rules continued to exist as at 31st December, 2018, the Group is required to comply with Rule 13.22 of the Listing Rules. The following is a summary of unaudited combined statements of financial position of those affiliated companies prepared from their financial statements as at 31st December, 2018 and adjusted, where appropriate, to conform with the Group's accounting policies:

			千港元
			HK\$'000
	非流動資產	Non-current assets	17,665,265
	流動資產	Current assets	29,901,437
	流動負債	Current liabilities	(15,210,929)
	非流動負債	Non-current liabilities	(19,647,029)
	非控股權益	Non-controlling interests	(137,433)
J			
1	資產淨值	Net assets	12,571,311
Ī			
	本集團應佔資產淨值	Net assets attributable to the Group	5,136,869

### 僱員及培訓

於二零一八年十二月三十一日,本集團(包括其附屬公司,但不包括聯營公司及合營企業)聘用1,429(二零一七年十二月三十一日:1,980)名員工。本集團確保薪酬制度與市場相若,並按僱員表現發放薪金及花紅獎勵。本集團深明持續專業教育及發展的重要性,定期為僱員安排合適課程並向報讀職業相關課程的僱員提供津貼。

於二零一八年十二月三十一日,本集團管理人 員之簡介如下:

### **EMPLOYEE AND TRAINING**

As at 31st December, 2018, the Group including its subsidiaries but excluding associates and joint ventures, employed 1,429 (31st December, 2017: 1,980) persons. The Group maintains a policy of paying competitive remuneration packages and employees are also rewarded on performance related basis including salary and bonus. The Group recognises the importance of continuing professional education and development, and appropriate courses are arranged on a periodical basis as well as subsidies are granted to employees who take job-related courses.

The profile of the Group's management staff as at 31st December, 2018 is listed below:

地區 Region	認可專業人士 Qualified Professionals	大學畢業生 University Graduates	55歲或以下 Age 55 or Below	55歲以上 Age Over 55
香港	28 (76%)	31 (84%)	24 (65%)	13 (35%)
Hong Kong				
華北	21 (81%)	24 (92%)	23 (88%)	3 (12%)
Northern China				
華東	74 (67%)	82 (74%)	100 (90%)	11 (10%)
Eastern China				
華南	20 (69%)	25 (86%)	28 (97%)	1 (3%)
Southern China				

附註:括弧內數字為管理人員於各地區之百分比。

Note: The numbers in bracket show the percentage of management staff in the region.

鑑於優質員工乃本集團不可或缺之無形資產, 於年內透過組織培訓課程,致力維持前線員工 的市場觸覺及後勤員工的成本意識。主要管理 人員的酬金詳見綜合財務報表附註13、14和 47。

### 主要客戶及供應商

於年內,本集團最大五位客戶之銷售總額及本 集團最大五位供應商之採購總額分別為本集團 銷售總額及採購總額約3%及8%。

據董事所知,持有本公司已發行股份總數5%以上的董事、彼等之緊密聯繫人或任何股東並無於本集團最大五位供應商及客戶擁有任何實益權益。

Quality staff has always been the Group's indispensable intangible asset. Training programmes were organised during the year to ensure that both the market sensitivity of the front line people and the cost consciousness of the back office staff were well maintained. The emoluments of key management personnel can be seen by reference to notes 13, 14 and 47 to the consolidated financial statements.

### MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

During the year, the aggregate sales attributable to the Group's five largest customers and the aggregate purchases attributable to the Group's five largest suppliers were approximately 3% and 8% of the Group's sales and purchases respectively.

None of the Directors, their close associates or any shareholders, which to the knowledge of the Directors owned more than 5% of the Company's total number of issued shares, had a beneficial interest in any of the Group's five largest suppliers and customers.

### 購回、出售或贖回股份

於截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度內, 本公司或其任何附屬公司概無購回、出售或贖 回本公司之任何股份。

### 捐款

本集團於本年度內之慈善捐款為1,151,000港 元。

### 企業管治

本公司致力維持高水平之企業管治常規。有關本公司所採納之企業管治常規之資料載於企業管治報告第33頁至第54頁。

### 足夠之公眾持股量

於本報告日,按本公司可以得悉之公開資料所 示及就董事所知,本公司已維持上市規則所規 定之足夠公眾持股量。

### 核數師

本公司將於股東週年大會上提呈決議案重新委 聘德勤 ● 關黃陳方會計師行連任本公司之核數 師。

承董事會命

*主席* 李成輝

香港,二零一九年三月十五日

### **PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF SHARES**

During the year ended 31st December, 2018, neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries had purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's shares.

### **DONATIONS**

The Group made charitable donations of HK\$1,151,000 during the year.

### **CORPORATE GOVERNANCE**

The Company is committed to maintaining a high standard of corporate governance practices. Information on the corporate governance practices adopted by the Company is set out in the Corporate Governance Report on pages 33 to 54.

#### SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

Based on the information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the Directors, as at the date of this report, the Company has maintained sufficient public float as required under the Listing Rules.

#### **AUDITOR**

A resolution will be submitted to the AGM to re-appoint Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu as the auditor of the Company.

On behalf of the Board

Lee Seng Hui

Chairman

Hong Kong, 15th March, 2019

# 獨立核數師報告 INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

# Deloitte.

# 德勤

#### 致:天安中國投資有限公司各股東

(於香港註冊成立之有限公司)

### 意見

我們已審計列載於第103頁至271頁的天安中國 投資有限公司(「貴公司」)及其附屬公司(統稱 「貴集團」)之綜合財務報表。綜合財務報表包 括二零一八年十二月三十一日之綜合財務狀況 表,以及截至該日止年度之綜合損益表、損益 及其他全面收益表、綜合權益變動表及綜合現 金流動表,以及綜合財務報表附註,包括主要 會計政策摘要。

我們認為,該等綜合財務報表已根據由香港會計師公會(「香港會計師公會」)頒佈之香港財務報告準則(「香港財務報告準則」)真實而中肯地反映了 貴集團於二零一八年十二月三十一日之綜合財政狀況及於截至該日止年度之綜合財務表現及綜合現金流量,並已按照香港公司條例妥善編製。

### 意見的基礎

我們已根據香港會計師公會頒布的香港審計準則(「香港審計準則」)進行審計。我們在該等準則下承擔的責任已在本報告「核數師就審核綜合財務報表須承擔的責任」部分中作進一步闡述。根據香港會計師公會頒布的專業會計師道德守則(「守則」),我們獨立於 貴集團,並已履行守則中其他專業道德責任。我們相信,我們所獲得的審計憑證能充足及適當地為我們的審計意見提供基礎。

# TO THE MEMBERS OF TIAN AN CHINA INVESTMENTS COMPANY LIMITED

(incorporated in Hong Kong with limited liability)

#### **OPINION**

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Tian An China Investments Company Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") set out on pages 103 to 271, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31st December, 2018, and the consolidated statement of profit or loss, statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, consolidated statement of changes in equity and consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31st December, 2018, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") and have been properly prepared in compliance with the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

### **BASIS FOR OPINION**

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing ("HKSAs") issued by the HKICPA. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA's Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (the "Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

### 獨立核數師報告(續)

### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (CONTINUED)

### 關鍵審核事項

關鍵審核事項是根據我們的專業判斷,認為對本期綜合財務報表的審計最為重要的事項。這 些事項是在我們審計整體綜合財務報表及出具 意見時進行處理的。我們不會對這些事項提供 單獨的意見。

### **KEY AUDIT MATTERS**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

關鍵審核事項 Key Audit Matter

我們於審核中處理關鍵審核事項之方法 How our audit addressed the key audit matter

待發展物業、發展中物業存貨以及已竣工物業存貨之估值 Valuation of properties for development, inventories of properties under development and inventories of completed properties

我們將 貴集團之待發展物業(「待發展物業」)、發展中物業存貨(「發展中物業」)及已竣工物業存貨(「供銷售物業」)的估值確定為關鍵審核事項,因為釐定待發展物業之可收回金額及發展中物業及供銷售物業之可變現淨值(「可變現淨值」)涉及重大判斷。於二零一八年十二月三十一日,貴集團擁有待發展物業3,818,333,000港元、發展中物業1,797,689,000港元及供銷售物業3,993,950,000港元(統稱「物業」),上述物業均位於中華人民共和國(「中國」)、香港及澳洲。

We identified the valuation of the Group's properties for development ("PFD"), inventories of properties under development ("PUD") and inventories of completed properties ("PFS") as a key audit matter due to the significant judgments involved in the determination of the recoverable amount of PFD and the net realisable value ("NRV") of PUD and PFS. As at 31st December, 2018, the Group had PFD of HK\$3,818,333,000, PUD of HK\$1,797,689,000 and PFS of HK\$3,993,950,000 (collectively referred to the "Properties"), all of which are situated in the People's Republic of China (the "PRC"), Hong Kong and Australia.

我們有關管理層評估待發展物業、發展中物業及供銷售物 業之估值之評估程序包括:

Our procedures in relation to evaluating management's assessment of the valuation of PFD, PUD and PFS included:

- 評估評估師之勝任力、能力及客觀性;
- Evaluating the competence, capabilities and objectivity of the Valuers;
- 透過比較實體特定資料及市場數據,評估估值方法及 重要參數(包括物業市價、發展總值、開發商之溢利 及管理層及評估師採納之貼現率)之合理性;
- Evaluating the reasonableness of the valuation techniques and the significant inputs including properties market price, gross development value, developer's profit and discount rate adopted by management and the Valuers by comparing to entity-specific information and market data;
- 通過比較完成待發展物業及發展中物業之估計未來成本與 貴集團類似物業之實際開發成本,抽樣評估該成本之合理性;及
- Evaluating the reasonableness of the estimated future cost to completion of PFD and PUD, on a sample basis, by comparing them to actual development costs of similar properties of the Group; and

# 獨立核數師報告(續)

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (CONTINUED)

### 關鍵審核事項(續)

### **KEY AUDIT MATTERS** (CONTINUED)

關鍵審核事項 Key Audit Matter 我們於審核中處理關鍵審核事項之方法 How our audit addressed the key audit matter

待發展物業、發展中物業存貨以及已竣工物業存貨之估值 (續)

Valuation of properties for development, inventories of properties under development and inventories of completed properties (continued)

管理層根據獨立合資格專業評估師(「評估師」)進行之估值 釐定待發展物業之可收回金額及發展中物業之可變現淨 值。估值依賴於涉及管理層判斷之若干重要參數,包括發 展總值、開發商之溢利及貼現率。此外,管理層參考 貴 集團已竣工項目之實際開發成本估計完成待發展物業及發 展中物業之未來成本。

Management determined the recoverable amount of PFD and the NRV of PUD based on valuations performed by independent and qualified professional valuers (the "Valuers"). The valuations are dependent on certain significant inputs that involve management's judgments, including gross development value, developer's profit and discount rate. In addition, management estimated future cost to completion of PFD and PUD with reference to the actual development cost of the Group's completed projects.

管理層考慮若干因素,包括在中國、香港及澳洲之相同項目之類似物業類型或類似物業所得之近期價格,經參考供銷售物業之估計市價釐定供銷售物業之可變現淨值。

Management determined the NRV of PFS with reference to the estimated market prices of PFS, which takes into account a number of factors including recent prices achieved for similar property types in the same project or by similar properties in the PRC, Hong Kong and Australia.

基於管理層之評估,截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度,供銷售物業之減值4,014,000港元於損益中確認。 Based on management's assessment, the write-down of PFS of HK\$4,014,000 was recognised in profit or loss for the year ended 31st December, 2018.

- 通過參考相同項目或可資比較物業所得之近期市價評估管理層所用供銷售物業之估計售價之適用性,包括根據我們對 貴集團業務及中國、香港與澳洲房地產市場之理解,評估管理層所用之可資比較物業之適用性。
- Assessing the appropriateness of the estimated selling prices of PFS used by management with reference to recent market prices achieved in the same projects or by comparable properties, including an evaluation of the appropriateness of the comparable properties used by management based on our knowledge of the Group's businesses and the real estate markets in the PRC, Hong Kong and Australia.

### 獨立核數師報告(續)

### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (CONTINUED)

### 關鍵審核事項(續)

### **KEY AUDIT MATTERS** (CONTINUED)

關鍵審核事項 Key Audit Matter 我們於審核中處理關鍵審核事項之方法 How our audit addressed the key audit matter

#### 投資物業之估值

#### Valuation of investment properties

我們將投資物業之估值確認為關鍵審核事項,原因為其結 餘在綜合財務報表整體而言之重要性連同釐定公允價值涉 及重要判斷。

We identified the valuation of investment properties as a key audit matter due to the significance of the balance to the consolidated financial statements as a whole, combined with the significant judgments associated with determining the fair value.

誠如綜合財務報表附註18所披露, 貴集團之投資物業指位於中國、香港及英國之辦公樓、停車場、住宅單位及酒店,於二零一八年十二月三十一日之公允價值為13,622,280,000港元。

As disclosed in note 18 to the consolidated financial statements, the Group's investment properties which represent office buildings, car parking spaces, residential units and hotel located in the PRC, Hong Kong and the United Kingdom were carried at fair value of HK\$13,622,280,000 as at 31st December, 2018.

貴集團之所有投資物業乃參考評估師進行之估值按公允價值釐定。估值方法、估值所用之重要假設及主要參數之詳情於綜合財務報表附註18披露。估值依賴於涉及管理層判斷之若干重要假設及主要參數,包括租期收益率、復歸收益率、個別單位之市場單位租金、市場單位銷售價格、發展商之溢利及風險率、貼現率、增長率及估算租金。

All of the Group's investment properties are measured at fair value with reference to the valuations performed by the Valuers. Details of the valuation techniques, significant assumptions and key inputs used in the valuations are disclosed in note 18 to the consolidated financial statements. The valuations are dependent on certain significant assumptions and key inputs that involve management's judgments, including term yield, reversionary yield, market unit rent of individual unit, market unit sales rate, developer's profit and risk rate, discount rate, growth rate and estimated rent.

我們有關評估投資物業之估值之程序包括:

Our procedures in relation to evaluating the valuation of investment properties included:

- 評估評估師之勝任力、能力及客觀性;
- Evaluating the competence, capabilities and objectivity of the Valuers;
- 理解評估師之估值過程及方法,物業市場之表現、估值所採納之重要假設、估值所用之關鍵判斷領域及主要參數;
- Understanding the Valuers' valuation process and methodologies, the performance of the property markets, significant assumptions adopted, critical judgmental areas and key inputs used in the valuations;
- 評估行業規範之方法及假設之合理性;及
- Evaluating the reasonableness of the methodologies and assumptions to industry norms; and
- 透過比較實體特定之資料及市場數據,評估管理層及 評估師所採納之主要參數之合理性。
- Assessing the reasonableness of the key inputs adopted by management and the Valuers by comparing to entity-specific information and market data.

### 其他信息

貴公司董事(「董事」)對其他資料負責。其他資料包括年報所載的資料,惟不包括綜合財務報表及其相關的核數師報告。

我們對綜合財務報表的意見並不涵蓋其他資料,我們亦不對其他資料發表任何形式的鑑證 結論。

就我們審計綜合財務報表而言,我們的責任為 閱讀其他資料,從而考慮其他資料是否與綜合 財務報表或我們在審計過程中獲悉的資料存在 重大不符,或是否存在重大錯誤陳述。倘我們 基於已進行的工作認為其他資料出現重大錯誤 陳述,我們須報告有關事實。就此,我們毋須 作出報告。

### 董事及管治層就綜合財務報表須承擔 的責任

董事須負責根據由香港會計師公會頒佈之香港 財務報告準則及香港公司條例編製真實而中肯 的綜合財務報表,並對其認為使綜合財務報表 的編製不存在由欺詐或錯誤而導致重大錯誤陳 述所需的內部控制負責。

於編製綜合財務報表時,董事負責評估 貴集團持續經營的能力,並在適當情況下披露與持續經營能力有關的事宜,除非董事有意將 貴集團清盤或停止經營,或除此之外並無其他實際可行的方法,否則須採用以持續經營為基礎會計法。

管治層須負責監督 貴集團的財務報告過程。

### OTHER INFORMATION

The directors of the Company ("Directors") are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, but does not include the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

# RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTORS AND THOSE CHARGED WITH GOVERNANCE FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Directors are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA and the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the Directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the Directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

### 核數師就審核綜合財務報表須承擔的 責任

我們的目標是根據香港公司條例第405條對綜合財務報表整體是否不存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述取得合理保證,並出具載有我們意見的核數師報告。我們不會就本報告的內容向任何其他人士負上或承擔任何責任。合理保證是高水平的保證,但不能保證按照查合理保證是高水平的保證,但不能保證誤陳述可以由欺詐或錯誤存在時總能發現。錯誤陳述可以由欺許或錯誤引起,如果合理預期它們單獨或滙總起來可能影響綜合財務報表使用者依賴財務報表所作出的經濟決定,則有關的錯誤陳述可被視作重大。

在根據香港審計準則進行審計的過程中,我 們運用了專業判斷,保持專業懷疑態度。我 們亦:

- 識別及評估由於欺詐或錯誤而導致綜合財務報表存在重大錯誤陳述的風險、設計及執行審計程序以應對該等風險,以及獲取充足和適當的審計憑證,作為我們意見的基礎。由於欺詐可能涉及串謀、偽造、蓄意遺漏、虚假陳述或凌駕內部控制的情況,因此未能發現因欺詐而導致的重大錯誤陳述的風險高於未能發現因錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述的風險。
- 了解與審計相關的內部控制,以設計適當 的審核程序,惟並非旨在對 貴集團內部 控制的有效性發表意見。
- 評估董事所採用會計政策的恰當性及作出 會計估計和相關披露的合理性。

# AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion solely to you, as a body, in accordance with section 405 of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with HKSAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the
  consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error,
  design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks,
  and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate
  to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a
  material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one
  resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery,
  intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of
  internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Directors.

### 核數師就審核綜合財務報表須承擔的 責任(續)

- 對董事採用持續經營會計基礎的恰當性作出結論,並根據所獲取的審核憑證,確定是否存在與事項或情況有關的重大不確定性,從而可能導致對 貴集團的持續經營能力產生重大疑慮。倘我們認為存在中營能力產生重大疑慮。倘我們認為存在中提高。倘我們認為存在中提露中的者注意綜合財務報表中的相關披露不足,則我們應出具非無保保。問有關披露不足,則我們應出具非無保保。就有關披露不足,則我們應出具非無保留。我們的結論乃基於截至核數師報告日期止所取得的審核憑證。然而,未來項或情況可能導致 貴集團無法持續經營。
- 評價綜合財務報表的整體列報方式、結構 和內容,包括披露,以及綜合財務報表是 否中肯反映相關交易和事項。
- 就 貴集團內實體或業務活動的財務信息 獲取充足、適當的審核憑證,以便對綜合 財務報表發表意見。我們負責集團審核的 方向、監督和執行。我們為審計意見承擔 全部責任。

除其他事項外,我們與治理層溝通了計劃的審計範圍、時間安排、重大審計發現等,包括我們在審計中識別出內部監控的任何重大缺陷。

我們還向治理層提交聲明,說明我們已符合有關獨立性的相關專業道德要求,並與他們溝通有可能合理地被認為會影響我們獨立性的所有關係和其他事項,以及在適用的情況下,相關的防範措施。

# AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(CONTINUED)

- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

### 核數師就審核綜合財務報表須承擔的 責任(續)

從與治理層溝通的事項中,我們確定那些事項 對本期綜合財務報表的審計最為重要,因而構 成關鍵審計事項。我們在核數師報告中描述這 些事項,除非法律法規不允許公開披露這些事 項,或在極端罕見的情況下,如果合理預期在 我們報告中溝通某事項造成的負面後果超過產 生的公眾利益,我們決定不應在報告中溝通該 事項。

出具本獨立核數師報告的審核項目合夥人為 姜道蔚。

# AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(CONTINUED)

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in the independent auditor's report is Keung To Wei, David.

德勤 • 關黃陳方會計師行

執業會計師

香港,二零一九年三月十五日

**DELOITTE TOUCHE TOHMATSU** 

Certified Public Accountants

Hong Kong, 15th March, 2019

# 綜合損益表 CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2018

		附註 NOTES	2018 千港元 HK\$′000	2017 千港元 HK\$′000
收入 銷售成本	Revenue Cost of sales	5	3,291,719 (1,909,020)	1,112,881 (504,974)
毛利 其他收入及收益 市場及分銷費用 行政費用 其他營運費用	Gross profit Other income and gains Marketing and distribution expenses Administrative expenses Other operating expenses	7	1,382,699 320,912 (54,060) (342,400) (20,532)	607,907 149,944 (86,850) (305,972) (105,485)
持作買賣投資公允價值之 淨減少 透過損益按公允價值處理 之金融資產之公允價值	Net decrease in fair value of held-for- trading investments Net decrease in fair value of financial assets at fair value through		-	(15,444)
淨減少 透過損益按公允價值處理 之股本證券之公允價值	profit or loss  Net decrease in fair value of equity securities at fair value through profit or		(68,246)	-
淨減少 已竣工物業存貨轉撥至 投資物業之公允價值	loss Fair value gain on transfer of inventories of completed properties to investment		(29,597)	-
收益 投資物業公允價值之 增加	properties Increase in fair value of investment properties	18 18	229,137 201,283	115,313 338,453
已竣工物業存貨之(減值) 減值撥回	(Write-down of) reversal of write-down of inventories of completed properties	10	(4,014)	1,020
待發展物業 攤銷 出售一間附屬公司之收益	Amortisation of properties for development Gain on disposal of a subsidiary	8	(26,111)	(35,802) 1,633,977
議價收購一間附屬公司之 收益	Gain on bargain purchase of a subsidiary	9	(4.55.064)	60,856
融資成本 應佔聯營公司溢利 應佔合營企業溢利	Finance costs Share of profit of associates Share of profit of joint ventures	10	(155,964) 55,688 378,774	(153,841) 99,148 253,219
除税前溢利 税項	Profit before tax Taxation	11	1,867,569 (609,458)	2,556,443 (464,337)
本年度溢利	Profit for the year	12	1,258,111	2,092,106
本年度溢利應佔方: 本公司股東 非控股權益	Profit for the year attributable to: Owners of the Company Non-controlling interests		1,251,202 6,909	2,054,142 37,964
			1,258,111	2,092,106
			港元 HK\$	港元 HK\$
每股盈利 基本	Earnings per share Basic	15	0.83	1.36

# 綜合損益及其他全面收益表 CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2018

		2018 千港元 HK\$′000	2017 千港元 HK\$′000
本年度溢利	Profit for the year	1,258,111	2,092,106
其他全面(費用)收益	Other comprehensive (expense) income		
不會重新分類至損益的 項目:	Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss:		
換算為呈列貨幣所產生 之滙兑差異	Exchange differences arising on translation to presentation currency	(314,492)	575,923
應佔聯營公司及合營企業之其他全面(費用)收益	Share of other comprehensive (expense) income of associates and joint ventures	(64,920)	113,986
透過其他全面收益按公允 價值處理之股本工具 投資公允價值之淨變動 透過其他全面收益按公允 價值處理之股本工具	Net change in fair value of investments in equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income  Deferred tax effect on change in fair value of investment in an equity instrument at fair value	(66,636)	-
投資公允價值之變動之 遞延税項的影響	through other comprehensive income	3,603	_
於轉撥至投資物業時之 物業及預付租賃款 重估盈餘 於轉撥至投資物業時之 物業重估之遞延	Surplus on revaluation of properties and prepaid lease payments upon transfer to investment properties  Deferred tax effect on revaluation of	4,210	10,007
税項的影響	properties upon transfer to investment properties	(6,039)	(6,848)
		(444,274)	693,068
隨後可能重新分類至 損益的項目: 換算海外業務所產生之	Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:  Exchange differences arising on translation of		
進入 進入差異 可供出售投資公允價值之	foreign operations  Net change in fair value of available-for-sale	(67,605)	19,231
淨變動 可供出售投資之減值虧損	investments Impairment loss on available-for-sale investments	-	(119,376)
分類至損益 可供出售投資公允價值之	classified to profit or loss Deferred tax effect on change in	-	78,168
變動之遞延税項的影響 其他	fair value of available-for-sale investments Others	763	2,338
		(66,842)	(19,639)
本年度其他全面(費用)收益	Other comprehensive (expense) income for the year	(511,116)	673,429
本年度全面收益總額	Total comprehensive income for the year	746,995	2,765,535
本年度全面收益(費用)總額 應佔方:	Total comprehensive income (expense) for the year attributable to:		
本公司股東 非控股權益	Owners of the Company Non-controlling interests	759,152 (12,157)	2,725,766 39,769
		746,995	2,765,535

# 綜合財務狀況表 CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

於二零一八年十二月三十一日 At 31st December, 2018

			2010	2017
			2018	2017
		附註	千港元	千港元
		NOTES	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
				· · · · · ·
非流動資產	Non-current assets			
物業、廠房及設備		17	224 212	250 071
	Property, plant and equipment		234,312	258,871
投資物業	Investment properties	18	13,622,280	13,100,399
待發展物業	Properties for development	19	3,818,333	3,485,361
收購待發展物業之 	Deposits for acquisition of properties for		402.245	226 106
按金	development	2.0	193,245	236,196
土地使用權之預付租賃款	Prepaid lease payments on land use rights	20	39,212	58,281
其他資產-物業權益	Other assets – properties interests	0.4	17,225	18,142
於聯營公司之權益	Interests in associates	21	2,891,331	2,939,345
於合營企業之權益	Interests in joint ventures	22	5,304,245	2,950,262
應收貸款	Loans receivable	31	264,305	122,972
可供出售投資	Available-for-sale investments	23	-	292,370
透過損益按公允價值處理之	Financial assets at fair value through			
金融資產	profit or loss	24	114,790	-
透過其他全面收益按公允	Equity instruments at fair value through			
價值處理之股本工具	other comprehensive income	25	211,698	-
<b>具樂部會籍</b>	Club memberships		10,500	-
遞延税項資產	Deferred tax assets	42	116,962	98,698
			26,838,438	23,560,897
			20,000,100	23/333/33/
<b>法</b>	Current coats			
流動資產	Current assets	2.6		
物業存貨	Inventories of properties	26	4 202 600	4.760.045
一發展中	– under development		1,797,689	1,762,245
一已竣工	– completed	a =	3,993,950	3,557,462
其他存貨	Other inventories	27	415	1,952
聯營公司欠款	Amounts due from associates	28	202,792	223,992
合營企業欠款	Amounts due from joint ventures	29	1,333,437	1,789,769
非控股股東	Amounts due from non-controlling			
欠款	shareholders	30	18,391	18,832
應收貸款	Loans receivable	31	1,369,144	664,471
交易及其他應收賬款、	Trade and other receivables, deposits and			
按金及預付款	prepayments	32	331,494	441,271
土地使用權之預付租賃款	Prepaid lease payments on land use rights	20	892	898
持作買賣投資	Held-for-trading investments	33	_	81,527
透過損益按公允價值處理之	Financial assets at fair value through			
金融資產	profit or loss	24	229,885	-
透過損益按公允價值處理之	Equity securities at fair value through			
股本證券	profit or loss	34	49,390	<b>–</b> ĺ
預繳税項	Prepaid tax		2,791	84,170
用作抵押之銀行存款	Pledged bank deposits	48	552,663	186,202
銀行結存及現金	Bank balances and cash		2,293,386	4,782,753
			, ,	. ,
			12,176,319	13,595,544
			12,170,319	13,333,344
<b>注到</b> 在库				
流動負債	Current liabilities	2 -	4.0=0.0=:	4 506 045
交易及其他應付賬款	Trade and other payables	35	1,859,071	1,536,349
合約負債	Contract liabilities	36	1,991,420	
預售按金	Pre-sale deposits		_	2,491,148
税項負債	Tax liabilities		1,431,416	1,182,993
附息借款	Interest-bearing borrowings	37	1,328,035	865,566
免息借款	Interest-free borrowings	38	950,768	20,281
			7,560,710	6,096,337
			, ,	

# 綜合財務狀況表(續)

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (CONTINUED)

於二零一八年十二月三十一日 At 31st December, 2018

		附註 NOTES	2018 千港元 HK\$′000	2017 千港元 HK\$′000
流動資產淨值	Net current assets		4,615,609	7,499,207
總資產減流動負債	Total assets less current liabilities		31,454,047	31,060,104
股本及儲備	Capital and reserves			
股本	Share capital	39	3,788,814	3,788,814
儲備	Reserves	40	20,094,264	19,636,466
本公司股東應佔之	Equity attributable to owners of the			
權益	Company		23,883,078	23,425,280
非控股權益	Non-controlling interests		1,369,933	1,459,760
權益總額	Total equity		25,253,011	24,885,040
非流動負債	Non-current liabilities			
附息借款	Interest-bearing borrowings	37	3,402,238	3,513,564
一名租戶之遞延租金收入	Deferred rental income from a tenant	41	24,800	33,845
租戶之租金按金	Rental deposits from tenants		22,145	15,932
遞延税項負債	Deferred tax liabilities	42	2,751,853	2,611,723
			6,201,036	6,175,064
			31,454,047	31,060,104

刊載於第103頁至第271頁之綜合財務報表已於 二零一九年三月十五日經董事會通過及授權刊 發,並由下列董事代表簽署: The consolidated financial statements on pages 103 to 271 were approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 15th March, 2019 and are signed on its behalf by:

Patrick Lee Seng Wei 李成偉 Director 董事 Edwin Lo King Yau 勞景祐 Director 董事

# 綜合權益變動表 CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2018

於二零一七年十二月三十一日 At 31st December, 2017

,	,									
				Attributabl	本公司股東應佔 e to owners of th	e Company				
		股本 Share capital 千港元 HK\$'000	特殊 資本儲備 Special capital reserve 千港元 HK\$'000	匯兑 浮動儲備 Exchange translation reserve 千港元 HK\$'000	重估儲備 Revaluation reserves 千港元 HK\$'000 (附註40) (附註11) (note 40) (Note ii)	其他儲備 Other reserves 千港元 HK\$'000	累計溢利 Retained earnings 千港元 HK\$'000	總計 Total 千港元 HK\$*000	非控股權益 Non- controlling interests 千港元 HK\$'000	權益總額 Total Equity 千港元 HK\$'000
於二零一七年一月一日	At 1st January, 2017	3,788,814	1,417,669	232,124	97,985	(5,170)	15,981,789	21,513,211	538,184	22,051,395
換算為呈列貨幣所產生之 匯兑差異 換算海外業務所產生之	Exchange differences arising on translation to presentation currency Exchange differences arising on	-	-	575,005	-	-	-	575,005	918	575,923
進 進 進 進 進 進 進 進 進 進 進 進 進 進	translation of foreign operations Share of other comprehensive income of	-	-	19,231	-	-	-	19,231	-	19,231
其他全面收益可供出售投資公允價值之	associates and joint ventures Net change in fair value of	-	-	113,986	-	-	-	113,986	-	113,986
淨變動 可供出售投資之	available-for-sale investments Impairment loss on available-for-sale	=	-	-	(119,915)	-	-	(119,915)	539	(119,376)
減值虧損分類至損益 可供出售投資公允價值 之變動之遞延税項的	investments classified to profit or loss Deferred tax effect on change in fair value of available-for-sale	-	-	-	78,168	-	=	78,168	=	78,168
影響 於轉撥至投資物業時之 物業及預付租賃款	investments Surplus on revaluation of properties and prepaid lease payments upon transfer	-	-	-	2,338	-	-	2,338	-	2,338
重估盈餘 於轉撥至投資物業時之 物業重估之遞延	to investment properties  Deferred tax effect on revaluation of properties upon transfer to	-	-	-	8,764	-	-	8,764	1,243	10,007
税項的影響本年度溢利	investment properties Profit for the year	-	-	-	(5,953)	-	2,054,142	(5,953) 2,054,142	(895) 37,964	(6,848) 2,092,106
本年度全面收益(費用) 總額	Total comprehensive income (expense) for the year	-	-	708,222	(36,598)	-	2,054,142	2,725,766	39,769	2,765,535
收購一間附屬公司	Acquisition of a subsidiary								177.005	177.005
(附註9) 於出售一間附屬公司時轉撥 (附註8)	(note 9) Transfer on disposal of a subsidiary (note 8)	-	_	22 176	-	-	(22.176)	_	177,895	177,895
於出售一間聯營公司時轉撥 部份出售一間仍具控股權之	Transfer on disposal of an associate Partial disposal of a subsidiary without	-	-	23,176 (11,305)	-	-	(23,176) 11,305	-	-	-
附屬公司(附註i) 一間附屬公司的股份回購及	loss of control ( <i>Note i</i> ) Share repurchased and cancelled	-	-	-	-	(325,131)	-	(325,131)	814,831	489,700
註銷 股息分配	of a subsidiary Dividend recognised as distribution	-	-	-	=	1,134	-	1,134	(3,865)	(2,731)
(附註16) 股息分派予	(note 16) Dividend distributed to	-	-	-	-	-	(489,700)	(489,700)	-	(489,700)
非控股權益	non-controlling interests	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(107,054)	(107,054)

3,788,814 1,417,669

952,217

61,387

 $(329,167) \quad 17,534,360 \quad 23,425,280 \quad 1,459,760 \quad 24,885,040$ 

# 綜合權益變動表(續)

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY (CONTINUED)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2018

#### 本公司股東應佔 Attributable to owners of the Company

		股本 Share capital 千港元 HK\$'000	特殊 資本儲備 Special capital reserve 千港元 HK\$'000	匯兑 浮動儲備 Exchange translation reserve 千港元 HK\$'000	重估儲備 Revaluation reserves 千港元 HK\$'000 (附註4) (的註i)	其他儲備 Other reserves 千港元 HK\$'000	累計溢利 Retained earnings 千港元 HK\$'000	總計 Total 千港元 HK\$'000	非控股權益 Non- controlling interests 千港元 HK\$'000	權益總額 Total Equity 千港元 HK\$'000
於二零一七年十二月三十一日 會計政策變動的影響 <i>(附註2)</i>	At 31st December, 2017 Effect on changes in accounting policies (note 2)	3,788,814	1,417,669	952,217 -	61,387 (77,903)	(329,167)	17,534,360 77,903	23,425,280	1,459,760	24,885,040
於二零一八年一月一日(重列)	At 1st January, 2018 (restated)	3,788,814	1,417,669	952,217	(16,516)	(329,167)	17,612,263	23,425,280	1,459,760	24,885,040
換算為呈列貨幣所產生之 匯兑差異 換算海外業務所產生之 滙兑差異	Exchange differences arising on translation to presentation currency Exchange differences arising on translation of foreign operations	-	-	(297,565) (67,605)	-	-	-	(297,565) (67,605)	(16,927)	(314,492)
應佔聯營公司及合營企業之 其他全面費用 透過其他全面收益按公允價值處理之 股本工具投資公允	Share of other comprehensive expense of associates and joint ventures  Net change in fair value of investments in equity instruments at fair value	-	-	(64,920)	-	-	-	(64,920)	-	(64,920)
價值之淨變動 透過其他全面收益按公允價值處理之 股本工具投資公允	through other comprehensive income  Deferred tax effect on change in fair value of investment in an equity instrument at fair value	-	-	-	(64,955)	-	-	(64,955)	(1,681)	(66,636)
價值之變動之遞延稅項的影響 於轉廢至投資物業時之 物業及預付租賃款 重估盈餘	through other comprehensive income Surplus on revaluation of properties and prepaid lease payments upon transfer to investment properties	-	-	-	3,603 3,156	-	-	3,603	1,054	3,603 4,210
於轉廢至投資物業時之物業重估之 遞延稅項的影響	Deferred tax effect on revaluation of properties upon transfer to investment properties	_	_	-	(4,527)	_	-	(4,527)	(1,512)	(6,039)
其他 本年度溢利	Others Profit for the year	-	-	-	-	763 -	1,251,202	763 1,251,202	- 6,909	763 1,258,111
本年度全面(費用)收益總額	Total comprehensive (expense) income for the year	-	-	(430,090)	(62,723)	763	1,251,202	759,152	(12,157)	746,995
於出售透過其他全面收益按公允價值 處理之股本工具時轉廢重估儲備至 累計溢利 限息分配(附註16) 限息分派予非控股權益	Transfer of revaluation reserves to retained earnings upon disposal of equity instrument at fair value through other comprehensive income Dividend recognised as distribution (note 16) Dividend distributed to non-controlling interests	- - -	- - -	-	4,601 - -	-	(4,601) (301,354) -	(301,354)	- - (77,670)	- (301,354) (77,670)
於二零一八年十二月三十一日	At 31st December, 2018	3,788,814	1,417,669	522,127	(74,638)	(328,404)	18,557,510	23,883,078	1,369,933	25,253,011

#### 附註:

- (i) 於截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止年度內,本集團透過分派特別股息(於附註16披露)分派於亞證地產有限公司(「亞證地產」)15.77%之權益。特別股息之公允價值與非控股權益賬面值增加之325,131,000港元差異已直接於權益內之其他儲備確認。
- (ii) 於二零一八年一月一日及二零一八年十二月三十一日,本集團重估儲備包括透過其他全面收益按公允價值處理之股本工具(於二零一八年一月一日採用香港財務報告準則第9號前以可供出售(「可供出售」)投資作描述)公允價值調整所產生之投資重估儲備,以及於轉撥至投資物業時物業重估所產生之物業重估儲備。

#### Notes:

- (i) During the year ended 31st December, 2017, the Group distributed its 15.77% equity interest in Asiasec Properties Limited ("ASL") through distribution of special dividend as disclosed in note 16. The difference of HK\$325,131,000 between the fair value of the special dividend and the increase in carrying amount of the non-controlling interests had been recognised directly in equity under other reserves.
- (ii) Revaluation reserves of the Group as at 1st January, 2018 and 31st December, 2018 comprise the investment revaluation reserve arising from the fair value adjustment on equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income (previously described as available-for-sale ("AFS") investments prior to the adoption of HKFRS 9 on 1st January, 2018) and property revaluation reserve arising from revaluation of properties upon transfer to investment properties.

# 綜合現金流動表 CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2018

		附註 NOTES	2018 千港元 HK\$′000	2017 千港元 HK\$′000
<b>營運業務</b> 除稅前溢利 調整:	OPERATING ACTIVITIES Profit before tax Adjustments for:		1,867,569	2,556,443
其他收入及收益 一股息收入 一銀行存款及應收貸款	Other income and gains  - Dividend income  - Interest income on bank deposits and		(3,767)	(3,253)
利息收入 一來自合營企業之利息收入 可供出售投資之	loans receivable  - Interest income from joint ventures Impairment loss on available-for-sale		(273,035) (8,008)	(76,216) (22,252)
減值虧損持件買賣投資公允價值之	investments  Net decrease in fair value of		-	78,168
淨減少 透過損益按公允價值處理之金融	held-for-trading investments  Net decrease in fair value of financial		-	15,444
資產之公允價值淨減少 透過損益按公允價值處理之股本	assets at fair value through profit or loss Net decrease in fair value of equity securities		68,246	-
證券之公允價值淨減少 一名租戶之遞延租金收入 已竣工物業存貨轉撥至	at fair value through profit or loss Deferred rental income from a tenant Fair value gain on transfer of inventories		29,597 (8,267)	(8,461)
投資物業之公允價值 收益 投資物業公允價值之增加 已竣工物業存貨之	of completed properties to investment properties Increase in fair value of investment properties Write-down of (reversal of write-down of)		(229,137) (201,283)	(115,313) (338,453)
減值(減值撥回) 呆壞賬準備 確化聯營公司送到	inventories of completed properties Allowance for bad and doubtful debts		4,014	(1,020) 22,989 (00,148)
應佔聯營公司溢利 應佔合營企業溢利 融資成本	Share of profit of associates Share of profit of joint ventures Finance costs		(55,688) (378,774) 155,964	(99,148) (253,219) 153,841
折舊及攤銷 出售一間附屬公司之收益	Depreciation and amortisation Gain on disposal of a subsidiary	8	47,272	58,677 (1,633,977)
議價收購一間附屬公司之收益 出售及註銷物業、廠房及設備之 (收益)虧損	Gain on bargain purchase of a subsidiary (Gain) loss on disposal and write-off of property, plant and equipment	9	(78)	(60,856) 97
			(7-6)	J.
營運資金變動前之 營運現金流入 物業存貨減少(增加) 徐孫展物業及地雙往孫展	Operating cash inflows before movements in working capital  Decrease (increase) in inventories of properties  Increase in properties for development and deposits		1,014,625 904,598	273,491 (829,008)
待發展物業及收購待發展 物業之按金增加 其他存貨減少(增加)	for acquisition of properties for development Decrease (increase) in other inventories		(2,271,092) 1,537	(140,114) (1,266)
交易及其他應收賬款、 按金及預付款減少(增加) 透過損益按公允價值處理之	Decrease (increase) in trade and other receivables, deposits and prepayments Decrease in equity securities at fair value through		145,121	(38,781)
股本證券減少 受規管之銀行存款減少 交易及其他應付賬款增加	profit or loss  Decrease in restricted bank deposits Increase in trade and other payables		1,739 470,112 358,094	207,097 167,922
預售按金增加 合約負債減少 租戶之租金按金增加(減少)	Increase in pre-sale deposits Decrease in contract liabilities Increase (decrease) in rental deposits from tenants		(442,460) 6,579	733,909 - (11,096)
來自營運業務之現金 已付中國企業所得稅、土地增值稅	Cash from operations PRC Enterprise Income Tax, Land Appreciation Tax		188,853	362,154
(「土地增值税」)、海外税項及 香港所得税 中國企業所得税退税	("LAT"), overseas tax and Hong Kong Profits Tax paid PRC Enterprise Income Tax refunded		(103,771) 397	(148,114) 3,011
來自營運業務之現金淨值	NET CASH FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		85,479	217,051

# 綜合現金流動表(續) CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (CONTINUED) 載至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2018

		附註 NOTES	2018 千港元 HK\$′000	2017 千港元 HK\$′000
机次坐劲	INIVESTING ACTIVITIES			
投資業務	INVESTING ACTIVITIES		040 F11	110 100
已收利息 已收來自聯營公司的股息	Interest received Dividends received from associates		248,511	110,108
已收來自合營企業的股息	Dividends received from joint ventures		245,708	154,123 9,047
已收來自可供出售投資的	Dividends received from available-for-sale		243,700	9,047
股息	investments			3,253
已收來自透過其他全面收益按公允	Dividends received from equity instruments at fair		_	3,233
價值處理之股本工具的股息	value through other comprehensive income		2,101	_
已收來自透過損益按公允價值處理	Dividends received from financial assets at fair		2,101	
之金融資產的股息	value through profit or loss		657	_
購買物業、廠房及設備	Purchase of property, plant and equipment		(5,073)	(21,659)
出售物業、廠房及	Proceeds on disposal of property,		(2)	(,,
設備所得	plant and equipment		476	737
購買投資物業	Purchase of investment properties		(4,016)	(694,722)
出售投資物業扣除	Proceeds from disposal of investment properties,			
增值税所得	net of value added tax		12,548	2,008
收購一間附屬公司所產生之	Net cash outflow arising on acquisitions of			
現金流出淨值	a subsidiary	9	-	(131,522)
資本投入至聯營公司	Capital contribution to associates		-	(11,717)
收購一間合營企業	Acquisition of a joint venture		(1,495,701)	(18,072)
購買持作買賣投資	Purchase of held-for-trading investments		-	(5,941)
購買透過損益按公允價值處理之	Purchase of financial assets at fair value through			
金融資產	profit or loss		(396,855)	-
購買透過其他全面收益按公允價值	Purchase of equity instruments at fair value through		(40.404)	
處理之股本工具 ホカギルサルスを出せれる。	other comprehensive income		(42,134)	-
來自透過其他全面收益按公允價值	Proceeds from return of capital of an equity instrument		20.010	
處理之股本工具的資本返還所得 出售持作買賣投資所得	at fair value through other comprehensive income		28,919	11 260
本自出售一間附屬公司之 來自出售一間附屬公司之	Proceeds from disposal of held-for-trading investments Net cash inflow from disposal of		-	11,260
現金流入淨值	a subsidiary	8		1,071,943
有關出售附屬公司之	Deposits refunded in relation to disposal of	Ü	_	1,0/1,545
按金退回	subsidiaries		_	(182,256)
合營企業借款	Advances to joint ventures		(441,933)	(447,992)
合營企業還款	Repayment from joint ventures		61,182	266,230
聯營公司還款	Repayment from associates		121,454	=
歸還貸款	Loans repaid		265,678	364,047
給予貸款	Loans advanced		(1,112,476)	(625,153)
用作抵押之銀行存款之提取	Withdrawal of pledged bank deposits		179,075	87,310
用作抵押之銀行存款之存入	Placement of pledged bank deposits		(550,000)	(3,721)
用於投資業務之現金淨值	NET CASH USED IN INVESTING ACTIVITIES		(2,881,879)	(62,689)
				_

# 綜合現金流動表(續) CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (CONTINUED) 截至□零━八年十二月三十一日止年度

For the year ended 31st December, 2018

		2018 千港元 HK\$'000	2017 千港元 HK\$′000
=1.7m /W 7h			
<b>融資業務</b> 已付利息	FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(202.061)	(106 100)
已付股息	Interest paid Dividend paid	(203,961) (301,354)	(186,189)
已付予非控股股東股息	Dividend paid to non-controlling shareholders	(77,670)	(107,054)
新借銀行及其他貸款	New bank and other loans raised	1,557,395	2,681,230
歸還銀行及其他貸款	Repayment of bank and other loans	(1,087,483)	(1,868,741)
一間附屬公司的股份回購及註銷	Share repurchased and cancelled of a subsidiary	_	(2,731)
來自聯營公司借款	Advances from associates	6,128	-
來自合營企業借款	Advances from joint ventures	932,111	10,789
歸還合營企業借款	Repayment to joint ventures	(3,128)	-
歸還一個合營企業伙伴借款	Repayment to a joint venture partner	-	(70,588)
來自融資業務之現金淨值	NET CASH FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	822,038	456,716
不日限貝未仿之先立序且	NET CASH FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	022,030	430,710
現金及現金等值項目 (減少)增加淨額	NET (DECREASE) INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(1,974,362)	611,078
於一月一日之現金及 現金等值項目	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT 1ST JANUARY	4,194,781	3,559,907
外匯兑換率改變之影響	Effect of foreign exchange rate changes	(44,893)	23,796
於十二月三十一日之 現金及現金等值項目	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT 31ST DECEMBER	2,175,526	4,194,781
現金及現金等值 項目結存分析	ANALYSIS OF THE BALANCES OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		
銀行結存及現金	Bank balances and cash	2,293,386	4,782,753
滅:受規管之銀行存款(附註)	Less: restricted bank deposits (Note)	(117,860)	(587,972)
		2,175,526	4,194,781

附註:受規管銀行存款包括在銀行結存及現金,該類銀 行結存只能用於指定的物業發展項目。

Note: The restricted bank deposits are included in bank balances and cash which can only be applied in the designated property development projects.

# 綜合財務報表附註 NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2018

#### 1. 概括

天安中國投資有限公司(「本公司」)為一間在香港註冊成立之公眾上市有限公司,其股份在香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)上市。本公司註冊辦事處地址亦即是主要營業地點於本年報「公司資料」一節中披露。

本公司及其附屬公司(統稱「本集團」)主要從事物業發展及投資,提供物業管理及投資控股。本公司之功能貨幣為人民幣(「人民幣」),因本集團之大部份業務均在中華人民共和國(「中國」)經營。綜合財務報表以香港貨幣(「港元」)呈列,這與本公司的功能貨幣有所不同。考慮到本公司之上市地方,本公司之董事(「董事」)認為港元乃是最合適之呈列貨幣。

# 2. 應用香港財務報告準則(「香港財務 報告準則 |) 之新訂及修訂本

## 於本年度強制生效之香港財務報告準則 之新訂及修訂本

於本年度,本集團已首次應用下列由香港會計師公會(「香港會計師公會」)頒佈之香港財務報告準則之新訂及修訂本:

香港財務報告準則第9號 金融工具

香港財務報告準則第15號 來自客戶合約的收入及相關修

訂本

香港(國際財務報告詮釋 外幣交易及墊付代價

委員會)一詮釋第22號

香港財務報告準則 以股份為基準的付款交易的分

第2號修訂本 類及計量

香港財務報告準則 與香港財務報告準則第4號保 第4號修訂本 險合約一併應用的香港財務

訂本 險合約一併應用的香港財務 報告準則第9號金融工具

香港會計準則第28號 作為香港財務報告準則二零

一四年至二零一六年週期之 年度改進之一部份

香港會計準則第40號 修訂本

修訂本

轉撥投資物業

#### 1. GENERAL

Tian An China Investments Company Limited ("Company") is a public limited company incorporated in Hong Kong and its securities are listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited ("Stock Exchange"). The address of the registered office which is also principal place of business of the Company is disclosed in the "Corporate Information" section of the annual report.

The principal activities of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") are property development and investment, provision of property management and investment holding. The functional currency of the Company is Renminbi ("RMB") as the Group conducts most of its operations in the People's Republic of China ("PRC"). The consolidated financial statements are presented in the currency of Hong Kong ("Hong Kong Dollars") which is different from the functional currency of the Company, as the directors of the Company ("Directors") consider that Hong Kong Dollars is the most appropriate presentation currency in view of its place of listing.

# 2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND AMENDMENTS TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs")

# New and amendments to HKFRSs that are mandatorily effective for the current year

The Group has applied the following new and amendments to HKFRSs issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") for the first time in the current year:

HKFKS 9	Financial instruments
HKFRS 15	Revenue from Contracts with Customers
	and the related Amendments
HK (IFRIC) – Int 22	Foreign Currency Transactions and
	Advance Consideration
Amendments to HKFRS 2	Classification and Measurement of Share-
	based Payment Transactions
Amendments to HKFRS 4	Applying HKFRS 9 Financial Instruments
	with HKFRS 4 Insurance Contracts

Amendments to HKAS 28 As part of the Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2014-2016 Cycle

Amendments to HKAS 40 Transfers of Investment Property

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2018

# 2. 應用香港財務報告準則(「香港財務 報告準則」)之新訂及修訂本(續)

# 於本年度強制生效之香港財務報告準則 之新訂及修訂本(續)

除下所述者外,本年度應用香港財務報告準則 之新訂及修訂本對本集團於本年度及過往年度 之財務表現及狀況及/或載於該等綜合財務報 表之披露並無重大影響。

## 2.1 香港財務報告準則第15號來自客戶合 約的收入

本集團已於本年度首次應用香港財務報告準則 第15號。香港財務報告準則第15號取代香港會 計準則第18號「收入」、香港會計準則第11號 「建築合約」及相關詮釋。

本集團已追溯應用香港財務報告準則第15號,並於二零一八年一月一日首次應用日確認首次應用該準則的累計影響。於首次應用日的任何差異於期初累計溢利(或權益的其他部分,根適用)確認及比較資料並未重列。此外,根據香港財務報告準則第15號的過渡條文,本集團已選擇只追溯應用該準則於二零一八年一月一日尚未完成的合約。因此,若干比較資料可能無法比較,因為比較資料乃根據香港會計準則第18號「收入」及香港會計準則第11號「建築合約」及相關詮釋而編製。

#### 本集團從以下主要來源確認收入:

- 出售已竣工物業
- 租金收入(不在香港財務報告準則第15號 的範圍內)
- 物業管理費用收入

有關本集團應用香港財務報告準則第15號所產生之履約責任及會計政策的資料分別於附註3及5披露。

# 2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND AMENDMENTS TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (CONTINUED)

# New and amendments to HKFRSs that are mandatorily effective for the current year (continued)

Except as described below, the application of the new and amendments to HKFRSs in the current year has had no material impact on the Group's financial performance and positions for the current and prior years and/or on the disclosures set out in these consolidated financial statements.

#### 2.1 HKFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers

The Group has applied HKFRS 15 for the first time in the current year. HKFRS 15 superseded HKAS 18 "Revenue", HKAS 11 "Construction Contracts" and the related interpretations.

The Group has applied HKFRS 15 retrospectively with the cumulative effect of initially applying this standard recognised at the date of initial application, 1st January, 2018. Any difference at the date of initial application is recognised in the opening retained earnings (or other components of equity, as appropriate) and comparative information has not been restated. Furthermore, in accordance with the transition provisions in HKFRS 15, the Group has elected to apply the standard retrospectively only to contracts that are not completed at 1st January, 2018. Accordingly, certain comparative information may not be comparable as comparative information was prepared under HKAS 18 "Revenue" and HKAS 11 "Construction Contracts" and the related interpretations.

The Group recognises revenue from the following major sources:

- Sales of completed properties
- Rental income (not within the scope of HKFRS 15)
- Property management fee income

Information about the Group's performance obligations and the accounting policies resulting from application of HKFRS 15 are disclosed in notes 3 and 5 respectively.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2018

- 2. 應用香港財務報告準則(「香港財務 報告準則」)之新訂及修訂本(續)
- 2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND AMENDMENTS TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (CONTINUED)
- 2.1 香港財務報告準則第15號來自客戶合 約的收入(續)
- 2.1 HKFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers (continued)

### 首次應用香港財務報告準則第15號所產生 的影響之概要

# Summary of effects arising from initial application of HKFRS 15

應用香港財務報告準則第15號對於本年度的收入的時間及金額及於二零一八年一月一日的累計溢利並無重大影響。

The application of the HKFRS 15 has no significant impact on the timing and amounts of revenue in the current year and retained earnings at 1st January, 2018.

已對於二零一八年一月一日的綜合財務狀況表 所確認之金額作出以下調整。未包含未受變動 影響的項目。 The following adjustments were made to the amounts recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position at 1st January, 2018. Line items that were not affected by the changes have not been included.

		早前於		根據
		二零一七年		香港財務報告
		十二月三十一日		準則第15號
		所呈報之		於二零一八年
		賬面值		一月一日之
		Carrying		賬面值
		amounts		Carrying
		previously		amounts under
		reported at		HKFRS 15 at
		31st December,	重新分類	1st January,
		2017	Reclassification	2018
		千港元	千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
流動負債	<b>Current liabilities</b>			
預售按金	Pre-sale deposits	2,491,148	(2,491,148)	-
合約負債	Contract liabilities	_	2,491,148	2,491,148

於首次應用日,與出售物業予客戶所收取的代價相關之預售按金為2,491,148,000港元。當應用香港財務報告準則第15號時,此結餘重新分類至合約負債。

At the date of initial application, pre-sale deposits of HK\$2,491,148,000 related to the consideration received from sales of properties to customers. This balance was reclassified to contract liabilities upon application of HKFRS 15.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2018

- 2. 應用香港財務報告準則(「香港財務 報告準則」)之新訂及修訂本(續)
- 2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND AMENDMENTS TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (CONTINUED)
- 2.1 香港財務報告準則第15號來自客戶合 約的收入(續)
- 2.1 HKFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers (continued)

### 首次應用香港財務報告準則第15號所產生 的影響之概要(續)

# Summary of effects arising from initial application of HKFRS 15 (continued)

下表概述應用香港財務報告準則第15號對本集團於二零一八年十二月三十一日的綜合財務狀況表及截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度綜合現金流動表上受影響的各項目之影響。應用香港財務報告準則第15號對本集團綜合損益及其他全面收益表並無任何影響。未包含未受變動影響的項目。

The following tables summarise the impacts of applying HKFRS 15 on the Group's consolidated statement of financial position as at 31st December, 2018 and consolidated statement of cash flows for the year ended 31st December, 2018 for each of the line items affected. Application of HKFRS 15 did not have any impact on the Group's consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income for the current year. Line items that were not affected by the changes have not been included.

#### 對綜合財務狀況表之影響

#### Impact on the consolidated statement of financial position

				未應用
				香港財務報告
				準則第15號
				之金額
				Amount
		所呈報		without
		As	重新分類	application of
		reported	Reclassification	HKFRS 15
		千港元	千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
流動負債	<b>Current liabilities</b>			
預售按金	Pre-sale deposits	_	1,991,420	1,991,420
合約負債	Contract liabilities	1,991,420	(1,991,420)	

當應用香港財務報告準則第15號時,與出售物業予客戶所收取的代價相關之預售按金1,991,420,000港元重新分類至合約負債。

Upon application of HKFRS 15, pre-sale deposits of HK\$1,991,420,000 related to the consideration received from sales of properties to customers was reclassified to contract liabilities.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2018

- 2. 應用香港財務報告準則(「香港財務 報告準則」)之新訂及修訂本(續)
- 2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND AMENDMENTS TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (CONTINUED)
- 2.1 香港財務報告準則第15號來自客戶合 約的收入(續)
- 2.1 HKFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers (continued)

首次應用香港財務報告準則第15號所產生 的影響之概要(續) Summary of effects arising from initial application of HKFRS 15 (continued)

對綜合現金流動表之影響

Impact on the consolidated statement of cash flows

				未應用 香港財務報告 準則第15號 之金額 Amount
		所呈報	舌纸八粨	without
		As reported	重新分類 Reclassification	application of HKFRS 15
		千港元 HK\$'000	千港元 HK\$′000	千港元 HK\$′000
<b>營運業務</b> 預售按金減少	OPERATING ACTIVITIES  Decrease in pre-sale deposits		(442,460)	(442,460)
合約負債減少	Decrease in contract liabilities	(442,460)	442,460	(442,460)

當應用香港財務報告準則第15號時,預售按金減少442,460,000港元重新分類至合約負債減少。

Upon application of HKFRS 15, decrease in pre-sale deposits of HK\$442,460,000 was reclassified to decrease in contract liabilities.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2018

# 2. 應用香港財務報告準則(「香港財務 報告準則」)之新訂及修訂本(續)

# 2.2 HKFRS 9 Financial Instruments

#### 2.2 香港財務報告準則第9號金融工具

於本年度,本集團已應用香港財務報告準則第 9號「金融工具」及其他香港財務報告準則的相關相應的修訂本。香港財務報告準則第9號引入新規定:(i)金融資產及金融負債之分類及計量:(ii)金融資產及其他項目(例如:應收租賃款項及財務擔保合同)的預期信貸虧損(「預期信貸虧損」)以及(iii)一般對沖會計法。

本集團已根據香港財務報告準則第9號所載的 過渡條文應用香港財務報告準則第9號,即對 於二零一八年一月一日(首次應用日)尚未終 止確認的工具已追溯應用分類及計量規定(包 括預期信貸虧損模式下的減值)以及對於二零 一八年一月一日已終止確認的工具未應用該等 規定。於二零一七年十二月三十一日的賬面值 與二零一八年一月一日的賬面值之間的差額於 期初累計溢利及權益的其他部分確認,而比較 資料並未重列。

因此,若干比較資料可能無法比較,因為比較 資料根據香港會計準則第39號「金融工具:確 認及計量」編製。

有關應用香港財務報告準則第9號「金融工具」 所產生的會計政策披露於附註3。 In the current year, the Group has applied HKFRS 9 "Financial Instruments" and the related consequential amendments to other HKFRSs. HKFRS 9 introduces new requirements for (i) the classification and measurement of financial assets and financial liabilities; (ii) expected credit losses ("ECL") for financial assets and other items (for example, lease receivables and financial guarantee contracts); and (iii) general hedge accounting.

2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND AMENDMENTS

**STANDARDS ("HKFRSs")** (CONTINUED)

TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING

The Group has applied HKFRS 9 in accordance with the transition provisions set out in HKFRS 9, i.e. applied the classification and measurement requirements (including impairment under ECL model) retrospectively to instruments that have not been derecognised as at 1st January, 2018 (date of initial application) and has not applied the requirements to instruments that have already been derecognised as at 1st January, 2018. The difference between carrying amounts as at 31st December, 2017 and the carrying amounts as at 1st January, 2018 are recognised in the opening retained earnings and other components of equity, without restating comparative information.

Accordingly, certain comparative information may not be comparable as comparative information was prepared under HKAS 39 "Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement".

Accounting policies resulting from application of HKFRS 9 are disclosed in note 3.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2018

- 2. 應用香港財務報告準則(「香港財務 報告準則」)之新訂及修訂本(續)
- 2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND AMENDMENTS TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (CONTINUED)
- 2.2 香港財務報告準則第9號金融工具(續)
- 2.2 HKFRS 9 Financial Instruments (continued)

### 首次應用香港財務報告準則第9號所產生 的影響概要

/響概要

下表說明根據香港財務報告準則第9號及香港會計準則第39號於首次應用日二零一八年一月一日受到預期信貸虧損影響的金融資產及其他項目之分類及計量。

The table below illustrates the classification and measurement of financial assets and other items subject to ECL under HKFRS 9 and HKAS 39 at the date of initial application, 1st January, 2018.

Summary of effects arising from initial application of HKFRS 9

			透過損益					
			按公允價值處理					
			之股本證券					
			(早前被分類為					
			持作買賣投資)					
			Equity		透過其他			
			securities		全面收益按			
			at fair value	透過損益	公允價值處理			
			through profit	按公允價值處理	之股本工具			
			or loss	之金融資產	Equity			
			(previously	Financial	instruments			
		可供出售投資	classified	assets at	at fair value			
		Available-	as held-	fair value	through other	俱樂部會籍	重估儲備	累計溢利
		for-sale	for-trading	through profit	comprehensive	Club	Revaluation	Retained
		investments	investments)	or loss	income	memberships	reserves	earnings
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		(附註a)	(附註b)	(附註a)	(附註a)	(附註a)	(附註a)	(附註a)
		(Note a)	(Note b)	(Note a)	(Note a)	(Note a)	(Note a)	(Note a)
於二零一七年十二月三十一日	Closing balance at							
が二零一七千1二月二1一日 之期末結餘	31st December, 2017							
一香港會計準則第39號	- HKAS 39	292,370	81,527				61,387	17 524 260
				10.566	260 204	10.500		17,534,360
重新分類	Reclassification	(292,370)	_	12,566	269,304	10,500	(77,903)	77,903

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2018

# 2. 應用香港財務報告準則(「香港財務 報告準則」)之新訂及修訂本(續)

# 2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND AMENDMENTS TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (CONTINUED)

#### 2.2 香港財務報告準則第9號金融工具(續)

#### 2.2 HKFRS 9 Financial Instruments (continued)

首次應用香港財務報告準則第9號所產生 的影響概要(續) Summary of effects arising from initial application of HKFRS 9 (continued)

附註:

Notes:

#### (a) 可供出售投資

#### (a) AFS investments

可供出售之股本投資的重新分類

Reclassification of AFS equity investments

本集團選擇於其他全面收益(「其他全面收益」)呈列 所有早前被分類為可供出售投資的股本投資的公允 價格變動。該等投資不是持作買賣,亦不預期於 可見將來出售。於香港財務報告準則第9號的首次 應用日,269,304,000港元及12,566,000港元分別 從可供出售投資重新分類至透過其他全面收益按公 允價值處理(「透過其他全面收益按公允價值處理」) 之股本工具及透過損益按公允價值處理(「透過損益 按公允價值處理」)之金融資產。該等重新分類至透 過其他全面收益按公允價值處理之股本工具的投資 之公允價值收益49,529,000港元繼續累計於重估 儲備。該重新分類至透過損益按公允價值處理之金 融資產的投資之公允價值虧損265,000港元於二零 一八年一月一日從重估儲備轉撥至累計溢利。早前 確認於可供出售投資(現在根據香港財務報告準則 第9號分類為透過其他全面收益按公允價值處理之 股本工具)之減值虧損78,168,000港元於二零一八 年一月一日從累計溢利轉撥至重估儲備。此外,本 集團的俱樂部會籍10,500,000港元從可供出售之金 融資產重新分類至俱樂部會籍。

The Group elected to present in other comprehensive income ("OCI") for the fair value changes of all its equity investments previously classified as available-for-sale investments. These investments are not held for trading and not expected to be sold in the foreseeable future. At the date of initial application of HKFRS 9, HK\$269,304,000 and HK\$12,566,000 were reclassified from available-for-sale investments to equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVTOCI") and financial assets at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL") respectively. The fair value gains of HK\$49,529,000 relating to those investments reclassified to equity instruments at FVTOCI continued to accumulate in revaluation reserves. The fair value losses of HK\$265,000 relating to the investment reclassified to financial asset at FVTPL were transferred from revaluation reserves to retained earnings as at 1st January, 2018. Impairment loss previously recognised on available-forsale investments now classified as equity instrument at FVTOCI under HKFRS 9 of HK\$78,168,000 was transferred from retained earnings to revaluation reserves as at 1st January, 2018. In addition, the Group's club memberships of HK\$10,500,000 were reclassified from available-for-sale financial assets to club memberships.

#### (b) 透過損益按公允價值處理之股本證券

#### (b) Equity securities at FVTPL

持作買賣的股本證券投資須根據香港財務報告準則 第9號分類為透過損益按公允價值處理。應用香港 財務報告準則第9號對與該等資產相關的確認金額 並無影響。 Investments are equity securities held for trading which are required to be classified as FVTPL under HKFRS 9. There was no impact on the amounts recognised in relation to these assets upon the application of HKFRS 9.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2018

# 2. 應用香港財務報告準則(「香港財務 報告準則」)之新訂及修訂本(續)

# 2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND AMENDMENTS TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (CONTINUED)

#### 2.2 香港財務報告準則第9號金融工具(續)

#### 2.2 HKFRS 9 Financial Instruments (continued)

首次應用香港財務報告準則第9號所產生 的影響概要(續) Summary of effects arising from initial application of HKFRS 9 (continued)

附註:(續)

Notes: (continued)

#### (c) 預期信貸虧損模式下的減值

#### (c) Impairment under ECL model

本集團應用香港財務報告準則第9號簡化方法以計量預期信貸虧損,即就所有交易應收賬款採用終身預期信貸虧損。為了計量預期信貸虧損,交易應收 賬款已根據共同的信貸風險特徵分組。 The Group applies the HKFRS 9 simplified approach to measure ECL which uses a lifetime ECL for all trade receivables. To measure the ECL, trade receivables have been grouped based on shared credit risk characteristics.

按攤銷成本列賬之其他金融資產的虧損撥備主要包括其他應收賬款及按金、用作抵押的銀行存款、銀行結存、合營企業/聯營公司/非控股股東欠款以及應收貸款,並根據12個月的預期信貸虧損(「12個月的預期信貸虧損」)計量,而信貸風險自首次確認後並無大幅增加。

Loss allowances for other financial assets at amortised cost mainly comprise of other receivables and deposits, pledged bank deposits, bank balances, amounts due from joint ventures/associates/non-controlling shareholders and loans receivable are measured on 12-month ECL ("12m ECL") basis and there had been no significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition.

應用香港財務報告準則第9號對本報告期的金融資 產減值撥備及於二零一八年一月一日的累計溢利並 無重大影響。 The application of the HKFRS 9 has no significant impact on the provision of impairment of financial assets in the current reporting period and retained earnings at 1st January, 2018.

# 2.3 香港會計準則第40號修訂本轉撥投資 物業

#### 2.3 Amendments to HKAS 40 Transfers of Investment Property

該等修訂本澄清,轉撥至或轉撥自投資物業需要評估物業是否符合或已不再符合投資物業的定義,並以憑證支持用途已改變的觀點。該等修訂本進一步澄清,除香港會計準則第40號所列情況外,其他情況可作為用途已改變的憑證,而在建物業亦有可能出現用途改變的情況(即不僅限於已竣工物業用途改變)。

The amendments clarify that a transfer to, or from, investment property necessitates an assessment of whether a property meets, or has ceased to meet, the definition of investment property, supported by evidence that a change in use has occurred. The amendments further clarify that situations other than the ones listed in HKAS 40 may evidence a change in use, and that a change in use is possible for properties under construction (i.e. a change in use is not limited to completed properties).

於首次應用日,本集團根據該日存在的情況評估若干物業分類,而對於二零一八年一月一日的分類並無影響。

At the date of initial application, the Group assessed the classification of certain properties based on conditions existed at that date, there is no impact to the classification at 1st January, 2018.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2018

- 2. 應用香港財務報告準則(「香港財務 報告準則」)之新訂及修訂本(續)
- 2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND AMENDMENTS TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (CONTINUED)
- 2.4 應用所有新準則、修訂本以及詮釋對 期初綜合財務狀況表所產生的影響
- 2.4 Impacts on opening consolidated statement of financial position arising from the application of all new standards, amendments and interpretation

由於上述本集團的會計政策變動,期初綜合財務狀況表須重列。下表顯示確認於各個別項目的調整。未包含未受變動影響的項目。

As a result of the changes in the Group's accounting policies above, the opening consolidated statement of financial position had to be restated. The following table shows the adjustments recognised for each individual line items affected. Line items that were not affected by the changes have not been included.

		(經審核)			(經重列)
		二零一七年			二零一八年
		十二月三十一日			一月一日
		(Audited)	香港財務報告	香港財務報告	(Restated)
		31st December,	準則第15號	準則第9號	1st January,
		2017	HKFRS 15	HKFRS 9	2018
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
非流動資產	Non-current assets				
可供出售投資	Available-for-sale investments	292,370	-	(292,370)	-
透過損益按公允價值處理之	Financial assets				
金融資產	at FVTPL	_	_	12,566	12,566
透過其他全面收益按公允	Equity instruments				
價值處理之股本工具	at FVTOCI	_	_	269,304	269,304
俱樂部會籍	Club memberships	_	_	10,500	10,500
流動負債	Current liabilities				
預售按金	Pre-sale deposits	2,491,148	(2,491,148)	_	-
合約負賃	Contract liabilities	_	2,491,148	_	2,491,148
股本及儲備	Capital and reserves				
重估儲備	Revaluation reserves	61,387	_	(77,903)	(16,516)
累計溢利	Retained earnings	17,534,360	-	77,903	17,612,263

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2018

# 2. 應用香港財務報告準則(「香港財務 報告準則」)之新訂及修訂本(續)

# 2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND AMENDMENTS TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING **STANDARDS ("HKFRSs")** (CONTINUED)

### 已頒布但尚未生效的新訂及經修訂香港 財務報告準則

# New and amendments to HKFRSs in issue but not yet effective

本集團並無提早應用以下已頒布但尚未生效的 新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則:

The Group has not early applied the following new and amendments to HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective:

香港財務報告準則第16號 香港財務報告準則第17號 香港(國際財務報告詮釋

和賃1 保險合約2

HKFRS 17

HKFRS 16

Leases1

所得税處理之不確定性1

合營企業之間的資產

計劃之修訂、縮減或結算1

銷售或注資3

重大性的定義5

Insurance Contracts<sup>2</sup>

HK(IFRIC)-Int 23

Uncertainty over Income Tax

委員會)- 詮釋第23號

Treatments1

香港財務報告準則第3號

業務的定義4

Amendments to HKFRS 3

Definition of a Business<sup>4</sup>

修訂本 香港財務報告準則第9號

修訂本

具有負補償之預付款特點1

Amendments to HKFRS 9

Prepayment Features with Negative

香港財務報告準則第10號

投資者與其聯營公司或

Compensation<sup>1</sup> Amendments to HKFRS 10 Sale or Contribution of Assets between

及香港會計準則第28號

an Investor and its Associate or Joint

修訂本

and HKAS 28

Venture3

香港會計準則第1號及

Amendments to HKAS 1

Definition of Material<sup>5</sup>

第8號修訂本 香港會計準則第19號 and HKAS 8

Plan Amendment, Curtailment or

修訂本

修訂本

Amendments to HKAS 19

Settlement1

香港會計準則第28號 於聯營公司及合營企業之

香港財務報告準則修訂本

Long-term Interests in Associates and Joint

長期權益1

Amendments to HKAS 28

Ventures1

香港財務報告準則二零一五 年至二零一七年週期年度

改進1

Amendments to HKFRSs Annual Improvements to HKFRSs

2015-2017 Cycle1

- 於二零一九年一月一日或之後開始之年度期間生效
- 於二零二一年一月一日或之後開始之年度期間生效
- 於將釐定的日期或之後開始的年度期間生效
- 適用於收購日期為於二零二零年一月一日或之後開 始的首個年度期間開始當日或之後進行的業務合併 及資產收購
- 於二零二零年一月一日或之後開始之年度期間生效
- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1st January, 2019
- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1st January, 2021
- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after a date to be determined
- Effective for business combinations and asset acquisitions for which the acquisition date is on or after the beginning of the first annual period beginning on or after 1st January, 2020
- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1st January, 2020

除下文所述之新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則 外,董事預期應用所有其他新訂及經修訂香港 財務報告準則於可見將來將不會對綜合財務報 表造成重大影響。

Except for the new and amendments to HKFRSs mentioned below, the Directors anticipate that the application of all other new and amendments to HKFRSs will have no material impact on the consolidated financial statements in the foreseeable future.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2018

# 2. 應用香港財務報告準則(「香港財務 報告準則」)之新訂及修訂本(續)

# TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (CONTINUED)

2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND AMENDMENTS

# 已頒布但尚未生效的新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則(續)

# New and amendments to HKFRSs in issue but not yet effective (continued)

#### 香港財務報告準則第16號租賃

#### **HKFRS 16 Leases**

香港財務報告準則第16號為識別租賃安排及出租人及承租人的會計處理引入一個全面模式。當香港財務報告準則第16號生效時,將取代香港會計準則第17號「租賃」及相關的詮釋。

HKFRS 16 introduces a comprehensive model for the identification of lease arrangements and accounting treatments for both lessors and lessees. HKFRS 16 will supersede HKAS 17 "Leases" and the related interpretations when it becomes effective.

香港財務報告準則第16號根據所識別資產是否由客戶控制來區分租賃及服務合約。另外,香港財務報告準則第16號規定銷售和回租交易須根據香港財務報告準則第15號之規定來釐定有關資產的轉移應否視為銷售。香港財務報告準則第16號亦包含與分租和租賃修訂之相關規定。

HKFRS 16 distinguishes lease and service contracts on the basis of whether an identified asset is controlled by a customer. In addition, HKFRS 16 requires sales and leaseback transactions to be determined based on the requirements of HKFRS 15 as to whether the transfer of the relevant asset should be accounted as a sale. HKFRS 16 also includes requirements relating to subleases and lease modifications.

除短期租賃及低價值資產租賃外,經營租賃及 融資租賃的差異從承租人會計法中移除,並由 承租人須就所有租賃確認使用權資產及相應負 債的模式替代。 Distinctions of operating leases and finance leases are removed for lessee accounting, and is replaced by a model where a right-of-use asset and a corresponding liability have to be recognised for all leases by lessees, except for short-term leases and leases of low value assets.

使用權資產最初按成本計量,隨後以成本(惟若干例外情況除外)減累計折舊及減值虧損計量,並就租賃負債的任何重新計量而作出調整。租賃負債最初按租賃款項(非當日支付)之現值計量。隨後,租賃負債會就(其中包括)利息及租賃款項以及租賃修訂的影響作出調整。就現金流量分類而言,本集團目前將前期預付租賃款項呈列為與自用租賃土地及分類為投資物業的租賃土地有關的投資現金流量,而其他經營租賃款項則呈列為經營現金流量。

The right-of-use asset is initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost (subject to certain exceptions) less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, adjusted for any remeasurement of the lease liability. The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at that date. Subsequently, the lease liability is adjusted for interest and lease payments, as well as the impact of lease modifications, amongst others. For the classification of cash flows, the Group currently presents upfront prepaid lease payments as investing cash flows in relation to leasehold lands for owned use and those classified as investment properties while other operating lease payments are presented as operating cash flows.

於應用香港財務報告準則第16號時,本集團 將有關租賃負債的租賃款項分為本金及利息部 分,並以本集團融資現金流量呈列。而前期預 付租賃款將繼續視乎情況按性質以投資或營運 現金流量呈列。

Upon application of HKFRS 16, lease payments in relation to lease liability will be allocated into a principal and an interest portion which will be presented as financing cash flows by the Group, upfront prepaid lease payments will continue to be presented as investing or operating cash flows in accordance to the nature, as appropriate.

除適用於出租人的若干要求外,香港財務報告 準則第16號大致上轉承香港會計準則第17號之 出租人會計法規定,並繼續要求出租人將租賃 分類為經營租賃或融資租賃。 Other than certain requirements which are also applicable to lessor, HKFRS 16 substantially carries forward the lessor accounting requirements in HKAS 17, and continues to require a lessor to classify a lease either as an operating lease or a finance lease.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2018

# 2. 應用香港財務報告準則(「香港財務 報告準則」)之新訂及修訂本(續)

# 2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND AMENDMENTS TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (CONTINUED)

# 已頒布但尚未生效的新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則(續)

# New and amendments to HKFRSs in issue but not yet effective (continued)

#### 香港財務報告準則第16號租賃(續)

#### HKFRS 16 Leases (continued)

此外,香港財務報告準則第16號要求廣泛披露。

Furthermore, extensive disclosures are required by HKFRS 16.

於二零一八年十二月三十一日,誠如附註43披露,本集團擁有剩餘租賃期為一年內的不可撤銷經營租賃承擔1,915,000港元。初步評估表明,該等安排符合租賃定義。於應用香港財務報告準則第16號時,本集團將應用可行的權宜之計記賬該等租賃為短期租賃。

As at 31st December, 2018, the Group has non-cancellable operating lease commitments of HK\$1,915,000 with remaining lease term to be ended within one year as disclosed in note 43. A preliminary assessment indicates that these arrangements will meet the definition of a lease. Upon application of HKFRS 16, the Group will apply practical expedient to account for these leases as short-term leases.

採用新規定或會導致上述計量、呈列及披露的 變動。 The application of new requirements may result in changes in measurement, presentation and disclosure as indicated above.

# 香港財務報告準則第10號及香港會計準則 第28號修訂本投資者與其聯營公司或合營 企業之間的資產銷售或注資

# Amendments to HKFRS 10 and HKAS 28 Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture

香港財務報告準則第10號修訂本「綜合財務報表」及香港會計準則第28號「於聯營公司司及香港會計準則第28號「於聯營公司司及查營企業之投資」處理當投資者與其聯營公司司營企業之間有資產銷售或注資的情況。目標查法入賬的有關公司或各營企業,就失去一間並無包養的附屬公司之損益內確認,並僅以非相關公司之損益內確認,並僅以非相關投資者於該聯營公司或合營企業(以的計量至公允價值所帶來的收益及虧損,於對於數學公司或合營企業之權益為限。

The amendments to HKFRS 10 "Consolidated Financial Statements" and HKAS 28 "Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures" deal with situations where there is a sale or contribution of assets between an investor and its associate or joint venture. Specifically, the amendments state that gains or losses resulting from the loss of control of a subsidiary that does not contain a business in a transaction with an associate or a joint venture that is accounted for using the equity method, are recognised in the parent's profit or loss only to the extent of the unrelated investors' interests in that associate or joint venture. Similarly, gains and losses resulting from the remeasurement of investments retained in any former subsidiary (that has become an associate or a joint venture that is accounted for using the equity method) to fair value are recognised in the former parent's profit or loss only to the extent of the unrelated investors' interests in the new associate or joint venture.

該等修訂本按未來適用基準應用於發生於一個 待定的日期或之後開始之年度期間之交易。董 事預期,當該等交易發生,應用香港財務報告 準則第10號及香港會計準則第28號之該等修訂 本可能會對本集團於未來期間的綜合財務報表 造成影響。 The amendments are to be applied prospectively to transactions occurring in annual periods beginning on or after a date to be determined. The Directors anticipate that the application of these amendments to HKFRS 10 and HKAS 28 may have an impact on the Group's consolidated financial statements in future periods should such transactions arise.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2018

# 2. 應用香港財務報告準則(「香港財務 報告準則」)之新訂及修訂本(續)

# 已頒布但尚未生效的新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則(續)

# 香港財務報告準則修訂本香港財務報告準則二零一五年至二零一七年週期年度改進

年度改進方案修改了以下四個標準。

#### 香港會計準則第12號所得税

修訂本闡明一個實體應根據其最初確認產生可 分配利潤的交易於損益、其他全面收益或權益 來確認股息所產生的所得稅。不管已分配利潤 和未分配利潤是否適用不同稅率,都是如此確 認。

#### 香港會計準則第23號借貸成本

修訂本闡明如果在相關資產達到預期用途或出售狀態後,任何特定借款仍未償還,則在計算一般借款的資本化率時,該借款將成為實體一般借款資金的一部分。

#### 香港財務報告準則第3號業務合併

修訂本闡明當一個實體獲得對一個共同經營的 業務的控制權時,該實體適用於分階段實現的 業務合併的規定,包括以公允價值重新計量其 先前在共同經營中持有的權益。先前持有的權 益需要重新計量,包括與共同經營有關的任何 未確認的資產、負債和商譽。

#### 香港會計準則第11號合營安排

修訂本闡明當一方參與但不具有共同控制權的 共同經營的業務並獲得對此共同經營的共同控 制權時,該實體不重新計量其先前在共同經營 中持有的權益。

董事預計,如果發生此類交易,這些修訂本的 應用可能會對本集團未來期間的綜合財務報表 產生影響。

# 2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND AMENDMENTS TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (CONTINUED)

New and amendments to HKFRSs in issue but not yet effective *(continued)* 

# Amendments to HKFRSs Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2015-2017 Cycle

The annual improvement packages amended the following four standards.

#### HKAS 12 Income Taxes

The amendments clarify that an entity should recognise the income tax consequences of dividends in profit or loss, other comprehensive income or equity according to where the entity originally recognised the transactions that generated the distributable profits. This is the case irrespective of whether different tax rates apply to distributed and undistributed profits.

#### **HKAS 23 Borrowing Costs**

The amendments clarify that if any specific borrowing remains outstanding after the related asset is ready for its intended use or sale, that borrowing becomes part of the funds that an entity borrows generally when calculating the capitalisation rate on general borrowings.

#### **HKFRS 3 Business Combinations**

The amendments clarify that when an entity obtains control of a business that is a joint operation, the entity applies the requirements for a business combination achieved in stages, including remeasuring its previously held interest in the joint operation at fair value. The previously held interest to be remeasured includes any unrecognised assets, liabilities and goodwill relating to the joint operation.

#### **HKFRS 11 Joint Arrangements**

The amendments clarify that when a party that participates in, but does not have joint control of, a joint operation that is a business obtains joint control of such a joint operation, the entity does not remeasure its previously held interest in the joint operation.

The Directors anticipate that the application of these amendments may have an impact on the Group's consolidated financial statements in future periods should such transactions arise.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2018

#### 3. 重要會計政策

綜合財務報表乃根據香港會計師公會頒佈之香港財務報告準則而編製。此外,綜合財務報表包括聯交所證券上市規則(「上市規則」)及香港公司條例規定之適用披露。

綜合財務報表乃根據歷史成本基準編製, 誠如 以下會計政策所闡釋,惟若干物業及金融工具 則在每一個報告期末按公允價值計算。

歷史成本一般按交換貨物和服務所付代價之公 允價值。

公允價值為於計量日的有序交易中,市場參與 者間出售資產之應收價值或轉讓負債之應付價 格,而不論該價格是否直接可觀察,或以其他 估值方法估計。在估計資產或負債的勾允價值 時,本集團會考慮資產或負債的特徵即市場參 與者於計算日所考慮對資產或負債定價的的 徵。除香港財務報告準則第2號「以股份為基礎 的付款」中的股份付款交易、香港會計準則第2號 「行貨」中的可變現淨值或香港會計準則第36號 「資產減值」中的使用價值外,綜合財務報表的 公允價值之計量和/或披露均以該基準確定。

非金融資產的公允價值計量乃經計及一名市場 參與者透過使用其資產的最高及最佳用途或透 過將資產出售予將使用其最高及最佳用途的另 一名市場參與者而能夠產生經濟利益的能力。

就按公允價值交易的投資物業以及於隨後期間 計量公允價值時使用不可觀測得到的參數之估 值方法而言,估值方法會予以校準以使估值方 法結果與交易價相等。

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA. In addition, the consolidated financial statements include applicable disclosures required by the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange ("Listing Rules") and by the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for certain properties and financial instruments, that are measured at fair values at the end of each reporting period, as explained in the accounting policies set out below.

Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of consideration given in exchange for goods and services.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date, regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated to use another valuation technique. In estimating the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Group takes into account the characteristics of the asset or liability if market participants would take those characteristics into account when pricing the asset or liability at the measurement date. Fair value for measurement and/or disclosure purposes in these consolidated financial statements is determined on such a basis, except for sharebased payment transactions that are within the scope of HKFRS 2 "Share-based Payment", leasing transactions that are within the scope of HKAS 17 "Leases", and measurements that have some similarities to fair value but are not fair value, such as net realisable value in HKAS 2 "Inventories" or value in use in HKAS 36 "Impairment of Assets".

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

For investment properties which are transacted at fair value and a valuation technique that uses unobservable inputs is to be used to measure fair value in subsequent periods, the valuation technique is calibrated so that the results of the valuation technique equal the transaction price.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2018

### 3. 重要會計政策(續)

此外,就財務報告目的而言,公允價值計量根據公允價值計量的參數可觀測得到的程度以及有關參數對公允價值計量整體的重要性,分類為第一級、第二級或第三級,現描述如下:

- 第一級參數為同等資產或負債在活躍市場 上所報(不經調整)而實體在計量當日可以 取得的價格;
- 第二級參數為可以直接或間接觀測得到, 但不包括於第一級的報價內的資產或負債 參數;及
- 第三級參數為資產或負債中屬不可觀測得 到的參數。

主要會計政策載列如下:

#### 物業存貨

供銷售之已竣工物業存貨及供銷售之發展中物業存貨均以成本值及可變現淨值之較低者入賬。成本包括土地成本、發展費用、其他應成本及已資本化之借貸成本。可變現淨值乃按管理階層根據現行市場環境而作出之估計而釐定。當改變用途(以經營租賃開始作為證明),物業存貨以公允價值轉撥至投資物業,賬面值與於轉撥日之公允價值之差額直接於損益內確認。

#### 待發展物業

待發展物業以成本值扣除累計攤銷及任何已確定之減值虧損列賬。成本包含購買土地使用權之代價及使該租賃土地達到適合物業開發所需之狀態的其他直接成本。購買土地使用權之代價指持作將來發展之租賃土地。使該租賃土地達到適合物業開發所需之狀態的直接成本乃資本化為待發展物業之成本。

待發展物業攤銷乃以直線法按有關租賃期確認 於損益內。

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

In addition, for financial reporting purposes, fair value measurements are categorised into Level 1, 2 or 3 based on the degree to which the inputs to the fair value measurements are observable and the significance of the inputs to the fair value measurement in its entirety, which are described as follows:

- Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date;
- Level 2 inputs are inputs, other than quoted prices included within Level 1, that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly; and
- Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

The principal accounting policies are set out below:

#### **Inventories of properties**

Inventory of completed properties held for sale and inventories of properties under development for sale are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost comprises the cost of land, development expenditure, other attributable costs and borrowing costs capitalised. Net realisable value is determined by reference to the management estimates based on prevailing market conditions. Inventories of properties are transferred to investment properties at fair value when there is a change in use, evidenced by commencement of an operating lease. The difference between the carrying amount and the fair value at the date of transfer is recognised directly in profit or loss.

#### **Properties for development**

Properties for development is stated at cost less accumulated amortisation and any identified impairment loss. Cost comprises the consideration for acquisition of land use rights and other costs are directly attributable to bringing the leasehold land to the condition necessary for it to be capable of development of the properties. The consideration for acquisition of land use rights represent leasehold land held for future development. The costs that are directly attributable to bringing the leasehold land to the condition necessary for it to be capable of development of the properties are capitalised as costs of properties for development.

Amortisation of properties for development are recognised in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2018

#### 3. 重要會計政策(續)

#### 投資物業

投資物業指為賺取租金及/或資本增值或兩者 兼備而持有之物業。投資物業包括持有但未確 定未來用途之土地,其被視為持作資本增值用 途。

投資物業首次確認時按成本(包括所有有關的直接支出)計量。於首次確認後,投資物業按其公允價值計量。為賺取租金或資本增值而根據經營租賃持有的本集團所有物業權益都被分類及記賬為投資物業及按公允價值模式計量。投資物業之公允價值變動所產生之收益或虧損計入其發生期間之損益。

在建投資物業產生的建築成本資本化為在建投 資物業的部分賬面值。

當投資物業開始作自用證明用途改變,投資物業將會轉撥至物業、廠房及設備。當投資物業開始建設為供銷售物業證明用途改變,投資物業將會轉撥至發展中物業。關於按公允價值列賬的投資物業轉撥至自用物業,該物業用於隨後入賬之認定成本乃參考其於用途改變之日的公允價值而定。

當證明物業存貨開始經營租賃予另外一方時, 物業存貨轉撥至投資物業。於轉撥日的公允價 值與賬面值的差額於損益確認。

投資物業於出售時或當投資物業永久地不再使 用或當出售該投資物業預期不會產生任何未來 經濟利益時取消確認。取消確認物業所產生之 任何收益或虧損(按該資產之出售所得款項淨 額及賬面值之差額計算)於該項目取消確認之 年度計入綜合損益表。

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

# **Investment properties**

Investment properties are properties which are held to earn rentals and/or for capital appreciation or both. Investment properties include land held for undetermined future use, which is regarded as held for capital appreciation purpose.

Investment properties are initially measured at cost, including any directly attributable expenditure. Subsequent to initial recognition, investment properties are measured at their fair value. All of the Group's property interests held under operating leases to earn rentals or for capital appreciation purposes are classified and accounted for as investment properties and are measured using the fair value model. Gains or losses arising from changes in the fair value of investment properties are included in profit or loss for the period in which they arise.

Construction costs incurred for investment properties under construction are capitalised as part of the carrying amount of the investment properties under construction.

Transfer from investment property to property, plant and equipment will be made when there is a change in use, evidenced by commencement of owner occupation. Transfer from investment property to property under development will be made where there is a change in use, evidence by the commencement of construction for property for sale. For a transfer from investment property carried at fair value to owner-occupied property, the property's deemed cost for subsequent accounting are determined by reference to its fair value at the date of change in use.

Inventory of properties is transferred to investment property when it is evidenced by the inception of an operating lease to another party. The difference between the fair value and the carrying amount at the date of transfer is recognised in profit or loss.

An investment property is derecognised upon disposal or when the investment property is permanently withdrawn from use or no future economic benefits are expected from its disposals. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the property, calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset, is included in the consolidated statement of profit or loss in the year in which the item is derecognised.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2018

### 3. 重要會計政策(續)

#### 税項

所得税支出乃指本期應付税項加上遞延税項之 總額。

現時應付税項乃按本年度應課税溢利計算。應 課税溢利與綜合損益表所報之除稅前溢利不 同,此乃由於前者不包括在其他年度應課税或 可扣減收入或開支,以及從未課稅或可扣減之 項目。本集團之即期稅項負債乃按報告期末已 頒佈或實質頒佈之稅率計算。

遞延税項按綜合財務報表中資產及負債賬面值 與計算應課稅溢利所用相應稅基間之暫時差異 確認。所有暫時應課稅差異一般都會確認為 延稅項負債。遞延稅項資產一般按所有可認為 暫時差異確認,但前提是可能有應課稅溢時 共抵銷可扣減暫時差異。但倘若有關暫時差 是由最初確認(非業務合併)既不影響應課稅溢 是由最初確認(非業務合併)既不影響應課稅 是由最初確認(非業務合併)既不影響應課稅 人方不影響會計溢利的交易的其他資產和負債 所引起,則不會確認該等遞延資產和負債再 者,最初確認商譽而產生的暫時差異不會被確 認為遞延稅項負債。

遞延税項負債乃按因於附屬公司及聯營公司之 投資及於合營企業之權益而引致之應課税暫時 差異而確認,惟若本集團可控制暫時差異之逆 轉,以及暫時差異可能不會於可見將來逆轉者 除外。與該等投資及權益相關的可扣減暫時差 異所產生的遞延税項資產,僅在按可能出現可 利用暫時差異扣税之足夠應課税溢利時,並預 期於可見將來回撥時確認。

遞延税項資產之賬面值會於各報告期末審核, 並調低至再無可能有足夠應課税溢利足以撥回 全部或部分資產。

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### **Taxation**

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit before tax as reported in the consolidated statement of profit or loss because income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are never taxable or deductible. The Group's liability for current tax is calculated to use tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the consolidated financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilised. Such deferred tax assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from the initial recognition (other than in a business combination) of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit. In addition, deferred tax liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from the initial recognition of goodwill.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries and associates, and interests in joint ventures, except where the Group is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred tax assets arising from deductible temporary differences associated with such investments and interests are only recognised to the extent that it is probable that there will be sufficient taxable profits against which to utilise the benefits of the temporary differences and they are expected to reverse in the foreseeable future.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2018

#### 3. 重要會計政策(續)

#### 税項(續)

遞延税項資產及負債乃以預期於償付負債或變現資產之期間應用之稅率,根據於報告期末已頒佈或實質上已頒佈之稅率(及稅法)計算。

遞延税項負債及資產之計量反映本集團預期於 報告期末將出現的稅務後果,以收回或清償資 產及負債之賬面值。

就計量以公允價值模式計量的投資物業的遞延 税項負債或遞延税項資產而言,除非假定被推 翻,否則有關物業的賬面值被假定為可通過出 售全數收回。倘有關投資物業為可折舊而其相 關業務模式的目的乃隨著時間,通過使用而非 出售消耗該投資物業內所包含的絕大部分經濟 利益,則有關假定被駁回。

在具有法定強制執行權利將即期税項資產與即期稅項負債抵銷,且與同一稅務機關徵收的所得稅有關,且本集團打算以淨額結算其即期稅項資產和負債時,遞延稅項資產和負債可予以抵銷。

即期及遞延税項於損益確認,惟當其與於其他全面收益確認或直接於權益確認之項目有關時,在此情況下,即期及遞延税項亦會分別於其他全面收益或直接於權益確認。倘即期税項或遞延税項於業務合併的最初會計處理時產生,則稅務影響乃計入業務合併的會計處理內。

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### **Taxation** (continued)

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset is realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Group expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

For the purposes of measuring deferred tax liabilities or deferred tax assets for investment properties that are measured using the fair value model, the carrying amounts of such properties are presumed to be recovered entirely through sale, unless the presumption is rebutted. The presumption is rebutted when the investment property is depreciable and is held within a business model whose objective is to consume substantially all of the economic benefits embodied in the investment property over time, rather than through sale.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when they relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority and the Group intends to settle its current tax assets and liabilities on a net basis.

Current and deferred tax is recognised to profit or loss, except when it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case the current and deferred tax are also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively. Where current tax or deferred tax arises from the initial accounting for a business combination, the tax effect is included in the accounting for the business combination.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2018

### 3. 重要會計政策(續)

#### 減值虧損

於各報告期末,本集團審閱其有限使用年期有 形資產之賬面值,以確定有否任何跡象顯示該 等資產蒙受減值虧損。倘存在任何有關跡象, 則會估計資產之可收回金額,以確定減值虧損 (如有)的程度。

有形資產的可收回金額個別估計,倘無法估計個別資產的可收回金額,則本集團將估計資產所屬現金產生單位之可收回金額。倘可識別合理一致的分配基準,公司資產亦會被分配至個別現金產生單位,否則會被分配至可識別合理一致的分配基準之最小現金產生單位組別中。

可收回金額為公允價值減出售成本與使用價值 之較高者。評估使用價值時,估計未來現金流 量按税前貼現率貼現至其現值。該貼現率反映 現時市場對貨幣時間值及未調整未來現金流量 估計之資產特定風險的評估。

倘估計資產(或現金產生單位)的可收回金額低於其賬面值,則資產(或現金產生單位)賬面值扣減至其可收回金額。資產的賬面值不得扣減至低於其公允價值減出售成本(如可計量)、使用價值(如可確定)及零的最高者。否則,本應分配給該資產的減值虧損金額按比例分配給該單位的其他資產。減值虧損即時於損益確認。

倘某項減值虧損隨後撥回,則資產賬面值須增至其可收回金額經修訂後的估值,惟增加後之 賬面值不得超過假設該項資產(或現金產生單位)於過往年度未有確認減值虧損而會釐定的 賬面值。減值虧損撥回即時於損益確認。

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### **Impairment losses**

At the end of each reporting period, the Group reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible assets with finite useful lives to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any).

The recoverable amount of tangible assets are estimated individually, when it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount individually, the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the cashgenerating unit to which the asset belongs. When a reasonable and consistent basis of allocation can be identified, corporate assets are also allocated to individual cash-generating units, or otherwise they are allocated to the smallest group of cash-generating units for which a reasonable and consistent allocation basis can be identified.

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted.

If the recoverable amount of an asset (or a cash-generating unit) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (or a cash-generating unit) is reduced to its recoverable amount. The carrying amount of an asset is not reduced below the highest of its fair value less costs of disposal (if measurable), its value in use (if determinable) and zero. The amount of the impairment loss that would otherwise have been allocated to the asset is allocated pro rata to the other assets of the unit. An impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset (or cash-generating unit) in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2018

#### 3. 重要會計政策(續)

### 來自客戶合約的收入(根據附註2中的過渡 條文應用香港財務報告準則第15號)

根據香港財務報告準則第15號,本集團於(或就此)完成履約責任時確認收入,即於特定履約責任相關的貨品或服務的「控制權」轉移予客戶時。

履約責任指明確的貨品或服務(或一籃子貨品 或服務)或一系列明確而大致相約的貨品或服 務。

倘若符合以下其中一個條件,控制權隨時間轉 移而收入按照完成相關履約責任的進度隨時間 確認:

- 客戶同時收到並消耗本集團執行履約時所帶來的利益;
- 本集團執行履約時所創建或提升客戶所控制的資產;或
- 本集團履約時沒有創建對本集團有其他用 途的資產,而本集團就迄今已完成的履約 擁有可強制執行的收款權利。

否則,收入在客戶取得對明確貨品或服務的控 制權的時間點確認。

合約負債指本集團有責任將貨品或服務轉移至 客戶,而本集團已從客戶收到代價(或代價金 額到期)。

# 隨時間確認收入:完成履約責任的進度之 計量

完成履約責任的進度是根據產出法來計量的,即根據迄今為止轉移予客戶的貨物或服務相對於合同中承諾的剩餘貨物或服務的價值作直接計量來確認收入,最能描述本集團轉移商品或服務控制權的行為。

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

# Revenue from contracts with customers (upon application of HKFRS 15 in accordance with transitions in note 2)

Under HKFRS 15, the Group recognises revenue when (or as) a performance obligation is satisfied, i.e. when "control" of the goods or services underlying the particular performance obligation is transferred to the customer.

A performance obligation represents a good or service (or a bundle of goods or services) that is distinct or a series of distinct goods or services that are substantially the same.

Control is transferred over time and revenue is recognised over time by reference to the progress towards complete satisfaction of the relevant performance obligation if one of the following criteria is met:

- the customer simultaneously receives and consumes the benefits provided by the Group's performance as the Group performs;
- the Group's performance creates or enhances an asset that the customer controls as the Group performs; or
- the Group's performance does not create an asset with an alternative use to the Group and the Group has an enforceable right to payment for performance completed to date.

Otherwise, revenue is recognised at a point in time when the customer obtains control of the distinct good or service.

A contract liability represents the Group's obligation to transfer goods or services to a customer for which the Group has received consideration (or an amount of consideration is due) from the customer.

# Over time revenue recognition: measurement of progress towards complete satisfaction of a performance obligation

The progress towards complete satisfaction of a performance obligation is measured based on output method, which is to recognise revenue on the basis of direct measurements of the value of the goods or services transferred to the customer to date relative to the remaining goods or services promised under the contract, that best depict the Group's performance in transferring control of goods or services.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2018

### 3. 重要會計政策(續)

## 來自客戶合約的收入(根據附註2中的過渡 條文應用香港財務報告準則第15號)(續)

#### 重要的融資部份之存在

在釐定交易價時,如約定的付款時間(明示或暗示)提供客戶或本集團重大的融資利益以轉移貨品或服務至客戶,本集團就貨幣時間值的影響而調整承諾代價的金額。在那種情況下,合約包含重要的融資部份。無論融資承諾是在合約中明確規定或由合約各方約定的付款條款暗示,重要的融資部份可能存在。

就相關貨品或服務的付款與轉移之間少於一年 的合約,本集團採用可行的權宜之計就任何重 要的融資部份不調整之交易價。

#### 收入確認(二零一八年一月一日之前)

收入按已收或應收代價之公允價值計量及指日 常業務運作中已售貨品及已提供服務(扣除税 項及折扣)之應收金額。

誠如下文所述,收入於收入金額能夠可靠地計量:未來經濟利益很可能流入本集團及本集團 各活動的特定標準均已達成時確認,如下文所述。

供銷售的已發展物業之收入於該等物業擁有權之重大風險及回報轉移至買方,即該等物業的建造已經完成及該等物業已經交付予買家,而且相關的應收賬款的可收回性已獲得合理保證時確認。在建築期完成前整個發展物業出售所得的溢利或虧損,乃當一個有約束力的銷售合同成為無條件及於擁有權之風險及回報已轉移給買方時被確認。

### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Revenue from contracts with customers (upon application of HKFRS 15 in accordance with transitions in note 2) (continued)

#### Existence of significant financing component

In determining the transaction price, the Group adjusts the promised amount of consideration for the effects of the time value of money if the timing of payments agreed (either explicitly or implicitly) provides the customer or the Group with a significant benefit of financing the transfer of goods or services to the customer. In those circumstances, the contract contains a significant financing component. A significant financing component may exist regardless of whether the promise of financing is explicitly stated in the contract or implied by the payment terms agreed to by the parties to the contract.

For contracts where the period between payment and transfer of the associated goods or services is less than one year, the Group applies the practical expedient of not adjusting the transaction price for any significant financing component.

#### Revenue recognition (prior to 1st January, 2018)

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable and represents amounts receivable for goods sold and services provided in the normal course of business, net of tax and discounts.

Revenue is recognised when the amount of revenue can be reliably measured; when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the Group and when specific criteria have been met for each of the Group's activities, as described below.

Income from properties developed for sale is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the properties are transferred to buyers, which is when the construction of relevant properties has been completed and the properties have been delivered to the purchasers and collectibility of related receivables is reasonably assured. Profit or loss arising from the outright sale of an entire development property prior to completion is recognised when a binding sales contract becomes unconditional and the risks and rewards of the ownership have been transferred to the buyer.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2018

# 3. 重要會計政策(續)

#### 收入確認(二零一八年一月一日之前)(續)

符合以上收入確認條件前的已收樓宇銷售定金 則列入綜合財務狀況表之流動負債內。

銷售其他貨品乃於貨品已交付及所有權移交時確認。

金融資產產生之利息收入乃按時間基準,並參照尚未償還本金額及按所適用之實際利率計提,而實際利率為透過金融資產之預計年期將估計未來現金收入折現至該資產於首次確認時之賬面淨值。

從投資收取之股息收入在本集團確定有收取權 利時確認。

#### 綜合賬目編製準則

綜合財務報表包括本公司及由本公司控制之實 體及其附屬公司之財務報表。本公司於下列情 況下可取得控制權:

- 對被投資方行使權力;
- 自參與被投資方的業務獲得或有權獲得可 變回報;及
- 有能力使用其權力影響其回報金額。

倘有事實及情況顯示上述三項控制因素中之一 項或多項出現變化,本集團將重新評估其是否 對被投資方擁有控制權。

對一間附屬公司的合併,乃由本集團對該附屬公司擁有控制權時開始,並於本集團失去對該附屬公司的控制權時終止。尤其是對於年內所收購或出售的一間附屬公司,其收入及開支將由本集團獲得控制權日期起直至本集團終止控制權當日止計入綜合損益表。

損益以及其他全面收益之各部分歸屬於本公司 股東及非控股權益。附屬公司之全面收益總額 歸屬於本公司股東及非控股權益,即使此舉會 導致非控股權益產生負數。

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### Revenue recognition (prior to 1st January, 2018) (continued)

Deposits received from sales of properties prior to meeting the above criteria for revenue recognition are carried in the consolidated statement of financial position under current liabilities.

Sales of other goods are recognised when goods are delivered and title has passed.

Interest income from a financial asset is accrued on a time basis, by reference to the principal outstanding and at the effective interest rate applicable, which is the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to that asset's net carrying amount on initial recognition.

Dividend income from investments is recognised when the Group's rights to receive payment have been established.

#### **Basis of consolidation**

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the Company and entities controlled by the Company and its subsidiaries. Control is achieved when the Company:

- has power over the investee;
- is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee; and
- has the ability to use its power to affect its returns.

The Group reassesses whether or not it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the three elements of control listed above.

Consolidation of a subsidiary begins when the Group obtains control over the subsidiary and ceases when the Group loses control of the subsidiary. Specifically, income and expenses of a subsidiary acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the consolidated statement of profit or loss from the date the Group gains control until the date when the Group ceases to control the subsidiary.

Profit or loss and each item of other comprehensive income are attributed to the owners of the Company and to the non-controlling interests. Total comprehensive income of subsidiaries is attributed to the owners of the Company and to the non-controlling interests even if this results in the non-controlling interests are having a deficit balance.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2018

#### 3. 重要會計政策(續)

#### 綜合賬目編製準則(續)

如有需要,附屬公司之財務報表會作出調整, 以使其會計政策與本集團會計政策一致。

有關本集團成員之間的所有集團內資產及負債、權益、收入、費用及現金流量均於綜合賬 目時全面對銷。

附屬公司的非控股權益與本集團在其中的權益 分開呈列,即代表當前所有權權益使其持有人 有權在清盤時按比例分配相關附屬公司的資產 淨值。

# 本集團於現有附屬公司的擁有權權益的變動

本集團於附屬公司的權益變動如不導致本集團 對其喪失控制權,將作股權交易核算。本集團 的相關權益部份及非控股權益的賬面值應予調 整以反映其在附屬公司中相關權益的變動,包 括根據本集團及非控股權益之權益比例將本集 團與非控股權益相關儲備重新歸屬。

經調整的非控股權益的金額與已付或已收代價 之公允價值任何差額直接於權益確認及歸屬於 本公司股東。

倘本集團失去一間附屬公司之控制權,該附屬 公司之資產及負債及非控股權益(如有)取消確 認。收益或虧損在損益內確認,並按下列兩者 之差額計算:(i)所收取代價之公允價值與任何 保留權益之公允價值之總額及(ii)附屬公司的資 產(包括商譽)及負債之本公司股東應佔之先前 賬面值。所有先前於其他全面收益中就該附屬 公司確認之款額,將視同本集團按直接出售該 附屬公司之相關資產或負債入賬(即按適用香 港財務報告準則之規定指明/容許者,重新分 類至損益或轉撥至權益下的另一類別)。根據 香港財務報告準則第9號/香港會計準則第39 號,於失去控制權當日,於前附屬公司保留之 任何投資之公允價值將於隨後入賬時被列作初 步確認之公允價值,或(如適用)被列作投資於 聯營公司或合營企業之初步確認成本。

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### Basis of consolidation (continued)

Where necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring their accounting policies in line with the Group's accounting policies.

All intragroup assets and liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows relating to transactions between members of the Group are eliminated in full on consolidation.

Non-controlling interests in subsidiaries are presented separately from the Group's equity therein, which represent present ownership interests entitling their holders to a proportionate share of net assets of the relevant subsidiaries upon liquidation.

# Changes in the Group's ownership interests in existing subsidiaries

Changes in the Group's interests in subsidiaries that do not result in the Group losing control over the subsidiaries are accounted for as equity transactions. The carrying amounts of the Group's relevant components of equity and the non-controlling interests are adjusted to reflect the changes in their relative interests in the subsidiaries, including re-attribution of relevant reserves between the Group and the non-controlling interests according to the Group's and the non-controlling interests' proportionate interests.

Any difference between the amount by which the non-controlling interests are adjusted, and the fair value of the consideration paid or received is recognised directly in equity and attributed to owners of the Company.

When the Group loses control of a subsidiary, the assets and liabilities of that subsidiary and non-controlling interests (if any) are derecognised. A gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss and is calculated as the difference between (i) the aggregate of the fair value of the consideration received and the fair value of any retained interest and (ii) the previous carrying amount of the assets (including goodwill), and liabilities of the subsidiary are attributable to the owners of the Company. All amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to that subsidiary are accounted for as if the Group had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities of the subsidiary (i.e. reclassified to profit or loss or transferred to another category of equity as specified/permitted by applicable HKFRSs). The fair value of any investment retained in the former subsidiary at the date when control is lost is regarded as the fair value on initial recognition for subsequent accounting under HKFRS 9/HKAS 39, when applicable, the cost on initial recognition of an investment in an associate or a joint venture.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2018

#### 3. 重要會計政策(續)

#### 業務合併

業務收購採用收購法入賬。於業務合併轉讓之 代價按公允價值計量,即本集團對被收購公司 原擁有人所轉讓之資產、所承擔之負債及本集 團於交換被收購公司之控制權所發行之權益於 收購日之公允價值總和。與收購事項有關之成 本於產生時在損益確認。

於收購日,已收購可識別資產及所承擔負債按 其公允價值確認,惟下列項目除外:

- 遞延税項資產或負債及與僱員福利安排有關之資產或負債分別根據香港會計準則第12號「所得税」及香港會計準則第19號「員工福利」確認及計量;
- 與被收購方以股份為基礎的付款安排有關或以所訂立本集團以股份為基礎的付款安排取代被收購方以股份為基礎的付款安排有關的負債或權益工具,乃於收購日期按香港財務報告準則第2號「以股份為基礎的付款」計量;及
- 根據香港財務報告準則第5號「待售之非流 動資產及已終止經營業務」劃分為待售之資 產(或被處理組)根據該項準則計量。

商譽按所轉讓之代價、任何非控股權益於被收購公司中所佔金額、及收購公司先前持有之被收購公司權益之公允價值(如有)之總和,減所收購可識別資產及所承擔負債於收購當日之淨值後,所超出之差額計量。倘經過重新評估後,所收購可識別資產與所承擔負債於收購當日之淨額高於轉讓之代價、任何非控股權益於被收購公司中所佔金額以及收購公司先前持有之被收購公司權益之公允價值(如有)之總和,則差額即時於損益內確認為議價收購收益。

屬現時所有者權益且於清盤時賦予其持有人按比例分佔相關附屬公司資產淨值之非控股權益可初步按公允價值或按非控股權益應佔被收購公司可識別資產淨值之公允價值比例計量。

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### **Business combinations**

Acquisitions of businesses are accounted for using the acquisition method. The consideration transferred in a business combination is measured at fair value, which is calculated as the sum of the acquisition-date fair values of the assets transferred by the Group, liabilities incurred by the Group to the former owners of the acquiree and the equity interests issued by the Group in exchange for control of the acquiree. Acquisition related costs are generally recognised in profit or loss as incurred.

At the acquisition date, the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed are recognised at their fair value, except that:

- deferred tax assets or liabilities, and assets or liabilities related to employee benefit arrangements are recognised and measured in accordance with HKAS 12 "Income Taxes" and HKAS 19 "Employee Benefits" respectively;
- liabilities or equity instruments related to share-based payment arrangements of the acquiree or share-based payment arrangements of the Group entered into to replace sharebased payment arrangements of the acquiree are measured in accordance with HKFRS 2 "Share-based Payment" at the acquisition date; and
- assets (or disposal groups) that are classified as held for sale in accordance with HKFRS 5 "Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations" are measured in accordance with that standard.

Goodwill is measured as the excess of the sum of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interests in the acquiree, and the fair value of the acquirer's previously held equity interest in the acquiree (if any) over the net amount of the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed as at acquisition date. If, after re-assessment, the net of the acquisition-date amounts of the identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed exceeds the sum of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interests in the acquiree and the fair value of the acquirer's previously held interest in the acquiree (if any), the excess is recognised immediately in profit or loss as a bargain purchase gain.

Non-controlling interests that are present ownership interests and entitle their holders to a proportionate share of the relevant subsidiary's net assets in the event of liquidation may be initially measured either at fair value or at the non-controlling interests' proportionate share of the recognised amounts of the acquiree's identifiable net assets.

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2018

### 3. 重要會計政策(續)

#### 業務合併(續)

當一項業務合併分階段完成,本集團先前已持有被收購方的權益會重新計量至於收購日(即當本集團取得控制權之日)之公允價值,及其產生之收益或虧損(如有)視乎情況於損益或其他全面收益內確認。於收購日前源自被收購方的權益之金額(先前已在其他全面收益內確認並根據香港財務報告準則第9號/香港會計準則第39號計量),將按照本集團直接出售先前持有的權益所需的相同基礎入賬。

#### 於聯營公司及合營企業之權益

聯營公司乃指本集團對其有重大影響力之實體。重大影響力是指參與被投資方的財務及營 運政策決策的權力,但並不是控制或共同控制 該等政策。

合營企業指一項合營安排,對該安排擁有共同控制權之各方據此對合營安排之資產淨值擁有權利。共同控制權是指按照合約約定對某項安排所共同享有的控制權,共同控制僅在當相關活動要求共同享有控制權之各方作出一致同意之決定時存在。

聯營公司及合營企業之業績及資產與負債以權 益法計入綜合財務報表。用作權益會計法的聯 營公司及合營企業的財務報表就於類似情況下 的類似交易及事件採用與本集團一致的會計政 策而編製。根據權益法,於聯營公司或合營企 業之投資最初按成本於綜合財務狀況表確認, 並於其後就確認本集團應佔該聯營公司或合營 企業之損益及其他全面收益而作出調整。聯營 公司/合營企業的資產淨值變化不計入除損益 和其他全面收益以外,除非該變化導致本集團 持有之擁有權權益有變動。當本集團應佔聯營 公司或合營企業之虧損超出本集團於該聯營公 司或合營企業之權益時(包括實質上成為本集 團於該聯營公司或合營企業的淨投資一部分之 任何長期權益),本集團停止確認其所佔之進 一步虧損。僅於本集團已產生法律或推定責 任,或已代表該聯營公司或合營企業支付款項 之情況下,方會進一步確認虧損。

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### **Business combinations** (continued)

When a business combination is achieved in stages, the Group's previously held equity interest in the acquiree is remeasured to fair value at the acquisition date (i.e. the date when the Group obtains control), and the resulting gain or loss, if any, is recognised in profit or loss or other comprehensive income, as appropriate. Amounts arising from interests in the acquiree prior to the acquisition date that has previously been recognised in other comprehensive income and measured under HKFRS 9/HKAS 39 would be accounted for on the same basis as would be required if the Group had disposed directly of the previously held equity interest.

#### Interests in associates and joint ventures

An associate is an entity over which the Group has significant influence. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee but is not control or joint control over those policies.

A joint venture is a joint arrangement whereby the parties that have joint control of the arrangement have rights to the net assets of the joint arrangement. Joint control is the contractually agreed sharing of control of an arrangement, which exists only when decisions about the relevant activities require unanimous consent of the parties sharing control.

The results and assets and liabilities of associates and joint ventures are incorporated in these consolidated financial statements using the equity method of accounting. The financial statements of associates and joint ventures used for equity accounting purposes are prepared using uniform accounting policies as those of the Group for like transactions and events in similar circumstances. Under the equity method, an investment in an associate or a joint venture is initially recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position at cost and adjusted thereafter to recognise the Group's share of the profit or loss and other comprehensive income of the associate or joint venture. Changes in net assets of the associate/joint venture other than profit or loss and other comprehensive income are not accounted for unless such changes resulted in changes in ownership interest held by the Group. When the Group's share of losses of an associate or joint venture exceeds the Group's interest in that associate or joint venture (which includes any long-term interests that, in substance, form part of the Group's net investment in the associate or joint venture), the Group discontinues recognising its share of further losses. Additional losses are recognised only to the extent that the Group has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of the associate or joint venture.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2018

# 3. 重要會計政策(續)

#### 於聯營公司及合營企業之權益(續)

於聯營公司或合營企業之投資由被投資方成為聯營公司或合營企業當日起以權益法入賬。在收購於聯營公司或合營企業之投資時,投資成本超過本集團應佔被投資方可識別資產及負債的公允價值淨值的部份確認為商譽,並計入投資的賬面值中。經重估後,本集團應佔可識別資產及負債的公允價值淨值超過投資成本的部份,會在收購投資當期內即時於損益中確認。

本集團評估是否有客觀證據顯示於聯營公司或 合營企業之權益可能有虧損。倘若存在任何客 觀證據時,根據香港會計準則第36號「資產減 值」,將該項投資的全部賬面值(包括商譽)以 單一資產進行減值測試,將其可收回金額(使 用價值與公允價值減出售成本之較高者)與其 賬面值比較。任何已確認減值虧損構成該項投 資之賬面值其中一部分。有關減值虧損之任何 撥回乃根據香港會計準則第36號確認,惟以於 該項投資之可收回金額隨後增加之範圍為限。

倘本集團停止對一間聯營公司擁有重大影響力 或對一間合營企業擁有共同控制權,則視為出 售於被投資方的全部權益,由此產生的收益或 虧損於損益確認。倘若本集團於前聯營公司或 合營企業保留權益而該保留權益屬香港財務報 告準則第9號/香港會計準則第39號範圍內的 金融資產,本集團按該日公允價值計量保留權 益,而公允價值視為其於初始確認時的公允價 值。聯營公司或合營企業於終止使用權益法當 日的賬面值與任何保留權益的公允價值加任何 出售聯營公司或合營企業相關權益時所得款項 之間的差額,計入出售聯營公司或合營企業收 益或虧損的釐定過程。此外,本集團計入所 有先前就該聯營公司或合營企業於其他全面收 益中確認的金額所用基準,與在該聯營公司或 合營企業直接售出時規定須用的基準相同。故 此,若該聯營公司或合營企業先前於其他全面 收益中確認的收益或虧損會在有關資產或負債 出售時重新分類至損益中,則本集團會在出 售/部份出售有關的聯營公司或合營企業時將 該收益或虧損由權益重新分類至損益(列作重 新分類調整)。

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### Interests in associates and joint ventures (continued)

An investment in an associate or a joint venture is accounted for using the equity method from the date on which the investee becomes an associate or a joint venture. On acquisition of the investment in an associate or a joint venture, any excess of the cost of the investment over the Group's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities of the investee is recognised as goodwill, which is included within the carrying amount of the investment. Any excess of the Group's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities over the cost of the investment, after reassessment, is recognised immediately in profit or loss in the period in which the investment is acquired.

The Group assesses whether there is an objective evidence that the interest in an associate or a joint venture may be impaired. When any objective evidence exists, the entire carrying amount of the investment (including goodwill) is tested for impairment in accordance with HKAS 36 "Impairment of Assets" as a single asset by comparing its recoverable amount (higher of value in use and fair value less costs of disposal) with its carrying amount. Any impairment loss recognised forms part of the carrying amount of the investment. Any reversal of that impairment loss is recognised in accordance with HKAS 36 to the extent that the recoverable amount of the investment subsequently increases.

When the Group ceases to have significant influence over an associate or joint control over a joint venture, it is accounted for as a disposal of the entire interest in the investee with a resulting gain or loss being recognised in profit or loss. When the Group retains an interest in the former associate or joint venture and the retained interest is a financial asset within the scope of HKFRS 9/HKAS 39, the Group measures the retained interest at fair value at that date and the fair value is regarded as its fair value on initial recognition. The difference between the carrying amount of the associate or joint venture at the date the equity method was discontinued, and the fair value of any retained interest and any proceeds from disposing the relevant interest in the associate or joint venture is included in the determination of the gain or loss on disposal of the associate or joint venture. In addition, the Group accounts for all amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to that associate or joint venture on the same basis as would be required if that associate or joint venture had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities. Therefore, if a gain or loss previously recognised in other comprehensive income by that associate or joint venture would be reclassified to profit or loss on the disposal of the related assets or liabilities, the Group reclassifies the gain or loss from equity to profit or loss (as a reclassification adjustment) upon disposal/partial disposal of the relevant associate or joint venture.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2018

# 3. 重要會計政策(續)

#### 於聯營公司及合營企業之權益(續)

若本集團於聯營公司的投資變成於合營企業的 投資或者於合營企業的投資會變成於聯營公司 的投資,本集團會繼續使用權益法。在此等擁 有權權益變動中,毋須對公允價值進行重新計 量。

當本集團減少其在聯營公司或合營企業的擁有權權益,但本集團繼續使用權益法時,本集團會將早前就該擁有權權益減少在其他全面收益中確認的收益或虧損部分重新分類至損益,前提為該筆收益或虧損在有關資產或負債出售時重新分類至損益。

當一間集團實體與本集團聯營公司或合營企業 進行交易時,與聯營公司或合營企業進行交易 所產生之溢利或虧損僅在與本集團無關的聯營 公司或合營企業的權益範圍內於本集團之綜合 財務報表確認。

#### 具工癌金

當某集團實體成為工具合約條文之訂約方時,金融資產及金融負債便會確認。所有透過正常方式買賣的金融資產根據交易日期確認和終止確認。透過正常方式買賣為按照市場規則或慣例所制定之時限內須交付資產的金融資產買賣。

除自二零一八年一月一日起按照香港財務報告準則第15號首次計量的來自客戶合約所產生的交易應收賬款外,金融資產及金融負債按公允價值首次計量。因收購或發行金融資產及金融負債而直接產生之交易成本(透過損益按公允價值處理之金融資產或金融負債除外)於首次確認時按情況加入或從該金融資產或金融負債不立允價值中扣除。因收購透過損益按公允價值處理之金融資產或金融負債而直接產生之交易成本即時於損益內確認。

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### Interests in associates and joint ventures (continued)

The Group continues to use the equity method when an investment in an associate becomes an investment in a joint venture or an investment in a joint venture becomes an investment in an associate. There is no remeasurement to fair value upon such changes in ownership interests.

When the Group reduces its ownership interest in an associate or a joint venture but the Group continues to use the equity method, the Group reclassifies to profit or loss the proportion of the gain or loss that had previously been recognised in other comprehensive income relating to that reduction in ownership interest if that gain or loss would be reclassified to profit or loss on the disposal of the related assets or liabilities.

When a group entity transacts with an associate or a joint venture of the Group, profits and losses resulting from the transactions with the associate or joint venture are recognised in the Group's consolidated financial statements only to the extent of interests in the associate or joint venture that are not related to the Group.

#### **Financial instruments**

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when a group entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. All regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are recognised and derecognised on a trade date basis. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the time frame established by regulation or convention in the market place.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value except for trade receivables arising from contracts with customers which are initially measured in accordance with HKFRS 15 since 1st January, 2018. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2018

# 3. 重要會計政策(續)

#### 金融工具(續)

實際利率法是計算金融資產或金融負債的攤銷成本以及在相關期間內分攤利息收入和利息支出的一種方法。實際利率是指在金融資產或金融負債之預計年期或適用的較短期間內,準確折現估計未來現金收入及支出(包括構成實際利率不可或缺部份的所有已支付或已收到的費用和積分、交易成本以及其他溢價或折扣)至該金融資產或金融負債於首次確認時之賬面淨值的利率。

#### 金融資產

金融資產之分類及隨後計量(根據附註2中的過 渡條文應用香港財務報告準則第9號)

符合下列條件的金融資產隨後按攤銷成本計量:

- 金融資產旨在為收取合約現金流量的業務 模式中而持有;及
- 合約條款規定於特定日期的現金流量僅為 支付本金及未償還本金的利息。

符合下列條件的金融資產隨後透過其他全面收益按公允價值處理計量:

- 金融資產旨在為收取合約現金流量及出售 的業務模式中而持有;及
- 合約條款規定於特定日期的現金流量僅為 支付本金及未償還本金的利息。

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### Financial instruments (continued)

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial asset or financial liability and of allocating interest income and interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts and payments (including all fees and points paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the financial asset or financial liability, or, where appropriate, a shorter period, to the net carrying amount on initial recognition.

#### Financial assets

Classification and subsequent measurement of financial assets (upon application of HKFRS 9 in accordance with transitions in note 2)

Financial assets that meet the following conditions are subsequently measured at amortised cost:

- the financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is to collect contractual cash flows; and
- the contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Financial assets that meet the following conditions are subsequently measured at FVTOCI:

- the financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling; and
- the contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2018

### 3. 重要會計政策(續)

#### 金融工具(續)

#### 金融資產(續)

金融資產之分類及隨後計量(根據附註2中的過 渡條文應用香港財務報告準則第9號)(續)

所有其他金融資產隨後透過損益按公允價值計量,除非於金融資產的首次應用/首次確認之日,如果該股本投資並非持作買賣亦非由收購者在香港財務報告準則第3號「業務合併」適用的業務合併所確認的或有代價,本集團可以不可撤銷地選擇於其他全面收益內呈列股本投資的隨後公允價值變動。

金融資產分類為持作買賣的條件為:

- 購入該資產的主要目的為於近期內出售;
- 在最初確認時,該資產是作為本集團整合 管理已識別的金融工具組合的一部分,並 具有近期實現的短期套利模式;或
- 該資產是一種非指定為有效對沖工具的衍生工具。

此外,本集團可以不可撤銷地指定一項須以攤銷成本或透過其他全面收益按公允價值處理計量的金融資產以透過損益按公允價值處理計量,如此舉可以消除或顯著減少會計配比不當。

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### Financial instruments (continued)

#### Financial assets (continued)

Classification and subsequent measurement of financial assets (upon application of HKFRS 9 in accordance with transitions in note 2) (continued)

All other financial assets are subsequently measured at FVTPL, except that at the date of initial application/initial recognition of a financial asset the Group may irrevocably elect to present subsequent changes in fair value of an equity investment in OCI if that equity investment is neither held for trading nor contingent consideration recognised by an acquirer in a business combination to which HKFRS 3 "Business Combinations" applies.

A financial asset is classified as held for trading if:

- it has been acquired principally for the purpose of selling in the near term:
- on initial recognition it is a part of a portfolio of identified financial instruments that the Group manages together and has a recent actual pattern of short-term profit-taking; or
- it is a derivative that is not designated and effective as a hedging instrument.

In addition, the Group may irrevocably designate a financial asset that are required to be measured at the amortised cost or FVTOCI as measured at FVTPL if doing so eliminates or significantly reduces an accounting mismatch.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2018

#### 3. 重要會計政策(續)

#### 金融工具(續)

#### 金融資產(續)

金融資產之分類及隨後計量(根據附註2中的過渡條文應用香港財務報告準則第9號)(續)

#### (i) 攤銷成本及利息收入

就以攤銷成本作隨後計量的金融資產以及以透過其他全面收益按公允價值處理作隨後計量的 債務工具/應收賬款,採用實際利率法確認利 息收入。利息收入的計算是將實際利率應用於 金融資產的賬面總值,隨後發生信貸減值的金 融資產除外(見下文)。對於隨後發生信貸減值的 金融資產,透過將實際利率由下一報告期應 用於金融資產的攤銷成本來確認利息收入。 果信貸減值的金融工具的信貸風險有所改善 該金融資產不再發生信貸減值,在確定該資 不再發生信貸減值後,從報告期初開始,將認 際利率應用於該金融資產的賬面總值來確認利 息收入。

#### (ii) 指定透過其他全面收益按公允價值處理之 股本工具

透過其他全面收益按公允價值處理之股本工具 投資隨後以公允價值計量而公允價值變動所產 生的收益及虧損確認於其他全面收益以及累計 於重估儲備;並不須作減值評估。其累計收益 或虧損於出售股本投資時將不會重新分類至損 益。

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### Financial instruments (continued)

#### **Financial assets** (continued)

Classification and subsequent measurement of financial assets (upon application of HKFRS 9 in accordance with transitions in note 2) (continued)

#### (i) Amortised cost and interest income

Interest income is recognised using the effective interest method for financial assets measured subsequently at amortised cost and debt instruments/receivables subsequently measured at FVTOCI. Interest income is calculated by applying the effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount of a financial asset, except for financial assets that have subsequently become credit-impaired (see below). For financial assets that have subsequently become credit-impaired, interest income is recognised by applying the effective interest rate to the amortised cost of the financial asset from the next reporting period. If the credit risk on the credit-impaired financial instrument improves so that the financial asset is no longer credit-impaired, interest income is recognised by applying the effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount of the financial asset from the beginning of the reporting period following the determination that the asset is no longer credit impaired.

#### (ii) Equity instruments designated as at FVTOCI

Investments in equity instruments at FVTOCI are subsequently measured at fair value with gains and losses arising from changes in fair value recognised in OCI and accumulated in the revaluation reserve; and are not subject to impairment assessment. The cumulative gain or loss will not be reclassified to profit or loss on disposal of the equity investments.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2018

### 3. 重要會計政策(續)

#### 金融工具(續)

#### 金融資產(續)

金融資產之分類及隨後計量(根據附註2中的過渡條文應用香港財務報告準則第9號)(續)

(ii) 指定透過其他全面收益按公允價值處理之 股本工具(續)

該等股本工具投資的股息在本集團確定有權收 取股息時於損益確認,除非股息顯然是收回部 份投資成本。股息計入在損益之「其他收入及 收益」項目中。

#### (iii) 透過損益按公允價值處理之金融資產

不符合按攤銷成本或透過其他全面收益按公允 價值處理或指定透過其他全面收益按公允價值 計量之標準的金融資產以透過損益按公允價值 計量。

透過損益按公允價值處理之金融資產在每個報告期末按公允價值計量,而任何公允價值收益或虧損於損益確認。於損益確認的淨收益或虧損不包括該金融資產所賺取的任何股息或利息,並計入在「透過損益按公允價值處理之金融資產之公允價值淨增加(減少)」及「透過損益按公允價值處理之股本證券之公允價值淨增加(減少)」項目中。

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### **Financial instruments** (continued)

#### Financial assets (continued)

Classification and subsequent measurement of financial assets (upon application of HKFRS 9 in accordance with transitions in note 2) (continued)

(ii) Equity instruments designated as at FVTOCI (continued)

Dividends from these investments in equity instruments are recognised in profit or loss when the Group's right to receive the dividends is established, unless the dividends clearly represent a recovery of part of the cost of the investment. Dividends are included in the "other income and gains" line item in profit or loss.

#### (iii) Financial assets at FVTPL

Financial assets that do not meet the criteria for being measured at amortised cost or FVTOCI or designated as FVTOCI are measured at FVTPL.

Financial assets at FVTPL are measured at fair value at the end of each reporting period, with any fair value gains or losses recognised in profit or loss. The net gain or loss recognised in profit or loss excludes any dividend or interest earned on the financial asset and is included in the "net increase (decrease) in fair value of financial assets at FVTPL" and "net increase (decrease) in fair value of equity securities at FVTPL" line items.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2018

#### 3. 重要會計政策(續)

#### 金融工具(續)

#### 金融資產(續)

### 金融資產之減值(根據附註2中的過渡條文應用 香港財務報告準則第9號)

本集團就須根據香港財務報告準則第9號作減值的金融資產(包括交易及其他應收賬款、合營企業/聯營公司/非控股股東欠款、用作抵押之銀行存款、銀行結存、應收租賃款項、財務擔保及應收貸款)的預期信貸虧損確認虧損撥備。預期信貸虧損的金額在各報告日期更新以反映自首次確認後信貸風險的變化。

終身預期信貸虧損指在相關工具的預計年期內所有可能的違約事件所導致的預期信貸虧損。相反,12個月的預期信貸虧損指預計由報告日期後12個月內可能的違約事件所導致的終身預期信貸虧損之一部分。根據本集團的歷史信貸虧損經驗進行評估,並就債務人特有的因素、一般經濟狀況以及對報告日期當前狀況及對未來狀況預測的評估而作出調整。

本集團一直確認交易應收賬款及應收租賃款項 的終身預期信貸虧損。該等資產的預期信貸虧 損就具有重大餘額的債務人單獨評估及/或使 用具有適當分組的撥備矩陣進行集體評估。

就所有其他工具,本集團所計量的虧損撥備相 等於12個月的預期信貸虧損,除非自首次確認 後信貸風險已大幅增加而本集團確認終身預期 信貸虧損。對應否確認終身預期信貸虧損的評 估是基於自首次確認後發生違約的可能性或風 險大幅增加。

#### (i) 信貸風險大幅增加

在評估自首次確認後信貸風險是否大幅增加時,本集團將於報告日金融工具發生違約的風險與於首次確認日金融工具發生違約的風險與於首次確認日金融工具發生違約的風險進行比較。在進行此評估時,本集團考慮合理且可靠的定量和定性資料,包括無需過多的成本或努力即可獲得的歷史經驗以及前瞻性資料。

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### Financial instruments (continued)

#### **Financial assets** (continued)

# Impairment of financial assets (upon application of HKFRS 9 in accordance with transitions in note 2)

The Group recognises a loss allowance for ECL on financial assets which are subject to impairment under HKFRS 9 (including trade and other receivables, amounts due from joint ventures/associates/noncontrolling shareholders, pledged bank deposits, bank balances, lease receivables, financial guarantee and loan receivable). The amount of ECL is updated at each reporting date to reflect changes in credit risk since initial recognition.

Lifetime ECL represents the ECL that will result from all possible default events over the expected life of the relevant instrument. In contrast, 12m ECL represents the portion of lifetime ECL that is expected to result from default events that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date. Assessment are done based on the Group's historical credit loss experience, adjusted for factors that are specific to the debtors, general economic conditions and an assessment of both the current conditions at the reporting date as well as the forecast of future conditions.

The Group always recognises lifetime ECL for trade receivables and lease receivables. The ECL on these assets are assessed individually for debtors with significant balances and/or collectively using a provision matrix with appropriate groupings.

For all other instruments, the Group measures the loss allowance equal to 12m ECL, unless when there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, the Group recognises lifetime ECL. The assessment of whether lifetime ECL should be recognised is based on significant increases in the likelihood or risk of a default occurring since initial recognition.

#### (i) Significant increase in credit risk

In assessing whether the credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition, the Group compares the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument as at the reporting date with the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument as at the date of initial recognition. In making this assessment, the Group considers both quantitative and qualitative information that is reasonable and supportable, including historical experience and forward-looking information that is available without undue cost or effort.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2018

### 3. 重要會計政策(續)

### 金融工具(續)

#### 金融資產(續)

金融資產之減值(根據附註2中的過渡條文應用香港財務報告準則第9號)(續)

(i) 信貸風險大幅增加(續)

尤其是,在評估信貸風險是否已大幅增加時, 以下資料會被考慮:

- 金融工具的外部(如有)或內部信貸評級實際或預期大幅惡化;
- 信貸風險外部市場指標大幅惡化,例如信貸息差、債務人的信貸違約掉期價格大幅增加;
- 現有或預測的業務、財務或經濟狀況的不 利變化預計會導致債務人履行其債務責任 能力大幅下降;
- 債務人的經營業績實際或預期大幅惡化; 及
- 債務人的監管、經濟或技術環境中實際或 預期的重大不利變化導致債務人履行其債 務責任能力大幅下降。

無論上述評估的結果如何,當合約付款逾期超 過30天時,本集團均假設自首次確認後信貸風 險已大幅增加,除非本集團有合理且可靠的資 料證明並非如此。

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### **Financial instruments** (continued)

Financial assets (continued)

Impairment of financial assets (upon application of HKFRS 9 in accordance with transitions in note 2) (continued)

(i) Significant increase in credit risk (continued)

In particular, the following information is taken into account when assessing whether credit risk has increased significantly:

- an actual or expected significant deterioration in the financial instrument's external (if available) or internal credit rating;
- significant deterioration in external market indicators of credit risk, e.g. a significant increase in the credit spread, the credit default swap prices for the debtor;
- existing or forecast adverse changes in business, financial or economic conditions that are expected to cause a significant decrease in the debtor's ability to meet its debt obligations;
- an actual or expected significant deterioration in the operating results of the debtor; and
- an actual or expected significant adverse change in the regulatory, economic, or technological environment of the debtor that results in a significant decrease in the debtor's ability to meet its debt obligations.

Irrespective of the outcome of the above assessment, the Group presumes that the credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition when contractual payments are more than 30 days past due, unless the Group has reasonable and supportable information that demonstrates otherwise.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2018

# 3. 重要會計政策(續)

#### 金融工具(續)

#### 金融資產(續)

金融資產之減值(根據附註2中的過渡條文應用香港財務報告準則第9號)(續)

#### (i) 信貸風險大幅增加(續)

儘管如此,若債務工具的信貸風險在報告日確定為低,本集團假設該債務工具的信貸風險自首次確認後並無大幅增加。債務工具的信貸風險確定為低若(i)其違約風險低;(ii)借款人有能力在短期內履行其合約現金流量責任以及(iii)長遠經濟及業務狀況的不利變化可能但未必會減低借款人履行其合約現金流量責任的能力。若債務工具的內部或外部信貸評級根據全球理解的定義為「投資級別」,本集團認為該債務工具的信貸風險為低。

就財務擔保合同,本集團成為不可撤銷承諾的一方之日即視為首次確認日以評估金融工具減值。評估自首次確認財務擔保合同後信貸風險是否已大幅增加時,本集團考慮特定債務人違約風險的變化。

本集團定期監測用於識別信貸風險是否大幅增加的標準之效用並適當修改該等標準以確保該 等標準能夠在該款項逾期之前識別信貸風險大 幅增加。

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### Financial instruments (continued)

Financial assets (continued)

Impairment of financial assets (upon application of HKFRS 9 in accordance with transitions in note 2) (continued)

#### (i) Significant increase in credit risk (continued)

Despite the aforegoing, the Group assumes that the credit risk on a debt instrument has not increased significantly since initial recognition if the debt instrument is determined to have low credit risk at the reporting date. A debt instrument is determined to have low credit risk if (i) it has a low risk of default; (ii) the borrower has a strong capacity to meet its contractual cash flow obligations in the near term and (iii) adverse changes in economic and business conditions in the longer term may, but will not necessarily, reduce the ability of the borrower to fulfil its contractual cash flow obligations. The Group considers a debt instrument to have low credit risk when it has an internal or external credit rating of 'investment grade' as per globally understood definitions.

For financial guarantee contracts, the date that the Group becomes a party to the irrevocable commitment is considered to be the date of initial recognition for the purposes of assessing the financial instrument for impairment. In assessing whether there has been a significant increase in the credit risk since initial recognition of financial guarantee contracts, the Group considers the changes in the risk that the specified debtor will default on the contract.

The Group regularly monitors the effectiveness of the criteria used to identify whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk and revises them as appropriate to ensure that the criteria are capable of identifying significant increase in credit risk before the amount becomes past due.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2018

### 3. 重要會計政策(續)

### 金融工具(續)

#### 金融資產(續)

# 金融資產之減值(根據附註2中的過渡條文應用香港財務報告準則第9號)(續)

#### (ii) 違約的定義

就內部信貸風險管理而言,本集團認為當內部 出現的或從外部來源獲得的資料表明債務人不 大可能全額支付其債權人(包括本集團)時,即 發生違約事件(不考慮本集團持有的任何抵押 品)。

無論上述情況如何,當金融資產逾期超過90天時,本集團認為違約已發生,除非本集團有合理且可靠的資料證明更滯後的違約標準更為合滴。

#### (iii) 信貸減值的金融資產

當一個或多個違約事件對該金融資產的預計未來現金流量產生不利影響時,該金融資產即為 信貸減值。證明金融資產信貸減值包括以下事 件的可觀察數據:

- (a) 發行人或借款人的重大財務困難;
- (b) 違約,如違約或逾期事件;
- (c) 基於經濟或合約原因體恤借款人財務困難,借款人的貸款人已向借款人授予一項貸款人不會另行考慮的特許權;
- (d) 借款人有可能破產或進行其他財務重組; 或
- (e) 由於財務困難,該金融資產活躍市場消失。

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### Financial instruments (continued)

#### **Financial assets** (continued)

Impairment of financial assets (upon application of HKFRS 9 in accordance with transitions in note 2) (continued)

#### (ii) Definition of default

For internal credit risk management, the Group considers an event of default occurs when information developed internally or obtained from external sources indicates that the debtor is unlikely to pay its creditors, including the Group, in full (without taking into account any collaterals held by the Group).

Irrespective of the above, the Group considers that default has occurred when a financial asset is more than 90 days past due unless the Group has reasonable and supportable information to demonstrate that a more lagging default criterion is more appropriate.

#### (iii) Credit-impaired financial assets

A financial asset is credit-impaired when one or more events of default that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of that financial asset have occurred. Evidence that a financial asset is credit-impaired includes observable data about the following events:

- (a) significant financial difficulty of the issuer or the borrower;
- (b) a breach of contract, such as a default or past due event;
- (c) the lender(s) of the borrower, for economic or contractual reasons relating to the borrower's financial difficulty, having granted to the borrower a concession(s) that the lender(s) would not otherwise consider;
- (d) it is becoming probable that the borrower will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation; or
- (e) the disappearance of an active market for that financial asset because of financial difficulties.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2018

# 3. 重要會計政策(續)

### 金融工具(續)

#### 金融資產(續)

金融資產之減值(根據附註2中的過渡條文應用香港財務報告準則第9號)(續)

#### (iv) 註銷政策

當有資料顯示交易對方面臨嚴重財務困難且沒有實際復蘇的前景時,例如,當交易對方已被清算或已進入破產程序時,本集團註銷金融資產。已註銷的金融資產仍可能受到本集團追回程序(考慮到法律意見(如適用))之強制執行活動的制約。註銷構成取消確認事件。任何隨後追回款項均於損益確認。

#### (v) 預期信貸虧損的計量及確認

預期信貸虧損的計量是違約可能性、違約所造成的虧損(即違約時的虧損幅度)以及違約風險的函數。評估違約可能性及違約所造成的虧損是根據前瞻性資料調整的歷史數據。預期信貸虧損的估計反映一個無偏頗和概率加權的金額,即根據各個發生違約風險加權而確定的。

一般而言,預期信貸虧損是根據合約應付予本集團的所有合約現金流量與本集團預期收取的所有現金流量之間的差額,並按首次確認時釐定的實際利率貼現。就應收租賃款項,用於釐定預期信貸虧損的現金流量與用於根據香港會計準則第17號「租賃」計量應收租賃款項的現金流量一致。

就財務擔保合同,本集團只須根據所擔保的工具之條款於債務人違約的情況下作出支付。因此,預期虧損為預期支付予持有人以補償所產生的信貸虧損減本集團預期從持有人、債務人或任何其他人士收取的任何款項之現值。

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### Financial instruments (continued)

#### **Financial assets** (continued)

Impairment of financial assets (upon application of HKFRS 9 in accordance with transitions in note 2) (continued)

#### (iv) Write-off policy

The Group writes off a financial asset when there is information indicating that the counterparty is in severe financial difficulty and there is no realistic prospect of recovery, for example, when the counterparty has been placed under liquidation or has entered into bankruptcy proceedings. Financial assets written off may still be subject to enforcement activities under the Group's recovery procedures, taking into account legal advice where appropriate. A write-off constitutes a derecognition event. Any subsequent recoveries are recognised in profit or loss.

#### (v) Measurement and recognition of ECL

The measurement of ECL is a function of the probability of default, loss given default (i.e. the magnitude of the loss if there is a default) and the exposure at default. The assessment of the probability of default and loss given default is based on historical data adjusted by forward-looking information. Estimation of ECL reflects an unbiased and probability-weighted amount that is determined with the respective risks of default occurring as the weights.

Generally, the ECL is the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Group in accordance with the contract and the cash flows that the Group expects to receive, discounted at the effective interest rate determined at initial recognition. For a lease receivable, the cash flows used for determining the ECL is consistent with the cash flows used in measuring the lease receivable in accordance with HKAS 17 "Leases".

For a financial guarantee contract, the Group is required to make payments only in the event of a default by the debtor in accordance with the terms of the instrument that is guaranteed. Accordingly, the expected losses is the present value of the expected payments to reimburse the holder for a credit loss that it incurs less any amounts that the Group expects to receive from the holder, the debtor or any other party.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2018

### 3. 重要會計政策(續)

### 金融工具(續)

#### 金融資產(續)

金融資產之減值(根據附註2中的過渡條文應用香港財務報告準則第9號)(續)

#### (v) 預期信貸虧損的計量及確認(續)

就未能釐定財務擔保合同的預期信貸虧損之實際利率,本集團會採用貼現率,該貼現率反映當前市場對貨幣時間值及現金流量特定風險的評估,但僅限於考慮透過調整貼現率而非調整貼現現金短缺的風險。

如果預期信貸虧損是在集體基礎上進行計量 的,或是針對個別工具級別的證據可能尚未能 提供的情況下,金融工具按以下基礎進行分 組:

- 金融工具的性質;
- 逾期狀況;
- 債務人的性質、規模和行業;及
- 外部信貸評級(如有)。

管理層定期審查分組,以確保每個組別的構成 部分繼續具有類似的信貸風險特徵。

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### Financial instruments (continued)

#### Financial assets (continued)

Impairment of financial assets (upon application of HKFRS 9 in accordance with transitions in note 2) (continued)

(v) Measurement and recognition of ECL (continued)

For ECL on financial guarantee contracts for which the effective interest rate cannot be determined, the Group will apply a discount rate that reflects the current market assessment of the time value of money and the risks that are specific to the cash flows but only if, and to the extent that, the risks are taken into account by adjusting the discount rate instead of adjusting the cash shortfalls being discounted.

Where ECL is measured on a collective basis or cater for cases where evidence at the individual instrument level may not yet be available, the financial instruments are grouped on the following basis:

- Nature of financial instruments;
- Past-due status;
- · Nature, size and industry of debtors; and
- External credit ratings where available.

The grouping is regularly reviewed by management to ensure the constituents of each group continue to share similar credit risk characteristics.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2018

#### 3. 重要會計政策(續)

#### 金融工具(續)

#### 金融資產(續)

金融資產之減值(根據附註2中的過渡條文應用 香港財務報告準則第9號)(續)

#### (v) 預期信貸虧損的計量及確認(續)

利息收入按金融資產的賬面總值計算,除非該 金融資產有信貸減值情況,利息收入則按金融 資產的攤銷成本計算。

就財務擔保合同,虧損撥備是根據香港財務報告準則第9號而釐定的虧損撥備金額及首次確認的金額減擔保期間已確認的累計收入(如適用)之中較高者來確認。

除財務擔保合同外,本集團就所有金融工具的 減價溢利及虧損於損益內確認,並調整其賬面 值,除了交易應收賬款之相應調整透過於虧損 撥備確認。

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### Financial instruments (continued)

#### Financial assets (continued)

Impairment of financial assets (upon application of HKFRS 9 in accordance with transitions in note 2) (continued)

(v) Measurement and recognition of ECL (continued)

Interest income is calculated based on the gross carrying amount of the financial asset unless the financial asset is credit impaired, in which case interest income is calculated based on amortised cost of the financial asset.

For financial guarantee contracts, the loss allowances are recognised at the higher of the amount of the loss allowance determined in accordance with HKFRS 9; and the amount initially recognised less, where appropriate, cumulative amount of income recognised over the guarantee period.

Except for financial guarantee contracts, the Group recognises an impairment gain or loss in profit or loss for all financial instruments by adjusting their carrying amount, with the exception of trade receivables where the corresponding adjustment is recognised through a loss allowance account.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2018

#### 3. 重要會計政策(續)

#### 金融工具(續)

#### 金融資產(續)

### 金融資產之分類及隨後計量(在香港財務報告 準則第9號於二零一八年一月一日應用前)

本集團之金融資產分類為三個類別之其中一個,包括透過損益按公允價值處理之金融資產、貸款及應收賬款及可供出售之金融資產。該分類視乎金融資產的性質及目的而定,並於最初確認時釐定。所有透過正常方式買賣的金融資產按交易日期基準確認及終止確認。透過正常方式買賣為按照市場規則或慣例所制定之時限內須交付資產之金融資產買賣。

#### 透過損益按公允價值處理之金融資產

金融資產分類為透過損益按公允價值處理,當該等金融資產為(i)持作買賣,或(ii)指定為透過損益按公允價值處理,或(iii)收購方可能收取作為香港財務報告準則第3號適用的業務合併的部份或有代價。

#### 一種金融資產分類為持作買賣的條件為:

- 購入的該資產主要目的為於近期內出售;
- 該資產是作為本集團整合管理已識別的金融工具組合的一部分,並具有近期實現短期套利模式;或
- 該資產是一種非指定為有效對沖工具的衍生工具。

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### Financial instruments (continued)

#### Financial assets (continued)

# Classification and subsequent measurement of financial assets (before application of HKFRS 9 on 1st January, 2018)

The Group's financial assets are classified into one of the three categories, including financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, loans and receivables and available-for-sale financial assets. The classification depends on the nature and purpose of the financial assets and is determined at the time of initial recognition. All regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are recognised and derecognised on a trade date basis. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the time frame established by regulation or convention in the marketplace.

#### Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets are classified as at fair value through profit or loss when the financial assets are (i) held for trading, or (ii) it is designated as at fair value through profit or loss, or (iii) contingent consideration that may be received by an acquirer as part of a business combination to which HKFRS 3 applies.

A financial asset is classified as held for trading if:

- it has been acquired principally for the purpose of selling in the near future;
- it is a part of an identified portfolio of financial instruments that the Group manages together and has a recent actual pattern of short-term profit-taking; or
- it is a derivative that is not designated and effective as a hedging instrument.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2018

#### 3. 重要會計政策(續)

#### 金融工具(續)

#### 金融資產(續)

金融資產之分類及隨後計量(在香港財務報告準則第9號於二零一八年一月一日應用前)(續)

#### 透過損益按公允價值處理之金融資產(續)

透過損益按公允價值處理之金融資產按公允價值計量,重新計量所產生之公允價值變動在發生期間直接於損益中確認。於損益確認的淨收益或虧損不包括該金融資產所賺取的任何股息。

#### 貸款及應收賬款

貸款及應收賬款為非於活躍市場報價而具有固定或可釐定付款之非衍生金融資產。於首次確認後,貸款及應收賬款(包括交易及其他應收賬款、應收貸款、聯營公司欠款、合營企業欠款、非控股股東欠款、用作抵押之銀行存款和銀行結存及現金)均採用實際利率法按攤銷成本減任何已確定減值虧損入賬。

#### 可供出售之金融資產

可供出售之金融資產是指定為可供出售或非分類為透過損益按公允價值處理之金融資產、貸款及應收賬款或持有至到期日之投資的非衍生工具。

除了沒有報價價格的股本投資(其公允價值無法可靠地計量),本集團持有分類為可供出售及於活躍的市場買賣之股本證券於各報告期末按公允價值計量。與利息收入相關的可供出售債務工具的賬面值變動以實際利率法計算,並於損益中確認。可供出售股本投資之股息在中集團確定有收取權利時在損益確認。可供出售之金融資產賬面值之其他變動於其他全面收益確認及累計於投資重估儲備的科目。當投資被出售或被確定為減值,過往累計於重估儲備之累計收益或虧損會重分類至損益。

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### Financial instruments (continued)

#### **Financial assets** (continued)

Classification and subsequent measurement of financial assets (before application of HKFRS 9 on 1st January, 2018) (continued)

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (continued)

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value, with changes in fair value arising from remeasurement recognised directly in profit or loss in the period in which they arise. The net gain or loss recognised in profit or loss excludes any dividend earned on the financial assets.

#### Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. Subsequent to initial recognition, loans and receivables (including trade and other receivables, loans receivable, amounts due from associates, amounts due from joint ventures, amounts due from non-controlling shareholders, pledged bank deposits and bank balances and cash) are carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest method, less any identified impairment losses.

#### Available-for-sale financial assets

Available-for-sale financial assets are non-derivatives that are either designated as available for sales or are not classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, loans and receivables or held-to-maturity investments.

Equity securities held by the Group that are classified as available-for-sale and are traded in an active market are measured at fair value at the end of each reporting period except for unquoted equity investments whose fair value cannot be reliably measured. Changes in the carrying amount of available-for-sale debt instruments relating to interest income calculated, using the effective interest method, are recognised in profit or loss. Dividends on available-for-sale equity investments are recognised in profit or loss when the Group's right to receive the dividends is established. Other changes in the carrying amount of available-for-sale financial assets are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated under the heading of investment revaluation reserves. When the investment is disposed of or is determined to be impaired, the cumulative gain or loss previously accumulated in the revaluation reserve is reclassified to profit or loss.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2018

### 3. 重要會計政策(續)

### 金融工具(續)

#### 金融資產(續)

# 金融資產減值(在香港財務報告準則第9號於二零一八年一月一日應用前)

金融資產(透過損益按公允價值處理之金融資產除外)會於報告期末評定是否有減值跡象。 當有客觀證據顯示金融資產的估計未來現金流量因於首次確認該金融資產後發生之一項或多 項事件而受到影響時,金融資產則被視為已減值。

就可供出售股本投資而言,該項投資之公允價值大幅或持續下跌至低於其成本,則視為減值 之客觀證據。

就所有其他金融資產而言,減值之客觀證據可 包括:

- 發行人或交易對方出現重大財政困難;
- 違約,例如欠繳或拖欠利息或本金;或
- 借款人有可能面臨破產或財務重組。

就若干類別之金融資產(如交易應收賬款)而言 及被評估為不會個別減值之資產,將會另外彙 集一併評估是否有減值跡象。

就按攤銷成本列賬之金融資產而言,當有客觀證據證明資產已減值,減值虧損於損益中確認,並按資產賬面值與按原實際利率貼現之估計未來現金流量現值之差額計量。

所有金融資產之減值虧損直接從金融資產的賬面值扣減,惟交易應收賬款除外,其賬面值會透過使用撥備賬作出扣減。撥備賬內之賬面值變動會於損益中確認。當交易應收賬款被視為不可收回時,其將於撥備賬內註銷。隨後收回早前已註銷的款項,均計入損益內。

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### **Financial instruments** (continued)

#### **Financial assets** (continued)

# Impairment of financial assets (before application of HKFRS 9 on 1st January, 2018)

Financial assets, other than those at FVTPL, are assessed for indicators of impairment at the end of the reporting period. Financial assets are considered to be impaired where there is objective evidence that, as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the financial asset, the estimated future cash flows of the financial assets have been affected.

For an available-for-sale equity investment, a significant or prolonged decline in the fair value of that investment below its cost is considered to be objective evidence of impairment.

For the other financial assets, objective evidence of impairment could include:

- significant financial difficulties of the issuer or counterparty;
- breach of contract, such as a default or delinquency in interest or principal payments; or
- it is becoming probable that the borrower will enter bankruptcy or financial re-organisation.

For certain categories of financial assets, such as trade receivables, assets that are assessed not to be impaired individually are, in addition, assessed for indicators of impairment on a collective basis.

For financial assets carried at amortised cost, an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss when there is objective evidence that the asset is impaired, and is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of the estimated future cash flows discounted at the original effective interest rate.

The carrying amount of the financial asset is reduced by the impairment loss directly for all financial assets with the exception of trade receivables, where the carrying amount is reduced through the use of an allowance account. Changes in the carrying amount of the allowance account are recognised in profit or loss. When a trade receivable is considered uncollectible, it is written off against the allowance account. Subsequent recovery of amounts previously written off are credited to profit or loss.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2018

# 3. 重要會計政策(續)

### 金融工具(續)

#### 金融資產(續)

# 金融資產減值(在香港財務報告準則第9號於二零一八年一月一日應用前)(續)

當可供出售金融資產被認為是減值,先前在其 他全面收益中確認的累計損益於該期間重新分 類至損益。

就按攤銷成本計量之金融資產而言,如在隨後期間,減值虧損金額減少,而有關減少在客觀上與確認減值虧損後發生之事件有關,則先前已確認之減值虧損將透過損益撥回,惟該資產於減值被撥回當日之賬面值不得超過未確認減值時之已攤銷成本。

關於可供出售股本投資,先前於損益確認之減 值虧損不會透過損益撥回。減值虧損後之任何 公允價值增加會於其他全面收益確認及累計於 投資重估儲備的科目。

#### 取消確認之金融資產

僅當資產現金流量的合約權利屆滿時,或當本 集團轉讓金融資產及所有該資產的擁有權之絕 大部份風險和回報予另一個實體時,本集團 取消確認該金融資產。如果本集團既無轉移亦 無保留絕大部份擁有權風險和回報且繼續控制 所轉讓的資產,則本集團確認其在資產中的保 留權益以及其可能必須支付的款項的相關負 債。如果本集團保留所轉讓的金融資產之絕 大部份擁有權的風險和回報,則本集團繼續確 認該金融資產並按所收到的所得確認為抵押借 款。

當取消確認按攤銷成本計量的金融資產時,該資產的賬面值與已收及應收代價的總額之間的差額於損益內確認。

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### Financial instruments (continued)

#### Financial assets (continued)

# Impairment of financial assets (before application of HKFRS 9 on 1st January, 2018) (continued)

When an available-for-sale financial asset is considered to be impaired, cumulative gains or losses previously recognised in other comprehensive income are reclassified to profit or loss in the period.

For financial assets measured at amortised cost, if, in a subsequent period, the amount of impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment losses was recognised, the previously recognised impairment loss is reversed through profit or loss to the extent that the carrying amount of the asset at the date the impairment is reversed does not exceed what the amortised cost would have been the impairment which has not been recognised.

In respect of available-for-sale equity investments, impairment losses previously recognised in profit or loss are not reversed through profit or loss. Any increase in fair value subsequent to an impairment loss is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated under the heading of investment revaluation reserve.

#### Derecognition of financial assets

The Group derecognises a financial asset only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another entity. If the Group neither transfers nor retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership and continues to control the transferred asset, the Group recognises its retained interest in the asset and an associated liability for amounts it may have to pay. If the Group retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of a transferred financial asset, the Group continues to recognise the financial asset and also recognises a collateralised borrowing for the proceeds received.

On derecognition of a financial asset measured at amortised cost, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable is recognised in profit or loss.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2018

# 3. 重要會計政策(續)

### 金融工具(續)

#### 金融資產(續)

### 取消確認之金融資產(續)

當取消確認本集團於應用香港財務報告準則第 9號首次確認時已選擇以透過其他全面收益按 公允價值計量的股本工具投資時,其先前累計 於投資重估儲備的累計收益或虧損不會分類至 損益,但會轉撥至累計溢利。

當取消確認可供出售金融資產時,其先前累計於重估儲備的累計收益或虧損會分類至損益。

#### 金融負債及股本工具

#### 分類為債務及股本

債務及股本工具乃根據所簽訂合約安排的性質 與金融負債及股本工具的定義分類為金融負債 或股本權益。

#### 股本工具

股本工具乃證明本集團於扣減所有其負債後的 資產中擁有剩餘權益的任何合約。本公司所發 行的股本工具按已收所得款項減直接發行成本 淨值確認。

#### 按攤銷成本計量之金融負債

所有金融負債(包括附息及免息的借款、交易 及其他應付賬款)隨後採用實際利率法按攤銷 成本計量。

#### 財務擔保合同

財務擔保合同是因指定債務人未能按債務工具 之原有或經修改條款如期付款時,發行者需支 付指定金額給持有人以補償其所遭受損失之 合約。

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### Financial instruments (continued)

#### **Financial assets** (continued)

#### **Derecognition of financial assets** (continued)

On derecognition of an investment in equity instrument which the Group has elected on initial recognition to measure at FVTOCI upon application of HKFRS 9, the cumulative gain or loss previously accumulated in the investments revaluation reserve is not reclassified to profit or loss, but is transferred to retained earnings.

On derecognition of an available-for-sale financial asset, the cumulative gain or loss previously accumulated in the revaluation reserve is reclassified to profit or loss.

### Financial liabilities and equity instruments

#### Classification as debt or equity

Debt and equity instruments are classified as either financial liabilities or as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

#### **Equity instruments**

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the Group after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by the Company are recognised at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

#### Financial liabilities at amortised cost

All financial liabilities that include interest-bearing and interest-free borrowings, trade and other payables are subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest method.

#### Financial guarantee contracts

A financial guarantee contract is a contract that requires the issuer to make specified payments to reimburse the holder for a loss it incurs because a specified debtor fails to make payment when due in accordance with the original or modified terms of a debt instrument.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2018

#### 3. 重要會計政策(續)

#### 金融工具(續)

#### 金融負債及股本工具(續)

#### 財務擔保合同(續)

本集團已發行之財務擔保合同按公允價值首次 計量,及(如非指定透過損益按公允價值處理) 隨後按以下兩者中之較高者計量:

- (i) 按照香港財務報告準則第9號(自二零一八年一月一日起)/香港會計準則第37號「撥備、或有負債及或有資產」(在香港財務報告準則第9號於二零一八年一月一日應用前)釐定之合約責任金額;及
- (ii) 首次確認之金額減去(如適用)在擔保期內 確認之累計攤銷。

#### 取消確認之金融負債

僅當本集團的責任被解除、取消或逾期,本集團才取消確認金融負債。取消確認之金融負債的賬面值與已付及應付的代價之間的差異計入損益中。

#### 物業、廠房及設備

物業、廠房及設備於財務狀況表以成本值扣除 隨後累計折舊及累計減值虧損列賬(如有)。

轉撥自投資物業之土地及樓宇乃按視作成本 (相等於改變用途當日的公允價值)列賬。已轉 撥之物業在其未到期的租賃期內折舊。

物業、廠房及設備項目之折舊按其估計可使用 年期以直線法按下列年率確認,以撇銷其成本 值減殘值:

土地及樓宇

按未到期的租賃期或 四十年,以較短者為準

裝修

20%-30%或按租賃期,以較短者為準

**傢**俬、裝置及

置及 20%-33%

設備以及汽車

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### Financial instruments (continued)

#### Financial liabilities and equity instruments (continued)

#### **Financial guarantee contracts** (continued)

Financial guarantee contracts issued by the Group are initially measured at their fair values and, if not designated as at fair value through profit or loss, are subsequently measured at the higher of:

- (i) the amount of obligation under the contract, as determined in accordance with HKFRS 9 (since 1st January, 2018)/HKAS 37 "Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets" (before application of HKFRS 9 on 1st January, 2018); and
- (ii) the amount initially recognised less, where appropriate, cumulative amortisation recognised over the guarantee period.

#### Derecognition of financial liabilities

The Group derecognises financial liabilities when, and only when, the Group's obligations are discharged, cancelled or have expired. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognized and the consideration paid and payable is recognised in profit or loss.

#### Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated in the statement of financial position at cost less subsequent accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any.

Land and buildings transferred from investment properties are stated at deemed cost equal to its fair value at the date of change in use. The transferred properties are depreciated over their unexpired lease term.

Depreciation is recognised to write off the cost of items of property, plant and equipment less their residual value over their estimated useful lives, using the straight-line method, at the following rates per annum:

Land and buildings

Leasehold improvements

Over the unexpired lease term or 40 years, whichever is shorter 20% – 30% or over the lease term, whichever is shorter

20% - 33%

Furniture, fixture and equipment and motor vehicles

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2018

### 3. 重要會計政策(續)

### 物業、廠房及設備(續)

一項物業、廠房及設備於出售時或當繼續使用 該資產預期不會產生任何未來經濟利益時取消 確認。該資產取消確認所產生之任何收益或虧 損(按該項目之出售所得淨額及賬面值之間的 差額計算)於該項目取消確認期間計入損益。

若有一項物業、廠房及設備因用途改變(證明不再作自用)而成為投資物業,該項目於轉撥日之賬面值與公允價值之間的任何差額於其他全面收益內確認並累計於物業重估儲備。當隨後出售或報廢資產,其相關之重估儲備將會直接轉撥至累計溢利。

#### 租賃

倘租賃條款將擁有權之絕大部份風險和回報轉 移給承租人時,該租賃則分類為融資租賃。所 有其他租賃則分類為經營租賃。

#### 本集團作為出租人

來自經營租賃之租金收入按直線法於有關租賃 期內於損益確認。商討及安排經營租賃產生的 初始直接費用計入該租賃資產的賬面值中。

#### 本集團作為承租人

經營租賃款項(包括收購經營租賃土地的費用) 按直線法於有關租賃期內確認為費用。訂立經 營租賃時已收及應收作為獎勵之利益,按直線 法於租賃期內確認為租金費用減少。於經營租 賃所產生的或有租金於產生期間內確認為費 用。

### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### Property, plant and equipment (continued)

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the asset (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the item) is included in the profit or loss in the period in which the item is derecognised.

If an item of property, plant and equipment becomes an investment property because its use has changed as evidenced by the end of owner-occupation, any difference between the carrying amount and its fair value of that item at the date of transfer is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in property revaluation reserve. On the subsequent sale or retirement of the asset, the relevant revaluation reserve will be transferred directly to retained profits.

#### Leases

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

#### The Group as lessor

Rental income from operating leases is recognised in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating and arranging an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset.

#### The Group as lessee

Operating lease payments, including the cost of acquiring land held under operating leases, are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease. Benefits received and receivable as an incentive to enter into an operating lease are recognised as a reduction of rental expense over the lease term on a straight-line basis. Contingent rentals arising under operating leases are recognised as an expense in the period in which they are incurred.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2018

# 3. 重要會計政策(續)

#### 租賃(續)

#### 租賃土地及建築物

當本集團為物業權益付款,當中包括租賃土地和建築物部分,本集團會按每個部分擁有權附帶的絕大部份風險和回報是否已轉移到本集團的評估,以個別評估每個部份分類為融資或經營租賃。除非該兩個部分很明顯均是經營租賃,在這種情況下,整個物業則分類為經營租賃。具體來說,整筆代價(包括任何一次性預付款)按在首次確認時土地部分及建築物部分的租賃權益之相對公允價值,按比例分配到租賃土地及建築物部分。

若有關付款能可靠地分配,列賬為經營租賃的租賃土地權益在綜合財務狀況報表呈列為「土地使用權之預付租賃款」,並按直線法在租賃期內攤銷,除非該等在公允價值模式下分類和列賬為投資物業。當租賃款無法可靠地在租賃土地及建築物部分之間分配,整個物業一般分類為視同融資租賃下的租賃土地。

#### 借貸成本

因購買、建造或生產合資格資產(即需要一段較長時期作準備以作既定用途或銷售之資產)而直接產生的借貸成本會被加入為該等資產成本內,直至該等資產可大致上用作既定用途或出售為止。

所有其他借貸成本均於發生期間計入損益。

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### Leases (continued)

#### Leasehold land and buildings

When the Group makes payments for a property interest which includes both leasehold land and building elements, the Group assesses the classification of each element as a finance or an operating lease separately based on the assessment as to whether substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of each element have been transferred to the Group, unless it is clear that both elements are operating leases in which case the entire property is accounted as an operating lease. Specifically, the entire consideration (including any lump-sum upfront payments) are allocated between the leasehold land and the building elements in proportion to the relative fair values of the leasehold interests in the land element and building element at initial recognition.

To the extent the allocation of the relevant payments can be made reliably, interest in leasehold land that is accounted for as an operating lease is presented as "prepaid lease payments on land use rights" in the consolidated statement of financial position and is amortised over the lease term on a straight-line basis except for those that are classified and accounted for as investment properties under the fair value model. When the lease payments cannot be allocated reliably between the leasehold land and building elements, the entire property is generally classified as if the leasehold land is under finance lease.

#### **Borrowing costs**

Borrowing costs are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualified assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are added to the cost of those assets until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale.

All other borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2018

### 3. 重要會計政策(續)

#### 外幣

於編製各個別集團實體之財務報表時,以該實體功能貨幣以外之貨幣(外幣)進行之交易按交易當日之適用匯率確認。於報告期末,以外幣為列值之貨幣項目均按當日之適用匯率重新換算。按公允價值列賬並以外幣列值之非貨幣項目乃按於公允價值釐定當日之適用匯率重新換算。按外幣歷史成本計量之非貨幣項目不會重新換算。

貨幣項目結算及貨幣項目的重新換算所產生之 匯兑差異均於發生期間於損益內確認,除與用 於未來生產使用的在建資產相關的外幣借款的 匯兑差異,當其被視為對該等外幣借款的利息 成本的調整時,計入該等資產的成本。

就呈列綜合財務報表而言,本集團實體之資產及負債乃按於報告期末之適用匯率換算為本集團之呈列貨幣(即港元),而其收入及費用乃按該年度之平均匯率進行換算,除非匯率於該期間內出現大幅波動則作別論,於此情況下,則採用交易當日之適用匯率。所產生之匯兑差異(如有)乃確認於其他全面收益並累計於權益內之匯兑浮動儲備(視乎情況歸屬於非控股權益)。

倘出售海外業務(即出售本集團所持海外業務的全部權益,或出售涉及失去對持有海外業務之附屬公司的控制權、出售涉及失去對持有海外業務之合營企業的共同控制權或出售涉及失去對持有海外業務之聯營公司的重大影響力),則本公司股東應佔該業務相關所有累計於權益的匯兑差異重新分類至損益。

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

# **Foreign currencies**

In preparing the financial statements of each individual group entity, transactions in currencies other than the functional currency of that entity (foreign currencies) are recognised at the rates of exchanges prevailing on the dates of the transactions. At the end of the reporting period, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at that date. Non-monetary items carried at fair value that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing on the date when the fair value was determined. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated.

Exchange differences arising on settlement of monetary items, and on the retranslation of monetary items, are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise except for exchange differences on foreign currency borrowings relating to assets under construction for future productive use, which are included in the cost of those assets when they are regarded as an adjustment to interest costs on those foreign currency borrowings.

For the purposes of presenting the consolidated financial statements, the assets and liabilities of the Group's entities are translated into the Group presentation currency (i.e. Hong Kong Dollars) at the rate of exchange prevailing at the end of the reporting period, and their income and expenses are translated at the average exchange rates for the year, unless exchange rates fluctuate significantly during the period, in which case, the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of transaction are used. Exchange differences arising, if any, are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity under the heading of exchange translation reserve (attributed to non-controlling interests as appropriate).

On the disposal of a foreign operation (i.e. a disposal of the Group's entire interest in a foreign operation, or a disposal involving loss of control over a subsidiary that includes a foreign operation, a disposal involving loss of joint control over a joint venture that includes a foreign operation, or a disposal involving loss of significant influence over an associate that includes a foreign operation), all of the exchange differences accumulated in equity in respect of that operation which are attributable to the owners of the Company are reclassified to profit or loss.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2018

#### 3. 重要會計政策(續)

#### 退休福利費用

向定額供款退休福利計劃、國家監管退休福利 計劃及強制性公積金計劃的供款於僱員提供有 權享有供款之服務時確認為費用。

#### 政府資助

政府資助在本集團合理確定將會滿足有關該項 政府資助所附條件且該項政府資助預計將會收 到之時才會進行確認。

政府資助於本集團確認該等資助擬補償之有關 成本為開支之期間內按有系統化的基準於損益 內確認。

# 4. 重要會計判斷及不確定性估計之主 要來源

於應用本集團之會計政策(如附註3所述)時,董事須對未能透過其他來源確定之資產及負債之賬面值作出判斷、估計及假設。所作出之估計及相關假設乃以過往經驗及其他被視為相關之因素為基準。實際結果可能與該等估計有異。

估計及相關假設乃以持續基準被審閱。倘會計估計之修訂僅影響該修訂之期間,則於該期間確認,或倘修訂會影響目前及未來期間,則會於修訂及未來期間確認。

#### 應用本集團會計政策之重要判斷

以下為董事於應用本集團會計政策過程中所作 出而對於綜合財務報表確認之金額具有最重大 影響之重要判斷(涉及估計者除外(見下文))。

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### Retirement benefit costs

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit plans, statemanaged retirement benefit schemes and the Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme are recognised as an expense when employees have rendered service entitling them to the contributions.

#### **Government grants**

Government grants are not recognised until there is reasonable assurance that the Group will comply with the conditions attaching to them and that the grants will be received.

Government grants are recognised in profit or loss on a systematic basis over the periods in which the Group recognises as expenses the related costs for which the grants are intended to compensate.

# 4. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

In the application of the Group's accounting policies, which are described in note 3, the Directors are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

# Critical judgements in applying the Group's accounting policies

The following are the critical judgements, apart from those involving estimations (see below), that the Directors have made in the process of applying the entity's accounting policies and that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the consolidated financial statements.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2018

# 4. 重要會計判斷及不確定性估計之主 要來源(續)

#### 應用本集團會計政策之重要判斷(續)

#### 投資物業的遞延税項

#### 不確定性估計之主要來源

以下為對於未來的主要假設及於報告期末之其 他不確定性估計之主要來源,而這些假設很大 可能導致於下一個財政年度內資產及負債賬面 值發生重大調整的風險。

#### 於某個時間點的已竣工物業銷售之收入確認

根據香港財務報告準則第15號,當本集團履約時沒有創建對本集團有其他用途的資產,且本集團對迄今為止已完成的履約有可強制執行的收款權利時,該資產的控制權會隨著時間推移而轉移。在確定本集團與客戶的合約之一,不 為本集團創建可強制執行的收款權利時,需要作出重大判斷。本集團已考慮適用於這些的合約的相關當地法律。根據本集團管理層的強計,相關銷售合約的條款並未為集團創建可強制執行的收款權利。因此,已竣工物業銷售被視為是在某個時間點履行的履約責任。

# 4. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

(CONTINUED)

# Critical judgements in applying the Group's accounting policies (continued)

#### Deferred taxation on investment properties

For the purposes of measuring deferred tax arising from investment properties that are measured using the fair value model, the Directors have reviewed the investment property portfolios of the Group and its associates and joint ventures and concluded that investment properties held by the Group and its associates and joint ventures are not held under a business model whose objective is to consume substantially all of the economic benefits embodied in the investment properties over time, rather than through sale. Therefore, in determining the deferred taxation on investment properties of the Group and its associates and joint ventures, the Directors have determined that the "sales" presumption that the carrying amounts of investment properties measured using the fair value model are recovered entirely through sale is not rebutted. As a result, the Group has recognised the deferred taxes on changes in fair value of investment properties as the Group is subject to income taxes and LAT on the fair value changes of the investment properties on disposal.

#### **Key sources of estimation uncertainty**

The following are the key assumptions concerning the future, and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year.

# Revenue recognition from sales of completed properties at a point in time

Under HKFRS 15, control of the asset is transferred over time when the Group's performance does not create an asset with an alternative use to the Group and the Group has an enforceable right to payment for performance completed to date. Significant judgment is required in determining whether the terms of the Group's contracts with customers in relation to create an enforceable right to payment for the Group. The Group has considered the relevant local laws that apply to those relevant contracts. Based on the assessment of the Group's management, the terms of the relevant sales contracts do not create an enforceable right to payment for the Group. Accordingly, the sales of completed properties is considered to be performance obligation satisfied at a point in time.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2018

# **4.** 重要會計判斷及不確定性估計之主要來源(續)

# 4. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

(CONTINUED)

#### 不確定性估計之主要來源(續)

#### **Key sources of estimation uncertainty** (continued)

### 待發展物業及物業存貨之估值

# Valuation of properties for development and inventories of properties

待發展物業3,818,333,000港元(二零一七年:3,485,361,000港元)以成本值扣除累計攤銷及任何已確定之減值虧損列賬,而物業存貨5,791,639,000港元(二零一七年:5,319,707,000港元)乃按成本及可變現淨值的較低者入賬。管理層根據獨立合資格專業評值的競進行之估值,釐定待發展物業之可收回金額及發展中物業存貨之可變現淨值。估值依賴於涉及管理層判斷之若干重要參數,包括發展總卷大及管理層判斷之若干重要參數,包括發展總卷大及管理層判斷之若干重要參數,包括發展總卷大及管理層判斷之若干重要參數,包括發展總卷大及管理層判斷之若干重要參數,包括發展總卷大及管理層則對之若干重要參數,包括發展總卷大及管理層則對之表表。此外,管理層參考本集團已竣工項目之實際開發成本估計完成待發展物業及發展中物業存貨之未來成本。

Properties for development of HK\$3,818,333,000 (2017: HK\$3,485,361,000) are stated at cost less accumulated amortisation and any identified impairment loss, while inventories of properties of HK\$5,791,639,000 (2017: HK\$5,319,707,000) are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. The management determined the recoverable amounts of properties for development and the net realisable value of inventories of properties under development based on valuations performed by the independent and qualified professional valuers. The valuations are dependent on certain significant inputs that involve the management's judgments, including gross development value, developer's profit and discount rate. Besides, the management estimated future cost to completion of properties for development and inventories of properties under development with reference to the actual development cost of the Group's completed projects.

管理層考慮若干因素,包括在中國及香港之相 同項目之類似物業類型或類似物業之近期價 格,並參考已竣工物業存貨之估計市價來釐定 已竣工物業存貨之可變現淨值。 The management determined the net realisable value of inventories of completed properties with reference to the estimated market prices of inventories of completed properties, which takes into account a number of factors including recent prices achieved for similar property types in the same project or by similar properties in the PRC and Hong Kong.

基於管理層之評估,截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度,已竣工物業存貨之減值4,014,000港元於損益確認。

Based on the management's assessment, the write-down of inventories of completed properties of HK\$4,014,000 was recognised in profit or loss for the year ended 31st December, 2018.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2018

# 4. 重要會計判斷及不確定性估計之主 要來源(續)

# 不確定性估計之主要來源(續)

#### 公允價值計量及估值過程

就財務報告目的而言,若干本集團之資產及負 債按公允價值計量。董事需決定公允值計量之 適當估值方法及參數。

於估計一項資產或一項負債的公允價值時,本 集團使用可供參考的市場可觀察數據。倘並無 第一級參數,本集團委聘第三方合資格的評估 師進行估值。董事與合資格的外部評估師緊密 合作,為模型建立適當估值方法及參數。

本集團使用包含並非基於可觀察市場數據的參 數之估值方法來估計若干類型金融工具的公允 價值。

當釐定投資物業的公允價值時,涉及重要判斷的假設及主要參數(包括租期收益率、復歸收益率、市場單位租金)已被採用。

附註18及49(c)提供有關於釐定不同資產公允價值時所使用的估值方法、參數及主要假設的詳細資料。

#### 土地增值税

中國土地增值税乃就土地價值的增值額,即物業銷售所得減可扣減開支(包括出售費用、借貸成本及所有物業發展開支)按介乎30%至60%的遞增税率徵收。

本集團須支付中國的土地增值税。若干主要城市之地方税務局已公佈有關執行的細節,然而,本集團尚未與這些中國主要城市之地方税務局落實土地增值税的計算及付款方法。因此,須作出重大判斷以釐定土地增值額及其相關稅項。本集團根據管理層對稅務規則的理解作出的最佳估計,確認該等負債。最終稅務結果可能與最初記錄的金額不同,而有關差異將於有關執行細節落實期間影響所得稅撥備。

# 4. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

(CONTINUED)

#### **Key sources of estimation uncertainty** (continued)

#### Fair value measurements and valuation processes

Some of the Group's assets and liabilities are measured at fair value for financial reporting purposes. The Directors have to determine the appropriate valuation techniques and inputs for fair value measurements.

In estimating the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Group uses market-observable data to the extent it is available. Where Level 1 inputs are not available, the Group engages third party qualified valuers to perform the valuation. The Directors work closely with the qualified external valuers to establish the appropriate valuation techniques and inputs to the model.

The Group uses valuation techniques that include inputs that are not based on observable market data to estimate the fair value of certain types of financial instruments.

When determining the fair values of investment properties, assumptions and key inputs that involve significant judgements, including term yield, reversionary yield and market unit rent, are adopted.

Notes 18 and 49(c) provides detailed information about the valuation techniques, inputs and key assumptions used in the determination of the fair value of various assets.

#### Land Appreciation Tax

PRC LAT is levied at progressive rates ranging from 30% to 60% on the appreciation of land value, being the proceeds of sales of properties less deductible expenditures including sales charges, borrowing costs and all property development expenditures.

The Group is subject to LAT in the PRC. The details of implementation have been announced by local tax bureaux in certain major cities, however, the Group has not finalised its LAT calculation and payments with local tax bureaux in those cities in the PRC. Accordingly, significant judgements are required in determining the amount of land appreciation and its related taxes. The Group recognises these liabilities based on the management's best estimates according to the understanding of the tax rules. Where the final tax outcome of these matters is different from the amounts that were initially recorded, such differences will impact the income tax provisions in the period in which such determination is made.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2018

### 5. 收入

#### 截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

#### (i) 收入分類

#### 5. REVENUE

# For the year ended 31st December, 2018

#### (i) Disaggregation of revenue

2018 千港元 HK\$'000

	HK\$'000
於某個時間點At a point in time已竣工物業銷售Sales of completed properties	2,627,241
隨時間 Over time	
物業管理 Property management	128,400
其他營運 Other operations	33,290
貨品及服務收入 Revenue from goods and services	2,788,931
租金收入 Rental income	502,788
	3,291,719

#### (ii) 客戶合約的履約責任

發展供待售之物業的收入於客戶取得已竣工物業的控制權(即在交付買賣協議中所列明之已竣工物業及轉移其所有權予客戶)的時間點確認。

在達到以上收入確認條件之前,已收物業銷售 按金於綜合財務狀況表之流動負債內呈列為合 約負債。

物業管理費用收入按照完成相關履約責任的進 度隨時間確認,因為客戶同時收到並消耗本集 團執行履約時所帶來的利益。

# (ii) Performance obligations for contracts with customers

Revenue from properties developed for sale is recognised at a point in time when the customer obtains the control of the completed properties, which is the completed property stated in the sale and purchase agreement being delivered and its title being passed to the customer.

Deposits received from sales of properties prior to meeting the above criteria for revenue recognition are presented as contract liabilities in the consolidated statement of financial position under current liabilities.

Property management fee income is recognised over time by reference to the progress towards complete satisfaction of the relevant performance obligation, as the customer simultaneously receives and consumes the benefits provided by the Group's performance as the Group performs.

千港元

# 綜合財務報表附註(續)

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2018

# 5. 收入(續)

# 截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度 (續)

# (iii) 將交易價分配至客戶合約的餘下履約 責任

於二零一八年十二月三十一日根據物業銷售合同分配至餘下履約責任(未履行或部分未履行)的交易價以及預計確認收入的時間如下:

#### 5. REVENUE (CONTINUED)

# For the year ended 31st December, 2018 (continued)

# (iii) Transaction price allocated to the remaining performance obligation for contracts with customers

The transaction price allocated to the remaining performance obligations (unsatisfied or partially unsatisfied) regarding contracts for sales of properties as at 31st December, 2018 and the expected timing of recognising revenue are as follows:

		HK\$'000
一年內 多於一年但不超過兩年 多於兩年	Within one year  More than one year but not more than two years  More than two years	2,046,552 16,625 5,315
		2,068,492

物業管理服務的合約有不同的年期,本集團對所提供的服務每月發出固定金額的帳單。本集團選擇採用可行的權宜之計,就本集團有權出具發票之金額確認收入。根據香港財務報告準則第15號規定,分配至該等未履行合約的交易價不予以披露。

Contracts for the property management services have various year terms in which the Group bills fixed amount for each month of service provided. The Group elected to apply the practical expedient by recognising revenue in the amount to which the Group has right to invoice. As permitted under HKFRS 15, the transaction price allocated to these unsatisfied contracts is not disclosed.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2018

#### 5. 收入(續)

#### 截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止年度

本集團於年內的收入分析如下:

#### **5. REVENUE** (CONTINUED)

#### For the year ended 31st December, 2017

An analysis of the Group's revenue for the year is as follows:

2017 千港元 HK\$'000

已竣工物業銷售 租金收入	Sales of completed properties Rental income	495,608
物業管理及其他營運收入	Income from property management and other operation	463,214 154,059

1,112,881

#### 6. 分部資料

本集團於本年度之收入主要來自在中國及香港所經營之業務。本集團之基礎組織之釐定基於三項主要業務:物業發展、物業投資及其他營運(主要包括物業管理)。同樣地,按滙報予配公司執行董事(最高營運決策者)就資源分配配評估表現為目的之本集團可呈報及經營分部,集中於此三項主要業務。就物業投資分部,其包括一間上市的物業投資附屬公司之商公司之時,本集團並無就該上市物業投資附屬公司之部,因就內部表現評估而言,其業績、資產及負債乃與本集團之其他物業投資活動一併編製及檢討。

#### 6. SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Group's revenue for the year was derived mainly from activities carried out and located in the PRC and Hong Kong. The Group's basis of organisation is determined based on three main operations: property development, property investment and other operations that comprises mainly property management. Similarly, the Group's reportable and operating segments, reported to the Executive Directors of the Company, the chief operating decision maker, for the purposes of resource allocation and performance assessment, also focused on these three main operations. For the property investment segment, it includes business activities of a listed property investment subsidiary. No reportable and operating segments of the listed property investment subsidiary are separately presented as its results, assets and liabilities are prepared and reviewed together with the Group's other property investment activities for the internal performance assessment purposes.

甘州營渾

# 綜合財務報表附註(續)

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2018

# 6. 分部資料(續)

本集團於本年度之收入及資產主要來自在中國 及香港所經營之業務。本集團之分部收入、業 績、資產及負債按可呈報及經營分部分析如 下:

# **6. SEGMENT INFORMATION** (CONTINUED)

**伽紫**器 展

The Group's revenue for the year and assets are derived mainly from activities carried out and located in the PRC and Hong Kong. An analysis of the Group's segment revenue, results, assets and liabilities by reportable and operating segment is as follows:

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		物業發展 Property development 千港元 HK\$'000	物業投資 Property investment 千港元 HK\$'000	其他營運 Other operations 千港元 HK\$'000	合併 Consolidated 千港元 HK\$'000
截至二零一八年十二月 三十一日止年度	For the year ended 31st December, 2018				
<b>分部收入</b> 對外銷售	SEGMENT REVENUE External sales	2,627,241	502,788	161,690	3,291,719
業績 分部溢利(虧損) 其他收入及收益 未能分攤之企業費用 融資成本 應佔聯營公司(虧損)溢利 應佔合營企業溢利	RESULTS  Segment profit (loss) Other income and gains Unallocated corporate expenses Finance costs Share of (loss) profit of associates Share of profit of joint ventures	861,912 (589) 186,949	682,936 56,277 167,673	(7,414) - 24,152	1,537,434 320,912 (269,275) (155,964) 55,688 378,774
除税前溢利	Profit before tax				1,867,569
於二零一八年 十二月三十一日	As at 31st December, 2018				
資產 分部資產 於聯營公司之權益 於合營企業之權益 聯營公司欠款 合營企業欠款 未能分攤之企業資產	ASSETS  Segment assets Interests in associates Interests in joint ventures Amounts due from associates Amounts due from joint ventures Unallocated corporate assets	9,998,416 209,618 2,284,224 2,563 1,264,933	13,796,057 2,681,713 2,827,431 200,229	47,582 - 192,590 - 68,504	23,842,055 2,891,331 5,304,245 202,792 1,333,437 5,440,897
合併總資產	Consolidated total assets				39,014,757
<b>負債</b> 分部負債 未能分攤之企業負債	LIABILITIES  Segment liabilities  Unallocated corporate liabilities	4,603,578	2,404,756	108,316	7,116,650 6,645,096
合併總負債	Consolidated total liabilities				13,761,746

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) 截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

For the year ended 31st December, 2018

# 6. 分部資料(續)

# 6. **SEGMENT INFORMATION** (CONTINUED)

		物業發展 Property development 千港元 HK\$'000	物業投資 Property investment 千港元 HK\$'000	其他營運 Other operations 千港元 HK\$'000	合併 Consolidated 千港元 HK\$'000
截至二零一八年十二月 三十一日止年度	For the year ended 31st December, 2018				
其他資料	OTHER INFORMATION				
包括於分部溢利或 虧損或分部資產計量之 金額:	Amounts included in the measure of segment profit or loss or segment assets:				
非流動資產之增加 折舊及攤銷 出售和註銷物業、廠房及	Addition to non-current assets  Depreciation and amortisation  Loss (gain) on disposal and write-off	2,313,345 31,515	5,873 12,555	1,227 3,202	2,320,445 47,272
設備之虧損(收益) 已竣工物業存貨轉撥至 投資物業之公允價值	of property, plant and equipment Fair value gain on transfer of inventories of completed	10	(110)	22	(78)
收益 投資物業公允價值之	properties to investment properties Increase in fair value of investment	-	229,137	-	229,137
増加 已竣工物業存貨之	properties Write-down of inventories of	-	201,283	-	201,283
減值 透過損益按公允價值處理	completed properties  Net decrease in fair value of	4,014	-	-	4,014
之股本證券之公允價值 淨減少	equity securities at fair value through profit or loss Net decrease in fair value of	-	-	29,597	29,597
透過損益按公允價值處理 之金融資產之公允價值 淨減少	financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	-	-	68,246	68,246

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) 截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

For the year ended 31st December, 2018

# 6. 分部資料(續)

# **6. SEGMENT INFORMATION** (CONTINUED)

		物業發展 Property development 千港元 HK\$'000	物業投資 Property investment 千港元 HK\$'000	其他營運 Other operations 千港元 HK\$′000	合併 Consolidated 千港元 HK\$′000
截至二零一七年十二月 三十一日止年度	For the year ended 31st December, 2017				
<b>分部收入</b> 對外銷售	SEGMENT REVENUE External sales	495,608	463,214	154,059	1,112,881
業績 分部溢利 其他收入及收益 未能分攤之企業費用 融資成本	RESULTS Segment profit Other income and gains Unallocated corporate expenses Finance costs	1,762,715	684,499	8,646	2,455,860 149,944 (247,887) (153,841)
應佔聯營公司溢利 應佔合營企業溢利(虧損)	Share of profit (loss) of joint ventures	97 189,405	99,051 126,641	- (62,827)	99,148 253,219
除税前溢利	Profit before tax				2,556,443
於二零一七年 十二月三十一日	As at 31st December, 2017				
資產 分部資產 於聯營公司之權益 於合營企業之權益 聯營公司欠款 合營企業欠款 未能分攤之企業資產	ASSETS  Segment assets Interests in associates Interests in joint ventures Amounts due from associates Amounts due from joint ventures Unallocated corporate assets	9,393,975 214,943 568,604 2,563 1,722,913	13,296,194 2,724,402 2,219,029 221,429	46,772 - 162,629 - 66,856	22,736,941 2,939,345 2,950,262 223,992 1,789,769 6,516,132
合併總資產	Consolidated total assets				37,156,441
<b>負債</b> 分部負債 未能分攤之企業負債 合併總負債	LIABILITIES Segment liabilities Unallocated corporate liabilities  Consolidated total liabilities	3,848,018	2,308,773	22,078	6,178,869 6,092,532

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2018

#### 6. 分部資料(續)

# 6. SEGMENT INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

	其他營運	物業投資	物業發展
合併	Other	Property	Property
		investment	. ,
Consolidated			development
千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000

截至二零一七年 十二月三十一日止年度	For the year ended 31st December, 2017				
其他資料	OTHER INFORMATION				
包括於分部溢利或 虧損或分部資產計量之 金額:	Amounts included in the measure of segment profit or loss or segment assets:				
非流動資產之增加	Addition to non-current assets	1,500,381	697,208	16,471	2,214,060
折舊及攤銷	Depreciation and amortisation	41,002	14,697	2,978	58,677
出售和註銷物業、廠房及	(Gain) loss on disposal and write-off of				
設備之(收益)虧損	property, plant and equipment	(233)	718	(388)	97
已竣工物業存貨轉撥至	Fair value gain on transfer of				
投資物業之公允價值	inventories of completed properties		44= 040		44 = 040
収益 小盗物業の / 煙佐さ	to investment properties	_	115,313	-	115,313
投資物業公允價值之增加	Increase in fair value of investment properties		338,453		338,453
已竣工物業存貨之	Reversal of write-down of inventories	_	330,433	_	330,433
減值撥回	of completed properties	1,020	_	_	1,020
持作買賣投資公允價值之	Net decrease in fair value of	.,020			.,020
淨減少	held-for-trading investments	_	_	15,444	15,444
可供出售投資減值	Impairment loss on available-for-sale				
虧損	investments	_	_	78,168	78,168
出售一間附屬公司之收益	Gain on disposal of a subsidiary	1,633,977	_	_	1,633,977
議價收購一間附屬公司之	Gain on bargain purchase of				
收益	a subsidiary	60,856	_	-	60,856

可呈報及經營分部的會計政策與於附註3所述的本集團會計政策一致。分部溢利(虧損)指每個分部賺取的溢利(產生的虧損),當中並無分攤其他收入及收益、融資成本、應佔聯營公司及合營企業溢利(虧損)及未能分攤之企業費用。此乃匯報予本公司執行董事就資源分配及評估表現為目的之計量。

The accounting policies of the reportable and operating segments are the same as the Group's accounting policies described in note 3. Segment profit (loss) represents the profit earned by (loss from) each segment without allocation of other income and gains, finance costs, share of profit (loss) of associates and joint ventures and unallocated corporate expenses. This is the measure reported to the Executive Directors of the Company for the purposes of resource allocation and performance assessment.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2018

### 6. 分部資料(續)

#### 地區資料

本集團來自對外客戶之收入的地區分析按照提供服務及交付貨品的地區位置及非流動資產賬面值資料(不包括應收貸款及其他金融工具、俱樂部會籍及遞延税項資產)按照該等資產的地區位置,詳情如下:

#### **6. SEGMENT INFORMATION** (CONTINUED)

# **Geographical information**

A geographical analysis of the Group's revenue from external customers based on the geographical location where the services were provided or the goods were delivered, and information about the carrying amount of non-current assets excluding loans receivable and other financial instruments, club memberships and deferred tax assets by the geographical location of the assets are detailed as follows:

		對外客戶收入		非流動資產賬面值	
		Revenu	ie from	Carrying amounts of	
		external o	customers	non-curre	ent assets
		2018	2017	2018	2017
	千港元		千港元	千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
中國	The PRC	3,196,388	1,033,856	20,916,978	17,696,240
香港	Hong Kong	56,327	58,504	4,008,078	4,078,152
英國	United Kingdom	26,881	20,521	718,200	748,905
澳洲	Australia	12,123	_	476,927	523,560
		3,291,719	1,112,881	26,120,183	23,046,857

#### 主要客戶之資料

於這兩個年度,本集團未有與單一對外客戶交易之收入達本集團收入10%或以上。

### Information about major customers

No revenue from transaction with a single external customer is amounted to 10% or more of the Group's revenue for both years.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2018

# 7. 其他收入及收益

#### 7. OTHER INCOME AND GAINS

	HK\$'000	千港元 HK\$'000
限息收入 ー非上市股份 ー上市股份 ー上市股份 ー上市股份 明行存款利息收入 原收貸款利息 収入 本自合營企業之利息收入 評匯兑收益 補貼收入 其他收入 Dividend income ー unlisted shares linterest income on bank deposits Interest income from loans receivable Interest income from joint ventures Net exchange gain Subsidy income Other income	2,111 1,656 51,195 221,840 8,008 - 103 35,999	2,254 999 36,773 39,443 22,252 18,976 828 28,419

#### 8. 出售一間附屬公司之收益

於截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止年度內,本集團出售於一間附屬公司全部之權益及轉讓部份股東貸款予一名獨立第三方。該被出售之附屬公司於英屬維京群島註冊成立,以及持有一間於中國註冊成立並於中國從事物業發展之公司(「中國公司」)50%之權益,而其餘下50%之權益亦由本集團的另一間附屬公司持有。因此,出售完成時,該中國公司成為本集團的一間合營企業(「合營企業公司」)。

#### 8. GAIN ON DISPOSAL OF A SUBSIDIARY

During the year ended 31st December, 2017, the Group disposed of its entire equity interests in a subsidiary and assigned part of the shareholders' loans to an independent third party. The disposed subsidiary is incorporated in the British Virgin Islands and holds 50% equity interest in a company established in the PRC ("PRC Company") which is engaged in property development in the PRC and its remaining 50% equity interest is also owned by another subsidiary of the Group. As a result, the PRC Company became a joint venture ("JV Company") of the Group upon completion of this disposal.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2018

# 8. 出售一間附屬公司之收益(續)

# 8. GAIN ON DISPOSAL OF A SUBSIDIARY (CONTINUED)

出售詳情如下:

Details of the disposal are as follows:

該附屬公司之淨負債於出售日如下:

The net liabilities of the subsidiary at the date of disposal were as follows:

2017 千港元

		HK\$'000
出售淨負債:	Net liabilities disposed of:	
物業、廠房及設備	Property, plant and equipment	245
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Properties for development	914,558
發展中物業存貨	Inventories of properties under development	971,778
交易及其他應收賬款、	Trade and other receivables,	9/1,//0
交	deposits and prepayments	7 200
銀行結存及現金	Bank balances and cash	7,208
		25,287
股東貸款	Shareholders' loans	(1,004,906)
交易及其他應付賬款	Trade and other payables	(763,674)
預售按金	Pre-sale deposits	(13,056)
附息借款	Interest-bearing borrowings	(679,214)
出售淨負債	Net liabilities disposed of	(541.774)
	Net liabilities disposed of	(541,774)
轉讓股東貸款	Assignment of shareholders' loans	677,743
出售收益	Gain on disposal	1,633,977
保留在附屬公司剩餘權益被	Fair value of the remaining interests retained in the	
分類為合營企業之權益之	subsidiary classified to interests in joint ventures	
公允價值(附註i)	(Note i)	(627,828)
出售的代價	Consideration on disposal	1,142,118
	Consideration satisfied by:	
- 於截至二零一七年十二月三十一日	<ul> <li>Cash received for the year ended</li> </ul>	
止年度內收取的現金	31st December, 2017	419,487
一轉讓股東貸款而收取	<ul> <li>Cash received for assignment of</li> </ul>	, , , , , ,
的現金	shareholders' loans	677,743
一於過往年度收取作為訂金的現金	<ul> <li>Cash received in prior years as deposit</li> </ul>	44,888
八個年十184以1176日1平月7年	- cash received in prior years as deposit	44,000
		1,142,118
轉撥至累計溢利之匯兑浮動儲備	Exchange translation reserve transferred to	
的放主系可加利之匹尤片勒帕用 (附註ii)	retained earnings (Note ii)	(23,176)

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2018

#### 8. 出售一間附屬公司之收益(續)

#### 8. GAIN ON DISPOSAL OF A SUBSIDIARY (CONTINUED)

2017 千港元

HK\$'000

出售所產生之現金流入淨值:	Net cash inflow arising on disposal:	
於截至二零一七年十二月三十一日	Cash consideration received for the	
止年度內收取的現金代價	year ended 31st December, 2017	419,487
轉讓股東貸款的	Cash consideration for assignment of	
現金代價	shareholders' loans	677,743
出售之銀行結存及現金	Bank balances and cash disposed of	(25,287)
		1,071,943

附註:

- (i) 保留在附屬公司剩餘權益於被分類為於合營企業 之權益之公允價值包括約定可予分派溢利之現值 547,169,000港元,根據日期為二零一七年五月八 日之確認函,自出售完成日三年內從合營企業公司 收取。
- (ii) 由於被出售的附屬公司及本公司的功能貨幣相同, 就被出售附屬公司因換算為呈列貨幣項目所產生之 匯兑差異而累計於匯兑浮動儲備,須於出售時從匯 兑浮動儲備轉撥至累計溢利。

#### 9. 議價收購一間附屬公司之收益

#### Notes:

- (i) Included in the fair value of the remaining interest retained in the subsidiary classified to interests in joint ventures is the present value of an agreed distributable profit of HK\$547,169,000 to be received from the JV Company within three years from the date of completion of the disposal pursuant to a letter of confirmation dated 8th May, 2017.
- (ii) As the functional currencies of the disposed subsidiary and the Company are the same, exchange differences arising from translation of items to presentation currency accumulated in exchange translation reserve relating to the disposed subsidiary are transferred from exchange translation reserve to retained earnings at the time of disposal.

#### 9. GAIN ON BARGAIN PURCHASE OF A SUBSIDIARY

During the year ended 31st December, 2017, the Group acquired additional approximately 41.26% interest in an associate, Tian An Australia Limited ("TIA"), for a total consideration of HK\$278,246,000. After acquisition, the Group holds approximately 76.70% equity interest in TIA and it becomes a subsidiary of the Group. TIA is a listed entity in Australia and its principal businesses is engaged in the property development in Australia. This transaction has been accounted for as acquisition of business, using acquisition accounting. In relation to the TIA acquisition, the Group had made competitive offer price in acquiring the shares of TIA from the existing shareholders. The intrinsic value of the properties had not been reflected by the market price and also the offer price made by the Group. After re-assessment by the management of the Group, the fair value of net identifiable assets exceeded the purchase consideration, resulting in gain on bargain purchase. The amount of gain on bargain purchase arising as a result of the acquisition of TIA is HK\$60,856,000.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2018

# 9. 議價收購一間附屬公司之收益

# 9. GAIN ON BARGAIN PURCHASE OF A SUBSIDIARY (CONTINUED)

來自天安澳洲交易所收購之淨資產如下:

The net assets acquired in TIA's transaction are as follows:

		綜合前 被收購公司 之賬面值 Acquirees' carrying amount before combination 千港元 HK\$'000	公允價值 調整 Fair value adjustments 千港元 HK\$'000 <i>(附註i)</i> (Note i)	公允價值 Fair value 千港元 HK\$'000
已收購之淨資產: 物業、廠房及設備 待發展物業 可供出售投資 已竣工物業存貨 交易公果	Net assets acquired: Property, plant and equipment Properties for development Available-for-sale investments Inventories of completed properties Trade and other receivables,	1,525 522,035 38,282 37,690	- - - -	1,525 522,035 38,282 37,690
按金及預付款 用作抵押之銀行存款 銀行結存及現金 交易及其他應付賬款	deposits and prepayments Pledged bank deposits Bank balances and cash Trade and other payables	27,345 3,721 143,003 (9,967)	- - - -	27,345 3,721 143,003 (9,967)
		763,634		763,634
非控股權益(附註ii) 於一間聯營公司之權益 議價收購一間附屬公司之 收益	Non-controlling interests (Note ii) Interest in an associate Gain on bargain purchase of a subsidiary			(177,895) (246,637) (60,856)
代價,以現金支付	Consideration, satisfied by cash			278,246
收購所產生之現金 流出淨值: 已支付之現金代價 收購之銀行結存及現金	Net cash outflow arising on acquisition: Cash consideration paid Bank balances and cash acquired			278,246 (146,724)
				131,522

#### 附註:

- (i) 本集團之管理層已評估及確認該被收購公司合併前 之資產及負債的賬面值約為於收購日之公允價值。
- (ii) 於收購日已確認之非控股股東權益按非控股權益比例分佔之被收購公司之可識別淨資產之公允價值計量。

#### Notes:

- (i) The management of the Group has assessed and determined that the acquirees' carrying amounts of assets and liabilities before combination approximate to the fair value at the acquisition date.
- (ii) The interests of non-controlling shareholders recognised at the acquisition date were measured at the non-controlling interests' proportionate share of the fair value of the acquiree's identifiable net assets.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2018

# 9. 議價收購一間附屬公司之收益

天安澳洲之待發展物業、可供出售投資及已竣工物業存貨於收購天安澳洲日之公允價值乃由與本集團無任何關連的獨立合資格專業評估公司-Property Valuation & Advisory (WA)及Jones Lang LaSalle Advisory Services Pty Ltd於當日進行估值。待發展物業之估值主要按直接比較法及剩餘現金流量分析法。可供出售投資及已竣工物業存貨之估值主要按直接比較法及參考相關市場可獲得的可比較銷售交易而釐定。

本集團之管理層認為該收購提供一個良好的時 機以擴大本集團的物業投資組合,預期為股東 帶來長遠的回報。

自收購日(即二零一七年十二月二十二日)至報告期末之期間,天安澳洲並無收入或溢利貢獻 予本集團之收入或溢利。

若上述收購於二零一七年一月一日完成,本集團該年度之總收入為1,196,136,000港元,以及該年度溢利為2,099,627,000港元。備考資料僅為説明用途,以及並非表示若收購於二零一七年一月一日完成,本集團的營運收入及業績實際會實現,或意圖用於預測未來業績。

# 9. GAIN ON BARGAIN PURCHASE OF A SUBSIDIARY (CONTINUED)

The fair value of the properties for development, available-for-sale investments and inventories of completed properties of TIA at the date of acquisition of TIA have been arrived at on the basis of a valuation carried out on that date by Property Valuation & Advisory (WA) and Jones Lang LaSalle Advisory Services Pty Ltd, the firms of independent and qualified professional valuers which are not connected with the Group. The valuation of properties for development was principally based on the direct comparison and residual cash flow analysis. The valuation of available-for-sale investments and inventories of completed properties was principally determined by direct comparison approach by making reference to comparable sales transactions as available in the relevant market.

The management of the Group considers that the acquisition offers a good opportunity to expand the property investment portfolio of the Group, which is expected to bring in returns to the shareholders in the long run.

No revenue or profit was contributed by TIA to the Group's revenue or profit for the period between the date of acquisition on 22nd December, 2017 and the end of the reporting period.

If the above acquisition had been completed on 1st January, 2017, total Group's revenue for the year would have been HK\$1,196,136,000, and profit for the year would have been HK\$2,099,627,000. The pro forma information is for illustration purposes only and is not necessarily an indication of revenue and results of operations of the Group that actually would have been achieved had the acquisition been completed on 1st January, 2017, nor is it intended to be a projection of future results.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) 截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

For the year ended 31st December, 2018

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# **10. FINANCE COSTS**

		2018 千港元 HK\$′000	2017 千港元 HK\$′000
利息付予:	Interest on:		
銀行貸款	Bank loans	203,095	183,085
其他貸款	Other loans	2,907	2,725
貸款安排費	Loans arrangement fee	259	58
滅:資本化於	Less: amount capitalised	206,261	185,868
發展中物業	on properties under		
金額	development	(50,297)	(32,027)
		155,964	153,841
44 14 15	44 TAVATION		

# 11.税項

#### 11.TAXATION

		2018 千港元 HK\$′000	2017 千港元 HK\$′000
支出包括:	The charge comprises:		
本期税項	Current tax		
一香港利得税 	<ul><li>– Hong Kong Profits Tax</li></ul>	10,676	4,546
一海外税項	– Overseas Tax	3,423	4,547
一中國企業所得稅	<ul><li>PRC Enterprise Income Tax</li></ul>	265,983	157,121
一土地增值税	– LAT	160,867	80,266
		440,949	246,480
過往年度撥備不足(超額撥備)	Under (over) provision in		
	prior years		
一香港利得税	<ul> <li>Hong Kong Profits Tax</li> </ul>	50	(29)
一海外税項	<ul><li>Overseas Tax</li></ul>	(1,196)	-
一中國企業所得税	<ul> <li>PRC Enterprise Income Tax</li> </ul>	2,993	(2,870)
		1,847	(2,899)
		442,796	243,581
遞延税項(附註42)	Deferred tax (note 42)	166,662	220,756
		609,458	464,337

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2018

#### 11. 税項(續)

於二零一八年三月二十一日,香港立法會通過2017年税務(修訂)(第7號)條例法案(「法案」),實施兩級制利得税率制度。該法案於二零一八年三月二十八日簽訂成為法律,並於次日刊憲成為法例。在兩級制利得税率制度下,符合資格的集團實體的首200萬港元的利潤將按8.25%徵税,而超過200萬港元的利潤將按格的集團實體的利潤將繼續以16.5%的統一税率徵税。因此,從本年度起,香港利得税對首200萬港元的估計應評税利潤按8.25%計算而超過200萬港元的估計應評税利潤將按16.5%徵税。

根據中國企業所得稅法和企業所得稅法實施條例,於這兩個年度內,適用於中國附屬公司的稅率為25%。

海外税項是按有關國家現行的適當税率徵收。

土地增值税之撥備乃按相關中國税法及條例所 訂之規定計算,土地增值税根據增值額及若干 允許扣除額按遞增率計提。

按照財政部及國家税務總局之聯合通知財税2008 1號,自二零零八年一月一日以來,於中國成立之附屬公司所產生溢利分派予非居民投資者之股息須繳納中國企業所得税並根據中國企業所得税法第3及27條關於外國投資企業及外國企業及其實施細則第91條關於外國投資企業及外國企業由中國實體預扣。未分派盈利之遞延税項支出47,884,000港元及69,418,000港元已分別記入截至二零一八年及二零一七年十二月三十一日止年度之綜合損益表內。

#### **11.TAXATION** (CONTINUED)

On 21st March, 2018, the Hong Kong Legislative Council passed The Inland Revenue (Amendment) (No. 7) Bill 2017 ("Bill") which introduced the two-tiered profits tax rates regime. The Bill was signed into law on 28th March, 2018 and was gazetted on the following day. Under the two-tiered profits tax rates regime, the first HK\$2 million of profits of the qualifying group entity will be taxed at 8.25%, and profits above HK\$2 million will be taxed at 16.5%. The profits of group entities not qualifying for the two-tiered profits tax rates regime will continue to be taxed at a flat rate of 16.5%. Accordingly, starting from the current year, the Hong Kong profits tax is calculated at 8.25% on the first HK\$2 million of the estimated assessable profits and at 16.5% on the estimated assessable profits above HK\$2 million.

Under the laws of the PRC on Enterprise Income Tax Law and Implementation Regulation of the Enterprise Income Tax Law, the tax rate applicable to the PRC subsidiaries is 25% for both years.

Overseas Tax is charged at the appropriate current rates of taxation ruling in the relevant countries.

The provision for LAT is calculated according to the requirements set forth in the relevant PRC tax laws and regulations. LAT has been provided at ranges of progressive rates of the appreciation value, with certain allowable deductions.

According to a joint circular of the Ministry of Finance and State Administration of Taxation – Cai Shui 2008 No. 1, dividend distributed out of the profits generated by its subsidiaries incorporated in the PRC to "non-residential" investors since 1st January, 2008 shall be subject to the PRC Enterprise Income Tax and withheld by the PRC entity pursuant to Articles 3 and 27 of the Income Tax Law Concerning Foreign Investment Enterprises and Foreign Enterprises and Article 91 of the Detailed Rules for the Implementation of the Income Tax Law for Enterprises with Foreign Investment Enterprises and Foreign Enterprises. Deferred tax charge of HK\$47,884,000 and HK\$69,418,000 on the undistributed earnings have been recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss for the years ended 31st December, 2018 and 2017 respectively.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2018

# 11. 税項(續)

# **11.TAXATION** (CONTINUED)

本年度税項支出與綜合損益表內溢利之對照 如下: The tax charge for the year can be reconciled to the profit per the consolidated statement of profit or loss as follows:

		2018	2017
		千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
除税前溢利	Profit before tax	1,867,569	2,556,443
按國內所得税税率25%計算之	Tax at the domestic income tax		
税項(附註)	rate of 25% (Note)	466,892	639,111
應佔聯營公司及合營企業溢利之	Tax effect of share of profit of		
税項影響	associates and joint ventures	(108,616)	(88,092)
不可扣税開支之	Tax effect of expenses not		
税項影響	deductible for tax purpose	22,026	57,964
非課税收入之	Tax effect of income not taxable		
税項影響	for tax purpose	(27,018)	(343,466)
未確認税項虧損及其他	Tax effect of tax losses and		
可扣減暫時差異之	other deductible temporary		
税項影響	differences not recognised	71,064	101,810
動用過往未確認税項	Tax effect of utilisation of taxes		
虧損及其他可扣減	losses and other deductible		
暫時差異之	temporary differences		
税項影響	previously not recognised	(40,275)	(58,096)
附屬公司不同税率之	Effect of different tax rates of		
影響	subsidiaries	(13,083)	(38,534)
未分派盈利之	Withholding tax on undistributed		
預提税	earnings	47,884	69,418
土地增值税之影響	Effect of LAT	188,480	127,755
過往年度撥備不足	Under (over) provision in prior		
(超額撥備)	years	1,847	(2,899)
其他	Others	257	(634)
本年度税項支出	Tax charge for the year	609,458	464,337

附註:本集團所使用之國內稅率乃本集團主要經營地點之稅率(即中國企業所得稅稅率)。

Note: The domestic tax rate (PRC Enterprise Income Tax rate) in the jurisdiction where the operation of the Group is substantially based is used.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) 截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

For the year ended 31st December, 2018

#### 12.本年度溢利

#### 12. PROFIT FOR THE YEAR

		2018 千港元 HK\$′000	2017 千港元 HK\$′000
本年度溢利	Profit for the year has been		
已扣除	arrived at after charging		
(計入):	(crediting):		
物業、廠房及設備	Depreciation of property,		
折舊	plant and equipment	21,612	23,813
減:資本化於	Less: amount capitalised		
發展中物業 金額	in properties under development	(2,050)	(2,753)
77 HX	development	(2)050)	(2)7 33)
		19,562	21,060
攤銷:	Amortisation of:		
其他資產 一物業權益	Other assets  – properties interests	500	500
待發展物業	Properties for development	300	300
(附註i)	(Note i)	26,111	35,802
土地使用權之	Prepaid lease payments on		
預付租賃款	land use rights	1,099	1,315
折舊和攤銷	Total depreciation and		
總額	amortisation	47,272	58,677
員工費用(包括董事酬金)	Staff costs (including Directors'		
(附註ii)	emoluments) (Note ii)	4-4-00	
一薪金及其他費用	– Salaries and other costs	174,798	177,717
一退休福利費用 一 <i>減:</i> 資本化於	<ul><li>Retirement benefits costs</li><li>Less: amount capitalised in</li></ul>	22,904	16,278
發展中物業	properties under		
金額	development	(16,530)	(20,461)
員工費用總額	Total staff costs	181,172	173,534
只工其用総領	Total stall Costs	101,172	1/3,334
來自投資物業之	Gross rental income from		
租金收入總額	investment properties	(502,788)	(463,214)
滅:於年內產生	Less: direct operating expenses		
租金收入之	from investment properties		
投資物業的	that generated rental	144 400	00.247
直接營運費用	income during the year	111,183	88,247
		(391,605)	(374,967)

#### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2018

#### 12. 本年度溢利(續)

#### 12.PROFIT FOR THE YEAR (CONTINUED)

		2018	2017
		千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
核數師酬金	Auditor's remuneration	7,827	6,370
存貨之成本作費用	Cost of inventories recognised		
處理	as expenses	1,632,504	277,515
淨匯兑虧損(收益)	Net exchange loss (gain)	4,620	(18,976)
城鎮土地使用税(包含於	Urban land use tax included in		
其他營運費用)	other operating expenses	3,443	4,328
出售及註銷物業、	(Gain) loss on disposal and		
廠房及設備之	write-off of property,		
(收益)虧損	plant and equipment	(78)	97
關於土地及樓宇之	Operating lease charges in		
經營租賃費用	respect of land and buildings	8,401	8,564
呆壞賬	Allowance for bad and doubtful		
準備	debts	-	22,989

#### 附註:

- (i) 待發展物業攤銷及以直線法按有關土地租賃期確認 於損益內,及包含於綜合損益表的其他營運費用 內。
- (ii) 員工費用並不包括於附註13及附註47(a)所披露的管理費分攤予若干董事及非本公司之董事或員工之管理層人員。

#### Notes:

- (i) Amortisation of properties for development is recognised in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant land leases, and is included in other operating expenses in the consolidated statement of profit or loss.
- (ii) The staff costs do not include the apportionment of management fee as disclosed in note 13 and note 47(a) for certain Directors as well as management personnel who are not Directors or staff of the Company.

#### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2018

#### 13. 董事酬金

#### 13. DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS

已付或應付予十二位(二零一七年:十二位)董事之酬金如下:

The emoluments paid or payable to each of the twelve (2017: twelve) Directors were as follows:

		董事袍金 Directors' fees 千港元 HK\$'000	薪金/服務費 及其他福利 Salaries/ service fees and other benefits 千港元 HK\$'000	2018 與業績 有關之獎金 Performance related incentive payments 千港元 HK\$'000 (附註i) (Note i)	退休福利 計劃供款 Retirement benefits scheme contributions 千港元 HK\$'000	總計 Total 千港元 HK\$′000
執行董事	Executive Directors					
宋增彬	Song Zengbin	10	2,160	420	_	2,590
李成偉	Patrick Lee Seng Wei	20	3,346	3,723	_	7,089
馬申	Ma Sun	10	3,589	2,688	318	6,605
勞景祐	Edwin Lo King Yau	20	1,346	3,904	62	5,332
杜燦生	Tao Tsan Sang	20	2,106	2,495	194	4,815
李樹賢(附註iii)	Lee Shu Yin (Note iii)	-	88	220	2	310
		80	12,635	13,450	576	26,741
上述顯示之執行董 本集團事務之服務	事酬金主要關於彼等管理本公司及。				above were ma the affairs of the	
非執行董事	Non-Executive Directors					
李成輝	Lee Seng Hui	10	4,878	34,544	99	39,531
鄭慕智	Moses Cheng Mo Chi	10		_	-	10
		20	4,878	34,544	99	39,541

上述顯示之非執行董事酬金主要關於彼等作為本公司及一或其附屬公司之董事之服務。

The Non-Executive Directors' emoluments shown above were mainly for their services as directors of the Company and/or its subsidiaries.

獨立非執行 董事	Independent Non-Executive Directors					
鄭鑄輝 <i>(附註ii)</i>	Francis J. Chang Chu Fai (Note ii)	10	86	_	_	96
金惠志( <i>附註ii</i> )	Jin Hui Zhi (Note ii)	10	86	_	_	96
魏華生 <i>(附註ii)</i>	Ngai Wah Sang (Note ii)	10	111	_	_	121
楊麗琛(附註ii)	Lisa Yang Lai Sum (Note ii)	20	172	_	-	192
		50	455	-	-	505

上述顯示之獨立非執行董事酬金主要關於彼等作為本公司及/或其附屬公司之董事之服務。

The Independent Non-Executive Directors' emoluments shown above were mainly for their services as directors of the Company and/or its subsidiary.

總額 Total **66,787** 

#### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2018

#### 13. 董事酬金(續)

#### 13. DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS (CONTINUED)

		董事袍金 Directors' fees 千港元 HK\$'000	薪金/服務費 及其他福利 Salaries/ service fees and other benefits 千港元 HK\$'000	2017 與業績 有關之獎金 Performance related incentive payments 千港元 HK\$'000 <i>(附註i)</i> (Note i)	退休福利 計劃供款 Retirement benefits scheme contributions 千港元 HK\$'000	總計 Total 千港元 HK\$'000
執行董事	Executive Directors					
宋增彬	Song Zengbin	10	2,080	500	_	2,590
李成偉	Patrick Lee Seng Wei	21	3,221	3,705	22	6,969
馬申	Ma Sun	10	3,456	2,815	306	6,587
勞景祐	Edwin Lo King Yau	21	1,298	3,852	60	5,231
杜燦生	Tao Tsan Sang	21	2,028	2,850	187	5,086
李樹賢(附註iii)	Lee Shu Yin (Note iii)	10	1,150		53	1,213
		93	13,233	13,722	628	27,676
上述顯示之執行董 本集團事務之服務	事酬金主要關於彼等管理本公司及。		Directors' emonection with the			
非執行董事	Non-Executive Directors					
李成輝	Lee Seng Hui	21	6,151	33,881	75	40,128
鄭慕智	Moses Cheng Mo Chi	10				10
		31	6,151	33,881	75	40,138
上述顯示之非執行 及/或其附屬公司;	董事酬金主要關於彼等作為本公司 之董事之服務。		tive Directors' entertors of the Comp			nainly for their
獨立非執行 董事	Independent Non-Executive Directors					
<b>重ず</b> 鄭鑄輝 <i>(附註ii)</i>	Francis J. Chang Chu Fai (Note ii)	10	86	_	_	96
金惠志( <i>附註ii</i> )	Jin Hui Zhi (Note ii)	10	86	_	=	96
魏華生 <i>(附註ii)</i>	Ngai Wah Sang (Note ii)	10	111	_	_	121
楊麗琛 <i>(附註ii)</i>	Lisa Yang Lai Sum (Note ii)	18	153	-	_	171
		48	436	-	_	484
上述顕示う獨立非	執行董事酬金主要關於彼等作為本	The Independe	nt Non-Executiv	re Directors' en	naluments show	n ahove were

上述顯示之獨立非執行董事酬金主要關於彼等作為本公司及/或其附屬公司之董事之服務。

The Independent Non-Executive Directors' emoluments shown above were mainly for their services as directors of the Company and/or its subsidiary.

總額

Total

68,298

#### 附註:

- (i) 該款項指於該年度內已批准及支付予相關董事之有關前一年度實際酌情獎金。
- (ii) 與二零一七年相比,獨立非執行董事鄭鑄輝先生、 金惠志先生及魏華生先生之服務費維持不變。獨立 非執行董事楊麗琛女士之服務費於二零一八年修 訂。
- (iii) 李樹賢先生於二零一七年六月十五日改任為執行董 事及於二零一八年一月四日辭任。

#### Notes:

- The amounts represent the actual discretionary bonus in respect of the preceding year approved and paid to respective Directors during the year.
- (ii) The service fees of the Independent Non-Executive Directors, namely Mr. Francis J. Chang Chu Fai, Mr. Jin Hui Zhi and Mr. Ngai Wah Sang remain unchanged as compared with 2017. The service fee of the Independent Non-Executive Director, namely Ms. Lisa Yang Lai Sum is revised in 2018.
- (iii) Mr. Lee Shu Yin was re-designated as Executive Director on 15th June, 2017 and resigned on 4th January, 2018.

#### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2018

#### 13. 董事酬金(續)

李成偉先生履行本公司行政總裁之職責,及於以上披露之酬金包括其作為行政總裁提供服務 之酬金。

於截至二零一八年十二月三十一日及截至二零 一七年十二月三十一日止年度,並無董事放棄 任何酬金。

若干董事從一家擁有本公司重大實益權益之公司收取酬金。該公司向本集團提供管理服務,並向本集團就該等董事及其他並非本公司董事之管理層人員所提供服務收取管理費用,該管理費用已包括在附註47(a)所披露之管理費用中。上述之管理費乃按管理層人員於本集團事務所付出之時間計算,並可分配至上述董事。總分配金額為44,833,000港元(二零一七年:44,771,000港元),並已包括在上表內。

#### 13. DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS (CONTINUED)

Mr. Patrick Lee Seng Wei performs the function of the chief executive of the Company and his emoluments disclosed above include those for services rendered by him as the chief executive.

None of the Directors waived any emoluments in the years ended 31st December, 2018 and 31st December, 2017.

Certain Directors received remuneration from a company which has significant beneficial interests in the Company. Such company provided management services to the Group and charged the Group a management fee, which is included in the management fee as disclosed in note 47(a), for services provided by these Directors as well as other management personnel who were not Directors of the Company. The above-mentioned management fee is calculated by reference to the time devoted by the management personnel on the affairs of the Group and can be apportioned to the Directors mentioned above. The total of such apportioned amounts, which has been included in the above table, is HK\$44,833,000 (2017: HK\$44,771,000).

#### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2018

#### 14. 僱員及高級管理人員酬金

# 14.EMPLOYEES' AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT'S EMOLUMENTS

#### 僱員酬金

# 本集團五位最高酬金人士,當中四位(二零一七年:全部)為本集團董事(包括本集團行政總裁),其酬金已包括於上述附註13中。其餘一位(二零一七年:無)人士的酬金如下:

#### **Employees' emoluments**

Of the five individuals with the highest emoluments in the Group, four (2017: all) were Directors including the chief executive of the Group, whose emoluments are included in note 13 above. The emolument of the remaining one (2017: nil) individual was as follows:

		2018	2017
		千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
薪金及其他福利	Salaries and other benefits	2,124	_
與業績有關之	Performance related incentive		
獎金	payments	3,115	-
退休褔利計劃	Retirement benefits scheme		
供款	contributions	90	-
		5,329	-

該位人士之酬金分佈如下:

The emoluments of the individual were within the following band:

		2018	2017
		僱員數目	僱員數目
		Number of	Number of
		employees	employees
5,000,001港元至5,500,000港元	HK\$5,000,001 to HK\$5,500,000	1	-

本集團的薪酬制度基於市場上的現行薪酬水平 以及各集團公司和個別員工的表現釐定。於兩 個年度期間,本集團並無向五位最高酬金人士 支付任何作為加入本集團時或加入本集團後的 誘因之酬金。 The remuneration policies of the Group are based on the prevailing remuneration level in the market and the performance of respective group companies and individual employees. During both years, no emoluments were paid by the Group to the five highest paid individuals as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group.

#### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2018

#### 14. 僱員及高級管理人員酬金(續)

# 14.EMPLOYEES' AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT'S EMOLUMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### 高級管理人員酬金

# 本集團之十七位(二零一七年:十六位)高級管理人員,當中十二位(二零一七年:十二位)為董事,彼等之酬金已包括於上述附註13中。其餘五位(二零一七年:四位)人士之酬金如下:

#### Senior management's emoluments

Of the seventeen (2017: sixteen) senior management of the Group, twelve (2017: twelve) were the Directors whose emoluments are included in note 13 above. The emoluments of the remaining five (2017: four) were as follows:

		2018	2017
		千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
薪金及其他福利	Salaries and other benefits	5,402	4,431
與業績有關之	Performance related incentive		
獎金	payments	4,758	3,948
退休褔利計劃	Retirement benefits scheme		
供款	contributions	275	250
		10,435	8,629

該等人士之酬金分佈如下:

Their emoluments were within the following bands:

		2018	2017
		僱員數目	僱員數目
		Number of	Number of
		employees	employees
1,000,000港元或以下	HK\$1,000,000 or below	1	1
1,000,001港元至1,500,000港元	HK\$1,000,001 to HK\$1,500,000	1	1
1,500,001港元至2,000,000港元	HK\$1,500,001 to HK\$2,000,000	2	1
4,500,001港元至5,000,000港元	HK\$4,500,001 to HK\$5,000,000	_	1
5,000,001港元至5,500,000港元	HK\$5,000,001 to HK\$5,500,000	1	-

高級管理人員成員之履歷於本年報「董事及高級管理人員之個人資料」一節內披露。

The biographies of members of the senior management are disclosed in the section headed "Biographical Details of Directors and Senior Management" in this annual report.

#### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2018

#### 15. 每股盈利

#### **15. EARNINGS PER SHARE**

本公司股東應佔之每股基本盈利乃按下列數據 計算: The calculation of the basic earnings per share attributable to the owners of the Company is based on the following:

		2018	2017
		千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
盈利	Earnings		
用以計算每股基本 盈利之盈利	Earnings for the purpose of basic earnings per share		
(本公司股東應佔	(profit for the year attributable		
本年度溢利)	to owners of the Company)	1,251,202	2,054,142
		2018	2017
		千位	千位
		′000	′000
股數	Number of shares		
用以計算每股	Number of ordinary shares		
基本盈利之	in issue during the year for		
本年度已發行	the purpose of basic earnings		
普通股數目	per share	1,506,769	1,506,769

於二零一八年度及二零一七年度,並沒有呈列 每股攤薄盈利,因為於二零一八年度及二零 一七年度內並沒有發行在外的潛在普通股。

No diluted earnings per share for both 2018 and 2017 were presented as there were no potential ordinary shares in issue for both 2018 and 2017.

#### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2018

#### 16. 股息

#### 16. DIVIDEND

		2018	2017
		千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
於年度內確認分派之 股息: 就二零一七年度已付中期股息 (代替末期股息) (二零一七年:無) 就二零一七年度並無 已付特別股息 (二零一七年:就二零一六 年度已付特別股息以一間 上市附屬公司之股份分派)	Dividend recognised as distributions during the year: Interim dividend (in lieu of final dividend) paid in respect of 2017 (2017: Nil) No special dividend paid in respect of 2017 (2017: Special dividend paid in form of distribution of shares in a listed subsidiary	301,354	_
(附註)	in respect of 2016) (Note)	_	489,700
		301,354	489,700
已宣佈派發中期股息 每股20港仙 (二零一七年:20港仙)	Interim dividend declared of HK20 cents (2017: HK20 cents) per share	301,354	301,354

於報告期末後,董事會宣佈派發截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止財政年度之中期股息每股20港仙(二零一七年:20港仙)。

附註:就截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止財政年度之特別股息,乃按持有每100股本公司股份獲分派13股亞證地產股份(「實物分派」)之基準,以實物分派方式派發亞證地產(本公司之非全資附屬公司)之195,880,034股股份(「亞證地產股份」),並已於截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止期間內支付。按每股亞證地產股份價值2.5港元(即本公司於二零一六年以每股亞證地產股份2.75港元之收購價購入亞證地產股份,並計及亞證地產宣派每股亞證地產股份25港仙之特別股息作調整),以實物分派之亞證地產股份總值約為489,700,000港元,相當於約每股32.5港仙之分派。

Subsequent to the end of the reporting period, the interim dividend of HK20 cents (2017: HK20 cents) per share in respect of the financial year ended 31st December, 2018 has been declared by the Board.

Note: A special dividend in form of distribution in specie of 195,880,034 shares in ASL, a non wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, ("ASL Share(s)") on the basis of 13 ASL Shares for every 100 shares of the Company ("Distribution in Specie") in respect of the financial year ended 31st December, 2016 has been paid during the year ended 31st December, 2017. Based on the price HK\$2.5 per ASL Share (being the price of HK\$2.75 per ASL Share at which the Company acquired the ASL Shares in 2016 and adjusted by the special dividend of HK25 cents per ASL Share declared by ASL), the aggregate value of the ASL Shares to be distributed under the Distribution in Specie was approximately HK\$489,700,000, which represented a distribution of approximately HK32.5 cents per share of the Company.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) 截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

For the year ended 31st December, 2018

#### 17.物業、廠房及設備

#### 17. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

		在香港及中國之中期租約 土地及樓宇 Land and buildings in the Hong Kong and PRC on medium- term lease 千港元 HK\$'000	裝修、傢俬、 裝置及設備 Leasehold improvements, furniture, fixtures and equipment 千港元 HK\$'000	汽車 Motor vehicles 千港元 HK\$'000	<b>總計</b> <b>Total</b> 千港元 HK\$′000
成本值 於二零一七年一月一日 匯兑調整	COST At 1st January, 2017 Exchange adjustments	360,395 9,181	167,195 4,844	37,848 1,307	565,438 15,332
購置	Additions	1,316	16,435	4,027	21,778
收購一間附屬公司而取得(附註9) 轉撥至投資物業	Acquired on acquisition of a subsidiary (note 9) Transfer to investment properties	(151,233)	179 -	1,346	1,525 (151,233)
轉撥自已竣工物業存貸 出售及註銷	Transfer from inventories of properties completed Disposals and write-off	63 (83)	(1,104)	(3,844)	63 (5,031)
於二零一七年十二月三十一日	At 31st December, 2017	219,639	187,549	40,684	447,872
匯兑調整	Exchange adjustments	(4,680)	(2,537)	(839)	(8,056)
購置	Additions	(2.267)	1,879	3,194	5,073
轉撥至投資物業 出售及註銷	Transfer to investment properties Disposals and write-off	(3,267)	(1,192)	(2,474)	(3,267) (3,666)
於二零一八年十二月三十一日	At 31st December, 2018	211,692	185,699	40,565	437,956
折舊	DEPRECIATION				
於二零一七年一月一日	At 1st January, 2017	30,480	106,222	29,379	166,081
<b>匯</b>	Exchange adjustments	1,431	3,447	963	5,841
本年度計提	Provided for the year	5,483	15,496	2,834	23,813
轉撥至投資物業於出售及註銷時撇除	Transfer to investment properties Eliminated on disposals and write-off	(2,537) (65)	(1,009)	(3,123)	(2,537) (4,197)
	·				
於二零一七年十二月三十一日	At 31st December, 2017	34,792	124,156	30,053	189,001
匯兑調整	Exchange adjustments	(749)	(1,941)	(535)	(3,225)
本年度計提	Provided for the year	4,550	13,425	3,637	21,612
轉撥至投資物業於出售及註銷時撇除	Transfer to investment properties Eliminated on disposals and write-off	(476)	(1,024)	(2,244)	(476) (3,268)
27日日入吐河"沙顺"	Emmated on disposals and write-on		(1,027)	(4,477)	(3,200)
於二零一八年十二月三十一日	At 31st December, 2018	38,117	134,616	30,911	203,644
賬面值 於二零一八年十二月三十一日	CARRYING VALUES At 31st December, 2018	173,575	51,083	9,654	234,312
於二零一七年十二月三十一日	At 31st December, 2017	184,847	63,393	10,631	258,871

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) 截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2018

#### 18. 投資物業

#### **18. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES**

		2018	2017
		千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
3.4. (#.H.	EARD WALLE		
公允價值	FAIR VALUE		
於一月一日	At 1st January	13,100,399	10,862,281
匯兑調整	Exchange adjustments	(296,825)	530,587
購置	Additions	4,016	694,722
轉撥自物業、廠房及	Transferred from property, plant		
設備	and equipment	4,991	156,749
轉撥自土地使用權之預付	Transferred from prepaid lease		
租賃款	payments on land use rights	19,818	21,553
轉撥至發展中	Transferred to properties under		
物業	development	(61,674)	_
出售	Disposals	(11,785)	(2,008)
轉撥自已竣工物業	Transferred from inventories of	. , .	
存貨	completed properties	432,920	382,749
已竣工物業存貨轉撥至	Fair value gain on transfer of		
投資物業之	<u> </u>		
	inventories of completed		
公允價值	properties to investment	220.427	115 212
收益	properties	229,137	115,313
		662,057	498,062
確認於損益之公允價值	Increase in fair value recognised		
增加	in profit or loss	201,283	338,453
E 2011	6		
於十二月三十一日	At 31st December	13,622,280	13,100,399

#### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2018

#### 18.投資物業(續)

包括於投資物業為13,153,280,000港元(二零一七年:12,565,399,000港元)之已竣工物業及469,000,000港元(二零一七年:535,000,000港元)之發展中物業。

本集團之投資物業於轉撥自已竣工物業存貨、 物業、廠房及設備及土地使用權之預付租賃款 之日及於二零一八年十二月三十一日之公允價 值乃根據由與本集團無任何關連的獨立合資格 專業評估公司-普敦國際評估有限公司(二零 一七年:普敦國際評估有限公司)於當日進行 的估值。該估值主要基於投資法,考慮現行租 金及日後的租賃回報收入潛力。就目前空置的 物業而言,估值乃按每一個物業權益之一般租 約條款和假定合理市場租金的市值及參考直接 比較法。就從已竣工物業存貨、物業、廠房及 設備及土地使用權之預付租賃款轉撥至投資物 業之物業而言,估值乃基於投資法。持作未確 定未來用途之投資物業的估值乃採用餘值法並 基於該等物業將會根據最新開發方案而開發及 竣工, 並計及完成開發所耗用的建造成本而得 出,以反映已竣工開發項目的質量。過往年度 所用估值方法並無變動。

於估計物業的公允價值時,物業的最高及最佳 用途為其當前用途。

所有投資物業皆位於中國、香港及英國,並按 其租約分析如下:

#### **18.INVESTMENT PROPERTIES** (CONTINUED)

Included in the investment properties are completed properties of HK\$13,153,280,000 (2017: HK\$12,565,399,000) and properties under development of HK\$469,000,000 (2017: HK\$535,000,000).

The fair value of the Group's investment properties at the date of transfer from inventories of completed properties, property, plant and equipment and prepaid lease payments on land use rights and as at 31st December, 2018 have been arrived at on the basis of a valuation carried out on those dates by Norton Appraisals Holdings Limited (2017: Norton Appraisals Holdings Limited), the firm of independent and qualified professional valuers which is not connected with the Group. The valuation was principally based on investment method by taking into account the current rents passing and the reversionary income potential of tenancies. For the properties which are currently vacant, the valuation was based on each of the property interests by capitalisation of the hypothetical and reasonable market rents with a typical lease term and also make reference to the direct comparison approach. For the properties which were transferred from inventories of completed properties, property, plant and equipment and prepaid lease payments on land use rights to investment properties, the valuation was based on investment method. The valuations of investment properties held for undetermined future use were arrived at by the adoption of the residual approach on the basis that they will be developed and completed in accordance with the latest development proposals and having taken into account the construction cost that will extent to complete the development to reflect the quality of the completed development. There has been no change from the valuation technique used in the prior years.

In estimating the fair value of the properties, the highest and best use of the properties is their current use.

Investment properties are all located in the PRC, Hong Kong and United Kingdom and comprise properties held under:

		2018 千港元 HK\$'000	2017 千港元 HK\$′000
永久持有 長期租約 中期租約 短期租約	Freehold Long lease Medium-term lease Short lease	718,200 4,838,617 6,364,463 1,701,000	758,160 5,777,441 4,836,745 1,728,053
		13,622,280	13,100,399

#### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2018

#### 18.投資物業(續)

下表提供如何釐定主要投資物業的公允價值 (特別是所使用的估值方法及參數),及按公允 價值計量參數的可觀察程度,將公允價值計量 分類至公允價值級別中的等級(第一級至第三 級)的資料。

#### **18.INVESTMENT PROPERTIES** (CONTINUED)

The following table gives information about how the fair values of the major investment properties are determined (in particular, the valuation techniques and inputs used), as well as the fair value hierarchy into which the fair value measurements are categorised (Levels 1 to 3) based on the degree to which the inputs to the fair value measurements is observable.

本集團所持有 投資物業 Investment properties held by the Group	公允價值 級別 Fair value hierarchy	估值方法及 主要參數 Valuation techniques and key inputs	重要無法觀察參數 Significant unobservable inputs	無法觀察參數與 公允價值的關係 Relationship of unobservable inputs for fair value
位於華南之物業 Properties in Southern China	第三級 Level 3	投資法(租期復歸法) Investment method (term and reversionary approach) 主要參數為: The key inputs are: (1) 租期收益率: (1) Term yield; (2) 復歸收益率:及 (2) Reversionary yield; and (3) 個別單位的市場 單位租金 (3) Market unit rent of individual unit	租期收益率(考慮到可比較物業及調整以反映保證及將予收取的租期收入的確定性所產生的收益率)為1.50%至6.50%(二零一七年:1.75%至6.50%)  Term yield, taking into account of yield generated from comparable properties and adjustment to reflect the certainty of term income secured and to be received, of 1.50% to 6.50% (2017: 1.75% to 6.50%)  復歸收益率(考慮到可比較物業的年度單位市場租金收入及單位市值)為2.00%至7.00%(二零一七年:2.25%至7.00%)  Reversionary yield, taking into account annual unit market rental income and unit market value of the comparable properties, of 2.00% to 7.00% (2017: 2.25% to 7.00%)  市場單位租金與直接市場可比較物相比較,並考慮到地點和其他個別因素,如道路正面、物業大小和設施。平均市場單位租金介乎約每平方米每月25人民幣至每平方米每月360人民幣(二零一七年:每平方米每月32人民幣至每平方米每月166人民幣)  Market unit rent compares with direct market comparables and taking into account of location and other individual factors such as road frontage, size of property and facilities. The range of average market unit rent is from around RMB25 sq.m./month to RMB360 sq.m./month (2017: RMB32 sq.m./month to RMB166 sq.m./month)	租期收益率的增加會導致公允價值下降 The increase in the term yield would result in a decrease in fair value 復歸收公允價值下降 The increase in the reversionary yield would result in a decrease in fair value 市場單位租金的增加 市場單位和金的增加 The increase in the market unit rent would result in an increase in fair value

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) 載至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

For the year ended 31st December, 2018

#### 18.投資物業(續)

本集團所持有 投資物業 Investment properties held by the Group	公允價值 級別 Fair value hierarchy	估值方法及 主要參數 Valuation techniques and key inputs	重要無法觀察參數 Significant unobservable inputs	無法觀察參數與 公允價值的關係 Relationship of unobservable inputs for fair value
位於華東之物業 Properties in Eastern China	第三級 Level 3	投資法(租期復歸法) Investment method (term and reversionary approach) 主要參數為: The key inputs are:  (1) 租期收益率: (1) Term yield;  (2) 復歸收益率;及 (2) Reversionary yield; and  (3) 個別單位的市場 單位租金 (3) Market unit rent of individual unit	租期收益率(考慮到可比較物業及調整以反映保證及將予收取的租期收入的確定性所產生的收益率)為1.50%至6.50%(二零一七年:1.50%至6.50%)  Term yield, taking into account of yield generated from comparable properties and adjustment to reflect the certainty of term income secured and to be received, of 1.50% to 6.50% (2017: 1.50% to 6.50%)  復歸收益率(考慮到可比較物業的年度單位市場租金收入及單位市值)為1.75%至7.00%(二零一七年:1.75%至7.00%)  Reversionary yield, taking into account annual unit market rental income and unit market value of the comparable properties, of 1.75% to 7.00% (2017: 1.75% to 7.00%)  市場單位租金與直接市場可比較物相比較,並考慮到地點和其他個別因素,如道路正面、物業大小和設施。平均市場單位租金介乎約每平方米每月20人民幣至每平方米每月1,050人民幣(二零一七年:每平方米每月1,050人民幣(二零一七年:每平方米每月20人民幣至每平方米每月20人民幣至每平方米每月20人民幣至每平方米每月259人民幣)  Market unit rent compares with direct market comparables and taking into account of location and other individual factors such as road frontage, size of property and facilities. The range of average market unit rent is from around RMB20 sq.m./month to RMB1,050 sq.m./month (2017: RMB20	相期收益率的增加會導致公允價值下降 The increase in the term yield would result in a decrease in fair value  復歸收益率的增加會導致公允價值的下降 The increase in the reversionary yield would result in a decrease in fair value 市場單位租金的增加會導致公允價值增加  The increase in the market unit rent would result in an increase in fair value
			sq.m./month to RMB259 sq.m./month)	

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) 截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

For the year ended 31st December, 2018

#### 18.投資物業(續)

Properties in Northern China  (term and reversionary approach)	本集團所持有 投資物業 Investment properties held by the Group	公允價值 級別 Fair value hierarchy	估值方法及 主要參數 Valuation techniques and key inputs	重要無法觀察參數 Significant unobservable inputs	無法觀察參數與 公允價值的關係 Relationship of unobservable inputs for fair value
(1) Term yield; 復歸收益率(考慮到可比較物業的年度單位 復歸收益率增加: 導致公允價值下降 (二零一七年:3.50%至7.00%) yield; and Reversionary yield, taking into account annual unit market rental income and unit reversionary yie market value of the comparable properties, of 2.50% to 7.00% (2017: 3.50% to 7.00%) would result in decrease in fa value of the comparable properties, of 2.50% to 7.00% (2017: 3.50% to 7.00%) individual unit rewards with direct market comparables and taking into account of location and other individual factors such as road frontage, size of property and increase in fa walue in the market unit rent compares with direct market comparables and taking into account on increase in fa walue in the market unit rent comparables and taking into account of location and other individual factors such as road frontage, size of property and increase in fa walue in the market unit rent comparables and taking into account on increase in fa walue in the market unit rent comparables and taking into account of location and other individual factors would result in market unit rent comparables and taking into account of location and other individual factors such as road frontage, size of property and increase in fa	Properties in		Investment method (term and reversionary approach) 主要參數為: The key inputs are:	保證及將予收取的租期收入的確定性所產生的收益率)為2.00%至6.50%(二零一七年:3.00%至6.50%)  Term yield, taking into account of yield generated from comparable properties and adjustment to reflect the certainty of term income secured and to be received, of	The increase in the term yield would result in a decrease
市場單位租金與直接市場可比較物相比較, 並考慮到地點和其他個別因素,如道路正 面、物業大小和設施。平均市場單位租金介 乎約每平方米每月15人民幣至每平方米每月 200人民幣(二零一七年:每平方米每月26人 民幣至每平方米每月138人民幣) Market unit rent compares with direct market comparables and taking into account of location and other individual factors such as road frontage, size of property and increase in factors			(1) Term yield; (2) 復歸收益率;及 (2) Reversionary yield; and (3) 個別單位的市場 單位租金 (3) Market unit rent of	復歸收益率(考慮到可比較物業的年度單位市場租金收入及單位市值)為2.50%至7.00%(二零一七年:3.50%至7.00%) Reversionary yield, taking into account annual unit market rental income and unit market value of the comparable properties,	The increase in the reversionary yield would result in a decrease in fair
market comparables and taking into account market unit re- of location and other individual factors would result i such as road frontage, size of property and an increase in fa			individual unit	並考慮到地點和其他個別因素,如道路正面、物業大小和設施。平均市場單位租金介 乎約每平方米每月15人民幣至每平方米每月 200人民幣(二零一七年:每平方米每月26人 民幣至每平方米每月138人民幣)	市場單位租金增加 會導致公允價值增 加
facilities. The range of average market unit value rent is from around RMB15 sq.m./month to RMB200 sq.m./month (2017: RMB26 sq.m./month)				market comparables and taking into account of location and other individual factors such as road frontage, size of property and facilities. The range of average market unit rent is from around RMB15 sq.m./month to RMB200 sq.m./month (2017: RMB26 sq.m./	The increase in the market unit rent would result in an increase in fair value

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) 截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

For the year ended 31st December, 2018

#### 18.投資物業(續)

本集團所持有 投資物業 Investment properties held by the Group	公允價值 級別 Fair value hierarchy	估值方法及 主要參數 Valuation techniques and key inputs	重要無法觀察參數 Significant unobservable inputs	無法觀察參數與 公允價值的關係 Relationship of unobservable inputs for fair value
位於香港之物業 Properties in Hong Kong	第三級 Level 3	投資法(租期復歸法) Investment method (term and reversionary approach) 主要參數為:	租期收益率(考慮到可比較物業及調整以反映保證及將予收取的租期收入的確定性所產生的收益率)為2.00%至5.00%(二零一七年:2.00%至5.00%) Term yield, taking into account of yield generated from comparable properties and adjustment to reflect the certainty of term	租期收益率增加導致公允價值下降  The increase in the term yield would result in a decrease
		The key inputs are:  (1) 租期收益率: (1) Term yield;	income secured and to be received, of 2.00% to 5.00% (2017: 2.00% to 5.00%)	in fair value.
		(2) 復歸收益率;及 (2) Reversionary	復歸收益率(考慮到可比較物業的年度單位市場租金收入及單位市值)為2.50%至5.50% (二零一七年:2.50%至5.50%)	復歸收益率增加導 致公允價值下降
		yield; and  (3) 個別單位的市場 單位租金  (3) Market unit rent of individual unit	Reversionary yield, taking into account annual unit market rental income and unit market value of the comparable properties, of 2.50% to 5.50% (2017: 2.50% to 5.50%)	The increase in the reversionary yield would result in a decrease in fair value
			市場單位租金與直接市場可比較物相比較,並考慮到地點和其他個別因素,如道路正面、物業大小和設施。就住宅及商業物業,平均市場單位租金介乎約每平方米每月18港元至每平方米每月200港元(二零一七年:每平方米每月18港元至每平方米每月205港元)停車場之平均市場單位租金介乎約每月2,200港元(二零一七年:約每月2,600港元)	市場單位租金增加導致公允價值增加
			Market unit rent compares with direct market comparables and taking into account of location and other individual factors such as road frontage, size of property and facilities. For the residential and commercial properties, the range of average market unit rent is from around HK\$18 sq.ft./month to HK\$200 sq.ft./month (2017: HK\$18 sq.ft./month to HK\$205 sq.ft./month). For the carparks, the range of average market unit rent is around HK\$2,200/month (2017: around HK\$2,600/month)	The increase in the market unit rent would result in an increase in fair value

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) 截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

For the year ended 31st December, 2018

#### 18.投資物業(續)

_	本集團所持有 投資物業 Investment properties held by the Group	公允價值 級別 Fair value hierarchy	估值方法及 主要參數 Valuation techniques and key inputs	重要無法觀察參數 Significant unobservable inputs	無法觀察參數與 公允價值的關係 Relationship of unobservable inputs for fair value
	位於惠州市惠陽區 的發展項目 Development site in Huizhou Huiyang District	第三級 Level 3	餘值法 Residual approach 主要參數為: The key inputs are:  (1) 市場單位銷售價格;及 (1) Market unit sales rate; and  (2) 發展商的溢利及	市場單位銷售價格(使用直接市場可比較物並考慮地點及其他個別因素)為每平方米10,600人民幣(二零一七年:每平方米9,900人民幣) Market unit sales rate, using market direct comparable and taking into account of location and other individual factors, of RMB10,600/sq.m. (2017: RMB9,900/sq.m.) 發展商的溢利及風險率(考慮到物業的進度)為29.00%(二零一七年:29.00%)	市場單位銷售價格增加會導致公允價值增加  The increase in the market unit sales rate would result in an increase in fair value  發展商的溢利及風險率的增加會導致
			風險率 (2) Developer's profit and risk rate	Developer's profit and risk rate, taking into account of the progress of the property, of 29.00% (2017: 29.00%)	公允價值下降 The increase in the developer's profit and risk rate would result in a decrease in fair value
	位於英國之物業 Properties in the United Kingdom	第三級 Level 3	收入法 Income approach 主要參數為: The key inputs are:	貼現率為6.70%(二零一七年:6.70%) Discount rate of 6.70% (2017: 6.70%) 增長率為2.70%(二零一七年:2.60%) Growth rate of 2.70% (2017: 2.60%)	貼現率增加會導致 公允價值下降 The increase in the discount rate would result in a decrease
			<ul> <li>(1) 貼現率;</li> <li>(1) Discount rate;</li> <li>(2) 增長率;及</li> <li>(2) Growth rate; and</li> <li>(3) 估算租金</li> <li>(3) Estimated rent</li> </ul>	估算租金是根據現有租賃合同及考慮過去的營運紀錄計算。估算租金約每平方呎每年42 英磅(二零一七年:約每平方呎每年43英鎊) Estimated rent is calculated based on existing tenancy agreement and takes into account historical operating records. The estimated rent is around British Pound 42 capt theory (2017; around British Pound 43)	增長率增加會導致 公允價值增加 The increase in the growth rate would result in a increase in fair value
			(3) Estimated fem	sq.ft./year (2017: around British Pound 43 sq.ft./year)	估算租金增加導致 公允價值增加 The increase in the estimated rent would result in an increase in fair value

2010

2017

#### 綜合財務報表附註(續)

#### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2018

#### 19. 待發展物業

#### 19. PROPERTIES FOR DEVELOPMENT

		2018	2017
		千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
按成本值	AT COST		
於一月一日之結餘	Balance at 1st January	3,749,694	2,223,809
匯兑調整	Exchange adjustments	(120,279)	86,407
購置	Additions	2,311,356	910,382
收購一間附屬公司而取得	Acquired on acquisitions of		
(附註9)	a subsidiary (note 9)	_	522,035
轉撥(至)自發展中物業	Transferred (to) from inventories of		
存貨	properties under development	(1,845,186)	7,061
於十二月三十一日之結餘	Balance at 31st December	4,095,585	3,749,694
攤銷及	AMORTISATION AND		
減值	IMPAIRMENT		
於一月一日之結餘	Balance at 1st January	264,333	224,639
匯兑調整	Exchange adjustments	(6,065)	2,631
本年度攤銷	Amortisation for the year	26,111	35,802
轉撥(至)自發展中物業	Transferred (to) from inventories of	,	
存貨	properties under development	(7,127)	1,261
於十二月三十一日之結餘	Balance at 31st December	277,252	264,333
賬面值	CARRYING VALUES	3,818,333	3,485,361
本集團之待發展物業	The Group's properties for		
包括:	development comprise:		
於中國之租賃土地	Leasehold land in the PRC		
長期租約	Long lease	2,410,227	2,132,277
中期組約	Medium-term lease	932,194	831,049
於澳洲之永久持有土地	Freehold land in Australia	475,912	522,035
	rreenoiu ianu in Austrana	4/3,912	322,033
		2.040.222	2.405.264
		3,818,333	3,485,361

本集團管理層對待發展物業已按成本及可變現 淨值之較低者進行減值評估。可變現淨值乃根 據於二零一八年十二月三十一日的獨立專業估 值而釐定。 The management of the Group had carried out impairment assessment on the properties for development based on the lower of cost and net realisable value for properties for development. The net realisable values were determined based on independent professional valuations at 31st December, 2018.

#### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2018

#### 20. 土地使用權之預付租賃款

#### 20. PREPAID LEASE PAYMENTS ON LAND USE RIGHTS

		2018 千港元 HK\$′000	2017 千港元 HK\$′000
本集團土地使用權 之預付租賃款 包括:	The Group's prepaid lease payments on land use rights comprise:		
於中國之租賃土地	Leasehold land in the PRC		
長期租約	Long lease	33,721	52,393
中期租約	Medium-term lease	6,383	6,786
		40,104	59,179
就呈報目的而作出之分析如下:	Analysed for reporting purposes as:		
非流動資產	Non-current asset	39,212	58,281
流動資產	Current asset	892	898
		40,104	59,179

#### 21. 於聯營公司之權益

#### **21.INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES**

		2018 千港元 HK\$′000	2017 千港元 HK\$′000
於聯營公司投資之成本 (附註): 非上市聯營公司	Cost of investment in associates (Note): Unlisted associates	3,356,741	3,356,741
應佔收購後之 虧損及其他 全面收益減 已收股息	Share of post-acquisition losses and other comprehensive income, net of dividends received	(465,410)	(417,396)
		2,891,331	2,939,345

主要聯營公司於二零一八年及二零一七年十二月三十一日之資料詳載於附註52。

Details of the principal associates at 31st December, 2018 and 2017 are set out in note 52.

附註:於聯營公司投資之成本包括於過往年度收購聯營公司所產生之商譽46,000港元(二零一七年:46,000港元)。

Note: Included in the cost of investment in associates is goodwill of HK\$46,000 (2017: HK\$46,000) arising on acquisitions of associates in prior years.

#### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2018

#### 21.於聯營公司之權益(續)

下文所載為有關本集團重大聯營公司各自的財 務資料概要。下述財務資料概要為根據香港財 務報告準則編製的聯營公司財務報表所示金 額。

聯營公司乃按權益法於該等綜合財務報表 入賬。

#### 重大聯營公司之財務資料概要

#### Zeta Estates Limited

#### **21.INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES** (CONTINUED)

Summarised financial information in respect of each of the Group's material associates is set out below. The summarised financial information below represents amounts shown in the associate's financial statements prepared in accordance with HKFRSs.

The associates are accounted for using the equity method in these consolidated financial statements.

#### Summarised financial information of material associates

#### Zeta Estates Limited

		2018 千港元 HK\$′000	2017 千港元 HK\$′000
流動資產	Current assets	2,137,521	497,759
非流動資產	Non-current assets	6,959,884	8,904,632
流動負債	Current liabilities	(686,997)	(758,573)
非流動負債	Non-current liabilities	(1,373,666)	(1,410,133)
收入	Revenue	408,329	759,215
本年度溢利	Profit for the year	100,083	264,675
本年度之其他全面收益	Other comprehensive income for the year	-	-
本年度全面收益總額	Total comprehensive income for the year	100,083	264,675
於本年度來自Zeta Estates Limited的股息	Dividends from Zeta Estates Limited during the year	98,990	511,450

#### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2018

#### 21.於聯營公司之權益(續)

#### **21.INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES** (CONTINUED)

#### 重大聯營公司之財務資料概要(續)

#### Summarised financial information of material associates (continued)

#### **Zeta Estates Limited**(續)

#### **Zeta Estates Limited** (continued)

上述財務資料概要與綜合財務報表中確認的 Zeta Estates Limited權益的賬面值之對賬:

Reconciliation of the above summarised financial information to the carrying amount of the interest in Zeta Estates Limited recognised in the consolidated financial statements:

		2018	2017
		千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Zeta Estates Limited之 資產淨值	Net assets of Zeta Estates Limited	7,036,742	7,233,685
本集團於Zeta Estates Limited 之權益之賬面值 (本集團擁有權 權益部份為33.33% (二零一七年:33.33%))	Carrying amount of the Group's interest in Zeta Estates Limited (Proportion of the Group's ownership interest of 33.33% (2017: 33.33%))	2,345,581	2,411,228

#### 個別非重大之聯營公司之匯總資料:

#### Aggregate information of associates that are not individually material:

		2018	2017
		千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	本集團應佔之溢利 The Group's	share of profit 22,327	10,932
_	本集團應佔之其他 The Group's	share of other	
	·	nsive (expense)	
	收益 income	(4,736)	21,215
-			
\	本集團應佔之 The Group's	share of total	
	全面收益總額 compreher	nsive income 17,591	32,147
_			
	本集團之權益之 Aggregate ca	rrying value of	
	賬面總值 Group's in	terests <b>545,750</b>	528,117

#### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2018

#### 22.於合營企業之權益

#### **22.INTERESTS IN JOINT VENTURES**

		2018	2017
		千港元 HK\$'000	千港元 HK\$′000
於非上市合營企業投資之	Cost of investment in unlisted joint ventures	·	
成本 <i>(附註i)</i>	(Note i) Share of post-acquisition profits and other	3,080,364	1,584,663
其他全面收益減 已收股息	comprehensive income, net of dividends received	1,427,942	1,365,599
		4,508,306	2,950,262
合營企業欠款( <i>附註ii</i> )	Amounts due from joint ventures (Note ii)	795,939	-
		5,304,245	2,950,262

主要合營企業於二零一八年及二零一七年十二月三十一日之資料詳載於附註53。

Details of the principal joint ventures at 31st December, 2018 and 2017 are set out in note 53.

#### 附註:

- (i) 於合營企業投資之成本包括於過往年度收購合營企業所產生之商譽409,000港元(二零一七年:409,000港元)。
- (ii) 459,770,000港元為無抵押及附息欠款,年利率 12%及於二零二一年五月償還。餘下款項為無抵 押、免息欠款及無固定償還日期。

下文所載為有關本集團重大合營企業各自的財 務資料概要。下述財務資料概要為根據香港財 務報告準則編製的合營企業財務報表所示金 額。

合營企業乃按權益法於該等綜合財務報表入 賬。

#### Notes:

- (i) Included in the cost of investment of joint ventures is goodwill of HK\$409,000 (2017: HK\$409,000) arising on acquisitions of joint ventures in prior years.
- (ii) The amount of HK\$459,770,000 is unsecured, bear interests at 12% per annum and repayable on May 2021. The remaining amounts are unsecured, interest-free and have no fixed date of repayment.

Summarised financial information in respect of each of the Group's material joint ventures is set out below. The summarised financial information below represents amounts shown in the joint venture's financial statements prepared in accordance with HKFRSs.

The joint ventures are accounted for using the equity method in these consolidated financial statements.

#### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2018

#### 22. 於合營企業之權益(續)

#### **22.INTERESTS IN JOINT VENTURES** (CONTINUED)

#### 重大合營企業之財務資料概要

#### Summarised financial information of material joint ventures

#### 天安數碼城(集團)有限公司

天安數碼城(集團)有限公司

		2018 千港元 HK\$′000	201 <i>7</i> 千港元 HK\$′000
流動資產	Current assets	12,574,638	10,431,876
非流動資產	Non-current assets	6,885,638	6,581,218
流動負債	Current liabilities	(10,052,494)	(8,435,811)
非流動負債	Non-current liabilities	(6,602,441)	(6,190,172)
上述之資產及負債金額包括以下項目:	The above amounts of assets and li	abilities included	the following:
		2018 千港元 HK\$'000	2017 千港元 HK\$′000
現金和現金等值項目	Cash and cash equivalents	2,850,284	2,711,825
流動金融負債 (不包括交易及 其他應付賬款)	Current financial liabilities (excluding trade and other payables)	(3,189,093)	(3,053,768)
非流動金融負債 (不包括交易及 其他應付賬款)	Non-current financial liabilities (excluding trade and other payables)	(5,545,865)	(5,343,897)
		2018 千港元 HK\$′000	2017 千港元 HK\$′000
收入	Revenue	2,403,349	3,028,617
本年度溢利	Profit for the year	468,810	379,102
本年度之其他全面(費用) 收益	Other comprehensive (expense) income for the year	(52,833)	98,896
本年度全面收益總額	Total comprehensive income for the year	415,977	477,998
於本年度從天安數碼城 (集團)有限公司收取 的股息	Dividends received from 天安數碼城(集團)有限公司 during the year	-	-

#### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2018

#### 22. 於合營企業之權益(續)

# 重大合營企業之財務資料概要

#### 天安數碼城(集團)有限公司(續)

上述本年度溢利包括以下項目:

#### **22.INTERESTS IN JOINT VENTURES** (CONTINUED)

# **Summarised financial information of material joint ventures** *(continued)*

#### 天安數碼城(集團)有限公司 (continued)

The above profit for the year included the following:

		2018 千港元 HK\$′000	2017 千港元 HK\$′000
折舊及攤銷	Depreciation and amortisation	44,327	38,433
利息收入	Interest income	25,012	9,996
利息費用	Interest expense	272,947	259,736
所得税支出	Income tax expense	585,359	496,339

上述財務資料概要與綜合財務報表中確認的天安數碼城(集團)有限公司權益的賬面值對賬:

Reconciliation of the above summarised financial information to the carrying amount of the interest in 天安數碼城(集團)有限公司 recognised in the consolidated financial statements:

		2018 千港元 HK\$′000	2017 千港元 HK\$′000
天安數碼城(集團)有限 公司的資產淨值 減:非控股權益	Net assets of 天安數碼城(集團) 有限公司 Less: Non-controlling interests	2,805,341 (133,846)	2,387,111 (110,400)
天安數碼城(集團)有限 公司之股東權益	Shareholder's equity of 天安數碼城(集團)有限公司	2,671,495	2,276,711
本集團於天安數碼城(集團) 有限公司50%的擁有權 權益之部份 應佔公司間之交易之 未實現溢利 其他	Proportion of the Group's ownership interest of 50% in 天安數碼城(集團)有限公司 Share of unrealised profit on inter-company transactions Others	1,335,747 (4,380) (902)	1,138,355 (4,380) (902)
本集團於天安數碼城 (集團)有限公司之 權益之賬面值	Carrying amount of the Group's interest in 天安數碼城(集團) 有限公司	1,330,465	1,133,073

#### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2018

#### 22. 於合營企業之權益(續)

#### 22.INTERESTS IN JOINT VENTURES (CONTINUED)

# 重大合營企業之財務資料概要 (續)

## **Summarised financial information of material joint ventures** *(continued)*

深圳天安駿業投資發展(集團)有限公司

深圳天安駿業投資發展(集團)有限公司

		2018 千港元 HK\$′000	2017 千港元 HK\$′000
流動資產	Current assets	10,628,013	6,355,663
非流動資產	Non-current assets	2,750,071	2,327,793
流動負債	Current liabilities	(2,509,689)	(1,299,825)
非流動負債	Non-current liabilities	(9,688,018)	(5,864,957)
上述之資產及負債金額包括以下項目:	The above amounts of assets and li	abilities included t	the following:
		2018 千港元 HK\$′000	2017 千港元 HK\$′000
現金和現金等值項目	Cash and cash equivalents	1,046,146	1,083,105
流動金融負債 (不包括交易及 其他應付賬款)	Current financial liabilities (excluding trade and other payables)	(705,711)	(831,660)
非流動金融負債 (不包括交易及 其他應付賬款)	Non-current financial liabilities (excluding trade and other payables)	(9,212,644)	(5,529,412)
		2018 千港元 HK\$′000	2017 千港元 HK\$'000
收入	Revenue	262,911	611,540
本年度溢利	Profit for the year	153,400	250,792
本年度之其他全面(費用) 收益	Other comprehensive (expense) income for the year	(31,822)	56,658
本年度全面收益 總額	Total comprehensive income for the year	121,578	307,450
於本年度從深圳天安駿業 投資發展(集團)有限公司 收取的股息	Dividends received from 深圳天安駿業投資發展(集團) 有限公司 during the year	229,885	-

#### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2018

#### 22. 於合營企業之權益(續)

### 重大合營企業之財務資料概要

### 深圳天安駿業投資發展(集團)有限公司(續)

上述本年度溢利包括以下項目:

#### **22.INTERESTS IN JOINT VENTURES** (CONTINUED)

## **Summarised financial information of material joint ventures** *(continued)*

# 深圳天安駿業投資發展(集團)有限公司 (continued)

The above profit for the year included the following:

		2018 千港元 HK\$′000	2017 千港元 HK\$′000
折舊及攤銷	Depreciation and amortisation	5,181	4,494
利息收入	Interest income	20,140	8,008
利息費用	Interest expense	89,382	137,392
所得税支出	Income tax expense	180,934	277,359

上述財務資料概要與綜合財務報表中確認的於深圳天安駿業投資發展(集團)有限公司之權益的賬面值對賬:

Reconciliation of the above summarised financial information to the carrying amount of the interest in 深圳天安駿業投資發展(集團)有限 公司 recognised in the consolidated financial statements:

		2018	2017
		千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
深圳天安駿業投資發展(集團) 有限公司的資產淨值 減:非控股權益	Net assets of 深圳天安駿業投資 發展(集團)有限公司 Less: Non-controlling interests	1,180,377 (3,586)	1,518,674 (4,589)
深圳天安駿業投資發展(集團) 有限公司之股東權益	Shareholder's equity of 深圳天安 駿業投資發展(集團)有限公司	1,176,791	1,514,085
本集團於深圳天安駿業 投資發展(集團)有限 公司50%的擁有權 權益之部份	Proportion of the Group's ownership interest of 50% in 深圳天安駿業投資發展(集團) 有限公司	588,395	757,042
注資時所產生之 匯兑差異 應佔公司間之交易之 未實現溢利	Exchange differences arising on capital injection  Share of unrealised profit on inter-company transactions	(402) (41,093)	(402) (4,199)
本集團於深圳天安駿業投資 發展(集團)有限公司之 權益之賬面值	Carrying amount of the Group's interest in 深圳天安駿業投資發展(集團)有限公司	546,900	752,441

#### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2018

#### 22.於合營企業之權益(續)

#### 22. INTERESTS IN JOINT VENTURES (CONTINUED)

#### 重大合營企業之財務資料概要

### **Summarised financial information of material joint ventures** *(continued)*

#### Crystal Idea Management Limited

#### Crystal Idea Management Limited

,	,		
		2018 千港元 HK\$′000	201 <i>7</i> 千港元 HK\$′000
流動資產	Current assets	2,043,021	1,796,984
非流動資產	Non-current assets	1,072,575	948,236
流動負債	Current liabilities	(1,665,382)	(1,494,639)
非流動負債	Non-current liabilities	(1,291,380)	(1,057,483)
上述之資產及負債金額包括以下項目:	The above amounts of assets and li	abilities included th	ne following:
		2018 千港元 HK\$′000	2017 千港元 HK\$′000
現金和現金等值項目	Cash and cash equivalents	279,102	127,768
流動金融負債 (不包括交易及 其他應付賬款)	Current financial liabilities (excluding trade and other payables)	(1,067,592)	(1,444,825)
非流動金融負債 (不包括交易及 其他應付賬款)	Non-current financial liabilities (excluding trade and other payables)	(1,129,620)	(872,457)
		2018 千港元 HK\$'000	201 <i>7</i> 千港元 HK\$′000
收入	Revenue	76,439	777
本年度虧損	Loss for the year	(14,784)	(22,195)
本年度之其他全面(費用) 收益	Other comprehensive (expense) income for the year	(19,481)	38,585
本年度全面(費用)收益 總額	Total comprehensive (expense) income for the year	(34,265)	16,390
於本年度從Crystal Idea Management Limited 收取的股息	Dividends received from Crystal Idea Management Limited during the year	_	_

#### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2018

#### 22. 於合營企業之權益(續)

#### 重大合營企業之財務資料概要

(續)

#### Crystal Idea Management Limited(續)

上述本年度虧損包括以下項目:

#### 22. INTERESTS IN JOINT VENTURES (CONTINUED)

# **Summarised financial information of material joint ventures** *(continued)*

#### Crystal Idea Management Limited (continued)

The above loss for the year included the following:

		2018 千港元 HK\$′000	2017 千港元 HK\$′000
折舊及攤銷	Depreciation and amortisation	23,834	15,600
利息收入	Interest income	1,813	104
利息費用	Interest expense	-	-
所得税抵免	Income tax credit	17,810	3,898

上述財務資料概要與綜合財務報表中確認的於 Crystal Idea Management Limited之權益的賬面 值對賬: Reconciliation of the above summarised financial information to the carrying amount of the interest in Crystal Idea Management Limited recognised in the consolidated financial statements:

		2018 千港元 HK\$′000	2017 千港元 HK\$′000
Crystal Idea Management Limited 的資產淨值	Net assets of Crystal Idea Management Limited	158,834	193,098
本集團於Crystal Idea Management Limited 50%的擁有權權益 之部份 合營企業夥伴放棄 溢利的公允價值 折現(附註)	Proportion of the Group's ownership interest of 50% in Crystal Idea Management Limited Discounted fair value of profit forgo by joint venture partner (Note)	79,417 655,177	96,549 604,939
本集團於Crystal Idea Management Limited 之權益之賬面值	Carrying amount of the Group's interest in Crystal Idea Management Limited	734,594	701,488

附註:該金額代表將於二零二零年從Crystal Idea Management Limited收取的約定可予分派溢利之 現值(加權平均實際利率為8.5%)。

Note: The amount represented present value of an agreed distributable profit to be received from Crystal Idea Management Limited in 2020 with weighted average effective interest rate of 8.5%.

#### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2018

22. 於合營企業之權益(續)

22.INTERESTS IN JOINT VENTURES (CONTINUED)

重大合營企業之財務資料概要 (續)

Summarised financial information of material joint ventures

(continued)

蘇州象嶼地產有限公司(附註)

蘇州象嶼地產有限公司(Note)

2018 千港元 HK\$'000

		•
流動資產	Current assets	3,152,683
非流動資產	Non-current assets	1,678,354
流動負債	Current liabilities	(1,490,523)
非流動負債	Non-current liabilities	(329,586)

上述之資產及負債金額包括以下項目:

The above amounts of assets and liabilities included the following:

2018 千港元 HK\$'000

現金和現金等值項目	Cash and cash equivalents	142,181
流動金融負債 (不包括交易及其他應付賬款)	Current financial liabilities (excluding trade and other payables)	(494,253)
非流動金融負債 (不包括交易及其他應付賬款)	Non-current financial liabilities (excluding trade and other payables)	-

#### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2018

#### 22. 於合營企業之權益(續)

#### 重大合營企業之財務資料概要 (續)

蘇州象嶼地產有限公司(附註)(續)

#### 22. INTERESTS IN JOINT VENTURES (CONTINUED)

Summarised financial information of material joint ventures (continued)

蘇州象嶼地產有限公司(Note) (continued)

2018 千港元

		HK\$'000
自注資日至二零一八年十二月三十一日 期間之收入	Revenue for the period from the date of capital injection to 31st December, 2018	201,894
自注資日至二零一八年十二月三十一日 期間之溢利	Profit for the period from the date of capital injection to 31st December, 2018	19,525
自注資日至二零一八年 十二月三十一日期間 之其他全面收入	Other comprehensive income for the period from the date of capital injection to 31st December, 2018	-
自注資日至二零一八年 十二月三十一日期間 之全面收入總額	Total comprehensive income for the period from the date of capital injection to 31st December, 2018	19,525
自注資日至二零一八年十二月三十一日 期間從蘇州象嶼地產有限公司 收取的股息	Dividends received from 蘇州象嶼地產有限公司 during the period from the date of capital injection to 31st December, 2018	-

#### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2018

#### 22. 於合營企業之權益(續)

# 重大合營企業之財務資料概要 (續)

#### 蘇州象嶼地產有限公司(附註)(續)

上述自注資日至二零一八年十二月三十一日期間之溢利包括以下項目:

#### 22. INTERESTS IN JOINT VENTURES (CONTINUED)

# **Summarised financial information of material joint ventures** *(continued)*

#### 蘇州象嶼地產有限公司(Note) (continued)

The above profit for the period from the date of capital injection to 31st December, 2018 included the following:

2018 千港元 HK\$'000

折舊及攤銷	Depreciation and amortisation	18
利息收入	Interest income	215
利息費用	Interest expense	-
所得税支出	Income tax expense	44,155

上述財務資料概要與綜合財務報表中確認的於蘇州象嶼地產有限公司之權益的賬面值對賬:

Reconciliation of the above summarised financial information to the carrying amount of the interest in 蘇州象嶼地產有限公司 recognised in the consolidated financial statements:

千港元 HK\$'000

2018

		<u> </u>
蘇州象嶼地產有限公司的資產淨值	Net assets of 蘇州象嶼地產有限公司	3,010,928
本集團於蘇州象嶼地產有限公司50%的 擁有權權益之部份	Proportion of the Group's ownership interest of 50% in 蘇州象嶼地產有限公司	1,505,464
本集團於蘇州象嶼地產有限公司之權益之賬面值	Carrying amount of the Group's interest in 蘇州象嶼地產有限公司	1,505,464

附註:本集團於截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度 期間收購蘇州象嶼地產有限公司50%之權益。 Note: The Group acquired 50% of equity interest in 蘇州象嶼地產有限公司 during the year ended 31st December, 2018.

#### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2018

#### 22. 於合營企業之權益(續)

#### 22.INTERESTS IN JOINT VENTURES (CONTINUED)

# 重大合營企業之財務資料概要 (續)

**Summarised financial information of material joint ventures** *(continued)* 

#### 個別非重大之合營企業之匯總資料:

Aggregate information of joint ventures that are not individually material:

		2018	2017
		千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
本集團應佔之溢利(虧損)	The Group's share of profit (loss)	57,371	(59,443)
本集團應佔之其他	The Group's share of other		
全面費用	comprehensive expense	(12,222)	(1,961)
本集團應佔之全面收入	The Group's share of total		
(費用)總額	comprehensive income (expense)	45,149	(61,404)
本集團之權益之	Aggregate carrying value of		
振面總值 	Group's interests	390,883	363,260
已收取/應收股息	Dividend received/receivable	21,269	9,047

#### 23. 可供出售投資

#### 23. AVAILABLE-FOR-SALE INVESTMENTS

		2017
		千港元
		HK\$'000
於香港上市之股本證券	Equity securities listed in Hong Kong	156,521
於中國上市之股本證券	Equity securities listed in the PRC	35,703
非上市股本基金	Unlisted equity funds	12,566
俱樂部會籍	Club memberships	10,500
非上市股本證券	Unlisted equity securities	77,080
		292,370

所有上述投資均以公允價值列賬,於二零一七年十二月三十一日的公允價值計量之資料詳載於附註49(c)。

All of the above investments were stated at fair value and details of the fair value measurements were set out in note 49(c) as at 31st December, 2017.

#### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2018

# 24.透過損益按公允價值處理之金融資產

# 24.FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS

2018 千港元

		HK\$'000
非上市股本基金	Unlisted equity fund	14,522
非上市投資基金	Unlisted investment fund	229,885
物業項目投資	Investment in property project	100,268
		344,675
就呈報目的而作出之分析如下:	Analysed for reporting purpose as:	
非流動資產	Non-current assets	114,790
流動資產	Current assets	229,885
		344,675
		311,073

所有上述投資均以公允價值列賬,公允價值計量之資料詳載於附註49(c)。

All of the above investments are stated at fair value and details of the fair value measurements are set out in note 49(c).

# 25.透過其他全面收益按公允價值處理 之股本工具

## 25.EQUITY INSTRUMENTS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

千港元 HK\$′000

2018

於香港上市之股本證券 Equity securities listed in Hong Kong 153,750 於中國上市之股本證券 Equity securities listed in the PRC 20,284 非上市股本證券 Unlisted equity securities 37,664

所有上述投資均以公允價值列賬,公允價值計量之資料詳載於附註49(c)。

All of the above investments are stated at fair value and details of the fair value measurements are set out in note 49(c).

#### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2018

#### 26.物業存貨

本集團之物業存貨主要位於中國。所有物業存貨按成本及可變現淨值之較低者列賬。賬面值278,267,000港元(二零一七年:91,841,000港元)之發展中物業預計不會自報告期末十二個月內變現。

本集團管理層對物業存貨已按成本及可變現淨值之較低者進行減值評估。可變現淨值乃根據 於二零一八年十二月三十一日的獨立專業估值 而釐定。

#### 27. 其他存貨

#### **26. INVENTORIES OF PROPERTIES**

The Group's inventories of properties are mainly situated in the PRC. All of the inventories of properties are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Properties under development with carrying amount of HK\$278,267,000 (2017: HK\$91,841,000) are expected not to be realised within twelve months from the end of the reporting date.

The management of the Group had carried out impairment assessment on the inventories of properties based on the lower of cost and net realisable value for inventories of properties. The net realisable values were determined based on independent professional valuations at 31st December, 2018.

#### **27. OTHER INVENTORIES**

	2018	2017
	千港元	千港元
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
製成品 Finished goods	415	1,952

#### 28. 聯營公司欠款

聯營公司欠款是無抵押、免息及於應要求下 償還。

#### 29. 合營企業欠款

40,230,000港元(二零一七年:135,294,000港元)為無抵押及附息欠款,年利率9%(二零一七年:介乎9%至12%)並於二零一九年十二月(二零一七年:二零一八年九月至十二月)償還。餘下款項為無抵押、免息欠款及於應要求下償還。

管理層預期欠款於報告期末後十二個月內可 收回。

#### 30. 非控股股東欠款

非控股股東欠款是無抵押、免息及於應要求下 償還。

#### 28. AMOUNTS DUE FROM ASSOCIATES

Amounts due from associates are unsecured, interest-free and repayable on demand.

#### 29. AMOUNTS DUE FROM JOINT VENTURES

The amounts of HK\$40,230,000 (2017: HK\$135,294,000) are unsecured, bear interests at 9% (2017: from 9% to 12%) per annum and repayable in December 2019 (2017: between September to December 2018). The remaining amounts are unsecured, interest-free and repayable on demand.

The management expects the amounts would be recoverable within twelve months from the end of the reporting period.

# 30.AMOUNTS DUE FROM NON-CONTROLLING SHAREHOLDERS

Amounts due from non-controlling shareholders are unsecured, interest-free and repayable on demand.

#### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2018

#### 31. 應收貸款

於二零一八年十二月三十一日,應收貸款6,507,000港元(二零一七年:6,507,000港元),年利率為香港銀行同業拆息加4%(二零一七年:香港銀行同業拆息加4%),以股權抵押作為擔保及於二零一九年二月(二零一七年:二零一九年二月)應收並被分類為流動應收貸款(二零一七年:非流動應收貸款)。本集團正與借款人協商修訂該等應收貸款的還款計劃。

於二零一八年十二月三十一日,應收貸款172,342,000港元(二零一七年:無),年利率30%(二零一七年:無),以股權抵押及應收貸款作為擔保,及逾期多於90日但少於180日(二零一七年:無),並被分類為流動應收貸款(二零一七年:無)。

於二零一八年十二月三十一日,應收貸款 1,357,105,000港元(二零一七年:550,936,000港元),年利率介乎4.75%至36%(二零一七年:4.75%至18%),為無抵押,當中211,806,000港元逾期多於30日但少於90日,餘下款項於二零一九年二月至二零二一年五月(二零一七年:二零一八年二月至二零二一年五月)應收。其中166,810,000港元(二零一七年:116,465,000港元)被分類為非流動應收貸款並於二零二零年五月(二零一七年:二零二一年五月)應收及年利率貸款並於二零二年五月)應收及年利率值等人就二零一七年:4.75%)。本集團日期借款人就二零一九年二月應收之應收貸款230,000,000港元協商,以修訂其還款計劃。

於二零一八年十二月三十一日,應收貸款 97,495,000港元(二零一七年:無),固定年利 率為15%(二零一七年:無),以股權抵押,於 二零二一年十月(二零一七年:無)應收及被分 類為非流動應收貸款(二零一七年:無)。

於二零一七年十二月三十一日,應收貸款 230,000,000港元,年利率為香港銀行同業拆 息加2.75%,為無抵押。於截至二零一八年 十二月三十一日止年度期間,應收貸款已重新 簽訂為定息應收貸款。

於二零一八年十二月三十一日,本集團的應收貸款結餘中包括賬面總值為211,806,000港元逾期多於30日但少於90日及172,342,000港元逾期多於90日但少於180日的借款人。董事認為該等逾期應收貸款的信貸風險已顯著地增加,但逾期多於90日的應收貸款並未被視為違約,因僅觀察到該等借款人若干信貸風險事件而且該應收賬款有足夠的抵押品作為抵押。本集團正與借款人協商修訂該等逾期應收貸款的還款計劃。

#### **31.LOANS RECEIVABLE**

At 31st December, 2018, loans receivable of HK\$6,507,000 (2017: HK\$6,507,000) bear interest at Hong Kong Inter-bank Offered Rate plus 4% (2017: Hong Kong Inter-bank Offered Rate plus 4%) per annum, are secured by share mortgage and are receivable in February 2019 (2017: February 2019) and is classified as current loans receivable (2017: non-current loans receivable). The Group is under negotiation with the borrower to revise the repayment schedule of these loans receivable.

At 31st December, 2018, loan receivable of HK\$172,342,000 (2017: Nil) bears interest at 30% (2017: Nil) per annum, is secured by share mortgage and loans receivable and is past due more than 90 days but less than 180 days (2017: Nil) and is classified as current loans receivable (2017: Nil).

At 31st December, 2018, loans receivable of HK\$1,357,105,000 (2017: HK\$550,936,000) bear interests ranging from 4.75% to 36% (2017: 4.75% to 18%) per annum, are unsecured and with HK\$211,806,000 past due for more than 30 days but less than 90 days and the remaining receivable between February 2019 to May 2021 (2017: February 2018 to May 2021), of which HK\$166,810,000 (2017: HK\$116,465,000) are classified as non-current loans receivable and are receivable from May 2020 to May 2021 (2017: May 2021) and carry interests ranging from 4.75% to 12% (2017: 4.75%) per annum. The Group is under negotiation with the borrower of loans receivable of HK\$230,000,000 being receivable in February 2019 to revise the repayment schedule.

At 31st December, 2018, loan receivable of HK\$97,495,000 (2017: Nil) carries a fixed interest rate of 15% (2017: Nil) per annum, is secured by share mortgage and is receivable in October 2021 (2017: Nil) and is classified as non-current loans receivable (2017: Nil).

At 31st December, 2017, loans receivable of HK\$230,000,000 bear interests at Hong Kong Inter-bank Offered Rate plus 2.75% per annum, are unsecured. During the year ended 31st December, 2018, the loans receivable have been renewed as fixed-rate loans receivable.

As at 31st December, 2018, included in the Group's loans receivable balance are borrowers with aggregate carrying amount of HK\$211,806,000 past due more than 30 days but less than 90 days and HK\$172,342,000 past due more than 90 days but less than 180 days. The Directors considered credit risks of these past due loans receivable have increased significantly but loans receivable past due more than 90 days are not considered as in default as only some credit risk events observed on these borrowers and the loans receivable are secured by sufficient collaterals. The Group is under negotiation with borrowers to revise the repayment schedule of these past due loans receivable.

#### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2018

# 32. 交易及其他應收賬款、按金及預付款

## 32.TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES, DEPOSITS AND PREPAYMENTS

物業銷售方面的應收款項按照買賣協議的條款 規定清償。 Proceeds receivable in respect of sales of properties are settled in accordance with the terms stipulated in the sale and purchase agreements.

除了物業銷售款項及來自物業租賃的租金收入 按照有關協議的條款支付,本集團一般給予客 戶三十日至一百二十日的信用限期。 Except for the proceeds from sales of properties and rental income from lease of properties which are payable in accordance with the terms of the relevant agreements, the Group generally allows a credit period of 30 days to 120 days to its customers.

於報告期末,交易應收賬款之賬齡分析如下:

The following is an aged analysis of trade receivables at the end of the reporting period:

	2018	2017
	千港元	千港元
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
三個月內 Within 3 months	8,334	27,703
四至六個月 Between 4 and 6 month	s <b>1,058</b>	268
七至十二個月 Between 7 and 12 mont	hs <b>8</b>	89
超過十二個月 Over 12 months	957	1,290
	10,357	29,350

於二零一七年十二月三十一日,其他應收賬款包括一項148,871,000港元的按金用作支付從第三方收購供銷售之物業,而該交易已於截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度內完成。

As at 31st December, 2017, other receivables included a deposit of HK\$148,871,000 which was paid for acquisition of properties held for sale from third parties and the transaction had completed during the year ended 31st December, 2018.

#### 33. 持作買賣投資

#### 33. HELD-FOR-TRADING INVESTMENTS

		2017 千港元 HK\$′000
持作買賣: 於中國上市之股本證券 其他	Held-for-trading: Equity securities listed in the PRC Others	81,447 80
		81,527

於中國上市之股本證券乃按公允價值列賬。該 公允價值乃根據有關交易所所報之市場買入價 釐定。 Equity securities listed in the PRC are stated at fair value which is determined based on the quoted market bid price available on the relevant exchanges.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2018

# 34. 透過損益按公允價值處理之股本

### 34. EQUITY SECURITIES AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS

2018 千港元 HK\$'000

持作買賣: 於中國上市之股本證券 其他	Held-for-trading: Equity securities listed in the PRC Others	49,312 78
		49,390

於中國上市之股本證券乃按公允價值列賬。該 公允價值乃根據有關交易所所報之市場買入價 **誊定。** 

Equity securities listed in the PRC are stated at fair value which is determined based on the quoted market bid price available on the relevant exchanges.

### 35. 交易及其他應付賬款

於報告期末,交易應付賬款(包括在交易及其 他應付賬款內)按發票日期呈列之賬齡分析 如下:

### **35. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES**

The following is an aged analysis of trade payables by age, presented based on the invoice date, which is included in trade and other payables, at the end of the reporting period:

		2018	2017
		千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
三個月內	Within 3 months	682,391	216,400
四至六個月	Between 4 and 6 months	14,036	32,935
七至十二個月	Between 7 and 12 months	69,338	236,115
超過十二個月	Over 12 months	380,462	404,163
		1,146,227	889,613

### 36. 合約負債

# **36. CONTRACT LIABILITIES**

		於二零一八年 十二月三十一日 As at 31st December, 2018 千港元 HK\$'000	於二零一八年 一月一日* As at 1st January, 2018* 千港元 HK\$'000
物業銷售	Sales of properties	1,991,420	2,491,148

此欄中之金額是應用香港財務報告準則第15號調整 後的金額。

The amounts in this column are after the adjustments from the application of HKFRS 15.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2018

### 36. 合約負債(續)

### **36.CONTRACT LIABILITIES** (CONTINUED)

下表顯示本年度確認的收入有多少與結轉合約 負債有關。

The following table shows how much of the revenue recognised in the current year relates to carried-forward contract liabilities.

> 物業銷售 Sales of properties 千港元 HK\$'000

於本年度已確認收入 (包括在合約負債之年初結餘內)

Revenue recognised that was included in the contract liabilities balance at the beginning of the year

2,377,169

本集團與客戶在簽訂買賣協議時,一般收取客戶10%至60%合同金額作為訂金。然而,根據市場情況,如客戶同意在施工進行期間儘早支付購價的餘額,與銷售價單比較下,本集團可能向客戶提供折扣。由訂金和預付款計劃產生之合約負債於整個物業工程期間確認,並於客戶取得已竣工物業的控制權時轉出。

The Group generally receives 10% to 60% of the contract value as deposits from customers when they sign the sale and purchase agreement. However, depending on market conditions, the Group may offer customers a discount compared to the listed sales price, provided that the customers agree to pay the balance of the consideration early while construction is still ongoing. The deposits and advance payment schemes result in contract liabilities being recognised throughout the property construction period until the customer obtains control of the completed property.

### 37. 附息借款

### 37. INTEREST-BEARING BORROWINGS

		2018	2017
		千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
銀行貸款	Bank loans	4,603,250	4,326,157
其他借款	Other loans	127,023	52,973
		4,730,273	4,379,130
有抵押	Secured	4,603,250	4,326,157
無抵押	Unsecured	127,023	52,973
		4,730,273	4,379,130

於報告期末,本集團有應付予一名有關連人士 之貸款,其詳情於附註47(a)載列。 At the end of the reporting period, the Group has loans payable to a related party, details of which are set out in note 47(a).

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) 截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

For the year ended 31st December, 2018

# 37. 附息借款(續)

# 37. INTEREST-BEARING BORROWINGS (CONTINUED)

		2018	2017
		千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
賬面值按以下償還:	Carrying amount repayable:		
一年內	Within one year	1,165,228	506,982
多於一年,	More than one year, but not		
但不超過兩年	exceeding two years	846,554	874,336
多於兩年,	More than two years, but not		
但不超過五年	exceeding five years	1,672,967	2,136,758
多於五年	More than five years	882,717	502,470
		4,567,466	4,020,546
包含可按要求償還	Carrying amount of bank loans		
條款的銀行貸款	that contain a repayment on		
之賬面值:	demand clause:		
一年內	Within one year	67,130	215,619
多於一年,	More than one year, but not		
但不超過兩年	exceeding two years	17,741	24,619
多於兩年,	More than two years, but not		
但不超過五年	exceeding five years	59,323	101,858
多於五年	More than five years	18,613	16,488
		162,807	358,584
		4,730,273	4,379,130
减:列於流動負債中	Less: Amounts due within one		
一年內到期之	year shown under current		
款項	liabilities	(1,328,035)	(865,566)
一年後到期之款項	Amounts due after one year	3,402,238	3,513,564

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2018

### 37. 附息借款(續)

### 37. INTEREST-BEARING BORROWINGS (CONTINUED)

本集團面對之定息借款及合約定下之到期日 (或重新定價日)如下: The exposure of the Group's fixed-rate borrowings and the contractual maturity dates (or repricing dates) are as follows:

		2018	2017
		千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
定息借款:	Fixed-rate borrowings:		
一年內	Within one year	1,323,357	754,927
多於一年,	More than one year, but not		
但不多於兩年	more than two years	837,197	869,397
多於兩年,	More than two years, but not		
但不多於三年	more than three years	553,486	787,677
多於三年,	More than three years, but not		
但不多於四年	more than four years	400,037	498,147
多於四年,	More than four years, but not		
但不多於五年	more than five years	287,786	366,955
多於五年	More than five years	882,717	502,470
		4,284,580	3,779,573

此外,本集團之浮息借款乃按倫敦銀行同業拆息加百分比1.30%(二零一七年:按倫敦銀行同業拆息加百分比1.30%)計算利息。於二零一七年十二月三十一日,本集團之浮息借款乃按香港銀行同業拆息加百分比2.35%計算利息。利息每一個月(二零一七年:每一及三個月)重新定價。

本集團借款之實際利率(相當於合約利率)範圍如下:

In addition, the Group has variable-rate borrowing which carry interest at London Interbank Offered Rate plus a percentage of 1.30% (2017: London Interbank Offered Rate plus a percentage of 1.30%). As at 31st December, 2017, the Group has variable-rate borrowings which carry interest at Hong Kong Interbank Offered Rate plus a percentage of 2.35%. Interest is repriced every month (2017: every one and three months).

The ranges of effective interest rates (which are also equal to contracted interest rates) on the Group's borrowings are as follows:

	2018	2017
實際利率:		
Effective interest rate:		
定息借款	3.80%至10.00%	4.41%至10.00%
Fixed-rate borrowings	3.80% to 10.00%	4.41% to 10.00%
浮息借款	2.03%	1.79%至3.49%
Variable-rate borrowings	2.03%	1.79% to 3.49%

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2018

# 37. 附息借款(續)

# 37. INTEREST-BEARING BORROWINGS (CONTINUED)

本集團附息借款之賬面值按下列貨幣計值:

The carrying amounts of the Group's interest-bearing borrowings are denominated in the following currencies:

		人民幣 RMB 千港元 HK\$'000	港元 Hong Kong Dollars 千港元 HK\$'000	英鎊 British Pound 千港元 HK\$'000	澳元 Australian Dollars 千港元 HK\$'000	總計 Total 千港元 HK\$'000
<b>二零一八年</b> 銀行及其他貸款	2018 Bank and other loans	4,207,875	5,000	445,693	71,705	4,730,273
二零一七年銀行及其他貸款	2017 Bank and other loans	3,774,573	110,700	493,857	-	4,379,130

於二零一八年十二月三十一日,該等借款以市場利率計息,並於二零一九年至二零三二年(二零一七年:於二零一八年至二零二七年)到期,所得款項乃用於本集團收購物業及營運業務。

As at 31st December, 2018, the loans bear interest at market rates and will be matured from 2019 to 2032 (2017: from 2018 to 2027). The proceeds were used to finance the acquisitions of properties and operating activities of the Group.

# 38. 免息借款

### 38. INTEREST-FREE BORROWINGS

		2018	2017
		千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
應付聯營公司款項	Amounts due to associates	7,431	15
應付合營企業款項	Amounts due to joint ventures	943,170	20,095
來自非控股股東	Advances from non-controlling		
借款	shareholders	167	171
		950,768	20,281
賬面值按以下償還:	Carrying amount repayable:		
於流動負債下	On demand or within one		
應要求	year shown under current		
或一年內	liabilities	950,768	20,281

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2018

# 38. 免息借款(續)

# **38.INTEREST-FREE BORROWINGS** (CONTINUED)

本集團免息借款之賬面值按下列貨幣計值:

The carrying amounts of the Group's interest-free borrowings are denominated in the following currencies:

		人民幣 RMB 千港元 HK\$'000	港元 Hong Kong Dollars 千港元 HK\$'000	總計 Total 千港元 HK\$'000
<b>二零一八年</b> 免息借款	2018 Interest-free borrowings	915,403	35,365	950,768
二零一七年 免息借款	2017 Interest-free borrowings	9,793	10,488	20,281

該款項是無抵押、免息及於應要求下償還。

The amounts are unsecured, interest-free and repayable on demand.

### 39.股本

### **39. SHARE CAPITAL**

普通股股份數目	
Number of	股本
ordinary shares	Share capital
	千港元
	HK\$'000

 已發行及繳足:
 Issued and fully paid:

 於二零一七年十二月三十一日及
 At 31st December, 2017 and 31st December, 2018

 一無股份面值
 Ordinary shares with no par value

 1,506,769,491
 3,788,814

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2018

### 40. 儲備

本集團的其他儲備為過往年度因收購附屬公司額外權益所產生之物業公允價值調整及於過往年度有關一間附屬公司擁有權之權益變動(並沒有失去控制權)而導致本集團應佔資產淨值之變動。

在中國註冊成立之附屬公司,聯營公司及合營企業,其可匯出中國境外之累計溢利須由當地機關批准,並視乎該等公司所賺取及保留之外幣數目而定。

### 本集團之重估儲備

### **40. RESERVES**

Other reserves of the Group comprise the fair value adjustment on properties arising from acquisition of additional interests in subsidiaries in prior years and the change in net assets attributable to the Group in relation to changes in ownership interest in a subsidiary without losing of control in prior year.

The remittance outside of the PRC of retained earnings of the subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures established in the PRC is subject to approval of the local authorities and the availability of foreign currencies generated and retained by these companies.

### **Revaluation reserves of the Group**

		物業重估儲備 Property revaluation reserve 千港元 HK\$'000	投資重估儲備 Investment revaluation reserve 千港元 HK\$'000	總計 Total 千港元 HK\$'000
於二零一七年一月一日	At 1st January, 2017	9,312	88,673	97,985
可供出售投資公允價值之 淨變動	Net change in fair value of available-for- sale investments	_	(119,915)	(119,915)
可供出售投資之減值虧損	Impairment loss on available-for-sale investments classified to profit or loss	-	78,168	78,168
可供出售投資公允價值之 變動之遞延税項的影響 於轉撥至接貨物集時之	Deferred tax effect on change in fair value of available-for-sale investments Surplus on revaluation of properties and	-	2,338	2,338
物業及預付租賃款 重估盈餘 於轉撥至投資物業時之	prepaid lease payments upon transfer to investment properties Deferred tax effect on revaluation of	8,764	_	8,764
物業重估之遞延税項的 影響 	properties upon transfer to investment properties	(5,953)		(5,953)
於二零一七年十二月三十一日 會計政策變動的影響	At 31st December, 2017 Effect on changes in accounting	12,123	49,264	61,387
(附註2)	policy (note 2)	_	(77,903)	(77,903)
於二零一八年一月一日 (重列) 透過其他全面收益按	At 1st January, 2018 (restated) Net change in fair value of	12,123	(28,639)	(16,516)
公允價值處理之股本工具 投資公允價值之淨變動 透過其他全面收益按 公允價值處理之股本工具	investments in equity instruments at FVTOCI Deferred tax effect on change in fair value of investment	_	(64,955)	(64,955)
投資公允價值之變動之 遞延税項的影響 於轉撥至投資物業時之 物業及預付租賃款	in an equity instrument at FVTOCI Surplus on revaluation properties and prepaid lease payments upon transfer	-	3,603	3,603
重估盈餘 於轉撥至投資物業時之	to investment properties  Deferred tax effect on revaluation of	3,156	_	3,156
物業重估之遞延税項的 影響 於出售透過其他全面收益	properties upon transfer to investment properties  Transfer of investment revaluation	(4,527)	_	(4,527)
按公允價值處理之股本 工具時轉撥投資重估 儲備至累計溢利	reserves to retained earnings upon disposal of equity instrument at FVTOCI	_	4,601	4,601
於二零一八年 十二月三十一日	At 31st December, 2018	10,752	(85,390)	(74,638)

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2018

### 41. 一名租戶之遞延租金收入

根據於二零零二年訂立之租賃協議及二零零五年之條款修訂,130,625,000港元被分類為遞延租金收入,並按二零零五年起十七年租賃期以直線法計入損益內作為租金收入。於二零一八年十二月三十一日,於一年內計入損益之一名租戶之遞延租金收入為8,267,000港元(二零一七年:8,461,000港元)已包括在交易及其他應付賬款內。

### 42. 遞延税項

於本年度及過往年度確認的主要遞延税項負債(資產)及其變動如下:

### 41. DEFERRED RENTAL INCOME FROM A TENANT

Pursuant to a tenancy agreement entered in 2002 and revision of terms in 2005, HK\$130,625,000 was classified as deferred rental income and is released to the profit or loss as rental income on a straight-line basis over the lease term of 17 years from 2005. At 31st December, 2018, deferred rental income from a tenant to be released within one year of HK\$8,267,000 (2017: HK\$8,461,000) has been included in trade and other payables.

### **42. DEFERRED TAXATION**

The following are the major deferred tax liabilities (assets) recognised and movements thereon during the current and prior years:

				按照本集團		對銷已計入			
				之會計政策		物業內之			
				作出調整		公司間費用			
				Adjustments		Elimination			
				to conform to	未分派盈利	of inter-			
		業務合併		the Group's	之預提税	company			
		Business		accounting	Withholding	charges in			
		combinations	重估物業	policies	tax on	properties			
		(附註i)	Revaluation of	(附註ii)	undistributed	(附註iii)	税項虧損	其他	總計
		(Note i)	properties	(Note ii)	earnings	(Note iii)	Tax losses	Others	Total
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$1000
於二零一七年一月一日	At 1st January, 2017	126,857	1,822,917	115,152	164,652	(26,751)	(4,991)	1,125	2,198,961
匯兑調整	Exchange adjustments	1,248	86,130	1,105	-	-	315	-	88,798
於年內自損益	(Credit) charge to profit or loss								
(撥回)扣除	for the year	(11,938)	175,440	(16,577)	69,418	-	4,248	165	220,756
於年內自重估儲備(撥回)	(Credit) charge to revaluation								
扣除	reserve for the year	(1,289)	3,281	2,518	=	-	-	-	4,510
於二零一七年十二月三十一日	At 31st December, 2017	114,878	2,087,768	102,198	234,070	(26,751)	(428)	1,290	2,513,025
匯兑調整	Exchange adjustments	(639)	(38,432)	(8,161)	_	-	-	_	(47,232)
於年內自損益	Charge (credit) to profit or loss								
扣除(撥回)	for the year	5	138,082	(19,257)	47,884	-	-	(52)	166,662
於年內自重估儲備(撥回)	(Credit) charge to revaluation								
扣除	reserve for the year	(843)	6,882	(3,603)	_	-	-	_	2,436
	•								
於二零一八年十二月三十一日	At 31st December, 2018	113,401	2,194,300	71,177	281,954	(26,751)	(428)	1,238	2,634,891

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2018

### 42. 遞延税項(續)

### 附註:

- (i) 指收購附屬公司時對資產及負債的賬面值作出公允價值調整而產生之暫時差異的稅項影響。
- (ii) 包括若干附屬公司為按照本集團收入確認及物業發展成本資本化之政策對管理賬目作出調整而產生之暫時差異的税項影響,其中包括土地增值稅之中國企業所得稅節省和待發展物業及土地使用權之預付租賃款之攤銷所產生之暫時差異之稅項影響。
- (iii) 指對銷原先資本化為附屬公司的發展中物業、已竣工物業存貨及投資物業成本之公司間費用而產生之暫時差異稅項影響。

若干遞延税項資產及負債因應綜合財務狀況表 呈列用途而作出抵銷,以下為遞延税項結餘用 作財務報告用途時作出的分析:

### 42. DEFERRED TAXATION (CONTINUED)

### Notes:

- (i) This represents the tax effect of the temporary differences arising from the fair value adjustments to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities upon acquisition of subsidiaries.
- (ii) This includes the tax effect of the temporary differences arising from the adjustments to management accounts of certain subsidiaries to conform to the Group's policies of revenue recognition and capitalisation of property development cost, which includes tax effect of the temporary difference arising from PRC Enterprise Income Tax saving on LAT and amortisation of properties for development and prepaid lease payments on land use rights.
- (iii) This represents the tax effect of the temporary differences arising from the elimination of inter-company charges originally capitalised as cost of properties under development, inventories of completed properties and investment properties of subsidiaries.

For the purpose of presentation in the consolidated statement of financial position, certain deferred tax assets and liabilities have been offset. The following is the analysis of the deferred tax balances for financial reporting purposes:

	2018	2017
	千港元	千港元
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
遞延税項負債 Deferred tax liabilities	2,751,853	2,611,723
遞延税項資產 Deferred tax assets	(116,962)	(98,698)
	2,634,891	2,513,025

於報告期末,本集團擁有可抵銷未來溢利之未動用税項虧損1,132,269,000港元(二零一七年:1,271,672,000港元)。此未動用税項虧損中之2,594,000港元(二零一七年:2,594,000港元)已確認為遞延税項資產。由於無法預知未來溢利流向,故餘下之1,129,675,000港元(二零一七年:1,269,078,000港元)並無確認為遞延税項資產。未確認税項虧損包括將於二零二三年之前逐漸地到期之虧損484,890,000港元(二零一七年:520,121,000港元)。其他虧損可以無限期保留。

於報告期末,本集團其他可扣減之暫時差異為718,552,000港元(二零一七年:725,268,000港元)。鑑於未來不大可能有應課稅溢利抵銷可動用之可扣減暫時差異,故本集團並無就此可扣減暫時差異確認遞延稅項資產。

At the end of the reporting period, the Group has unused tax losses of HK\$1,132,269,000 (2017: HK\$1,271,672,000) available for offset against future profits. A deferred tax asset has been recognised in respect of HK\$2,594,000 (2017: HK\$2,594,000) of such losses. No deferred tax asset has been recognised in respect of the remaining HK\$1,129,675,000 (2017: HK\$1,269,078,000) due to the unpredictability of future profit streams. Included in unrecognised tax losses are losses of HK\$484,890,000 (2017: HK\$520,121,000) that will gradually expire until 2023. Other losses may be carried forward indefinitely.

At the end of the reporting period, the Group has other deductible temporary differences of HK\$718,552,000 (2017: HK\$725,268,000). No deferred tax asset has been recognised in relation to such deductible temporary difference as it is not probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences can be utilised.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2018

### 43. 租賃安排

### 本集團為出租方

於報告期末,若干投資物業從佔用該物業的承租人開始經營之日起租賃,為期三十五年,並於租賃期完結時沒有給予任何續約優先權。租金乃按承租人之收入(已扣除增值税)之一定比率計算,並附有最低年租金。其他投資物業之租賃期介乎一至十年及大多數租賃並無給予承租人任何續約優先權。本集團已就下列未來最低租賃款項與承租人簽訂了合約:

### **43. LEASE ARRANGEMENTS**

### The Group as lessor

At the end of the reporting period, certain investment properties are leased out for a period of 35 years from the date of commencement of operation of a lessee that occupies the properties, without given any renewal priority at the end of the lease. The rentals are calculated at a certain percentage of the revenue (net of value added tax) of the lessee, with a minimum annual rental. Other investment properties were leased out for periods ranging from 1 to 10 years and the majority of the leases do not have any renewal priorities given to the lessees. The Group had contracted with tenants for the following future minimum lease payments:

	<b>2018</b> 千港元	2017 千港元
	一	⊤たル HK\$′000
一年之內 Within one y	year <b>405,546</b>	346,499
第二年至第五年(包括首尾兩年) In the second	to fifth year inclusive 589,628	438,560
五年之後 After five year	ars 787,184	731,878
	1,782,358	1,516,937

與承租方營業額掛鈎的或有租金於本年度確認 為收入的金額為34,567,000港元(二零一七年: 33,711,000港元)。

### 本集團為承租方

於報告期末,本集團就租賃物業不可撤銷的經 營租賃於下列期間到期之未來最低租賃款項承 諾如下: Contingent rents which is linked to the lessee's turnover recognised in income for the year amounted to HK\$34,567,000 (2017: HK\$33,711,000).

### The Group as lessee

At the end of the reporting period, the Group had commitments for future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases in respect of rented premises which fall due as follows:

		2018 千港元 HK\$'000	2017 千港元 HK\$'000
一年之內 第二年至第五年(包括首尾兩年)	Within one year In the second to fifth year inclusive	1,915 -	2,501 < 1,625
		1,915	4,126

經營租賃款項乃指本集團對於若干辦公室物業 之應付租金。經議定的租賃期為一至三年,按 固定租金。

Operating lease payments represent rentals payable by the Group for certain of its office properties. Leases are negotiated for a term ranging from 1 to 3 years at fixed rentals.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2018

# 44. 資本承諾

### **44. CAPITAL COMMITMENTS**

		2018 千港元 HK\$′000	2017 千港元 HK\$′000
就購買中國 土地使用權 合約承諾的 資本開支	Capital expenditure in respect of contracted commitments for acquisition of land use rights in the PRC	109,552	141,176

# 45.或有負債

### **45. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES**

- (a) 本集團於二零一八年十二月三十一日及二 零一七年十二月三十一日之擔保如下:
- (a) At 31st December, 2018 and 31st December, 2017, the Group had guarantees as follows:

		2018 千港元 HK\$′000	201 <i>7</i> 千港元 HK\$′000
			· ·
就物業買家獲授之	Guarantees given to banks in		
按揭貸款向銀行	respect of mortgage loans		
作出之擔保	granted to property purchasers	597,469	632,878
就合營企業獲授及	Guarantees given to banks in		
已使用之銀行	respect of banking facilities		
信貸向銀行	granted to and utilised by joint		
作出之擔保	ventures	611,379	942,941
就合營企業獲授但	Guarantees given to banks in		
尚未使用之銀行	respect of banking facilities		
信貸向銀行作出	granted to but not yet utilised		
之擔保	by joint ventures	59,770	72,941
就物業發展項目而	Guarantees granted in respect of		
向公用服務供應	utility supplies and government		
及政府機關提供	authorities for the property		
之擔保	development works		
一已使用	– utilised	2,399	2,952
一尚未使用	<ul><li>not yet utilised</li></ul>	965	769

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2018

### 45.或有負債(續)

# (b) 由本集團之合營企業持有而賬面值約為74,340,000港元(二零一七年:2,570,000港元)的兩項(二零一七年:一項)待發展物業正被當地機關進行閒置土地調查。該等由合營企業持有之土地擁有若干張土地使用證,除了部份土地作為整個項目餘下發展外,超過一半的土地發展已告完成或正在開發。

由本集團的一間附屬公司持有的另一項 賬面值約35,050,000港元(二零一七年: 36,386,000港元)的待發展物業亦正被當地 機關進行閒置土地調查。由該附屬公司持 有的該塊土地分階段進行發展,除了最後 的部份正待取得當地機關的規劃許可外, 超過一半的土地發展已告完成。

此外,由本集團之另一間合營企業持有, 賬面值約755,496,000港元(二零一七年: 757,676,000港元)之待發展物業已被當地 機關分類為閒置土地。一期發展之建造工 程於本年度正在進行中。

本集團現正積極防止該等正進行閒置土地 調查的土地發展可能被分類為閒置土地, 並採取補救措施以防止該等土地被分類為 閒置土地的起訴,包括與當地機關商討發 展方案之可行性。根據法律意見,本集團 已對有關問題作出評估,並認為閒置土地 被充公不會發生。根據董事的意見,由以 上的調查引起經濟損失的可能性並不高。

(c) 於二零一八年十二月三十一日,本集團並 無涉及重大索償之法律訴訟。

### **45. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES** (CONTINUED)

(b) Two pieces (2017: one piece) of properties for development that are held by joint ventures of the Group with carrying value of approximately HK\$74,340,000 (2017: HK\$2,570,000) are under idle land investigation by the local authorities. These pieces of lands owned by the joint ventures were held under several land use right certificates. The development of more than half of the pieces of lands were either completed or under development, except for the portions which are retained for the remaining development of the whole projects.

Another property for development that is held by a subsidiary of the Group with carrying value of approximately HK\$35,050,000 (2017: HK\$36,386,000) is under idle land investigation by the local authority. This piece of land owned by the subsidiary has been developed by several phases and more than half was completed, except the last portion which is under the planning approval by the local authority.

Further, property for development that is held by another joint venture of the Group with carrying value of approximately HK\$755,496,000 (2017: HK\$757,676,000) had been identified as idle land by the local authority. The construction works for the first phase of development is continuing during the year.

The Group is currently working diligently to prevent the possible classification as idle land for those under idle land investigation and taking remedy action to prevent from prosecution for those had been identified as idle land, including negotiating the feasibility of development plans with local authorities. Based on legal advices, the Group has assessed the issue and considers that the idle land confiscation can be reversed. In the opinion of the Directors, the economic outflows caused by above cases are not probable.

(c) At 31st December, 2018, no legal action was taken against the Group for material claim.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2018

### 46. 退休福利計劃

本集團參與根據職業退休計劃條例登記之定額 供款計劃(「職業退休計劃」)及強積金條例於二 零零零年十二月成立之強積金計劃(「強積金計 劃」)。該等計劃之資產與本集團之資產分開持 有,並存放於由信託人管理之基金。在強積金 計劃成立之前,原為職業退休計劃成員之僱員 可選擇繼續參與職業退休計劃或轉至強積金計 劃,而所有於二零零零年十二月一日或以後新 入職之僱員須參與強積金計劃。

對於強積金計劃成員,僱員及本集團之供款 為僱員每月有關收入之5%,強制性上限為 30,000港元,如員工每月之基本薪金超過 30,000港元,本集團亦會作出5%之補充供款。

職業退休計劃的資金來源為僱員及本集團之 每月供款。僱員之供款率為基本薪金之0%至 5%,而本集團之供款率則按僱員於本集團之服 務年資介乎5%至10%。倘若僱員在完全符合 獲取全部供款資格前退出職業退休計劃,該筆 沒收之供款可扣減本集團之應付供款。於二零 一七年十二月三十一日止年度內及二零一八年 十二月三十一日止年度內,並無沒收供款用作 扣減供款。於報告期末,並無因僱員退出職業 退休計劃而沒收之供款用作扣減將來之應付供 款。

### **46. RETIREMENT BENEFIT PLANS**

The Group participates in both a defined contribution scheme which is registered under the Occupational Retirement Scheme Ordinance ("ORSO Scheme") and a Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme ("MPF Scheme") established under the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance in December 2000. The assets of the schemes are held separately from those of the Group, in funds under the control of trustees. Employees who were members of the ORSO Scheme prior to the establishment of the MPF Scheme were offered a choice of staying within the ORSO Scheme or switching to the MPF Scheme, whereas all new employees joining the Group on or after 1st December, 2000 are required to join the MPF Scheme.

For members of the MPF Scheme, both employees' and the Group's contributions are calculated at 5% of the employee's monthly relevant income, with the mandatory cap of HK\$30,000, and the Group will make 5% top-up contribution if an employee's monthly basic salary exceeds HK\$30,000.

The ORSO Scheme is funded by monthly contributions from the employees at rates ranging from 0% to 5% and from the Group at rates ranging from 5% to 10% of the employee's basic salary, depending on the length of service with the Group. Where there are employees who leave the ORSO Scheme prior to vesting fully in the contributions, the contributions payable by the Group are reduced by the amount of forfeited contributions. During the years ended 31st December, 2017 and 31st December, 2018, there were no forfeited contributions used to set off contributions. At the end of the reporting period, no forfeited contributions, which arose upon employees leaving the ORSO Scheme, are available to reduce the contributions payable in future years.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2018

### 46. 退休福利計劃(續)

本公司於中國成立之附屬公司的僱員是中國政 府運作之國家監管退休福利計劃之成員。該等 附屬公司須將一定比例的工資費用作為供款, 以作該退休福利計劃之資金。關於該退休福利 計劃,本集團唯一責任是提供特定的供款。

於截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度內, 本集團已供款為32,042,000港元(二零一七年: 29,438,000港元)至退休福利計劃。

### 47. 有關連人士之交易及結餘

本集團與有關連人士之重大交易及結餘如下:

### **46. RETIREMENT BENEFIT PLANS** (CONTINUED)

The employees of the Company's subsidiaries established in the PRC are members of state-managed retirement benefit schemes operated by the PRC government. These subsidiaries are required to contribute certain percentage of payroll costs to the retirement benefit schemes to fund the benefits. The only obligation of the Group with respect to the retirement benefit schemes is to make the specified contributions.

During the year ended 31st December, 2018, the Group made contributions to the retirement benefits schemes of HK\$32,042,000 (2017: HK\$29,438,000).

### 47. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES

The Group had material transactions and balances with related parties as follows:

		2018 千港元 HK\$′000	2017 千港元 HK\$′000
(a) 具有重大影響力之	(a) A major shareholder of the		
本公司主要股東	Company with significant		
	influence		
聯合地產(香港)有限公司	Allied Properties (H.K.)		
(「聯合地產」)及	Limited ("APL") and its		
其附屬公司及	subsidiaries and its ultimate		
其最終控股公司及	holding company and		
其最終控股公司	subsidiaries of its ultimate		
之附屬公司	holding company		
一向本集團	– Rent, property		
收取的租金、	management and air-		
物業管理及	conditioning fees		
空調費用	charged to the Group	5,035	4,339
一向本集團收取的	<ul> <li>Management fee charged</li> </ul>		
管理費	to the Group	57,340	57,231
一向本集團收取的	<ul> <li>Interest expenses charged</li> </ul>		
利息費用	to the Group	3,839	2,225
一向本集團收取的	<ul> <li>Sundry expenses charged</li> </ul>		-
其他費用	to the Group	611	226
一其他應付賬款	– Other payable	10,179	14,430
-應付貸款(附註i)	– Loans payable (Note i)	122,062	47,973
<b>一授予本集團</b>	<ul> <li>Loan facility granted to</li> </ul>		
但尚未使用的	but not yet utilised by		
貸款融通	the Group	38,610	134,195

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2018

# 47. 有關連人士之交易及結餘

(續

# **47. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES**

(CONTINUED)

		2018 て#=	2017 丁洪二
		千港元 HK\$'000	千港元 HK\$′000
(b) 聯合地產之一間	(b) A subsidiary of APL, Sun		
附屬公司-新鴻基有限公司 (「新鴻基」)及其附屬公司	Hung Kai & Co. Limited ("SHK") and its subsidiaries		
一本集團賺取	- Rental and property		
的租金及	management fee		
物業管理費	income earned by the	2.427	2.020
收入 一本集團賺取的	Group – Interest income earned	3,427	3,928
利息收入	by the Group	5,522	5,522
一應收貸款	– Loan receivable		
(附註ii)	(Note ii)	116,465	116,465
一其他應付賬款	– Other payable	1,952	2,641
(c) 主要管理層人員	(c) Key management personnel		
新酬 一薪金及其他短期	compensation  — Salaries and other short-		
福利	term benefits	69,151	70,384
一退休福利費用	<ul><li>Post-employment costs</li></ul>	701	740
(d) 聯營公司及合營企業 一本集團賺取的租金	<ul><li>(d) Associates and joint ventures</li><li>Rent earned by the Group</li></ul>	1 004	1,614
一	<ul> <li>Refit earned by the Group</li> <li>Interest income earned by</li> </ul>	1,904	1,014
利息收入	the Group	8,008	22,252
一本集團賺取的	<ul> <li>Property management fee</li> </ul>		
物業管理費	income earned by the	1 022	F F77
收入 一本集團已收或應收	Group – Dividend received or	1,833	5,577
的股息收入	receivable by the		
(附註iii)	Group (Note iii)	350,145	520,498
一向本集團收取的	- Property management fee	F 70F	F 720
物業管理費 一本集團賺取的顧問費	charged to the Group – Consultancy fee income	5,785	5,739
收入	earned by the Group	19,812	14,971
一向本集團收取的顧問費	<ul> <li>Consultancy fee income</li> </ul>		
收入 ** 使圆腊黑	charged to the Group	22,989	-
一本集團購買的 物業	<ul> <li>Properties purchased by the Group</li> </ul>	_	137,795
一就合營企業獲授	– Financial guarantee given		137,733
及已使用之銀行	to banks in respect		
信貸向銀行作出	of banking facilities		
之財務擔保	granted to and utilised by joint ventures	611,379	942,941
一就合營企業獲授但	– Financial guarantee given	011,075	5 12,5 11
尚未使用之銀行	to banks in respect		
信貸向銀行作出	of banking facilities		
之財務擔保	granted to but not yet utilised by joint		
	ventures	59,770	72,941
一其他應付賬款	– Other payable	823	526
	Y		

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2018

### 47. 有關連人士之交易及結餘

(續)

除本公司與聯合地產之最終控股公司訂立之重 訂行政服務及管理服務分攤協議、本公司與聯 合地產之最終控股公司及聯合地產一間附屬公 司訂立之分租協議及本集團與新鴻基之一間附 屬公司及一間聯營公司訂立之租賃合同外,以 上的有關連人士之交易並未構成本公司根據聯 交所證券上市規則所界定的須予持續關連交 易。

主要管理層人員薪酬之詳情載於附註13及14。本集團若干主要管理層人員從一家擁有本公司重大實益權益之公司收取酬金。該公司向本集團提供管理服務,並就該等人員及其他並非本集團之主要管理層人員所提供的服務,向本集團收取管理費用,該管理費用已包括在本附註的(a)部份所披露之管理費用中。

上述之管理費乃按管理層人員於本集團事務所付出之時間計算,並可分配至上述主要管理層人員。總分配金額為47,641,000港元(二零一七年:47,597,000港元),並已包括上述之主要管理層人員薪酬內。

### 附註:

- (i) 應付貸款為無抵押貸款,年利率為3.8%至4.6%並需於二零一九年四月至六月償還。
- (ii) 應收貸款為無抵押貸款,年利率為4.75%並需於二零二一年五月償還。
- (iii) 該等聯營公司及合營企業於截至二零一八年十二 月三十一日止年度期間宣派股息350,145,000港 元(二零一七年:520,498,000港元),而本集團 於本年度已收取245,708,000港元(二零一七年: 163,170,000港元)。本集團預期於報告期末後十二 個月內收取應收股息之餘款(包含於聯營公司及合 營企業欠款)。

### **47. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES**

(CONTINUED)

Apart from the renewed sharing of administrative services and the management services agreement entered into by the Company with the ultimate holding company of APL, sub-tenancy agreements entered into by the Company with the ultimate holding company of APL and a subsidiary of APL, and leasing agreements entered into by the Group with a subsidiary and an associate of SHK, none of the above related party transactions constitutes a continuing connected transaction as defined in the Listing Rules.

For compensation of key management personnel, please refer to notes 13 and 14. Certain key management personnel of the Group received remuneration from a company which has significant beneficial interests in the Company. Such company provided the management services to the Group and charged the Group a management fee, which has been included in management fee as disclosed in part (a) of this note, for services provided by those personnel as well as others who were not key management personnel of the Group.

The above-mentioned management fee is calculated by reference to the time devoted by the management personnel on the affairs of the Group and can be apportioned to the above key management personnel. The total of such apportioned amounts, which has been included in the key management personnel compensation above, is HK\$47,641,000 (2017: HK\$47,597,000).

### Notes:

- (i) The loans payable bears interest ranging from 3.8% to 4.6% per annum, is unsecured and repayable from April to June 2019.
- (ii) The loan receivable bears interest of 4.75% per annum, is unsecured and repayable in May 2021.
- (iii) The associates and joint ventures declared dividend of HK\$350,145,000 (2017: HK\$520,498,000) during the year ended 31st December, 2018, while the Group received HK\$245,708,000 (2017: HK\$163,170,000) in the current year. The balance of dividend receivable included in amounts due from associates and joint ventures is expected to be received by the Group within twelve months after the end of the reporting period.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2018

### 48. 資產抵押

於二零一八年十二月三十一日,以下資產已抵 押:

- (a) 由若干附屬公司持有之銀行存款、物業、廠房及設備、待發展物業、發展中物業、已竣工物業存貨及投資物業賬面值分別為550,000,000港元(二零一七年:182,353,000港元)、132,064,000港元(二零一七年:168,180,000港元)、1,833,181,000港元(二零一七年:2,306,777,000港元)、1,218,719,000港元(二零一七年:1,012,407,000港元)、996,359,000港元(二零一七年:1,863,951,000港元)及9,408,392,000港元(二零一七年:8,825,063,000港元)給銀行作為本集團獲授銀行信貸之抵押。
- (b) 賬面值為125,000港元(二零一七年: 128,000港元)之銀行存款作為物業買家獲 授按揭貸款之抵押。
- (c) 賬面值為2,538,000港元(二零一七年: 3,721,000港元)的銀行存款已抵押作為發展工程的公用設施供應及政府機關的擔保。

### **48. PLEDGED ASSETS**

At 31st December, 2018, the following assets were pledged:

- (a) Bank deposits, property, plant and equipment, properties for development, properties under development, inventories of completed properties and investment properties of certain subsidiaries with carrying values of HK\$550,000,000 (2017: HK\$182,353,000), HK\$132,064,000 (2017: HK\$168,180,000), HK\$1,833,181,000 (2017: HK\$2,306,777,000), HK\$1,218,719,000 (2017: HK\$1,012,407,000), HK\$996,359,000 (2017: HK\$1,863,951,000) and HK\$9,408,392,000 (2017: HK\$8,825,063,000) respectively were pledged to banks for banking facilities granted to the Group.
- (b) Bank deposits with carrying value of HK\$125,000 (2017: HK\$128,000) were pledged against mortgage loans granted to property purchasers.
- (c) Bank deposits with carrying value of HK\$2,538,000 (2017: HK\$3,721,000) were pledged for guarantees in respect of utility supplies and government authorities for the development works.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) 載至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

For the year ended 31st December, 2018

# 49. 金融工具

# **49. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS**

# 49a. 金融工具之類別

# 49a. Categories of financial instruments

	2018 千港元 HK\$′000	2017 千港元 HK\$'000
金融資產 Financial assets		
透過損益按公允價值處理 FVTPL 分類的 And Atory mea	sured at FVTPL	
一持作買賣 — Held-for-tradi 一其他 — Others		81,527
透過其他全面收益按公允價值處理 Equity instrume	<b>394,065</b> nts at	81,527
之股本工具FVTOCI可供出售投資Available-for-sa		- 292,370
貸款及應收賬款 Loans and rece	at amortised cost 6,174,921 ivables (including	-
(包括銀行結存及現金、 bank balance 及用作抵押之銀行存款) pledged bank	es and cash, and caposits) –	7,891,884
	6,780,684	8,265,781
金融負債 Financial liabili	ities	
按攤銷成本計量之 Financial liabili cost	ties at amortised 7,098,877	5,552,665

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2018

### 49. 金融工具(續)

### 49b. 財務風險管理目標及政策

### 市場風險

本集團業務主要承受為利率及外幣匯率浮動和 股本金融工具價格變動之財務風險(見下文)。

本集團承受之市場風險或其管理及計量風險之 方法並無改變。

### (i) 利率風險管理

本集團因其定息應收貸款及借款之利率變動影響而需承受公允價值利率風險。本集團之現金流量利率風險主要涉及浮息應收貸款及利率為香港銀行同業拆息或倫敦銀行同業拆息加若干的百分比之借款。本集團會保持合理的浮息及定息借款組合,並於有必要時採取行動以對沖可預見之利率風險。本集團之銀行及其他借款利率及歸還條款於附註37披露。

### **49. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS** (CONTINUED)

# 49b. Financial risk management objective and policies

The Group's major financial instruments include financial assets at FVTPL, equity instruments at FVTOCI, equity securities at FVTPL, available-for-sale investments, held-for-trading investments, amounts due from associates, joint ventures and non-controlling shareholders, loans receivable, trade and other receivables, pledged bank deposits, bank balances and cash, trade and other payables and interest-bearing and interest-free borrowings. Details of these financial instruments are disclosed in respective notes. The risks associated with these financial instruments include market risk (interest rate risk, foreign currency risk and other price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The policies on how to mitigate these risks are set out below. The management manages and monitors these exposures to ensure appropriate measures are implemented on a timely and effective manner.

### Market risk

The Group's activities expose primarily to the financial risks of changes in interest rates and foreign currency exchange rates and change in prices of equity financial instruments (see below).

There has been no change to the Group's exposure to market risks or the manner in which it manages and measures the risk.

### (i) Interest rate risk management

The Group is exposed to fair value interest rate risk through the impact of interest rate changes on fixed-rate loans receivable and borrowings. The Group's cash flow interest rate risk relates primarily to variable-rate loans receivable and borrowings which carry interest at Hong Kong Inter-bank Offered Rate or London Inter-bank Offered Rate plus a certain percentage. The Group will continue to maintain a reasonable mix of floating rate and fixed rate borrowings and take actions to hedge against any foreseeable interest rate exposure, if necessary. The interest rates and terms of repayment of bank and other borrowings of the Group are disclosed in note 37.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2018

### 49. 金融工具(續)

### 49b. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

### 市場風險(續)

### (i) 利率風險管理(續)

### 利率敏感度

於各報告期末,倘本集團之浮息應收貸款之利率增加200點子而所有其他變數維持不變,本集團除税後溢利將增加98,000港元(二零一七年:3,548,000港元)。

於各報告期末,倘本集團之浮息借款之利率增加200點子而所有其他變數維持不變,本集團除税後溢利將減少6,685,000港元(二零一七年:8,993,000港元)。

管理層認為,敏感度分析不能代表內在利率風險,因為年末風險並不反映年度內的風險。

### (ii) 外幣風險管理

外匯風險指由於外幣匯率變動令金融工具之價值波動之風險。本集團之業務主要於中國,當中並不包含香港,而本集團若干銀行結存、應收賬款、應付賬款及其他貸款以外匯列值。本集團現時並無任何外匯對沖政策。然而,管理層會密切監察相關外匯風險,並將在有需要時考慮對沖重大外匯風險。

### **49.FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS** (CONTINUED)

### 49b. Financial risk management objective and policies (continued)

Market risk (continued)

### (i) Interest rate risk management (continued)

Interest rate sensitivity

At the end of the respective reporting periods, if interest rates increased by 200 basis points in relation to the Group's variable rate loans receivable and all other variables were held constant, the Group's profit after tax would have increased by HK\$98,000 (2017: HK\$3,548,000).

At the end of the respective reporting periods, if interest rates increased by 200 basis points in relation to the Group's variable rate borrowings and all other variables were held constant, the Group's profit after tax would have decreased by HK\$6,685,000 (2017: HK\$8,993,000).

In the management's opinion, the sensitivity analysis is unrepresentative of the inherent interest rate risk as the year end exposure does not reflect the exposure during the year.

### (ii) Foreign currency risk management

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the value of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. Other than Hong Kong, the Group's operations are mainly in the PRC and certain bank balances, receivables, payables and other loans of the Group are denominated in foreign currencies. The Group currently does not have a foreign currency hedging policy. However, the management monitors the related foreign exchange exposure closely and will consider hedging significant foreign currency exposure should the need arise.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2018

# 49. 金融工具(續)

# 49b. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

### 市場風險(續)

### (ii) 外幣風險管理(續)

於各報告期末,本集團以功能貨幣以外列值之 貨幣資產及貨幣負債之賬面值如下:

# **49. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS** (CONTINUED)

### 49b. Financial risk management objective and policies (continued)

Market risk (continued)

### (ii) Foreign currency risk management (continued)

The carrying amounts of monetary assets and monetary liabilities that are denominated in a currency other than functional currencies of entities at the end of the respective reporting periods are as follows:

		2018	2017
		千港元	千港元
		HK\$1000	HK\$'000
資產	Assets		
美元	United States Dollars	192,140	251,813
港元	Hong Kong Dollars	3,432,202	3,793,771
負債	Liabilities		
只读	Liabilities		
美元	United States Dollars	444	3,454
港元	Hong Kong Dollars	174,306	245,686
7370		.,,,,,,	2.13,000

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2018

### 49. 金融工具(續)

### 49b. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

### 市場風險(續)

### (ii) 外幣風險管理(續)

### 外幣敏感度

本集團主要承受美國貨幣(「美元」)及港元之風 險。

下表詳細載列本集團就人民幣兑相關外幣上升及下降5%的敏感度。敏感度分析僅包括以外幣列值之未償還貨幣項目及就外幣匯率5%變動調整其於年末的換算。敏感度分析包括附息及免息借款以及銀行結存及現金。正數表示當人民幣兑相關外幣表現強勢,則年度溢利增加。倘人民幣兑相關外幣增加5%,則本年度溢利減少如下:

### **49.FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS** (CONTINUED)

### 49b. Financial risk management objective and policies (continued)

### Market risk (continued)

### (ii) Foreign currency risk management (continued)

Foreign currency sensitivity

The Group mainly exposes to the currency of the United States ("United States Dollars") and Hong Kong Dollars.

The following table details the Group's sensitivity to a 5% increase and decrease in the RMB against the relevant foreign currencies. The sensitivity analysis includes only outstanding foreign currency denominated monetary items and adjusts their translation at the year end for a 5% change in foreign currency rates. The sensitivity analysis includes interest-bearing and interest-free borrowings as well as bank balances and cash. A positive number indicates an increase in profit for the year where the RMB strengthens against the relevant currency. If there is 5% increase in RMB against the relevant foreign currencies, the decrease in the profit for the year is shown as below:

		2018 千港元	2017 千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
美元 本年度溢利減少	United States Dollars Decrease in profit for the year	(9,585)	(12,418)
港元本年度溢利減少	Hong Kong Dollars Decrease in profit for the year	(162,895)	(177,404)

管理層認為,敏感度分析不能代表內在外匯風險,因為年末風險並不反映年度內的風險。

In the management's opinion, the sensitivity analysis is unrepresentative of the inherent foreign exchange risk as the year end exposure does not reflect the exposure during the year.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2018

### 49. 金融工具(續)

### 49b. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

### 市場風險(續)

### (iii) 其他價格風險

本集團須承受股本投資所產生之股本證券價格 風險。管理層將監察價格變動,並於有需要時 採取適當行動。

### 股本價格敏感度分析

下列敏感度分析乃根據報告期末所承受股本價 格之風險釐定。

### 倘股本價格高/低10%:

- 一 由於透過其他全面收益按公允價值處理之股本工具(二零一七年:可供出售投資)的公允價值變動,因此本集團重估儲備將增加/減少21,170,000港元(二零一七年:29,237,000港元)。
- 一 由於透過損益按公允價值處理之股本證券 及透過損益按公允價值處理之金融資產(二 零一七年:持作買賣投資)的公允價值變 動,因此本集團本年度溢利將增加/減少 39,407,000港元(二零一七年:8,153,000 港元)。

### 信貸風險及減值評估

於二零一八年十二月三十一日,除該等金融資產(其賬面值最能代表須承受的最大信貸風險),有關由本集團提供之財務擔保的或有負債金額而導致本集團財務虧損,本集團所承受之最大信貸風險為已於附註45(a)披露。

### **49.FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS** (CONTINUED)

### 49b. Financial risk management objective and policies (continued)

### Market risk (continued)

# (iii) Other price risk

The Group is exposed to equity security price risk arising from equity investments. The management will monitor the price movements and take appropriate actions when it is required.

Equity price sensitivity analysis

The sensitivity analyses below have been determined based on the exposure to equity price risks at the end of the reporting period.

If equity prices were 10% higher/lower:

- revaluation reserves would increase/decrease by HK\$21,170,000 (2017: HK\$29,237,000) for the Group as a result of the changes in fair value of equity instruments at FVTOCI (2017: available-forsale investments).
- profit for the year would increase/decrease by HK\$39,407,000 (2017: HK\$8,153,000) for the Group as a result of the changes in fair value of equity securities at FVTPL and financial assets at FVTPL (2017: held-for-trading investments).

### Credit risk and impairment assessment

As at 31st December, 2018, other than those financial assets whose carrying amounts best represent the maximum exposure to credit risk, the Group's maximum exposure to credit risk which will cause a financial loss to the Group arising from the amount of contingent liabilities in relation to financial guarantees provided by the Group disclosed in note 45(a).

In order to minimise the credit risk, monitoring procedures are carried out to ensure that follow-up action is taken to recover overdue debts. In addition, the Group performs impairment assessment under ECL model upon application of HKFRS 9 (31st December, 2017: incurred loss model) on financial assets at amortised cost. With respect to financial guarantees provided to banks to secure the banking facilities granted to subsidiaries by the Company and to joint ventures by the Group, the Directors consider the credit risk is limited because the subsidiaries and joint ventures have strong financial positions. The management considers the credit risk exposure to financial guarantees provided to banks to secure the banking facilities granted to property purchasers is also limited because the facilities are secured by the properties and the market price of the properties is higher than the guaranteed amounts. In this regard, the Directors consider that the Group's credit risk is significantly reduced.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2018

### 49. 金融工具(續)

### 49b. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

### 信貸風險及減值評估(續)

由於往來銀行均由國際評級機構評為高信貸評級之銀行,故流動資金之信貸風險有限。

本集團的信貸風險集中,因應收貸款借予數名獨立第三方及一名有關連人士。於二零一八年十二月三十一日,應收貸款將於二零一九年二月至二零二一年十月到期(二零一七年:二零一八年二月至二零二一年五月)。104,002,000港元(二零一七年:6,507,000港元)之應收貸款以股權抵押作擔保及172,342,000港元之應收貸款以股權抵押作擔保及172,342,000港元之應收貸款以股權抵押及應收貸款作擔保。管理層已評估餘下1,357,105,000港元(二零一七年:780,936,000港元)之無抵押應收貸款之借方信貸評級,並認為按以下詳載的減值評估本集團承受的信貸風險為低。

本集團的信貸風險亦都集中於若干從事物業發展的合營企業的欠款。於各報告期末,本集團評估每項個別債項之可收回金額,以確保就不可收回金額(如有)所作出之減值虧損已足夠。管理層認為其信貸風險有限。

本集團並無其他重大集中之信貸風險,有關風 險乃分散至多個交易對方及客戶。

### 客戶合約所產生的交易應收賬款之減值評估

自二零一八年一月一日採用香港財務報告準則第9號,本集團根據香港財務報告準則第9號的規定採用簡化方法計提預期信貸虧損,允許對於二零一八年十二月三十一日未有信貸減值的交易應收賬款賬面總值為10,357,000港元計提終生預期信貸虧損。當客戶面臨嚴重財政困難及沒有實際復甦的前景,其交易應收賬款將被視作信貸虧損及進行個別評估。

管理層會根據以交易應收賬款的賬齡分組的撥備矩陣,並考慮過去的違約經驗及前瞻性資料(視情況而定),以評估客戶的交易應收賬款之信貸虧損。

### **49.FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS** (CONTINUED)

### 49b. Financial risk management objective and policies (continued)

### Credit risk and impairment assessment (continued)

The credit risk on liquid funds is limited because the counterparties are banks with high credit ratings assigned by international creditrating agencies.

The Group had a concentration of credit risk as the loans receivable are advanced to a few independent third parties and a related party. As at 31st December, 2018, the loans receivable will be matured ranging from February 2019 to October 2021 (2017: February 2018 to May 2021). Loans receivable of HK\$104,002,000 (2017: HK\$6,507,000) are secured by share mortgage and loans receivable of HK\$172,342,000 is secured by share mortgage and loans receivable. The management had assessed the credit rating of the borrowers for the remaining unsecured loans receivable of HK\$1,357,105,000 (2017: HK\$780,936,000) and considered that the Group's credit risk exposure is low based on the impairment assessment detailed below.

The Group also has a concentration of credit risk on the amounts due from certain joint ventures which are engaged in property development. The Group reviews the recoverable amount of each individual debt at the end of each reporting period to ensure that adequate impairment loss are made for irrecoverable amounts, if any. The management considers the credit risk exposure is limited.

The Group has no other significant concentrations of credit risk, with exposure spread over a number of counterparties and customers.

# Impairment assessment on trade receivables arising from contracts with customers

Since the adoption of HKFRS 9 on 1st January, 2018, the Group applies the simplified approach to provide for expected credit losses prescribed by HKFRS 9, which permits the use of lifetime expected loss provision for trade receivables with gross carrying amount of HK\$10,357,000 which are not credit-impaired as at 31st December, 2018. Trade receivables from customers are considered to be credit-impaired when the customers are in severe financial difficulty and there is no realistic prospect of recovery and are assessed individually.

Management assessed the expected loss on trade receivables from customers based on provision matrix grouped by the ageing of the trade receivables, taking into account the historical default experience and forward-looking information, as appropriate.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2018

### 49. 金融工具(續)

### 49b. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

### 信貸風險及減值評估(續)

### 客戶合約所產生的交易應收賬款之減值評估 (續)

此外,根據過往信貸虧損經驗、交易應收賬款 違約可能性低以及本集團一般就物業租賃從客 戶收取按金,董事認為賬齡超過90日的交易應 收賬款並無發生違約。

### 應收貸款之減值評估

董事認為當貸款之本金和利息還款逾期以及當借方出現若干可觀察的信貸風險及事件時,信貸風險會顯著增加。當觀察到重大的信貸風險及事件時,應收貸款被視為違約。逾期多於90日的應收貸款不被視為違約,因為僅觀察到該等借款人若干信貸風險事件而且該應收賬款有足夠的抵押品作為抵押。

本集團按照12個月預期信貸虧損模式評估應收貸款總值為1,249,301,000港元的虧損撥備。384,148,000港元的應收貸款除外,該應收貸款被認為自最初確認後信貸風險有顯著增加,並以終身預期信貸虧損(非信貸減值)作評估。應收貸款之預期虧損會進行個別評估,考慮到還款紀錄、提供予本集團的抵押品及債務人的內部信貸評級以及前瞻性資料(視情況而定)。

### **49. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS** (CONTINUED)

### 49b. Financial risk management objective and policies (continued)

### **Credit risk and impairment assessment** (continued)

# Impairment assessment on trade receivables arising from contracts with customers (continued)

In addition, the Directors are of the opinion that there has no default occurred for trade receivables aged over 90 days as, based on historical credit loss experience, the probability of default of trade receivables is low and the Group generally receives deposits from customers for leasing of properties.

### Impairment assessment on loans receivable

The Directors are of the opinion that significant increase in credit risk occurred when the principal and interest repayment of the loans are overdue and when some credit risk and events are observable on the borrowers. The loans receivable are considered to be defaulted when significant credit risks and events are observable. Loans receivable past due more than 90 days are not considered as in default as only some credit risk events are observed on the borrowers and the loans receivable are secured by sufficient collaterals.

The Group assessed the loss allowances for loans receivable with gross amount of HK\$1,249,301,000 on 12m ECL basis except for loans receivable amounting to HK\$384,148,000 which considered to have significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition and assessed at lifetime ECL (non credit-impaired). The expected loss of loans receivable is assessed individually, taking into account the repayment histories, collaterals provided to the Group and internal credit rating of the debtors as well as forward-looking information, as appropriate.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2018

# 49. 金融工具(續)

### 49b. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

### 信貸風險及減值評估(續)

按金及其他應收賬款/用作抵押之銀行存款/ 銀行結存/合營企業/聯營公司/非控股股東 之欠款之減值評估

本集團按照12個月預期信貸虧損模式評估賬面總值分別為130,446,000港元、552,663,000港元、2,293,386,000港元及1,554,620,000港元的按金及其他應收賬款、用作抵押之銀行存款、銀行結存及合營企業/聯營公司/非控股股東之欠款的虧損撥備。本集團管理層視用作抵押之銀行存款及存放於信貸評級高的金融機構的銀行結存為低信貸風險的金融資產。本集團管理層認為該等用作抵押之銀行存款及銀代結存是短期性質及信貸評級高的發行人違約機會微。因此,虧損撥備被認為不重大。

在確定按金及其他應收賬款以及合營企業/聯營公司/非控股股東之欠款之預期信貸虧損,本集團管理層會考慮過去的違約經驗及前瞻性資料(視情況而定)。自初步確認後,信貸風險沒有顯著增加。本集團考慮到過去與支付有關的違約率一直較低,總結出本集團尚未收回的按金及其他應收賬款以及合營企業/聯營公司/非控股股東之欠款的潛在信貸風險不重大。

### 財務擔保合同的減值評估

本集團已按照12個月預期信貸虧損模式來評估財務擔保合同為1,268,618,000港元(即本集團各自合同下的最高擔保金額)的虧損撥備。在評估預期信貸虧損,董事已相應考慮到被擔保實體的過往違約經驗及財政實力。

於二零一八年十二月三十一日,本集團按攤銷 成本計量的金融資產及財務擔保合同之預期信 貸虧損撥備為不重大。

### 流動性風險

本集團監控及維持現金和現金等值項目在管理 層認為足夠的水平,為本集團之營運提供資金 及減輕現金流量浮動之影響。管理層控制銀行 借款之使用及確保遵守貸款之條款。

### **49.FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS** (CONTINUED)

### 49b. Financial risk management objective and policies (continued)

### **Credit risk and impairment assessment** (continued)

Impairment assessment on deposits and other receivables/pledged bank deposits/bank balances/amounts due from joint ventures/ associates/non-controlling shareholders

The Group assessed the loss allowances for deposits and other receivables, pledged bank deposits, bank balances and amounts due from joint ventures/associates/non-controlling shareholders with gross carrying amounts of HK\$130,446,000, HK\$552,663,000, HK\$2,293,386,000 and HK\$1,554,620,000 respectively, on 12m ECL basis. The management of the Group considers the pledged bank deposits and bank balances deposited with the financial institutions with high credit rating to be low credit risk financial assets. The management of the Group considers these pledged bank deposits and bank balances are short-term in nature and the probability of default is negligible on the basis of high-credit-rating issuers, and accordingly, loss allowance was considered as insignificant.

In determining the ECL for deposits and other receivables and amounts due from joint ventures/associates/non-controlling shareholders, the management of the Group has taken into account the historical default experience and forward-looking information, as appropriate. There had been no significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition. The Group has considered the consistently low historical default rate in connection with payments, and concluded that credit risk inherent in the Group's outstanding deposits and other receivables and amounts due from joint ventures/associates/non-controlling shareholders is insignificant.

### Impairment assessment on financial guarantee contracts

The Group assessed the loss allowances for financial guarantee contracts of HK\$1,268,618,000, representing the maximum amount the Group has guaranteed under the respective contracts, on 12m ECL basis. When assessing the ECL, the Directors has taken into account the historical default experience and financial strength of the guaranteed entities, as appropriate.

As at 31st December, 2018, the expected credit loss allowance on the Group's financial assets at amortised cost and financial guarantee contracts are insignificant.

### Liquidity risk

The Group monitors and maintains a level of cash and cash equivalents deemed adequate by the management to finance the Group's operations and mitigate the effects of fluctuations in cash flows. The management monitors the utilisation of bank borrowings and ensures compliance with loan covenants.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2018

# 49. 金融工具(續)

# 49b. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

### 流動性風險(續)

### 流動資金表

下表詳列本集團的非衍生金融負債及財務擔保 安排的剩餘合約期限。該表已按金融負債之未 貼現現金流量並根據本集團須作出付款之最早 日期來編製。該表包括利息及本金之現金流 量。倘利息流量為浮息時,未貼現金額源自於 報告期末之利率。

### **49. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS** (CONTINUED)

### 49b. Financial risk management objective and policies (continued)

### Liquidity risk (continued)

### Liquidity tables

The following tables detail the Group's remaining contractual maturity for its non-derivative financial liabilities and financial guarantee arrangements. The tables have been drawn up based on the undiscounted cash flows of financial liabilities based on the earliest date on which the Group can be required to pay. The tables include both interest and principal cash flows. To the extent that interest flows are floating rate, the undiscounted amount is derived from interest rate at the end of the reporting period.

		加權平均利率 Weighted average interest rate	應要求下償還 或少於1個月 Repayable on demand or less than 1 month 千港元 HK\$'000	1至3個月 1-3 months 千港元 HK\$'000	3個月至1年 3 months to 1 year 千港元 HK\$'000	1至5年 1-5 years 千港元 HK\$'000	5年以上 over 5 years 千港元 HK\$'000	未貼現 現金流量總額 Total undiscounted cash flows 千港元 HK\$'000	於十二月 三十一日 之賬面值 Carrying amount at 31st December 千港元 HK\$'000
二零一八年	2018								
非衍生金融負債	Non-derivative financial liabilities								
交易及其他應付賬款 附息借款	Trade and other payables Interest-bearing borrowings	-	1,417,836	-	-	-	-	1,417,836	1,417,836
一定息	– fixed rate	5.18%	731,181	90,878	715,294	2,519,512	1,052,787	5,109,652	4,284,580
一浮息	– variable rate	2.03%	-	-	13,728	461,162	-	474,890	445,693
免息借款	Interest-free borrowings	-	950,768	-	-	-	-	950,768	950,768
財務擔保合同	Financial guarantee contracts	-	1,268,618	-	-	-	-	1,268,618	-
			4,368,403	90,878	729,022	2,980,674	1,052,787	9,221,764	7,098,877
二零一七年	2017								
 非衍生金融負債	Non-derivative financial liabilities								
交易及其他應付賬款	Trade and other payables	_	1,153,254	_	_	_	_	1,153,254	1,153,254
附息借款	Interest-bearing borrowings								
一定息	– fixed rate	5.18%	352,618	77,777	484,322	2,920,273	609,143	4,444,133	3,779,573
- 浮息	– variable rate	2.07%	121,370	2,216	46,027	517,439	-	687,052	599,557
免息借款	Interest-free borrowings	-	20,281	-	-	-	-	20,281	20,281
財務擔保合同	Financial guarantee contracts	-	1,648,760	-	-	-	-	1,648,760	-
			3,296,283	79,993	530,349	3,437,712	609,143	7,953,480	5,552,665

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2018

### 49. 金融工具(續)

### 49b. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

### 流動性風險(續)

### 流動資金表(續)

下表根據於貸款協議所列之既定還款計劃,概 括應要求下償還條款之定期貸款之到期分析。 該等款項包括以合約利率計算的利息支出。因 此,該等款項超過於上表到期分析所列「應要 求下償還或少於1個月」時間範圍內所披露之款 項。考慮到本集團之財務狀況,董事並不認為 銀行有可能行使其權利要求即時還款。董事相 信該等定期貸款將根據以下貸款協議內所列之 既定還款日期還款:

### **49.FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS** (CONTINUED)

### 49b. Financial risk management objective and policies (continued)

### Liquidity risk (continued)

### Liquidity tables (continued)

The table below summarises the maturity analysis of term loans with a repayment on demand clause based on agreed scheduled repayments set out in the agreements. The amounts include interest payments computed using contractual rates. As a result, these amounts were greater than the amounts disclosed in the "repayable on demand or less than 1 month" time band in the maturity analysis contained in the table above. Taking into account the Group's financial position, the Directors do not consider that it is probable that the bank will exercise its discretion to demand immediate repayment. The Directors believe that such term loans will be repaid in accordance with the following scheduled repayment dates set out in the agreements:

							於
						未貼現現金	十二月三十一日
						流量總額	之賬面值
	少於1個月		3個月至1年			Total	Carrying
	Less than	1至3個月	3 months	1至5年	5年以上	undiscounted	amount at
	1 month	1-3 months	to 1 year	1-5 years	over 5 years	cash flow	31st December
	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
	HK\$1000	HK\$1000	HK\$1000	HK\$1000	HK\$1000	HK\$1000	HK\$'000
2018	2,078	2,715	69,038	91,754	19,410	184,995	162,807
2017	3,427	12,218	214,419	145,859	18,083	394,006	358,584

上述包括之財務擔保合同之金額為倘擔保的交易對方索償,本集團根據安排需要清償的全部擔保的最高金額。根據於報告期末之預期,本集團認為根據該安排,金額須支付的可能性不大。然而,此估計視乎交易對方根據擔保作出索償的可能性而改變,該改變為交易對方持有被擔保的金融應收賬款遭受信貸損失可能性的函數。

上述包括之非衍生金融負債之浮息工具之金額,視乎倘浮動利率之改變與於報告期未釐定 之利率估計之差異而改變。 The amounts included above for financial guarantee contracts are the maximum amounts that the Group could be required to settle under the arrangement for the full guaranteed amount if that amount is claimed by the counterparty to the guarantee. Based on expectation at the end of the reporting period, the Group considers that it is more likely than not that no amount will be payable under the arrangement. However, this estimate is subject to change depending on the probability of the counterparty claiming under the guarantee which is a function of the likelihood that the financial receivables held by the counterparty which are guaranteed to suffer credit losses.

The amounts included above for variable interest rate instruments for non-derivative financial liabilities are subject to change, if changes in variable interest rates differ from those estimates of interest rates determined at the end of the reporting period.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2018

### 49. 金融工具(續)

### 49b. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

### 資本風險管理

本集團管理其資本以確保本集團之實體將可持續經營,並透過優化債務及權益之平衡,為股東帶來最大回報。

本集團之資本結構包括債務,其包括於附註37 及38披露之借款,扣除銀行結存及現金及本公 司股東應佔權益,包括股本及儲備。

董事定期審閱資本結構。作為該審閱之一部分,董事考慮資本成本及與各類別資本相關之 風險。本集團將根據董事之意見於必要時透過 支付股息、發行新股及購回股份以及新增債務 或贖回現有債務而平衡其整體資本結構。

由去年起,本集團之整體策略維持不變。

### **49. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS** (CONTINUED)

### 49b. Financial risk management objective and policies (continued)

### Capital risk management

The Group manages its capital to ensure that entities in the Group will be able to continue as a going concern while maximising the return to shareholders through the optimisation of the debt and equity balance.

The capital structure of the Group consists of debts, which include the borrowings disclosed in notes 37 and 38, net of bank balances and cash and equity attributable to the owners of the Company, comprising share capital and reserves.

The Directors review the capital structure periodically. As a part of this review, the Directors consider the cost of capital and the risks associated with each class of capital. Based on recommendations of the Directors, the Group will balance its overall capital structure through the payment of dividends, new share issues and share buybacks as well as the issue of new debt or the redemption of existing debt, if necessary.

The Group's overall strategy remains unchanged from prior year.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2018

### 49. 金融工具(續)

### 49c. 金融工具之公允價值計量

本附註提供本集團如何決定不同金融資產之公允價值的資訊。

若干本集團的金融資產於各報告期末按公允價值計量。下表列出有關金融資產的公允價值如何釐定的資料(尤其是所用的估值方法及參數),以及按公允價值計量參數可觀察程度,將公允價值計量分類至公允價值級別中的等級(第一級至第三級)。

### **49. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS** (CONTINUED)

### 49c. Fair value measurements of financial instruments

This note provides information about how the Group determines fair value of various financial assets.

Some of the Group's financial assets are measured at fair value at the end of each reporting period. The following table gives information about how the fair values of these financial assets are determined (in particular, the valuation techniques and inputs used), as well as the level of the fair value hierarchy into which the fair value measurements are categorised (Levels 1 to 3) based on the degree to which the inputs to the fair value measurements is observable.

公允價值於 Fair value as at					無法觀察參數	
	二零一八年 十二月三十一日 31st December, 2018 千港元 HK\$'000	二零一七年 十二月三十一日 31st December, 2017 千港元 HK\$'000	公允價值 級別 Fair value hierarchy	估值方法及主要參數 Valuation techniques and key inputs	重要無法觀察參數 Significant unobservable inputs	與公允價值之關係 Relationship of unobservable inputs for fair value
分類為透過損益按公允價值處理之股本證券之在中國上市之股本證券(二零一七年:持作買賣投資) Equity securities listed in the PRC classified as equity securities at FVTPL (2017: held-fortrading investments)	49,312	81,447	第一級 Level 1	於活躍市場所報之買入價 Quoted bid prices in an active market	不適用 N/A	不適用 N/A
分類為透過其他全面收益按公允價值處理之 股本工具之在中國上市之股本證券 (二零一七年:可供出售投資) Equity securities listed in the PRC classified as equity instruments at FVTOCI (2017: available-for-sale investments)	20,284	35,703	第一級 Level 1	於活躍市場所報之買入價 Quoted bid prices in an active market	不適用 N/A	不適用 N/A
分類為透過其他全面收益按公允價值處理之 股本工具之在香港上市之股本證券 (二零一七年:可供出售投資) Equity securities listed in Hong Kong classified as equity instruments at FVTOCI (2017: available-for-sale investments)	153,750	156,521	第一級 Level 1	於活躍市場所報之買入價 Quoted bid prices in an active market	不適用 N/A	不適用 N/A

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2018

# 49. 金融工具(續)

# **49. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS** (CONTINUED)

# 49c. 金融工具之公允價值計量(續)

49c. Fair value measurements of financial instruments (continued)

公允	價值	首於	١
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	Fair va	lue as at				無法觀察參數
	二零一八年 十二月三十一日 31st December, 2018 千港元 HK\$'000	二零一七年 十二月三十一日 31st December, 2017 千港元 HK\$'000	公允價值 級別 Fair value hierarchy	估值方法及主要參數 Valuation techniques and key inputs	重要無法觀察參數 Significant unobservable inputs	與公允價值之關係 Relationship of unobservable inputs for fair value
分類為透過損益按公允價值處理之金融資產之 非上市股本基金(二零一七年:可供出售投資) Unlisted equity fund classified as financial assets at FVTPL (2017: available-for-sale investments)	14,522	12,566	第二級 Level 2	由金融機構提供的價格 Price provided by financial institutions	不適用 N/A	不適用 N/A
不適用(二零一七年:俱樂部會籍) N/A (2017: club memberships)	N/A	10,500	第二級 Level 2	不適用(二零一七年:参考二手市場 價格而釐定) N/A (2017: Determined by reference to second hand market value)	不適用 N/A	不適用 N/A
分類為透過其他全面收益按公允價值處理之 股本工具之非上市股本證券 (二零一七年:可供出售投資) Unlisted equity securities classified as equity instruments at FVTOCI (2017: available-for-sale investments)	37,664	38,798	第三級 Level 3	資產基礎法 Asset based approach 主要參數為: The key inputs are:  (1) 租期收益率 (1) Term yield: (2) 復歸收益率 (2) Reversionary yield; (3) 個別單位的市場單位租金:及 (3) Market unit rent of individual unit; and (4) 缺乏控制和市場競爭之折扣率 (4) Discount for lack of control and	租期收益率(考慮到可比較物業及調整以反映保證及將予收取的租期收入的確定性所產生的收益率)為3.00%至3.50%(二零一七年:3.00%至3.50%) Term yield, taking into account of yield generated from comparable properties and adjustment to reflect the certainty of term income secured and to be received, of 3.00% to 3.50%(2017:3.00% to 3.50%)	租期收益率的增加會 導致公允價值下降 The increase in the term yield would result in a decrease in fair value
				lack of marketability	復歸收益率(考慮到可比較物業的年度單位市場租金收入及單位市值)為3.50%至4.00%(二零一七年:3.50%至4.00%) Reversionary yield, taking into account annual unit market rental income and unit market value of the comparable properties, of 3.50% to 4.00% (2017: 3.50% to 4.00%)	復歸收益率的增加會 導致公允價值下降 The increase in the reversionary yield would result in a decrease in fair value

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2018

# 49. 金融工具(續)

# **49.FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS** (CONTINUED)

49c. 金融工具之公允價值計量(續)

49c. Fair value measurements of financial instruments (continued)

公允	價值於	

二零一八年	lue as at	公允價值 級別 Fair value hierarchy	估值方法及主要參數 Valuation techniques and key inputs	重要無法觀察參數 Significant unobservable inputs	無法觀察參數 與公允價值之關係 Relationship of unobservable inputs for fair value
				市場單位租金與直接市場可比較 物相比較,並考慮到地點和其	市場單位租金的增加會導致公允價值增

他個別因素,如道路正面、物 業大小和設施。平均市場單位 The increase in the 租金介乎約每平方呎每月30港 market unit rent would result in 元至每平方呎每月175港元(二 零一七年:每平方呎每月40港 an increase in fair 元至每平方呎每月170港元) value Market unit rent compares with direct market comparables and taking into account of location and other individual factors such as road frontage, size of property and facilities. The range of average market unit rent is from around HK\$30 sq.ft./month to HK\$175 sq.ft./month (2017: HK\$40 sq.ft./month to HK\$170 sq.ft./month) 缺乏控制和市場競爭之折扣率 (即缺乏控制和市場競爭的價值 減少)為22.50%(二零一七年:

軟之控例和印場競爭之別和单 (即缺乏控制和市場競爭的價 減少)為22.50%(二零一七年 19.40%) Discount for lack of control and lack of marketability representing the reduction in value for lack of control and lack of marketability of 22.50% (2017: 19.40%) 缺乏控制和市場競爭 之折扣率的增加會 導致公允價值下降 The increase in the discount for lack of control and lack of marketability would result in a decrease in fair value

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2018

# 49. 金融工具(續)

# **49.FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS** (CONTINUED)

# 49c. 金融工具之公允價值計量(續)

49c. Fair value measurements of financial instruments (continued)

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	Fair va	ue as at				無法觀察參數
	二零一八年 十二月三十一日 31st December, 2018 千港元 HK\$'000	二零一七年 十二月三十一日 31st December, 2017 千港元 HK\$'000	公允價值 級別 Fair value hierarchy	估值方法及主要參數 Valuation techniques and key inputs	重要無法觀察參數 Significant unobservable inputs	與公允價值之關係 Relationship of unobservable inputs for fair value
分類為透過損益按公允價值處理之 金融資產之物業投資項目 Investment in property project classified as financial assets at FVTPL	100,268	-	第三級 Level 3	現金流量折現 Discounted cash flow	用於將估計現金流量折現為淨現 值的貼現率為20% Discount rate used in discounting the estimated cash flows to the net present value of 20%	貼現率的增加會導致 公允價值下降 The increase in the discounted rate would result in a decrease in fair value.
					用於計算淨現值的現金流量為 35,778,000澳元 Cash flows used to calculate the net present value, amounted to AU\$35,778,000	現金流量的增加會導 致公允價值增加 The increase in the cash flows would result in an increase in fair value
分類為透過損益按公允價值處理之 金融資產之非上市投資基金 Unlisted investment fund classified as financial assets at FVTPL	229,885	-	第三級 Level 3	資產基礎法 Asset based approach	所使用之流動折扣率為21.87% The liquidity discount of 21.87% used	流動折扣率增加會 導致公允价值下降 The increase in the liquidity discount would result in a decrease in fair value.
分類為透過其他全面收益按公允價值處理之 股本工具之非上市股本證券 (二零一七年:可供出售投資) Unlisted equity securities classified as equity instruments at FVTOCI (2017: available-for-sale investments)	-	38,282	第三級 Level 3	現金流量折現 Discounted cash flow	於二零一七年十二月三十一日, 用於將估計現金流量折現為淨 現值的貼現率為10% At 31st December, 2017, discount rate used in discounting the estimated cash flows to the net present value of 10%	貼現率的增加會導致 公允價值下降 The increase in the discounted rate would result in a decrease in fair value
					於二零一七年十二月三十一日, 用於計算淨現值的現金流量為 6,483,000澳元 At 31st December, 2017, cash flows used to calculate the net present value, amounted to AU\$6,483,000	現金流量的增加會導 致公允價值增加 The increase in the cash flows would result in an increase in fair value

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2018

# 49. 金融工具(續)

# **49.FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS** (CONTINUED)

49c. 金融工具之公允價值計量(續)

49c. Fair value measurements of financial instruments (continued)

於二零一八年十二月三十一日之公允價值級別

Fair value hierarchy as at 31st December, 2018

# 一級 第二級 第三級 總計 Level 1 Level 2 Level 3 Total 干港元 干港元 干港元 干港元 十港元 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 HK\$'000   金融資産 透過損益按公允價值 Equity securities at FVTPL 處理之除本證券 — Equity securities listed in the PRC 49,312 — - 49,312  透過損益按公允價值 底理之融資産 — Unlisted equity fund — 14,522 — 14,522 — 14,522 — 14,522 — 10,0268  一非上市投資基金 — Unlisted investment fund — - 229,885 229,885 — 229,885 — 100,268  「中國上市之 同位底理之 限本正具 — Equity instruments at FVTOCI 公允價值處理之 限本置券 — Equity securities listed in the PRC 20,284 — - 20,284 — - 20,284 — - 20,284 — - 20,284 — - 133,750 — - 153,750 — - 153,750 — - 153,750 — - 37,664 37,664 — 174,034 — 37,664 211,698				201	18	
###  ###  ###  ####  ################			第一級	第二級	第三級	總計
## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ##			Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
金融資産 透過損益按公允價值 處理之股本證券 一於中國上市之 股本證券						千港元
透過損益按公允價值			HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
透過損益按公允價值						
<ul> <li>處理之限本證券         - 於中國上市之         股本證券         - Equity securities listed in the PRC</li> <li>49,312 49,312</li> <li>透過損益按公允價值         處理之金融資產         - 非上市股本基金         - Unlisted equity fund         - 非上市投資基金         - With United Investment fund         - 229,885         - 229,885         - 229,885         - 229,885         - 100,268         - 100,268         - 100,268         - 100,268         - 14,522         - 330,153         344,675</li> <li>透過其他全面收益按         公允價值處理之         股本工具         - 於本證券         - 於中國上市之         股本證券         - 上存しまでは対すいますにはいます。         - 上存しまでは対すいます。         - 上存しまでは対すいます。         - 上存しまでは対すいます。         - 上存しまでは対すいます。         - 上存しまでは対すいます。         - 上の中國上市之         - 上の中國上市之         - 上存しまでは対すいます。         - 上の中國上市之         - 上存しまでは対すいます。         - 上の上のよ窓券         - 上の目がませまでははまます。         - 上の目がまます。         - コートを対するは対するとは、         - コートを対するは対するとは、         - コートを対するとは、         -</li></ul>						
- 於中國上市之 R 本 語		Equity securities at FVTPL				
股本證券		Facility as association listed in				
透過損益按公允價值		• •	40.212			40.212
<ul> <li>處理之金融資産         <ul> <li>一非上市股本基金</li></ul></li></ul>	放平超芬 	the PRC	49,312			49,312
<ul> <li>處理之金融資産         <ul> <li>一非上市股本基金</li></ul></li></ul>						
一非上市股本基金       - Unlisted equity fund       - 14,522       - 14,522       - 14,522       - 14,522       - 14,522       - 14,522       - 14,522       - 14,522       - 100,268       229,885       229,885       229,885       - 229,885       229,885       - 100,268       100,268       - 100,268       100,268       - 100,268       100,268       - 14,522       330,153       344,675       344,675       - 20,284       - 20,284       - 20,284       - 20,284       - 20,284       - 20,284       - 20,284       - 20,284       - 30,284	· -	Financial assets at FVTPL				
一非上市投資基金 一物業投資 項目       Unlisted investment fund - Investment in property 						
一物業投資項目       - Investment in property project       - 100,268       100,268         - 14,522       330,153       344,675         透過其他全面收益按公允價值處理之股本工具       - Equity instruments at FVTOCI公允價值處理之股本工具       - Equity securities listed in the PRC       20,284       - 20,284         -於香港上市之股本證券 Hong Kong 中財工的財政本證券 Hong Kong 中財工的財政本證券 Hong Kong 中財工的財政本證券 - Unlisted equity securities       - 37,664       37,664			-	14,522	_	
項目 project — — — 100,268 100,268  - 14,522 330,153 344,675  透過其他全面收益按			_	-	229,885	229,885
透過其他全面收益按       Equity instruments at FVTOCI         公允價值處理之       股本工具         一於中國上市之       - Equity securities listed in the PRC         一於香港上市之       - Equity securities listed in 股本證券         - 股本證券       Hong Kong         - 非上市股本證券       - Unlisted equity securities            - 14,522       330,153         344,675		• • •				
透過其他全面收益按 Equity instruments at FVTOCI 公允價值處理之 股本工具 — 於中國上市之 — Equity securities listed in 股本證券 — the PRC — 20,284 — — 20,284 — — 20,284 — — 20,284 — — 20,284 — — 153,750 — — 153,750 — — 153,750 — 非上市股本證券 — Unlisted equity securities — — 37,664 37,664	項目	project	-	_	100,268	100,268
透過其他全面收益按 Equity instruments at FVTOCI 公允價值處理之 股本工具 — 於中國上市之 — Equity securities listed in 股本證券 — the PRC — 20,284 — — 20,284 — — 20,284 — — 20,284 — — 20,284 — — 153,750 — — 153,750 — — 153,750 — 非上市股本證券 — Unlisted equity securities — — 37,664 37,664				4.500		
公允價值處理之 股本工具 一於中國上市之 - Equity securities listed in 股本證券 the PRC 20,284 20,284 一於香港上市之 - Equity securities listed in 股本證券 Hong Kong 153,750 - 153,750 一非上市股本證券 - Unlisted equity securities - 37,664 37,664			_	14,522	330,153	344,675
公允價值處理之 股本工具 一於中國上市之 - Equity securities listed in 股本證券 the PRC 20,284 20,284 一於香港上市之 - Equity securities listed in 股本證券 Hong Kong 153,750 - 153,750 一非上市股本證券 - Unlisted equity securities - 37,664 37,664						
股本工具       - 於中國上市之       - Equity securities listed in the PRC       20,284       20,284         - 於香港上市之       - Equity securities listed in 股本證券       Hong Kong       153,750       153,750         - 非上市股本證券       - Unlisted equity securities       37,664       37,664	透過其他全面收益按	Equity instruments at FVTOCI				
一於中國上市之 股本證券Equity securities listed in the PRC20,28420,284一於香港上市之 股本證券 一非上市股本證券Equity securities listed in Hong Kong -	公允價值處理之					
股本證券       the PRC       20,284       -       -       20,284         一於香港上市之 股本證券       Equity securities listed in Hong Kong       153,750       -       -       153,750         一非上市股本證券       -       Unlisted equity securities       -       37,664       37,664						
一於香港上市之 股本證券Equity securities listed in Hong Kong153,750153,750一非上市股本證券- Unlisted equity securities37,664		<ul> <li>Equity securities listed in</li> </ul>				
股本證券       Hong Kong       153,750       -       -       153,750         一非上市股本證券       - Unlisted equity securities       -       -       37,664			20,284	-	-	20,284
一非上市股本證券 – Unlisted equity securities – – 37,664 37,664		• /				
		0 0	153,750	_	_	
174,034 - 37,664 211,698		<ul> <li>Unlisted equity securities</li> </ul>	_		37,664	37,664
174,034 – 37,664 211,698						
			174,034	_	37,664	211,698

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2018

# 49. 金融工具(續)

# **49. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS** (CONTINUED)

### 49c. 金融工具之公允價值計量(續)

49c. Fair value measurements of financial instruments (continued)

於二零一七年十二月三十一日之公允價值級別

Fair value hierarchy as at 31st December, 2017

			2017	7	
		第一級	第二級	第三級	總計
		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
金融資產	Financial assets				
持作買賣投資	Held-for-trading investments				
一於中國上市	<ul> <li>Equity securities listed in</li> </ul>				
之股本證券	the PRC	81,447	_	_	81,447
可供出售投資	Available-for-sale investments				
一於中國上市之	<ul><li>Equity securities listed in</li></ul>				
股本證券	the PRC	35,703	_	_	35,703
一於香港上市之	<ul> <li>Equity securities listed in</li> </ul>				,
股本證券	Hong Kong	156,521	_	_	156,521
一非上市股本基金	<ul> <li>Unlisted equity fund</li> </ul>	, _	12,566	_	12,566
一俱樂部會籍	– Club memberships	_	10,500	_	10,500
一非上市股本證券	<ul> <li>Unlisted equity securities</li> </ul>	_	, –	77,080	77,080
				-	<u> </u>
		192,224	23,066	77,080	292,370

於本年度內,並沒有第一級、第二級及第三級 There were no transfers between Levels 1, 2 and 3 in the current year. 之間的轉撥。

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2018

# 49. 金融工具(續)

# 49. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

### 49c. 金融工具之公允價值計量(續)

49c. Fair value measurements of financial instruments (continued)

### 第三級公平價值計量之對賬

Reconciliation of Level 3 fair value measurements

		可供出售投資 Available- for-sale investments 千港元	透過其他 全面收益 按公允價值 處理之 股本工具 Equity instruments at FVTOCI 千港元	透過損益 按公允價值 處理之 金融資 Financial assets at FVTPL 千港元	總計 Total 千港元
		HK\$1000	HK\$'000	HK\$1000	HK\$1000
於二零一七年一月一日 總收益: 一於其他全面	At 1st January, 2017 Total gains:  – in other comprehensive	37,296 -	- -	- -	37,296
收益內	income	1,502	_	_	1,502
購置	Purchases	38,282	_	_	38,282
於二零一七年 十二月三十一日 應用香港財務報告 準則第9號後的調整	At 31st December, 2017  Adjustment upon application of HKFRS 9	77,080 (77,080)	- 77,080	- -	<i>77,</i> 080 –
於二零一八年一月一日總虧損:	Total losses:	-	77,080	_	77,080
一於損益內 一於其他全面	<ul><li>in profit or loss</li><li>in other comprehensive</li></ul>	_	_	(70,203)	(70,203)
費用內	expense	_	(7,132)	_	(7,132)
購置	Purchases	_	_	396,855	396,855
資本返還	Return of capital	_	(28,919)	_	(28,919)
匯兑差異	Exchange differences	_	(3,365)	3,501	136
於二零一八年 十二月三十一日	At 31st December, 2018	-	37,664	330,153	367,817

董事認為按攤銷成本列入綜合財務報表中的其他金融資產及金融負債的賬面值與其公允價值大致相等。

The Directors consider that the carrying amounts of the other financial assets and financial liabilities recorded at amortised cost in the consolidated financial statements approximate their fair values.

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

包含在其他

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2018

## 50. 融資活動產生的負債對賬

### 下表為本集團融資活動產生的負債變動詳情, 包括現金及非現金變動。融資活動產生的負債 乃為現金流量或將來現金流量於本集團綜合現 金流動表分類為融資活動現金流量的負債。

# 50. RECONCILIATION OF LIABILITIES ARISING FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES

The table below details changes in the Group's liabilities arising from financing activities, including both cash and non-cash changes. Liabilities arising from financing activities are those for which cash flows were, or future cash flows will be, classified in the Group's consolidated statement of cash flows as cash flows from financing activities.

			應付賬款內的 應付利息 Interest payables included in other payables 千港元 HK\$'000	附息借款 Interest- bearing borrowings (附註37) (note 37) 千港元 HK\$'000	免息借款 Interest-free borrowings (附註38) (note 38) 千港元 HK\$'000	總計 Total 千港元 HK\$'000
<b>於</b>	《二零一七年 一月一日	At 1st January, 2017	13,090	3,516,150	219,895	3,749,135
E	整資現金流量: 2付利息 5借銀行及其他 貸款	Financing cash flows: Interest paid New bank and other loans raised	(186,189)	- 2,681,230	-	(186,189)
정	R還銀行及 其他貸款 ₹自合營企業借款 R還一個合營企業	Repayment of bank and other loans Advances from joint ventures Repayment to a joint	- -	(1,868,741)	- 10,789	(1,868,741) 10,789
Ē	伙伴借款 2付予非控股股東 股息	venture partner Dividends paid to non-controlling shareholders	_	_	(70,588) (107,054)	(70,588) (107,054)
_			(186,189)	812,489	(166,853)	459,447
照	F現金流量項目: 悪計利息 出售一間附屬公司時 取消確認	Non-cash flow items: Accrual interest Derecognised on disposal of a subsidiary	185,868	(114,607)	-	185,868
	-間聯營公司已宣佈 派發的股息 已宣佈派發予非控股	Dividend declared by an associate Dividend declared to	_	_	(139,823)	(139,823)
	股東之股息  陸換算	non-controlling shareholders Foreign exchange translation	<u>-</u>	- 165,098	107,054 8	107,054 165,106
方	《二零一七年 十二月三十一日	At 31st December, 2017	12,769	4,379,130	20,281	4,412,180

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) 截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

For the year ended 31st December, 2018

## 50. 融資活動產生的負債對賬(續)

## **50. RECONCILIATION OF LIABILITIES ARISING FROM** FINANCING ACTIVITIES (CONTINUED)

包含在其他 應付賬款內的 應付利息 Interest payables included in other payables 千港元 HK\$'000	附息借款 Interest- bearing borrowings (附註37) (note 37) 千港元 HK\$'000	免息借款 Interest-free borrowings (附註38) (note 38) 千港元 HK\$'000	總計 Total 千港元 HK\$'000
8 <b>12.769</b>	4.379.130	20.281	4,412,180
12,7 03	1,0, 3,100		.,,
vs: (203,961)	-	-	(203,961)
d –	1,557,395	-	1,557,395
_	(1,087,483)	_	(1,087,483)
ociates –	_	6,128	6,128
t ventures –	_	932,111	932,111
ventures –	_	(3,128)	(3,128)
on- holders –	_	(77,670)	(77,670)
(203,961)	469,912	857,441	1,123,392
206,261 to	-	-	206,261
hareholders – ranslation –	- (118,769)	77,670 (4,624)	77,670 (123,393)
2018 <b>15,069</b>	4,730,273	950,768	5,696,110
	應付賬款內的應付利息 Interest payables included in other payables  F港元 HK\$'000  8 12,769  VS: (203,961)  d — and — ociates — t ventures — conholders — (203,961)  Iss: 206,261  to hareholders — anslation — 2018	應付賬款內的 應付利息 Interest payables included in other bearing borrowings (附註37) (note 37) 千港元 HK\$'000 HK\$'000  8 12,769 4,379,130  75: (203,961)	應付賬款內的應付利息 Interest payables included in other payables borrowings (附註37) (note 38)

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2018

## 51.主要附屬公司詳情

### 51.1 附屬公司一般資料

除另有説明外,主要附屬公司均在香港註冊成 立及主要在香港經營,詳情如下:

#### **51. PARTICULARS OF PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES**

#### 51.1 General information of subsidiaries

Particulars of principal subsidiaries which are incorporated and are operating principally in Hong Kong except where otherwise indicated are as follows:

已發行普通股股本/ 註冊資本之百分比 ercentage of issued ordina

已發行繳足 普通股股本/ 已繳足註冊資本 Paid up issued ordina share capital/Paid up Percentage of issued ordinary share capital/registered capital

附屬公司名稱 Name of subsidiary	已额足註冊資本 Paid up issued ordinary share capital/Paid up registered capital	本公司*/ 附屬公司持有 Held by the Company*/ subsidiaries		本集團應佔 Attributable to the Group		主要業務 Principal activities
		2018	2017	2018	2017	
		%	%	%	%	
亞證地產有限公司 <sup>(vi)</sup> Asiasec Properties Limited <sup>(vi)</sup>	HK\$681,899,000	74.96	74.96	74.96	74.96	物業投資、物業租賃及 物業管理 Property investment, Property leasing and estate management
北京南湖花園公寓有限公司 <sup>(ii)</sup> Beijing Nanhu Huayuan Apartment Co., Ltd. <sup>(ii)</sup>	US\$15,600,000	100	100	100	100	物業發展及投資 Property development and investment
Best Perspective Asian Real Estate Fund Limited <sup>(iii) &amp; (iv)</sup>	US\$1	100	100	100	100	物業投資 Property investment
長春天安房地產開發有限公司 <sup>(ii)</sup> Changchun Tian An Real Estate Development Co., Ltd. <sup>(ii)</sup>	RMB50,000,000	100	100	100	100	物業發展 Property development
常州天安城市發展有限公司 <sup>(ii)</sup> Changzhou Tian An City Development Co., Ltd. <sup>(ii)</sup>	US\$2,650,000	100	100	100	100	物業發展 Property development
常州天安元城房地產發展有限公司 <sup>(ii)</sup> Changzhou Tian An Yuan Cheng Real Estate Development Company Limited <sup>(ii)</sup>	U\$\$32,300,000	100	100	100	100	物業發展 Property development
姿彩有限公司 <sup>(() &amp; (iii)</sup> Cheerchoice Limited <sup>(() &amp; (iii)</sup>	US\$1	100	100	100	100	物業投資 Property investment
華萊管理有限公司 Chinaland Management Limited	HK\$200	100*	100*	100	100	投資控股 Investment holding

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2018

## 51.主要附屬公司詳情(續)

## **51. PARTICULARS OF PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES** (CONTINUED)

## 51.1 附屬公司一般資料(續)

## 51.1 General information of subsidiaries (continued)

已發行普通股股本/<br/>註冊資本之百分比已發行繳足Percentage of issued ordinary<br/>share capital/registered capital

	普通股股本/ 已繳足註冊資本	share capital/registered capita 本公司*/			al	
附屬公司名稱 Name of subsidiary	Paid up issued ordinary share capital/Paid up registered capital	附屬公 Held by the		Attribu	團應佔 table to Group	主要業務 Principal activities
		<b>2018</b> %	2017 %	<b>2018</b> %	2017 %	
港力物業管理(上海)有限公司 <sup>(ii)</sup> Cornell Properties Services (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. <sup>(ii)</sup>	US\$620,000	100	100	100	100	物業管理及投資控股 Property management and investment holding
大連天安房地產開發有限公司 <sup>(ii)</sup> Dalian Tian An Property Development Co., Ltd. <sup>(ii)</sup>	US\$6,800,000	60	60	60	60	物業發展 Property development
大連天安國際大廈有限公司 <sup>(ii)</sup> Dalian Tian An Tower Co., Ltd. <sup>(ii)</sup>	US\$29,000,000	100	100	100	100	物業發展及投資 Property development and investment
匯江景仕有限公司 <sup>(i)</sup> Grand Kings Limited <sup>(i)</sup>	HK\$2	100	100	100	100	物業投資 Property investment
匯江廣瀚有限公司 <sup>®</sup> Grandview Square Limited <sup>®</sup>	HK\$2	100	100	100	100	物業投資 Property investment
滙江廣景有限公司 <sup>(i)</sup> GRP VI Limited <sup>(i)</sup>	HK\$3,756	100	100	100	100	物業投資 Property investment
興業控股有限公司 <sup>() &amp; (iii)</sup> Hing Yip Holdings Limited <sup>(i) &amp; (iii)</sup>	US\$1	100	100	100	100	物業投資 Property investment
惠州市惠陽區淡水新陽城 建設有限公司 <sup>(ii)</sup> Huizhou Huiyang Danshui Xinyangcheng Construction Company Limited <sup>(ii)</sup>	HK\$50,000,000	100	100	100	100	物業發展及投資 Property development and investment
正景發展有限公司 Join View Development Limited	HK\$2	100	100	100	100	放債服務 Money lending services

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2018

## 51.主要附屬公司詳情(續)

## **51. PARTICULARS OF PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES** (CONTINUED)

## 51.1 附屬公司一般資料(續)

## 51.1 General information of subsidiaries (continued)

已發行普通股股本/ 註冊資本之百分比 已發行繳足 Percentage of issued ordinary 普通股股本/ share capital/registered capital

	普通股股本/ 已繳足註冊資本	share capital/registered capital 本公司*/				
附屬公司名稱 Name of subsidiary	Paid up issued ordinary share capital/Paid up registered capital	Held by the	司持有 Company*/ liaries	本集團 Attribu the C	table to	主要業務 Principal activities
		2018 %	2017 %	<b>2018</b> %	2017	
南京天都實業有限公司 <sup>(ii)</sup> Nanjing Tiandu Industry Co., Ltd. <sup>(ii)</sup>	US\$13,500,000	100	100	100	100	物業發展及投資 Property development and investment
南京天寧置業有限公司 <sup>(ii)</sup> Nanjing Tianning Real Estate Co., Ltd. <sup>(ii)</sup>	US\$41,000,000	100	100	100	100	物業發展 Property development
南通天安數碼城開發有限公司 <sup>(ii)</sup> Nantong Tian An Cyberpark Development Company Limited <sup>(ii)</sup>	RMB134,696,700	100	100	100	100	物業發展 Property development
上海凱恒置業有限公司 <sup>(ii)</sup> Shanghai Greentree I Company Ltd. <sup>(ii)</sup>	RMB275,933,200	100	100	100	100	物業發展及投資 Property development and investment
上海凱隆置業有限公司 <sup>(ii)</sup> Shanghai Greentree II Company Ltd. <sup>(ii)</sup>	RMB266,315,300	100	100	100	100	物業發展及投資 Property development and investment
上海海柏置業有限公司 <sup>(ii)</sup> Shanghai Haibo Real Estate Limited <sup>(ii)</sup>	RMB260,000,000	100	100	100	100	物業投資 Property investment
上海海廣房地產經營有限公司 <sup>(ii)</sup> Shanghai Haiguang Real Estate Holdings Limited <sup>(ii)</sup>	RMB37,000,000	100	100	100	100	物業投資 Property investment

已發行繳足

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2018

## 51.主要附屬公司詳情(續)

## **51. PARTICULARS OF PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES** (CONTINUED)

## 51.1 附屬公司一般資料(續)

#### 51.1 General information of subsidiaries (continued)

已發行普通股股本/ 註冊資本之百分比 Percentage of issued ordinary share capital/registered capital

	普通股股本/ share capital/registered capital 已繳足註冊資本 本公司*/			tal		
附屬公司名稱 Name of subsidiary	Paid up issued ordinary share capital/Paid up registered capital	附屬公 Held by the		Attribu	團應佔 table to Group	主要業務 Principal activities
		2018 %	2017 %	2018 %	2017 %	
上海海森置業有限公司 <sup>(ii)</sup> Shanghai Haisen Real Estate Limited <sup>(ii)</sup>	RMB140,000,000	100	100	100	100	物業投資 Property investment
上海海逸置業有限公司 <sup>(ii)</sup> Shanghai Haiyi Real Estate Limited <sup>(ii)</sup>	RMB66,000,000	100	100	100	100	物業投資 Property investment
上海天安中心大廈有限公司 <sup>(ii)</sup> Shanghai Tian An Centre Building Co., Ltd. <sup>(ii)</sup>	US\$28,000,000	98	98	98	98	物業發展及投資 Property development and investment
上海天安河濱花園有限公司 <sup>(ii)</sup> Shanghai Tianan Riverview Co., Ltd. <sup>(ii)</sup>	RMB50,000,000	99	99	99	99	物業發展及投資 Property development and investment
上海天洋房地產有限公司 <sup>(ii)</sup> Shanghai Tianyang Real Estate Co., Ltd. <sup>(ii)</sup>	RMB50,000,000	100	100	100	100	物業發展及投資 Property development and investment
誠興投資有限公司 <sup>() &amp; (iii)</sup> Sing Hing Investment Limited <sup>() &amp; (iii)</sup>	US\$1	100	100	100	100	物業投資 Property investment
新海通有限公司 <sup>®</sup> Sun Hai Tung Co., Ltd. <sup>®</sup>	U\$\$30,000,000	100	100	100	100	物業發展及投資控股 Property development and investment holding
Tian An Australia Limited <sup>(vii)</sup>	AU\$290,149,000	76.70	76.70	76.70	76.70	物業發展 Property development

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2018

## 51.主要附屬公司詳情(續)

## **51. PARTICULARS OF PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES** (CONTINUED)

#### 51.1 附屬公司一般資料(續)

#### 51.1 General information of subsidiaries (continued)

已發行普通股股本/<br/>註冊資本之百分比已發行繳足Percentage of issued ordinary<br/>share capital/registered capital

普通股股本/ share capital/registered capital 已繳足註冊資本 本公司*/			al			
附屬公司名稱 Name of subsidiary	Paid up issued ordinary share capital/Paid up registered capital	附屬公 Held by the		Attribu	團應佔 table to Group	主要業務 Principal activities
		2018	2017	2018	2017	
		%	%	%	%	
天安中國置業有限公司 Tian An China Enterprise Limited	HK\$2	100*	100*	100	100	投資控股及證券買賣 Investment holding and securities dealing
天安中國酒店房地產投資有限公司 Tian An China Hotel and Property Investments Company Limited	HK\$2	100*	100*	100	100	投資控股 Investment holding
天安投資(深圳)有限公司 <sup>(ii)</sup> Tian An Investments (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd. <sup>(ii)</sup>	HK\$360,000,000	100	100	100	100	物業投資及投資控股 Property investment and investment holding
天安(珠江)發展有限公司 Tian An Pearl River Company Limited	HK\$2	100*	100*	100	100	投資控股 Investment holding
天安(上海)投資有限公司 (「天安上海」) <sup>(iii</sup> Tian An (Shanghai) Investments Co., Ltd. ("TASH") <sup>(ii)</sup>	US\$30,000,000	100 <sup>(v)</sup>	100 <sup>(v)</sup>	100	100	物業發展和投資及 投資控股 Property development and investment and investment holding
無錫天安智慧城置業有限公司 <sup>(ii)</sup> Tianan Intelligent Park Properties (Wuxi) Co., Ltd. <sup>(ii)</sup>	RMB197,174,341	100	100	100	100	物業發展 Property development
無錫紅山置業有限公司 <sup>(ii)</sup> Wuxi Redhill Properties Co., Ltd <sup>(ii)</sup>	U\$\$5,000,000	95	95	95	95	物業發展 Property development

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) 截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

For the year ended 31st December, 2018

## 51.主要附屬公司詳情(續)

## **51. PARTICULARS OF PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES** (CONTINUED)

## 51.1 附屬公司一般資料(續)

## 51.1 General information of subsidiaries (continued)

已發行普通股股本/ 註冊資本之百分比 已發行繳足 Percentage of issued ordinary share capital/registered capital 普通股股本/

附屬公司名稱 Name of subsidiary	已繳足註冊資本 Paid up issued ordinary share capital/Paid up registered capital	本公司*/ 附屬公司持有 本集團應佔 Held by the Company*/ Attributable to subsidiaries the Group		主要業務 Principal activities		
		<b>2018</b> %	2017	2018	2017	
		-70	70	70	70	
無錫天信置業有限公司 <sup>(ii)</sup> Wuxi Tianxin Properties Co., Ltd. <sup>(ii)</sup>	US\$18,400,000	100	100	100	100	物業發展 Property development
上海海峽思泉房地產有限公司(11)	US\$50,000,000	100	100	99.99	99.99	物業發展 Property development
上海凱旋門企業發展有限公司(11)	RMB900,000,000	100	100	100	100	物業發展 Property development
天安經濟諮詢(深圳)有限公司(ii)	RMB6,975,000	100	100	100	100	物業投資 Property investment
應威(深圳)投資諮詢有限公司(ii)	RMB50,000,000	100	100	100	100	物業投資 Property investment
瑞昌(深圳)投資諮詢有限公司(前)	RMB10,000,000	100	100	100	100	物業投資 Property investment

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2018

## 51.主要附屬公司詳情(續)

#### 51.1 附屬公司一般資料(續)

#### 附註:

- (i) 主要在中國經營運作。
- (ii) 在中國註冊成立並主要在中國經營。
- (iii) 在英屬維京群島註冊成立。
- (iv) 主要在英國經營運作。
- (v) 本公司直接持有天安上海60%權益,而餘下之40%權益則由一間附屬公司持有。
- (vi) 於截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止年度期間,本公司宣佈以實物分派方式派發亞證地產股份作為特別股息及亞證地產的部份股份被回購及註銷,因此,本公司於二零一七年十二月三十一日持有亞證地產約74.96%的權益。該附屬公司在香港註冊成立及上市。更多財務資料載於其公佈之賬目內。
- (vii) 於截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止年度期間,天 安澳洲約41.26%額外權益被收購及成為一間附屬 公司,並載於綜合財務報表附註9。該附屬公司於 澳洲成立及上市。更多財務資料載於其公佈之賬目 內。

以上所列出者乃董事認為對本集團之業績或資 產有主要影響之附屬公司。董事認為列出其他 附屬公司之詳情會令資料過於冗長。

截至本年底並沒有任何附屬公司未償還的債務 證券。

#### **51. PARTICULARS OF PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES** (CONTINUED)

#### 51.1 General information of subsidiaries (continued)

#### Notes:

- (i) Operating principally in the PRC.
- (ii) Established and operating principally in the PRC.
- (iii) Incorporated in the British Virgin Islands.
- (iv) Operating principally in the United Kingdom.
- (v) The 60% interest in TASH is held directly by the Company and the remaining 40% is held by a subsidiary.
- (vi) During the year ended 31st December, 2017, a special dividend in form of distribution in specie of shares in ASL was declared by the Company and certain shares in ASL were repurchased and cancelled, hence the Company holds approximately 74.96% equity interest of ASL as at 31st December, 2017. The subsidiary is incorporated and listed in Hong Kong. Further financial information is available in its published accounts.
- (vii) During the year ended 31st December, 2017, approximately 41.26% additional interest of TIA was acquired and it has become a subsidiary as set out in note 9 to the consolidated financial statements. The subsidiary is incorporated and listed in Australia. Further financial information is available in its published accounts.

The above table lists the subsidiaries of the Company which, in the opinion of the Directors, principally affected the results or assets of the Group. To give details of other subsidiaries would, in the opinion of the Directors, result in particulars of excessive length.

None of the subsidiaries had any debt securities outstanding at the end of the year.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2018

## 51.主要附屬公司詳情(續)

# 51.2 擁有重大非控股權益的非全資附屬公司詳情

下表列出本集團擁有重大非控股權益的非全資附屬公司詳情:

## **51. PARTICULARS OF PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES** (CONTINUED)

# 51.2 Details of non wholly-owned subsidiaries that have material non-controlling interests

The table below shows details of non wholly-owned subsidiaries of the Group that has material non-controlling interests:

## 非控股權益所佔已發行 普通股股本百分比

附屬公司名稱 Name of subsidiary	成立地點及主要營業地點 Place of incorporation and principal place of business	Percentage of ownership of issued ordinary share capital held by non-controlling interests		溢利(虧損)分配 至非控股權益 Profit (loss) allocated to non-controlling interests		Accum	空股權益 nulated ling interests
		2018	2017	2018 千港元 HK\$′000	2017 千港元 HK\$'000	2018 千港元 HK\$′000	2017 千港元 HK\$′000
亞證地產有限公司 Asiasec Properties Limited	香港 Hong Kong	25.04	25.04	28,185	39,235	1,176,975	1,227,452
Tian An Australia Limited	澳洲 Australia	23.30	23.30	(20,171)	-	140,372	177,895
擁有非控股權益之個別非 重大附屬公司 Individually immaterial subsidiaries with							
non-controlling interests				(1,105)	(1,271)	52,586	54,413
				6,909	37,964	1,369,933	1,459,760

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2018

# 51.主要附屬公司詳情(續)

# 51.2 擁有重大非控股權益的非全資附屬公司詳情(續)

關於本集團每一間擁有重大非控股權益的非全 資附屬公司的財務資料概述如下。下列概述財 務資料乃指集團內抵銷前金額。

#### 亞證地產及其附屬公司(附註)

## **51. PARTICULARS OF PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES** (CONTINUED)

# 51.2 Details of non wholly-owned subsidiaries that have material non-controlling interests (continued)

Summarised financial information in respect of each of the Group's subsidiaries that has material non-controlling interests is set out below. The summarised financial information below represents amounts before intragroup eliminations.

#### ASL and its subsidiaries (Note)

		<b>2018</b> 千港元	2017 千港元
		ーたり HK\$′000	ー/色/し HK\$′000
流動資產	Current assets	482,558	778,859
非流動資產	Non-current assets	4,236,906	4,127,448
流動負債	Current liabilities	(34,750)	(28,490)
非流動負債	Non-current liabilities	(171,651)	(163,015)
本公司股東應佔之 權益	Equity attributable to owners of the Company	3,336,088	3,487,350
非控股權益應佔之 權益	Equity attributable to the non-controlling interests	1,176,975	1,227,452
收入	Revenue	58,454	60,004
本公司股東應佔 溢利 非控股權益應佔 溢利	Profit attributable to owners of the Company Profit attributable to	84,404 28,185	126,955 39,235
本年度溢利	non-controlling interests  Profit for the year	112,589	166,190

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2018

## 51.主要附屬公司詳情(續)

#### **51. PARTICULARS OF PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES** (CONTINUED)

# 51.2 擁有重大非控股權益的非全資附屬公司詳情(續)

51.2 Details of non wholly-owned subsidiaries that have material non-controlling interests (continued)

亞證地產及其附屬公司(附註)(續)

**ASL** and its subsidiaries (Note) (continued)

		2018 千港元 HK\$′000	2017 千港元 HK\$′000
本公司股東 應佔其他全面 (費用)收益 非控股權益 應佔其他全面 (費用)收益	Other comprehensive (expense) income attributable to owners of the Company Other comprehensive (expense) income attributable to non-controlling interests	(3,072)	3,187 1,067
本年度其他全面 (費用)收益	Other comprehensive (expense) income for the year	(4,064)	4,254
本公司股東應佔 全面收益 總額 非控股權益應佔 全面收益 總額	Total comprehensive income attributable to owners of the Company Total comprehensive income attributable to non-controlling interests	81,332 27,193	130,142 40,302
本年度全面收益總額	Total comprehensive income for the year	108,525	170,444
支付予非控股權益之 股息	Dividend paid to non-controlling interests	77,670	107,054
來自營運業務之現金 流入淨值	Net cash inflow from operating activities	17,686	27,654
來自投資業務之現金 流入淨值	Net cash inflow from investing activities	37,715	211,246
用於融資業務之現金 流出淨值	Net cash outflow used in financing activities	(304,135)	(623,943)
現金流出淨值	Net cash outflow	(248,734)	(385,043)

附註:以上披露的金額已就二零一六年收購亞證地產之物業、廠房及設備及預付土地使用權租賃款的公允價值調整作出調整。

Note: The amounts disclosed above have been adjusted for the fair value adjustments on property, plant and equipment and prepaid lease payments of land use rights upon acquisition of ASL in 2016.

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2018

## 51.主要附屬公司詳情(續)

## **51. PARTICULARS OF PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES** (CONTINUED)

# 51.2 擁有重大非控股權益的非全資附屬公司詳情(續)

# 51.2 Details of non wholly-owned subsidiaries that have material non-controlling interests (continued)

### 天安澳洲及其附屬公司(附註)

#### TIA and its subsidiaries (Note)

		2018	2017
		千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
流動資產	Current assets	51,795	211,759
非流動資產	Non-current assets	627,540	561,842
流動負債	Current liabilities	(76,770)	(9,967)
非流動負債	Non-current liabilities	-	_
本公司股東應佔	Equity attributable to owners		
權益	of the Company	462,193	585,739
非控股權益應佔	Equity attributable to		
之權益	the non-controlling interests	140,372	177,895

2018 千港元 HK\$'000

		11K\$ 000	
	收入	Revenue	12,123
\			
	本公司股東應佔虧損	Loss attributable to owners of	
		the Company	(66,414)
	非控股權益應佔虧損	Loss attributable to	
		non-controlling interests	(20,171)
	本年度虧損	Loss for the year	(86,585)

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2018

## 51.主要附屬公司詳情(續)

# 51.2 擁有重大非控股權益的非全資附屬公司詳情(續)

#### 天安澳洲及其附屬公司(附註)(續)

#### **51. PARTICULARS OF PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES** (CONTINUED)

# 51.2 Details of non wholly-owned subsidiaries that have material non-controlling interests (continued)

**TIA and its subsidiaries (Note)** (continued)

		2018 千港元 HK\$′000
本公司股東應佔 其他全面費用	Other comprehensive expense attributable to owners of the Company	(57,132)
非控股權益應佔 其他全面費用	Other comprehensive expense attributable to non-controlling interests	(17,352)
本年度其他全面費用	Other comprehensive expense for the year	(74,484)
全面費用	Total comprehensive expense attributable to owners of the Company Total comprehensive expense attributable to non-controlling interests	(123,546) (37,523)
	Total comprehensive expense for the year	(161,069)
支付予非控股權益之股息	Dividend paid to non-controlling interests	-
來自營運業務之現金流入淨值	Net cash inflow from operating activities	4,656
來自投資業務之現金流出淨值	Net cash outflow used in investing activities	(194,638)
來自融資業務之現金流入淨值	Net cash inflow from financing activities	75,468
現金流出淨值	Net cash outflow	(114,514)

#### 附註:

天安澳洲及其附屬公司於截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止年度期間被收購,以及天安澳洲及其附屬公司並無溢利貢獻予本集團截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止年度溢利,詳情載於附註9。因此,並無呈列截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止年度的其財務表現及現金流動的概括財務資料。

#### Note:

TIA and its subsidiaries have been acquired during the year ended 31st December, 2017 and no profit was contributed by TIA and its subsidiaries to the Group's profit for the year ended 31st December, 2017, details as set out in note 9. Accordingly, no summarised financial information on its financial performance and cash flows for the year ended 31st December, 2017 was presented.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2018

## 52.主要聯營公司詳情

#### **52. PARTICULARS OF PRINCIPAL ASSOCIATES**

於報告期末,本集團於下列主要聯營公司擁有 權益: At the end of the reporting period, the Group had interests in the following principal associates:

聯營公司名稱 Name of associate	主要經營地點 Principal place of operation	本集團所佔註冊 資本百分比 Percentage of registered capital held by the Group		主要業務 Principal activity
		2018	2017 %	
建唐置業有限公司 <sup>(i)</sup> Kin Tong Land Investment Company Limited <sup>(i)</sup>	香港 Hong Kong	37.49	37.49	物業投資 Property investment
Zeta Estates Limited <sup>(i)</sup>	香港 Hong Kong	24.99	24.99	物業發展及投資 Property development and investment
上海陸金天安投資有限公司	上海 Shanghai	30	30	物業發展 Property development

## 附註:

(i) 亞證地產分別持有建唐置業有限公司及Zeta Estates Limited 50%及33.33%的註冊資本,而本集團持有 亞證地產約74.96%(二零一七年:74.96%)的權益。

#### Note:

(i) 50% and 33.33% registered capital of Kin Tong Land Investment Company Limited and Zeta Estates Limited respectively are held by ASL which approximately 74.96% (2017: 74.96%) interests are held by the Group.

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2018

## 53.主要合營企業詳情

## **53. PARTICULARS OF PRINCIPAL JOINT VENTURES**

本集團所佔註冊

於報告期末,本集團於下列主要合營企業擁有權益,除另有説明外,該等合營企業皆在中國 註冊成立及經營運作: At the end of the reporting period, the Group had interests in the following principal joint ventures which are corporate joint ventures established in the PRC except where otherwise indicated:

合營企業名稱 Name of joint venture	主要經營地點 Principal place of operation	資本百分比 Percentage of registered capital held by the Group		主要業務 Principal activities
		<b>2018</b> %	2017 %	
		/0	/0	
Crystal Idea Management Limited <sup>(v)</sup>	英屬維京群島 British Virgin Islands	50	50	投資控股 Investment holding
東莞長安今宇高爾夫球場俱樂部有限公司 Dongguan Changan Jinyu Golf Club Co., Limited	東莞 Dongguan	75	75	經營高爾夫球場 Golf course operation
廣州市番禺節能科技園發展有限公司 <sup>(ii)</sup> Guangzhou Panyu Hi-Tech Ecological Park Development Co., Ltd. <sup>(ii)</sup>	番禺 Panyu	50	50	物業發展及投資 Property development and investment
天津天安泛科技園開發有限公司 <sup>(iii) &amp; (v)</sup> Tianjin Tian An Science Parks Development Limited <sup>(iii) &amp; (v)</sup>	天津 Tianjin	50	50	物業發展及投資 Property development and investment
香河明鴻房地產開發有限公司	北京 Beijing	50	50	物業發展 Property development
常州天安數碼城置業有限公司(11)	常州 Changzhou	50	50	物業發展及投資 Property development and investment
重慶天安數碼城有限公司(ii)	重慶 Chongqing	50	50	物業發展及投資 Property development and investment

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2018

## 53.主要合營企業詳情

# 53. PARTICULARS OF PRINCIPAL JOINT VENTURES

(續)

(CONTINUED)

	合營企業名稱 Name of joint venture	主要經營地點 Principal place of operation	本集團所佔註冊 資本百分比 Percentage of registered capital held by the Group		主要業務 Principal activities
_			<b>2018</b> %	2017 %	
į	東莞市天安數碼城有限公司(ii)	東莞 Dongguan	39	39	物業發展及投資 Property development and investment
j	東莞市鳳崗天安數碼城有限公司 <sup>(ii)</sup>	東莞 Dongguan	45.05	45.05	物業發展 Property development
1	佛山市天安數碼城有限公司 <sup>(ii)</sup>	佛山 Foshan	45	45	物業發展及投資 Property development and investment
3	工陰天安數碼城置業有限公司 <sup>(ii)</sup>	江陰 Jiangyin	50	50	物業發展及投資 Property development and investment
3	深圳天安智慧園區運營有限公司	深圳 Shenzhen	50	50	物業管理及投資控股 Property management and investment holding
,	深圳市龍崗天安數碼新城有限公司 <sup>(ii)</sup>	深圳 Shenzhen	50	50	物業發展及投資 Property development and investment
, 3	深圳天安駿業投資發展(集團) 有限公司	深圳 Shenzhen	50	50	物業發展及投資 Property development and investment
3	深圳天安雲谷投資發展有限公司 <sup>(iv)</sup>	深圳 Shenzhen	50	50	物業發展 Property development
	天安數碼城(集團)有限公司	深圳 Shenzhen	50	50	物業發展和投資及 投資控股 Property development and investment and investment holding

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

(CONTINUED)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2018

## 53.主要合營企業詳情

## **53.PARTICULARS OF PRINCIPAL JOINT VENTURES**

(續)

合營企業名稱 Name of joint venture	本集團所佔註冊 資本百分比 主要經營地點 Percentage of Principal place registered capital held of operation by the Group		資本百分比 Percentage of registered capital held 主要業務		
		2018	2017 %		
天津天安數碼城有限公司 <sup>(ii)</sup>	天津 Tianjin	50	50	物業發展及投資 Property development and investment	
青島天安數碼城有限公司 <sup>(ii)</sup>	青島 Qingdao	50	50	物業發展及投資 Property development and investment	
麥哲理(南京)房地產開發有限公司	南京 Nanjing	60	60	物業發展 Property development	
蘇州象嶼地產有限公司 <sup>(vi)</sup>	蘇州 Suzhou	50	_	物業發展 Property development	

#### 附註:

- (i) 根據合營者之間的合同協議,本集團與其他合營者 對以上合營企業之財務及營運政策擁有共同控制 權。
- (ii) 該公司為一間合營企業(天安數碼城(集團)有限公司)之附屬公司。
- (iii) 該公司為一間合營企業(Crystal Idea Management Limited)之附屬公司。
- (iv) 該公司為一間合營企業(深圳天安駿業投資發展(集團)有限公司)之附屬公司。
- (v) 該兩間公司於截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止年 度期間被收購,載於綜合財務報表附註8。
- (vi) 該公司於截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度期 間被收購。

#### Notes:

- (i) Based on the contractual agreements between the venturers, the Group and other venturers have joint control over the financial and operating policies of the above joint ventures.
- (ii) The company is a subsidiary of a joint venture, 天安數碼城(集團)有限公司.
- (iii) The company is a subsidiary of a joint venture, Crystal Idea Management Limited.
- (iv) The company is a subsidiary of a joint venture, 深圳天安駿業投資發展(集團)有限公司.
- (v) Both companies were acquired during the year ended 31st December, 2017 as set out in note 8 to the consolidated financial statements.
- (vi) The company was acquired during the year ended 31st December, 2018.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2018

## 54. 公司財務狀況表及儲備

# 54.STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AND RESERVES OF THE COMPANY

#### 公司財務狀況表

270

#### **Company's Statement of Financial Position**

		2018 千港元 HK\$′000	201 <i>7</i> 千港元 HK\$′000
非流動資產 物業、廠房及設備 於附屬公司之權益 附屬公司欠款 於合營企業之投資	Non-current assets Property, plant and equipment Investments in subsidiaries Amounts due from subsidiaries Investments in joint ventures	38,928 148,813 13,204,136 10,154	40,947 152,314 12,799,796 10,393
		13,402,031	13,003,450
流動資產 其他應收賬款、 按金及預付款 合營企業欠款 銀行結存及現金	Current assets Other receivables, deposits and prepayments Amounts due from joint ventures Bank balances and cash	2,510 1,553 760,972	2,612 1,553 1,467,697
		765,035	1,471,862
流動負債 其他應付賬款 應付附屬公司款項 税項負債	<b>Current liabilities</b> Other payables Amounts due to subsidiaries Tax liabilities	27,764 2,677,745 33,403	34,926 2,821,177 26,357
		2,738,912	2,882,460
流動負債淨值	Net current liabilities	(1,973,877)	(1,410,598)
總資產減流動負債	Total assets less current liabilities	11,428,154	11,592,852
<b>股本及儲備</b> 股本 儲備	<b>Capital and reserves</b> Share capital Reserves	3,788,814 7,639,340	3,788,814 7,804,038
		11,428,154	11,592,852

本公司財務狀況表已於二零一九年三月十五日 經董事會通過及授權刊發,並由下列董事代表 簽署: The Company's statement of financial position was approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 15th March, 2019 and is signed on its behalf by:

Patrick Lee Seng Wei 李成偉 Director 董事 Edwin Lo King Yau 勞景祐 Director 董事

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2018

# 54. 公司財務狀況表及儲備

### 公司儲備變動表

# 54.STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AND RESERVES OF THE COMPANY (CONTINUED)

### Movement in the Company's reserves

		特別資本	匯兑浮動		
		儲備	儲備	E 21 W 21	
		Special	Exchange	累計溢利	(±.3.1
		capital	translation	Retained	總計
		reserve	reserve	earnings	Total
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
於二零一七年一月一日	At 1st January, 2017	1,417,669	233,918	6,691,266	8,342,853
本年度虧損	Loss for the year	_	_	(594,506)	(594,506)
換算所產生之	Exchange difference				
匯兑差異	arising from translation	_	545,391	_	545,391
股息分配	Dividend recognised				
	as distribution	_	_	(489,700)	(489,700)
於二零一七年	At 31st December, 2017				
十二月三十一日		1,417,669	779,309	5,607,060	7,804,038
本年度溢利	Profit for the year	_	_	403,158	403,158
換算所產生之	Exchange difference				
匯兑差異	arising from translation	_	(266,502)	_	(266,502)
股息分配	Dividend recognised as				
	distribution	_	_	(301,354)	(301,354)
於二零一八年	At 31st December,				
十二月三十一日	2018	1,417,669	512,807	5,708,864	7,639,340

於二零一八年十二月三十一日,本公司可分派 予股東之儲備為累計溢利5,708,864,000港元 (二零一七年:5,607,060,000港元)。

香港特別行政區高等法院於二零零四年批准本公司削減股份面值時規定,就因削減股份面值時規定,就因削減股份面值而產生之進賬轉撥至特殊資本儲備,在本公司於二零零四年三月九日之負債全部清還前,此儲備不能作為分配用途。於二零一八年十二月三十一日,本公司於二零零四年三月九日已存在之負債中,仍有14,064,000港元(二零一七年:14,064,000港元)並未清還。

The Company's reserves available for distribution to Shareholders as at 31st December, 2018 represent the retained earnings of HK\$5,708,864,000 (2017: HK\$5,607,060,000).

When sanctioning a reduction in nominal value of the Company's shares in 2004, the High Court of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region stipulated that the credit arising on the reduction be transferred to a special capital reserve, and that reserve was not to be regarded as distributable until all of the liabilities of the Company as at the date of the order, 9th March, 2004, were settled. At 31st December, 2018, liabilities of the Company included HK\$14,064,000 (2017: HK\$14,064,000) in respect of liabilities in existence at 9th March, 2004.

# 財務概要 FINANCIAL SUMMARY

		2014 千港元 HK\$′000	2015 千港元 HK\$′000	2016 千港元 HK\$′000	2017 千港元 HK\$′000	2018 千港元 HK\$'000
業績	RESULTS					
收入	Revenue	1,031,785	1,029,359	1,894,465	1,112,881	3,291,719
年內本公司股東應佔 之溢利	Profit for the year attributable to owners of the Company	1,284,522	2,600,020	5,712,954	2,054,142	1,251,202
資產及負債	ASSETS AND LIABILITIES					
總資產	Total assets	28,531,659	31,561,142	33,691,834	37,156,441	39,014,757
總負債	Total liabilities	13,053,855	14,406,804	11,640,439	12,271,401	13,761,746
非控股權益	Non-controlling interests	32,633	16,008	538,184	1,459,760	1,369,933
本公司股東應佔 之權益	Equity attributable to owners of the Company	15,445,171	17,138,330	21,513,211	23,425,280	23,883,078
		2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
按每股基準	PER SHARE BASIS					
每股基本盈利(港仙)	Basic earnings per share (HK cents)	85.25	172.56	379.15	136.33	83.04
每股股息(港仙)	Dividend per share (HK cents)	10	15	32.5 (附註) (Note)	20	20
每股資產淨值(港元)	Net assets per share (HK\$)	10.3	11.4	14.3	15.6	15.9

附註:

Note:

按持有每100股本公司股份獲分派13股亞證地產股份之 基準,以實物分派方式派發亞證地產之195,880,034股 股份作為特別股息。詳細資料於綜合財務報表附註16顯 A special dividend in form of distribution in specie of 195,880,034 shares in ASL on the basis of 13 ASL Shares for every 100 shares of the Company. The detailed information is shown in note 16 to the consolidated financial statements.

